

In Reply Refer To: November 9, 1989

Mr. John Miller Nuclear Materials Safety Branch Division of Radiation Safety and Safeguards United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission 475 Allendale Road King of Prussia, Pennsylvania 19406

Dear Mr. Miller:

Your recent visit to this facility was appreciated. As a result of your findings, the following preliminary actions have been taken:

1) Nuclear Medicine Department

Dose calibrator quality control procedures have been reviewed and the necessity of accuracy testing annually, linearity testing quarterly, and constancy testing each day the calibrator is used, reemphasized. As attachments please find copies of the accuracy and linearity tests performed on the Capintec dose calibrator subsequent to your inspection. In addition, a copy of the constancy test performed by the on-call technologist over the weekend of November 4 is included.

Dr. Dey's training and experience, including Board certification in Nuclear Medicine, have been reviewed by the Medical Isotopes/Radiation Safety Committee and her use of radioisotopes for the practice of clinical nuclear medicine has been approved. A letter designating Dr. Dey as the newly appointed chairman of the Medical Isotopes Committee has been sent to Dr. Glenn.

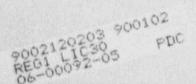
2) Management Commitment to the Radiation Safety Program

A representative of management was present at the interim meeting of the Radiation Safety Committee held on November 7, 1989 and will attend future quarterly meetings.

Hospital administration has been receptive to the comments made during the inspection and has assured me that additional personnel and equipment will be allocated to the radiation safety program.

3) Radiation Safety Officer

Management has agreed to the recruitment of a full-time Radiation Safety Officer. A job description for this position has been developed, and forwarded to the Personnel office.



4) Waste Storage and Dispoal

Subsequent to the inspection, a sample of ash from the incinerator was analyzed for radioactivity. This showed trace amounts of uranium, thorium and cobalt. The uranium and thorium may be naturally occurring in the incinerator firebrick. Trace amounts of cobalt may be due to incineration of materials from the clinical laboratory. The presence of a beta emitter could not be documented.

Information from the semi-annual inventory of radioisotopes onducted in the spring of 1989 was collated and prepared in report form. A copy is attached. The semi-annual inventory for the fall 1989 is currently in progress.

The waste storage space is under reorganization. Per your recommendation, stored waste is being packed for shipment under the direction of Mr. Holeman, Yale University, and will be shipped as soon as completed. No waste will be accepted by the RSO for storage unless properly labeled. Pallets have been requested to elevate waste storage barrels off the floor to preclude the possibility of water damage.

5) Research laboratory

The investigator whose laboratory was found deficient during the inspection has been suspended by the Radiation Safety Committee from ordering radioisotopes until he can review procedures to demonstrate compliance within his laboratory. A training session has been conducted for his laboratory. His survey meter will be calibrated.

I am confident that the radiation safety program at the West Haven VA Medical Center will be strengthened as a result of the recent inspection and actions taken thereafter. If I can provide additional information, please do not hesitate to contact me at the address above or at (203) 937-3866.

Sincerely.

Holley M. Dey, M.D.

Joney De

Assistant Chief, Nuclear Medicine Chairman, Medical Isotopes Committee

DOSE CALIBRATOR ACCURACY TEST

William cimmone

DATE: BY:	William Simmone	RSO: Acting
ACCURACY SOURCES:		
225. uCi of Cs-137	1st assay:	174.7 uci
Model: NES 356	. 2nd assay:	
SN: 319-188-05	3rd assay:	175.6 uci
Calibration Date:	average:	174.9 uci
03/10/78	172.12uCi	dev:1.61
4790 uci of Co-57	1st assay:	2.40 uci
Model:	2nd assay:	2.40 uci
SN: 11920	3rd assay:	2.42 uci
Calibration Date:	average:	2.41 uči
. 07/15/84	2,34~ uCi	dev: -2.82
268		
uci of Ba-133	1st assay:	139.3 uCi
Model: NES 358	2nd assay:	139.3 uCi
SN: 3580579A-27	3rd assay:	139.2 uCi
Calibration Date:	average:	139.27 uCi
05/23/79	134.36uc	dev:3.65

NUCLEAR MEDICINE DEPARTMENT

NOVEMBER 03. 1989

	Model:		17	Manufa Locat:							
Ref. Source	Ref. Manuf.	Ref. Ser.#	Rediophers.(Window)	Predicted	d Act.	DC Readi	nţ	Deviati	phs	Date	15.31
Ds - 137 Do - 57 Ba - 133	MEN AMEREHAM MEN	019-188-05 9046MA 35805794-27		172.12 2.34 134.36	rCi .	2.41	124	+2.82	1	11-03-89 11-03-89 11-03-89	MDS

The above Report indicates all of the Dose Cal. Accuracy/Cons. Test have PASEEL All of the Test Results falls within the +/- 5 % NRC/STATE Trigger Limit Tech. Initials:

NUCLEAR MEDICINE DEPARTMENT

WEST HAVEN, CONNECTICUT

NOVEMBER 03, 1989 Dose Calibrator Linearity Check # 4 NRC # 06-00092-05

Dose Calibrator _: CFC - 17 Dose Cal. Serial # 17547 Manufacturer_: CAPINTEC Location ___: 2-16-A

Technologist ___: WDS

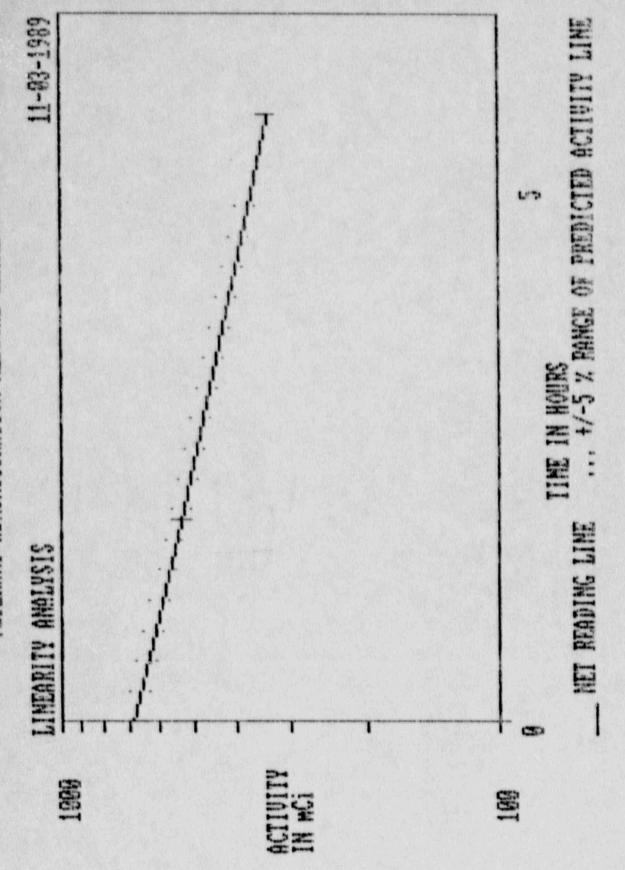
#	Assey Hours	bate	Reading		Predicted	Act.	*CF	% Range
1	0	10-31-89	684.000	mCi	688.000	n/C i	32,000	0.58
2	2	10-31-89	536.000	mCi	546.066	mCi	25.398	1.84
3	6	10-31-89	342.000	mCi	344.000	mC i	16.000	0.58
4	24	11-01-89	43.000	mDi	43.000	mDa.	2.000	0.00
5	30	11-01-89	21.500	mC5	21.500	mC a	1.000	0.00
8	48.25	11-02-89	2.500	mC i	2.611	mDi	0.121	4.25
7	55	11-02-89	1.201	mCi	1.197	mCi.	0.056	-0.32
B	71.25	11-02-89	0.185	mCi	0.183	mC i	0.009	-1.00
9	76	11-03-89	0.107	mCs.	0.106	mCi	0.005	-1.12

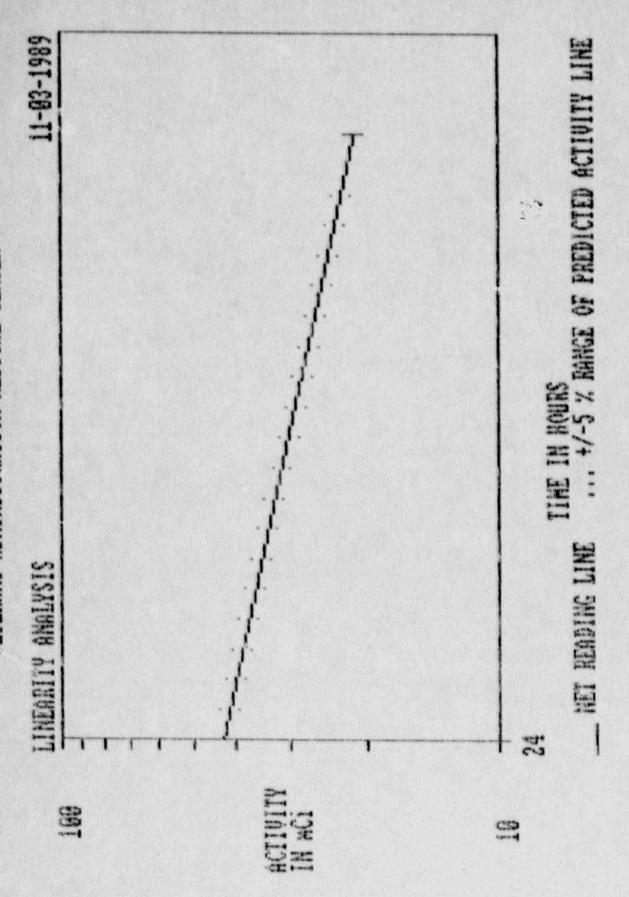
* CF - Correction Factor

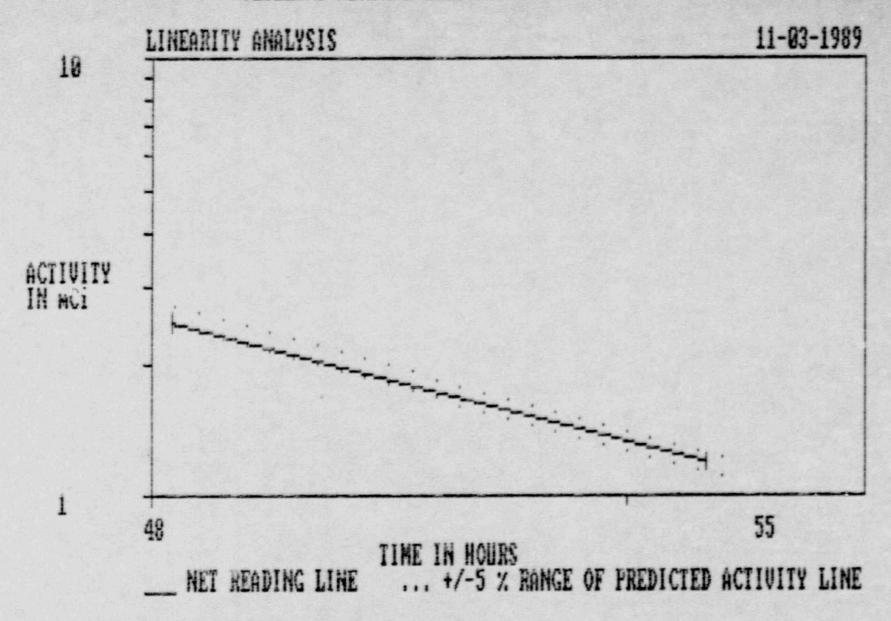
The Linearity Test has PASSED. Reading has fall within +/- 5 % NRC/State Limit Technologist Initials .

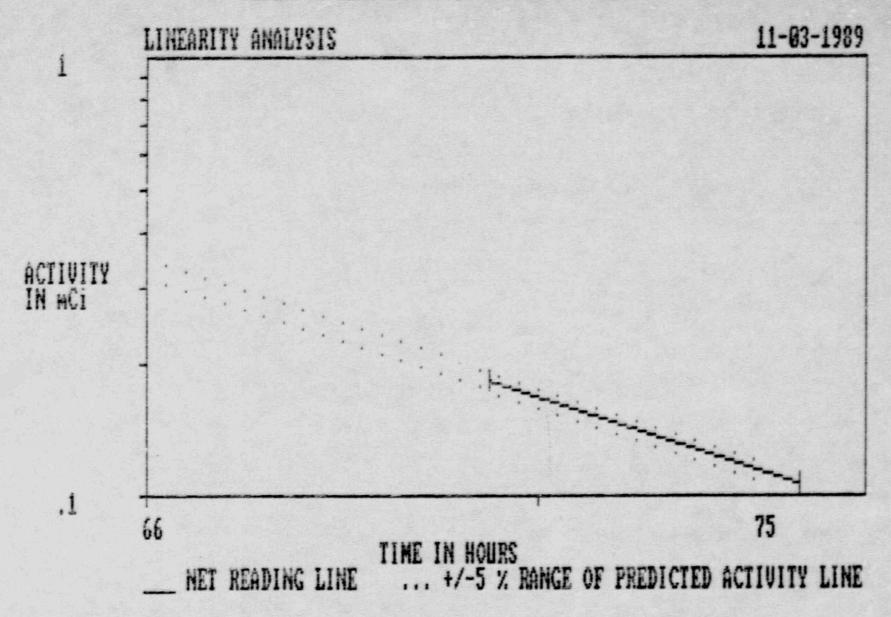
Correction Factor used from 30 hours reading. Net activity of 21.500 mCi measured at 30 hours was used for the calculation of Fredicted Activity

VETERANS ADMINISTRATION NEDICAL CINTER









NUCLEAR MEDICINE DEPARTMENT

NOVEMBER 06, 1989

The above Report indicates all of the Dose Cal. Accuracy/Cons. Test have PASSED. All of the Test Results fells within the +/- 5 % NRC/STATE Trigger Limit Tech. Initials :

Veterans Affairs Medical Center West Haven, Connecticut Inventory of Radioactive Materials for Research March 30, 1989

All amounts are given in millicurie units

TOTAL AMOUNT ON HAND

H-3	C-14	I-125	P-32	In-111	S-35
75.15	6.92	1.41	10.50	1.0	3.0
TOTAL	AMOUNT REL	EASED TO THE	SANITARY SE	WER (Oct. '88	to Mar '89)
H-3	C-14	1-125	P-32		
20.13	0.021	0.234	0.008		

Licensed amounts - (1) 300 millicuries of any byproduct, for research, between atomic No. 1-83 inclusively (on Hand).

No. 1-83 inclusively (on Hand).
(2) up to 5 curies of H-3, 1 curie of C-14, and 1 curie of all other isotopes released to the sanitary sewer.

The mediical center's effluent remains at a rate of approximately 200,000 gallons per day.

VETERANS ADMINISTRATION MEDICAL CENTER WEST HAVEN, CONNECTICUT INVENTORY OF RADIOACTIVE MATERIALS FOR RESEARCH December 19, 1988

ALL AMOUNTS ARE GIVEN IN MILLICURIE UNITS

TOTAL AMOUNT ON-HAND:

H-3	C-14	I-125	P-32	Cr-51	In-111	Na-22
58.46	12.6	0.194	46.00	0.200	1.0	0.10
Ru-103	Ce-141	S-35	Co-57			
1.0	1.0	3.0	.008			

TOTAL AMOUNT RELEASED TO SANITARY SEWER SYSTEM (03/31/88 - 09/30/88):

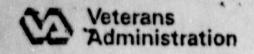
H-3	C-14	I-125	P-32	5-35	Cr-51	Co-57
20.098	0.55	0.285	10.53	0.346	0.01	0.01

Licensed Amounts - (1) 300 millicuries of any byproduct, for research, between atomic No. 1 - 83 inclusively (on Hand).

(2) up to 5 curies of H-3, 1 curie of C-14, and

(2) up to 5 curies of H-3, 1 curie of C-14, and 1 curie of all other isotopes released to the sanitary sewer.

The medical center's water effluent remains at a rate of approximately 200,000 gallons per day.



Memorandum

September 22, 1989

from Chairman, Medical Isotopes Committee

Management Representation on Medical Isotopes Committee

Medical Center Director (00)

1. At the most recent regional meeting held in Hartford during June of 1989, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission reemphasized the importance of hospital administration's input to each institution's radiation safety program. The published rules were reviewed, including those which govern the Radiation Safety Committee. Specifically, regulation 35.22 states that "To establish a quorum and to conduct business, at least one-half of the Committee's membership must be present, including the Radiation Safety Officer and the management's representative."

2. In order to assure compliance with NRC regulations, your help would be greatly appreciated in identifying a representative from management to actively serve on, and attend the quarterly meetings of, the Medical Isotopes Committee.

POLLEY M. DEY, M.D.

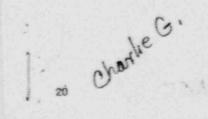
Assistant Chief, Nuclear Medicine Service Chairman, Medical Isotopes Committee



Department of **Veterans Affairs**

699/115 Medical Center 950 Campbell Avenue West Haven CT 06516

Official Business Penalty for private use \$300 Return after five days







Postage and Fees Paid Veterans Administration VA 601

Nuclear materials Safety Branch
Division of Radiation Safety and Safequards
United States Duclear Requiatory Commission
475 Allendale Rd.
King of Prussia, PA 19906 mr. John miller