

THE UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA

ARIZONA MEDICAL CENTER TUCSON, ARIZONA 85724

COLLEGE OF MEDICINE

DEPARTMENT OF RADIOLOGY DIVISION OF NUCLEAR MEDICINE

Secretary of the Commission

November 21, 1980

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U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, DC 20555

Attention; Docketing and Service Branch

Gentlemen:

I am writing this letter in strong support of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission's plans to amend its regulations regarding low-level radioactive waste disposal. The shortage of space in low-level waste disposal sites is becoming a critical national problem. Solutions to the problem seem to be well in the future, and the lack of adequate disposal space is hampering both clinical and research activities to the detriment of nuclear medicine.

The Nuclear Regulatory Commission is acting correctly in addressing this problem by providing licensees greater flexibility in the disposal of low levels of carbon-14 and hydrogen-3. Any possible adverse environmental impact from the NRC's proposal would be far outweighed by the beneficial impact on the public of keeping available the diagnostic studies requiring these radiotracers.

The NRC could perform a valuable additional service by modifying 10 CFR 20 further so as to establish a de minimus level for each of the commonly used radiotracers other than C-14 and H-3. This level could be established on the basis of the potential environmental toxicity, based on the physical, chemical, and biological attributes of the radiotracer. Even



if such de minimus levels were established only for I-125, it would represent a significant improvement in the low-level radioactive waste disposal problem.

Sincerely,

Dennis D. Patton, M.D.

Director, Division of Nuclear Medicine

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cc: Captain William H. Briner, M.D. Henry S. Ernstthal Timothy Goldfarb Fred J. Savaglio