1	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
2	NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION
3	
4	In the Matter of:
5	HOUS'L. IGHTING & POWER, ET AL I Docket Nos. 50-498
6	(SOUTH TEXAS) X 50-499
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8	Pavillion East Room Quality Inn Motel
9	6115 Jetero Boulevard Houston, Texas
10	Wednesday
11	November 19, 1980
12	The above-entitled matter came on for prehearing
13	conference pursuant to notice at 10:00 a.m.
14	BEFORE:
15	CHARLES BECHHOEFER, CHAIRMAN Atomic Safety and Licensing Board
16	Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, D. C.
17	DR. EMMETH A. LUEBKE
18	Atomic Safety and Licensing Board
19	Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, D. C.
20	VR. JAMES LAMB
21	Professor, University of North Carolina Chapel Hill, North Carolina
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1	APPEARANCES :
2	On behalf of the NRC Staff:
3	EDWIN J. REIS, ESQ. -and-
4	DONALD SELLS, Project Manager
5	Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, D. C.
6	On behalf of the Applicant:
7	JACK R. NEWMAN, ESQ. MAURICE AXELRAD, ESQ.
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14	Houston, Texas 77002 On behalf of the Attorney General of Texas:
15	BRIAN E. BERWICK, ESQ.
16	5th Floor, Reagan Building Austin, Texas 78711
17	
18	On behalf of the Intervenors, CEU and CCANP:
15	PEGGY BUCHORN Route 1, Box 1684
20	Brazoria, Texas 77422
21	TIM HOFFMAN, ESQ. BETTY WHFELER, ESQ.
22	Amarillo, Texas
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# PROCEEDINGS 1 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Good morning, ladies and 2 gentlemen. 3 This is a prehearing conference in the proceeding 4 involving the operating license proceedings of the South Texas 5 project. This conference was noticed by our memorandum and 6 order of October 30th. Unfortunately, the notice was not 7 published until last Monday in the Federal Register at 45 8 Federal Register 75820. A problem shall we say. 9 We are here this morning to discuss certain 10 matters arising out of the memorandum and order issued by the 11 Commission CLI-80-32. 12 Before I get to that this licensing board consists 13 of on my left, Dr. James Lamb and on my right, Dr. Emmeth 14 Luebke. Dr. Lamb is a professor at the University of North 15 Carolina. Dr. Luebke is nuclear physicist with the Safety and 16 Licensing Board panel with the Nuclear Regulatory Commission. 17 My name is Charles Bechhoefer. I am an attorney, also with 18 the Atomic Safety and Licensing Board panel with the Nuclear 19

P.r the record I would like the parties or their
representatives to identify themselves. I will go from my
left to right. Ms. Buchorn.

MS. BUCHORN: My name is Peggy Buchorn. I'm
 Executive Director for Citizens for Equitable Utilities.

Regulatory Commission.

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1 MS. WHEELER: I am Betty Wheeler. With me is 2 Tim Hoffman, co-coursel representing Citizens Concerned about 3 Nuclear Power. CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Mr. Reis. 4 MR. BERWICK: I am Brian Berwick. I am with the 5 Texas Attorney General's office. 6 MR. REIS: My name is Edwin J. Reis. I am an 7 attorney with the NRC staff and with me is Donald Sells who is 8 Project Manager. 0 MR. NEWMAN. I am Jack Newman with the law firm of 10 Lowenstein, Newman, Reis, Axelrad & Toll, 1025 Connecticut Avenue, 11 Washington, D.C. With me are Mr. Maurice Axelrad of my firm 12 and Mr. Alvin Gutterman of my firm. Also, note the presence 13 in the audience of our co-counsel from Baker & Botts, Mr. 14 Finis Cowan and Mr. Melbert Schwartz. 15 Excuse me. I also might add Mr. Tom Hudson with 16 Baker & Botts. 17 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Are any of those persons 18 going to participate at all? If so, for the Reporter, they 19 probably should identify themselves. 20 MR. NEWMAN: I don't believe so, Mr. Chairman. I 21 believe I will be speaking for the group. 22 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: The major reason I would say 23 we are here today is to determine what the issues will be in 24 the portion of the operating license proceeding. The 25

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conditions in its memorandum and order of September 22, 1980,
 designated as CLI-80-32 has set the framework for this
 proceeding.

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In addition, we have what are designated as Contentions 1 and 2 in the operating license proceeding. These were contentions that were admitted over a year ago by this Board. They deal with much the same subject as an order to Show Cause which was issued by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission and which the Commission's memorandum and order concerns.

As we view it the issues are somewhat rather dramatically broader than would normally be considered in an operating license proceeding. It is clear to us that the Commission wants us to emphasize the broader matters which is spoke of as character, managerial competence. That type of language which is directly to the Atomic Energy Act.

Because of the many deficiencies in construction which have been uncovered thus far and which are the subject of both the Show Cause Order and Contentions 1 and 2, there seem to be very serious problems with assuring that the South Texas Project will be both built correctly and operated correctly.

The latest of version of hitches which we have
before us for this portion of the proceeding, the QA/QC issues,
was provided to us in a letter, dated November 14th from the

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Staff counsel, and as I understand it, these are the issues which have been agreed to by counsel for the Staff and counsel for the Applicant. I notice that thus far we don't have any agreement from either counsel for the Intervenors or the Intervenor, as the case may be, and the -- we would like to hear from them as to their view of what the issue should be.

7 I think the best way to handle this would be to 8 invite first the Applicants and Staff to have a brief statement if they wish of their view of what their agreed 9 issues are and then we can hear from the Intervenors as to 10 whether or not they either agree or disagree and in what 11 respect. I think then if the Applicants or Staff want to 12 supplement first the statement they provided us, I think we 13 should give them an opportunity. 14

One thing first, before we start talking about 15 the issues we are going to ask the Reporter to insert into 16 the record at this stage -- and this is just for convenience --17 a copy of the Commission's memorandum and order, CLI-80-32, 18 which I have given a copy to the Reporter already and also a 19 copy of Contentions 1 and 2 which I will give the Reporter 20 after one conference. This will be for companience of 21 reference because I am sure we will be referring to various 22 portions of those documents. So at this stage I would ask 23 that these documents be inserted into the record. I invite 24 either the Staff or the Applicants -- perhaps the Applicants 25

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## UNITED STATES

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

SSION SSION SERVED Docket Nos. 50-498 50-499

In the Matter of

HOUSTON LIGHTING AND POWER COMPANY (South Texas Project, Units 1 & 2)

ADDENDUM TO MEMORANDUM AND ORDER (CLI-80-32)

In the Commission's Memorandum and Order dated September 22, 1980, the following footnote (\*) was omitted from Chairman Ahearne's separate views:

Atlantic Research Corporation (Alexandria, Virginia), ALAB-594, 11 NRC 841, 846 (1980).

It is so ORDERED.

For the Commission

SAMUEL J. CHILK Secretary of the Commission

Dated at Washington, D. C. this day of September 1980.



#### Contentions Accepted by Licensing Board:

# 1. (CCANP, CEU)

There is no reasonable assurance that the activities authorized by the operating license for the South Texas Nuclear Project can be conducted without endangering the health and safety of the public in that:

1. There has been a surveying error which has resulted in the eastern edge of the Unit 2 Mechanical Electrical Auxiliary Building being constructed one (1) foot short (in the east-west direction) from its design location. This error violates 10 CFR Part 50, Appendix B, Sections X and XI.

2. There has been field construction error and as a result, extensive voids exist in the concrete wall enclosing the containment building, in violation of 10 CFR Part 50, Appendix B, Sections IX and X.

3. In violation of Quality Assurance and Quality Control requirements applicable to the South Texas Nuclear Project with regard to document control (10 CFR Part 50, Appendix B, Sections VI and XVII), a field document relating to cadweld inspections has been lost.

4. There are membrane seals in the containment structure which are damaged, indicating a violation of 10 CFR Part 50, Appendix B, Sections X, XV and XVI.

5. There are steel reinforcement bars which are missing from the concrete around the equipment doors in the containment and such bars are missing from the containment structure as well, indicating violations of 10 CFR Part 50, Appendix B, Sections X, XV and XVI.

6. There are cadwelds which have been integrated into parts of the plant structure which are not capable of being verified with regard to compliance with 10 CFR Part 50, Appendix B, in violation of Sections IX and X of Appendix B.

7. Quality Control as per the requirements of 10 CFR Part 50, Appendix B, in particular Sections III and IX, has not been complied with, because:

a. Efforts by quality control inspectors to verify that design changes were executed in accordance with the purposes of the original design were repeatedly and systematically thwarted. b. There were personnel other than the original designer approving design changes with no first hand knowledge of the purpose of the original design.

c. There were design changes approved by personnel unqualified in the type of design where the change was made.

d. There were numerous pour cards that were supposed to record the correct execution of concrete pours which were falsified by numerous persons.

e. There has been and continues to be assaults on the Applicant's quality control inspectors, continual threats of bodily harm to those inspectors, firing of inspectors, and other acts constituting a pattern of behavior designed to intimidate the inspectors. As a result of the intimidations, certain inspections were never done because the inspectors decided to play cards over a period of four months rather than risk their safety on the plant grounds.

As a result of the foregoing, the Commission cannot make the findings required by 10 CFR §§50.57(a)(1) and (2) necessary for issuance of an operating license for the South Texas Nuclear Project.

#### 2. (CCANP, CEU)

NRC inspection records (Inspection and Enforcement Reports #77-03, 2/77; #77-03, 4/77, and #78-08, 5/78) indicate that South Texas Project construction records have been falsified by employees of Houston Lighting and Power Company and Brown and Root, in violation of 10 CFR Part 50, Appendix B, Sections VI and XVII.

As a result, the Commission cannot make the findings required by 10 CFR §§50.57(a)(1) and (2).

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UNITED STATES NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION



In the Matter of

HOUSTON LIGHTING AND POWER COMPANY (South Texas Project, Units 1 & 2)

Docket Nos. 50-498 50-499

CL1-80-32

#### MEMORANDUM AND ORDER

Citizens Concerned About Nuclear Power, Inc. and Citizens for Equitable Utilities (hereafter collectively referred to as "Citizens") have requested a hearing on an order issued by the Director of the Office of Inspection and Enforcement on April 30, 1980 which requires Houston Lighting and Power Company (hereafter, "Houston"), holder of a construction permit for the South Texas Project, Units 1 & 2, to show cause why safety-related construction activities at that site should not be stopped in 90 days and remain stopped until such time as the permitee completes a number of changes in its operations and procedures. 45 Fed. Reg. 30753 (May 9, 1980). This request will be denied, though alternative relief will be accorded to Citizens in the context of a pending operating license proceeding for these facilities.

### Background

The history of much of the controversy surrounding the South Texas Project is catalogued in some detail in the Director's Order to Show Cause, as well as in a Notice of Violation and a Notice of Proposed Imposition of Civil Penalties for \$100,000, issued on April 30, 1980. In short, the Notice of Violation refers to 28 items of noncompliance by Houston, illustrated by approximately 50 incidents. These help to substantiate a critical conclusion reached in the Order to Show Cause -- i.e., the "lack of detailed knowledge and involvement [in the construction of the South Texas Project] has hindered Houston Lighting and Power Company's ability to maintain adequate control" over Brown & Root, Inc., its contractor. 45 Fed. Reg. at 30755. As a result, Brown & Root was alleged to allow conditions at the site to deteriorate to such a level that an immediately effective suspension order was issued by the staff. That order and the grounds for its termination focus on correction of the particular problems through the imposition of alternative management schemes relating to implementation of an effective quality assurance/quality control program. These changes were proposed by the staff only after 12 separate NRC investigations over a 2-1/2 year period, during which there were conferences with Houston, several prior items of non-compliance, a deviation, five immediate action letters and presently

numerous substantiated allegations of harassment, intimidation and threats directed to quality assurance/quality control personnel and false statements in the Final Safety Analysis Report ("FSAR"). As the Director of the Office of Inspection and Enforcement concluded, "[t]he facts ... reflect widespread noncompliance by the licensee and its principal contractor, Brown and Root, with 10 CFR Part 50, Appendix B of the Commission's regulations." 45 Fed. Reg. at 30755.

Houston was given the opportunity ( file a written answer to the Order to Show Cause, with the requirement that such answer "specifically admit or deny each allegation". 45 Fed. Reg. at 30756. Furthermore, Houston "or any other person whose interest may be affected by this Order" was permitted to request a hearing. <u>Id.</u> The Director stated that if a hearing is held, the issue to be considered would be "whether the licensee shall be required to take the actions specified in Section V(A)" of the Order to Show Cause. 45 Fed. Reg. at 30756-30757. Hous on responded on May 23, 1980 to the Order to Show Cause, the Notice of Violation and the Notice of Proposed Imposition of Civil Penalties. Most of the allegations in the Notice of Violation

were substantiated by Houston.<sup>1</sup>/ But in failing to specifically ( affirm or deny charges of harassment, intimidation and lack of support of quality control inspectors by quality control management, Houston alleged that "the absence of information

In response to the following items, Houston replied that 1/ each item of non-compliance was "substantiated": failure to complete backfill compaction in accordance with a gualified procedure; failure to take prompt corrective action when test apparatus failed, halting testing; failure to establish procedures for systematic sampling as part of soil testing program; failure to document soil lift thickness and number of passes of equipment as part of QA records; non-conformance reports, examination checks/inspection books and field requests for engineering action-trend analysis are inadequate; concrete placement activities problems not corrected in accordance with prior commitments; failure to follow procedures with regard to qualification of civil and concrete QC inspectors; failure to control documents in that contractor's QA Manual copies are out of date; failure to control welding as a process with regard to cleanliness; failure to control radiography, a special process, leading to poor radiographic quality; failure to record weld-related linear indications on accompanying interpretation sheet; failure to control liquid penetrant examinations; failure to follow procedures in that a procedure was used after an expiration date; failure to take corrective action when cadwelders need regualification; failure to take corrective action in a reasonable time and management did not get the problems resolved with regard to nonconformance situations identified through the Brown & Root Site Internal Surveillance activity; failure to follow procedures to document and correct unsatisfactory surveillance conditions; failure to control the use of a nonconforming hammer for penetration; failure to control the dimensions of the split spoon in soils test control; failure to provide for, and conduct, supplemental audits as part of the Houston QA plan and audit system; failure of Houston to perform adequate audits in that unsatisfactory conditions were not observed; failure to perform audits on the prescribed frequency; failure of Brown, & Root to perform in-depth audits of site activities; failur to inspect reinforcing steel for loose rebar prior to concrete placement; failure to control design changes in root openings and weld dimensions; and failure to follow ASME R&VP Code per 10 CFR § 50.55a for radiography gualification technique.

which would identify persons, places and dates" has made its task "impossible". However, it did state that "our review indicates that such instances probably did occur" and in Houston's reply to the Order to Show Cause, discussed in more detail later, it responded that "the substance of the allegation (with respect to certain incidents of harassment and intimidation) is conceded in response to the first item of noncompliance." Houston contended that it had taken "important steps ... to assure that QA/QC personnel have the requisite freedom and authority to identify problems and determine that they are adequately resolved, free from production pressures" and that "this concern has been brought under control". It promised further steps and vigilance to assure that these problems do not recur. It also identified six "root causes" for the items of noncompliance which it promised to attack.<sup>2/</sup> Finally, it recognized that "[u]pper management has

2/ These six "root causes" were said to be:

- Translating specifications and requirements into clear and simplified procedures down to the job level.
- Improvement of systems for documenting nonconforming conditions and systematic trend analyses to identify programmatic weaknesses.
- Upgraded training and indoctrination of personnel at all levels in quality-related tasks with special emphasis on the project goals of reliability and safety.
- Stronger system controls, reflected in procedures which assure that quality-related activities are initiated, controlled and properly documented.
- 5. Improvement of the system of audits to verify adherence to procedures and identify deficiencies for resolution at the appropriate level of management.
- Increased visibility of, and active participation by, upper management in QA/QC activities.

While identification of these "root causes" may be helpful to an analysis of the problems at the South Texas Project, they might also be said to raise a question of overriding significance: are these problems themselves symptoms of some other and more basic deficiencies?

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the responsibility to assure that quality functions have a high degree of visibility to enhance quality awareness throughout the project."

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In responding to the Order to Show Cause, Houston incorporated the text of its response to the Notice of Violation. It admitted the text of its response to the Notice of Violation. It admitted the text of its response to the Notice of Violation. It admitted the text of its response to the Notice of the Order to Show Cause, but it reiterated its view that other "root causes" were also involved. It promised to respond to the specific inquiries put to it by the Order to Show Cause within 90 days, at which time it would also address the allegation that "two apparent false statements in the FSAR were identified regarding test and observation [work] actually performed. In reply to the Notice of Proposed Implementation of Civil Penalties, it also incorporated its response to the Notice of Violation and forwarded a check for \$100,000 in payment.

On May 28, 1980, Citizens requested a hearing on the Order to Show Cause. It argued that the "violations found in the [NRC] investigations of November 1979 through February 1980 are not isolated events but rather part of a consistent and disturbing pattern." It cited a July 1977 Brown & Root inter-office memo as some evidence that quality assurance/quality control personnel were intimidated as early as three years ago. Citizens argued that charges of intimidation "over a three year period during which more than fifty percent of this plant was constructed is enough." Even after the latest NRC investigation, alleged Citizens, harassment

intimidation and firings on "trumped up charges" of quality control inspectors had occurred. Referring to inadequacies in the backfill work, voids in the concrete, defective welding, failure to follow proper procedures, and "the constant repetition of the same problems", Citizens claimed that these are "clear indicators that quality has not been assured since major project work began."

Citizens noted that the above charges, substantiated by the Commission's own investigation, directly support Citizens' contention before the Licensing Board in the operating license proceeding for the South Texas Project, Units 1 & 2. It claimed that "[n]ot having the public hearing [on the enforcement order] will adversely affect the ability of the [Licensing Board] to evaluate this project and the ability of Intervenors to support their contentions before the [Licensing Board]." As Citizens sees it, a hearing would lead the NRC staff to call as witnesses presently unidentified persons whose investigative incerviews support the enforcement order, and this in turn would allow Citizens to gather additional testimony from these witnesses. Citizens is concerned that with rapid turnover at Houston's facility, these witnesses will be unavailable for future discovery and that only the intervenors will be denied their identities. Furthermore, Citizens expressed its apprehension that "the basic approach of the NRC Order to Show Cause is that problems

to date will be corrected by future reform and the project will then go forward." In Citizens' view, this "would be a de facto resolution of the very contention [Citizens is] arguing before the [Licensing Board]." Even if the issue raised by Citizens were left open for adjudication in the licensing proceeding, in its opinion the failure to have a hearing on the enforcement order would be tantamount to denying to it "the evidentiary basis for the NRC actions in the Order to Show Cause."

Citizens argued that other, practical reasons support its hearing request. For example, taking issue with the statement in the Notice of Violation that "no items of major safety significance were found which related to the staff charges," Citizens has expressed a desire to develop more facts on this issue by further probing of quality control employees. In addition, it stated an intention to tie into the NRC staff allegations which supply the basis for the Notice of Violation the "prior history of similar problems." Through this analysis -- what might be called an effort to look at the whole forest instead of individual trees --Citizens would attempt to convince the Commission, througn the adjudication of the enforcement order, that the "only appropriate action responsive to the long history of abuse is revocation of the construction licensa" held by Houston.

Citizens recognized that its contention about plant construction, raised in the operating license proceeding, might lead the Licensing Board to conclude that Houston's operating icense application should be denied. However,

Citizens noted that in the interim "the project will have gone forward and more millions of dollars will have been spent.... The evidence is already available to take conclusive action now." Citizens also argued that the public is entitled to a "full airing of all relevant information regarding the safety of the nuclear plant" so that future plans can be made.

Finally, Citizens sees the petition process under 10 CFR 2.206 as unlikely to yield the results it seeks. "[I]f the Commission does not see fit to revoke the construction license based on what is already known, a denial of a 2.206 request seems likely."

On June 13, 1980, Houston responded to Citizens' request for a hearing. It argued that Citizens is not entitled to a hearing as a matter of right because, by its desire to address the issue of whether the Order to Show Cause contains a complete factual analysis of the problems at the South Texas Project site and contains an adequate enforcement remedy -- i.e., suspension until certain conditions are met, instead of revocation --- Citizens has raised an issue that goes beyond the scope of the Order to Show Cause. Houston relied upon <u>Public Service Company of Indiana</u> (Marble Hill Nuclear Generating Station, Units 1 & 2), 11 NRC 438 (1980) and <u>Wisconsin Electric Power Company</u> (Point Beach, Unit 1), NRC (May 12, 1980). Furthermore, Houston argued

that Citizens would not be prejudiced by failure to hold a hearing on the enforcement order; to the contrary, alleged Houston, Citizens can use its discovery rights in the

operating license proceeding and the Freedom of Information Act. 5 U.S.C. § 552 and 10 CFR § 9.3 et seq., to determine the identity of quality control employees who provided the allegations in the Order to Show Cause. Finally, Houston contended that Citizens has not made a case for the Commission to exercise its discretion to convene a hearing on the enforcement order. In Houston's view, "[t]here is no issue of fact upon which to join issue in a discretionary hearing at this time -- except the unsupported, but implicit, suggestion of [Citizens] that the Director [of Inspection and Enforcement] erred in charting the course set forth in the Order." If this is Citizens' complaint, stated Houston, it may file a 2.206 request immediately or subsequent to the Director's evaluation of Houston's response to the actions required by the Order to Show Cause. Houst A is candid, however, in stating its view that Citizens' request for a hearing, if construed as a 2.206 petition, should be rejected.

The NRC staff filed its response to Citizens' request on June 24, 1980. The staff argued that Citizens was not in any way injured by the Order to Show Cause, and, hence, that Citizens had no standing to request a hearing as a matter of right. Citing <u>Public Service Company of Indiana</u>, <u>supra</u>, the staff stated that to allow Citizens to have a hearing on the issue of whether a stricter enforcement action should have been taken would be contrary to the Commission's "policy that encourages licensees to consent to, rather than contest,

enforcement actions." Furthermore, the staff noted that the Director held out the possibility of further enforcement action, depending upon Houston's actions in response to the Order to Show Cause, and that Citizens is always free to submit a 2.206 petition. As to the guestion of a discretionary hearing, the staff claimed that "such a hearing is neither necessary nor appropriate." As the staff sees it, "the issue which the Petitioners really desire litigated is the issue which goes to the heart of the operating license proceeding, i.e., whether there is reasonable assurance that the facility has been constructed soundly and therefore can be operated safely." It is precisely this issue, contended the staff, that is outside the scope of the enforcement action. Responding to Citizens' allegations of prejudice if a hearing is not held, the staff stated that Citizens has full discovery rights in the operating license proceeding and that, in fact, the Licensing Board in that case has expedited a hearing on the very issues sought to be raised by Citizens. See Houston Lighting and Power Co. (South Texas Project, Units 1 & 2) ASLB Memorandum (March 10, 1980). In the staff's view, "should there be any matter which the Board believes justifies additional enforcement action, e.g., suspension, then such matters would be promptly referred to the Director for his consideration." Furthermore, the staff stated that "the fact that the Licensee has consented to the Order [to Show Cause] and the imposition of a civil penalty should be of some support to the Petitioners in the operating license proceeding."

On July 28, 1980, Houston filed a detailed response to Section V of the Order to Show Cause. It stated that it has undertaken major changes in its organization, personnel and procedures since the NRC investigation. For example, its Executive Vice-President has been assigned responsibility for the South Texas Project, virtually on a full-time basis, and the QA Department Marager reports directly to him. Additional quality assurance specialists have been hired, and there has been retraining of key Houston personnel. The system of audits has been upgraded. Houston also noted that Brown & Root has taken several steps, including attitude improvement, revision of procedures and personnel changes and additions. All of these changes by Houston and Brown & Root are to assure the adequacy of ongoing work, develop a program for commencing previously suspended activities on an orderly basis, and verify the adequacy of work previously completed. Houston concluded:

These commitments, faithfully executed, provide assurance that the construction activities at STP are, and will be, conducted in accordance with applicable requirements, and consistent with the public health and safety, and therefore should not be stopped. 3/

3/ Houston's July 28 document is quite lengthy. Because the adequacy of its technical contents can better be judged by the Director of the Office of Inspection and Enforcement, we have not endeavored to quote extensively from it, although we have examined the entire document insofar as it is relevant to our ruling on Citizens' request for a hearing on the order to show cause.

Legal Discussion Concerning a Hearing on the Enforcement Order

We agree with Houston and the staff that under the holdings in <u>Public Service Company of Indiana</u>, <u>supra</u>, and <u>Wisconsin Electric</u> <u>Power Company</u>, <u>supra</u>, Citizens is not entitled to a hearing on the enforcement order as a matter of right. Like the complainants in those two cases, Citizens is arguing that the remedy proposed by the Pirector is insufficient to protect the public health and safety. Thus, it is not adversely affected by the Director's action imposing increased regulation on Houston, but is rather aggrieved by the Director's failure to take stronger action. Furthermore, by its very terms, the Order to Show Cause states that if a hearing is held, the issue to be considered would be "whether the licensee shall be required to take the actions specified in Section V(A) of that order", and not whether other, more stringent actions should also be required. The cited cases have rejected a right to a hearing in these circumstances.

Citizens has offered a number of reasons why a hearing should be granted as a matter of discretion. It claims that a hearing would require the NRC staff to call as witnesses several persons who have not yet been identified, but whose interviews support the Director's order. This, in turn, would allow Citizens to learn the identities of those persons and to further question

them. However, as Houston suggests, Citizens can file either interrogatories with the staff or a Freedom of Information request with the Commission in order to learn the identities of persons with knowledge about the incidents covered by the Director's older. These possibilities are a far cry from Citizens' fears that failure to have a hearing on the enforcement order would be tantamount to denying to it the "evidentiary basis for the NRC actions in the Order to Show Cause."

We also find no support for Citizens' proposition that if Houston undertakes the reforms suggested by the Order to Show Cause, this would be a "de facto resolution of the very contention" that Citizens is presenting to the Licensing Board in the operating license proceeding. A decision by the Director of Inspection and Enforcement in an enforcement action does not bind a Licensing Board in an operating license adjudication from making a decision which would further restrict, or even deny a license for, the operation of a facility. The Board must make

its decision based upon the record in the case before it. Similarly, we do not believe that a hearing on the enforcement order is necessary on the ground that it could result in a relatively early revocation of a construction permit, while the Licensing Board in an operating license proceeding will be swayed by the fact that the project has further progressed and millions of dollars more have been spent. As the D.C. Circuit said in <u>Porter County Chapter of Izaak Walton League of Amer.ca</u> v. <u>NRC</u>, 606 F.2d 1363, 1370 (D.C. Cir. 1979) one should

not transform a projected tendency to inertia into a presumption of infidelity to duty. (cite omitted). It is not the public, but the utility, that must bear the risk that safety questions it projects will be resolved in good time, may eventually prove intractable and lead to the denial of the operating license.

Thus, it is not true, as Citizens alleges, that a "full airing of all relevant information regarding the safety of the nuclear plant" can come about only in a hearing on the enforcement order. To the contrary, the operating license proceeding can very well serve this goal. Moreover, as Houston and the staff noted, an informal public hearing was scheduled (and has now been held) in Bay City, Texas to address the issues covered by the Director's action.

Thus far, we have indicated why we believe that a discretionary hearing on the enforcement order is not the appropriate forum for the trial of Citizens' allegations. The staff, however, has suggested the possibility of a 2.206 petition. We must candidly state, as Houston has done, that the filing of such a petition is likely to be an exercise in futility in this instance. The Director has reached a conclusion as to the appropriate remedy and Citizens has been unable to provide new evidence which could be expected to cause the Director to reconsider; in fact, it is precisely because Citizens is lacking such evidence that it has called for a full hearing on the enforcement order where it can develop that evidence. If Citizens' charges are to be given appropriate consideration, they will have to be addressed in some other way.

### Legal Discussion Concerning the Operating License Proceeding

The Licensing Board in the operating license proceeding recognized the seriousness of the charges made by Citizens, and it proposed to expedite a hearing on those charges "so that, if corrective action is required, it may be undertaken as early as possible in the construction schedule." ASLAB Memorandum at 2 (March 10, 1980). Even more recently the Board stated:

[Citizens] ... recognize[s] that it would not be appropriate for a hearing on [the quality assurance-related contentions] to begin prior to the Commission's action on the show-cause hearing request. The Staff has also taken that position before us. We agree. The matters raised by the show-cause order appear to include the substance of [these] Contentions 1 and 2 (although the relief which we could grant might well be broader than the relief sought under the show-cau'e order) ....

We reiterate, however, that, whether the hearing is held under the aegis of the show-cause proceeding or this proceeding, the prompt resolution of the QA/QC issue is, in our view, in the public interest. To the extent that the Commission were to determine that hearing of the issues in this proceeding is preferable to hearing them in a show-cause proceeding, we would, of course, be prepared to admit into controversy any issues comprehended by the show-cause order but not presently included in Contentions 1 and 2. ASLAB Memorandum at 3 (August 1, 1980).

We agree with the Board that expedition is necessary, but for an additional and important reason that goes to the core of Citizens' complaint that Houston should not be operating a nuclear facility.

The history of the South Texas Project -- at least 12 separate NRC investigations over a 2-1/2 year period, resulting in conferences with the licensee, several prior items of non-compliance, a deviation, five immediate action letters, and now substantiated allegations of harassment, intimidation and threats directed to QA/QC personnel and apparent false statements in the FSAR -- is relevant to the issue of the basic competence and character of Houston. Central to that issue are two questions: whether the facts demonstrate that the licensee has abdicated too much responsibility for construction to its contractor, Brown & Root, Inc., and whether the facts demonstrate an unacceptable failure on the part of Houston to eep itself knowledgeable about necessary construction activities. Either abdication of responsibility or abdication a knowledge, whether at the construction or operating phase, could form an independent and sufficient basis for revoking a license or denying a license application on grounds of lack of competence (i.e., technical) or character gualification on the part of the licensee or license applicant. 42 U.S.C. § 2232a. In large part, decisions about licenses are predictive in nature, and the Commission cannot ignore abdication of responsibility or abdication of knowledge by a license applicant when it is called upon to decide if a license for a nuclear facility should be granted.  $\frac{4}{}$ 

We believe that the above issues relating to technical competence and to character permeate the preadings filed by Citizens. They do deserve a full adjudicatory hearing, as they will no doubt get in the operating license proceeding, and they do deserve expeditious treatment because they could prove disqualifying.  $\frac{5}{}$ Accordingly, we agree that the Licensing Board in the operating license proceeding should proceed with its expedited hearing on

- 4/ Equally, and perhaps of more concern, the Commission cannot ignore false statements in documents submitted to it. Congress has specifically provided that licenses may be revoked for "material false statements", see section 186a of the Atomic Energy Act, and we have no doubt that initial license applications or renewal applications may also be denied on this ground, certainly if the falsehoods were intentional, FCC v. WOKO, 329 U.S. 223 (1946), and perhaps even if they were made only with disregard for the truth. Leflore Broadcasting Co. v. FCC, F.2d (D.C. Cir. No. 78-1677, June 5, 1980); Virginia Electric & Power Co. v. NRC, 571 F.2d 1289 (4th Cir. 1978).
- 5/ We include, of course, the false statements charge in this category.

the quality control-related issues (including the allegations of false statements in the FSAR). As the Board has already determined to proceed in this manner, no formal order is necessary. However, we expect the Board to look at the broader ramifications of these charges in order to determine whether, if proved, they should result in denial of the operating license application. For this reason, we are ordering the Board to issue an early and separate decision on this aspect of the operating license proceeding. No prejudice should result from this approach and no additional time or resources should be necessary than if the matter bad proceeded to a final, but integrated, decision at a later date by the Licensing Board.

Separate views of Chairman Ahearne and Commissioner Hendrie are attached, as well as the additional views of Commissioners Gilinsky and Bradford.

It is so ORDERED.

For the Commission

Secretary of the Commission

Dated at Washington, D.C. this/iday of September, 1980.

# Chairman Ahearne's separate views:

I concur in the result but do not join in the opinion. The opinion contains a large number of extraneous comments which I cannot fully support. In addition, in light of the recent Appeal Board opinion in <u>Atlantic Research</u>,\*/ I find it necessary to state that I do not concur in the additional views of Commissioners Gilinsky and Bradford.

# Commissioner Hendrie's separate views:

Although Commissioner Hendrie concurs in the majority opinion, he does not concur in the additional views of Commissioners Gilinsky and Bradford.

#### ADDITIONAL VIEWS OF COMMISSIONERS GILINSKY AND BRADFORD

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As we stated in our dissenting opinion in <u>Wisconsin Electric</u> <u>Power Company</u>, <u>supra</u>, we believe that the results in that case and in <u>Public Service Company of Indiana</u>, <u>supra</u>, are wrong. We would have preferred to re-examine those holdings here. However, the denial of a discretionary hearing on the enforcement order is not contrary to the public interest in safety and health in this case. The party requesting that hearing, Citizens, is already a party to the pending operating license proceeding involving the same issues raised in the enforcement action and, as a result of our action today, those issues will be resolved on an expedited basis in the form of a partial initial decision. There are a few other points, however, that we feel should be mentioned in connection with that operating license proceeding and the guidance given the Licensing Board.

First, as the order states, through the use of interrogatories or a Freedom of Information Act request, Citizens can seek to learn the identities of persons with knowledge about the matters covered by the Order to Show Cause. Thereafter, Citizens could attempt to contact these persons informally or take prehearing depositions of them to obtain more information, and could attempt to call them as witnesses in the operating license proceeding.

Second, the Commission has indicated that abdication of responsibility or abdication of knowledge could form an independent and sufficient basis for denying or revoking a license. This view has been accepted by the Courts in their review of license-related actions of the Federal Communications Commission. Open ing under a statute which formed part of the model for the licensing scheme in the Atomic Energy Act,  $\frac{1}{}$  that agency has viewed both abdication of licensee responsibility and abdication of licensee familiarity with or knowledge about its operations as grounds for license revocation or non-renewal. See, e.g., <u>Cosmopolitan Broadcasting Co. v. FCC</u>, 581 F.2d 917 (D.C. Cir. 1978) and <u>United Broadcasting Co. v. FCC</u>, 565 F.2d 699 (D.C. Cir. 1977).

Finally, as in <u>Public Service Company of Indiana</u>, <u>supra</u>, 11 NRC at 443, we would have requested the Director to brief the Commission prior to lifting the suspension order. If further action is necessary at that time to protect the public health and safety, this would enable the Commission to order that such action be taken, should it choose to do so. However, given the obvious Commission interest in this proceeding, we believe that the Director is likely to inform the Commission of any significant steps that Le is about to take.





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would want to lead off and followed by the Stiff whether they
have any additional comments on the issues which we were sent
just recently. Then we will hear from the Intervenors.

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4 MR. NEWMAN: I might note, Mr. Chairman, that an 5 effort has been made in developing the agreed upon statement of issues that has been arrived at between the Applicant and 6 7 the Staff to track the language of the Commission's memorandum 8 and order, and specifically, such matters as character, 9 management competence and the management direction of the 10 various construction contractors on the STP site. That is the 11 application of responsibility contention, so to speak.

And I think that we have been largely successful in tracking the Commission's suggestion or the Commission's order to the Board and I don't think I have anything further to say.

MR. REIS: Mr. Chairman, the Staff and the 16 Applicants, as you know, in response to the Board's memorandum 17 and order of September 24th, sent -- orignally sent letters 18 to the Board setting out what the issues were. We did not 19 hear from other parties to the proceeding on the particular 20 issues here. There was some disagreement to us as to the 21 extent of the issues and we got together and drafted up a 22 statement that is sufficient and seems to cover the issues to 23 the satisfaction of both the Staff and the Applicant. There 24 was no intent in drafting this up to bind the Intervenors, of 25

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course, because they weren't parties to it.

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But, ve did proceed in discussions between 2 ourselves in that we hadn't heard from the Intervenors. 3 DR. LUEBKE: That is represented in your letter of 4 November 14th? 5 MR. REJS: The letter of November 14th just says 6 it has been agreed to by counsel for the NRC Staff and counsel 7 for the Applicant. There is no indication of the Intervenors 8 and they were not involved in these discussions. 9 UR. LUEBKE: I should like to comment on the 10 Applicant's statement that in referring to your letter of 11 October 22nd. 12 MR. NEWMAN: Our letter of October 22nd, which 13 suggested issues for consideration by the Board has been 14 superceded by the agreement that has been reached between the 15 Applicant and the Staff, as reflected in the attachment to 16 the Staff's letter of November 14 to the Board. 17 DR. LUEBKE: Thank you. I just want to get that 18 clarified. 19 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Ms. Wheeler? 20 MS. WHEELER: If I can have the Board's indulgence 21 before I comment specifically on the substance of the issue, 22 we would like to make some comments for the record with regard 23 to how the issues that are currently before the Board were 24 developed and how this prehearing was scheduled and some 25

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1 comments that we had, and objections that we would like to make 2 for the record in that regard.

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As this Board will recall, on September 22hd, a memorandum and order denying CCANP's motion for hearing on Order to Show Cause was handed down together with the clear indication that our remedy in regard to what we were seeking through that hearing would be provided through this licensing procedure.

9 And furthermore, that those issues should be 10 considered -- those issues inclicit in the Order to Show Cause 11 would be considered here on an expedited basis.

Pursuant to that, on September 24th this Boari issued a memorandum asking all parties for their suggestions as to how best implement those comments by the Commission.

Subsequent to that September the 24th order of this Board, all the parties engaged in some discussion as to whether we could reach agreement and I might add that that was before our apperance as attorneys in this matter. So I'm not personally a party to those discussions, but I understand that they did occur.

The result of those negotiations are reflected in' the October 15th letter to this Board from Mr. Black, from the NRC Staff. I might point out three things with regard to that letter. Number one is that the issues that it sets forth were formulated at the consultation with all parties. That includes

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not only and NRC Staff, but the Intervors, CCANP and CEU.

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2 In that letter, prehearing -- this prehearing was 3 suggested for early January and that is the date reflected in that letter. Thirdly, pursuant to those discussions and in 4 the course of those discussions, Mr. Laney Sinkin (phonetic), 5 who before us was CCANP's representative in this proceeding, 6 informed Mr. Black at that time by telephone that CCANP did 7 8 not have counsel, that they considered counsel to be essential 9 for this prehearing as well as the hearing to follow. That 10 they were working on getting both the financial resources, obtain counsel and locating counsel itself, and made it clear 11 that counsel was desired for this prehearing conference. 12

By October 30th letter -- and I think that was preceded by a telephone call -- a notice was given to us that the prehearing would be held on this date, November 19th. In other words, that gave CCANP exactly, or about three weeks notice in which to find -- three weeks time in which to locate counsel and do all the things that previously CCANP believed they had until January to accomplish.

Furthermore, by letter of November 14th, which is to say last Friday, CCANP received notice for the first time by airplane and taxicab delivery that the NRC Staff and the Applicants had reformulated the proposed issues that were initially reflected in the October 15th letter. No opportunity at all was given to the Intervenors to participate

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in those negotiations, and, in fact, Intervenors had no idea that they were going on. And I might indicate that that October 15th letter reflected that there was a partial concensus between all parties and that, however, since there was not full concensus that no further letters, or whatever, communicating disagreement might be appropriate.

Now the affect of this particular sequence of 7 8 events on the Applicants -- or on CCANP is as follows: first of all, it has severely undermined CCANP's ability to be 9 competently represented and adequately prepared for this 10 hearing. And I might emphasize in that regard that Mr. Black 11 knew that CCANP was seeking counsel for the prehearing, that 12 as of October 15th they had not obtained counsel, and that all 13 indications at that point were that this hearing would be in 14 January, thus giving CCANP some time to locate counsel. 15

16 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Ms. Wheeler, I might comment 17 the prehearing that was talked about in January still might 18 take place. This conference -- the scope of this perhearing 19 is much narrower than the scope --

MS. WHEELER: We consider this prehearing -- I'm sorry -- to be quite crucial in that it does -- we anticipate that the purpose of this prehearing will be to define the issues for the expedited hearing. Am I incorrect?

24 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: You are correct on that, but 25 normally, if the parties have been able to agree we would not

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have found this necessary and we could have issued an order
 saying what the issues would be.

MS. WHEELER: We understand that there was only 3 partial concensus as to the issue. Our objection goes to 4 whether subsequent -- whether it was appropriate for some 5 of the parties to engage in subsequent negotiaci hs without 6 consultation with the Applicants. With regard to the ability 7 to find counsel within the timeframe presented by the situation. 8 It would be our position that sensitivity to the comparatively 9 disadvantaged position that this Intervenor is in economically 10 vis-a-vis the other parties, sensitivity to those differences 11 is certainly appropriate as long as good faith efforts are 12 demonstrated by CCANP to obtain counsel and to not cause 13 undue delay. 14

15 Perhaps our more serious objections go to the exclusionary negotiations that took place between the NRC 16 17 Staff and Applicants. We feel that severly undermines the Intervenor's role in this proceeding. First of all, we had 18 only four days notice that the NRC Staff's position, which we 19 understood to be spelled out in the October 15th letter, had 20 significantly shifted. Failure to interclude us as Intervenors 21 in these negotiations reflects a failure to accord CCANP status 22 as a party, which it in fact has in this proceeding. 23

24 Certainly we feel it was appropriate for the 25 parties to submit their differences, perhaps by letter as

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Mr. Black indicated would be possible as October 15 letter, 1 and which, in fact, Mr. Newman did, in his October 22nd letter. 2 What is inappropriate we feel, under a Board order for the 3 parties to attempt to agree which is what the order of --4 September 24th order of this Board said. Is for such attempts 5 to exclude some of the parties. We feel that the role of 6 Intervenors in this proceeding is as a party and in a sense, 7 it is as a public interest representative. 8

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We feel that the NRC clearly has always a
acknowledged that role of Intervenors to be important and
itself has committed the NRC to easing the financial impact on
Intervenors in ways other than actual financial assistance.

The recent advancement of this hearing, or our preception of the advancement of this hearing from January to the present date and the exclusionary negotiations are strongly opposed by Intervenors and we would anticipate that future negotiations, future occurrences in this proceeding will occur with consultation with Intervenors in the future.

As to the subsenate results of these exclusionary negotiations, we also have strenous substantive disagreements with the issues as they are reflected in the letter of last Friday and basically, I state in a short manner what our positions would be with minor exceptions, the issues as we see them should be as they were reflected in Mr. Black's letter of October 15th to this Board.

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And we would specifically disagree that the
 November 14 letter substantially reflects the issues as they
 were suggested by the Commission in it's order of September
 22nd.

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CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Would you be able at this 5 time to state what aspects -- it looks to us like there were 6 three rather broad isses set forth by the Staff -- would you 7 be able to explain which portions, if any, of those three 8 issues are not included in the somewhat more detailed 9 statement before. I did notice that those three issues 10 seemed not to talk about the QA/QC program for construction, 11 and that's why the Board highlighted that in one of its 12 orders. 13

MS. WHEELER: You would like me to set forth briefly what we see as the differences in these decision and where our disagreement arises from?

17 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I would like to find out 18 what you think has been left out.

MS. WHEELER: It's not so much as what we think has been left out, it's what we think has been added. And for example, in the October 15th letter from Mr. Black, the issue that is set forth in -- under Part A, is whether Houston Lighting and Power has the necessary competence and character to operate the South Texas facilty.

The issues that are deemed relevant to that is;

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number one, did they abdicate too much responsibility to
 Brown and Root for construction; number two, did the keep
 themselvesknowledgeable about necessary construction activities
 and did they make material false statements in the final
 safety analysis report.

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6 Now, as that comes down in the -- what I think of 7 as the taxicab letter of last Friday because that's how we 8 got it -- is the issue is refrained as follows: in light of 9 their performance as reflected in part in the Order to Show 10 Cause, and their responses thereto, taking -- looking at what happened and what was reflected in the Older to Show 11 Cause, plus, everything that has occurred since, all the 12 actions that have been taken since, all of that taken together, 13 is that sufficient to find what I might characterize as lack 14 of managerial competence. 15

Now, it seems clear to me that the Commission 16 very -- made it very clear in their order of September 22nd 17 that abdication of responsibility or abdication of knowledge 18 even at the construction phase, taken in and of itself, 19 can form an independent sufficient basis for denying a license 20 application. In other words, the issue as we see it at this 21 expedited stage is whether, in and of itself, the problems 22 that are reflected in the Order to Show Cause themselves are 23 sufficient basis for finding lack of managerial competence 24 if necessary for the granting of the operating license. 25

And we feel that issue is significantly watered down when you add to that, taking the stuff in the past, plus everything that has occured to date. Because basically, what has occurred to date is a revision in writings that we have no way at this point of measuring the effectiveness of what is happening in writing.

7 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Let me understand you. Are 8 you saying that we should not look at attempts by the 9 Applicants to correct what they recognize and acknowledge were 10 deficiencies?

MS. WHEELER: I think those are appropriate for 11 the hearing proceeding. I don't think they are appropriate 12 for this issue in the expedited hearing. And I don't think 13 that was the intent of the Board when they defined the issues, 14 or suggested that the issues about just the past advocation 15 of responsibility and knowledge, whether those form an 16 independent, sufficient basis for denying a license 17 application. 18

19 I think that that is a separate issue and is one that is appropriate for expedited treatment:

21 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: We have sort of envisioned 22 that all of the QA/QC issues would be expedited and I reread 23 the Commission's order as saying that we should cover the 24 whole matter.

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MS. WHEELER: Okay. But I guess where we are

1	focusing is the Board's statement in its order that the I'm
2	sorry the Commission's statement in its order, that they
3	say, however, we expect the Board to look at the broader
2	ramifications of these charges. In other words, the OSE
5	charges, not what's gone since, but in the charges in the OSC,
6	OCS, in order to determine whether it is proved they should
7	result in the denial of the operating license application.
8	That's the broader ramifications of the Order to Show Cause,
9	is whether standing alone, the charges, if proved in Order to
10	Show Gause, should result in a denial of operating license.
11	Now, I think that is, in a sense, a separate issue
12	from taking the entire picture together, including what's
13	happened since. Does Houston Lighting and Power possess the
14	sufficient managerial competence to be granted this license.
15	I'm reading from pages 18 and 19 of the Commission's
16	orders of September 22nd.
17	MS. WHEELER: Chairman Bechhoefer, we would like
18	to insure that the letter dated October 15th from Mr. Black
19	is part of the record of this proceeding. Has that been
20	entered as a part of the record?
21	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, it is a part of the
22	record. It is not in evidence because we haven't taken any
23	evidence yet.
24	Let me throw out this for comment. Would you find
25	it more acceptable if the issues which are stated in that

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1 rather long issue were divided into two issues? One -- and I 2 might say that you might have even understated the broadness 3 of the Commission's order because the Commission on page 18 stated that either advocation of a responsiblity or advocation 4 5 of knowledge, whether the construction or operation phase can form an independent and sufficient basis for revoking a 6 7 license or denying the license application on grounds of lack of competence, et cetera. 8

9 Maybe that should be set up as one issue and then
10 a second issue whether corrective actions would mitigate,
11 assuming we found that they would be, then I think we do have
12 to consider whether the corrective actions are sufficient.

MS. WHEELER: If you reach the -- if, in respect to the first issue, you find that the past, the history guestions do not form independent, sufficient baiss for denying a license. then, of course, you do reach the late issue. If you find --

18 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, I would think we would 19 have to reach the later issue in any event because if they 20 were able to go back and correct everything and make sure 21 that everything was fine in the future, I think that under 22 Commission rules, you would almost -- you couldn't deny a 23 license --

24 MS. WHEELER: Well, I think that's what the
 25 Commaission exactly says. In other words, the question is not,

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for example, the physical safety of the plant, but what --2 the managerial competence, in other words. I think that the 2 Commission, where you just read, clearly states that standing 3 alone, past abdication of responsibility or abdication of 4 knowledge at the construction phase can form an independent 5 and sufficient basis for denying the license application. 6 Now you can certainly -- you may be able to cure 7 the physical defects, but wether you can cure managerial 8 responsibility or managerial competence, I think, is a 9 separate issue and I think --10 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: WE fully agree on that. 11 12 of that in one issue is this; the QA/QC plan first adopted 13 in this this -- with respect to these plants, was certainly 14 sufficient. I mean, it met the regulations, right? Otherwise, 15 it would not have been accepted. And yet, pursuant to that 16 QA/QC program, all of these deficiencies that we are now --17 reflected in Order to Show Cause occurred. Okay? 18 So now what they are in the process of doing is 11 preparing a new QA/QC that will be sufficient to address 20 these past problems. It, like the first QA/QC, is basically 21 a promise. We have a situation where there is a promise and 22

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then a breaking of the promise. But they can reform -- I mean, we know that they can prepare a QA/QC that meets the regs, because they've done it once before. That doesn't

1 change the fact that having once done that and showing themselves competent to prepare a QA/QC program that meets 2 3 the regulations, doesn't mitigate at all the fact that that 4 program is broken and we don't think that the fact that they 5 can again prepare a QA/QC program that meets the regulations at all addresses whether that will correct the situation 6 because there will be no performance at this point to measure 7 3 that by. No performance at all.

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9 DR. LUEBKE: If I may interrupt, I would like 10 to clarify the Chairman's comment when he was reaching from 11 page 18, the phrase; and sufficient basis for revoking the 12 license. That's five lines down. We read that to be revoking 13 the construction permit.

MS. WHEELER: Or denying a license application. DR. LUEBKE: Yes. And when Mr. Bechhoeffer said the scope of this hearing was broad, the "broad" involves thinking about revoking the construction permit.

MR. NEWMAN: I don't believe the revocation of 18 the construction permit is a matter within this Board's 19 jurisdiction or either under the Commission's order. Now, I 20 think that there was reference made by the Staff earlier that 21 it might be that the Board would develop information such 22 that would suggest the desirability of having action taken 23 by the Direction of Inspection and Enforcement. Now if that 24 action, which is essentially a 2.206 action, could lead to the 25

1 revocation of the permit. The Board's -- as I understand the 2 charge to the Board here, is to determine whether or not the 3 operating license should be denied. The Commission has said 4 that your function is largely predictive in nature. I just 5 wanted to pick up a point that Ms. Wheeler was saying. Your function is largely predictive in nature in this case and we 6 are quite some time away from the time the plant will operate, 7 and it seems to me the entire record of the Company's 8 9 activities is germane to the determination you have to make 10 on the operating license.

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I do want to indicate though that I don't agree that it is within the authority of the Board to take action itself revoking the permit.

14 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Do you think we have 15 authority to -- well, two things. First, would we have 16 authority to make a recommendation as to revocation? 17 MR. NEWMAN: Certainly.

18 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Two, would we have the 19 authority to acquire conditioning or modification of a 20 construction permit as an essential element of a final grant 21 of an operating license? Unless you modify your OA construction 22 program in such and such a way, we do not believe that this 23 plant can be built and operated consistent with the public 24 health and safety here, whatever the findings are.

MR. NEWMAN: Yeah. I think if you reach that

determination then obviously we would have to be taking 1 action to satisfy it, because ultimately we don't want to 2 be faced with the denial of the operating license, so that 3 if you find that there are deficiencies that need correction, 4 programs need rectification - that have to be rectified, 5 certainly, it's within this Board's jurisdiction to indicate 6 the circumstances under which it would approve or deny an 7 operating license application, based upon what it knows 8 today. 9 MS. BUCHORN: Mr. Chairman --10 MR. REIS: Mr. Chairman --11 MS. BUCHORN: I'm the one person that has not 12 had a chance to b yea say in this proceeding. 13 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I was going to call on you 14 also to submit a statement. 15 MS. BUCHORN: All right. I will defer to the 16 Staff then. 17 MR. REIS: I want to say, if I can comment on 18 Ms. Wheeler and the repartee that has gone on here, several 19 issues. 20 First I would like to say it is our feeling that 21 yes, the Board can recommend conditions on operating licenses 22 involving QA/QC just as it did in environmental conditions or 23 safety conditions that have been put on licenses in the jast. 24 Its determination is whether to grant the license or -- and if 25

1 so. on what terms it feels a ropriate and for what period
2 it might feel appropriate and --

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CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Construction QA/QC --

4 MR. REIS: I was going to get to that. I do not 5 think so. This Board has been constituted under the notice of hearing originally constituting it and I don't think this 6 Commission in its order here enlarge that. If it did, it 7 was intending to look at the construction permits again, it 8 would have granted the relief sought. It would have gone out 9 and granted the -- it said, well, let's have the hearing on 10 whether the permit should be revoked, the construction permit. 11 Instead it said, we shall have the hearing on the operating 12 license and whether an operating license should be granted. 13 In some ways, that puts the Applicants in a rather difficult 14 position because as it knows, and as the Commission very well 15 said, on page 15 of the Order, the Applicant is one who --16 anyone who wishes a operating license has to come in and 17 prove their case again to get an operating license. 18

But they did not say that this Board nad jurisdiction to look at the construction permits and whether they should continue. I even question --

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Mr. Reis, while we are talking about this, how do you construe the language on page 18 which at first talks about the pleadings which the Intervenors here had filed before the Commission requester a

hearing? And it says we believe the above issues relating to technical competence and to character permeated the pleadings filed by citizens. They do deserve a full ajudicatory hearing as they will no doubt get in the operating license proceeding. That, to me, says that we have somewhat broader, as I mentioned before, that we have somewhat broader jurisdiction than the usual operating license proceeding.

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8 Our view is, I think, that we have authority to ajudicate any of the matters raised in the Show Cause Order 9 and that clearly deals with the adequacy of the QA/QC program 10 for construction, construction at least of the matters of the 11 buildings and the structions that have not yet been built, 12 plus what has been constructed and built has been done 13 adequately. We view that as clearly encompassed by the 14 COmmission's order and that is a little broader, I think, than 15 what the usual operating license Board has been deligated. 16

MR. REIS: Mr. Chairman, I don't think it is 17 necessarily broader. Every operating license Board has to 18 make sure if the issues are raised and it is appropriate, if 19 there are contentions or if the Board wishes to go into it 20 itself, has to satisfy itself that the plant is constructed 21 properly. And that there is -- that the concrete does not 22 have voids, the pressure vessel is whole and will work, that 23 and -- to the extent that there are still things going on and 24 that the plant is still being constructed. Yes, this Board 25

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1	has jurisdiction in looking at the QA/QC program on
2	construction. To see that the construction that is going
3	forward and will be going forward is handled under a not
4	only a good paper program, but a program that is being
5	implemented and carried out. But that does not go to the
6	issue of whether this Board has jurisdiction to revoke or
7	look at a construction permit which was granted in the past.
8	DR. LUEBKE: Mr. Reis, what other licenses are
9	revokable in that sentence near the top of page 18?
10	MR. REIS: I think that what they are paraphrasing,
11	if you will go back to the Atomic Energy Act, what it says is
12	that the Commission may deny a deny license application on
13	the ground that let me find it
14	MS. WHEELER: I think I can clarify this.
15	MR. REIS: The Atomic Energy Act says you can
16	revoke a license for these matters set forth. What the
17	Commission is saying there, I think and as I interpret that
18	license, is, if you can revoke a license, you obviously have
19	authority to deny a license for the same reasons. And if
20	you I didr't bring the Atomic Energy Act with me
21	MR. NEWMAN: Its' Section 186, Mr. Reis.
22	MR. REIS: And if you look at the section of the
23	Act, I think that's what they are saying. That a fortiori,
24	we have authority to deny a license because for these
25	things because we have authority to revoke a license for
A REAL PROPERTY AND INCOME.	

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these things, such as false statements.

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MS. WHEELER: If I can point out in the order --MR. REIS: Can I continue? Leaving that aside --CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: You are next.

5 MR. REIS: Leaving that aside and going to other 6 things, the Commission very clearly said the abdication of 7 responsibility of knowledge could form an independent and 8 sufficient basis, and not saying would or should, but using 9 the word could, we think it is plain that the Commission 10 intended this Board to consider the QA/QC management competence, 11 the wholeness of construction in the past and the context of 12 everthing that has gone before and everything up to the date of hearing. They didn't say it should, it must, they said 13 it could. And I think in saying it could, they wanted to 14 look at the -- a much broader picture than just as whether 15 these things took place in the past, because certainly, they 16 had a recor . ... the admission on the Show Cause Order and 17 in the Show Cause proceeding of Houston Lighting Power in 18 itself to show that much of the charges that were there were 19 proved. 20

Therefore, they asked for a broader hearing than just on what was in the notices of violations, the Show Cause Order before and the Applicant's responses to them and wanted more to be developed on the record.

DR. LUEBKE: Could I ask, all of this proof was

1	not on the record, that you have just spoken of?
2	MR. REIS: Well, in responding to page 6, the
3	first full paragraph of the Commission order, CLI-80-32, it
4	says in responding to the Show Cause Order, Houston
5	Incorporated, the text of its response to the notice of
6	violation. It admitted that clearly lack of detailed
7	involvement met by management was a contribute to the problems
8	noted. And then, before, they say the substance of the
9	allegations is conceded, on page 5, they quote where Houston
10	has admitted that.
11	So much of the material was before the Commission.
12	DR. LUEBKE: But not in the form of sworn testimony.
13	MR. REIS: It was in the form of pleadings
14	admitted by a party.
15	MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Chairman, excuse me. In terms
16	of whether they were sworn, the response to the notice of
17	violation and the show cause order, as I recall, submitted
18	under oath. It's sworn material.
19	MR. REIS: Admissions made in pleadings are just
20	as good as sworn testimony as a legal matter. So, the
21	Commission had these things.
22	Let me just continue on that. At the bottom of
23	18, where they definitely say accordingly we agree that the
24	Licensing Board and the operating license proceeding should
25	proceed with an expedited hearing on the quality control

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related issues. Including the allegations of false statements.
Saying that, they are looking at all the quality control
related issues; the quality control for cperation, quality
control on construction in the past, quality control as it
shall be for the continuation and the completion of
construction, and those issues.

But they are only talking about it in terms of this proceeding which is considering an operating license. Further, Mr. Chairman, I don't have a citation with me, but there is a case at about 4 ACE, a rather old case, that says -well, 3 AEC, that says the Board should not even, in the ordinary case, make recommendations on proceedings not under their jurisdiction.

14 As I remember the case, it was a case involving environmental considerations on requiring some kind of water 15 monitoring or water quality control measure on the second 16 unit. The Licensing Board went beyond and said well, these 17 matters -- we recommend that these matters also be applied to 18 Unit No. 1 as well as Unit No. 2 of the same type. The 19 appeal Board very plainly in that case -- and I don't remember 20 the name of the case at the moment -- indicated that it really 21 was beyond the Board's jurisdiction to make that type of 22 recommendation. The Board has before it only the proceeding 23 before it. 24

Now, I think all the issues we are talking about

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1 are material to the operating license, but I don't think that 2 the -- we are litigating here whether the construction permit 3 should be revoked

4 DR. LUEBKE: How many examples are there where 5 character of the Applicant is a serious issue in an operating 6 license?

7 MR. REIS: I can think of it in -- I'm just trying 8 to think whether the Midland proceeding was an operating 9 license proceeding, but certainly it was there, and the 10 Sharon Harris proceeding and the ongoing TMI proceeding --

11 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: That was a construction 12 permit or a Show Cause proceeding. I'm the Chairman of the 13 Operating License Board and we haven't had that issue before 14 us.

MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Chairman, I don't have the cite with me, but I believe that an issue of that type was litigated in North Anna at the operating license stage.

18 MR. REIS: It was in the context of the19 statements made upon faulting at the North Anna site.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Do you see any conceivable difference between jurisdiction over a particular facility vis-a-vis jurisdiction over another facility as distinguished from whether jurisdiction over a particular facility such as this one has been expanded by a particular order of the Commission? I think the questions are a little bit different,

1 but I --

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2	MR. REIS: Your Honor, as I said, I do not
3	consider this Order as too expanded. I don't see the
4	language in the first full senvence on page 18 too expanded
5	to say that it forms a sufficient basis for revoking a
6	license or denying a license. As I read that, it was just an
7	a fortiori argument that if you had the basis to deny a
8	license to revoke a license, obviously, you had the basis
9	to deny a license as well.
10	I don't think I don't think the fact I
11	thick the Board, the Commission
12	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: In any event
13	MR. REIS: the Appeal Board and the Commission
14	have been very clear that it is the original notice that
15	constitutes the Board, whether we talk about the anit-trust
16	proceedings involving Houston Lighting and Power or other
17	cases, the Board and the Commission have been quite clear
18	that the Board only has the particular license or the
19	particular facet of a license that it was originally charged
20	with looking at in the notice of hearing and the notice
21	that was published in the Federal Register to look at.
22	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Could the Commission expand
23	that?
24	MR. REIS: Yes, it could. But I don't think it
25	did. I think it would have authority to do it, but I don't

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1 think it did. It said you go back and you litigate th.s in 2 the operating license proceeding. It didn't say create a 3 construction permit proceeding, it didn't -- it said 4 constituting a 206 proceeding would not be appropriate, that 5 it · Juld be a waste, really, of effort because they determined 6 not to do it --

7 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Wasn't that because of 8 duplicate testimony -- duplicate proceedings?

9 MR. REIS: I don't think it was just duplicate 10 proceedings because obviously, if they constituted a Board 11 on construction permit and we litigated the matters on 12 construction permit with the same parties it would have quite 13 a strong effect on the operating license proceeding unless 14 there was new facts and new law developed in the interim.

So I don't think that is the reason. I think they thought there was an ongoing proceeding, that if the Applicant wanted to proceed, he could proceed, but darn it, they cited the Porter County case, page 15, and they showed that all these matters would be considered and so it would be protected by considering them during the ongoing operating License proceeding.

DR. LUEBKE: We could wait and see where the evidence takes us. We don't need to settle the question today as to 'hat the Commission meant or did not mean and we can raise the issue then.

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MR. NEWMAN: Well, with all due respect, Dr. Luebke, I do believe that the Board has to -- we have 2 to have some understanding of what the Board's role is here.

I think the Order, the Commission's Memorandum 5 and Order is absolutely clear on Page 19 where it says, "We 6 expect ... " -- they indicate that you will be looking at 7 some broader ramifications of the issues that are normally 8 9 held at the Operating License, or considered at the Operating License stag., but there is no question that the 10 determination with which you are charged, it is determined 11 whether the various allegations are proved, and I quote, 12 "They should result in denial of the Operating License 13 Application," is clear to me. 14

Moreover, Mr. Chairman, I believe if there had 15 been the intent of the Commission to tharge the Board with 16 undertaking a proceeding to deal with the ramification of 17 the Construction Permit, then I think they would have come 18 out otherwise or determined otherwise on the request for a 19 hearing on that very matter which had been submitted by 20 CCANP, and ultimately denied by the Commission. 21

22 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Let me just clarify it with the Staff. Does the Staff agree that we could say 23 that unless the construction QA/QC program is modified in 24 certain ways a license, and Operating License will not be 25

1	granted, will not meet the the plant as constructed will
2	not meet the
3	MR. REIS: Your Honor,
4	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: public health and
5	safety.
6	MR. REIS: the Staff looks at it very much
7	as any other condition on an Operating License, just as
8	you might require transmission lines to be put in a certain
9	area, or built in a certain way, or that cooling towers be
10	required instead of once throw cooling, it is a condition
11	and the Licensing Board has the right to put those
12	conditions on the license, if it thinks they are
13	appropriate. We have no question about that.
14	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Even though this would
15	modify another condition of the construction permit, which
16	would be to carry out a QA program?
17	For instance, one of the things I'm thinking
18	about is could we decide that the QA program should not be
19	carried out by Brown & Root now this seems to be central
20	to the construction permit, what it approved. It also seems
21	to be an issue that was raised by the Show Cause Order. You
22	wanted the applicants to come in to testify using their
23	current arrangement, and there have been significant
24	questions raised as to whether that is the most appropriate
25	way of running a QA program. It probably is consistent

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1 with Appendix B, but if it doesn't work, maybe some other 2 method would be better. 3 MR. REIS: I can't give you a definitive 4 answer. However, I could say that inventiveness and the 5 skillfulness of the Board, there may be many ways to skin 6 a cat. 7 However, I don't think you can directly modify

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8 the construction permit program. However, you might be 9 able to frame an Order that could be upheld, and I'm not 10 certain at this time, that says unless the rest of 11 construction is carried out in this manner an Operating 12 License is not appropriate.

So there you wouldn't be modifying the
construction permit as such. You are saying that in order
to qualify for an Operating License you have to do thus and
so.

Now, if push comes to shove and there is a direct conflict between a term, a particular term in the construction permit and what you say there might be some question, but I don't think that would necessarily have to happen.

22 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: As I remember, most23 construction permits are sort of general.

MR. REIS: They are.

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CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Ms. Wheeler, you are next,

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1	and then we will hear from Ms. Buchorn.
2	MS. WHEELER: I don't want to preclude
3	Ms. Buchorn having an opening statement, and we are
4	getting
5	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: No.
6	MS. WHEELER: pretty far past the opening.
7	I would like to make one comment specifically
8	in response to the issue raised by Dr. Luebke. In the
9	language on Page 12 it doesn't say what kind of license.
10	It says: "Abdication could form an independent and
11	sufficient basis for denying a license." Okay?
12	On Page 19, speaking to the same point, the
13	Commission says: "However, we expect the Board to look
14	at the broader ramifications of these charges" in other
15	words, the charges in the Order To Show Cause "in
16	order to determine whether it proved they should result in
17	denial of an Operating License Application."
18	Now, I think it is clear that the suggestion
19	by the Commission is that apart from what has gone since
20	the Order To Show Cause came out that the abdication of
21	responsibility and of knowledge in other words, the
22	issue of managerial competence shown during the construction
23	phase in and of itself can, or as Mr. Reis used the word
24	"could" form a basis, an independent basis for denying the
25	license.

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Of course, that doesn't mean that you should 1 2 or you must. I mean if the Commission meant that, you know, 3 I don't -- obviously that's the issue before this Commission, is whether or not the Operating License should 4 5 be granted, and the Commission is not going to say, of course, this must be the result. It is a possible result, 6 though, that this -- considering the issue of whether the 7 past history of abdication of responsibility and abdication 8 9 of knowledge, that that past history in and of itself could 10 form an independent, sufficient basis for denying the Operating License. 11

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Now, I think that since that is a permissible<sup>\*</sup> question, that it is an issue that should not be denied to the Intervenors CCANP to try to show that. I mean we may not be able to carry the weight of showing that that in fact is the result, but it is a permissible result, and we feel like we are entitled to that issue.

MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Chairman, I would just comment that that is among the issues. It is quite clear that in Issue B and Issue D by reference in Issue C that the question of abdication of responsibility and failure to have knowledge of the activities is included in both contentions.

24 MS. WHEELER: Well, it is included, but we are 25 entitled to it as independent issue, not as taking into

consideration this and also considering Houston Lighting
 & Power's actions and reply. We are entitled to it as an
 issue of do these things independently and by themselves
 suffice to deny the license?

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CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, --

6 MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Chairman, I really want to 7 stress our feeling that what you are -- that this Board is 8 charged with looking at the totality of the Applicant's 9 performance, its compliance history as a totality, both 10 adverse and positive, its alleged abdication of responsibility 11 and corrective measures which have been taken.

I think to segregate these issues artificially 12 really detracts from the Board's primary responsibility 13 which is to commine whether as an overall matter, viewing 14 the totality of the Applicate's performance denial of an 15 Operating License is in order, and I think that this 16 artificial separation of abdication of responsibility as 17 of a given point from the totality of the Applicant's 18 performance on the job is an artificial split that I believe 19 is eally not consistent with the Commission's charge to 20 your Board. 21

I think there really is a question of the weight which has to be given to these various instances, or various things that are described in the Commission's Order, and I believe that you will lose that ability to

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weigh the evidence on different matters if you try to segregate out, in effect, deficiencies in performance from improvements in performance.

Through your control of the proceeding I think 4 you can be sure that the Bcard investigates both those 5 things which have been done perhaps incorrectly, and those 6 things which reflect revisions and improvements in 7 8 performance, but you really have to look at the whole thing, and apply the appropriate weight to each factor. I don't 9 believe that an artificial solit in the issues is going to 10 contribute to that effort. 11

12 And I think it could be really seriously13 misleading the entire conduct of the proceeding.

MR. LUEBKE: Excuse me. I'm lost about what the split is.

MS. BUCHORN: Mr. Chairman, perhaps I am seeing this in a more simplistic, simply because I am not an attorney. It seems very clear to me that in the Commission's Order they stated very clearly that we were to look at their past actions, and whether they constitute reason for denying a license or coming to a partial decision.

I would also, to back that up, the Chairman of
the Commission in his testimony, sworn testimony before a
Subcommittee, stated that the Commission indicated that the

Operating License Application might be denied if the facts
 support an unacceptable abdication of either responsibility
 for or knowledge about the South Texas Project on the part
 of the Applicant.

5 The supplement to the Statement of Issues that 6 we recently got, I believe the heart of that in Issue A, 7 the fifth line down, "Do the current HL&P and Brown & Root 8 Construction QA/QC organization and practices meet the 9 requirements?" That's not what the Commission said.

In Issue B the Commission did not say anything about looking at what their actions were in reply. They quoted the replies, but they didn't say anything about the actions.

In Issue C they said, and the last part of that issue says, "Is there reasonable assurance that HL&P will have the competence and commitment to safely operate the STP?" That does not go to the heart of the Commission's Order.

IE seems to me that these reformulated contentions, if you will, are diametrically opposed to what I perceive to be the guts, if you will, of the Commission's Order. They didn't say we are going to slap them on the hand, and say, "Okay, baby, you can go ahead now, because you've got a whole bunch more paper." They had a whole bunch of paper in the past. Paper didn't do

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1 any good. And you can bring out ream, after ream, after
2 ream, after ream of paper, and you can have people sitting
3 up in Houston bringing out these reams of paper, but if you
4 don't have the construction personnel out there doing it,
5 and if you don't have the organization actually on the
6 site doing it, then it doesn't do any good.

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7 And the Commission, it seems to me, has said
8 "Let's look at everything that has happened to this date,
9 not what they say they are going to do in the future, but
10 what has happened in the past."

Their testimony, their sworn testimony before a House Subcommittee states that, as well as thier Order, and going back to the original letter from Mr. Black, immediately after receiving the communication I called him, we talked at some length on more than one occasion and we agreed to those issues as he stated them.

The reason that CEU did not file any paperwork on this was because he and I both agreed that -- we agreed that if those issues were ones that were accepted that there was no need for us to file anything, and that he was filing that on behalf of CEU.

And I might add, too, that the construction permit will be up for renewal before our full hearing on the license proceeding.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: That latter may be true,

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but it has no affect on --

MS. BUCHORN: Well, they were off into whether you can revoke the construction license, and all of this business, and --

5 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, under our normal
6 delegation we could not do so. But my questions were
7 whether we could impose conditions which if not met would
8 call upon us to deny an operating license.

9 MS. BUCHORN: Well, I think that that should be
10 a decision that is made by this Board after all of the
11 evidence has come in, and after the hearing. I think that's
12 the only way.

You can't decide now whether you are going to or whether you can do this, whether you can do that, or whether you can't do that, --

16 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, I think -17 MS. BUCHORN: -- because you don't know what
18 the evidence is going to be.

19 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, the questions I was 20 asking would be irrespectivce of what the evidence would 21 be, because if we don't have authority to do something, 22 whatever the evidence would be, we might be only authorized 23 to make a recommendation. We clearly have authority to 24 deny or grant, as the case may be, an Operating License 25 and impose conditions on that.

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MS. BUCHORN: Well, I would call your attention
2 to Footnote 4 on the bottom of Page 18. I think that makes
3 it very clear.

4 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, I think it is clear
5 that we have to look into the import of the past practice.

6 I also think we undoubtedly have to allow the 7 Applicants to try to show if those past practices are bad, 8 and I assuming that they are at this moment, we have to 9 allow them the opportunity to show that they have, or will 10 correct those, or can correct them, and I think that's one 11 of the main issues before us.

Now, maybe these should be separated to two elements, these contentions. First, how bad were the past practices, and if they were bad enough to result in denial of an Operating License have they been or can they be corrected? Maybe the contentions should be written along those lines.

18 MR. REIS: Mr. Chairman, along those lines, 19 with that in mind in Issue B I don't think, although we say in light of the overall record does HL&P have the 20 21 necessary character, and in the next one essentially the 22 necessary competence, which are the two words used by the Commission, it could be we didn't mean to foreclose -- the 23 24 Staff didn't mean to foreclose the Board's making a legal 25 determination after they heard the evidence that one of these

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matters, such as instances of noncompliances that transpired
 in the past so overrode everything else that a license
 should be denied. That's still an issue.

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In setting it out this way we didn't say that
any one of that four or five of these issues each count
20 percent. We left those legal issues open.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Do you think it would be 7 possible -- One of the things I've been picking up is if 8 you and Mr. Newman, and the Intervenors could sit down and 9 try to work out something during the lunch hour, which would 10 separate out more, so that I'd say separate them out for 11 the purpose not of emphasis but of just so that we can 12 address the questions in somewhat the frame work that the 13 Commission set out so that we really can answer the question 14 whether the practices in the past were such that an 15 Operating License should be denied. 16

Then as a separate contention if so, have steps been taken which would call for a different result, and that would seem to me to be a logical division.

20 MS. WHEELER: Could you restate that, please?
21 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I'm not sure I could.
22 MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Chairman, I think that what
23 you've got there is a highly academic exercise by splitting
24 the issues in that fashion.

Ultimately your determination, as the Commission

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1	said, is predictive in nature, and nothing which is
2	predictive in nature in the sense that the Commission's
3	Order described it can fail to take into account the
4	totality of the experience, both the past experience, the
5	current experience, and that experience which might be
6	expected in the future, and I really don't think it's a
7	useful division of the issues.
8	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I would think the more
9	serious the remedies we thought were necessary, the more
10	useful a division of that sort would be.
11	MR. NEWMAN: But you have the full panoply of
12	remedies available to you regardless of whether the
13	contentions are stated in a single contention or split in
14	the way that you have just described.
15	As I think Mr. Reis said, there is no intent
16	here to foreclose the Board from finding that one of these
17	issues is preemptively of a character as to require denial
18	of the operating license.
19	MR. LUEBKE: I think the difference is,
20	Mr. Newman, that if we have two missues, we can make two
21	findings. If we have one issue, we make one finding.
22	MR. NEWMAN: And the issue is whether or not
23	an Operating License should be denied or conditioned in
24	some fashion, and that's something which you can do with
25	the issues as they are stated right now.

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MR. LUEBKE: It's probably premature 'o say

that.

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3 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I am trying to work in 4 the objections that both sets of Intervenors have stated. It may be the way both they and the public perceives what issues we are addressing. I do think the Commission did want us to address the questions that the Intervenors have raised.

9 I think if those questions are not buried in 10 certain language -- I realize that those questions 11 probably exist in the issues as stated, but I think it might be clearer ? 'h to the Intervenors and to the public 12 13 if we were able to separate out some of the issues dealing 14 with past performance from those of whether sufficient 15 corrective actions have been taken.

16 I think we will have to hear all of this 17 material in any event under the statement of issues that 18 we have, as well as what I just threw out for comment, but 19 it might be desirable to set them out as separate issues so 20 that we could make a finding, which the Commission seems 21 to anticipate that we make, whether or not past practices 22 have been such to warrant rejection of an Operating License. 23 And two would be whether corrective actions would so change 24 things that an Operating License be defintely denied but 25 conditioned in certain ways.

1	MR. HOFFMAN: If I might just state, if we are
2	talking in terms of a curative effect of what takes place
3	in the future, how can you cure a false statement? A false
4	statement has been made, and it has been shown to have been
5	made, and the Order of the Commission said that on that basis
6	a license to operate that plant may be denied, and they are
7	ordering, in my opinion, in the Commission's Order that if
8	you find those false statements were made, and you find
9	that they were significant enough to show managerial
10	incompetence, that at that point then this Board should
11	find an Operating License should not be granted. How can
12	you cure a false statement? You cannot cure it.
13	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Can you fire the people
14	who made it? Can you replace the organization?
15	MR. HOFFMAN: I do not think so. It is our
16	position that if this Board were to find that the Show
17	Cause Order, the items stated in there were of a significance
18	to deny a license, that that license should be denied now at
19	the expedited hearing. What is the purpose of having an
20	expedited hearing, if you cannot make a decision at that
21	time? Why would you have an expedited hearing? Why not just
22	wait until it is time for the final hearing?
23	An expedited hearing is to give an opportunity
24	for this Board to say at this point that this license should
25	not be granted on the basis of what has happened in the past,

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1 and curative effect aside it is our position that the
2 Commission has ordered this Board to make that determination

at the expedited hearing.

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4 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Would you say that we
5 shouldn't have an expedited hearing to perhaps say that
6 this license should not be granted unless the following
7 changes are made and carried out?

MS. WHEELER: That's certainly within the realm
I think of the remedies available to the Board.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Right.

MS. WHEELER: I think that, though, one possible remedy, and one which we are entitled to ask for, is that based on the abdication of managerial responsibility in the past that the Operating License -- that that is sufficient to deny the Operating License at this hearing, at an expedited hearing.

17 Obviously, that's an issue of fact, whether we 18 can bring in the evidence that we need to establish that, 19 but I think that that is an issue that we are entitled to 20 have, not taking into consideration the possible curative 21 effects, but just looking at what occurred in the past is 22 that sufficient to deny the license. If that question is 23 answered by this Board, no, it is not sufficient, then, of 24 course, those other issues can be considered in terms of 25 curative remedy.

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MR. REIS: Mr. Chairman, the closing lines of
 the Commission on Page 19 was that we ought to be in a
 hearing on the Quality Assurance/Quality Control related
 issues.

In formulating the contentions, the statement 5 of issues to supplement CCANP's original issues, we did 6 incorporate, we thought, all A's that would take care of 7 that. We do have B(4), the extent to which HL&P abdicated 8 responsibilities for construction; B(5), the extent to which 9 HL&P failed to keep itself knowledgeable; B(1), in essence 10 by reference refers to the false statements in the Show 11 Cause Order. 12

Issue A was an issue that you would have to deal with really -- It goes to is there reasonable assurance that the construction will take place so that we have a whole plant, one without major technical faults. That's Issue A.

Issue B was the character.

Issue C is the competence and commitment to
operate safely. Not just competence, but will they really
operate, and we are dealing with an operating phantom. We
refer back to those very issues the Commission highlighted,
Issues 1, 4 and 5 of B, on the statements in the FASR, the
abdication of responsibility, and the failure to keep

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itself knowledgeable.

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Issue D is the structure built to date whole,
which is a very important question, and is it a good
structure, and one that will be proper to house -- be a
proper nuclear plant.

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6 Issue E is the overall Quality Assurance program
7 for operation, which, of course, at this point is a paper
8 program, but ---

9 Intertwined with the last issue, of course, we 10 go back to Issue C, which is competence and commitment to 11 keep that paper program and a feeling that that paper 12 program will work, and a feeling that they will carry it 13 out.

So we think the issues are there and are set 14 forth there. Now, the extent we didn't attempt to set 15 forth how much law should be, and how the law should be 16 applied to each of these issues. We were outlining in 17 these issues as to what are the areas in which evidence 18 might come into the record, not on -- I agree the 19 Commission left totalling open if you find the abdication 20 21 of responsibility in the past, and the abdication of knowledge and false statements are enough so that your 22 23 prediction of conduct you cannot be confident that you can predict that they will live by their agreements that they 24 25 might set out in a Quality Assurance program for operation,

that the character is shown as such that they would not,
 that you could take what action you think and make what
 findings you think.

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But the Staff thinks that this apply summarizes
the issue that should be looked at and the context they
should be looked at.

MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Chairman, I agree with what Mr. 7 Reis has said. It seems to me that as the record develops 8 should it be the wish of the Intervenors to say that, for 9 example, the alleged false statements -- and, by the way, 10 they are only alleged false statements. There was 11 implication by Mr. Hoffman that they were in fact admitted 12 to be false statements. They are not. That is a subject 13 of controversy. But it would seem to me that after the 14 evidence is in, when the findings and conclusions are 15 written, it is certainly within the capability, within the 16 ambet of the things that the Intervenors can do to identify, 17 for example, abdication of responsibility as being a 18 pre-emptively disqualifying condition that warrants denial 19 of the operating license. 20

Those are legal questions that have to be faced. But what Mr. Reis is saying, and we are saying, is we are trying to set out the general area within which evidence is to be offered in the case, not to set out what the legal findings are to be in the case. Those are with the

Board, and they are with the Intervenors to specify when 1 the time for filing findings and conclusions is present.

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CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Would you have any real 3 objection, however, if we set up as separate issues one 4 were past practices so bad that they would, they of 5 themselves would justify revocation of the license. If so, 6 have corrective actions been taken, or will they be taken 7 sufficient to offset that, and --8

MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Chairman, I really am aware of 9 no precedent, and I looked at some of the FCC cases that 10 deal with character and competence, because there is so 11 little on that score in the NRC cases. I am aware of no 12 case in which the totality of the conduct of the Applicant 13 or the Licensee was not looked at as a whole. 14

And I think that a hearing that is bifurcated 15 in the --16

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: We will look at it as a 17 whole in terms of partial initial decision, but I am talking 18 about separating into issues the issue raised by the 19 Intervenors seems pretty much to track some of the language 20 in the Commission's Order. This is why I am inclined to 21 see why it wouldn't be reasonable to restate some of those 22 23 issues, particularly No. A.

MS. WHEELER: I might add that we would object 24 25 to that particular statement, for this reason: Okay. We

Feel like there is an independent issue of does past history 1 of managerial abdication in and of itself support a decision 2 that the operating license should be denied. Okay. 3 Now, it seems to me that somewhere in this 4 proceeding, obviously, it is relevant to look at what has 5 happened since the Order To Show Cause. 6 Now, as I understand it, the basis -- the crux of 7 what has happened since the Order To Show Cause is the 8 preparation of a revised QA/QC program; is that correct? 9 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I think that is probably 10 correct. 11 MS. WHEELER: I think that is within the realm 12 of the other question, which is: Is the QA/QC program now 13 adequate? 14 So I think that that separate issue, if you 15 16 should find, yes, on the issue is the past abdication sufficient to deny the operating license, then I think it 17 is improper to say: Is that curable. If it is curable 18 in some way then, of course, the past standing in and of 19 20 itself is not adequate to deny the license. We would like an issue on which there can be a 21 finding of whether the past actions are sufficient to deny 22 the license, because, in effect, they are incurable. Okay? 23 24 Then separate issues could easily relate to 25 what has happened since.

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MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Chairman, I think the simple
 answer to that question is that if that is the way counsel
 for CCANP views the case, that is the way counsel for CCANP
 can present proposed findings and conclusions.

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5 What we are talking about here is an arena, 6 a method of getting -- of organizing material to come into 7 evidence in the proceeding, not questions of what the 8 ultimate legal determinations are.

9 MS. WHEELER: I think we are talking about 10 how the issue is framed, and how the issue is framed will 11 certainly --

MR. NEWMAN: The issue in the case is whether or not the operating license should be denied, or as the Chairman has indicated, conditioned in some fashion, and that should be based on the totality of the evidence that is placed before the Board.

Both the things that may be regarded as
adverse indications, and those which are indications of
positive and adequate performance by the Applicant, placed
before the Board --

21 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I was trying to see if we 22 couldn't frame the issues so that the Intervenors could get 23 an issue set up the way they want it.

I don't think the evidency which would be admissible under either formulation would be very different.

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MR. REIS: Mr. Chairman, may I suggest that the 1 Intervenors write out the issue they wish? Maybe we agree 2 to the issue to indicate that it is an issue in the 3 proceeding, not that we agree to the law or the basis on 4 the legal issue, but indicate that we feel that evidence 5 can come in on that issue? That might do it. And, in 6 addition, if they feel there is another issue here. 7 MS. WHEELER: We can draft it easily. It's 8 reflected in your office's letter of October 15th under 9 Subpart A. That's from your office. 10 MR. REIS: We feel, and looking again at our 11 letter of October 15th, which I might say is not only our 12 letter, but which I approved, that -- is my office's letter, 13 but which I personally approved -- I think under -- that 14 these issues are already encompassed in what we have set 15 16 out before, and I don't see any material difference. 17 I think we have strengthened the things, and 18 indicated a little more where we think the evidence is 19going, but I think these are all in there now, and that all 20 of those issues are in litigation. 21 MS. WHEELER: Mr. Chairman --22 MR. REIS: The basic issue is: Does HL&P have 23 the necessary competence and character to operate the South 24 Texas --25 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, would you tell us

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one thing. I think one of the things the Intervenors seem to be driving at, your Issue 1, which has -- or 1(A) doesn't talk about corrective measures, and what I was wondering and the Board is wondering is whether you couldn't have an issue along those lines, and then have another issue perhaps which incorporates the corrective measures to see whether they are adequate, but just to set it out separately.

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Issue A, particularly, very clearly would permit an evidentiary, A to A of the latest version, would 9 10 permit an evidentiary presentation which would say the past QA/QC program is irrelevant because we don't follow it any 11 more. The only thing you should look at is the future. It 12 13 · would permit that. You could concede everything that was 14 said in the past without wanting to litigate it, not bringing out any witnesses to testify how it worked or 15 16 didn't work, and --

MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Chairman, I think the thing
to note there is that the contentions as restated in the
November 14th filing do in fact reach the question of
character and competence, including prior performance.

I guess what we are trying to say to you is that the issues that you have before you now, if anything, are more far reaching and do include the past performance of the Applicant, something which may not have been immediately evident on review of the Staff's filing of

1	October 15.
2	DR. LUEBKE: Where does it specifically say so,
3	Mr. Newman?
4	MR. NEWMAN: In our November 14th filing?
5	DR. LUEBKE: Yes.
6	MR. NEWMAN: Sure. If you look at the introduction,
7	for example, to Issue B. In light of the overall record of
8	HL&P's compliance with NRC requirements.
9	DR. LUEBKE: Overall isn't in there.
10	MR. NEWMAN: Yes, it is, sir. Issue B.
11	DR. LUZBKE: A is the one I was
12	MR. NEWMAN: A is a separate issue which wasn't
13	even touched upon in the Staff's filing.
14	DR. LUEBKE: I thought we were speaking of A.
15	MR. REIS: A is another issue as we look at it and
16	A is a continuation and something that we left out of our
17	October 15th letter, which we think is something that has
18	to be looked at. And that in going forward with
19	construction from this day forward, can it be completed in
20	corformance with the construction permits and other
21	applicable requirements? You are going to have to make a
22	finding that eventually on that.
23	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I recognize that.
24	MR. REIS: Now, the issues on abdication of
25	management responsibility and abdication of knowledge and
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false statements as they are relevant to character and
competence, are set out in Issues B. Now perhaps we should
rearrange those issues and make B and C, A and B and Issue
A, C. Something like that.

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5 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I think managerial 6 competence and that kind of thing should be in A as well. 7 And it is by reference the past practices, but what I'm 8 worried about in A now is that you could say that -- a 9 witness could come in and say the past practices are 10 irrelevant because they are not followed anymore.

And I don't want that -- I don't want anything that could lead to that because then we would not be addressing the Commission's general --

MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Chairman, that is just not in keeping with what Issue A says. Issue A refers to the prior performance of the -- of the Company. It refers to those items that were noted in the Notice of Violation and the Order to Show Cause. It requires a complete examination of how the Company has conducted its QA/QC operations over the history of the project to the date of your decision.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: What I am saying is that I don't think it does, because it also says and HL&P's responses thereto and actions taken thereto. In light of all these things put together, a witness could come in and say that everything in the past is irrelevant because we are

not following it anymore.

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MR. REIS: Mr. Chairman --

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: What I am saying, under that 3 kind of a formulation we never could answer the Commission's -+ 4 5 the issues raised by the Commission as to whether past practices would be enough to deny license. Because we 6 wouldn't hear about the past practices. 7

MR. NEWMAN: You will hear about the past 8 practices because that is the evidence that is required in 9 Issues A, B and C. I think what may have Dr. Luebke perhaps 10 misled is -- is that we perhaps have not gotten through to 11 the Board that as -- that rephrased Issues A, B and C are 12 amplifications of what the NRC Staff offered in Issue A of 13 its filing, in its filing of October 15th. 14

MR. REIS: The Staff feels that way. Further, let 15 me say this. The intent of Issue A was not to reach those 16 things that were definitely spelled out by the Board -- by 17 the Commission on character and competence. Because there 18 was something else that this Board had to look at and that is 19 whether construction can be completed from now until the end 20 of construction in a way that you could give an operating 21 license. It was not the issue of are they reliable, are 22 they trustworthy? Do they have the competence to carry out 23 the QA/QC program and incorporating into that competence the 24 25

questions of reliability and trustworthines, which are

incorporated in Issues B and C. 1

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A was just to go as I intended it -- I can't speak 2 for the Applicant -- but as I intended it, was just to look 3 at construction from now on and look back -- well, I quess 4 D looks back at construction in the past, what was 5 constructed in the past. But A was only to look at the 6 construction aspects of it and say will this plant be 7 completed so that it could operate safely. Not that it would 8 be operated safely, but that it could be operated safely. 9

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Let me ask you this. Is the 10 competence and character the prime inquiry we have to make 11 to determine that. Don't we have to know that they are going 12 to give a certain emphasis to QA matters in construction? 13

MR. NEWMAN: If I may interject, the answer to 14 that question is yes. Character and competence are dealt 15 with in Issues B and C, specifically, dealt with in B and C. 16 A answers -- let me just put this in perspective for a 17 moment. The Board normally has in an operating license 18 hearing several ultimate determinations to make, among them 19 is the Applicant technically qualified. What you have here 20 is an amplification of that term, technically qualified, 21 because of the circumstances in this case, to include the 22 specific question of management competence and the question of the character of the management.

Those are dealt with in B and C. Another issue

1 that you would normally deal with in an operating license plant -- in an operating license proceeding, is whether the 2 plant has been completed in accordance with the permit and 3 the Commission's requirements. That answer, as of a given 4 date, or that issue as of a given date is posed in our Issue 5 A. Everything that the Board is charged with looking at by 6 the Commission in terms of technical qualifications, the 7 adequacy of plant construction, the adequacy of the program 8 to complete the construction of the plant, all of those things 9 are explicitly set out in joint statement of the issues by 10 the Applicant and the Staff. 11

DR. LUEBKE: Mr. Newman, this concept of prior and past actions -- I'm trying to find it in Issue A. Is that incorporated in the words Notice of Violation and Order to Show Cause?

MR. NEWMAN: In part, it is, yes.

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DR. LUEBKE: I'm having trouble finding priorand past actions.

MR. NEWMAN: What we are saying is, in the light of our performance in the construction, which includes everything --

DR. LUEBKE: It doesn't say that.
MR. NEWMAN: It says, "In light of HL&P's
prformance in the construction of the STP project." That
is the whole history of the performance of the Company on

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the project.

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2 MS. BUCHORN: But the overriding phrase though, is, do the current HL&P and Brown & Room construction QA/QC 3 organization practices meet the requirements of 10CFR Part 50? 4 5 That overrides everything that's happened in the past. It completely negates it. I'm absolutely and totally opposed 6 to Issue A. And I fail to find where, anywhere, it is in 7 the Commission's order. That is not what the Commission said 3 to do. That's not what their statement was before in sworn 9 testimony. 10

MR. HOFFMAN: Mr. Chairman, if I might amplify 11 that a moment. We are talking about an expedited hearing. 12 We keep hearing counsel discuss the question of let's look 13 at the overall picture. The reason that the Commission came 14 down with their order was +1 2 they felt like this was a 15 serious enough problem that we should take a look right now 16 at what has happened and if what has happened right now is 17 significant enough for this Board to deny an operating 18 license, then the Board should act now and say we will not 19 grant an operating license on -- to these people for the 20 reasons of their actions in the past. 21

If we are going to look at the totality of the picture, what's the purpose of an expedited hearing? Why not wait until the whole thing is over and then make a decision on the license. The Commission was obviously

1 concerned about what had happened in the past and they were 2 so concerned that they ordered this Board to decide if those 3 practices in the past were so significant as to cause a 4 license to be denied at this point. And that is our 5 position.

6 MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Chairman, on the question of 7 the timing of the Board's actions, the hearings and so 8 forth, that's a matter to be dealt with when -- if we do 9 reach the question of schedule. It's certainly not in our 10 contemplation that there will be an exteded schedule for the 11 conduct and completion of these hearings.

We look to something that is -- that will be a timely hearing and lead to a timely decision by the Board.

In answer to Dr. Luebke's concern, Dr. Luebke, if you wanted to add, if you thought it would be helpful to add the word "prior" before HL&P -- after HL&P's and before the word "performance" on line one, that's entirely satisfactory to us.

19DR. LUEBKE: I just did it with my pencil.20MR. NEWMAN: Sare.

21 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I might say if we do that, 22 your prior performance is not reflected in the corrective 23 actions. I still think you have to divide that into two 24 sections.

DR. LUEBKE: But it's a beginning.

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1 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Yeah. I think the word 2 past or prior should be in there, but I think that HL&P's 3 responses and actions taken thereto should be out at this --4 as the first part of the contention as a separate 5 conelention or separate section, either one.

There should be something like if so, have those
documents and other proposals which may come in hear -- in
a hearing, modified or change any such recommendations.

9 MR. HOFFMAN: Mr. Commissioner, if I might state, 10 again --

11 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I'm not a Commissioner yet. MR. HOFFMAN: What I'm saying is, I think that --12 that this Board could make a determination at the hearing 13 that the past actions are not -- or at least they could make 14 decision that even if they were of a nature that a 15 licensing -- a license permit should not be granted at this 16 time, or at least that we are very confused or worried about 17 it, you could still make a decision that we will look at 18 the future practices, but we've already made our determination 19 that you've got a lot of trouble here. 20

That is -- I think that that is one of the remedies available to the Board, but we do belive that the Board also has the power at this time to deny the license based on the past practices, and we would want an issue framed in those terms. That if you -- go ahead, I'm sorry.

MS. BUCKHORN: Mr. Chairman, on page 18, it says 1 either application of responsibility or application of 2 knowledge, whether in construction or operating phase, could 3 form an independent and suspicious basis for revoking a 4 license. Now, independent and sufficient, I think, are key 5 words. 6 7 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Would you -- or I will 8 give this collectively to both sets of Intervenors -- but 9 do you think that Issue B could be phrased that way? 10 DR. LAMB: The opperative sentence on Issue B is at the top of page 2, in which it says does HL&P have the 11 necessary character to be granted the licnese to operate 12 the STP safely. 13 MS. WHEELER: I believe that we could agree to 14 that if subpart 3, HL&P's actions in the Show Cause Order 15 word --16 DR. LAMB: Or if it were changed so that it 17 reflected these topics individually or collectively. 18 MS. WHEELER: We think we are entitled ... an 19 issue that could be worded as Issue B is without subpart 3 20 in it. If you would delete that, we would accept that issue. 21 MS. BUCHORN: I agree. 22 23 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Would you accept 3 as a 24 separate issue, if so --25 MS. WHEELER: As a separate issue, I'm not sure

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1	what the justification is for including that in the
2	expédited hearing.
3	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: There is only going to be
4	one hearing on a QA/QC matter.
5	MR. HOFFMAN: Let me get a clarification on that.
6	Are we saying that this expedited hearing, that the evidence
7	is brought forward to make a determination about past
8	practices, if this Board does not deny the license at the
9	time then we will not be allowed to introduce that evidence
10	at a final hearing for licensing?
11	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: We thought the QA/QC
12	issues would be handled totally. We read the Commission as
13	saying that. We suggested that to the Commission in several
14	orders we issued.
1.5	MS. WHEELER: I think that's true insofar as the
16	contentions of CCANP, the first two are also the subject of
17	this expedited hearing. So, yes, as a separate issue
18	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: It would arise.
19	Subsequently, you would have a chance to come up with
20	a new contention if we issued a decision saying certain
21	changes had to be made, then the evidence came forward that
22	the changes were working obviously, that could be
23	litigated again later. But, as new information.
24	But, I think the Commission wants an overall
25	decision right now on including contentions substantive

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Contentions 1 and 2.

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MS. WHEELER: Let me just state for the record 2 that the CCANP had very short notice of what a hearing that 3 they anticipated would be in January would be now, we've 4 been counsel of record since Friday and we've actually been 5 retained on this case since a week ago Monday, so if we --6 you know, we are at a point this time, but before I could 7 agree to that, if we could take that up after lunch and give 8 us an opportunity to consult. 9

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I certainly expect it -- in 10 fact, I'm hoping all the parties will -- we probably will 11 allow enough time at lunch that you will have a chance to 12 get together for a few minutes. 13

MS. WHEELER: You won't order us to eat lunch 14 together --15

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, that we won't --16 although, if you are going to stay in the hotel, you've only 17 got two restaurants to chose from. 18

DR. LUEBKE: Mr. Reis; in your recitation of 19 Issue B, I had a little trouble with the language finding 20 this thing called charges of harrassment, intimidation, lack 21 of support and quality control in the character issue. 22 MR. REIS: That's in the issues of non-compliance 23 that was in the notice of violation, and it's also the

abdication of responsibility where the -- certainly, taking 25

1	together with the notice of violation, it certainly was the
2	HL&P's responsibility to see that such tings did not happen
3	and to know about them on the site if they did happen, so
4	it's under 5 as well, and I think that there is no question
5	that we would be looking at but, it's also in Contention 1
*	of CCANP, which we have indicated, of course, continues.
7	And it's in 1-7A, and it's there stated explicitly, and we
8	have no question that that is certainly an issue that should
9	be gone into in this proceeding.
10	MR. NEWMAN: I would like to associate mysèlf
11	with that.
12	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: That is also in Contention 2
13	in the operating license proceeding.
14	MR. REIS: That is right.
15	MS. BUCHORN: Mr. Chairman, going back to the
16	comment I made earlier about conferences with Mr. Black; I
17	would like to ask Staff if they attempted to get in touch
18	with the Intervenors in their working out of the wording of
19	this? Because I'm having a great deal of difficulty and the
20	way this wording was arrived at and the fact that it hit us
21	completely unaware I was at my office, my husband called
22	me and said that a special delivery on this thing I had
23	to leave my office and drive home, which is quite a few
24	miles and then go back, and we were completely unaware that
25	there was even any negotiations. How did those negotiations

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1 start? Who initiated them and why were we not brought into 2 this whole process?

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3 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I think Mr. Reis wants to4 tell you.

5 MR. REIS: First of all, I'm counsel for a party, 6 as far as I know, in any legal proceeding, counsel can talk 7 with counsel in any other -- for any other party and not have 8 other available. I'm sure Mr. Black spoke to the Intervenors 9 individually without bringing the Applicants in at time.

We apologize for any inconvenience you have.
Certainly the statement as we've been discussing for two
hours is not binding on the Board, it is just what is arrived
at by counsel for two of the parties. If you feel
differently about it, and you do, you've made your views
known, and it does not -- and we do not feel that it binds
the Board in any way whatsoever.

It is what we think was an appropriate way to put forth the matters that are going to be involved in this hearing, looking it it in total. The -- what we originally said in che October 15th letter was a little too skimpy. We felt that we ought to spell out a little bit more where we are going.

MS. BUCHORN: But Mr. Chairman, I feel like it
was totally inappropriate in that I'm getting the feeling that
here the Intervenors have been placed in a very untenable

position and we've got them on the other side.

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MS. WHEELER: If I might also respond to that briefly. I think it's -- clearly, if we felt like there had been an unlawful exparte contact we would have raised that issue. And while I don't think that that is the situation here, but we are are operating -- or were operating under an order from this Board asking that the parties attempt to agree to the issues.

Now, there was obviously some attemp to agree 9 that was reflected in the October 15th letter. What we 10 object to is being left in the position since October 15th 11 feeling like that represents a partial contention, and there 12 is in our view, substantial difference between the October 13 22 -- I mean, the November 14th and October 15th views 14 expressed in the issues and while we were consulted on the 15 October 15th, as to what happened last Friday, we were not 16 consulted at all, and given no opportunity to try to reach 17 concensus on those issues. 18

And we feel like under the Board's order that would have been que appropriate.

21 MR. REIS: 11 I can do at this point is 22 apologize and try in the future to make sure that doesn't 23 happen.

MS. WHEELER: Thank you.

MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Chairman, before we adjourn,

1 if that's what we are about to do, I just want to take one 2 more shot at this question of the corrective actions that 3 have been taken. If -- I want to be clear that in framing 4 the issues as we have framed them, there is no attempt to 5 preclude any party from arguing that the correct -ultimately -- that the corrective actions, either had it been 6 7 sufficient or whatever they had been, should not be taken into account in arriving at the decision. It remains with 8 9 the Intervenors to make the very argument that they have been making here after the evidence is in. 10

And I think that this whole discussion kind of misperceives the purpose of the exercise. The purpose of this exercise is setting contentions is so that parties are on notice as to the proof that will be required in the' proceeding. It's not to reach the -- or state the ultimate legal questions which have to be determined by the Board.

Those questions, those ultimate legal 17 determinations are things which can be argued to the Board 18 by the parties in their findings and conclusions. What 19 we are trying to find out here is what evidence should be 20 offered up. Clearly, I can't imagine this Board does not 21 want to have evidence offered into -- evidence offered with 22 respec to corrective measures or the overall performance of 23 the Appli ant in determining whether or not any particular 24 aspect of the Applicant's conduct warrants a lenial or 25

conditioning of the operatin glicense. And I --

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CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I think you are correct that we want to hear evidence on all of this. I do think that the issues could be set up framed in such a way as the past practices could be separated from corrective action so that we could decide whether the past actions are ufficient at least, if not corrective then the question becomes whether or not they are correctable.

9 DR. LUEBKE: And in that order -- in other words, 10 let's talk about past actions before we talk about 11 corrective --

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: And Dr. Luebke -- in that 12 order first whether the past actions have been so bad that 13 if not corrected, they could -- they should warrant denial 14 of an operating license. And two, if so, are -- what are the 15 effectivenesses of any corrective actions, now or in the 16 future? I think the issue could be framed that way without 17 materially affecting any of the proof. I can agree with you 18 under the issues as framed here, the proof that you might 19 want to advance could come in. 20

MR. NEWMAN: I think also, Mr. Chairman, if you split issues, you are asking for a very choppy hearing in which complete presentations are really going to be very difficult to present to the Board. One day will be the day on which we talked about what the past misdeeds have been,

and then we will set a hearing four days later to decide
 what -- or to hear the question of what corrective actions
 have been taken. And it seems to me the Board wants +o hear
 ev\_dence -- I'm sorry -- wants to hear evidence in context.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I think we could arrange 5 scheduling if we chose to it deficiency by deficiency. First 6 hear whether its -- how bad it's been and then hear what 7 correction actions -- first whether it can be corrected and 8 what corrective actions have been or will be taken. 1 9 think there are a lot of way that the hearing could be 10 organized so that -- I do think the Commission did indicate 11 that the issue as tramed by the Intervenors could be 12 considered and perhaps should be considered so that --13

MR. NEWMAN: The issue can be considered. Nobody is arguing that.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Right.

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MR. NEWMAN: The question is; how are you going to structure the hearing and how much -- and the extent to which you are going to put parties on notice as to the proof that would be required to reach ultimate findings with respect to character and competence.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFEP: For instance, I think Issue
B without paragraph 3 could be set up that way and then
paragraph 3 could be set up as another issue.

MR. NEWMAN: It's always available for the

Intervenors to argue the information developed under what 1 would be subset 3 here, should not be considered because 2 3 the record otherwise is so damning, if you will. That option is always open. That's a legal 4 question. 5 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Yes, but I think Issue B 6 could be set up as sub-issues, or two separate issues, but 7 without any particular loss of either convenience or 8 ability of the Board to consider the --9 MR. REIS: The Staff would not object to that 10 although we agreed to these issues that was in agreement with 11 the Intervenor. Of the Board will so rule, the Staff would 12 not -- that's the option of the Board. 13 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: We would like the parties 14 to see if they could agree on a statement of Issues in 15 which they can all agree. That's why we are going to take 16 a break for about two hours at lunch time. We hope that 17 will be enough time to allow you to have a little extra 18 time to confer. Perhaps get together a way to descibe the 19 issues. If we break now, about 12:00 and come back at 2:00. 20 The one comment I want to make now is I think --21 Issue A -- something has to be done to Issue A as well. I 22 think Issue A perhaps could be stated in one or two ways; 23 first, if you stated it the way it is it would have to add 24 something like, alternatively, would a different form of 25

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construction, QA/QC organization, including, but not limited
 to those specified in Section V-Al.

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MR. NEWMAN: Could you read a little more slowly? 3 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, I'm just reading --4 but this not conclusive. This is just something I drafted up. 5 Alternatively, would a different form of construction, QA/QC 6 organization, parantheses, including but not limited to those 7 specified in Section V-Al here, V-Al of the Order to Show 8 Cause, provide a greater degree of assurance that 9 construction of STP could be completed in conformance with 10 the construction permits and other applicable requirements. 11

What troubles me is that probably every one of 12 the alternatives mentioned in the Show Cause Order conform 13 with the strict requirements of Appendix B. I'm not sure 14 that we shouldn't look at what the best way -- on paper 15 at least, all of them can comply. There's no form of 16 organization that is specified. You can have a -- construction 17 work and the QA work and the ownership being done by one 18 organization. You can have a separate organization doing 19 QA/QC work and one of the things we would like to consider 20 is whether that is the -- what is being proposed, what was 21 in the construction permit and what is essentially being 22 proposed now with some upgrading requirements. 23

Whether that is -- not that it will conform to
Appendix B, but it is the best way of conforming to Appendix P.

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MR. NEWMAN: I respectfully suggest it's not 1 within the authority of this Board. It's the authority of 2 the -- it's within the authority of the Board clearly to 3 determine whether or not the Applicant has or will comply 4 with the provisions of applicable Commission regulations. 5 It's not within the Board's jurisdiction, I do not believe, 6 to determine what the optimum form of organization may be, 7 any one of which may meet Commission regulations. 8

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9 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Item 1 of the Show Cause 10 Order, I think Section VAL orders the Applicant to analyze 11 this and we may disagree with the conclusions that came out 12 of the analysis and I would like to rewrite the issue to 13 make sure that we can hear that, and I think that we have 14 authority to hear that

MR. NEWMAN: I want to understand something 15 here. That request was made by the Director of the Division 16 of Inspection and Enforcement, the context of an enforcement 17 proceeding, which might have led to the suspension revokation 18 of the license. That is not our modification of the 19 co-struction permit. That is not before the Board here, as 20 we said at the outset. The question before the Board here 21 is whether or not an operating license should issue, or be 22 denied, or be conditioned in some way -- in some fashion. 23 It is -- we are not in the midst here of an enforcement 24 proceeding. That -- had we been in that type of proceeding, 25

the Commission would have ordered that type of proceeding. It rejected that type of proceeding.

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3 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I believe it rejected it because it found that the scope of what could be examined 4 5 there was not broad enough to cover the issues which i. wanted to have covered. And I think it incorporated all of 6 the Show Cluse Order items for us to look at and if corrective 7 actions should be -- the best corrective action should be 8 an independent QA/QC organization. For example. I'm not 9 saying -- there are several alternatives there. 10

One of the things I was thinking about is that the -- possibly the Staff should be brought in more directly. Perhaps every non-conformance report which an inspector writes out should be given directly to the Staff resident inspector.

MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Chairman, I would submit that --CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I'm not saying that any of these things should happen. I want to be free to explore that and I want the issues to be set in such a way that --

20 MR. NEWMAN: The alternatives come into play only 21 after the Board has determined that what's been proposed does 22 not meet Commission regulations.

MR. REIS: I would take the same position that
you could condition the grant of an operating license on
a different form of quality assurance, quality control

organization only after you find that what is presently 1 proposed doesn't give you, (a), either doesn't meet 2 Appendix B directly and/or does not provide reasonable 3 assurance that construction proceeding in that way will 4 lead to a safe plan. 5 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I think it will be the 6 latter that we will have to find. Almost any form of 7 organization complies with Appendix B. Not quite, but you 8 can come up with almost anything that can comply with a 0 paper regulation. 10 DR. LUEBKE: Mr. Reis, hasn't everything that 11 happened, happened under somebody's having ruled that it 12 complied with Appendix B? 13 MR. REIS: If you mean that, yes --14 DR. LUEBKE: Somebody in the past, that whatever 15 the plans were, they complied. 16 MR. REIS: Right. Not the execution of the plans, 17 but the plans themselves, that was found, yes. 18 DR. LUEBKE: And that was heard and decided 19 MR. REIS: And yes, certainly because of feelings 20 of the nature of the organization that past history can 21 probably say that in order to be assured that Appendix B 22 would be met, which includes the execution of the plans as 23 well as the plans, that certain other things should be 24 done in order to give you that reasonable assurance. But 25

1 first you would have to find that there is no reasonable
2 assurance, that the construction can be completed in
3 conformance with the -- to give you a safe plant.

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4 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I would agree with that, but 5 what I'm worried about is that the implementation phase has 6 gotten dropped out of Issue A and the paper phase will 7 predominate it. As I say, almost any organization on paper, 8 as long as you set forth a high enough officer in the 9 organization to whom QA reports will be given, almost any 10 form of organization will qualify

11 MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Chairman, excuse me. On that 12 particular matter, Issue A does not describe a paper 13 exercise. It asks the question whether -- and I'm quoting -the organizations and practices meet the requirements of 14 Appendix B, part 15. This is not just the paper program 15 we are looking at. We are looking at whether or not the 16 program functions in a manner which meets requirements of 17 18 the Commission regulations.

19 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: For instance, there have 20 been allegations made that QA inspectors would come up with 21 the finding that some course of action wasn't carried out 22 correctly. Go to a supervisor, the supervisor would happen 23 to be influenced in some degree with somebody over in 24 construction, the supervisor would be told to kill the 25 non-conforming report or whatever it was. That would happen

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1	and it would be buried and QA inspectors would find
2	something and nothing would happen.
3	MR. NEWMAN: Question of intimidation and
4	harrassment, if that's what you are referring to in that
5	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I'm not even referring
6	to that. I'm referring to the fact that a QA inspector
7	would give something to the supervisor, supervisors have
8	made statements to their inspectors that they can be
9	overruled, and often were overruled
10	MR. NEWMAN: Evidence of that type could be is
11	admissible under Issue A, both as a matter of HL&P's prior
12	performance and also, as a matter of those items that were
13	noted in the Notice of Violation.
14	MR. REIS: Mr. Chairman, let me ask you this. If
15	we talk not only it says there if you're concerned it
16	just says that due to current HL&P and Brown & Root
17	construction organizations and practices do you also feel
18	that that should say and the future there? Is that what
19	you are is that what the thrust of what you are saying?
20	That is ' not only current but future that you are concerned
21	with at that point? I want to sharpen in my mind what you
22	are talking about.
23	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, I am talking about
24	the future, but I really want the words implementation to
25	be in there in some way. Both in terms of paper requirements

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1 and in terms of implementation. I want to make sure that if 2 we should decide -- we will have to look at QA plans and 3 programs, on paper. They will not, presumably, have had 4 very much opportunity to work. We want to be able to 5 determine whatever is being proposed will work, assuming 6 something is being proposed and I can always take that as a 7 gift.

8 MS. WHEELER: Of course, that's very tied in to9 the predictive question raised by the managerial competence.

10 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: We would have to know 11 whether corrective actions are likely to work. Not only if 12 they conform with paper requirements of Appendix B, which --

MR. REIS: I guess, in some ways, if you want to incorporate Issue C into A, it's one of the troubles setting up these issues, some of that is in C. It is not directly applicable --

17 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: A is construction. What 18 I'm really worried about is that we allow the plant -- if 19 we say that an operating license might be granted, we would 20 want to make sure that the building is adequate, that it has 21 been and will be built according to the specifications.

MR. NEWMAN: That's exactly what the contention states, Mr. Chairman That is the question. Is there reasonable assurance that construction is going to be completed in accordance with the Commission's regulations

by the construction permit and other applicable requirements. It's there.

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CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: As I say, we want to make sure 3 the implementation isn't dropped and then if we find that 4 another form of organization would alle se that, it's 5 more likely to be implemented better then we would be free 6 to -- we might have to find that the current organization 7 wouldn't do it or wasn't likely to do it, but we don't want 8 to be limited to either saying yes or not to the current 9 organization and the great emphasis on corrective actions 10 is organization, as I'm sure you know. 11

Our alternative, which were looked at, I might have some questions on some of the criteria we used in determining which was the best form. In responding to the Staff, you have an organization.

MR. NEWMAN: That is correct.

17 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I wanted to make sure we 18 could ask questions. To make sure the criteria used were 19 the proper ones.

MR. NEWMAN: As I indicated before, Mr. Chairman, I don't believe that it's within this Board's charge to decide what the optimum form of QA/QC organization is. That kind of inquiry, it seems to me, can only be made after there is some determination that the QA/QC program is currently

enforced does meet Commission regulations.

DR. LUEBKE: He's willing to risk a no.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Anyway, that was just my
thoughts on how Issue A can perhaps be modified.

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MS. WHEELER: I might just note I don't think it would be unproper to say the current QA/QC that will be in effect for the rest of the construction, not only that on paper conforms, but also whether this Board feel that it probably will in fact be implemented, and that is not a questio of optimum. That is a question of whether in fact it's going to happen.

MR. REIS: I suggest that maybe on the seventh line after Appendix B, we might be able - - and I don't know if the Applicants would accept this and whether the inconvenience -- and just put in the words and will be implemented to provide reasonable assurance.

16 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Why don't you talk it over 17 with the parties during lunch. That might well cure -- talk 18 it over with the Intervenors.

MR. REIS: Very good.

20 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Before we break, Peggy, did 21 you ever get a chance to make your opening statement?

MS. BUCHORN: Oh, yes. I could have a great deal more to say because I'm very uncomfortable in the position that we've been put in, but I will defer that because I think more important issues are at hand.

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1	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I wanted you to have a
2	chance to say everything you wanted to say.
3	MS. BUCHORN: I agreed with the statement of
4	counsel for the other Intervenor and do back up the majority
5	of her statements.
6	MS. WHEELER: I would advise her never to sit at
7	the end of the table again.
8	MS. BUCHORN: I don't normally.
9	MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Chairman, before we break, could
10	you indicate to the parties thematters you intend to take
11	up before you close other than the statement of issues?
•••	MR. REIS: I would like to indicate whether I
13	have to make reservations for tonight.
14	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: We don't have the room
15	beyond this afternoon, so I don't know whether we can carry
16	over or not or how late we can run. We would like to talk
17	about discovery, whether there is any outstanding disputes.
18	I know you have just filed a motion before us.
19	MS. WHEELER: What motion?
20	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Have the Intervenors
21	received
22	MS. BUCHORN: No, we have not.
23	MR. REIS: A motion for extension of time to
24	reply to last discovery requested.
25	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: During the period of lunch,

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1 why don't you show them the document? 2 MS. BUCHORN: That would be nice. Mr. Chairman, 3 I'm having a great deal of difficulty in the actions that 4 are taken both by the Staff and by the Licensee without ever 5 consulting or even notifying Intervenors, and I would like to protest strongly. 6 7 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Of course, they are just filing a motion. You would have a chance to reply. 8 MS. BUCHORN: That's just one thing piled on top 9 of the other things --10 11 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: You don't have to reply today, but if you could agree with usone way or the other 12 on it, it would help. 13 MR. REIS: I don't have one. 14 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I have one, but I only have 15 one. 16 DR. LAMB: I don't have one, either. 17 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, I could circulate my 18 copy and hope I get it back. 19 MR. NEWMAN: Are there other items other than 20 discovery? 21 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: We would like to take up 22 possible scheduling and have some idea of the next prehearing 23 conference, if somebody could come up w th some estimate. 24 We would like to know, if considering discovery, from all the 25

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1	parties whether they have currently there's a December 1
2	date. We are being asked to extend that for a week, I
3	think. But, I would like to find out whether the parties
4	have received all the discovery they think they need and if
5	* not, how much more time and what other items they will need.
6	So you might be prepared on that this afternoon and we will
7	talk about that.
8	So with that we will break for lunch. It's now
9	12:15. Let's make it 2:15 now.
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11	(Thereupon, at 12:15 p.m., the hearing in the
12	above-entitled matter was recessed for lunch, to reconvene
13	at 2:15 p.m., on the same day.)
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## <u>AFTERNOON SESSION</u>

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: On the record. The Board
has been handed three pages of documents by the Applicants.
The Applicants will, I guess, explain what they stand for.
They appear to be some re-written contentions, or issues,
I should say.

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MR. NEWMAN: Ir. Chairman, during the recess, we 7 have been confering with counsel for the NRC Staff and counsel 8 for CCANP, Ms. Buchorn, in an attempt to rewrite the 9 contentions in a manner which comports with their concern 10 and some of the concerns that the Board expressed. The first 11 page handed to you is labeled Issue A in the upper left-hand 12 corner. It would be a substitute for Issue A in the 13 document transmitted to you by the Staff by letter of 14 November 14. 15

I would just point out that the wording of Issue A is the same as that which you looked at this morning, except for the additional language which is underlined and the language in brackets which is deleted.

Now, is -- the next two pages represent an attempt to meet the concern or the matter which the Board expressed be re the recess that separating the contentions so that those matters relating to the deficiencies in past performance are segregated from those matters relating to remedic1 steps.

1	Issue B asked the question whether in light of
2	the indicated circumstance, the Applicant does not have
3	the necessary character or managerial competence to operate
4	the facility. Issue B(1), which is a temporary designation,
5	says, in effect, if you find that HL&P does not have the
6	necessary character, that is, your answer is in the
7	affirmative, has the Company taken the remedial steps to
8	provide assurance that it now has the character and
9	managerial competence to operate the STP safely.
10	I might note, Mr. Chairman, that I believe there
n	is agreement as to form among the parties. I believe that,
12	however, that Ms. Wheeler expresses reservations about
13	Issue B(1) being in the proceeding at all and I think
14	likewise with respect to Issue A, if I don't misquote you,
15	Ms. Wheeler.
16	MS. WHEELER: You do not.
17	MR. HOFFMAN: It isn't a question of reservation,
18	it's just a question of
19	MS. WHEELER: Opposition.
20	MR. HOFFMAN: Total oppostion. Yes.
21	MR. NEWMAN: I might say, we do not believe that
22	Issue B, as a matter of law, stands alone in the proceeding,
23	but for purposes of getting on with this exercise of
24	identifying the contentions, we frame them in a manner
25	consistent with with the Board's, indication of its

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desire.

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MR. REIS: There is one other matter I pointed 2 out to Applicant's counsel although I don't object to it 3 being framed this way -- if it is still recognized that the 4 burde of proof of course in all these matters is an 5 affirmative burden on HL&P to show that it has the 6 necessary managerial competence and character and it isn't 7 on other parties to prove that they don't. 8 MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Chairman, the Applicant does 9 have the burden of proof on all these matters. 10 11 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Before we make any final decisions, I would like to find out why you object to the 12 13 (1) and A being in at all. MS. WHEELER: Mr. Hoffman will address that. 14 MR. HOFFMAN: Again, I think the significant 15 issue is that we must go back to the Commission's order to 16 determine what issues they felt like needed to be determined 17 in this matter. And when you look at the order in it's 18 totality, the initial part of it talks about the problems 19 that were found by the Commission to -- that existed or at 20 least of their allegations of having existed. 21 Then, on page 19 the actual order comes down and 22 it just says we expect the Board to lock at the broader 23 ramifications of these charges in order to determine whether 24 if approved, those charges, they should result -- they again 25

obviously having to mean the charges that are set forth in the order set out by the Commission -- whether they s'ould result in denial of the operating license or application. It's clear that what the -- they were asking the Board or ordering the Board to do -- in the next line, they say we are ordering the Board to issue an early and separate decision on this aspect of the operating license procedure.

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It's clear to me that that formulates the 8 question or the issue that is to be determined by this Board 9 in the expedited hearing. And that to determine or to bring 10 into that hearing the question of what remedial steps may or 11 may not have been taken by HL&P are not relevant to 12 determining whether those charges existed and whether those 13 charges, separate and independent, would keep this Board, 14 or whethe: this Board should deny an operating license based 15 on those actions. 16

And therefore, A and B(1) are just not relevant to the expedited hearing and only Issue B is a relevant issue for this Board to determine in the expedited hearing. And that's just a shorthand rendition of where we stand and why we stand on that position.

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CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: As we read the Commission order, I sort of had the impression that the Commission superimposed additional issues among those already in the operating license proceeding. And the standard issue in any

operating license proceeding is if there are problems, have
they been adequately corrected or resolved. And I don't
view a separate decision on these matters to the operating
license proceeding later on, except insofar as there might
be new information arising later.

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When I read the Commission's expedited hearing order, I thought they had in mind the issues that the Board itself had recommended for an expedited hearing, which would have included any corrective action because the normal operating license hearing does that under the general rules.

If an applicant hasn't conformed to the requirements, he's usually given a chance to state how it will conform.

MR. HOFFMAN: I think in normal circumstances that might be the case. But in reading the order, and I reread it again at lunch just to make sure that I wasn't blowing hot air when I didn't know what I was saying, but it's pretty clear from the order itself and even when you read the additional view of the Commissioners.

Again, when we talk about Mr. Bradford and Mr. Bilinski, they talk in terms of they are citizens who are already a party to the pending operating license proceeding involving the same issues raised in the enforcement action and as a result of our action today, those issues will be resolved on an expedited basis in the form of a partial

initial decision and I think that is clear that those additional views, even amplify what the order of the Commission was, and we just see the efforts of HL&P at this point to be an effort to dilute what the evidence would be at this hearing if such a fashion that the Board would not be a le to follow the order of the Commission.

7 The order of the Commission was -- and again,
8 we think it's clear that it was to determine whether those
9 past actions prohibit or would cause the Board to find that
10 the -- HL&P was not a proper person to operate STP.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Mr. Reis?

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12 MR. REIS: Yes, there were two issues. The basic 13 issue is the competence and character of Houston and central to those issues, as the Board said, are these two questions. 14 15 But they are not the only part of those issues, and as I read the Commission order, they talk about quality 16 assurance, quality control in a broader sense, and I think 17 that's the issue they were referring to generally, will the 18 plant be operated safely and all these things and how that 19 bears on it. 20

But more important. Even if there is only one issue to be determined, certainly, administrative economy would dictate that the whole thing be heard now, rather than risk a remand, no matter what opinion the Board would come out with. It would pay and be very wise to take all the

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evidence on these issues -- that bears on the issues of
 quality assurance and quality control, just from the point
 of pure administrative economy if nothing else.

MR. NEWMAN: I would add, Mr. Chairman, I think that all the cases that we have examined, including those which are cited in the Commission memorandum and order, all suggest that considering matters like technical competence or management competence and character, the totality of the circumstances surrounding the Applicant's conduct is always considered by the Agency.

MR. REIS: In that connection, I might point to 11 one of the cases cited in the concurring opinion of 12 Commissioners Gilinski and Bradford in the Cosmopolitan 13 Broadcasting Company case, it was very clear that just if 14 you were looking for violations of past conduct and a paper 15 record of violations of past conduct without considering all 16 that equities and everything surrounding it, the license 17 would have been probably lifted. The Court of Appeals 18 instead, remanded it and said you had to consider all 19 equities surround the grant of that license. 20

MS. WHEELER: On the other hand, I think there is just no getting away from the point that the Board made on page 18, which is, that abdication by a managerial incompetence or lack of character demonstrated at the construction phase can form an independent and sufficient basis for denying the

operating license application.

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2 I think that's just clear. Now, the reason that 3 we wanted Issue B reformulated as it is here is that we think 4 that at the expedited hearing we are entitled to the 5 question, do those things independently without any other evidence, themselve constitute sufficient basis to deny 6 the license? Okay. If that question is answered yes, those, 7 8 just assuming the evidence should reveal that yes, those grounds are sufficient to deny the license, just based on 9 10 that alone, I don't understand how you can Issue B(1), because if you decide it's sufficient to deny the license, 11 then how can you -- can you then talk about sufficient 12 remedial steps? 13

I mean, it seems to me that there are several ways you can answer Issue B. One is you can say yes, there have been problems in the past, but no, we do not find them sufficient to deny the license based solely on those points. In which case perhaps you do get to -- well, let's look at the totality question.

But if you answer Issue B yes, that the evidence is sufficient from past factions, that HL&P does not have the necessary managerial competence or character, how in the world can you get to Issue B(1)? If you get to Issue B(1), then you are denying the language of the Commission which says that it is a possibility to deny the license based on

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the past conduct alone.

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In other words, Issue B(1), as we see it, should
read that the answer to Issue B is in the negative, not
whether it's in the affirmative.

MR. REIS: Mr. Chairman, in considering the fact 5 that findings and proposed findings are made and there 6 isn't an immediate decision on any issues before a Board, 7 it certainly pays to have all issues that are relevant in 8 this sense considered and have the record complete. If there 9 is not other reason to consider Issue B prime as we are 10 talking about it now, that alone would be the reason to 11 allow it in. 12

13 If we were talking about a hearing where a bench 14 decision was made, perhaps there would be some merit to the 15 argument made by Intervenor's counsel, but this isn't the 16 case where there's a bench decision.

17 MR. NEWMAN: I think it's always open to Intervenor's counsel to argue that the facts found under 18 19 Issue B are dispositive of the issue with respect to the Applicant's character and competence, but it seems to me 20 those arguments are made after -- joining what Mr. Reis 21 said -- after a complete record is taken that would convey 22 to the Board and for the record, the totality of the 23 Applicant's competence and character, including the 24 remedial steps that had been taken. 25

1 MR. HOFFMAN: Let me point out once again that 2 ' ere is going to be an expedited hearing. It is not a final 3 hearing. A final hearing of what happens since takes place 4 at the final hearing. In other words, since the time that --5 of the items in the items in the Show Cause. It's our 6 position that the Commission ordered us to take -- and the 7 Board -- to take a look at those things in this expedited 8 hearing. If the Board were to determine that in and of 9 themselve, that did not result in the failure to -- or 10 the refusal to give an operating permit, then we go to a 11 final hearing when a operating permit is ready to be determined.

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13 And all the evidence that they want to present 14 as far as what they did after that time is available for 15 them to come forward and present at that time.

16 We are not excluding that evidence if, in fact, 17 the Board were to find contrary to the way we believe they 18 should find at the expedited hearing. And, we are talking 19 about a situation of if we want to economize the time and 20 efforts of the Board, if that evidence is going to come in 21 twice, that would be the outcome of allowing both of those 22 matters to be heard at the expedited hearing and then have 23 a final hearing on the operating permit as well. So I don't 24 see any economy of time.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: The Board, I think, sort of

saw the matter as the expedited hearing referring mustly to 1 a hearing earlier than the normal operating license hearing, 2 would consider all of the QA/QC issues that the would not 3 be heard again. Later hearing would be on things like 4 protection and numerous othe issues which have been 5 invented. Not QA matters and the only thing that would be 6 relevant to QA/QC matters is new events, new information 7 which would impact on whatever decision we came out with. 8 On the earlier question --9

MS. WHEELER: Although that does leave us in the procedure and the posture of having a new QA/QC -- relatively new and relatively untested QA/QC subsequent to the Order to SHow Cause, both which we -- you know, which is basically a relatively new issue to us and which there won't be that much time for testing of it at this point. I mean, it seems premature at this point.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: If it should be approved that 17 evidence of how it would -- or doesn't work -- would 18 certainly be relevant later on as another issue. But we 19 viewed -- when the Commission told us to hold an expedited 20 hearing, we viewed it as a combined hearing of the -- all of 21 the QA/QC matters which had been raised in the operating 22 license proceeding, as well as the additional issues 23 brought in under the Show Cause action. 24

And, if that were so, the other issues would

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really have to be heard. Our answer still could be under 1 the system, as it is now or as it was before it was 2 corrected, it's not to grant an operating license. 3 But the granting of an operating license, if it 4 should be granted would not be created by the decision on 5 the expedited hearing. 6 MS. WHEELER: Although it's possible that it 7 could be denied at that point. 8 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: It could be. I think in 9 any event we would have to take evidence on if we found the 10 faults really serious enough to warrant denial, we would have 11 to take evidence under the Commission's rules, whether the 12 Applicant has done anything about it. 13 The normal course is to issue an operating 14 license to take care of any problems which arise. This 15 Atomic Energy Act, in essence, states that if an Applicant 16 meets the requirements and the Commission's rules and in 17 addition satisfies the Commission and the Board that granting 18 a license is not amenable to the public health and safety. 19 A license under the Atomic Energy Act at least must be 20 granted. 21 MS. WHEELER: Assuming competence and character. 22 23 CHA!RMAN BECHHCEFER: Assuming competence and 24 character. But the competence and character would have to

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show that even though they might --

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1	MS. WHEELER: That the character has changed?
2	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: That would be a factual
3	issue, though. I would think that would have to be an issue
4	to be heard at some point during the operating license
5	proceeding. And I view all of these issues as the
6	Commission telling us to hear them all together, perhaps
7	with the exception of new information. And certainly, if the
8	new program should come in and be approved, the way that
9	gets implemented prior to the completion of the plant, would
10	be certainly open for ajudication. If we should decide that
11	the proposed program or some variation thereof would be
12	satisfactory, you would still have a chance to show that it
13	wasn't, in fact, didn't work out.
14	But I think the Commission wants us to issue a
15	decision on the program to date, which is all the
16	deficiencies and all the
17	MS. BUCHORN: I'm having difficulty hearing, sir.
18	I'm just a little bit hard of hearing.
19	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Is it better now?
20	MS. BUCHORN: I'm having some difficulty in hearing
21	you. You don't have that carrying a voice.
22	MR. REIS: Mr. Chairman, I just want to make one
23	comment on what Ms. Wheeler said about character. I think
24	in looking at how character is judged generally, no matter
25	what type of proceeding generally it is allowed to be

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1 shown as character is changed. Now it may be that character 2 was so bad in the past that the number of traffic accidents 3 in the past means that you should never give another drivers 4 license, but certainly you can show that someone's character 5 has changed and that he is now entitled to a permit or a license when he might not have been entitled to it in the 6 7 past, not looking at his character that he had at a prior 8 time, for instance. Crimes committed before the age of 21 9 or such things.

DR. LUEBKE: Is it fair to say that no matter when we have hearings, the inspection and enforcement people will continue doing their job with respect to these plans, whatever deficiencies are turned up, get handled and so on and so on. Now, life goes on at the plant.

MR. REIS: Yes.

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MS. WHEELER: That's our fear. Life will go on at the plant as it has in the past. That's our fear. That's why we are here as Intervenors.

19DR. LUEBKE: Except for finding an Issue B, I20guess, if we find an Issue B that it should stop, then that21stops it.

MS. WHEELER: That's correct.

23 DR. LUEBKE: Y s

24 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I think the way it is set 25 out here would do that.

MR. NEWMAN: Well, it could do that, taken into
 account the evidence that you would adduce and receive
 into the record with respect to Issue B prime. That would
 be part of your overall determination.

5 One might look at all the evidence under B and 6 B prime and determine that the character and competence were 7 lacking, but it is the collective evidence under both issues 8 that would be weighed. That's the only point we make.

MS. WHEELER: May I state for the record what 9 our Issue B, what they are calling B prime and I was 10 calling B(1), what our statement of that issue where we 11 were unable to come with the typewriter and Xerox machine 12 so I have to dictate it in. If the answer to Issue B is 13 in the negative, has HL&P taken sufficient remedial steps 14 subsequent to the order to show cause to provide assurance 15 that it now has the character and managerial competence to 16 operate STP safely. 17

18 That would be our view of how that issue, if it's in at all, should be worded.

20 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: What if we left out the 21 first line of B(1)?

MS. WHEELER: Well, it is our position that that issue would only be reached if the answer to Issue B is answered in the negative. That's our position.

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CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: The thing is before

issuing a decision we would not answer the issue. We
 wouldn't propose to issue more than one decision so in
 terms of accepting evidence, we would have to hear evidence
 across the board. We would not have any ruling or
 decision only on Issue B.

6 MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Chairman, that would be 7 satisfactory. To eliminate those -- that initial phrase on 8 that first point.

9 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I'm just asking whether 10 that would be -- some clarification of the statement at the 11 end of B is a negative statement already. Are you meaning 12 a double negative?

MS. WHEELER: It's my f eling that if Issue B is answered in the way favorable to Intervenors from what we believe the evidence would show that the answer would be yes. The evidence is sufficient to determine at this point that the operating license is denied. Okay?

If that issue is found against us so that the 18 answer is then in the negative, then we believe that the 19 Issue B prime as we just read it into the record would be 20 appropriate. Now, of course, you may be correct in terms of 21 how evidence has to come in because your decision isn't made, 22 but it would be our contention that Issue B, after hearing 23 of the evidence when the Board's order is issued, if Issue 24 B is answered in the affirmative, then Issue B prime should 25

not be reached because --

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CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: We wouldn't issue any
decision before hearing all the evidence. We don't intend
to issue a decision after every issue comes in.

5 MS. WHEELER: The scenerio as I see it then is -let's say we have X number of days of evidence and then 6 you all go home or wherever it is you make your decision, 7 and when the decision comes down in written form, assuming . 8 that your decision was as to the issues raised in Issue B, 9 you answer that in the affirmative, then you would not 10 issue a finding as to Issue B(1) or B prime because it 11 wouldn't be reached. 12

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I would think the 13 Commission would expect us to reach it in any event. 14 If the answer would be -- to B would be nc, I would think the 15 Commission would insist on us reaching it, but I think even 16 if it was yes, the Commission's rules normally give the 17 Applicant an opportunity to show that whatever deficiencies 18 have arisen in the past, both can be and have been corrected 19 or both will be corrected. 20

MS. WHEELER: I think that goes against the Commission's language that what if an Issue B itself can form an independent, sufficient basis for denying the license. Basically, Issue B is our way of presenting that question here. Will you accept this as an independent

sufficient basis for denying the license. Okay? If you do
 find that under Issue B, then the license would be denied
 as a result of the expedited hearing.

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And then further issues would not be reached,
including Contentions 1 and 2, of Intervenors CCANP.

6 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: The Board, I guess, will 7 rule from the bench on this one because we want the parties 8 to be able to get to preparing their cases. The Board 9 thinks that the Commission would find us really negligent 10 not to take -- compile a record on Issue B(1) where we could 11 come out with a decision on B, either way, and I think the 12 Commission would expect us to do that.

I think it would expect us to take evidence on B-1. I think we will take the first line out, just to -so B(1) will be worded without the top line, and --

MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Chairman, it might be helpful just to read B(1) into the record as we have modified it.

18 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, I am going to. What 19 I was going to say is that I am going to issue a prehearing 20 conference order which will attach to the contentions. For 21 today it might be useful if B(1) were read into the record. 22 I will read B(1) into the record here. I do expect to issue 23 a prehearing conference order.

As amended, B(1), and maybe it won't be referred to as B(1), maybe we should consecutively number issues,

But it will read, "Has HL&P taken sufficient
 remedial steps to provide assurance that it now has the
 managerial competence and character to operate STP safely?"

What about, we've got A and B. What about the
other issues appearing in the November 14 statement of
issues? Assume those three issues will replace A and B.
What do the parties think about D and E? I might ask
Ms. Wheeler. Did you have any thoughts on C, D and E?

9 MS. WHEELER: In light of your recent statement,I 10 would like to ask a question of this Board, would it be 11 possible for you to issue a written order so that CEU could 12 appeal that order on these issues?

13 CHAIKMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, I might say that that 14 type of an order might not be appealable as a right. You 15 would have to convince the Appeal Board or the Commission --16 Appeal Board first, that there is some reason that it ought 17 to be decided early.

MS. BUCHORN: Issue B is just a simplified 18 restatment of the old issue A and it is our position that 19 the old Issue A is diametrically opposed to the order of 20 the Commission, and I'm sorry, I guess I will have to comply 21 wtih your order, but I have to protest strongly, because 22 I think what you are doing is absolutely opposed to what 23 the Commission has mandated for this Board to do. And if 24 given a chance, some way or some manner, I would like to have 25

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an opportunity to file a brief on that in appeal.

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CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: As I said, normally it would not be appealable matter until the end off the whole proceeding, until we issued an initial decision. You would have to convince the Appeal Board there was some particular special reason why they should hear that. Appeal Boards have occasionally done so but rarely consider that.

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8 MS. BUCHORN: I think it should be ajudicated.
 9 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: That we couldn't have any
 10 affect on the Appeal Board.

MS. BUCHORN: Let me simplify this in a way only 11 a woman can do. If you have a woman that is pregnant you 12 can't say later on that she was just a little bit pregnant, 13 she was never pregnant. She was pregnant. There is no two 14 ways about it. You've got someone in the other issue if 15 you reach an affirmative in that issue. It's like what he 16 was saying about the youngster that has committed a crime 17 and the change of character later doesn't keep him from 18 getting a drivers license. 10

We are talking about adults here. If a crime has been committed by an adult, you can't say later that their character has changed sufficiently that they didn't commit that crime to begin with.

24 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I don't think that is what anyone would be saying. 25

MS. BUCHORN: That is what counsel said.

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CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I don't think that is what
that issue said. I don't think counsel said that either.
I don't think Mr. Reis said that.

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The issue is really whether the Company or its contractors are competent to construct and operate the plant and we have decided in the past they weren't, and then we would have to decide what they constructed meets the specifications. If it doesn't can it be corrected.

Obviously, there are some ways of correcting all of these defects. You might have to tear the whole thing down and rebuilt it, but there are ways of correcting the past deficient construction practices. You might have to get a new organization -- there are a lot of methods of doing this.

MS. BUCHORN: Again, I draw your attention to 16 starting on page 17 in the Commission order. "Central to 17 that issue are two questions whether the facts demonstrate 18 that the licensing that abdicates too much responsibility 19 for construction to its contractor, Brown & Root, 20 Incorporated, and whether the facts demonstrate an 21 unacceptable failure on the part of Houston to keep itself 22 knowledgeable about necessary construction activities. 23

24 That sounds very clear to me. That's very 25 simple. That's very clear.

DR. LUEBKE: And your contention is that is not represented in the issues.

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MS. BUCHORN: No. I don't see anywhere here where they mandated this Board to take up what Houston Lighting and Power might in the future at this particular time. I think the proper place for that is in the full hearing later.

8 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: There won't be a full 9 hearing later on these issues. This expedited hearing is 10 the full hearing on these issues.

MS. WHEELER: I this Mr. Newman's letter of 11 October 24th that indicated -- and I don't have that letter 12 before me -- but indicated there are two separate questions. 13 One is whether the -- and I'm paraphrasing -- the managerial 14 and competence is such to deny the application now and then 15 later an affirmative finding that they have the competence 16 and character to run the plant, and Mr. Newman characterized 17 that second question as premature at this state and I would 18 agree with that. 19

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I'm not familiar with that.
MR. NEWMAN: I think that's being referred to as
the letter of October 22nd, 1980 from me to the Board.
There's a footnote in there which merely indicates that
ultimately there will have to be a finding on technical
qualifications under the Commssion's regulations before an

operating license is issued. These issues -- and that these
 immediate issues are the ones that are to be dealt with for
 purposes of the partial initial decision that's been
 mandated by the Commission.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I think in an operating 5 icense proceeding we would not be the one to make a final 6 finding unless there was an issue raised. If there was an 7 issue raised in the QA/QC matter, we obviously would make 8 a finding. But I don't envision two separate hearings on 9 these particular issues, except for perhaps new information 10 that may arise, and that we have to take up as it comes 11 along. 12

MS. WHEELER: Do you want the page number on tha letter? It's footnote one on page two of the letter on October 22nd, although the Agency will ultimately have make affirmative findings concerning HL&P's techinical qualifications, considerations of such finding. ould be premature at this state.

MS. BUCHORN: Right.

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20 MR. NEWMAN: I think what is being read is a 21 footnote on page two.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Yes, I see that. I think one word you should note is the Agency. I don't think that's us. We will make the finding only on the issues which are before us, and techincal qualifications may include some

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other matters as well.

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2 MS. WHEELER: Mustn't this Board find managerial 3 and competence and character -- competence and character in 4 order to issue an operating license?

5 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: That's correct. We do not 6 make the entire findings of technical competence. To the 7 extent that issue has not been raised by parties -- and I 8 think there are certain aspects of that issue which --

9 MS. WHEELER: So that footnote language is in
10 connection with the past problems that have arisen which
11 can be characterized as technical in the sense that they go
12 to the managerial competence.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I think the footnote refers 13 to some findings that the staff itself will have to make 14 prior to granting an operating license. The Board will make 15 findings only on the matters which are before it in the form 16 of issues or contentions. The Staff has to make independent 17 findings on every other matter. It has to take our findings 18 on the issues that are before us, but there are a number of 19 other matters which are not raised by any party and we have 20 a right to raise some things independently and perhaps we will 21 do so, but there are many items that won't get before the 22 Board.

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CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: To reiterate what the 2 amendments which we mentioned we will issue, we will admit Issues A, B and B(1), perhaps they should be numbered just A, B and C, and then the latter issues would be to add one letter to each.

6 MR. HOFFMAN: It would also seem more proper to 7 us that B actually become the first issue, and what is 8 labeled as B(1)become the second, and what is labeled as 9 A become the third issue, rather than -- A is taking matters 10 into consideration since that time and we think that the 11 first problem that this Board must face is whether or not the 12 past conduct creates an affirmative finding that a license 13 should not be issued.

14 MR. REIS: The Staff wouldn't have any problem 15 with that, except that I do think that B might be the first 16 one, B(1) the second one, and C the third one, and then I 17 think more logically A would fit in as -- But I don't think 18 it makes much difference.

19 MR. HOFFMAN: That probably is correct. I think 20 that logically that order would be more proper.

We do still want to --

22 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Okay. Let me write this 23 down.

First, Mr. Newman, do you have any problem with

that?

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7-2 MR. NEWMAN: No I don't have any problem with 1 any order suggested. 2 The only thing I would like to mention, just in 3 the interest of some clarity, is to perhaps have the 4 reporter bind into the record the copy of Issue A, Issue B, 5 and Issue B prime, as they were submitted to the Board and 6 to the parties, just for purpose of having it in some --7 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I have no problem with 8 9 that. Does somebody have a clean copy? MR. NEWMAN: Yes. I do. 10 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Why don't at this point 11 those issues be put in the record. 12 So, B becomes A. B(1) becomes B. Issue C 13 becomes, stays C. 14 Issue A becomes D. Issues D and E become 15 Issues E and F. 16 Now, one other thing that I wanted to have 17 clarified was whether we should attempt, or the parties 18 19 should attempt to incorporate Contentions 1 and 2 into those issues, or whether they stay separate? 20 MR. NEWMAN: Although I think there is an 21 overlap between the issues we have just been discussing 22 and Contentions 1 and 2, I do think that in the interest of 23 clarity we should keep them separate. 24 MS. WHEELER: We would agree with that. 25

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Issue A. In light of HL&P's prior performance in the construction of the South Texas Project (STP) as reflected, in part, in the Notice of Violation and Order to Show Cause dated April 30, 1980, and HL&P's responses thereto (fil.ngs of May 23, 1980 and July 28, 1980), and actions taken pursuant thereto, do the current HL&P and Brown & Root (B&R) construction QA/QC organizations and practices meet the requirements of 10 CFR Part 50, Appendix B, and [thus provide] is there reasonable assurance that they will be implemented so that construction of STP can be completed in conformance with the Construction Permits and other applicable requirements?

Issue B. If viewed without regard to the reme ial steps

Faker BHL+P

Referred to in Issue 8<sup>1</sup> below, would the record of HL&P's compliance with NRC requirements including:

the statements in the FSAR referred to i...
 Section V.A.(10) of the Order to Show Cause;

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- (2) the instances of non-compliance set forth in the Notice of Violaticn and the Order to Show Cause;
- (3) the extent to which HL&P abdicated responsibility for construction of the South Texas project to Blown & Root; and
- (4) the extent to which HL&P failed to keep itself knowledgeable about necessary construction activities at STP,

be sufficient to determine that HL&P does not have the necessary character to be granted a license to operate the STP safely?

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Issue B1. If the answer to Issue B is in the affirmative,

has HL&P taken sufficient remedial steps to provide assurance that it now has the character to operate STP safely?

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1 MR. REIS: We would agree with that. CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: All right. Another 2 question is should there be specific discrepancies of 3 various sorts pulled out of the Show Cause Order and added 4 to Contentions 1 and 2? 5 MS. WHEELER: No. 6 7 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Or is that not neces ary? MR. REIS: The Staff doesn't feel that is 8 9 necessary. 10 MS. WHEELER: It is not necessary, so long as 11 they are pertinent or what is now Issue A, which it seems 12 to me that Issue A encompasses all of those things. MR. REIS: It does talk about it, and I think 13 it is there and why extend, why write the issue out with 14 unnecessary burden. 15 16 MR. NEWMAN: In drafting that, that was our 17 intention, as well. 18 MS. WHEELER: We are being agreeable. What's the matter? 19 20 (Laughter.) 21 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Okay. When we issue our 22 pre-hearing conference order which will summarize what 23 happened today, we will attempt to get a statement of 24 issues attached which implement the various pages and 25 discussions we have been talking about.

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If we make a mistake, there is provision in
 the Rules which says that people can move for reconsideration.
 so we will attempt to attach to our pre-hearing conference
 order the rules as we read them.

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5 One of the things I wanted to mention is that 6 in addressing these issues we would like the parties to 7 focus on what standards should we be using in evaluating 8 whether the Applicant has or hasn't got managerial 9 competence. What do we have to look at to determine either 10 yes or no?

There is some Commission case law that I'm aware of, not a whole lot. Also what we look at to determine whether character is adequate. I don't think there is very much in case law defining that.

Those issues would be encompassed within the issues as set forth, but at some time we will be asking the parties to address that, so they might be thinking about what standards we ought to be looking at.

MR. HOFFMAN: Are you requesting a trial brief of sorts?

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, it could be a trial brief, or it could come in in terms of -- I think it would be beneficial for that to come in prior to the hearing, so that we could -- Certainly, it will have to come in prior to the time we issue a decision.

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It might be helpful, however, to at least have
the parties' views on that before the hearing. Whether we
vould need to set any date, I don't think we do. I think
we will have another pre-hearing conference, and --

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This is one of the things that may be the
subject of discussion during the course of the hearing, but
I think we will want that prior to the hearing.

I don't think it will be necessary prior to the next pre-hearing conference. I do think at the time the parties submit their proposed testimony they may also be asked to submit a trial brief with that in mind, but we will have another pre-hearing conference to determine which witnesses will be testifying, that type of thing, and when testimony --

15 This will be some time in the future which we 16 will get to, but I want to get next into some discovery 17 matters.

Is there anything else concerning the issues in the proceeding to be discussed before we get into discovery? Does anybody have anything further to say? (No response.) Okay. Let's go into discovery.

MS. WHEELER: Can we have just a moment?

24 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Yes.

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MR. HOFFMAN: Mr. Commissioner, with respect to

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Issue E, which deals with the -- well, E as it is shown on 1 this, and will become F, I guess, we are talking about --2 Quality Assurance program for operations of STF meeting the 3 requirements of Appendix B, that -- why is that question 4 being decided at this point, and why not closer to the 5 time that operation actually would begin, because, as we \* understand, the changes that have been in the requirements, 7 that they have been changed over a period of time, what 8 happens if we say, "Yes, it does meet it," and then later 9 the requirements change? 10 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I think Mr. Reis can 11 explain that. 12 MR. REIS: If the requirements change in a 13 material way to show that it doesn't meet it at the time 14 of licensing -- It has been considered in the Licensing 15 Board decision in the Tuskluhana (phonetic) that a change 16 in requirements will allow the reopening of an issue if it 17 is material. 18 In other words, --19 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I thought it was in 20 Zimrick (phonetic). It was the same Chairman. 21 MR. REIS: So that if there is a change in 22 requirements, Quality Assurance, in the Commission's 23 regulations between the time of the decision is made in 24

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this initial expedited decision and the time the final

1 matter is determined as to whether a license should be 2 issued, if the requirements change in a material way so 3 as to impact on the question of whether the program does 4 meet the requirements of the Commission's regulations, that 5 issue can be raised again.

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6 But the requirements for such things as 7 Quality Assurance program haven't been changing that 8 rapidly, and we probably could get rid of the issue.

And i ---

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CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: The decisions that --10 MR. REIS: And it does -- I'm sorry. 11 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: The decision that 12 mentioned, at least, had to do with emergency planning 13 where the Commission's regulations have changed rather 14 drastically, and we have allowed that case -- that was 15 the Zimrick case -- we allowed new contentions based on 16 the new regulations, which permitted or required evacuation 17 clause considerah'y further than was the case under the 18 old regulations. 19

The emergency planning situation might be relevant to this case, as well, where there is an issue, and the new regulations will be the ones that govern. MR. REIS: The other thing is, it may be that looking at the Quality Assurance program, in view of the past conduct of the Applicant, depending upon what is shown,
that in judging the conduct of the Applicant, it might be very material for that as to whether their Quality Assurance program is sufficient to assure safety under the requirements of Part 50. So there might be issues, the Board before talked about issuing a license for such things, and in that way it is all wrapped together with Quality Assurance, Quality Control matters that we are dealing.

MS. WHEELER: Okay.

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9 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I would like to ask the
10 Staff whether if at all it expects to have its QA for
11 occarations and safety evaluation out, or whether you expect
12 to do that prior to the time of this expedited hearing?

MR. REIS: Well, yes, we expect to have those out in mid February, both on the Quality Assurance program, and also we are going to have part of the SER out that we expect to have out then on managerial ability and competency and the management of HPL.

We expect to have those sections of the SER and only those sections of the SER prepared ahead of time for this hearing. The rest of the SER will not be prepared in the course of the next year, as far as I know, will not be finalized in the course of the next, but those specific parts for this hearing will be.

24 MS. WHEELER: If I may raise just a very bric?
25 issue for consideration, I believe you anticipate another

pre-hearing?

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2	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: That's correct, and that
3	pre-hearing is actually required. We have to have one to
4	decide who the witnesses are, and whether there has been
5	agreement reached, or anything, or 2.752 is the
6	section of the regulations which describes that.

7 MS. WHEELER: We would respectfully request 8 consultation with respect to the location of that hearing 9 in this regard. We would certainly never ask anybody to 10 come to Amarillo, but, on the other hand, we are the most 11 economically disadvantaged party here, and Austin would be 12 substantially more convenient, less costly to the Intervenors, 13 and we would request some consultation.

14 I mean there is tremendous disparity here in 15 terms of economic ability.

16 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: What about San Antonio?
 17 MS. WHEELER: Better yet.

18 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I don't know where all of 19 these places are, relatively.

20 MS. WHEELER: Texas is a very small state.
 21 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: No, it's a big state. We
 22 buy airplane tickets.

MR. REIS: Don't admit that in Texas.
 MS. WHEELER: If we could just request some
 consultation on it before it is set, we would appreciate it.

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CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, one of the things
 I wanted to discuss today is possible location for other
 meetings.

I don't know -- Well, I don't know if I want to get into that right now, but before we adjourn today I do want to talk about locations for both the hearing and various conferences.

I would like to get into discovery.

MS. WHEELER: Fine.

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10 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: What I want to find out 11 first is I think we will extend the discovery period until 12 December 8, as requested by the Staff, but -- in fact we 13 will order that we will grant the Staff's motion that they 14 filed yesterday, I guess, or the day before, but we will 15 record that in our pre-hearing conference order. I won't 16 issue a separate order on that.

What other discovery is still needed? I know that Intervenors have asked some questions. I have also noticed in the past, and I think this is CEU, CEU at least claimed at one point that it was refused copies of certain documents that it asked for, and also that it was documents prior to 1977 and documents relating to Contention 2.

I wonder if you have been subsequently satisfied
in that regard, or -- this was sometime back in one of your
submissions. There was no formal motion filed, or anything

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like that.

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MS. BUCHORN: At this time I would not 2 characterize it as being refused. There serme to be some 3 difficulty in finding certain specified documents, and I 4 have attempted to work with Houston Lighting & Power on an 5 informal basis in working back and forth to try to help 6 them to understand what I am asking for. 7 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I see. 8 MS. BUCHORN: And we've tried to work it out 9 that way. There are still certain of those documents that 10 are not available. 11 In talking with my husband, I understand that 12 there has been a letter recently sent to me by one of the 13 Applicant's attorneys making some statements about one of 14 those documents. I think we need to clarify some things, 15 but I also think we can do that a more informal basis and 16 personal basis. 17

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There are still -- There has been some problems in getting some things that we asked for. If I might go on into further discovery, I came in thinking that we were going to be possibly looking at what Mr. Blackhead said in his letter on the 15th. I'm suddenly confronted with six new issues.

24 There is absolutely no way that I can complete 25 discovery in less than 60 days, maybe 90 days, from that

1 date. I just don't see how I can.

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2	Now, other people might be able to, because they
3	have staffs, they have secretaries, they can dictate these
4	things, and people to type, and all these things. I have no
5	staff. And I'm going to have to do a lot of work on this,
6	because all of these things have taken me completely by
7	surpirse. We've got something that lidn't even come in the
;	mail to me until Saturday. It came in the mail Saturday,
9	these new formulated issues, and as far as I am concerned
10	they have no relation to the ones that I was contemplating.
11	However, I'm going to have to formulate
12	discov ery and interrogatories on those issues that I didn't
13	know anything about until Friday Saturday, rather.
14	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: What about, Ms. Wheeler,
15	Mr. Hoffman, what about your discovery? I know that you
16	have asked, or one of your representatives has asked for
17	the names of certain people from the Staff, and let me ask
18	the Staff.
19	Is it likely that those names will be supplied,
20	or don't you know?
21	MR. REIS: I don't know. I don't know.
22	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Because the Commission's
23	Order seem to think that
24	MR. REIS: Yes, it certainly did, and then I
25	read 2.579, and the exceptions in $790(a)(5)$ and $(a)(7)$ , and

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I cannot give a definitive answer, without some further
 guidance.

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CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: As you know, we can provide a protective order, also, for confidential informant, that kind of thing, which the Intervenors would have a right to have access to. They would have to agree not to disseminate the information.

MR. REIS: We might take that course. Frankly, 8 9 I required the additional time in order to have the issue 10 elevated and look at it, and the language the Commission used in its opinion and what our regulations say, and our 11 desires in normal situations to prevent confidentialities 12 so that we do have people coming to us. There are a lot 13 14 of policy issues clashing and conflicting in those determinations, and we are looking at them. 15

16 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: The way I perceive it, 17 the discovery period could well go on until mid January or 18 February, I would say, and that is not my thought from what 19 the parties have been saying.

I would like to get -- And also in terms of issuance of the SER, it doesn't appear that we could go to hearing until probably mid spring now. Is that correct? MR. REIS: Well, our letter, our much maligned letter of October 15th, we do talk there about a possible hearing in late March or early April. I think that probably

1 has slipped at least two or three weeks, especially when you 2 look the Easter holidays come in there, and I don't 3 contemplate to say a one or two-day hearing, and --4 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, the hearing, I 5 contemplate, is guite lengthy. 6 MR. REIS: Yes, and so I see some slippage 7 therethere from even those dates suggested at that time. 8 If we get our SER out, which I contemplate, by 9 mid February, then --10 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Would you suggest we have 11 a pre-hearing conference shortly after the SER comes out, 12 setting schedules, or should we do that earlier, setting 13 hearing schedules? 14 MR. REIS: It might be well to do it then. I 15 would think that would be an appropriate time, toward the 16 end of February, right after the SER comes out, or a week 17 after, soemthing like that, after people have time to 18 quickly look at them. And further pre-hearing to set 19 schedules, although I think we do need some schedules today 20 on some discovery. 21 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Right. Well, if we 22 extended the discovery period arbitrarily until, say, 23 February 1st, is that too long, do you think, or that would 24 encompass the period that you --25 MR. REIS: The Staff, and the Applicant, and the

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Intervenor were trying to work out a schedule just before
 this afternoon's session to deal with that, and we were
 trying to deal with the dates and work things back, whether
 things could go that far back, or even as far back as
 January 16th, 1981, for discovery, last filing of discovery
 request.

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7 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I was thinking of -8 When I said February 1st I was thinking of completion of
9 responses, and everything else, finishing discovery, which
10 would require -- I think that would be about the 16th for
11 discovery requests, the latest.

MR. REIS: The Staff has no problem with that. I don't think the coner people, the parties feel -- We did not reach agreement on that issue. The only thing the Staff feels that whenever their SER comes out there should be time for further discovery on the SER itself, as is usually contemplated.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Right.

MR. REIS: And it feels that the parties should have a right to do that.

21 The Staff has no objections to the dates you
22 suggest. I don't know what the other parties' feelings
23 are.

24 MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Chairman, we over the recess
 25 were working from kind of a proforma schedule, and perhaps

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it would be convenient for everybody to be looking at the 1 same document. That way we could see what the inter-2 relationship of the various steps are. I believe Mr. Reis 3 has a copy, and I believe Ms. Wheeler has a copy, and Mr. 4 Axelrad will be furnishing copies to the Board and one copy 5 to the reporter. 6

Now, those are dates, Mr. Chairman -- I think 7 the important thing is you can kind of disregard the 8 specific dates that are there. I think the thing to be 9 pegged is, the first item is the last date for filing 10 discovery requests, and I believe that the Chair was talking 11 about making that -- we had indicated 12/8. I think the 12 Chair is talking about the last date for filing discovery 13 request being --14

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Somebody mentioned 15 January 16. 16

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MR. NEWMAN: -- January 16, so --CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I'm not sure what day of 18 the week that is, but --19

MR. NEWMAN: For working purposes let's say --20 MS. WHEELER: It's a Friday. 21 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: January 16 is on Friday. 22 MR. NEWMAN: Now, if we are allowed --23 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: And that would have to be 24 with the exception of new discovery on the SER, but --25

MR. NEWMAN: Yes. It would be the last date 1 for filing discovery except for new information based on 2 the SER, and except for the deposition of witnesses who 3 might be identified later, and we will get to that in just 4 5 a moment. If one moves from the 1/16 date for filing 6 discovery, and allows 30 days I guess plus the mailing 7 8 time for responses, then the close-out on that aspect of 9 the discovery would be February 23rd. CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Okay. 10 11 MR. NEWMAN: I think one of the critical things in discovery, at least from the Applicant's standpoint, is 12 13 the identification of the witnesses, and the general substance of their testimony, and we would like to have 14 that about a week or so later after the close of the other 15 discovery so that we could begin taking depositions, looking 16 17 toward the completion of depositions on about March 2nd. 18 I'm sorry. Hang on a second. 19 About April 1. Then one would allow, I think, about two weeks after the last date for the deposition of 20 21 witnesses for the filing of prepared testimony. That would 22 be about April 15th, which is a Friday. April 15th would be the date for the filing of 23 24 written testimony, and the hearing then would start on or 25 about May 4, which is a Monday, and I guess if one looks

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1	back, and if the Staff's SER is out on February, mid
2	February, that should be I think sufficient time within
3	which to study the SER, to engage in the additional
4	discovery based on the SER, and to get to hearing in May.
5	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I guess under that
6	schedule we would hold a pre-hearing conference sometime
7	in March probably, after the parties have identified their
8	witnesses, and the substance of their testimony.
9	MR. NEWMAN: I think that would be a good time
10	to do it, because you would have also had the first round
11	of discovery done.
12	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Right.
13	Okay. Well, we will issue an order setting out
14	a schedule. Of course, anybody by motion can ask for it
15	to be changed, so these things tend to slip or change, so
16	we ought to have a schedule to shoot for, I think.
17	MS. BUCHORN: Mr. Chairman, I'm sorry, but this
18	does not give me since these are, as far as I am concerned,
19	newly formulated issues, say, that I have a couple or three
20	weeks to digest those, get out my interrogatory, and
21	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: You have until January 16
22	in what we are talking about.
23	MS. BUCHORN: Okay, but then their response
24	comes in 30 days after that
25	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Right.

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1	MS. BUCHORN: and that gives me just a matter
2	of a couple of days to send out an interrogatory having to
3	do with those responses, if they are not satisfactory.
4	MR. NEWMAN: I think the fault with that,
5	Mr. Chairman, is that it postulates that you don't send any
6	discovery requests or any interrogatories out until the very
7	last day. If one is able to send them out two or three
8	weeks from now, then there is ample opportunity for a round
9	of interrogatories and for a round, second round of
10	interrogatories or depositions.
11	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Yes, this was set forth
12	as the latest date. You don't have to send all of your
13	questions out at once, either. As you get some of them
14	prepared you can send them in, and people can answer them
15	as they come in.
16	MS. BUCHORN: We are contemplating January 16th
17	as the last day for filing discovery requests?
18	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Right, except for the
19	Safety Evaluation, and request for deposition. Safety
20	Evaluation would be
21	MS. BUCHORN: That's less than two months.
22	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: For the filing of request,
23	yes. Approximately 60 days, which is what that was the
24	one date you mentioned.
25	MS. BUCHORN: Really, it is going to be extremely

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1 difficult, but I'll try.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: It doesn't include the
Safety Evaluation. If you see any information in there
that you want to ask questions about you will have --

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MS. BUCHORN: I understand that. I don't have
any problems with -- subsequent to that.

1 What I am having a problem with is being able 8 to go into these issues which are, to me, issues different 9 from what I thought they would be when I came into this 10 pre-hearing conference today, and it is going to take me some time to formulate my discovery request and my 11 12 interrogatories, and I don't contemplate being able to complete them and get them out with anything less than two 13 and a half to three weeks. And that's not with any 14 intention of waiting until the deadline, and then they have 15 16 30 days after that to make their response, and that still 17 doesn't give me time to look at the response, and formulate 18 any other interrogatories.

Now, we have had some difficulty in the past,
and I am just looking at what has happened in the past and
thinking that, hopefully, it won't happen in the future,
but I don't have any assurance of that.

MS. WHEELER: I believe the cutoff date that would be acceptable to Ms. Buchorn would be February 10th; is that correct, that first date?

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MS. BUCHORN: I think so.

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MS. WEIELER: I don't think that it is out of 2 line, considering the fact that as a pro se individual 3 working with substantially more limited resources than other 4 5 parties, to assume some consideration can be given to those factors. 6 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I might say, any of these 7 dates one can ask for an extension, but the --8 MS. BUCHORN: Now, I'm not going to agree to 9 this, thinking that the Staff will agree to asking for an 10 extension for me, because they haven't agreed with us so 11 far this whole day. 12 CHAIRMAN BLOHHOEFER: Another thing I was 13 thinking about, it might be possible, given the fact 14 Ms. Buchorn is pro se, maybe we should allow her extra 15 time to ask for interrogatories. 16 Would you be planning to take depositions, or 17 not, because that requires some advance notice, also. 18 MS. BUCHORN: That's something that I'm going 19 to have to formulate. 20 MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Chairman, I think the 21 22 consideration that concerns me in social these dates is that they not be slipped as 'o example, move into a 23 June hearing. At least I think that is a matter for the 24 25 Board to look at very carefully, whether a hearing of June

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1	or July is still an expeditious hearing, because as these
2	dates get out longer it becomes more difficult to get this
3	hearing started in early May, and I think your charge is
4	for a reasonably expeditious hearing.
5	MS. WHEELER: I agree with that. I think that
6	certainly we want this hearing to be expedited.
7	I might point out that under the schedule here,
8	as I understand it, April 1 would be the cutoff date for
9	depositions.
10	MR. LUEBKE: That's answers.
11	MS. WHEELER: I might point out that
12	interrogatories, or a poor-person's deposition, okay, that
13	an economically powerful party can take unlimited
14	depositions, and J inticipate that Ms. Buchorn's primary
15	means, and our's, also, of discovery will be through
16	interrogatories rather than through extensive depositions.
17	That means that their principal means of discovery which
18	I anticipate will be depositions, they have an April 1
19	filing date, whereas Ms. Buchorn's and CCANP's primary
20	method of discovery is cut off much earlier.
21	MS. BUCHORN: Absolutely.
22	MS. WHEELER: We are not sure what the detriment
23	is of moving that first date to February 10th. Who did that
24	harm, as long as it is adhered to without, you know, very
25	good cause shown?
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CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: The Board is considering 1 having dual dates, giving the Intervenors longer to ask 2 interrogatories. 3 Answering questions will soon be 30 days from 4 when the requests are filed. 5 MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Chairman, the difficulty I 6 think that you get into is that as you push back these --7 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: We wouldn't push back 8 the other dates. 9 MR. NEWMAN: I think the question is whether 10 those dates that you have are compatible with the date by 11 which witnesses and the substance of their testimony has 12 to be identified so the depositions can commence. That is 13 critical. 14 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, --15 MR. NEWMAN: If the witnesses fund of information 16 is increasing and changing over a period of time it makes 17 very difficult to know that you have disposed the witness to 18 the full extent of his knowledge, and his ultimate 19 presentation before the Board. 20 The objective of the deposition, of course, is 21 to make the testimony stand still at a point in time, and 22 if the witness is still obtaining information on discovery 23 that becomes impossible. 24 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I was more trying to see 25

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1	if we could make that March 2nd date for I think
2	March 2nd was the date for identification of witnesses.
3	MS. WHEELER: No. I have April.
4	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: That's depositions.
5	MS. WHEELER: Okay. I'm sorry.
6	What date do you have? I'm sorry.
7	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, I have March 2nd,
8	and February 10th would make it difficult Well,
9	February 3rd, if discovery request was filed no later than
10	around February 1st you might possibly make it.
11	MS. WHEELER: February 1st is a Sunday. How
12	about the 2nd?
13	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: February 2nd, yes.
14	Then we would want the responses would have
15	to be in in less than 30 days. Would you be willing to
16	answer their questions in less than 30 days, like the 14
17	days which the rules say? You would have 30 days for
18	anything filed before January 16th.
19	MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Chairman, I think it is very
20	difficult to answer that. I don't know what volume of
21	discovery, or what volume of interrogatories are going to
22	be posed, when they are going to be posed.
23	We, obviously, will do our very best to answer
24	these things as quickly as possible, but we can't answer
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25	that question in the abstract. If there are tons of

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interrogatories, then it becomes obviously beyond --

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MS. WHEELER: Of course, we would anticipate that the bulk of the interrogatories would come toward the first part of the period. The additional time is for respones type, follow-up matters, so that they would presumably be less substantial.

MR. NEWMAN: Well, I think one way of
accommodating this whole thing is to urge that the
Intervenors are, as they said, poor-man's depositioning,
interrogatories, can be done as early as possible.

11 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: That they certainly would 12 do.

MS. WHEELER: That's absolutely my intention. CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: What I would foresee is that if -- We would put down that we would hope that you could make January 16th for all of them, but if you could not, you would at least as much as possible before that, and was February 2nd the date that you mention?

MS. WHEELER: That's a Monday.

20 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: So that would be the last 21 date, the last date that you would have to come back to us. 22 MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Chairman, I think the 23 February 2nd date would be workable, on just one proviso, 24 and that is that intervening parties agree to make hand 25 delivery, and we can have our messenger get those, the

document, but we don't want to lose the time through the 1 mails. We can do the job with a Februar ' date if we 2 can arrange for physical delivery, hand delivery. 3 MS. BUCHORN: O'tay. My office is in Bay City. 4 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: How does it work out for 5 Amarillo? 6 MR. NEWMAN: We would send someone to Amarillo. 7 MS. WHEELER: Fine. If you can find somebody 8 who will come to Amarillo, they are welcome to come. We 7 will even take them to lunch. 10 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: We will put February 2nd 11 down as the date for the Intervenors: January 16th for 12 everybody else. 13 MR. NEWMAN: All answers are still due by 14 February 23, right? 15 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: But on March 2nd, we would 16 still have witnesses identified and then subsequent testimony 17 which means you will have to be working on that early, but 18 okay. We will set up a dual schedule here to see how it 19 works out. 20 MS. WHEELER: We appreciate it. 21 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: We would propose we would 22 have a prehearing conference around March 10, but we haven't 23 set a date or place or anything. 24 MR. REIS: Mr. Chairman, the following week would 25

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1	be more convenient for me. I have personal commitments
2	during the first two weeks in March. Well, I should
3	probably assign another attorney, but he would not be as
4	knowledgeable.
5	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, what's the
6	MR. REIS: I will be returning from my I will
7	be back on the 14th or on the 15th. Make it the 15th.
8	That's a Monday.
9	MS. WHEELER: The 15th of March the 16th. The
10	15th is a Sunday.
11	MR. REIS: The 16th is when I will be back.
12	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: All right. We will aim for
13	a conference during that week sometime. We do want to try
14	to expedite the hearing if we can.
15	MS. WHEELER: That's expedition relative to the
16	numbers of attorneys who have entered their appearances?
17	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I guess we won't set any
18	further dates until that March conference.
19	MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Chairman, before we leave
20	discovery, just a moment. We do have a couple of
21	outstanding discovery requests. We have one addressed
22	we have motions to compel of May 8th and ICU on April 15th
23	to CCANP and we are going to make some attempt and that
24	letter of July 7 to Mr. Sinkin. We are going to make some
25	attempt now, particularly in light of the involvement of new

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counsel to work these matters out informally. Should that not be possible --

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CHAIRMAN BECJHOEFER: I think we already officially defered ruling on those until we were told otherwise. You didn't have the information -- we weren't sure what, if anything, you got on depositions. You might have got some answers through depositions and we -- we don't see the depositions.

9 MR. NEWMAN: The thing that came out -- first as 10 a matter of information -- the thing that came out on the 11 depositions were references to documents and people which 12 were agreed at the depositions would be given to us and which 13 has not yet been given to us so it is to some extent material 14 growing out of the deposition that we seek, but we will be 15 in touch with Ms. Wheeler and Ms.Buchorn.

16 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, we officially 17 defered that until we heard otherwise and that's just so 18 we didn't leave anything outstanding.

I would like to ask a couple of -- I had it here --There were some --

21 MS. BUCHORN: May I ask for a clarification?22 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Sure.

MS. BUCHORN: The depositions, as pertain to
CEU, has been with all CEU's contentions and I'm a little
bit unclear as to just what he's going to compel CEU to do

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1	if we are going to be involved in this expedited hearing, I'm
2	just not going to have time to concern myself with those
3	other issues that have been admitted in contention.
4	MR. NEWMAN: We are going to be dealing only to
5	discovery relating to contention
6	MS. BUCHORN: I just wanted a clarification on
7	that,
8	CHAIRMAN BECHHCEFER: It can carry over until
9	after we get done with this. And any further discover then
10	I think will be plenty of time to set that up.
11	MS. BUCHORN: Good. You had me going there for a
12	minute. I thought I was really going to be up against a
13	wall on all those other contentions, as far as they were
14	concerned on their depositions.
15	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: No. That will carry over
16	until later.
17	One of the things I wanted to find out about is
18	we have in our file there were requests that we saw made
19	by the Applicants and by the Intervenors for copies of an
20	FBI report. We wondered what happened on that?
21	MR. REIS: I have not fully checked that out
22	whether the Intervenors, at least, and maybe the Applicants
23	got it under the Freedom of Information ACt. They might have
24	got it from the Justice Department and I have not been able
25	as yet

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1 MS. WHEELER: We just received a letter, 2 apparently on a -- now, that discovery request was not done 3 by me. I understand that possibly there was some very 4 limited stuff that was given in response to the compliance 5 and then there was an appeal taken as to fuller disclosure 6 and we just got a letter since I've been in on the case that indicates that substantial supplemental response is 7 8 forthcoming. 9 MR. REIS: From the Justice Department? MS. WHEELER: From the Justice Department. I 10 11 have not seen that to see how substantial it is. MR. NEWMAN: We received a copy from the 12 Department of Justice pursuant to a Freedom of Information 13 Act request. On February 29th --14 MR. REIS: Can I get myself out of a loop? Can 15 you please supply copies of that to Intervenors since you 16 have it? 17 MR. NEWMAN: I will be happy to. 18 MR. REIS: That will alleviate me having to work 19 through the bureaucratic matter. 20 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: There might be material 21 in that report relevant at least to Contention 2 if not some 22 of the other contentions and to the extent it's available, 23 I think it might could be. 24 MS. WHEELER: I'm very unclear on my response 25

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because I really haven't reviewed any document except for a letter that I got.

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MR. NEWMAN: Somebody informs me that you may have
received a copy of the FBI report, rather CCANP has. If it
should turn out that you don't I would be happy to make a copy
and send it over to you.

7 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Okay. There is a couple of references and documents before us to other documents that 8 9 we don't have and I just wondered how complete the mailing list is. There were some immediate action letters that were 10 referred to in the Applicant's -- one of them was referred 11 to in the Applicant's July 28th response and immediate 12 action letter dated Apr 1 17 and I think that the Applicants 13 document said that the Applicants were going to comply with 14 that. Well, we have no idea what that is. There was another 15 reference to an immediate action letter dated December 31, 16 1979. We haven't seen that either. 17

18 These I think were issued by Region 4 and we 19 don't seem to have gotten any of that material.

20 MR. REIS: We will check into that and make sure 21 the record is complete in those matters -- that Region 4 22 does supply those matters.

23 CHAIPMAN BECHHOEFER: Yes. Well, I know one of 24 them was explicitly incorporated in two places in the 25 Applicant's commitments for -- on the July 28th commitment

1 concerning cad-welding I think, and we couldn't understand 2 the commitments without seeing the immediate action letter 3 and we haven't seenit so that's -- well, those are -- I'm 4 not sure, but I've identified those two at this stage and I 5 would think that the Intervenors, if they don't have a copy 6 of that should be offered copies of both.

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MS. BUCHORN: This Intervenor wouldn't know an
immediate action letter if it hit her in the fact. We have
extreme difficulty in getting anything. We were taken off
of the list of normal responses for a period of time but I
asked to be placed back on that list.

12Everytime you get a new employee, Peggy is taken13off.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well at least one of them was incorporated in what the Applicant's commitments were so I think those ought to be included in the record.

17 Let me ask one other thing. The Board was 18 interested in seeing and I don't know whether it will be 19 brought in later in some form or not, but the transcript 20 of the hearing in Bay City. We had not received and it was 21 going to be brought in later that's fine, but otherwise, we 22 probably should be sent a copy of that.

23 MR. REIS: I'm not sure of the evidentury status 24 and what is evidence in the case at this point, whether it 25 should be. I mean, there's a lot of information statements

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in there and I'm not sure just how we are going to consider it and we really haven't focused on it. It is a public document

DR. LUEBKE: It had to do with the disposition of the Show Cause Order.

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MR. RFIS: In part, but it's just oral representations and the written material that goes back and forth.

9 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: And I suppose there's a 10 difference as to what evidentury significance we get it. It 11 may be entitled to none. I think we ought to at least see it 12 and have access -- have an opportunity to see it before we 13 go to a hearing. It might help us frame some questions 14 and help us put into the record material that we think should 15 be there.

MR. REIS: In the sense that there are public apperances at the hearing that would supplement public appearances in those, legislative-type statements I think is fine.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: We might treat it as we treat a limited appearance statements. As they raise their questions, we may ask them and ask the parties to present evidence on them.

24 MR. HOFFMAN: Would the Board be considering it<sup>3</sup> 25 also for impeachment value? I assume that it would be --

1 could be used in the same fashion as a prior and consistent statement. 2 MR. REIS: I would imagine any statement can if 3 it fits in that category. 4 MR. HOFFMAN: That would be another reason for 5 having it on the record. 6 MR. REIS: I believe the Intervenors have a copy 7 of that but I will supply it to Board. 8 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: The Board does not have 9 copies. Now, in going through -- now this may be premature, 14 but the Intervenors in answering discovery, in particular, 11 have mentioned quite a few individuals and the Board would 12 hope at least some of them are put on as witnesses. I 13 don't know what your plans are going to be. There were, oh, 14 I think 14 people that you mentioned and that one or the 15 other of you mentioned. At least some of them I believe \_\_\_ 16 MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Chairman, are you reading from 17 a document? If so, could you identify it? 18 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: No, it isn't. These are 19 my own notes which I happen to have had typed up. 20 MR. NEWMAN: I see. 21 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I will just read out some of 22 the names. Not all of them would have to be witnesses, but 23 I think it would be appropriate -- Daniel Swaisy is first, 24 James Marshall, Sherry Lacey, T. K. Logan,, M. N. Johnson, 25

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1	Al J. Hammonds, Jack Duke, Bill Lazier, Carles Singleton,
2	George Wilson, W. E. BEnnett, Alfred F. Lung, L-u-n-g,
3	Larry Perry and, well you mentioned Dale Bracken as a
4	potential witness for Contention 2.
5	MS. BUCHORN: That was Contention 3.
6	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: The latter would not be
7	one of the ones we would request. But we think that some of
8	those other individuals perhaps they would be brought on as
9	witneses either by the Intervenors or perhaps even by the
10	Board. I just am throwing that out for consideration.
11	It was Contention 3 that dropped his name. I
12	thought he said 2 when I read it. I can see why it would
13	be more relevant to Contention 3 so, okay. We will drop the
14	last don't include Mr. Bracken. The other people were
15	mentioned in various capacities and the Board would like
16	at least some of them to appear as witnesses
17	MS. WHEELER: So would the Intervenors.
18	MS. BUCHORN: Yes, we certainly would if we could
19	find them. Some of them may be available. A large number
20	of them ar untraceable.
21	CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I will say at the next
22	prehearing conference maybe we can discuss this and
23	MR. REIS: Mr. Chairman, before you brought up
24	the fact and you asked to be reminded of financial not
25	direct financial assistance but the right to transcripts, the

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Intervenors' right --

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CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Right. That's coming up
in this hearing. I am not sure whether the Intervenors are
aware of it or not. The Commission does have a program
providing free copies of transcripts and free servicing of
certain types of documents, not everything. Answers to
discovery are one of them. One of the things that has to
be done is you have got to ask for it.

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9 I will give you the opportunity right now if you10 would ike to.

MS. BUCKHORN: Yes, sir.

MR. HOFFMAN: Also.

13 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: The way this program works, 14 while I would like to explore the very expensive part of 15 it, which the Commission has asked us to be very careful 16 with is the daily transcripts of hearing. And we might ask 17 you all to share one copy of that.

What we will do for all of the transcripts is well, like for this conference, these are distributed and the Staff makes copies of the proceedings and we will send it to you and whether they make one or two Xerox copies doesn't make any difference.

What I am talking about is the daily transcript.
Everybody is going to get copies of the Xeroxed transcript
but they don't come in until a week or two after the session.

You will eventually get the ones in this session, but the
 original has to go up to Washington and has to be Xeroxed
 and sent out.

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4 MS. WHEELER: You do not need a written request 5 from us?

CHAIRMAN BECHMOEFER: I take it you both need it? 6 MS. BUCHORN: I certainly hope it will be a little 7 bit faster than the transcript of the hearing in August 8 because I had to make a request a month or so later and in 9 view of the fact that Mr. Stello promised me I would get one 10 as soon as it was available to him and then I had to ask for 11 one six or eight weeks later, when I finally discovered I 12 was not going to get it that really put us at a disadvantage. 13 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: In other cases I've been 14 in it's taken a week or two. 15

MS. BUCHORN: I will have no problem with that. CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: During the hearing itself -the rules says you will get the copy the same time the Staff gets its copy.

20 MR. REIS: Whose button does she push in case 21 she doesn't get it in two weeks?

MS. BUCHORN: I don't want somebody else to assume that somebody else is going to do it, and that person who has been assumed to be the one to do it doesn't know that they are supposed to do it. I think that's what

1 happened wit, Mr. Stello.

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CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Does the Staff usually handle
this or would you prefer the Board to?

MR. REIS: I would prefer the Board to.

5 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: There is a form we usually 6 make the request on when you establish the conference. They 7 didn't have the forms at that time. I will -- if I 8 remember -- I hope I remember -- I will call Chase Stevens 9 tomorrow or Friday so I guess I will just write myself a note 10 to do Lhat.

MS BUCHORN: I'm getting mail at two different addresses. I really want to make it clear unless you want me to submit a change of address form. The post office has given us a new box number and I'm getting some mail at the new box number and some at the old box number, and I want to make sure chat I get the transcript at the proper box number.

18 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, you can write the 19 Board or the Secretary and we will make sure this change 20 is made.

> Let's take about a 10-minute break. (A short recess was taken.)

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Back on the record. I think
the only thing we really have to talk about that I have left
here is the location of both the prehearing conference and I

wanted to find out something about what parties would be 11 most interested in for the hearing. The Board thinks that 2 the hearings could be held -- the hearings themselves have 3 to start in the area of Bay City. I don't know what 4 facilities are available down there. 5 Ms. Buchorn, do you know if there are any 6 facilities that are large down there for this -- we will 7 want to take limited appearances at the start of the 8 hearing. 9 MS BUCHORN: Oh --10 11 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: And I think the facilities 12 probably aren't too satisfactory, but --13 MC BUCHORN: There's the building that was 14 used for the hearing in August -- or the meeting in August. 15 It is quite large and it is for the use as a public meeting 16 house. 17 DR. LUEBKE: Some municipal place? 18 MS. BUCHORN: Yes. 19 DR. LUEBKE: Who owns it? 20 MS. BUCHORN: Houston Light and Power ought to 21 be able to give you that. 22 MR. REIS: Mr. Chairman, Mr. Sells here --23 MR. SELLS: I can give you that information to 24 the licensing board. 25 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Okay. So for the very least

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346 ĩ we will start the hearings down there at least for the 2 appearances. What I want to ask is whether the parties 3 perfer to have hearings -- most of the hearings in Houston 4 or perhaps San Antonic. We could have a good number of 5 them in both places. 6 I know for Ms. Buchorn probably San Antonio 7 would be inconvenient but I wanted to explore that. 8 MS. WHEELER: She just told me Austin is as convenient for her as Houston for prehearing conference. 9 It is a State capitol. They do have airplanes. 10 MR. REIS: We can get better scheduling into 11 San Antonio. 12 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I know the flight we came 13 in on down here next went on to San Antonio. That one is 14 fairly easy. 15 Do the Applicants have either any objections or 16 preferences? 17 MR. NEWMAN: In terms of the prehearing, I think 18 really whatever suits the convenience of most the people. 19 We will go anywhere. I think your idea of having some 20 initial hearings at Bay City for purposes of taking limited 21 hearing statements is in accordance with Commission practice 22 and probably a very good idea. In terms of the balance of 23 the hearings, I think that if we would favor Houston and/or 24 San Antonio, perhaps as you described it. Preferably Houston. 25

1 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, we will deride some time before the prehearing where it will be. We may, if we 2 hold it in San Antonio or even Austin, we may take some 3 4 limited appearances from up there. We are permitted to do 5 that at prehearing conferences so we will investigate it and see what facilities are available. 6 Are there any other matters that anyone would 7 like to raise and have us discuss? 8 (No response.) 9 CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Absent any, the prehearing 10 conference will be concluded. We thank you all for coming. 11

12 (Thereupon, at 4:35 p.m., the hearing in the 13 above-entitled matter was closed.)

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This is to certify that the attached proceedings before the

Nuclear Regulatory Commission in the matter of: HOUSTON LIGHTING & POWER, ET AL (SOUTH TEXAS) Date of Proceeding: 19 November 1980 Docket Number: 50-498 OL, 50-499 OL Place of Proceeding: Houston, Texas

were held as herein appears, and that this is the original transcript thereof for the file of the Commission.

Mary L. Bagby

Official Reporter (Typed)

Maryon Book

Official Reporter (Signature)