NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

In the Matter of:

HOUSTON LIGHTING & POWER COMPANY)

DOCKET NO. 50-466CP

Allens Creek Nuclear Generating)

Station, Unit 1

DATE: March 17, 1981 PAGES: 9066 thru 9277

AT: Houston, Texas



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	-	NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION						
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попо	13	PURSUANT TO ADJOURNMENT, the above-entitled matter						
EKS I	14	came on for further hearing at 9:00 a.m.						
EPORT	15	APPEARANCES:						
K.W. R	16	Board Members:						
	17	SHELDON J. WOLFE, ESQ., Chairman Administrative Judge						
1 STR	18	Atomic Safety and Licensing Board Panel U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission						
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	2	WITNESSES	DIRECT	CROSS	REDIRECT	RECROSS	
	3	William T. White (Resumed)					
	4	By Mr. Doherty		9077			
2345	5	By Mr. Raskin			9112		
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PROCEEDINGS

9:03 a.m.

JUDGE WOLFE: All right. The hearing is resumed at 9:03 in the morning.

In attendance are Mr. Copeland, Mr. Raskin, Mr. Black, Mr. Doherty and Mr. Scott.

We will proceed to the cross-examination of Mr. Doherty.

Whereupon,

WILLIAM T. WHITE

having been previously duly sworn, resumed the stand as a witness, and was examined and testified further as follows:

THE WITNESS: If I may ' fore we begin, I have a couple of corrections that I would like to make concerning some of the testimony yesterday.

JUDGE WOLFE: Are you referring to specific pages of the transcript, Dr. White?

THE WITNESS: I haven't seen the transcript, sir.

JUDGE WOLFE: All right.

THE WITNESS: Yesterday I gave the -- I was reading the estimates of the population projections for Fort Bend County for 1980; and I gave the following estimates: The Rice/Dames & Moore projections -

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118,000; the Rice Center projections - 112,000; and the

HGAC projections - 100,000.

Rechecking my notes, I found that I was on the

wrong page.

The correct numbers -- and I'll read the whole sequence.

For Fort Bend County in 1980, the 1980 preliminary census was 130,508 people.

The 1980 Rice Center/Dames & Moore projection was 129,216.

The 1980 Rice Center projection was 134,399.

The 1972 HGAC projection was 100,000.

And the 1977 Texas Water Development Board projection was 73,000.

JUDGE WOLFE: All right.

THE WITNESS: Thank you.

MR. SCOTT: Mr. Chairman, can I ask what data he was reading, what that was for.

THE WITNESS: Sir?

MR. SCOTT: You said you were on the wrong page reading and giving the erroneous data yesterday. I just want to know what data that was that you were reading yesterday.

THE WITNESS: If you must know, sir, it was notes I had taken for the Tennessee Valley Authority. It

had nothing to do with this job whatsoever.

MR. SCOTT: Okay.

MR. BLACK: Judge Wolfe, as a preliminary matter, as you know, the Staff has scheduled certain panels of witnesses this week.

One is the panel on the reactor vessel pressure delivery -- or reactor pressure vessel delivery. And the other one is the alternative site panel.

What I would like to do to facilitate our planning of those panels is to poll both TexPirg and Mr. Doherty today to determine a realistic assessment on their part of how much cross-examination they have of not only Dr. White on Mr. Doherty's part, but the other testimony through Mr. Hussey, which is two issues, and through Mr. McCuistian, which is one issue -- to determine if that will go through Thursday.

And the only reason I ask this is because

I'm reluctant to bring a whole panel of witnesses here if
there's a realistic probability that they will not get on
the stand sometime on Thursday.

And even so, I'm kind of reluctant to bring them here if they're only going to be on the stand two hours, or something like that.

So I'd like to get some type of assessment from the Intervenors as to what they think the duration of

their cross-examination will be for the remainder of the Applicant's case.

JUDGE WOLFE: You mean right now?

MR. BLACK: Yes, if I could, so I could --

JUDGE WOLFE: Mr. Doherty, could you give an

estimate?

MR. DOHERTY: I'll just throw a number out, because it's hard.

I'd say two hours each; a total of six hours; that's three folks. Mr. Hussey might take longer because there's an awful lot there. But that's about my average.

I have missed badly on these kinds of guesses, so I'm ... both ways.

JUDGE WOLFE: Mr. Scott?

MR. SCOTT: I'm somewhat like Mr. Doherty in that I hate making these guesses.

I have been in communication with some of the other Intervenors, and I have been told that Mr. Doggett will be in later this morning. And let's just take as a given, myself and Mr. Doherty will be here the rest of the week.

Mr. Baker has stated he will be here tomorrow.

Mrs. Hinderstein has stated that she will be here Thursday.

There's uncertainties about Mr. Bishop. You

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know, these are TexPirg's issues and contentions. And especially the last witness I intend to spend considerable time on.

I guess the best way I can phrase it is if I was in Mr. Black's shoes, even if there was a possibility (but not a very good probability) that they could be on all day Thursday. it would seem to me like a bad use of resources to fly these people in from a long distance for even one full day, and then to turn right around and fly them back out the next day.

But ... I don't know. I'd say it's going to be a close call as to whether or not we're through with these people by Thursday or not.

MR. BLACK: When you say the last witness, you have -- what --

MR. SCOTT: McCuistian, or whatever his name

I consider him the most crucial witness of the whole proceeding.

MR. BLACK: Did Mr. Doggett indicate to you that he had any cross-examination of any of the Applicant's witnesses?

MR. SCOTT: Yes. He is going to be in today, and also probably Thursday. Thursday was more vague.

MR. BLACK: Well, that indicates to me that

D.C. 20024 (202) 554-2345 REPORTERS BUILDING, WASHINGTON, 300 7TH STREET, S.W. it's -- just on my rough calculations, I would determine that at best Staff would be able to present its issues
Thursday afternoon.

And I'm reluctant to call four people all the way from Oak Ridge to present testimony for maybe at best three hours or something like that.

So with the Board's permission, I'd like to be able to put those two panels -- the alternative site panel and the RPV delivery panel -- off until the start of the next session.

JUDGE WOLFE: You're asking that now, or are you just suggesting that that might be the result of all this?

MR. BLACK: Well, in order to get the Oak
Ridge people here, I would have to let them know by this
afternoon.

JUDGE WOLFE: Well, from what I've heard, I doubt very much that you would get to your witnesses more than possibly two or three hours.

So, yes, we'll hold them over then until the May 11th hearing session.

MR. COPELAND: Mr. Black, I wonder if there's any possibility of getting Mr. Moon here on Thursday to put in the pieces of testimony on miscellaneous Board questions.

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20024 (202) 554 2345 D.C. 390 7TH STREET, S.W., REPORTERS BUILDING, WASHINGTON, MR. BLACK: That's another possibility. I'm thinking seriously of having that done.

JUDGE WOLFE: Well, you work on that. And if it's possible, fine. And once again, if it's not possible, why, it's agreeable that this testimony be held over -- continued over until the May 11th hearing.

Further, I think -- well, yesterday with regard to this problem with Mr. Scott's presenting direct testimony as a witness, I gave Applicant -- or I gave Mr. Scott until the 23rd -- is that correct -- to file his submission; and Applicant is to file when again, please?

JUDGE WOLFE: The 30th. I did not mean to preclude any other party that wanted to participate in

MR. RASKIN: The 30th.

March 30th within which to respond to Mr. Scott's submission. And the responding parties may support Mr. Scott

that, so that all other parties may have also until

or not, whatever their beliefs and conclusions are.

All right.

MR. SCOTT: Mr. Chairman --

JUDGE WOLFE: Yes, Mr. Scott.

MR. SCOTT: It may not help anything, but I can report to the Board just as a very preliminary, preliminary matter that TexPirg does exist. There is still a state-wide organization. They do have a full set of officers

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and all that stuff.

JUDGE WOLFE: Well, I would expect that that would be covered both in your affidavit and in your brief to the Board and parties.

All right. We will proceed now with the crossexamination of Mr. White by Mr. Doherty.

CROSS-EXAMINATION (Continued)

BY MR. DOHERTY:

Q Well, I had a general question about the publication -- the study. Does Dames & Moore when it does studies, does it use a peer review process before it releases studies?

- A Do you mean we have an internal review process?
- Q Uh-huh.
- A. -- of people?

Yes, we do. In this case, the review was the project manager and partner on the job, as well as a senior economist, and a senior planner.

Q I see.

Well, did you get any feedback on it from them that resulted in any changes? Do you recall?

- A. To the best of my recollection, Mr. Doherty, the changes were primarily typographical.
 - Q Okay.

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20024 (202) 554-2345 D.C. 300 7TH STREET, S.W., REPORTERS BUILDING, WASHINGTON, Now what is the population center of this project?

- A. The population center of this project, I believe, has been established as Richmond/Rosenberg.
- Q That would be two cities -- two places, wouldn't it? Was it just one, or was it two?
- A. I don't recall, sir. We'd have to check the SAR.

Q Okay.

Now are those two cities within the 20-mile ring ... or whatever you call it, the 20-mile --

MR. RASKIN: Mr. Chairman, I think I'm going to object to any further questions along this line. It's outside the scope of the contention.

The population center distance requirement was addressed in the partial initial decision. The Intervenors attempted to raise this question in a contention which the Board earlier rejected.

So I'm going to object to any further questions along this line.

MR. DOHERTY: Well, in determining what the population center was in the 1975 decision, the Board did rely on projections which the contention questions.

And I wish to -- in light of this -- present to the Board some additional facts which I think would

20024 (202) 554-2345 D.C. WASHINGTON, 300 7TH STREET, S.W., REPORTERS BUILDING, perhaps change the partial initial decision. It is new evidence since the partial initial decision. It was added in this study.

MR. RASKIN: May I respond?

JUDGE WOLFE: Yes.

MR. RASKIN: I think if Mr. Doherty wants to do that, he should file a late-filed contention and then present a witness to do that. But that's not in this contention.

MR. DOHERTY: The contention raises questions about the projections. And, of course, it also raises questions about what was done with those projections. In this case, Section 81 of the PID was in part, if I read the language correctly, a result of those projections.

Therefore, I think it's admissible as part of Bishop 1.

JUDGE WOLFE: Precisely how does this fit within the scope of the Bishop 1 Contention, developmental-wise?

MR. DOHERTY: Well, Bishop 1 stated that the then-existing projections -- there were two of them: the Houston/Galveston Area Council and the Texas Water Development Board -- were faulty in several ways; and as I understand it, raised the Rice Center study as that

20024 (202) 554-2345 300 7TH STREET, S.W., REPORTERS BUILDING, WASHINGTON, D.C. basis.

Now what I'm saying is the projections were used, according to the PID, to establish the population center as Rosenburg.

I think that within the scope of that contention was the fact that the projections were used and not just merely written down, but had some meaning. One of the meanings was applied to the PID.

relying on those projections, where the contention raises the fact -- or raises the possibility that the projections were inadequate.

(Bench conference.)

MR. RASKIN: Mr. Chairman, may I make two additional points?

The first is that the population center distance requirement gets into the subject of integrated dose, as Section 100.11(a)(3) states. And that's simply beyond the scope of this contention.

Second of all, we took Mr. Bishop's deposition to determine what the scope and bases for his contention were; and we never got into the subject of population center distance; and so we didn't address it in our testimony.

I just think we're going way outside the scope

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of this contention.

MR. DOHERTY: Well, may I reply, sir?

JUDGE WOLFE: Did you have another point to

make, Mr. Raskin?

MR. RASKIN: No, sir.

JUDGE WOLFE: All right. Yes.

MR. DOHERTY: Well, whatever Applicant did in terms of asking Mr. Bishop questions I don't think is relevant here at all. They have to look out for that, make sure they cover that sort of thing.

And I don't think it's at all important that -
I mean he has brought up the fact of doses, I guess; and

I don't think that's a factor that I plan any discussion

on, or anything like that.

I just want to work on raising to the Board's attention what appears to me a change since this PID.

(Further Bench conference.)

JUDGE WOLFE: Mr. Black, do you have anything to add to this discussion? The Staff's position.

MR. BLACK: I concur in Applicant's position with respect to the population center.

I think, first of all, that issue is a safety issue. It is set forth in Part 100 of 10 CFR. My understanding of this witness is that he is only here to confirm or explain the population projections that are the

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subject of the Bishop contention, not to describe the population, in terms of the population center criteria set forth in Part 100.

MR. SCOTT: Mr. Chairman --

JUDGE WOLFE: Yes.

MR. SCOTT: I would like to inquire: Is there a safety contention that has raised this particular issue?

MR. BLACK: No.

MR. SCOTT: Well, then how are we going to

hear it at the safety hearings then?

MR. RASKIN: He didn't say we would.

MR. SCOTT: Well --

MR. BLACK: If it's not placed in issue.

(Further Bench conference.)

554-2345 20024 (202) D.C. WASHINGTON. 300 Thi STREET, S.W., REPORTERS BUILDING. JUDGE WOLFE: The Board overrules the objection.

We think we would like to hear the witness' response as to whether he knows whether, in light of his population projection analysis, whether the population center should be changed from the Richmond/Rosenburg area.

THE WITNESS: I can't give you an exact answer on that, sir. I do not have the projections for the community of Katy with me.

I would like to point out that on Figure 5 -excuse me, I've got the wrong one -- Figure 10 for the
east/northeast direction, distance of 10 to 20 miles,
the maximum projections that occur for the sector in which
Katy is located are 35,000 people and 28,200.

One is for the 1972 HGAC, and the latter is for the Rice/Dames & Moore That's the best I can do at this point.

I'd have to go back into our files to get the exact projection for the town of Katy.

JUDGE CHEATUM: We weren't asking you about -Well. The PID indicated the Katy/Rosenburg area was the
accepted population center.

Now I think the Board is interested in knowing whether or not the population projections might, in your

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300 7TH STREET, S.W., REPORTERS BUILDING, WASHINGTON, D.C. 20024 (202) 554-2345

knowledge -- might alter that decision with respect to -not the Katy area, unless the Katy area is a candidate for
a new population center projection on the basis of your
projections.

THE WITNESS: As I understand, sir, the trigger for defining something as a population center is whether it has a population of 25,000 persons or more.

Is that correct?

To the best of my recollection.

Over the life of the plant. Rosenburg, I believe, is approximately 21 miles from the site; and Katy is approximately 19.

And what I'm saying is that at this point, I simply do not know whether the town of Katy will exceed 25,000 or not.

MR. SCOTT: Mr. Chairman --

JUDGE WOLFE: Yes.

MR. SCOTT: Is there someone here -- I don't have the information with me, but it's my understanding that it wasn't necessarily the population of an incorporated area, but it was the urban area surrounding the town, including the town. It didn't necessarily have to be within the city limits. That would seem to be important, whether or not it would all have to be within the city limits.

20024 (202) 554 2345 D.C. WASHINGTON. 300 TIH STREET, S.W., REPORTERS BUILDING, Also there's a consideration of -- In Texas we have the ability to expand our borders almost at will, unless there's another city competing for the same people.

MR. RASKIN: May I ask for clarification?

Dr. Cheatum, are you interested in whether Wallis or Sealy should be the population center? Is that ... I mean --

JUDGE CHEATUM: We're just interested in knowing whether this witness, as a result of his reexamination of the population distribution in this 50-mile
radius, has presented information or discovered information
which would cause the Applicant and the Staff to change
their population center distribution for the Allens Creek
project.

MR. RASKIN: All right.

In response to that I would like to say that I don't believe the witness addressed it, because we didn't think it was within the scope of the contention.

However, I think if you look at Figure 10, you'll see that the HGAC numbers upon which the partial initial decision was based are higher than his most recent projections.

And, therefore, if anything, I think the population center distance determination made at that time would be even more fully supported by the later evidence.

554 2345 20024 (202) D.C. 300 7TH STREET, S.W., REPORTERS BUILDING, WASHINGTON, (Bench conference.)

approach this same question in a slightly different way?

Again looking at Figure 10, the east/southeast sector and the zone of that sector falling between the 20- and 30-mile radius circles shows figures for Richmond and Rosenburg that are on the average roughly twice as large as the Katy area, and more than twice as large as most other population figures given within the 20-mile radius.

Now, since the Richmond/Rosenburg figures do stand out here as they do, and since they are distinctively greater than the population density figures in the zone that includes Katy, what would you, from your knowledge and investigations here, conclude with respect to the behavior of these figures in the future — the future meaning through the ye r 2020 with respect to a comparison between Richmond/Rosenburg and the Katy area?

THE WITNESS: I'm not totally sure I understand your question, sir.

JUDGE LINENBERGER: Well, all right. Let me make it very explicit.

The Richmond/Rosenburg zone shows considerably higher population density than the Katy zone -- the zone that includes Katy.

THE WITNESS: Yes.

JUDGE LINENBERGER: Would you expect that pattern or ratio to continue through the year 2020?

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

JUDGE LINENBERGER: Okay, that answers my question. Thank you, sir.

MR. SCOTT: Mr. Chairman --

JUDGE WOLFE: Yes.

MR. SCOTT: I really fail to understand that answer. I mean ... the data to answer that I believe is right there ... if you look at the year 2020 at those same sectors ... and unless I'm blind, it shows that the populations in the Katy sectors would be much bigger than in the Richmond/Rosenburg sectors.

I mean, you just look. I don't understand the answer in that light.

MR. RASKIN: I think maybe you are having eye trouble then, Mr. Scott, because it shows exactly the opposite.

MR. DOHERTY: Mr. Scott may be referring to the 20- to 30-mile sector for the east/northeast pie wedge, which shows a population prediction for the -- taken from the HGAC study, which exceeds considerably that of the similar segment in the east/southeast pie wedge, as does the Rice/Dames & Moore study.

I drew attention a moment ago to the 10- to

20024 (202) 554-2345 D.C. REPORTERS BUILDING, WASHINGTON, 100 7TH STREET, S.W. 20-mile segment in the east/northeast. And this would be the segment immediately further -- moving further from the plant to the right of the Katy -- I guess we have carelessly called it the Katy segment.

There's a remarkable -- I think remarkable -- difference in those first two estimates: the HGAC and the Texas Water Development Board, of 105,000 (if I may read) versus 4900.

(Bench conference.)

JUDGE WOLFE: All right. You may proceed, Mr.

Doherty.

BY MR. DOHERTY:

Q With regard to some of the conversation -- or testimony yesterday with regard to reasonableness as a criterion, I was wondering where -- drawing your attention to the east/northeast pie shape on Figure 10, if you thought there was anything unreasonable about the two projections in the 20- to 30-mile portion or annulus there in the east/northeast wedge, where one is 20 times the other.

Does that strike you as very --

A As I mention on page nine of my testimony, I concur that that number is out ... very low. It's not in line with the other projections.

And I explain in the testimony why that

occurred.

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Q All right.

But you do agree that Katy is within 20 miles of the site?

- A. Yes, sir.
- Q So is it a fact then that two of the three projections in the 10- to 20-mile segment of the east/ northeast -- or 10- to 20-mile annulus of the east/northeas exceed 25,000 for the year 2020?
 - A. That's what the numbers are, sir.
 - Q Okay.

Now moving on to page five of your testimony, up at the top at line three you spoke of advanced computer models in discussing the Rice Center computer model.

And I was wondering what features particularly make it advanced?

- A. It's the econometric linkage, sir, between the input/output model for the Houston/Galveston area with the national economic behavior.
- Q Now you said "national," and that would refer to the United States?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Was there any econometric effort made in this model to bring in Mexico?
 - A I simply don't know. You'd have to check with

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Rice Center, sir.

Q They didn't mention that because of the proximity of Texas to Mexico and the in-migration of Mexicans into the United States, that they had made an inclusion -- made an effort to do that, did they?

- A Again, sir, I simply don't know.
- Q You don't recall anything like that?
- A No.
- Now you also stated on that same page: "As a consequence it is the projection methodology which gives confidence to the projections."

Now when you say confidence, is that a personal confidence, sort of a gut feeling?

A. No, sir. I would say it is a combination of professional and personal confidence.

- Q It's not a statistical confidence level?
- A As I explained yesterday, sir, we've not yet been able to put statistical confidence intervals around any projection.
 - Q Okay.

Now did the model attempt in any way to deal with the passage of -- I guess it's called Interstate 10, the large highway that goes across the north of the map there, actually goes ...

A Uh-huh.

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- Q It did. Is that correct?
- A. Well, I just said yes, I understood which road you were talking about.
 - Q I see.

Did it attempt to take into account the impact that that highway might have on population --

- A Yes, sir.
- Q -- near the --
- A. In the model that allocates population to smaller geographic areas within the study region, transportation was one of the attractiveness factors used in the model.
 - Q I see.

Now in arriving at that and developing this factor in the model, do you know if they used experience from a similar situation?

- A. No, sir, I don't know for certain. I'd be surprised if they hadn't.
- Q You'd be surprised if they had not? Is that what you've just said?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. -- I didn't hear you.
- Okay. That would be a very typical way of approaching this kind of attractiveness factor.
 - JUDGE CHEATUM: You just nodded your head --

THE WITNESS: Yes.

JUDGE CHEATUM: The record will show you said

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THE WITNESS: Yes.

BY MR. DOHERTY:

Q. In computing -- There are at least two cases where -- I believe the criterion says that a particular segment of an annulus should not exceed 50 percent of the total.

Now would that mean you'd be actually, in computing that out, counting the people and then taking the area of what is essentially a doughnut? You actually have to work out the area -- the land area in order to get the number of people per square mile ... of a doughnut-shaped object?

A I'm sorry, sir; I really don't understand your question.

Q All right.

It's a question of language in understanding how you do this.

A. Yes.

Q. There are several times a requirement is expressed that you need the number of people per square mile.

A This is in the 0625?

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Q No, I don't believe it's in 0625.

But, anyway, at any time do you need the area of a ring, an annulus ring in any of these calculations?

MR. RASKIN: Mr. Chairman, that question is impermissibly vague.

I would suggest if Mr. Doherty would point to a specific part of the attachment and ask him how he calculated a specific number that he came up with, it would be very clear on the record and the witness could answer the question.

I object to the way it's phrased.

MR. DOHERTY: I'll rephrase.

BY MR. DOHERTY:

Q. On page seven of your testimony -- let's see if we can get an example -- it states, starting on line 18, " ... none of the projections for the 0-30 mile annulus".

Now would that even be an annulus?

- A Only in the sense, sir, that we have taken the area included within the exclusion area out.
- Q So you don't include that in doing the division of land area into number of people? Is that correct?
- A No, I did not. It's about 3 1/2 square miles approximately. Actually it increases the population

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density numbers here slightly.

Q. Okay. I follow you there. That's good. Thank you.

Now we discussed air photography as a way of getting to some information. Do you know what multiplier — what the multiplier is currently in ... as a number of residents to population?

A. No, sir, I don't recall. This was done on a county-by-county basis. And I just don't recall what it was.

Q Is there wide variation between the counties?

Do you recal! that?

A. No, sir, I don't believe there was wide variation. I would say it's safe to assume that the person per dwelling is somewhere between 2.5 and 3.5 persons per dwelling.

But we use the number reported for that specific county.

Q That was reported by the Census Bureau? Is that correct?

A. Yes.

Q Okay.

JUDGE LINENBERGER: On this point, Dr. White,

I believe you said it was the 1970 census figures that were
used to give the number of people per household. Is that

correct?

THE WITNESS: Yes.

JUDGE LINENBERGER: Thank you.

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BY MR. DOHERTY:

Q Well, on the bottom of page 9, you state at line 20, "The more recent Rice Center/Dames & Moore projections more accurately reflect the allocation of population to various sectors and demonstrate . . . in our compliance with the NRC's siting criteria."

Now, is that simply -- Well, I shouldn't say simply.

Is that a professional opinion based on your confidence in the models?

A. In this whole paragraph, sir, we're discussing not so much the projections now as we are the manner in which they are allocated to the population wheels. Okay?

And, in line 20, what I am stating is that I feel that the methodology used for allocating projections made on a county and civil division level, are more accurate than the case for the Texas Water Board, the Water Development Board.

Q Yes.

Well, is your basis simply these what you consider superior, more advanced computer techniques?

A. No. The computer was not used to allocate population to the population wheels.

Q All right.

You do state above that the method used may

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have distorted the estimates of populations.

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A No, sir.

However, that doesn't mean that they don't

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Q. Yes.

Do you know of any projections that were done by the Texas Water Development Board before 1977?

- A. I personally do not, sir.
- Q. Um-Hmm. Okay.

Do you -- Was the Houston-Galveston area counsel figures done for the power company?

Did they do them?

A No, sir.

They were done for their own purposes.

These are the 1972 HGAC projections, similar to what you're referring to. Yes.

Q Yes.

Now, to your knowledge was the Water

Development Board statistics done independent of HGAC statistics.

By that, I mean, did they borrow any statistics from that and put it in their models?

A. To my knowledge, they were independent projections, sir.

Q I see.

Now, what was the assumed number of people

2-4 in each residence in the plant site? 1 Cf Pardon, sir? A. What was the assumed number of people in each 3 residence within ten miles of the site? 4 I think I have already answered that, sir. 5 300 TTH STREET, S.W., REPORTERS BUILDING, WASHINGTON, D.C. 20024 (202) 554-2345 Was it 3.5? I think I've already answered that, sir. 7 It depended on the county in which the a --Okay. You're right, I'm sorry. My fault. 0. Now, I don't think we got around to this. 10 I think it was mentioned, how were transients 11 dealt with within the zero to ten mile site? 12 MR. RASKIN: Objection. The question of 13 transients was discussed yesterday and the Board cut off 14 15 any further questions. 16 (Bench Conference) 17 JUDGE WOLFE: Sustained. 18 BY MR. DOHERTY: 19 Are you aware that the NRC in its review of 20

population figures requires treatment of transients?

Yes.

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Now, on page 5 of your attachment, you discuss the 20 to 30 mile annulus.

Yes, sir.

And you state in the last paragraph -- Pardon

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me, the last sentence on page 6 of that discussion, 2020 the Rice Center/Dames & Moore projected population density is 243 persons per square mile.

Now, this is what I was getting at a little bit earlier, is that a population of something shaped roughly like that with 20 miles between -- 20 miles across here and here. Is that what that is?

What that says is 243 persons per square mile?

JUDGE WOLFE: That does not appear on the record, that diagram and circled finger, Mr. Doherty.

(Laughter)

Describe what you're trying to ask. BY MR. DOHERTY:

Q All right.

I'm holding my hand up in an attempt to form a small ring, and I'm imagining that distance between across this circle made between my thumb and forefingers 20 miles in order to describe an annulus to you.

If you can, -- If that makes sense to you at this point, I'd like to go on and ask if that last sentence on the top paragraph of page 6 of your attachments, asks or does it say that there are 243 people per square mile for that ring. Okay?

A. The way the 243 persons per square mile was arrived at, as most of the population density shown on

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Table 2 were arrived at.

For the 20 to 30 mile annulus, I summed the total number of people between 70 and 30 miles from the plant. I then divided it by the area of the annulus. In other words, it was calculated by taking 30 miles, squaring it, minus 20 miles squared multiplied by pi. Okay. So, it's a doughnut shaped.

Q. Um-Hmm.

All right.

Now, what you just described, could that be described as the cumulative population density?

- A. No, sir.
- Q Well, how do you distinguish that?
- A. Cumulative population density would be the total number of people within, say, 30 miles of the site divided by the total area out to 30 miles of the site.
 - Q Okay.

Now, on page 9 of your attachment -- I'm sorry.

- A Right, sir.
- Q. There's a statement under a section marked Rate of Growth of the Annulus, which I believe is taken from NUREG 0625, or is similar to it, where you state, "This criteria is interpreted to mean. . ."

Now, you've discussed your interpretation

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. Do you know that this interpretation has ever been used in any other licensing proceeding? I'm not sure that the 0625 criteria have been A used in any other licensing. Certainly not that I've been involved in. Okay. 0. Well, recalling that you have been in some licensings previously, though I think the question got lost there, you stated "interpreted". What I'm trying to find out is do you know of anyone else that has ever joined you in this --MR. RASKIN: This was asked-and-answered. MR. DOHERTY: -- applying the same interpretation? I'm having trouble figuring out if he just answered that a minute ago? Is that what you mean, counsel? MR. RASKIN: No. He answered it yesterday, Mr. Doherty. MR. DOHERTY: That, I don't recall. (Bench Conference) JUDGE WCLFE: Sustained. BY MR. DOHERTY:

Q. All right.

Going on down to the next paragraph on that

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same page, you state, "Maximum 22 1/2 degree sector population, no more than one-half of the allowed number of persons in the zone should be permitted within any 22 1/2 degree sector."

Now, was it your understanding that you should move the grid so as to get as many people as possible into one 22 1/2 degree segment?

MR. RASKIN: Asked-and-answered, Mr.

Chairman.

We went into the whole discussion of moving the grid around a little bit yesterday, and he added the two largest grids.

MR. DOHERTY: I don't think that replies to it at all, counsel.

I'm asking him specifically if it was his understanding when he first looked at this if he was supposed to do something; and I don't recall any question like that --

JUDGE WOLFE: I think this is a slightly different question, than the witness.

Overruled. You may answer.

THE WITNESS: When I interpreted this from the 0625, I assumed that we were using the standard population wheel grid orientation.

MR. DOHERTY: Um-Hmm.

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BY MR. DOHERTY:

Well, in your judgment as a user of that grid, wouldn't that mean possibly you might omit a 22 1/2 degree segment that would include many more people?

- There is that possibility. But, it s split.
- a Yes.

Okay.

In that diagram, are you confident that a trailer home would be apparent enough to count? JUDGE LINENBERGER: Excuse me just a moment,

MR. DOHERTY: A problem. Yes, sir.

but that diagram is going to be a problem to understand --

JUDGE LINENBERGER: -- on the record.

BY MR. DOHERTY:

On the aerial photo which Applicant has placed behind you, and discussed yesterday in the record,

JUDGE WOLFE: Applicant's Exhibit 15, marked for identification.

MR. DOHERTY: Is that what it was. Okay. All right, Applicant's Exhibit 16, then, are you confident that a trailer home would be visable and countable?

THE WITNESS: If the trailer home is in the open, not obscured by trees. The answer is yes.

If it is in an area with trees, there is a

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good possibility it would be obscured.

BY MR. DOHERTY: You raise trees, now, for the first time. I don't think we've discussed that at all. Are you confident that a residence would JUDGE LINENBERGER: Is foliage a cover up factor included in the interpretations from that THE WITNESS: Well, these photographs were And, most of the foliage should have been down. JUDGE LINENBERGER: Incidentally, what year? THE WITNESS: This year, -- 1980. Excuse me. JUDGE LINENBERGER: Well, that --THE WITNESS: But, no. Explicitly, a foliage factor was not JUDGE LINENBERGER: Thank you.

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BY MR. DOHERTY:

Q. In the econometric model I have some difficulty understanding how you can take a national view of the economy, focus it meaningfully to a particular section of the nation.

Would you describe what factors are used in making a -- in merely -- Let's see. How can you be sure that you're not ... that you're getting in enough local factors of purchasing, induce purchases and the kinds of things you mentioned?

A. The incorporation of local factors into a model such as this depends upon the skills and qualifications of the people who design the model and their familiarity with the local area and its functioning -- economic functioning.

Again, that's the reason we contracted with Rice Center.

Q How long has Rice Center been in existence?

Do you know?

A. No, sir, I don't know.

Q What is the reason you contacted the Rice Center?

MR. RASKIN: Objection, Mr. Chairman.

MR. DOHERTY: He said a minute ago --

JUDGE WOLFE: Wait just a moment.

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The grounds?

MR. RASKIN: I think it's irrelevant to the contention, and I also think it has been asked and answered over objection by counsel yesterday.

MR. DOHERTY: He said, "That was the reason we contacted the Rice Center," and gave some -- well, really gave no reasons, although I assume he just ... he meant that Rice is a place that does this and is a university and that it --

MR. RASKIN: No --

JUDGE WOLFE: I'll overrule the objection.

THE WITNESS: We contracted with Rice because we checked the model out, and it seemed a good model, and they seemed to be quite familiar with the area, particularly having done studies for the Houston/Galveston Area Council.

BY MR. DOHERTY:

- Q They had done studies for the Houston/Galveston Area Council?
 - A Yes, sir.
- Q Did they do the 1972 study that you referred to as HGAC?
 - A No, sir.
- Q In your opinion are all four of these projections sufficiently grounded in the kind of rigor that

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you have described as required for doing good projections?

- A My opinion is that three of them are. The Texas Water Development Board does not have as strong a grounding as the other three.
- And that was the one that gave the very low figure for the 20- to 30-mile segment of the east/northeast next to Katy. Is that right?
 - A. Yes, sir.
 - Q Okay.

JUDGE LINENBERGER: Mr. Doherty, there was one facet of the answer to one of your previous questions that I missed. I'd like to ask the witness here with respect to Mr. Doherty's question about now you came to make use of the Rice Center study, you described the desirable attributes of their methodology.

But I'm curious one step ahead of that: How did Dames & Moore come to know that such an endeavor existed in the first place?

THE WITNESS: It was through the Bishop contention, sir.

JUDGE LINENBERGER: Thank you.

BY MR. DOHERTY:

that Mr. Black asked you yesterday about migrational workers. Did you assume those were agricultural workers

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he was talking about?

MR. RASKIN: Objection, Mr. Chairman. The subject of migrational workers has been asked and answered.

The Board has cut off any further questioning.

MR. DOHERTY: I think the objection is spurious. It was never set forth if these are agricultural workers or not. It's a fair question to ask. It's an agricultural area. It may not be the most intimidating question imaginable. But I just think it's, you know, one that makes sense.

I'm not clear what he had in mind. There's other kinds of migrational workers.

(Bench conference.)

JUDGE WOLFE: Objection sustained.

BY MR. DOHERTY:

Q Are you aware of the Commission requirements with regards to how close the population center can be to the site?

MR. RASKIN: Objection. It's beyond the scope of the contention.

(Bench conference.)

JUDGE WOLFE: Sustained. The question is outside the scope of the contention.

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BY MR. DOHERTY:

Q Did the model take into account -- the Dames & Mcore model the influence on population of having a large number of construction workers in the -- at the site working and the effect that would have because they would be doing some business in the area?

MR. RASKIN: Objection. This question was asked and answered. The Board cut off questions along this line yesterday.

And I might add that there is no Dames & Moore model.

MR. DOBERTY: Well, I think we all know what the Dames & Moore model refers to.

I'll say it again: Rice Center/Dames & Moore, to make the record more correct.

The question goes to population. My auditing of things yesterday was that that was discussed as demography -- the impact of the people. I'm not talking about the impact of the people. I'm asking about an increase in population.

MR. RASKIN: I don't believe Mr. Doherty's distinction is correct.

JUDGE WOLFE: I'll sustain Applicant's counsel' first objection. It was covered yesterday.

MR. DOHERTY: I would like a minute more just

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20024 (202) 554-2345 WASHINGTON, D.C. BUILDING, REPORTERS 300 TTH STREET, S.W. to check through this to make sure there are no more questions, since I will be the last questioner--

JUDGE WOLFE: Fine.

(Pause.)

MR. DOHERTY: Thank you for your patience this morning, Dr. White. It was a pleasure questioning you.

Thank you. I have concluded.

JUDGE WOLFE: All right. Mr. Raskin, redirect.

And at this point, in light of objections to Applicant's Exhibit 16 marked for identification, if you do plan to re-tender that, you might ask your witness questions to meet those objections with respect to that exhibit.

MR. RASKIN: I'm not going to tender it, Mr. Chairman.

JUDGE WOLFE: All right.

MR. RASKIN: I do have some questions on redirect, however.

JUDGE WOLFE: All right.

Do you have a copy of the -- reduced copy of the exhibit that will follow the record, or do you wish that to be done?

MR. RASKIN: We can do that, if the Board desires we do that.

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JUDGE WOLFE: We have no desire about it at all. In light of the reduction of the large map, I doubt whether it would serve any useful purpose for the Board's review.

MR. RASKIN: Then I don't think there's any reason to do it in that case.

JUDGE WOLFE: All right. Go ahead.

REDIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. RASKIN:

Q Dr. White, do you recall that yesterday and again this morning you were asked whether you did an independent calculation of transient population around the Allens Creek site?

A. Yes.

- Q. Do you know whether the question of transient population was addressed in the Applicant's Environmental Report and Environmental Report Supplement?
- A. Yes, it was addressed in the Environmental Report in Section 2.2.1.4.

MR. SCOTT: Mr. Chairman, I must object. If transient population is not part of this contention, then why are we discussing it now? This has been repeatedly -- As I understand it, people have not been allowed to discuss this.

Now I don't see how all of a sudden on

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20024 (202) 554-2345 BUILDING, 100 TTH STREET, S.W., REPORTERS redirect, it can become an issue.

MR. RASKIN: We never objected on the grounds that it was beyond the scope of the contention. We objected because the witness had answered that his independen review, using the Rice/Dames & Moore study had not looked at that particular question.

And that was the only reason we objected.

Lat answer was out on the record; and, therefore, we thought it was asked and answered and should not be pursued again.

MR. SCOTT: Well, then why are we pursuing it if it has been asked and answered?

MR. RASKIN: Because we now have different evidence that we want to place into the record -- well, actually it's already in the record. We want to clarify that it's in the record.

MR. SCOTT: I still object. We have had repeatedly -- Intervenors have been prohibited from getting into this issue.

And the answer, I think, is quite clear that it is beyond the scope of the contention; and there's something very smelly about all of a sudden trying to toss it in.

on the evidence. It's for the Board to do that.

BUILDING, WASHINGTON, D.C. 20024 (202) 554-2345 MOO 7TH STREET, S.W., REPORTERS MR. SCOTT: Excuse me.

(Bench conference.)

JUDGE WOLFE: We must agree with Applicant's counsel. It is our recollection that the Intervenors were only met with an objection, and that objection was sustained on the ground that questions put by the Intervenors had been asked and answered.

This being so and it being the statement by Applicant's counsel that he was merely asking the question for purposes of clarification, we'll allow that.

The objection is overruled.

MR. RASKIN: I'm going to repeat the question for the record.

BY MR. RASKIN:

Q Do you know whether the question of transient population was addressed in the Applicant's Environmental Report and Environmental Report Supplement, both of which have been placed into evidence in this proceeding?

A. Yes.

MR. SCOTT: Mr. Chairman, I must object again.

If it has already been placed into evidence, there's no

point in discussing it any more. It has already been

asked and answered and it's already in evidence.

MR. RASKIN: It's a foundation question to clarify the record, and for the next few questions --

MR. SCOTT: We don't need clarification on something that has been asked and answered. The Intervenors have repeatedly been -- tried to get into an issue and ask preliminary clarification questions and been prohibited by saying, "It has been asked and asswered. Get on with your question."

JUDGE WOLFE: I'll sustain that.

You may state into the record, to bring the witness into focus, on what you're trying to develop for clarification purposes and then ask your question.

MR. RASKIN: Okay.

May I have a clarification from the Board then? Do you want me to read the sections of the Environmental Report and Environmental Report Supplement that address this issue?

JUDGE WOLFE: No, just paraphrase, just so you can put the record today in context.

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BY MR. RASKIN:

- A Have you reviewed the sections of the Environmental Report which address the question of transient population?
 - A Yes.
- Q Are those sections ER Section 2.2.1.4 and ER Supplement Section 2.2.2.1.4?
- A I'm sorry. On the Supplement you have too many two's.
- Q I've got more than that. It's ER Supplement Section 2.2.1.4?
 - A Yes.
 - Q Okay.

Based on your work in developing population projections, did you discover any information which would lead you to believe that those sections are in error?

- A. No.
- Q Does the information contained in those sections change your conclusions with respect to the ability of the Allens Creek site to meet NRC population criteria?
 - A No.

MR. RASKIN: Thank you. I have no more questions -- No, I'm sorry, I do have further questions.

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BY MR. RASKIN:

Q Mr. White, will you turn to Table 4 of your attachment to your testimony.

A. Yes.

Q. For the year 1990 you have a figure for Rice Center/Dames & Moore in the south/southeast sector in the second column of 3375. Is that figure correct?

A. No, sir, there's a typographical error. It should read 3775.

Q Under the year 2020, there was a footnote, starred footnote. Is that footnote correct?

A. No, sir. Again, there's a typo. It should read: "The population which corresponds to 100 persons per square mile for this annulus is 7550 persons."

MR. RASKIN: Thank you, Dr. White. I have no more questions.

JUDGE WOLFE: It is now 10:30. For the record, Mr. Doggett made his appearance at 10:28 this morning.

Are there Board questions?

Judge Cheatum.

BOARD EXAMINATION

BY JUDGE CHEATUM:

Q. I have one, Dr. White. Mr. Raskin stated that your new population projections substantiate the validity of the 1972 choice of the Richmond/Rosenberg

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area as the population center for the ACNGS site. Do you agree with that statement?

A At this point, sir, I really can't agree or disagree with it.

I would have to go back and look at my figures for Katy to see what the projections are for it.

JUDGE CHEATUM: Thank you.

BOARD EXAMINATION

BY JUDGE LINENBERGER:

Q Dr. White, I'd like to ask you a couple of questions about the -- first, about the previously identified photo-mosaic mural behind you, which had been identified as Applicant's Exhibit 16.

Did I understand you correctly that that mosaic of photographs was compiled from actual flight photographs taken in October 1980?

A. Yes.

Q Does the enlargement that is on the wall behind you represent the precise amount of -- or degree of enlargement that was used for the analysis you made; or did you use a greater or smaller enlargement than that?

A The -- I'm not totally sure I understand your question, sir.

O I'm not totally sure I understand the mosaic either.

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A. Okay.

Q. Are the various pieces of the mosaic enlarged compared with the size of the negative that was originally obtained from the photography?

A. I truthfully don't know, sir. The photographs were -- The mosaic is made up of the photographs which were cut to fit.

We worked at this scale. Now what the aerial photography firm did to go from the negative to the photographs using the mosaic, I don't know, sir.

Q All right.

But that display represents the scale at which you worked?

A Yes, sir.

Q Okay.

Having myself stood in front of that display and having examined it in a little bit of detail, I came away wishing that it were maybe two or three times more magnified than it is.

Do you feel that the results taken from that display would have been more readily obtained, or more reliably obtained if you had had a larger magnification available to you?

A. I believe so, sir. There is a practical problem in the selection of scale. We simply didn't have

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a wall big enough for the enlargement of it.

Q I gather from what you said earlier that you don't feel that foliage cover significantly obscures the results you were trying to get from the photographs.

Is that correct?

A. Not for this area. There's -- Compared to other areas in which I've worked, there's very little foliage there.

Q I think you also indicated that this was the was recent of two such photographic representations that have been used. Is that correct?

- A. Yes, sir.
- Q And the first one was prepared when?
- A. It's my understanding that the first one was prepared back in the original submittal of the Environmental Report.
- Q. And approximately what date would that original preparation have been then? About what year?
 - A I don't know, sir.
- Q Okay. Then I must have misunderstood something, because I thought the earlier photograph that you referred to had been prepared for one of the other population studies --
 - A. Yes, sir, it was --
 - Q -- that you referred to in your --

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A It was prepared for use with the 1972 HGAC projections.

As I understood your question, it was the date at which the Environmental Report was submitted that I have questions about.

- Q. No, I was interested in the date of the earlier photograph.
- A. Yes. It was back when the '72 HGAC projections were prepared.
 - Q Have you personally ever compared the two?
 - A No, sir.
 - Q -- photographic displays?
 - A I have not.
- A Have you done anything to satisfy yourself that the reliability of the method used to extract information from the earlier photographic display is comparable with the reliability of the method used to extract information from this photo display?
- A. I reviewed the notes and the methodology outlined in the project file for their earlier work. And nothing struck me as being out of line.
- Q Okay. Now earlier during Mr. Doherty's crossexamination -- and I believe yesterday also -- you indicated that the number of -- average numbers of residences -- of persons per residence that you used came

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from 1970 census data. Is that correct?

- A Yes, sir.
- Q. Would it be prudent in your estimation to make a determination of whether that multiplier (I believe you've called it) might have changed, based on the results of the 1980 census?
- A I would like to know what the changes were. I think it would be prudent.
- Q I infer from your answer that you don't have a feeling for whether 1980 would indicate -- 1980 census results would indicate a change or not. Is that correct?
- A Not for this study area. The results I've seen for other states indicate the average number of person per dwelling has actually declined slightly.

But for this area I cannot answer questions as to where it's going.

Q Okay.

Do you know whether the NRC Staff has made or caused to be made independently of efforts of the Applicant a population projection of any sort for this area?

- A. Not to my knowledge, sir. I do not know what the NRC Staff has an at all.
- Q Who funded the 1980 Rice Center study? Do you know?

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- A No, sir, I don't.
- Q Apart from who funded it, do you know what was the motivation for its having been made?
 - A. No, sir.
- Q If I remember correctly a comment of yours yesterday, however, I believe you associated a Rice Center study with one or another of the prior studies that have been made in this area -- the Texas Water study or the Houston/Galveston area study. Am I correct? Was there such an association?
- A. There are two Rice Center studies. There's the Rice Center/Dames & Moore, which we've been discussing.

There was a slightly earlier Rice Center study which was prepared for the Houston/Galveston Area Council. I don't know whether the Council funded it or not.

But that is -- On the report it reads that this was whom this was prepared for.

That study, as I understand it, is independent of the projections prepared in 1972 by the Houston/

Q That clarifies my confusion.

But then, to go one step further: Was it the Rice Center study for Houston/Galveston Area Council that Dames & Moore evaluated when it reached its conclusion

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concerning the methodology used by Rice center?

A We first obtained the reports and reviewed them in detail. And then our senior economists met with Dr. Charles Sevino, who was in charge of the model for Rice Center, and went through the model with Dr. Sevino.

And it was on the basis of both the publications and the review that we decided to go further with Rice Center.

Q I see.

Was the decision on Dames & Moore's part to evaluate the Rice Center methodology suggested or requested of you by the Applicant; or was it totally a -- other than the identification of Rice Center through the contention, was it totally a <u>sui spontae</u> decision of Dames & Moore?

A. It was Dames & Moore's decision.

JUDGE LINENBERGER: Thank you. I have no further questions.

JUDGE CHEATUM: I have one.

BOARD EXAMINATION

BY JUDGE CHEATUM:

Q Was the 1978 study of the Rice Center referred to by the Bishops -- the HGAC study which you spoke of just a little bit ago?

A (No immediate response.)

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WASHINGTON, D.C. 20024 (202) 554-2345 300 7FH STREET, S.W., REPORTERS BUILDING, Q The Bishops referred to a 1978 Rice study, which was described in the Board's decision accepting the Bishops' contention.

And I'm wondering where that 1978 Rice study fits in relation to your testimony. And I think a little while ago you said -- you explained it; but I'm not sure.

MR. COPELAND: Dr. Cheatum, maybe I can help out here.

It's my recollection that the Bishop contention does relate to a '78 study. I think at the time that we contacted Dames & Moore to ask them to look at the contention and begin formulating a proposal as to how to address the contention, that we provided them with copies of that '78 study.

That's my recollection.

I believe that at the time that they went to the Rice Center to look at their studies and start talking with them, they found out that the Rice Center had updated the 1978 study and had this 1980 study that is discussed in here.

That's my recollection of the scenario. So I think that the '80 study is really just an iteration of the '78 study with more recent information.

Maybe Terry can confirm that understanding.

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THE WITNESS: I'm only familiar with the 1980 study, sir.

JUDGE CHEATUM: .I believe that clarifies it.

Thank you.

MR. COPELAND: All right, sir.

JUDGE WOLFE: We will now have crossexamination directed solely to the subjects of the Board's

questioning.

Mr. Black.

RECROSS-EXAMINATION

BY MR. BLACK:

Dr. White, when you indicated to Judge Linenberger that it would be prudent to go back and look at the 1980 census to determine what the residence per household is in this 0 to 10 annular ring that is depicted on the photographic map behind you, are you saying that it would be prudent, in the sense that it's good to update all sources of information; or are you saying that it's prudent in the sense that it may change some of the conclusions with respect to the population densities within that ten-mile radius?

A It's prudent in the sense that the information is more up to date.

I do not think any of the conclusions would change.

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mile radius with respect to the proposed guidelines set 3 forth in NUREG-0625? 5 A. That's correct, sir. WASHINGTON, D.C. 20024 (202) 554-2345 MR. BLACK: No further questions. 7 JUDGE WOLFE: Mr. Scott. 8 RECROSS-EXAMINATION 9 BY MR. SCOTT: 10 Dr. White, are you familiar with the trees in 11 the Houston area? BUILDING, 12 Am I familiar with the what, sir? 13 The different types of trees in the Houston REPORTERS 14 area. 15 No, sir. A. 300 7TH STREET, S.W. 16 Well, you earlier stated, I think, that the 17 trees should have lost their leaves by October of 1980. 18 Isn't that true? 19 That would be my guess, sir. 20 21 22 23

Q And are you also including the conclusions

with respect to the population densities within that ten-

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BY MR. SCOTT:

- Q Do pine trees lose their leaves by that time frame of the year?
 - A Not unless you have different pine trees than we have in Georgia, sir.
 - Q Okay.

How about live oaks?

- A. I'm not an expert in biology, sir.
- Q You're not an expert in what?
- A. In biology.
- Q When you looked at your photographs within the ten-mile circle, diá you notice that there was a lot of foliage on a lot of the trees?
- A. When we looked at it, we did not notice a great deal of foliage, sir.
 - Q Uh-huh.
- Do you remember what time in October you took those photographs?
- A The photographs were taken exactly on October 31st, 1981.
 - Q. Do you know whether or not --
- MR. RASKIN: I'm sorry. I think we ought to correct the record. It's October 31st, 1980, is it not?
- THE WITNESS: Pardon?
- MR. RASKIN: October 31st, 1980.

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THE WITNESS: I'm sorry. It's 1980. 3 MR. RASKIN: Okay. 4 5 BY MR. SCOTT: WASHINGTON, D.C. 20024 (202) 554-2345 Do you know when the killing frost took place --7 the first killing frost took place in the year 1980 for 8 the area around Wallis? 9 A. No, sir. 10 0 Okay. 11 Did you assume that there was a certain number 12 of people in each of the structures in the photograph 13 that you saw by the year -- that you took on October 31st, 14 1980? 15 I think that has been answered, sir. A. 16 Well, I don't think it has. 17 JUDGE WOLFE: In any event, there has been 18 no objection, Dr. White; so answer the question. 19 THE WITNESS: Okay, sir. 20 As I explained before, we use a person per 21 dwelling for each county. The county boundaries are indi-22 cated on the mosaic. 23 BY MR. SCOTT: 24 Q. Well, I specifically phrased my question a

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little differently. I asked about structures, not dwelling

THE WITNESS: Did I say something --

MR. RASKIN: You said 1981.

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We will then get into the difference between the two.

A. All right.

MR. RASKIN: I'm going to object to this line of questioning. Really it's just another way of getting back to the question of resident versus non-resident population.

And that question supposedly has been asked and answered and put to bed by the Board.

Mr. Scott is just trying another way to get to the same place.

MR. SCOTT: I'm not getting to that question at all. We're talking only about residence.

JUDGE WOLFE: What do you mean "we"? You mean you now?

MR. SCOTT: Yes.

My question ... that I'm talking about.

MR. RASKIN: If he has another purpose, I'll withdraw the objection; and I'll pursue it later if he gets back to it.

JUDGE WOLFE: All right.

BY MR. SCOTT:

- Q Okay. My concern is how did you distinguish between a structure and a dwelling?
 - A. Unless it was a very, very large structure --

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and we saw no evidence of apartment-like parking arrangements -- we, for the most part, assumed that structures were dwellings.

In other words, we, in my opinion, overcounted the number of residences.

Q Okay. Now that's the point.

Are you saying then that by your count, every barn had a certain number of people living in it under your assumption?

- A. If we could not identify it as a barn, using a magnifying glass, then we played it conservative and assumed that it was in fact a dwelling.
- A How are you going to be able to distinguish a barn from a house, even with a magnifying glass?
- A There is a difference with some experience in interpreting photographs.
 - Q Explain them.
- A. Well, generally, a barn is associated with a farm of some sort. And most of the farms in this area are single-family farms. So you're able to pick out the locacion of a house and a barn and often a storage shed in close proximity.

Using a magnifying glass you can often ever. make out some of the fields in the direct proximity.

Q Some of the what?

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20024 (202) 554-2345 REPORTERS BUILDING, SOO TI'H STREET, S.W.,

	1	L S	ome	of	the	per	ns,	animal	Pe	ens	and	wh	at	not
in	the	direct	pro	oxi	nity	of	the	barn	or	the	far	m .	are	a.

- Are you now saying that if you looked at a rural area and you saw three structures, that you would assume one was the barn, one was the house and one is the garage?
 - A No, sir, I didn't say that.
- Q Okay. I'm still uncertain as to how you distinguish between two houses and a house and a barn of comparable size.
 - A. If they were of comparable size, we didn't.
- Q In other words, you counted them both as houses?
 - A. That's right.
- Q So if they were comparable size, you're telling me you can't distinguish between a house and a barn?
 - A. Not from this scale, sir.
 - Q Okay.

Are you aware of a number of situations where one road, one dirt road typically, will come off of an area and go to not one family, but maybe several families?

- A Yes, sir.
- Q Did you count each one of those as separate residences? Or did you assume that maybe that was a farm with a house and a barn and some other structure?

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MR. RASKIN: I'm going to object, Mr. Chairman. He's arguing with the witness. The witness has stated very precisely what they did; if they weren't sure if it was a barn, they counted it as a house.

I don't see why we have to get into it any further, other than to badger the witness.

MR. SCOTT: Well, Mr. Chairman, he very precisely stated it; and then he very precisely backed off of it in the next question.

MR. RASKIN: No, he had said that before. You just hadn't heard the answer. He was clarifying the second time for you, and the record will reflect that.

MR. SCOTT: The record will reflect that all structures were counted as residences. And the next question was: Well, if we're out in the country, we would distinguish them as some other types of structures in many cases.

JUDGE LINENBERGER: Mr. Scott, the Board's recollection is that the record will not reflect that all structures were counted as residences.

I think -- in fact, I'm virtually certain the witness said something a bit different than that.

JUDGE CHEATUM: Furthermore, the witness has already indicated that where they were in doubt, they considered it a residence. Therefore, the population

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estimates were very conservative ... that is, greater than probably actually existed.

As far as I can see, Mr. Scott, you're not bettering your case any by pursuing that.

MR. SCOTT: Well, that depends on whether or not he sticks with that story. And I felt he had come off of that story very quickly when he said he couldn't tell the difference between a house and a barn.

JUDGE WOLFE: Do you really want to maintain your objection, Mr. Raskin?

MR. RASKIN: I certainly do. He has just admitted --

JUDGE WOLFE: In light of -- As Judge Cheatum points out, it's conceivable that the Intervenor is digging its own hole --

MR. SCOTT: Let me dig my own grave.

MR. RASKIN: Well, okay. If he wants to dig it further, that's fine. But I just don't want him badgering my witness.

JUDGE WOLFE: All right.

BY MR. SCOTT:

- Did -- Let me ask you this. How many structures did you count within the five-mile radius?
 - I don't recall, sir.
 - How many structures did someone else count?

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	3	A. No, sir.									
	4	Q Who else counted?									
300 7TH STREET, S.W., REPORTERS BUILDING, WASHINGTON, D.C. 20024 (202) 554-2345	5	A. One of my assistants.									
	6	. Q So now you're relying upon the work of someon									
	7	else? Is that correct?									
	8	JUDGE WOLFE: You're arguing with the witness									
	9	now. It's very obvious. He said what he has done. Do									
	10	not argue with the witness.									
	11	BY MR. SCOTT:									
	12	Q How many people did you have counting these									
	13	structures?									
	14	MR. RASKIN: Objection. This is beyond the									
	15	scope of the Board's questioning.									
	16	MR. SCOTT: I don't think so. We're talking									
	17	about visibility and on that photograph.									
	18	MR. RASKIN: I withdraw the objection.									
	19	THE WITNESS: Shall I answer?									
	20	MR. SCOTT: He has withdrawn the objection.									
	21	THE WITNESS: There was myself and one other									
	22	person.									
	23	BY MR. SCOTT:									
	24	Q Does that one other person reside in Atlanta?									
	25	A. No, sir.									

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A. I don't recall, sir.

Q. Did you do all of the counting?

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Q Who was the other person?

A One of our employees here in Houston.

Q Name?

A. Ms. Wendy Kilpatrick.

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300 7TH STREET, S.W., REPORTERS BUILDING, WASHINGTON, D.C. 20024 (202) 554-2345

BY MR. SCOTT:

- Q. Remember yesterday that I showed you a Rice Center study that you said you were not familiar with.
- A. I was not familiar with the two pages you showed me, sir.
- Are you familiar with the study done by the Houston-Galveston Area Council for the Section 208

 Federal Water Pollution Act program in approximately 1978?

MR. RASKIN: Objection.

Unrelated to Board questioning.

JUDGE WOLFE: Sustained.

MR. SCOTT: Mr. Cheatum -- Dr. Cheatum specifically inquired as to whether or not he was familiar with a different Rice Center study than the one that had been discussed throughout the hearing.

So, it seems to me I am right on the question.

JUDGE CHEATUM: My question has been answered,

Mr. Scott.

MR. SCOTT: I'm following up on it. That's what recross on Board questions is.

JUDGE CHEATUM: He said that he sas not familiar with that study that I referred to.

JUDGE WOLFE: So, it does not shoe horn your question, Mr. Scott.

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MR. SCOT

MR. SCOTT: It does not what?

JUDGE WOLFE: Judge Cheatum's question does

not make an allowance for your question. There is no

"shoe horn" in which to insert your question.

MR. SCOTT: Even though we're talking about the same study?

(Bench Conference)

JUDGE WOLFE: It was not the same study, Mr.

Scott.

And, if it is then the question has been asked-and-answered. So, in either event the Board makes an absolute ruling.

Objection sustained.

BY MR. SCOTT:

Q. Maybe I'll rephrase the question.

Did you talk with the Houston-Galveston Area Council any in your preparing your testimony for this contention?

A No.

Q Did you talk to the Texas Water Development

Board any?

A No.

MR. RASKIN: I'm sorry. I'll withdraw the objection, but I am going to object to any other questions

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along this line for the same reason that I objected before. MR. SCOTT: Well, I don't know what that means there's been a lot of objections.

MR. RASKIN: That means it is beyond the scope of the Board's questions.

MR. DOHERTY: I have a question.

How can there be an "I'm going to object" until there's something to object to.

It seems to me that is kind of a covert threat, do some kind of jump on people.

That's what he said. I think that should be discouraged.

> Okay. Should I respond to that? MR. RASKIN:

MR. RASKIN: My response is that I objected

JUDGE WOLFE: You may.

to any further questions along this line because they were beyond the scope of the Board's cross-examination.

nd, I think that's an absolutely permissible objection.

I don't object to Applicant's SCOTT: Mh objection as being improper, but I object to a claim that I'm not following up Dr. Cheatum's guestion exactly.

It turns out that I happen to be heavily involved with that work with the Houston-Galveston Area Council during that time frame and I'm familiar with the WASHINGTON WASHINGTON D.C. SONG ASSESSED.

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work that was done and the changes instituted by the political powers that be and all of that.

So, --

JUDGE CHEATUM: But, Mr. Scott, the witness has said that he is not acquainted with that study. He did not use that study in relation to his testimony here; and as far as I'm concerned the question is answered.

The question -- The witness does not know about that study and you're continuing to ask him about the study or about the HGAC council's hiring perhaps of Rice Institute to do a particular study for them. He has said he doesn't know anything about it --

MR. SCOTT: No. Maybe, that's the confusion.

I think that's the confusion.

I was not talking about the study done by Rice Institute or Rice Center, by the way they are two very different operations.

I was talking about a study done by the Houston-Galveston Area Council for Section 208 --

JUDGE CHEATUM: But, that isn't my question.

It wasn't the question I asked.

JUDGE WOLFE: Well, proceed with your questions and see where we go.

BY MR. SCOTT:

Q. As I remember the Applicant's attorney,

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20024 (202) 554-2345 D.C. WASHINGTON, Mr. Copeland, testified that you had been shown a study, a 1978 study, referred to by Mr. Bishop.

Did you say that that was wrong? That you had never seen that study?

The only study that I have seen has a published date on it of 1980, produced by the Rice Center.

Okay. But how about the study?

But, what that study was used for -- whether it was 208 or whatever, I don't know about its uses by HGAC.

> 0 Okay.

Okay?

I'm talking about the study done by HGAC itself.

Do you -- You have not ever seen one of those studies?

MR. RASKIN: I object, Mr. Chairman, on the same grounds that it has -- Dr. Cheatum explained and then you explained, it is not related to the Board's question. You can't "shoe horn" this. He's trying to get into other studies and get information beyond the scope of the Board's cross-examination.

JUDGE WOLFE: I'll sustain that.

BY MR. SCOTT:

Q One other question. You've, I think,

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testified that you've done a lot of various population studies. So has the Houston-Galveston Area Council.

In the Section 208 study that I made reference to, the demographers that did the study came up with certain results and the political powers that be said, "My God we can't do that, it is taking people out of the city limits of Houston and we want them in. You must redo your study." And, within a couple of weeks it was redone.

Have you ever had that experience happen to you before?

MR. RASKING: Objection, Mr. Chairman.

First of all, it's beyond the scope of the Board's cross-examination.

Second of all, he's testifying into the record he has no basis for that statement.

Third of all, I think it is badgering the witness.

MR. SCOTT: Well, I think, considering what we've heard about the number of studies and the studies not seen and forgotten and everything, it's a worthwhile question to ask whether or not he has ever had to redo his results after they were, least ways, preliminarily released due to pressures beyond his own technical expertise.

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(Bench Conference)

JUDGE WOLFE: I'	ll sustain	the	objection.

It's beyond the scope of Board questioning.

MR. SCOTT: Thank you.

No further questions.

JUDGE WOLFE: Is there redirect, Mr. Raskin?

MR. RASKIN: No redirect.

MR. DOHERTY: Sir?

JUDGE WOLFE: Yes.

MR. DOHERTY: I have a couple of questions.

JUDGE WOLFE: You would like -- I'm sorry.

MR. DOHERTY: There's probably been so much

talking this morning, it is easy --

JUDGE WOLFE: You're right, Mr. Doherty.

Your next in line.

MR. DOHERTY: All right. I had a couple of

questions.

BY MR. DOHERTY:

In the zero to ten mile charts that you have Figures 5 through 9, the figures -- the population figures all come out ten.

In other words, they all end in zero, and yet the other factors have been at various multipliers and soforth.

What did you do to -- It looks like you

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rounded off, but what was your round off procedure for conservatism?

A. Okay.

Within five miles of the site, I consistently rounded upward to the nearest tenth.

Q Okay.

Now, would that be the standard sort of thing if more than four round up to the next highest ten?

A. No, sir.

I had to accommodate that to deal with the engineers at the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

Q Uh-huh.

A. You see, if there are two or three people in one of these sectors within five miles of the site and I in good demographic practice round to the nearest tenth, I would round to zero and that upset the gentlemen.

So, I have since learned that one rounds upward to the nearest ten within five miles, and beyond five miles I follow the standard rounding procedure.

Q Okay.

Now, on this persons per dwelling problem,

I think you testified earlier that a lot of the increased

projected population would be in migration.

A Yes.

Q Now, would in migrants be likely to be of

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child-bearing age.

A. If I remember correctly, sir, I was not able to give a definitive answer on that same question yesterday.

They may or may not be. It depends on the age and the traditional age of most migrants is somewhere between the ages of 20 and 55.

Q Did this factoring done in these projections take into account the average age of people who live in Houston?

MR. RASKING: I'm going to object to this line of questioning.

It is unrelated to any Board question.

MR. DOHERTY: Well, I think the persons per dwelling issue came up in the Board question from Dr. Linenberger, and I think it would be of value to establish whether he has considered this city typical with regard to age or atypical.

JUDGE WOLFE: I'll sustain that objection.

MR. DOHERTY: Okay.

I could tell that before you said it, there were three waving heads.

(Laughter)

No further.

JUDGE WOLFE: Maybe I can save myself the

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energy of voicing or ruling, you can just watch the heads. But, I'll keep on.

All right. Redirect, Mr. Raskin?

REDIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. RASKIN:

Q I've got one question to ask.

Despite any difficulties that may occur in reading the and taking population projections off of maps such as the one behind you, Dr. White, do you believe that it's more accurante than taking the projections from a study? From a demographic study?

A. I feel that using the aerial photography is the most accurate approach of giving a population distribution other than an actual house-to-house census in which you locate the houses onhere and actually visit them.

0 Thank you --

A Most censuses give it to you in a political subdivision and this is definitely more accurate than that.

MR. RASKIN: Thank you.

No more questions.

JUDGE WOLFE: Is the witness to be permanently

excused?

MR. RASKIN: Yes, sir.

JUDGE WOLFE: The witness is permanently

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excused. We will recess until 11:30 a.m.

(Whereupon, the witness was permanently excused.)

(A brief recess was taken.)

JUDGE WOLFE: All right. The hearing is resumed.

JUDGE CHEATUM: Mr. Doggett have you advised the Board whether you expect to reply to Dr. Hamilton's affidavit on the Summary Disposition Motion on Full-Level Radiation?

MR. DOGGETT: Dr. Cheatum, as soon as I received Dr. Hamilton's supplemental affidavit, I sent a copy of it to Dr. Bross with a request that he advise me whether or not he would be able to prepare a response. And, I have not heard from him yet.

As soon as I hear from him, I will advise the Board as to whether or not he will file a response to Dr. Hamilton's affidavit.

JUDGE WOLFE: Well, it is my understanding that
-- my recollection that the Board requested that within
five days you were to advise the Board one way or the
other wasn't that what we requested you to do?

MR. DOGGETT: Your recollection is probably better than mine, but I assume that that is accurate.

Let me do this. I felt like he had to have a copy of Dr. Hamilton's affidavit before he could tell me what to do and that already is in the mail to him and I assume he probably has already gotten it.

I will attempt to call him at the first opportunity and find out if he has received my affidavit -- Dr. Hamilton's affidavit and to tell me on the phone whether or not he intends to submit a response.

JUDGE WOLFE: Well, all right.

We'll await your advice then.

All right.

Mr. Raskin, your next witness is?

MR. RASKIN: Mr., Hussey.

JUDGE WOLFE: Mr. Hussey, on TexPirg Contention 1, is that correct?

MR. RASKIN: We would like to -- We've got -He's got two pieces of testimony and we'd asked the Board
last week whether we could have him cross-examined on
both pieces of testimony at one time, so that we didn't
have to bring him back twice.

I'm not -- I don't precisely recollect whether the Board had stated that that was okay.

JUDGE WOLFE: Oh, I think we stated that it was okay that he would testify first and be cross-examined on TexPirg Contention 1. And, then,

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he would be -- his direct testimony would be presented and he would be cross-examined on the barge-slip matter.

Also, we will consider them discretely, in other words; but he will testify as to both while he is on the stand.

MR. RASKIN: May I make a suggestion that we proceed with the barge-slip testimony first since that is the testimony that contains the witnesses qualifications and I believe it would be easier to proceed in that manner rather than having to refer to testimony that's not yet placed into the record.

We will proceed to put them both in at one time if you'd prefer to do that also.

MR. DOGGETT: I would prefer that we go first with the barge-slip, so I certainly have no objection to that suggestion.

MR. SCOTT: Well, Mr. Chairman, I think we'll all be in agreement here, it seems to me like we should go with the barge-slip first and, it seems to me like the record would just read a little smoother for everybody if he makes two separate presentations of the evidence so that the written testimony is encompassed with the nearby cross-examination and then later on, maybe a day or two later on --

JUDGE WOLFE: Well, first let's proceed with

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the barge-slip testimony. All right.

MR. RASKIN: Thank you.

MR. COPELAND: Mr. Chairman, I'm going to put

Mr. Hussey on on that piece of testimony.

JUDGE WOLFE: All right.

MR. COPELAND: I would ask that the witness

be sworn.

Whereupon,

JAMES R. HUSSEY

a witness herein, having been duly sworn and cautioned to testify the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth, was examined and did testify upon his oath as follows:

DIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. COPELAND:

Mr. Hussey, do you have in front of you a ten page document entitled Direct Testimony of James R. Hussey on Behalf of Houston Lighting & Power Company, TexPirg Additional Contention 1/Barge Slip? RE:

I do.

Was this prepared by you or under your supervision?

That is correct.

Is it true and correct to the best of your knowledge and belief?

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A Yes.

Q Do you adopt this as your testimony in this proceeding?

A. I do.

MR. COPELAND: Your Honor, I would move at this time for the incorporation of Mr. Hussey's testimony into the record as though read.

MR. SCOTT: Mr. Chairman, there will be some Voir Dire, I believe.

JUDGE WOLFE: Is there an attachment to this?

MR. COPELAND: Yes, sir.

I can go ahead and identify the attachment and move for its admission now, if you wish.

JUDGE WOLFE: Well, that's also to be incorporated into the record as if read?

MR. COPELAND: Well, this particular document, I think, we would mark as a separate exhibit.

It's a little too bulky just to bind into the records.

JUDGE WOLFE: Well, all right.

Proceed, then, Mr. Copeland.

BY MR. COPELAND:

Q. Do you have in front of you a document entitled Applicant's Exhibit No. JRH-1, which is a report by Dames & Moore on the environmental assessment and

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responses to NRC questions Transportation of the Reactor Pressure Vessel, Allens Creek Nuclear Generating Station for Houston Lighting & Power Company, dated March, 1980?

A. Yes, I do.

Q. And, is this the report that is referred to in your testimony?

A That is correct.

MR. COPELAND: Your Honor, I would also ask that this exhibit be marked as Applicant's Exhibit No 16, since we'v withdrawn the last exhibit marked 16, and move this into evidence.

JUDGE WOLFE: The Dames & Moore report referred to by Mr. Hussey in his written direct testimony is marked for identification as Applicant's Exhibit 16.

(The document referred to was marked for identification as Applicant's Exhibit 16.)

All right.

Any objections to the incorporation into the record of Mr. Hussey's testimony or Voir Dire?

MR. DOHERTY: Yes, sir.

There is Voir Dire, and we prefer to do it alphabetically with Mr. Doggett first.

JUDGE WOLFE: All right.

Mr. Doggett.

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BY MR. DOGGETT:

Q Mr. Hussey, on page 2 of your testimony concerning the barge slip, you list a number of projects that you have been involved in, many of these in the country of Iran.

At the top of page 2, lines 3, 4 and 5, you discussed having been involved in several petroleum industry projects in Iran including the evaluation and monitoring of preloading of a tank farm for LPG facilities.

A foundation investigation for a refinery and an investigation for a tank farm and associated jetties in the Persian Gulf area.

Are those all of the petroleum industry projects that you were involved in in the country of Iran?

A. No.

Q what other petroleum industry projects were you involved in?

Are they listed further on in your testimony or did you not list them?

A. They are not listed.

I've been involved in pipeline studies, and other activities of a smaller nature. Some refinery activities.

What company were you working for?
Were you working for the Iranian government?

A. Principally, IOOC, which is the Iranian Oil Operating Companies. It is no longer in existence.

Q. Were -- For those three facilities or three projects which you listed at the beginning, were you required to do any environmental impact studies?

A Not for those projects.

Q So, that was strictly just an engineering type activity?

A Principally.

Q. Were those three projects actually built and operated?

A. Yes.

Now, on to lines 9 and 10 -- or 8, 9 and 10 where you mention you have been a project manager on several alternative sites for petroleum handling facilities in the northeast United States.

What companies were you working for then?

Or what companies did you perform those studies

for?

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A Primarily, for Gulf Interstate Engineering

Company, or one or two other subsidiaries of that company.

- Q Is that a part of Gulf Oil Corporation?
- A. No, it is not.
- Q What were the nature of those -- the work you did; or what was the nature of the work you did for those specific facilities?
- A Again, I was principally involved in the geotechnical engineering.

However, on one of the projects we were involved in some licensing with the Environmental Protection Agency in the State of Pennsylvania.

- Q Were facilities actually built and operated as a result of your studies?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q Partially as a result of your studies?
 - A. Yes, sir.
- Q Up to now, have any of the studies or engineering studies or work that you have done on the facilities in Iran and these facilities in the northeast, was any of that work beneficial to you in preparing the Dames & Moore study on the barge slip?

MR. COPELAND: I'm going to object to that question, Your Honor.

It seems to me that that is answered in the

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direct testimony. He's explaining that his background as a project manager for doing these types of assessments.

And, it is clear to me that his testimony directly states that all of these things give him a broad background in project management and doing the kinds of overall environmental assessments that -- you know, this barge slip analysis is one part of the whole environmental report analysis done by Dames & Moore.

MR. SCOTT: Mr. Chairman?

JUDGE WOLFE: Let the cross-examiner or the person taking part here answer first.

Yes, Mr. Doggett.

MR. DOGGETT: Well, he does list all of these projects, but I don't think he -- I assume it is implied that these things were of assistance to him but he never comes out and says it.

I am trying to establish whether or not his experience --

JUDGE WOLFE: All right.

I'll overrule the objection.

THE WITNESS: With respect to technical application, I would say not.

They were of a geotechnical nature, and in some regard, however, my testimony on the barge slip involves dredging and so on, which is of a geotechnical

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4-22	1	Q On page 2, line 17,18, 19, 20, 21 and 22, you
CI	2	mention that you were involved in the study involving
	3	a proposed nuclear power plant in Iran.
	8	Was that facility actually constructed?
345	5	A. For the most part, I think, the Iran, Iraq
20024 (202) 554-2345	6	war took care of continuing construction on that facility.
4 (202	7	To my knowledge, the first unit was completed.
	8	Q It is, apparently, not in operation because of
Z, D.C.	9	the thing you just mentioned?
WASHINGTON,	10	A. I'm sure it is not in operation.
WASHI	11	Q Does that facility involve any construction of
	12	barge slips?
BUILDING	13	A. Yes.
	14	Q And, where were the barge slips going to be
REPORTERS	15	built?
	16	A. For off-loading equipment for the contractor
	17	Bieuchere, which is a location of the nuclear units.
300 7TH STREET,	18	Q This is off what body of water?
300 71	19	A. The Persian Gulf.
	20	MR. DOGGETT: I pass the witness on Voir Dire.
	21	JUDGE WOLFE: Mr. Doherty?
	22	BY MR. DOHERTY:
	23	Q Mr. Hussey, you say you are a partner with
	24	Dames & Moore. Does that mean you are a part owner?
	25	A Yes, sir.

4-23	1	Q	Do you have a position with Dames & Moore,				
C.	2	also?					
	3	A.	Yes.				
	4	Q	By title? What's that?				
	5 2	A.	I'm the technical manager of the Houston office				
	6	And, I'm a	senior engineer and I'm a project manager.				
	20024 (202) 5542345	0	Okay.				
			When did you get your B.S. degree from				
	9 9	Berkeley?					
	MASHINGTON, D.C.	A.	Pardon me?				
	III II	۵	Class of what?				
		A.	1964.				
	ом. 12 13 14 15 16	٥	And, how much later did you get the Master				
	SH 14	of Science?					
	15 IS	£	1966				
	. 16		Okay.				
			Have you published in any journals of				
	17 18 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	these socie	ties that you belong to or professional				
	19	organizations that you belong to rather?					
	20	A.	No, I haven't.				
	21	٥	Have you published in any journals, quarterlies				
	22	or anything	like that?				
	23	A.	Pardon me? I didn't understand that.				
	24	٥	Have you published in any journals, or				
	25	quarcerlies	or types of periodical literature?				

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A. Not outside Dames & Moore's internal publication.

Q It seems -- I want to ask you this, although it may be an obvious question, but it's still a doubt.

What is a foundation in this sort of thing -type of engineering you've done?

A This building sits probably on mass or piles or something, those structures are the roundation for the building.

Q I see. As I expected.

The Environmental Report for a crude oil loading system you mentioned on page 2, how large was that report?

- A. Would you refer to the cite, please?
 - Q Page 2, line 13.
- A Several hundred million dollars, the one in Indonesia.
 - Q Okay.

Now, but your environmental report how large was that?

A. We did not prepare an environmental report for that facility.

Q Well, you've stated here starting on line 12,
"I have overseen the preparation of an environmental
report . . ".

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A. Oh! Excuse me.

I --

- Q Yes. That's what I was referring to --
- A I was referring to the facility in Indonesia.
- Q. Uh-Hmm.

Well, then there was an environmental report

for sure?

- A. May I read what I think you're asking?
- Q. Sure.
- A. I have overseen the preparation of an environmental report for an offshore crude oil unloading system, etc. Is that what you are referring to?
 - Q Yes.
 - A. That is the Seadock facility.
- Now, how large was the environmental report that came out from doing that, do you recall? Can you give us an estimate?
 - A Probably a foot and a half in thickness.
 - Q Okay.

And, have you been involved in the development of any types of unloading facilities on -- well, that would be for natural gas or any kind of thing like that, where it was on a river?

A Would you, please, clarify what you mean by unloading facility?

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Q Well, you had mentioned crude oil unloading system here and that you had also been involved in loading of large equipment which might even include a reactor vessel from the Persian Gulf.

And, those strike me as probably not fresh water bodies, so I'm wondering -- well, rivers. They are not rivers.

So, I'm wondering if you have done any kinds of assessments that involve rivers?

A. Several kinds of investigations associated with docks on rivers, on other seawater projects that I can think of.

Q These were fresh water rivers?

A. Um-Hmm.

Q Okay.

MR. DOGGETT: I guess that's all the questions I have, Your Honor.

Mr. Scott may have some.

JUDGE WOLFE: Excuse me, Mr. Black. Did you have -- Did you wish to conduct Voir Dire at all?

MR. BLACK: No, Your Honor.

JUDGE WOLFE: Mr. Scott.

BY MR. SCOTT:

Q Mr. Hussey, what have you had in the way of any formal education in environmental affairs?

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- A. I haven't had any formally.
- Q What did you consider this study report of your testimony to be involved in?

MR. COPELAND: I'm going to object to that question, Your Honor.

I don't believe that that relates to the witness' qualifications.

JUDGE WOLFE: Well, in any event -- in addition to that I think the question is much too broad.

So, I'll sustain the objection on Applicant's

grounds and the Board's.

BY MR. SCOTT:

2 Okay.

You've had no formal training in environmental things, what work have you done that resulted in the publishing, I'm talking about work that you did as opposed to work you supervised, that resulted in the publication of any environmental -- let's say a publication that took place in an environmental journal?

- A That I did personally?
- O. Yes.
- A. Well, I believe I have answered that.

 I have not published in an environmental

journal.

Q What seminars or speeches -- well, let's say

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have you as far as seminars of an environmental nature have

you given -- presented any papers?

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or you don't know if it was between a hundred and two

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BY MR. SCOTT:

- Q Did you take part in any surveying of the cross sections of the river?
 - A. Not personally.
 - Q Okay.
- Q Did you take part personally in any field surveys in the area?
 - A Yes, sir.
- Q. How many trips down there did you take to do that?
- A I believe I have been to the site twice on one trip. Dr. Alan Smith, an associate of mine, and I reviewed the area of the site and the surrounding vicinity and the entire route.
 - Q Okay.

Is that one trip?

- A That was on one trip.
- Q How about the other time you were there?
- A. Just a reconnaissance.
- Q What do you do on a reconnaissance?
- A Observe and ...
- Q Okay. The point I'm getting at: Did it take you five minutes to walk across this? Is that your reconnaissance, or did you spend three days there? Camp out and listen to the whippoorwills or whatever?

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A A rec	onnaissance consists of getting out an
walking around the	site and looking at the area up and
down the river and	d doing the same things at the Varner
Creek crossing and	d at other locations between the ACNGS
site and the offl	pading facility.

Q Do you know whether or not there's any whippoorwills in that part of Texas?

MR. COPELAND: Objection, Your Honor. That does not relate to Mr. Hussey's qualifications.

MR. SCOTT: Sure, it does.

JUDGE WOLFE: Objection overruled.

MR. SCOTT: That wasn't that surprising.

THE WITNESS: Would you repeat the question,

please?

BY MR. SCOTT:

- Q I say do you know whether or not there are any whippoorwills in that part of Texas?
 - A. Not from my personal knowledge, no.
 - Q Okay.

Let's go a little bit more into detail and exactly what you did, personally, yourself, in the gathering of the technical data to put this report together?

Could you expound upon that?

- A Could you be more specific, please?
- Q Okay. What date did you first become aware

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that your	firm was	s going	to be	working	ng on	this	project
By "this	project,	' I mea	n this	partio	cular	repor	t on the
transport	ation of	the re	actor	vessel	up th	ne San	Bernard
River.							

- A I'm not sure of the specific date. But I'll review my activities, if that's what you --
 - Q Could you say approximately what date?
 - A Late 1979.
- Q Was it after the Board here had specified that such a study should be done?
 - A. I believe that's correct.
 - Q Okay.

Go ahead then and relate the part that you have done personally.

A My role as the project manager is to select principal investigators that are qualified in specific areas of expertise needed for environmental studies, as an example.

- Q Do you consider that as being part of your personal work, of selecting someone else to do it?
- A Both as a project manager and as the technical manager of the Houston office, yes, I do.
 - Q. Go ahead.
- A. In this project with individuals whom I consider experts in certain areas, I formulated the scope

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of the activities, participa	ated in some of the investiga-
tions that they undertook un	nder my direct supervision,
and then reviewed the produc	cts that we eventually pro-
duced.	

Q. Okay.

So far I haven't heard anything that you personally did in the way of personally gathering the data.

A Much of the information regarding the proposed nature of construction involved dredging the barge slip. I obtained information regarding the methods to be used to conduct that activity.

- Q. You obtained information. Does that mean that you asked HL&P how they wanted to do it?
 - A. Not exactly, no.
- Q Expound upon that a little bit. If it wasn't exactly that, what really was it?
- A. There are contractors that would be hired to do this activity. They proposed certain methods to do it.

 I review with them what methods they would be using, then assess the impacts of those methods on the particular land that we're evaluating.
- Q Did this occur after they had bid on a contract to do the job?
 - A. I'm not aware of that.
 - Q Has a contract to do the job even been let

yet?

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- A. That's not part of my knowledge.
- Q Do you know whether or not these contractors had even visited the site before they were telling you how they proposed to do the job?

MR. COPELAND: Objection. It does not relate to Mr. Hussey's qualifications.

MR. SCOTT: Well, I think it does relate.

If the gentleman has decided that what his job is ... is to accept the proposals of third parties that have not even visited the site, there's really no need to him even to be involved in the project. You could just let the contractors write this report.

MR. COPELAND: That's the most ridiculous argument I've heard yet.

That means that Houston Lighting & Power

Company cannot hire an independent consulting firm to do

an environmental analysis for a nuclear plant because

Houston Lighting & Power Company has selected the nuclear

plant.

JUDGE WOLFE: Say no more.

Objection sustained.

BY MR. SCOTT:

Q Okay. Now was it damp and rainy the day you visited the site?

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other than in the river.

	2	Q Did you spend any time walking around in the
	3	water anyway?
	4	A. Walking around in the water?
345	5	Q. Uh-huh.
554-2	6	A. What water?
20024 (202) 554-2345	7	Q That's what I'm trying to find out, if you
	8	were actually at the site or not.
V. D.C.	9	A. I did not go into the river.
WASHINGTON, D.C.	10	Q. Uh-huh.
VASHI	11	Is that your understanding, that the only water
	12	on that site is in the river?
BUILD	13	A. That's not what I said.
TERS	14	Q That's why I asked you if you walked around
REPORTERS BUILDING,	15	in the water any.
	16	MR. COPELAND: What water, Mr. Scott?
STREET, S.W.,	17	MR. SCOTT: Anywhere. He said it wasn't in
-	18	the river. Now I'm asking if he walked around in the
300 7TH	19	water outside the river.
	20	MR. COPELAND: Well, I'm going to object to
	21	this line of questions, Your Honor, for two reasons.
	22	First of all, it has not been established, as a matter of
	23	fact, that there is any sort of water to walk around in,

A. No, sir.

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And, secondly, it has absolutely nothing to do

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D.C. 20024 (202) 554 2345 300 7TH STREET, S.W., REPORTERS BUILDING, WASHINGTON, with Mr. Hussey's qualifications.

He has stated that he was on the site and went down there.

And now this is just badgering the witness.

MR. SCOTT: And I'm working on impeaching that statement that he has ever visited the site.

(Bench conference.)

JUDGE WOLFE: Well, I find it objectionable that you're just talking about water. If you will ask him -- ask him to identify what waters there are in that area, I have no problem. But when you ask general questions that way, it's much too vague.

Ask him a specific question, Mr. Scott, as to what bodies of water are in the area of the site. I have no problem with that.

MR. SCOTT: Okay.

BY MR. SCOTT:

- Q Do you know what a wetland is?
- A Yes, sir.
- Q. Are there wetlands at this site?
- A. They're denoted as wetlands on Figure 2 of our drawing.
 - Q. That's not the question.
- A. I believe in our document we categorize these as not wetlands as defined by the Environmental Protection

Association.

Q Okay. Let me put it this way. When you were at the site, did you see any wetlands?

A. There was some water, but it was not as wet as when our biologists did a detailed survey of this site.

Q. Were you with the biologist when he did this detailed survey?

A. In my first trip I was with our senior ecologist, as I mentioned, Dr. Alan Smith. A more detailed site mapping study was subsequently conducted by Ms. Georgia Henderson.

I did not go to the site with Ms. Henderson.

- Q How long were you there with Dr. Smith?
- A. Four or five hours.

Q -- on the site. I'm not talking about the trip up and down the highways.

A. Including the dock across the river and looking at the adjacent facilities, probably three or four hours.

Q. Did you climb upon any structures on the site?

MR. COPELAND: I'm going to object to the relevance, Your Honor. This is just going nowhere.

MR. SCOTT: We're trying to decide if he was at the site, and if so, how long.

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MR. COPELAND: He has answered how long he
was there, and he has answered that he was at the site.
MR. SCOTT: Yes. And I'm trying to impeach
that.
JUDGE WOLFE: The question is what structures
did he
MR. SCOTT: Climb on while he was at the
site.
JUDGE WOLFE: How does this bear on question-
ing or discrediting his expertise?
MR. SCOTT: Well, it's my belief that what
we've got here is a high company official in fact,
literally a partner in the company who has accepted
the work done by other people I'm assuming they're
within his company.
And he's coming down here to testify as an
expert. One does not become an expert by having experts
work for them, because there's no way you can know
whether or not they're an expert, unless you're an
expert.
There's no way you can know whether or not
their conclusions are valid or not.
And so far I have not seen any indication
that this gentleman has got any right to be coming in and

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saying he's personally aware of these things, and he

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20024 (202) 554-2345 300 7TH STREET, S.W., REPORTERS BUILDING, WASHINGTON, D.C. personally knows that they're correct.

And so far I've seen no indication that he's an expert on environmental affairs. And this is an environmental hearing. His reports concern strictly environmental conditions.

And I propose that HL&P be allowed to submit some people who have done the detailed technical work, if, in fact, it was ever done.

MR. COPELAND: Your Honor, I didn't hear anywhere in that whole explanation a statement as to why it's important as to what structure he had climbed up on.

MR. SCOTT: Well, the point is --

MR. COPELAND: I would move to strike the whole statement.

MR. SCOTT: The point is if he was not even at the site enough to know about what structure I'm talking about, he certainly wasn't there enough to personally do any significant amount of work.

MR. COPELAND: I don't believe you've ever identified the structure you're talking about.

MR. SCOTT: I'm going to let him do that.

JUDGE WOLFE: I'll overrule the objection.

All right.

THE WITNESS: The question was --

JUDGE WOLFE: What, if any, structures did you

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THE WITNESS: I don't recall climbing on any 2 structures. 3 BY MR. SCOTT: Did you see any structures on the site that you 5 300 7TH STREET, S.W., REPORTERS BUILDING, WASHINGTON, D.C. 20024 (202) 554-2345 could have climbed on? On the physical property? Q. Yes. Trees. A. I'll include trees. 10 Yes, certainly. A. 11 Any metallic structures? Q. 12 I don't recall. A. 13 Uh-huh. 14 Did you see any across the river? 15 Yes. 16 A. Q. Describe that. 17 It was a fairly new dock constructed for 18 Phillips to offload --19 A what? 20 a Dock, barge offloading dock. There was also an abandoned -- it looked like 22 23 a quarry -- gravel ... where gravel would have been dumped to offload into trucks, a facility like that. 24

climb on at the site?

MR. SCOTT: Well, I believe he has been at the

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site at least once anyway.

JUDGE WOLFE: Mr. Scott, I have warned you, and I have warned other counsel about commenting on the testimony of witnesses testifying -- particularly of witnesses.

This adds nothing to the record. And I would advise that these sort of comments and/or statements or attempted testimony by representatives or by counsel does not form, and will not form, a proper part of any proposed findings.

So it's really wasted on the Board for you to do it, and we find it objectionable in any event.

So all are advised. Stop it. All right.

MR. SCOTT: Okay. I meant that to be actually helpful to him.

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BY MR. SCOTT:

Q I want to pin down a little more closely now what you did during that four to five hours that you were at the site that first time.

You did testify you were at the site for four to five hours. Is that correct?

- A I believe I said three to four hours.
- Q Three to four.

And you did what?

- A. We looked at the --
- Q I want to know what you did.
- A. With Dr. Al Smith, we were together.

We looked at the area upstream and downstream of the proposed barge slip area, investigated the site area, looked at the dock across the river and climbed up the ficility that was used for unloading sand, inspected the bridge which is immediately upstream of the site, and the condition of the roads at that bridge and the power lines that run across that area.

- Q How long did it take to do that?
- A. I believe three to four hours.
- Q Did you leave out a lot of sitting time?

 MR. COPELAND: Your Honor, I'm going to object to that question.

JUDGE WOLFE: I didn't catch it. What sort of

time?

MR. SCOTT: Sitting.

JUDGE WOLFE: Sitting time?

MR. SCOTT: Yes.

MR. COPELAND: This has really gone far beyond anything that's necessary to probe the basis of this man's expertise ... qualifications to do these types of analyses and to appear here as a witness.

MR. SCOTT: Mr. Chairman, he has claimed some three to four hours he was not only at the site, but also across the river from the site.

And the diagrams will show that all of that is within a matter of a few hundred yards of each other.

And so far I've heard a description of things that could be accomplished in approximately 15 or 20 minutes. And so I'm wanting him to describe what else he did, or did he spend a lot of time sitting.

JUDGE WOLFE: Well, actually when we get right down to it -- and this objection has not been made in a specific fashion -- but aren't you really engaging now in cross-examination rather than voir dire?

Voir dire goes to establishing the competency of the witness to testify at all. What you're doing is seeking to discredit the bases for anything that the witness will testify to.

So I think you are departing from the proper procedures upon voir dire.

And on its own motion, the Board will now call a halt to this line of cross-examination improperly on voir dire.

You may continue on voir dire to question the expertise of this witness.

MR. SCOTT: Okay.

BY MR. SCOTT:

Q While you were there that three to four hours, do you have with you any data that you collected concerning, say --

JUDGE WOLFE: Obviously, I didn't make myself clear. This is cross-examination you're attempting to engage in.

You may go to the witness' qualifications, his background, his training and his experience. But you may not go into the nuts and bolts of what he did do in the preparation of his gresent testimony, in writing up his report or whatever. This you do on cross-examination.

MR. SCOTT: As a matter of clarification, Mr. Chairman -- Maybe I misunderstand you.

But my understanding is that you're saying that we could -- let's talk about a hypothetical situation where we have got an admitted expert by training and

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education ... just the best in the country --

JUDGE WOLFE: Is that the case we have here?

MR. SCOTT: No.

JUDGE WOLFE: Then why are we talking about

it?

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MR. SCOTT: To understand the scope of my continued voir dire.

The thing I'm hung up on is I presume that if I can show that the world's best expert on a particular subject did not spend any time working on that subject, then he's still not qualified to testify on that subject in this hearing.

MR. COPELAND: That's wrong.

MR. SCOTT: You're saying just by virtue of being an expert in general, that all of a sudden you then can be an expert in a particular subject ... in a particular project, a particular location.

I think that would be wrong --

JUDGE WOLFE: Well, you may have problems with the Board's ruling. But the Board has ruled, and you will follow what we've ruled.

We're not precluding you from crossexamining this witness at the time of cross-examination.

You can bring up all of the matters that may serve to discredit him.

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But at this point we're merely examining the competency of this witness, his background and training to qualify him as a witness.

MR. SCOTT: Okay.

JUDGE WOLFE: If he has no training, nothing at all in his background, then, obviously, his testimony doesn't go in; and you have no occasion to cross-examine.

MR. SCOTT: Well, that point has already been conceded. So I guess I would move that this testimony not be allowed in because the witness has already admitted that he has no environmental training.

MR. COPELAND: Is that the basis for the -MR. SCOTT: Yes.

JUDGE WOLFE: In other words, you object to the incorporation into the record of the witness' testimony?

MR. SCOTT: For the very reason I understood you to just give, the fact that he has no ... no training in the subject matter of the testimony.

JUDGE WOLFE: All right.

MR. COPELAND: Is that your motion, Mr.

Scott?

MR. SCOTT: That's the first motion.

MR. COPELAND: Your first motion?

MR. SCOTT: The present motion. I'm not

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through with voir dire yet. But there may not be any need to continue it, if that motion is upheld.

JUDGE WOLFE: Well, I suggest you complete your voir dire, and then voice your objection and we can rule upon anything that you bring out in your voir dire.

I don't want to segmentize the voir dire.

MR. SCOTT: I'll end my voir dire then and

I'd like to have that motion --

JUDGE WOLFE: All right. It's an objection; it's not a motion.

MR. SCOTT: Well, I mean it to be -
JUDGE WOLFE: You object to the incorporation
into the record as if read. That was the request of
Applicant's counsel.

All right. Your objection has been made.

MR. COPELAND: Well, I would just respond, first of all, Your Honor, that that motion is premised on the statement by Mr. Scott that there's nothing in the record to establish that Mr. Hussey has any training with respect to environmental assessments.

To the contrary his statement of qualifications demonstrates that he has had broad experience in actual conduct of environmental assessments.

The only thing he stated was that he did not

20024 (202) 554-2345 300 7TH STREET, S.W., REPORTERS BUILDING, WASHINGTON, D.C. have formal education in that matter.

I think the question before the Board with respect to any witness is whether the witness has any scientific, technical or other specialized knowledge which will assist the trier of fact to understand the evidence or to determine a fact in issue; and that a witness can be qualified as an expert by virtue of his knowledge, skill, experience, training or education. It's not limited solely to formal education.

I think Mr. Hussey is -- The precedent for someone like Mr. Hussey to testify in this proceeding is clearly established.

For example, Mr. Schoenberger did exactly the same kind of work that Mr. Hussey has done. He served as project manager for a -- both of them served as project managers for studies that were done by a diversity of people.

I think it's obvious that through Mr. Hussey's training and experience in actually conducting these assessments, he has a background -- a very broad background in doing these kinds of assessments.

I might add that you've got to consider the kind of assessment that has been done here. This is not a very big issue, obviously.

The question of the environmental effects of

this barge slip and the terms of the overall environmental impacts of the project is demonstrably small --

MR. DOHERTY: Your Honor, I object to this characterization. I think it's prejudicial.

MR. COPELAND: Mr. Hussey was the project manager involved for the entire environmental assessment for the Allens Creek project, as the project manager of the Houston Office.

So it's clear that he has a very, very broad and in-depth background of these kinds of assessments.

He has established that he's familiar with the site. And I think it's clear that he has sufficient training and personal knowledge of this matter to be of assistance to the Board in addressing this contention.

JUDGE WOLFE: You have something to say, Mr. Doherty?

MR. DOHERTY: Yes.

I object to counsel stating that this contention is just a small potato and not really very important. It's almost as if it isn't worth the Board's trouble.

And ... you know, I think that's not proper here. I think the contention is -- It has been admitted; it's considered proper and deserves fair judgment.

JUDGE WOLFE: It will be given a fair judgment.

MR. DOHERTY: This type of characterization should --

JUDGE WOLFE: We just listen to argument here as pure argument. And we've asked for this to be looked into, so it's obvious that we think it's important. So we will give it that importance.

Anything else to be said for or against incorporation of this testimony into the record?

MR. SCOTT: Yes, Mr. Chairman.

I'd like to state that the record clearly shows that Mr. Hussey stated both ... that he had no formal education in environmental affairs; and number two, he had no environmental training.

I wrote the words down when he said them.

So as to education, whether in school or off the school, he is stated as having none.

Now in addition to that, it has become quite clear to me that this gentleman has made a very cursory examination -- I think you'd call it a walk-through if you're in the business -- of the site and the transportation route, no doubt at the direction of some attorney to try to meet some sort of mirimum requirements.

And that just should not be allowed. You should have the people here who have the -- who actually did the work, who can answer questions with something

other than "I don't know," or "So-and-so-else did that."

It prejudices the Intervenors considerably to have someone else's work presented through essentially their boss, especially when the boss has not shown that they independently have got the ability to know whether or not their employees are right or wrong.

It's just a very basic question of whether or not just because you're the boss -- or in this case also the owner of the company -- you can ... you somehow lend credibility by virtue of your position.

I realize that's a fairly common tactic in presenting expert testimony. But I just believe that it's contrary to the rules of evidence and contrary to the showing necessary to show expertise.

Thank you.

MR. BLACK: The Staff would merely note for the record that we fully endorse Applicant's response; and we think that Mr. Hussey has amply demonstrated by reason of education, training and experience that he can qualify as an expert witness to sponsor this testimony.

MR. SCOTT: Let me just say this --

JUDGE WOLFE: Anything clse by other parties who haven't had an opportunity?

MR. DOGGETT: Nothing from me.

(Bench conference.)

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know, as with some other witnesses, the instant witness may not have the training or educational background, say here as in the field of environmental sciences, we've heard enough here as with other witnesses to conclude that the witness by virtue of job performance over the years has knowledge and has experience. Accordingly, we do overrule—any objections and incorporate the written testimony of this witness into the record as if read.

Again, as with some of the other witnesses whose testimonies we have incorporated into the record, we will hear cross-examination and we will, thereafter, in writing our decision consider the weight to be given to this testimony. All right. Now, we next --

(See Attached written Direct Testimony of James R. Hussey.)

MR. COPELAND: We, also, -- I have moved for the admission of Exhibit No. 16.

JUDGE WOLFE: Yes.

Any objection to the admissibility of Applicant's Exhibit 16, marked for identification?

MR. SCOTT: I would like to ask the witness if he prepared this exhibit as part of his preparation for this testimony or if this was something that someone else prepared and he's within the firm and he's just

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF

JAMES R. HUSSEY

ON BEHALF OF

HOUSTON LIGHTING & POWER COMPANY
RE TEX PIRG ADDITIONAL CONTENTION 1/BARGE SLIP

- 11	
1	Q. Please state your name and position.
2	A. My name is James R. Hussey. I am a partner in
3	Dames & Moore.
4	Q. Please describe your educational background.
5	A. I have B.S. and M.S. degrees in Civil Engineering
6	from the University of California at Berkeley.
7	Q. Are you a Registered Professional Engineer?
8	A. Yes. I am a Professional Engineer registered in
9	the States of California and Texas.
10	Q. Are you a member of any professional organiza-
11	tions?
12	A. I am a member of the American Society of Civil
13	Engineers, the International Society of Soil Mechanics and
14	Foundation Engineers, and the Atomic Industrial Forum.
15	Q. What role has Dames & Moore taken in the licensing
16	of the Allens Creek project?
17	A. Dames & Moore has been primarily responsible for
13	the evaluation of the Allens Creek site from the standpoint
19	of environmental and site suitability factors. I am the
20	Senior Representative of Dames & Moore in charge of this
21	continuing responsibility.
22	Q. Please describe your areas of specialization at
23	Dames & Moore.
24	A. I have been employed by Dames & Moore since 1964,

and have specialized in the fields of geotechnical engineering and project management. In the latter capacity I have served as Project Manager for several petroleum industry projects in Iran including the evaluation and monitoring of preloading of a tank farm for LPG facilities, a foundation investigation for a refinery and an investigation for a tank farm and associated jetties in the Persian Gulf area. I have been Project Manager of studies on several alternative sites for petroleum handling facilities in the northeastern United States. I have been the Project Manager for foundation investigations for a fertilizer complex in Indonesia and a petrochemical complex in Louisiana. I have overseen the preparation of an environmental report for an offshore crude oil unloading system which included supervision of a multi-disciplinary team of investigators in the fields of hiology, geology, land use, demography and hydrology. I was Project Manager for the assessment of site characteristics for a nuclear power plant proposed in Iran which included detailed site evaluations and comprehensive geotechnical and hydrological studies, including the coordination of activities of over 100 professionals working from several offices in different counties. I was the Project Manager for evaluation of geotechnical and hydrological problems related to development of a large manufacturing/

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community complex in Iran. I have participated in two major studies pertaining to the development of tidelands in the San Francisco Bay area. I have been involved in the comprehensive site evaluation for the Allens Creek plant which included directing and coordinating the efforts of a multidisciplinary project team including specialists in engineering geology, seismology, foundation engineering, hydrology, meteorology, demography, and land use. I also managed the preparation of the biological and radiological monitoring programs for the Final Environmental Report and the environmental technical specifications for the South Texas Project nuclear plant.

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- Q. What is the purpose of your testimony?
- A. The purpose of my testimony is to respond to TexPirg Additional Contention 1 which states:

S.4.5.1(3) on P9S. 4-14 of the Final Supplement to the Final Environmental Impact Statement (FSFEIS) does not adequately disclose and analyze the alternatives chosen for the transport of construction related components to the site. In particular, the Applicant has not clearly determined whether waterway barge transit will be used for transportation of large reactor components to the site.

Such a transportation scheme would require dredging and channelizing of sections of the San Bernard River or Brazos River. Such activity would disrupt marine life in that river, create excessive turbidity and clouding of the water, destroy river bottom life, require environmental destruction during spoil disposal and initiate secondary impact in the form of increased industrial uses of the rivers. Petitioner contends

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that Applicant's commitment to transportation of the reactor vessel should be expressed more specifically and that the Board should either deny the license wholly or require the alternative site action sought by TexPirg in Contention 1 of the 'Stipulation between TexPirg and the NRC Staff', if the dredging and channelizing is necessary.

The final EIS does not specify how the reactor vessel will be transported to the construction site and what means have to be taken to effect this transportation. The probability that this transportation will have an environmental impact necessitates its coverage in a final EIS construction. For example, dredging, widening or otherwise altering the Brazos River to bring the vessel to the site by barge would have an environmental effect.

It is requested that the construction permit not be issued until the reactor vessel transportation is sufficiently addressed.

In the process of addressing the contention I will also address the questions presented in the Atomic Safety and Licensing Board's order of March 30, 1979.

- Looking first at paragraph 1 of the contention, is is true that Applicant has not selected the means whereby the reactor vessel will be delivered to the site?
- No. The determination has been made that the reactor pressure vessel (RPV) will be delivered by barge to an offloading point and then transported overland to the site.
 - Please describe the transportation route. Q.
- The RPV will be fabricated at the Chicago Bridge and Iron Nuclear (CBIN) facility located on the Mississippi River in Memphis, Tennessee. The vessel will be loaded on

to a barge at the CBIN facility, and will be unloaded at a dock to be constructed on the San Bernard River and then transported overland to the site. The offloading area will be located at approximately River Mile 26 of the San Bernard River in Brazoria County. A barge slip will be excavated into an area of about 3.5 acres in an 8-acre strip of land situated between the river and Farm-to-Market Road (RM) 522. The proposed offloading facility will be a temporary facility to dock and offload the RPV from the barge. The facility will consist of a barge slip, a work area, a storage area for excavated materials, and an access road. It will be constructed prior to arrival of the barge, and will be removed and the land area restored after offloading is completed.

The RPV will be moved from the barge to the plant site on two multi-tired pneumatic trailers—one located under each end of the vessel. Lowboy trailers will be used to transport the closure head and other pieces of equipment from the barge overland to the plant site.

- Q. Turning to the second paragraph of the contention, will this transportation scheme require channelization of the San Bernard River?
- A. No. The San Bernard River channel is a navigation project maintained by the U. S. Corps of Engineers. The

1 channel is approximately 100 feet wide and 9 feet deep and 2 extends from the confluence of the San Bernard River and the Gulf Intracoastal Waterway to River Mile 26. The proposed 3 off loading site is slightly downstream of River Mile 26. 4 It is anticipated that the barge which will be used to 5 transport the vessel will be approximately 200 feet long and 5 either 50 or 54 feet wide, depending on the actual barge 7 selected. Fully loaded with the reactor pressure vessel, 8 closure head and other pieces of equipment, the barge will 9 draft between 7 feet 2 inches and 7 feet 5 inches, again 10 depending on the barge selected. Barges, approximately 200 11 feet long, 50 feet wide, and drafting 7 feet 7 inches, have 12 made at least three trips up the river to the Phillips 13 Loading Dock, located across and slightly upstream of the 14 San Bernard River from the proposed barge slip. These 15 barges encountered no difficulty on the San Bernard River en 16 route to the Phillips Dock. Thus, no channelization of the 17 San Bernard River will be required in order to transport the 13. reactor pressure vessel to the barge unloading site. Accord-19 ingly, there should be no demonstrable environmental effects 20 associated with transporting the RPV to the offloading site. 21 Has Dames & Moore done an evaluation of the environ-22 mental impacts associated with transportation of the RPV?

Yes. Dames & Moore prepared a report in March,

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- Q. Please describe the excavation required for con-
- A. Construction of the slip will involve the excavation and diedging of approximately 15,000 cubic yards of clay and silty sand. The bulk of this excavation will take place in the "dry" behind the existing riverbank, which will be left temporarily as a construction dike. A backhoe, clamshell, dragline and/or suction dredge will be used at the contractor's option for this phase of the excavation. After excavation of the inland portion of the slip has been completed, the construction dike will be removed using a clamshell and possibly a suction dredge. A minor amount of dredging of the riverbed will also be required to connect the barge slip with the river channel. This will be accomplished using a clamshell and/or suction dredge working continuously to minimize the duration of increased turbidity

levels in the water.

It is presently planned for all excavated materials to be stored at the site adjacent to the barge slip. Dry materials excavated from above the water table will be used to construct dikes to form sedimentation ponds, which will be used for storage of all saturated materials. Water removed from the slip area during construction or restoration will not be allowed to flow directly into the river, but will be pumped into a sediment pond. This sediment pond, incorporating an appropriate wier structure, will be used to achieve removal of most suspended solids.

- Q. What is the impact of this construction activity?
- A. The construction of the barge slip and restoration of this area will cause a temporary localized increase in the turbidity of the San Bernard River at this location.

 Some turbidity will occur during dredging at the entrance of the barge slip, to a lesser degree during construction of the slip, and later when the slip is restored by the replacement of fill soils. At the time of initial excavation, the duration of increased turbidity will be minimized by maintaining a dike at the riverbank, between onland excavation and the river. Increased turbidity in the river would only occur during the latter stages of excavation when the dike is removed and the channel is dredged between the barge slip

and the river channel.

The area to be excavated for the barge slip is a zone of deposition. Consequently, the combination of deposited materials and reduced river current could make this a desirable habitat for spawning of some fish and nursery for other juvenile fishes. A small portion of this habitat would be temporarily removed by dredging the barge channel to the existing navigation channel. The length of river directly affected is expected to be about 200 to 300 feet on one side, or less than 0.10 percent of the estimated 50 to 75 miles of similar habitat. When compared to the total habitat of the San Bernard River, the impact is insignificant. Moreover, the area should rehabilitate naturally within 3 to 5 years after abandonment. Thus, the overall impact of the excavation will be minimal.

- Q. Flease describe the impacts associated with overland transport of the RPV.
- A. Overland transport of the reactor vessel will also have an insignificant impact. Traversing the overland portion of the route will involve crossing a number of creeks. Most of the bridges or culverts which presently span these creeks can be matted and/or shored and used to support the loaded transporter. However, the concrete bridge on State Highway 36 which crosses Varner Creek cannot

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be satisfactorily shored and consequently must be bypassed. This will require the construction of a short, temporary bypass road and culvert beside the existing bridge.

The bypass required at the Varner Creek bridge on Highway 36 will result in a temporary disturbance of approximately 0.9 acres of land. An additional area of approximately 0.4 acres may be disturbed as work space adjacent to the temporary road bed. These areas will be restored after passage of the RPV. The impact of crossing Varner Creek is both temporary and insignificant.

- Q. Would you please state your opinion about the overall environmental impact of transporting the RPV to the site?
- A. Based upon the study which we have performed, which has been submitted with this testimony as Exhibit JRH-1, it is clear that the construction of the barge slip will have only an insignificant impact. Construction activities are temporary in nature and disturbed areas will be restored after use. Whatever minor impacts may result from such construction are easily mitigated.
 - Q. Does that complete your testimony?
 - A. Yes.

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attached it?

. MR. COPELAND: Your Honor, that doesn't go to the admissibility of the document.

The witness has identified the document as being the document he's referring to in his testimony and establishes the authenticity of the document. And, it is clearly relevant.

MR. SCOTT: I don't believe that just making reference to a document makes it authentic.

JUDGE WOLFE: You may put your question to the witness.

You may answer the question, Mr. Hussey.

THE WITNESS: As I mentioned before, I supervised directly the performance of all the work that went into the preparation of this document.

As such, I worked with principal investigators on the job to define the scope of work, develop an outline for this report, reviewed every figure and every table with them, edited the report and oversaw its production.

MR. SCOTT: In that regard, give me some idea for the basis for this report. Were you told --

MR. COPELAND: Your Honor --

JUDGE WOLFE: He hasn't finished yet.

MR. SCOTT: -- were you told how much effort or time you could put into this report. How much money

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"you had to spend". How deep you could study this subject matter.

JUDGE WOLFE: I don't think this goes to admissibility, Mr. Scott.

I'll have to stop that question.

Any other questions that are proper, may be directed to the admissibility of this document.

MR. DOHERTY: I have one question.

JUDGE WOLFE: Well, Mr. Scott hasn't finished.

MR. DOHERTY: Oh! I'm sorry.

MR. SCOTT: Did you actually travel the route of the proposed route of travel for the reactor vessel?

MR. COPELAND: Objection, Your Honor. It does not relate to the admissibility of the document.

JUDGE WOLFE: I must agree, Mr. Scott.

Please pull this in on the exhibit itself, and ask your questions accordingly.

MR. SCOTT: Well, Figure 1 in that document describes the route and maybe I'm just plumb wrong, but --

after the exhibit is in, you can cross-examine all you want on this.

But, what we're trying to establish is what participation he had in the preparation of this exhibit.

And, I think you've covered that. If you're

JUDGE WOLFE: This will go to his credibility

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satisfied with it and don't want to go into that anymore, why, then, all right, we'll rule on the admissibility of this.

MR. SCOTT: I thought that's exactly what I was asking the degree that he participated.

JUDGE WOLFE: No. You were asking did he travel certain routes.

MR. SCOTT: Well, that's a matter of the degree he participated.

MR. COPELAND: It has nothing to do with the admissibility of the document, Your Honor.

MR. SCOTT: Well, as I've tried to state, maybe I'm just wrong, but my understanding is that a document cannot be admitted through a particular witness unless it is shown that somehow the information in it is reliable through that witness.

JUDGE WOLFE: Well, you can ask him that on cross-examination.

I think -- We'll permit you to do as much as you want as what, did he assist or in the preparation of this document, what did he do in the preparation of this document. We'll permit all sorts of questions on that.

Now, once it is in, then you may ask him in an attempt to draw away from the thrust and weight of the document that some diagram in here indicates certain routes

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were taken. Did you actually trace those routes. Did you do this and did you do that. And, that will serve to denigrate or take away from the weight to be giran to the document.

Did he prepare it? What part did he have in preparation of it. If he had no part in it then get to that and we wouldn't admit the document.

MR. SCOTT: We have here some, approximately, some 50 pages in this document.

Which pages of it did you personally prepare?

MR. COPELAND: Your Honor, the witness has

explained already his role in preparing the document.

That he edited the entire report, and I don't think that that question is relevant to the admissibility of the document.

The question is whether the witness has personal knowledge that this is the document that he referred to in his testimony, and is it an authentic copy of that document. And, it is; and he said that and I don't think that these questions go to admissibility.

I think they go to the weight to be given to the document itself.

MR. SCOTT: Mr. Chairman, Intervenors have tried numerous times to get much more authentic documents into the record than this; and have been denied.

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Just because he can point to something and say, "Yes, there is a document and that's the one I was talking about."

I mean, if that was the case, if that was all that was required, a whole lot more information would be in this record than now is.

JUDGE WOLFE: Objection overruled.

MR. SCOTT: Okay. That's all.

JUDGE WOLFE: What do you mean that's all.

I overruled --

MR. SCOTT: Oh! Okay.

I was so surprised.

Thank you.

That was my fault.

JUDGE WOLFE: All right.

You had an outstanding question to that you were speaking to him to go through to look at a certain page. Well, you're allowed to do it.

Go ahead.

MR. SCOTT: Which pages did you prepare personally?

THE WITNESS: I think I could answer you question better if you could define prepare personally better for me. I had something to do with --

MR. SCOTT: Let's say -- Let's define it

this way. You wrote down the words either by typing it

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yourself or transcribing it into some sort of transcription machine or wrote it out in handwriting and let some secretary type it and then you proofread it.

We're talking about literally writing the

We're talking about literally writing the words yourself.

THE WITNESS: I don't recall which paragraphs specifically. I wrote several paragraphs that are entered into this document --

MR. SCOTT: Can you point to any of them?

THE WITNESS: -- I reviewed all the work.

I edited every paragraph in the document, and saw that it got published in the manner that I judged professionally sound.

MR. SCOTT: Okay.

Can you point to any of the paragraphs that you wrote by yourself?

MR. COPELAND: Asked-and-answered.

MR. SCOTT: No. He said several.

He didn't say which ones.

JUDGE WOLFE: Objection overruled.

THE WITNESS: I can't refer to a specific

paragraph at this time.

MR. SCOTT: Okay.

Let's put the question this way.

How many total hours did you spend in your

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review of this document?

THE WITNESS: I don't recall right now.

MR. SCOTT: Can you point to any specific changes that you required to be made?

THE WITNESS: I would have to have a draft of the report to do that.

MR. SCOTT: Well, wasn't this probably done a few months ago.

THE WITNESS: I think you will see that it is a year old.

MR. SCOTT: Okay.

I believe you're right.

Still, only 12 months ago.

How many other projects and reports did you review during this past year?

MR. COPELAND: Your Honor, that does not go to the admissibility of this document.

JUDGE WOLFE: Objection sustained.

MR. SCOTT: Let me ask you this.

You say that you have some expertise and training in soils, I guess is a good generalized way of saying it. Wouldn't that be correct?

MR. COPELAND: That does not go to the admissibility of this document, and I object.

I really think we're wasting time, Your Honor.

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The witness has established enough to admit this document into evidence.

MR. SCOTT: I'm not going to ask any further questions.

I would just like to say that the witness has, so far as I can tell, has said nothing that would show he has had anything to do with this document other than he used the words he reviewed it.

But, when asked how much time he spent, any changes he made, any impact on it, he has said both none and he cannot remember.

So, I would say there's no evidence period that this man even knows what's in the document.

JUDGE WOLFE: Any other examination upon the admissibility of this document?

Any final words, Mr. Copeland?

MR. COPELAND: Well, he's obviously wrong,
Your Honor, because the witness has stated he knows what's
in the document.

He stated that this is the document that is referred to in his testimony as the Dames & Moore Environmental Assessment. He's authenticated the document, he has established that he is familiar with it. He had a big hand in writing the document. Is is a matter of his own personal knowledge that this is the document.

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You know, it is just a pat situation that this document is admissible.

JUDGE WOLFE: All right.

Applicant's Exhibit Number 16, marked for identification, being the Dames & Moore Report and which is further identified on the cover page by the tab Applicant Exhibit No. - (JRH-1), is admitted into evidence.

It appears that the witness has authenticated the document.

He wrote at least some portions of the document and he did review the document in the course of its being drafted in his capacity as the project manager and technical manager of his company.

All right.

Let's see, I've forgotten. I did incorporate

Mr. Hussey's -- this witness' testimony into the record.

MR. COPELAND: Yes, sir.

JUDGE WOLFE: All right.

(Applicant's Exhibit No. 16, having been previously marked for identification, was received into evidence.)

We will proceed, then, with cross-examination after the noon lunch.

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We will recess untill 2:00 p.m.

(Whereupon, the hearing recessed at

12:45 p.m., to reconvene at 2:00 p.m. in
the same place.)

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AFTERNOON SESSION

2:03 p.m.

JUDGE WOLFE: The hearing is resumed.

In attendance this afternoon at 2:03 p.m.

are Messrs. Copeland and Raskin, Mr. Black, Mr. Doherty,

Mr. Doggett and Mr. Scott.

We will proceed with the cross-examination by Mr. Black.

CROSS-EXAMINATION

BY MR. BLACK:

Q Yes. I'd like to pursue one line of questioning.

Mr. Hussey, referring to Applicant's Exhibit 16, page 26, I believe in your testimony this morning on voir dire that you mentioned that there was a dock constructed by the Phillips Oil Company on the west bank of the San Bernard River just south of the FM-522 concrete bridge.

Would that be almost opposite of the proposed barge offloading facility?

- A. Close to being opposite, yes.
- Q You mention on page 26 of Applicant's Exhibit

 16 that use of that Phillips facility was considered,

 but that such use of that would necessitate reinforcing

 the concrete bridge over the San Bernard River. And then

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WASHINGTON, D.C. 20024 (202) 554-2345 300 7TH STREET, S.W., REPORTERS BUILDING, you mentioned that the Texas Department of Highways and Public Transportation would not approve such action due to the extent of structural reinforcement required.

Can you give me an idea of the amount of structural reinforcement that would be required, either in terms of width of structural reinforcement, type of reinforcement and the money involved ... engineering money involved?

A I've only ...ad preliminary conversations with the rigging contractor. You would have to refer to him for those estimates. I'm not personally aware of that.

Q Has the Applicant ever considered or -- Strike that.

Could the Applicant restructure that bridge on its own account, rather than seeking either -- other than -- in lieu of the State Department doing so?

A. With the permission of the State, I believe they could, yes.

Q But it's this testimony that the State has denied that permission?

A. That's correct.

Q Referring to Figure 1 of Applicant's Exhibit

16, if that Phillips barge facility could be used, did

Dames & Moore give any consideration of using a route

that would not necessitate using that bridge over the San

Bernard River on FM-522?

- A. Would you state that question again, please?
- Q Did Dames & Moore consider using the Phillips barge unloading facility and using a transportation route that would not necessitate going over the San Bernard River over FM-522?
 - A Yes.
- Q Could you indicate what transportation route or routes were considered, going along, I believe, on the west side of the San Bernard River?
- A. That would be the problem. The river would hav to be crossed for any alternative overland route. The best location was deemed to be immediately upstream from the facility itself; and that's what necessitated the evaluation of that bridge.
- Q Was any consideration given to transporting the reactor vessel westward and then picking up on what is depicted on Figure 1 as the Colorado River route?
- A. Not really, because that would necessitate another barge slip offloading and unloading the vessel again into the Colorado River.
- Q. Well, I'm speaking of offloading the vessel at the San Bernard River at the Phillips facility, transporting it overland westward to where it would pick up what is depicted on Figure 1 as the Colorado River

20024 (202) 554-2345 D.C. WASHINGTON 300 7TH STREET, S.W., REPORTERS BUILDING, route. And I believe that Colorado River route directly west of the proposed barge offloading facility is not a route that is using the Colorado River at that point.

- A You're speaking of entering into the overland portion of the Colorado River route?
 - Q That's correct.
- A. We did not evaluate that alternative specifically.
- Q Would it be safe to say, though, that if that route was considered, that it would have the same benefits or detriments as the Colorado River route that is set forth on pages 24 and 25 of Applicant Exhibit 16?
 - A. I believe that's correct.
- Q So, in other words, on page 25, the second full paragraph there indicates some problems with using the Colorado River route, in terms of concrete bridges that would have some problems, bypasses that would be required and the problem with constructing bypasses along certain portions of the Middle and West Bernard River.

Would those types of problems be encountered along that route as well?

- A That's correct.
- Q Did Dames & Moore give any consideration to using a route, other than the Colorado River overland route, that would go along the west side of the San

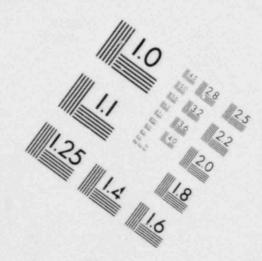
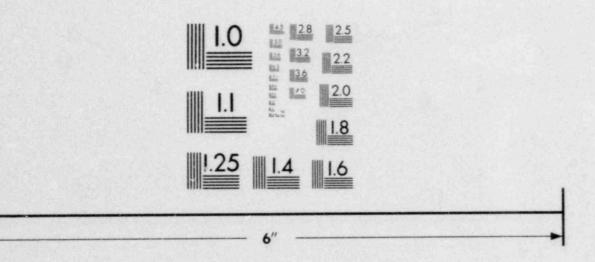


IMAGE EVALUATION TEST TARGET (MT-3)



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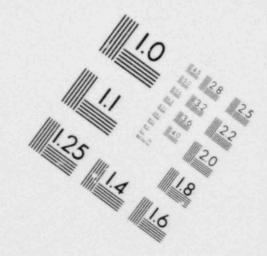
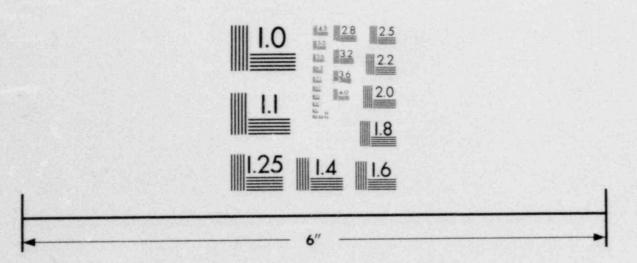


IMAGE EVALUATION TEST TARGET (MT-3)



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Bernard River, but not use the specific highways that are -- that were considered along the Colorado River route?

A. No.

Applicant's Exhibit 16, wherein there is a highway that is between the Brazos River route and the Colorado River route -- and my map, obviously, is too small a scale to figure out what route that is, but it looks like it's a fairly well used route that goes along the west side of the San Bernard River and goes northward, and then goes eastward into -- to the north of Wharton.

Was any consideration given to using that route, whatever that route may be?

- A Are you referring to a route between the Colorado River route and the proposed route?
 - That's correct.

 There's a highway there.
 - A. Yes.

No.

- Q Are you aware of what that highway is?
- A. Yes, we travelled the highway. It's -That route, in cursory judgment, is not near as adequate
 as the selected route.
 - Q Why would that be?

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A I don't believe it's -- As I said, we did not analyze that in detail. It was not one of the alternatives addressed here.

The road is not kept as well as the selected

The road is not kept as well as the selected route, to stand the loads to be transported.

- O But obviously that route still would have to cross the San Bernard River at some point?
 - A That's correct.
- And I believe that there is -- correct me if I'm wrong -- there's a problem crossing the San Bernard River on U. S. 59 by reason of vertical height, I believe, of the overpass.
 - A. That's correct.

MR. SCOTT: What was that question again?

MR. BLACK: I said it was my perception that -my recollection that there was an obstacle of crossing the
San Bernard River along U. S. 59 by reason of a vertical
obstruction or vertical clearance.

And he answered that that was correct.

MR. SCOTT: I'd like for the record to be-to give the witness a chance to see if he wants to change
that answer.

MR. BLACK: Well, you can do so when it becomes your turn to cross-examine, Mr. Scott.

JUDGE WOLFE: That's right, Mr. Scott.

BY MR. BLACK:

Q So it is your testimony that by reason of the problems of overland transport to the proposed site, that the existing Phillips barge facility would not be a reasonable alternative to the proposed offloading facility?

A Because of the attendant overland routes associated with using the facility, that is correct.

Q. Is it also your recollection that that existing Phil.ips facility has the size and the dimensions that would be necessary to accommodate the reactor vessel barge?

A The engineers reported to me that it is adequate to support the barge.

Q What about surrounding structures and facilities? Are they adequate to accommodate such a barge and the offloading of that barge?

A This hasn't been analyzed; I'll speculate somewhat.

There would have to be some earthwork construction to remove the facility from that area that was used and so on.

Are you aware of whether there is adequate space alongside the barge facility to accommodate a crane or a lowbed?

A. I believe there is.

	2	JUDGE WOLFE: We'll begin the cross-examination
345	3	by the intervening parties.
	4	Have the Intervenors agreed on an order of
	5	cross-examination?
554-2	6	MR. DOGGETT: We will proceed alphabetically,
20024 (202) 554-2345	7	Mr. Chairman.
2002	8	JUDGE WOLFE: All right, Mr. Doggett.
V, D.C.	9	CROSS-EXAMINATION
NGTO	10	BY MR. DOGGETT:
S.W., REPORTERS BUILDING, WASHINGTON, D.C.	11	Q Mr. Hussey, you just testified about there
ING, 1	12	being a vertical clearance problem somewhere on the San
BUILD	13	Bernard or on Highway 59. I wasn't real clear on what
TERS	14	you were referring to.
REPOR	15	Could you refer me to exactly where that's
S.W	16	discussed in your testimony?
STREET,	17	A Please refer to page 25, the last sentence
	18	in the second paragraph.
300 7TH	19	Q That's in Exhibit 16?
	20	A. That is correct.
	21	Q You're referring to traffic lights and
	22	utility lines as the vertical clearance problem?
	23	A. No, I didn't refer to that.
	24	Q Well, what specifically are you saying is a
	25	vertical clearance problem?

MR. BLACK: I have no further questions.

- A. I don't recall.
- Q Well, is there or is there not a vertical clearance problem that you were talking to Mr. Black about?

MR. COPELAND: I'm going to object -
THE WITNESS: It's stated here that there is
a vertical clearance problem.

BY MR. DOGGETT:

Q And what specifically are you referring to as causing that problem?

MR. COPELAND: I'm going to object that the report speaks for itself, and that it is the overpass that has a vertical clearance of only 16' 9", considerably less than the 30 to 35 feet required by the RPV.

It couldn't be any more clearly stated there. It has been asked and answered.

MR. DOGGETT: Well, I don't understand why the witness can't tell me that instead of the counsel.

JUDGE WOLFE: Well, counsel is pointing out that this is in the exhibit.

Is there some problem now?

MR. DOGGETT: Well, the problem was -Frankly, I didn't see where it was on the page; and he
wouldn't answer my question, so I couldn't see what -- was
talking about. That was my problem.

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JUDGE WOLFE: I see.

20024 (202) 554-2345 D.C. REPORTERS BUILDING, WASHINGTON, NO T'TH STREET, S.W. MR. SCOTT: There's a much more major problem.

I don't know whether to bring it up now, or wait until my

cross-examination.

JUDGE WOLFE: Well, if it is a crossexamination question, it should be reserved until your cross-examination.

MR. SCOTT: Okay.

JUDGE WOLFE: Yow've found the portion now, Mr. Doggett; and it is on that page 25 of Applicant's Exhibit 16?

MR. DOGGETT: Yes

JUDGE WOLFE: If you have any other questions now, direct him to that.

BY MR. DOGGETT:

Q Mr. Hussey, will the construction of the proposed barge slip disrupt marine life in the San Bernard River?

MR. COPELAND: I'm going to object to that question, Your Honor, as being essentially answered in his testimony and in the report.

His testimony describes -- beginning at page eight -- the amount of turbidity that will be increased in the -- caused by the construction activity within the river.

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And that testimony is again repeated in the report itself. I think that the question is too broad, in light of that testimony and needs to be much more specific. MR. DOGGETT: . 11 let the question stand. I --JUDGE WOLFE: I think the answer does appear in the written testimony. However, I'll allow a little grace here so that we can proceed. Answer the question, please. THE WITNESS: Would you repeat the question, please? BY MR. DOGGETT: Will the construction of the proposed barge slip disrupt marine life in the San Bernard River? Yes, it will to a limited extent. All right. 0

Who determined this? Did you personally determine this? Or did someone that you consulted determine this?

- A. Two members of my staff determined this.
- Q All right.
- What members of your staff made that deter-

25 mination?

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BY MR. DOGGETT:

- 2 In biology?
- A. Yes.
 - Q What specific area of biology?
 - A Excuse me. Her Ph.D. will be in plant ecology.
 - What degrees does she presently possess?
 - A B.A. in biology and geology from Rice University, 1972; an M.A. in ecology from Rice University in 1975.
 - Does the resume that you possess tell you specifically what education she may have had in the field of marine biology?
 - A To some degree.
 - Q What does it state?
 - A Some of the experience, plant researcher in plant population dynamics and production of a brackish marsh in Chambers County, Texas.
 - Q. She did some research on that?
 - A While at Rice, that is correct.
 - Q What was the nature of that research?
 - A I'm not familiar with that.
- 23 Q. Other than what is listed there, do you gar-24 sonally know of any education she has received in the 25 field of marine biology?

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A. No.

Q Other than that one study that you referred to -- or research that she had done, does that document list any experience that she has had in the field of marine biology?

- A. It doesn't, but she has worked for me and she is presently working for me now on two other studies related to impacts associated with aquatic biology.
 - And did these also concern freshwater rivers?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q And what rivers are those?
- A There are many rivers. One involves the siting study for the entire state of Mississippi. The other involves a study for siting a transmission line that crosses two fairly substantial streams between Mississippi and Alabama.
 - Q All right.

Other than these two ongoing studies, has she previously ever completed a study or any research for you?

- A. Not for me personally.
- Q For anyone in your company?
- A. Yes.
- Q. What were the nature of those studies?
- A They're of a similar nature. I'm not -- I

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20024 (202) 554-2345 D.C. BUILDING, WASHINGTON, S.W., REPORTERS 300 7TH STREET,

have not acted as the project manager on those studies. I can't cite the specifics of them.

- Q Is Ms. Henderson -- Does she work independently under your supervision, or does she work
 under Dr. Alan Smith?
- A Principal investigators in our office ir

 Dames & Moore are assigned to projects and to project

 managers or principals in the firm as a function of the

 nature of the project. This could vary from time to

 time.

She is not assigned specifically on a projectsense to anyone unless she's working on a project. As
technical manager of the office, however, I have overall
responsibility for her activities.

- Q So she was the field investigator in this particular evaluation?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q Did she have anyone to assist her in actually conducting the field investigation?
- A. She was not assisted by anyone. Her work was reviewed by Dr. Smith and by myself.
- Q Did she -- How many times did she actually visit the site?
- A. There is more than one site. She did investigation of the barge slip area and the Varner Creek

bypass.

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I believe she visited them twice.

- Q. And when was that?
- A It's indicated in the document, Ex ibit No.
- 16. The major study was done in February 1980.
 - Q. She made her site visit in February 1980?
 - A Yes.
- And you believe she made two site visits during that month?
- A. It's my recollection that she re-visited the area, but I don't -- cannot attest to that categorica'ly at this time.
- Q Do you know how much time she spent during her site visit?
 - A. Roughly.
 - And how much time did she spend?
 - A. I believe it was a total of two days.
- Q Did she actually stay in a motel or something somewhere near the site?
 - A I don't recall.
- 21 Q Well, was it one day, two days or three days?
- 23 A. I believe I said that I thought it was two
 24 days.
 - Q Okay. Excuse me. I thought you said a few

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days as opposed to two days.

- A. I meant to say two days.
- Q Do you know whether she -- how much time she spent looking at the Varner crossing as opposed to looking at the proposed slip site?
- A Not in absolute terms. Certainly she spent more time looking at the barge slip area.
- Q Okay. Do you know whether or not she gathered any samples of plants or soil or water or anything like that?
 - A Yes.
 - Q What samples did she take?
- A She took some plant samples and some soil samples.
- Q And who -- I assume that some type of analysis or examination was made of these samples. Who performed that examination or analysis?
 - A She did.
- Q Was she also responsible for making contact with the Texas Department of Parks and Wildlife?
- A. I believe both she and Dr. Smith made contaker with that, but I'd have to check my records to verify that.
 - Q Who is Al Smith?
 - A Dr. Smith is the senior ecologist at the

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Houston	office	of Dames	s & Moore.	

- Q And what does he have to do with this site study?
- A. Well, as the menior representative of our biological staff, he is often called upon to overview activities of the more junior members of the staff.

He reviewed this work. He participated in the scoping of this activity, and he assisted Ms. Hender-son in her work.

- Q Did he ever visit the site with her?
- A. Not with her, no; not to my knowledge.
- Q. Did he ever visit the proposed site with anyone?

MR. COPELAND: Asked and answered.

JUDGE WOLFE: I don't recall that it was.

I will allow the question.

THE WITNESS: Dr. Smith and I visited the site.

MR. DOGGETT: Oh, okay.

BY MR. DOGGETT:

- Q Al Smith is the same person as Alan Smith?

 Is that correct?
 - A. Dr. Alan L. Smith.
- Q Just for clarification on the record, I drew the name Al Smith from the address of a letter from

D.C. 20024 (202) 554-2345 WASHINGTON, REPORTERS BUILDING, S.W. 300 7TE STREET, the Texas Parks and Wildlife to that person. So, apparently there was some confusion as to the spelling of nis name.

And that's out of one of the exhibits in Exhibit 16.

Did Georgia Henderson have any contact with anyone from America: Rigging and Construction Company, Inc.?

- A. I don't believe so.
- Referring again to the letter from -- which is enclosed in Exhibit 16, Texas Parks and Wildlife Department, dated March 7, 1980, addressed to Dr. Al Smith, did Georgia Henderson perform a comprehensive onsite evaluation of this site, in your opinion?
 - A. Yes, she did.
- Q Did she take into account the factors mentioned in this Texas Parks and Wildlife Department

 letter that determination of the actual presence of species in a given project area depends on a number of variables, such as seasonal and daily activity cycles, environmental activity cues, preferred habitat, transiency and population density, both wildlife and human?
 - A. I believe she did.
 - Q Well, if she visited the site over a two-day

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take	into	account	seasonal	cycles	for	these	various	
speci	es:							

- A. She obviously could not take into account seasonal cycles just in February.
- Q Do you know whether or not she visited the proposed slip site after daylight hours?
 - A. I'm not aware that she did or did not.
- Q If she did not, then she obviously could not have considered the species which might have made their appearance -- the nocturnal species that might have only been seen at night. Is that a "air statement?
- A. That's a fair statement. I do not know whether she visited the site at night or not. I could check my records to define that.
- Q. You say you could check your records to determine that?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q Do you have those records with you?
 - A. No, I don't.
- Q In your opinion, is a one-day site visit adequate to determine whether or not a particular species is present at a particular site?

MR. COPELAND: I'm going to object to any further questions along this line. The report itself is

fairly clear, Your Honor, in stating that there was no absolute, accurate, precise assessment as to whether there was a spawning or nursery ground in the vicinity of the site.

That's a specific statement on page six. And it's obvious from that statement that Dames & Moore concluded that there was a paucity of data on the question of spawning grounds in this area. That's a given in the report.

(Pause.)

JUDGE WOLFE: Mr. Doggett, are you going to address that?

MR. DOGGETT: I think he made an objection to my question on the grounds that it's already answered in the testimony. That's -- I'll let my question stand.

JUDGE WOLFE: Objection overruled.

THE WITNESS: The question -- Would you please repeat it?

BY MR. DOGGETT:

- Do you feel that simply visiting the proposed site for one day is adequate to determine whether or not some of these species of ... particularly animals are present or not?
- A I feel that it's adequate for the size of the site, in view of the investigation that she made regarding

the habitat of these species, yes.

- Q. And what is your basis for that opinion?
- A Discussion with my colleagues.
- Q. And what colleagues are you referring to?
- A As I mentioned earlier, Dr. Smith reviewed her work. And I relied on him to do that to insure that her work was adequate.
 - Q All right.

Referring again to Exhibit 16 and the March 7th letter from Texas Parks and Wildlife Department, are the list of species of animals and plants following that letter -- were those attached to the original March 7 letter?

- A To the best of my knowledge, they were.
- Q All right.

MR. SCOTT: Mr. Chairman, as you know, I earlier raised questions about whether or not this witness should even be allowed to testify.

I've sat here some 41 minutes listening repeatedly to this witness say that someone else did the work and he can't answer, and that he got the notes and whatever.

And I'd like to make a motion that the Board order -- subpoena the one person that actually did this work, and possibly her immediate supervisor, to come supply

20024 (202) 554-2345 D.C. S.W., REPORTERS BUILDING, WASHINGTON, 300 7TH STREET, the testimony in this case.

I don't see how we can build a record with the kind of answers we're getting.

I was confident this was going to happen earlier, but it clearly has happened, that we're not getting direct answers to these questions.

I just think it would be a help to the Board -and I know it wou'd be a help to me -- to have the people
who are actually familiar with what happened here to provide the answers; if not instead of, at least in addition
to this testimony.

MR. COPELAND: Well, Your Honor, I submit that the time for trial subpoenas to have gone out --

JUDGE WOLFE: I'm sorry, Mr. Copeland.

MR. COPELAND: The time for Mr. Scott to have filed his trial subpoenas has long since passed. If he wanted to subpoena a witness himself to come up here and testify, he should have done that as part of his initial filing in this case.

And ... you know, that's the way lawyers do their business. If they think there's a witness that ought to be in this case, they file motions for trial subpoenas.

And I ... you know, all he has done is answer the questions that Mr. Doggett has asked him. I think he

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20024 (202) 554-2345 D.C. WASHINGTON, REPORTERS BUILDING. BOO TI'H STREET, S.W. has answered them truthfully. I think that the record is bein; made quite complete here. The study is in; the testimony is in; the study speaks for itself that ... you know, as far as I'm concerned -- and I've said this before and I'll say it again -- this is not a significant issue in this case.

I think that Mr. Hussey is fully competent to provide the Board with enough information to reach a conclusion on this issue. And I think Mr. Scott's statements are just further argument; that he's unhappy with the fact that the testimony was admitted; and he's just continuing to argue about that.

MR. SCOTT: Mr. Chairman, in response to that, I don't know of anything that prevents the Board from issuing a subpoena at this time.

And particularly --

JUDGE WOLFE: We wouldn't have to go to that extent, in any event, Mr. Scott. We could request that additional witnesses appear --

MR. SCOTT: Okay.

JUDGE WOLFE: -- at the Board's request. I'm certain, if we found it necessary, that any party presenting witnesses would comply with the Board's request.

Had you finished now on your --MR. SCOTT: Well, not quite.

I would like to point out that in this particular case, the two people I had in mind are located only minutes away from the hearing room. So there would be no great problem with having them to be here, either today or tomorrow.

JUDGE WOLFE: You're speaking to Ms. Henderson and Dr. Smith?

MR. SCOTT: Yes.

(Bench conference.)

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JUDGE WOLFE: The Board has consulted at all times, we're carefully judging the testimony, the demeanor, and if we feel that additional testimony is required, or supplemental testimony by a witness, we will do it on our own or at the request of adverse counsel.

We have not made such a judgment, nor or we in a position to make such a judgment on the bases of cross-examination today.

So, we deny the motion at this time.

All right. Proceed, Mr. Doggett.

BY MR. DOGGETT:

- Mr. Hussey, again, referring to the attachments to the March 7, Texas Department of Parks and Wildlife letter, do you know whether any of the species listed on the first attachment following that letter concerning endangered species is a seasonal species?
 - The birds are migratory.
 - W at about some of the other?
 - No. I don't believe so.
 - One question.

Who made the handwritten additions to that document and the following documents?

> The Texas Parks and Wildlife Department. A.

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20024 (202) 554-2345 300 7TH STREET, S.W., REPORTERS BUILDING, WASHINGTON, D.C.

	Q	Do you know whether or not Ms. Henderson
was	able	to confirm any of the species which are listed
on	those	attachments as confirmed Brazoria County?
	A.	She investigated the site area.
		Not the entire county.

Q No.

Did she see any of the plants or animals on this specific site which the Texas Parks and Wildlife Department lists as confirmed for Brazoria County?

A. No, she did not.

Q. Now, when you and Dr. Alan Smith -- is it Al L. Smith? Is that the correct?

A. (No immediate response.)

Q All right.

When you and Dr. Smith visited the site, did he take any samples of plants, or soil or water?

A. No.

We took photographs. No samples.

Q Did you consider the possibility of reproducing any of those photographs in your Exhibit 16?

A. Yes.

Q And, why was that not done?

A. We didn't think it would lend anything in particular to the report.

Q. Was cost a factor in that decision?

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A No.

Q Do you know when the actual decision was made to use the method of RPV transportation which is addressed in your report?

A No.

Q In your direct testimony, I believe, you give an estimate of, I believe, correct me if I'm wrong, three to five years for complete restoration of the slip site. Perhaps, that's in Exhibit 16.

I would refer you to it, but I don't have it in front of me.

MR. COPELAND: It's in his testimony, counsel,

(Pause for witness to look through document.)
BY MR. DOGGETT:

Q In any event, have you found it Mr. Hussey?

A No.

I haven't. Could you refer me to the page,

please.

page 9.

Are you talking about my testimony?
Or the Exhibit?

Q Well, I think Mr. Copeland found it.

MR. COPELAND: Page 9, line 13, Mr. Hussey.

MR. DOGGETT: In your testimony.

THE WITNESS: Um-Hmm.

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BY	MR.	DOGGETT:	

- Q. Who provided you with that estimate?
 - A. Ms. Henderson and Dr. Smith.
- Q Did you consider the possibility of simply leaving the -- Once the slip site had been built and used did you consider the possibility of just leaving it there?
 - A. Rather than restoring it?
 - Q Yes.
 - A Yes.
- And, I am assuming that you decided against that.

What were the reasons for deciding against that?

A. First, let me make it clear it is not our decision as consultants to decide the disposition of the property.

We can simply recommend relative to impacts.

Our opinion was that it would be restored to
a more natural state by filling it back in with the
materials excavated from the slip.

Q Did you address that anywhere in your testimony?

I don't believe you did, but if I'm wrong would you correct me?

MR. COPELAND: I'm going to object to t at as

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being impermissibly vague.

Addressed what, Mr. Doggett?

MR. DOGGETT: Leaving the site there, rather than restoring it back to its natural state.

THE WITNESS: I don't believe we did.

JUDGE LINENBERGER: Excuse me, Mr. Doggett.

Partly because I may not have been able to hear you and partly because of, perhaps, what you said, I did not understand your comment, Mr. Hussey, with respect to "it's not our decision", regarding whether or not to restore the barge slip.

Now, could you explain that comment. I didn't -- I think I just didn't hear everything you said.

THE WITNESS: Mr. Doggett asked me if it was our decision to restore it in that manner.

My comment was addressed to the fact that we, the company, certainly do not own that land and are not responsible for its disposition in that fashion.

I'm saying that I don't believe that Dames & Moore can make that decision.

JUDGE LINENBERGER: All right, sir.

Was it Dames & Moore's decision to recommend that it be restored?

THE WITNESS: Yes.

JUDGE LINENBERGER: Thank you.

BY MR. DOGGETT:

- Q. What was the reason that you recommended that the site be restored to the natural conditions?
 - A. I believe I just answered that.

MR. COPELAND: He did, Your Honor.

So, I'm going to object to any further questioning as being asked-and-answered.

JUDGE WOLFE: Well, I've had occasion to advise witnesses before, and I wish counsel would advise their witnesses when they take the stand, that if a question is put to them that has been asked before that they themse? The are not to comment that they have answered it before.

The proper way is for counsel having the witness to object that the question has been asked-and-answered.

I thought I had made that clear to counsel before.

MR. COPELAND: You did, Your Honor. And, I suppose it is a natural tendency on the part of a witness to be saying, "I thought I explained that before" and I am sure that that was what Mr. Hussey was unclear as to what he didn't understand in that.

JUDGE WOLFE: Well, in any event I would prefer witnesses to wait for their counsel to raise that

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as an objection and not state in any sense or in any way, that they for any reason had testified or explained before.

This not having been done, I will allow the

THE WITNESS: The reason that we thought it should be restored is that that would create the riverbank back to its natural condition which would not otherwise maintain that the barge slip was left in its excavated condition.

BY MR. DOGGETT:

question.

Q Well, what harm would it cause the river, or the plants or animals in the river if the bank was not restored?

MR. COPELAND: Well, Your Honor, I'm going to object to any further questions along this line.

It just seems to me to be wasting a great deal of time here in this proceeding over an issue that really is -- The question of whether to restore the bank or not restore the bank just doesn't seem to me to be something that this Board ought to be concerned about.

The witness has testified that that was a recommendation that it be done and that would be a better way to minimize the impacts of building the barge slip there.

Nobody has contended that we ought to leave

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the barge slip there once it is built.

So, I don't understand why we're pursuing this line of questions.

(Bench Conference)

JUDGE LINENBERGER: Mr. Copeland, perhaps,

I can and, indeed, shall speak for the Board here

with respect to our interest in this line of questioning

of the cross-examiner.

Our Board's frequently are exposed to possible environmental insults to a number of extremes throughout various parts of the country.

Sometimes these are significant and sometimes they are not; but we try not to let our own judgments determine that decision, other than to exercise them on what evidence is in the record.

Now, then, one way of looking at this particular situation is that to install or construct the barge slip in the first place involves a first insult to this stream of some sort.

Make no judgment about how serious that insult is at this point.

It is conceivable, however, that having made that first insult it might be desirable to go away and let the river recover, rather than subject it to a second insult and try to put it back to the way it was in the

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first place.

Now, I won't speak for Dr. Cheatum here; but to me that is a reasonable thing to be interested in.

And, I didn't really hear the witness answer Mr. Doggett's question in the context that I have just put -- expressed our interest.

That's all I have to say.

MR. COPELAND: I didn't either, Your Honor, and I didn't hear it going in that direction.

I don't have any quarrel with what you just said; but it just seemed to me that we're, you know, we're never getting anywhere in the way the questioning was going.

I withdraw my objection.

THE WITNESS: I will try to answer this as best I can.

If you'll refer to Figure 2, Exhibit 16, it might be of some assistance.

First, I would like to point out a few things that would have to be maintained should the barge slip be left in place.

The excavation itself will be riprapped there will be erosion protection in that form; and the area will be cleared -- the work area.

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20024 (202) 554-2345 D.C. WASHINGTON, BUILDING, REPORTERS S.W. 300 7TH STREET, The material from that excavation will be stock-piled and the excavation material storaged in the upper righthand portion of the figure.

If the barge slip was left in that condition, these areas would have to be maintained or there would be subsequent erosion, the area would not be in the natural state that it is in now.

Additionally, as with most rivers in the coastal plain, they are somewhat dynamic with respect to erosion and deposition.

It is unlikely that if the riprap was not maintained along the slopes of that barge slip that it would stay in its condition as left immediately after offloading the barge.

To restore it to a natural condition would allow the river to return to its normal deposition on an erosional pattern.

BY MR. DOGGETT:

- Q. Well, is it your opinion, then, that restoration and the related environmental impacts will be less than those impacts of simply leaving the area as is?
 - A That is my opinion.
- And, did Georgia Henderson and Dr. Smith both, did either or both of them express an opinion on this particular question so you?

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Q. You have no idea whether or not that particular contractor has any experience in restoring land such as this particular site that will have to be restored do you?

A. I'm aware that they do have experience in restoring land.

Not specifically, but I'm aware of their experience in general.

> Okay. 0

> > They do have such experience?

A. Yes.

Are you asked by -- Have you been asked or do you anticipate being asked by HL&P to recommend a contractor to perform the restoration work?

A. I have not been asked by HL&P to recommend a contractor and I do not anticipate being asked by HL&P to recommend a contractor.

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Q Did you recommend this particular contractor in the first place?

A No, sir.

JUDGE LINENBERGER: Following on from that question, Mr. Hussey, can you say how it came about that there was correspondence between that particular contractor and Dames & Moore?

THE WITNESS: Sir, the contractor had been identified prior to our being contacted to evaluate the environmental impact of this site.

We were broght together by the Applicant.

JUDGE LINENBERGER: Thank you.

BY MR. DOGGETT:

Q. On page 14 of Exhibit 16, the second full paragraph, you discuss the fact that the present plan is not to segregate the soils when they are removed.

They will be all mixed together, then dumped back in.

Will the fact that these soils will not be segregated have a greater environmental impact than if they were segregated?

- A No.
- a And, how do you know that?
- A. Because of our general experience in reclamation.

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- Q Well, what is your experience in reclamation?
 - A I said ours, Dames & Moore's in particular.

Dr. Smith has participated in lignite mining evaluations with respect to soils reclamation projects, to address this specifically. The clays and the soils mentioned are not particularly different to the depth of the excavation itself.

Q. There is a statement at the end of that paragraph that the change in the soils will probably not effect groundwater recharge capabilities.

Do you anticipate that it would have any effect on what type of plants it might be able to sustain or anything of that nature?

- A That would depend on how it is replaced.
- Q Do you anticipate actually replanting plants on this material, or do you intend to let nature take its course?
 - A. We haven't addressed that to my knowledge.
- Q. If this soil is not seeded or does not have plants placed on it after its put back into the slip, do you foresee erosion problems?
 - A. Was your question related to erosion?
 - Q This question is.
- A. The plan would be to seed the slopes to prevent erosion after the area is restored.

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Who in your company did you consult concerning the possible effects on the roadways of moving an object this heavy?

Did you do this analysis yourself or did you consult someone else in your company?

- A The structural effects on roadways were evaluated by American Rigging, not by Dames & Moore.
- Q What experience, if any, is you understanding that they have in evaluating such effects?
- A I believe they have just recently completed a contract moving similar vessels in the State of Washington, but Dames & Moore did not work with them on that to my knowledge so I cannot speak to that any further.
- Q. Then, you do not know whether or not they performed the road analysis in that particular --
- A I have been informed that they performed analysis such as these.
 - I am familiar with their representative.
- I have confidence that he is qualified to do that.
 - Q What type of -- Who is their representative?
- A Our contact has been with a Mr. Gerald McClellan, whom I believe you will see referenced in the document.
 - Q. And what did he discuss with you, or did you

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                     ask him about his qualifications for making such an
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                     analysis?
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                              A
                                       Yes.
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                                       And, what did he say?
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                                      I cannot recall exactly.
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BY MR. DOGGETT:

- Q Are the prime movers that will be attached to the front and rear of the RVP vehicle tracked or tired vehi .es?
 - A. They're tired. It's pneumatic.
 - w Okay.

How do they compare in size to, say, your usual 18-wheeled tractor puller?

A They're significantly larger.

MR. SCOTT: Mr. Chairman, I would like a clarification if possible. Are we talking about the tires or the vehicles, when we're talking about them be...g significantly larger?

JUDGE WOLFE: To whom are you directing that?

MR. SCOTT: The witness.

MR. DOGGETT: I'll ask the question.

BY MR. DOGGETT:

- Are you referring to the tires or the whole vehicle or both?
- A Not the tires, the horizontal dimensions of the vehicle.
- Q When you calculated the weight of this group of vehicles and transporters, did you include the weight of those movers?
 - A Dames & Moore did not calculate the weight for

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the vehicle.

- Q jid American Rigging perform that calculation?
- A I believe that's correct.
- Q Do you know whether or not they included the weight of the prime movers?

MR. COPELAND: For what purpose, Mr. Doggett?

MR. "IGGETT: I'm trying to determine the like ihood of damage to roads and how that was calculated.

MR. COPELAND: Thank you.

THE WITNESS: Sir, I'm not sure whether they calculated it. But as you'll see, the total weight -Please refer to page one of Exhibit No. 16, if you would.

The last full paragraph on the page indicates a weight of 1190 tons with a total weight when mounted on the overland trailer.

That indicates that the trailer weight is included in the weight of the vessel. A d that indicates the weight of the trailer per se would be a small part of the weight of the vessel.

BY MR. DOGGETT:

- Q Apparently -- Well, you can't tell whether that actually includes the weight of the movers itself?
 - A. No.
- Q Do you have any idea what those vehicles will weigh?

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- A I suspect it will be a small -- a very small and insignificant proportion of the weight of the vessel.
- Q On page 16 of Exhibit 16 towards the end of the first full paragraph, there's a statement that rest stops will be planned at 10- to 15-mile intervals. Do you have any idea what the purpose of those rest stops would be?
- A The logistics of the moving operation would be handled by American Rigging. The purpose of the rest stops, to the best of my understanding, is to facilitate planking and construction for the next day's activities, things of that nature, to avoid moving through certain areas during the night time hours where it would be somewhat dangerous.
- ably in your testimony, the statement is made that the choice of the overland -- one of the factors in the choice of the overland route was to avoid as many towns as possible.

Is that a fair characterization of the testimony?

- A. That's true.
- Q Did American Rigging, or did Dames & Moore do any traffic load analysis of any of these roadways?
 - A Dames & Moore did not obtain any state

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20024 (202) 554-2345 WASHINGTON, D.C. 300 7TH STREET, S.W., REPORTERS BUILDING, statistics on traffic counts.

I am award that American Rigging has had many discussions with the State Highway Department regarding the feasibility of these alternative routes. However, I do not know whether they got specific traffic counts.

Most of these roads, you understand, are quite rural; and the traffic counts are very low.

- Q Did American Rigging tell you specifically how many prepared rest stops they felt they would have to construct?
- A I believe that will be decided as a function of weather conditions and other factors at the time of the move.
- Q What is entailed in preparing a rest stop site?
 - A. I'm afraid I can't answer that.
- Q Do you have any idea whether these prepared rest stop sites might have any type of environmental impacts?
- A Not of significance. They're generally preplanned areas providing sufficient width off the shoulder of the highway to cover the area occupied by the equipmen:.

They're not expecting to construct or place fill, I don't believe, to facilitate use of shoulder

areas and so on.

Q Did American Rigging discuss with you the possible pitfalls or dangers of just pulling off the road somewhere? I would assume there could be some real problems there.

A It was discussed. Their intent is certainly not to pull off the road just anywhere. They would plan their stops in advance and everything would be co-ordinated with state and local officials.

A Have you done any studies or looked at any reports of similar overland moves of reactor pressure vessels?

A. Not of reactor pressure vessels, no, sir.

JUDGE LINENBERGER: What about other kinds of equipment of comparable weight?

THE WITNESS: I was involved in a study that Dames & Moore did some years ago to transport a chemical vessel -- a pressure vessel at a location in Indonesia. We had to build up -- recommend building up bridges and roadways to transport that vessel.

JUDGE LINENBERGER: Thank you.

BY MR. DOGGETT:

Now referring to one of the exhibits contained in Exhibit 16, a Texas Highway Department letter dated

August 30, 1974, addressed to American Rigging and

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Construction Company, Inc., attention: Mr. Paul Storm -Do you have that?

- A. Yes, sir.
- On page two of that letter -- well, actually at the bottom of page one of that lette, requirement five states that the base of all roads mus' se dry.

How has American Rigging taken into consideration the dangers of heavy rains, possibly holding up this transportation?

- A. You'll have to ask them, sir.
- Q On page two of that letter, in item six, the Highway Department apparently lays down the requirement that once the move has begun, it should not stop. That seems to be somewhat of a contradiction between the other materials we've talked about.

Can you -- Have you discussed that with American Rigging?

- A No, I have no ..
- Q Do you know whether or not the Texas Highway

 Department has ever issued a permit for an object of this

 size and weight to be moved over the highways?
- A I don't have any personal knowledge of that. But I would certainly assume so.
- Q I believe that no permit application has been made to the Texas Highway Department as of this date. Is

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that correct?

A. I'm not aware of that.

Q On pages 16 and 17 of Exhibit 16, there is a differentiation made between light vehicle traffic and heavy vehicle traffic; the apparent difference being that the detours for heavier vehicles will probably be longer than for the light vehicles.

Did American Rigging do any kind of analysis as to the amount of heavy vehicle traffic along the proposed route?

A. I'm not aware of their detailed studies, or any studies in that regard.

Q Are you aware that there's quite a bit of heavy oilfield equipment moved on these roads?

MR. COPELAND: I'm going to object to that unless you specify which road you're speaking of, Mr. Doggett.

MR. DOGGETT: The roads of the proposed route.

THE WITNESS: I'm not aware that there's a lot of heavy oilfield equipment moved on those roads.

BY MR. DOGGETT:

Q On page 26 of Exhibit 16 you discuss the alternative of building a temporary bridge across the San Bernard River. And you state that this alternative

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was not chosen because of the many uncertainties and complications associated with the possible acquisition of land and the construction and removal of the bridge.

Do you have any idea who owns the lands in question?

- A. No.
- Q Do you have any idea whether anyone with your company or anyone with HL&P made any effort to determine whether or not they could acquire that land?
- A. No one from Dames & Moore made any inquiries in that regard. Personnel from American Rigging, or their client, I believe, did make such inquiries.
 - Q What was the problem in acquiring the land?
- A. I don't believe the problem is simply one of acquisition of the land, but going from the land surface to the water and so on, there are many different land owners.

. It was also Dames & Moore's opinion that the impacts associated with that type of construction would be more significant than those of the barge slip itself.

- Q Could you be more specific as to what impacts would be greater for the construction of a temporary bridge, as opposed to the slip?
- A. We did not analyze the specific method of construction, so I could only postulate about methods for

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It would involve driving piling in the river, excavation along the river bank for abutments. This would cause some disturbance to the aquatic environment.

.It would not take place over a short period of time either. It would extend for some period of time.

- Q Is there any method that you're aware of to build a temporary bridge other than the things you've talked about?
 - A I suspect that there are.
 - Q What types of methods would those be?
- A I can only guess, and I'm not sure that they would be adequate to support a vessel such as this.
- Q Could you give us some idea of what some of those other methods might be?
 - A Pontoons.
 - Q Any others?
 - A. I'm afraid not.

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BY MR. DOGGETT:

- Q Did Ms. Henderson visit the site where this possible temporary bridge would be constructed?
- A. We have indicated that the thought given to the construction of a temporary bridge would be at a location immediately downstream, or just downstream of the existing bridge, so it would be in the site area itself.

And having visited the site, I can feel confident that she did see the area of the river at that location, yes.

- Q Well, did she tell you that she visited that particular place?
 - A. No.
 - Q Did she ever discuss that with you?
 - A. No.
- Q Did she ever discuss with you what the probable environmental impacts would be of putting a temporary bridge there?
 - A. No.
- Referring to Figure 2 in Exhibit 16, right behind the proposed slip is an area with little plants drawn, and it says "Cyperus wetland." What types of plants are growing in that Cyperus wetland?
- A. Excuse me. I'm going to have to refer to the next.

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(Pause.)

A If I could refer you to page five, we indicate that palmetto occurs throughout the site, but is more common in depressions.

And subsequently, that the areas of the depressions are dominated by sedges (Cyperus, C-y-p-e-r-u-s, s-p) around the margins.

- Q Well, what my concern was that there were cypress trees there and there was just a misspelling. There are no cypress trees there?
 - A Not to my knowledge, sir.
 - Q Okay.

On page 36 of Exhibit 16 -- excuse me, 34 of Exhibit 16, in response to question seven, the statement is made that borings will be drilled at the site to evaluate engineering characteristics of the soil.

And this is done to determine whether or not the spoil can be classified as hazardous under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976.

Have any borings been done at this site yet?

- A Yes, sir.
- And have they been analyzed?
- A. They have been analyzed for geotechnical characteristics. They have been examined to determine whether any tests should be made for toxic characteristics.

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No tests were performed on these samples for toxic characteristics. They were judged to be innocuous.

- Are you saying no further tests were performed because they were innocuous, or that the tests haven't been performed yet?
- A. Forgive me. I overanswered your question.

 The only tests performed were for soil

 properties. There were no tests performed relative to

 chemical constituents, to my knowledge.
 - a Okay.

Do you have any idea why this wasn't done when you had the soil samples available?

A. Examination of the soil samples indicated that they were indicative of natural deposits in the area, and that there were no foreign substances in those soils.

Q Do you anticipate having any chemical analysis performed just to be on the safe side?

A. No.

MR. DOGGETT: I pass the witness, and I would like to be excused at this time.

JUDGE WOLFE: All right, Mr. Doggett, you're excused.

We'll recess until five minutes till 4:00.

(A short recess was taken.)

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JUDGE WOLFE: On the record.

Mr. Copeland, the Board has been conferring. It has been our inclination .. our decision to request that Ms. Georgia Henderson and Dr. Alan Smith be called as a panel, together with Mr. Hussey; if possible, to be called tomorrow morning the first thing, so that we can have their input on the environmental ecological impacts that are addressed in the report and testimony, particularly in the report attached to Mr. Hussey's testimony.

Would this be possible?

MR. COPELAND: I don't know. We'll just have to check.

JUDGE WOLFE: All right.

In the mean time, so that we do not waste the balance of the afternoon, Mr. Doherty and Mr. Scott, we will restrict -- you will restrict your cross-examination to Mr. Hussey upon the engineering matters covered in his testimony, and also on any matters -- or aspects of the delivery plan for the reactor pressure vessel.

MR. COPELAND: Your Honor, I really object to that procedure. If we're going to have Mr. Smith and Ms. Henderson here, I would ask that all three witnesses be on as a panel together, because -- I ... you know, I think Mr. Hussey is competent and qualified to testify

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about some of the environmental matters in this report.

And I suggest that if we're going to try to save time, that we proceed and put in his testimony on the agricultural impacts and go ahead with the cross-examination on that piece of testimony; and we'll take back up with the barge slip when the other two witnesses are here.

(Beach conference.)

MR. SCOTT: Mr. Chairman --

JUDGE WOLFE: Yes.

MR. SCOTT: If I understood what just happened, the Board suggested that we should restrict -for the balance of the afternoon -- our questioning to
engineering things, non-environmental things, in a rough
way; and then that tomorrow, all three witnesses would be
on and all three could be questioned on -- It wasn't
clear to me if it meant everything in the testimony or
all environmental things.

But if I understood Mr. Copeland's objection, it was something like this witness was competent to talk about environmental things. And if he can talk about them tomorrow, I don't see how there's any delay, or anything caused by your earlier suggestion.

I don't know why he objected.

MR. COPELAND: It's a waste of time, Your

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Honor. It's pretty obvious that if we're going to have two other people brought in here, all of whom are going to provide cumulative testimony, that we might as well have them all three here at the same time and let whoever which one of the three of them wants to answer the question answer the question.

JUDGE WOLFE: Well, it's getting late in the afternoon. We're not ready to proceed with the other portion -- other testimony of Mr. Hussey.

It is our conclusion that for the balance of the afternoon, we will hear the limited cross-examination by counsel directed to this witness, solely on engineering matters covered in his testimony and report and -- as to the engineering matters and as to the delivery plan.

I think this will forward our progress in the case. And tomorrow Mr. Hussey may remain as a member of the panel. And if there are -- and we will have them cross-examined as a panel, and not as individual members, because it's obvious that there has been input certainly by Ms. Henderson and Dr. Smith into this report.

So we will have them aboard tomorrow - all three people, all three witnesses. And we will hear then the cross-examination on ecology and environmental

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We will proceed now.

MR. SCOTT: Mr. Chairman, there's one additional issue that has come up. Mr. Doggett just asked to be dismissed. I guess he meant for the duration of the testimony of this witness ... before this new thing came up.

Now I would like to be able to go to the library where he's at now working, to determine if he needs -- would like to come back and sit out the rest of the afternoon, so he could cross-examine tomorrow or --

JUDGE WOLFE: We'll give you five minutes to check with him.

You're excused. We'll have a recess in place for five minutes.

MR. SCOTT: Okay.

And another alternative which the Board might be willing to consider is that if Mr. Doggett could just come back in the morning and not cross-examine this gentleman any more, but the other two people.

JUDGE WOLFE: Well, let Mr. Doggett come back and speak for himself.

MR. SCOTT: Thank you.

JUDGE WOLFE: We'll have a recess for five minutes in place.

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(A short racess was taken.)

JUDGE WOLFE: Back on the record.

Did you contact Mr. Doggett, and why didn't he come back?

MR. SCOTT: Yes, I contacted Mr. Doggett.

He's down in the library reading the record. And he said thanks for giving him the chance, but he has to be in court -- in trial tomorrow morning.

So he can't accomplish anything by being here for the last hour of today.

JUDGE WOLFE: All right.

What do you have to report, Mr. Copeland?

MR. COPELAND: Ms. Henderson is in town

Mr. Smith is not.

Mr. Hussey will just have to try tonight to get in touch with Mr. Smith. And if he's here, I guess he'll just show up here tomorrow. I don't know what else we can do, unless the Board is willing to go forward with just Ms. Henderson.

JUDGE WOLFE: Well, at least for this afternoon we'll proceed on the limited cross-examination of Mr. Hussey.

If Dr. Smith is not available tomorrow morning, then we'll just have to set over cross-examination of the panel consisting of Mr. Hussey, Dr. Smith and Ms.

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Henderson until some later date when all three are available.

All right. We'll proceed through the balance of the afternoon then on the cross-examination on the limited basis that the Board has prescribed.

You may now proceed, Mr. Doherty.

MR. DOHERTY: Okay.

CROSS-EXAMINATION

BY MR. DOHERTY:

Q Mr. Hussey, how close will the barge -- well, the bottom of the barge be to the river bottom through the transit?

MR. COPELAND: Asked and answered in his direct testimony, Your Honor. It explains the dimensions of the barge, and it explains the depth of the channel.

JUDGE WOLFE: Isn't that so?

MR. DOHERTY: Well, knowing the dimensions of the barge won't tell me how far the barge will sink down.

JUDGE WOLFE: It says, I think, at page one of the report that the barge will draft about eight feet when loaded.

MR. COPELAND: And it tells on page six fully loaded what it will draft.

MR. SCOTT: Mr. Chairman, I can't argue and

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don't argue that that statement is not in there, but I do know there is a whole lot more to it than that.

JUDGE WOLFE: Well, there may be a lot more to it than that. But I'm waiting -- But the question that Mr. Doherty put has been asked.

Now with that, I will sustain the objection. But you may proceed from there, Mr. Doherty, to develop whatever your area of concern is.

- - A. It's not.

BY MR. DOHERTY:

- Q. Do you know the weight of the reactor vessel?
- A I don't personally know it. It's in our data.
 - Q I see.

Mr. Hussey, are you familiar with the Draft Supplement to the Final Environmental Statement related to the construction of Allens Creek Nuclear Generating Station, Unit No. 1?

- A Yes, sir.
- Q Do you have it with you?
- A. Yes, sir.
- Q Yes, I think that's it.

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WASHINGTON, D.C. 20024 (202) 554-2345 MO 7TH STREET, S.W., REPORTERS BUILDING, Would you turn to page 3-4, please.

Do you see there in the second paragraph -- well, the first complete paragraph on that page --

- A Yes.
- Q All right.

Does that give what your understanding is of the reactor pressure vessel's weight?

- A Yes, sir.
- Q 1052 short tons.
- A That's shipping weight.
- Q All right.

Would you expect there to be a difference between the shipping weight and the weight when loaded on the barge?

- A. There are rigs attached to it, it's my understanding, so the weight could vary.
 - Q I see.

Now in your testimony on page one of Exhibit

16 -- I'm sorry, I may have misled you there.

The total weight when mounted on the overland rig of the reactor pressure vessel will be 1190 tons.

- Are those short tons?
 - A Yes, sir.
 - Q I see.

Now, would there be anything incorrect in

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subtracting the tonnage given on page 3-4 of the Draft Supplement from this 1190 tons?

A I can't attest to that, not having supplied the data for the Supplement myself.

- Q Well, you test fied a while ago that you thought the weight of the prime mover was small compared to the weight of the reactor vessel. Do you still believe that's true?
 - A Yes.
 - Q Is small in your mind more than ten percent?
 - A No.
 - Q Is it more than five percent?
- A I can't estimate the -- I believe I tried to answer this -- I can't estimate the weight of the trailers that move this. I don't know that I can quantify what I mean by "small."
- Q Uh-huh. Well, what would be wrong with simply concluding that they weigh 132 short tons?
 - A Because I don't believe that's correct.
 - Q All right.

Tell me why you think that's incorrect,

22 please.

A. If you will refer to page one of Applicant's Exhibit 16, it says the RPV will be mounted and shipped on a lifting and upending rig.

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Now, in addition to the trailers, the weight of that lifting and upending rig contributes weight to the total weight of the vessel when shipped overland.

- Q The lifting and upending rig?
- A That's my understanding.
- Q Do they go on the shipment the whole 50 miles, or are they removed?
- A. That's, I believe, what it says. I believe that's correct.
 - Q All right.

To what is it that you refer to that you believe is correct?

- A. That the lifting and upending rig is attached to and associated with the RPV vessel.
 - Q. And moves with it on the trip overland?
 - A Yes.
 - a Okay.

You state at the bottom of page one that the barge will draft about eight feet when loaded, and that it will go 26 miles.

Are you familiar with the hydrographic bulletins put out by the Department of the Army, Galveston District Corps of Engineers with regard to channel depths in various rivers in Texas?

A. Generally.

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I see.

MR. DOHERTY: May I approach the witness, Your

Honor?

JUDGE WOLFE: Certainly.

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(Document is shown to the witness.)

BY MR. DOGGETT:

Q Mr. Hussey, did I just show you a hydrographic bulletin which gives channel depths of the San Bernard River channel from Mile 0 to Mile 26?

- A. I believe so.
- Q All right.

Do you recall what the Corps of Lagineers gives as the feet and widths of the dredged channel?

MR. COPELAND: I'm going to object, Your Honor. The witness has not identified the document.

All that Mr. Doherty has done is say that he did show him the document. He hadn't demonstrated that the witness is familiar with the document, that he knows what the document is, or that it indeed says what Mr. Doherty says it does.

JUDGE WOLFE: Yes, Mr. Doherty, back up nd lay your foundation.

MR. DOHERTY: Yes.

BY MR. DOHERTY:

Q Mr. Hussey, are you familiar with this type of information?

A Yes --

MR. COPELAND: I'm going to -- Your Honor, the question is not type of information. The question is

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whether he's familiar with that specific document.

JUDGE WOLFE: Identify the document first, Mr. Doherty. Then proceed with your questioning.

MR. DOHERTY: All right.

The specific document is called "The Hydrographic Bulletin" put out by the Department of the Army,

Galveston District, Corps of Engineers, Post Office Box -well, I don't think I need to read all of that.

But the Corps of Engineers from Galveston.

JUDGE WOLFE: The date?

MR. DOHERTY: 1 January 1981.

JUDGE WOLFE: All right.

MR. DOHERTY: Subtitle: "Report of the Depths Available for Navigation in the Federal Project Waterways of the Galveston District."

BY MR. DOHERTY:

- Are you familiar with that document, sir?
- A Not that document specifically, until you just showed it to me.
- Are you familia: with hydrographic bulletins of the channel depths of the San Bernard River that's put out by the Corps of Engineers in Galveston?
 - A We have reviewed such information, yes.
 - Q I see.

Now what did your reviews show, sir?

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wide	and	9	feet	deep	up	to	River	Mile	26/	27,	in	that	
vic	iity.												

Q All right.

MR. DOHERTY: May I approach the witness

again?

JUDGE WOLFE: Yes.

BY MR. DOHERTY:

Q What is the approximate width of the Brazos
River at its narrowest point in the 26 miles from the
Mile 0 to the offloading site, please?

MR. COPELAND: You said Brazos.

MR. DOHERTY: I meant to say San Bernard.

THE WITNESS: Would you repeat the question,

please?

BY MR. DOHERTY:

a All right.

What is the narrowest width, to your knowledge, of the San Bernard River from Mile 0 to the proposed landing place?

A I don't have information on the narrowest width. The information that I'm familiar with is that they maintain the dredged channel 100 feet in width.

That's certainly not the total width of the river, which is much larger.

- Do you know of any point on the river that's narrower than 100 feet between those two points?
 - A No, I don't.
 - Q All right.

Did I not just show you a document a moment ago which shows that the depths in the middle half of the channel are less than nine feet?

MR. COPELAND: I'm going to object, Your Honor. The witness has stated that he is not familiar with that document. Therefore, the document is not admissible in evidence; and I object to any further questions on that document.

MR. DOHERTY: The gentleman was shown the document a moment ago. So he's familiar with it now.

I'm asking him about a column of numbers, which is ... six numbers.

I'm asking him if any of those were indeed less than nine feet.

MR. COPELAND: Your Honor, there's no evidence in this record to authenticate that document, to establish that it is in fact a document published by the Corps of Engineers or that the truth of the matter contained therein is true.

JUDGE WOLFE: You are challenging then the authenticity of this document?

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MR. COPELAND: I certainly am. Yes, sir.

MR. DOHERTY: Your Honor, the document has the seal -- Well, on page three of the document it gives dredged dimensions for several bayous and a single river channel.

The dates correspond -- 1 January '81.

It looks like you're in conference, so I'll stop a minute.

(Bench conference.)

JUDGE LINENBERGER: While we're in a pause here, Mr. Doherty, is that an excerpt from the document or a complete document?

MR. DOHERTY: No, it's an incomplete docu-

JUDGE LINENBERGER: I:'s an incomplete docu-

MR. DOHERTY: Yes, sir.

JUDGE WOLFE: May we see the document, Mr.

Doherty?

ment.

ment?

(Document is handed to Judge Wolfe.)

JUDGE WOLFE: Thank you.

The numbers appearing on this document that you wish to refer to and bring to the att. tion of the witness, do they differ from the numbers appearing in the witness' testimony and attached report, as well as

differ from those numbers which appear in the Draft
Supplement to the Staff's Final Environmental Statement?

MR. DOHERTY: I'm not sure about the Draft Supplement. But to my knowledge, they differ from the testimony just heard, which was that nine feet was the depth through the channel.

JUDGE WOLFE: All right. And this document, you say, reflects what? For the channel?

MR. DOHERTY: Through the center, which I would believe would be the most significant statistic, I asked him if there were not measure that of seven and eight feet.

JUDGE WOLFE: Seven or eight feet?

MR. DOHERTY: Yes.

MR. COPELAND: Your Honor, the trouble with that document is that there's no indication on there of what the tide level is in the river, whether there's a variance in the tide levels from month to month.

That's the problem with not having the entire document here. That's the problem ... that's the whole reason the Rules of Evidence don't allow in documents that aren't self-authenticating or that can't be identified through a witness.

I would point out that there is a letter in Exhibit 16 from the Department of Army Corps of Engineers

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dated August 30, 1974 that contradicts the information that is in that particular excerpt, from whatever document it is that we're talking about here.

So I think it's really introducing evidence into the record that is not good evidence, because it's not clear where it came from, what other information may be in the document, and what the circumstances are -
JUDGE WOLFE: You're referring to what --

MR. COPELAND: There's a letter dated

August 30, 1974.

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MR. DOHERTY: Is this the letter to American Rigging, counsel?

MR. COPELAND: Yes.

MR. BLACK: Judge Wolfe, I would indicate that, at least, it is my opinion that hydrological bulletins are records that are kept in the normal course of business by the Army Corps of Engineers.

It is an official government publication.

As such, I believe the Board can take judicial notice of such documents.

However, I have a reservation with respect to the document before you in that it shows a limited portion of a hydrological billetin in which case definitions of minimum depths, for instance, may not be explained.

The dredging depth of nine feet may not be explained, whether that is at mean-low tide or whether it is average depth or what have you.

In which case we may not get a complete explanation of the terms that are in that excerpt before you.

If such a document is wished to be brought in, I think the complete document should be brought in and then the Board can take judicial notice of it.

But, I think it is improper of the Board to take judicial notice of an excerpt from a government

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document without having the complete document before it.

JUDGE WOLFE: Do you have the complete document at your disposal, either at your office or home or wherever?

Is there one accessible to you?

MR. DOHERTY: Well, the document that --

JUDGE WOLFE: One that you can show the Board

tomorrow?

MR. DOHERTY: The document was given me by Dr. Marrack.

My best guess is that I believe the University of Houston library is likely to have the complete document.

They are open, I believe, this evening for a few hours past our usual work time.

That would be my only shot at getting hold of it, and I would do that in order to authenticate it or meet these requirements.

I don't think I could leave the hearing for it right now.

I don't think you'd desire that.

(Bench Conference)

MR. SCOTT: Mr. Chairman?

JUDGE WOLFE: Mr. Scott.

MR. SCOTT: I don't have the document in front

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of me right now but I have looked at it before and the best I can remember there was some indication on one of those two pages that indicated that tidal levels or -- that it was measured at.

I'm not a hundred percent sure of that, but I think if you look closely you can infer that.

Secondly, I see nothing in Applicant's and this witness' testimony that is any more finitive specifically on page 6 it says each annel ". . . is approximately 100 feet wide and 9 feet deep, and extends from the confluence of the San Bernard River and the Gulf Intracoastal Waterway to River Mile 26".

There's nothing about any tidal effects, low tide, high tide minimum or anything else in that.

Although, I agree that can be of some importance, although I'd think very little at this part of the river some 26 miles upstream.

I think you'll find there's very little tidal influence.

But, in any case I think that it is the kinds of information that reasonable men could rely on and I think the Board has the discretion, at least, if not the obligation; at least, the discretion to admit that sort of information in as it is. And, certainly, subject to being confirmed with an original document at some later

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(Bench Conference)

JUDGE WOLFE: What time does the library

close? The Houston Library tonight?

MR. DOHERTY: I believe it's -- I don't really actually know.

I should know, but I don't.

I believe it does close after we will probably be finished here.

I think it closes -- I think there's time enough for me to go, is what I'm saying. At this moment I believe that.

JUDGE WOLFE: All right.

MR. SCOTT: Mr. Chairman?

JUDGE WOLFE: Yes.

MR. OTT: Mr. Doherty knows as well as I do this week is perhaps a little strange in that I don't think the University is having classes this week, so there may be some change in the normal library hours.

I don't know that answer.

JUDGE WOLFE: In any event, Mr. Copeland, do you have access to a recent hydrographic bulletin?

MR. COPELAND: I do not.

JUDGE WOLFE: Does your witness?

THE WITNESS: I could check, Your Honor.

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But, I'm not sure.

I have to make a call to my office.

JUDGE WOLFE: All right.

We will recess now, and you'll make an effort to get the complete document from the Houston Library.

In the meantime, Mr. Hussey, if you would check your files and see if you have the January 1, 1981 Hydrographic Bulletin, published -- prepared and published by the Department of Army, Galveston Corps of Engineers --

THE WITNESS: Excuse me. But it would be of some assistance if I could get a Xerox copy of Mr. Doherty's document to try and locate it.

JUDGE WOLFE: Well, you can take a look at it.

now, but in any event we'll recess until tomorrow morning at 9:00 a.m.

The witness will look at the page so he can get the proper title.

And, we'll proceed tomorrow morning with cross-examination, hopefully, with the full panel and you may proceed with your examination, Mr. Doherty, on this point.

That is if you have the complete copy of this Bulletin.

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MR. DOHERTY: All right, sir.

JUDGE WOLFE: All right.

Recess -- Yes. Well, one other thing -- Judge Linenberger, yes.

JUDGE LINENBERGER: Well, I just wanted to make an observation here that having the full document before us may satisfy certain procedural requirements, but there's a possibility without some tidal-reach information we may not be able to resolve some technical consideration to the point of bringing this in in the first place.

So, I just offered that observation for the benefit of whoever might be addressing this matter tomorrow.

observation to that, is that there is a possibility that this kind of data produced monthly by the Corps may have a relationship as to what the maintenance problems are for the Corps that has to plan for in relation to dredging, width changes, depth changes, and so on.

And, unless the Corps itself has diminished its commitments to maintaining an operable channel on the San Bernard River to ten feet or better in depth, and a hundred feet width, then, this information is not going to give us any definitive data on what the significance

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of this report is to the time period when transportation of the reactor vessel is scheduled.

So, --

MR. COPELAND: That was my whole problem with the whole question.

Because it is not a self-explanatory document, it doesn't do anything to contradict the testimony that is in the case.

It is all on a wild goose chase.

MR. DOHERTY: Thank you, gentlemen, for that.

MR. SCOTT: Mr. -- Dr. Cheatum?

JUDGE CHEATUM: Yes.

MR. SCOTT: I agree with the point you have just made.

I mean, I was aware of that, but I think it at least goes to the question as to whether or not the Corps really does always maintain that channel. And, so at least to meet a schedule of Applicant it may be the requirement of additional dredging.

MR. COPELAND: Well, that's just absolutely false, Mr. Scott, because the Corps maintains the channel that depth for everybody's purposes. In fact, Mr. Hussey's testimony points out that there are barges that draw as much as this barge is going to draw that come up the river to the barge slip directly across the river.

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So, I don't see how you could possibly make a statement like that.

MR. SCOTT: The data makes the statement.

JUDGE WOLFE: Well, we'll proceed in the

morning.

We're not deciding anything. There may be something in this Bulletin that may be helpful. It may not be.

We'll just have to wait and see.

All right.

We will recess until 9:00 a.m.

(Whereup , at 4:50 p.m. the hearing was recessed, to reconvene on Wednesday, March 18, 1981, at 9:00 a.m. in the same hearing room.)

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This is to pertify that the attached proceedings before the NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION in the matter of: HOUSTON LIGHTING & POWER COMPANY DATE of Proceedings: March 17, 1981

Docket Number: 50-466

Place of Proceedings: Houston, Texas

were held as herein appears, and that this is the original transcript thereof for the file of the Commission.

Mary L. Bagby

Mary L Bay by Official Reporter (Strature)

Official Reporter (Typed)