NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION



COMMISSION MEETING

In the Matter of: PUBLIC MEETING

BRIEFING BY IE ON CURRENT STATUS OF INDIAN POINT-2 INVESTIGATION OF THE CONTAINMENT FLOODING EVENT, AND BASIS FOR ALLOWING RESTART OF INDIAN POINT-3 AND DISCUSSION OF INSTRUCTIONS TO BOARD ON INDIAN POINT PROCEEDING

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5	BRIEFING BY IE ON CURRENT STATUS OF INDIAN POINT-2
6	INVESTIGATION OF THE CONTAINMENT FLOODING EVENT, AND
7	BASIS FOR ALLOWING RESTART OF INDIAN POINT-3
8	AND
9	DISCUSSION OF INSTRUCTIONS TO BOARD
10	ON INDIAN POINT PROCEEDING
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13	Nuclear Regulatory Commission Commissioner's Conference Room
14	17.17 H Street, N.W. Washington, D.C.
15	Friday, November 14, 1980
16	The Commission met, pursuant to notice, at 10:00 a.m.
17	BEFORE:
18	JOHN F. AHEARNE, Chairman of the Commission
19	VICTOR GILINSKY, Cormissioner
20	JOSEPH M. HENDRIE, Commissioner
21	PETER A. BRADFORD, Commissioner
22	NRC STAFF PRESENT:
23	LEONARD BICKWIT, General Counsel
24	WILLIAM J. DIRCKS, Executive Director for Operations,
25	

1 NRC STAFF PRESENT (con	tinued	:(!
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- 2 JOHN HOYLE, Secretary
- 3 SAMUEL J. CHILK, Secretary
- 4 VIC STELLO
- 5 HOWARD SHAPAR
- 6 ROY WOODS
- 7 ED JORDAN
- 8 ED HANRAHAN
- 9 PETER CRANE
- 10 LEONARD OLSHAN
- JOHN OLSHINSKI
- 12 UMEDAT NOONAN
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PROCEEDINGS

- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: The Commission meets this
 morning to address three items, all relating to Indian Point
 areactors.
- The first two are to hear from the director of the 6 Office of Inspection and Enforcement, Mr. Stello, both on 7 the status of the investigation of the recent event at 8 Indian Point-2, where a very large amount of water was put 9 into the containment in the cavity of the reactor vessel, 10 and, the second, to hear from Mr. Stello regarding Indian 11 Point-3 and its current status and what the staff intends to 12 have occur at Indian Point-3.
- After that we will then move to address the, once 14 again, as we have many times, come to address the order 15 establishing the board that we agreed to establish, I think 16 it was on May 30th, and we have been having some continuing 17 difficulty trying to reach a final agreement amongst the 18 four of us as to what exactly we ought to be telling the 19 board. We have a synthesis of a variety of opinions, and I 20 would hope to spend, after we hear from Mr. Stello and the 21 Commissioners are completed asking any questions, they might 22 wish to then move to that and spend the rest of the 23 morning. I do not know whether we will complete it. We --24 as we have in the past, we could then -- if we don't, we'll 25 then reschedule another meeting.

1 With that, Vic?

MR. STELLO: Okay. We're here to talk about an 3 event that began to come to our attention through a shutdown 4 at Indian Point on automatic scram, due to some various 5 equipment and personnel errors, on October the 17th, that 6 led to water coming in contact with the reactor vessel. We 7 have had since that time an ongoing inspection/investigation 8 to understand what happened, why it happened, who knew what 9 when, the purpose for -- for which will be to decide whether 10 and to what extent enforcement action is needed. We are not 11 finished with the investigation. We hope to have the 12 investigation complete in about another two weeks, so that I 13 will have a report on which to make the decision as to what 14 kind of enforcement action we may -- we -- we think is 15 appropriate.

- 16 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: You say, again, when do you 17 expect you might?
- 18 MR. STELLO: Two weeks.
- 19 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Two weeks for completion of 20 investigation or two weeks for --
- 21 MR. STELLO: Two weeks for the report to me.
- We are prepared to tell you what we know, what 23 facts we have available. I am not prepared to speak to the 24 issue of compliance or non-compliance today, simply because 25 the investigation is not even yet finished and they're still

1 conducting some interviews, finding out what had happened 2 and, more importantly, what were the -- the people-related 3 activities and who did know what when.

This morning we'll tell you what the issues are that we're looking at, give you a status report on what we sknow of the problem; and we will finish up with that discussion and then tell you what we are looking at on Indian Point-3 -- as you recall, they have been in an extended outage, and that outage is coming to the point where they're ready to make a decision on their behalf as to the plant in light of what happened at Indian Point-2.

We're going to be discussing what the issues we
think they must address before the start-up, before we're
prepared to agree that it would be acceptable to start up,
the in terms of actions that they -- they need to take and
the interpretation of the start up,
the interpretation of actions that they -- they need to take and
the interpretation of the start up,
the start-up, or,
the interpretation of the start-up, or,

There will be a number of issues that we'll have 21 to look in terms of what we understand from this event that 22 will apply to other reactors. We have issued an information 23 notice to all other reactors telling them what we do know 24 about it, so that they can assure themselves they won't have 25 this problem. We hope that next week we will have, at

- 1 least, a first bulletin to go out and set forth what
 2 additional information requirements we think ought to be
 3 placed on -- on the reactors in light of the experience, and
 4 probably will issue supplemental bulletins as we learn more,
 5 to apply to all the other reactors that might have this kind
 6 of a problem.
- With that introduction, let me turn to Roy Woods, who is prepared to brief on -- on both issues.
- 9 MR. WOODS: Okay. Why don't we just start with 10 the first slide, then.
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Roy, what is your association 12 with the -- in other words, where are you in IEE?
- MR. WOODS: Okay. I'm the person who follows
 14 operating experience on Westinghouse plants. This being a
 15 Westinghouse plant, I've been following it from the
 16 beginning. I've gone up there twice, in the containment of
 17 both, both Indian Point units, in the past two or three
 18 weeks.
- Okay, this first slide, I'm not -- I'm not going to say everything that I eventually intend to say about it; this is just a summary of the major issues that we've been acconcerned with.
- The first one is thermal effects of cold water on the hot vessel. As you probably are aware, when the water flooded into the reactor cavity, it got nine feet up on the

- 1 vessel that was still in hot stand-by. So you've got a 2 thermal stress problem. The outside skin of the vessel is 3 in -- is in -- it's in tension.
- The second one is the effect of brackish water on stainless steel components. There's an awful lot of estainless steel in that cavity. There's the little thimbles that come out of the bottom of the vessel, then the long, sweeping curve that's many, many feet long, dozens of feet glong, that comes back up to the seal table; and a lot of that got under the brackish water.
- There's adequacy of the containment sump pumps and 12 level indicators. Again as you're probably aware, both 13 containment sump pumps, for -- for two different reasons, 14 were inoperable. And the level indicators, we now believe 15 they were operable, but they did have a recent history of 16 failure, so the operators didn't trust them.
- Which brings me to the next item -- adequacy of 18 operator actions and procedures. They did not pay attention 19 to some of the indications that they did have, that being 20 the level indication and one other item that I can think of 21 right now, they declared a weir level instrument inoperable, 22 possibly prematurely, that's one thing we're looking at.
- I guess the major item, in my personal opinion, is 24 the integrity of the service water system fan coolers, the 25 service -- well, the service water system portion of the

1 containment fan coolers. There's a history of previous
2 leaks at Indian Point-2. I understand they've averaged
3 about five leaks per year, one per -- one -- let's see -4 yeah, one per year per cooler, and they have five coolers.

CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Are you defining "leak" as a

a certain rate of flow?

- MR WOODS: No, I can't get that quantitative; 8 it's just something that they had to go patch, before it was 9 more than -- than they wanted to see leaking on the floor.
- The problem with these penetrations, if you will, 11 of the service water portion of the containment fan coolers 12 are the next three items. Well, let me -- let me jump to 13 the next-to-the-last one first: post-LOCA containment 14 cooling degradation. If you had to isolate one of these 15 units, you're counting on having that cooling capability. 16 They are backup systems, this containment spray, but you've 17 nevertheless lost part of what you thought you had.
- The reason you might have to perform that 19 isolation of one of the units is the post-LOCA boron 20 dilution problem. If you have a leak, you know in the long 21 term, long-term cooling portion post-LOCA, you've got a 22 certain inventory in the containment and it's -- it's 23 borated, and if you're adding water to that, then it's not 24 as borated as you thought it was.
- 25 And then there is a brief period after a large

- 1 LOCA when the containment design pressure is greater than
 2 the service water pressure, so you have a potential leakage
 3 path -- containment contents into the service water system
 4 and back out into the river.
- 5 Let's go on to the sequence.
- We'll start back on the 1st of October. I guess
 you can start anywhere you want, but that seems the logical
 place to start because they did enter the containment to
 grepair a leak; I believe this was in the motor cooler on fan
 cooler unit No. 25. The motor cooler is a smaller coil; the
 main cooler is the -- is a large bank of -- of big
 radiators, really, that the air in containment is blown
 sacross. It's blown by a fan, which is driven by a motor;
 and there's a smaller coil that cools the air that goes over
- That's where most of the leaks have been, 17 actually, in those motor coolers.
- 18 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Motor coolers?
- 19 MR. WCODS: Yeah.
- Okay. Again, on the 3rd of October, they entered, 21 to repair a different cooler; and again, I believe, that was 22 on a motor cooling coil. At that second entry they also 23 lifted one control float on -- on -- well, on at least one 24 of the sump pumps; we're not certain whether they lifted 25 both of them or not, but they've verified essentially that

1 at least one of the pumps was -- was operable. And they had 2 had a problem with two of the level indicating lights 3 sticking, or they were -- they were on constantly, when they 4 shouldn't have been, so they also cycled those two floats.

- Let's have that second backup slide then.
- 6 I'll try to explain what the level floats are.
- 7 Okay, I'd better go over here, I think.
- g section pipe that goes down into the sump. This is the -10 this is the control float. It's a long -- it's just a lever
 11 that sticks out and a rod that goes down to a big float.
 12 When the water level comes up, this comes up and it turns on
 13 the pump. There's one on each pump.
- In addition to that, and entirely separate from 15 that, there are two columns, which are just for indication 16 purpose, they have no control function. When the water 17 level gets up to this point, it raises this little float 18 about, oh, a couple of inches and it actuates a switch 19 that's inside this rod -- the rod's about the size of my 20 thumb -- and it turns on a light in the control room and it 21 says, okay, we've got at least seven inches of water in the 22 sump; and when it gets up to the next level, that light 23 comes on, and so on. There are two of these columns.
- While I'm standing here, I want to point out that the normal sequence of operation of these pumps -- well,

- 1 let's start with it pumping. Let's -- let's assume it's
 2 pumping. The level comes down to somewhere in this region,
 3 below the 45- and 51-inch lights, and then that's -- that's
 4 far enough and the pump turns off. As leakage or
 5 condensation, or whatever, collects, the level builds up:
 6 when it gets up here, in somewhere in this range, the pump
 7 turns back on and repeats the cycle.
- So in the normal sequence of operation you'd gexpect to see the 45- and 51-inch lights come on 10 occasionally and then go off after the pump comes on and 11 does its job and pumps the sump.
- Okay. So it was those two lights, the 45 and 51, 13 that had a history of sticking. So those were the two that 14 they cycled, and they thought they had them fixed. But 15 then, as soon as they got out of containment and, you know, 16 got their thoughts back together, they noticed that the 17 lights were on.
- So whether that was indicating that the level was a palready up there or whether they -- whether it was a false indication, we really don't know, and, I guess, we never will.
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Well, so you're saying that
 when they did this checking, they didn't at the same time
 that any notice of what the level was in the sump?

 MR. WOODS: I presume the level was below those

- 1 two lights, or they wouldn't've been able to do the 2 cycling. I would guess at that point they pumped it down 3 and the level was, in fact, below those two points.
- But, see, you do have a normal collection in the sump, so that very first slow filling, the lights would come back on, and beyond that point you don't know what happened.
- Okay. On the 14th there was an indication in the gfan cooler No. 22 weir level that it was inoperable, or that git -- it gave a high reading.
- What this thing -- I'd better explain the weir
 level. There's a system of little pans, basically, in the
 containment fan cooler, for the purpose of collecting
 condensation. You've got cooler water in coils, and it's
 like an air conditioner -- you collect water and you pip it
 sover to this weir, which is just a big pipe, about this big,
 and six or eight feet high, and it has a slot, a V-shaped
 relation, in it, and the more the flow that goes in, the deeper
 the water's going to be in this pipe. So you can measure
- They -- they normally have about two inches level 21 indication. And the indication was seven inches. And they 22 tried to verify, for other -- from some other parameter, 23 whether or not this was a real problem, like whether they 24 had real leakage, or whether it was an inoperable 25 instrument; and there was no confirmation that they had a

1 real high level. And those, the things they tried, were
2 moisture in the containment -- with hindsight, now we don't
3 believe the moisture indicators would show that small an
4 amount of just liquid water leakage on the floor -- the sump
5 level, I've already mentioned that these two lights were on,
6 and they were, basically, disbelieving the lights because of
7 the recent history of failure --

- 8 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: But that was a -- to the extent gthat they check it, a confirmation would be to have the 10 lights on?
- MR. WOODS: Well, you'd -- you'd expect to see the 12 lights on quite often as the sump fills up and then gets -
 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Yes.
- MR. WOODS: -- pumped down but immediately has to
- 16 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: But if -- what I was trying to 17 ask is that you said that they were trying to check whether 18 that weir level indication was --
- 19 MR. WOODS: Right.
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: -- correct: checking for the 21 sump lights, if the lights were off that would be -- that 22 would be not -- that would not be a confirmation that the 23 weir level was indicating correctly?
- MR. WOODS: That's correct.
- 25 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: But the lights being on --

- MR. WOODS: It --
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: -- was a --
- 3 MR. WOODS: That --
- 4 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: -- support that it was?
- MR. WOODS: It -- yes, it should have been a support, you're correct. But, like I say, they sort of jignored that support.
- Okay. In addition, you can -- you can do an ginventory or notice, measure the flow into the waste holdup tank, which comes, unfortunately, from not orly the sump pumps but from other sources, like laboratory drains. So the fact that the sump pumps were not pumping they kind of missed. And also, you'd expect if -- if the high -- if the high weir -- if the high weir level were due-to a real leak, so you'd expect to see that leak go down when you isolated the service water to the cooler. And they did isolate the reservice water to the cooler, but they didn't notice any significant change in the level.
- I think, now, that's due to -- to leakage in the 20 isolation valves, because they were found to be not -- you 21 still have a leak even after you close those valves.
- So those are all the many reasons why they ended 23 up declaring the weir level instrument inoperable.
- COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Well, is there any reason 25 why, if you really wanted to know, you couldn't go look?

- 1 MR. WOODS: No, there's no reason. It's -- it's 2 accessible. You could probably see it.
- MR. JORDAN: As far as the licensee's practice, it

 4 was his practice, because of ALARA, not to make routine

 5 entries in the containment. They made entries for

 6 troubleshooting purposes. Their -- their union staff was

 7 under an agreement with the management that they didn't make

 8 entries while critical. So the entries were made by

 9 management personnel. So there was a bit of an inhibition

 10 to an entry.
- 11 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: I see. Sort of a -- you'd 12 want some threshold indication that you had to go in before 13 you'd do it.
- 14 MR. JORDAN: That's correct.
- MR. WOODS: Okay. Going on -- let's have the second slide -- sequence slide.
- Okay. This gets into the first trip, on the 17th 18 of October. Of course, at the time they didn't know that -- 19 what -- what the reason was, but they began to get erratic 20 indications in nuclear power range indicator N42, which is 21 one of eight power range indicators.
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Well, if I could ask you, up

 until the 17th, then, through this period of the 3rd through

 the 17th, the 45- and 51-inch lights are on?
- 25 MR. WOODS: They were constantly on, yes, sir. We

- 1 have -- we've examined their records, and each time they
 2 read them, I believe it's every four hours, they were on.
- COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: And let me understand the implications of something you just said. I don't know the breakdown between union and non-, and -- and management types, who'd be available on any given shift. What do you 7-- what does that mean in terms of people who would be available on the normal circumstances to go into the gontainment?
- MR. WOODS: This would mean that the -- the shift 11 engineer, the shift foreman, the operating engineer, the -- 12 the management-level staff would be available; but the 13 instrument technicians, the licensed operators would not be 14 available.
- 15 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Facility operators.
- 16 MR. WOODS: That's -- that's correct.
- 17 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: So, roughly, you'd have 18 three or four people that you could send? Or would it be 19 more than that?
- 20 MR. WOODS: On day shift you would have many. On 21 the night shifts about three or four, that's correct.
- Okay. Well, they were getting these erratic

 23 indications. They were -- it was not a complete failure, by

 24 any means, of N42. It was just slight variations,

 25 oscillations, or whatever, in the indication. For that

- 1 reason, they went through a sequence that would -- was to -2 to take N42 out of service and declare it inoperable. But
 3 they made some procedural errors in -- in taking the thing
 4 out of service and caused a trip.
- They immediately knew why they had had the trip.

 6 I mean, they knew what procedures they were following and

 7 they could see what had caused it. So they immediately

 8 began -- they restarted.
- But the technicians continued to check -- were
 checking into the cause of the trouble in N42, and
 the basically, they decided to look at one of the other
 instruments for comparison purposes. And again they made an
 agerror and they got the necessary logic to cause a second
 trip.
- Again they understood exactly what had happened.

 16 So they began a restart. But then the decision was made to

 17 shut down, so they could go into containment and replace

 18 N42. I believe the concern was, in order to operate with

 19 one of these eight nuclear power range instruments out of

 20 service, they have to do very frequent in-core flux maps and

 21 that involves running physically the in-core detectors

 22 through those long tubes and there's the concern of wearing

 23 out that instrument if you have to use it frequently,
- 25 So they decided to avoid that and, instead, so in

- 1 and replace N42. So they shut down. And that was the 2 reason they entered the containment, was in order to replace 3 that.
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Now, does -- when shut down, does that, at that stage, then, allow, does the union gagreement allow non-management people to enter?
- MR. WOODS: Yes. If they're subcritical, then 8 they may enter, under the agreement. And that's what I mean 9 by "shut down": they were subcritical but still hot. They 10 didn't go to cold shutdown until many days later.
- So they entered containment. And that's when they 12 discovered -- it's been variously characterized -- but 13 something like four inches of water on the 46-foot floor.
- I think at this point, Denny, let me -- t me

 15 show that first backup slide.
- 16 You need to rotate it 90 degrees.
- 17 Well, that's 90 degrees.
- (Pause for further slide adjustment)
- Okay. When you first come into containment, down to the main floor, you come down a ladder onto the main level, which is 46 feet. Here's the sump that I showed you before, with the two pumps -- we only show one here -- and the two level indicating columns. Here's the now infamous 4 six-inch curbing around the -- well, okay, I need to point out the in-core instrument tubes, conduits, come out and

make a broad sweep and come up through this. So here's one hole down into the area under the cavity -- under the areactor. And here's another one. There's a vertical ladder that goes down to a grating, here; and then there's another bladder that comes down to the bottom. So when I talk about the 46-foot floor, it's up here. When I talk about the reavity under the vessel, I'm talking about this whole volume here, including these two holes that are protected by this nominal six-inch curbing.

10 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Does that -- the curbing
11 does protect the hole through which the tubing runs?
12 MR. WOODS: Yes, it does. Apparently, it doesn't
14 protect it to as high a level as was thought. But it does
14 protect it to some degree.

Okay, well, so on the first entry, they discovered 16— the only discovery was four inches of water on this 1746—foot floor. And it was several hours later, like six 18 hours later, that the first person happened to need to go 19 around to where he could see one of these holes inside the 20 curbing and noticed that there was water there also. The 21 first entries were not in that area of the containment, so I 22 believe it's reasonable that he wouldn't have — he had no 23 reason to go over there and he had no — no suspicion that 24 that much water would flow into the cavity, so he didn't go 25 over there.

- 1 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Well, are you saying you 2 understand why they didn't or are you saying that you 3 believe it's reasonable that they didn't?
- MR. WOODS: I believe it's reasonable -- for that short period of time. The first entry would not necessarily make that discovery. That's all I'm saying. And they did discover it somewhat later. I don't mean to imply anything beyond that.
- Well, basically, there's a whole sequence of containment entries, attempted repairs, replacement of the cavity pumps, over the weekend; but basically, that next tempted the containment and cavity, that was the basic activity over the weekend. They had the discovered water in the -- on the 46-foot floor and under the -- in the cay under the vessel, and they spece the seekend pumping.
- And then on the morning of -- on Monday morning
 18 they began their restart procedure. But one of the more
 19 senior people, who had been on vacation, returned to work
 20 Monday morning and brought up certain other concerns. I
 21 think his first concern was salt water on the stainless
 22 steel conduits under the vessel. And for that reason he
 23 requested them to come back down for further investigation.
- The last item, our resident inspector was finally told, at eleven-thirty that Monday morning.

- And the next slide, Denny, gets us into more details on the reporting chronology.
- COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Well, one other question about the sequence up to now. When do you now think the swater first got into the reactor cavity and then, despecially, got up around the reactor itself?
- 7 MR. WOODS: All I would be prepared to say is 8 sometime before, before it was seen. I don't think we are gever going to have any definite indication.
- 10 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: There's no way to tell how 11 long the reactor itself was sitting in the water?
- MR. WOODS: Not to my knowledge.
- MR. JORDAN: No. We're unable to identify clearly when it would have occurred.
- It could have occurred, based on the leak rate

 16 that existed when they made the entry, perhaps three days in

 17 advance, or as -- I'll say as long as three days in advance,

 18 or it could have actually only overflowed on Friday,

 19 depending on the rate of change of the leak.
- 20 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: And is there any way to 21 tell whether the level went up and down, that is, whether it 22 was immersed more than once?
- MR. JORDAN: We have indications that there may that have been an increase, based on observations of a -- a decrease and then an increase over the weekend during the

- pumping operation. We -- we have not yet established why that could have occurred, unless there was a communication in addition to the overflowing the curb; and that's still under investigation.
- 5 MR. WOODS: Ed's referring to the weekend, when 6 they were actually in there. We have no way of knowing 7 prior to the entry what the water level might have been.
- 8 MR. JORDAN: There would be no indication that 9 prior to the entry there was any oscillation in the water 10 level.
- 11 MR. WOODS: There'd be no reason to expect it.

 12 But again, there would be no indication, either.
- 13 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: The plant is -- is in hot 14 stand-by all through the weekend?
- 15 MR. WOODS: At this point, yes.
- All right. Well, on the 17th there two -- the 17 licensee both of the trips that we've discussed, timely 18 reports on the hot line to NRC headquarters.
- The licensee's engineering director did call the 20 resident inspector about 3:20 p.m. that Friday; he left a 21 recorded message to return the call, but he did not mention 22 the nature of the problem. The inspector had already left 23 at that point.
- The inspector, resident inspector, came in on 25 Monday morning and tried to return the call and couldn't

1 reach this particular individual who had left the very short
2 message to return, so -- return the call, so he left a
3 message.

- And the call was finally returned, return of the 5 return call, or whatever, at 11:30 a.m. on that Monday. So 6 that was the first real NRC knowledge of this, of the extent 7 of the problem. We knew of the trips, but we didn't know of 8 anything else until 11:30 a.m. on Monday. And finally that 9 call we informed Region 1 and IE headquarters and everybody 10 began to get mad.
- 11 That's it for the sequence.
- 12 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: That is, that's it as far as
 13 you know --
- MR. WOODS: That's it as far as I intend to -
 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: And as far as you know so far,

 that right? Some of the --
- MR. WOODS: Well, that's basically the end of the 18 sequence as far as how the plant got to the actual condition 19 it's in now.
- 20 CHAIRMAN AHEAPNE: But I thought Mr. Stello said 21 that there were still other interviews going on.
- MR. WOODS: Oh, the sequence of events as far as 23 the plant's physical status.
- 24 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Right, yeah.
- 25 MR. WOODS: Yes, we are continuing --

- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Yes.
- 2 MR. WOODS: -- investigations. I think that's on galater slide.
- 4 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Okay.
- 5 MR. WOODS: Okay, let's go to the next one, Denny.
- One of the concerns is effects of water on the 7 vessel. There have been three sets of analyses done. I 8 think we heard some details the morning meeting in New 9 York. But Westinghouse has done rather extensive computer 10 analyses, though the concern here, obviously, is the -- the 11 thermal stress on the vessel: was it, or was it not, put in 12 the condition where you might expect cracking or weakening 13 of the vessel. So Westinghouse, Con Ed, and a consultant 14 hired by Con Ed have all done independent analyses and 15 concluded that -- well, that's the next item here -- the 16 stresses are within design, the usage factor is very low, 17 and they do not expect any damage.
- 18 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: What does the phrase 19 "usage factor" mean?
- MR. WOODS: The usage, I'm -- I guess that's not 21 exactly my field, but it's basically how many times you've 22 done the thing back and forth, if you're talking about a 23 simple -- how many times you stress it and then relieve the 24 stress.
- 25 MR. STELLO: Let's have Vince Noonan respond to

- that one.
- MR. WCODS: Yeah.
- 3 MR. NOONAN: When we did the vessel analysis --
- 4 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Vince, would you identify 5 yourself first?
- 6 MR. NOONAN: Yes. Vince Noonan, assistant 7 director for materials and qualifications engineering, 8 division of engineering.
- When we do the vessel analysis for the code, you to take into account a number of transients. Some of these transients are fluctuations in temperature and so forth. In analysis, how many times the vessel could take these, these warious cycles, and still maintain its life. You look at it for the total life of the plant, which is 40 years.
- A usage factor of 1, that number would say you to have expended the life of the vessel. It's that way.
- In most cases, in normally reviewed cases on a 19 vessel, the usage factors are always held around 14 to 15 20 percent, .14 to .15. That's the normal range when the plant 21 is licensed.
- 22 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: For -- for the 40 years?
- MR. NOONAN: For the 40 years.
- COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: And what kind of a usage 25 factor seems to show up as a result of these things?

- MR. NOONAN: Well, I can tell you what

 Westinghouse has said. We are looking at it independently,

 and we have just started our own analysis, so we don't have

 the numbers. But Westinghouse's numbers said that it was

 sless than a half a percent. Rough calculations that we did

 -- and these are very, very rough -- indicate an increase of
- I think the most critical thing you have to look gat is the usage factors at the various welds and, around the 10 vesse, some of the instrumentation lines. And we don't have those numbers yet.

7 usage factor of about 1 percent for the vessel, in toto.

- 12 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Now, what assumption do
 13 they make about how long the vessel was under water and how
 14 many times it may have been immersed?
- MR. NOONAN: The Westinghouse analysis made the 16 assumption that the vessel was under water and it remained 17 there one time, one cycle.
- 18 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: And how long does that 19 mean?
- MR. NOONAN: Well, they took it from, I believe they took it from -- when? -- from Friday until sometime on Tuesday afternoon, when the vessel went cold.
- COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: So that's -- I mean,
 that's about the minimum assumption one could make? It
 might have been several days longer, or --

- 1 MR. NOONAN: Could be so.
- 2 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: -- it might have been gimmersed more than one time?
- MR. NOONAN: It wouldn't really make much of a sdifference, though, as far as the overall stress analysis is concerned.
- 7 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Supposing it were immersed gmore than once -- would that make a difference?
- 9 MR. NCONAN: It would make -- that would make a 10 difference, yes.
- MR. STELLO: Does the length of time enter into 12 the calculation at all?
- MR. NOONAN: Only from the standpoint of

 14 stabilizing. The transients, you're looking -- you're

 15 looking at a -- at a differential, thermal -- thermal

 16 differential across the -- across the vessel. And if that

 17 -- if that -- once that goes down, you know, like in about

 18 25 minutes that occurs. So, in other words, you stabilize

 19 across that, that five-and-a-half-inch thickness, in about

 20 25 minutes. So after that, after 25 minutes, then she's

 21 stabilizing; the stress field is -- is set. Then -- then it

 22 would become a factor if you cycled beyond that point.
- COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: And if -- if, in fact,

 24 that happened, how long would the vessel have to remain out

 25 of the water to heat up to the point where it would be

1 significant.

- 2 MR. NCONAN: About another 25 minutes. It takes 3 about 25 minutes for that curve to shift --
- 4 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Either way.
- MR. NOONAN: -- back up and forth, all the way back to its -- that, that again is a rough calculation, and we will provide that number when we do our own, our own ganalysis.
- MR. WCODS: All right. Well, all of -- all of the 10 above are, basically, calculations. The last item here, Con 11 Ed has, in fact, gone in and it looks, with -- with methods 12 to detect whether or not there are cracks on the bottom of 13 vessel, and there are not; they did not find any indication 14 of stress, excessive stress on the bottom of the vessel.
- 15 Let's go on to the next.
- 16 Okay. Licensee actions and present plans.
- The licensee entered a refueling outage that was 18 planned, I believe, for late December. He's in it now. He 19 just committed to stay down and do his refueling.
- While he's down, he has now committed to replace 21 all five fan coolers of the -- the service water portion of 22 the fan coolers; this is the coils and the headers for those 23 coils, which is where most of the leaks have been.
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: How long is that going to take?

 MR. WOODS: He projects start-up, I think, in June

1 of '81, June or July or '81.

13 available?

- 2 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Where the pacing item is the 3 refueling or the fan cooler replacement?
- 4 MR. WOODS: It would be the fan coolers.
- MR. STELLO: Their answer to the question was,

 6 without the fan cooler replacement their outage would go, I

 7 believe it was projected, until April; they expected,

 8 because they have added the replacement of the fan coolers,

 9 as I recall, that it would go up to -- till June. And those

 10 were only estimates; we'll, hopefully, be getting more

 11 definitive information on that schedule in the near future.

 12 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Is that equipment readily
- MR. STELLO: What I understood that they are 15 looking at is the possibility of finding units that are 16 scheduled to go into plants that are under construction and 17 seeing if they could get their order for the unit and put it 18 in at Indian Point and then when the construction is such 19 that they can accommodate replacing the -- putting in that 20 unit later. My understanding is that they're fanning 21 construction sites to find out what the availability is at 22 the moment.
- 23 But if you had to order them to be fabricated, the 24 lead time is very, very long.
- MR. WOODS: These things are very large. I was

- 1 surprised to see them. They're something on the order of 2 the size of this table stacked on top of each other. We 3 have lots and lots of coils. So they're definitely not a 4 shelf item.
- Okay. While he's down, while the licensee has the splant down, he plans to install, has probably already installed some of these, certain alarms to indicate in the acontrol room that there's water in the containment.
- One thing he's done is, if you remember the slide 10 I had, I showed where the sump pumps come on and where they 11 turn off, he's lowered that whole range. In other words, 12 the pump comes on now at a lower level and pumps down to a 13 lower level than it used to. So that he's lowered it so 14 that now the 45- and the 51-inch lights should not normally 15 come on during the normal pumping sequence. So he's put 16 alarms on the 45- and 51-inch lights. These are the audible 17 and flashing-light alarms in the control room up, on the 18 panel. So now if that lights comes on he'll know it.
- 19 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: This is still Unit 2?
 20 MR. WOODS: This is Unit 2. We -- all this is
 21 Unit 2 so far.
- 22 CHAIFMAN AHEARNE: Well, but you had earlier said 23 that those, in normal operation you would expect those to be 24 coming on.
- 25 MR. WOODS: Yeah. That's why I specified that he

- 1 lowered the normal operating band of the pump also. In 2 other words, he lowered the float down on the -- on --
- 3 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: So this would now be outside of 4 that normal --
- MR. WOODS: This is outside of the normal range anow. He had to do that, or otherwise, you're exactly right, that alarm would be coming on all the time.
- 8 So now it'll be an unusual event and it should get ghis attention.
- Also, previously there was no indication outside

 11 of the -- outside of the containment that these smaller

 12 pumps, two pumps, under the reactor cavity, under the

 13 vessel, were running, or whether or not they were running.

 14 He now has an alarm in the control room that will sound and

 15 flash if that pump, either of those pumps, comes on, which

 16 would indicate there's water somehow getting in under the

 17 vessel.
- 18 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: But the new fan coolers
 19 Will still run on Hudson River water?
- 20 MR. WOODS: That's correct.
- MR. STELLO: They -- that is their plan, but we 22 told them we'd also like to have them tell us of their 23 consideration about the possibility of an interim loop.
- 24 VOICE: Speak louder.
- 25 MR. WOODS: Move the thing closer.

- 1 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: It's not a usual problem 2 that we have here.
- 3 CHAIRMAN AHEABNE: Try it again.
- MR. STELLO: The -- we've told the licensee that 5 we'd like to have them explore with us their thoughts and 6 ideas about putting in an additional loop between the river 7 water and the fan coolers. They indicated that they had not 8 considered it in any depth, but they would come in as soon 9 as they were able to think it through.
- It is a very, very large task; it will require 11 additional equipment, buildings, and power capability. It 12 is not a simple task.
- 13 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Well, I'm not so -- well,
 14 among the things you balance, then, is that in a situation
 15 in which you really need the fan coolers, you've now got an
 16 additional set of pumps in the intermediate loop, for which
 17 emergency power may have to be supplied. And that -- that
 18 -- it, in effect, it raises the ante on emergency power
 19 requirements in a number of situations, and that's a -- it
 20 has to be balanced against the -- whatever benefit you
 21 derive from the additional isolation.
- 22 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: And that's part of what 23 you meant when you said --
- MR. WOODS: Yes.
- 25 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: -- it's a big task. You'd

- 1 have to go back --
- 2 MR. WOODS: Yeah, there are -- there are
- 3 definitely pro and con --
- 4 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: In addition, it's pretty 5 fair sized equipment.
- 6 MR. STELLO: It's not --
- 7 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: You'll need a big heat
- gexchanger --
- 9 MR. STELLO: Yes.
- 10 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: -- a set of pumps; and then
- 11 you're probably --
- 12 MR. STELLO: Another building.
- 13 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: -- going to want those to
- 14 be redundant, and --
- 15 MR. STELLO: Yes.
- 16 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: -- so you're going to need 17 two big heat exchangers.
- 18 MR. STELLO: And control tower. And mode of
- 19 power. Probably the diesels wouldn't be adequate.
- 20 There definitely are pro and con arguments. I
- 21 didn't want to leave the impression that that's clearly --
- 22 well, which one of -- a pell-mell rush into getting into a
- 23 decision.
- 24 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Yeah.
- MR. STELLO: But we do want to discuss it.

- 1 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Are some plants configured 2 that way now?
- 3 MR. STELLO: Yes.
- MR. WOODS: I think one relevant thing which we'll sget into a little bit later, in Unit 3, I don't want to get into that now, but their fan coolers are nearly identical, but they're newer and they are in much better condition, so what I'm really saying is, they're good for some number of greats before they start giving this problem.
- 10 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Well, why don't you, though, 11 finish on number 2.
- 12 MR. WOODS: Yes. am.
- 13 MR. STELLO: I think there's an important point.

 14 Let me make a point.
- There are some things about the design of fan 16 coolers, too, that raise some question in terms of 17 performing maintenance on them. If you have a fan cooler 18 like this and you have access to it in a water box and you 19 can pluck tubes more conventionally or even possibly replace 20 tubes, much as you could do in a condenser, there are other 21 ways to go about treating this kind of a problem. I didn't 22 want to leave the impression that the intermediate loop is 23 necessarily an answer, either.
- 24 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Okay. Go ahead, Roy.
- 25 MR. WOODS: Okay. Let's -- okay, he's got the

1 next slide up.

- These are the things NRC has done during this, aduring this incident.
- We issued an Immediate Action Letter on Wednesday, 5 October 22nd, that, basically, said, "We have reached an 6 agreement with you that you will not restart until you 7 answer certain questions" -- basically, what caused the two 8 trips, how much water got -- that sort of thing. I have a 9 copy of it here.
- An investigation team also arrived on site that

 11 day. That was, oh, several people; the -- the investigation

 12 was headed by Tim Martin from Region 1, and there were other

 13 people -- well, the two resident inspectors and several

 14 people from headquarters, both NRR and I&E, there.
- We issued a IE Information Notice to all power 16 reactors on the 24th. That notice, basically, briefly 17 described what had happened at Indian Point and said, "We 18 are investigating it, but in the meantime that's what 19 happened -- take a look and make sure it can't happen at 20 your plant."
- Then we issued -- we sent a sort of informal 22 questionnaire to -- to our people in the regions, trying to 23 make a first, preliminary estimate as to how many plants had 24 which kind of systems, in order to better be able to decide 25 what we need to do with other plants.

- And then there was the infamous public meeting with Con Ed on November the 5th up there in New York, near the, fairly near the site.
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Well, I guess, the best way to describe it, there was a public meeting, without a --
- 6 MR. WOODS: Yes, there was.
- 7 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: -- characterization.
- 8 MR. WOODS: Planned actions. We -- we are -- the 9NRC staff is discussing -- sorry.
- 10 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Oh. Go ahead, Roy.
- MR. WOODS: The NRC is planning to have -- or, is
 12 investigating the possibility of having an independent
 13 contractor do a non-destructive examination of the bottom of
 14 the vessel.
- We have done some independent vessel stress 16 calculations. We are --
- 17 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: I thought Vince said we're 18 doing.
- 19 HR. WOODS: Well, we've done some and we are 20 continuing to do.
- 21 CHAIRMAN MHEARNE: Doing, okay.
- MR. WOODS: I guess those statements are, right, 23 probably better characterized as we're still doing them.
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Now, I had, mr understanding 25 was that, from Tom Murley, that over the years we had had

1 some work done under research on looking at some at, I think 2 it was, Oak Ridge, on stress of vessels under conditions 3 where -- which might be similar to this. Have you guys gone 4 and talked to research and found out what kind of work they 5 have done?

- MR. NOONAN: On this particular problem I have not 7 talked directly to Larry Shao. But Larry Shao and I have 8 talked a few weeks ago on thermal shocks to the vessel. We 9 plan to get together and talk some more.
- 10 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Okay. Please do, because
 11 Murley believed that there was some work that was germane to
 12 this.
- MR. WOODS: Okay. And we're currently working on 14 the bulletin for all licensees, which, basically, will -15 it's very preliminary at this point, but I believe it's 16 going to be something to the effect that they should 17 institute immediate action if they have these open systems, 18 to determine whether -- often, frequently -- whether or not 19 there is leakage in the containment, while they are in the 20 process of putting in additional instrumentation, if 21 necessary, to detect leakage in the containment.
- Vic's already mentioned the investigation report, 23 I think, in his opening remarks.
- And we are evaluating Unit 3 for restart. Which 25 is what the rest of my slides are, if you ---

- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Okay. Before you -- could you

 just say a few more words on that first bullet under

 "Planned"? You say you're exploring the possibility -- does

 there seem to be a difficulty with getting --
- 5 MR. WOODS: I just was --
- g (Laughter)
- MR. STELLO: We are -- we are trying to find a sontractor to go in and do some independent NDE work for gus. We don't have someone who is immediately available that can go in and do the work. And that's why it is listed as planned, to find a suitable contractor to go in and do it.

 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Do you at this time foresee any
- MR. WOODS: No.
- MR. STELLO: Well, yeah, your usual requirements
 of --
- 17 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Yes.

13 difficulty in finding such an individual?

- MR. STELLO: -- getting a contractor, which is not the simplest task in the world.
- MR. JORDAN: Well, not to leave it there -- we do

 21 have a firm under contract to us that has provisions for

 22 providing those types of people. You know, they're already

 23 under a contract. So they are now searching for the right

 24 people to physically do the work.
- 25 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: What are they going to look

- 1 for? You aren't going to see anything just on the general 2 surface. I suppose you could --
- 3 MR. WOODS: Can we have the backup number seven?
- 4 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: -- look around the nozzle --
- 5 MR. WOODS: Denny?
- 6 COMMISSIONER HENDRIF: -- abutments or thimbles.
- 7 MR. STELLO: You can either do a mag' particle on gthe lower head of the vessel and all the walls.
- g MR. WOODS: Sure.
- 10 MR. STELLO: Okay. There's the answer.
- MR. JORDAN: The licensee did a mag' particle
 12 examination of the wells on the bottom of the vessel. And
 13 so we're going to do a reexamination, independent
 14 examination, of that same activity. And the -- the bottom
 15 of the vessel is painted, and so we're going to also
 16 requalify the procedure for doing the mag' particle test
 17 over the paint and then do a sample inspection of the
 18 stainless steel conduit, the wells in the stainless steel
 19 conduit, in independent fashion.
- 20 MR. WOODS: The next topic -- unless there are 21 further questions -- is Unit 3. So.
- 22 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Well, let me find out whether
 23 any of my colleagues have any additional questions regarding
 24 the current status of what you found out on Unit 2.
- 25 Vic?

- Joe?
- COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Let me just ask a question a that goes back to the point you made at the beginning. And aif it's part of what you plan to come to later on, I can sperfectly well wait till then.
- With regard to a couple of the overall questions

 7 raised by this, namely, the path back out during a LOCA and

 8 the boron dilution problem, if you had a leak of this size

 9 that you're talking about here, which I think you once said

 10 was roughly the size of a pencil, how significant would that

 11 be in the event of -- that you had a lot of radioactivity in

 12 the containment? Would that be a serious path back out?

 13 MR. WOODS: Which are we -- are you talking about

 14 both items now, boron dilution and leak path? Or --
- 15 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: In terms -- in terms of 16 the question, how significant would it be?
- MR. WOODS: Well, it would be a very, very slow
 18 effect, the boron dilution, obviously, from a tiny GPM leak,
 19 into the tremendous volume that you'd have in the
 20 containment. I guess I can't quantify it for you, but I
 21 would think it would be on the order of days before you'd
 22 have a problem.
- The other problem is the out-leakage. And I think 24 Vic characterized that at the public meeting. I'll repeat 25 what he said. That is, you're only going to have the

1 out-leakage problem if you have a high pressure in 2 containment, and you're only going to have that for a large 3 break, and for a large break you get -- you get that 4 pressure spike when the primary system water comes out in 5 flashes, and that's before you fail any significant amount 6 of fuel. So the leakage through that path would not contain 7 failed fuel. So it wouldn't be that serious a problem. And 8 then the pressure would go down and you wouldn't have the 9 leak any more, it would be in-leakage instead of out-leakage.

- 10 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Any other questions?
- 11 Okay. Okay, Rcy, why don't you move on to 3.
- MR. WOODS: Okay. Denny, let's go on to the slide
- Okay. Well, after the public meeting in New York, 15 Lenny Olshan and I stayed up an extra day and went into Unit 163, talked to the plant manager, and actually looked at the 17 inside containment. Here's some of the things we found.
- The maintenance history and present condition of 19 the five fan coolers in Unit 3 is very noticeably different 20 than Unit 2. I've seen both units. It just doesn't look as 21 old and corroded and patched as Unit 3.
- MR. JORDAN: Well, partially that is because it as isn't.
- MR. WOODS: It's -- that's correct -- it's newer.

 That's the main reason. And so this problem may well exist

- 1 down the road for Unit 3, but the point today is, we are not 2 there today. So.
- 3 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: What is the relative operating 4 times of the two?
- MR. WOODS: I believe there's three to four years' difference.
- 7 Vic, do you -- do you have -- I've got -- I've got 8 the great details here, but --
- 9 MR. OLSHAN: Seventy-three to seventy-five.
- MR. NOONAN: Two?
- 11 MR. CLSHAN: About two years.
- 12 MR. NOONAN: Two years.
- 13 MR. WCODS: Okay.
- MR. OLSHAN: It actually started, Unit 3 went to 15 about -- Unit 2, about '73 it started.
- 16 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: You're not -- that isn't
 17 necessarily a measure of the fan cooler lifetime, because
 18 Unit 2 had some holdups. I wouldn't -- it wouldn't surprise
 19 me to find that the Unit 2 fan coolers had spent a long time
 20 sitting on the site and then in the containment that wasn't
 21 fully closed during the construction period of time. I'm
 22 not sure the two-year start-up interval is necessarily an
 23 adequate measure of the difference between the fan coolers.
- 24 MR. WOODS: Okay. Also, Unit 3 has more water 25 level indications inside containment. For one thing, in

1 Unit 2 the recirculation sump is stored wet: it's full of 2 borated water. So any level indication that's present in 3 the recirc' sump is not of any use for this purpose. In 4 Unit 3, however, that sump is kept dry. So the two columns 5 similar, well, I guess, identical to the ones that I showed 6 on the board, that exist in the recirculation sump would -- 7 would show indication of increasing water level before the 8 water was high enough to spill over under the reactor cavity.

- 9 Unit 3 has added a new, I believe it operates on a 10 capacity principle, a level detector that will detect about 11 one-inch of water on the 46-foot floor and sound an alarm in 12 the control room. That's new because of this event.
- Also, there was a lot of discussion as to whether 14 or not a particular power level light in Unit 2 would come 15 on before the water flowed over into the reactor cavity, 16 like, the 91-inch light, if you want a number. In Unit 3 17 it's been verified that that will, in fact, come on. So 18 there's one additional light that would warn you of 19 increasing water level at Unit 3 compared to Unit 2, before 20 you put water in the reactor cavity.
- In the reactor cavity they have installed too new 22 pumps. There were pumps there, but there was some question 23 as to the design of those pumps, whether or not they would 24 turn the selves off on thermal overload as they were pumping 25 dry after they pumped the water out.

- The new pumps have been checked and found to not have that problem.
- He has, the licensee has, installed two level

 4 alarms in the -- in the cavity. That's basically the same

 5 kind of column as in the sumps that I showed you, except the

 6 floats are very near down at the bottom, about one inch and

 7 three inches off the floor. I've physically seen those. It

 8 looks just identical to the other system, as far as I can

 9 tell.
- The licensee has examined the area, the 10 11 containment area, for other paths where you might siphon 12 Water into the reactor cavity without going over that 13 six-inch lift. And -- and he, well, he found one, which I 14 saw, which really isn't it -- it's -- it's a conduit, and 15 the conduit has a cover on it and if there's any leakage to through the coupler, I guess, it could potentially siphon; 17 but he has put an extra sealant around it, just to be sure. 18 And he has installed a -- a siphon-breaker, basically, on ig the discharge line to the -- to the cavity pumps, so that it 20 can't -- can't stay full of water and siphon backwards. And he's measured the effective curb heighth. You 21 22 have to know exactly how the floor slopes in order to know 23 whether the six inches you think you have really is six 24 inches. He seems to have about five-and-a-half inches, 25 based on the latest numbers I've seen, whereas the numbers

- that are still varying a bit from Unit 2, depending on which 2 day's report -- it's, apparently, very difficult to do 3 surveying with contamination clothing on -- it varies from 4 two to four inches; I still can't give you a definite number 5 there.
- I understand one of their investigators is going to do his own survey Monday morning. He's tired of hearing these numbers valy, and he's going in with the instrument ghimself.
- 10 Let's go on to the next slide, Denny.
- 11 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Let's see that a minute.
- 12 MR. WOODS: I'm sorry. Make it back up.
- 13 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Well, the features that 14 you were running down there, I take it, are, they're not, 15 any of them, required, if I remember rightly?
- MR. WOODS: I think the next slide will tell you to what the answer is.
- MR. STELLO: Right now they're not required, but
 19 that's part of what we're going to be doing, is -- is
 20 developing suitable license requirements or various
 21 surveillance requirements in operability; and we'll be very
 22 shortly getting license conditions formulated for that
 23 purpose.
- MR. WOODS: That's true except for the second item 25 on this slide, which is, there are two requirements, and

they already existed before this event, they do have a fan cooler leakage tech' spec', it's really on the isolation avalable stech' spec' -- oh, it's the second slide, Denny, I'm sorry. The leakage per fan cooler can't exceed .36 GPM per cooler. That's, that spec' is, basically, on the isolation valve, but the way they do the test, if it leaks anywhere, reither valve or any of the coils, it would be part of the measured leakage. So it's a very conservatively applied a specification.

- 10 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Let's see. Unit 2 does
 11 not have a similar spec' requirement?
- MR. WOODS: I'm -- I haven't heard of one. I

 13 wouldn't want to say, definitively, it doesn't. Does anyone
 14 know?
- 15 They do?
- okay. They do.

ng that you have, to test.

- 17 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: And how do they -- how do
 18 they measure what the leak rate from the fan cooler is?
 19 MR. WOODS: It was described to me as, they
 20 isolate the cooler and use a small pump, with carefully
 21 measured quantities that it pumps, and you measure how much
 22 water you have to add per unit time to maintain the pressure
- 24 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: So it's something you have 25 to test for from time to time. It isn't something that you

- 1 realize is occurring and then you have to --
- 2 MR. WGODS: That's correct.
- 3 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: -- fix it.
- ME. WOODS: This is required, I believe, it's severy refueling outage, or very two years, which, sessentially, is every reconstruction. But no, something you can do a continuously.
- 9 MR. JORDAN: I think it's worth putting in at this 10 point that during the cutage they're currently in, they -- 11 they've done this test and demonstrated integrity.
- 12 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: No, I'm -- I'm really
 13 looking, in part, now at the Unit 2 leak, which, I guess,
 14 Vic had indicated was 20 GPM. Is it, is this tech' spec',
 15 vorded in a way that says you will test for leakage from the
 16 fan cooler periodically and if it exceeds .36 you won't
 17 operate, or does it say any time the leakage is over .36?
 18 MR. WOODS: Lenny Olshan is the project manager
 19 for Indian Point.
- MR. OLSHAN: Yes. And pardon my voice, by the 21 way. But the tech' spec' is an Appendix J requirement 22 that's done every two years. So in between times there's no 23 indication of that kind to watch.
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: WEll, but, as was mentioned, 25 they have been averaging about, what was it, five leaks per

year that required patching. When, on that basis, you say
2 it requires patching, what is the criteria that they're
3 applying to lead them to conclude it requires patching?
4 MR. OLSHAN: I don't know. I guess they saw a
5 leak of sufficient magnitude to require patching. I don't
6 think they're required to patch as a result of the tech'

7 Spec's.

- gunidentified leakage tech' spec's; that is, whatever leaks
 to from the fan coolers -- it doesn't just evaporate and then
 the end up being purged out -- ends up eventually down in a, in
 the sump, where it gets classed, I guess, as unidentified
 the leakage, and you've got some limit on, on what your
 the identified leakage can be per unit time, right?

 MR. OLSHAN: Right. But, unfortunately, most of
- 17 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: So, you know, you go in the 18 containment and you look around, you see a little weepage, 19 you'll have to plug those things up, even though they may be 20 in non-essential equipment, just because otherwise it adds 21 to your unidentified leakage burden in the sump and tends to 22 limit you that way.
- COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: But that must be a much larger number, if I -- if I understood what Roy was saying earlier about the problems of identifying leakage from any

- 1 one source because there's so much water going into those 2 tanks from all sources.
- COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: My guess is that 20 GPM is 4 way over the unidentified leakage tech' spec'.
- MR. CLSHAN: That's true. But the unidentified 6 leakage is really geared to reactor cooling system 7 unidentified leakage. The methods that they have to 8 determine it only can you tell you unidentified leakage in 9 reactor cooling system. That's why when they tried to 10 verify this, all their typical methods didn't show any 11 leakage; so they discounted some of their indications. So --
- 12 MR. STELLO: I had --
- 13 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Sump location problems and 14 so on?
- MR. STELLO: I had the same impression, that the 16 unidentified leakage spec' would set a limit on the total 17 amount of water leakage into the containment. But the way 18 the spec' is developed in these plants, it's for reactor 19 coolant system leakage. And that's one of the things we 20 want to go back and look at.
- 21 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: How do you separate the two?
- MR. WOODS: You don't in the sump; that's the
- 23 point.
- MR. OLSHAN: Yeah, in the sump you can't with the 25 other measures, the other methods they have, like radiation

1 detection, dew point indicators --

- 2 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Okay, yeah, yeah, those --
- 3 MR. CLSHAN: Right.
- COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Well, let's see, dew point smight still trip. But unless the -- unless the basement floor is broken up in such a way that the fan cooler leakage wouldn't get down into the -- into the --
- 8 MR. STELLO: But there's a positive --
- g MR. OLSHAN: Out of the sump.
- 10 MR. STELLO: There's a positive way also to do
 11 primary coolant leakage -- by makeu...
- 12 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Yeah.
- 13 MR. STELLO: That can be done --
- 14 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: I see.
- 15 MR. STELLO: -- positively.
- 16 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Well, we got another 17 smiling face.
- 18 Hi.
- MR. OLSHINSKI: Hi. John Olshinski, chief of 20 operating reactors assessment branch. The question on 21 unidentified leakage is one of the things that NRR is going 22 to be pursuing both on the short term, in conjunction with 23 the bulletin, with IEE, and on the longer term we're going 24 to be going back and looking at that very issue, because 25 that has been brought up, various leakage detection

methods. When you're dealing with reactor coolant pressure boundary leakage, those systems may, or may not, be seffective when you're dealing with a non-reactor-coolant systems. The humidity that you were speaking of, in fact, fan cooler condensation, sump level — there main question is there, is location of leakage, if you just consider reactor coolant system leakage, whether that's adequate for non-reactor-coolant system leakage. So as far as licensing grequirements are concerned, we are going back to examine those to make sure that they, in fact, are adequate for non-reactor-coolant system leakage also.

- MR. WCODS: Okay. Well, also, then, the other 13 tech' spec' required item is one of these level indicating 14 columns per sump. There are two in the regular vapor 15 containment sump, and there are two in the research sump, at 16 Unit 3, and one per sump has to be operable.
- 17 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Operable determined by?
- 18 MR. WOODS: I don't know what the test is. I

 19 Would presume you'd go inside containment and move the --
- 20 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Well, but it --
- MR. WOODS: -- thing up and down and see if the 22 light comes on.
- 23 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: But when do --
- MR. WOODS: Well, I know what you're worried 25 about. I don't know the answer.

- (Laughter)
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: I see. Well, perhaps someone gran find that answer for me.
- MR. WOODS: Maybe you'd better state the question, 5 then.
- 6 (Laughter)
- 7 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Well, there are a series of gquestions.
- 9 MR. OLSHAN: I asked the same question. There is 10 a difference in the tech' specs'. Unit 3 requires one to be 11 operable. But I don't know how they can verify it operable 12 with the -- with the containment closed.
- 13 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: And a restriction on people 14 going into it.
- 15 MR. OLSHAN: That's right. That's right.
- 16 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Yes. It's -- and then, of 17 course, then, that's -- so that's a question, one set of 18 questions. Second question is --
- MR. OLSHAN: But I'm not sure it means much,
 20 because the lower two lights on that would always be on,
 21 and, I guess, if they were off, they could say that, at
 22 least, that was inoperable. But I don't think it's --
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Yeah. I guess I'd like to find 24 out what -- what -- how that's interpreted, you know. And 25 then the second question, obviously, is, is there -- is that

1 also in number 2's requirements?

- 2 MB. OLSHAN: No, it --
- 3 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Or number 2's, rather.
- MR. OLSHAN: No, it isn't. Unit No. 2 does not shave a tech' spec' that requires one of those trains operable. But again, I -- I don't know much weight you can diffuences in The tech specs.

 7 put on the (WORDS UNINTELLIGIBLE).
- 8 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Yes.
- 9 MR. WOODS: But there's several months before Unit
- 11 CHAIREAN AHEARNE: I understand.
- MR. WOODS: Okay. The only other item is plant
 13 procedural requirements. This is not a tech' spec' item.
 14 But they do have an instrument, a flow instrument on the
 15 discharge line from the -- from the normal sump in the
 16 containment. And it has instantaneous flow and a flow
 17 totalizer on it. And, I understand, they read that, record
 18 it, plot it every shift; and that'll give you an indication,
 19 if -- if that flow goes way up, that something has happened
 20 in the containment, at which point you'd make an entry to
 21 find out what happened.
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Okay. Now, that is the -- is 23 that the only way they can tell whether the sump pumps are 24 operating?
- MR. WCODS: Well, you'd expect these lights to

- cycle on and off, the same ones that should have been cycling on Unit 2; that would be another way. There's no direct --
- 4 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Cycling on says they should be 5 -- that they should be operating.
- 6 MR. WOODS: No, when the light --
- 7 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Cycling off means that they may 8 have been operating.
- 9 MR. WOODS: I hope I said on and off. But if 10 those lights are on and then they go off, unless the bulb 11 burned out or something --
- 12 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: That's -- I'm --
- 13 MR. WOODS: -but, it's not a --
- 14 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: I'm just trying a slight --
- 15 MR. WOODS: -- that direct an indication --
- 16 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: -- a slight distinction.
- MR. WOODS: -- but it -- it is an indication --
- 18 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Yeah.
- 19 MR. WOODS: -- that the sump is running.
- I think your question was, is there a direct
- 21 indication on the motor?
- 22 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Yes. You know, that the pumps
- 23 are running?
- MR. WOODS: There is not.
- 25 MR. STELLO: Well, again, you recognize that

- there's a discussion that you ought to have on the pro and 2 con, do you really want a -- a light that tells you that --
- 3 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Vic, I wasn't saying that there a should be.
- 5 MR. STELLO: But let --
- 6 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: I'm just asking a question.
- MR. STELLO: But let -- let me, because I -- --
- 8 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: I'm trying to understand.
- MR. STELLO: -- I guess, I -- I am leaning toward, 10 on Unit 2, a requirement that says put an integrator, a flow 11 integrator, where you can actually physically see that there 12 is flow coming out from this sump, which says all of the 13 things -- there's power --
- 14 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Yes.
- 15 MR. STELLO: -- to the motor, the motor is --
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Yes.
- MR. WOODS: -- powered, and --
- 18 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Yeah.
- 19 MR. STELLO: -- the pump is turning, and --
- 20 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Right.
- 21 MR. STELLO: -- water is coming out.
- 22 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Right.
- MR. STELLO: And looking at the -- at having them 24 add a flow integrator to the system, possibly even 25 indicating in the control room, I think that that is the

- 1 firmest way to know --
- 2 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Yes.
- 3 MR. STELLO: -- that the pump is working.
- MR. WOODS: I agree completely. The very best way to know that a pump is working is flow out from the pump --
- 6 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Right. Right.
- 7 MR. WOODS: -- not power to the pump --
- 8 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Sure.
- MR. WOODS: -- or anything else.
- 10 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Sure.
- 11 MR. WOODS: Even shaft motion.
- 12 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Yeah.
- 13 MR. WOODS: It could be part of the shaft.
- 14 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Yeah. Yeah.
- MR. WCODS: Yes?
- MR. STELLO: Okay. Well, the final conclusion is
 that we're at the point where, given that all of the things
 we've talked about are at the point where they're completed,
 we're ready to allow operation to resume. We are looking at
 this next step; and I don't know when we'll be at the point
 of the license requirements. I don't feel that there's a
 need to -- to have all of that done today, to modify the
 license. And I don't know whether it's a good idea to do it
 fin pieces or wait until we have more of it laid out. But we
 swill be imposing things that we've talked about here today

- 1 as license conditions, where they'll be required to perform
 2 a surveillance and required to have the equipment operable.
 3 They will be part of the license. I just don't want to
 4 leave the impression that we're going to do that today,
 5 because I don't think we necessarily will have that
 6 finished. We will have a commitment that they will do
 7 various kind of surveillance and assure equipment
 8 operability before it starts up, however.
- 9 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Vic, what is the -- is there 10 any connection between the management and the operating 11 crews of 2 and 3?
- 12 (Pause)
- MR. OLSHAN: Vic. do you want me to help you on 14 that?
- 15 MR. STELLO: I'm not sure I understood that 16 question.
- 17 MR. CLSHAN: There is no connection. They're 18 owned by different companies.
- 19 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: All right. But are the -- they 20 are owned by different companies, but is there a interchange 21 of personnel between 2 and 3?
- MR. OLSHAN: Well, I'm sure there are certain 23 committees that they share and there are certain functions 24 that they only have one person that can satisfy. But in 25 general the operating crew is independent.

- 1 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: So that the requirements laid 2 on Unit 2's operators are ones generated by Con Ed 3 management, the requirements on Unit 3 are --
- 4 MR. OLSHAN: Right. They would be totally sdifferent.
- 6 MR. WOODS: That's correct.
- 7 MR. OLSHAN: Totally different.
- 8 CHAIRMAN AMEARNE: Well, they may be -- the result 9 may be totally different, but at least the process is.
- MR. CLSHAN: That's right. The process is 11 different.
- MR. STELLO: Okay. That concludes what we had to 13 say regarding both units, 2 and 3.
- 14 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Vic?
- 15 Joe?
- 16 Peter?
- 17 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Just one other question,
 18 Vic. As I understand it, most of the equipment, all of the
 19 equipment that we're talking about here isn't safety grade,
 20 although you're going to impose a bunch of requirements on
 21 making sure that it's operable, which may come to pretty
 22 close to the same thing.
- 23 What I'm really after, though, is, at least, as to 24 perhaps the level indicators in the reactor cavity, wouldn't 25 you want some one piece of equipment that you would be

1 absolutely sure, sort of as a last line, would tell you if 2 water were getting close to the reactor vessel itself?

- MR. STELLO: Well, there's a requirement that there be such an instrument installed as part of the short-term Lessons Learned, that will be installed in the units, that'll -- that'll, hopefully, do this, a wide-range instrument, that is being -- that is going to be, as I grecall, I think it's required to be safety grade.
- 9 Am I right? John?
- 10 MR. OLSHINSKI: There's a requirement or the TMI

 11 action plan for a wide-range instrument that is safety

 12 grade. But that will be, as part of the implementation

 13 package, it'll be a while downstream. There's also a

 14 narrow-range instrument that is to go on, a narrow-range

 15 sump level indication, which meets Reg Guide 1.89, which has

 16 a lot of redundancy and reliability requirements associated

 17 with that also as part of that package. So there will

 18 actually be two instruments.
- 19 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: I'm sorry, tell me what 20 "wide-range" and "narrow-range" mean in this context.
- MR. OLSHINSKI: Okay. The wide-range requirement 22 is for a wide-range level instrument run from the bottom of 23 the containment sump to a level equivalent to 600,000 24 gallons in the containment, safe, full safety-grade 25 requirements.

- The narrow-range is a narrow range on the sump. I can't recall the particular levels, although it's a much an arrower range, on the regular containment sump itself; and that'll meet requirements of Regulatory Guide 1.89, which specifies reliability and operability and power to that sequipment.
- 7 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Range in this case, for a glevel instrument, means --
- 9 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Feet. Feet or inches.
- 10 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: -- over, over what
- 11 elevation --
- 12 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: I got it.
- 13 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: will it indicate water
 14 level. And there's the -- the TMI basement-full-of-water
 15 gauge that we found we would have liked to have had.
- 16 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: And that will take of this 17 concern as well? That is, if it's measuring the level in 18 the sump, you can be, always be sure that you'll know from 19 that the level in the cavity as well?
- MR. OLSHINSKI: I'm not too sure that that's -21 we'll have to go back and look at that, and if, in fact -22 we want to satisfy our concerns; we think that that is true;
 23 we say the bottom of the containment, whatever the low point
 24 is in that case. In this case it would have been the cavity
 25 here.

- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Yeah.
- MR. OLSHINSKI: And I think that's probably true, abut it's something we'll have to go back and verify that; for each containment, you know, we'll take the areas of concern, we'll be covering those areas.
- MR. STELLO: Well, there will be a correlation, however. You'll know what the elevation is, and you'll know what the elevation is, and you'll know what the elevation components are. But I don't think that gI'd want to get to the position where I had to rely on that to kind of equipment. We have much more equipment that's going to be there to tell us we have the problem before we have it.
- MR. WCODS: What I thought I heard John say was 13 from the bottom of the sump to a certain level. I believe 14 it's from the bottom of the containment.
- MR. OLSHINSKI: Yes, it's -- it's from the -- I'm

 16-- I didn't mean to say the bottom of the sump, but meant

 17 bottom of the containment.
- 18 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: It has to. It doesn't do
 19 what we want it to do unless it really goes all the way to
 20 the bottom of the lowest available cavity in the containment.
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Well, that's what John -22 that's what the second point he made was, that that's why
 23 it's containment by containment.
- MR. OLSHINSKI: That's right. It's -- it's a post-accident monitoring and evaluation tool, and that's

- 1 what it was intended to be.
- 2 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: And when it is due to be 3 imposed?
- MR. OLSHINSKI: I haven't checked on the schedule, 5 but as I recall, it's either January '82 for the safety 6 grade or it may be July '82; it's one of those, basically, 7 but I haven't checked for sure.
- 8 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Any questions?
- GOMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Do we have two inspectors on the site?
- MR. STELLO: Yes.
- 12 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: And what are our plans for 13 the next year or two as for as the number of inspectors, to 14 keep two?
- MR. STELLO: I don't know. I'm thinking about it; 16 at the moment I hadn't decided.
- 17 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Well, you're -- what you're 18 thinking about is more than, not less than, isn't that 19 correct?
- MR. STELLO: That -- yes. Augmenting what's 21 there. But I haven't really decided how, how to go about 22 it, yet.
- 23 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Any other questions, Vic?
 24 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: And you're thinking about
- 25 what, adding one, or more? Is there anything you want to

- 1 tell us at this point?
- 2 (Laughter)
- 3 MR. STELLO: No. Augmenting, but I haven't 4 decided what's the best way to go about it.
- 5 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Well, these are -- these are gresource commitments that he has to think through carefully.
- 7 MR. STELLO: Yes -- as the Commissioner has a reminded me on countless occasions.
- 9 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Yes. All right. So my 10 understanding is that what you intend to do is, with respect 11 to 2, that's now down for -- till June at least, currently.
- 12 MR. STELLO: Yes.
- 13 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: And on 3, when you are
 14 satisfied that they have done the things that you believe
 15 they should have done, then they will start back up, is that
 16 correct?
- MR. STELLO: Yeah. I'm -- what -- what I want to

 18 make sure is that we have some commitments that various

 19 kinds of surveillance are going to be done on the equipment,

 20 pending getting formal license requirements established. I

 21 think we want to take a bit more time to put formal license

 22 conditions, but to work out an arrangement where we're sure

 13 that (UNINTELLICIBLE) the various surveillance requirements

 24 will be met.
- 25 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Okay, and you'll keep us

- 1 informed of when you do develop those additional license 2 requirements.
- MR. STELLC: Well, we're coming to the first step 4 in that process, will be a bulletin I hope to have out next 5 week, and I'll be happy to provide a copy, of all of the 6 correspondence, to the Commission, surely.
- 7 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Is the question of the anumber of inspectors something you're liable to come to a gconclusion on fairly soon?
- 10 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Well, I would hope that he 11 thinks through it carefully, Vic, because it -- these are 12 sort of the critical people we have in the agency, he's got 13 to carefully control both where he'd get them and how he 14 allocates them.
- 15 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Does that mean he won't 16 come to a conclusion soon, John?
- 17 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: It means that when he, I think, 18 has -- has thought through his resource allocation, he will 19 reach a conclusion.
- 20 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: That seems an odd way to 21 discuss this. But go ahead.
- 22 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Yeah. All right.
- MR. STELLO: Perhaps we can privately. There's 24 some things that I -- I just am not prepared to discuss 25 today.

1	COMMISSIONER GILINSKI: OKAY.
2	CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: All right. Not hearing any
3	objection, I'll then move on to the order.
4	Thank you.
5	(Pause)
6	We'll take about a two-minute break here, while
7	some of these people have a chance to leave, if they were
8	interested in leaving.
9	(A brief recess was taken.)
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- 1 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Those of you who wish to talk
 2 further go outside and we'll try to get back to address and
 3 work our way through an Indian Point order.
- Len, why don't you at least briefly describe the 5 document -- the unnumbered document -- that was sent around, 6 SECY-A-80-
- 7 MR. BICKWIT: It's now 80-179A.
- 8 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: 179-A.
- MR. BICKWIT: It has three attachments to it. The 10 first is a proposed order which includes -- which attempts 11 to include the various differences of opinion that have been 12 expressed informally by the different Commissioners on the 13 substantive matters at issue.
- The second attachment is an approach which our 15 office puts forward as just that with respect to interim 16 operation, which would, if accepted, have the effect of 17 scratching all of the interim operation sections and 18 substituting for them a one paragraph replacement.
 - And the third attachment is, again, from our 20 office, which is a proposed footnote dealing with the 21 procedural aspects of this matter. Your informal exchanges 22 have focused almost exclusively on substantive issues. We 23 raised some procedural questions at the last meeting and 24 this is our proposal as to how to resolve the procedural 25 issues as we see it.

- 1 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Do you have any rough
 2 suggestion as to where that footnote would be planted?
 3 MR. BICKWIT: Yes. It should be planted at the
- 4 point in the text where there is reference to a trial-type 5 adjudication including discovery and cross-examination. It 8 would be page 8, paragraph
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Well, I would suggest we try to a work through, starting from the beginning. I'm not sure whether we will get through it all, but at least hopefully to as a result of at least this meeting we can narrow down the traces where there might still be disagreement.
- Page 1, paragraph 1. Any problems with page 1?
- 13 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: What's in paragraph 1?
- 14 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Page 2.
- 15 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: We would go with the OGC 16 paragraph. I think we probably ought to strike the last 17 sentence.
- 18 MR. BICKWIT: That's right.
- 19 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: I thought your paragraph, Vic,
- 20 was actually better. Page 14. Paragraph 35.
- 21 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: You mean instead of the 22 CGC paragraph?
- 23. CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Yeah.
- MR. BICKWIT: It is not merely two different paragraphs as I understand it. The OGC approach strikes

- 1 everything in the interim operation section. As I 2 understood the Gilinsky approach, you leave that and then 3 you add this paragraph.
- 4 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Yes. And that seems to me to 5 reflect more accurately what we actually have done.
- 6 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: I wrote that before I had 7 seen the OGC paragraph.
- 8 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I think personally the OGC gparagraph did perfectly well and has the advantage of making to the whole order clearer.
- 11 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Pardon me. It has the 12 advantage of -- sorry.
- 13 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Shortening the order.
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Let us see how others feel on 15 it. Joe?
- COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: I think the elements of the 17 decision on interim operation which pertain to population 18 density, associated aspects of risk and so on -- the sort of 19 things we asked the task force to do -- remain as a decision 20 that was soundly made. I think in view of the circumstances 21 recently at Unit 2, it's fair to note that if we find reason 22 to reconsider why we will, and that the unit is down and 23 before restart I'm willing, if you like, to have the 24 Commission think about it and say what level of 25 reconsideration might be appropriate.

- But we have, I remind you, delayed a decision on 2 interim operation made on the basis of the task force report 3 and the Commission's review of it since July. This is now 4 mid-November. I see no reason in punting the expression of 5 those elements of the Commission's decision yet further 6 forward into the future.
- And, in particular, I see no reason to go back and 8 retread the examination which we made in the task force 9 report and those discussions at some future time. If the 10 conclusion of the staff and subsequently the Commission out 11 of the current events at Indian Point 2 would lead to some 12 other result, then I think we ought to make that 13 determination and apply those new conclusions when we make 14 them.
- But in the meantime, I see no reason to keep on 16 just punting off downstream and saying well, it's a cloudy 17 day today, let's not decide. I think, in fact, we have 18 decided and we ought to record our say-so.
- 19 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: That's what I liked about Vic's 20 paragraph was that it did accurately reflect the fact of the 21 matter -- that we did on July 15 decide. The two reactors 22 were operating in the interim and the reason was that on 23 July 15 we made a decision thereon.
- This new event is going to cause us to rethink

 25 some of that, and that's -- Vic did, I felt, capture that.

- 1 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: In a general sense, right 2 at this moment, for every license which is out there which 3 allows a reactor to operate something may happen this 4 afternoon which will lead us to reexamination of that 5 permission. And, you know, I don't see anything 6 extraordinary here that would cause us to go back and say 7 no, no, all of that work of the task force is now invalid 8 and so on.
- There are, obviously, connections that can be not made. Some of the assumptions that went into the decision that the task force report, some of those elements in D you can make a connection with a present circumstance and with some of those elements. But I think that's something that hone ought to do when one comes to some conclusion on the present matter and if we find it necessary to change the interim operation order language, why we change it.
- 17 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Vic's line does say that after 18 the -- and we will review whether that previous decision is 19 still valid. That captures an accurate representation. We 20 did something. Something else happened. We're going to 21 relook. So that's why I --
- 22 Peter?
- 23 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Well, obviously, as to 24 Unit 3 we're going to have to make a determination right 25 away as to whether the interim operation decision was

- invalid and so that really can be split up.
- I take it that was intended to be part of 3 Attachment B as well. You didn't intend to defer the 4 interim decision on Unit 3.
- MR. BICKWIT: Well, Attachment B, which was written before the staff briefing today, would have the reffect of allowing Unit 3 to operate.
- 8 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: But would not have made the g decision on interim.
- MR. BICKWIT: It would not have said anything
 11 about an interim operation decision. Fut if all you had was
 12 Attachment B, Unit 3 would be permitted to operate. It
 13 would not provide a rationale for that, which was something
 14 that you suggested in your memo, and I have no problems with
 15 providing such a rationale. I just didn't feel capable of
 16 doing it until we had a briefing on this.
- 18 you see between your paragraph B and tacking on the
 19 paragraph I have written to the existing case.
- MR. BICKWIT: Well, in one case I think what I 21 found most objectionable about your proposal is that --
- 22 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Make it --
- 23 MR. BICKWIT: I have two defenders here.
- 24 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: That's all right, Vic. I'll 25 come to your defense.

- 1 MR. BICKWIT: I think this is maybe one where you 2 need to come to his defense.
- Is the reference to the decision in the present tense throughout the order. If you simply add this onto what is in that order, in effect you're talking about your present state of mind and a decision that you are reaching in this order.
- My assumption is that the Commission does want to grethink this, does want to review it. And --
- 10 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Review what?
- MR. BICKWIT: Review the decision on interim
 12 operation. Does want to rethink its decisions on interim
 13 operation in light of the accident.
- 14 That's not a case then --
- 15 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: But as you describe it it was a 16 decision that was reached.
- MR. BICKWIT: A decision that was reached. If it 18 were phrased in terms of a decision that was reached and one 19 which the Commission wants to rethink, that removes most of 20 my objection.
- 21 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Well, why not simply stick in 22 that sentence.
- MR. BICKWIT: No, it doesn't say that because it 24 is in addition to an order that describes the decision 25 really being made in the present tense and reduced to

- 1 writing in this document. If it were phrased in terms --
- 2 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: In other words, if it were 3 phrased it was a decision that was made --
- 4 MR. BICKWIT: On this basis.
- 5 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Reduced to writing in this 6 document. And Vic's thing -- or paragraph 35 statement that 7 we will determine whether that decision remains valid. That 8 would meet your objection.
- 9 MR. BICKWIT: That's right. That certainly would 10 meet the bulk of my objection. Then the only difference, 11 which I simply want to draw for you --
- 12 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Well, is your objection,
 13 you know, your reading that the Commission wants to revisit
 14 the whole interim operation question? If it is you've
 15 misjudged my temper in the matter.
- 16 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: That would be hard to do, 17 I think.
- 18 MR. BICKWIT: I think I've got it.
- 19 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: The misjudging?
- 20 MR. BICKWIT: No, I think I've got your
- 21 temperament.
- Yes, it was based on the assumption that you do
 want to revisit the question of interim operation because of
 the developments involved in this accident. It is premised
 to that is not your view, I think I have trouble

- 1 even with Vic's proposal.
- 2 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Number 35 if you care to -- I 3 mean I've played that one about as long as I can.
- The previous proposal, which is paragraph 35.
- 5 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: John, maybe it --
- 6 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Let me go through my
 7 rationale. I think we made a decision back in July. We did
 8 make a decision.
- 9 MR. BICKWIT: There's no doubt that you made a 10 decision.
- 11 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: There is, incidentally, a 12 difference in these two paragraphs as to whether it was made 13 on the 15th or the 17th, but I assume someplace it could be 14 documented.
- 15 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Well, I think it was the 15th.

 16 I think the 17th was the second meeting, because at least I

 17 went through the transcript of the 17th and it appears to be

 18 based upon a meeting that previously occurred. I didn't

 19 look it up to see whether it was the 15th.
- In any event, whatever date, that I imagine can be 21 extracted somewhere in July. But a decision was made. We 22 did allow the reactors to continue operating and I had 23 difficulty not putting that down in that I felt the order 24 did explain. And I, in fact, did start modifying some of the 25 tenses back here to change the present tense to the past

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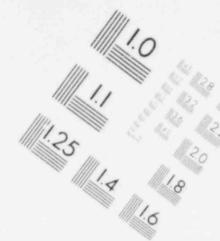
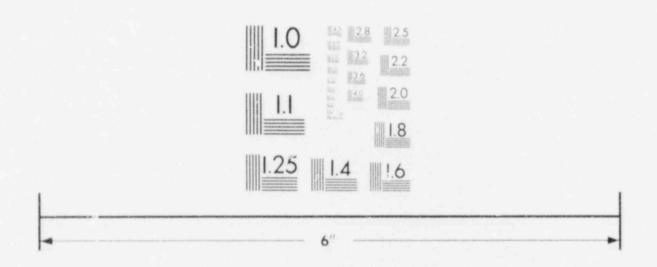
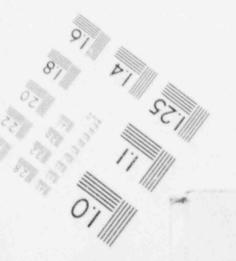


IMAGE EVALUATION TEST TARGET (MT-3)



MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART

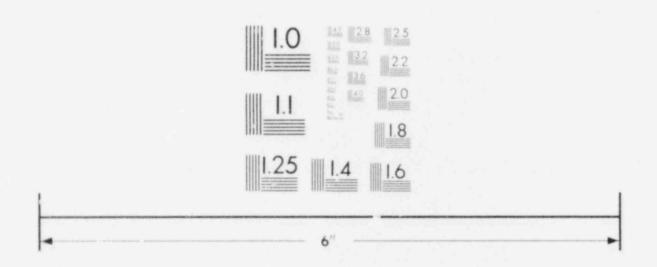


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IMAGE EVALUATION TEST TARGET (MT-3)



MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART



1 tense.

- MR. BICKWIT: That's right. As I said --
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: It appeared to me that we had to reflect we did review it. We did look at this. We did 5 make a decision. Now, with Vic's paragraph, then, what I 6 liked about it was that it then went on to say, much better 7 than the attempt that I had made, is that there now have 8 been recent events, and assuming that this gets out, the 9 recent events are being reviewed by INE.
- After that, and prior to any decision on whether 2 11 could operate, we are going to have to review whether or not 12 that previous decision is valid. Validity means here is a 13 result. There's some information that leads to that 14 result. That the result's still valid.
- Now how broad a review that entails I don't know, 16 because I don't know what the results of the investigation 17 are going to be. I have no problem with if you -- I think 18 Peter made a comment or you made a comment that you would 19 have to have some justification of why we would right now 20 have reached this decision on Unit 3, putting something 21 about we heard from the Director of INE and the explanation 22 as to the differences that lead us to allow this interim 23 operation pending this next step.
- But that's why I felt that this did accurately characterize what happened.

- 1 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: I may be wrong, but I
 2 don't think there's a very major disagreement here. I would
 3 be perfectly content as to Unit 2 to recite the facts that
 4 this is under July, whichever day we made the decision, and
 5 the plant is now shut down and will be shut down until next
 6 June. Before that time, the Commission will review the
 7 results of the INE investigation and conclude whether the
 8 plant would be permitted to come back up on the projected
 9 schedule.
- That poses slightly the question of whether there
 11 are those of us who believe at the moment that that
 12 investigation is not going to make any difference, but it
 13 states the sequence of events as we see it unfolding. And
 14 any reader reading it would be able to take from that both
 15 the fact the Commission has made a past decision, that it
 16 will review it in the context of the INE investigation, and
 17 if it reaffirms it at that time, the plant will come up on
 18 schedule. If it does something else, something else will
 19 happen.
- As to Unit 3, I assume we're going to decide very 21 shortly what to make of that situation and will be able to 22 reflect that accordingly.
- 23 CHAIRMAN AHEAR. 2: Well, let me get back to Unit 3
 24 very briefly. When Stello was here I asked whether we had
 25 any other issues to raise with him. He currently has

- 1 delegated the authority to tell the licensee that he can go 2 ahead.
- COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: I was about to suggest that in fact the writing will flow much more easily once we make the decision as to whether we, in fact, do intend to object to Unit 3 going back up. And if we were to take that yup now, then it world simplify the operation.
- 8 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: I'll be glad to revisit it. I gthought we had, but --
- 10 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Okay. I am not, in fact, 11 opposed to letting Unit 3 come up. I would be opposed, 12 however, to putting this order out without a clearer 13 statement of the basis that we feel that Unit 3 is different 14 from Unit 2.
- 15 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: My bases are that the 16 differences described by the director in his briefing are 17 sufficient.
- 18 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: That having been said, it 19 becomes much simpler to write about Unit 3 in the present 20 tense.
- 21 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: I'm not sure what whether Peter 22 and I are much in disagreement.
- 23 MR. BICKWIT: I don't hear any disagreement.
- 24 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: I don't think so.
- 25 Unfortunately, neither of the paragraphs works in this --

- 1 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: It depends on the language 2 in which it's expressed. It seems to me that paragraph 3 govers the matter.
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: I would have then, just in spoing through these next paragraphs on interim operation freflect two things. One, reflect in the past tense that a decision had been made based upon review. And then in the spresent tense we just ignore the words in paragraph 35 as gmodified with the addition feature of the comparison between the two presented by the director of INE. And that's the approach I would take.
- 13 doesn't need much more than about in the middle of the page 14 it says "based on this report as well as the Director's 15 previous decision we conclude that the risk", we could say 16 "we concluded in July" or "on July 15" that the risk -
 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Well, those were the kinds of 18 changes I was trying to make.
- 19 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: I haven't found any place 20 else where you really need the past tense in the proposition.
- 21 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Well, I think on page 5 we were 22 talking about "the decision is", "the decision was".
- MR. BICKWIT: There are a number of places,
- 24 because I found those offensive when I --
- 25 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Well, I didn't find them

- 1 offensive --
- MR. BICKWIT: Offensive to my point of view.
- COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Two paragraphs will do 4 what, then? Follow paragraph 3 with something like the 5 expanded paragraph 35?
- 6 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Where it is appropriate to 7 place it, I didn't know. Len obviously thought that the end 8 was the right place. I'm not sure where it ought to sit in 9 the order.
- MR. BICKWIT: Actually, I think it should sit in under the interim operation section.
- 12 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Fine.
- 13 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Maybe not right after 3, 14 but at the end.
- 15 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: At the very end. Okay.
- 16 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Now the paragraph 35, this 17 effort of Vic's which not has a success beyond his current 18 desire perhaps --
- MR. BICKWIT: Let me say that the only difference 20 now between what we've proposed and what he originally 21 proposed is a very minor difference.
- In one case you have made the decision and you are going to rethink it. In the other case you are going to what was a second to the second to
- 25 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: As far as a reflection of

- history, there is a substantial difference between those two.
- 2 MR. BICKWIT: It is clear to me --
- 3 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Put in that sentence into 4 the OGC version.
- MR. BICKWIT: It is clear to me that if you are going to make the decision the way you are going to go about 7 it is to rethink earlier decisions, so I don't see any 8 substantive difference. It is merely a way of phrasing it.
- GHAIRMAN AHEARNE: I would prefer myself to then to leave in as modified by the verb tenses the previous the expression.
- 12 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Yes. That's very much what 13 I would do.
- The other thing I want to do it to take "and Unit 153" out of Vic's paragraph at the end. It seems to me that 16 Vic's paragraph applies to Unit 2 and not to 3, in view of 17 today's briefing and the thrust of the discussions.
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: I'm not sure -- Peter, you had

 19 done that earlier. Is that an accurate reflection of your --
- 20 MR. BICKWIT: I'm sorry. I missed Joe's --
- 21 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Joe said that in that last
 22 paragraph 35, he would like to take out the comment on Unit
 23 3 and then refer to unit 3 separately.
- COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Yes, that's right. I had assumed that we have still a page or so to write on it.

- 1 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Yes, there's some 2 additional language saying we've looked at the matter with 3 regard to differences between 2 and 3.
- 6 -- that I would make clear in whichever paragraph that's in 7 -- this one is all right with me -- is that Unit 2 is, in 8 fact, and will remain down until a period --
- g COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Yes.
- 10 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: It's implicit and I think

 11 we coul --
- 12 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: I think an insertion there
 13 just before "prior to permitting resumption" it would be
 14 useful to state the unit is now shut down, for instance.
- 15 CHAIRMAN AHEARNF: Fine. Is someone over there
 16 taking notes?
- 17 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: I think someone back here 18 is taking notes.
- commissioner GILINSKY: It seems to me, really coreturning to the question of both units, to but would be inclined to leave that in.

 MR. BICKWIT: That is before the Commission. It's containing to the pour with.
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: For the drafting purposes, why 24 don't you go through it with Peter and Joe?
- Okay, I think that would, then, take us through

1 your paragraphs to -- now there was an issue on the bottom 2 of page 3 and top of page 4, which I gather was really 3 whether the task force report summary was going to be 4 attached. I have no problem going along with Peter's 5 proposal of just dropping the task force.

COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: I have no difficulty with
that either. Among other things, it saves us the agony of
agreeing upon what the summary of the report ought to be.
In many ways, it's just better to say here's the report.
To you know. Folks are invited to make their own summaries.

CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Down toward the bottom of page
to page to the proposed a change from "but it is questionable"

MR. BICKWIT: Page 4.

13 to "but questioned".

15 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: I'm sorry, page 4. You are 16 correct. Seven lines up. Anyone have any?

17 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: No, those are --

CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: And I guess three of us have gareed to a significant life answer estimating overall corisk. Joe, do you?

21 All right, page 5.

22 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: The next to last line of yet have an approved plan.
23 the top paragraph does not (inaudible).

MR. BICKWIT: I'm afraid we missed that.

25 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: This is down about the sixth

- 1 line from the top of page 5, "do not yet have proof".
- Okay. I think the other comments that we have a talked -- you've got to adjust the verb tenses. Remember 4 those.
- All right, Peter, could you help us. You, I thought, had substantial revision on the adjudicatory proceeding section and that I wasn't --
- 8 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Where are you, John?
- g CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: This is starting at the bottom to of page 5.
- MR. BICKWIT: Let me. Unless we're missing 12 something, on page 8, Peter's proposal has been in fact 13 agreed to by all of the Commission as a substitute for 12, 1414, and 15.
- 15 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Paragraph 16 is a 16 substitute for 13?
- MR. BICKWIT: 11, 14, and 15 and I think all have agreed to that.
- 19 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Okay. Now that substitutes for 20 -- that's what I wasn't sure of.
- 21 MR. BICKWIT: 13, 14, and 15.
- 22 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: So 10, 1, and 12 stay.
- 23 MR. BICKWIT: Right.
- COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: I think what OGC's given 25 us is a better machine. I just don't know how to run it.

- 1 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: And then in paragraph 16 --
- 2 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Wait. So that the proposal 3 would be to keep 10, 11, and 12. Any problems?
- COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Well, at least thus far those paragraphs have not been the subject of discussion in the assorted drafts, counterproposals that have been passed back and forth. Why don't we treat this draft as allowing them to stand.
- 9 Strike 13, 14, and 15, put in 16, and add the 10 procedural footnote to --
- 11 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: 16 is where you will put your 12 procedural footnote.
- 13 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Asterisk after
 14 cross-examination.
- 15 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Could I ask you a question on 16 your procedural? Your proposal, can you say a few words on 17 in it you say that "The licensing board is bound to the 18 directives of this order. It may depart from the provisions 19 of Part 2 in the interest of accommodating the need..."

 20 What -- first could you briefly describe what led you there 21 and then what kind of situations you saw?
- MR. BICKWIT: What led us there is that the 23 complication of Part 2 in its entirety in the past has led 24 to very lengthy proceedings, which it was our expectation 25 and hope that the Commission would want to avoid in this

1 situation.

- In the TMI 1 proceedings, you in putting out your sorder wound up with a adjudicatory proceeding which is going to last well over a year, maybe two years. It was -- when the Commission put out the order it was thought that this would last for one year and that the hearing would not begin for half a year. And the direct application of Part 2, it was our conclusion, would result in that situation. We gon't think that's what you want.
- Secondly, we don't think it's what the public

 11 wants or expects with respect to the Indian point hearings.

 12 So we cast about for alternative ways to avoid that result.

 13 And our -- one of the places we looked was the TMI 1 Board,

 14 and we went to that Board and said, why is it taking so

 15 long? And what is it that our order might have said?

 16 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: And this footnote encapsulates

 17 all the reasons they gave you as to why it was taking so

 18 long?
- MR. BICKWIT: No, it encapsulates those that we possible the dealt with in this order.
- And basically what the Board told us was that had
 they had the authority to depart from Part 2 in
 circumstances where they felt it was in the interest of
 expedition without sacrifice to the merits, they could do so.
- And this is really patterned after that discussion

- 1 and designed to avoid the results that you have.
- 2 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Could you give me an gillustrative example?
- MR. BICKWIT: Yeah. The TMI 1 Board has been concerned that under the laws applicable to it on acceptantions they have to admit contentions which, while marginally relevant, they are clear are not going anywhere and are not going to influence their ultimate decision. Our seeling is that you don't want that kind of hearing. You want a kind of hearing where the Board will go directly to the contentions that it feels are going to influence its recommendations to the Commission and will not belabor the aothers.
- 14 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Under Part 2 the Board would 15 not have the authority to do that?
- MR. BICKWIT: No. Under Part 2 and accompanying 17 case law, we believe would not --
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: I didn't ask the question that 19 way.
- 20 MR. BICKWIT: Well, but I think you have to 21 interpret it according to case law.
- COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: He can't avoid the case law and we've recently had an A Lab and a Commission affirmation of it hat run in just that direction.
- 25 MR. BICKWIT: That's right. And we believe that

- 1 the Board would not have the authority to get out from under 2 that stricture.
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Now if, in your proposal,

 4 someone who didn't like that decision, though, wouldn't they
 5 appeal it?
- 6 MR. BICKWIT: They would appeal it on an 7 interlocutory basis if that contention that was thrown out 8 was their only contention. Otherwise, they would not, under 9 Part 2, be permitted to appeal that, unless Part 2 were 10 waived in that particular circumstance.
- 11 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: But if they're appealing it 12 because Part 2 had been waived in that particular 3 circumstance?
- MR. BICKWIT: Right. But that doesn't mean that to the interlocutory appeal provision of Part 2 waiv:s in that particular circumstance. It could be --
- 17 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: What I'm trying to find out is 18 whether this would really lead to a tighter schedule, which 19 I see as your thrust.
- 20 MR. BICKWIT: That is the thrust and it's our view 21 that it would.
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Let me ask Howard, since
 23 something he said there tickled the back of my memory and
 24 that was I can remember when we were setting up the schedule
 25 for TMI 1, some of us, myself included, were pushing and

1 saying put down a tight schedule and hold everybody to it 2 and Howard was saying no way. It just isn't going to get 3 there. So let me ask if he has any comments.

- 4 MR. SHAPAR: Yeah, I do.
- I think everybody's objective is essentially the same here, but I come out differently than Len. I think the worst situation we can be in is to initiate a proceeding alike this and not tell the world and the parties in advance what the ground rules are going to be.
- I think the Commission has made a decision. It's 11 going to be a trial-type procedure. I think the only 12 question is how that trial-type procedure is going to be 13 carried out by this Board. And the real question is, is the 14 Commission going to tell the Board in advance what those 15 procedures are, or is it going to repose substantial 16 discretion in the Board?
- I think the Foards do a fine job in carrying out 18 Commission policy. I don't think the Boards are very good at 19 inventing new policy. So my suggestion would be, whatever 20 the Commission's wishes are here in terms of the procedures 21 it wants. For example, take Len's point about contentions. 22 Say Part 2 is applicable except, and the Boards and the 23 parties and the world know that Part 2, with all its 24 trial-type procedures, is going to be followed except in 25 those areas where the Commission determines in advance it

1 wants exceptions.

- And, therefore, everybody walks into the hearing around what the ground rules are and the Commission isn't apestered with complaints about how the Board has exercised sits discretion. In my opinion, in the long run you will esave time that way, rather than vesting substantial discretion in the Board.
- 8 Wherever you grant discretion -- wide discretion g -- to a hearing board you are going to create time lags.
- 10 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Do you have enough illustrative
 11 examples that you think that you define it in that framework?
 12 MR. BICKWIT: I think so. I'd argue that you
 13 shouldn't. That you ought to give the broad opportunity to

14 the Board to exercise its discretion.

- Although logically I think those are strong
 16 points, as a matter of practice I feel, one, if we go
 17 through the rules and try to figure out exactly were we want
 18 relaxation of those rules there will be areas that we'll
 19 miss where time savings may be useful.
- Secondly, the kind of approach that Howard's 21 outlined is really the one we took in TMI 1, and we went 22 through the rules. We sat up at this table and we tried to 23 figure out situations where time could be saved. And it 24 hasn't worked.
- Thirdly, this is an opportunity. I feel that we

1 at this table, including myself, haven't had the experience 2 with the application of these rules that would permit us to 3 do the kind of fine tuning that is suggested here in a way 4 that makes the most sense and that this really does give us 5 an opportunity to learn something about how an alternative 6 system might work.

And then, finally, and I've dot to throw this in 8 to be comprehensive in the answer, because this is really 9 the answer I gave to Howard, if we spend -- we've spent a 10 lot of time getting this order out. If we proceed to mark 11 up the rules at this point and try to devise language for 12 each of the examples that I would give you if you asked me 13 for additional examples, I think we will spend an additional 14 amount at this table and will have difficulty.

15 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Let me ask you one more 16 question and then I'll ask my colleagues if they have 17 questions on this.

You are putting it -- tacking it on to a sentence 19 that seems to go into a fair amount of detail saying it 20 shall use the full procedureal format of a trial-type 21 adjudication including discovery and cross-examination. So 22 at least on the one hand it is saying we will put in place 23 all of our full procedures.

Then the footnote is, except we won't. I'm not 25 sure why you --

- MR. BICKWIT: It says except we won't if two things are -- two conditions are met. One, the order doesn't mandate that we do.
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: I was just wondering why you stident have a simpler statement, that it directs the discretionary adjudicatory proceeding will be conducted.

 And put that in.
- MR. BICKWIT: Because I think the Commissioners

 9 all have in mind that there will be discovery and

 10 cross-examination. And I don't think you want to give the

 11 Board the discretion to get rid of all discovery and

 12 cross-examination.
- 13 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: I guess what you're saying is 14 that you do have in your mind, then, a sub-set of Part 2, 15 which you believe that we've already agreed shouldn't be 16 waived.
- MR. BICKWIT: That's right. and that's what that a language says. It says that when mandated by the order, the Board must stick to the order.
- 20 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Vic?
- 21 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Like to hear what Peter 22 says.
- 23 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Joe?
- COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Well, I think there does 25 need to be the footnote on procedural matters.

- And now this question of whether we grant to the 2 Board the discretion to adjust what would otherwise be 3 controlled by Part 2 as they see fit to move it forward, or 4 whether we, as Howard suggests, try to identify what will 5 probably turn out to be a relatively few specific changes in the Part 2, and just put those into the footnote.
- I guess I don't have very strong feelings. You 8 know, it's hard to tell before the event how the various 9 arguments made here in favor of one course or the other will turn out.
- It may -- it could very well be that leaving much 12 discretion to the Board, then, in the circumstances of the 13 hearing will entail them in great wrangles over their 14 exercise of discretion and that could end up just prolonging 15 the whole thing serious.
- On the other hand, maybe not at all. Maybe having that power would allow them to slash through a lot of things 18 that otherwise would just drag on and on. So I find it very 19 difficult to decide, you know, to know which is right. It 20 might be useful to try to draft some language about the 21 things that one would adjust in Part 2, but I --
- 22 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Howard, come back to the 23 last point regarding the TMI I proceeding for a minute. 24 Would you agree that the approach you are suggesting is 25 essentially the one that has been tried there?

- MR. SHAPAR: Not really. I think you're comparing, in a sense, apples and oranges, although there are certain similarities between the two. In the TMI trestart you have so many different issues which I'm not sure you're going to get in the restart.
- I think you're going to have heavy arguments about the issues, but I don't think you're going to have the multiplicity of the issues.
- COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: I think you are. I think
 parties are going to want to try to rais in this proceeding
 the every argument you've ever hear one way or the other. And
 think the Board's going to have a fierce time whamming it
 have down into shape along the lines that I think we'll have
- MR. SHAPAR: Of course you already have a 16 difference in format in the sense that you're getting the 17 recommended decision in Indian Point rather than an initial 18 decision by the Poard. I'm not sure I've answered your 19 question though, Peter.
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Well, I thought his question 21 was that Len said that the approach you suggested was the 22 one that we tried in TMI 1 restart. And Len's argument, 23 with which I don't disagree, is that the TMI 1 procedure 24 that we put in place has not accomplished what we hoped it 25 would accomplish. That is, --

- MR. SHAPAR: I think that's correct, because we 2 did identify -- I think Len is right -- we did identify 3 differences. But I don't think that's the reason. Whether 4 we had gone one way or the other, I don't think you could 5 conclude with any ease whatever that that's the reason why 6 TMI hearing has dragged.
- COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: But we didn't change any of 8 Part 2 for TMI 1. You know, we talked about various ways to 9 crank the thing forward and we ended up saying follow Part 10 2, as I recall it. Am I wrong?
- MR. BICKWIT: No. That's where we came out. But 12 the process was that we looked at each one of these rules 13 and we decided the best approach was to exhort urder this 14 rule and exhort under that rule, but not fiddle with it.

 15 And that's what I'm concerned is going to happen if --

COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Yeah. Just so.

17 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: So your concern is that if we 18 try to do it -- if we try to be explicit about what the 19 Board might do, we wouldn't exist.

16

- MR. BICKWIT: What you're saying is that if the 21 same people sit at this table and ask the same questions 22 this time we'll get the same answers.
- 23 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: But we all might be smarter.
- MR. BICKWIT: I don't feel that this is a 25 momentous decision. I don't feel that strongly about it.

But that is my concern.

- COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: But you've at least raised 3 one item which is if we decide to go the route of 4 identifying changes in Part 2, then at least this one is 5 worth identifying in the general terms that you've 6 identified it today, because it's not an insignificant item 7 -- allowing the Board beyond the rules in Part 2 the 8 discretion to say, oh, that's an interesting contention but 9 it doesn't cut to the heart of things and we're not going to 10 hear it and that's that. Whereas they would not be able to 11 do that under Part 2 and the practice that's built up.
- 12 So I can see at least that.
- 13 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Peter, you're still -
- 15 with the OGC approach, but I guess I'd like to know what the 16 Board itself responds. Because if they come back as Howard 17 says, well, you people don't understand what's going to 18 happen in this hearing. We're going to be deluged with 19 procedural requests under the waiver. And if we use our 20 waiver powers it will take us longer to sift through those 21 and make up our minds about them than it would under a 22 strict Part 2 procedure, then I guess I draw back from it.
- MR. BICKWIT: Well, I can tell you what one Board 24 says.
- 25 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: That's okay.

- MR. BICKWIT: And can say it very loudly. TMI 1 2 Board. They said if we had just had this it would have made 3 all the difference in the world. Now whether that's right 4 or not I can't say, but that's what they said.
- 5 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: And is that because they 6 would have been able to dispense with a number of 7 contentions?
- 8 MR. BICKWIT: That's a large part of it.
- g COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: I find that unconvincing.
- MR. BICKWIT: I'm not going to comment on the 11 convincingness of it. I'm just going say that that's what 12 they say, if you want to know what a Board says.
- 13 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: I suspect we're not going to 14 reach resolution on that, unless there are some other parts 15 you want to throw out. Vic, having heard Peter?
- 17 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: I guess I would lean towards if 18 you could put a few specific -- the things that you think 19 ought to be done. And it's solely because I recall the

COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Sorry, Victor.

16

- 20 previous time Howard was so right that we'd never make that 21 schedule.
- MR. SHAPAR: It hasn't happened since, though.
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: So I agree we ought to try to 24 give them additional authority to take those kinds of 25 steps. I would like to be comfortable that the Commission

- agrees that those steps ought to be taken. I think that that that would also strengthen the Board's position if it took those steps that the Commission has explicitly said yes, you take those steps.
- And if the Commission doesn't want them to take those steps, then it's probably useful for the Board to know that also.
- 6 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: But we do agree on the need g for the footnote and we still just haven't quite settled on 10 this.
- 11 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Yeah. The footnote has several 12 other features in it that I thought was --
- Anyone have any pro. lem with the investigative and 14 ex parte issue which is really just reflecting back what we 15 had decided in a previous.
- All right. We now move into paragraph 17 and 18, 17 I guess are two alternate versions of the same -- Does 18 anyone have any thing to comment on which might lead them to 19 say that they now see the wisdom of the other's position? 20 Or any changes?
- I still like the first version. Page 8 and 9, 22 paragraphs 17 and 18. And if there is no change in people's 23 relevant position, then I guess that's one of the items we 24 put aside for the moment and I'll probably ask OPE to see if 25 they, since this seems to be a description of how we are

- 1 addressing the risk question, maybe they might be able to 2 blend something.
- COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Actually, let's just make the point that that isn't quite as much an act of despair as might seem to be the case. If we can get down to two or three disputed paragraphs, with the rest of this order garded upon, I think that would facilitate the solving of gthose paragraphs.
- 9 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: The objection to 18 is that 10 is just misstates the proposition. It suggests that the 11 risk associated with evacuation difficulties, if any, are 12 the particular focus of interest to the Commission. And what 13 I put to you is that's not the particular focus of the 14 Commission.
- The question is, is the overall risk to

 16 individuals and society from the Indian Point unit Fall

 17 substantially above the run of risks from other operating

 18 sites. That's been the question from the beginning. And

 19 the way 18 is phrased it just distorts that into a

 20 peculiarity associated with whether or not there is greater

 21 or lesser difficulty with evacuation.
- COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Is there anything else 23 wrong with it?
- 24 MR. BICKWIT: I think you're almost there.
- 25 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I was trying to limit the

- 1 scope of the inquiry regarding other factors that we more or 2 less -- to concentrating in the individual risk on the 3 evacuation question, which is different when you're 4 surrounded by a larger population. So it wasn't a matter of 5 trying to shift the point of our investigation but to limit 6 it. I thought you'd like it.
- COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Also, though, unless I've a misread it, it doesn't focus just on evacuation-related grisks. I mean it has a point one and a point two.
- 10 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: It does go on and say total 11 risk to persons an property, but it puts these in terms of 12 the total list, you know, and it doesn't say compared to 13 anything else. There seems implicit in there an absolute 14 standard which --
- 15 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: ..., no. The last sentence 16 Says the Commission is going to prepare the lists --
- 17 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: I guess I would say that if you 18 view it to be the same as their other version.
- 19 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Well, it's better 20 Written. It's more to the point.
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: I guess I tend to share Joe's 22 view that it does -- it's more that it really is less of a 23 comparative examination than --
- 24 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Well, that certainly.
 25 There's certainly no intention to remove the comparison.

- 1 That's the point of the last sentence. It is that I felt 2 that as far as individuals are concerned the thing that 3 makes this site different is that there are more of them 4 around.
- 5 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: That's certainly the thrust 6 of the decision that goes with the task force report.
- COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I felt that as far as sindividual risk goes there wasn't a need to go into a lot of gother questions.
- 10 CHAIRMAN AHEARME: Such as what other questions?
- 11 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: A whole range --
- 12 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: I tell you that --
- 13 MR. BICKWIT: Are we going to get into tunkeys?
- 15 language in 18, okay, the thrust that I get from you now
 16 about saying no, no, the aim here was to focus on -- to say
 17 that those other elements were pretty much awash and that
 18 what is different here for individuals is that there are
 19 more folks hitting the trail, if it ever comes to that.
- 20 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I thought the first 21 sentence concentrates on that point.
- Well, why don't we think about it and at least 23 I've ried to explain what I was trying to do.
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: And to see if there may be a 25 relatively -- that may not be the --

- 1 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: There is also the 2 continuing difficulty over the phrase "range of risks versus 3 the risks posed by" and the question of whether what one is 4 really saying is that Indian Point has to be much worse than 5 all the others or whether what one might be saying is that 6 there is a troublesome upper end of the range -- the Indian 7 Point-Zion class.
- I'm not sure that that can't be accommodated under 9 the phrase "range of", but I've always been uneasy about the 10 formulation of terms as a comparison of one class through 11 the range as distinguished from the question of whether 12 there is a grouping at the top of the range.
- 13 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: I think what you're addressing 14 there, Peter, though, is what is the final basis on which 15 the Commission would reach a decision on it.
- 16 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: That's right.
- 17 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: And my argument for trying to 18 keep range in whenever it's there is that when we address 19 that it is not a single plant versus a single plant. It's 20 really a single plant versus a whole collection. How we 21 reach that balance in judgment is one that we have to reach. 22 The Board is not reaching it for us. The Board is examining 23 it in comparison to these things. And there wasn't that 24 deep a concept embedded in the use of the range other than 25 recognizing that there is a range.

2 that I'm not sure that my concern can't be encompassed
3 within the phrase "range of", but I didn't want to come back
4 and have the argument made that in effect you're precluded
5 from making a decision to treat Indian Po nt differently,
6 because somewhere off but still not quite over the horizon
7 there is another site and therefore it's within the range.
8 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I looked it out merely
9 because I assumed that the Board would characterize the
10 situation sensibly. If there are uncertainties they'd
11 express them. If there's a range they'll give us the
12 range. And I don't feel a need to totally (inaudible).
13 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Okay, Ed, I think that perhaps
14 you can (inaudible).
15 All right, 19, which addresses a point that comes

All right, 19, which addresses a point that comes
16 up again later, and that is the question as to what extent
17 should there be an examination of part of the issues that
18 UCS had raised about the regulations being met. And in
19 trying to prepare for today's meeting, going back through a
20 host of this stuff that has been around now, I find, since
21 May, I thought that long back, back in fact when we even had
22 five people, I thought that we had agreed to some sort of a
23 general statement. A statement I think was embedded here in
24 the bottom of number 3 on page 12, which was, at least in my
25 system of trying to keep track of what we did, why, it says

- 1 that that would compromise to try to get at that particulr 2 question.
- COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: You're locking 19.
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Well, what I was referring to 5 was the last paragraph, the last sentence in paragraph 26. BI believe, was a compromise we reached long ago in order to 7 address what do you do about the specific contentions gregarding regulations not being met.
- 9 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: I think that's right. So 10 what's the proposal for 19.
- 11 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Well, I would have left 19 in 12 and then used that paragraph in 3 as the reference to where 13 that would then be covered in the specific question. That's 14 why I was willing to go with paragraph 19.
- 15 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: I'll buy off on 19, with 16 the addition proposed, but what I want, then, is to strike 17 question 7 on page 13.
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Well, that's why I ended up

 19 trying to resurrect what actually had been the progression

 20 of things and that's why I ended up finally disagreeing with

 21 it. Because I thought that it was --
- 22 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: You felt it was covered by 23 the addition in number 3?
- 24 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: I found that although I had 25 backing on that compromise had been reached, disagreed with

- 1 that as the correct compromise. Nevertheless, that was the 2 compromise that was reached.
- COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Is this where we break for 4 a half hour for lunch?
- COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: I'd rather to a little more and then just quit for the time being.
- 7 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Are there others?
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Peter, Victor and Joe both need go to come to an end on this issue, I gather sometime in the next hour. Vic would like to do it now and the come back to it. We do have, at 2:00, we have another major one we really have to get to.
- Joe would like to go for another half an hour and then break and then just revisit this next week, I gather, to or later this afternoon.
- 16 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: How about revisiting the 17 2:00 one next week and finishing this one today while we're 18 still fresh on it?
- 19 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE I guess I would rather, since I 20 think there will be other people coming, to leave it.
- COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: I'll tell you. The other 22 point about putting it off is that we're not going to be 23 able to conclude that one anyway today, because I gather 24 from the direction we're headed I'm going to have to write 25 something and I haven't written it yet.

- I make the suggestion and hope it is one document we can actually conclude on, rather than letting it open again.
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Well, why don't we do this. At sleast for the benefit of, there will, I imagine, be some epeople who will have come down from Pennsylvania for this fafternoon's meeting, at least at 2:00.
- 8 MR. BICKWIT: It's a closed meeting.
- 9 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Oh, it's a closed meeting.

 10 Then fine. Then it's fine. Then we'll just break and start

 11 at 2:00.
- We will reconvene at 2:00.
- (Whereupon, at 12:38 p.m., the hearing was 14 recessed, to reconvene at 2:00 p.m., that same day.)

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AFTERNOON SESSION

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3	CHAIRMAN	AHEARNE:	To	continue	the	meeting	of	this

- 4 morning on the Indian Point order, to start this afternoon I 5 would like to revisit two items that we were addressing this 6 morning. The General Counsel has provided proposed 7 modifications and perhaps we should address those. Len?
- MR. BICKWIT: The first relates to procedures, a grootnote that we had enclosed at attachement C. And we would replace the fourth and fifth sentences of that footnore with what you have as attachment A to this paper.
- The major changes are that we specify the areas in 13 which the discretion of the Board would be exercised and we 14 list those areas as contentions, discovery and 15 cross-examination.
- 16 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: And the order of presentation.
- MR. BICKWIT: That's right. I thought that that as was already in there.
- 19 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Let's see. Did I
 20 misunderstand? I thought that this morning you were not
 21 putting discovery and cross-examination in as those areas
 22 eligible for Board --
- MB. BICKWIT: No. We were saying that total 24 abolition of discovery and cross-examination was ours, but 25 that these are areas that we have in mind that the Board

- would exercise its discretion in.
- COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: And if the Board in this aformulation have total discretion over the nature of the aproceeding?
- MR. BICKWIT: It has to in effect make a finding that it is needed to achieve reasonable expedition 7 consistent with the development of a sound evidentiary base.
- 8 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: What is needed? A change gfrom --
- MR. BICKWIT: The change in the rules. We would 11 add at the -- let me just make a few additions to this. We 12 would add at the end of the paragraph that you have -- the 13 sentence -- "except as provided above or elsewhere in this 14 order; 10 CFR Part 2 will control", so as to make that point 15 clear.
- 16 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Let's see. Where are you 17 going to put that?
- MR. BICKWIT: That would be in lieu of the fouth 19 and fifth sentences in the procedural footnote that you have 20 as Attachment C to the paper.
- 21 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: No, I don't mean this.
 22 The addition sentence about part 2 controlling.
- MR. BICKWIT: Oh, at the end of the sentences that 24 you have. The end of the paragraph that we've given you as 25 Attachment A.

- 1 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Let's see. Once you've 2 limited contentions, then why aren't the ordinary rules of 3 redundancy and relevancy and materiality enough on 4 cross-examination and discretion as to what's what. What 5 you want is for the parties not to waste time. The Board 6 has a fairly substantial club within the rules that already 7 exist.
- 8 MR. BICKWIT: It does have a club. One, as a gractical matter we want to encourage it to use that club in 10 a way that apparently we have been unsuccessful in doing in 11 the TMI 1 case.
- Secondly, it does go beyond. The discretion that 13 we're providing here does go beyond the existing rules in 14 some respects. They are not necessarily major. I'd say the 15 practical effect of this is more important than the actual 16 change in the rule. The practical effect is we're exhorting 17 the Board to really make use of its discretion.
- But the rules allow discovery, for instance,
 19 regarding any matter which is relevant to the subject matter
 20 involved in the proceeding. This says even if its relevant,
 21 you don't have to permit discovery. Again, if you've
 22 convinced that the discovery isn't going any where and it's
 23 expeditious to move forward and you've got enough of an
 24 evidentiary base to make your recommendations.
- The rule on cross-examination says that

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- 1 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: How would it be different 2 if you instructed the Board to apply a strict test of 3 relevancy?
- MR. BICKWIT: Well, it depends how you read 5 relevancy. I think you could say yes, that discovery is 6 relevant, but as a practical matter it's not going to take 7 you in a direction which is really going to affect this 8 Board's decision.
- 9 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: But doesn't that mean it's 10 not relevant?
- MR. BICKWIT: No. I don't think it necessarily 12 does mean that. It is certainly a way that they could 13 define it, but I don't think they're compelled to define 14 relevancy that way.
- 15 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Relevancy must mean 16 relevancy to the decision that the Board --
- MR. BICKWIT: There are certain things that are 18 conceivably relevant to a decision. If certain things fall 19 into place in ways that we can almost certainly predict they 20 will not.
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: I think what you're probably 22 saying is that the past practice of the way the Boards have 23 operated would tend to lead to very good confidence that 24 without some kind of strong statement that the Board would 25 go on a more extensively open approach, a broader

- 1 interpretation.
- 2 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: We aren't talking about a 3 statement. We're talking about wanting the Board to change 4 the rules.
- 5 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: That's right, which certainly 6 is more than a hortatory statement.
- MR. BICKWIT: Moreover, in the discovery area, the adiscovery can simply go forward on its own and then the person who would be discovered against has to file for a protective order if he feels that what's happening is irrelevant or posing an undue burden.
- 12 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: That would still be true 13 here, though, would it not?
- MR. BICKWIT: This would allow the Board

 15 flexibility to go beyond that. This is opening a big door.
- 16 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Well, let's see. Even if 17 the Board -- unless the Board says simply that there should 18 be no discovery.
- 19 MR. BICKWIT: Which we would not be able to say.
- 20 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: If it allows discovery,
- 21 then --
- MR. BICKWIT: What it could do under this -23 you're not instructing it to, but it could -- it could say I
 24 want to provide a clearance mechanism. I don't want any
 25 discovery until you come to me and specify why that

- 1 discovery has to take place.
- 2 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Now did you have the sense
- 3 from the TMI 1 Board that discovery and cross-examination
- 4 were substantial contributors to the delay in that case?
- 5 MR. BICKWIT: I have to ask you, Peter. Peter was athe one who had the conversation.
- 7 MR. CRANE: I was told that the central thing was gontentions. Discovery and cross seemed to be a second grank. How they broke down between those --
- 10 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Cross must be second 11 indeed, because they haven't even got to that phase.
- MR. BICKWIT: In expressing the concerns, those 13 were the main things.
- 14 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Could we have given that 15 Board the authority to alter the rules?
- MR. CRANE: Yes. The specific message I got was 17 that the order which came down gave with one hand and took 18 with the other. It spoke of urging expedition and at the 19 same time kept reinforcing --
- 20 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: What you're saying is that it 21 is not the fact that this is a different character board
- 22 that would allow us to provide it this flexibility?
- MR. BICKWIT: Your question is, could we, as a
- 24 legal matter, have allowed a relaxation of the rules?
- 25 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Yes.

- MR. BICKWIT: And the answer is probably yes. You would have to to do a rulemaking in order to do it. Here you don't have to, because the rules will not apply to this 4 situation unless you say they do.
- The statute, I think, gives you enough flexibility 6 to do some of these things.
- 7 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Because this is a unique gcharacter.
- 9 MR. BICKWIT: That's right.
- 10 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Why was the TMI 1 -- were 11 we required to have a hearing in that case? I thought that 12 was a discretionary hearing.
- MR. BICKWIT: You were required to have a

 14 hearing. You weren't required to have one before restart.

 15 You chose to have the hearing do double duty, as it was, so

 16 that the hearing prior to restart would be the hearing that

 17 You were required to have by statute.
- 18 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: What was it that triggered 19 the requirement for hearing?
- 20 MR. BICKWIT: The 189 of the Atomic Energy Act
 21 that says that when you suspend a license you have to have a
 22 full adjudicatory hearing.
- 23 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Did that Board indicate at 24 all why it had not returned to us as the procedures were 25 leading them afield to such an extent?

- 1 MR. CRANE: Not to me.
- 2 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: It may have reached the 3 conclusion that there was little possible chance of success.
- MR. CRANE: Some of the things that have been sholding up the Board are the inability of the Commission to address some of the issues that we are supposed to be telling the Board to do.
- 8 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: My understanding was that gthat wasn't holding up the Board yet, but soon would.
- 10 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Well, there is a statement
 11 in here which I believe I contributed which tells the Board
 12 to stay closely to the --
- 13 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Yes. To the questions asked.
- 14 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: To the questions asked. I 15 am inclined to go with that sort of approach. I'm just not 16 sure where the other one takes you.
- MR. BICKWIT: Now the point I was trying to make 18 this morning was that if you have a full-scale adjudication 19 under your rules that our best estimate is that you will not 20 get to this hearing until six months from now, if things go 21 on schedule.
- 22 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: That's optimistic.
- MR. BICKWIT: Well, that's -- finishing my
 24 sentence, if things go as scheduled. And, if the Commission
 25 is content with that schedule, if it is content with a

1 schedule of a normal adjudication where you don't actually 2 get to the hearing for six months, if you're lucky, and you 3 don't finish up until considerably over a year, then you 4 really oughtn't to be fiddling around with this.

- And that's really the judgment that's before you.
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: I think, really, the experience 7 we have had with TMI 1, I think, ought to make us -- it 8 certainly makes me realize that the system we have is a 9 very, very slow system. And I would say that six months is 10 optimistic. I think that going the normal approach, no 11 matter what hortatory words we put in, we are likely to take 12 almost a year before the actual hearing can begin, and it 13 could very well take another year before we would finally be 14 sitting here readdressing the issue.
- So I think what we are really balancing is, if

 16 We're realistic in looking at a two-year type process unless

 17 We try to enable the Board to take other measures to come to

 18 graps with the issues more rapidly.
- 19 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Well, in getting a sort of 20 a major compression there are going to have to be major 21 departures from the way these hearings are conducted 22 usually. And in that case one ought to put them on the 23 table and see what they are and if we go along with them, 24 fine.
- MR. BICKWIT: Well, we can get down to any level

- 1 of specificity that you want.
- COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: It doesn't sound like we're dealing with a lot of little items. There would have to be several major changes.
- 5 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: That's what he said. That's 6 the discretion --
- 7 MR. BICKWIT: We've now particularized the areas gin which the Board will have discretion. If you want to gleave it no discretion, but to specify in detail the 10 procedures that it will use, we can do that.
- 11 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Well, there's no reason 12 why the Board can't come right back to us and say, look, we 13 propose to handle it in the following way and make the 14 following changes and, with your approval, we'll go ahead.
- MR. BICKWIT: That's a perfectly reasonable way of 16 proceeding.
- 17 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: I guess I don't have enough
 18 experience with the licensing board chairman to know whether
 19 that is a reasonable way to proceed. In other words, I'm
 20 not sure whether -- how long it will take for them to
 21 realize which issues they have to treat. If you think, or
 22 if -- I guess I'd like you to check with some of the people
 23 that you have checked with already to find out whether that
 24 is the right procedure, or whether it's much better to just
 25 say out in the beginning that here is the flexibility you

1 have.

- And I certainly don't think it would be of any use whatsoever if each time they want to deny a contention they have to come back to us and say --
- MR. BICKWIT: No. No. I agree with that. But if they can formulate some general principles and come back to you, then you have to ask yourself, you know, will you greatly save time or will things get hung up here.
- Our preference is for giving them some flexibility 10 above and beyond what they usually have and in this 11 situation it is a unique situation in that the rules do not 12 apply unless you say they do.
- 13 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Because it's a discretionary -14 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: I'd be prepared to do that
 15 as to their rulings on contentions. Unless you can convince
 16 me that, to the contrary, I am really inclined as to the
 17 mechanics by which the contentions are let in or pursued to
 18 go with Part 2 as it is, with exhortatory language of the
 19 sort that you've already put in here elsewhere saying that
 20 the Commission does expect the Board will use its powers to
 21 assure that discovery and cross-examination are --
- 2: MR. BICKWIT: Well, I don't want to convince you.

 23 It's a trade-off. It's a question of how clearly the

 24 Commission wants to get the maximum public participation.

 25 Clearly the Commission wants to move as expeditiously as

- possible. These objectives come into conflict, and you just have to decide which is more important.
- COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: But what I'm saying is,

 4 once the Board has tailored the contentions to match up with

 5 the proceedings as we've described it in the order, then my

 6 preference is to allow those contentions to be --
- 7 MR. BICKWIT: Subject to full discovery and --
- 8 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Yeah.
- 9 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Would you be willing to go
 10 along with an additional sentence which would say that if
 11 the Board concludes that additional relaxations are
 12 appropriate then they --
- 13 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: You can come back to us?

 14 Yes. If it turns out that the procedures are insufficient.

 15 Yes.
- 16 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: I'd take the footnote as 17 amended with the three areas in it as proposed.
- 18 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Are you saying --
- 19 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: He's not saying as amended 20 by me, I think.
- 21 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Attachment C plus the 22 replacement language which has been presented in counsel's 23 paper and that other sentence about otherwise Part 2.
- I think we've got enough of an example of the 25 difficulties that the procedural rules under Part 2, coupled

with the present practice of the Boards, leave a very with 2 range and make it very difficult to focus down a hearing.

3 And I don't know that the particular thing suggested here -- 4 leaving to the discretion of the Board -- leaving them some 5 discretion to limit these areas more than Part 2 would 6 allow, whether that's going to be effective or not. I 7 suppose it depart an awful lot on the Board, maybe some 8 other things.

- But it seems to me worth trying. It can't be any 10 worse than fall back to the Part 2 positions -- sort of wide 11 open -- and they might be able to use this kind of authority 12 compel a focusing in on the really essential issues.
- So I'd go with it for discovery and 14 cross-examination as well as contentions. I think it's just 15 a question of discovery and cross-examination because there 16 are three areas you're saying you're going to change Part 2 17 -- contentions, the discovery and cross and then the order 18 of presentation. I think it's just discovery and cross that 19 we have a condition. Otherwise, I think that footnote 20 language is --
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: I think where we stand, though, 22 is that, you know, Victor doesn't like the footnote at all, 23 so he would be against it. Peter and I are with it up to 24 the discovery and cross and what we would say is that if the 25 Board wants additional flexibility to come back to us.

- COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: That's fine with me.
- 2 MR. BICKWIT: I'm with you, Commissioner.
- 3 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: So I think the only way I can 4 get -- I think we're at the stage that we get nothing or 5 part way.
- COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Well, you can either rule that as the way the footnote will read, or you can leave it gwith versions A and B, as we have in some other parts of the grule.
- 10 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: I would say for this next
 11 drafting, why don't you modify it on the discovery and
 12 cross. Just put in some hortatory language about sticking
 13 to the relevance, et cetera. And that if there are
 14 additional things to come back.
- MR. BICKWIT: All right. Now the second

 16 attachment is designed to deal with the interim operation

 17 question. And this is to replace the current paragraph 35

 18 and would be inserted at the end of current paragraph 9.
- The Chairman had a proposed change to that which 20 would state, after the words "Unit 2", two lines up from the 21 bottom, you would insert the phrase "and that Unit 3 has 22 additional safety features not present in Unit 2."
- 23 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: That was because, in Stello's 24 presentation he did have -- he said that Attachment B.
- 25 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: I must say those

- 1 differences didn't account for much in my judgment on 2 interim operation.
- COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Well, the task force scratched its way through, you know, what would happen from this one, what would happen from that one. Yeah, there are those differences and unquestionably some of the things that give implemented in Unit 3 represent what could clearly be

gregarded as better practice. You know, by no means is there

to any suggestion that you ought to just relax back to the

11 earlier regime.

MR. BICKWIT: Your judgment having been based on?

- But I think the task force concluded that, within 13 the sort of accuracy that they were able to make these 14 assessments, that the units were sufficiently comparable to 15 be regarded --
- 16 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: That's -- my point, Joe, is
 17 that the specific issue here I thought we were addressing is
 18 that we just had this large water spillage in Unit 2 which
 19 went undetected and which led to the water getting up onto
 20 the reactor. And the issue is why is that not --
- COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Oh, I see. You're thinking 22 about the Unit 3 safety features, in particular that you've 23 got in mind that there's somewhat better water levels. Okay.
- 24 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: That's right. In other words, 25 why wouldn't that be likely to immediately occur in Unit 3.

- 1 And it is, the fan cooler is in better shape and they have 2 these other items. That was the point Stello was talking 3 about.
- 4 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Okay. If it were me, then, 5 T would add "in this regard" at the end of your phrase.
- 6 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Fine.
- 7 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Rather than --
- 8 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: It certainly is in the gright general direction. I think what I'd prefer to do 10 would be to take the change you've made and then put a 11 footnote below it to be a little more explicit about what 12 you're drawing from, just so that the reader can tell what 13 it is that we are in fact relying on.
- 14 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Fine.
- 15 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: And why don't I do that.
- 16 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Okay. Vic?
- 17 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I guess on Unit 3 I
 18 Wouldn't say "we seen no reason to revisit". I mean we may
 19 decide to revisit and taking and looking at the reasons to
 20 do it and the reasons not to do it.
- 21 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Fine. Excellent.
- All right, then, let us return to where we were this morning. I think we were still on paragraph 19.
- COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: How what is this? You 25 wanted a package deal of some sort?

- 1 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: It's very complicated,
- 2 those three pages.
- 3 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Well, we can take them one at a
- 4 time, but I think Joe --
- 5 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Why don't we get back to
- 6 this thing?
- 7 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: That's the best way. We can
- gget back to it at a later --
- g COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Why don't we take the
- to extended language --
- 11 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Subject to later recall.
- 12 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: And you've got three for
- 13 that, and my only objection to it ties to attacking Question
- 14 7 later on, which I will do when we get there.
- 15 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: All right.
- 16 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: We'll remind you.
- 17 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Paragraph 20, I think, is
- 18 next. Anybody?
- 19 . 21?
- 20 All right. 22? There are a number of --
- 21 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: I'll buy off on the BG. I
- 22 don't know, what's the difference between them?
- 23 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: For a long period. I was
- 24 trying not to extend it out to infinity.
- 25 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Seems like a good idea.

- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Just as --
- 2 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: To periods not to exceed 3 some multiple of a half life of a permanent isotope.
- 4 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Just as an aside, then, that sother bracket was not my suggestion.
- 6 MR. BICKWIT: Well, it's just that the original 7 draft was sitting there and then it looked like Vic had 8 scribbled in "for long periods". And here it said, "if 9 that's okay." As the only supporter of the original draft.
- 10 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Okay. Fine with Victor's,
- The next, then? Three of us. Joe do you want to 13 argue this?
- COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: As far as I can see, it's 15 just a rewording which contains the same thoughts, perhaps 16 better expressed.
- 17 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: So you have no problem?
- 18 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: No. no.
- 19 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: All right. Then we'll move up 20 and get to some of the meat.
- The series of questions, I guess. There are two 22 versions of Question 1. Vic, would you care to address the 23 original version of Question 1, or as modified by Peter as 24 modified by me. It's on page 12. You have your version. 25 Would you care to address why you believe you're version is

- 1 a better way of describing it?
- COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Well, I thought we ought a to start with the health and safety problem. Otherwise, if there isn't a serious problem at this point we wouldn't go son. So it seems like the thing to put first.
- 6 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Well, that was embedded in the 7 other number 1.
- 8 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Yeah. I just -- I guess --
- 9 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Do you see your version as just 10 a re --
- 11 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Well, there are some

 12 differences. For example, you say what is the probability

 13 of such an event? I didn't think the Board ought to be

 14 getting into a WASH 1400 study, but it is relevant just to

 15 know what the current estimates of these things are. That's

 16 why I explicitly said --
- 17 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: What is the range of
 18 probabilities assigned by the experts? You explicitly do
 19 not want them to get into a WASH 1400-type analysis?
 20 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: To recalculate all the
 21 numbers, no.
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: So you were not asking them to

 23 -- you were not asking the Board to try to reach a

 24 determination of what probability ought to be assigned?

 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I don't think I would do

that. No.

- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: And, similarly the reason, then, that you add "a pressurized water reactor" as opposed to "Indian Point" was --
- 6 precisely known, and I thought if one picked a typical 7 number, unless there's some reason not to do that that I 8 don't know of at this point, it struck me as a reasonable 9 starting point.
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: All right. So that you don't
 view that -- would you view that, then, as a factual
 question that you are trying to have the Board determine?

 Or is this a piece of -- these range of data -- is this
 something that the Board just accepts here as a given?

 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Well, certainly the way I
 fout it here -- you're interrogating me and you're
 introducin; doubts into my formulation. I was inclined to
 saccept that he reactor wasn't all that different from other
- 20 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Would it not then be 21 appropriate for us just to say here is the range of 22 probabilities assigned.
- 23 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Well, you know, then Je'd 24 have to get into that ourselves and find out what other 25 estimates outside of the staff, and so on. We'd have to

- 1 conduct a kind of mini-hearing ourselves.
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: So by -- you are asking the Board to try to determine who ought to be the experts that they are going to be considering?
- 5 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Yeah. That doesn't strike 8 me as a great problem.
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: I guess I would see it as a -
 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: You know, as we talk about

 git, if this reactor is thought to be vastly different in

 terms of probabilities of core melts and so on than ciners,

 then I suppose one ought to think about that. But, well, my

 cinclination is to take a typical number.
- 13 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: But that typical number would 14 be determined by the Board by --
- 15 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Oh, a range of numbers 16 that they would get by talking to experts.
- MR. BICKWIT: It seemed to me that this set of 18 questions generally has got to cover the same points in a 19 somewhat clearly and more direct manner, but I would be 20 inclined to introduce some adjustment to Question 1 to allow 21 factors specific to Indian Point.
- 22 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Well, it may be that that 23 ought to get at it. As I said, as John was questioning me 24 about it I'd say if there's some way that this departs 25 clearly from other plants, either in the plus or minus

- 1 direction, then I suppose we ought to take account of that.

 2 But I don't know that there's a great need to fine tune the

 3 number if it doesn't.
- 4 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Now, in your description of 5 Question 1, you have not --
- COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Let me put it this way.

 7 If we take the other approach to its logical conclusion,

 8 we're talking about an IREP analysis or whatever. And then

 9 we are talking about a very extensive effort.
- 10 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: I would agree with that. I'm

 11 just concerned that no matter how we describe it, unless we

 12 are very careful we are going to end up with a very

 13 extensive, extremely large calculational effort that may

 14 swamp the capability of a board to try to address that.
- 15 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Well, they would have to 16 command more than others would criticize it.
- 17 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Now you don't speak to what is 18 the way the previous question at least, started. And the 19 start isn't important, but it does end up addressing what's 20 the current status of state and local emergency planning.

 21 And --
- 22 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Well, I think I would have 23 modified this question to say what are the health 24 consequences given the current level of emergency 25 preparedness and -- in other words, do you have an effective

- 1 evacuation or let's say evacuation on the basis of current 2 programs which presumably would be less effective than the 3 one based on the ultimate state of planning that we're 4 looking for. And without -- if evacuation plans fail for 5 some reacon.
- 6 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Well, I do think we want 7 to have the status of the plan. And I guess, is that not in 8 there if we take out? Well, I think we obviously want to 9 have that.
- 10 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Let's see. Why is that 11 not in there under, in effect at least, under C?
- 12 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Well, it doesn't clearly 13 say in fact what would be achieved under current planning 14 levels.
- 15 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: It's certainly possible you 16 might get there, but it doesn't --
- 17 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: That's what T

 18 suggesting is that it would be hard to answer to question

 19 without describing what the existing situation was. I don't

 20 mind.
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: What I was really trying to 22 probe was that in Victor's reconstruction of the question, 23 was that something that -- when something is taken out, I'm 24 not sure whether --
- 25 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: I don't mind adding it

1 back .

- 2 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Joe, you had significant 3 concerns about any of these versions.
- COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Yeah. Let may say first what I prefer. What I prefer is the original Question 1 modified to degree of conformance with the guidelines, since we now have a rule in place.
- I object to the emphasis on core melt accide s

 g that reach containment, but the last part of number 24 in

 this context for the minimum number of hours and so on and

 the solution of the emergency planning

 the area.
- The intermediate sentences in 24, "do the

 14 emergency plans provide adequate protection in the event of

 15 a core melt, reach containment, or" and then with or without

 16 the probability and risk sentences. My difficulty with that

 17 is the same that I have with B, D, and E of Vic's proposed

 18 Question 1. That is, when you start out and say, assuming

 19 the core melt will have reached containment, you have

 20 selected one quite unlikely event out at the low probability

 21 end of the spectrum of severe core damage events and

 22 focused, by the nature of this language, a really excessive

 23 attention upon it.
- It's like saying we're now going to conduct a 25 discussion of the safety of air transport aircraft coming

into LaGuardia and Idlewild, and what we are interested in 2 is, given a 747 whamming into Shea Stadium the day of the 3 big ballgame, what are the probabilities and consequences.

4 You know, you totally distort what should be a reasoned 5 consideration of the risk over this whole spectrum of events 6 from more likely but lower consequence out to less likely 7 but higher consequence events, appropriately weighted by the 8 probabilities and taking some sort of crude integration over 9 that spectrum.

You just focus on a particular sequence way out on the far end, and I think it just distorts totally the picture and does not give a fair examination of the whole apicture.

I think it has, furthermore, the property that no 15 matter what and now much you say about probabilities no one 16 will pay much attention to it, and it will appear that the 17 Commission has in effect decided that this event can happen 18 and all we're talking about are how big the consequences 19 are. And I think, in what is bound to be a hard-fought and 20 somewhat emotion hearing in any event, why it's a very 21 unfortunate thrust for the Commission to impart to the 22 proceeding, even apart from the fact that I think it just 23 distorts a reasoned consideration of what the IP risk really 24 is.

25 My second difficulty with the framework of your

1 Question 1 is that by saying no we sort of roll IP in with
2 the other PWRs and take some sort of see what people ascribe
3 to the probabilities of core melt for the whole class of
4 plants and so on. On the one hand, you deny to the Indian
5 Point Licensees whatever benefits their particular prudence
6 in design may have gained in terms of real public safety.
7 And on the other, from the standpoint that the most
8 extensive risk assessment that has been made is still the
9 one on the Surry plant, you may blindly infer advantages at
10 Indian Point from the Surry picture which aren't fair. So
11 it can cut both ways and I wouldn't care to speculate which
12 way the balance goes or would go.

Furthermore, earlier in this order, in dealing
14 with interim operation, you have pointed out the results of
15 the task force examination on the design features at IP and
16 what other reactors would look like at the IP site and what
17 the IP reactors look like versus other reactors and so on.
18 But you've said this is a preliminary thing and we make no
19 sort of final decision on the merits here. The task force
20 report is adequate in our view for us to form a judgment on
21 interim operation, but those arguments about IP versus other
22 designs and other sites versus the IP site remain to be
23 tested in this hearing.

And, you know, if the thrust of the arguments made 25 in the task force report hold up under examination well and

1 good, and if they don't then we'll see what other
2 conclusions ought to follow. It appears to me here, by
3 backing away from some specific examination of the IP
4 designs, that we see to be saying well, we've sort of
5 judged it's a wash and I think that both premature and I
6 think it's also probably technically incorrect.

What I read from the early returns on the risk assessments made thus far under the IREP program and other 9 efforts of that kind, including WASH 1400 and its 10 examination of Surry is that the way safety systems are set 11 up, particularly with regard to the supporting auxiliaries, 12 balance of plant -- some of the balance of plant stuff -- 13 that there are in fact substantial differences in overall 14 risk among PWRs as a class, including PWRs, say Westinghouse 15 PWRs, just on the basis of the way people put together all 16 of the support systems.

And I think to say we'll judge Indian Point on the 18 basis of the range of probability of core melt and breach of 19 containment as reflected by what we know now of the class of 20 PWRs -- the whole class -- you're going to get a much 21 broader range than you really need, than is really going to 22 be helpful to you. I think you have to look at Indian 23 Point. If you want to know what the risk at Indian Point is 24 I think you're going to have to sit down and make a risk 25 assessment cut at Indian Point.

- 1 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Let's see. Supposing Item
 2 lA were made specific to Indian Point?
- 3 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Well, I guess, then, that was 4 probably number 4, page 13.
- 5 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: That's the thing you want ato start with.
- COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Well, I'm not sure that the afact that a question is numbered one versus four in a list asix or whatever coming from the Commission necessarily is a to priority order. I didn't change the order of the May 30, 11 you know, where we went out and said we're going to have 12 hearing and we're thinking about these questions and we 13 invite your comments. And I just stuck with that order 14 because it seemed to me, having gone out in the preliminary is notice, why it was useful to preserve the order. And there's also the configuration that it starts out and says, 17 now, how's the emergency planning stand? What improvements 18 can be expected? What about those improvements from the 19 Director's order earlier? And then, now, what risk -- how 20 do the risks stand for serious accidents, including after 21 those improvements -- pending and after those improvements 22 -- and then how do these risks compare with other plants? It seemed to me a progression which had the merit 23 24 of tradition from the May 30 order and also was not 25 unreasonable as a logical proposition. So I just didn't see

- 1 any reason, you see, to recast the numbering. Whether we 2 number them an invert the order, but I didn't see any 3 particular need to.
- 4 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Incidentally, on the 5 business of focusing on core melt --
- 6 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Well, core melts and breach 7 of containment. And it says, you know, here is the great 8 language "that of a core melt accident that breached the 9 containment with a few hours' warning". You know, what 10 you've gone and done is to sort of say we'll now consider 11 the worst case.
- I can tell you what the answer is in that case.

 13 The answer is you've got a lot of trouble.
- COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: That's John's version.

 That was one reason why I started off with the

 probabilities. In B, those are the cases that you're

 interested in in looking at this situation.
- 18 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: No, I tell you, those are
 19 not the cases I'm interested in looking at this
 20 situation. What I'm interested in looking at are the
 21 probability weighs -- the probability-weighted integral -22 across this spectrum. Otherwise, you haven't got a fair
 23 measure of the real risk and
- 24 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Well, it's only reasonable 25 to expect that the situation differs from other locations.

1 Right?

10

- COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: That's right. And if the alikelihood of those things -- of melt plus early breach of 4 the containment -- is low, then the risks at this site garen't particularly different from those at others. That gis, they'll differ by 10 to the minus a significantly large 7 number. And just be a WASH in the real world. And I think ayou've got to have the integral over that spectrum gappropriately weighted to form a fair judgment of that. COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I guess I don't follow.
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: I think I tend to agree with 11 12 Joe on that. Part of what I believe he's saying is that 13 we're asking the Board to address a particular reactor 14 operating in this region. We all agree that the reason that 15 the Board is examining this question and the reason we're 16 going through the process is because of the very high 17 population in which it's located.
- COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: If you're talking about 18 19 incidents in which there is no breach of containment, then I 20 can't see how the fact that there is a large population at 21 ten miles or fifteen miles or twenty miles makes the 22 slightest bit of difference here. Now if that's how we feel 23 we ought not be part of this proceeding or looking into it 24 all.
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: But, Vic, if we're having a 25

proceeding, and we are trying to go through the process of 2 having the Board and the people in the area go through what 3 will be a lengthy process, I think Joe's point -- at least I 4 would agree with it, if it is his point -- that that board 5 ought to address this spectrum of risk.

- COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Well, if you're saying

 when you get all done and you want to make your comparison,

 you want to add up all the numbers and be sure to take into

 account that these high consequence events are events that

 are unlikely ones and weight it all appropriately. But

 insofar as you're looking to distinguish this case from

 there, it's precisely those events that do. And in the end

 that's what you have to do. You have to take a look at

 those serious events and lump them in with everything else

 and compare them to other places.
- But if we were not concerned about those events we 17 wouldn't be looking into it at all. Because I think you can 18 ju ...y right now that there's not going to be any 19 difference or any significant different --
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: But you guys don't disagree on 21 that. But if you weren't going to do that comparison across 22 the spectrum you also wouldn't need to have this. Because 23 the question was, take the Sun Desert site and compare a 24 reactor that would be operating there or take some other. 25 plant in a very, very isolated area and compare that to the

1 plant operating here. And then assume that you get a core
2 melt breach of containment. What are the relative risks for
3 those two then clearly we would also --

- COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Let me ask you. Is your spoint, Joe, that if you look at the more likely but less serious events and you lump them all together this site will rlook better and when you add up the small accidents and big accidents overall it's not going to look so bad and that's 9 the comparison you have to make?
- COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: I'm not sure that it turns
 11 out looking better. As we deal with -- when you do the risk
 12 assessment, why the things that count turn out to be the
 13 ones that allow some fission products out. Now there are
 14 various kinds of sequences and the whole process is aimed at
 15 trying to enunciate these characteristic sequences and
 16 identify likelihoods and how much comes out. You know, so
 17 you could form an integral over it.
- I'm not sure that since, when you deal with the 19 consequences you are including in that population 20 distribution or events which have lower yield releases 21 there's still a difference. Because there are more people 22 there to get exposed. And I'm not sure whether, you know, 23 whether taking this integral will turn out ultimately to be 24 favorable to operation of Indian Point or the other way.
- 25 What I am saying is that it is to me the only

1 rational, fair estimate to the best of our ability at the 2 present time of the actual level of risk to individuals and 3 on the societal basis -- that is, to the group. And that 4 focusing on a few extreme events distorts the picture and 5 makes rational judgment very difficult.

- I guess that in part reflects my own view that
 that integral of the weighted consequences -s probability-weighted consequences -- is what really counts
 g as a risk measure. And that the highest consequence number
 to for IP versus other sites just doesn't count much with me.
- 11 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Well, this was another
 12 case where I was trying to pare things down a bit. Would it
 13 help if we said highly unlikely core melts?
- 14 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: It would probably help if we 15 went back to the 1, 2, 3, 4 as previously written.
- 16 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: We could use the classic 17 language -- the hypothesized, unlikely.
- You know, there are people who will argue that you 19 -- never mind probabilities. No matter how unlikely things 20 are, what you do is to look at the maximum possible 21 consequence and if you don't like it or if it's higher in A 22 than B, then A loses or is unacceptable or something like 23 that. And I simply can't form a judgment on that basis.
- COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: fhat's why I started with the probabilities.

- 1 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Yeah, but the rest of it 2 sure defines one big whopping --
- COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Well, we could expand it and talk about accidents in which radioactive material was released to the environment. It does expand the job considerably.
- COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Well, I don't know that you achange the scope of the job much with that kind of glanguage. In order to know which accidents do result in the releases why you have to work the event trees and so on. So you sort of work through the whole array and then there are a series of sequences which turn out to be dominant in terms the probabilities and consequences, and those are the the that are the essential components of the final integral.
- 15 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Why doesn't number 4 do that?
- 16 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Well, maybe it does.
- MR. BICKWIT: John, could I ask that same question 18 in a slightly different way? Has anybody actually gone 19 through the various permutations possible here, leaving out 20 a couple of specific situations or sentences that Joe would 21 leave out because I think there is does make a difference, 22 to decide whether a licensing board administering these 23 different criteria would actually come to significantly 24 different conclusions on proposed contentions?
- Are there contentions that might be made under the

- 1 formulation of question 1 as Vic and I have proposed it that 2 would be admitted that would not be admitted under 3 essentially the JA formulations?
- 4 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I haven't seen much 5 difference.
- 6 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: I can assure you, Peter, that I 7 would never have addressed the questions of what contentions 8 will this or will this not admit. That's -- I don't know if 9 anybody's ever looked at it that way.
- MR. BICKWIT: It serves two purposes. It lets

 11 people know what we are considering, but it also, after all,

 2 is the document that the licensing board will be --
- 13 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Yeah. The approach that I try
 14 to do is to figure out what am I trying to find out.
- 15 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: I --
- 16 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: I think you'd probably get -17 we probably are going the same route but coming from
 18 different backgrounds.
- 19 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: I think you certainly, by
 20 either your version of one with parts A through E, or the
 21 alternate number 24 with that stuff in the middle about
 22 containment breached in a few hours, I think either of those
 23 versions end up --
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Well, you've convinced me to 25 drop out the middle.

- 1 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Okay. Then just 23. I 2 think just pushes the whole arena in the hearing way out on 3 the end of the accident spectrum that says we're going to 4 sit out here at whatever low probability. Hopefully it's 5 low. If it's not low, why then --
- COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: But, Joe, isn't that what the thing is really all about. I mean, it's as if we're going to have a safety hearing and talk not only about gaccidents but talk about all the good things that management 10 is doing in the running of the plant and so forth. It just 11 -- you know -- these things are interesting and they do, in 12 some sense, present -- balance out -- the overall picture as 13 far as the facilities concerned, but they're not strictly 14 relevant, it seems to me, to the decision before us.
- 15 MR. HOYLE: Would it help if you, rather than 16 calling them "core melt accidents", calling it "core damage 17 accidents"?
- 18 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Yeah, I think that's true.
- 19 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: By the way, Joe, why is it
- 20 that whenever you object it appears in capitals?
- 21 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: I keep sending whiskey to 22 the --
- COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Well, except you do to 24 page 13 that's not true.
- 25 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: I actually wanted it in red

- 1 caps, but that would mean you'd have to have a typewriter 2 version.
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: We are going to have to break

 4 in about 30 -- 25 minutes, so let me suggest that this is an

 5 A and B alternative. Why don't you redo, in your -- there

 6 are several other open items, so why don't you just go ahead

 7 and redraft that. There's one approach and a second

 8 approach. And maybe we can, in the twenty minutes, clean up

 9 the rest of the issues.
- 10 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Yeah. I think it would be 11 useful to charge on too.
- 12 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: We would then move to number 5.
- 13 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Whoops.
- 14 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Well, I think Victor's -- maybe 15 no. . Let's take your paragraph 25.
- 16 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: You want paragraph 25.
- 17 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Paragraph 25.
- 18 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: I'll withdraw my objection
 19 to the addition with the understanding that --
- 20 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: It's subject to the 1, 2, 3, 4
 21 line of logic?
- 22 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Yeah.
- MR. BICKWIT: It's "What are the specific --
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: And "are there?" The "what" shouldn't be there.

- 1 MR. BICKWIT: Let's try to be faithful to this 2 draft.
- 3 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Oh, I didn't say -- I didn't go
 4 back to look at what I scribbled in. It's entirely possible
 5 that I scribbled that in, but it shouldn't be there.
- All right. Paragraph 26, which then gets back to 7-- well, I guess nobody had any disagreement with paragraph g 26, is that correct?
- g MR. BICKWIT: Correctc.
- 10 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Paragraph 27.
- 11 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Thus far, that is.
- 12 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Yeah. Paragraph 27. The
 13 errata that was handed out indicates that Vic and Peter you
 14 disagree with number 4. I think that's in context of
 15 picking up the number 1.
- 16 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Just covered by 1.
- 17 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: 28. I guess there are two
 18 issues. One is whether "range of" is in or out. And the
 19 other is whether the last sentence is in or out.
- 20 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Let's see. This really 21 reflects back on the area that you asked OPE to take 22 another whack at.
- 23 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Yes. So you would suggest that 24 that fit into their charter?
- 25 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD Well, I think when you say

- 1 "succeed" then that's success would wind up being reflected 2 in here as well.
- 3 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: All right. Even though
 4 successful wouldn't address your point of not going into
 5 site-specific.
- 6 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Well, that's kind of a 7 separate question. One question is the range of. And the 8 other question is what about that parenthetical expression, 9 which I'd raised, you know, long ago in one of my memoranda 10 trying to get to this point.
- I said that I would not want that sentence to mean 12 that the sort of comparative look at other sites that was 13 taken with the task force would be forbidden. But I thought 14 I dealt with that by some language that we've accepted up 15 earlier that says the kind of comparisons presented by the 16 task force, et cetera, were found useful by the Commission, 17 et cetera. I thought that sanctified that sort of approach 18 and that the sentence, the parenthetical sentence, would 19 stay in here to discourage more detailed examinations of 20 other particular sites, in effect making it a hearing on 21 many sites.
- COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Yeah. I think we agreed.

 23 I was just afraid that the parentheses here would have

 24 exactly that effect and that the Board wouldn't be quite as

 25 ---

- 1 MR. BICKWIT: Why don't you just put an exception 2 in there. "Except to the extent raised by the task force"?
 3 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: It's fine with me and any
- COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: It's fine with me and any 4 other sort of adjustments that may occur to people to help scarry the thought would be fine.
- 6 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Okay. Fine. Well, then, it 7 sounds like we're really in agreement on what that says.
- g Board wouldn't understand quite clearly what we meant if we took it out. I think I would trust the would understand we didn't mean them to call in witnesses, you know, and start grilling people about, I don't know, Diablo Canyon or Zion as whatever.
- 14 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: All right. So I gather that 15 you'll stick in just an exception.
- 16 COLMISSIONER HENDRIE: I'd be glad to have the 17 counsel's advice on how to best treat the point, or whether 18 it's necessary to treat the point.
- 19 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Number 6. Peter, you wish to 20 -- there are three of us who have agreed to take it out.
- 21 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Well, my objection was, or
- 22 suggested -- was to just take it off the full, or off-peak.
- COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Yeah, that was mine too.

 24 My only objection was to the "full or off-peak" just because
- 25 I couldn't sort out what that might mean.

- 1 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I thought that was mine.
- 2 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Without that, it was one of 3 the original questions and I saw no reason to --
- 4 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: So if we just strike "full or --
- 5 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I assumed that there were gother possibilities than full shutdown or --
- 7 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: What would be the consequences gof a shutdown? Fine.
- 9 Number 7. Now this gets back to the point that 10 Joe had raised in paragraph 19.
- 11 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Since I think we've already
 12 allowed -- specifically allowed -- the matters in as
 13 contentions --
- 14 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: How was that done?
- 15 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: It's back in 19 -16 paragraph 19. The Commission's interest in the current
 17 stage as well in resolving the specific contentions in the
 18 UCS petition to the effect that some of our regulations are
 19 not met in one or both units.
- 20 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: And then picked up in number 3.
- 21 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Let's see. But then 22 doesn't it have to get translated into one of these 23 questions?
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: That's only to number 3, I 25 think.

- 1 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: The questions are not in 2 the context that these are the only matters that can appear 3 in the hearing. The questions appear in the context that we 4 want the Board to focus on these questions in particular, 5 but we haven't attempted anywhere to say no other subjects 6 other than those in these questions will be allowed to come 7 up. I never read it that way.
- 8 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I thought we were say ng gthat the board should stay closely.
- 10 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Yes.
- 11 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Where is that? I mean it 12 seems to me if you don't get into these questions we don't 13 have much chance --
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: The question -- the questions
 the are what the board's supposed to focus on, and, as far as -COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: It's on page 8, about the
 middle of the page.
- 18 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Yeah, focus clearly upon 19 questions asked by the Commission. So it sounds like if 20 it's in the rest of the text and it doesn't get into the 21 questions it's not going to get into the hearing.
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: But I remind you, paragraph 26, 23 the last parenthetical statement. That was where we had 24 many months ago, when there were five of us, that was the 25 agreement that I have to, as I recall, the rest of you

- reached as to the way to resolve that.
- COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Let me understand. What a sis your concern, that putting it into the questions gives it 4 excessive emphasis?
- COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Yeah. I think so. I feel unable to say no, since the rest of you are going that way, but, you know, if I could change some minds I might feel able to say that no, the Board ought not to hear contentions gabout regulations not being met which don't seem to run directly to this high population question.
- So. Okay, those things can be raised, but I 12 wouldn't go ahead and amplify the attention given by making 13 that one of the Commission's questions.
- 14 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: But you interpret the
 15 Words within the parentheses of number 26 to allow these -16 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: They are addressed to safety
 17 measures. We -- the Commission, as you know, has not
 18 addressed which of the -- in other areas we haven't narrowed
 19 -- pinned down -- which of the regulations are really
 20 addressed to safety. And this is -- to the Board, though,
 21 they can go ahead and address those contentions, to the
 22 extent that they really do affect the safety.
- COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I suppose if we sent them 24 a transcript of this meeting, it would be all right to 25 handle the problem.

- 1 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Well, let's see, paragraph
 2 19 speaks only to the specific examples in the UCS
 3 petition. And those, I think, are regulations that
 4 indubitably affect safety. None of those are likely
 5 candidates for a list of non-safety significant regulations.
 6 Supposing that we just use the exact language out of there
 7 and attach it to question 3 here? The Commission is also
 8 interested in and skip in the parentheses.
- GHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Well, I think I would have to the probably go back and reread the UCS specific to contentions. The way this is worded is a little bit looser.
- I think what I would want to say is specific
 13 contentions in the UCS petition -- that some of our
 14 regulations that directly affect safety -- you know,
 15 something like that. Because I didn't bother arguing on
 16 number 19 because that didn't -- it had been called to my
 17 attention that that had been a debate that was really
 18 argued, thrashed out, back in the May 30, and the conclusion
 19 that the Commission had reached was that, yes, well, here's
 20 -- this sentence was to address that issue, rather than
 21 trying to resurrect all of the arguments that had led to
 22 that compromise, since we had once seemed to be able to
 23 reach a compromise on how to address it I moved on to other
 24 issues.
- 25 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Now what is troubling me

- 1 is that we have before us specific allegations that some of 2 the regulations aren't met in Unit 2. I just don't remember 3 the May 30 discussion and haven't reread it. Perhaps I 4 should.
- But since it's, in part at least, those
 callegations in the context of the appeal from our decision
 for the 2206 it's true to this proceeding. It makes sense to
 me to say that the Commission's response at the end of the
 gproceedings would also be taken as our final response to
 those contentions. And I'm just not sure that the somewhat
 indirect language in item 3 in there is clear enough so that
 Board doing its housekeeping at the end going through
 answering questions 1 through 8 would necessarily pick up
- 15 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: All right. I will admit I did
 16 not view this Board process as having one of its fundamental
 17 objectives to reach a final Commission position on the UCS
 18 petition.
- I viewed this issue is should those plants be 20 allowed to operate? And how that issue came up and how it 21 developed is at this stage, to me, quite secondary. That's 22 why I didn't think that -- I had no problem with not having 23 that be a major focus of the --
- COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: We're not required to, but 25 if I remember right, the Commission has never in any of the

- 1 documents so far finally disposed of those particular
 2 items. That is, the last Commission words -- NRC agency
 3 words -- on the particular points regarding the regulations
 4 or the Director's denial.
- Now what we've been petitioned to review -- the birector's denial, and things that I've lost track -- we don't have to review it. I suppose technically we're going to have to respond to the petitions.
- 9 MR. BICKWIT: I think you've decided to review it, 10 but you don't have to dispose of every element of a petition.
- 11 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: I'll have to go back and reread 12 all of that stuff then.
- 13 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: I think there's a 14 short-cut, John. You can just put it in here.
- 15 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Well, you see, we had reached a 16 position that this was going to get at that issue, but if 17 you are unhappy with that resolution I will have to go back 18 over it. And since people are -- so I don't think we're 19 going to reach a resolution on --
- 20 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Well, we ought to give the 21 Board as explicit instructions as possible. I mean, 22 otherwise we're going to sound like the ACRS.
- 23 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Well, we are trying to give 24 them explicit instructions.
- 25 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Well, what are they to do

- 1 with this item? Are they to keep it in or throw it out?
- 2 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: I think where we are is we are 3 probably going to have to go back and look at the specifics 4 of the contentions and see which ones are specifically
- 5 safety-related and try to argue that out.
- 6 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: John the point is touched 7 on, at least, in paragraph 5, which we've already looked 8 at. If you drop down to the second and third sentences.
- GHAIRMAN AHEARNE: That's certainly true. And the 10 general flavor is that there are two, to my mind, separable 11 questions. One is are there safety issues with respect to 12 those plants and should they be allowed to operate. That's 13 one set.
- There's another set and we are revisiting much of 15 my uneasiness about a lot of the review of regulations. I 16 still believe that there are a lot of our regulations which 17 aren't really directly significantly safety-related.
- 18 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Fair enough. No, I

 19 understand, but there are only a couple of -- what, two or

 20 three -- contentions, if I remember right --
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: And my point was I'm not sure 22 at this stage. It was back in May when we specifically 23 addressed that, and I would have to revisit those. So let 24 us put that 7 aside. I'm not sure whether we can -- if you 25 guys have to leave. I think the only final issue is what do

we do about the State of New York?

- 2 CCMMISSIONER BRADFORD: I, with all --
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: And the question is how do we ago about asking, or do we ask?
- COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Let me tell you what -- my concern there is that it seems to me to be at least possible that the proceeding is going to come out in effect in a gray garea. It's not going to be absolutely clear that these plants are a risk of such a magnitude that one recoils from to it and finds it unacceptable. And it may not be absolutely that they're not. It will be out in the area where the people may differ.
- If that does turn out to be the case, then it

 14 seems to me that the entity in which the plants were located

 15 ought to be encouraged to provide with its views both on

 16 what it views as an adequate level of protection for its

 17 citizens to be and what it wants us to make of the economic

 18 and other consequences associated with a shutdown.
- To me, perhaps naively, it seems to me that the 20 Governor speaks for a state.
- CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: If you are willing to -- my 22 problem was who speaks for the state. And I'm willing to 23 agree to the governor speaks for the state and I would go 24 along with a question does the governor care to express.
- 25 The difficulty I was having with your

- 1 reformulation and the previous formulation is the phrase
 2 "the government of the state".
- COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: I can't rule out -- I

 4 haven't looked at New York statutes. Some states have

 5 statutes saying that the attorney general is the legal voice

 6 of the people of the state, but for most practical purposes

 7 my inclination is to look to the governor to speak for the

 8 state.
- I'm going back essentially to the days when I was no in Maine State government. If this were a proceeding faffecting Maine Yankee, I would expect the governor would have wanted to make his views know.
- 13 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Subject to a possible

 14 modification, if there's a legal statement somewhere that

 15 says that someone other than the governor speaks for the

 16 state, I would be willing to accept "Does the Governor of

 17 the State of New York care to express an official position?"

 18 And perhaps the best way to do that would be for

 19 the Commission to ask him.
- COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Well, the State's a party party isn't it?
- 22 COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: If it chooses to be.
- COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: It almost certainly will 24 be. It's inconceivable to me that the state will find 25 itself.

- 1 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: There's a distinction though, 2 and the elements that can be parties need not be the 3 governor.
- 4 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: I know, but there is some 5 remote relation between representatives of the state and the 6 governor. The Board could ask them.
- 7 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: You'd be willing to go with governor?
- COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: The formulation "care to no express" and I don't know. I'm blast if I know who speaks the formulation to me who speaks the formulation the fo
- 13 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: This is supposed to be an 14 objective board sitting and not reflecting --
- 15 COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: Since they may not get an 16 answer until there's been a chance for a gubernatorial 17 election out there, why, who knows? Anyway, I'd prefer not 18 to have this query in among the questions, but if enough of 19 you want it in then I would strongly recommend that it be, 20 you know, "care to express an opinion", and if you want to 21 make it the governor, why I don't have much to offer.
- 22 CHAIRMAN AHEARNE: Vic? Okay.
- All right. I think that moves us a little bit 24 closer. We will, then, await the draft from the General 25 Counsel with the assistance of OPE on that one section. All

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1 right?
            Thank you.
            (Whereupon, at 3:38 p.m.., the hearing was
4 adjourned.)
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NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

This is to certify that the attached proceedings before the COMMISSION

in the matter of: Public Meeting - Briefing by IE on Current Indian Point -2 Investigation of the Containment Flooding Even for allowing Date of Proceeding: November 14, 1980	
Restart of Indian Point-3 and Docket Number:	
Discussion of Instructions to Place of Proceeding: Washington, D. C.	
Board on IP Proceeding were held as herein appears, and that this is the original thereof for the file of the Commission.	

Linda Behrens

Official Reporter (Typed)

Quila Lekans

Official Reporter (Signature)