

## UNITED STATES NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D. C. 20555

## SAFETY EVALUATION BY THE OFFICE OF NUCLEAR REACTOR REGULATION

ACTIONS TAKEN IN RESPONSE TO BULLETIN 79-13 "CRACKING IN FEEDWATER SYSTEM PIPING"

FOR

MAINE YANKEE ATOMIC POWER STATION

MAINE YANKEE ATOMIC POWER COMPANY

DOCKET NO. 50-309

On May 20, 1979, Indiana and Michigan Power Company notified the NRC of cracking in two feedwater lines at their D. C. Cook Unit 2 facility. The cracking was discovered following a shutdown on May 19 to investigate leakage inside containment. Leaking circumferential cracks were identified in the 16-inch feedwater elbows adjacent to two steam generator nozzle to elbow welds. Subsequent radiographic examinations revealed cracks in all eight steam generator feedwater lines at this location on both Units 1 and 2.

On May 25, 1979, a letter was sent to all PWR licensees by the Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation which informed licensees of the D. C. Cook failures and requested specific information on feedwater system design, fabrication, inspection and operating histories. To further explore the generic nature of the cracking problem, the Office of Inspection and Enforcement requested licensees of PWR plants in current outages to immediately conduct volumetric examination of certain feedwater piping welds. As a result of chese actions several other licensees reported cracking in the steam generator mozzle to feedwater piping weld vicinity. On June 25, 1979, IE Bulletin 79-13 was issued. The Bulletin required inspection of the steam generator nozzle-to-pipe welds and adjacent areas within 90 days and reinspection of these welds, the feedwater piping welds to the first support, the feedwater piping to containment penetration and the auxiliary feedwater to main feedwater piping connection at the next refueling outage.

In conformance with the Bulletin, Maine Yankee Atomic Power Company has completed the initial radiographic and visual examinations and has not found evidence of cracking in the feedwater piping.

From the results of instrumentation installed at several plants which have experienced feedwater piping cracks and other modeling and analyses by a utility sponsored Owners Group, significant cyclic stresses occur in the feedwater piping in the vicinity of the steam generator nozzle from mixing and stratification of cold auxiliary feedwater with hot water from the steam generator during low flow conditions. Metallurigical analyses of the cracked feedwater piping has identified the mode of failure as fatigue assisted by corrosion.

The Owners Group is expected to complete their investigations and make recommendations for changes in design and operating procedures by Fall 1980. In addition, the NRC has instituted a Pipe Crack Study Group to review this and other pipe cracking problems in PWR's. It is anticipated that the Pipe Crack Study Group will complete its work by Fall 1980 and provide recommendations to be implemented by Staff as new criteria for operating plants, if required.

3008180656

## Maine Yankee

Although cracking has not been identified through the inspections performed to date for Maine Yankee Atomic Power Plant, the Staff feels that the cyclic stress induced by the thermal transients present when auxiliary feedwater at low rates is injected into the main feedwater may result in cracking at the Maine Yankee Plant. The Staff and the Owners Group both have performed independent analyses and have determined that flawed piping could withstand challenges from operating and faulted loads including seismic and limited water hammer loads without loss of piping integrity. Pipe breaks have occurred in the past in feedwater piping as the result of water hammer loads. However, measures such as "J" tubes have been instituted and operational changes have occurred to minimize the possibility of water hammer. In the unlikely event of a feedwater pipe break from a severe water hammer, the consequences have been analyzed as a design base accident and measures have been established to deal with the event.

We conclude that the non-destructive inspections performed and scheduled and the analyses performed for flawed piping ensure the capability of the piping during normal operation and during plant transients until the recommendations of the Owners Group and the Pipe Crack Study Group have been evaluated. Should the Staff determine that further actions are required, after evaluation of the Owners Group and Pipe Crack Study Group recommendation, the licensees will be so notified.

Dated: July 31, 1980