

November 2, 1989

U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Document Control Desk Washington, DC 20555

Dear Sir:

Enclosed please find the Operating Status Report for the month of October, 1989 for Zion Generating Station.

Sincerely,

T. P. Joyce / Station Manager

Zion Station

TPJ/JT/sac

Enclosure

cc: T. Maiman

A. B. Davis (NRC)

L. D. Butterfield

H. E. Bliss

M. Finn

L. J. Ananstasia

INPO

Div. of Eng. Health

State of IL

Tech Staff File

Director, Office of Inspection

and Enforcement

Master File

TEXA

OPERATING DATA REPORT

DOCKET NO. 50-295
DATE 11/02/89
COMPLETED BY J. Thomas
(708)746-2084

OPERATING STATUS				
1. Uch Name: Zion Unit 1	Notes			
2. Reporting Period: 0000 891001 to				
3. Licensed Thermal Fower (MWt): 3250				
6. Nameplate Rating (Grow MWe): 1085				
5. Design Electrical Rating (Net MWe): 1040				
6. Maximum Dependable Capacity (Gross MWe):	1085			
7. Maximum Dependable Capacity (Net MWe):	1040			
8. If Changes Occur in Capacity Ratings (Items N	ince Last Report, Give R	easons:		
9. Power Level To Which Restricted, If Any (Net 0. Reasons For Restrictions, If Any: N/A				
	The Month	Yrto-Date	Cumulative	
. Hours In Reporting Period	745.0 *	7,296.0	_ 138,816.0	
. Number Of Hours Reactor Was Critical	0.0	5,268.3	98,101.4	
. Reactor Reserve Sautdown Hours	0.0	0.0	2,621.8	
. Hours Generator On-Line	0.0	5,152.0	95.301.4	
. Unit Reserve Shutdown Hours	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Gross Thermal Energy Generated (MWH)	0.0	15,620,439	273,461,029	
Gross Electrical Energy Generated (MWH)	0.0	5,224,653	89,082.809	
Net Electrical Energy Generated (MWH)	0.0	4,999,460	88,110,549	
Unit Service Factor Unit Availability Factor		78.6 78.6	69.0	
Unit Capacity Factor (Using MDC Net)	0.0	73.4	69.0	
Unit Capacity Factor (Using DER Net)	0.0	73.4		
Unit Forced Outage Rate	0.0	20.7	$\frac{61.4}{12.8}$	
Shutdowns Scheduled Over Next 6 Months (Typ			12.0	
Refueling Unit 1 Shutdon	wn date: 9/7	/89 for approx	imately 10 w	
		, or tot approx		
If Shut Down At End Of Report Period, Estimat	ted Date of Startup:	11/26/89		
Units In Test Status (Prior to Commercial Opera	tion):	Forecast	Achieved	
INITIAL CRITICALITY INITIAL ELECTRICITY COMMERCIAL OPERATION			-	

OPERATING DATA REPORT

DOCKET NO. 50-304 DATE 11/02/89 COMPLETED BY 1 Thomas TELEPHONE (708)746-2084

OPERATING STATUS		778 - G. 1923 - Sys.		
1. Unit Name: Zion Unit 2 2. Reporting Period: 0000 891001 to 2 3. Licensed Thermal Power (MWt): 3250 4. Nameplate Rating (Gross MWe): 1085 5. Design Electrical Rating (Net MWe): 1040 6. Maximum Dependable Capacity (Gross MWe): 7. Maximum Dependable Capacity (Net MWe):	Notes			
8. If Changes Occur in Capacity Ratings (Items No.	ce Last Report, Give R	easons:		
9. Power Level To Which Restricted, If Any (Net I 10. Reasons For Restrictions, If Any:				
N/A				
	This Month	Yrto-Date	Cumulative	
1. Hours in Reporting Period	745.0 *	7,296.0	132,529.0	
2. Number Of Hours Reactor Was Critical	745.0	6.869.9	94.024.7	
3. Reactor Reserve Shutdown Hours	0.0	0.0	226.1	
4. Hours Generator On-Line	745.0	6.824.8	96.036.1	
5. Unit Reserve Shutdown Hours	0.0	0.0	0.0	
6. Gross Thermal Energy Generated (MWH)	2.352,951	19,636,561	280.110.705	
7. Gros: Electrical Energy Generated (MWH)	788,959	6.579.323	87,654,220	
8. Not Electrical Energy Generated (MWH)	763.454	6,302,729	86,065,517	
9. Unit Service Factor	100.0	93.5	72.5	
O. Unit Availability Factor	100.0	93.5	72.5	
Unit Capacity Factor (Using MDC Net) Unit Capacity Factor (Using DER Net)	98.5	83.1	62.4	
3. Unit Forced Outage Rate	0.0	83.1	14.4	
4. Shutdowns Scheduled Over Next 6 Months (Typ			14.4	
	C. Date: and Duration o	resen).		
5. If Shut Down At End Of Report Period, Estimate 6. Units In Test Status (Prior to Commercial Operat	ed Date of Startup:			
Operation of the commercial operation	Nu).	Forecast	Achieved	
INITIAL CRITICALITY				
INITIAL ELECTRICITY				
COMMERCIAL OPERATION				

^{* 744} hours in month plus 1 hour daylight savings time

AVERAGE DAILY UNIT POWER LEVEL

DOCKET NO. 50-295

UNIT Zion Unit 1

DATE 11/2/89

COMPLETED BY J. Thomas

AVERAGE DAILY POWER LEVEL (MWe-Net)	DAY	AVERAGE DAILY POWER LEVEL (MWe-Net)
-10	17	-10
-10	18	-10
-10	19	-10
-10	20	-10
-10	21	-10
-10	22	-10
-10	23	-10
-10	24	-10
-10	25	-10
-10	26	-10
-10	27	-10
-10	28	-10
-10	29	-11
-10	30	-10
-10	31	10

INSTRUCTIONS

On this format, list the average daily unit power level in MWe-Net for each day in the reporting month. Compute to the nearest whole megawatt.

AVERAGE DAILY UNIT POWER LEVEL

DOCKET NO. 50-304

UNIT Zion Unit 2

DATE 11-02-89

COMPLETED BY J. Thomas

TELEPHONE (708)746-2084

AVERAGE DAILY POWER LEVEL (MWe-Net) 1047	DAY	AVERAGE DAILY POWER LEVEL (MW-Net) 948
1047	18	1019
1046	19	1045
1050	20	1046
1049	21	1045
1047	22	1046
1049	23	961
1049	24	1046
1044	25	1045
1047	26	1045
1048	27	1042
1048	28	1032
1029	29	816
1043	30	988
1044	31	1042

INSTRUCTIONS

959

16

On this format, list the everage daily unit power level in MWe-Net for each day in the reporting month. Compute to the nearest whole megawatt.

UNIT SHUTDOWNS AND POWER REDUCTIONS

REPORT MONTH October

DOCKET NO. 50-295

UNIT NAME Zion Unit 1 DATE _11-01-89

COMPLETED BY _ Thomas

TELEPHONE _(708)746-2084

No.	Date	Typel	Duration (Hours)	Resum ²	Kathod of Shutting Down Reactor	Licensee Event Report #	System	Component	Cause & Corrective Action to Prevent Recurrence
7	890907	S	745.0	С	1				Unit 1 Shutdown for refueling, Cycle XI-XII

F: Forced S: Scheduled

A-Equipment Failure (Explain) B-Maintenance of Test

C-Refueling

D-Regulatory Restriction E-Operator Training & License Examination

F-Administrative

G-Operational Error (Explain) H-Other (Explain)

Method

1-Manual 2-Manual Scram

3-Auto Scram 4-Centinued 5-Reduced Load 9-Other

Exhibit G - Instructions for Preparation of Data Entry Sheets for Licensee Event Report (LER) File (NUREG-01611

Exhibit 1 - Same Source

UNIT SHUTDOWNS AND POWER REDUCTIONS

REPORT MONTH October

DOCKET NO. 50-304
UNIT NAME Zion Unit 2
DATE 11-01-89
TELEPHONE (708) 746-2084

No.	Date	Typel	Dyration (Hours)	Resum?	Method of Shurring Down Reactor	Licensee Event Report #	System Cude	Component	Cause & Corrective Action to Prevent Recurrence
									There were no shutdowns or power reductions for the month of October

F:	Forced
	Scheduled

A-Equipment Failure (Explain)
B-Maintenance of Test
C-Refueling
D-Regulatory Restriction
E-Operator Training & License Examination
F-Administrative
G-Operational Error (Explain)

H-Other (Explain)

Methed

1-Manual 2-Manual Scram 3-Auto Scram 4-Continued 5-Reduced Load 9-Sther Exhibit G - Instructions for Preparation of Data Entry Sheets for Licensee Event Report (LER) File (NUREG-0161)

Exhibit 1 - Same Source

(9/77)

OCTOBER

SUMMARY OF OPERATING EXPERIENCE

UNIT 1

The Unit entered the reporting period in cold shutdown for the continuation of the scheduled refueling outage. The unit remained offline the entire month.

UNIT 2

The Unit entered the report period at a power level of 1078 MWe (99% reactor power). The unit remained on line the entire report period ending at a power level of 1070 MWe (99% reactor power) and having an availability factor of 100.0%.

OCTOBER

MAJOR SAFETY RELATED MAINTENANCE

Equipment Name

Work Performed

(UNIT 1)

None - Unit in Refueling Outage

(UNIT 2)

"O" D/G went through 5 year major overhaul and surveillance. The Generator was found faulty and replaced.

REFUELING INFORMATION REQUEST

Questions:

- 1. Name of facility.
- Scheduled date for next refueling shutdown.
- 3. Scheduled date for restart following refueling.
- 4. Will refueling or resumption of operation thereafter require a technical specification change or other license amendment?

If answer is yes, what, in general, will these be?

If answer is no, has the reload fuel design and core configuration been reviewed by your Plant Safety Review Committee to determine whether any unreviewed safety questions are associated with the core reload (Ref. 10 CFR Section 50.59)?

If no such review has taken place, when is it scheduled?

- Scheduled date (s) for submitting proposed licensing action and supporting information.
- Important licensing considerations associated with refueling, e.g., new or different fuel design or supplier, unreviewed design or performance analysis methods, significant changes in fuel design, new operating procedures.
- The number of fuel assemblies (a) in the core and (b) in the spent fuel storage pool.
- 8. The present licensed spent fuel pool storage capacity and the size of any increase in licensed storage capacity that has been requested or is planned, in number of fuel assemblies.
- The projected date of the last refueling that can be discharged to the spent fuel pool assuming the present licensed capacity.

Unit i - Answers

- 1. Zion Unit 1
- 2. The current refueling outage began on September 7, 1989.
- 3. Cycle 12 is scheduled to go on-line November 17, 1989.
- 4. One Technical Specification change was made for the next cycle (Amendment No. 114). The completed change involves line and valve assignment changes associated with the recently approved Tech Spec change for the Boron Injection Tank (BIT) removal. A revised section 14.2.5.1 of the Zion U.F.S.A.R. was submitted in support of this Tech Spec change.

The reload safety evaluation was held on June 1, 1989. The On-site Review for the Z1C12 reload design is being prepared.

- 5. None
- 6. None
- 7. The number of fuel assemblies
 - a) in the core is 193, and
 - b) in the spent fuel storage pool from Zion Unit 1 is 708.
- The present licensed spent fuel pool storage capacity (shared with Zion Unit 2) is 2112 fuel assemblies.
- Zion Station will sase full core discharge capability (for both units) in May 1993, at the end of Unit 2 Cycle 13, based on the latest Nuclear Stations Refueling Schedule. Full core discharge capability for a single core will be lost in November, 1994, at the end of Unit 2 Cycle 14.

Unit 2 - Answers

- 1. Zion Unit 2
- 2. Cycle 11 is scheduled to shut down for refueling on March 22, 1990.
- 3. Cycle 12 is scheduled to start up May 31, 1990.
- The reload safety evaluation meeting for Cycle 12 is scheduled for December 6, 1989. The on-site review will be held after this meeting.
- 5. None
- 6. None
- 7. The number of fuel assemblies
 - a) in the core is 193, and
 - b) in the spent fuel storage pool from Zion Unit 2 is 664.
- 8. The present licensed spent fuel pool storage capacity (shared with Zion Unit 1) is 2112 fuel assemblies.
- 9. Zion Station will lose full core discharge capability (for both units) in May 1993, at the end of Unit 2 Cycle 13, based on the latest Nuclear Stations Refueling Schedule. Full core discharge capability for a single core will be lost in November, 1994, at the end of Unit 2 Cycle 14.

ODCM REVISION

The following pages are an addendum to the previous Monthly Operating Report. The prior report contained a section describing revisions (Revision 11A) made in the ODCM. However, the revised pages were not included in that report. The ensuing pages are the aforementioned.

Revisions to the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM) are reportable to the NRC in accordance with stations' technical specifications. The document contains the models for the public dose assessment from gaseous effluents, liquid discharges, and direct radiation. In 1988, in response to the NRC's request to make the ODCM a more readable document as well as to incorporate certain changes, Commonwealth Edison rewrote its ODCM. This document renumbered to Revision O, March, 1989, will be submitted under separate cover. This summary describes the principal non-edited changes.

MAJOR CHANGE

The NRC, in NuReg 0472, Rev. 3, Draft 7, has identified the child's thyroid and not in infant's as 100 most sensitive organ from the inhalation of airborne effluents. Dresden, LaSalle, and Quad Cities Stations' 10CFR20 instantaneous release rate limits have been revised to restrict the dose rate to the child's thyroid to less or equal to 1500 mrem/yr.

Hydrogen addition to the primary coolant increases the boiling water reactors' turbine N-16 skyshine by a magnitude of 5. This phenomenon is now included in the ODCM formulation. In addition the sky shine calculation is written for LaSalle County Station as well as revised in Dresden and Quad Cities.

MINOR CHANGES

Most of the ODCM documentation has been either clarified, corrected or deleted. Plume depletion, terrain factors and heat content were not accounted for in the original for D/Q, X/Q and plume rise calculations. They are described in the revised document.

It was implied that the X/Q dose factors were calculated assuming a monoenergetic gamma energy having an average gamma ray energy per disintegration for each radionuclide. Also, it was assumed that the corrected tissue absorptions were made using a tissue energy absorption coefficient equivalent to this same average gamma ray energy for each radionuclide. Actually, the dose toctors and the tissue energy absorption coefficients referenced were calculated using the photon energy spectra for each radionuclide. The tissue energy absorptions coefficients are negligible and have been deleted from the text.

Formulas and parameters for determining the maximum permissible concentrations (MPC's) have been eliminated from the section on radioactivity in storage tanks. The maximum limits, in curies, are found in the site specific sections.

The potential direct radiation dose from stations' interim radwaste storage facilities is discussed. The radwaste containers will have a contact dose rate of $5\ R/hr$ and the expected radiation levels will be minimal at the site boundary.

The distance dependent parameters were adjusted to the values reported in the '88 census for nearest residents and/or nearest milk animal. This also affected the D/O tables and BWR turbine N-16 skyshine calculation.

The time of travel from the station liquid discharge to the nearest community water supply was reevaluated for Braidwood and Quad Cities.

It has been determined that the change will not reduce the accuracy or reliability of dose calculations or set point determinations.

ODCM Revision 0, March 1989 has received approvals by all six on-site review committees and the CECo offsite review per the Technical Specifications. Changes to the ODCM computer program required by this document are in the process of being implemented now and should be fully available by November 1, 1989.