NAC FORM 384

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U. S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

LICENSEE EVENT REPORT EXHIBIT A
CONTROL BLOCK:
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At 0030 while performing SP-710, RC Decay Heat Removal and RC Makeup Systems'
Chemistry Surveillance Program, it was discovered that the Reactor Coolant
System chloride and fluoride concentrations were .18 ppm and .25 ppm respectively.
This created an event contrary to Technical Specification 3.4.7. There was no
hazard created for the plant or general public. This is the fifth occurrence
of this type reported.
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CAUSE DESCRIPTION AND CORRECTIVE ACTIONS (2)
The apparent cause of this event is attributed to a chloride and fluoride migra-
tion from the inservice demineralizer due to increasing temperature of the Decay
Heat System. Reactor Coolant System was cleaned up via Makeup & Purification.
OP-404, Decay Heat Removal System, has been revised to limit Decay Heat System
temperature to prevent recurrence of this type event.
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T STUTTE CONTENT IN THE ANDUNT OF ACTIVITY (3)
NAC USE ONLY
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Name of preparer: E. K. Neuschaefer
(SEE ATTACHED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SHEET)
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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Report N	0:	50-302/	80-026/	03L-0

Facility: Crystal River Unit #3

Report Date: 1 August 1980

Occurrence Date: 14 July 1980

Identification of Occurrence:

Reactor Coolant system chloride and fluoride concentrations exceeded the limits of Technical Specification 3.4.7.

Conditions Prior to Occurrence:

Mode 5 cold shutdown.

Description of Occurrence:

During a period extending from 0030 on 14 July to 1245 on 15 July, the chloride and fluoride concentration in the Reactor Coolant System, exceeded the Technical Specification limit on three (3) occasions. The longest time out-of-specification being six (6) hours and 15 minutes. The maximum concentrations reached for chloride and fluoride were 0.18 ppm and 0.25 ppm respectively. A review of the Operator's log revealed that prior to each chloride and fluoride increase, an increase in Decay Heat System temperature had occurred.

Designation of Apparent Cause:

The apparent cause of this event is attributed to chloride and fluoride migration from the inservice demineralizer due to increasing temperature of the Decay Heat System. Increase in temperature decreases demineralizers capacity for chloride and fluoride.

Analysis of Occurrence:

There was no hazard created for the plant or general public as a result of this event.

Corrective Action:

Makeup and Purification System reduced chloride and fluoride concentration to within Technical Specification limits. OP-404, Decay Heat Removal System, has been revised to limit Decay Heat temperature to prevent recurrence of this type event.

Failure Data:

This is the fifth occurrence of this type reported. However, the first as a result of increased system temperature.

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