A 07/05/7

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LTR 1

ENCL 40

SUBJECT: RESPONSE TO NRC LTRS DTD 12/15/77 & 01/03/78... FORWARDING COMPLETED

QUESTIONAIRE FOR NRC RELIABILITY STUDY OF STANDBY LIESEL GENERATOR UNITS.

PLANT NAME: ARKANSAS - UNIT 1

REVIEWER INITIAL: XJM

DISTRIBUTOR INITIAL: MY

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* DISTRIBUTION OF THIS MATERIAL IS AS FOLLOWS \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

RELIABILITY OF STANDBY DIESEL GENERATOR UNITS. (DISTRIBUTION CODE A014)

FOR ACTION:

BR CHIEF CRB#4 BC\*\*W/3 ENCL

INTERNAL:

CREG FILE EW/ENCL

18E##W/2 ENCL HANAUER\*\*W/ENCL

F CLEMENSON\*\*W/ENCL

NRC PDR\*\*W/ENCL

OELD\*\*W/ENCL

POWER SYS BR\*\*W/ENCL DIS SER BR-MC\*\*W/ENCL

EXTERNAL:

LPDR'S

RUSSELLVILLE, AR\*\*W/ENCL

TIC##W/ENCL NSIC\*\*W/ENCL

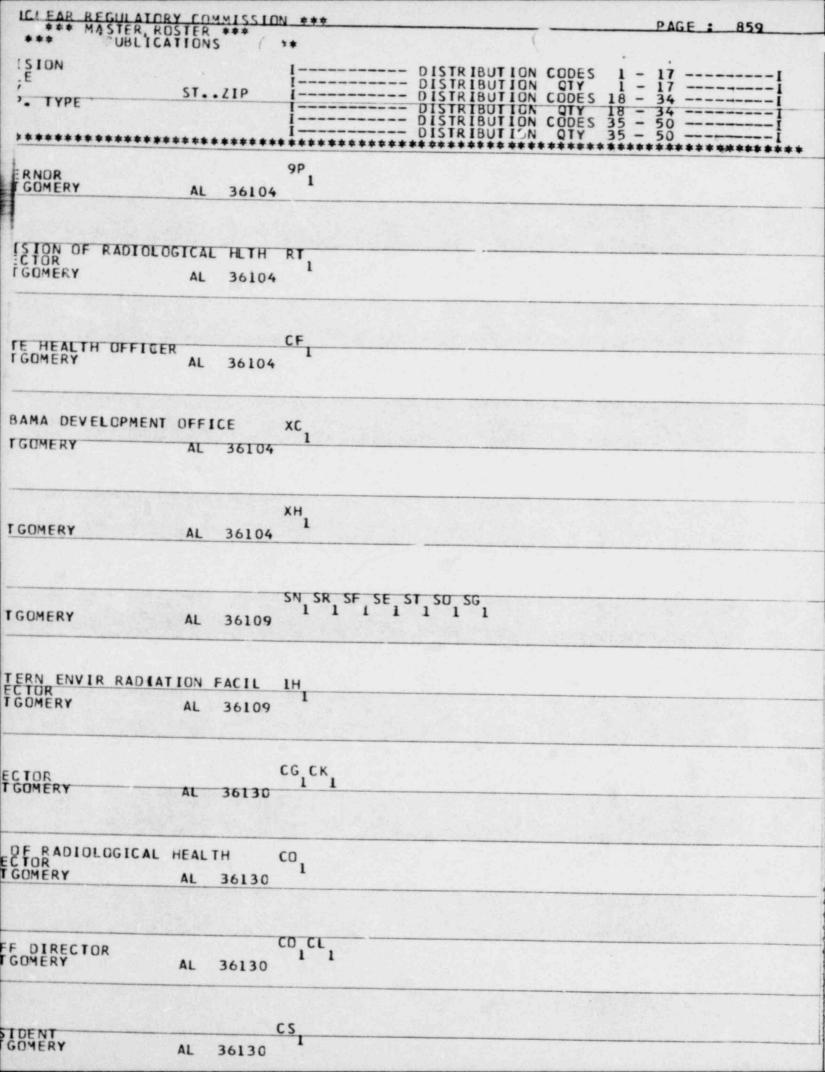
ACRS CAT B\*\*W/10 ENCL

DISTRIBUTION: LTR 25 ENCL 25 SIZE: 1P+22P

CONTROL NBR:

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8004230629



# REGULATORY DOTKET FILE COPY



HELPING BUILD AHKANSAS

#### ARKANSAS POWER & LIGHT COMPANY

9TH & LOUISIANA STREETS - LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS 72203 - (501) 372-4311

June 23, 1978

1-068-12

Director of Nuclear Reactor Regulation ATTN: Mr. Karl R. Goller, Assistant Director Operating Reactors U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, D. C. 20555

Subject: Arkansas Nuclear One-Unit 1

Docket No. 50-313 License No. DPR-51

Diesel Generator Questionnaire

(File: 1510)

Gentlemen:

In response to your letters of December 15, 1977 and January 3, 1978, requesting information concerning the reliability of standby diesel generators, please find attached the questionnaire with our responses.

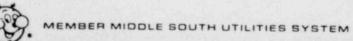
> Very truly yours, and H. Williams

Daniel H. Williams Manager, Licensing

DHW: REI: tw

Attachments

-78188000b





### Questionnaire

for

## NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION RELIABILITY STUDY

of

Standby Diesel Generator Units

Date	Questionnaire Completed: June 2, 1978.
Plant	Name: TEXANSAS MUCLEAR ONE Unit No. 1
Diese	1 Manufacturer: STEVENSON Model: 20-645 VGD-2750
Numbe	r of Units: Z
Size	Kw/Unit: 2750 Rated Speed: 900 RPm
Avera	ge Operating Hours Per Unit to Date:
	DIESEL GENERATOR STATUS
A. <u>E</u>	ngine:
1	. Problems are caused chiefly by (give estimated number)
	a. Defective parts NA b. Installation errors:
	c. Failure of system to respond properly in function or sequence:
	d. Faulty adjustment:
2	Would more stringent inspection and testing requirements during acceptance or preoperational tests significantly improve the diesel-generator power plant performance? YesNo
B. <u>s</u>	Starting Systems (indicate which):
١	Air-to-cylinder cranking.  Air cranking motor  Mfr.   Mercoil Rand Model No. D-89-RH-46  Electric cranking motor  Mfr.   Model No.

2.	If air cranking, then:
	Give size of starting air tank: Length 7' Diameter 30"
	Normal standby air tank pressure 250 psi.
	Is pressure reducer used? Yes No No Reducer pipe size? inches. REDUCE'S PRESSURE TO 150 psi, 40 set
	Starting air control admission valve pipe size in air piping system, \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
	Minimum air tank pressure for engine cranking 140 psi.
	Number of five-second cranking periods between above pressures with no tank recharging 5
	Number of air tanks per engine
	Can starting air tanks serve more than one engine?  YesNo
	Is air pipe to engine from top of air tank? Yes No
	Does starting air tank have water condensate drain? Yes No
	Does starting air pipe have water condensate trap and drain near engine? Yes No
	Is starting air piping horizontal? Yes No
	Does it slant toward drain? Yes No
	If water condensate drains are provided, then is draining:
	<ul> <li>a. Automatic through float valve? Yes No</li> <li>b. Manual by hand valve? Yes No</li> <li>c. If manual, then is draining water condensate done:</li> </ul>

daily? weekly? monthly?
before each start if manual? no procedure?
Is dirt and rust filter provided in starting air pipe?
If provided, where installed? BETWEEN THE REGULATOR AND
THE AIR START SOLEHOLD VALVE
How is it cleaned? _ Reace D
How often and when? ANNUALLY
Give pipe size of filter: \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
How is it known whether filter is plugged or has high pressure drop? No AUTOMATIC ALARMS ARE PROVIDED
Is starting air pipe to engine positioned:
a. Below floor?
b. On the floor?  c. Overhead?
What is air pressure drop from air tank to engine during cranking 30-50 psi
Give approximate length (nearest ten feet) of starting air pipe for individual engine or all engines from air tank
Nearest engine 40 feet  Furthest engine feet

Diameter of starting air pipe from:
a. Air tank to starting valve 1/2 inches b. At air starting valve 1/2 inches c. At engine 1 inches
What is the primary source of power for the starting ai system? IC ELECTRIC
Is there a duplicate and redundant motor and air compressor set? Yes ✓ No
What is the time required to recharge one air tank?
Does starting air supply system have independent secondary power supply for compressor? Yes No
If yes, then by:
<ul><li>a. Gasoline engine?</li><li>b. Motor driven?</li><li>c. Other? (Specify)</li></ul>
If electric (Battery powered) cranking, then: NA
a. Battery charging: Continuous trickle charger Intermittent charging
If so, how is charging requirement determined?
Time cycle Test Other
b. Battery used: Common Plant Individual Unit Other
Starting cable size ; Length: Battery to engine (longest)

3.

c.

Fuel	Oil System: Bulk Tank to Day Tank
1.	Does the bulk tank to day tank fuel supply system (viz: pump, motor, etc.) have redundant independent power supplies? Yes No
	Does this system have a hand-operated emergency fuel pump? Yes No
	If yes, is this hand-operated pump and piping in immediate operating condition? Yes No
2.	Is there a water and sediment drain from the very bottom of the:
	a. Bulk tank? Yes V No b. Day tank? Yes V No
3.	Is the regular functional fuel oil outlet slightly above (two to three inches) the bottom of the:
	a. Bulk tank? Yes No b. Day or integral tank? Yes No
4.	Is bottom of day tank and/or integral tank above all parts and piping of the engine fuel injection systems?  Yes No
	If yes,
	Give approximate amount inches feet
5.	Does the engine fuel system have a fuel bleed return line to the fuel day tank and/or integral tank?  Yes No
	During extended operation, such as more than two to three hours, does the fuel in the day tank become: (yes or no)
	a. Warm? Yes b. Hot? No (above 130°F)

		What is fuel oil return line size (nominal)?
		a. Pipe size 3/4 inches b. Tubing size inches
	6.	Do engine fuel oil filters have air bleed or vent valves readily accessible? YesNo
	7.	How is fuel transferred from day tank to engine fuel system?
		<ul> <li>a. By gravity</li> <li>b. Engine driven pump</li> <li>c. Electric motor driven pump</li> <li>d. Is a manual pump also provided for injection system filling and/or air venting after servicing or replacement of parts in the fuel injection system? Yes</li> </ul>
		yes, is the manual pump in immediate operating condition?No
	8.	Type of fuel (e.g., #1, #2, #3, JP-4, etc.) # 2
	9.	Approximate bulk tank capacity, 185,000 gallons.
	10.	Typical frequency of refilling (weekly, monthly, etc.) AS NEEDED
	11.	Typical refill (gallons), VARLES .
D.	Lub	e Oil System
	1.	Lube oil
		a. Type GOLF 493 b. Viscosity 190 CENTISTEORES @ 40°C. c. Specification number MILL-L-210473 d. Oil change determined by:  Time interval: Yes No Give interval TENALY monthly, yearly By oil analysis: Yes No

	2.	Lube	e oil filters are:
		۸.	Full flow
			Bypass
			Combination
	3.	Inte	erval and/or basis for changing filter cartridge:
		a.	Monthly
		1,1000000000000000000000000000000000000	Yearly -
		d.	By running time hours By oil analysis. Yes No
		ρ.	By pressure drop. Yes No
		f.	Does provisions exist for changing cartridges during
			engine operation? Yes No
	4.	011	Pressure Monitoring
		a.	Normal operating pressure 30 psi
			Alarm 26 psi
			Shutdown 17 psi
	5.	011	temperature control:
		a. b.	By standby heater in engine sump 1257 °F. Heating means for maintaining standby temperature:
			Discount is all
			Direct in oil
			Oil-to-water heat exchanger
			Other (Specify) 15 KW RESISTANCE HEATING ELEMENT
Ε.	Coc	olin	System - Engine Water
	1.	Ter	nperature control by:
		a.	By thermostat in water? Yes No
			If yes, then:
			Bypass thermostat? Yes No No No V

	b. By radiator shutter:
	Automatic Manual Other (give type)
2.	Corrosion control (water additive)? Yes No
	If yes, give chemical additive or name of compound.
	CALGON COCROSION CS
	Proportion or concentration control:
	a. By additive measurement? Yes No V b. By water coolant analysis? Yes No
3.	Engine cooling water cooled by:
	a. Radiator? NO b. Heat exchanger from sea, river or other water? YES c. Other? (give type) Sequice WATER
4.	Engine cooling water temperature-monitoring
	a. Standby temperature 125 °F b. Normal operating temperature 180 °F c. Alarm temperature 195 °F d. Shutdown temperature NA °F e. Water circulation during standby:
	Thermo-syphon Pump
5.	Water Pressure Monitoring: Yes No
	a. Alarm 10 Psi b. Shutdown NA c. Both NA

beat a second

6.	Water temperature Sensor Position:
	a. In piping from engine
	b. In engine piping
	c. In engine direct
7.	Water surge or supply tank in system. Yes No
	If yes, then bottom connected to:
	a. Water pump suction? Yes No
	b. Top of system? Yes No Company
	c. Both of above? Yes No
	d. Is bottom of surge tank above top of engine
	system? Yes No
	e. Does engine have constant air bleed from top of
	engine water piping to surge or supply tank?
	f. Give size of bleed or vent line, 5/8 inches.
	f. Give size of bleed or vent line, 3/8 inches.
	g. Manual air bleed only? YesNo
Gov	vernor - Speed Control
	nufacturer WOODWARD UG-8
	ectric (speed sensing)
	draulic 150cHeonous
ly	be or code (such as EGB-35, LSG-10, etc.) Computes WITH SEC III OF IEEE
Au	tomatic load sharing? Yes No Spec # 606
1	Is compensation or stability control and/or speed of
٠.	response manually adjustable? Yes No
	response manually adjustable: les No
	If yes, adjusted by:
	a. Eye and ear?
	b. Test and specification?
	c. Other? (Specify)
2.	Engine - generator normal shutdown or stopping means and method.

	Is	the engine stopped:
	a.	Manually? Yes _ No
		If yes, then:
		Directly at engine? Yes No Through local control panel? Yes No
	b.	
	c.	By setting governor to "fuel-off" position?
	d.	By over-ride of governor settings and control position directly to fuel injection pumps?  Yes No
	e.	Other means. Describe briefly.
3.	Whe	n engine is stopped, is fuel control in:
	a.	Full fuel or maximum fuel position?
		Tuil Ull Or no fuel position?
		Intermediate?
	the	not consistent and typical in above, then give usual.)
4.	to-c	at least 24 hours, give number of seconds from start- rank to full fuel or maximum fuel position of governor fuel control, 12 seconds.

G.	Gov	vernor - Overspeed (shutdown)
	1.	Speed sensing?
		a. Electrical
		b. Flyball
		c. Other (Specify)
	2.	Fuel shutoff force generated by:
		a. Spring?
		b. Air?
		c. Hydraulic?
		d. Electrical?
		e. Other? (Specify)
	3.	Overspeed sensing setting? (in terms of full speed)
		a. 115%
		b. 110% -
		c. Other (Specify)
	4.	Is overspeed tripping set point tested periodically?
		163 2 10
		If yes, then how often? 18 months (yearly, monthly, etc.)
н.	1.	Generator Mfr. Euscreic Perociets Model No. 20-645 VGD-2750 Single bearing or two bearings? Single Perociets No. 20-645 VGD-2750 Does generator have damper windings? Yes No.
	2.	Does generator have any obvious fault or difficulty?
		Is problem repetitive? Yes No
		If yes, then describe briefly.
		[18] [18] [18] [18] [18] [18] [18] [18]

1.	Exciter Manufacturer: BASLER ELECTRIC Model SBHU # 90-73500-101					
	Type: Rotating		Static			
	If rotating drive?	Direct Belt or Chain DC with field Brushless wit	control			
2.	Voltage Regulator:	Manufacturer	Baska Elect	ALC Model NO DIAO38281		
	Type: Mechanical		Static			
3.	Are paralleled unit of fully automatic	s of automatic type? Yes	load sharin	g control		
	If yes, has any obv been noted between the engine governor of the generators?	the stability and the stabi	and response	time of		
4.	Have engine governo adjustments been ma ditions since any o service? Yes	de on the site f the units ha	or under an	v con-		
	If yes, by means of what tests and what standards? Give name or very brief description. NA					
	dive name or very b	rier descripti	on. NA			
5.	If any difficulties number of problems.	have occurred	, give approx	ximate		
	a. Components NA b. Wiring					
	c. Other (damage i hardware into s	n service or d witchhoard, etc	ropping of m	iscellaneous		

1.	Do all units consistently have the proper voltage output?  Yes No NA
2.	Do all units automatically share both the "real" or in-phase load and also the reactive load reasonably well? Yes No >>
3.	At the same Kw load, are both the field and the armature line currents of the several units consistently close to the same value? Yes No NA
	If no, approximate percent difference.
4.	Synchronizing
	a. In automatic synchronizing do circuit breakers close immediately after reaching full synchronous speed?  Yes No
	b. If "no" above then, does speed of some units drift slowly while failing to synchronize and close circuit breakers?
	How many seconds? NA
	Occasionally Always Never NA
	tch Gear and Electrical Controls (other than exciter/
1.	If any difficulties have occurred, then give approximate number of problems.
	a. Components NA
	<ul> <li>b. Wiring NA</li> <li>c. Other (damage in service or dropping of miscellaneous hardware into switchboard, etc.)</li> </ul>
	d. Design concept faults. That is, does the switch gear and its controls perform the proper functions

		Do the on-site diesel generator units and related support equipment have any storage battery power systems for any service whatsoever? Yes No
	b.	Identify each storage battery power system associated with the on-site diesel generator unit and its function. Dc Power Comes Prom SAFEGUMES
	с.	Does each system identified above adequately fulfill the service requirements for which it is intended?  Yes No
		If no, briefly describe.
	d.	Is there a DG hattery maintenance program? Vac
		Is there a DG battery maintenance program? Yes No
Saf		Is there a DG battery maintenance program? Yes No. Shut downs
àiv	ety e sa	
Giv	ety e sa rati	Shut downs  fety shut down settings compared to equilibrium
Gi v	ety e sa rati Eng a.	Shut downs  fety shut down settings compared to equilibrium ng conditions.
Giv ope	e sa rati Eng a. b.	fety shut down settings compared to equilibrium ng conditions.  ine and generator speed. Give rpm or hertz:  Synchronous and usual 900 rpm or 40 Hz
Giv ope	e sarati Eng a. b. Eng	fety shut down settings compared to equilibrium ng conditions.  ine and generator speed. Give rpm or hertz:  Synchronous and usual 900 rpm or 60 Hz Overspeed shutdown setting 900 rpm or Hz ine cooling water (see E.4)  Equilibrium 180 °F
Giv ope	e sarati Eng a. b. Eng	fety shut down settings compared to equilibrium ng conditions.  ine and generator speed. Give rpm or hertz:  Synchronous and usual 900 rpm or 60 Hz Overspeed shutdown setting 920 rpm or Hz ine cooling water (see E.4)
Givope	e sarati Eng a. b. Eng	fety shut down settings compared to equilibrium ng conditions.  ine and generator speed. Give rpm or hertz:  Synchronous and usual 900 rpm or 60 Hz Overspeed shutdown setting 900 rpm or Hz ine cooling water (see E.4)  Equilibrium 180 °F
Givope	e sarati Eng a. b. Eng t. Lub	fety shut down settings compared to equilibrium ng conditions.  ine and generator speed. Give rpm or hertz:  Synchronous and usual 900 rpm or 60 Hz Overspeed shutdown setting 980 rpm or Hz  ine cooling water (see E.4)  Equilibrium 180 °F  Shut down NA °F

The second of th

	4.	Lube oil temperature
		a. Equilibrium 190 °F b. Alarm 240/124 °F c. Shutdown NA °F
	5.	Indicate all other protective interlocks (give name and;)
		a. Usual or proper condition GENERATOR DIFFERENTIAL OVERCURRENT
		RELAY, LOSS OF FIELD RELAY, MOTORING, ENGINE TRIP
		b. Shutdown condition GENERATOR DIFFERENTIAL CURRENT,
		RELAY OVERSPEED, LOW MIL PRESSURE
	6.	a. What source of power is provided to operate alarms and shutdown controls? (See G.2) Battery D-11 D-21
		b. Do the generator units automatically shutdown in case of the electrical power loss to its control system? Yes No
М.	Eme	ergency or Alert Conditions
	١.	Are all safety shutdown and safety interlocks bypassed during emergency conditions? YesNo
	2.	If "no" above, then which are not bypassed. Name items.
		DUERSPEED, HOW WERE OIL PRESSURE, DIFFERENTIAL.
		CURRENT RELAY
	3.	For each interlock not bypassed is coincident logic used? Yes No
		If yes, is it testable? YesNo
N.	Mai	ntenance
	١.	Does plant have regularly scheduled maintenance procedures? Yes

If so, return copy of these procedures with questionnaire.

PROCEDURE OF 1405.02 RCOI - ATTACHED

	2.	Whe	n need for minor adjustments obviously exists, then:
		a.	Is remedial action taken immediately or at earliest practical opportunity? Yes <u>▶</u> No
		b.	Is remedial action taken only at periodic prescheduled or programmed times and conditions? Yes No V
		с.	For best performance record which of above appears better:
			immediate or early action? as scheduled only?
		d.	Must permission for minor maintenace be obtained from some higher out-of-plant authority? YesNo
		e.	Is maintenance referred to above allowed and encouraged?  Yes No
		f.	In periodic surveillance tests, simulated alert standby tests, etc., is the criteria "pass/not pass" the test used? Yes No Done to OPERATING PROCEDURE
		9.	Is there a conscious continuing policy to detect and remedy marginal conditions or imminent trouble: for examples: lube oil pressure shutdown only two to five psi below operating pressure or, perhaps overspeed governor setting only one or two percent above starting speed surge or etc.? Yes No
		h.	Are efforts to remedy marginal or questionable conditions as mentioned above encouraged by plant management?
			Yes No
		i.	Are remedial steps on items similar to the above taken or allowed when the unit has started and operated satisfactorily within specified limits or conditions?  Yes No
0.	Sta	rtin	g Conditions
	1.	Giv	e starting or necessary cranking time as experienced.
		h.	Starting time per specification   15   seconds Usual starting time   12   seconds Maximum starting time observed   12   seconds

and the state of t

	Give usual time intervals as follows:
	a. Time from start-to-crank to first firing of any cylinder. <u>Lio</u> seconds
	b. Time from start-to-crank to approximate full firing of all cylinders. 10 seconds
3.	Give maximum speed surge when starting; use both tachometer and frequency meter if possible.
	a. Usual conditions 900 rpm
	b. Maximum observed 927 rpm
	нz
4.	During a surveillance test, give time from start-to-crank to when steady synchronous speed is attained and maintained
	a. Usual 12 seconds
	h Maria - 12
	D. Maximum 12 seconds
	b. Maximum 12 seconds c. As specified 15 seconds.
5.	c. As specified seconds  Give briefly the most troublesome problems in starting.
5.	seconds.
5.	Give briefly the most troublesome problems in starting.
	Give briefly the most troublesome problems in starting.  a. Most troublesome NA  b. Next to most troublesome NA
Air	Give briefly the most troublesome problems in starting.  a. Most troublesome NA  b. Next to most troublesome NA  Cleaner or Air Filter - Combustion Air
Air	Give briefly the most troublesome problems in starting.  a. Most troublesome NA  b. Next to most troublesome NA
Air	Give briefly the most troublesome problems in starting.  a. Most troublesome NA .  b. Next to most troublesome NA .  Cleaner or Air Filter - Combustion Air  Combustion air source: taken from engine room or inside

	614	ve type and make of	air cleane	ers or air filters:
	a.	Oil bath	Make	HARNOMY 493
	b.	Oil wetted screen		Make 713
	c.	Paper	Make	
	d.	Other	Make	
	e.	Precleaner: Yes _	No	
3.	Exc	essive air flow res	triction a	nd servicing need
	det	ermined by?		
	a.	Instrument such as		
		manometer		
	b.	If other give type		
		Personal judgement	by appear	ance, etc.
	c.	By smoking exhaust Time schedule		
	e.			
4.	Are	climatic extremes r	normally e	xperienced such as:
	a.	Air heavily loaded	with wate	r mist, high humidity
		and low temperature	?? Yes	No -
	b.	Blowing sand and du	ist? Yes	No -
	С.	Blowing snow (blizz	ards)? Y	es No -
	d.	Other-Name		
5.	Are	climatic extremes p	otentially	y possible such as:
	a.	Air heavily loaded	with water	r mist, high humidity
	b.	and low temperature	res_	No
	0.	Blowing sand and du	st! Yes	
	d.	Blowing snow (blizz Other-Name	ards)? Ye	es No
. Tem	pera	ture Conditions		
1.	Amb	ient outside hottest	113	°F.
2.	Ambi	ient outside coldest	-15	°F.
3.	Engi	ine-generator room h	ottest \2	3 °F.
		ine-generator room c		
		ide switch gear hott		
		DE VOLTAGE REGU		

1.	Mi	nimum education required	( - b 1 )	
		reduired required	(cneck)	
			Existing	Suggeste
	a.	3 0011001	ANS1-N 18.1	
	b.		MAST IN	
	d.	Technical School		
	٠.	No minimum	11.113	Page 1
2.	Mi	nimum Years of operating e nerator)	xperience (diesel	electric
			Existing	Suggested
	a.	0-3		
	b.	3-6 6-10		_
	d.	10-15		
3.	0pe	rator training		
			Existing	Suggested
	a.	Military		
	b.	Industrial		
	c.	On-the-job		
	••	Combination of a, b, and c (indicate which)		
	Lici	ensing required		
			Existing	Suggested
a	1.	State		<u></u>
	).	Federal		
		Utility or self		
d	1.	None		

dioxide, et	c. stored in the: Diesel Engine room?  o v or adjacent buildings? Yes No v
If yes, (ot identify ga	her tian hand portable fire extinguishers), then ses and give approximate tank size.
Gases	Volume (ft )
_	
starting, a	ol system automatically bypass, in emergency any engine temporarily out of service for each of the service for
If yes, the	n how many failures to bypass have occured?
Does the co	emergency conditions? Yes No
Have repeti or subsyste Yes No	tive mechanical failures occurred in any component om of the engine, generator, or switch gear, etc.?
If yes, the	n which part or subsystem?
How many fa	ilures?
Give nature	of failure.
by "outside	odic (yearly or other) evaluation and/or testing experts" contribute significantly to the dieseleliability? YesNo
Give brief	reasons for the answer. ON SITE TESTING AND

X. 1. Give the accumulated time-load operating record for each diesel-generator unit from installation to the present (Running Hours):

Preoperational test Date APRIL, 1978

: Engine : :Serial No. :	Surv. Testing & : Maintenance Hrs. : No Load : Loaded :	Emergency and Other Service Hrs.	: Total : Hours
71-14-117	410.4	K. H. S.	: 410.4
: 71-A1-1130:	399.7		: 399.7
		hate a second	:
			:

- 2. Surveillance test load (percent of continuous rating) 100%
- 3. Give the projected or planned time-load operation for each diesel-generator unit during the next 12 months.

:Maintenance Hrs.	: and other : Service Hrs.	: Hours	<u> </u>	
12	Hone	: 12		

- 4. Provide the following summary of the periodic surveillance testing experience:
  - a. Starting date of surveillance testing (OL date) Mr 21, 1974
  - b. Periodic test interval MONTHLY

    c. Total number of surveillance tests performed 125 (63-A,62-B)

    d. Total number of test failures 4 (3-A, 1-B)

failure to start Z-A failure to accept load None failure to carry load None failures due to operator error 1-A failure due to equipment not being operative during emergency conditions NONE

e. Supply a copy of the surveillance test procedures with this completed questionnaire.

TEST 1104.36 SUPPLEMENTS 1-4 - ATTACHED -

Additional Comments

THE	RE WAS	TROUBLE	WITH	ONE	OF TH	
Units	TURBO.	CHARLER	801	eaw	FIXED	(UNT B)

### Y. General Suggestions

Briefly give constructive criticism or suggestions as to improvement in reliability of the diesel generators. These remarks may cover tests, maintenance, practices, orders, policy, adjustments, etc.

THE EMERGENCY GENERATORS HAVE NEVER BEEN USED IN AN ACTUAL EMERGENCY SITUATION. FROM THE MONTHLY TEST, THE GENERATORS ARE YEST OPERATING CONDITION POSSIBLE.