

UNITED STATES  
ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION  
DIRECTORATE OF REGULATORY OPERATIONS  
REGION II - SUITE 818  
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ATLANTA, GEORGIA 30303

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In Reply Refer To:  
RO:II:NCM

January 3, 1974

THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS  
POOR QUALITY PAGES

Gentlemen:

The enclosed Directorate of Regulatory Operations Bulletin No. 74-1, involving two valve problems is sent to you to provide you with information we recently received from the Philadelphia Electric Company and the Wisconsin Electric Power Company. The problems involved deficiencies identified at the Peach Bottom, Units 2 and 3 and the Point Beach reactors. This information may relate to the performance of certain equipment at your facilities. The Bulletin also requests certain action on your part in this matter.

Very truly yours,

Norman C. Moseley  
Director

Enclosure:  
RO Bulletin No. 74-1  
Dated January 3, 1974

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Address list of utilities receiving bulletin for completion of requested action. Reply required within 30 days.

Directorate of Regulatory Operations  
Bulletin 74-1, January 3, 1974

<u>Addresses</u>	<u>In Reference To</u>
1. Alabama Power Company ATTN: Mr. A. R. Barton Senior Vice President 600 N. 18th Street Birmingham, Alabama 35202	50-348 Farley 1 50-364 Farley 2
2. Arkansas Power and Light Company ATTN: Mr. J. D. Phillips Senior Vice President Sixth and Pine Streets Pine Bluff, Arkansas 71601	50-313 ANO, Unit 1 50-368 ANO, Unit 2
3. Carolina Power and Light Company ATTN: Mr. J. A. Jones Executive Vice President Engineering, Construction and Operation 336 Fayetteville Street Raleigh, North Carolina 27602	50-261 Robinson 2 50-325 Brunswick 1 50-324 Brunswick 2
4. Duke Power Company ATTN: Mr. A. C. Thies Senior Vice President Production and Transmission Power Building 422 South Church Street Charlotte, North Carolina 28201	50-269 Oconee 1 50-270 Oconee 2 50-287 Oconee 3 50-369 McGuire 1 50-370 McGuire 2
5. Florida Power & Light Company ATTN: Dr. R. E. Uhrig Director of Nuclear Affairs 4200 Flagler Street P. O. Box 3100 Miami, Florida 33101	50-250 Turkey Point 3 50-251 Turkey Point 4 50-335 St. Lucie 1
6. Florida Power Corporation ATTN: Mr. J. T. Rodgers Assistant Vice President Generation Engineering 3201 34th Street, South P. O. Box 14042 St. Petersburg, Florida 33733	50-302 Crystal River 3

*hgr-7*  
*57-313*

7. Georgia Power Company  
ATTN: Mr. R. W. Scherer  
Executive Vice President  
270 Peachtree Street, N. W.  
Atlanta, Georgia 30303  
50-321 Hatch 1  
50-366 Hatch 2
8. South Carolina Electric and Gas Company  
ATTN: Mr. E. H. Crews, Jr.  
Vice President  
Construction and Engineering  
P. O. Box 764  
Columbia, South Carolina 29202  
50-395 Summer 1
9. Tennessee Valley Authority  
ATTN: Mr. J. E. Watson  
Manager of Power  
818 Power Building  
Chattanooga, Tennessee 37401  
50-259 Browns Ferry 1  
50-260 Browns Ferry 2  
50-296 Browns Ferry 3  
50-327 Sequoyah 1  
50-328 Sequoyah 2  
50-390 Watts Bar 1  
50-391 Watts Bar 2
10. Virginia Electric and Power Company  
ATTN: Mr. Stanley Ragone  
Senior Vice President  
P. O. Box 26666  
Richmond, Virginia 23261  
50-280 Surry 1  
50-281 Surry 2  
50-338 North Anna 1  
50-339 North Anna 2

January 3, 1974

Directorate of Regulatory  
Operations Bulletin 74-1

VALVE DEFICIENCIES

Information was recently received from the Philadelphia Electric Company and the Wisconsin Electric Power Company concerning two types of deficiencies relating to valves.

The deficiency identified by the Philadelphia Electric Company at the Peach Bottom, Units 2 and 3 facilities related to weld failures between the valve yoke and the motor operator mounting plate in valves supplied by the Walworth Company. A full description of the deficiency is provided in Attachment A.

The second deficiency, identified by the Wisconsin Electric Power Company at the Point Beach plant, involved a backseating disc mislocation problem on two inch Darling valves. Full details are provided in Attachment B.

In light of the above information, you are requested to determine whether similar valves are installed or scheduled to be installed in your

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facilities and inform this office in writing within 30 days of the date of this letter regarding the results of your determination. Also please send a copy of your report to B. H. Grier, Assistant Director for Construction and Operation, Directorate of Regulatory Operations, USAEC, Washington, D. C. 20545. In the event such valves are identified, you are requested to determine whether those identified valves have the deficiencies described and if so, to inform us in your letter of the corrective action planned and the date of scheduled completion of that corrective action.

Attachments:

- A. Philadelphia Electric Company Letter, dated October 1, 1973 to Dr. Knuth
- B. Wisconsin Electric Power Company Letter, dated October 29, 1973 to J. F. O'Leary

PHILADELPHIA ELECTRIC COMPANY

2301 MARKET STREET

PHILADELPHIA, PA. 19101

(215) 841-4500

V. S. BOYER  
VICE-PRESIDENT

October 1, 1973

Dr. D. F. Knuth, Director  
Directorate of Regulatory Operations  
United States Atomic Energy Commission  
Washington, D.C. 20545

Subject: Significant Deficiency Report -  
High Pressure Service Water Valve Weld Failure  
Peach Bottom Atomic Power Station - Units 2 & 3  
AEC Construction Permit Nos. CPPR-37 and CPPR-38  
File: QUAL 2-10-2 SDR No. 5

Dear Dr. Knuth:

In compliance with 10CFR50.55, paragraph (e) attached is the Significant Deficiency Report concerning the weld failure on the High Pressure Service Water valve in Unit No. 2. This item was reported to AEC DRO I by telecon on June 1, 1973.

We trust that this satisfactorily resolves this item. If further information is required, please do not hesitate to contact us.

We appreciate your extending the time for our response to October 1, 1973 as agreed by telecon on September 14, 1973 between our Mr. G. R. Hutt and Mr. R. Heischmann, USAEC DRO I.

Sincerely,

*V. S. Boyer*

Copy to: J. P. O'Reilly, USAEC

Attachment A  
Page 1 of 2

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY REPORT - SDF 0.5

HIGH PRESSURE SERVICE WATER VALVE WELD FAILURE

PEACH BOTTOM ATOMIC POWER STATION - UNITS 2 & 3

AEC CONSTRUCTION PERMIT NOS. CPPR-37 AND CPPR-38

Description of Deficiency

During a routine walk-thru of Unit No. 2 plant by the licensees operating personnel, a 12 inch - 300 pound motor operated globe valve in the High Pressure Service Water line on the discharge side of one Residual Heat Removal heat exchanger was discovered to have experienced a weld failure. The failure occurred between the valve yoke and the motor operator mounting plate. The reason for the failure has been identified as insufficient fillet weld throat dimension caused by the installation of unauthorized shims between the yoke legs and the mounting plate, which reduced the effective size of the weld.

Corrective Action

The failed valve is one of a series of eight valves (four in Unit 2 and four in Unit 3). These eight valves were visually inspected and a second valve was found to have cracks in the yoke to motor operator mounting plate weld.<sup>1</sup> All eight valves were returned to the vendor for rework. The rework involved elimination of the shims in the failed valve and the rewelding of the mounting plates to the yoke legs with full penetration welds on all eight valves.

An investigation of similar valves (supplied by the same vendor) elsewhere in the plant, was undertaken. A total of 108 valves were identified by the vendor to have yoke to motor operator mounting plate construction similar to that of the failed valve. Fifty-eight (including the above mentioned eight) of these valves are nuclear valves classified as Group II as defined by Figure A.2.1 of Appendix A of the Peach Bottom Atomic Power Station FSAR. The remaining valves are Group III non-nuclear balance of plant valves.

The Vendor's weld stress analysis calculations were reviewed and a table of acceptable weld sizes prepared.

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<sup>1</sup> This valve was originally reported in the interim report to have shims. The valve was only visually inspected at that time and the cracks were interpreted to indicate the presence of shims.



**Wisconsin Electric** POWER COMPANY  
231 WEST MICHIGAN, MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN 53201



October 29, 1973

Mr. John F. O'Leary, Director  
Directorate of Licensing  
U. S. Atomic Energy Commission  
Washington, D. C. 20545

Dear Mr. O'Leary:

DOCKET NOS. 50-266 AND 50-301  
FACILITY OPERATING LICENSE NOS. DPR-24 AND DPR-27  
POINT BEACH NUCLEAR PLANT  
BACKSEATING DISC MISLOCATION PROBLEM ON 2" DARLING VALVES

In accordance with Section 15.6.6.A.3.b of the Technical Specifications for Point Beach Nuclear Plant (Facility Operating License Nos. DPR-24 and DPR-27), this report describes a possible generic problem with a category of 2" gate valves installed at Point Beach Nuclear Plant. The valves in question are 2", No. S-350 WID welding end, outside screw and yoke, double disc gate valves with lip seals, and are manufactured by the Darling Valve and Manufacturing Company. The valves used at Point Beach Nuclear Plant are safety class I, ASA series 1500 lb. valves.

An investigation of excess letdown line leakage on September 15, 1973, lead to an inspection and subsequent repair of valve LMOV-1299 on Unit 1 (excess letdown system root valve) on September 26, 1973. Inspection of the valve disclosed that its downstream seat protruded from the valve body such that if the valve disc was fully withdrawn from the guides, as allowed by its backseating ring, the disc could catch the "lip" of the seat ring when reinserting. Four marks on the lip of the downstream seat ring indicated that the disc had caught there during previous valve closings. Internal damage to the valve consisted of a fine vertical crack at the 12 o'clock position in the upper portion of the downstream seat ring. Two locating pins between the upstream and downstream discs of the split disc valve were found to be slightly bent also and some facial scratches to the down-stream disc were evident. There was no metal loss involved in the damage.



October 29, 1973

Repair of the valve involved rounding the lip of the seat ring to prevent future hangups of the disc. The thin vertical crack in the downstream seat could not be fully lapped out during the repair. Accordingly, a manual valve was added to the system downstream of LMOV-1299 to back up the root valve. Valve LMOV-1299 thereby remains effective and operable as a remotely controlled root shutoff valve, but is considered not totally capable of effecting completely tight shutoff without some through-leakage.

At the time, measurements indicated that the location of the backseating ring on the valve stem was too low but this could not be assuredly determined. If such was the case, this would allow the split discs to fully clear the seat rings when the valve was fully open and backseated. The tendency for interference to occur between the downstream disc and seat during valve closing could be expected to increase if there was flow through the valve, creating a differential pressure which could swing the loose hanging disc onto the lip of the seat.

There are six similar 2" Darling valves in each unit at Point Beach Nuclear Plant. In addition to the above mentioned 1299 valve, valves 270A & B (normally open) are installed on the reactor coolant pump seal return lines. These valves are rarely operated in the life of the plant. Also, valves 598 and 599 on the reactor coolant system drain line are of this type. These valves are never operated during normal pressurized and power operation. The sixth similar valve on each unit is MOV-427 on the normal letdown line. The function of valve 427 is to close in the event of low pressurizer level and, in closing, cause the closure of the containment isolation valves 200 A, B and C, via an interlock. None of the Darling valves described in this report are containment isolation valves.

Valve LMOV-427 was investigated during a Unit 1 shutdown on October 13, 1973, after it was reported that it would not fully close remotely. Manual manipulation of the valve on September 28, 1973, had shown that at approximately one-half shut and again just prior to closing, the valve operation became sticky. Tests were conducted at that time to verify that LMOV-427 was capable of performing its primary function of initiating an isolation signal for the letdown line. The slightest movement of the valve off its backseat was found to be sufficient to activate the interlocks and close the AOV-200 letdown isolation valves.

Measurements indicated that the discs of LMOV-427 when

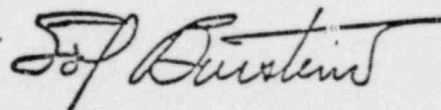
backseated cleared the seat rings and left the valve open to similar problems as experienced in LMOV-1299. Inspection showed no damage to valve LMOV-427 other than a slight marking of the upper edge of the seat ring, similar to that found in LMOV-1299. Before closing up the valve, the seat ring edges were rounded to aid in guiding the discs down between the seats. The "valve open" limit switch was then set for 2-1/4", 5/16" less than the maximum backseating position of 2-9/16". Valve cycling tests were then conducted satisfactorily.

During the same shutdown, valve LMOV-270B was cycled manually with no evidence of stickiness or disc hangup. At the completion of repair of LMOV-427, on October 13, 1973, it was concluded from measurements taken, operating experience and telephone discussions with the valve manufacturer, that, indeed, a dimension error could exist with respect to backseat locations on the stem. With these confirmations, it was concluded that all twelve valves of this type would require investigation on a schedule commensurate with the plant operating schedules.

Valves LMOV-1299, 2MOV-1299 and 2MOV-427 will be electrically limited similarly to LMOV-427. Valve LMOV-1299 will be completely changed out during a convenient shutdown following the receipt of a new valve. New valve stems with backseats located so that full opening of the valve will not permit the discs to lose the guide effect of the seats have been ordered and will be fitted in the remaining valves at convenient shutdowns. The service of the 598, 599 and 270A & B valves is such that it is not considered necessary to change the stems of these valves until the next refueling shutdown of each unit.

The nuclear steam supply system supplier has been informed about the problems encountered with these valves.

Very truly yours,



Senior Vice President

Sol Burstein

cc: Mr. James G. Keppler  
Regional Director  
Directorate of Regulatory Operations,  
Region III

Directorate of Regulatory Operations Bulletin 74-1  
dated January 3, 1974

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