

Initial Telephone  
Report Date: 5/13/80Date of  
Occurrence: 5/12/80Initial Written  
Report Date: 5/13/80Time of  
Occurrence: 11:00 AMOYSTER CREEK NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION  
FORKED RIVER, NEW JERSEY 08731Reportable Occurrence  
Report No. 50-219/80-16-1PIDENTIFICATION  
OF OCCURRENCE: Violation of the Technical Specifications, paragraph 3.1.A.2,  
(Table 3.1.1-Item AT2) when pressure switch PSL "D" was found  
defective and inoperable.This event is considered to be a reportable occurrence as defined  
in the Technical Specifications, paragraph 6.9.2.a.2.CONDITIONS PRIOR  
TO OCCURRENCE:

<input type="checkbox"/> Steady State Power not Standby	<input type="checkbox"/> Routine Shutdown Operation
<input type="checkbox"/> Cold Shutdown	<input type="checkbox"/> Load Changes During Routine Power Operation
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Refueling Shutdown	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)
<input type="checkbox"/> Routine Startup Operation	

Reactor subcritical  
Reactor mode switch locked in refuel  
Cavity floodedDESCRIPTION  
OF OCCURRENCE:

On April 20, 1980, while performing surveillance on generator load rejection sensors, pressure switch PSL "D" was found defective. Subsequent investigation (5/12/80) revealed that the pressure switch would not have tripped at any pressure due to a mislocated operating lever within the switch housing. Since the plant was shutdown for a refueling outage the switch was removed and will be replaced with a new switch prior to plant startup.

Surveillance procedure records indicate the PSL "D" switch performed satisfactorily on 12/20/79 when the last surveillance test was performed. Therefore, the switch is considered to have been inoperable between 12/20/79 and 1/5/80 when the 1980 Refueling Outage began.

During the surveillance performed on 4/20/80, the redundant pressure switch PSL "B" in the same trip channel was found fully operable as well as the two redundant sensors, PSL "A" and "C" in the independent trip channel.

APPARENT CAUSE  
OF OCCURRENCE:

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Design        | <input type="checkbox"/> Procedure                    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Manufacture   | <input type="checkbox"/> Unusual Service Condition    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Installation/ | <input type="checkbox"/> Inc. Environmental           |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Construction  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Component Failure |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Operator      | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)              |

ANALYSIS OF  
OCCURRENCE:

The generator load rejection sensors are pressure switches sensing hydraulic oil pressure on the turbine acceleration relay. There are four sensors; two redundant sensors in each of two independent trip channels.

The function of these sensors is to provide an anticipatory scram signal when load is rejected from the generator to minimize reactor pressurization transients. The safety significance of the failed sensor is considered minimal since the redundant trip channel sensor was operable and the independent trip channel was operable. Therefore, the trip function was not lost and a scram would have resulted if a generator load rejection had occurred.

CORRECTIVE  
ACTION:

The defective pressure switch was disassembled and inspected, it was found that a plastic linkage that activates the switch had fallen out of place and caused the failure.

FAILURE DATA:

Penn Controls Inc.  
Penn Switch Model Number P70AM-15  
Serial Number B70  
Range 50 to 240 PSI  
Setting: 180 PSI (Decreasing Pressure)

Prepared by:

Jim Schoffeld

Date:

5/17/80

Approved by:

Ronald Jaran

Date:

5/17/80