laute (becoment on vait 61 - Pls. Dut. Glass Research and Melting Processes for the Glass Industry Penberthy Electromelt International, Inc. 80051403 Cable Address: Telephone: PENELECTRO 631 South 96th Street (206) 762 - 4244 SEATTLE Seattle, Washington 98108, U.S.A. 9 April 1980 Nuclear Waste Division Attn: Mr. Paul H. Lohaus Technical Development Section Low Level Waste Licensing Branch Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, D.C. 20555 Draft of 10 CFR Part 61: Disposal of Low-Level Re: Radioactive Waste and Low-Activity Bulk Solid Waste Dear Mr. Lohaus: Thank you for sending a copy of the preliminary draft of 10 CFR Part 61. We would like to comment as follows: SUBPART G: WASTE PERFORMANCE 61.86 Waste form, packaging The technology of improved waste forms has been improving markedly in the last some months by the application of industrial glass melting technology to the problem of radioactive waste disposal. By application of this industrial technology, many of the concerns addressed in this and other subparts can be greatly alleviated. Industrial technology for the melting of glasses excellent for chemical durability has been available for a long time. The technology of burning all the combustible wastes to ashes and incorporating said ashes in the glass is relatively new, but has already been demonstrated on an engineering scale. Accordingly, the concerns about dispersibility, degradability, and solubility can be put aside. Of special interest is the fact that there are no free figure --at all. There are no corrosives. The waste form cannot cause fire through friction, absorption of moisture, or spontaneous chemical changes. Glass is completely noncombustible. For two hours after casting into steel drums, the glass is held in annealing equipment to keep the glass from cracking. For two hours after that, paper and the like should not be in close contact with the drums. Thereafter, there is

no potential for fire whatsoever.

During processing of the glass, all oxidizing materials are eliminated.

After cooling, the glass is entirely passive, and does not react with any other substances.



POOR ORIGINAL

All biological, pathogenic, or infectious material is completely destraved during the melting of the glass.

The volume reduction is excellent. Dry compacted waste at 30 lbs per cubic foot is reduced by a volume factor of 30 to 1 of glass. Boric acid solution 12% is reduced in volume by a factor of 7 to 1.

Organic liquids such as toluene are completely combusted. The remaining volume is only that of the glass vials themselves.

## TRANSPORTATION

The glassification of LLW can actually result in a saving in cost of transportation due to the decreased weight and decreased bulk. There is a further saving in burial charges.

## LIMITATIONS

Heavy metal objects such as tools can be handled by placing them in the steel drum before the casting of glass. After the glass is cast around the metal parts they are covered up and safe for transport and burial.

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We hope that you will recognize the final version that many of the restrictions can be eased when the waste form is glass of excellent quality. Please recognize that there are many different glass compositions, and include that the glass should be of quality for chemical durability approximately equal to that of present day container glass.

Sincerely,

PENBERTHY ELECTROMELT INT'L, INC.

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Larry Penberthy

## DCS PRUI (43 FR 49811)

ROUTING AND TRANSMITTAL SLIP		ACTION
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REMARKS

Attached, for your information, are comments on the preliminary draft of 10 CFR Part 61.

Do NOT use this form as a RECORD of approvals, concurrences, disapprovals, clearances, and similar actions

Taube P. Heddings, Licensing Assistant	t DATE	
	PHONE	
Division of Waste Management	74433	

OPTIONAL FORM 41

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