# THE UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN MEMORIAL-PHOENIX PROJECT

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR PHONE (313) 764-8213 April 2, 1980

PHOENIX MEMORIAL LABORATORY NORTH CAMPUS ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN 48105

Docket No. 50-2 License No. R-28

U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Attn: Mr. Monte Conner Operating Reactors Branch No. 4 Division of Operating Reactors Washington, D. C. 20555

Dear Mr. Conner:

The University of Michigan requests the following amendment to the Ford Nuclear Reactor (FNR) License No. R-28.

 Change section 5.2, Technical Specifications, Appendix A to License No. R-28, to read:

#### 5.2 REACTOR FUEL

The fuel assemblies shall be of the MTR type, consisting of plates containing uranium-aluminum alloy, uranium aluminide (UAL $_{\rm X}$ ), or uranium oxide (U $_{\rm 3}$ O $_{\rm 8}$ ) fuel (uranium enriched in the isotope U-235), clad with aluminum. Partially loaded fuel assemblies in which some of the plates do not contain uranium may be used.

## 5.2.1 High Enrichment Uranium (HEU) Fuel

High enrichment (93%) fuel assemblies may consist of plates containing uranium-aluminum alloy, UAL $_{\rm x}$ , or U $_{\rm 3}$ O $_{\rm 8}$ . The authorized fuel assembly designs are:

Number of Plates	Maximum Plate Loading (grams of Uranium 235)	Maximum Assembly Loading (grams of Uranium 235)
18	7.78 ± 2%	140 ± 2%
9	7.78 ± 2%	70 ± 2%
10	16.90 ± 2%	169 ± 2%

## 5.2.2 Low Enrichment Uranium (LEU) Fuel

Low enrichment (19.5%) fuel assemblies shall consist of plates containing  ${\rm UAL}_{\rm X}.$  The authorized fuel assembly designs are:

Number of Plates	Maximum Plate Loading (grams of Uranium 235)	Maximum Assembly Loading (grams of Uranium 235)
18	9.28 ± 2%	167 ± 2%
9	9.28 ± 2%	84 ± 2%

#### 5.2.3 Reactor Power Level and Scram Setpoints for Authorized Core Loadings

The 9-plate fuel assembly shall be used in all loadings for the control rod fuel assemblies. The reactor power level and scram setpoints for authorized core loadings shall be:

Fuel Loading	Power Level	Limiting Safety System Setting
Normal 18 plate core	2 MW	2.4 MW
Fringe* 18 or 10-plate with center of 18-plate		
core	2 MW	2.4 MW
Intermixed (nonfringe*) 18 and 10 fuel plate core	1 MW	1.2 MW

<sup>\*</sup>Fringe fuel assemblies are those in east, west and south locations L5, L6, L7, L8, L9, L10, L20, L30, L40, L50, L60, L70, L75, L76, L77, L78, L79 and L80.

A safety analysis for the utilization of low enrichment uranium (LEU) fuel is enclosed. The LEU fuel necessitates higher weight percents of urani m aluminide (56.5 wt % UALx, 42.0 wt % U) than are presently used for the FNR high enrichment fuel. The present UALx compound weight percent is 19.1. However, test plates in the Materials Test Reactor (MTR), Engineering Test Reactor (ETR), High Flux Isotope Reactor (HFIR), and the FR2 Reactor in Kalsruhe, Germany with higher weight percentages of UALx than that proposed for LEU fuel have been operated to higher fission densities than the FNR limit with no excess swelling or blister failure. Operational fuel elements with aluminide loadings comparable to those proposed are routinely used in the Advanced Test Reactor (ATR) to higher fission densities than the FNR limit of 1.5 x 1021 fiscions/cc.

The LEU fuel elements will be physically identical, except for plate core construction, to present uranium-aluminum alloy elements which comprise 60% of the present FNR core and have been used since 1957.

The safety analysis indicates that fast and thermal flux distributions within the core and in the reflector region are slightly changed by the use of LEU fuel. No reductions in the margins of safety are expected.

Sincerely,

William Kerr

Michigan Memorial-Phoenix Project

WK/RRB/z

Enclosures

Subscribed to and sworn to before me

this and day of april , 1980.

DONNA M. ZEEB Notary Public, Washlenow County, Mich. My Commission Expires on Oct. 21, 1981