# NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

IN THE MATTER OF:

THREE MILE ISLAND SPECIAL INQUIRY DEPOSITION

DEPOSITION OF: WILLIAM P. DORNSIFE

POOR ORIGINAL

Place - HARRISBURG, PA.

Date - September 19, 1979

Pages 1 thru 19

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2	WITNES	EXAMINED	BY: PA	GE NUMBER
3	William P. Dornsife Mr. Chin			3 - 17
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7		EXHIB	ITS	
8	Number			Marked
9	1	Letter of confirmation to William P. Dornsife from NRC TMI Special Inquiry	the	3
11	2	One page resume entitled		4
12		"Biographic Information, William P. Dornsife"		
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# PROCEEDINGS

### WILLIAM P. DORNSIFE,

was called as a witness and, having been duly sworn, was examined and testified as follows:

#### BY MR. CHIN:

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- Q State your full name and position for the record.
- A My name is William Paul Dornsife. I am a Nuclear Engineer for the Bureau of Radiation Protection, Department of Environmental Resources.

(Exhibit No. 1 marked.)

### BY MR. CHIN:

- Q Let me show you a letter marked Exhibit 1. Is this a copy of the letter we sent to you concerning your deposition before this group today?
  - A Yes, it is.
- Q Have you read the document in full?
- 17 A Yes, I have.
  - Q Do you understand what we portrayed in the letter about the purpose of our inquiry and the fact that you may have an attorney present?
    - A Yes, I do.
  - Q And that some of the information or all of it may become eventually rublic?
  - A Yes, I am fully aware of that.
  - Q Mr. Dornsife, are you represented by counsel?

A No, I am not.

MR. CHIN: I would like to note for the record that the witness is not represented by counsel.

BY MR. CHIN:

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Q Mr. Dornsife, if at any time during this interview if you need an attorney or to have an attorney present, would you please advise us and we will adjourn this meeting to make the appropriate arrangements. Is that all right with you?

A Yes, it is.

Q Did you bring a resume with you today?

A Yes, I did.

(Exhibit No. 2 marked.)

BY MR. CHIN:

Q Is that Exhibit No. 2, your resume?

A Yes, it is.

MR. CHIN: And I wish to note for the record,

Exhibit No. 2 is a single paged document titled "Biographic

Information, William P. Dornsife."

BY MR. CHIN:

Q I understand, Mr. Dornsife, that at one time you had some association with TMI. Could you explain that to us.

A Yes, prior to working -- coming to work for the Commonwealth, I was employed by Burns and Roe who is the architect for the engineering of Three Mile Island, and I spent a very short time of my total time at Burns and Roe

working on Three Mile Island.

I started on the Forked River project, and when the staff was cut back, I was transferred over to Three Mile Island. And I spent about four to five months on the home office effort, which was well down the line, which was a matter of reviewing drawings and purchasing smaller equipment.

And then I spent about six or seven months at the site as the Assistant Project Engineer.

- Q How many months was that?
- A About six or seven months at the site as the Assistant Project Engineer.
  - Q And at what stage of construction was that?
  - A It was 80 to 90 percent complete at this point.
- Q I want you tothink back to the first three days of the accident. So, from March 28th to the 30th, could you describe just what your function was with regard to the accident?

A Well, I was -- if I can characterize it as that -probably the only nuclear engineer employed by the state. So,
I was looked upon as being the source of technical information
and trying to get technical information from the utility and
NRC to determine what the status of the plant was and what
the future might hold.

- Q And how did you go about doing that Job?
- A Well, primarily from talking on the telephone with

6 1 the plant. I tried to get the status of the equipment and plant statuses. Although I have to admit that since we were 2 3 -- the Bureau was primarily involved in assessing the radio-4 logical consequences, I was using -- I did have quite a bit 5 of experience in radiological protection from my Navy background. I was using more of my radiological knowledge than 6 7 engineering knowledge in assessing the situation at the plant. At any time were you on site? 8 0 9 No, not the first three days. I was at the Observation Center on Thursday for most of the day but not 10 on site. 11 And your source of information was plant operators 12

or NRC people on site?

A Right.

Q Both?

Both. A

By phone? Q

Yes, except when I was down on the site Thursday, I was talking directly to the coordination team. The NRC and the utility coordination team was operating out of the Observation Center.

Can you identify the people involved in the coordination committee?

Well, it wasn't a committee. The utility had a group that was coordinating off site monitoring information,

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and they had various -- by name I really don't recall.

The NRC had Rick Hymie in charge of the operational

aspects and Phil Stohr in charge of the radiological aspects operating out of the Observation Center. And I was coordinating directly with them for information. And I was essentially looking over the Met-Ed peoples' shoulder of the monitoring that was going on.

I also attended the briefings that were held for the congressional people that were held on site.

Q So, actually you were never in the control room for the first three days?

A No, I was not.

Q What were you doing with your information once you had collected it?

A I was essentially sharing it with the other members of the Bureau and later with the Governor and whoever -- you know, whatever meeting I may be attending at the time.

Q And this was by phone or by personal appearance or both?

A Well, depending on -- when I was down at the site,
I was sharing it by phone. In the office I was sharing it by
personal communications.

- Q But those first three days, were you more on site?
- A No, it was more in the office.
- Q More in the office. Governor Thornburgh has said

that he sent radiation experts and nuclear engineering experts to the site. Were you the sole nuclear engineer expert on site?

A Yes, I was then. By on site, I was at trailer city. From Saturday morning -- well, from Friday afternoon on, I went down and attended the same briefings that Harold Denton attended when he first arrived on site. And I came back and reported to the Governor before Harold Denton arrived of what I had heard. And then on Saturday morning, I started spending full time at the trailers, at least 12 hours a day.

Q Which trailer?

A I was primarily working out of the NRR trailer, and I had free run of it, the NRR trailer and the utility trailer if I so desired.

Q Apparently, on the 28th you were asked to brief Lieutenant Governor Scranton. Who asked you to do that?

A The Deputy Secretary Mittendorf came down and asked somebody to go over and brief the Lieutenant Governor and possibly attend a press conference. And since at that point I probably knew as much as, if not more than anybody off site, I was volunteered or volunteered myself. I am not sure.

Q What did you do to prepare yourself for that briefing?

A I wasn't comfortable with the information I had at that point on the plant status. So, I called the site and --

we had an open line, but I, you know, got the open line activated and told them what I was going to do, that I was going to brief the Lieutenant Governor and I would like to talk to somebody with a detailed knowledge of what had happened.

And I got to talk to Gary Miller, the station

Superintendent, and he briefed me on what had happened to the best of his knowledge at that point.

Q At what time did you brief Scranton?

A At about, I would guess, in the neighborhood of 10:f .m.

Q After that briefing or before that briefing, did the Lieutenant Governor have a phone conversation with Mr. Miller to your knowledge?

A Not to my knowledge. Apparently, there was one because he later came up to his office that afternoon. I have no idea when that conversation was. I am not sure if it was even with Gary Miller. Maybe with Herbein or one of the people in management. But he requested a meeting with Met-Ed people later that afternoon.

Q I am going to ask you about three planned procedures, and I would like for you to tell me when you heard about each one of them, what you understood them to mean and what you did about communicating the implication of those procedures to other people in the Pennsylvania state government.

The first one would be the venting of the make-up tanks. Do you . member when you first heard about that procedure?

A I first heard it on Friday morning when we were notified by the plant that that operation was proceeding and they had found an elevated reading of 1200 millirems above the plant vent.

- Q Were you aware of a 3R reading on Thursday?
- A Yes, I was.
- Q What did you associate that reading with in terms of the plant status?

A At that time the readings were -- there were numerous readings that I was seeing at the Observation Center looking over Met-Ed peoples' shoulders who were coordinating the data. And there were a number of readings in that range on site or in the plant. And I really didn't associate the 3,000 Rem with anything because the off site readings were relatively low, and that was my major consideration.

Even though the readings were high on site, the off site levels were still within the range of 1 to 10 millirems.

- Q You learned about the venting on Friday morning.
  This was in your office?
  - A Yes.
  - Q Not on site?
  - A No, not on site.

Who did you learn it from? 1 0 I believe Margaret was the one who received the 2 phone call and they informed me of the reading. 3 What does venting the make-up tank mean to you in 4 terms of releases? 5 Well, normally it doesn't mean anything. Normally 6 it is a closed system. The make-up tank is vented into a waste gas header and it is then compressed from the waste gas 8 header into the waste decay tanks for eventual release after decay. And that is what I had associated with it. I hadn't 10 known that there was any leakage in the waste gas header. 11 When did you first learn about the leakage? 12 I didn't learn that there was any suspected leakage 13 until a couple of weeks after this incident occurred. But it 14 was by association that you suspected that there was something 15 that was causing the leaks, that it wasn't just venting into 16 the atmosphere of the auxiliary tanks. 17 But officially, I didn't learn from any people that 18 they suspected a leak on that morning. 19 But you suspected that or Friday morning? Q 20 Yes, I guess it was in the back of my mind; it had 21 to come from somewhere. 22 Prior to Friday morning, what was your understanding Q 23 of the sources of releases of radioactivity off site? 24 Well, initially it was thought, in terms of the A 25

information we were receiving, that the venting -- the atmospheric dumping of steam was the primary release path on Wednesday morning. When it was terminated and, as a result of the briefing which I unfortunately did not attend when Met-Ed came up and briefed the Lieutenant Governor, it was then thought that the releases were occurring from water that had been pumped over from the reactor building, of degassing on the floor of the auxiliary building. 

And it wasn't until much, much later that it became evident that the leakage was really a combination of various system leakages contributing to just the general radiation levels in the auxiliary building.

Q You mentioned steam dumping. When did you learn about that event?

A Sometime Wednesday morning. I am not sure of the time. It was one of the routine releases that they had lost condenser vacuum and they had to go to atmospheric dumping of steam.

Q You knew they were doing that before the Lieutenant Governor's press conference, or I think it was around 12:30?

A I think it was after -- I don't think I knew before -- about it before that.

Q Now, I want to move on to a second procedure, and that is the procedure adopted by the utility to attempt to reduce the size of the hydrogen bubble. They described it as

a cycle process.

A Yes.

Q Were you informed about that particular process or the bubble itself?

A Well, I guess the first time we were informed about a void or the uncovering of the core and the bubble in the reactor cooling system was on Friday afternoon when Chairman Hendrie called the Governor and he informed us of his assessment of the situation. At that point he and Denton were still in Washington.

This was the first time we had heard about the uncovering of the core. But, of course, we had suspected a lot of fuel damage based on the radiation levels of concentration in the reactor coolant system. I learned of the proposed venting operation -- and in my opinion, the -- the bubble was being decreased in size from Wednesday on when the letdown flow was re-established because the letdown was being vented into the make-up tank, and then the water being pumped back in was deficient in dissolved gases and it was allowing some of the bubble, but not very much, to slowly dissolve.

But on Saturday morning, a procedure was put into motion to -- the primary purpose was to vent this gas, and it was venting of the pressurizer into the reactor building.

Q You learned about that Saturday morning?

A Yes.

Q From whom?

A Well, just from the general talk that was going on in the trailers when T arrived on site.

Q The next matter I want to address is the possibility of oxygen generation within the reactor vessel head in the hydrogen bubble. When did you learn about that?

A Again, Saturday morning. And when I heard of it,
I know when I thought about it for a while, based on the
experience I had in the Navy and oth pressurized water
reactors, I couldn't for the life of me figure how oxygen
could be generated, because I knew there was required to be
an excess of hydrogen in the system to prevent that, to
scavenge oxygen and prevent radiolysis from occurring.

And I remember I relayed that information to every-body on the NRC staff whenever I could. And everyone tended to agree with me. And it seemed that Roger Mattson was the only one who was not convinced that that was still a problem or was not a problem.

Q Who else did you communicate with? Could you name some names.

A Vollmer, Jerry Clingler. That is all -- and some people from IME. I forget whom.

Q Did you also communicate your feeling to anyone in the state government?

A I believe I informed the Bureau over the telephone of

my feelings in that direction. And I know I mentioned it to the Governor on Sunday when we had a mixed meeting. And I told the state legislators -- I told them my opinion that the hydrogen bubble presented not that very great risk because of what I had known about hydrogen overpressure and because there just didn't seem to be a spark source in the reactor vessel.

- Q What was the date of that?
- A That was Sunday evening.
- Q Sunday evening. Were you in touch with any of the Metropolitan Edison people about the hydrogen bubble or the oxygen above the bubble at any time?

A Not in that time frame. Later I was, after the bubble had dissipated, I was, you know, wondering how they felt about the problem, whether it was a real problem or not because, of course, it was the thing that caused all the consternation over the weekend.

And I again communicated with some Met-Ed people to see what their assessment was.

Q Was there any reason why you didn't contact Met-Ed people prior to that time about the bubble?

A There was no specific reason -- I guess I didn't have any formal lines of communication with them, any people in a decision-making status. I was free to roam in the Observation Center and look at the readings. But as far as anyone in a decision-making capacity, I really wasn't

communicating on any regular channel.

Q You made no attempt to contact some of your normal contacts in the plant about the plant status at that time?

A Well, I was getting enough plant status from being at the trailer, from the information the NRC was receiving.

That is how I was getting my information.

Q So, you were basically getting your information from NRC people on site?

A Yes.

Q Rather than --

A Because I was in the trailer where the information was coming in. And I felt at that point it was sufficient from Saturday on, when the staff was there, I felt that was a sufficient source of information.

Q My last question has to do with the names of your contacts in NRC, and I think you have answered that. Were there any other persons at NRC that you were normally in contact with on site or at Region 1 during the accident?

A Well, just about everybody that was there. I would probably include almost everybody I was at least talking to or communicating with because I was just there all the time. And people in fact thought I was part of the NRC staff. That is how I was able to learn a lot of the information at the Incident Response Center on Friday morning.

Q After the first three days, would you tell us what

you did at the plant? You were there every day from Saturday on? 2 Right. A 3 For how many days? 0 4 Oh, for at least a month. A 5 At least a month. What were your hours? 0 6 Typically, 8:00 to 8:00. A 7 Eight to 8:00? Q 8 I would stay later if something were going on of 9 any significance. 10 And that was from Saturday plus 30 days? Q 11 Right about that. Probably longer. A 12 And you maintained communications with your head-Q 13 quarters by phone? 14 Yes. I would update them probably two or three 15 times a day, you know, find out what was going on up there 16 and they would fill me in and I would fill them in. There 17 really wasn't very much going on after Saturday. There was 18 a sparcity of new information. 19 MR. CHIN: Fine. Are there any other questions? 20 MR. ERNST: No. 21 MR. HERR: No. 22 MR. SCHAMBERGER: No. 23 MR. CHIN: Now, do you want to adjourn the meeting? 24 MR. ERNST: All right. I would just want to state 25

that this does conclude this session. However, I don't want to recess the deposition because there may be a time in the future when we might want to ask another question of you. But I do want to thank you for your time and effort on behalf of ar inquiry.

MR. CHIN: Before we do wind up, is there anything that you want to help us out by commenting on or explaining to us about the accident that would help us in our inquiry as far as a general nature or lessons learned?

obvious things that I saw in my dealings with the NRC staff that was on site was that the NRC staff is typically organized to license nuclear power plants. And because of this -- and rightfully so -- they are a group with expertise in that area, and quite a few different areas. But I wasn't totally impressed that the group had any full, detailed knowledge of that particular plant. That was a very big problem.

In fact, I knew more about that plant than anybody from NRC from having worked on it. And it was a big problem. A lot of the problems that did occur, if somebody would have had a detailed knowledge of that plant, they could have been able to better decipher some of the information. And each group seemed to be making very pessimistic findings in their each individual area. And the NRC staff has been known to do that. And it caused a lot of problems.

MR. CHIN: Fine. Anything else, Mr. Dornsife? THE WITNESS: I can't think of anything else. I 2 have a lot of other comments --MR. CHIN: Well, feel free --4 Again, we want to thank you very much. The meeting 5 is adjourned. (Thereupon, the deposition of Mr. Dornsife was 7 recessed.) 8 9 CERTIFICATE 10 I hereby certify that the proceedings and evidence 11 are contained fully and accurately in the notes taken by me 12 on the hearing of the foregoing cause, and that this copy is 13 a correct transcript of the same. 14 15 16 Nancy O'New11-Reusing, Reporter Notary Public in and for the 17 Commonwealth of Pennsylvania 18 MONICK STENOGRAPHIC SERVICE 19 My commission expires December 13, 1982. 20 POOR GRIGINAL 21 22 23

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