

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D. C. 20555

DUKE POWER COMPANY

DOCKET NO. 50-269

OCONEE NUCLEAR STATION, UNIT NO. 1

AMENDMENT TO FACILITY OPERATING LICENSE

Amendment No. 59 License No. DPR-38

- 1. The Nuclear Regulatory Commission (the Commission) has found that:
 - A. The application for amendment by Duke Power Company (the licensee) dated January 23, 1978, complies with the standards and requirements of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (the Act), and the Commission's rules and regulations set forth in 10 CFR Chapter I;
 - B. The facility will operate in conformity with the application, the provisions of the Act, and the rules and regulations of the Commission;
 - C. There is reasonable assurance (i) that the activities authorized by this amendment can be conducted without endangering the health and safety of the public, and, and (ii) that such activities will be conducted in compliance with the Commission's regulations;
 - D. The issuance of this amendment will not be inimical to the common defense and security or to the health and safety of the public; and
 - E. The issuance of this amendment is in accordance with 10 CFR Part 51 of the Commission's regulations and all applicable requirements have been satisfied.
- 2. Accordingly, the license is amended by a change to the Technical Specifications as indicated in the attachment to this license amendment and paragraph 3.B of Facility License No. DPR-38 is hereby amended to read as follows:

"3.B Technical Specifications

The Technical Specifications contained in Appendices A and B, as revised through Amendment No. 59 are hereby incorporated in the license. The licensee shall operate the facility in accordance with the Technical Specifications."

3. This license amendment is effective as of the date of issuance.

FOR THE NUCLEAR REGULATIRY COMMISSION

A. Schwencer, Chief

Operating Reactors Branch #1 Division of Operating Reactors

Attachment: Changes to the Technical Specifications

Date of Issuance: February 17, 1978



NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D. C. 20555

DUKE POWER COMPANY

DOCKET NO. 50-247

OCONEE NUCLEAR STATION, UNIT NO. 2

AMENDMENT TO FACILITY OPERATING LICENSE

Amendment No. 59 License No. DPR-47

- 1. The Nuclear Regulatory Commission (the Commission) has found that:
 - A. The application for amendment by Duke Power Company (the licensee) dated January 23, 1978, complies with the standards and requirements of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (the Act), and the Commission's rules and regulations set forth in 10 CFR Chapter I;
 - B. The facility will operate in conformity with the application, the provisions of the Act, and the rules and regulations of the Commission;
 - C. There is reasonable assurance (i) that the activities authorized by this amendment can be conducted without endangering the health and safety of the public, and (ii) that such activities will be conducted in compliance with the Commission's regulations;
 - D. The issuance of this amendment will not be inimical to the common defense and security or to the health and safety of the public; and
 - E. The issuance of this amendment is in accordance with 10 CFR Part 51 of the Commission's regulations and all applicable requirements have been satisfied.
- Accordingly, the license is amended by a change to the Technical Specifications as indicated in the attachment to this license amendment and paragraph 3.B of Facility License No. DPR-47 is hereby amended to read as follows:

"3.B Technical Specifications

The Technical Specifications contained in Appendiccs A and B, as revised through Amendment No. 59, are hereby incorporated in the license. The licensee shall operate the facility in accordance with the Technical Specifications."

3. This license amendment is effective as of the date of issuance.

FOR THE NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

A. Schwencer, Chief

Operating Reactors Branch #1 Division of Operating Reactors

Attachment: Changes to the Technical Specifications

Date of Issuance: February 17, 1978



UNITED STATES NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D. C. 20555

DUKE POWER COMPANY

DOCKET NO. 50-287

OCONEE NUCLEAR STATION, UNIT NO. 3

AMENDMENT TO FACILITY OPERATING LICENSE

Amendment No. 56 License No. DPR-55

- 1. The Nuclear Regulatory Commission (the Commission) has found that:
 - A. The application for amendment by Duke Power Company, (the licensee) dated January 23, 1978, complies with the standards and requirements of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (the Act), and the Commission's rules and regulations set forth in 10 CFR Chapter I;
 - B. The facility will operate in conformity with the application, the provisions of the Act, and the rules and regulations of the Commission;
 - C. There is reasonable assurance (i) that the activities authorized by this amendment can be conducted without endangering the health and safety of the public, and (ii) that such activities will be conducted in compliance with the Commission's regulations;
 - D. The issuance of this amendment will not be inimical to the common defense and security or to the health and safety of the public; and
 - E. The issuarce of this amendment is in accordance with 10 CFR Part 51 of the Commission's regulations and all applicable requirements have been satisfied.
- 2. Accordingly, the license is amended by a change to the Technical Specifications as indicated in the attachment to this license amendment and paragraph 3.B of Facility License No. DPR-55 is hereby amended to read as follows:

"3.8 Technical Specifications

The Technical Specifications contained in Appendices A and B, as revised through Amendment No. 56, are nereby incorporated in the license. The licensee shall operate the facility in accordance with the Technical Specifications."

3. This license amendment is effective as of the date of issuance.

FOR THE NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

A. Schwencer, Chief

Operating Reactors Branch #1 Division of Operating Reactors

Attachment: Changes to the Technical Specifications

Date of Issuance: February 17, 1978

ATTACHMENT TO LICENSE AMENDMENTS

AMENDMENT NO. 59 TO DPR-38

AMENDMENT NO. 59 TO DPR-47

AMENDMENT NO. 56 TO DPR-55

DOCKET NOS. 50-269, 50-270 AND 50-287

Remove the following pages and insert revised identically numbered pages:

3.5-7

3.5-8

3.5-9

3.5-10

3.5-13

3.5-18a

3.5-21

3.5-23d

3.5-23e

Delete the following pages:

3.5-13a

3.5-18b

3.5-21a

3.5-21b

- 8. If within one hour of determination of an operable rod, it is not determined that a 120k/k hot shutdown margin exists combining the worth of the inoperable rod with each of the other rods, the reactor shall be brought to the hot standby condition until this margin is established.
- h. Following the determination of an inoperable rod, all rods shall be exercised within 24 hours and exercised weekly until the rod problem is solved.
- 1. If a control rod in the regulating or safety rod groups is declared inoperable, power shall be reduced to 60 percent of the thermal power allowable for the reactor coolant pump combination.
- j. If a control rod in the regulating or axial power shaping groups is declared inoperable, operation above 60 percent of rated power may continue provided the rods in the group are positioned such that the rod that was declared inoperable is maintained within allowable group average position limits of Specification 3.5.2.5.c.
- 3.5.1.3 The worths of single inserted control rods during criticality are limited by the restrictions of Specification 3.1.3.5 and the control rod position limits defined in Specification 3.5.2.5.

3.5.2.4 Quadrant Power Til:

a. Except for physics tests, if the maximum positive quadrant power tilt exceeds 3.41% Unit 1, either the quadrant power tilt shall 3.41% Unit 2

3.41% Uni: 3

be reduced to less than 3.41% Unit 1 within two hours or the

3.41% Unit 3

following actions shall be taken:

- (I) If four reactor coolant pumps are in operation, the allowable thermal power shall be reduced below the power level cutoff (as identified in specification 3.5.2.5) and further reduced by 22 of full power for each 12 tilt in excess of 3.41% Unit 1.3.412 Unit 3
- (2) If less than four reactor coolant pumps are in operation, the allowable thermal power for the reactor coolant pump combination shall be reduced by 22 of that power for each 12 tilt.

- (3) Except as provided in specification 3.5.2.4.b, the reactor shall be brought to the hot shutdown condition within four hours if the quadrant power tilt is not reduced to less than 6.03% Unit 1 within 24 hours.
 3.41% Unit 2
 3.41% Unit 3
- b. If the quadrant tilt exceeds 3.41% Unit 1 and there is simultaneous 3.41% Unit 2 3.41% Unit 3

indication of a misaligned control rod per Specification 3.5.2.2, reactor operation may continue provided power is reduced to 60% of the thermal power allowable for the reactor coolant pump combination.

- c. Except for physics test, if quadrant tilt exceeds 9.44% Unit 1, 9.44% Unit 2 9.44% Unit 3 a controlled shutdown shall be initiated immediately, and the
 - a controlled shutdown shall be initiated immediately, and the reactor shall be brought to the hot shutdown condition within four hours.
- d. Whenever the reactor is brought to hot shutdown pursuant to 3.5.2.4.a(3) or 3.5.2.4.c above, subsequent reactor operation is permitted for the purpose of measurement, testing, and corrective action provided the thermal power and the power range high flux setpoint allowable for the reactor coolant pump combination are restricted by a reduction of 2 percent of full power for each 1 percent tilt for the maximum tilt observed prior to shutdown.
- e. Quadrant power tilt shall be monitored on a minimum frequency of once every two hours during power operation above 15 percent of rated power.

3.5.2.5 Control Rod Positions

- a. Technical Specification 3.1.3.5 does not prohibit the exercising of individual safety rods as required by Table 4.1-2 or apply to inoperable safety rod limits in Technical Specification 3.5.2.2.
- b. Except for physics tests, operating rod group overlap shall be 25% + 5% between two sequential groups. If this limit is exceeded, corrective measures shall be taken immediately to achieve an acceptable overlap. Acceptable overlap shall be attained within two hours or the reactor shall be placed in a hot shutdown condition within an additional 12 hours.
- c. Position limits are specified for regulating and axial power shaping control rods. Except for physics tests or exercising control rods, the regulating control rod insertion/withdrawal limits are specified on figures 3.5.2-1Al and 3.5.2-1A2 (Unit 1); 3.5.2-1Bl, 3.5.2-1B2 and 3.5.2-1B3 (Unit 2); 3.5.2-1C1, 3.5.2-1C2 and 3.5.2-1C3 (Unit 3) for four pump operation, and on figures 3.5.2-2Al and 3.5.2-2A2 (Unit 1); 3.5.3-2Bl, 3.5.2-2B2 and 3.5.2-2B3 (Unit 2); 3.5.2-2C1, 3.5.2-2C2 and 3.5.2-2C3 (Unit 3) for two or three

pump operatic Also, excepting physics tests : exercising control rods, the axial power shaping control rod insertion/withdrawal limits are specified on figures 3.5.2-4Al, and 3.5.2-4A2 (Unit 1); 3.5.2-4B1, 3.5.2-4B2, and 3.5.2-4B3 (Unit 2), and 3.5.2-4C1, 3.5.2-4C2, and 3.5.2-4C3 (Unit 3). If the control rod position limits are exceeded, corrective measures shall be taken immediately to achieve an acceptable control rod position. An acceptable control rod position shall than be attained within two hours. The minimum shutdown margin required by Specification 3.5.2.1 shall be maintained at all times.

- d. Except for physics tests, power shall not be increased above the power level cutoff as shown on Figures 3.5.2-1Al, and 3.5.2-1A2 (Unit 1), 3.5.2-1B1, 3.5.2-1B2, and 3.5.2-1B3 (Unit 2), and 3.5.2-1C1, 3.5.2-1C2, 3.5.2-1C3 (Unit 3), unless the following requirements are met:
 - (1) The xenon reactivity shall be within 10 percent of the value for operation at steady-state rated power.
 - (2) The xenon reactivity worth has passed its final maximum or minimum peak during its approach to its equilibrium valve for operation at the power level cutoff.
- Reactor power imbalance shall be monitored on a frequency not to exceed two hours during power operation above 40 percent rated power. Except for physics tests, imbalance shall be maintained within the envelope defined by Figures 3.5.2-3Al, 3.5.2-3Bl, 3.5.2-3B2, 3.5.2-3B3, 3.5.2-3Cl, 3.5.2-3C2, and 3.5.2-3C3. If the imbalance is not within the envelope defined by these figures, corrective measures shall be taken to achieve an acceptable imbalance. If an acceptable imbalance is not achieved within two hours, reactor power shall be reduced until imbalance limits are met.
- 3.5.2.7 The control rod drive patch panels shall be locked at all times with limited access to be authorized by the manager or his designated alternate.

Bases

The power-imbalance envelope defined in Figures 3.5.2-3Al, 3.5.2-3Bl, 3.5.2-3B2, 3.5.2-3B3, 3.5.2-3Cl, 3.5.2-3C2 and 3.5.2-3C3 is based on LOCA analyses which have defined the maximum linear heat rate (see Figure 3.5.2-5) such that the maximum clad temperature will not exceed the Final Acceptance Criteria. Corrective measures will be taken immediately should the indicated quadrant tilt, rod position, or imbalance be outside their specified boundary. Operation in a situation that would cause the Final Acceptance Criteria to be approached should a LOCA occur is highly improbable because all of the power distribution parameters (quadrant tilt, rod position, and imbalance) must be at their limits while simultaneously all other engineering and uncertainty factors are also at their limits.** Conservatism is introduced by application of:

- a. Nuclear uncertainty factors
- b. Thermal calibration
- c. Fuel densification power spike factors (Units 1 and 2 only)
- d. Hot rod manufacturing tolerance factors
- e. Fuel rod bowing power spike factors

The $25\% \pm 5\%$ overlap between successive control rod groups is allowed since the worth of a rod is lower at the upper and lower part of the stroke. Control rods are arranged in groups or banks defined as follows:

Group	Function
1	Safety
2	Safety
3	Safety
4	Safety
5	Regulating
6	Regulating
7	Xenon transient override
8	APSR (axial power shaping bank)

The rod position limits are based on the most limiting of the following three criteria: ECCS power peaking, shutdown margin, and potential ejected rod worth. Therefore, compliance with the ECCS power peaking criterion is ensured by the rod position limits. The minimum available rod worth, consistent with the rod position limits, provides for achieving hot shutdown by reactor trip at any time, assuming the highest worth control rod that is withdrawn remains in the full out position (1). The rod position limits also ensure that inserted rod groups will not contain single rod worths greater than Ak/k at rated power. These values have been shown to be safe by the safety analysis (2,3,4,5) of hypothetical rod ejection accident. A maximum single inserted control rod worth of 1.0% \(\delta k \end{array} k is allowed by the rod position limits at hot zero power. A single inserted control rod worth of 1.0% Ak/k at beginning-of-life, hot zero power would result in a lower transient peak thermal power and, therefore, less severe environmental consequences than 0.65% Ak/k ejected rod worth at rated power.

^{**} Actual operating limits depend on whether or not incore or excore detectors are used and their respective instrument calibration errors. The method used to define the operating limits is defined in plant operating procedures.

Control rod groups are withdrawn in sequence beginning with Group 1. Groups 5, 6, and 7 are overlapped 25 percent. The normal position at power is for Groups 6 and 7 to be partially inserted.

The quadrant power tilt limits set forth in Specification 3.5.2.4 have been established to prevent the linear heat rate peaking increase associated with a positive quadrant power tilt during normal power operation from exceeding 5.10% for Unit 1. The limits shown in Specification 3.5.2.4

5.10% for Unit 2

5.10% for Unit 3

are measurement system independent. The actual operating limits, with the appropriate allowance for observability and instrumentation errors, for each measurement system are defined in the station operating procedures.

The quadrant tilt and axial imbalance monitoring in Specification 3.5.2.4 and 3.5.2.6, respectively, normally will be performed in the process computer. The two-hour frequency for monitoring these quantities will provide adequate surveillance when the computer is out of service.

Allowance is provided for withdrawal limits and reactor power imbalance limits to be exceeded for a period of two hours without specification violation. Acceptable rod positions and imbalance must be achieved within the two-hour time period or appropriate action such as a reduction of power taken.

Operating restrictions are included in Technical Specification 3.5.2.5d to prevent excessive power peaking by transient xenon. The xenon reactivity must be beyond its final maximum or minimum peak and approaching its equilibrium value at the power level cutoff.

REFERENCES

FSAR, Section 3.2.2.1.2

²FSAR, Section 14.2.2.2

3FSAR, SUPPLEMENT 9

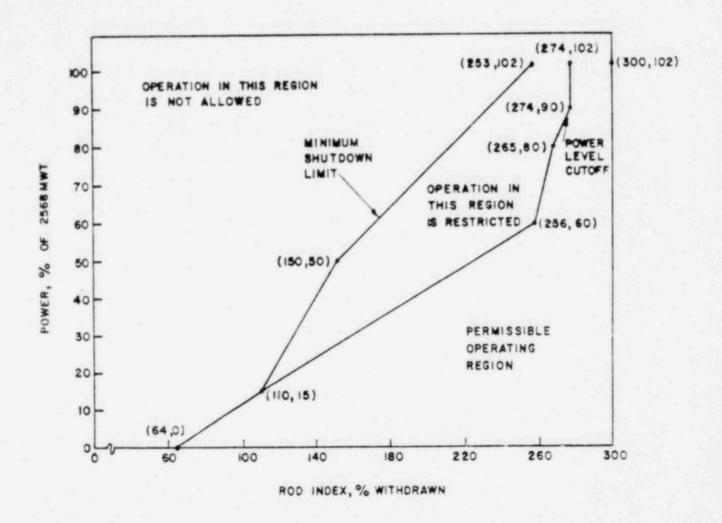
BEW FUEL DENSIFICATION REPORT

BAW-1409 (UNIT 1)

BAW-1396 (UNIT 2)

BAW-1400 (UNIT 3)

Soconee 1, Cycle 4 - Reload Report - BAW-1447, March 1977, Section 7.11.

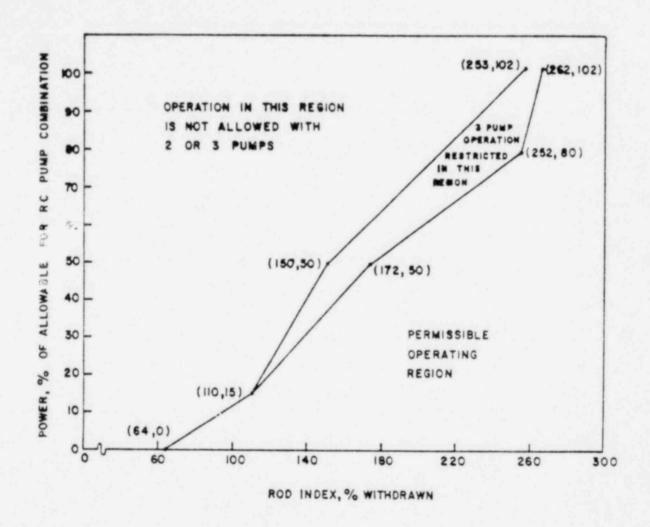


OCONEE 1 CYCLE 4 ROD POSITION LIMITS FOR FOUR PUMP OPERATION AFTER 100 ± 10 EFPD



OCONEE NUCLEAR STATION

Figure 3.5.2-1A2



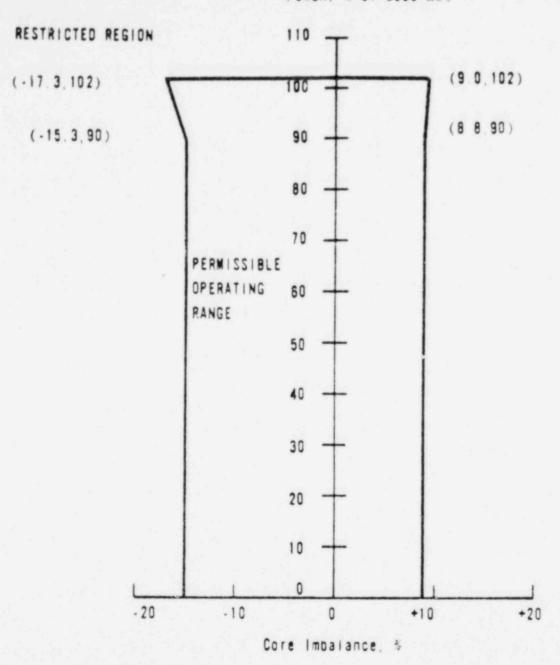
OCONEE 1 CYCLE 4 ROD POSITION LIMITS FOR TWO AND THREE PUMP OPERATION AFTER 100 ± 10 EFPD



OCONEE NUCLEAR STATION

Figure 3.5.2-2A2

POWER. \$ of 2568 MWT

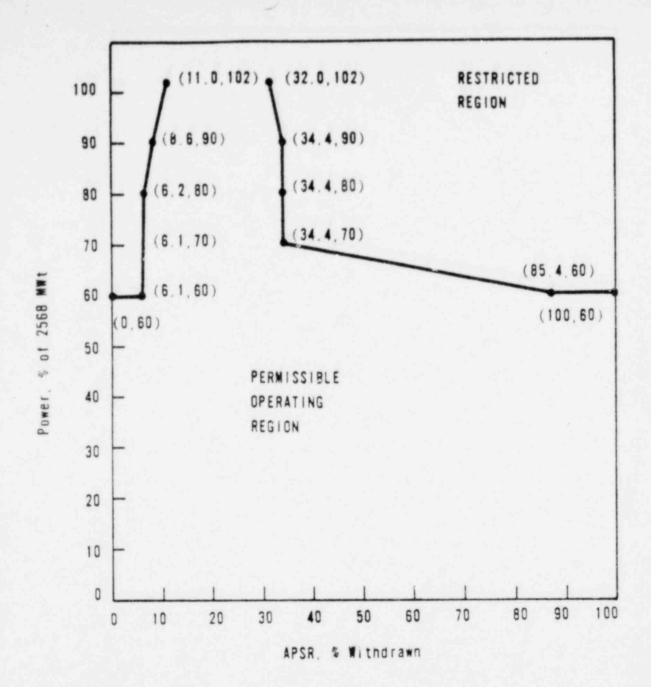


OPERATIONAL POWER IMBALANCE ENVELOPE, Unit 1



OCONEE NUCLEAR STATION
Figure 3.5.2-3A1

3.5-21



APSR POSITION LIMITS FOR OPERATION AFTER 100 (±10) EFPD, UNIT 1



OCONEE NUCLEAR STATION Figure 3.5.2-4A2 Entire Page Deleted