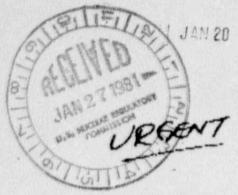
Mr. James P. O'Reilly, Director



JAM 20 TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY

CHATTANODGA, TENNET SEE 37401 500A Chestnut Street Tower II. To: Huge Dance NAC ON REGIZ 242/5533

January 20, 1981

Director

FROM: JERRY WILLS 137-2014

Ass't to Director Pan & los Z Admin, Officer Office of Inspection and Enforcement U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission

RONS Chief RCES Chief FFMS Chief Sfgds Chief P A Officer

Doar Mr. O'Reilly:

Region II - Suite 3100

101 Marietta Street Atlanta, Georgia 30303

OFFICE OF INSPECTION AND ENFORCEMENT BULLETIN 80-17, SUFFLEMENT 4 RII: JPO 50-250, 50-260, 50-296 - BROWNS FERRY NUCLEAR PLANT

In telephone conversations between J. A. Domer, TVA, and Hugh Dance, NRC, on January 19 and 20, 1981, we discussed the considerable difficulty TVA was experiencing in making operable the Browns Ferry continuous monitoring system (CMS) on the seram discharge volume (SDV). In accordance with NRC IE Bulletin 80-17. Supplement 4, the CMS must be fully operable on all three units by January 21, 1981. The following is a summary of those conversations.

General Electric Company (GE) field representatives have been assisting plant personnel in the installation. Two general problems exist. First, the performance of the system in extremely sensitive to transducer location on the SDV. The second is that the system, as presently designed, suffers from a high noise/low signal gain situation.

During the Browns Forry unit 3 refueling outage, technicisms optimized the transducer location to enhance the system sensitivity. GE further recommended electronic changes to improve the system performance to the extent of being fully operable. We expect to receive the necessary parts from GE by January 30, 1981, and complete the modifications and testing described by the bulletin within three days theresfter.

Following the unit 3 installation, Browns Ferry units 1 and 2 will be modified as unit 3 and the terting repeated. We expect this to take approximately one week. If the testing indicator that further optimization of the transducer location on units 1 and 2 is necessary, this will be done at the next available unit shutdown. It should be emphasized that the location of the transducer on the header is extremely critical. We are concerned that conditions in the header may change and negate operability of the system. Operating experience will determine if this will occur.

70: HURA DAVES 242-5533 PAGE ZOF Z

-2-

Mr. James P. O'Reilly

January 20, 1981

The above represents a best faith effort on TVA's part and we will continue to do everything possible to make the Browns Forry CMS fully operable. If we encounter additional unavoidable delays in the CMS implementation achodule, we will notify your office promptly. Until TVA modifies and tests the system in accordance with Supplement 4, the current 30-minute interval surveillance testing using the portable ultrasonic equipment will be continued.

It is our understanding that our approach as stated above provides an acceptable basis for continued operation. If you have any quentions, please oall Jim Domer at FTS 857-2014.

Very truly yours,

TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY

J. L. Cross Executive Assistant to the Manager of Power

and subscribed before we day of Jan.

otery Public

My Commission Expires 4-5-

ec: Mr. Victor Stello, Director Office of Inspection and Enforcement U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission

Washington, DC 20555