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COMMISSION MEETING

BUDGET MARKUP

Room 1141 1717 H Street, N.W. Washington, D.C.

Thursday, August 25, 1977 1:45 p.m.

Pages: 1-112

The corrections made on this transcript reflect those of the Office of the Comptroller and Office of the Secretary.

Ace-Jederal Reporters, Inc. 444 N. Capitol Street (Suite 400) Washington, D. C. 20001

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PRESENT: Chairman Joseph M. Hendrie
Commissioner Peter A. Bradford
Commissioner Victor Gilinsky
Commissioner Richard Kennedy

PARTICIPANTS:

Learned Barry Lee Gossick Bruce Cooper

PROCEEDINGS

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Now what is this?

MR. BARRY: That's a recap. The first one is a recap of what we've done over the last several days as a tentative mark. You notice, 145. We didn't really make any change to NRR or Standards. We took some people out of I&E. Tentatively. We didn't do NMSS, Research. You had set aside itmes to address which are not in the total. And we, in fact, readlly address all of his reclama.

We took the pay raise out because it wouldn't go on OMB. It will be after the submittal fact. We finetuned the payroll for the mark. When we first do a budget, we just do an average: so many people, \$30,000 per. And once we start performing and adding, we start finetuning it by organization by grade level. Well, in this case it resulted in a 3.1 million reduction.

So the bottom of the line where you see 332, that's really 332 plus the set aside items.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: And the set aside items are MR. BARRY: Worth about 12. That's the ERTF, NRU, reflood.

The second piece of paper I have put in front of you is simply a personnel recap. It starts you back with the '77 budget that was shown in the '78 submission. The revision we made this year as a result of having to put some additional

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resources into waste management, to increase professional service by a couple, and I believe there were a couple of other adjustments.

And then the '78 column showed what was in the original President's budget and what the revised baseline is now for '78 as a result of the congressional deductions. And then the tentative mark in '79 as of last week. And the differences, pluses and minuses.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: We're in trouble.

MR. BARRY: At the risk of being --

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: We seem to have started.

MR. BARRY: We haven't started.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Is what you have said.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Yes, we have.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: I was just going to comment that I see on the table --

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I thought you were noting that the reporter had started work.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: I would have. But having said that I was looking at the calculator, having said that, I looked up and saw the reporter doing that. And I wondered what she thought I meant.

(Laughter.)

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Now all that is on the tape. CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Well, good. That's a

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clarification, which is helpful.

MR. BARRY: Mr. Chairman, before you officially start, let me motivate you a little bit and show you how important the task is.

Here's a paragraph out of the most recent Budget

Newsletter. This is a little periodical that is sent around

for subscription to all the federal agencies, like Nucleonics

Week, except it is for budget people.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Boy, that is an esoteric --

MR. BARRY: It says, "Putting together the federal but et is one of the largest financial exercises undertaken anyplace in the world. In round numbers it contains a cool half trillion dollars, over 20 percent of the GNP of the United States. It is one of the driving forces of the American economy, with a major impact on prosperity, inflation, unemployment, and national growth."

We don't always appreciate that.

You make it run. Top political bosses make the final decisions, but you prepare the options, develop priority rankings, lay out objections. Of all the jobs done by government, none requires greater skill" -- I wish you would keep that in mind.

(Laughter.)

MR. BARRY: "It takes years to develop the breadth of understanding and technical mastery" --

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COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Read that last sentence again. 3 MR. BARRY: "Of all the jobs done by" --COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: The one after that. MR. BARRY: "None requires greater skill. It takes 5 6 vears" --7 COMMISSIONER BRADFOPD: That's the one So long. 8 (Laughter.) CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: This doesn't mean commissioners, 9 10 this means controllers, and it's clearly the prelude to a 11 request for people. 12 How many do you want? Commissioner Kennedy: Or salary. 13 14 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Or both. 15 MR. BARRY: We're the champions of productivity 16 and efficiency. 17 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Keep it there. 18 Now, we are gathered on the subject of markup. 19 I believe we have now heard those that need to be heard on 20 appeals and so on. 21 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: We've never really addressed 22 NRR, have we, in terms of any kind of a preliminary mark? I 23 would think that they might wish to be heard after they hear 24 what I have to sav about their thoughts. - Pederal Reporters, Inc. 25

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I thought we targeted approximately

at the --

MR. COOPER: At the EDO request.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: As a tentative mark.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: All right.

COMMISSIONER HENDRIE: And they came back and --

MR. COOPER: Wanted generic.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Oh, yes.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: They came back and explained a little bit about their generic problems, but that was less in the sense of arguing with us that they need another dozen people or so, than in response to our request would you come and just talk to us a little about it, so we understand better what all is in the technical projects area.

Now, because they are first on the list on a recent sheet passed to us by the controller, we might talk about NRR. They have at the present time, I believe, 605 authorized slots.

MR. BARRY: That little summary sheet there will do it for you.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: You may want the decision unit.

MR. BARRY: That will do it. There's the whole story right there, in terms of '77, '78.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Well, let me read from my notes and people who have it ready at hand can see if it matches what is on the passout. The present strength is 605. The '78 level 610. The supplement will not include NRR people.

a Federal Reporters, Inc. '79 EDO mark is at 645. Or plus 35 people. The increments come in operating reactors -- let's see, plus 10, plus 1, minus 3, sounds like plus 8. Eight people in case work, a batch of people in the technical projects category, a drop in people in advanced reactors, hold steady in standards assistance and training and correspondence.

NRR has asked for some extra people in the operating areas to get ready to receive the additional volume of items resulting from the increased number of inspectors. I think that -- I suspect there's merit in the thought but I don't know -- I wouldn't be inclined to support the additional people and on balance I'd be inclined to stay at the EDO mark and not to propose any increases.

It won't surprise me if there is some resistance on up the line as the budget goes forward with the increment as a matter of fact.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I certainly wouldn't go over.

wouldn't even get there. I have difficulty in understanding and even thou h I heard them I have difficulty in understanding why casework increases when the number of reactors to be dealt with continues to decline. That's number one.

Number two, technical projects discussion, I find esoteri in the extreme; just as I have for the last two years.

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Because it still says that, in fact, it's the residual. And I think my colleague, Mr. Gilinsky, well points out that it is a very large cushion on which to draw to support the rest of the organization, one way or another. I just could not find a hard justification for that.

I would be inclined to take, I think the number was 8 increasing in casework, dropping those and some number -- I guess it would have to be an arbitrary one.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Probably 630 or something.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Coming down to something

like 630.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: A long , way .

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Which is still an increment of 20 people.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Let me make sort of a counterproposal but one that has some of those in mind.

Why don't we knock 5 out of the casework, knock it down to 640 anticipating that the Commission's overall request is rather likely not to go ultimately through the appropriations process with the full number of slots and dollars, and that there will be a future, again, reapportionment that will likely trim that number by the time we get to '79.

COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Are you left, then, with a number that you can defend with some vigor?

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: 640.

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CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: It's below the budget review

committee's cut. Below the EDO cut, which came in at something like, what, 643 and 645. I think that is holding on

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: What was the budget review committee's --

MR. BARRY: 643.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: 643.

feel for the material yet to relate numbers to tasks very well.

I would just be concerned that as the thing goes on up the line, you always begin with a number that you can be completely comfortable with so that there isn't -- you don't get into a situation where the numbers that you do feel more firmly about numbers that you do feel more firmly about have their credibility a number that is weak.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Is it not true that most of these people in that 145 out of whatever it is, 222, in technical projects are really working a fair portion of their time on casework.

The answer seems to be in all our discussion, yes. it is true.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: That's time rather than -
COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Of course. It's not bodies,

it's man-years. But that's what we are dealing with is man
years.

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pretty tightly.

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	1	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: You really if one lumps
	2	together
	3	MR. COOPER: If you put together casework and
	4	ter. projects, you've got
	5	COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Two-thirds.
	6	MR. COOPER: 30 people working together.
	7	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Even that isn't the right cut
	8	because some of the tech project work is in operating reactors
	9	division.
	10	MR. BARPY: Oh, yes. But what I am saying what
	11	they're trying to say here is that's true, while the people
	12	are working on casework and operating reactors, their estimate
	13	is that this number of man-years is going to be devoted to the
	14	tech project work. Our problem is, is how scientific is that?
	15	COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: What is the increase in
	16	operating reactors?
	17	MR. GOSSICK: 10.
	18	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: No, total.
	19	MR. BARRY: 64 to 72.
	20	COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: It's 73 plus 37 plus 32;
	21	it's 142.
9	22	MR. BARRY: No. In '79, it goes to 72 operating
1	23	reactors to 80
a Federal Reporters,	24 Inc.	COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: No, no, the increase in
	25	people working on them.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: There's 142 involved.

MR. BARRY: Commissioner, increase from what?

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I'm sorry.. '78 to '79.

MR. GOSSICK: It's a total of 8. 10 more in operating routine. One more in nonroutine operating and minus three in reevaluations. That makes 8.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: That troubles me very much.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: It's not inappropriate. You are getting a few more operating reactors coming along.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Suppose you have 10 extra for that; we give them an extra 10.

MR. BARRY: One place we did zap him a little too hard was in advanced reactors. Remember, we cut him from 22 down to 8.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I'm going to come in with -after we decide on a total number, why I'm going to recommend
to you that we advise NRR that we believe that the proposed
number of 8 people in '79 in advanced reactors is too deep a
cut into staff. experienced in that area and that they ought to
maintain at least 10 and maybe 12. What that means is they
have got to program down on some of the areas and keep a little
more strength. Because the proposal is to cut from 22 man-years
in '78 to 8 man-years in '79. I just think that is going to
leave us in -- not maintaining sufficient experience.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Plus he wanted -- they, of

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course, coordinating with ERDA.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Well, he wanted plus 2 over his 645. And what I am saying is to maintain the strength in that area, but you don't get it as additional people on top of a whole; that is what this would amount to then would be to move 2 or 3 or 4 slots that otherwise would have gone to system safety or project management or even operating reactors, for that matter, but less likely there.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Actually it will come out of tech projects. Man-years will come out of tech projects.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I think that's right. But where the slots will slide from divisions, why I'd be inclined to leave that to the office director. But that's a comment to be made after we settle on a total.

Peter, if I thought the numbers we settle upon here were going to hold all the way up the line, then I think I'd — then you might want to come down another 10 or something like that. But in 10 out of 600 why I don't think there's a credibility — you know, that you have it if it's 630 and you don't have it if it is 640, or something like that. It doesn't strike me —

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: The number that troubles me is that total of 369. That is the increase.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Yes, if I get the right sheet, it will show right up.

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1	COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: There's really only one
2	place you can make a dent in that.
3	COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Like 15 percent.
4	COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Right.
5	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Well, we are going to make a
6	dent on the 365, because we're going to get to I&E in a minute
7	I think we're going to not be able to see that many people
8	there.
9	What do you say to a 640 tentative level for NRR
10	and let's see if we can run down the offices and then see what
11	the total is down in the lower righthand corner. And then see
12	if we want to go back and take it up and down some more.
13	COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: I'll split with yo : 635.
14	I really think it ought to be 630?
15	(Laughter.)
16	COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: 635
17	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: What am I bid?
18	All right, 635.
19	COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: I just really think they're
20	asking for too much. The growth has been phenomenal in the
21	last two years.
22	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: NRR?
23	COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Yes.
24 s, inc.	MR. COOPER: We cut then down to zero.
25	COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Well, last year we did.

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MR. BARRY: Three years ago they went up pretty 2 hefty. But '77, '78 they went up very little. 3 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: That's right; it was the previous year. 5 MR. BARRY: The previous year. But '77, '78 they 6 got like 5 or 10 people. 7 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: The workload has continued 8 to drop. Casework. CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: While the casework's continued 9 10 to drop, the other sorts of enterprises --11 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: There's a law -- There's 12 a law of physical principles that applies to that. The work 13 always expands to cover the number of people available to do 14 it. 15 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I find it hard to get 16 people --17 MR. GOS ICK: You generally find them there before 18 you can blink. 19 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: All right, 365. 20 Now, the dollars, I don't have a problem with the 21 support dollars at all. How do they compare with '78? 22 MR. BARRY: Not much different and, in fact, at the end of '77 I had to give NRR an additional 700,00 c er their financial plan to complete some of the work that was pretty a-Federal Reporters, Inc. 25 essential.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: That was 37.6, wasn't it. 1 MR. BARRY: Yes. It's on that. COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: In '78? 3 MR. BARRY: That was 37.6, right. It's 39.5 now. 5 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: It's what? 6 MR. BARRY: It's about about 1.6 million. 7 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: So it's 39, roughly? 8 MR. BARRY: Yes, sir. 9 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: So it's the same here, almost 10 level. That doesn't even account for inflation. 11 MR. BARRY: No. It's just about level. 12 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: So taking account of infla-13 tion, it's really, in real dollars, less. 14 15 MR. BARRY: Less, right. CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Where are you looking at 16 numbers like 37? 17 MR. BARRY: In your summary sheet in your book. 18 19 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: There's a 39,375, right? MR. BARRY: Right. 20 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: That's the current mark. 21 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: That doesn't help it because 22 that's got compensation, et cetera, in it. It's really not 23 24 helpful. I need something that shows the technical -- the ederal Reporters, Inc. program support dollars.

For program support.

MR. GOSSICK: How about this?

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: That's fine but it doesn't go back to '78 and '77 so you can see how they are progressing.

Program support, the EDO mark is 18.065.

MR. COOPER: Your overall statistical table in front of your black book shows 14 million for your program support in '78. The EDO mark is 18 million for '79 and you've held that mark.

COMMISSIONER FENNEDY: So that's a 4 million increase.

MR. BARRY: Four million increase.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Which is 30 percent.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Okay, good. What I was going to say was that we are holding relatively tight on people, not completely but relatively. And some contract dollars can provide a degree of flexibility which is very useful to an office director.

That makes me feel happier about the program support:

Settled on that for the moment at any rate.

635; 18.065. And I suggest that a direction not to cut the advanced reactors, keeping at least at 10. And depending on their best judgment, at least 10 and I wouldn't object to 12. There are after all 22 going to be -- going to

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be 22 people in that operation at the end of '78; that's a whopping drop. They're going to have trouble keeping some of the expertise alive in there that we're likely to need.

MR. COOPER: I believe there reclama was 10.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Were those two for ERDA programs?

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CHAIRMAN: At least that was the reason which was ascribed to the two. I just think that the enthusiasm for dropping this stuff out is a little too great and we're going to regret it when we start scratching like fury for some knowledgeable manpower.

MR. BARRY: ERDA has never withdrawn their application to license their CRBR and they keep going to Case and asking how's he doing, you know, on the safety review. He's about to write them a letter saying he's going to drop it.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: That's an interesting question which we need to discuss sometime.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIF: We haven't got time now, but we ought to get clear on what the proprieties and legalities are.

Is Clinch River a commercial application? That is, does Project Management control it as a private financial institution in the United States? And if so, the fact that the President said drop it is not binding upon us. We really ought to be careful what action we take.

1 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: It's something we've got to 2 think through. 3 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: On the other hand, if Project 4 Management is to be responsive to the government and the Executive Branch, and the Executive Branch says drop it, we 5 6 get a letter from Project Management that says drop it, if 7 indeed they are the Applicant of record why then --8 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Whoever the applicant of 9 record is, if he says duop it, we drop it. 10 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Like a hot potato. 11 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Right? 12 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Right on the spot. 13 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: As we would with anything 14 else. We don't go ahead with the safety review of a reactor 15 that some guy said I don't want to build. 16 MR. GOSSICK: Their testimony in front of Senator 17 Hart clearly -- the letter clearly categorizes the government 18 as applicant in this case. ERDA is the applicant. 19 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: ERDA is the applicant. 20 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: That's right. I think they 21 changed that. 22 MR. GOSSICK: They changed the structure. 23 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Okay. It's an ERDA-Depart-24 ment of Energy project and I think it won't be very long before we get a letter from the Secretary. Meantime I would be

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inclined --

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Not to rush. You would not wish to pour additional resources in to speed up the process.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: On the other hand, I don't know.

that I care to do anything without consulting with the proprietors of the application.

Okay, onward to Standards. It seemed to me that there was no particular argument about the EDO mark. There seemed to be, if not cheerful agreement, at least --

MR. BARRY: That's right.

I was a Standards panel chief on the BRG. Each one of us took a panel. And then, of course, I sat on the BRG proper. If anybody has done a scrub and tried to trade off completed functions and so on, Standards has done it. At the line item contract level, and people-to-people level.

MR. BARRY: They simply between all of their activities -- you know, they've not had an increase in three years. And they simply are being saturated with a requirement for standards and guides from the line offices that they simply can't accommodate and continue to sustain the existing standards, you know, over the years. They're flatly running out of people. We really scrubbed that one.

MR. GOSSICK: One of the big changes here, I think, initially, you know, NMSS took the view that don't bother

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we'll tell you what guides and standards we will need when we decide what they are. So at least the last 18 months or so, there really was very little work in the NMSS area by the Standards folks. That has changed dramatically now and they're really drawing on the Standards people to do a lot of things.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Why then do we keep looking at numbers as large as we do in so-called standards support in all these other offices?

It looks almost -- I realize i+'s not that way, I am just searching for the right kind of answers -- but it looks almost like Catch 22. You pure more people on in the line offices in standards supports and thereby generate more standards to be written, which overloads standards so they have to hire more people. If you keep that up long enough, you have half the agency writing standards.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: It works in the -- the sequence works the other way, in effect. Standards comes to places like NRR and NMSS and says, you know, we've agreed, you and I, that we cught to have a guide on such and such and now we started to draft but we need some help. We need to sit down with you guys and go over it and so on.

It is a manpower increment which the program office commutation is reluctant to go off in the corner and do it totally by themselves and, indeed, if they did, they would probably get

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into deep trouble from time to time.

There is another kind of manpower drain which is called standards assistance which is nonnegligible and that is the membership by professional staff of this agency on professional standards-associated societies and activities.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Like ANSI.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: It's pretty extensive. I think that's a good thing. I'm not against that a minute, but a lot of those people are, indeed, in NMSS, NRR, or I&E, or wherever, and the program office directors cheerfully count the time that their guys go to attend an ASTM meeting as standard assistance, right, that's something that we put upon them.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: It was upon them in response to their request. It's a perfectly reasonable thing; they ought to do it.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: It's a professional overhead sort of activity of the agency which if there were not an Office of Standards Development it would be listed as, I don't know, Training, Correspondence and Professional Activities, Related Professional Activities. But since there is a standards-writing activity, why the guys like to charge it off that way. And it's not trivial.

Okay at the EDO mark, 160 people and 7.007 million program support. Okay? They seem cheerful with it. MR. BARRY: They, of course, wanted a few more but

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they did not reclama it.

We really are in trouble I think if we don't give them these numbers. They're just simply are really going to fall behind in Standards. That's one we really ought to hit hard with OMB.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Well, they'll have to conce trate on the guidance, on the needed items. And we'll have to
think how much larger that shop really ought to get. I think
it does a good job. Well run. And after some initial sort
of shaking out period, it went on back in '72, '73, '74. I
think it's been a great credit to the organization.

I used to think that it ought to be subdivided and given back to the line offices and said so a couple of times, but I subsequently decided nowadays they're a pretty good bunch and they do a job which would not get done unless they did it.

Could we turn our attention to the Office of Inspection and Enforcement?

I can remember a time when Johnny Everdessy(?) used to refer to the Regulatory Staff as the Jolly Green Giant.

I'm afraid we now have a Jolly Green Giant of our own. And it is I&E.

They are now at 589 people. The '78 budget, as it now stands right at the moment, takes them up to 651, which is an increment of what, plus 62, I guess. There is a supplement

Ace-Federal Reporters, Inc. we are discussing with OMB and we appear to be converging on agreement at 75 people additional for 1978. That brings them to the end of FY '78 at an authorized strength of 726; 137 people more than they have at this moment. And there is a request of some substantial number beyond that for '79. And I am glad we are improving our ability to inspect and enforce, but I have some concern that it may be improving at a little too rapid a rate for good health and careful use of the man-power.

It seems to me a request of 209 for FY '79 against the previous increment is just too large and I would for a '79 increment, another 130-and-a-few people at most and at most a ceiling of strength then of 860. That's a tentative sort of mark that we grapped toward at the earlier session on the subject.

Now that we have a clearer idea that the supplement, in fact, is rather likely to occur, so that there 1978 delta is going to be 137 slots, or thereabouts, 130 give or take a few, do you want to continue with another request of that size for '79?

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Where does that put them on the Faris charts? What was their reduced program?

MR. BARRY: This would put him on the chart he showed yesterday where his, you recall, on the original program he went up pretty steep through '80 and then a bent

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indicating a more even progression. I don't happen to have a copy of that with.

MR. COOPER: I believe the bottom line was that he would one inspector per site one year later which was '81 instead of '80.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Here it is, Lee, the other chart.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: How does 760 jive with those numbers?

MR. BARRY: That second curve, the dotted line.

It is the lower of those lines.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: It is the dotted line. He drew that in light of what we had given him as a direction.

I must say, that line impressed me as a more rational way to go about all this given the difficulties of (a) recruiting and (b) training.

I was concerned at theoutset whether he would ever be able to achieve the rate of growth which he predicted on the other chart, given the numbers of people you'd have to recruit each year.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I think we are committed to a resident inspector program and I expect on balance that by the time we get it all threshed out, it will turn out to be a good move. I hope so anyway.

I will note that if we have 63 or 65 operating

1 reactors at the present time and another 70-odd in various 2 stages of construction in specs, and there is some level of 3 inspection going on then at the present time, both in operating 4 reactors, and in the ones under construction, what it says is 5 about a third of his shop is engaged in that, about 210 or -20 6 out of 590.

We are proposing to, hopefully, more than double that by the end of fiscal '79.

Now, the number of facilities that he's inspecting isn't going to change notably by the end of '79. A few of them will move off the construction list onto the operating list, but 130-odd that he is looking at, one way or another, won't have changed significantly. Okay. There will be a few added but not a great number.

So that you account for going from about 220 in reactor inspection up to, my goodness, 491 people. 220 people to 491, that's better than doubling in the reactor inspection effort is reflected, presumably in terms of twice as much inspection.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Sounds good.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: That may be a good thing to do. I don't regard myself as an expert --

CHAIRMAN KENNEDY: Not twice as much inspection; twice as many reactors to inspect, which is twice as much inspection but not per reactor.

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CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Well, but what I am saying is that the number of reactors are not going to change that much in the next couple of years.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Not in the next couple, no; that's right.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: We've got about 130 in over the next two years so we'll add another 5 or 10 orders, right? And all that happens in the 130, some of them stop being inspected as construction items and get inspected as operating plants.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: That's right.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: And so we're really talking about, in a very crude way, an increase in the intensity of inspection per unit of a factor of 2.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: That's right.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Now that may indeed be justified and proper and high time we did it, but I wonder if .t's ever been contemplated in quite those terms: That there was a clear need to double the intensity of inspection. It certainly suggests to me that at the reduced numbers suggested last week that it's an ample increase, at least the plan for through '79. And that it may even be excessive.

I also have some concern over whether these 260, whatever they are, 271 additional people over the next two years will be reflected adequately in on-time at the sites.

I believe what we looked at in the chart is that if we hire between this point and the end of '79, two years from now, two years and a couple of months, at the end of '79 we'll have 17 inspectors resident on site.

I recognize there's a lot to be said about training and performance appraisal and a number of other activities and overhead support and so on, but I'm still compelled to say that a fierce lot of input for a somewhat slim line of output.

MR. GOSSICK: There's actually 17 in '78 and 35 in '79.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: That's better.

I'm not sure that twice as good changes the thrust of the comment.

I think, indeed, that we will want to talk to Ernie over time and think some more about the way in which the resident program is implemented with regard to where the manpower will tend to reside over the next two years as it comes in.

If there are a number of guys who are now sort of general reactor inspectors who are in the shop, I wonder how many of these might be encouraged in the near-term to take up --

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: That's what I understood he was going to do, as resident inspectors. This is where he's going to get most of them, anyway.

MR. GOSSICK: That's right, the initial ones.

From the regional offices.

CHAIRMAN HENDRI

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: He doesn't think he can produce more than 17 by the end of '78?

MR. GOSSICK: Well, earlier he was going to do something more than that. I think under the manning --

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Yes, but he wasn't going to have any more on board experienced inspectors if we don't authorize him 507 instead of --

So is occasionally the case, I have a feeling that viewgraph numbers have a certain agility about them which depends on the direction that you are facing.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Or depending on how you want your curve to appear.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Let me ask you, does anybody feel that I'm being too severe in these comments and that we ought to contemplate a higher number that 860 for the end of '79?

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: I do not. I believe that's a rate of growth which is probably attainable and even then will be difficult.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Now how about the other direction, is there a feeling that it ought to be driven down still further?

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: I would not. I would think this is a defensible number given our commitment to a resident

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inspector program. I think, therefore, it serves two potential purposes. First, getting the resources and a justifiable base of resources if the program is to go forward. And also, provides the framework the basis for the Administration to decide whether, indeed, that is the way they really want this to go. If they are, we have a defensible base against which they can work in terms of resource allocation.

Less than that, you know, there is some question about the commitment to the program itself. This way, you have a base which means you really have a committed program; are they willing to support it or aren't they? Because if they aren't, we need to know that before we get halfway into it, it seems to me. or you can get into a very wasteful kind of situation.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: As far as I can tell, they will support it. They will probably argue over details of the numbers, but the fact that they have been, you know, -- it's incredible, they're practically cheerful about the 70-odd people in a supplement for the program. It gives one the feeling one should have asked for 307 or something like that.

If you can't make them frown and hold their heads, when a number is mentioned, you feel you really haven't bargained well.

COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Was there a resident inspector program in the works prior to April of this year?

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CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Oh, yes.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Oh, yes. Yes, we were

thinking in those terms.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Yes, I think the fact that it was already underway lent it a validity which they really would have had to ask a lot of question and struggle a little bit about whether it was a valid concept if the Commission hadn't already decided that it was a useful and effective way to turn. It was convenient for the President to scoop it off.

COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: It was the Commission's commitment at that time to one inspector per site?

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Except there's this. It was in the works and it was being recommended by Ernie, but when it came in front of us, the President already said that he wanted an inspector program.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: That may have doubled Ernie's estimate of the manpower need.

COMMISSIONER KENNERY: We had authorized earlier, well over a year ago, two years ago, a sort of middle ground test at which there was some inspectors placed nearby; they were not located at specific sites, but rather were in the vicinity of 2 or 3 sites.

COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: That's what I was wondering, was whether the resident inspector --

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: We had gone through that

ca-Federal Reporters, Inc. process and concluded that it did have advantages and the next logical step was to put them at the sites themselves, committed to the sites. We then had a confluence of interest.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: All right. I think we are then resolved fairly clearly on 860 as a '79 mark plus 134 people over the tentative end of '78 number.

And the dollars, I guess, are --

MR. BARRY: Pretty much indicative of the peoplé.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Program support; I assume you'll figure out what we need to pay the people and allow them to travel and have benefits and insurance and stuff. It's the program support dollars.

MR. BARRY: Program support goes from a little over 3.6 million to 4 million. So it's 480,000 dollars difference.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Okay.

COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Does that involve building or renting a house on every one of these sites?

MR. BARRY: No. That would come out of administrative support is what that is. We do radiography measurements. We do -- they've been doing a lot of studies. This is their contractual effort. Even they, the inspectors, you know when he talked about technical specialists, he even has to hire technical specialists on occasion to supplement his inspection staff.

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already there. 3 MR. BARRY: It will come out of administrative 4 support which, as an example, in our 75 inspector supplement, 5 there's \$3 million dollars in there, about 1.8 million will be for the 75 people; the other will be for logistic support 7 and their demands up there, office space, lease space and so on. 8 CHAIRMAN HENDRIF: NMSS; you were saying, Vic? 9 MR. GILINSKY: I was asking where the increase 10 was? 11 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Got an increase of 20 at 12 them moment; is that right? 13 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Yes. 14 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Safeguards. 15 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Waste management and radio 16 isotopics licensing. 17 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Where are you? 18 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I'm just guessing. 19 MR. GOSSICK: There's 10 in radio isotope and 3 20 in waste management. Safeguards is down 4, safeguards licens-21 ing, 3 more in this contingency planning and threat assessment 22 area. 23 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: You know, safeguards 24 really should have come down a great deal more than that. - Federal Reporters, Inc. 25 number of facilities has gone down considerably. And the

COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: So the living quarters are

prospective onslaught on the plutonium economy has succeeded.

That whole GESMO effort. What happened to the GESMO support effort?

MR. GOSSICK: Well, they kind of went back where they came from.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: They were borrowed.

MR. GOSSICK: Yes, they never got people. They were pulled together from the various offices over there.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Unless we shift responsibility to the -- as the Chairman was suggesting this morning.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Well, that's going to be -- that's something that's going to take some time. I wouldn't want to do it in the context of the assignments at the moment. I just think it's -- you know, there is a turf fight going on between the reactor side and the other side. It's going to take a while to get the staff settled down.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I was only suggesting that the -- I think the fuel cycle safeguard could come down a good deal.

MR. GOSSICK: We have changed a sign -- we did more than a second derivative. In fact, we turned the corner on this one. 131 down to 129 total in safeguards, which isn't much but it's a change in the direction.

I'm inclined to agree with you. I think we've probably got plenty of staff.

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COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Yes, we've geared up for dealing with any number -- first of all, the GESMO proceedings, and safeguarding reprocessing plants all over the place. Fuel fabrication plants.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Don't forget the IA'A efforts. Isn't that the international safeguards? There's some efforts there.

COMMISSIONER CILINSKY: Well, the number of facilities that deal with highly-enriched uranium and plutchium has been reduced. Actually guite a volume, by at least 30 percent. They have given up heir licenses. They've reduced their possession limits.

MR. GOSSICK: I think they would argue that whether it's a dozen or, you know, 100, cycle facilities, that they have still got to go through basically the same effort to establish a program and that is what they have been doing.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Except you are no longer gearing up a big program for a large industry. I mean, it's more a matter of dealing with a handful of individual facilities and making sure there aren't any holes in fences.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: But you've got increasing potential in the transportation field. There still are some gaps in this whole package that need filling. I'm not arguing that that justifies these numbers.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: That's true. But you know

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2 thinking and looking at the big picture and conceptualizing the subject and so on. I really kind of think they are under-4 employed. 5 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Plus 10 in radio isotopes. 6 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Reduce the staff or give 7 them something else to do. 8 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Give them radio isotope 9 licensing. 0 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Give them radio isotope 11 licensing, while they're traveling to the site. 12 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: As I go down the decision units, 13 I note that the people delta from '78 to '79 is minus 1 in 14 uranium fuel cycle, mines 1 in spent fuel storage and processing 15 off the numbers I've got here, but are those correct '78 16 numbers? 17 MR. BARRY: Well, the problem is that included the 18 people that they had in the budget supplement. In other 19 words, they had 20 people in their budget amendment. 20 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Good. What should the number be? 21 As I say, I don't have any people in the budget. 22 MR. BARRY: 284 in total. 23 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: 284, not 289. MR. BARRY: I'm sorry. You're right, 289.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: And how would the 20 come out of

we've geared up with all kinds of groups that were doing deep

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the decision unit?

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MR. BARRY: I was afraid you'd ask me that. I really don't know what the spread is.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: It's hard to keep these things --MR. BARRY: Because every time they either think they are going to get either another 10 or 20, the whole thing changes. One of the things, though, that we did less was radiosotopes this radiography licensing.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: That's a good thing. suggests they adjust the priorities appropriately.

MR. BARRY: We did request that.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Radio isotope licensing.

MR. BARRY: Yes.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: I hope so.

MR. BARRY: We did.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: That's 10 off.

MR. BARRY: I think you could say the other 10 is, frankly, waste management.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I thought there were 3.

MR. BARRY: In waste management?

It was 10. The reason it shows only 3 is because they assumed they were going to get 10 in the budget supplemental. They had hoped to get 20, but OMB indicated to us that they were going to give us 10. Now, the answer is zero.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: But we're getting some

24 Les Federal Reporters, Inc. 25 reduction in safeguards?

MR. BARRY: Yes.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Check me out, Glen.

If I run down the decision unit package, okay, and compare '78 to '79 --

MR. BARRY: Then at least you can see -- you're still going to have the wrong '78 in the sense that you have got some inflated figures for '78, but you can see what '77 is.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: If I run down the decision units,
I get minus 11 and plus 18 for a net plus 7.

MR. BARRY: Right. That's because, as I say, they assumed 20 additional people in their '78 baseline.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Now, their '78 baseline should be 20 people lower. I presume they would want to make those up in the '79 request.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: What does that mean that their '78 baseline is?

MR. BARRY: Well, it is now 289, as we show on your sheet there. That's firm. That's what they have.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: They're asking for 20?

MR. BARRY: They assume their baseline would be 295.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Well, that isn't 20 more.

MR. BARRY: No. No. What happened is we went from 284 to 295 in the amendment. But inasmuch as the amendment is not going to take place, when we did our divisions the other

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day for '78, we increased their baseline by 5. In other words,
we gave them 5 of the 21 they're not going to get in their
amendment. So the fair baseline to start from is 289, which
keeps them not whole in '78, but -- can't do that. But that's
not that far of:, it's only 6 people away from what ney
originally contemplated.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: So what does that do with
the numbers that you would be adding in '79?

MR. PARRY: '79. I think you can make your decision on whether you think the radio isotope is a worthwhile effort and whether or not you think they need any further increase in

12 any of the other activities.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Where does waste management stand at that point?

MR. BARRY: They would tell you waste management would still be 11 people short.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Remember, it started at zero.

MR. BARRY: Yes. Lee gave them 11 people in '77.

In the budget a endment they said they needed another 16 for waste management.

MR. GOSSICK: In other words, their 45 that they had in their submittal assumed they were going to get 16 more in the '78 supplemental.

MR. BARRY: Right.

MR. GOSSICK: They reprogrammed the 11 spaces, whatever

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the spaces were for bring them to --CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Let's see. Another way of look-2 ing at is the following, I think, Lee; they now have 275 3 authorized slots. MR. GOSSICK: In '77. CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Right now. 6 MR. GOSSICK: Yes, sir, I guess so. I don't have 7 a '77 number right here. 3 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: It's off of one of Len's magic 9 10 sheets. 11 MR. GOSSICK: I've got it. 12 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: It says -- it's as good as most 13 of the other numbers we are using. 14 MR. BARRY: No better. 15 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: They've got 275 authorized slots 16 now. 17 MR. GO: SICK: Right, got it. 18 CHAIRMAN MENDRIE: They get plus 14 in going to the 19 '78. 20 MR. BARRY: Revised. CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: To what we call -- I'll call t'a 21 22 first -- what I'll call the '78 budget, not considering the 23 supplement. Now we consider '78 including the supplement and 24 it's still just plus 14 because there's nothing in the supple-

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ment to them. Okay.

Now, in '79, the EDO mark is plus 20 up to 309.

The division request would have been larger than that by -
MR. BARRY: Their request?

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: About 7 slots.

MR. COOPER: Yes, 49 slots. There request was 358.

MR. BARRY: They were way up there in requests.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Yes. That wasn't what I meant to say. Let me try it again.

If they had gotten people in the '78 supplement, then the EDO mark would have given them 7 more people in '79.

MR. BARRY: If they would have gotten everything they wanted they would have gotten .20 more. If they had gotten their supplement, they would have their 20 people.

MR. GOSSICK: But 295 if we stayed with the -- CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: It doesn't matter.

MR. BARRY: The only think the would have complained about would have been the radio isotopes.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: We have arrived at an end of FY '79 proposed number of 612.

In '78 they will go up 14 slots over present strength. The EDO mark would allow them yet another 20 in '79. In considering their present strength, your remarks that man-power needs which appeared to be urgent a few months ago, 6 months, 7, 8 months ago, are considerably in this area; at least with regard to fuel cycles sort of things.

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The radio isotope stuff, that was scuffy 8 months 1 ago and it's still scuffy, okay. So I think that any increment 3 that we talk about that goes into that activity is a fair proposition. EDO's suggestion has been to chuck more people in 5 there. And I think whatever else we do, we ought to preserve 6 that. 7 Then I guess the question is -- so there's plus 10 8 for radio isotope licensing. EDO had also suggested a few in waste management. 10 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: How many were suggested in 11 waste management? 12 MR. GOSSICK: Waste management. It was the same 13 as the BRG mark. An increase of 3 over FY '78. 14 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Well, but that isn't the right 15 '78 number. 16 MR. BARRY: That assumed they were going to get 17 16 in the amendment. 18 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: So he was assuming 19. 19 MR. BARRY: He was assuming 19. But he already had 20 16 in the pocket and he wanted 3 more. 21 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: And EDO was giving him those 22 3 which meant, in effect, meant increasing the strength in 23 waste management by 19. Right?

MR. BARRY: I'm sorry, there's something wrong

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here.

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CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Something happened there.

MR. GOSSICK: Back in, whenever it was, Commissioner Kennedy, remember when we met and agreed to put more people and that caused that first reallocation of ceiling. The Commission authorized 19 additional people in waste management, bringing them up in FY '77 to a level of 31, or some such number, as I recall. We reprogrammed those people and he got 11 spaces from outside of NMSS. He reprogrammed some of these safeguards people. Anyway, in-house he made up the difference.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: But even before this supplemental even came up, we were talking in terms of 30 --

MR. GOSSICK: 28 or 30, the number is right there.

In '77 and '78 we were going to -- Commission said he could
go to, I thought it was something like 40.

MR. BARRY: It is.

MR. GOSSICK: And so these numbers here are the right numbers, I believe, and the supplement would have been, you know, quite apart from these numbers.

We'll get on the phone and ask him, but I think that right now he's got like 30 people in his waste management area.

MR. BARRY: Yes, 34.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: That may be the case in this decision unit, but in the total of all the decision units in NMSS, all of those fiscal '78 estimate manpower numbers add up to --

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: 15 people too many. 2 MR. BARRY: Right. 3 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: That is, the decision unit '73 4 5 number --COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: 304 instead of 289. 6 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Add up to 304 instead of 289. 7 8 Okay? 9 So this particular decision unit may have the 10 correct numbers in it, but there are 15 people too many in 11 the '78 number other places; okay? 12 This decision unit, waste management, purports to 13 go from 34 man-years this year to 40 next year to 43 in '79. 14 Since waste management is one of our growing enterprises, a 15 real waltz leader these days, why that doesn't strike me as 16 inappropriate. 17 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: I would say whatever it 18 takes to get it there, the number ought to be in the neighbor-19 hood of 40, if it's 43, okay. It ought to be up at that 20 level. Now, how we adjust the numbers to get it there, I 21 must say, I don't know either following this conversation. 22 MR. COOPER: Okay, in the meantime we were able to 23 get NMSS' application for a 15 reduction. 24 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Please tell us, decision unit

MR. BAFRY: 304.

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by decision unit.

MR. COOPER: If you're looking down the -- at that uranium fuel cycle, deduct 3.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: From 28 to 25.

MR. COOPER: Spent fuel --

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Hang on. The EDO mark stays at

MR. COOPER: In no case -- what we are doing is giving you a '78 revised.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Just a '78 revised.

MR. COOPER: Yes. The EDO mark in '78 stays the

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: What I wonder is, but, you know it's going to lead -- I'm going to take all these 15 numbers from you in a minute -- but it's going to lead to the following interesting speculation. When the Budget Review Group and EDO reviewed, they had a perspective. They were looking at 28 people in '78 in here. And they said, this activity is tapering off, take it down 1.

Now, the division director comes back, and says,

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: He took it down 3.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Well, after having reapportioned some things, I'm taking in down in '78 to 25. I wonder whether the Budget Review Group and EDO would say now or would they say take it down 1, 25 to 24, or would you say at 27 and add 2?

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COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Or would you hold it level? Would it be conceivable that you would have added? 2 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I can't imagine that. 3 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: I can't imagine that whatever 4 he had to start with, he decided that by '79 you would want to 5 reduce it. He starts out with a lower base, he would increase 6 it; I can't believe that. So it would seem to me you have two options; either 8 hold it level at his his lower mark, or reduce it further. I 9 don't any idea what other proposition to make. 11 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I guess I'm going to have to make a table here in spite of myself. 12 Okay, uranium fuel cycle, the new '78 is 25, and I 13 got a suspicion that the EDO mark is going to come out 25 or 24. 14 15 Why don't we leave it 25, okay, Lee? 16 MR. GOSSICK: Okay. 17 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Advancing, uranium fuel cycle. 18 The next one is spent fuel storage processing. That's a good 19 subject. 20 MR. COOPER: They've actually added one out of the reduction of 15 beinging them up to 18, making the EDO reduction 21 of 2. Leaving the biggest surprise for last. 22 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Wait a minute, don't tell me, I 23

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can hardly wait.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Could I mark them down again?

	1	Uranium fuel cycle was down 3.
	2	MR. COOPER: Down 3 to 25.
	3	Spent fuel was plus 1 to 18.
	4	COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: All right.
	5	MR. COOPER: Can I just go through these now
	6	right quick?
	7	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Yes. Well, not too quick because
	8	I have a slow
	9	MR. COOPER: Transportation is down 1 to 18
	10	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Good.
	11	MR. COOPER: If you're prepared for this one.
	12	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Now wait a minute, let me get
	13	my feet set here.
	14	COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Waste management would show
	15	40.
	16	MR. COOPER: This is the big surprise of the day.
	17	Minus 13 to 27.
	18	COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: What? I don't understand
	19	that at all.
	20	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: It sounds to me like we're going
	21	to save manpower left, right, and sideways.
	22	MR. GOSSICK: Washington Monument.
	23	MR. COOPER: This is the figures I have.
r Federal Reporters.	24 Inc.	MR. BARRY: When you ask them that, tell them that
	25	their table shows that they have 34 in '77, so why are they

1	going down below our '77 level.		
2	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: And if they haven't got 34 there		
3	how come it showed up that way on the chart.		
4	Wait a minute, watch out.		
5	MR. BARRY: Yes.		
6	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Are these his numbers, or his		
7	plus overhead.		
3	MR. BARRY: They're his numbers but no, they		
9	can't be his numbers. In other words, the numbers in this		
10	decision unit are his numbers.		
11	Ask him why he goes from 34 down to 27, from '77 to		
12	'78.		
13	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Don't those numbers add to		
14	289.		
15	MR. BARRY: Yes.		
16	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: It's not only the 15, the		
17	pluses and minuses that come out.		
18	All right. Waste management, how about that?		
19	Okay, onward to radio isotope licensing.		
20	COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Your management seems to be		
21	greatly efficient in its ways.		
22	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I ascribe that to my administra-		
23	tion. Overnight improvement.		
24 Inc.	(Laughter.)		
25	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: No change. It stays at 37?		

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MR. COOPER: It stays at 37. CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Next. Op tech. 2 MR. COOPER: The only other change that is shown 3 here and I'll verify your earlier question -- okay, the only 4 other change that is shown here is a minus 4 on Ops and Techs, 5 which brings you down to 28. 6 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: So the new number is 28. 7 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: That's safeguards, isn't it? 3 MR. GOSSICK: Operation technology. This is in fuel 9 10 cycle safety. 11 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: The others are the same? 12 MR. COOPER: The others are the same. But this 13 does not jive --COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: So they didn't take anything-15 out of --16 MR. GOSSICK: Nothing out of safeguards. 17 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Nothing out of safeguards. 18 MR. COOPER: What I have just told you. Minuses 19 add up to 21; there's only one plus. They meant to give us --20 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: They must have a plus 21 somewhere. 22 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Well, I'm going to write down 23 about four more numbers and I think your suggestion -- then 24 we ought to move on. I think we're going to have to carry, I'm sorry to

say, carry this one over to tomorrow to give a change (a) for the controller to corner Smith and get straightened out on these numbers and (b) I think, Lee, you and Len and Bill Dircks if he is around, whoever else you want to gather on it, better sit down and spend half an hour deciding what a new EDO mark is against this stuff.

Because there are are plenty of things like the base is switching on you and where you were trying to trim an activity a little, why --

And then we will take up this arithmetic tomorrow and see where it all comes out.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Right now it doesn't come out.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: It's clearly going to come out someplace like 289 plus some number like between 10 and 20, okay, that's clear.

There is one other subject which we might deal with in NMSS and that has to do with that modal transportation survey line of work which was to be ultimately -- what was it. a 3- or 6 million dollar enterprise.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Six years, wasn't it?

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: \$3 million over 6 years.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: But it was incremental.

That is, --

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: It could be cut off. You looked

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at it and decided --

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: These are being done sequenti-

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I guess I find it a little curious that they are doing well, of course, road transportation is in this. So if you cut if off, you are just cutting whatever we need. Transportation.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Well, I assume they started that way under the assumption that road transport represents the most important by all odds.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: It seems reasonably sensible to me.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: The whole package.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I wouldn't say that but

he is --

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: One at a time.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY I would agree.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: It's probably better than tackling them all at once, trying to run in so many directions at one. If they attack them all at once, it probably means they're going to have 5 or 6 contractors that they have control over versus one.

Well, I'm willing to go ahead with that transportation survey. What that would do, I guess, is to throw an additional 500K into program support in the transportation

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decision unit and on the total. They recommended an additional person to g with the money and I don't --

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: I think they indicated they'd take the money if they didn't get t'e person.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Yes, that's right.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: And I think we ought to take their offer.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Yes, I think that's right.

It was clear that the contract dollars rather than the person were the important thing. So I think the program support could be designated. It will 11.210 million plus .5; 11.710.

And the slot arrangement will have to await a run tomorrow morning unless a miracle occurs --

MR. COOPER: If I might clarify what you have, it is obvious to me what you have is the 284 prior adding to adding back the 5 slots when we change from the 50 OMB reduction to a 33.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Okay. That means Cliff is back a step. For a minute I thought he was ahead of us by a step or two; I'm glad to know he's back a step. It's just as well for the Commission.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: I am utterly astounded in any event at the waste management number.

MR. COOPER: We're going to triple-check that.

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COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Even if he adds the 5, if

I am correct, he still is 2 lower than he was in '77. Even if
he adds all 5, he is up to 32; that's 2 less than he now has.

And we're concerned for him, thinking in terms of giving him
additional help. We obviously are behind, or he is.

MR. BARRY: They show in their decision unit for waste management, 34 people. Then they showed 40 for '78.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Okay. It needs some going off and getting with Smith and company and figuring out, and let's not do it here; it is one of those curiosities.

Now, if we could advance to Research.

Let us talk about program support dollars first in Research. There are reasonable arguments over people but I think it's a significant thing only with regard to the risk assessment and we'll sort of get to that last and then come back up the people columns, if you will.

Running down the decision units, starting with systems engineering, there is 16.3 million over the EDO mark which is requested by Safety Research for (a) getting started on EBTF and (b) picking up the BWR reflood extension to a two-dimensional array on a shared program with EPRI and General Electric.

They have actually requested another 1.2 million above EDO markx Field an additional 1.2 million, and at the moment, I do not remember what this is for?

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Len, can you help?

MR. BARRY: 700,000 was for code verification increase, and 500,000 was for what they call "automatic control."

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Well, the 7, I know something about and on balance it is a reasonable thing to go with -- keep up the code development work.

The automatic control, I think, is a thing that might very well --

MR. BARRY: The debate on automatic control is whether that isn't really tech assistance, if necessary.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Well, it's a think they've kicked back and forth between them and I think -- now, before I start asking you about a half a million dollar item, how about 10 million dollar items, rather than an 8 --

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: The EBTF?

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: The EBTF.

commissioner Kennedy: I'd go with that. I'm satisfied with that. I must say, I have serious reservations on one ground and I don't know how to get over them. I am deeply concerned -- the one question I asked this morning, is the American Physical Society has spoken over and over again of the need for large-scale experiments in this field. And I am afraid that when we get all through, we'll have some fascinating data that is very comforting to us until the American Physical Society issues a report saying, oh, this

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would be very good, but it really isn't. It won't be unless they do a large-scale experiment. Whereupon, we will find ourselves in a situation of having spent some \$27 million that's essentially unretrievable in terms of a large-scale experiment.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Oh, you get the boilers back.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: They aren't big enough.

You have to get some more boilers anyway; I've been through that.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: You can buy four more of the same.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: I called them up one day last week and suggested that I'd looked up in Power Engineering and found them all kinds of boilers. And I found out that wasn't going to help me very much because it wasn't the boilers that were so expensive -- that's a little different than they told us last. But anyway, now this year that's not the problem; this year the problem is the pipes are expensive.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Well, there is the problem that it's not the sort of full-scale, and there is going to be criticism of that, I know in advance, because he and I were on the same review teams and consultant teams on these programs.

People who agree with him are going to say that there is nothing worthwhile if it's full-scale.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: When we discussed this whole thing last year, last year or the year before, Herb Cobb(?)

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sat out here and made a categorical statement that any less -anything less than half-scale is not going to give you results that would stand up. You know, that's what he said.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: They've worked -- I have watched them struggle with the scale versus cost problems and I conclude on balance that I want to vote for this project because I think it ought to go --

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: The project, I think, needs to go. I'm just expressing my reservation on this ground because I don't know what to do about it.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Well, I agree it's a problem.

MR. BARRY: It's a cost benefit problem. Another \$20 million for a little larger-scale. So it's 27 to 47, is the next delta.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I'm inclined to accept this sort of --

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: If we all accept this risk, then I'm --

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: But I think it is fair to recognize there's no question but what the data will be useful and very important. And compared to not doing a decent experiment in this phase of the transient -- this is an enormous step forward. no question about it -- now, are you going to make everybody happy with it? And the answer, I guess, is no. But it is a matter of kind of hard choice. The scale, the

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57 complexity, the time to do it. the manpower involved, and the 2 cost all rise very rapidly as you begin to push foward in 3 pressure and forward in scale. And I am confident that we can 4 build and run a \$30 million experiment and get it done in 5 reasonable shape. 6 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: I hope you're right. 7 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: By the time you get to the

\$70 million projects, why that's a head stretcher.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Some of our previous \$30 million projects have turned into \$70 million projects.

> CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: How do you feel about it? COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I guess I will go.

COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Well, I have heard all of your judgments on the appropriate size, scale, as to whether or not it is a worthwhile project. I do have a question that I'm going to have to pursue at far more leisure than this about the appropriate dividing line between our research and the research in those two institutions you mentioned. This clearly isn't the time to do that. This is budgetary time.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I'd like to raise another point. I think it would be good if we, the Commission, had some direct access to some on-site information, like research does.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: You mean some kind of an advisory committee, some kind of a consultancy?

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COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: It's an area in which I would like to have direct access to outside views because one is really at the mercy of, you know, proponents of these projects who, while they're all very competent --

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Yes, I think that's probably arranged in a very straightforward way. And you've got several sources. You could ask ACRS to take a reading and meet with you from time to time. They try to keep themselves wellacquainted on safety research anyway. The Committee has on its role, which means on the agency roles, a rather large array of consultants and one could select appropriate experts there and, you know, then you have the consultancy arrangement.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I didn't mean on a personal basis. I mean kind of on a -- in a sense, as a group.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: When the projects are put before us, you mean, and the Staff has gone through and sent up a proposal for a major project, then get an independent view to weigh against the Staff view as we consider it here; is that what you are suggesting?

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Yes.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I'll tell you, you could do a lot worse than ask the ACRS.

COMMISSIONER (ILINSKY: Are they taking a look at this?

> MR. GOSSICK: Yes.

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COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: And they came down on this, supporting this?

MR. GOSSICK: Our understanding is that they concur in this approach.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: But what you haven't had and what would be undoubtedly useful is when the thing is first proposed to have a little chat with the ACRS and say, along with your other duties, we would like you to take a look at this context of the safety research program and the needs across the whole span of things, to form some views, and then to have a discussion with them.

You know, if you get a letter, why the Committee has to agree collegially on every word of the letter and then it tends to be a rather, you know, a somewhat limited document. If you can sit down with the Committee in public sessions, it is perfectly reasonable and let Committee members, having listened to their own consultants on the subject and studied it for themselves, tell the Commission sort of individually what their views are and so on. That's very likely to be a very helpful discussion.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Or even have a subcommittee appointed for the purpose and the subcommittee meet as a board of consultants.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I think that's the best thing to do.

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COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: I do, too.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Particularly with that sort of direct and personal interest of the Commission in the subject, they'll pin it down pretty hard. And they have access to a very broad range of tehnical people every place.

But we could also go outside and put together another sort of a panel.

The advantage of the ACRS is that they will be able to view a proposal like this in the safety research against the span of safety research, against the needs of the field.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Well, this is an area in which they would be particularly -- (inaudible).

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Yes, and they have a high interest in the subject.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: It would also have a ruboff benefit from our own perspective since they are interested in getting these projects anyway, so you would kill two birds with one stone; they get their own in-depth look at the project, on the one hand; and give us benefit of some consultancy, on the other.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: There are some other areas. It would be good to apply this to other parts of the budget. There is, for example, safeguards -- it probably would not be the right group. And we may want -- actually use a mark, residual consultants.

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CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Some of the people on the Committee have a background and insight on the safeguards site, but it's not specifically a Committee chosen with that view.

On the other hand, it's sort of like one time I was going off to try to give a paper to a national academy meeting and asked one of my old professors for advice. And his advice was, "Watch out, because you know more about this subject than they do, but they are smarter than you are."

(Laughter.)

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: And to an extent the same thing applies here. I think the ACRS is not particularly expert in this area. On the other hand, they're on balance and pretty bright and probing sort of a crowd.

If you were to ask them to take a look, why you probably would get a pretty good answer.

MR. BARRY: You know, there's another measure of this thing, too.

This particular project has to go back before the Congress because of the GAO report on funds and bills, which said that you started that thing out at 2-1/2 million and you were over 50 million, as a good estimate, probably 85 million as an outside estimate, you really screwed that one up.

And, at least, this thing is a little bit smaller scope than that one. We are, in fact, using the boilers from

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the other one. Some savings. If we were to be going in with 1 2 a \$47 million -- But I can see if you were going in with a 3 \$47- or \$50 million or the original cost of project of 100 million, we'd probably have a more difficult time getting this 5 through Congress than we will on this scale. COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: You want to know if i' is 6 7 doing the job. 8 MR. BARRY: Yes. 9 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Having invested \$27 million, 10 is what you're going to get to be useful in any sense other 11 than the academic one. 12 MR. BARRY: Yes, and they could ask us the same 13 question also. I am just saying they are going to have fond 14 memories of Plymouth Fill (X when we go before them this time. 15 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Research will have to get itself --

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will. They've been heartily burned and it goes back three vears almost. COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: What was the sum cost when

its figures and plans lined up very carefully, and I think they

we pulled out of the Plymouth Fill, minus the boilers?

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: \$7 million.

MR. COOPER: It was about 11 million down the tubes.

MR. BARRY: It was about 11 million.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Okay, EBTF.

I'm going to recommend that we vote for the BWR

fact, it will be.

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reflood category because that sounds likes a consumer's best buy. You get a dollar for every 40 cents or something like that. COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: On the assumption that, in

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Yes, because what we would be putting in would be the 40 percent sort of thing, and if that doesn't fly, why then they -- they'll be back in any event for further discussion, we'll put it that way If that doesn't fly, they it gets reconsidered.

And I would recommend that the 7.7 in code development be allowed because --

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: What about the --

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Automatic control --

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: The fuel experiment.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: It turns up in a different decision unit.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: I'm sorry. I think it's going to be the fourth decision unit.

MR. BARRY: It comes under fuel development.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Code development, I would

agree.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I'm going to recommend the .7 in code development; it's an activity that we keep driving hard on.

I would not recommend that automatic control thing

since there seems to be a certain of horsing around about whose area it ought to be in. The descriptions seem to be a trifle vague from the various quarters.

After I thought I understood what it was from the Research side, why the NRR stood up and explained what it was, and it sounded to me as though it were -- as though it had two tails instead of tails instead of one, and that's always an interesting situation.

MR. BARRY: Okay, then. Program support goes from \$11.00 to 45.9, an even 10. There is one person associated with EBTF --

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: One or two?

MR. BARRY: One with EBTF and one with everything else.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: I don't think that given a total number of 166 that if they get the money, they would refuse to accept it without the people, do you?

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I think what we might think -I still prefer to run down the program dollars and then stand
back and look at -- we might or might not allow Research a
man or two over the mark, to use as he saw it. Let's go on.

That would take it to, you said, 45.9?

MR. BARRY: Yes, pro_am support.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Now the next one is -- LOFT is okay. Code development is okay. At least there were no

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complaints back and forth except for people.

MR. BARRY: Right.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: If we go on to fuel behavior, there were --

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Why is the other 700,000 not in this code development package?

MR. BARRY: You mean the other \$700,00; it was fast reactor and it was peculiar to advanced reactors.

MR. GOSSICK: The NRU.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Wait a minute. Under Systems
Engineering --

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: There was a .7 Code develop-

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: There was a .7 code development,

MR. BARRY: Why isn't it under code verification?

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: On my list, there is a code development decision unit. But we have code development in several places through this program.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I assume that it's associated, the best I can remember, it's associated --

MR. GOSSICK: I don't know the distinction, but they call it code verification, rather than code development.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Which means tying, correlating the code with the experiments and this is sort of the

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experiments decision unit. For some reason they end up putting it in.

MR. BARRY: Additional code verification studies is what he's asking for.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Now if we get down to fuel behavior, we now arrive at a proposal for elements over Lee's mark. One of them was the volume held out -- so-called slash item that was just held out for Commission consideration, which is the NRU loop work at 1.6.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: I would agree with that.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: This is the marvelous business where something else is 1.6 lower than it would have been if this hadn't been in here. If that's clear.

Taking a piece of the irradiated fuel from PBF and moving it to NRU. They're finding some -- the NRU is a nice, big machine is one of the nice features about it and they get something like a 9-, 10-foot fuel pin in as compared to the shorties. That has some useful prototypical qualities compared to 12- or 14-food reactors pins. And I think it's -- they'll get good value up there. It's a nice loop facility to have in operation. We are up there anyway with a piece of the work.

Now, the other piece was a million and a half dollars for aircaloid properties and the Budget Review Group snarled at it and Saul is saying that it's nice to do but not essential and Saul is complaining that we have put this work

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under way in several places and he's got oral commitments to professors, to materials engineering, and how can we cut all this off and so on, and I don't know.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Listening, I was not impressed with its necessity, nor did I get the impression that NRR was panting for the results.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I don't think they are because I think what is coming out is that zirc oxidation rates are somewhat less than is used in Appendix K and NRR doesn't want to face the prospect of being asked to retread Appendix K to take account of more favorable material properties than are already in there.

I think they -- that's right. That's a billion and a half dollars.

MR. BARRY: Well, in our BRG analysis, it wasn't really all for zircaloy My figures show 500,000 for that; another 400,000 for in-pile cladding feeddown. By Hanauer's comment, that should be complete in '78. There shouldn't be any following effort.

There's 100,000 for thorium decay heat. Steve's comment is that's not appropriate for NRC confirmatory. And then there's about a million dollars for what they call "material property data."

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Why is that not appropriate

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for NRC?

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MR. BARRY: I can't answer that.

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COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Because we don't have an application?

MR. BARRY: Yes, because we don't have an application for thorium.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I'm unconvinced by that argument. On the other hand, I'm also unconvinced that -- at the level that we are on thorium cycle machines, I suspect the kind of plus or minus 20 percent estimate that you'd make on existing decay heat determinations would be plenty good enough.

And then if it looked like we were getting a little more serious about thorium cycle machines, why you might want to institute a modest program to look more carefully, but I think we can do without it for the moment.

Unfortunately, '79 is a whopping bulge. We've got some kind of a graph from Saul that shows a peak in the safety research total dollar efforts because LCFT is still running at a very high level. And other things are coming in so that there is a '79 peak that comes down a little in '80. It will be interesting to see next year if that, in fact, is the case.

Do you think it will move over one?

CHAIRMAN KENNEDY: They also tend to.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: But there's a certain amount of merit in deferring things that are reasonable to defer.

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Out of the 1.5 million, the best I can see doing would be to allow him a half million dollars to carry on at a reduced level those things he felt were absolutely close to his heart and phase out others.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: That sounds good to me.

MR. BARRY: Okay. \$.5 M

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Is that a durable --

MR. GOSSICK: NRU, is that agreed to?

MR. BARRY: Yes.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Let' see. You've .ow got 21.950;
we're talking about 24.050. Do I get an okay there?

MR. COOPER: 24,050.

MR. BARRY: Right.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Grand total.

Primary system integrity is okay.

MR. BARRY: Right.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Site safety. The only thing in issue with Lee's mark was \$600,000 worth of tornadoes. It seems to me -- why don't we shrug on that. The Safety Research Budget -- how muc. did it turn out to be? \$150-odd million. It might be interesting to see if he could 600 in there or some appropriate number to do it anyway.

Okay.

It's probably great stuff.

Furthermore, he got a half a million dollars back

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from the Budget Review Committee when Lee --

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: So that makes it 6.050?

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: It makes it 6.650,

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Which it is.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Which is the EDO mark, right.

I'm saying, my goodness.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Let's leave it there. Agreed.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Let's turn to fast reactor things.

Here is this affair where there are certain things --

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: He's got a new number which he's suggesting.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: \$13.5 for '78.

MR. BARRY: \$15.9 for '79 in lieu of the 16.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: \$15.9 is a fairly vigorous increase. How about 15? That's still, I think, very respectable. It's like 11 percent. Certainly gives him infla-

tion and, you know, a very modest --

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Gives him room to take care of some of those things that are ongoing and which it would be nice to just clean up.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Yes.

The '78 number is at about 13.5 puts him in the business of starting those things. And then if we allow him -- COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Some of them are ongoing now.

Started this year.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Why does he really need to be -- I mean the growth is really slow. Why does he have to be on more than, say, inflationary? What is happening to the ERDA program.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I guess it is pretty hard to -COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: It's going up.

MR. BARRY: Yes, it is. They have got \$500 million in fast reactors. Evidently they're not going down. They're not necessarily going up.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Somebody told me that they were going up somewhat. The CRBR was going up.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I don't see how they could be up. Let's see, are they going up in '79? I guess they are going through the same exercise. I would imagine they could get something going much before '80 --

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I would think they would be, you know, dropping over through late '78 and '79 for the most part with conceptual schemes, what do you think of this, what do you think of that, what do you think of the other thing.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: A slower start, that would take 13.5 plus inflation.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Will 13.5 do it or that pinching them?

MR. BARRY: You mean for '78? That would do it.

That will sustain program objectives. They would be happy with

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that. They say they will not dissipate any facilities at that level.

If you inflate that at 6.5 percent, you're at 14.4. So if you give them 15 million, that gives them a little bit of slack there to grow.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: 6.6 is shy, isn't it?

MR. BARRY: Sir? You mean on inflation? It looks like our pay raise; it's going to be 7.1, which is the firm CPI Index number.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: The last few years were not typical; we went through a very sharp inflationary period, where we were like over 10 percent.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: What is CMB factoring?

MR. BARRY: They don't factor any. In fact, they have got a ridiculous A-11 that says you will not crank in inflation in budget estimates. We have all told them that's asinine. And we've all told them this year that we have 6.5; us and ERDA, we both did the same factor.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: You used 6.5 throughout the budget?

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I'll go for that.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: But you had factored 6.5% throughout the budget?

> MR. BARRY: Well, the individual offices did. (Simultaneous conversation.)

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CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Call it 15,7

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: That's okay. That's all right. That's enough.

MR. BARRY: They said if anything less than 15.9, then they wouldn't need 13.5, they couldn't use 13.5, they couldn't use 13.5.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I would be interested to see -- if that's the case then maybe we can recast the whole thing.

But I would be interested to see what they think they could do with this.

MR. BARRY: They'll take it.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: What they will do is they will move some of the things that would otherwise have been done in '79 into '78 and use the 13.5 so that they will be okay with the 15 n '79.

MR. BARRY: If they are smart, they will.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Certainly.

MR. BARRY: Okay, 15 million.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Gas: coat, and other advanced,

there wasn't any argument with the EDO mark.

Now, we get down to a safer division, the environmental area where people seem to agree pretty well.

In fuel cycle, S&E, what's the title of this decision unit?

MR. BARRY: Fuel cycle?

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CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Yes.

Oh, safety and environmental effects. I see.

There was a argument for --

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Not much waste, as I remember.

Most of the waste is in the NMSS.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: That's right.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: They list it, but let's see, is there a breakout in the summary program?

No.

Just looking for a breakdown within it. You've probably got one in the viewgraphs. There are some tasks in there that they may not feel that urgent these days. In the integration with NMSS, this may not be as good -- almost certainly isn't as good as it is on the reactor side --

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: The problem is we don't give it much of our money somehow. Dollars spent here as opposed to dollars spent in program support in NMSS.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Let's see, they ask for 1. -oh, wait a minute. I have something that would help to explain
what is going on.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: What is the '73 number for program support in that area?

MR. BARRY: In fuel cycle? \$9.1 million.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: So it is the same number?

MR. BARRY: Same number.

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COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: What's the number for CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Like 4.5. COMMISSIONER GILINSTY: Also the same number? CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: '78 is 3.65 EDO mark. COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: And safeguards '78? CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: The safeguards -- I'll get there 8 in a minute. Safeguards '78 is 7.64 dropping to 6.65 EDO 9 mark in '79. 10 11 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY; I tell you, I really think that they probably notice a several million dollar cut in that. 12 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Why don't we ignore the hooting 13 and hollering about 1.9 in fuel cycle S&E, and the in safeguards and stay with the EDO mark, which represents a -well, it's 25,000 less than in '79 for fuel cycle and drops 16 a million in safeguards. Or do you want to --17 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Well, 3.7, above what they 18 19 are asking. -COMMISSIONER GILFASKY: These numbers are really too 20 high. Here we are spending more money on a handful of facilities 21 than the owners are spending on their protection out there and we are sort of making this offering to the gods at Livermore. 23 It's really out of whack. There's several million in safe-25 guards program support.

NMSS, we're really basically guardians of a dozen facilities. 2 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: But this safeguard is not just associated with fuel cycles, is it? Reactors, too. COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Reactors, too. 5 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: And it also involves a lot 6 of work done by Thursdon (?) on materials accountability --3 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: That's why I don't think --CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Do you want to drop that and 10 drop back to level 1? 11 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: What is level 1? CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Level 1 is 6 million; the EDO and the BRG were 6.65. Research's level 2 was 7.6. COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Yes, I guess level 1 would 15 be all right. 16 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: What was your reason, Lee, for adding the 650,000 to the level 1? 18 CHAIPMAN HENDRIE: That's why they call him 19 big-hearted. 20 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Just take a look at the numbers and let's add halfway in between or something. 22 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: It's a little lower than that. 23 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY It's just a good round number. CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: The Budget Review Committee settled down on the 665. \$6.65 M

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MR. GOSSICK: What are are you talking about? Safeguards?

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Safeguards.

MR. GOSSICK: The BRG came out on this 6,650 as a number and I agreed with it. I'm trying to recall now how they got that first level 1 or level 2.

There was apparently some minor adjustments.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: That gets them off level 1,

doesn't it?

How does that strike you, Dick?

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: That's fine.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: About half a million. Leave it 6.1. That gets marginally above level 1.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: That's fine.

MR. GOSSICK: What was the number?

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: \$6.15.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: We had a proposal here at 6.150 which is down a half million from your mark; is 150,000 mcre than level 1.

And level 1 says, "Provide research and evaluation methods for certain safeguard system, contingency planning for agency activities, data collection, validation of substances, NDS measurements, standards efforts, limited efforts on safeguards policy."

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: That doesn't sound bad.

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My recollection is that level 2 says you do a little more of each of those things.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Level 2. "Added resources applied to threat detection, insider conversion, diversion of materials, armed encounter, and relative attractiveness of targets." It sounds to me like that's a relatively attractive my maier, and it's just as well we got it down below that.

(Laughter.)

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: What we need is some zerobased budgeting.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: It's a great system.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Shall we move on to risk assessment?

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: What shall we do with fuel cycle safety and environment? Leave it at the Budget Review Group EDO, or do you want to solve that one?

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Well, are they doing good things?

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: They're doing a variety of SAFER things, I don't know. That safer division in Research is a bit of a problem: it's sort of a weak sister. And it has trouble seeming to get itself organized and, you know, well-integrated so we tend to hold the funds down and I guess --

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Really, I mean, we threw

what it was for. You had to do that. I think they really had trouble spending the money and figuring out things to spend it on. And I think they're really sort of in that -- I think, you know, like a 30 percent cut or something would not affect them in any significant way; you know, across their whole division.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: It's not going to be a 30 percent cut, but if you allow for a reasonable increment for escalation, which level funding is, a 7-odd percent cut, and then the few things in here, you come out with a noticeable kick.

Do you want to leave it? The EDO is down just marginally.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Marginally is just about what it was, isn't it?

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: In '77, it's 1.; '78, 9.125;

BRG and EDO is 9.1 in '79; so you, in effect, are pulled down.

You are kidded each year by the escalation.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: It's like environment. Again, those must be level just about.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: 4.685, 3.65, 4.5, '77, '78, it

And I guess that was because it looks as though it wasn't being effectively spent, and I can understand that. I don't think they are very strong.

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COMMISSIONER KENNT.DY: Why should we let it go back up in '79?

What was the level 1 figure there?

MR. BARRY: 3.465.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I was impressed by the fact that we had a strong manager in NMSS, such as in the waste area. He basically sucked up all the money. That's probably a more effective way to run things, given that this is a relatively small, factual effort. I mean, you wouldn't want the reactor people running \$30 million projects out of licensing.

environmental effects work in Research is associated with building the experimental base under the consequence side of that RES fund; things like the inhaled radio nucleis effects on lungs and so on, which he argued strongly to put back in.

I think there are some things like that in there that would not necessarily have occurred under the title "environmental effects" that are useful in the sense that they are going to be underlying data in a couple of years.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I also think there's not much of an inclination to really get those projects moving.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: In just these fields.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I think they could be of

enormous use.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: TO NRC.

MR. GOZSICK: The problem here -- do you remember Saul's charts where he had some different colored bar charts and he was trying to show how he was going to predict what he needed in maybe odd years. He can't tell you what's in that .

7 million or 9 million. It's undefined. He needs our -- except for some continuation perhaps of some ongoing work now. But what he is predicting -- and here's the issue between BRG and myself and Saul' -- he, based on experience, says that they are going to come with user requirements which require this amount of moneys.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Sort of level of effort.

MR. GOSSICK: It's more than level of effort,
Mr. Kennedy; he's saying it's an increasing level of effort
based on, you know --

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Increasing level not yet defined.

MR. GOSSICK: Right, exactly.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: We both have got a couple of others of those.

MR. GOSSICK: It is a difficult area. I'm not sure that OMB did us any great favor on that when they insisted that this be included in our charter, our Energy Reorganization Act.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Let' see. We decided what to do on safeguards and I think that's fair enough.

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The root question with regard to the environmental decision unit and the fuel cycle safety and environment decision unit is, do you want to stay at Lee's mark which is also the BRG mark --

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Which is essentially level 1.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Or ' you want to cut down?

I don't know. I find it hard to make a judgment.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Remember, in level 1, the presumption is that if you cut down, you cut out. Level 1 is supposedly the number below which you can't go without just canceling the project.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I tend to vote with the Budget
Review Group just because I don't want to have to investigate
this as thoroughly as I hope they did.

Okay.

MR. BARRY: Let's see. On power plant and environmental, we stay at 4.5 million.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: That would stay at 4.5, about which there wasn't any disagreement.

MR. BARRY: Fuel cycle, we hold it at 9.1 instead of the 11.

And safeguards, we hold it at 6.650. COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: 6.150.

MR. GOSSICK: You were out of the room when we lost

that.

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MR. BARRY: Was there a disputed item that you cut

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: No, we just dropped back to level 1 and then added a little lubrication. So whatever they had in level 1, do that, and he's got that in change.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: We've not dealt with risk assessment vet.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: They weren't complaining about the program support dollars at risk assessment and I am assuming that we take a cheerful latitude for that activity and, on the other hand, I wouldn't force more money on them than they --

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: That they asked for.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: -- than they agreed to. They asked for 3.6 and Lee put 3.4 and that's hardly worth their arguing about. So I would say it's no use to give them more than that. So that is plus zero equals 3.4 million dollars.

Working back up the people's side.

Let's start at risk assessment. I want to start at the bottom because that's the big chunk and that's, I think, where the central discussion comes.

> COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: This is risk assessment? CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Yes.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY. Are we going to get up to

LOFT, too?

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Yes. Be there in a minute. 1 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Because I have a question. CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: He's asking for a 10-man incre-3 ment to underlie the option 3 attack on the Rasmussen thing. 4 It's not clear to me -- and that would constitute essentially 5 the whole block of manpower which go into refurbishing of the WASH-1400 enterprise a couple of years later. 7 It may be a little large. Maybe it could come in 8 two chunks. By this time ext year, we'd all be smarter, 9 hopefully, at least wiser. More experienced. 10 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I think it could come in 11 two chunks. 12 The other part is, I wouldn't want to be buying 13 into plans on how to deal with Rasmussen II. 14 15 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Yes, "I" is worth a little more consideration. 16 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: And, you know, I don't even 17 want to decide we are done over there. You might want to do 18 it the same way that Rasmussen I was done. There are a lot of 19 aspects to this. 20 CHAIRMAN HENDRIL 123. But even if you do it that 21 way, Vic, you're going to end up taking 5-10 people out of this 22 branch.

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CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: And giving them to whoever --

MR. GILINSKY: Oh, yes, right.

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You might as well start putting them in there.
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                            CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I think it's a highly worthwhile
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                enterprise, and I suggest about plus 5 -- let's see, let's go-
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                back and review the bidding on this one.
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                            COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I think he had plus 8,
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                didn't he?
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                           CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: He wanted 9, and today it looked
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                like 10.
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                           MR. GOSSICK: His initial submittal, you know, he
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                wanted --
                           CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I think it's a campaign to keep
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                us from calling it back; he raises the ante by one each time
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                he comes. I have the feeling it's a tax for being called back.
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                            MR. BARRY: Where do you end up?
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                            CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Well, let me review the bidding.
                            MR. BARRY: You gave him 3 for that purpose.
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                            CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: His present strength, including
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                 the overhead addition, which turns out to be about 6 people,
                 is 19.
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                            The '78 level is 21, of which -- the EDO mark is
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                 24, which made against an original request by Saul of 26.
           22
                            Okay?
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                            That is plus 5 from '78. Subsequently he thought
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                 more about it and decided, say, how about 4 or 5 more than that.
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COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Right, right, yes.

I would suggest the plus 5. I think it's an area, a methodology that could usefully grow and this puts a little growth into it and still doesn't commit you to that block of 10. MR. GOSSICK: This morning heasked for 28 in '79. 5 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: That's very confusing. MP. GOSSICK: If you give him 5 on top of my 24, you're giving him one more than he's asked for. 3 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: No, you meant to give him 5 from the '78. 10 MR. GOSSICK: Oh, '78 number. COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Which is 21. 12 MR. GOSSICK: Which gives him 26. 13 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: We give him 2 more than the 14 15 EDO mark. CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Right. 16 MR. BARRY: What is the basis of our justification 17 in front of OMB on this one? CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: That this is the wave of the 19 future and we need to keep building and that there is activity 20 in training --21 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Being the wave of the future, 22 this is just some investment in a surfboard. 23

MR. BARRY: We just lost one. Now, what's the next

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argument?

(Laughter.)

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: You are building the strength of the branch and some of these people, however we end up going forward to do the next cycle on the Rasmussen sort of method-ology, the examination of plants, or we carry it on to a fuel facility, or whatever, why these are people that are going to get thrown into the breach on that.

MR. BARRY: think one of the questions they'll ask, is what -- give me examples of some sort of payoff licensing process like all other research.

in dealing with the potential safety problems enumerated by individuals in response to an invitation are first-class examples and I think you ought to have that in hand, whoever talks to them, ought to have that in hand. And we need to begin to move this technology into the licensing branchs.

And it means that the probabilistic assessment branch will doing a training exercise and that they will have manpower tied up in training operations for some years to come as we muscle Ed Case to send bright guys over to pick up the trade.

MR. BARRY: I would think just basically our justification for risk assessment -- in our business, it would be pretty fundamental. But it's like anything else, as much as we have got a number now, we'll have to demonstrate why we need that number increased.

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COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Well, I think you can just say Rasmussen a couple of time. 2 3 (Laughter.) CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Say it 3 or 4 times. 4 MR. BARRY: All right. 5 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Now, is that going to be -- now, 6 I wonder is that going to be enough? 7 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: It's quite a few in risk 8 assessment, isn't it? CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: It's about a 50 percent growth 10 11 over his current branch strength, because there are about a half dozen, 6, 7, overhead people that you pull out. That 12 13 means the branch goes from 13 now to about 20 then. COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: A highly-specialized group. 14 15 What are the people under Steve doing? 16 MR. GOSSICK: It's an entirely different kind of 17 thing. They do statistical across the board for all of the offices? 18 19 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Who? MR. GOSSICK: Steven Hanauer, statistical. 20 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: How many of them are there? 21 MR. GOSSICK: 4, I think. 22 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: How necessary is that function? 23 MR. GOSSICK: Well, you know, I've asked that 24 25 question several times and we are prepared to give you all a

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rundown if we have time.

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Actually, they could do a lot more. I mean, there's a lot more work that should be done than they could handle.

(Simultaneous discussion.)

MR. GOSSICK: Where else can I put it? We can break up the statisticians --

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: You've got PLA, you've got controller, and you've got MIPC. You've got all kinds of things.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Or they could be in one of the line offices certainly and work for everybody.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Like they do with safeguards and other things.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Roughly.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: All line offices do that almost every day.

MR. GOSSICK: There's a background on this. thing got set up under the old Commission and we brought a guy in and made a commitment to him he was going to be the number one statistician, you know, reporting directly to the -first, it was proposed to put him in licensing. Bill Kreigman (?) said no, he can't be there. You've got to have him somewhere where he's independent. So they talked about putting him and --

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Yes, I was all set to set up an office like that at one point.

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MR. GOSSICK: Anyway he ended up working for Hanauer.

And you've got it. It's a long story, but he can in other

places; he doesn't have to be there. You've seen some of the

work, some of the examples of the kind of stuff that is done.

They've actually got to turn work away. They can't handle all

the stuff the staff would like to do.

We put a litt' seed money in there, I think this year, to have these guys act as brokers to help the staff find where they can go and get help, the labs or some other source.

MR. BARRY: Perhaps when you gentlemen get together and talk about PLA, RPE, you can talk about this one also. It's a part of that.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Yes.

I'm at 26 in this crowd and I'm asking whether they need another man or two. What are people's opinions?

We thought 24; I think a couple wouldn't hurt.

Does anybody feel they would like to go up another 1 or 2.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: I would not go beyond the 26.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: He ought to accept that. I'm sure we will have a request for more people in the area for '80. But, okay. And if something turns up, some compelling reason why they ought in '79 to go above this strength, why we will have to look around --

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Sometime during this year, we ought to think this thing through to know exactly where this

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program is going. And in more definite terms, who is going to 1 do what parts of it than we know right now. 2 SAFER 3 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Okay, in the safer division, they would have to like 2 people in fuel cycle and 3 people in safeguards. Let me look and see what their level 1 is. I 5 sort of have the intuitive feeling that you are going to take --6 MR. BARRY: He corresponds to the increase in 7 dollars. 8 9 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I find it hard to support an 10 increase there; okay? EDO mark? 11 MR. BARRY: Stay with 13 in safeguards. 12 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Yes. 13 MR. BARRY: It's a level 1 and 1/10th. It's not 10 quite level 2. 15 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: That's fine. 16 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: And fuel cycle. 17 MR. BARRY: Again, that was associated with the increase in program support. 17 people to match 11 million. 18 19 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: The EDO says 15? 20 MR. BARRY: 15 to match the 9.1. COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: That's fine. 21 22 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I guess there are a lot 23 of little contractors. Sort of a man per million dollars. 24 MR. BARRY: That would -- I don't know that there Ace-Rederal Reporters, Inc.

are a lot of little contracts, but I suspicion there are.

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	COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: There is where they have got
	all those \$50,000 contracts for all those people all over the
	country, one at a time.
	CHAIR'AN HENDRIE: Environmental effects, plus zero.
	Okay. Hold at the 9.
	Okay, I'm packing my way up to the gas-cooled.
	Hold at 4.
	COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Probably at minimum, isn't it:
,	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Yes. Flat as a pancake.
10	The fast business is was there a complaint on
1	that? I guess there were requests for plus l's all the way
1:	up the line. I'd be inclined to hold at the 15 mark.
1:	COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: That represents an increase,
14	doesn't it?
1	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: No, a decrease. I think so.
14	MR. COOPER: It's a decrease of one.
47	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Yes, the decision unit shows a
18	Site safety, hold at 12.
19	I'm proceeding ahead. People holler if they
20	Primary system integrity.
2	COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: They have sort of twice
22	the usual ratio of men to dollars, don't they? Is there some
23	particular reason?
24 ers, Inc	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I imagine let's see is it
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COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: It's the reverse.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Compared to the fast reactors, that's correct, and I am sure when you get to hardware programs, why the money disappears at a high rate. When you're dealing in site safety, that will be a lot of seismic studies --

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: That's a lot of small projects.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: You get a soft contracts and you get a lot of management detail per dollar.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: It's about like safeguards.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Yes, the site safety --

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Systems integrity.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: In fact, it's about the same as the -- and on primary systems integrity, I guess, anybody?

There was a request for one more than the EDC mark,

which was sort of a -- plus zero for 11?

Objections?

(No response.)

Fuel behavior; are they going to need a guy to keep track of the Canadian, the extended Canadian operation?

MR. COOPER: You're talking in terms of a half a PBF man-year, and that combined with PBW, they can justify an additional man.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Okay. Is that okay?

MR. BARRY: Give them a total man-year here.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I guess so, yes. That would mean

plus 1 to 15 for this decision unit. Right?

Code development. I know that crowd in there, some of them are better than others, but -- I think they are doing all right.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: What do you suggest, leave it the way it is?

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Hold it at 11. That's a level of '78 and it's also the EDO mark. We did the same on the dollars.

LOFT, everybody seemed cheerful about. Plus zero

to 16.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: I'm not exactly sure why

LOFT is going to take 16 people in '79 when all the construction work in terms of all kinds of people tramping back and forth across the landscape over the past two years are behind us. Now, they're running well-designed, hopefully, well-integrated experimental programs. Why does it take a constant number of people?

MR. BARRY: I guess in part it is because we take over the operating responsibility. We literally have the operating responsibility.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: What does that mean, as a practical matter? The contractor is operating it. All it means is we are going to pay for it.

MR. BARRY: Put a guy on site out there.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: We've got two people out

ca-Federal Reporters, Inc. there now.

MR. GOSSICK: I would guess they'll argue that where we won't have as many people running back and forth on construction fabrication problems, that now we are going to start pumping data, hopefully, very shortly and viewing the results. Whether that's a valid argument, I don't know.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: On that point, I will defer to the Chairman.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I am inclined to go with the Budget Review Group and these aren't, in particular, aspects --BRG has had a long history of looking at this.

MR. BARRY: Steve looked into this one pretty hard.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I expect we would have had a holler from the BRG is there had been any opportunity to drop people.

On the LOFT decision unit, there is a \$2.6 million swing; now, those are for some refurbishing and repairs at the Idaho site which you think you can sell to ERDA or whomever they may be --

MR. GOSSICK: We have taken the view that it is not proper that we fund this; that we will do our damndest to get OMB to insist that ERDA put it in their budget. ERDA -whether they will voluntarily budget for it in light of many other similar kinds of problems and requests they have got from their --

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COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Well, as I indicated to you, one of the problems here is that it is LMFBR program in ERDA.

CHAI MAN HENDRIE: And they're not going to be very happy to see it continuing.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: It ought to be taken out of the LMFBR program of ERDA and put someplace else in the ERDA program.

MR. GOSSICK: Well, our intention is to work with the OMB people to make --

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Well, I think the approach that you need to take with the OMB is that these are pretty essential things. You know, we're not talking about refurbishing the officer's club or putting new mattresses in.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Things need to be done.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: It's liquid waste upgrading, for god's sakes, you know, we're going to have a low-level spill with trace contaminant. Fire protection. Roof repairs, for god's sake.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: This stuff has got to be done.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: So I think we take the view that it is essential and if OMB insists that it appear in our budget, why I guess then we ought to put it in and go forward and try to bear the burden with the Congress. But if they will put it in the ERDA budget in some appropriate place,

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we think that is probably -- since it continues to be their laboratory, a more appropriate affair.

MR. COOPER: But I can't shirk that by saying if they are not going to do it, we'll put it in; that's not -- but if they're not cooperative, if we hammer on OMB --

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I think we have to deal with OMB on the basis that this 2.6 million has got to go someplace. And it is quite clear to us where it ought to go, but if they think differently, then why -- then jack our request.

MR. COOPER: Meanwhile, we'll do all we can to work with ERDA to let them know how we see the funding.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: I can't understand why ERDA put all of the Idaho facility under the -- tacked it on the fast reactor business as a funding source.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Because they don't have -- they didn't have and still don't have, another division, which is sort of strong enough in staffing and competence to -- that is, they have got the fast reactor division and then they've got that collection of oddments. They don't have, you know, sort of a strong other reactor division which could say, yes, we will take that as an administrative chore, no problem at all, you know.

All of the manpower muscle is perhaps in other divisions. So ever though it's a novice with regard to subject matter, why there's a staff capability and they do like we do.

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Whether people can handle it, I think, as far as I know --
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                            Systems engineering. On people, they said if we
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                come with EBTF, you really have got to let us have one more guy
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                 to go with that. And I believe that was also your conclusion:
                 The Budget Review Group. You had said there was a man-year
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                 associated with this.
                            MR. COOPER: EDO set aside two people along with
             7
                 ours.
             8
                            CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: So systems engineering then goes
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                 plus 1. And becomes 23.
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                            MR. COOPER: So we have added 4 people on to the
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                 total, up from 166 to 170 people.
            12
                            MR. GOSSICK: We were showing 2 people on the
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                 slashed items in systems engineering. For all slashed items.
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                 We put one in the other place.
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                            CHAIPMAN HENDRIE: We put one under fuel behavior.
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                            COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: So now it's 9 ing to be 23?
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                            CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Yes. Systems er _neering would
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            19
                 be 23. And the total is --
                            COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: What were the other 2?
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                            CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Down in risk assessment.
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                            MR. COOPER: Risk assessment.
            22
                            COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Both of them?
            23
                            CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Yes.
            24
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                            The manpower total then becomes --
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MR. COOPER: 170.

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CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Then becomes 170. The dollar

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increment was how much?

MR. COOPER: \$14.800,000.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: 14.8, which gave a total --

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: \$161,770,600.

8

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: But that's a complete -- that's

the complete Research budget.

9

MR. BARRY: No, that's program support.

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CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: That's program support.

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MP. COOPER: We'll have to make the adjustment.

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CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: It seems to me that we had

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cleared the Office of Administration the other day. If nobody

has any further thoughts or reluctance about it --

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MR. GOSSICK: I think we might have a scheme to

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save about 10 spaces in the security areas we talked about.

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We've got a 3 or 4 slide briefing that we can show you to

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indicate how by phasing this over a longer period of time,

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we can probably do it with about half of the people that we

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21

are talking about.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: We were talking about 24.

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It was a 48-man increment.

23

MR. GOSSICK: Right.

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CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: You think you can do it at 38.

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MR. GOSSICK: Yes. In '79, we can reduce our

about. 2 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I move that we accept the offer 3 and not hear the briefing. If you give us the briefing, we are liable to decide we could get 10 more. COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Have you got copies of your 6 charts? Just let me have them. 7 MR. GOSSICK: Yes, we have copies of the charts. 8 Here's one. One thing that must be understood is that, I 9 think, as envisioned in the draft or in the proposed rule that 10 11 has to do with this clearance program, there's an 18-month period specified to have everybody's people cleared a.d so 12 forth. This would extend that --13 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: This would extend that, but 14 15 preclude the people. 16 MR. GOSSICK: To approximately four years. COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Four years? Four years from 17 18 m nths? 18 19 MR GOSSICK: Four years or three? WE CE: FIt would be heavily on the side of the 20 21 third year. I will take the 10 cut and not listen to the brief-22

requirement by 10 in the security area is what we are talking

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MR. BARRY: The reason you have to have 24 is

ing, but I want to make sure you understood what we were talk-

ing about here as far as impact is concerned.

1 because of the peak reached to do first iteration of 12,000 2 clearances. In order to manload it properly, in fact, what happens as a result of that, you can't get there -- (inaudible) --4 and then you have about a 2-year period where you need about 5 3 man-years until you reiterate again five years later. 6 If you go back into the manpower requirement and do 7 your initial classification in about 3 years, it works out 8 very nicely. You need a 10-man requirement per man forever. 9 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Is it three years or four 10 years? MR. BARRY: 11 MR. FERRY: It's three. 12 MR. BARRY: >It comes out a beautiful 10 man-year 13 requirement. 14 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Let's take it and move on. 15 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Splendid move on every 16 count. 17 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Take the money and run. 18 In the Executive Director's offices, we had 19 settled on everything except we gave, in Lee's side, Howard a 20 chance to come in and talk to us, and our side Jim Kelley a chance to come in. 22 What is your pleasure on these two things? 23 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I would be inclined to 24 leave them all except for the OGC where I just really don't

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understand fully --

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Well, the argument was that he's 1 2 got -- that he needs in '79, 2 additional authorized slots to 3 take --4 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Because he has 2 bodies there. 5 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: To take on to the regular roles 6 2 interns. Now, the other thing you do is to send those interns 7 away and get 2 new interns, is another way you keep the same 8 number of bodies, I believe. Is that correct? 9 MR. BARRY: I'm not sure --10 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Where would you put them? 11 I mean, would you let them -- would you fire them? 12 MR. BARRY: I can check this again. 13 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: People leave the office, 14 you know. Somebody else is leaving. 15 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: That's right. If there is 16 attrition. 17 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Or Howard is picking up a 18 few. 19 MR. BARRY: I checked with personnel the other day 20 on this and all the commitments you have out for OGC either 21 interns or full-fledged attorneys plus any attrition you have, 22 what is the government obligation in this office? They told 23 me 20. So I'm assuming what Jim has in mind is planning to

hire maybe a couple more interns in '78, which he'll have to

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cover in '79.

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COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Does that include the vacancies
 1
    for the General Counsel?
                COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Well, he's at 19 now.
               MR. COOPER: My understanding is yes.
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                COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I see. The General Counsil
 5
     is vacant, so there's 18, plus he's got 2 interns. So that
 6
 7
    would make 20.
                MR. COOPER: I think the way he presented it to you,
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     as I recall, is he has 18 plus one which is 19 with a vacancy.
10
     And the Chairman asked him what is the difference between the
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     19 and the 20, you're showin, me. And the answer was 1 intern
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     that we have on that we have to count on FY '78, which takes
13
     it up to 20.
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                MR. BARRY: But I think he's planning on hiring
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     another couple.
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                COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Hire someone to fill up
17
     that slot, one way or another.
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                MR. BARRY: Yes.
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                COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: You have 2 interns, that
20
     would make 22.
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                MR. BARRY: If he hires 2 more interns in '78.
                COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Well, if he converted the
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     2 interns to full employees, he would have 22.
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                MR. BARRY: They would come against his rolls in
     179.
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go to the personnel people, and say, all of the attrition that is going to occur this years in numbers must be retained as spaces against which these interns will be placed at the end of their current period. Then you come out even. No plus or minus 1 or 2 bodies. As it is, you wind up in the middle of the year suddenly faced with an enormous number of people.

So you come in with a budget increase in order to put them on the rolls. You have them physically on the premises.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Add one?

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: That sounds reasonable.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: All right.

MR. BARRY: I'll put the word out again, any more excond lieutenants, they have to be counted against a permane t position.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: They have to be counted against a permanent position the day they are hired. They have to be counted against an assumed permanent position that is going to occur within their present budget limit, not against some hypothetical limit which will be plus whatever they are.

MR. BARRY: All right.

CHAILMAN HENDRIE: Okay, that makes it up to 23.

Do you want to give Howard one?

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Yes, I'll give Howard one.

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CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Maintain parity. God knows what
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    will happen if we don't do that.
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               Plus one to 95.
               COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: I don't quite understand
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    why we have increased, or didn't the other day as we were
    talking about it, the ACRS by 3? I really didn't see anything
    in the presentation, however brilliant, thoroughly conceived,
    and presented, I didn't see anything in it at any rate that
8
    justified to me the increase of 3 people.
10
               CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: They're at 37 now. 37 for '78.
11
               MR. BARRY: Yes. sir.
12
               CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I'll tell you, let's take out
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    Howard's one and OGC's one from this and give Fraley one.
14
              COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: What reason did you have for
15
    doing that?
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              CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: None whatsoever but it sounded
    good, didn't it.
17
18
                It sounded like a low-cost proposition, right?
19
               (Laughter.)
20
               I don't know. It's hard to tell.
21
               COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Because they are going to
2.2
    get these 15 guys.
23
               CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Want to just say zero?
24
               Good. Let's say zerc.
25
                COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: That's right. They have 15,
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what do they call them?

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CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I don't know what they call them, but they better be people that come into headquarters and not people that hang around universities in Minnesota.

(Laughter.)

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: The EEO one, you know, we're piddling around with awful little numbers. We just have to do that, I quess.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Yes, that was that Spranik(?) thing. I have all kinds of --

MR. GOSSICK: That's another problem that I'd like to talk to you about. We may have a solution in the offing. I'll know in a day or two. He's currently considering the opportunity for another job. I'm going to have to move a space with him, which will reduce that number back to 4.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: By the way, on the ACRS, I spoke with staff people on the Hill and also with ACRS; neither of them had any idea what the size of the ACRS staff was.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Nobody on the Committee knows how bi . the staff is really. And the Chairman gets a look at it one afternoon before the budget goes in and things go by him so fast, he doesn't know what's being done.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: I must say every time I see it, I stop for a moment and think about it, too.

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CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Let's see, we allowed the -- we
            1
                ended up allowing the auditor 2; is that right?
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                           COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Right.
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                           CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: To go to 28. So that -- and we'
            4
                allowed Kelley one and took 3 away from Fraley so that it's
            5
                plus 3 for the Commission offices in toto; right.
            6
                           COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Right.
                           CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: And if I go to Lee's offices,
            8
                he got one in EDO, one for Howard, 4 in international programs --
            9
            10
                            COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: You know, we didn't look at
            11
                those. Does state programs really need 5?
            12
                         CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Not if they are going to become
            13
                statutory.
                           COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Let's let Congress tell how
            14
            15
                many it ought to be.
            16
                            (Laughter.)
            17
                            MR. GOSSICK: Plugged into this number were the
            18
                 spaces for the man in each region.
            19
                            MR. BARRY: These 5 are nothing but the regions.
           20
                            CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: So these offices come up plus
           21
                 11, true.
           22
                            MR. GOSSICK: Right.
            23
                            MR. COOPER: From what base?
            24
                            COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Except you know we put
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            25
                people out in the region.
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1	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: 78.
2	COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: The whole thing is in
3	some sense more efficient.
4	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: One for Shapar.
5	MR. BARRY: One for Shapar. In fact, it is 17.
6	Four for MIPC.
7	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I'm sorry, those turned up in
8	'78, didn't they?
9	COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: We have got 4
10	MR. BARRY: MRDS which is not going to be in the
11	supplemental.
12	COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Dropped down another 5, I
13	believe.
14	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: You are right.
15	COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I wonder if in the state
16	programs, if some of those bodies did not come out of head-
17	quarters?
18	Everybody hear that?
19	COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: I did. We said something
20	about that the other day. It's all a matter of relative
21	efficiencies.
22	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I'm sorry. You're right.
23	Since McDonald will not pick up four in '78.
24 , Inc.	COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: He picks them up in '79.
25	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: He picks them up in '79. That

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goes to plus 4. But that still gets me 15, not 16. Where do you get the other one?

MR. BARRY: Five in state, 4 in international, one

in Shapar, 4 for McDonald. One in EEO. One in the controller.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Where did that come from?

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: It's been there all the time.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Hang on, let me not do you -
MR. BARRY: And one in PLA.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Got you. I'll give you the controller one, I won't give the PLA one. All right. What happened was that there were --

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: What was it that we gave it to them for?

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: It was because his '78 total got trimmed to meet standards. It was a pay back.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Oh, that's right. As a matter of fact, something was borrowed from him, wasn't it? He's actually got the bodies.

MR. GEESTEX: No, he only has 16. But I have to confess now, that's exactly the same thing with me. I was zapped one. It's no difference between myself and PLA. It's the same in both cases. He lost an analyst. I lost a budget examiner.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I'm willing to put one back

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in the controller's shop, to 67, if you think you need the
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    people, but I am reluctant to put one in PLA.
                MR. GOSSICK: I won't fight for him. Take them
3
     both off. Sort of help everybody.
4
 5
                COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Good discipline.
                CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Plus zero for 66.
 6
 7
               MR. BARRY: Now, let's see what that adds up to;
     15.
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9
               MR. GOSSICK: I'll make a proposition of three on
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     the basis that the two people that we're putting out -- that's
11
     being done out of our hide anyway.
12
                COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Should be. Part of that
13
     ought to be. This was a pay back !-
14
                COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Cout that down to three.
15
                MR. BARRY: State programs go to 3 instead of 5.
16
                CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Let's see. Plus 3, that is 27
17
     in state programs. True?
18
                COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: No, 26. Excuse me, 27.
19
                CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: International programs. Do you
20
     leave that plus 4 or trim them?
21
                COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: They're doing licensing.
22
                MR. BARRY: The BRG would say just leave them along.
23
                CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Plus 4 for 28. Shapar, 95.
24
     McDonald at 55. EEO at 5. PNA comes down to 16, right?
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Controller, 66. EDO, 23. Delta's then are 13. True?

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COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Except for that NMSS thing, we have completed everything essentially. MR. BARRY: Yes, sir. CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: And we have a session tomorrow --closed session scheduled for tomorrow after the Brunswick exercise. (Whereupon, the meeting was closed at 5:05 p.m.)

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