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NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

POOR ORIGINAL

IN THE MATTER OF:

HOUSTON LIGHTING & POWER COMPANY

(Allens Crack Muclaar Generating Station, Unit 1)

SPECIAL PREHEARING CONFERENCE

Decket No. 50-466

Houston, Texas

Place - Thursday, 19 October 1979 1314 - 1520 Dete - Pages

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Telephone: 202) 347-3700

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0	4	In the matter of: :
	5	HOUSTON LIGHTING & POWER COMPANY : : Docket No. 50-466
	3	(Allens Creek Nuclear Generating :
		Station, Unit 1) :
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	-	"fanglewood Room,
	9	Holiday Inn, Medical Center,
	10	7601 So. Main Street, Houston, Texas.
	,0	POOR ORIGINAL Houston, Texas.
	11	Thursday, 18 October 1979
	12	Prehearing conference in the above-entitled
	13	matter was reconvened, pursuant to adjournment, at 9:30 a.m.
	14	BEFORE:
	. 15	SHELDON J. WOLFE, Esq., Chairman,
		atomic Safety and Licensing Board,
	16	
	17	GUSTAVE A. LINENBERGER, Member.
	1.	DR. E. LECNARD CHEATUM, Member.
	18	
		APPEARANCES :
	19	On behalf of Applicant, Houston Lighting & Power
	20	Company:
		J. GREGORY COPELAND, Esq.,
	21	Baker and Botts,
	22	One Shell Plaza,
		Houston, Texas 77002
	23	JACK NEWMAN, ESq.,
	24	ROBERT H. CULP, Esq.,
	24	Lowenstein, Newman, Reis, Axelrad & Toll,
-	25	1025 Connecticut Avenue, N.W., Washington, D. C. 20037.
		1218 002

wel 2 1	On behalf of the State of Texas:
2	RICHARD LOWERRE, Esq.,
3	Assistant Attorney General for the State of Texas,
	P.O. Box 12548,
4	Capitol Station, Austin, Texas 78711.
5	Austin, lexas /s/11.
	On behalf of the Regulatory Staff:
6	STEPHEN M. SOHINKI, Esq.,
7	COLLEEN 2. WOODHEAD, 389.,
8	Office of Executive Legal Director,
3	United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, D. C. 20555.
9	
10	On behalf of Texas Public Interest Research Group (PIRG)
11	JAMES SCOTT, Jr., Esq., E302 Albacore,
12	Houston, Texas 77074
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A visb/agbl 1 PROLEDINGS 2 CHAIRM' WOLFE: The conference is again in 3 session. 4 Mr. Doh rty. 5 MR. DONE TY: I have a small item I just want to S get on. 7 Yesterday on Contention Number 35, Mr. Newman 3 asked that I give him additional material on that, plus the citation. And I have that this morning. 9 10 It's Volume 1, Number 10 of NURIG 0030. And I can just hand it over to hir. 11 (Handing document to Mr. Newman.) 12 Thank you, Mr. Wolfe. 13 CHAIRIAN WOLFE: Mr. Sohinki. 14 MR. SOHINKI: I just wanted to mention for the 15 record, Mr. Chairman, that I have just handed to the Board 15 prior to begin og this morning's session copies of a letter 17 dated October 10, 1979 which has been served on all the parties 18 to this proceeding, as well as all parties in all pending 19 construction permit proceedings. The subject of the letter 20 is Follow-up Actions Resulting from MRC Staff Reviews Re-21 garding the Three Mile Island Unit 2 accident. 22 I wanted to mention for the record that we do 23 24 have a very limited number of additional copies of that letter 25 should any of the petitioners wish to have a copy. 1218 004

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CHAIRMAN WOLFD: Off the record. (Discussion off the record.) CHAIRMAN WOLFD: On the record.

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We have been advised that, and it is our understanding, that left for oral argument on their contentions, or remaining contentions, are Mr. Scott for TexPIRG and Mr. Schuessler.

⁸ We also, to our knowledge, understand that
⁹ Mr. Doggett will return sometime this afternoon and fill us
¹⁰ in on the balance of his oral argument with relationship to
¹¹ the individuals who he is representing.

Is there anyone in the audience who is a
petitioner for leave to intervene who wishes to make or
argument in rebuttal to the Staff's and the Applicant's
objections to his or mer contention.

15 MR. VAN SLYKE: My name is Glen Van Slyke,
17 I'm a petitioner. And following Mr. Schuessler's presentation
18 I would like to briefly make oral argument in rebuttal to
19 the Staff and Applicant's responses to my petition.

CHAIRMAN WOLFF: All right. Thank you. Mr. Doherty.

MR. DOHERTY: Yesterday Mr. Perez was here at 5:00 and indicated to me that he was ready pretty much, but we were excused for supper and so forth. I'm certain he wants to present, in terms of the numbers you have left

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-- he's left. He is not here, but I expect him here today. His name is Perez, P-e-r-e-t.

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Yes. Thank you, Mr. Doherty. Mc. DOHERTY: He has a single contention. CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Thank you. I know this is voluntary on your part but I wish, when people come forward, that that would also notify the Board at that time of their presence. We're trying to schedule these oral arguments.

All right.

So we have also Mr. Van Slyke and Mr. Perez. Does anyone have any knowledge of the other petitioners for leave to intervene who have not appeared and have indicated informally to someone other than the Board that they do wish to present an oral argument?

(No response.)

16 CHAIRMAN WOLFE: There being no response, I 17 take it none have so advised anyone informally to that effect. 18 All right. So that we goan get this scheduling 19 down, the gentleman before me now is Mr. Schuessler. Is 20 that correct?

21 Have you made some sort of an arrangement with 22 Mr. Scott that Mr. Schuessler may present his oral argument 23 first?

> This is all right, Mr. Scott? MR. SCOTT: Yes, it is.

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		Contraint Contra
wrb/agb4	1	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: All right.
0	2	All right, Mr. Schuessler. If you were unaware,
	3	I will make you aware of the ground rules for your presentation,
0.	4	sir.
	5	We would appreciate it if you would give just a
	6	summary statement, possibly one sentence if possible, to in
	7	summary form indicate the thrust of each of your contentions.
	8	That is more or less to advise the audience of the contents
	9	of your respective contentions. Thereafter you should direct
	10	your oral argument to rebutting the objections by Staff
	11	and/or Applicant to your respective contentions. This will
	12	be of great assistance to the Board.
•	13	All right. Your full name again, Mr. Schuessler,
	14	for the record?
	15	MR. SCHULSSLER: My full name is Villiam J.
	15	Schuessler, and I will do my best to do as you've asked, sir.
	17	I do feel a little like a fish out of water, it's not quite
	18	my thing, I'm rather nervous and I'm not used to public
•	19	appearances. I'm neither an engineer nor an attorney. So
	20	1'11 do the best I can.
	21	My approach to this thing may seem a little
	22	unorthodox, I think, to these people and to the Board because
	23	I didn't realize actually as a layman just how technical and
	24	complicated and you know, I've learned a lot in just
•		같이 2013년 1월 2017년 1월 1월 2017년 1월 2
	25	observing this thing this week. And I've come to think that

1 perhaps I'm approaching this from a little different point mb/agb5 2 of view. 3 I'm doing as I think the rules and regulations 4 I'm somewhat taken aback by the response from the state. 5 Staff here in qualifying these rules. As I read them, any 6 persons whose interests may be affected -- and : abridge 7 somewhat -- by the proceeding and who desires to participate S as a party shall file a written petitior ." 9 I did that. 10 Then, in order to comply with the rules after 11 I got this from the MRC here, it says that: 12 "It shall be considered the nature of 13 the petitioner's right under the act to be made 12 a party to the proceeding, the nature and extent of the petitioner's property, financial and other 15 16 interest in the proceeding, possible effect of any 17 order which may be entered into the proceeding on a petitioner's interest. 16 19 I took those at very superficial perhaps face 20 value, thinking that I would be here to protect my interests to that extent. 21 Then I find that there were some special rules 22 or something here that came into play that seemed to change 20 the ballgame on me. i k CHAIRINN WOLFE. Mr. Schuessler, let me advise 25

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you so that you don't go to any great extent on that point. The Board has no problem with your interest and/or standing, so what we're asking you to do today is to present oral argument on your contentions.

5 MR. SCHUESSLER: the only point I was trying to 6 get at, sir, was that I've learned since then that these things have to be related to environment and safety. The safety, I can see, applies to me, you know, my safety. But the environment may be interpreted a little differently. Anyway, I'll get into them.

11 The Applicant responds to a number of my 12 petitions, one, two, three, four, five and eight, in one 13 paragraph, I think. The Staff addresses them individually.

14 As far as the Applicant's response is concerned, 15 they state that they consider them vague, unsupported 16 assertions. And to that, all I can say is that's a rather general dismissal of them. 17

18 They may be very vague in context of the practical 19 aspects to the engineer or the attorney. From my point of view, I don't think they're the least bit vague, they have 20 set out my interests in the construction of Allens Creek 21 22 and how they affect those interests, I think.

Now to get into the Staff's ---

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Well let me interrupt there, Mr. Schuessler. Our Rules of Practice do require you to set

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1 our your contentions -- setting forth the bases for your con-2 tention with reasonable specificity. Now if you're satisfied 3 that you have get forth each and every one of your contentions 4 with reasonable specificity, why that's that. But we would 5 advise you that you do have t set forth bases.

6 Now if that's the objection of Staff or of 7 Applicant, the Board will have to obviously consider whether 8 you've complied with that rule.

3 Now we are here to hear your oral argument. If you're satisfied that you can do no better, than we'll 10 just have to consider each and every one of your contentions 11 as to whether you have set for h bases in support of your 12 contentions with reasonable specificity. 13

I am just advising you now. You can proceed 14 to provide additional bases or if you are satisfied that 15 you've done the best you can, why that's up to you. 16

MR. SCHUESSLED. That's what I was going to try 17 to do. But it seemed a little difficult to address them 18 individually, since they were responded to by the Applicant 19 in a group. 20

The Staff, as I said, addresses them individually 21 and I think we'll get at them through the Staff's objections. 27 MR. LINFNBERGER: Mr. Schuessler, in an attempt 23 to further assist you in organizing your thoughts here, the 24 term basis or bases may have a questionable meaning in the

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1 minds of some people. And to ease your burden he a, the thing 2 we're interested in is not that you support the facts of any 3 of your allegations, we're not asking you to prove why what 4 you have alleged is true but only to support way it is reason-5 able that the issue you have raised should be heard in a 6 proceeding such as this. So you don't have the burden today 7 of justifying the allegation that you made in each contention, 8 but only why you think it ought to be considered. 9 MR. SCHUESSLER: All right, sir. 10 MR. COPELAND: Before he proceeds, Mr. Chairman, 11 I think in fairness to Mr. Schuessler that I ought to tell him 12 that I think he may have not gone far enough in understanding 13 our objection. 14 Our objection to all of your contentions, sir, 15 was that it appeared to us that you were dissatisfied with 16 the Commission's regulations. I know this is very difficult, Mr. Schuessler, and I can appreciate your difficulty, sir. 17 18 But we have evaluated the effects of releases 19 on people like yourself, sir, who would be living near the 20 plant. And both w and the Staff have determined that those 21 releases would not harm you in any way, sir, and that we are 22 within the Commission's guidelines and regulations. 23 And we, sir, construe your contentions as being a challenge to the Commission's regulations. And without 24 25 some basis for that challenge, some reason to challenge those

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regulations, that is our problem, sir.

Now I wanted to stop you before you got too far into your argument so you were sure that you knew what we were saying.

MR. SCHUESSLER: We haven't gotten far along. I've tried to add. myself further along here, I've done some preparation. I think I get more specific --- I think partly what I'm trying to say is these contentions are not good contentions as stated. This came largely, or solely really due to my ignorance of what was really required here.

If we proceed -- I don't want to take any more time than necessary, and I do have preparation to go into the contentions and objections more specifically here. I'm just trying to lay a little groundwork, so to speak, so we are in -- so that we understand one another.

16 CHAIRMAN WOLFE: All right, Mr. Schuessler,
17 go ahead.

MR. SCHUESSLER: But as I say, a careful reading
 of the contentions, I feel, does in fact relate to the environ mental impact, my environment, in other words, that might
 result fro the construction of Allens Creek.

And this is precisely what would reduce the value of my home and my property in the eyes of a prospective buyer. In the first contention, that's one of the things that I state, I forgot to give a summary there.

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Number one, I was trying to address the problem 2 that I see as Allens Creek would affect the value of my 3 property. My feeling is, despite all of the work that the 4 Applicant and the Staff and the surveys and things that have 5 taken place, my contention simply boils down to the likelihood 5 that should I attempt to sell my property, my home, or rent it, 7 that the proximity of this plant would be . factor. If I were in the position of buying that house today, knowing that 8 plant were going on-line, I'd give it serious consideration. 9 CHAIRMAN WOLFE: We unders and your contention 10

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MR. SCHUSSLER: The basis would be solely, I 12 think -- my sources which are almost 100 percent what I read in the newspaper -- that is the trend. The basis would be the safety record of nuclear energy, the near-misses, the events that have occurred despite the best efforts of the technical people to build these plants safety.

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CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Now would you addres	s the
objections of applicant or staff to that contenti	.on?
MR. SCHUESSLER: Yes, sir.	
I have learned that the rule is, alth	ough it is
not covered in the regulas rules here, that these	things have
to be related to environment. I would say, fir,	that this
is related to my environment. I consider my home	my
environment.	
Indeed, checking the dictionary, I fi	nd the
distionery too defines "heme" as . The family	

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dictionary, too, defines "home" as: The family environment 10 to which one is emotionally attached; the normal environment." 11 That's from Webster's Third New International Dictionary 12 published in 1965. 13

And any damage to my home, despite the -- Again I am lod to fear from the history of the nuclear energy industry that an accident will occur. They seem to be occurring daily.

That's the basis for my feeling on that, on that 18 contention there, sir. 19

On Contention No. 2, this has to do with 20 weather activity bringing radiation to my home.

The staff does not deny that radiation from the plant would reach my home in minutes. From the use of the words "resulting from operation of the facility" I would understand the staff assumes that my contention concerns

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itself with normal radiation emissions only. The words used in the contention, "any radioactive material," are meant to include all possible radioactivity emissions, including those not necessarily resulting from operation of the facility but would include those ranging from trivial incidents to serious loss of cooling accidents.

I feel the staff is considering the normal emissions. My fear is not that so much as the accident, the unplanned.

The staff is correct in observing that I have not reviewed the supplement to the SER prepared for this application. I did not have one. I think I did finally receive one this morning. So there was no way I could have reviewed this. Again I apologize for working from a complete state of ignorance here. But there's nothing I can do about it.

I was unable to get some-- I think I had my wife call and request those, and I was informed they were at the library; which seemed reasonable at the time. But, speaking of time. I just don't have time to get to the library.

So I must accept the statement that meteorological and specifically the worst meteorological conditions nave been accounted for in calculating doses resulting from operation of the proposed facility. But this does not address the primary element of my contention, which is the worst possible radioactivity conditions, which would very likely be

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quickly brought to my home and environs by even normal meteorological conditions.

The distinction that I'm trying to make here is that, if I understand the language of the stiff in their response they tell me that the worst possible meteorological conditions have been surveyed and considered. And it is not the worst possible meteorological conditions I'm concerned with; my concern is with the worst possible radiation conditions.

10 On Contentions 3, 4 and 5, these generally are 11 concerned with the release of radioactive material, No. 3. 12 No. 4, these releases of radicactive material possibly denying 13 me the use of my property, and possible health damage from 14 such radiation.

Again, my sole basis is not a technical one; my oasis is what I know through the media of that can happen.

In looking upon the history of the nuclear industry, a relatively young one. I have just had the growing feeling that one of these really catastrophic things is just in the wings waiting to happen, we don't know where. My fear is that it could be at Allens Creek.

If that did occur and the winds were right -- or wrong -- I would stand to lose everything I own. These are my personal financial interests.

The staff correctly notes that I have not

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challenged its analysis of a spectrum of accidents which are contained in Section 7 of the FES, November 1974 and the FES Supplement, Section S.7. And, again, I did not have these volumes, so I'm not in a position to have challenged them directly.

The staff's conclusion is: "The environmental risks due to the postulated radiological accidents are exceedingly small." If "environmental risks" means risking my home and environs, then I consider that an unacceptable risk.

Any risk mut be balanced any possible gain, I believe. I see no possible gain to balance against the possible loss of my home or my environment.

The staff also refers to a Class IX accident. Again I have to confess my ignorance. That's a term I was not at all familiar with.

MR. SOHINKI: Mr. Schuessler, I just wanted to make you aware that the term "Class IX accident" is a term of art. But I think, if I understand you correctly, that it is what you were referring to as a catastrophic accident.

MR. SCHUESSLER: I've come to that conclusion; yes, sir; that a Class IX, I guess-- Is that on a scale of 10, perhaps?

> MR. SOHINKI: No, that's on a scale of 9. MR. SCHUESSLER: Ckay.

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At any rate, the staff refers to a Class IX accident in its response to Bishop Contention No. 1. That 2 response seemed to say that the Commission has adopted a policy which requires "special circumstances" before considering the question of a Class IX accident, which I assume would be an accident of the most serious sort.

A review of the history, as I've said already, of nuclear energy will show very frequent accidents, most parhaps of a less serious nature, but enough potentially very serious types, which indicates to me that a serious accident may be just waiting to occur.

Commission rules limit my involvement here to my 12 specific interests. Again, I'm troubled, you might say, 13 because so often in going into these things I find my way 1.1 blocked by rules, special rules that seem to -- I'm sure 15 they're not necessarily intended for that purpose, but they 16 do accomplish to cut off what seem to be obvious routes to 17 problems; you know. 18

So the term "special circumstances" troubles me. 19 I have tried to prepare some things here and I 20 will try to stick with them without digressing. 2

Commission rules limit my involvement here only to my specific interests. Your rules seem designed to deny me a fair opportunity to protect those interests as best I can.

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WRB/W	rb6 1	Again, in the staff response to Contention 5 I
	2	have apparently failed to show the existence of special
J	3	circumstance in order to challenge Commission regulations.
)	4	My concern is solely what effect Allens Creek will have only
	5	on my home.
	5	(Pause)
	7	I'm having trouble even reading my own writing
	8	here.
	9	(Pause)
	10	MR. SCHINKI: Mr. Schuessler, you did receive a
	11	copy of the rules of practice which we sent you, did you not,
	12	sir?
	13	MR. SCHUESSLER: This here? (Indicating)
	14	MR. SOHINKI: Yes.
	15	MR. SCHUESSLER: Yes.
	16	MR. SOHINKI: I think if you will check under
	17	Section 2.758 the term "special circumstances" as we used it
	18	in response to Contention 5 is explained.
	19	MR. SCHUESSLER: 2.758? I will do that. Not at
	20	the moment.
	21	Thank you, sir.
	22	Now, Contention 6 is also similar to Contention 14,
	23	and it involves the impossibility of the evacuation of the
	24	population in the event of a Class IX accident, I guess.
	25	The applicant refers to two false premises: No. 1,
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that all emergency plans must be in place prior to issuance of a construction permit, and, Two, that evacuation of Houston is required by existing or proposed emergency plans.

I know we have rules and we have regulations, and these things must be governed here.--I mean they must be used to govern. You simply can't do things without knowing where you're trying get to.

8 But I am concerned very often in listening to 9 these proceedings, and, just in general -- I get the impres-10 sion today that so many people are concerned not with really 11 getting a job done but meraly to get past the rules. And 12 that's what I've come to think of as this thing here. The 13 rules are there for a purpose, it seems to me. And the basic 14 purpose of doing this job right seems to be lost in ust trying to meet the rules and get past them. 13

And, again, the basis for that would be the media, my sole source of expertise.

What really got my attention to this and got my dander up, so to speak, was an article in the Houston Post which appeared on August 19th of this year. The Post addressed itself to the problem that exists in this area, in Houston I guess the fastest growing city in the country from what I hear and read, of evacuation. And Houston simply does not have one.

The problem that's posed in the story here was

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that of the dropping of a nuclear bomb. But evacuation for a hurricane or a nuclear plant disaster nearby, I think the problem would not be a whole lot different.

But very briefly -- I sure don't intend to read all of this -- but the big thing here is the top headline which reads: "Evacuation? Porget it, say City and County." There are a couple of gentlemen quoted in here as saying We have evacuation every day. It's called rush hour and it just doesn't work, it's terrible.

10 So again without taking any more time from the 11 proceedings than is warranted on this, this is really I think my basis for my contention that, regardless of the rules, f 12 13 feel whether these things are in place either before the issuing of a construction permit or an operating permit, this 14 story here seems to tell me in either case that this cannot 15 be accomplished, it's just virtually impossible to move the 16 population of this community to safety if the need occurred. 17

I can see the situation where, if an accident happened in the wee hours of the morning when I'm at home sleeping, there's no way in the world I would even be notified of a serious need to get the heck out of there.

MR. COPELAND: Mr. Schuessler, sir, you live near the plant, is that correct? You don't live in Houston?

> MR. SCHUESSLER: I live in Southwest Houston. But enough of that. That's the basis for my

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Even the local conditions -- in Contention 14, which is a similar contention, I go into it a little more specifically -- by the time I wrote that I had become a little more knowledgeable of these things and tried to get a little bit more specific. And I think it was generally after this thing here -- fortified my original fears.

8 MR. LINENBERGER: A point of interest here. 9 Mr. Schuessler. You indicated that if something were to 10 occur during the nighttime, your sleeping hours, there would 11 be no way you could know it would happen.

It just makes me inquire, irrespective of this
plant, is there - so far as you know, is there a Civil
Defense warning system in your area that sour is off if --

MR. SCHUESSLER: No, sir, I think there's a
siren on the County Building downtown is the only thing that
I know of that goes off at noon, if it still does, I know
it did at one time.

MR. LINENBERGER: But nothing that you in your neighborhood --

MR. SCHUESSLER: No, sir, that's what concerns me. If it occurs in the night, you're not listening to the radio or television, there is no way they could inform virtually the entire population for the need to get up and leave.

		POOR ORIGINAL 1335
wrb/agb3	1	MR. LINEIBERGER: Thank you.
	2	MR. SCHUESSLER: 'And in that regard the media,
C .	3	television, the newspapers, too, have recently done things.
0	4	The concern here on that incidentally does not
-	5	relate to the nuclear danger, but you ge clemen are not from
	6	this area, the hurricanes are what are really the concern here
	7	in that respect.
	8	But just in the last few days one of the TV
	9	channels did a thing on this very subject, and Civil Defense
	10	seems to be in something of a shambles in this respect.
	11	The problem is that there seems to be physically
	12	no way to go with the Gulf on one side and, in this case, the
	13	plant on the other, you're just caught right in the middle.
•	:4	So that's the basis for my concern there.
	15	In the same regard, and a more recent thing here
	16	if I may present this, in the Post of July 28 there's a little
	17	article, "Emergency Planning for N Accidents Hit":
	18	"Emergency planning for coping with
	19	nuclear accidents is chaotic and inadequate at
	20	all levels, despite lessons learned from the
	21	Three Mile Island accident a new Congressional
	22	report concludes."
	:3	I think that's doubly appropriate here.
	14	This is out of the Post of October 16. This is
•	25	a quote on the President's Special Committee or something
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investigating Three Mile Island. Member Merritt, one of 12 members named to the commission said:

"The Commission will suggest that a law be enacted requiring detailed evacuation plans for the area around nuclear power plants."

She said:

"The commission will propose changes in the Federal Nuclear Regulatory Commission to make more safety conscious -- to make it more salty conscious.

"The report of the commission, led by....," well, then it goes on.

13 The significance of that is it would seem to me 14 then if this does occur that if requirements are passed and 15 made necessary in order to build a plant, taking the situation 16 that really exists right here, I doubt that the building of 17 the plant could even meet these standards simply becauce it 18 seems to be an unsolvable problem.

Again in regard to Contention 6 and the related Again in regard to Contention 6 and the related the Staff recommends rejection of this contention for reasons discussed in response to Doggett Contention 5 which, in turn, refers to the reasons discussed in Bishop Contention 1.

Accordingly and in the interest of time, I would like to refer the Commission to the appropriate arguments

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of both Doggett and Bishop to support this contention, if I may. I think you would find it useful.

Contention Number 7 is in regard to radiation exposure from waste storage. The Staff correctly recognizes my concern over the fact that no solution has been found for the sericus problem of nuclear waste disposal.

I must point out, however, that my contention clearly and specifically addresses the problem of long-term storage of radioactive waste on the Allens Creek site. This contention considers the nazards related to the storage and possible transport of radioactive waste at this facility and how it may affect my interests.

Again I've learned during the course of trying to become an Intervenor here that the question of disposal of nuclear waste is kind of out of bounds, that we cannot discuss that. It's a side point, I'm not sure -- I do disagree with that.

But this contention really has nothing directly to do with the disposal of waste, it comes from the fact that there is no solution to that problem, consequently this waste will be stored and must be stored either on the site or nearby.

And it's reasonable for the layman to conclude that, since there is such a hassle at the present time over what to do with this, where to put it -- and more and more

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states and localities are rejecting the storage of nuclear waste -- so obviously it's a very hazardous thing to have around.

And if this plant is built and produces this and it's got to stay there, then it seems to me that this is something that's going to concern me. The only answer to that, of course, would be to postpone the building of this plant until some resolution is made to that problem.

3 MR: LINENBERGER: Wall if it's of any assistance 10 to you, sir, let me assure you that the subject of the safety 11 of the storage of spent fuel at the Allens Creek site is not an 12 out-of-bounds subject. The only part that's out of bounds 13 has to do with long-term storage somewhere else. That is 14 being dealt with separately and does not come under our 15 jurisdiction. But the safety of spent fuel stored at Allens 15 Creek is a fair topic of concern and consideration in this 17 proceeding.

18 MR. COPELAND: Dr. Linenberger, I was going to say 19 in advance of what you just said, sir, that we construed this 20 contention as being telated to either disposal or long-term 21 storage. Both we and the Staff referred back to our responses 22 on Ms. Carrick's contention as being an answer to this contention 23 as well.

And I think that Mr. Schuessler would be well advised to know that we have addressed it in both parts, and

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wrb/agb7	1 2	that if he wishes to address our arguments, he should do so at this time. POOR ORIGINAL
	3	MR. SCHUESSLER: Well I must confess I did not go
0	4	clear back into Carrick's the reference there, as I recall,
	5	what grabbed me here was the Staff response says:
	6	"Like several other petitioners,
	7	Mr. Cchuessler is concerned that there has not
	8	been yet found a satisfactory solution to the
	9	problem of long-term waste disposal."
	10	That's the only point I was trying to make here,
	11	that this was not concerned with that, that my concern was
	12	with storage at Allens Creek.
· · · ·	13	The Applicant, in regard to Contention 7, states
	4	that I seek to raise a question of disposal of high-level
1	15	radioactive waste. Again, I apologize if that is qualified
1	16	by the
i	7	MR. COPELAND: Sir, maybe you could just state
1	8	then what your contention is and refer it back to our responses
1	9	to Ms. Carrick, if you wish. How would you address the same
2	0	points we made in response to
2	1	MR. SCHUESSLER: Well the point is I felt that
2.	2	to leave that go unanswered the feeling again, to quote
2:	3	from the Applicant's thing:
2	4	"Contention 7 sucks to raise the
25	5	question of disposal of high-level radioactive
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Again by this time I'm aware that the question of radioactive waste is not relevant to this hearing. And again I wanted simply to make the point that this contention has to do with storage a the site, sir.

MR. COPELAND: Sir, let me just make it very 7 clear what I'm saying, because I know it's difficult and I 8 know it's hard to follow.

9 Your contention as it's written says that you're 10 concerned with radioactive waste disporal, and you even talk 11 about transportation of the waste to some other site. Now I think it is a fair characterization for us to have construed 12 your contention that way. I'm not trying to cut you off, 13 however, from saying that you're concerned with long-term 14 disposal on-site -- long-term storage on-site. 15

But I would point out to you, sir, that in our 16 answer we referred you back to our answer to Ms. Carrick 17 who had raised the question in both ways. 19

And I'm saying to you, sir, if you wish to change 19 your contention now to a contention that is one of challenging 20 the analysis on the long-term storage at the site, then I 21 think it is best for you to be put on notice that that question 22 has been analyzed quite extensively in the Staff's documents, 23 as we pointed out in response to Ms. Carrick. And if you feel 24 there is some defect in that analysis, I think it is encumbent 25

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	2	MR. SCHUESSLER: Well again I did not have the
0	3	analysis to go over, and I confess that I really cannot
0	4	challenge it.
	5	If I can take just a moment to read exactly what
	G	I wrote here, I know my concern, as I, say, was not with
	7	the overall problem DOOD ODIDINIAL
	8	(Pause.) POOR ORIGINAL
	9	Okay. Suffice to say, I agree with you, sir,
	10	the way this is written, it is not what I intended. My
	15	intent was to address the storage of on-site waste.
	12	MR. SOHINKI: Mr. Chairman, I don't know whether
	13	the Board wishes me to do it, but I could make a very brief
	14	response, to the extent we haven't already addressed that
	15	particular concern I could make a very brief response to it.
	16	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: A brief response to what, now.
	17	MR. SOHINKI: Well to the extent that Mr. Schuessler
	18	has expressed a concern that we haven't already addressed, and
	19	I'm not sure that he has, but if he's concerned about on-site
	20	storage, I have a very brief response that I could make with
	21	regard to analysis that's been done on on-site storage which
	22	he may not be familiar with.
	23	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: All right.
	24	MR. SCHINKI: For purposes of analyzing the
	25	effects of normal operation in terms of normal operation
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of the spent fuel pool, Mr. Schuessler, in Section 5 of the FES and FES Supplement we analyzed the doses resulting from operation of the facility and compared those to the criteria in 10 CFR Part 50 Appendix T, which sets forth dose limits which are permissible under the Commission's regulations. Those dose calculations include doses from spent fuel pool operations.

⁸ In terms of accidents, in Section 7 of both the ⁹ FES and the FES Supplement, a fuel handling accident was also analyzed in terms of radiological impact.

So that the Staff has analyzed both normal operating releases and accidental releases from the spent fuel pool.

MR. SCHUESSLER: "I'll have to read that to really understand it. But thank you.

At any rate, my privary concern was that Contention Number 7 might very well be dismissed as being out of bounds in addressing the waste issue only which it was not intended to be, but I will admit that the way it's written that certainly could be understood to be.

Contention Number 8 regards radiation exposure at low levels. The Staff states that I contend that any release of radioactivity is unacceptable because of the possibility of cell injury -- the possibility of cell injury -- and genetic defects.

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The contention refers only to possible release of radicactivity, not possible cell damage. I learned this week that these apparently minor differences seem to be very important, and I'm going to try to play the game what way, so to speak.

This is a significant difference, though. The possibility of cell damage, as Staff says, I would refute on the basis of testimony I found in a book here of testimony at a federal trial. Let me just read the words here, it'll go a lot quicker.

11 The possibility of cell injury and genetic 12 defects I find unacceptable. The contention refers only to possible release of radioactivity, not possible cell damage. 13 In my contention, I am careful to state the injury from mere 14 radiation is definite. This is based on testimony of 15 Dr. John W. Goffman, M.D., Ph.D., in test abny at a hearing 16 on October 2, 1978 in the Mashville Uni ad States District 17 Court. And if I might quote -- or if that would be usaful, 18 I have the booklet here and I could quote testimony, it is 19 20 only two or three paragraphs that I refer to.

May I do that, sir? The reference is found in a book called Shutdown. 22

MR. COPELAND: Mr. Chairman, I'm not objecting to this gentleman reading this quote or whatever he's going to do, 24 but I really don': see how it's relevant at this point to 25

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Staff's and Applicant's response to this contention. The Staff and the Applicant accepted the contention as being an allegation that releases would cause cell damage.

I think that our point was that the Commission's regulations set limits on releases. We're going to meet those limits and Mr. Schuessler has not challenged that in any way.

And absent such a challenge to the Commission's regulations, or a demonstration that we won't comply with the Commission's regulations, there is not much to the contention. If think he knows in his own mind what he is doing, but I think he is really off on the swrong trail.

13 CHAIRMAN WOLFE: As I understand your contention,
14 Mr. Schuessler, your contention is in substance that you are
15 concerned about even the slightest irradiation, even though
16 it falls well within the Commission's ceiling or standard for
17 such emissions, is that correct?

MR. SCHUESSLER: Yes, sir. I think that covers it very well. The point I was making here is the Staff response seemed to say that my contention discusses possible cell damage. The cell damage, from what this expert here says, is certain if there is radiation, there is a degree of cell damage. That's the primary thing. I would like to say there's no question about it, based on that testimony.

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But I would not insist on reading that, this maybe

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rb/agis 13 1	is a faulty you know, a poor thing to do. I assume that
2	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Let me interrupt there, Mr.
5	Schuessler. Just tell us, the thrust of that testimony is to
4	the effect that even small amounts of radiation, well within
5	Nuclear Regulatory Commission standards, are still dangerous
6	to one's health and safety, is that the thrust of it?
7	MR. SCHUESSLER: Yes, sir.
8	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: I don't think there is necessity
9	then for you to read that. We will understand your argument
10	to that effect.
11	MR. SCHUESSLER: All right, sir.
12	It follows then assuming
13	MR. LINENBERGER: One moment, please.
14	(The Board conferring.)
. 15	MR. LINENBERGER: Mr. Schuessler, in an attempt
16	to fully understand what you're getting at and prevent your
17	becoming a victim of some of the arbitrary constraints of
18	rules that guide us sometimes; let me ask you a couple of
19	questions here:
20	Are you aware of the fact that the so-called
2.1	National Environmental Policy Act requires, among other things,
. 22	that the Applicant for a construction permit for a nuclear
13	power plant be required to make a, what's called in an
24	environmental context, a balancing of the cost or the impacts
25	from that plant against the benefits that would derive from that
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14 1	plant? PUUN UNIUIMAL
2	MR. SCHUESSLER: I think generally yes, sir,
3	I'm aware of that idea, yes, sir.
4	MR. LINENBERGER: In any way, do you feel that
5	your Contention 8 lies within that context or, in your mind,
6	is it health and safety?
7	MR. SCHUESSLER: I would say it's related, yes,
8	sir, we're in the same area.
9	MR. LUNENBERGER: I guess the question we have
10	is what do you see as the bases, the reasons why this conten-
11	tion should be heard in the context of that area of considera-
12	tion, the balancing of benefits and costs with respect to the
13	plant?
14	MR. SCHUESSLER: Well my logic or my thinking is,
15	I think could be stated this way, I'm restricted here,
16	I believe, to coming before this Foard and getting involved
17	in this issue, and I'm restricted very tightly. I think, to
18	defending my interests.
19	The environmental energy requirements that you
20	just referred to do not address my interests, they address
21	this problem or this question in a very broad and general way.
22	And I guess I'm arguing with them at least to
23	the extent that, as you say, this requires the Applicant to
24	make a survey to balance the pluses and minuses. And as I
25	said earlier, there's a risk involved.
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And my 'ogic is if there is an radiation at all, according to this doctor -- this scientist's testimony, even the slightest radiation does as a matter of fact damage cellular structure or damage cells and changes them; that there is, I think, what I have heard referred to as general normal low-level radiation or something, you know, in regard to these plants which the experts and the engineers and technicians find acceptable. I do not find these acceptable.

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And since I'm required to address myself only to my narrow interests here than that's all that I shall address. I simply am saying that regardless of whether this plant meets these other standards, that they in turn do not address my particular interests, they address the general thing here. And I find it difficult to find anything to balance against my interests here.

16 If I were faced, perhaps, with the prospect of 17 doing without electricity because this plant were not built, then I'd have something to balance against it. Balancedagainst 18 19 having this plant here are all the things that I find 20 very negative which, perhaps, I shouldn't even go into here. 21 Eut as far as my narrow interests are concerned, this is a 22 no-win situation, no matter how wellthe rules are complied 23 with. That's my contention, sir.

DR. CHEATUM: May I make a comment here to see if I understand Mr. Schuessler and understand the problem of

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	2	The substance of what you're saying is that you
	3	do not believe the standards which have been set by the
	4	Commission for limits on radioactive releases from the stand-
	5	point of health and so forth, you do not believe that those
	5	are sufficiently restrictive to guide your health and safety,
	7	is that true?
	8	MR. SCHUESSLER: Yes, siz, I think so.
	9	DR. CHEATUM: Okay.
	10	We must admit that this is not the forum for
	11	this contention, because we have no authority this Board
	12	has no authority to set standards with respect, or changes
	:3	in the standards which have already been established by the
	14	Commission This Board can only satisfy itseld that the
as .	15	Applicant in this case or any case, through his design of his
	15	plant and his safety systems to protect the integrity of

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ity of safety in the plant, meet all the requirements of standards, rules and regulations which have been established by the Commission. So it is really futile to contest the standards before this Board.

That's the way it is.

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The Commission and the Congress are the bodies which these matters basically are settled in, not this 2 Licensing Board. 3

So this is just a point that I wanted to make, and 4 to be sure that you understand the limitations of this Board 5 in relation to this contention. 6

MR. SCHUESSLER: Yes, sir, I think I appreciate that.

I can see the problem here. I can see where, you 9 know, rules have to be rather general. 10

My problem is simply that I'm not allowed to be 11 that general. If I'm going to make a point and look after 12 my interests, I have to be specific. And these rules, to be 13 fair, should be equally specific, but they're not. 14

And I believe that's just the point I want to make. But, in summary, the real point here is that if there is radiation, my point is simply that there is no question that there will be cell damage. The results of that damage may not ever appear. Chances are if it does, it may appear in 20, 30 or 40 years hence, based on this information that I have.

Therefore, any radiation is not desirable. Contention number 9 relates to how -- or that Allens Creek harms my financial interests. I believe this contention clearly relates to my financial interests, as

provided in Rule 2.174, titled "Intervention." The basic rules have.

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I believe it is a reasons which is litigable in this matter for the same reasons set forth in the oral arguments of Petitions eryan Baker in support of his contention number 1.

I realize, in observing yesterday, that there is some disagreement as to whether this is appropriate or not, for me to do this. I would not dwell on it. This is what I put down yesterday morning, in trying to finish up my preparation for this thing prior to that time, and I would not insist upon that.

But my thinking is simply that this is information that relates to my contention that I would trust the Board would take into account, regardless of whether I am the source of that or whether I present it, or what.

But I think that the overall period would be useful. It's more of a reference, I guess.

MR. COPELAND: I have a real problem with that, Mr. Chairman, in this particular instance, because Mr. Baker never at any time argued Mr. Schuessler's personal financial interests.

His two contentions, as I recall, were related to HLAP's ability to finance the plant and errors in our projections on capacity. And without some specific reference

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by Mr. Schuessler in the context of what part of Mr. Baker's arguments he's relying on, I think this is very difficult to figure out, what he's talking about.

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: We got into this area yesterday, 4 Mr. Schuessler, and ultimately the Board ruled that if a 5 patitioner for leave to intervene did rely upon a prior 8 intervenue's bases in support of a prior intervenor's 7 contention, if a subsequent petitioner did so rely he could 8 not just do it generally and incorporate by reference, is what Mr. Copeland is getting at. 10

If there is something in Mr. Baker's presentation to this Board, you must on your own specify exactly what it is, what statement -- or sentence, for that matter -- that you're relying on in Mr. Baker's presentation.

Would you do that?

MR. SCHUESSLER: Well, not having it as a matter 13 of record, I could not. I listened to a large part of it, 17 and I falt at the time, is all I can say in absolute truth, 13 that he was arguing my case, that he was proving my point; 19 my point being, sir, that --20

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Well, is there anything that --21 over and above what you've told us today -- that you 22 specifically want us to understand as also being your 23 argument? Anything that you haven't covered, now, today? 24 MR. SCHUESSLER: All I could do, sir, would be to 25

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wel 4 1352 explain my intent, what I was trying to get at in this 1 contention, if that would be permissible. 2 CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Well, we're not so interested in 3 that, in your intent, as your fully exhausting your oral A argument on the base: for the contention, and anything you 5 want to add to that or arything that you wish to add in 6 rebuttal to Applicant's or Staff's objections to your 7 contention. Anything at all. You will have free rain. 8 MR. SCHUESSLER: Well, let me just wead the 9 responses quickly, here, and see. When I wrote that, I 10 thought that to be sufficient. 11 (Pause.) 12 Okay, in the Applicant's response it says I raise 13 a question flowing from petitionar's economic interests as a 14 ratepayer of the Applicant, a matter not cognizable under 15 NRC rules and precedent. 16 Well, again, I've run into some rulos here that 17 I have no knowledge of. 18 To sum it up, I think if Allens Creak were not 19 built . . . 20 (Mr. Baker handing notes to Mr. Schuessler.) 21 (Mr. Baker conferring with Mr. Schuessler.) 22 Yes. This is the point that he reminded no of 23 here, that I really had overlooked. It's not a new point to 24 me, and I neglected to raise it earlier. That is that in 25 1218 040

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the Staff's response they state that for these and . .

(Pause.)

MR. SOMINKI: Just to save time, Mr. Schuessler, our response was essentially the same as the Applicant's to this contention.

MR. SCHUESSLER: Yes. Somewhere in here, what really got me on to it and led me to believe that it would be acceptable was -- and I completely overlooked it hare this morning -- is a reference in here by either Staff or the Applicant, in either this contention or another similar contention, where the words are, I think, "for these reasons and those cited in response to Mr. Baker's contention number l..." --

MR. COPELAND: Sir, you are -- that is nownere in the response by either the Applicant or the Staff.

> MR, SCHUESSLER: I beg your pardon, siz? (Mr. Baker conferring with Mr. Schuessler.)

MR. COPELAND: The Staff's statement concludes that it believes there is no basis upon which to admit this contention as an issue in controversy. That is their response to your contention number 9.

MR. SCHUESSLER: Right. It's a double reference. It's a step procedure, right. They refer me to Mr. Doggett, and then Mr. Doggett in turn --

MR. COPELAND: No, sir, they do not. I'm sorry, I

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1	hate to interrupt you, Mr. Schuessler, but I think if you
2	would quit trying to read the notes that Mr. Baker hands
3	you and just say what it is that you're trying to say, I
4	think you'd do much better, sir. Ho's getting you very
5	mixed up, because he's giving you some bad information.
6	MR. SCHUESSLER: Well, sir, this is not based
7	on what Mr. Baker just gave me. It reminded as of it, but
8	it's not based upon that solely.
9	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Maybe the Board can help you,
10	Mr. Schuessler.
11	What's the problem? You don't find Staff's
12	response to your contention, or objection to your contention?
13	(Pause.)
14	MR. SCHUESSLER: Okay.
15	Contention 13 is similar to this. I'm sorry to
16	jump ahead there, but this is where it comes from.
17	MR. COPELAND: I object, your Honor, there is
18	nothing whatsoever similar to contention 13 in contention 9.
19	They'zs just entirely different contentions,
20	Contantion 9 is a statement as to this gentleman's
21	interests from an economic standpoint, from his standpoint as
22	a ratepayer.
23	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Yes. Let me try to assist you,
24	Mr. Schuessler.
25	I think it's clear from your contention 9 that
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you're stating -- or that you're concerned about, as a ratepayer, that due to the tremendous cost of the proposed plant that you will have to pay unnecessarily high electric rates.

> That's it, purchy and simply, isn't it? MR. SCHUESSLER: Basically, yes, sir. CHAIRMAN WOLFE: All right.

Now, would you address the Staff's objection to this contention? They cite several Appeal Board cases, meaning the NRC Appeal Board, for the proposition, or the decision that economic interests of a ratepayer does not fall within the zone of interests protected either by the Atomic Energy Act or the National Environmental Policy Act. Do you want to address that, or can you address

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MR. SCHUESSLER: Well, if that's simply the ruling thing, then it simply does not take cars of my personal interests.

19Once again I'm restricted to dealing with my20interests, and it's another instance that is very discouraging21to come in here and find that somebody has just got a rule.22I understand the rule. I have no quarrel with23the rule. That does not directly bear on the question of24Whathar Allans Creek or any other nuclear power plant should25be built. But it does -- the building of this plant does

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1 affect my interests. And in this regard the present setup 2 is -- and again, listening to the media, my source of information, I am led to the inescapable conclusion that 3 when HLSP pleads that they need to have higher profits in 4 order to attract investment from the investment community 5 or this plant will not be built, what they are saying is, S in effect, that I've got to kick in to their fund to build 7 this plant. And I don't feel I need this plant. 3 Therefore, if they're allowed to build this plant 3 they will need this money, and it will be passed through to 10 me and put on my electric bill. 11 That is my financial interest. And I think that's 12 what I'm suppossed to be allowed to come down here to 13 discuss and have considered. And that's really where I'm 14 32.

CHAINMAN WOLFE: Mes, sir.

We're not ruling on the admissibility of the contention today. We will hear your argument. We're just trying to assist you in formulating what you're attempting to state in your contention.

All right. You may proceed.

MR. SCHUESSLER: And as far as citing Mr. Baker's testimony, I would still say that these two issues -- or that this has a very definite hearing on my contention 9. I think if it were considered, it would be of help.

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1	Now, Contention 10 considers interconnections as
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3	an alternative to Allens Creek Nuclear Generating Station.
1	Now, the notion for that comes again from the
4	madia. This is not a novel notion I have come of with.
3	Here's an article in the Houston Post of September
6	30 fairly recent:
7	"HL&P faces tight situation. Increased demand on
8	generating capacity is straining reserve."
9	And they quote a former member of the Public
10	Utilities Commission here, who says that they, HL&P, "had
11	better be out seeking other sources to buy electricity. I
12	don't know of any utility that is that close to reserve
13	capacity as HLEP."
14	"HL&P confirms talks on plant. Houston Lighting
:5	5 Power confirmed Tuesday it is negotiating to buy a
16	coal-fired generating plant near Athens."
17	And hare's one of 9-27:
18	"Texas Utilities Company, which has excess
19	generating capacity that a utilities consultant says
20	costs ratepayers \$50 million a year, is trying to
21	sell surplus power"
22	MR. COPELAND: Excuse me, Mr. Schuessler. Is it
23	your argument that we are not connected with the Texas
24	Utilities Company? Is that your argument?
25	MR. SCHUESSLER: Not specifically, no, sir. I'm
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POOR ORIGINAL wel 10 1353 not knowledgeab's enough of the affairs of HLSP or anybody 1 to be that specific. 2 But --3 MR. COPELAND: So you don't even know who we're 4 interconnected with now, is that correct? You have no idea 5 who the companies are that we're interconnected with? 5 MR. SCHUESSLER: No, sir. I can't say that I'm 7 expert or really familia: with what your interconnections are. 8 I have been under the opinion from news articles 9 from some considerable time back that caused me to conclude 10 that HLAF, for purposes of staying out of the interstate 11 price controls, resisted or refused to interconnect with 12 other people. I think this came about during the time of 13 the big blackout in New York, and the question of whether 14 it could happen here. 15 And I think, indeed, we did have a brownou: or 16 something after that. 17 But the question came up at that time, and as I 18 recall it at that time -- whether it's changed or not --19 but my impression was that HLEP did not have these inter-20 connections. But I think HLaP stated at that time in 21 response to the question, that a brownout or a blackcut

could not happen here, despite the fact that they were

MR. COPELAND: Sir, I don't understand the

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relatively independent from out-of-state utilities.

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relevance of your argument about the Texas Utilities Company, unless you're contending that we're not interconnected for purposes of your contention.

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MR. SCHUESSLER: My contention, I think, could be summed up to say that interconnects that do not exist would be a feasible alternative to explore, which might very well reduce or eliminate the need for the building of a nuclear plant near Houston.

9 MR. COPELAND: Sir, with whom . . . well, I 10 suppose that you're going to address the questions that we 11 raised in our objection to this contention, if that's your 12 contantion.

MR. SCHUESSLER: Yes, sir, I have some notes in response, and I'll get to them, and we'll get through this contention.

MR. COPELAND: Thank you.

MR. SCHUESSLER: In response to Applicant's
comments, I would point out that Contantion 10 intends
primarily to state that amounts of power needed by Applicant
may be readily available from other utilities in this area.
Adequate appraisal of these possible alternatives may
reveal that Allens Creek is not needed.

It does not intend to go into intent or motive of the negotiations mentioned. The companies mentioned were merely meant to suggest possible sources for the purchase

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of power.

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I don't	know	I'm not	familiar,	I'm not	the enginee	er, I'm
not the	expert.	I an me	rely tryi	ng to see	that this	
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of the examples you've given of companies that might be brought into such an intertie with HL&P, the last sentence of the first paragraph of your contention 10 identifies these example companies as companies -- quote -- that have power to sell to HL&P -- end of quote.

Now, that's a significant point, and we're not 12 asking you to discuss the marits of your contention here. 13 But do you have a basis for believing that companies such 14 as the ones you have identified here have enough excess, 15 unneeded power that they would, indeed, be happy to sall it 16 to Allens Creek if they have such a high reserve that they 17 can turn loose of that much energy to replace the Allens 18 Creek plant? 19

I say, do you have a basis for this? I don't want to know what it is. I don't want you to argue that, if it's so. But do you really have a reason for believing that it is so?

24 MR. SCHUESSIER: I think that the names came up 25 in a news article that had to do with the negotiations or

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something that was going on here. But that would be the only source.

As I say, I have no first-hand knowledge of excess power they have.

MR. LINENBERGER: Right

Now, see, there are more than one reason for wanting to consider or not consider an intertie. The availability of surplus energy is not always the overriding reason here. Reliability of the grid, for example, might be a reason for wanting to see an intertie, which does not mean that the companies that HLEP would the into would necessarily have excess energy that would obviate the need for the plant.

So, all I'm saying is, when you read these articles, kind of look for the kind of thing that supports your argument. Their arguments for an 'ntertie may have had nothing to do with surplus energy availability.

And if this contention, for example, is admitted and the Staff has, I think, not objected to its admission, prepare yourself along that line, to get at your thrust. the intertie accomplishes nothing that will serve you, unless it's a means for bringing a block of surplus energy that's not going to be needed anywhere else, into your community.

So I'm offering you this as guidance for the

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1	future here, if POOR ORIGINAL
2	MR. SCHUESSLER: Yes, sir, I appreciate that.
and WEL 1 3	Thank you.
4	To go on to Contention number 11, this concerns
5	the possibility of coal or lignite as an alternate power
5	source.
7	Again, I can claim no expertise in these matters.
C3 8	But all these energy sources have problems. Coal and lignite
Э .	tco have problems.
10	Again, according to news stories and there's
11	been quite a lot written, this has been quite a hassla the
12	question of bringing coal or lignite in from the west, or
13	something, the pipeline slurry question, and all this has
14	been given broad coverage in the newspapers.
15	I try to be reasonably informed, but not
16	technically expert.
17	We are told in the area of energy sources that
18	we are sitting on you know an almost unlimited supply
. 19	of coal. The only reason it is not being used as a viable
20	alternative is because of the environmental problems.
21	MR. COPELAND: Excuse me, Mr. Chairman. I must
22	object. This argument is going far, far afield.
23	Mr. Schuessler's contention was specific, in that
24	be is alleging that our analysis of the coal versus nuclear
25	comparison is somehow inadequate, because we failed to take
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into consideration advances in the technology of scrubbers. 1 2 We pointed out in our response that our analysis did not rely upon, in any way, the cost of scrubbers, 3 because we assumed for purposes of the analysis that we were 4 using western low-sulfur coal. That's our answer. We don't 5 understand what Mr. Schuessler is now going into, and I S respectfully request that the Board ask the gentleman to 7 address his comments to our comment. 8 CHAIRMAN WOLFS: Mr. Schuessler, we understand 9 your contention. Would you now proceed just to address 10 Applicant's and/or Staff's objections to your contention? 11 MR. SCHUESSLER: Okay. The contention provides 12 one example of the progress that's been made and is being 13 made. Efforts are being made in the use of coal and lignite, 14 in solving the environmental problems. 15 Much of this has occurred, I think, since the 16 original planning for Allens Creek. 17 MR. COPELAND: Sir, your contentior, as I read 18 it, is not an argument about the environmental differences. 19 It's an argument relating to the cost comparison. And if 20 it's construed as being an argument relating to the 21

environmental comparison, then I think you'd bast address yourself to what the Staff has said in response to your contantion, which is that you have done nothing to criticize, or in any way suggest, that their analysis on environmental.

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1	matters is a cag. And I gather from other comments you've
2	made here this morning that you haven't even read that
3	analysis.
. 4	MR. SOHINKI: Mr. Chairman, I would like to know
5	whether Mi. Schuessler has examined the Staff analysis.
6	MR. SCHUESSLER: YES, sir.
7	MR. SOHINKI: Then you're aware, for example,
8	with specific regard to scrubbers, that this discussion in
9	Appendix D of the Supplement to the FES considers the use
10	of scrubbars?
11	MR. SCHUESSLER: No, I can't say I'm aware of
12	it. I have not seen that, sir.
13	MR. SOHINKI: No, what I was asking you before,
14	Mr. Schuessler, was not whether you had read our response,
15	but whether you had read the Final Environmental Statement
16	that was prepared in connection with this application,
17	MR. SCHUE3SLER: No.
18	MR. SOHINXI: Thank you.
19	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: At this time, Mr. Schuessler,
20	then, you are unable to respond to Staff's objections to
21	your contention?
22	(Pause.)
23	MR. SCHUESSLER: No, sir. I'll just let that
24	contention stand as written, sir.
25	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: All right.
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MR. SCHUESSLER: Contention number 12, again, is getting into a rather technical area, but figures that I've been able to come up with seem to add up, in regards to the alternate available power sources which might preclude the reed for Allens Creek.

(Pausa_)

On the basis of those figures, for what they're worth, they strongly suggest that the size of Allens Creek perhaps could be reduced if it's not completely eliminated.

As I Haid earlier, the question of balance comes in, and balance: against all other considerations, environmental costs, and so forth, I would like to see maximum consideration given to alternative power sources.

Again, I'll let that contention stand as it is.

MR. COPELAND: Mr. Chairman, this may be 15 inappropriate, but since we wrots our 13sponse I have 16 discovered something that we really should have noted for 17 the Board's own adification in our response. And if it's 18 appropriate I would like to just point out that at page 19 S11-8 of the Supplament to the Final Environmental Inpact 20 Statement the Staff notes that Section S.S.3.2 of their 21 analysis has been revised to incomporate the Applicant's 22 plans to purchase 500 megawatts from the City of Austin in 23 1980 and 1981. 24

Now, had I remembered that that was in there when

wel 13	POOR ORIGINAL 1366
1	I wrote this response, I would have put it in there. And
2	I think to make a complete record, it should be noted to
3	the Board.
4	MR. SCHUESSLER: Contention 13, Applicant's
5	financial integrity.
5	This contention is similar to my contention number
7	9, we ware on awhile ago, which got us into the Baker thing.
8	MR. COPELAND: I respectfully disagree, sir, with
9	that characterization. They are in no way similar, in my
10	reading.
11	MR. SCHJESSLER: Well, they're similar in that
12	HLSP is financially unable to do this without my contributing
13	to the capitalization. That's the similarity. And it's
14	closely enough related, I think, to be a litigable issue for
15	the same reasons, again, set forth in the arguments of Bryan
16	Baker,
27	This is the instance, incidentally, where we have
ia	that step, the relationship.
19	MR. COPELAND: Sir, again, I would ask that you
20	identify specifically those portions of Mr. Baker's arguments,
21	if you can, that you're relying on. Because I don't think
22	that his contention is the same as yours.
23	MR. SCHUESSLER: They are specific in that I
24	don't know that his response to Staff and Applicant on his
23	Contention 1 are all that lengthy. I don't think we're
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	1	talking about it's a fairly confined part of the record.
5	2	CHAIRMAN WOIFE: Nevertheless, it's been our
	3	ruling that you do have to pinpoint what you are specifically
)	4	relying on.
	5	MR. 3CHUESSLER: There's no way I can do that,
	s	sir. I don't have that testimony.
	7	(Pause.)
	3	Again, for the record, I would say that I do
	9	believe that this would be an appropriate thing, since the
	10	Staff states in response to my contention:
	11	"For these reasons and those further developed
	12	in response to Baker Contention 1, the Staff believes
	13	that there is no basis upon which to admit this
	14	contention as an issue in controversy."
	15	Now; the Staff has raferred to Baker Contention 1.
	16	I think it's entirely appropriate for me, in turn, to
	17	refer to Mr. Baker's response to Staff.
	18	(Pause.)
	19	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Well, I would note in your
	20	suggestion indicating that Staff somehow or another adverted
	21	back to the Baker contention, they were merely adverting
	22	back to their own response.
	23	Now, do you find something difficult or in error
	24	there, in Staff's doing that?
)	25	MR. SCHUESSLER: No, sir. My point is simply that
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CHAIRMAN WOLFE: They were merely adverting back to their own response. They waren't adverting back to someone else's response. I think that distinguishes what we request you to do from what Staff has done here. There is that distinction.

MR. SCHUESSIER: I see a direct relationship there, that I think should be considered. It's up to you to make the decision, of course. But I make that point.

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: All right.

MR. SCHUESSLER: Contention 14. Again, that was 11 closely related to 6. I believe I can say that the 12 pplicant and Staff and I would agree that that is ground 13 that is pretty well already covered. 14

Contention number 15 -- and my last one - concerns 15 aesthetic impact. 16

While I have not seen a nuclear energy facility first-hand, I am not unfamiliar with their general appearance, 18 and I believe I would recognize one on sight. 19

I believe their general appearance to be 20 displeasing, and even ugly. I don't doubt that any real 21 estate -- I doubt, rather, that any real estate developer 22 is planning a development overlooking scenic Allens Creek 23 Generating Station. 24

This contention is raised for reasons that in

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trying to get a picture of the function and the purpose of these hearings, these types of hearings, and the responsibility of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission and the Atomic Energy Commission, the question arose in my mind as to how many applications for construction and operation of nuclear plants have been rejected?

Through hearsay it's my understanding that there's only one that has ever been rejected. I may stand corrected on that. I have no reliable source. But the reason for that was aesthetic reasons.

So I was hopeful that if my understanding of that is correct, that the aesthetics of this thing are significant and important enough to constitute the only grounds for ever rejecting an application, that perhaps they would be given full consideration in this matter.

This is not intended to be at all facetious, or anything.

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Yes.

Mr. Schuessler, do you have any response to the Staff's and/or Applicant's objections to your contention?

MR. SCHUESSLER: Well, let's see . . . what did the applicant say in this hyperbole, or something . . .

MR. SOHINKI: I'd Like to ask Mr. Schueseler whether he's read the analysis that was referenced in either the STaff's or Applicant's --

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	POOR ORIGINAL 1370
wel 22	MR. SCHUESSLER: No, sir.
2	Once again, I had no opportunity, not possessing
3	those. And I would have to think too, really, not having
. 4	read it, just from experience here, I would have to think
5	that my approach to this question and that of the Applicant
6	and Staff, might be from two entirely different directions.
7	I don't know.
8	MR. SORINKI: You did say you had never seen a
9	nuclear plant personally, Mr. Schuessler?
10	MR. SCHUESSLER: Not first-hand, no, sir. But I
11	think we're all familiar with their general appearance.
12	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: All right, Mr. Schuesslar.
13	Is there anything more that you would like to
14	add?
15	MR. SCHUESSLER: Just a general observation, sir.
16	As I say, I come here as a layman. I'm attempting
17	to protect my interests as I believe the regulations provide,
18	not as an expert, either legal or technical.
19	I'd like to think that I need not be an expert.
20	I don't think I have to go through medical school
21	to know if I'm sick.
22	I don't think I should have to be a lawyer to
23	understand what justice is.
24	and I don't think I need to be an expert in the
25	field of nuclear energy to recognize that nuclear energy
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	1	presents many, many problems that concern are greatly. And
	2	progress in solving some of these problems seems to be
	3	moving very slowly, if at all.
	4	And I come here simply concerned about the whole
	5	program. But, again, I'm restricted. I cannot raise an
	6	issue about proliferation of nuclear energy. I've got to
	7	be restricted to this plant, which is another handicap.
	3	Basically, my concern is with the entire program
	9	and where it's going.
	10	Thank you.
	11	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Thank you, Mr. Schuesslor.
	12	We'll have a 10-minute recess. Meantime, would
	13	Mr. VanSlyke and Mr. Scott get together and decide who is
	14	going to accommodate whom in going first?
	15	(Mr. Scott pointing to Mr. VanSlyke.)
	15	I take it that you, Mr. VanSlyke, will proceed
	17	first. All right.
	18	(Recess.) POOR ORIGINAL
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CHAIRMAN WOLFE: All right, the conference

is resumed.

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Mr. Doherty advised that he had something to add. I'm not aware of what it was, but we'll hear from him.

Yes, Mr. Doherty.

MR. DOHERTY: With regard to Contention Number 19, I don't think you need to hunt for it -- of my original sub-3 mission. I have been advised by HL&P technical staff that the material which they are going to construct the collett retainer tubes of the control rod system is a material called ASTM 3511CF.

11 And on the basis of a letter in NUREG 0479, pages 12 51 and 52 from Mr. Yppilito to Mr. Sherwood of General Electric, I'm going to stipulate that the contention is no longer valid 13 14 because that material is one recommended in that contention as a way of combating cracking nin the collect retainer tubes . 15 of a control rod system. 16

So at that point Number 19, the Board need not 17 consider it. And I appreciate the Applicant's cooperation 13 on getting that information and so forth, it takes practically 19 a dictionary to figure out what a metal is now. 20

21 MR. COPELAND: Excuse me, Mr. Chairman, I need to check with my technical people and see if that got r 22 23 transmitted correctly.

24 MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Doherty, I don't believe that changes the conclusion reached on Contention 19 but I'm not 25

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sure you had the exact designation correctly. It's ASTM-851 Grade CF-3, also described as ASME-SA351 Grade C5-3.

MR. DOHERTY: You mean CF-3 or C5-3?

MR. NEWMAN: I'm sorry, CF-3.

5 MR. DOHERTY: All right. But I talked with 6 Mr. White who has assured me that these two materials are the 7 same. So apparently we were seeing a sort of abbreviated 8 version of those numbers in one of my research items, so I'm 9 convinced that the retainer tubes will be of a material that's 10 recommended at this point as a fix on the collett retainer 11 tubes. So at this point I do not feel that there's any point 12 in having the Board consider it any more and I note your 13 agreement.

MR. NEWMAN: Yes. I think that's right.
 CHAIRMAN WOLFE: All right, then, your Contention
 19 as amended is withdrawn, is that correct?

MR. DOHERTY: That is correct. Thank you.

18 CHAIRMAN WOLFE: All right. Now, just so that
19 we can proceed with scheduling, we are now going to hear from
20 Mr. Van Slyke.

I understand that there is a Mr. Perez. Is he in the audience?

23 MR. VAN SLEXE: I spoke with Mr. Perez earlier 24 this morning, Mr. Chairman, he indicated that he would be 25 here this afternoon, I believe.

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Also, I've heard from Dr. Marlene Warner, who does intend -- would like an opportunity for oral argument but I don't believe she will be here today, I believe she will be here tomorrow.

> CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Tomorrow morning? MR. VAN SLYKE: Yes.

7 CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Well, let everyone be advised, 8 as our order indicated we would proceed through 5:00 p.m. 9 tomorrow evening, if necessary. So everyone is on notice that 10 they should be in this conference room and available prior 11 to termination time. And we would trust that they come in 12 as soon as possible, advise the Board that they do wish to 13 rake oral argument so that, in turn, we can make arrangements 14 with the other individuals who certainly are entitled to be 15 heard as well.

Yes, Mr. Doherty.

MR. DOHERTY: For the benefit of scheduling, Mr. Perez indicated to me that he would be here at 1:00.

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1375 CHAIRMAN WOLFE: You're Mr. Van Slyke? MR. VAN SLIKE: Correct. CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Mr. Van Slyke, we have some problem with the quest of your interest and/or standing. Staff and applicant have raised certain objections to not only your standing and/or incarest but to your contentions as well. Would you address both the objections to your interest and the objection to your standing? MR. VAN SLYKE: Yes. I would first like to address the NRC staff's response to my contentions and, following that, I think I would like to address the applicant's response, which is basically similar. CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Would you please address first, or perhaps you have indicated you would, your interest and/orstanding, and then go to your contentions, if you would? MR. VAN SLYKE: Objections to my interest and/or standing?

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CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Yes. POOR ORIGINAL MR. VAN SLYKE: OKay.

The NRC staff's response to my petition I believe concedes that I do lie within the geographic zone of interest, or I reside within the geographic zone of interest. I believe I stated in my petition that I reside about forty-five

1376 miles from the site of the Allens Creek plant. And I stated further several other allegations of standing which don't need to be repeated. I believe the objection is directed specifically to my interest. The NRC staff's response states that, "Mr. Van Slyke makes clear that his

interest in this proceeding is chiefly as a vehicle

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for complaining about alleged harrassment and political spying, and for determining whether there will be threats posed to his civil liberties by issuance of the proposed construction permit." I would state additionally -- and I would refer the Board to my Contention No. 2, and I guess it is subparagraph (f) in which I also objected to the potential for an unwarranted violent response to peaceful civil disobedience or protest at the site of the -- at the construction site of this plant.

18 MR. LINENEERGER: Excuse me, sir. But can you 19 identify what page of your submittal?

MR. VAN SIYKE: Page 9 of my petition, Contention 2(f).

MR. LINENBERGER: Excuse me, Mr. Chairman. Are we discussing his standing or his contentions?

MR. VAN SLYME: We're discussing my interest, I believe, as one of the elements of my standing. And I think

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I need to point out preliminarily that I get the impression from reading the staff's responses that the concept of civil literties is somewhat a vague concept; that, as the Board has noted in the National Lawyers Guild petition to intervene earlier, which was denied, that this is the wrong forum to raise civil liberties insues.

7 What I would like to make more specific is, my interest is not a vague interest directed toward civil 3 liberties, it is an interest that's directed toward my health 9 and safety and toward the health and safety of the public, 10 which I believe are regulated and protected by both the 11 Atomic Energy Act and by the National Environmental Protection 12 Act. And I btink that some of the acts which I have detailed 13 in my contentions, particularly political detention, use of 14 unlawful force against people who peacefully oppose the use of -15 nuclear power whether at the construction site or in other 16 forums in which the protest is directed against this construc-17 tion site, do risk -- run the significant risk of injury to 18 their interest and their safety and health. And I have 19 attached numerous exhibits to document those contentions. 20

So that I would argue that my contentions are not the same vague contentions that were addressed in the Barnwell case, in particular; it's not a vague fear that I have. But I would argue that the activities to which I am objecting here are activities which do have a direct and injurious impact

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on the safety and health of the public.

2 I would also remind the Board that this concept has been, I guess by way of explanation, to some extent 3 confirmed in the Karen Silkwood case in Oklahoma, in which 4 the verdict in the Silkwood case did not deal with Karen 5 Silkwood's death but it lealt with injuries to her civil 6 liberties, it dealt with issues of mental anguish which are 7 common in personal injury lawsuits. And the damages awarded 8 there were for, primarily for a conspiracy to deprive her of 9 her civil libercies, not for her death. So that I think :0 those are real interests that are protected by the Aromic 11 Energy Act and by the Environmental Protection Act. 12 MR. COPELAND: Sir, I suggest if you've got any 13 basis for a lawsuit that you file your lawsuit. We'll deal 14 with you there. 15 MR. VAN SLYKE: I'm not suggesting a basis for a 16 lawsuit. I'm trying to draw an analogy by way of --17 MR. COPELAND: It's a lousy analogy. If you have 18 a lawsuit, file it. We'll deal with you there. This case 19

has nothing to do with Karen Silkwood.

CEATRMAN WOLFE: May I have the reading back of Mr. Copeland's statement, please?

(Whereupon the Reporter read from the record as requested.)

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Mr. Copeland, I have to address

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your argument once again. I think I had to tell you once about your comments with regard, I think I: was to Mr.Baker or Mr. Bishop. But we don't wish to hear assessments of any individual's or any counsel's arguments. That's for the Board to decide.

If you wish to address a question to someone presenting oral argument, present your question without embellishment.

9 MR. COPELAND: You're quite right, Mr. Chairman. 10 I did comment on his argumant. And that was improper, and I 11 apologize for doing so.

I do regrat my statement, but I do believe if he argues that he has a basis for a lawsuit that that is inappropriate and it's going beyond the scope of his contention in this case.

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: All right.

Had you finished, Mr. Copeland, with your questioning of Mr. Van Slyke?

MR. COPELAND: Well, you know, Mr. chairman, I don't know if it's appropriate or not. but I think there's a very real question whether this gartleman has any right to be here now under the Board's notice of intervention of June 18th. He has filed and signed a form, as I understand it, and maybe I'm reading the wrong form, which we have questioned in our filings. There is-- I think the Board is familiar with that

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form. There have been a number of parties that have signed that form. And we raised a question as to whether that form was a sufficient basis for satisfying the June 18 notice.

And, in particular, with respect to Mr. Van Slyke, I have great difficulty inderstanding his late filing, since he was in fact an attorney with the National Lawyers Guild when they filed in this case back last fall, and we heard irgument and we heard the petition of the National Lawyers Guild, and I think the Board knows and recalls that these were exactly the same contentions that were presented by the National Lawyers Guild. And I think there is a very serious question here as to how Mr. Van Slyke has now come in with a late filed petition, having been the attorney for a party who previously attempted to intervene under the Board's prior notices of May and September of 1978.

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Well, we'll take one thing at a time.

You say late filing. You don't mean that Mr. Van Slyke filed after the due date of July 18th? MR. COPELAND: No, sir.

> CHAIRMAN WOLPE: By late filing you mean, what? MR. COPELAND: Let me back up.

The National Lawyers Guild intervened pursuant to the May and September notices of 1978, raising exactly the same contentions that Mr. Van Slyke is raising here. How

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HRB/wb7	1	Mr. Van Slyke can then come forward and say *hat he failed
	2	to file a petition to intervene on his own behalf raising
~	3	exactly the same contentions because of the restrictions in
0	4	those notices leaves me completely at sea, Mr. Chairman.
	5	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: All right.
	6	Will you answer that, Mr. Van Slyks?
	7	MR. VAN SLYKE: Yes.
	8	First I would like to correct a misstatement.
	9	I'm not an attorney. Mr. Allen Vomacka was the attorney for
	10	the Lawyers Guild, and still is the attorney for the National
	11	Lawyers Guild in this proceeding. And it's my understanding
	12	that he has requested to make a limited appearan a statement
0	13	in this proceeding subsequent to the denial of the Lawyers
	14	Guild's petition to intervene.
	15	I was going to respond to this matter later on,
	16	but perhaps I can do it now.
	17	MR. COPELAND: Sir, just for clarification, were
	18	you a member of the National Lawyers Guild?
	19	MR. VAN SLYRE: Yes, I was. As a matter of fact
	20	I was the Freedom of Information Act coordinator for the
	21	National Lawyers Guild at that time.
	22	MR. COPELAND: All right, sir.
	23	Whether he was an attorney or not is still ir-
	24	relevant to the point.
•	25	MR. VAN SLYKE: I think the other point I would
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like to make is: there were, I believe, nine contentions raised by the National Lawyers Guild in their petition to intervene. I have raised three contentions in my petition to intervene, which are not identical to those contentions raised by the National Lawyers Guild. And I don't see how they could be construed as such.

I would further say that any individual who timely filed his petition in this proceeding pursuant to the 8 Board's order, as I have in this proceeding, should be 9 considered on an equal basis with any other individual who filed his petition, regardless of the organization he may or may not be a member of. And I think it is illogical to suggest that I am in some way bound by a prior determination as to the National Lawyers Guild merely because I am a member of the National Lawyers Guild if I desire to intervene in this proceeding as an individual.

MR. COPELAND: Siz, I think -- I should direct 17 my comment to the Board. 18

I think, Mr. Chairman, that the question is, How 19 is it that a member of the National Lawyers Guild at the time 20 that their petition was filed can now come before this Board 21 and say that he was inhibited from intervention, and raising 22 exactly the same contentions that his organization raised 23 pursuant to the very notices that he now claims he was 24 inhibited by? That's the question. 25

RB/wb9	1	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Why don't we ask that question
	2	of Mr. Van Slyke?
	3	MR. VAN SLYKE: Yes.
	4	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: The question I would address to
	5	you, or series of questions:
	6	You were aware that the National Lawyers Guild
	7	had filed a petition for leave to intervene and contentions
	8	pursuant at least to our notice of September 11th, 1978; is
	9	that correct?
	10	MR. VAN SLYKE: Yes, I was.
	11	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: You were aware.
	12	Well, why didn't you, then, file a petition for
	13	leave to intervene separate and distinct from that petition
	14	for leave to intervene filed by the National Lawyers Guild
	15	which had been filed pursuant to either our notices of
	16	May 31st and/or September 11th, 1978?
	17	MR. VAN SLYKE: Because it was my understanding
	18	at that time that the only contentions which could be raised
	19	in this proceeding were contentions htat addressed design
	20	changes in the Allens Creek unit from the original two-unit
	21	station to the present one-unit station.
	22	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: I see.
	23	MR. SCHINKI: Mr. Chairman, that's true with
	24	regard to the May 31st notice, but not with regard to the
	25	September 11th notice.
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CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Were you aware that the September 11th notice, September 11, 1978, also expanded the scope of the contentions to not only include design changes but also was extended to include any new information or evidence that had developed since November 1975?

MR. VAN SLYKE: Yes, I was aware of that. I was not aware of any new evidence at that time which had developed since December of 1975. 3

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: And so because in light of both of those notices and the limitations therain, you decided not to file pursuant -- to file a petition for leave to intervene pursuant to those two notices; is that correct?

MR. VAN SLYKE: That's correct.

MR. COPELAND: On that point, Mr. Chairman, I would point out that the petition filed by the Mational Lawyers Guild, or in a pleading filed by them on November 17, 1978 they have several attachments, all of which presumably fall into the category of what they consider to be new evidence. They have dates on them. There's an article, Exhibit 2, an article dated May 1973; there's an article dated Fobruary 24th, 1976. I can't read the date on the next one. All of which suggests that the Guild itself felt that they had sufficient basis for intervaning at that time.

I think the record is very unclear as to how Mr. Van Slyke, as a member of a group that did intervene, and

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who was an officer, or who had some spec

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function with that group, fel: like he personally could not raise the same issues then that he is now raising because his group raised those issues.

I just don't understand how he can possibly sit 5 here and make the argument that he was somehow inhibited from raising the same issues that his group raised when he 7 was a member of that group and was active in running the 8 group. By his own admission he was the Freedom of Information 9 Act coordinator for the group. And, in fact, one of the 10 exhibits to the petition I mentioned references his name as being the Freedom of Information Act coordinator. 12

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Are you saying, Mr. Copeland --13 I'm trying to grab what you're saying. You're saying that 14 the National Lawyers Guild when it filed its petition for 15 leave to intervene and its contentions, did not feel that it was bound -- and, indeed, was not bound -- by the limitations in our orders of May 31st and September 11th, 1978; is that what you're saying?

MR. COPELAND: It's obviously true, sir, because ---20 CHAIRMAN WONFE: I just wanted to get that clear. 21 So you're suggesting, or asking Mr. Van Slyke to 22 explain why, since he was aware that the organization of 23 which you were an officer or member didn't feel it was restrict 24 ed by those limitations, why did you feel you were rastricted 25

b12 1	MR. VAN SLYKE: Well I can say that the sum total
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	of the National Lawyers Guild knowledge at that time was not
3	even of my knowledge. And in fact I wrote a letter, a
4	Freedom of Information Act request letter, at Mr. Vomacka's
- 5	request, to determine if the National Lawyers Guild could
	find additional documents to support its petition.
7	As to the National Lawyers Guild knowledge of new
9	evidence at that time, since they're a party to pardon me;
9	a limited appearance, I guess intervenor, in this proceeding
10	and they're represented by Mr. Vomacka, I think that they
11	would be the proper party to answer that question.
12	I told you what I know as of the time those
13	notices appeared and as of the time the deadlines for filing
14	the petition were filed.
15	CHAIRMAN WOLFS: Any other questions to be
16	directed to Mr. Van Slyke regarding interest and/or standing,
17.	or It's up to you, if you think you have answered all the
18	objections, the written objections, you may proceed to your
19	contentions.
20	Go ahead.
21	MR. VAN SLYKE: A further clarification I would
22	like to make as to my interest or standing is: I think the
23	contention that I mentioned sarlier, Contention 2(f) on
24	page 9 of my petition, objects to the use, or the risk of the
25	use of deadly force. And I consider that a threat to the health,
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or safety of the public. So that I think it differentiates my petition from the interest advanced by the American Civil Liberties Union in the Barnwell case. MR. COPELAND: Sir, I would just point out that in the document which I mentioned the National Lawyers Guild

argued that the attachments to this petition constituted new information and quoted from one of them saying that:

"The government will seek to prevent nuclear theft and sabotage by watching groups

thought likely to carry out such actions."

I think unless Mr. Van Slyke demonstrates to this Board that he had absolutely no role whatsoever in making the decision on behalf of the lawyers Guild to intervene, knew nothing about the petition itself, that he is bound by that petition, being an officer of that organization.

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Would you like to address that line of argument, Mr. Van Slyke?

MR. VAN SLYKE: Yes, I would.

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Go ahead.

MR. VAN SLYKE: Frankly, I'm a little nonplussed by that argument. I don't see how the concept of standing can be used to deny standing to an individual who's a member of an oarganization which organization alleges standing to represent its members is subsequently denied standing in a proceeding. And an individual who brings his own petition

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1 raisin new concentions which are not identical to those 2 raised by the organization can be excluded from the proceeding 3 solely because an organization of which he's a member at one 4 time filed a pleading in this proceeding at an earlier stage. 5 MR. SOHINKI: I'm wondering whether -- since S Mr. Van Slyke made representations with regard to authorization 7 to represent the organization, whether that doesn't include --8 CHAIRMAN WOLFE: You mean Mr. Vomacka? 9 MR. SOHINKI: Mr. Vomacka--whether that doesn't 10 include Mr. Van Slyke as a member of the organization. 11 MR. VAN SLYKE: I think it certainly does as to 12 contentions that were raised by the National Lawyers Guild 13 last year. But I'm talking about the three contentions that 14 are in the petition of Glen in Slyke today and I thought 15 We were to address those. 16 MR. COPELAND: They are absolutely no different 17 in scope. MR. SOHINKI: In any case, Mr. Chairman, I think 18 that the interest which Mr. Van Slyke has caarified -- to 19 the extent he has clarified them this morning -- are all 20 subsumed under the category of civil liberties, and the 21 Staff believes that its response would not change after 22 hearing Mr. Van Slyke's additional comments. We don't think 20

those interests come within the zone of interest protected by the Atomic Energy Act.

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1 CHAIRMAN WOLFE: While you're here, we will 2 proceed. We, as I've indicated, have reservations on the 3 question of standing and/or interest. You're here. We will 4 proceed now to hear your contentions. We will rule ultimately 5 in an order upon your interest, if we find that you do have 6 interest, and standing, and we will proceed to consider 7 whether or not your contentions are admissible. 8 All right, Mr. Van Slyke. 3 MR. VAN SLYKE: Thank you. 10 As to Contention 1, the NRC Staff's response 11 indicated that the contention is totally speculative with 12 regard to its allegations of perceived possible responses to 13 peaceful protest. 14 Of course we all profit with the benefit of 15 hindsight, but I didn't have the events of the weekend of 16 October 6 at the Seabrock Nuclear Power Plant site to 17 attach as an exhibit to my petition at the time that I 18 filed it. 19 MR. COPELAND: I object to this line of argument, 20 it has nothing to do with Houston Lighting and Power Company. 21 MR. VAN SLYKE: What I was trying to --22 MR. COPELAND: We con't own the Seabrook Plant, 23 for your information. 24 MR. VAN SLYKE: I think what I was trying to 25 demonstrate by the attachments to my petition is a pattern

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or practice in the utility industry in this country.

MR. COPELAND: I object to that characterization unless you establish a basis for a pattern by Houston Lighting and Power Company of doing something in that regard.

MR. VAN SLYKE: Well I thought I was given an opportunity to make oral argument here in the proceeding today. If you'd like to respond to my oral argument in another pleading before the Board rules, why --

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: I don't know whether you understand the ground rules, Mr. Van Slyke. What we would like you to do is to in a very succinct short manner, perhaps in a sentence, to set forth the thrust of each of your contentions. This is more to advise the audience of what your contention is because actually we, the Board and the other parties, have obviously your contentions before them.

So after summarizing your contention, then proceed to rebut, if you wish, any objections by Staff and/cr Applicant.

All right.

MR. VAN SLYKE: Right.

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: All right, now the first contention is what?

MR. VAN SLYKZ: My first contention is not that the regulations are inadequately defined on the term "industrial sabotage," as both the NRC Staff and the Applicant

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have argued, my contention is that the Applicant's security plan inadequately defines the term "industrial sabotage" or the proper response to industrial sabotage so as to insure that the on-site physical protection system and security organization will respond in a proper manner to any peaceful legal protest at the site of this construction site.

My objection is not that the regulations are too vague, but that the Applicant's security plan is too vague and contains no guidelines by which we can judge whether the response to any such gathering will be appropriate.

MR. SOHINKI: So you are withdrawing your contention insofar as it complains about the description of -- in 10 CFR Section 73.55(a)(1)?

MR. VAN SLYKE: No, I'm not, because my complaint is not about the definition in 10 CFR 73.55(a)(1).

MR. SOHINKI: The plain language is: "Such a description" -- referring to the description in the regula-

MR. VAN SLYKE: What I'm objecting to is the fact that the Applicant's security plan has not defined what in fact the term "industrial sabotage" indicates or how the Applicant attempts to identify incidents of industrial sabotage so that those incidents will be deal: with in a different manner than a peaceful legal protest.

MR. COPELAND: Is it your contention, sir, that a

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peaceful legal protest is industrial sabotage for the purposes of 73.55(a)?

MR. VAN SLYKE: No, my contention is a peaceful protest is not industrial sabotage, however, the Applicant's security plan provides no guidelines by which we can distinguish -- or by which its security personnel can distinguish industrial sabotage from a peaceful legal protest at the construction site.

MR. COPELAND: Have you read the statutes of the State of Texas that govern that?

MR. VAN SLYKE: Pardon?

MR. COPELAND: Do you know what the law of the State of Texas is, sir?

MR. VAN SLYKE: Which statute are you referring to?

MR. COPELAND: The laws of the STate of Texas that cover peaceful protest. Both we and you, sir, are bound by those laws.

MR. VAN SLYKE: Well I'm not directing my objection to unlawful protest, I'm directing my objection to lawful protests, which would not fall within the purview of the criminal statutes of the State of Texas.

MR. COPELAND: Are you alleging, sir, that we would violate the laws of the State of Texas or the Atomic Energy Act or the Commission's regulations pursuant thereto, is that your allegation?

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MR. VAN SLYKE: No, I'm contending that the Applicant's security plan is inadequate for the Board to make a judgment as to whether the Applicant can distinguish an act of industrial sabotage, which should be prevented and which the thrust of the Atomic Energy Act is designed to prevent, whether the Applicant's security personnel can distinguish an incident like that from a lawful protest that might occur at the construction site during the time this plant is being built and before the final security plan is ever filed for the operating license, at that stage of the proceeding.

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Going on to Contention 2, I'm contending that the Applicant's security plan for compliance with the physical security organization's requirements of 10 CFR is not adequate to insure that security personnel for the Applicant will not engage in illegal surveillance and intelligence gathering against individuals and organizations merely because they are opposed to the construction of Allens Creek Plant, including myself and other members of the Mockingbird Alliance.

MR. LINEABERGER: Sir, on that point I have some confusion here.

There are, separate and apart from what the NRC regulations say, legal -- within the framework of the State of Texas and the county and the cite and so forth,

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legal restraints that would prevent the personnel of any organization from engaging in illegal surveillance and intelligence gathering, to use the words of your contention.

Now is it the thrust of your contention that the laws of the state, county and community are not going to be -are notadequate in that respect and therefore you're looking to the adequacy of the Commission's regulations to protect you in that respect?

MR. VAN SLYKE: My contention --

MR. LINENBERGER: Sir, I intentionally phrased that question so you could give a yes or no answer.

MR. VAN SLYKE: Is it my contention that the laws are not adequate?

MR. LINENBERGER: With respect to illegal -- with respect to illegal surveillance.

MR. VAN SLYKE: No, that's not my contention. MR. LINENBERGER: That's not your contention.

MR. VAN SLYRE: No. However, my contention is that the potential for violations of the law which may be difficult to detect because of the nature of the activities about which we are complaining and because of the documentation that I've attached which indicates that members of the law enforcement community may be involved in these same operations themselves, that that is a proper subject of inquiry before this Licensing Board.

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Also that these illeg . acts -- or the potential for illegal acts may not be brought to the attention of law enforcement authorities because of the security apparatus around the Allens Creek Nuclear Generating Station. These acts would not necessarily be committed on Main Streat at high meon.

As to Contention 3 -- well, summing up, I guess, my discussion about violations of Texas statutes in Contention 2 and my concern about the potential for those violations, I would point out that there are also laws in the State of Texas which prevent, for instance, pollution of Texas water resources -- we have a water resources code here. However, it is also the function of the Board to determine to what extent this plant will perform in conformance with those statutes. And I think it should also be the function of this Board to determine to what extent this plant will be able to function in compliance with whatever statutes might prevent illegal surveillance and harassment. And I don't think that's an unfair analogy.

There are overlapping jurisdictional laws in the licensing of any nuclear power plant, but the fact that another agency might have regulations to prevent infringement of those laws doesn't preclude this Board from considering that possibility.

MR. COPELAND: Mr. Chairman, for fear of treading

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on mischaracterization of the petitioner's argument, I must point out that he is simply wrong about this Commission's authority to enforce the water laws of the State of Texas. Likewise, by analogy, he is therefore wrong about the authority of this Board to enforce the criminal statutes of the State of Texas.

Again, sir, if you have a violation that you claim has occurred, I suggest you take it to the District Attorney's office and we'll deal with it there.

MR. VAN SLYKE: Well I'm not suggesting that the Board enforce the criminal laws of the State of Texas, I am merely suggesting that the Board consider the standards of conduct or the legal standards by which this plant should be measured.

And I notice that in the application for this plant, for instance, there's a certificate from the Fish and Wildlife Commission that says we've examined this plant and we've determined that it complies with all the applicable Texas statutes that govern fish and wildlife matters.

And I think it is interesting and it is laudable that the Board was concerned with the Applicant's compliance with those laws, and I hope it will also be concerned with the Applicant's compliance with the United States (or election. And I think that's the thrust of my Contention 2.

Contention 3, I think the Applicant and the

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Staff have both correctly pointed out that the safeguards contingency plan will not be required to be filed, the final safeguards contingency plan, until the operating licensing stage of this proceeding. And that in fact If I could go to my contention here, perhaps I could point out the part of that contention to which I objected.

Yes, I objected to the inadequacy of the Applicent's plans for complying with the license safeguards contingency plans which are not required to be filed until the operating license stage of this proceeding.

However, I would ask that the Board consider the inadequacy of the Applicant's preliminary analysis and evaluation of the design and performance of the security system of this facility.

15 And I think that my reference to the license safeguards contingency plans would also include the industrial security plan which has already been submitted by the Applicant in the Preliminary Safety Analysis Reports and subsequent reports.

20 And I feel that the NRC's rasponse to those 21 plano is inadequate. I feel that, for instance, in the 22 Safety Evaluation Report that was published in March, 1979 23 at Part 13.5, Industrial Security, I think that the mare 20 assertion that:

"The Applicant has provided a general

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description of the plans for protection against accidents and acts of industrial sabotage. The Applicant has demonstrated a general understanding of the regulations...," and those are the two sentences upon which the NRC concludes:

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"We conclude that the Applicant's arrangements for protection of the plant against acts of sabolage are directed toward meeting the requirements and are satisfactory for this stage of the licensing process."

Well I must say I disagree with that conclusion and I think the plan should be a little more specific at this stage of the licensing process because I do anticipate a lot of problems during the construction of this plant, given the history of nuclear power plants around the country.

Lastly, I would like to say that I also contest the MRC and the Applicant's objections to my being granted discretionary status as an Intervenor in this proceeding.

I think, without running down the laundry list of considerations that need to be considered, I think the items of standing that I demonstrated in my petition show that although it may be that this is the wrong forum for my concerns with civil liberties to be aired in -- and I'm not conceding that -- I think that I've raised concerns beyond mere civil liberties, I've raised concerns that do affect

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safety and health.

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And I'd like an opportunity to more specifically particularize those contentions. I'd like an opportunity for those concerns to be represented in this proceeding. And to my knowledge, no other petitioner has raised these issues in this proceeding and I think it would be beneficial to the Board to have my participation as an Intervenor in this proceeding so that those issues can be considered, Because I think that no other Intervenor has raised contentions about these concerns.

MR. COPELAND: I beg to differ, sir. Your organization did and they were thrown out.

MR. LINENBERGER: Mr. Van Slyke, I really want to understand as fully as possible, especially with respect to your Contentions 1 and 2, the thrust of them and so I need to ask you something here.

I can read Contentions 1 and 2 -- and believe me, I'm trying to develop an understanding, not to be critical or unfair or anything -- but I can read Contentions 1 and 2 to say that you would like this Board to assure itself that the Applicant will do everything possible to protect the rights of peaceful damonstrators, peaceful and legal demonstrators so that they can prevent the Applicant from doing his job.

Now that's edmittedly an unfair characterization +

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maybe it is, maybe it isn't -- but that's a reading I can make from the thrust of your first two contentions. You want to be sure that peaceful demonstrators are not interfered with the way industrial saboteurs are so that by virtue of their being allowed to demonstrate they can prevent the Applicant from building the plant.

Well I don't know whether he's going to build the plant or not, I don't know whether we're going to let him. That's beside the point. I have to look at the thrust of your contentions.

Now have I characterized it properly or not? And, if not, explain why or how.

MR. VAN SLYKE: Well I think what I'm trying to ask the Board to do -- I can see that there is very little motivation for the Applicant to be concerned about the safety; health and civil liberties of people who are peacefully opposing the construction of their plant. I mean, this is an aconomic equation.

19 But I would hope that the Board, as an agency of 20 the Federal Government which is charged with protecting all the citizens of the United States and, particularly, the citizens in this area, would be concerned that the Applicant's security plan is inadequate in cartain respects in that it's inadequate to warn the security personnel of the Applicant at which point the line has been crossed at which a violent

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response is in order.

I think there are no safeguards, there are no standards, there are no guidelines set in the socurity plan to tell security personnel of the Applicant This is what you do when this happons. There seems to be no guidelines by which to guide the people's conduct whatsoever, and I think that's what I'm concerned about. I'd like to see some concrete guidelines to make sure that the use of force will not be unwarranted.

MR. LINENBERGER: Okay. Thank you, sir, that helps.

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Anything else? (No response.)

I noted -- This is not directed to you, Mr. Van Slyke but directed to present parties and any future parties -- that when a party files a motion, may, for an extension of time, that should be a separate motion. It should not be incorporated into or made a part of any other pleading.

I'm not being critical, you're not a lawyer, Mr. Van Slyke, but I do want to point that out. You did, at the beginning of your supplement to your patition, indicate that you wanted -- or you indicated what -- you were critical, I take it, of the Bourd's order and said that you had a right to file up until 15 days before the holding of the special

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prehearing confere .s.

MR. VAN SLYKE: I did appreciate the NRC Staff treated that as a motion, but it should properly have been formed as a separate -- filed as a separate motion.

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: When the Board receives submissions, unless it is alarted -- unless something alarts them to the fact that it is also in the form of a motion, we don't act on it. We didn't treat this, then, as a motion.

In any event, it is denied orally because it has been mooted in that, in the first place, you didn't file anything anyway by September 30 and, secondly, it was mooted by the Appeal Board's decision in ALAB 565 of October 1, 1979.

So that's that.

Anything more?

(No response.)

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: All right. Thank you, Mr. Van Slyke.

It's now 12:30, we'll recess until 1:30.

I understand Mr. Perez is going to be here at 1:00. I trust he will recognize that we're still in session and, in any event, if anyone sees him tell him we'll be back here at 1:30.

(Whereupon, at 12:30 p.m., the hearing in the above-entitled matter was recessed, to reconvene at 1:30 p.m., this same day.)

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POOR ORIGINAL

AFTERNOON SESSION

(1:40 p.m.)

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Mr. Scott, would you come forward, please?

MR. SCOTT: Okay, Scott is ready for TEXPIRG. As has been earlier mentioned, many of TEXPIRG's contentions have been dropped and stipulated to.

So as I mentioned yesterday, to briefly mention some considerations that I think apply to many of these contentions, in order to try to expedite this, one of the things that has been raised is whether or not a contention can be dropped because it could have been raised at some earlier -- as a result of some earlier order, like the May or September -- October -- I forget the exact dates.

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Are there any such objections to one or more of your contentions?

MR. SCOTT: Yas, there were.

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: All right.

19 MR. SCOTT: And wherever possible I will try to 20 explain that, within those rules.

I just want to make it clear that I think that there's really no -- that it's improper legally to have to go through that process. I think that at this proceeding there's no harm to anybody. There's no imposition, because of other parties being allowed to raise things, or people

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1 2	POOR ORIGINAL 1404
1	who were somehow involved earlier not to be able to raise
2	them.
3	That's within your discretion, and I think to not
4	allow that would be an abuse of your discretion. I won't
5	expound upon that more.
6	Secondly, objections that keep being raised by
7	both Staff and Applicant to these contentions is that they
8	keep saying, "What's your basis for that statement?"
9	If you go further and give a basis for that, then
10	they say, "What's your basis for that?"
11	And the end result of that type of lawyerly
12	trie
13	stage.
14	And, as you earlier properly explained, this is
15	not the point to prove your case. It's only the place to
16	provide reasonable specificity so that the Board, the
17	Applicant and the Staff can know what you're talking about.
18	Once the case is proven that much - 3 mean,
19	there's no need to go any further.
20	I think the Appeal Board in their recent memorandum
21	essertially stated that, in that they talked that at some
22	point still further down the road there'd be chances for
23	summary judgment after discovery and whatever.
24	And that at this point all that had to be explained
25	was that there was an understanding of what the issue was, and
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that it was not relying on the face of the issue.

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2 Thirdly -- well, actually, it's actually a 3 continuation of the second one here -- I would refer you to the United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission Staff Practice and Procedures Digest, in which, on this issue, page 37, in the Vermont Yankee Nuclear Power Corporation versus NRDC case, April 3, 1978, it's stated that the court held it was incumbent upon intervenors who wished to participate to structure their participation so that it is meaningful, so that it alarts the agency to intervenor's position ----

MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Chairman, excuse me for inter-11 jecting at this point. 12

I know of no objection to anything that Mr. Scott 13 has said or is planning to say that warrants this type of 14 legal argument at this point. 15

I think that when the matters which are of concern 16 to him as a matter of law arise, should they arise, that's 17 the point at which to have legal argument. 18

Right now we're engaged in an abstract discussion 19 of legal principles totally unrelated to any specific 20 contention. 21

MR. SCOTT: In response, I'd only say that -- as I've already said -- that I'm trying to explain, in order to save time and not have to repeat this every time it's been mentioned. It's been mentioned over and over on these

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contentions, and --

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CHAIRMAN WOLFE: All right, Mr.Scott. YOu may reply, but these are objections that Mr. Scott is meeting now in a general way without having to go through them contention by contention.

All right, with the understanding that all these arguments are addressed to specific objections, if you're just generalizing at this point, it's allowed.

Go ahead.

MR. SCOTT: Good.

In fact, the next sentence says that:

"The Court found NRC's use of a threshold test requiring Intervenors to make a showing sufficient to require reasonable minds to inquire further to be well within the Agency's discretion."

And I state that because it is another Appeal Court decision that stated that not even the threshold test had to be made.

One further point that's mentioned many times is that the 1975 partial initial decision had considered this issue, and so you're foreclosed from raising it.

That's only a partially correct statement, and I'm sure you all know this. But the Appeal Board decision described it in terms of it was reasonable to prevent relitigation of issues that had in fact been thoroughly

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r	considered and findings had been found and listed in the
2	partial initial decision.
з	And that's a two-step process. They inquired
4	even in a later sentence do you have that decision?
5	In any case, the document will speak for itself.
6	There's another sentence that states that facts
7	that were not thoroughly considered you know could
8	definitely be re-raised.
9	And even decisions issues that were thoroughly
10	considered in part of the partial initial decision can still
11	be raised if based upon new evidence and changes in the plant
12	design.
13	MR. SOHINKI: Are you implying, Mr. Scott, that
14	the Board did not give thorough consideration to its site
15	suitability findings?
16	MR. SCOTT: To some of them, yes.
17	Okay, if nobody has any further questions at this
18	point, it might be otherwise, I'll proceed into my
19	contentions.
20	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: May I interrupt just one moment,
21	Mr. Scott?
22	Mr. Doharty, do you happen to have Dr. Warner's
23	phone number? Do you know her personally, or does anyone
24	know her personally, in the audience?
25	I would appreciate it if someone from Applicant or
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1	Staff, or if one of the petitioners or parties knows where
2	she can be contacted, if she could be called and
3	MR. SCOTT: Sir, I do have a phone number of
4	where she works, and I'll give this to
5	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Would you mind calling her, Mr.
5	Baker, and
7	MR. BAKER: I'll call her, yes.
3	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Well, just a moment. I want to
9	tell you what to tell her.
10	Would you tall her that we are continuing until
11	5:00 this evening, and if at all possible would you
12	advise her that we would like her to be here at 9:30 in the
13	morning, so that we could hear her oral argument? Because
14	it may well be that by mid-morning we will have no other
15	business, no other oral arguments, to conduct, and we may
16	just conclude the special prehearing conference.
17	So we suggest strongly that she be here at 9:30
18	in the morning, at the latest. Would you do that?
19	MR. SOHINKI: Mr. Chairman, I was going to say
20	that if it appeared and it may appear that we could
21	finish this evening, I certainly would have no objection to
22	going a little later than 5:00 o'clock in order to save
23	CHAIFMAN WOLFE: All right. Would you put the
24	question to her this way, then, Mr. Eaker? Would you first
25	ask her if she can make it this evening by 5:00 o'clock,
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1	before 5:00? If she cannot, we certainly expect to see her
2	at 9:30 a.m. in the morning. Ask her if she can make it at
3	5:00. If she can't, then say most certainly the Board
4	expects her to be here by 9:30 in the morning.
5	Would you do that? I'd appreciate that.
6	MR. BAKER: Yes, sir.
7	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Thank you.
8	MR. SOHINKI: I raised that aspecially in view of
9	the fact that she only has a single contention.
10	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Yes. Thank you.
11	Sorry to interrupt, Mr. Scott. Go right ahead.
12	MR. SCOTT: No problem.
13	The reference that I mentioned earlier as to a
14	basis for dropping contentions at this point is, in a memo
15	that I just mentioned to you in the Appeal Board of October
16	1, 1979, at the bottom of page 9, states:
17	"Of course, if the contention is inherently
18	lacking in merit or has some other facial deficiency,
19	it can be dismissed now."
20	And as a further just general overriding in
21	fact, probably the guiding light, the purpose of these type
22	of proceedings, namely, construction permit proceedings for
23	nuclear power plants, is Section 2239 of 42 U. S. Code 2239,
24	in which, as you know, if anyone asks for a I mean you
25	have to have public hearings for construction permit
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1	proceedings, whether or not any people want to participate.
2	And further it states,
3	"The Commission shall "
4	there's no "may"
5	"grant a hearing upon the request of any
6	person" Doop opioilit
7	not some people POGR ORIGINAL
8	" whose interests may be affected by the proceeding,
9	and shall admit any such person as a party to such
10	proceeding,"
11	That's awfully strong words, I beliave, to
12	indicate the guideline that the rules and regulations and
12	the Boards should use in deciding whether or not and what
14	standards to hold petitioners to, to intervene.
15	Now, as to Contention AA4, which was original
16	Contention 26 rewritten, it is in summary fashion described
17	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Which one was that, now?
18	MR. SCOTT: AA4.
19	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: AA4?
20	MR. SCOTT: Yes, amended additional number 4.
21	(The Board conferring.)
22	MR. SCOTT: Is anyone having difficulty in
23	finding it?
24	CHAIFMAN WOLFE: Go right ahead.
25	MR. SCOTT: Okay. I think the first sentence,
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in summary fashion, describes the contention:
"Applicant is not financially qualified to
construct Allens Creek."
Financially qualified is as described within the
rules and regulations. In particular, Section $50.33(f)$ of
10 CFR, describes - and, once again, I'm not reading
exactly I can somebody wants me to it states that
the Applicant has to show that it has the money to comply
with all the Nuclear Regulatory Commission regulations.
Further, that they have the money to cover the
astimated construction costs and fuel cycle costs.
So that's and also this would be considered
to some extent in the just general overriding purpose of

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the Atomic Energy Act and NEPA as to whether or not they will be able to protect the public health and safety and the environment.

Essentially, it's been objected that the Staff has done an update that I suppose obviously we had not read. It turns out I got the contention from that update, if I remember correctly.

In any case, I had read the prior information, Section 20 of the Safety Evaluation Report, and, in summary fashion, I believe the information contained therein is grossly inaccurate.

As some examples, if you'll look at -- in order

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to stood things, I	won't read	things from it,	I'll just give
yes the citacions,	and if some	body wants them	read directly,

3 I'll do that.

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4 Page 20-5, Table 20.1, does not in any way accounta'd this is in the Second Supplement, updated version -- does 5 6 not in any way account for the increased cost of the South 7 Texas plant, both those that have been known about for over a year now, and those that were announced -- the cost 8 increases that were announced roughly four months age and 9 last month.

In the last three months there's been an announced 11 additional \$300 million cost overrun as compared to what 12 was announced three months prior -- approximately three 13 months prior. 14

MR. MEWMAN: Mr. Chairman, as a point of 15 clarification -- because I am unable to understand the 16 contention without the citation - can you identify for me 17 the figure in Table 20.1 which you contend is inaccurate 18 because of the increase in cost in the STP project? 19 MR. SCOTT: Well, it would be rost of them, but.... 20

(Pause.)

Well, for example, look at 20.5, and you can see what the headings are, showing which years are under which lines, and on 20,6 there are construction expenditures for 1979 which shows that construction expenditures for nuclear

uel 11	PCOR ORIGINAL 1413
1	power plant to be 238 millions of dollars. And the subject
2	means Allens Creek Nuclear Power Plant would have expended
3	\$161 million.
4	It's very hard for me to believe that a power
5	plant that don't have a construction license is expending
6	approximately two-thirds of the total amount being spent
7	on nuclear power plant construction for HLSP, when we know
3	that they're constructing two units of comparable size at
9	the South Texas Location.
10	MR. NEWMAN: I'm not sure I understand, Mr. Scott,
11	how that relates to the South Texas project.
12	Could you show me the number that's affected and
13	some basis for indicating that the number is wrong, based
14	upon the construction expenditure pattern at STP?
. 15	MR. SCOTT: Were you asking me a question then?
16	MR. NHWMAN: I'm sorry. If you didn't hear, I'll
17	repeat it.
18	I asked for you to you referred me to page
19	20-6 and Table 20.1, and you asked me to look under the
20	column that reflects 1979 expenditures. And then you
2:	described certain numbers as being wrong because of
22	expenditures necessary in the South Texas project.
23	And I was wondering if, for the benefit of our
24	understanding of your contention, if you could identify the
25	number which you allege is wrong, and some basis for why
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you balieva it's wrong.

MR. SCOTT: I thought I'd just done that. In fact, I thought I'd mentioned the numbers.

I am not at this point contesting that there's \$238 million being spent on nuclear power plants for construction, but I am contesting that Allens Greek had \$161 million spont on it in 1979; namely, that's where I got the approximately two-thirds, 161 over the total of 2:8, and 161 millions of dollars percent.

And those same -- that same sort of logic follows 10 for later years, going up to years 1985. 11

Now, this chart does not account for the recently 12 announced -- not even recently -- it's the last year or two --13 cost overruns and expected times of completion of the 14 South Texas Project.

MR. NEWMAN: What I am asking you to do, if you're 16 able to, is to identify the number that you believe is in 17 error and some basis for it. 12

I'm not asking you to prove a case. Just-

MR. SCOTT: Well, the Public Utility Commission's 20 testimony -- this was last month, in Austin, MLAP announced 21 that they -- that their construction work in progress for 22 South Texas was over \$300 million. 23

MR. NEWMAN: That, as I understand it, is the 20. total construction expenditure to date. 25

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Can you identify for me -- I hate to keep coming back to it, but we really have to find out what is the basis of the contention, not to prove it -- which number do you allege is wrong in the chart? And if so, just state a basis for it.

MR. SCOTT: I am saying, in summary fashion, that most of those numbers on this chart are wrong. At least under the heading of construction expenditures. And I've already given you the basis for those. I don't see any point in reading all the numbers on that page. I'm basically saying they're all wrong.

12 MR. NEWMAN: I guess we'll just have to leave 13 the record as it stands, Mr. Chairman.

I am unable, and I don't believe the Board is able, to detarmine from what's been said the nature of Mr. Scott's assertion with respect to financial qualifications.

He's pointed us to a chart. He's suggested we
look at it. But he hasn't identified for me, at least,
in what manner that chart is incorrect.

I'm not saying there may not be a basis for it.
I'm simply saying that he hasn't expressed it.

MR. SCOTT: Is there any confusion on any of the Board Members' mind?

> I want to keep pursuing it until you're convinced. CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Well, you're in charge of your

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own argur . Mr. Scott.

MR. SCOTT: I also don't want to pursue it if you already understand it.

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: That's your judgment. If you think Mr. Newman doesn't understand your argument or what you said -- you're arguing to the Board, but you have to satisfy the questions put to you by counsel, too.

I'm not about to tell you that you're over a certain hurdle. You have to make that determination yourself. We will determine, ultimately, whether you've hurdled it.

MR. SCOTT: Lat me make two points on that.

First of all, I was informed during all these words that were flying around that the \$300 million figure that I mentioned for South Texas that was mentioned at the recent Public Utilities Commission hearings in Austin, Texas, that I mentioned the term \$300 million, and supposedly the Applicant says that was the total expenditures to date, when in fact it was not. It was the expenditures this last year.

MR. NEWMAN: I'm sorry. What I said, I believe, is that that was total construction work in progress.

MR. SCOTT: Okay.

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2	MR. SCOTT: To rebut that, it's just come to my
	attention that that figure is really over some \$500 million,
3	not \$300 million for total construction work in progress.
4	Also I'm willing you gentlemen can read
5	page 20.6 and what I'm saying will be obvious to you. I don't
6	think I have to pursue that any further.
7	MR. SOHINKI: It's still not obvious to the Staff
8	what the basis for his contention that the numbers were wrong.
9	MR. SCOTT: Okay. For example this ought to
10	make it clear it has been announced that South Texas,
11	I mean that the Allens Creek facility will not be completed
12	until 1987. Okay? And yet we show that as of 1985, only
13	\$28 million will be spent and none is shown for 1986 or 1987.
14	Now I somehow have to believe that if the plant is not completed
15	somebody's working on it and money's being spent.
16	MR. SOHINKI: I understood what you said. I
17	don't understand how it impacts on the Applicant's financial
18	qualifications to construct the facility.
19	MR. SCOTT: This is just evidence, some evidence
20	to prove the total point. It just shows that the numbers used
21	indicate lower expenditures than, in fact, would have to be
22	spent.
23	MR. SOHINKI: I still don't understand how that
24	impacts on financial qualifications.
	MR. NEWMAN: Let us assume that the cost is
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30 percent higher or 60 percent higher. How does that relate to your ultimate conclusion that the Applicant's financially unqualified, what's the nexus between those two statements?

Because financial qualifications is obviously a combined consideration of a number of matters, the money market and things of that nature, and I just don't understand how one can pick out one number, even if he's correct, or double that number and relate that to an ultimate conclusion that the Applicant is not financially qualified.

MR. SCOTT: First of all, Applicant said that as I explained earlier before I started -- and I will try to expedite things instead of proving my case today, I was going to mention some evidence, enough to get interested people ire further. I think I've done that, but I am also plant presenting a lot more. And, you know, I can pursue th. It's obviously --

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: If you pursued it at length, imately would you answer what is troubling Staff and Applicant, namely that these figures, even if assumed to be erroneous, do not give any indication at all that the Applicant would not be able to afford to construct Allens Craek.

Now, do you have to go through everything that you intend to say or are you going to reach that right now and give us the basis?

MR. SCOTT: I can give the shorthand basis right

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CHAIRMAN WOLFE: All right. Good.

3 MR. SCOTT: Basically other things that I was 4 going to mention, you know, go to prove that point or to 5 indicate further evidence of that point -- I'm not proving 6 my point today -- namely, on page 20.7, the next page, there 7 are assumptions which the Staff used to come to their conclu-8 sion that the Applicant was financially qualified, in there they assumed long-term interest rates, on line three, 9 3.76 percent, short-term debt interest rate of 6.25 percent. 10 If I remember right, the prime interest rate now is about 12 15 percent.

13 MR. NEWMAN: Isn't that for new borrowing? This relates to the Applicant's debt equity structure with respect 14 to sunk capital. He hasn't embedded that.

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: For example, Mr. Scott, everyone's 16 affected by inflation, right? Everyone is affected by higher 17 interest rates. What can you tell us to indicate that 18 Applicant will be even more significantly disadvantaged by 19 the effects of inflation and the higher interest rates which 20 would ultimately result, as I understand what you're trying 21 to say, that it will be unable to construct -- or if it's 22 able to construct the plant, that it will not be as, I take it, 23 as careful in constructing it well. 24

Now what's the bottom line to this, why won't

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they be able to meet their obligation?

MR. SCOTT: Well as I said before, since I'm not proving the case today, all I can do is keep giving you more evidence to that point.

But recently it was announced other utilities who are strong financially--as I would admit this Applicant is, compared to most utilities, a fairly strong utility--other strong utilities have announced that they are considering going to coal-fired plants to replace previously announced nuclear plants.

This Applicant has made testimony in front of the Texas Public Utility Commission in the last couple of weeks indicating that if they don't get the rate increase that they're asking for they just won't be able to proceed with the construction of these plants, nuclear and non-nuclear, that they say they've got to build. That's an admission against interest which would win my case right there.

Maybe I should add the further stop that the Public Utility Commission staff has indicated that they think the Applicant should not receive even half of what they've asked for in the way of a rate increase. In fact, I believe it was about a third that they should get.

Instead of counting oldo percent of the construction work in process, the Staff is recommending -the PUC Board has not yet ruled for next year and the year

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after -- You see, I can't prove my case because it hasn't happened yet.

3 All I'm saying is the analysis that has been 4 by the Staff to prove their case is wrong, so it's a subject 5 of further consideration. That, in summary fashion, is my basis for this contention.

MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Scott, again I have to inquire, 8 you have referred now to testimony of the Applicant and positions 9 of the STaff and the PUC. Do you have -- can you identify for the Board even when that testimony was given, who gave it -can you furnish a reference, sir, that the Applicant may at least have an opportunity to review the material and likewise the Board, should that be necessary? Who was the witness?

MR. SCOTT: Mr. Chairman, I can answer that in a somehwat convoluted way by asking my expert here -- I'd appreciate your using the rules, if you can, to just let him answer directly in order to save time.

MR. JOHNSON: I'm Clarence Johnson.

Since I did attend the Utility Commission 19 hearings not this last week but the week before that, since 20 mexPIRG is a party in those hearings also, I would state that 21 the testimony of Mr. Ledbetter and Mr. Meyer of HLEP would 22 tend to be substantiation for the statement he made about 23 Houston Lighting and Power's --24

MR. COPELAND: No, sir. Mr. Johnson, Mr. Scott

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said very specifically that Mr. Ledbetter or somebody said that if we did not get the requested rate relief in all forms requested that we could not afford to carry forward and build Allens Creek. Now did Mr. Ledbetter say that specifically, sir?

MR. JOHNSON: Well I'd say --

MR. COPELAND: The answer is no, isn't it, MR. Johnson.

9 MR. JOHNSON: I would prefer to be able to explain, if I can, that is, Mr. Ledbetter, as in in all utility 10 rate hearings, has to talkiin terms of what can be done in order 11 to preserve the financial integrity of the company. And that, 12 13 of course, is the issue that is before the Utility Commission.

They were stating that this construction program for HLEP -- which is exceptionally large for a stility 15 company -- that construction work in progress was needed at 16 17 the level they had deemed in order to maintain their financial integrity. And they deemed that amount to be 100 percent. 18

. I believe, subject to check later, I believe that 19 Mr. Koon, for the Public 20

21 Utility Commission Staff was the witness with regard to the 22 amount of construction work in progress that needed to be included. 23

MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Johnson, was that the position of the Texas Public Utilities Commission?

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MR. JOHNSON: No, he stated that was not the 2 case, that's the position of the Public Utility Commission 3 Staff. 4 MR. NEWMAN: So we're not saying any judgment 5 of the Texas PUC. MR. JOHNSON: Since they have not ruled yet, 7 that would be impossible. 8 MR. NEWMAN: Right. 9 CHAIRMAN WOLFE: No other questions? 10 Mr. Linenberger? 11 MR. LINENBERGER: Well I just wanted to 12 understand the identification here. You identified this as 13 additional amended Contention Number 4. You indicated that, 14 I believe, that it was similar to, or else equivalent to or 15 related to original Contention 26, is that correct? 16 MR. SCOTT: Additional Contention 26, meaning Number 26 on our last 50 that we filed at one time in response 17 18 to the ---19 MR. LINENBERGER: Okay, additional Contention 26, 20 right. 21 Now then comes the question does this replace 22 additional Contention 267 23 MR. SCOTT: Yes. 24 MR. LINENBERGER: So we're withdrawing additional Contention 26. 25 1218 -111

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MR. SCOTT: Yes.

MR. LINENBERGER: Thank you.

MR. SOHINKI: Mr. Chairman, I have a report on Mrs. Warner. And if I indicate anything inaccurately, I'm sure Mr. Baker --

CHAIPMAN WOLFE: Well why don't we let Mr. Baker give the report?

MR. BAKER: Dr. Warner says she'll try to be here this afternoon. She has classes to teach all morning tomorrow and will not be able to make it tomorrow. If she makes it by 5:00, it'll be very close to 5:00. I told her you might go on bread 5:00 if she can be here after 5:00 and she said she'd notify you, Mr. Wolfe, or Mr. Sohinki through the Holiday Inn desk as soon as possible.

15 CHAIRMAN WOLPE: Well we plan to adjourn at
16 5:00. Did you so tell her?

MR. BAKER: I told her that's what you wanted to do is have her appear by 5:00. She said she'll try and make it by 5:00.

20 CNAIRMAN WOLFE: All right. Thank you.
 21 MR. BAKER: I should also point out she said
 22 she's having difficult, she has a busy week this week and it's
 23 hard for her to make it.

MR. LINENBERGER: As we go through, Mr. Scott, wherever you come to a contention that replaces one prior

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worded version, if you can let us know whether the prior one is withdrawn this will help us with the structuring of our order on these contentions.

MR. SCOTT: I think that'll be the case in every case where --

3 MR. LINENBERGER: Well, but please make : point 7 in identifying what it replaces. Thank you.

MR. COPELAND: Sir, I think I have a list of those that we went over when Mr. Scott and I were working on the stipulations.

11 MR. LINENEERGER: We know which ones you stipulated 12 to.

12 MR. COPELAND: No, sir, what I'm saying is I 14 double-checked with Mr. Scott for that very purpose in going through and talking about the stipulations and I have a list 15 of the so-called additional contentions that he dropped as a 16 result of his amended amended contentions, or his amended 17 additional contentions. 12

19 MR. LINENBERGER: I think you read that into the 20 record as I ---

MR. COPELAND: No, I'm talking about the additional 21 contentions that were dropped by Mr. Scott as a result of his 22 additional amended --23

MR. LINEWBERGER: That came into the record earlier this week, I have them listed in my notes. I have a 25

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 vel/sgbl0 1 list of contentions that were dropped. Ist of contentions that were are two things, sir. Ist of contentions that were dropped as a result of the stipulations which we've reached. Ist of contentions that were a list of those contentions that were dropped as a result of his tlater amendment. Ist of the record? Ist corpelands: All right, sir. That's additional contention 2, edditional contention 3, additional contention 4. Ist corpelands: Molecular were subcomed by the later amendment. Ist corpelands: How was's the list mean? Ist corpelands: These are you reading in now: Ist corpelands: How was's the list mean? Ist corpelands: Inste amendments. Ist corpelands: Inste amendments. Ist corpelands: Inste additional contentions 1, through 6. These are your so-called additional contentions 1, through 6. These are your so-called additional contentions 1, through 6. These are your so-called additional contentions 1, through 6. These are your so-called additional contentions 1, through 6. These are your so-called additional contention 2, 3, 6, 8, 16, 25, 25 and 42. Ist corpelands: How would you categories these, 1, 14 		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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10 CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Would you care to read those 11 into the record? 12 MR. COPELAND: All right, sir. That's additional 13 Contention 2, additional Contention 3, additional Contention 14 MR. SCOTT: Excuse me, I just want to make 15 sure so I can check this, what are you reading in now: 16 MR. COPELAND: Additional Contention 2 17 MR. COPELAND: Moditional Contention 2 18 MR. COPELAND: These are the ones, Jim, that 19 fell out as a result of your additional amended Contentions 20 1 through 6. These are your so-called additional contentions 21 MR. COPELIND: I have additional contention 2, 22 MR. COPELIND: I have additional Contention 2, 23 MR. COPELIND: I have additional Contention 2, 24 3, 6, 8, 15, 25, 26 and 42. 25 CHAIRMAN WOLFE: How would you categorize these,	• 8	I was saying was that I have a list of those contentions that
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 24 3, 6, 8, 16, 25, 26 and 42. 25 CHAIRMAN WOLFE: How would you categorize these, 	24	MR. SCOTT: Okay.
 24 3, 6, 8, 16, 25, 26 and 42. 25 CHAIRMAN WOLFE: How would you categorize these, 	23	MR. COPELAND: I have additional Contention 2,
	24	
	25	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: How would you categorize these,
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Mr. Scott, in your words? Do you agree that these should be withdrawn -- or you have agreed that these should be withdrawn in light of stipulations arrived at with Applicant, is that correct?

MR. SCOTT: In fact, I could go further. I've tried to be careful--and I've written down several columns of Contentions here, one meaning staff has accepted, another that Applicant has accepted, others TexPIRG has agreed 'to drop in agreement with Applicant, combined contentions and our last list meaning contentions that are now left.

(Laughter.)

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Well --

MR. COPELAND: I think that the numbers I
read off are clearly stated on the face of pleading, I don't
think you'll have any trouble figuring that out.

16 CHAIRMAN WOLFE: All right. Fine. Go ahead,
 17 Mr. Scott.

MR. SCOTT: Okay. Since, as you earlier stated,
you're not going to tell me when you're satisfied, I will
continue on with a little more indications that this Applicant
is not financially qualified to build this facility.

Very recently, October 13th, General Public Utilities has announced there's a real and distinct possibility they're going to bgo bankrupt because of this Three Mile Island accident.

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wel/ab12

	1428
1	There's no need for - This Applicant could have
2	an accident, too, and that possibility is not figured into
3	the calculations to show that they will be, in fact,
4	financially
5	MR. NEWMAN: You're suggesting that a proper
6	financial analysis would include provision for the complete
7	destruction of the Allens Creek reactor?
8	MR. SCOTT: I didn't say that.
9	MR. NEWMAN: Then in what way is the Applicant
10	not qualified financially? What's the relevance of the GPU
11	situation to Allens Creek as we know it today?
12	MR. SCOTT: When this study was done, meaning
13	Supplement 2 to the Safety Evaluation Report, Three Mile Island
14	had not yet happened.
15	I maintain, at least this is what the newspapers
16	tell me, we have a new world now, things have changed, we have
37	to admit that big accidents can happen. Utilities are
18	banks, in fact, are weighing that in their consideration of
19	whether or not to loan money and at what rates to utilities
20	I kind of hate going into all this stuff because I assume
2i	I'd like you to just take judicial notice of all that,
22	I assume you already know all that.
23	To make it maybe a little more concrete. I will
24	zead what the Applicant's witness at the Public Utility
25	Commission hearing recently has said, this is withess Mr. Sherwin:
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1	1218 116

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wel/agb13

"From the point of view of cost of capital, there are several aspects to the consequences of Three Mile Island. Number one, it has raised the cost of equity capital of companies that are engaged in nuclear generation of power and it is unlikely that investors' concerns can be allayed in the foreseeable future.

"Number two, it will probably raise the cost of debt for those companies that are now engaged in nuclear generation or are constructing nuclear plants. It is not yet possible to quantify that impact.

"Number three, it has created an increased awareness that an accident causing the outage of a plant may necessitate the purchase of power from neighboring utilities at an increased level of cost that may not be automatically passed on to customers.

"Even if the adverse effects of the recent nuclear accident on the cost of capital may be utimately overcome through appropriate regulatory and governmental action, the increased awareness of the impact of physical risk on financial viability resulting solely from the concentration of capital is likely to have long-lasting upward

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wel/agb14	1	pressure on the cost of capital."
0	2	In that regard
	3	MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Scott, did Mr. Sherwin, the
0	4	witness, conclude that therefore the company would be financially
	5	unqualified to construct the Allens Creek plant?
	6	MR. SCOTT: I'm not sure what he determined.
	7	MR. NEWMAN: Did he say that? You have the
	3	testimony in front of you.
	9	MR. SCOTT: I'm not reading that sestimony.
Bloomflws	10	Lat bootin 2 is not reading that testimony.
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2B WRB/wb1		MR. NEWMAN: What are you reading, then?
hdon	2	MR. SCOTT: I'm reading part of that testimony.
	3	MR. NEWMAN: Have you read the entire thing?
0.	4	MR. SCOTT: I have.
	5	MR. IJEWMAN: You have?
	6	MR. SCOTT: Yes.
	7	MR. NEWMAN: And did Mr. Sherwin conclude any-
•	8	thing with respect to the ability of Houston Lighting and
	9	Power to finance the Allens Creek station?
	10	MR. SCOTT: No.
	11	MR. NEWMAN: Did he say we couldn't?
	12	MR. SCOTT: Mr. Johnson tells me he can answer
•	13	that for you.
	14	MR. JOHNSON: When I cross-examined him on the
	15	point of whether or not fears of the Three Mile Island acci-
	16	dent were rational or irrational he said fears of the accident
	17	were rational in the minds of investors, however it was not
	18	irrational continue building nuclear power plants. I think
•	19	his conclusion is that these factors have been raised as
	20	reasons why additional rate relief was needed.
	21	MR. MEWMAN: I have to other questions on that
	22	score, Mr. Chairman.
-07	23	MR. SCHINKI: Did I understand Mr. Scott to
	24	say he was going to continue talking under the Board was
•	25	convinced he was right?
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WRB/wb2	1	MR. SCOTT: No, until I was convinced the Board
8	2	was convinced.
-	3	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: You're not going to get any
0	4	indication from us whether we're convinced on this point
	5	or not. What I'm saying is you have to make up your mind to
	8	that, Mr. Scott.
	7	MR. SCOTT: Since I want to zaalously defend
	8	my client I want to give you all the evidence I've got.
	9	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: I'm not asking for all the evi-
	10	dence you've got. All I'm asking from you is
	11	MR. SCOTT: all the bases I have.
	12	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Yes.
•	13	MR. SCOTT: I might note that since this analysis
•	14	was performed by the staff, and since the information
	15	that was sent to the staff for this analysis was done, there
	16	have been numerous, in fact almost daily new stories concerning
	17	construction problems at the South Texas facility. I'm not
	18	raising that to talk about at this point, to talk about the
	19	competence of the people to do engineering, but to point to
	20	the fact that all those problems are leading to increased
	21	costs, which is going to impact adversely upon the capability
	22	of this applicant to build Allens Creek properly, as I've
	23	earlier described it.
	24	MR. SOHINKI: Mr. Scott, you are planning on
•	25	getting at some time in the course of your discussion to the

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WRB/wb3 1	crox of the staff's objection to the contention, aren't you?
2	MR. SCOTT: I think I've already done that.
3	MR. SOHINKI: You understand that the staff
) 4	recognizes in the Safety Evaluation that conditions change?
5	MR. SCOTT: Yes, we recognize that.
6	MR. SOHINKI: And that financing plans will
7	change from time to time in order to meet changing conditions?
8	MR. SCOTT: Sure.
9	MR. SOHINKI: So what I'm waiting for is to hear
10	the basis for your conclusion that the applicant's financing
11	plan is not capable of changing to meet changing conditions.
12	MR. SCOTT: The fact that the staff makes
13	grandmother statements, apple pie statements, that conditions
14	will change, that does nothing to affect your analysis, the
15	NRC staff's analysis nor the objections, the things that I
16	have raised.
17	Proving this point will be reserved to further
18	proceedings. We have shown the, I believe we have shown a
:9	basis for indicating that perhaps, maybe this applicant will
20	not be financially qualified to build this facility. Much
21	of its prior experience indicates that.
22	MR. SOHINKI: Mr. Chairman, the only thing I
23	would say in response to that is, the Staff's evaluation
2.4	incorporates Commission preceden: which clearly recognizes
25	that financing a nuclear facility is a matter that goes on
•	1218 121
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WRB/wb4	1	over the course of a number of years, and that conditions
5	2	change and financing plans change in order to cope with
	3	Conditions over that period of years.
0	4	I haven't heard a single sentence from Mr.Scott
	5	which would cast any doubt on the ability of the applicant's
	õ	financing plan to cope with changing economic conditions.
	7	MR. NEWMAN: I would add to that, Mr. Chairman,
	8	that in terms of the financing
	9	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: I would seem, Mr. Newman, that
	10	by this time if you think Mr. Scott hasn't made his point
	11	it would be in your best interests not to pursue it. You
	12	keep pursuing it and he gives you more bases.
•	13	We're listening. Go ahead. Continue your
	14	questioning. I'm not going to call a halt to it.
	15	MR. NEWMAN: I withdraw the question,
	16	Mr. Chairman.
	17	MR. SCOTT: Further I will state that this analysis
	18	that we've been talking about on page 20-5, Table 20-1, the
	19	Second Supplement to the Safety Evaluation Report, assumes,
	20	indicates far into the future, namely, 1985, that applicant
	21	will generate only about a fifth, in fact 133 million dollars
	22	from external sources, namely, preferred stock, long term
	23	debt, notes payable, contributions from parant net, and other
	24	funds, and that they would have internally generated funds of
	25	some 575 million dollars for 1985.
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1.1.1.1	이 같은 것 같은
1	Their experience in 1977-78 indicates that only
2	36 percent of their funds were internally generated, as opposed
3	to staff's assumption, not only for 1985 but for other years,
4	as you can see on that chart yourself, instead of being only
5	like : third, instead of it being like three-fourths or four-
6	fifths internally generated, would only be, in 77-78, 36 percent
7	internally generated, which means they've got to go out to the
8	cold cruel financial world and borrow money. And I don't have
9	to explain to you what the interests rates are and where they
10	are projectel on going.
11	The bottom line is, the analysis to come to the
12	staff's conclusion is erroneous.
13	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: All right. You may proceed to
14	your next contention.
15	MR. SCOTT: I will go on to Contention, I call it
16	AA5, Amended Additional Contention No. 5. That was Amended
17	Contention No. 3. Additional Contention No. 3, the one I call
18	No. 3, the one everybody else wants to call Additional Con-
19	tention No. 3 has been dropped. It is now Amended Additional
20	Contention No. 5.
21	I think, once again, a short summary of this
22	contention is succinctly described in the first sentence of the
	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21

contention. 23

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"The Partial Initial Decision did not examine the water temperature of the Allens Creek

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wrb/agbl flwswb6

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cooling lake and the effects upon game fish in depth or with accuracy."

3 I think bound up in that statement is the fact 4 that we are contesting the adequacy of not only the Partial 3 Initial Decision determination, but also the present analysis 6 of water temperature and, in particular, its vertical distri-7 bution of temperature within the cooling lake because that analysis has not changed since the Partial Initial Decision ----8 there has still not been any sundy or consideration of the 9 10 vertical temperature distribution effects.

Essentially Staff's arguments seem to go to the fact that -- they dispute the facts on that issue. And once 12 I give some basis for that, that point can be discussed later. 13

Applicant basically says Hey that was basically 14 considered in the Partial Initial Decision. And as I've already 15 stated, once I've given you a basis for that we can get into 16 the facts later during discovery and motions for summary 17 judgment and finally on the hearing on the merits. 18

I'll also try to show you why I feel that che 19 Partial Initial Decision did not consider that sufficiently. 20 And I could do that right now: they didn't consider it at all 21 so you can't have considered it sufficiently. 22

By that I don't mean to say you didn't consider 23 at all temperature effects in the lake, you did. I feel 24 insufficiently, but you did some. There was just no 23

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consideration of the vertical distribution of temperature effects.

And they were -- On top of all that we've got the fact that instead of having two mits and a certain sized lake we now have one unit and a different sized lake. So it can be argued there is a change in plant design and whatever, you could turn the argument right around on me and say why 8 didn't you raise it last October? You know, there has got to be an end to those kind of arguments sometime. Let's look at the facts and try to decide what's best for the health and safety and the environment.

13 Not only did they not consider it, but it has 14 a considerable effect upon the fish and other life that would 15 be in the lake.

I'll now provide you with some bases.

16 You should know that as the temperature of the 17 water increases, the amount of dissolved oxygen in it is 18 going to decrease. And, you know, fish breath oxygen just 19 like sverybody else and they die if they don't get enough 20 of it. And that happens fairly frequently, both naturally and 21 in artificial lakes.

22 I might add I've got some personal background 22 in this sort of things my father is a, he thinks, ne ionallyknown bass fisherman. I would say known throughout bakansas. 24 And my mother ties fishing tackle. And I was essentially raised 25

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1 in a boat fishing, so I feel that I can qualify as an expert 2 on where fish like to live and how they grow and prosper and 3 when they'll bite and that sort of thing. 4 MR. SOHINKI: Could the chair direct Mr. Scott 5 to go to the Staff's and Applicant's objections to this 6 contention? I appreciate the information about his family 7 tree, it's very interesting and I'll be glad to talk to him 8 about it during a recess. 9 CHAIRMAN WOLFE: How about it. Mr. Scott? 10 MR. SCOTT: Fine. 11 I thought I was leading into that when I dis-12 cussed or mentioned the fact that hot water doesn't hold as much dissolved cxygen. It turns out that fish need at least 13 five milligrams per liter dissolved oxygen to thrive and 14 15 prosper, and they need --16 CHAIRMAN WOLFE: You are now addressing an 17 objection by the Staff or Applicant? 18 MR. SCOTT: In the general sense. They have 19 claimed that this was all sufficiently considered previously. 20 And I am giving you facts to show that any conclusion that vertical distribution of temperature effects was sufficiently 21 22 considered is not true. 23 CHAIRMAN WOLFE: What you're stating now are facts that were either not presented to the Board or considered by 24 the Board which resulted in their findings, is that correct? 25

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wrb/agb4	1	MR. SCOTT: I can say that that's true also
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	1	because I happen to have read the complete transcript of
	3	not only have I read the complete Partial Initial Decision,
0	4	I've read the complete transcript of your two-day hearing in
	5	Wallis in 1975 and all the testimony that was submitted. And
	3	that is not there.
	7	MR. SOHINKI: Mr. Chairman, I think we could
	8	cut through this if we just find out whether Mr. Scott has a .
	9	basis to believe there will be thermal stratification in the
	10	cooling lake.
	11	MR. SCOTT: Fine.
	12	The short simple answer is all the other I say
	13	all, all that I have looked at other local lakes exhibit
	14	that phenomenon, that is, stratification of oxygen and tem-
	15	perature in the vertical direction in the water in the lake.
	16	MR. NEWMAN: May I ask, Mr. Chairman, if there is
	17	a citation of authority to that or whether these were investi-
	18	gations actually performed by Mr. Scott and reported somewhere?
	19	Are there documented observations supporting your statement,
	20	Mr. Scott?
	21	MR. SCOTT: I'm gatting to those. I'm trying to
	22	let people know where I'm going by telling you.
	23	MR. NEWMAN: Proceed on.
	24	MR. SCOTT: In particular, in the performance
•	25	report as required by the Federal Fisheries and Fishery
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Restoration Act published April 1, 1976, for those who are interested in new and old information, on page 26 of that report it discusses the water quality data in Lake Livingston and it has two charts, one depth and the second chart dissolved oxygen.

And in that it starts off dissolved oxygen at the surface is 5.7 milligrams per liter. And at one meter it's 5.2 milligrams per liter. And it immediately drops at the two meter mark to 4.3 milligrams per liter. And it goes on and drops down to 4 milligrams per liter. And there's a drastic dropoff between the one and two meter mark.

And the fishery experts, the EPA, everybody says that you've got to have at least 5 milligrams per liter of oxygen or your fish are in grave problems. They certainly won't reproduce and many of them will die at those levels.

And in particular, the EPA water quality criteria for water published July 1976 lists criteria for all sorts of things affecting water: lead, hardness, dissolved oxygen and whatnot, and describes minimum concentration of dissolved oxygen to maintain good fish populations is 5 milligrams per liter.

MR. SOHINKI: Can I ask you, Mr. Scott, whether what you have just said about dissolved oxygen at one weter has anything to do with thermal stratification?

MR. SCOTT: Yes.

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1 MR. SOHINKI: What does it have to do with thermal 2 stratification? 3 MR. SCOTT: As I indicated --4 AR. SOHINKI: Your contention does deal with 5 temperature distribution, thermal stratification. 6 MR. SCOTT: And the effects that that has upon 7 the wildlife. And one of these effects is the effect of the 8 amount of oxygen. If you don't have the oxygen, the fish die 9 even if the water is not too hot to kill them. 10 DR. NEWMAN: Is the study you're quoting from . 11 and looking at, Mr. Scott, a study in a lake which has a 12 vertical thermal stratification? Do you know? 13 MR. SCOTT: This lake, which is Lake Livingston 14 MR. NEWMAN: Is it a heat loaded lake? 15 MR. SCOTT: I'm not sure. 16 MR. NEWMAN: is there a power plant on it? 17 MR. SCOTT: I don't know that either. It does not have -- it is not very heavily affected with power plants, 18 I know that, it's a fairly large lake. 19 120 MR. NEWMAN: Well if it's a lake which doesn't have a heat loaded discharge into it, what's the relevance of 21 22 that data to the Allens Creek plant? 23 MR. SCOTT: The relevance is that all of the lakes 24 that I've looked at in South Texas have this phenomenon of 25 thermal stratification at certain times of the year. 1218 129

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MR. NEWMAN: I want ou to tell us what lakes 2 have the thermal stratification. You've not mentioned any yet. The one you're look at, you just told me you didn't know whether it had thermal st. stification or not.

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MR. SCOTT: This data that I'm reading will show 6 that.

MR. MEWMAN: That's dissolved oxygen. Mr. Schinki has already told you that you're quoting from material that deals with stratification with respect to oxygen supply and not with respect to thermal loadings.

11 MR. SCOTT: Uh-huh. The temperature of the 12 water will be warmer at the top and cooler as you drop down 13 in the lake. That's a physical phenomenon, with the exception 14 of when you get freezing it turns to ice.

15 MR. NEWMAN: You understand that both the 16 Applicant and the Staff have explicitly stated that thermal 17 stratification will not be a phenomenon in the Allens Creek 18 lake?

MR. SCOTT: That's a wrong statement.

20 MR. NEWMAN: Now all we have to know is thy you believe that's wrong. Some documentation, some rational 21 22 Dasis.

MR, SCOTT: All the lakes in the same area that this one is going to be located that I've looked at exhibit that phenomenon. That is a sufficient basis to raise the

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wrb/agbit	1	question as to whether or not this one is.
8	2	I've read clearly all the evidence you all
	3	presented and you made the how do you normally describe it
0	4	- the bald statement that it didn't exist.
	5	MR. SOHINKI: Mr. Scott, do you know of one lake
	6	that is as shallow as the Allens Creek cooling lake that
	7	exhibits thermal stratification?
	8	MR. SCOTT: Well you have to understand that
	9	nearly all lakes go from zero depth to a certain maximum depth.
	10	It's not relevant to talk about the depth at a particlar
	11	point. The important point is to know the depth at the point
	12	the measurements were made at.
•	13	MR. LINENBERGER: It would be helpful to the Board,
e	14	Mr. Scott, if you could answer Staff Counsel's question.
	15	MR. SCOTT: Well I think that answer is at this
	16	point we have shown thermal stratification, dissolved oxygen
	17	problems at a depth of only less than two meters. That's
	18	roughly six foot.
	19	MR. LINENBERGER: The lake at its deepest part
	20	was only two meters deep?
	21	MR. SCOTT: No, no, I'm not saying that. I don't
	22	know how deep the lake was at its deepest point.
	23	MR. LINENBERGER: All right. Well it would
	24	help the Board if you could answer Staff Counsel's question.
•	25	MR. SCOTT: I think the answer would be yes, that
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these lakes at the point these measurements were made exhibited that phenomenon at a more shallow depth.

MR. SOHINKI: You see the problem with that, Mr. Scott, is that the three examples you cited in your contention: the Blue Hills Reservoir is 67 feet deep, Lake Livingston is 71 feet deep, Lake Conroe is 59 feet deep, the Allens Creek cooling lake at its maximum is 13 feet deep.

Now I'd like to know whether you know of any lake
that is similar to the Allens Creek lake in depth that
exhibits thermal stratification. If not, I see no basis for
your contention.

MR. SCOTT: That argument can't be used to keep out a contention. I don't have to prove my case today, that's the whole point. I can't go around measuring all the lakes and, in fact, an Intervenor can't be required to come up with that kind of data at this point.

> MR. SOHINKI: You are using as a basis ---MR. SCOTT: Maybe this will answer your question. MR. SOHINKI: I doubt it, but go ahead. MR. SCOTT: I think it will.

I don't have the title of this document with me, but it's a book out of the Houston -- the University of Houston library talking about the interaction of temperature and aquatic life, the thermal characteristics of lakes, the carrying capacities, whatever that magic biological word is

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to describe fisheries, it's one of those books.

On page 78 it describes what -- I'm fully aware what you're trying to get to, namely, wind-induced mixing stratification forms and with the less dense water remaining on the surface, since the wind-induced mixing forces are sufficient to circulate water only in the upper few meters, the lake is characterized by three distinct zones.

Surface zone: the surface zone is relatively warm and extends vertically over only a small portion of the total depth of the lake or pond. The second zone is a thermocline, characterized by rapidly dropping temperatures with increasing depth.

That's the boundary zone. And then it goes on.
The point is the Applicant and the Staff have
tried to argue that because this lake is relatively shallow
compared to some other lakes, that wind will cause mixing
to depths of six meters.

18 I've made a lot more showing than they have
19 that it won't extend that deep. So, you know, I have raised
20 a sufficient point to put this question in controversy to be
21 decided later.

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: All right. We'll have a 10 minute recess.

(Recess.)

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2C WR3/wb11	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: All right, Mr. Scott.
7.385 2	MR. SCOTT: I'd like to make just one further
3	comment on the lake temperature problems. Prople can properly
4	object if it is not all that revelent. But basically I have
5	notes here of a meeting between EPA and the applicant and
6	NRC officials concerning this problem.
7	The statement is made,
8	"Due to lack of funds the lake will
9	be surveyed only at eight-year intervals."
10	My understanding of "survey" meaning survey to
11	see how the fish population is doing in its mix of various
12	species of fish, and whatever.
13	I'd say that that is not a terribly adequate
14	program to see whether or not myself or applicant is correct
. 15	in our analysis of what's yoing to happen to the fish.
16	I think the point is, we had better decide now
17	and get it done correctly instead of having to wait eight
18	years to check to see.
19	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: All right.
20	DR. CHEATUM: Mr. Scott, before you go on to your
21	next contention, are you familiar with the studies which
22	have been made by the applicants on the behavior of the
23	projected Allens Creek cooling lake in response to tempera-
24	ture, wind action, and the flow of water through the plant
25	back into the lake, considering its depth, considering

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temperatures throughout the year, and the conclusions of that study which indicated that there would be a top-to-bottom mixing almost continually through that lake. S far as temperature is concerned there would be no stratification, and so far as oxygen is concerned the dissolved oxygen obviously would be also mixed thoroughly from top to bottom.

Now are you familiar with those studies?

MR. SCOTT: I have zead, I assume it is those studies. I have read essentially the things you've said, yes. I can't remember where I read them.

DR. CHRATUM: All right.

Now you have not indicated to this Board the inadequacies, wherein those studies were inadequate as a basis for arriving at the conclusion that there would be no significant stratification in temperature or oxygen forming in that lake.

MR. SCOTT: I'm not sure we're talking about the 17 same studies. But the reading I did essentially said those 18 same things. They gave no basis for the claim that you would 19 have the uniform mixing of temperature and dissolved oxygen 20 other than to say it was a long, low, wide, flat lake, and 21 that there would be sufficient mixing due to the wind, the 22 friction of the wind on the surface of the lake. That's kind 23 of a bald statement. They didn't make any references, there 21 was no proof, no computer calculations or anything. 25

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MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Chairman, that's a downright misrepresentation of the record. The Environmental Supplement, page SH-129 discusses the vertical stratification phenomenon, references the model used to analyze it, and a study as well with respect to transient cooling pond behavior. All of it is in the Environmental Report Supplement at that page.

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E I wouldn't want the Board to be misled on the record.

10 MR. SCOTT: I don't have that document in front 11 of me. I don't know that that's what I was reading. I think 12 it must have been.

13 DR. CHEATUM: In other words, you're not prepared 14 at this time to present a challenge to those findings?

MR. SCOTT: I already have presented a challenge. 15 MR. HEWMAN: Mr. Chairman, I would also like the 16 record to raflect that this is not anything that I'm pulling 17 out at the last moment. We informed Mr. Scott of these facts 18 together with the referances on September 28th. So this is 19 nothing that, you know, that we have sprung on him during the 20 course of this prehearing conferance. I believe it's the 21 second time we've argued it. 22

> MR. SCOTT: September 28th of what year? MR. NZWMAN: 1979.

Have you read our response to your contention, to

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MR. SCOTT: Yes.

MR. NEWMAN: Well you'll find the reference there. MR. SCOTT: As I said, I think I've already rebutted or raised a sufficient basis to put that point in dispute.

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: All right. Continue with your next contention, then, Mr. Scott.

9 MR. SCOTT: That would be Contention, I call it 10 No. 1. I think you may call it Additional Contention 1. It 11 relates to adequacy of the Environmental Impact Statement, 12 in particular, I guess, to the Final Environmental Statement, 13 including its final supplements.

I think-- I don't want anyone to infer from what I'm going to say that I'm not lending heavy weight to this Contention No. 1. Because, in fact, I believe it is probably the best and most important contention that I've raised in the whole proceeding. But I also think that the contention as written pretty much explains itself, the contantion as written pretty much explains itself.

21 CHAIRMAN WOLFE: All right. Then do you want to 22 proceed, then, directly to --

MR. SCOTT: I would like to add a few comments. For example, unless there is some indication I should, I don't want to read into the record all these cases I made reference

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to. I'm assuming you will read those. And that sort of thing. This contention really, the first part of, the segmented environmental impact statement part, boils down to this phenomenon of making a study assuming there's going to be one unit and studying to some degree those effects. And yet it's admitted -- if someone disputes that, I'll prove it -- that this lake is designed, after it has been shrunk in size, for two units, at least two units, not one.

9 So we have the problem here of, you know, not looking at reality. We're claiming that there is only -- this 10 environmental impact statement only has to consider one unit 11 for some purposes, but for other purposes we're letting it 12 speak for two units, and, in reality, considering the case 13 in changing the size of that lake, to handle four units instead 14 of two, namely by just making a slight extension on one side 15 and breaking some other berriers that are built in the lake, 16 making it carable of handling four units. And I think the 17 cases that I have listed there indicate when there is 18 expected to be a particular plan of development the total 19 plan has to be considered. You cannot segment it up. 20

Some of these cases relate to such things as the Interstate Eighway Program and studying effects only upon certain segments of the highway and things like that. That's just not allowed.

I would think that there is some -- In contesting

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the point it really comes down to a matter of reason-blaress in all these cases. There is some question in my mind whether I can win in the Appeals Court on forcing you to consider the effects of four units. But you've got to consider the effects of two, certainly, since you know the lake is designed for two. It's taking -- it's destroying farmland because it's big enough to handle two units. You know, if you're only talking about one unit, if you're only going to build one unit, then you have to design for one unit. Otherwise the environmental impact statement, the alternative ways of doing things are just not properly considered.

I guess just to show that I'm not the only person that has thought of this phenomenon, at the back of the Final Supplement to the Final Environmental Statement are a couple of letters from the U.S. Department of Interior, page S.E-3. They make the statement,

"Although only one 1200 Mw unit is proposed for the power plant, the cooling lake described is designed to handle twice the proposed plant capacity. The feasibility of a smaller, modified impoundment should therefore be

discussed. "

It hasn't been.

MR. SOHINKE: That has nothin to do with your contention, Mr. Scott. Your contention is that it's a legal

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1 requirement to discuss two units in the Environmental Impact 2 Statement. That letter has nothing to do with that point. 3 MR. SCOTT: I believe it does. 3, On page S.E-5, in the second Letter, the U.S. 5 Department of Interior makes the comment that, 6 "Although the applicant has prepared 7 an environmental assessment for one 1200 Mar unit 8 there are strong indications that the site can, 9 and will be used for another 1200 My unit with 10 little modification of the proposed facilities. The extent of the project development is an import-11 12 ant consideration in assessing cumulative effects on fish and wildlife resources. We believe the 13 applicant should aither provide the additional 14 data needed to evaluate a two-unit power statica 13 or redesign the cooling pond to accommodate the 16 cooling requiremants of one 1200 Mw unit." 17 I think that, leastways, is one of the things 18 that has gone wrong by allowing this Environmental Im act 19 Statement to be segmented. This is additional support, in 20 my view; unless someone disagrees. 21 CEPIRMAN WOLFE: Any other statements? 22 (No response) 23 All right. 24 SCOTT: Part 2 of that same contention relates MF 25

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to "exPIRG's claim that alternatives its not sufficiently considered in the Environmental Impact Statement. And essentially the staff has agreed to that to the extent that -not only the staff, but the NRC has: we've had the Seabrook decision that has-caused -- it's not the original prior law that indicated that, but the Seabrook decision has caused the staff to do a further alternative site analysis. That analysis is still not in any impact statement that I've seen. Still, so far as I know, it has not been given any agency comment and review, all of which is required.

I've heard rumors that while I was gone that somebody had made the statement that there was going to be another supplement to the Environmental Impact Statement that is going to do these things, namely, get agency commant and review.

I'm glad to hear that. But it doesn't eliminate my contention or my concerns. It helps to alleviate them. It does solve some of those problems.

Basically, Section 102(2)(c) of NEPA requires that
a detailed statement on alternatives sufficient to permit
a reasoned choice of alternatives, so far as environmental
aspects are concerned, is required as part of the Environmental Impact Statement.

Secondly, Section 102(2)(E) of the National Environmental Policy Act states - you know, this is law: it's

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WRB/wb8	1	not even a regulation: POOR ORIGINAL
	2	"An agency must study, develop and
	3	describe appropriate alternatives."
)	4	It goes on to
	5	MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Chairman, I think this is truly
C8	6	a digression into purely speculative matters.
	7	Mr. Scott's contention, TexPIRG's contention,
	8	relates to the question of whether or not, in evaluating
	9	alternative sites, the staff took account of the possibility
	10	of a core meltdown. The other portion of his contention
	11	relates to a barge site.
	12	I see no reason to have a general discussion
_	13	about the proper scope of an alternative study under HEFA.
	14	We have a particularized concention to which particularized
	15	answers have been given. And I thought his purpose in appear-
	16	ing was to answer our objections.
	17	MR. SCOTT: I'll be glad to do that.
	18	The answer is: Applicent's attorney has misread
	19	my contantion. My contention is described in the first
	20	sentance,
	21	"Alternatives to the propose 1 action
	22	have not been properly nor sufficiently described
	23	as required by NEPA and its associated court
	21	dacisions."
	25	And then I go on to describe, as a basis, two of the things
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that are not considered. I've not limited my contention by giving part of the basis for it.

MR. SOHINKI: I beg to differ, Mr. Chairman. I think when Mr. Scott uses the words "in particular" that we're entitled to assume that those are the aspects which he deams to have been inadequately discussed in the SIS, and only those.

It doesn't say "for example," it says "in particular."

And while the staff does have a supplement to the Final Environmental Statement coming out with regard to alternative sites, I can assure Mr. Scott that it will not contain any analysis of a comparison of core melt consequences among those alternative sites.

MR. SCOTT: It may still be defective.

16 Well I stand on what I said. That contention is
17 written as a generalized contention, one that is quite
18 regulatory accepted in essentially those words in NRC
19 proceedings.

This afternoon it would be difficult for me to go run up all of the NRC instances where I found that contention listed. It's another one of these lawyerly games that is regularly played. It's being played again here.

MR. SOHINKI: It seems to me, Mr. Scott, jou're the one who's playing the game. I think I'm entitled to rely

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on the plain English on the page. The plain English says "in particular" these are the aspects of the alternative site analysis in which your concern lies.

I don't think the staff should have to keep trying to hit a noving target. We're presented with a contantion on the page and we're entitled to assume that that's your contention.

CHAIPMAN WOLFE: And I must advise, Mr. Scott, that this is the way we read your contention, as well, as a particularization of these three deficiencies.

MR. ECOTT: I can't hear you.

CHAIFMAN WOLFF: We read your contention as the staff read your contention, that you had particularized what you deemad to be the deficiencies in the FES: no more, no less.

MR. SCOTT: I can't say anything about that. I's scray prople interpreted it that way.

I maintain that the first sentence doesn't say --CHAIDMAN WOLPE: We can read the English Language now. And we read it that way. And that's the way we're Joing to interpret it, because that's the way it reads.

Now your effort to expand it is not too late.

MR. COTT: Well, I'm corry that's the view you're taking, because, you know, that tends to and up lathing bases, some bases that are given for a contention, be used to limit

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the scope of that contention when in fact you know that
point is not supposed to be reached until all the bases
are to be presented even later.
CHAIRMAN WOLFE: You may give the basis for your
contention, out what we're telling you is you may give ad-
ditional bases, but as we read your contention it was parti-
sularized as to these three deficiencies in the FES.
MR. SCOTT: Oh, you're I think we're talking
about two separate things.
CHAIFMAN WOLFE: I don't know.
MR. SCOTT: You talk about three. You talk about
the fact that I have listed Points 1, 2 and 3, meaning 1
being segmentation, 2 elternatives, and 3 relegation of
studies to later times. To that extent I'm willing to agree
that that's the three points I'm using to assert the
Environmental Impact Statement is insufficient.
But on the alternatives question, that was meant
as all alternatives, not just those two.
CHAILMAN WOLFE: No, it doesn't say that. You
said "in particular," and then you listed under your subpart 2-
You sail "In particular, the FES does not sufficiently con-
sider alternative sites, effects on the people in the Houston
area. the core selt, etc., nor alternative ways to transport
the pressure vescel, period."
MR. SCOTT: Well, even interpreted that way
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CHAIRMAN WOLFE: All right. You must interpret 2 it that way, because that's the way it's written, and that's 3 the way the Board has read it. And you're not being fair to those prople who wish to rebut what you're presenting as a 4 contention when you proceed to expand the scope of the 3 contention. You have limited it to those three segments, 5 or three particulars. 7

Now address yourself to staff's comments or to applicant's comments on your contention.

MR. SCOTT: Well, Mr. Chairman---

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Icok, Mr. Scott, I don't want to 11 have to argue with you. I've told you how we want you to 12 proceed. Now proceed. 13

MR. SCOTT: I'm trying to understand.

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: I don't think that I'm confusing anything at all. I'm being very direct in what I've asked you to do, how we understand the contention. I don't think there's any room for argument on that at all.

MR.SCOTT: You keep mentioning the word "three," and I don't see three descriptions, three bases given underneath the Alternatives section. So I'm assuming when you say "three" you're talking about the three big groupings that I have--

MR. LINENBERGER: Mr. Scott, excuse me. But you seem to have a continuing confusion despite the Chairman's

axplanation.

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POOR ORIGINAL

Let me have a go at it.

The three things that are being referred to reside in the second paragraph of your Contention Al, and, more particularly, in the second sentence of that paragraph in which you say,

> "In partiuclar, the FRS does not sufficiently consider..." And then you list three things.

That's where the three are: alternative sites, as the Chairman read; effects on the people of Houston, as the Chairman read, ways to transport the pressure vessel reactor, as the Chairman read. Those are the three things.

MR. SCOTT: Ckay.

MR. LIMENBERGER: You particularized those. They are not bases, those are the three ways in particular you said the FES is deficient. That is the context in which we interpreted your contention, and that's the only way we're going to interpret it.

20 For you to defend it in any other context is 21 not helping us or you.

MR. SCOTT: Okay. You're right about that. I thought I had listed only two things, that someone else had mentioned two. And so when you sentioned three I thought the other three was what you were talking about. Okay.

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	PCOR ORIGINAL 1460
WRB/wb15 1	I'm sorry about that interpretation, but it
2	doesn't really restrict the contention as a whole, because any
3	one of those three as a basis would be sufficient.
	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Are you musing now, or is this
5	for the record?
6	MR. SCOTT: For the record.
7	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: All right.
8	MR. SCOTT: In particular, without limiting myself
9	to what I say this time
10	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: May I have that again?
11	MR. SCOTT: "In particular," I started off the
12	sentence with "in particular," and because you interpreted
12	"in particular" up there, meaning I can't expand it, I was
14	just going to say that I want to be able to expand what I
	was going to say.
. 15	In particular, talking about some of the responses
	applicant or staff, one, has said, that this contention is
17	asking that the same level of detail of studying alternative
18	sites be applied to each of the alternative sites as was
19	applied to the applicant's proposed site. I didn't say that.
20	I don't require that. I don't demand that. I just demand
21	that increased, considerably more detail has to be shown
22	in the Environmental Impact Statement than is shown. In
23	fact that has already been admitted to by the fact that the
24	staff has in fact done additional studies since the EIS was
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I'm also not saying, as someone claimed, that Class IX accidents had to be considered. I claim that, you know, a Class IX accident is an accident that in reality is not going to happen; the occurrence of that would be so rare as to not need to be considered.

My description of core melt and steam explosions does not refer to Class IX accidents. I maintain that those 8 are not Class IX accidents, that those are accidents that reasonably can be expected to occur. There has been many studies of those type of accidents, and some studies of the consequences of those type of things.

And if it couldn't have happened nobody would have 13 been able to dream up or foreses that it might happen. 14 You know, there are physical principles that would allow 15 that to happen. And during the Three Mile Island accident 16 I saw, and I think the general public saw, people around me 17 have explained to me that they saw in the actions of 18 Mr. Denton and some of the later released conversations of 19 the Nuclear Regulatory Commissioners themselves, they were 20 afraid it was going to happen at Three Mile Island. And they 21 can't be afraid of something that's not going to happen. 22

On that point, we don't have to wait for the 23 Nuclear Regulatory Commission nor Congress nor anyone else 24 to define what a Class IX accident is and whether or not that's 25

WRB/wb1	17 1	going to change. You know, as new information becomes
	2	available that is factored in to decide what has got a
e	3	reasonable probability of happening. You don't have to wait
0	4	for a rulemaking to decide that.
8.150	5	Ckay.
	6	Going on to the third part of that contention
	7	which relates to the phenomenon of relegating difficult parts
	3	of the Environmental Impact Statement to further study, once
	9	again I think as written it explains itself.
	10	Once again, I'm not limiting my interpretation
	11	of what that was meant to be. You know, the contention is
	12	in the first sentence. The bases given later on are not
	13	meant to limit that contention.
•	14	The basis is assentially, as listed, court
	15	decisions, court decisions. It specified in particular
	16	cases further study had to be done and that it had to be in
	17	the Environmental Impact Statement, you couldn't relegate it
	18	to the future.
	19	In particular, Environmental Defense Fund versus
	20	Corps of Engineers at 492 Fed. 2d 1123, page 1130. The
	21	statement is made,
	22	"The anvironmental impact statement
	23	must be a self-contained document and must stand
	24	the test alone."
6	25	That is also stated at page 728 of the
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	POOR ORIGINAL 1463
WRB/wb13 1	Environmental Law of Mr. Rogers.
2	Other cases: Natural Resources Defense Council
3	versus Morton, 458 Fed 2d. 827, states that
4	"Later argument cannot satisfy
5	an initially defective EIS."
6	Greene County versus Federal Power Commission at
7	455 Fed 2d. 412, states,
8	"The testimony of staff cannot satisfy
9	that requirement."
10	NRDC versus Morton, 337 Fed Sup. 170 states that,
11	"Later supplements to the environmental
12	impact statement cannot satisfy NEPA."
13	And, of course, the lasdt one is the one that
14	is directly applicable to apparently the announcement
15	was made yesterday. That's why I say even if in the sum
16	total parts we've got an EIS, until it is bound up in one unit
17	and passed around to the agencies for comment and-review
18	it still hasn't satisfied the law.
19	I think you understand the reasoning for that;
20	that is, the environmental impact statement is a planning
21	document. This is not some artificial process that we go
22	through to comply with some law; this is schething that is
23	supposed to be used to make sure the environmental impact
24	of any project is as small as possible. And you can't do that
25	by using studies to justify what has already been decided.
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		POOR ORIGINAL 1464
WRB/w	ырта 1	Further, in Brooks versus Volpe, 350 Fed Sup. 269
	2	it is stated that,
2	3	"The detailed study required by
)	4	Saction 102(2)C of NEPA must flow from research."
	5	And in particular, someone asked, Well what studies
	5	needed further study? you know, what aspects of the
	7	environmental impact statement needed further study? And I
	8	draw your attention to statements at page we're talking
	9	now about the Final Supplement to the Final Environmental
	10	Impact Statement, page S.5-13. The staff says,
	11	"Gas bubble disease effects are not
	12	sufficiently understood to make a decision."
	13	MR. NEWMAN: Sir, what were you reading
	14	from? I missed that. Do you have the page number for that?
	15	MR. SCOTT: Yes. Page S.5-13.
•	16	MR. NEWMAN: Thank you.
	17	MR. SCOTT: Do you want to see the exact words?
14	18	MR. NEWMAN: I can find it.
	19	MR. SCOTT: OKRY.
	20	A short version of that is that the staff says
	21	the effects of gas bubble disease is not sufficiently under-
	22	stood at this facility.
	23	At page S.5-16 the same statement is made as to
	24	the chlorine discharge effects.
)	25	At page 5.5-20 a similar statement is made con-
		1218 152

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RB/wb20	1	cerning heavy metals. POOR ORIGINAL
	2	At page 5.5-12, temperature effects it says have
	3	not been adequate addressed.
	4	At page S.8-13, effects of conservation. It says,
	5	"Insufficient information is known."
	6	I'm not limiting myself to those. That's things
	7	I found in less than five minutes without
	8	MR. NEWMAN: Is it my understanding of your
	9	Strike that.
	10	Are we to understand from your position that
	11	before a project can proceed every environmental detail in
	12	respect to every economic every environmental impact must
	13	be discussed and resolfed?
	14	MR. SCOTT: No, I'm not saying that. I don't
	15	think that would be reasonable.
•	16	MR. NEWMAN: Beg pardon?
	17	MR. SCOTT: I'm not saying that. I don't think
	18	that would be reasonable.
	19	MR. MENMAN: So there's a rule of reason, then;
	20	right?
	21	MR. SCOTT: Absolutely.
	22	MR. HEWMAN: I guess the question is whether or
	23	not when you leave three or four spots open, or a dozen
	24	spots open, when you talk about three or four impacts in a
		ten-year construction project, your question is whether or not
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it's reasonable for some of those to lay over for a while; is that it? Are you suggesting this is unusual, that this is something that NEPA doesn't contemplate?

What is your prolem?

MR. SCOTT: I'm saying this environmental impact statement-- I don't think NEPA goes to this. But the Environmental Report that you submitted to the NRC, while I don't think that's covered by NEPA, requires much more detail, more information, many more answers than you have given. And I'm not going to fall into the trap of agreeing to your first statement by saying everything has to be finally determined such that there's absolutely no controversy. That would be unreasonable. There is no limit to the knowledge that can be gained.

As I think a clear way of illustrating the point I'm trying to make, something on the order of four or five pages are in this environmental impact -- something of the order of twenty or thirty pages, counting all the charts, and only a page or two, not counting graphs and charts, relate to the temperature effects of this nuclear power plant on the waters of the U.S.

In contradistinction to that, I just got through meading parts of an environmental impact statement relating to the nuclear Power plant in upstate New York, and they had two complete thick volumes on just that point. And that

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should give you an illustration of what can be done, and I think should be done, and I'm confident is required or they wouldn't have done it up there.

POOR ORIGINAL

MR. SOHINKI: Mr. Scott, are you saying the environmental impacts of one project are the same as the environmental impacts of another project and, therefore, as much detail has to be discussed on every aspect of every project in the same degree?

MR. SCOTT: No, I wouldn't say that.

MR. SOHINKI: That was the implication of your last statement.

MR. SCOTT: Well it wasn't mean: to be. The statement was that they have to do much more than they have done. In fact I have looked at-- And by "they" I don't mean any of us to get personal as to individuals, but I have looked at a lot of environmental impact statements on nuclear power plants, and I so far haven't found one as lacking as this one that was produced in the time frame like within the last five years. Not that thickness is a total measure of the depth of one these things. And, in fact, that's one of my complaints: people get drowned with words in a lot of these things. But it's also one of the thimest ones I've ever seen.

MR. SCHINKI: That's exactly why you have the opportunity to raise contentions alleging inadequacies

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in the analysis, Mr. Scott. And to the extent you can do that, supply the basis for your allegations, this Board will consider those allegations.

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MR. SCOTT: Exactly. And I think you've hit upon the reason for the phenomenon I've just been discussing.

Texas has historically had very few environmentalists, and the few we've had were not willing to, or not able to contest these things. Whereas in New York, California, and some other places I know, they've had a long history of these things being contested. And the staff takes care of their expected contentions to be raised later.

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: I must say at this point the Board is not particularly persuaded by what's being said in oral argument.

MR. SCOTT: I agree.

17 CHAIRMAN WOLFE: If anybody wants to go out and 18 playping-pong they may, but not here.

Let's get down and get to the discussion argument directed to the objections, and stop this.

MR. SCOTT: All right.

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: All right, Mr. Scott.

MR. SCOTT: Okay.

I think that covers Contention No. 1.

The next contention is Contention No. 4, relating

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to the use of once-through cooling at this facility. And there's another contention here that's somewhat related, but I guess I won't try to combine the two.

Essentially this contention, as written, becomes a legal question. And the legal question essentially is whether or not Section 316 of the Federal Clean Water Act would allow a once-through cooling system at Allens Creek that has been designated not a cooling pond but a cooling lake. And I think you probably understand the important distinction there; namely, if it's a cooling lake we've got to worry about the effects upon the little fishies. And the question is whether or not, with this heat being discharged, it will affect the protection and propagation of the balanced indigenous population of shellfish, fish and wildlife on that body of water.

I understand the argument is that: Well I'm sorry, Mr. Scott, but that's not our problem, that's EPA's problem, they've already given the permit.

19 Well, I disagree, for two major reasons: No. 1, 20 NRC is the lead agency for this environmental impact state-21 ment, so they, and only they, are responsible for the environ-22 mental impact statement, so that they have to consider the 23 effects, they have to decide whether or not the requirements 24 of Section 316 are going to be met. They may not have to 25 talk in terms of saying it's Section 316 of the Federal Clean

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Water Act, but they have to decide whether or not it's going to affect the protection and propagation of fish. And, if anything, they have admitted that it will. And I say, Well, so what?

EPA has already issued a permit. And I would say that if you look on page 14 of 14 of that permit the EPA issued, Parmit No. TX 0056014, at the very last of that parmit, at the bottom of page 14 of 14, under "Other requirements" is the following statement:

"As a provision of this permit the applicant is subject to the requirements of

Public Law 92-500, Section 316(b),"

which says, Okay, we've given you a permit, but you still 13 have to show that the heat discharged into this facility will 14 not affect the protection and propagation of the balanced 15 Indigenous population of shellfish, fish and wildlife in and 16 on that body of water.

So the issue is not dead. It has to be considered in the Environmental Impact Statement.

CHAILMAN WOLFE: Considered by whom?

MR. SCOTT: The Nuclear Regulatory Commission, the MRC.

CHAIRMAN WOLPE: Is that what it save in the 23 permit? 24

> MR. SCOTT: No. The permit says that the lake --

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the permit is subject to the requirements of that section of the Clean Water Act. In other words, it is not -- they have not approved it as to that point yet, it's still an open question.

MR. COPELAND: That's just wrong, Mr. Scott. That is a complete mischaracterization of the permit.

MR. SCOTT: The words stand for themselves. I'll let people decids that.

MR. COPELAND: What your allegation amounts to, then, is that the permit is illegal and that the EPA has issued an illegal permit; is that correct?

MR. SCOTT: EPA is waiting for you-all to prove to them and the MRC that that can be met.

Further, assuming that no contest can be made of EPA's permit, and assuming EPA has finally decided the question of whether or not the provisions of Section 316(b) have been met, this agency still has, as part of its preparation of a sufficient environmental impact statement, has to consider whether or not -- they have to consider all the effects upon health and welfare of the public and the environment, and that part of the effects on the environment have not been sufficiently considered.

MR. MEMMAN: You're back now to your old argument, which is about the effect of thermal discharge, and in some cases it was chlorine, and so forth. All these things are

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factored in by the NRC staff when they write the environmental statement.

I can only construe what you're saying as a collateral attack on the 402 permit, because the NRC has fulfilled the NRC's responsibility as that responsibility was delineated in the Seabrook proceeding.

MR. SOHINKI: It seems to me, Mr. Chairman, that Mr. Scott has really digressed from the crux of his contention, which is that, in the last sentence: to the extent that EPA has not set appropriate water quality limits to protect fish, the MRC has to do it.

Our response to that is simple: We don't have the jurisdiction to do that. And I haven't beard anything from Mr. Scott that would negate that. Perhaps he should review the Yellow Creek decision and then come back and talk to us.

MR. SCOTT: They have just misconstrued my contention.

MR. SOHINKI: I read it almost verbatim.

20 MR. SCOTT: I wrote it, and I read it, too. I 21 certainly know what is in my mind.

CHAIRMAN WCLFE: If you're satisfied with your argument, Mr. Scott, proceed to your next contention.

MR. DOGGETT: Mr. Chairman, Mr. South has agreed to allow me to interrupt his presentation. Do I have the

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WRB/wb28	Board's permission?
•	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Yes. All right.
The second second	MR. DOGGETT: This concerns the issue of my
0 .	adopting as bases for arguments those bases advanced by
	certain other persons who are attempting to intervene.
	I have discussed this with Staff Counsel Woodhead
	and with Mr. Copeland, counsel for applicant, and I believe
	we have reached a tentative agreement on this watter which
	will solve the problem that had come up yesterday.
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2E wrb/agbl 1	In lieu of Doggett Contention 4 and Cumings
2	Contention 1, there will be a substitution of Baker Contention
3	and the arguments which he advanced in support of his contention.
0 4	That argument is given on transcript pages 870 to 888.
5	On Cumings Contention 3
6	MR. COPELAND: Excuse me a minute, Mr. Doggett,
7	I want the Board to understand clearly what is going on here.
. 8	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Thank you. It would be most
9	helpful.
10	MR. COPELAND: Mr. Doggett is withdrawing his own
11	Contention 4 and Ms. Cumings Contention 1 and adopting
12	Mr. Baker's Contention as his own and as Ms. Cumings', Baker
13	Contention 1 and, therefore, is adopting all of Mr. Baker's
14	arguments in support of that contention.
15	I want the Board to know that I explained to
16	" Mr. Doggett my own belief that Mr. Baker's contention has a
17	serious legal defect in it, and he said he was willing to ride
18	or fall with that contention as it's written rather than his
• 19	own contention.
20	So on that understanding, although I think there
. 21	is some problem with shifting contentions back and forth
22	like this, I'm willing to overlook that problem with that
23	representation.
24	CHAILMAN WOLFE: Anything further, Mr. Doggett?
25	MR. DOGGETT: On Cumings Contention 3, which is
	The roothir of cullings contention 3, which is
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basically a concern about health effects through the liquid pathway, we would like to adopt as bases the arguments advanced by Mr. Bishop on his Contention 12 where he discusses contamination of an aquifar through lake seepage.

5 Cumings Contention 3 is concerned with, as is 6 Bishop Contention 12 are both concerned with possible contami-7 nation through water wells. In addition, Cumings Contention 3 is concerned with contamination of the Brazos River, which Bishop Contantion 12 is not concerned with. However, we would argue that the same argumants which Mr. Bishop made on his Contention 12 support Cumings Contention 3 insofar as it concerns contamination of the Brazos River.

It is my understanding that Applicant does not agrae with that analysis. However, we simply make that -take that position and allow it to stand as it is.

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POOR ORIGINAL

Bishop Contention 1.2 is discussed on the transcript at pages 900 to page 1010.

MR. LINENBERGER: Well, Mr. Doggett, what you've just said indicates how you would apply underpianings to the part of Cumings Contention 3 that relates to Brazes River contamination, as I understand it.

But what do you propose with respect to the other part of Cumings Contention 3 relating to equifer contamination, or is that going to stand as is, or as was?

10 MR. COPELAND: I think that's backward, Dr. 11 Linenberger.

MR. LIMENBERGER: Do I have it the wrong way?
MR. COPELAND: As I understand it, what Mr. Doggett
wants to do -- that is, with respect to that part of Ms.
Cumings contention that speaks to contamination of water
wells, he wishes to adopt that portion of Mr. Bishop's
argument cited at the transcript in support of that part of
her contention.

The part of the contention related to seepage into the Brazos River, he recognizes is unsupported by any argument made by Mr. Bishop. But he is arguing that you can extrapolate from his arguments to support the remainder of her contention.

Is that correct?

MR. DOCGETT: That's basically correct.

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MR. COPBLAND: Of course we would disagree with that.

MR. SOHINKI: As would the Staff.

MR. DOGGETT: On Doggett Contention 1, which is a discussion of alternative energy resources, included in that discussion is a comparision of coal versus nuclear. And Conn Contention 1 is a contantion concerning coal versus nuclear.

We would like to adopt as a bases for Doggett Contention 1 and Conn Contention 1, the bases arguments made by Mr. Bishop on his Contention 14, which is also a coal versus nuclear contention.

Bishop's discussion of his contention 14 begins on transcript page 1018 and ends on page 1024.

If there are no problems with that, I'll proceed 15 to the following one. 16

MR. COPELAND: I understand.

MR. DOGGETT: Lemmer Contention 1, Streilein 18 Contention 2 and Weaver Contention 3, demographic calculations, 19 Thase are the same concerns that are expressed by Mr. Bishop in his Contentions 1, 2 and 3. And to the extent that these items basically address the same issue, we would like to adopt as bases for Lemmer Contantion 1, Streilein Contention 2 and Weaver Contention 3 the bases arguments advanced by Mr. Bishop for his Contentions 1, 2 and 3.

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wel 3	POOR ORIGINAL 1478
1	It's my understanding that the Bishop Contentions
2	1, 2 and 3 are actually being consolidated and treated as
3	one contention.
4	The discussion of Bishop Contention 1 is on pages
5	907 to page 918 of the transcript.
	His discussion of his Contention 2 is on pages
7	934 to 938 of the transcript.
8	And his discussion of his Contention 3 is on
9	pages 944 to 953 of the transcript.
10	In addition, on page 956 of the transcript there
11	is a discussion about the consolidation of his first three
12	contentions into one contention.
13	MR. SOHINKI: Which three contentions, now, were
14	you talking about? Lemmer Contention 1
15	MR. DOGGETT: Lemmar 1, Streilein 2 and Weaver 3.
16	Now, Weaver, as I understand it, it was decided
17	yesterday, would be treated as only making a limited
18	appearance. And I'm only throwing his contention in in
19	the event that the Board might reconsider that decision.
20	MR. SOHINKI: Could we go off the record for a
21	minute?
22	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: 7 /.
23	(Discussion off the record.)
24	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Back on the record.
25	Is that all, Mr. Doggett?
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MR. DOGGETT: I would like at this time to 1 furnish the Board with my properly drawn notice of 2 3 appearance. CHAIRMAN WOLFE: All right. You will file the 4 necessary number of copies, obviously, with the Dockating 3 Section in Washington. 5 All right. 7 off the record. 3 (Discussion off the record.) 3 CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Back on the record. 10 I understand that Mr. Scott kindly has stated to 11 Mr. Perez that Mr. Perez can proceed in his place at this 12 time. 13 MR. SCOTT: Could I make just one last finishing 14 statement, and then I'll be through with that Contention 15 Number 47 16 CHAIRMAN WOLFE: All right. And then we'll 17 hear from Mr. Perez. 18 MR. SCOTT: Basically, I have a document hars 19 entitled "Interagency 316A Technical Guidance Manual, Gyida 20 for Thermal Effects Sections of Muclear Pacilities Environ-21 mental Impact Statement." THis is dated May 1, 1977. 22 It would require impact statement studies to 23 show -- well, a basis for denial, that's of a 316 permit, 24 exists if important fish or wildlife are thermally excluded 25 1218 167

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wel 5	POOR ORIGINAL 1480
1	from the use of the habitat.
2	And I think the information supplied shows in
3	the environmen'al impact statement that many of the game
4	fish would be excluded from huge parts of the lake.
5	Secondly, this document states that a proparly
6	prepared impact statement would have
7	MR. COPELAND: Sir, what's the relevance of this?
8	We have a permit iron the EPA.
9	MR. SCOTT: I've already explained the relevance.
10	The relevance is what a properly prepared environmental
11	impact statement would have in it.
12	That is, secondly,
1.3	MR. COPELAND: Sir, you're reading from a
14	document that was cause for preparation of an impact statement
15	celated to a 316A permit, as I understand it. Is that
16	correct?
17	MR. SCOTT: This was jointly prepared by the
18	Nuclear Regulatory Commission and EPA.
19	MR. COPELAND: What's the name of the document?
20	MR. SCOTT: "Interagency 316A Technical Guidance
21	Manual and Guide for Thermal Effects Section of Nuclear
22	Facilities Environmental Impact Statements."
23	As I understand it, this is a nuclear facility
24	anvironmental impact statement.
25	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: And why are you reading from it?
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1	MR. SCOTT: So I don't misquote it.
2	(Laughter.)
3	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: I mean what are you attempting
4	to establish by reading from it?
5	MR. SCOTT: That this environmental impact
6	statement is defective. POOR ORIGINAL
7	It further states:
8	"For isotherm plots required vertical temperature
9	profiles along the plume centerline extending to the
10	bottom of the water body at 2°C. intervals to within
11	1°C. of ambient is required."
12	That finishes my Contention number 4.
13	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: All right.
14	All right, Mr. Perez.
15	MR. PEREZ: My name is Charles Perez.
16	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Now, I don't know whether you're
17	aware of the ground rules.
18	The ground rules here are that you have submitted
19	contentions or a contention.
20	MR. PEREZ: A contention.
21	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Yes. And the ground rule is that
22	you will summarize what your contention is above, and then
23	directly proceed to argue in response to the staff and/or
24	the Applicant's objections to your cont. tion.
25	All right?
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MR. PEREZ: Yes.

CHAIP WOLFE: Go right ahead.

MR. PEREZ: I contend that the drywall area of the containment structure should be pressure tasted beyond the design limits.

My reasons for this contention are that --MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Chairman, I'm going to interrupt, because I do not find that contention anywhere in what Mr. Perez has written. I find no statement which suggests that the drywell should be tested to a pressure in excess of its design limit. That's exactly what he's asserting.

> I can't find it. And I defy him to find it. MR. PEREZ: Can I continue?

I just had limited information, not being a full intervanor. So I had to rely upon things that I could find coming across through the public library here in Houston. And I don't have the most up to date information, but I have done some more in-depth study since I sent in my original contention, to reinforce --

20 CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Well, one of the rulas here, Mr. 21 Perez, is that you cannot expand or assert a new contantion.

MR. PEREZ: It's not actually a new contention, so much, sir, it's just to rainforce it.

(The Board conferring.)

MR. LINENBERGER: Mr. Perez, just gatting to that

	POOR ORIGINAL 1483
18	point which you were making in describing your contention,
2	let's go to the sentence beginning at the bottom of the page
3	of your September 20th submittal.
4	
5	I don't know what date you actually mailed it, but my copy has a September 20 stamp on it.
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	MR. PEREZ: It was mailed in advance of that.
7	MR. LINENBERGER: Right. I'm sure it was,
8	because it doesn't get docketed until it's sat around for
. 9	awhile.
10	But would you read that sentence that begins at
51	the bottom of that page, please, sir, beginning with the
12	words, "Shis accident"
13	MR. PEREZ: Okay.
14	"This accident may already have occurred in 1971
15	MR. LINENBERGER: No, sir. Excuse me. There's
16	a paragraph at the bottom of the page of your latest
17	submittal that begins, "This accident type and its accumulated
18	damages"
19	I think you may be looking at the earlier one.
20	MR.PEREZ: Oh, I see. Yes, sir. Okay.
21	"This accident type and its accumulated damages
22	from heat and pressure shock are not sufficiently
23	dealt with by structural integrity testing of the
24	drywell area at design pressure."
25	MR. LINENBERGER: Okay. Now, you applicitly say
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1	there, "at design pressure."
2	Now, were you just earlier saying that it should
3	be tested at greater than design pressure?
4	MR. PEREZ: Well, the reason that I contend that
5	is to take into account the heat that would be generated by
5	means of a main steam line break in a loss-of-coolant.
7	accident.
8	MR. LINENBERGER: Excuse me, sir. I'm not
9	asking the reason why; I'm asking, in what you just said
10	a little while ago, did you change the wording of what you
11	said in here? Did you change the wording to say it should
12	be at greater than design pressure, as you told us about
13	it in your own words a few minutes ago?
14	MR. PERES: The testing?
15	MR. LINENBERGER: Yes.
16	MR. PEREZ: Yas, sir, I did.
17	MR. LINENBERGER: Well, now, you see, that's the
18	problem we're having here, with whether or not you may have
19	changed your contention.
20	Do you think the contention needs to be changed
21	to say "at greater than design pressure," or do you think
22	the contention is okay the way it reads, "testing at design
23	pressure?"
24	Because that is what you submitted to us, and
25	we're kind of bound to live with that, rather than to let
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1	for come in and say, well, for these and these reasons,
3	MR. PEREZ: Well, I think it's just a matter of
4	interpretation.
5	MR. LINENBERGER: Okay. Why don't you sort of
6	explain that to us now.
1	MR. PEREZ: All right.
8	When I'm saying that it's not sufficiently dealt
9	with by structural integrity testing of the drywell area at
10	design pressure, I'm just meaning that testing at design
11	pressure, which I think is about 34 psi, is not sufficiently
12	taking into account excess pressure and heat in combination
13	with each other that would be generated by a main steam line
14	break caused in a loss-of-coolant accident.
15	MR. LINENBERGER: Now I understand what you're
16	saying.
17	MR. PEREZ: Yes, sir:
18	MR. LINENBERGER: And you're saying the best
19	that will be done under the reference plan of the Applicant
20	will be to test at design pressure, and you think that's
21	inadequate, it ought to be tested at higher pressure.
22	Is that
23	MR. PEREZ: Yes, siz, exactly.
24	MR. LINENBERGER: Now I understand. Thank you.
25	MR. PEREZ: Thank you.
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MR. LINENBERGER: Now, I don't know how this helps satisfy Mr. Newman, or --

MR. NEWMAN: I believe the contention is changed. I think initially the discussion related -- the contention related to a temperature transient of some type. But now it appears to be a question of overpressurization of the drywell.

And, Mr. Linenberger, I think in view of the hour and so forth, I think we just ought to let Mr. Perez go on and hear what's on his mind.

MR. PEREZ: Okay. Thank you.

I feel that because this is a new design, the Mark III, and there aren't any that I know of so far operating -- there are two more under construction similar in design in the United States -- that it's necessary to take as many safeguards and precautions as possible to guarantee that this design is as safe as possible, to guarantee the safety of the populace.

19 I've also, in studying more recent information 20 that I've come across, have brought reinforcement to my 21 contention; that hydrogen could be released into the 22 drywell region during a loss-of-coolant accident if the 23 fuel rods were partially uncovered, causing oxidizing of 24 the zirocnium cladding --

MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Chairman, I'm going to object,

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and -- I was willing, I think, to accede to a reasonable explication by Mr. Perez of his position. But now we're in the middle of loss-of-coolant accidents, hydrogon generation, oxidation of fuel -- we have gone far, far away from the contention that the drywell should be tested at something in excess of design pressure.

That's the nature of his contention. He has to explain why it should be tested at more than its design pressure.

As I read this gentleman's contention, he's cited by way of example experience of overpressurization at two other plants that have absolutely no relationship to the All is Creek plant.

MR. PEREZ: At that time I did not realize the extreme differences in design between the Dresden plant and Allens Creek.

I'm not an expert in this field, being paid a salary to work on this. I'm just an individual doing this in my spare time. And as such, as a concerned citizen, I feel like I have the right to bring up new information to reinforce my contention.

MR. NEWMAN: You have the right to bring new information to support your contention, but not to change your contention.

MR. PEREZ: That's not changing my contention.

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It's just more reinforcement. If you would let me complete my observations from my studies, you might have a more clear picture of it.

Because of Three Mile Island we know now that the zirconium cladding, when it overheats, can exidize, releasing hydrogen, which would immediately go into the drywell under a loss-of-coolant accident. And if this he ogen were to ignite, it would pressurize the drywell instantly beyond its design limits.

This is very critical, because the drywell in the 10 Mark III containment, the proper functioning of the pressure 11 suppression system during a loss-of-coolant accident depends 12 upon the drywell to divert the steam eleased to the 13 suppression pool, because of the fact that the containment 14 structure has a design limit of half of the drywall design 15 limit. So it's approximately 15 psi. And if there were any 16 leaks, like for instance where the piping goes through the 17 drywell wall, for instance, the main steam line piping, then 18 it could pressurize the containment structure to way beyond 19 its limit. 20

21 MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Chairman, do I inderstand now 22 that we're switching to the containment pressure question, as 23 opposed to the drywell pressure contention?

24 MR. PEREZ: I'm not changing my contention. What 25 I'm doing is just showing that --

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MR. NEWMAN: What you're doing --

MR. PEREZ: -- the drywell is a weak link in the design, then it could cause a chain reaction in other areas of the structure.

And this is why I'm bringing up the containment, is just because I want to reinforce how critical it is that the drywell be pressure tested to a point that it eliminates any doubts of potential leaks, an any chances of the structure cracking.

10 Since this is a new design which has not been operated anywhere in this country, anywhere in the world that I know of so far, the Mark III Type 6. 12

There are potential mechanisms by which steam can bypass the suppression pool of the Mark III containment design. Since the drywell is a reinforced concrete structure, the potential exists for cracking of the ---

MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Chairman, I'm going to have to 17 interrupt. 18

There are ground rules here, and I think you've 19 set them up. 20

We have made cartain objections. So has the Staff. Mr. Perez is here to answer the opposition or objections of the Applicant and the Staff.

Instead, what he's doing is sort of ad hoc creating a new contention as he goes along. And we're going

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	to have a record here that is going to be impossible to
	decipher.
	(The Board conferring.) POOR ORIGINAI
	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: The Board has been conferring,
C10	5 Ar. Perez,
	We will deem and consider that your oral argument
	to date, to this point, has been providing bases for your
	contention as written and as submitted to us under the
	docketing date of September 20th.
1	We are not considering it as, nor will we
1	consider it, as a new contention.
	You may proceed now on the basis solely of what
Ľ	is in your petition, and address yourself now to the
1.	objections by Staff and/or Applicant to your contention.
1:	MR. PEREZ: Yes, sir.
. 16	MR. LINENBERGER: Do you have those objections
17	before you there, the objections of the Applicant and the
14	Staff?
15	MR. PEREZ: I have them in my backpack here.
20	MR. LINENBERGER: Because that's what we're going
21	to hold you to, now. So you may want to get them in front
22	of you.
23	MR. PEREZ: Okay. Excuse me, while I get them.
24	(Pause.)
25	MR. PEREZ: There's a line here that says that
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I don't provide -- it says:

"However, he provides no basis for his assertion that the thermal and seismic effects which he postulates will not be adequately accounted for in such testing."

I thought the reason for these hearings was so that I could provide the basis for my assertions. Am I wrong on that assumption?

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: You are wrong in that assumption. You have to give bases or a basis for your contention with reasonable specificity at this time, so that we can determine whether or not it is an admissible contention.

MR. PEREZ: 7 see.

(The Board conferring.)

MR. LINENBERGER: Mr. Perez, do you think, in your preceding remarks regarding your contention, that you have supplied the bases required to support your contention?

MR. PEREZ: Partially, but not completely. 17 Because -18

MR. LINENBERGER: Well, you've gotten into an 19 awful lot of technical areas that don't directly relate to 20 your contention, and that was the basis for Applicant's counsel's objection awhile ago. 22

You go into some relatively unrelated peripheral areas, and it's hard to see how they support your contention. That's why ve're trying to get you to narrow down, focus

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wel 17	POOR ORIGINAL 1492
1	right on, what you submitted in writing, and what is the
2	reason you think it ought to be considered.
3	MR. PEREZ: Okay.
4	Wall, in looking through information that I can
5	find, which is quite limited to the point that I'm involved
5	in this intervention, I was studying some matarial from the
7	Safety let's see, what was it? the SER, for
8	the Perry Nuclear Power Plant, which is very similar in
9	design to the Allens Creek proposed facility. And I found
10	that they were requiring structural integrity testing at
11	115 percent of design pressure, as well as what was
12	initially being required by the Staff for the Applicant.
13	MR. NEWMAN: Is that drywell pressure or
14	containment pressure?
15	MR. PEREZ: No, this is drywell, 115 parcent of
16	design pressure for the drywell.
17	And that was in my original petition to intervene
13	back in July. I was quoting from the Preliminary Safety
19	Analysis Report, which was in the Houston Fublic Library.
20	And that's where my original contention grew from.
21	And I was just wondering why the Staff has
22	accepted Houston Lighting & Power's or the Applicant's,
23	should I say their appeal in testing it to design
24	pressure in the drywell region, when at the Perry Nuclear
25	Power Plant they are requiring them to test it at 115 percent

wel 18	POOR ORIGINAL 1493
1	of design pressure, as they originally requested the
2	Applicant to do for Allens Creek.
3	I wondered why there was that change here, why
4	there was a reduction of the requirement.
5	MR. LINENBERGER: I think that's a logical
6	wonderment.you've expressed here.
7	Now parhaps you could go on to some of the other
8	points that Applicant and Staff have made. For example, the
9	question I guess both Applicant and Staff questioned
10	your reference to the Dresdan facility as to its applicabil-
11	ity to Allens Creek.
12	Do you have any comments on that objection?
13	MR. PEREZ: Excuse me, I don't quite understand
14	that, sir.
15	E had mentioned the Dresdan case because of the
16	fact that there had been an accident this was in '71
17	at Commonwealth Edison's Dresden-2 and 3 plant, where an
TB	accidental pressurization of the drywell created a temperature
19	transient which destroyed most of the core monitoring
20	cables, and may well have damaged the foundations in the
21	drywell area of these reactor vessels.
22	At the time I wasn't as familiar with the design
23	differences between the Type I mean the Mark II, which
24	the Dresden facility is, and - I think is what it is and
25	the Mark III, which is the Allens Creek facility.
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wel 19	POOR ORIGINAL 1494
1	But the fact is that when there was a tamperature
2	transient that was sufficient to damage the core monitoring,
3	it could just as well have damaged the foundation of the
4	drywell, since the drywell area for the Mark III has a lot
5	more concrete and less steel than the dryvell region in
6	sither the Mark I or Mark II, as far as the support skructure
7	is concerned for the core.
3	MR. LINENBERGER: So that's the basis on which the
9	incident at Dresden causes you to worry about the Allens
10	Creek design?
11	MR. PEREZ: Yes, sir.
12	MR. LINENBERGER: Okay.
13	MR. NEWMAN: Can you explain the relationship of
14	that event at Dresden to Allens Creek? In what basic respects
15	were the drywells similar?
16	MR. PEREZ: Well
17	MR. NEWMAN: Do they have the same relief valves?
18	MR. PEREZ: Well, the releif values in the Dresden
19	facilit , arectly into the drywell. But in the Mark III
20	design, which is the Allens Creek design, they go directly
21	into the suppression pool, as designed.
22	Now, what is the important thing to consider is
23	the fact that if there's a main steam line breat, which is
2.4	something considered by Ganaral Electric to be valid, that
25	it could happen, then that would pressurize the drywell
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POOR ORIGINAL 1495
region to the maximum pressure that they expect it to take.
So it is a valid concern.
MR. NEWMAN: Can you explain the relationship
between the main steam line accident at the Dresden facility
can you explain to me how a main steam line event at a plant
like Dresden
MR, PEREZ: Well, it was a safety release valve,
from what I understood, that stuck open
MR. NEWMAN: What you're talking about is a
large collection of different things, it seems to me
MR. PEREZ: Well, I don't have access to the
material that you do, or that intervenors do, and so I'm
trying to base my contention upon what is available to me
as a petitioner to intervene.
And I think this should be kept in mind during
these hearings, that people who are petitioning to intervene
do not have access to material that you, and that the Board
and the Staff have access to.
MR. NEWMAN: I want to take exception to that.
There is every document in this case at the Houston Public
Library or the major documents are.
Have you been to the Houston Public Library and
examined
MR. PEREZ: Sura I have, that's where I got my
information from.
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MR. NEWMAN: You examined the Allans Creek PSAR? MR. PEREZ: Yes. Yes. that's where I came across my original petition for leave to intervene information, in fact, was in going through those large documents, to come across this.

Now, there are some things that are not contained in there that I might be able to get once I'm accepted as an intervenor through interrogatories or something of that sort, that would definitely get me much more reinforcement for my contention.

11 For instance, the basic design of the drywell 12 facility.

> CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Anything else? Have you finished now, Mr. Perez?

MR. PEREZ: If there are no more questions.

16 CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Well, I take it there are no 17 other questions. Thank you very much.

MR. LINENBERGER: Mr. Perez, this is not a question, but just as one who's gotten caught up in things like this before, let me alert you to the fact that engineers specify different types of pressures for all souts of different reasons, and there are generally good reasons. But they can confuse one.

Design pressure may mean something to the engineer who is specifying how big an event a tank -- how big

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1 a pressure a tank must hold that's designed to hold 50 pounds. 2 Testing at 110 percent of design pressure to the 3 engineer who did a stress analysis on that metal in that 4 tank, may mean testing it to 175 pounds, because it was 5 160 pounds at which the metal was supposed to fail. 6 So as you do your research work, be sure you understand what people mean when they're talking about 7 3 design pressures in various contexts. They're Frequently 9 quite diffarent. 10 MR. PEREZ: Well, why is it that - excuse me if I continue on here for a minute -- but why is it that at the Perry --

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MR. LINENBERGER: No, sir, I'm not relating this 13 to Perry, I'm just cautioning you, as you do your research, 14 to pin down what it is people are talking about shen they 15 mention design pressures or test pressures or yield 16 pressures or failure pressures. Pin it down, and make sure 17 you understand it. 18

MR. PERB2: But I was wondering why it was that 19 at Perry they still are insisting on testing at 115 percent? 20 MR. LINENBERGER: I was not getting to the Perry 21 thing. 22

MR. PEREZ: I just wondered why there's that discrepancy between Allens Creek and Perry, if there's --MR. LINENBERGER: I don't know that there is one.

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	1	So, please, I cannot discuss Perry. I was trying
	2	to help you in your future research.
'	3	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: All right. Thank you, Mr.
)	4	Peraz.
	5	We'll have a five-minute recess.
end 7	6	(Recess.)
	7	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Would you give your name, please?
	8	DR. WARNER: Yes. I'm Marlene Warner.
	9	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Dr. Warner, Mr. Scott has kindly
	10	stated that you may proceed, and he will orally argue again
	11	later.
	12	We've received your petition for leave to
	13	intervene of July 9, and also your contention submitted on
, 	14	August 19.
	15	I did have one question: Do you have here the
	16	July 9 letter, in front of you?
	17	DR. WARNER: No, I don't have it in front of me.
	18	I think I brought a copy of it with ma. Would
	19	you want to read -
	20	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Applicant's counsel is handing
	21	you a copy.
	22	(Document handed to Dr. Warner.)
	23	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: In your second paragraph there,
	24	Doctez, you stated:
	25	"Prior restrictions against speaking out on
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rel 24 1	nuclear power have prevented me from registering my opinion."
2	What prior restrictions are you speaking of?
3	DR. WARNER: I believe there was a previous
4	deadline in the Commission as far as speaking out.
5	The other thing was I had had in mind discussing
6	low-level effects of radiation, and I had not received a
7	copy of a federal proceeding.
8	The major difference, though, was that there had
9	been a provious deadline, was my understanding, after which-
10	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Previous deadline?
K1	DR. WARNER: For filing objections. And that
12	that deadline had passed, and I had not been able to raceive
13	a copy of "The Effects of Low-Level Radiation" from the
14	Congressional hearings until after the deadline had passed.
15	That was my impression.
t 6	(The Board conferring.)
17	MR. COPELAND: Do I understand the lady to be
18	saying that she wanted to challenge the Commission's
19	regulations on low-level wasts, and that she understands that
20	the deadline for challenging those regulations had passed?
21	Is that your
22	DR. WARNER: Yes, that's the case.
23	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: And how did you happen to submit
24	your letter on July 9th, instead of on June 15th, or June
25	1st? Why July 9? Why that particular day, Dr. Warner?
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DR. WARNER: I have no idea, sir. There was no particular significance. I was aware of the next deadline, and I now forget when that was. I was aware that the proceedings had been reopened, and that there was a new deadline, and I forget now the exact date. But the date was in July sometime.

And I was attempting to file my contention before what I understood to be a reopening of the possibility of filing of a contention.

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CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Were you aware that we had 2 issued orders dated May 31, 1978 and September 11, 1978 3 relating to scope of contentions that petitioners for leave to intervene could address? Were you aware of those orders? DR. WARNER: I was not aware of the first one you mentioned, but I believe I was aware of the second time you mentioned.

8 CHAIRMAN WOLFE: And why didn't you file -- I take it you just didn't file this particular petition not 9 10 because of anything that was in the September 11, 1978 order 11 but, as you indicated, because --

12 MR. COPELAND: As I understand, she indicated because she wished to challenge the Commission's regulations 13 14 on low-level waste.

DR. WARNER: That's right, and I did not have 15 the proceedings of the Congressional investigation that would 16 give me the evidence which I needed to present. 17

I'm aware of these effects because I do research 18 in this area, but I did not have effective documentation 19 because I did not have the Congressional proceedings. 20

I was aware that such an event had occurred 21 because, since I work with chemical carcinogens and I'm concernad 22 with safety in the laboratory, I knew that there were pro-23 ceedings in effect that related - restrictions of my own 24 practices. We also use radiation. And I did not have a copy 25

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of	the	report	in	time	to	be	informed	by	it	to	file	with	your	

The Congressional hearings were held earlier but I did not have a copy of the report and was unable to obtain a copy of the printed proceedings.

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6 MR. COPELAND: Can I ask you this, Dr. Warner, 7 was it your understanding that the September 18 notice related 8 to a generic proceeding going on before the Commission with 9 respect to low-level waste?

DR. WARNER: I'm confused on my dates.

MR. COPELAND: September, 1978.

12 DR. WARNER: No, I thought it related to building 13 this particular reactor, but that the specific matters that 14 would involve me or my interests -- at least the area that I felt I could speak about --15

16 MR. COPELAND: Which was the effect of radiation 17 releases?

18 DR. WARNER: The effect of low-level radiation release on the uptake of that radiation into the food chain. 19 20 MR. COPELAND: Okay.

Then I'm having trouble, Mr. Chairman, how she 21 felt like the September 18 notice prevented her from raising 22 a question regarding the Commission's rules on low-level 23 24 releases.

DR. WARNER: At that time I did not have a copy

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of the Congressional proceedings on low-level radiation. I was aware that there had been a Congressional inquiry and that a variety of expert evidence had been presented at that time and that this would be relevant to dose levels and their interaction with human beings and with animals. But the proceedings of that conference were not available.

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: We issued an order dated June 12, 1979 and therein we indicated that we can only entertain petitions for leave to intervene filed by those individuals who had been dissuaded from filing pursuant to our earlier Notices of Intervention Procedures dated May 31 and September 11, 1978 if indeed those persons who had been aware of those two notices had been dissuaded from filing because of restrictions, unwarranted restrictions in those two notices.

Now you don't qualify at all in then it would appear you should have filed something pursuant to the May 31 or September 11 notices of 1978, or at least you weren't chilled by anything in those notices. You would gree with that?

> DR. WARNER: No, I don't agree with that. CHAIRMAN WOLFE: All right. Tell me why.

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DR. MARNER: I don't agree with that because I did not have proper information to present, I didn't have the scientific facts, which I realized would become available,

wrb/agb4 1	but they were not available to me and I wished to present facts
2	where facts were available. If I don't have facts then surely
3	you're not going to be interested in what I have to say.
0 4	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: But you don't qualify under our
5	order of June 12, 1979.
6	DR. WARNER: Well I feel that I do, sir.
7	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Well you haven't even read, I
8	take it, our order of June 12, 1979.
9	DR. WARNER: I've read a great many things between
10	then and this time, and you obviously have a copy of the order
11	there. Do you
12	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Would you like to read it?
13	DR. WARNER: Yes, I would.
14	(Document handed to Dr. Warner.)
15	MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Chairman, lat's see if I can
16	help I'm sorry, Dr. Warner, did you wish to say something?
17	DR. WARNER: I was simply asking for assistance
18	because this does not look like what I saw.
19	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: This does not look like what?
20	DR. WARNER: This does not look like the specific
21	information that I had earlier.
22	MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Chairman, may I try to help
23	Dr. Warner in this situation?
24	I don't from what I gather from her presentation,
25	she is not alleging that she is in the category of those
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1	persons who were chilled by the May and September *78 notices.
2	I think what she is saying is that her petition
3	she's trying to justify to the Board a non-timely filing.
4	And her explanation for that non-timely filing is that she
5	did not have on hand certain data.
6	Am I correct, Dr. Warner?
7	DR. WARNER: That's.correct.
8	MR. NEWMAN: I think what we have here is :
9	situation where obviously a late petitioner has an extra-
10	ordinarily heavy burden and must explicate for the record her
11	position with respect to the five factors to be made in
12	considering non-timely petitions.
13	I think the burden is especially great in view
14	of the fact that the ultimate aim of the intervention, should
15	that be allowed, would be to challenge the Commission's
16	regulations, a matter which would be unusual, although not
17	impossible.
18	So I think her burdens are enormous but I think
19	that she is undertaking to meet those burdens.
20	CHAIFMAN WOLFE: Dr. Warner
21	(The Board conferring.)
22	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Dr. Warner, you have argued in
23	an effort to show good cause for failure to file this
24	petition for leave to intervene on time.
25	Your position then, Mr. Newman, I take it, is
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the petition, to have been filed on time, should have been filad when?

3 MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Chairman, the petition in this 4 situation would have had to have been filed at the time of 5 the initial proceedings in the matter, so it is obvious ... years late.

7 It may be, Mr. Chairman, that she might have 8 found new information and new svidence -- you see, I don't 9 know what her material is -- which would have justified a 10 filing under the September 11, '78 order. But it's my impression that she was not chilled by that order. 11

12 And so I guess she has been untimely to the extent of, at least of not having filed -- giving her the 13 benefit of the doubt - in response to the September 11 14 order, September 11, '73. 15

DR. WARNER: There was not evidence available 16 at the time of your September '78 -17

MR. NEWMAN: I think what we're back to, Mr. 18 Chairman, is the fact that it is a non-timely filing for which 19 Dr. Warner may wish to present justification. And I think, 20 21 as I said before, that her burden is enormous, purticularly in light of the issue that she wishes to raise with the Board. 22 DR. WARNER: You mentioned your interpretation of 23 my issue which was that I was arguing with the invels that had 14 been set. I'm not arguing with the levels that have been set, 25

		LOON ONIGINAL T221
wrb/gb7	1	I think those are an independent issue.
	2	The matter is which set of federal regulations
~	3	was applied in the initial consideration, whereas if the
0	4	Committee looked at the federal environmental regulations and
	5	applied that set of federal laws to the proceedings, I believe
	5	that they simply applied a different set of federal laws.
	7	And here we probably have two sets of regulations, one with
•	8	finite limits and the other with zero limits.
	9	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: We can't hear you, Doctor.
	10	DR. WARNER: I'm sorry.
	11	MR. COPELAND: Is that your contention, Dostor,
	12	that the late chause of the 1958 Delaney
•	13	DR. WARNER: Yes, my conclusion is the Deliney
	14	clause is the set of federal regulations that should apply
	15	here rather than the NRC limits and that these predated the
	16	NRC limits and that they are relevant because of recent
	17	information that we now have.
	18	MR. NEWMAN: I think now that the situation is
·	19	becoming more tenuous because this is now a late petition
	20	which seeks to argue as a matter of law which regulations are
	21	applicable to the plant. It's a legal question that Dr. Warner
	22	is presenting, at least as I interpret her statement. And it
	23	would seem to be somewhat unusual for a late patitioner to
	24	be able to justify an intervention on that basis.
•	25	MR. SOHINKI: Mr. Chairman, I wanted to know from
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Dr. Warner whether s'e says by the statement in her filing that the Commission's recommendations are inadequate to protect the public health and safety.

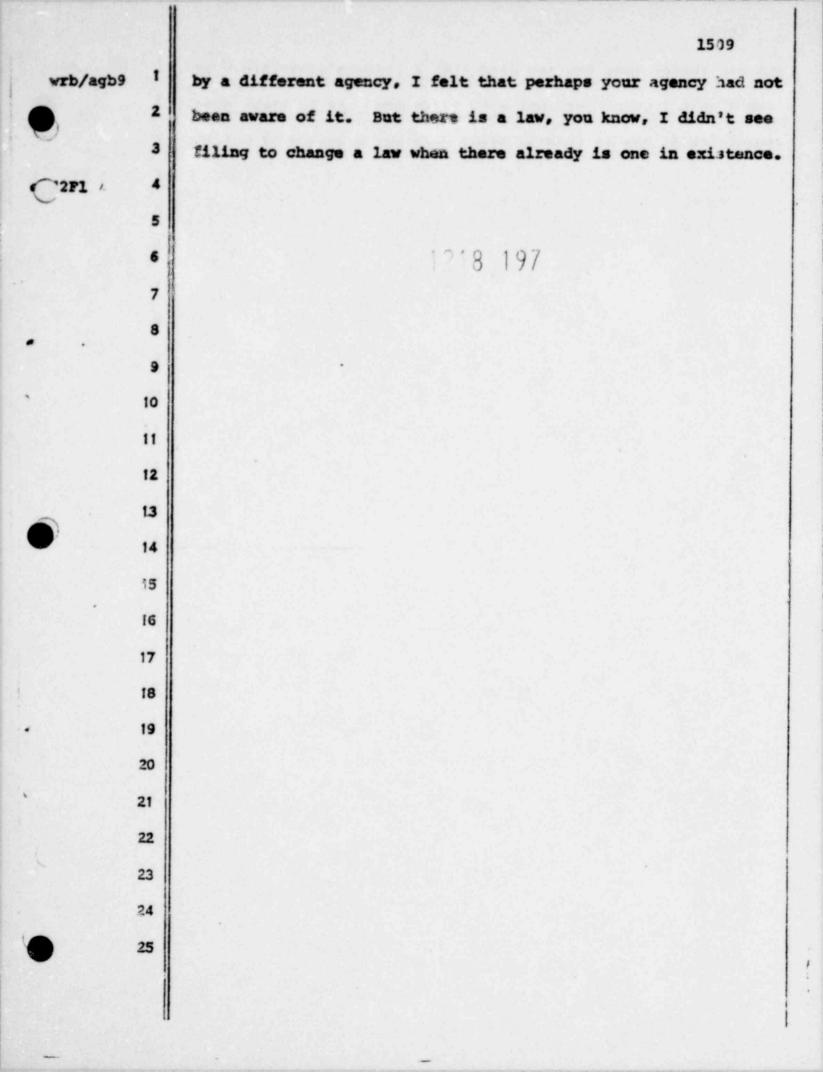
DR. WARNER: Yes, this is the reason for my taking by time as an ind vidual member of the public, I feel that my health and safety and my family's health and safety -- by what I now know from information on New levels of radioactivity from this Congressional hearing, from other information sources -- that my health and safety, my family's health and safety will not be protected by the levels that the Commission has set.

MR. SOHINKI: Do you understand the Staff': response to your contention, Dr. Warner?

DR. WARNER: No, I don't entirely.

MR. SOHINKI: Our response basically is that there is a forum to address the type of concern that you want to address, that forum is not before this Licensing Board. The forum is to file a petition for rulemaking with the Commission to change those regulations which you believe are inadequate.

DR. WARNER: I don't understand, though, that the regulations need to be changed when there is already a federal law that has been in effect for 20 years which rovers them and that's why I con't see filing a separate petition because there's along standing law. And again, since it was filed



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1 MR. NEWMAN: Mr. Chairman; I think we have come 2 full circle around back now to what we've got here is a legal 3 question, namely, whethen the Delaney clause, in effect, pre-emptively regulates the area of radioactive emissions, 4 rather than the regulations of the Atomic Energy Commission. 5 DR. WARNER: Well I didn't bring up radioactive 3 emissions, sir. It's the matter of transfer to the fool 7 3 chain, whether this can occur and whether it does occur. And this is a matter for documentation on whethe -- Okay: I'm 9 sorry. 10 CHAIRMAN WOLFE: I just don't understand wiy you offer as good cause for not filing earlier ----12

DR. WARNER: I'm not offering --

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Hold on now. Just a momen :.

(Continuing) -- that you have just gotten some results, or whatever, from a Congressional hearing. I ion't know what that has to do with your position that this Delaney clause should be the governing statute.

Now if that was, and is your position, you could 19 certainly have brought this to the attention of the Con-20 mission back in 1974 when there was the initial notice of 21 hearing issued as to the application for this license. Isn't 22 that so? 23

DR. WARNER: No. Because the basis for my filing is my interest in my well being and the well being of ty

		POOR ORIGINAL 1511
WRB/wb2	1	family. I have filed only for this reactor which is near
	2	me, which concerns me.
0	3	Frankly, I guess I'm just not
2	4	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Well it was going to be near you
-	5	back in 1974. You were residing in this area in 1974, weren't
	6	you?
	7	DR. WARNER: Yes, sir, I was.
	8	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: So why didn't you bring up the
	9	Delaney issue in 1974?
	10	DR. WARNER: In 1974 it was my opinion that the
	11	effects In my own mind and my own convictions, which is
-	12	the reason why Im here today, it was my feeling that there
	13	was not sufficient evidence for significant human biological
)	14	effects of low levels of irradiation of the type that, from
	15	your report, are scheduled for emission from the plant, that
	16	there is no reason to feel that I would be damaged by these
	17	levels. Although the Delaney amendments existed, I had no
	18	reason to feel that I would be damage or my children could
	19	be damaged by low level emissions. And since that time there
	20	has been a great deal of evidence, and increasing amounts
	21	of evidence have accumulated with time, and increasing amounts
	22	of avidence, the kinds of effects that have been reported
	23	and documented had convinced me that indeed I, as an individual,
	24	could be affected. And that was why I took action.
	25	MR. COPELAND: Dr. Warner, Z know you're not a

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DR. WARNER: No.

2	DR. WARNER: NO.
3	MR. COPELAND: But would you agree that if the
4	Delaney clause should have been applied as a legal matter to
5	this plant now that it should have been applied as a legal
	matter to this plant in 1974? Bither we're supposed to comply
7	with the law or not; isn't that correct, Ma'am?
8	Will you agree with that? We are either supposed
9	to We are supposed to comply with the law at all times;
10	is that not correct?
11	DR. WARNER: Well you say "the" law. In this
12	case I recognize there is more than one federal regulation.
13	MR. COPELAND: No, Ma'am, you're contending the
14	Delaney clause applies to us.
15	DR. WARNER: I contend it applies now.
16	MR. COPELAND: And that it would have applied in
17	1974, would it not?
18	DR. WARNER: It would have applied if we had the
19	information that we have now. In 1974 less was known about
20	transfer of radionuclides to food.
21	MR. COPELAND: That's not my question, Dr. Warner.
22	I know you're not a lwayer.
23	You'ze not telling this Board, are you, that a
24	law
25	DR. WARNER: Okay. The Delaney clause would have
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applied then; except we didn't know that emissions were getting into food. I would not have known in 1974 that if my children drank milk that had come from cattle that had grazed in an area that had had I-131. . . At least I wasn't aware in 1974 that there was good evidence, I wis not aware in 1974 that there would have been: I don't know that there was. The papers that I have have been published since that time that have documented that: the results of the Hiroshima studies on increased breast cancer came out only after 1974

And the evidence for transfer to food was not good in 1974. It was not as substantial as it is now.

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Let me ask you this, Doctor: Supposing you are admitted as a party, what do you want this Board to do, and what do you plan to do if you are admitted as a party? Are you going to, say, file 1 motion or a request asking this Board, as a matter of law, to conclude that the Delaney clause, the statutes of the Food Drug and Cosmetic Act are applicable and that we should only apply the provisions of that statute, rather than apply NRC rules and regulations? Do you plan to file such a motion? Is that the extent that you want to participate? DR. WARNER: At this preliminary hearing I can't

really say what the content of a motion that I would file in

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the future would be. As an individual ---

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Well I want to know how you're going to participate in this proceeding.

DR. WARNER: Regardless of what regulations are applied, as an individual concerned with my own health I would like to be assured that I will not be ingesting 1-131 in particular as a radionuclide in my food, that my children will not have I-131 in their milk, and that the other -- and that this is something we will not be taking in with our food. Because I'm convinced from the recent and progressive information that I have read that this would indeed endanger our health, our future health and wellbeing.

CHAIRMAN WOIPE: So what I take it, then, you are saying is that regardless of motions or anything else, what you intend to do is to present evidence to establish that these emissions, to whatever degree, are harmful to your health and safety; is that correct?

DR. WARNER: Yes, that's right.

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: And you are not relying on the Food and Drug Act, or whatever -- the Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act to establish that?

DR. WARNER: That doesn't establish that tiese are necessarily hazardous. It establishes a level. The regulation of the level is a different matter. But I in concerned because of the provision in the Act that inspres

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that I should not be exposed to carcinogens in my food. because even very small levels of these are hezardous, that they will not be in my food or my children's milk.

MR. COPELAND: Chairman Wolfe, I think the lady's writing is very specific in that she says that no level of emission is safe, as I read it, and that the lood and Drug Act prevents any, what she calls carcinogens from getting into the food system.

Is that correct?

DR. WARNER: From getting into the food system. What you do is--

MR. COPELAND: You want zero Iodine-131; is that what you're saying?

DR. WARNER: In food. I'm not saying as an emission. How emissions are processed, how they are hindled is something that I'm not qualified to judge. But as in individual, I don't want to eat it.

MR. COPELAND: You want none; is that right? And to the extent that these Commission regulations permit any, you contend that they should not be applied but, rather, the Delaney clause of the Food and Drug Act should be applied; is that correct? because it prohibits any?

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DR. WARNER: Yes.

(The Board conferring.)

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CHAIRMAN WONFE: Mr. Sohinki, what regulation

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were you referring to which would provide recourse for Dr. Warner, the rulemaking?

MR. SOHINKI: I believe that's in our response to the contention. 10 CFR Section 2.802.

6 CHAIRMAN WOLFE: By virtue of your explanation which is now on the record, Doctor, what you are seeking to 7 do is to present a legal question to this Board that the 8 Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act is pre-emptive, and that our 9 rules and regulations would not prevail insofar as protecting 10 you against radioactivity and ingestion via the food chain. 11 This most certainly would not be within our jurisdiction 12 to resolve. This is a matter -- Since we are given authority 13 by Congress, we have only been authorized to, as Eor i 14 members, to consider whether or not a construction permit 15 should be issued after taking into account the various 16 regulations and standards of the Commission. 17

You're asking us to void, really, cur rules or to ignore our regulations and, instead, find that the Pood, Drug and Cosmetic Act applies under certain circumstances. As to this, we have no jurisdiction, and, accordingly, we would have to reject and deny your petition for leave to intervene.

And, secondly, we, under 2.758, cannot proceed with any challenge -- cannot grant, or cannot allow any

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petitioner for leave to intervene -- and we do not deen that

you have presented any special circumstances under our

Section 2.758 which would proupt us to consider such a

is under 10 CFR 2.802, which is entitled "Petition for

Rulamaking," in which it states, among other things, that

the Commission to issue, amend, or rescind any

itself and petition them that the regulations regarding

radioactive emissions are improper or they don't provide

you and your family sufficient protection, and that you wish

they would, instead, adopt regulations, or amendments like

leave to intervene. We will issue, ultimately, a written

order to that effect. And from the date of that written

our Appeals Board and if they agree with you they will

order, if you disagree, you may petition, file in appeal to

reverse us and admit you as a party, or they may sustain this

you choose, appeal from our denial of your petition for leave

Licensing Board. But you will be on th service list, and

from the date of service of our written order you may, if

those in the Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act.

petition which would challenge our rules and regulations.

Therefore, as staff points out, your sole macourse

"Any interested person may petition

So you can proceed directly to the Commission

So I regret that we must deny your petition for

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regulation."

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to intervene.

Thank you very much.

DR. WARNER: Thank you, sir.

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Excuse me; Member Cheatum has advised me that if you don't appeal to the Appeal Board that obviously you may come back and make a limited appearance statement, or if the Appeal Board sustains us, on:a again you're welcome to come back and make an oral or a written statement. And that means that you just come back and state to the Board your views on the application of the Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act and why you think that its standards should be adopted instead of --

DR. WARNER: I don't think they should be adopted. I think they already apply

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: --or that they already apply. And you may make any written statement you wish to in that regard. Such a statement is not evidence. You are not a party. You don't have to appear except at one time to make your written statement. And it merely serves to -- limited appearance statements merely serve to alert the Board to any possible issues that such a parson might have in mind. Thank you very much.

DR. WARNER: Thank you, sir.

CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Mr. Scott, how much more time do you think you will have, plus considering the interruptions

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		that you have experienced?
RB/wb4	1	that you have experienced?
	2	MR. SCOTT: I believe that I ought to this is
1	3	not a promise be able to finish by twelve-thirty or one,
	4	that time frame, tomorrow.
	5	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: You mean starting at nine-
		thirty and proceeding until twelve-thirty?
	7	MR. SCOTT: Yes.
	8	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: All right. We'll recess, then,
	9	until nine-thirty.
	10	I am only aware that Mr. Scott is the only person
	11	to make oral argument on his contentions. The Board has not
	12	heard from anyone else. So we will proceed from nine-thirty
	13	and to the conclusion of Mr. Scott's oral argumant, and if
	14	no one appears at or before that time we will conclude this
	15	special prehearing conference.
	16	MR. SOHINKI: I don't know how the other parties
	17	feel about this, but the staff would be willing to start a
	18	little earlier tomorrow morning.
	19	MR. NEWMAN: We would certainly be happy to do
	20	that, Mr. Chairman. I think that might help to assure
	21	everybody's timely departure. Because it has been my experi-
	22	ence in the past that these things run on considerably
	23	longer than the parties anticipate.
	24	CHAIRMAN WOLFE: Yes.
	25	Mr. Scott, what would be your earliest time?
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WRB/wb5 MR. SCOTT: I think, as you've noticed, I've been coming in other mornings, I have difficulty getting here before nine-thirty. Basically I've got to deliver some children to certain places at certain times. CHAIRMAN WOLFE: All right. We wi' scay with the time of nine-thirty. (Whereupon, at 5:40 p.m., the hearing in the above-entitled matter was recessed, to reconvene at 9:30 a.m., the following day.) POOR ORIGINAL 1213 208