NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION POOR ORIGINAL

IN THE MATTER OF:

PUBLIC MEETING

BRIEFING ON SECY-79-499 - REPORT OF TASK FORCE ON

EMERGENCY PLANNING

1910020503

Place - Washington, D. C. Date - Thursday, 13 September 1979

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	1	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	
	2	NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION	
	3	PUBLIC MEETING	
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	5	BRIEFING ON SECY-79-499 - REPORT OF TASK FORCE ON EMERGENCY	
	6	PLANNING	
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	8	Roch 1130	
	9	1717 H Street, N. W. Washington, D. C.	
	10	Thursday, 13 September 1979	
	11	The Commission met, pursuant to notice, at 3:35 p.m.	
,	12	BEFORE:	
•	13	DR. JOSEPH M. HENDRIE, Chairman	
	14	VICTOR GILINSKY, Commissioner	
	16	PETER A. BRADFORD, Commissioner	
	17	JOHN F. AHEARNE, Commissioner	
	18	PRESENT:	
	19	Messrs. Carter, Gossick, Bickwit, Chilk, Kenneke, and	
	20	Engelhardt.	
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(3:35 p.m.)

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: We are to hear a report 3 from the task force on emergency planning. Mr. Carter, I 4 quess, is speaking. 5 Lee, will you introduce him? 0 MR. GUSSICK: Thank you, Commissioner Gilinsky. 7 You recall we were nere on June 28th on a status report by 8 the task force that was established in June to undertake the 4 review of our emergency planning activities and to come up 10 with recommendations on those things which we felt necessary 11 to improve the overall effort. 14 The task force reported in on August 9th, and that 13 report was sent to you by SECY 79-499 on August 21. We 14 tried to put a summary on top of it that might make it a 15 little easier to digest in a somewhat easier fashion. I'm 10 not sure how successful that was. 17 The way we're going to present this this 18 afternoon, we will ask several people addressing each of the 14 major parts of the overall planning effort, to come up and 20 give their part of the report in a very brief fashion. It 21 might be useful if we handed out to you a tagged copy of the 22 paper here, which will make the enclosures much easier to 23 find. If you find that useful, I am sure you may have made 24 notes on it, but perhaps you can use this just to find what 25

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Since you raise that, when MM mte 1 will we be getting a summary of the public comments on the 2 3 advanced -MR. GOSSICK: Tom? 4 MR. CARTER: Mike is reviewing this and I think 5 Mike's doing to discuss this. 0 MR. GOSSICK: We will be covering that, too, 7 shortly. 8 One other matter having to do with the 4 organizational management aspects of this and also mentioned 10 in the memo that you sent us, Commissioner Ahearne, we will 11 discuss that toward the end of this briefing. We have some 12 recommendations on that aspect. 13 I would like to touch just briefly on the other 14 questions that you asked and point out that the various 15 speakers, as we go through it, will address the questions 10 that you have indicated here about what actions have I 17 offered or have the audit or have the office directors 18 ordered, and those that are pending Commission decision. 19 The major items, of course, I just mentioned. But there are 20 some other things; why, if or not those things would 21 prejudge the rulemaking. 22 As to any substantial disagreement, to the best of 23 my knowledge, other than perhaps some difference of views on 24 the best way to manage this effort, which we can address 25

1071 183

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later, there are no minority opinions or disagreements.

In June when we were here, there was some discussion or debate about the modeling effort that was being proposed at that time, which has been set aside, really. So that is no longer an issue.

So with that, I will ask Mr. Carter to introduce
7 the briefing, and then proceed with that.

MR. CARTER: Thank you, Mr. Gossick. We have members that represented all the major offices here today. In the front of the notebooks, we have a list -- and I have some extra copies, so maybe you can each work from these -- in the order in which they will be discussed.

First, I would like to summarize briefly how the task force approached this objective and its mission. We had representatives from each office, each major program office within the staff, as members, and in some cases more than one representative from the offices. We created, separate from the task force itself, a working group of representatives from the offices involved.

That working group was headed up by Charlie South, who is also here today and can respond to questions. They separate themselves from the task force while we were working on the issues that were being developed for public comment, which the Commission used part of. And they tried

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1 and I think did a very good job in developing a description 2 of the current emergency planning system and critiquing the 3 current emergency planning system, which led to a group of 4 30 problem areas which are identified very specifically in 5 the Commission paper that came up.

Those issues or problem areas basically were presented to the task force. The task force discussed them in detail, looked very hard at the wording for the problem areas, trying to really understand, interpret the wording chosen by the working group that supported the task force, trying to get an in-depth understanding of why those people chose these problem areas.

I think they were massaged very thoroughly. Then 13 the task force agreed upon the three problems and chose to 14 approach the solution of those problems via a series of 15 action plans, which are represented in the Commission 10 paper. Each outfit developed their action plan after we had 17 agreed upon really a determination of which office should 18 have a lead role, a support role, whether it was long-term, 14 short term, for each of the problem areas. Then the action 20 plans were developed. 21

The way we would like to discuss the action plans today is go through the major offices as indicated on the agenda and summarize, as Mr. Gossick indicated, the organization action plan, which really comes first in the

1071 185

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Commission paper. We would prefer to discuss it last. in ate 1 So, with that, if Brian Grimes will discuss the 2 NAR action plan. 3 COAMISSIONER AHEARNE: Just to help those of us 4 who might have read the paper first, is there going to be 5 any comparison in the way the briefings are conducted and 0 the way the paper 's laid out? 7 MR. CARTER: We are following the paper in order, 8 basically, except for the organization --Y COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Fine. But for example, 10 when you go down the problem, you'll be using the 11 description of the problems and the solutions as indicated 12 13 in the paper? MR. CARTER: Because of the limited time, we have 14 not proposed to address each of the problems. Each office 15 was going to highlight one or two problem areas that they 16 thought were important, then, of course, respond to 17 questions on specific problem areas. 18 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Fine. 14 MR. GRIMES: With respect to the NRR effort - and 20 I think we have had fairly thorough discussion last week on 21 the team approach, to try to promptly upgrade the state of 22 emergency preparedness at operating reactor facilities, and 23 I won't go through them and beat that again. 24 We are making progress. The first two site 25

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visits are next week, followed the following week by some MM mte 1 more site visits on the first plants being reviewed by the 2 six teams. And we are developing guidance on action level 3 criteria, which we will provide to the Commission in the 4 next few days for their information and possible comment. 5 With respect to the problem areas, most of the 0 areas are being addressed in the context of the teams, and 7 the one area where we have not yet put significant resources 8 is on - I don't remember the numbers. It is F-2, which is Y the last one, which is developing criteria for joint 10 exercises, to be working with state programs. 11 But our efforts to date have been getting the 12 teams out, getting the emergency response plans reviewed, as 13 opposed to focusing on the test exercises at this point. 14 But all other areas are under way to some degree. 15 10 17 18 14 20 21 22 23 24 25

1071 187

9 36.08.1 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: If we could go back to ash 1 proplem area 6. Could you comment why it wasn't appropriate Ma 2 for the NRR action plan to specifically address that? 3 MR. GRIMES: The problem here that the licensee's 4 responsibility for emergency planning exceeds his direct S authority to affect the actions of off-site officials is 5 a recognized problem. But we did not believe that we had the 1 resources, or really, that it was very realistic to expect 3 to change the relationship between the federal and state 9 government and private industry in this regard. 10 And we had to recognize that as a problem, recognize 11 that our authority is over the licensee, and work through 12 that mechanism. 13 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: When you say it wouldn't be 14 15 realistic to change it -MR. GRIMES: Well --16 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Let's put the question whether 17 or not it would be realistic aside just for a minute. What 18 kind of changes would you think would be significant 12 improvement? 20 (At 3:35. Chairman Hendrie entered the room.) 21 MR. GRIMES: Well, to solve this problem, one would 22 have to give - to put in effect restrictions or penalties 23 24 on off-site agencies to in some way compel them to do certain things. I don't think it's realistic to do that. I 25

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10 136.08.2 don't have any particular ways of approaching it. 1.4 ash MR. GOSSICK: Brian, this is really one of the h 2 aspects of the rule-making that we're in for the legislation 3 that may come about. You're saying that you can't go ahead 4 with it and act in advance of whatever is decided on õ rule-making, or whatever legislation finally is produced. 5 MR. GRIMES: That's correct. And further, I don't 4 really see a good way to do it, thinking about it myself. 3 MR. GOSSICK: That's one of the questions 9 Commissioner Ahearne of the kind that you ask, ... that 10 would pre-judge, I think, the rule-making --11 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Well, there could have been 12 a more detailed description of what the problems were. 13 MR. GOSSICK: Well, this is a very brief summary 14 15 of that. COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: But this particular sentence 16 wasn't even considered. So I imagine that that's as lengthy 17 a summary as there probably is. 13 Go back, then, to page 11(f)(2). Do you have an 19 estimate of when those joint exercise criteria might be 20 developed? 21 MR. GRIMES: No. I think it's a task that we have 22 to face in the next two or three months. Right now we have 23 24 not put any resources on that. COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Once resources are put on it, 25

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gsh	i i	you think then it would be a 2- to 3-month job?
	2	MR. GRIMES: Yes.
	3	COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: All right.
	4	MR. GOSSICK: Any other questions for Brian before
	ō	we go on to NMSS action plan?
	5	COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: I imagine v en you get back
	1	to the organizational question
	з	MR. GOSSICK: Yes, certainly.
	ç	MR. CARTER: I would like to briefly summarize then
	10	and make some points on the NMSS action plan.
	11	One of the first impacts of Three Mile Island NMSS
	12	I believe was it forced them to take a very hard look at
	:3	emergency planning within the fuel cycle facilities, and
	14	the realization very rapidly that we had not been doing, really
	15	the job we need to do on fuel cycle perspective for
	15	emergency planning.
	17	The regulations require emergency plans for Part
	18	70 licensees, part of Part 70 licensees, fuel processing,
	19	fuel fabrication you have six conversion plants
	20	and the reprocessing facilities such as NFS, West
	21	Valley.
	22	There is no specific requirement under Part 3 of
	23	by-product material licensees to have emergency plans.
	24	Now Squibb, for example, has a voluntary emergency plan,
	25	which is a very good plan, we feel. What we would like to do,

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1 and what we have started to do, is to perform detailed 2 accident analyses for all of our facilities to determine 3 looking at the criticality, fire, explosion, natural 4 phenomenon, abuse accidents, coupled with the actual location 5 sometimes in urban areas of facilities, what a priority list 6 would be in developing emergency planning for these 7 facilities.

3 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Presumably, the accidents 3 that you analyzed are in the safety analysis reports, aren't 10 they?

MR. CARTER: That's correct. We feel, as indicated in our problem area B-3, which is on page 10 of the NMSS action plan, that the licensee plan really was based on accidents up to and including the most serious design basis accident, which in some cases probably, considering Three Mile Island, it is not a serious enough accident to do your planning.

13 COMMISSIONER GIL NSKY: Is that the point then?
 19 You're thinking of it in terms of supplementing the discussion
 20 of accidents that are being considered?

21 MR. CARTER: Yes, sir. Going a step further, 22 looking at the human error of possibility, multiple equipment 23 failures, whatever we have to look at to see how serious 24 accident situations could develop in these plants. And that's 25 what we're thinking about.

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We have some effort underway under B-3, as summarized there. We are just getting started. We're trying to take a look, as we had discussed in the budget presentations also.

(At 3:50, Commissioner Bradford leaves the room.) ŝ MR. CARTER: Another problem area identified in the ć NMSS area which is E-3, which is on page 16, we felt that 1 the task force and the working group felt that the majority 8 of operating facilities had not been evaluated against the 9 staff's current criteria for emergency planning. We certainly 10 had to agree with that because the requirements for Part 30, 11 by-product facilities, did not even exist for emergency 12 13 plans.

We wanted to take a hard look at that. 14 After we had gone through these analyses, we want 15 to really come up with pre-conceived framework of a criteria, 15 the staff guidelines, the regulations to be strengthened if 11 necessary, and the guidance to the licensees, really 18 defining the functions and their responsibilities, of all 19 the participants, the licensors, the licensees, what we 20 would expect from local and state governments surrounding the 21 facilities, how that would go into or impact the state and 22 local government plans around the facilities. 23

24 We recognize the need to expand the regulations 25 in the area of the fuel cycles to cover the other licensees

1071 192

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1	covered now. We're not sure to what extent we do believe they
2	need to be the regs need to be strengthened in Part 70
3	and 50, as they apply specifically to the fuel cycle
4	facilities in lieu of just the reactor language presently
ć	there.
ś	We have those efforts underway and we will be
7	coming to the commission in the near future. We have proposed
З	an action plan to present to the commission proposed
÷	by the end of this year, proposed language changes in Part 30
10	and, if necessary, Part 40.
11	That's basically a summary of our approach.
12	COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: You list in Problem F-2 a
13	second review.
14	MR. CARTER: F-2 being evaluation criteria for
15	drills and exercises are not defined?
15	COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Yes.
17	MR. CARTER: Yes. We would like to reassess the
18	criteria in the procedures for fuel cycle facilities.
19	COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Now that, you estimate, is
20	a short-term completion term?
21	MR. CARTER: Our priorities now are to do the
22	detailed accident analyses to put a priority ranking, as you
23	might say, against the facilities. Take a look at the
24	changes to Part 30 for the by-product licenses. As part of
25	that guidance development or thinking of the guidance there
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gsh	1	we would have to look at that cri	teria. I would estimate
Α.	2	it would be the first half of nex	t year.
	3	Jim Sniezek can discuss	the I&E action plan.
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16 236.09.1 MR. SNIEZEK: I will highlight the I&E actions gsh 1 that I think are of special interest to the commission. À. 2 The I&E action plan, the first item is on page 5. 3 One of the problems identified was that terminal 4 arrangements between the agencies need approval. õ They were ______ specifically by IRAP. The 6 meeting with DOE and other agencies, members of TRAP, was yesterday 6 And it was their outline, what basically the problems 3 are with IRAP, what can be improved. And what we are 9 pushing for is more and clearer delineation of who is in 10 charge, responsibility, a commitment of resources and not 11 a voluntary assign tent of resources. 12 That agency in charge really call on resources of 13 14 another agency. Now FEMA representatives were there and they want 15 to fold us under the FEMA concept and give it more 15 17 statutory authority. The next meeting is scheduled -- well, by November 18 1st, we' to have comments specifically on IRAP, the 19 specifics that we would like to be changed, in writing. All the 20 agencies are to come in for comments and then shortly after 21 that, there will be another meeting to discuss where IRAP 22 23 will go from there. But we believe the basic IRAP framework is good, but 24 it needs some hardening as far as responsibilities, who's in 25

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gsh	4	charge of specific actions.
A	2	The next item which can be found on pages 7 and 8,
	3	it's basically that the instant response program needs
	4	revision. That would come out on B-2.
	ō	COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Let me understand. Would
	6	IRAP encompass all federal efforts?
	1	MR. SNIEZEK: No. It would come under the FEMA
	3	umbrella. But it is really the resources that are available
	2	by the agencies that would really respond to a nuclear
	10	accident.
	11	COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: When you say who is in
	12	charge of the accident
	13	MR. SNIEZEK: In other words, if it's an NRC license
	14	facility, who should be calling the shots at the scene? It
	ló	should probably be the NRC, as far as the coordination of
	16	the effort. If it's a DOE facility, DOE would be calling the
	17	shots as to what should be done. If it happened to occur in
	18	an agreement state and we were providing support to the
	19	agreement state, they would be calling the shots of how they
	20	thought the resources should be deployed, what measurements shoul
	21	be taken, et cetera, so everyone wouldn't be going helter
	22	skelter doing their own thing. There would be better
	23	coordination of the overall monitoring of the accident.
	24	COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Are you speaking just of
	ذ2	monitoring or of other things, too?

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gsh	T.	Are there instructions or recommendations that
А	2	would be given to the licensee in the facility?
	3	MR. SNIEZEK: That would be tied in. But the details
	4	of how they would go, we're not there yet.
	ŝ	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: But under the overall radiological
	5	emergency plan, the federal plan, it would go a lot further
	1	than just monitoring.
	8	MR. SNIEZEK: That's correct.
	9	CHAIRMAN HENDRIFS And it would go outside the things
	10	that the IRAP plan covers, for instance. And it would
	11	include deployment such things as deployment, emergency
	12	field kitchens, medical equipment, cots
	13	MR. SNIEZEK: Right. That would be outside of
	14	IRAP.
	15	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Part of the federal disaster
	15	assistance kind of action. And there are some interesting
	17	questions, then. If we should ever have a Three Mile Island
	18	sort of situation, I expect whoever is our senior officer at
	19	the site will not want to have to worry about how people
	20	are taken care of in terms of provision for people who are
	21	evacuated, or something like that.
	22	You will want to be able to call for an evacuation
	23	is one is nacessary and trust that there be an appropriate
	24	organization out there to take care of it as it moves on out.
	25	MR. SNIEZEK: IRAP is not getting into that type of

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discussion.

2 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Isn't that the responsibility 3 of the state?

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Yes, I think it is. But there is substantial federal aid that turns up. Remember, there were people from — what is it, the Federal Disaster Assistance Administration down there in the Governor's — right outside the Governor's door. And they deployed a lot of material and people, in fact, in preparation. And we're waiting for whatever the state called for.

Well, I can see some complicated discussions and trying to sort out who does what, but obviously, better before than after.

14 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Clearly, there will be a 15 lot of discussions on that, both in among them or different 16 places. I would guess that we still have a long way to 17 go until we see clearly who is going to be in charge of 18 what.

MR. SNIEZEK: It's my understanding that FEMA wants to fold IRAP into a small part of the overall umbrella of response.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Well, they need to prepare -- they are under a mandate to prepare a national plan and they have got to either replace or refurbish that thing which serves as the overall federal planning document which has the acronym,

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gsh	1	FRPPNE. I guess I'm unable to help the Reporter with the
	2	spelling.
	3	COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: It's F-R-P-P-N-E.
	. 4	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Under two hours? And IRAP would
	ć	be a portion of that.
	5	MR. SNIEZEK: On pages 7 and 8, there is a discussion
	7	about the instant response program needs revisions. That's
	8	a few of the things that are happening right now. The
	9	revised EMP procedures are being outlined for discussions at
	10	an EMP meeting the week of September 17. And the first
	11	dedicated phone lines have been installed in the operational
	12	center going to operating power reactors and selected fuel
	13	facilities.
1	14	The second line is scheduled to be installed by the
	15	end of this year.
	15	On pages 11 and 12 -
	17	COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Jim, could i ask you a
	18	question? You mentioned that there is developing rule-making
	19	to determine who pays for the communications at the licensee
	20	sites. Is that really a major issue?
	21	MR. SNIEZEK: I don't believe that is. I don't
	22	think that anything has been started on it.
	23	COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Does it really have to go
	24	through rule-making to decide?
	25	MR. SNIEZEK: I'm really not sure if it does.

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1 MR. ENGELHARDT: I am unfamiliar with that particular 2 recommendation.

3 MR. SNIEZEK: It's one of the things that's going 4 to be looked at in the overall sequence, whether it should 5 or not. We really haven't gotten to that area yet.

6 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: You passed by an item on -7 let's see, page 6. And it's, I guess, with reference to 3 problem A-5. It's a report on the NRC role. NRC has not 9 adequately defined its role in emergency response.

10 MR. SNIEZEK: What we're looking at are things other 11 than the commission role in emergency response there. And 12 there was a first meeting of inter-office work group to 13 define what should we be doing and they come up with a 14 definition of what we should really do in response to an 15 incident.

16 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: I guess from my own point of 17 view, I guess I think June, 1980 is a little late. I would 18 guess that if we don't have a fairly clear picture by the 19 end of the next few months in what ought to be our role, we 20 will have a number of people answering for us.

I guess I would like to know from the staff what they think, certainly by the end of the year. June, 1980 is -MR. SNIEZEK: I believe by the end of the year we will have a direction we're going as far as teams or things

25 of that nature and how we will respond.

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22 235.09.7 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: I guess my point was I think 1 gsh the NRC, as a body, is going to have to have a clear picture A 2 on what its role is in emergency response. And that is going 3 to have to be reached at least in the midst of the 4 rule-making, and certainly by preparation of testimony in the õ 5 early spring. And I just don't think June, 1980 is going to 1 hack it. 3 MR. GOSSICK: The first step on that problem, 9 Commissioner Ahearne, is a little bit involved in this meeting 10 that Jim mentioned next week. 11 I asked Denton and Bill Dircks and Vic Stello to 12 get pulled together based on our experience of Three Mile 13 Island. Assume another one like that or something of a 14 similar nature happened tomorrow. What would we do as the 15 EMP? 16 First of all. let's assume that it's the middle of 17 the night and the commissioners are all out of reach, for 13 whatever reason or another, or even if they are - but at 19 least we're not getting into this other question that we got 20 into of the commission. 21 But what is it that we would do differently in 22 addition to, instead of, in this case from that which we 23 did in Three Mile Island? 24 It's a kind of an interim, if you will, checklist 25

23 336.09.8 for the EMP as it meets in the event of another accident. 1 ash And this will be a first cut at that kind of question. 2 I think it's the kind of thing, however, that will 3 take much further steps. I thought that it was important that 4 we have something like that ready and on hand. õ COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Where is the first cut? 5 MR. GOSSICK: That's what we're meeting on. I think 7 it's Wednesday instead of next week, to review a straw man 8 that's being prepared by Vic and his people. 7 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: And that is something that 10 we will have pretty soon? 11 MR. GOSSICK: Yes, as soon as we can look at it and 12 decide. This looks like it makes some sense. And we will 13 get it down to you for your comments. 14 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Is this a very complicated 15 question? 15 MR. GUSSICK: I don't think so. I told Vic to keep 11 it short and simple because it's the kind of thing that people 18 are going to have to deal with, you know, in the midst of a 19 panic, if that ever happens. And we don't want it to be a 20 long and complicated thing. 21 But they are examples of things that you know in 22 retrospect we would do it differently. 23 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Lee, I think the problem you 24 may find is that, and I think the steps that you are taking 25

24 336.09.9 are correct - the point that Jim said he is starting on, gsh 1 it is right. It's just that to then wait until June --A 2 MR. GOSSICK: I agree with you. We can't survive 3 just not having anything before June of '80. Whatever comes 4 out of this may entail some further action that may take õ ć longer. MR. SNIEZEK: The short one was meant to define 7 really what had to be done. The refinement comes later. 3 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: And what I am saying is that 2 I think the later ought to be no later than the end of 10 December. 11 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Or September. I really don't 12 see it as all that complicated a question, unless I'm really 13 missing Something here. 14 MR. GOSSICK: We'll get to that this week and find 15 out why it's so complicated or what it is that they anticipate 1ó in addition to the kind of thing that I was talking about. 11 MR. SNIEZEK: On pages 11 and 12, there is a 18 discussion of devoting additional licensing and inspection 19 resources to better implement emergency preparedness efforts 20 by the NRC. 21 As Brian has mentioned, there are other teams going out. 22 I&E has representation on each of those teams. In order to 23 accomplish that, we have deferred our normal routine inspection 24 program in emergency preparedness and we believe that we can 25

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accomplish this objective as part of the team reviews for 1..... right now. But as far as the recurring reviews of our emergency preparedness efforts, we do not have the resources to implement what we have laid out in the action plan.

As you know, we set forth these resources in our õ '80 supplemental request and it was turned down. There's about 10 additional people in inspector positions that are necessary to accomplish what we had laid out in that action plan.

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Pages 12 and 13, Problem E-4, to sharpen the 'M nice 1 incident notification criteria and expediting NRC internal 2 notifications. From the end of July, criteria was set to 3 the licensees, power reactor licensees and the selected fuel 4 facility licensees, the ones that have the hot lines õ installed, which laid out sharper criteria by which they 6 should report problems. 6 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Does anyone ever use 8 those? Because as of a month or so ago, I remember asking 4 and it had never been used or used on one occasion. 10 MR. SNIEZEK: The phone? 11 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Yes. 12 MR. SNIEZEK: Oh, we get several phone calls a 13 week coming in on the lines. If there's a reactor trip, 14 they will normally call on that line, as an example, 15 notification. 16 It's normally during the off-normal working 17 hours. Normally, during the daytime they make the normal 18 calls to the regional office. If it happens at nighttime, 19 the call comes in to the response center. 20 At the same time, in order to prevent delays in 21 notifications during off-normal working hours, all our 22 regional calls are diverted directly to our headquarters 23 operations center. 24 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: As part of that, are you 25

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136 10 02 providing a set of clear instructions to the people at the MM mte - 1 I other end of the telephone line as to when they ought to use 2 3 it? MR. SNIEZEK: I don't know. Let me check. I 4 don't believe they have been written yet, or it's in the ō ć plan. Joe, is there a clear set of instructions to the 1 licensees on when they should use the hot line? 8 VOICE: Only in the letter that we provide to the 9 licensees for the criteria under which to use the phone. 10 Simply all they have to do is pick up. 11 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: No, my question wasn't if 12 they knew how to use the phone. It is when to use it. The 13 criteria that went out were a little murky. And my 14 understanding was that there was going to be an attempt to 15 at least come out with a clearer set of criteria for the 15 licensee. 14 VOICE: I would say, based on our daily experience 18 with the plants, we're essentially developing a dialogue 19 with telephone operators, and they seem to be reporting 20 many events which are way below any threshold. 21 We haven't come up with any more specific criteria 22 as to when in fact they should pick up the telephone. We're 23 getting more information than we need. 24 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: I guess when I read them 25

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1 my concern really wasn't that you might get more information 2 than you need, but it was possible to be interpreted that 3 you would get less information than you might really want. 4 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Of course, the main

purpose of these things was to make sure that there was a
link when either of the parties wanted to use it.

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Yes. In addition, though, that we would want to make sure that they would use it when we would want them to, and my concern was the instructions were still a little murky.

MR. SNIEZEK: So far, we haven't noticed any real problem in not getting the information reported, that issue being reported to us.

Page 16, there is a discussion of need to improve 14 the NRC monitoring capabilities under accident conditions. 15 And right now there is a task force that is working on 15 defining the radiological monitoring improvement 17 capabilities that we need, and I expect a draft report from 18 that task force in November, and a final in December, in 19 time to start ordering the equipment we think will be 20 necessary during the next fiscal year. 21

The TLD placement is proceeding, placement of NRC TLDs around the sites. Letters were sent out to all state health departments soliciting their cooperation. We have gotten responses, I believe, back from all of them. All but

29 236 10 04 a few states are very anxious to participate. We expect to MM mte 1 have TLDs around five sites in Octoper of this year, and the 2 remainder of the sites by the end of this year. 3 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Do I gather, then, from 4 what you said that some states are not anxious to õ participate? 5 WR. SNIEZEK: There are a few that are not 1 overwhelmingly enthusiastic with resources involved and 3 things of that nature. 9 Now, the state role here - we are asking that 10 they would place and collect the TLDs, send them to us for 11 processing, and they would get a copy of all the reports. 12 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Now, for those states that 13 are not enthusiastic, what do we intend to do? 14 MR. SNIEZEK: We'll do what we did in some of our 15 other programs, that sometimes we go for a contract with a 16 local high school science teacher, for example. Or where we 17 have a resident, we may do it ourselves, if we can get a 18 contract. 19 We intend to place the TLDs and collect them. 20 Now, we would like to get the states to do it as a first 21 priority. Second priority, to contract it out; and third 22 priority, do it ourselves. But we are going to do it. 23

24 Those were the highlights that the Commission
25 wanted to hear.

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(M mte	I	COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Just as a question, on page
	2	It of the front summary, assorted problems, under I&E tasks,
	3	down under C, you are going to procure operational
	4	parameters?
	õ	MR. SNIEZEK: Those are the data links for the
	5	operational parameters. These are explanatory of the basic
	7	C.
	8	COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Yes.
	9	MR. CARTER: Mr. Collins will now discuss the
	10	Office of State Programs action.
	п	MR. COLLINS: Mr. Chairman and Commissioners, what
	12	I thought I would like to do, since we only have a limited
	13	amount of time, is to use Enclosure 4, which deals with the
	i 4	office tasks, sored out by problem, and try to give you at
	15	least a quick overview of these individual problem task
	16	numbers and how they relate to the general responsibilities
	14	in the emergency preparedness area for the Office of State
	18	Programs.
	13	The first thing you will notice in there is that
	20	Items A-1, A-2, B-4 and E-1 in Enclosure 4 all in some
	21	manner or another relate to this FRPPNE that the Chairman
	22	referred to, the Federal Response Plan for Peacetime Nuclear
	23	Emergencies.
	24	Dr. Hendrie had a meeting with Mr. Macy the other
	25	day concerning the interrelationships between NRC and FEMA,

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MM mte 1 and of course we will be using the preliminary guidance that 2 came out of that meeting between the two heads of the 3 agencies to start looking into exactly what form this 4 Federal Response Plan for Peacetime Nuclear Emergencies may 5 turn into.

> FEMA did indicate to us during that meeting that 5 they intend to use the FRPPNE as a starting point and base 7 for the national plan for radiological emergencies. That's 8 referred to in the Hart legislation. It also relates 4 somewhat to the pending legislation in S. 562 that requires 10 the NRC to develop an agency plan, and I think our thinking. 11 at least in State Programs -- and I think this is probably 12 shared by some other offices - is that the development or 13 the lead office role for the development of the agency plan 14 probably should gravitate towards the Office of Inspection 15 and Enforcement. 15

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COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Say that again?

18 MR. COLLINS: The lead office responsibility in this agency for working on the agency plan called for by the 19 Hart bill should probably gravitate to the Office of 20 Inspection and Enforcement, since they already do now manage 21 the manual chapter which deals with this agency's response, 22 and which would have to be added to and updated and 23 incorporate IRAP and all of these other things that FEMA has 24 25 got in mind.

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MA mta So, since Inspection and Enforcement already 1 really sits in the leadership role for the existing plan of 2 the agency, such as it is, we feel it's a natural that they 3 continue on with that work. And since they have already had 4 some initial meetings with the Department of Energy õ concerning the IRAP and any pending provisions to the IRAP 5 4 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: But to some extent it 3 9 depends, doesn't it, Lee, on what resolution is reached on 10 any reorganization? 11 MR. GOSSICK: Right. MR. COLLINS: Yes, it would. But I was talking 12 13 about the way thing are today. 14 The national plan that is referred to, which 15 relates somewhat to FRPPNE, obviously, if the Hart 16 legislation goes through, will probably be a FEMA 17 responsibility to develop plan for the nation. 18 Now, the FRPPNE is not a plan in itself. It's a 19 guidance document, as Mr. Macy said the day before yesterday. It is just that the federal agencies, the 20 30-some odd federal agencies that helped put that thing 21 together, have just not done much with the guidance document 22 23 to turn it into a federal plan. 24 But it will serve as the base for FEMA getting 25 started on this national plan.

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33 36 10 38 MM mte CUMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Does FEMA expect to 1 develop expertise in accidents --2 3 MR. COLLINS: Radiological? COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Yes. 4 ō MR. COLLINS: They have some expertise now, Commissioner Gilinsky, but it's mainly nuclear war-oriented. 6 1 where their existing expertise comes from is the portion of 8 FEMA that was the old Defense Civil Preparedness Agency. So 9 there is some capability there. COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: It's a reasonable amount as 10 far as radiological measurement. 11 MR. COLLINS: With respect to nuclear war. 12 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: It's still radiological 13 measurement. 14 MR. COLLINS: Right. 15 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: I don't want to leave the 16 impression that the nuclear war aspects have anything to do 11 with the strategic weapons per se. It's the effects that 13 19 that agency was associated with. MR. COLLINS: Right. Of course, many of the 20 instruments that the old Defense Civil Preparedness Agency 21 had, the radiological instruments which have been inherited 22 by FEMA - and there are millions of these instruments out 23 24 there - are designed and constructed to respond to weapons-type fallout. 23

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Now, some of those instruments are useful for MM mte 1 off-site assessment of accidents which might happen at 2 nuclear power stations, and right now we have a contract 3 with Idaho National Engineering Laboratory to look at the 4 FEMA instruments to see which of them would be useful in ò assessing reactor accidents on site. And we should have an 5 answer out of Idaho perhaps in less than a year. So those 7 8 instruments would rapresent some additional capability out Y there. It's just that no one has ever really looked very 10 11 closely at the response of those instruments to the types of radionuclides which can come from a nuclear power station. 12 13 So that's why we're doing that now. The states have asked 14 us to do this. 15 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Somehow, this is all getting very complicated. FRPPNE and FEMA and IRAP -15 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: The first thing you have to do 11 18 is to learn the acronyms. COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Doesn't it come down to 12 someone in the Federal Government providing a place to state 20 21 and other competent authority on whether or not people ought 22 to get moved? I can't imagine that being anyone else but the NRC. 23 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: I think it's a little bit 24 25 broader than that.

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COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: There are other aspects,
 obviously.

3 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: A lot of the advanced 4 planning, the coordination of the federal agencies, the 5 state agencies, the private agencies, that in itself is a 6 fairly complicated operation.

MR. COLLINS: The whole business of emergency 1 preparedness is not just, you know, getting people out of an 8 area. It encompasses a lot of complex areas, one of the 9 most complex of which is accident assessment, and a great 10 deal of work has to be done in the area of accident 11 12 assessment. And that's one of the reasons why we're taking 13 a look at existing instruments that are already out in the hands of state and local people, that might be able to 14 15 provide them some useful information in the event of an 15 accident, again.

17 But this has all got to be looked at. The 18 instruments have to be looked at and the response to the 19 instruments has to be examined.

20 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: When all is said and done, 21 after these assessments, isn't it a question of whether or 22 not persons have to be moved or should be moved, should move 23 out of the way or not?

24 MR. COLLINS: Well, you have to make a decision 25 whether you want to move them or shelter them. Under some

1071 214

MM mte	1	situations you may not be able to move them, and the
	2	protective measure that you might have to opt for is
	3	sheltering. In inclement weather, that's about all you have
	4	got, really. You wouldn't even be able to pass out
	ć	potassium iodide in inclement weather, because you wouldn't
	ó	be able to get around to the doors if there's six, eight,
	7	nine feet of snow. So they're already sheltered and they'll
	9	have to stay there. If the accident happens with nine feet
	9	of snow, some serious considerations
	10	(Laughter.)
	11	There are three basic protective measures for
	12	provision —
	13	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I might be willing to regard
	14	that as Class 10.
(15	(Laughter.)
	15	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: And just not plan for that.
	17	MR. COLLINS: Right.
	18	There are three basic protective measures
	17	identified for the ten-mile emergency planning zone, which
	20	went forward to you in a SECY paper, and those are
	21	evacuation, sheltering, and thyroid blocking. That's what
	22	it comes out to; or a mixture of those four actions.
	23	The ultimate, of course, is evacuation.
	24	MR. GOSSICK: Beyond that, though, suppose there
	25	is an evacuation. The question then is, is it safe to come

1071 215

back or when is it safe to come back. And that's a part WW mta 1 that, you know, I guess we still say, stay involved in. Is 2 it going to be our responsibility or whose will it, to make 3 that determination as you see it? 4 MR. COLLINS: To re-enter the area? õ MR. GOSSICK: Yes. ó MR. COLLINS: I think that will probably - if 7 that ever comes to pass. where people have to leave because 3 of radioactive contamination of an area, I would think that 9 such agencies as this agency, HEW and EPA and FEMA would 10 jointly make such determination as to whether or not they 11 could go back in; HEW from the standpoint of foods, 12 watershed areas, milkshed areas; EPA from the standpoint of 13 14 people: HEW fromi the standpoint of people. I would think that these two agencies would have a 15 big role in determining whether or not people could go back 15 11 into an area. COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: But that isn't something 18 in which minutes count. In other words, there is time to 19 20 do that and improvise if necessary. If someone gets back a few hours later, it's not the end of the world. 21 MR. COLLINS: Right. 22 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: But it is important to be 23 able to take action on evacuation, if that's called for, 24 25 promptly. And that's something one has to be prepared to

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do.

MR. COLLINS: Right.

3	If I can go on, a couple of other items in
4	Enclosure 4, C-1 and C-3 specifically relate mainly to
ō	guidance, existing guidance and forthcoming guidance. And
ś	it also encompasses not only guidance that this agency has
1	produced, but guidance that other federal agencies have
З	produced or have not produced, which is needed.

9 We are, in the Office of State Programs, at this time looking at the existing guidance for stat. and local 10 governments and what are the problems with i ____ Although 11 it's fairly comprehensive, one of the things that we know 12 has to be done is to delineate in the guidance for 13 emergency plans more clearly the kinds of things that belong 14 to local government planning and the kinds of things that 15 belong to state government planning and the kinds of things 15 that belong in the plans of both levels of government. 17

We are acquiring some expertise from local 18 governments. To do this, we already have a temporary 19 employee on board who is a county - former county employee, 20 with some experience in planning. And we are getting out an 21 intergovernmental personnel fellowship, probably to arrive 22 Sunday of this week, a county civil defense director from 23 Westchester County near Indian Point, who will come aboard 24 for three months under an intergovernmental fellowship. 25

1071 217

And these two gentlemen, to try to help us in MM mta giving us some advice as to how to separate out this guidance as it relates to the local governments and state governments. I think this will be a useful exercise and we certainly need the help of these people, because we haven't ō had any people on the staff with local government experience before. .08

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MM mte	1	HEW and EPA have a substantial piece of business
	2	to do, and I notice the Chairman sent off a letter the other
	3	day to HEW recommending that they complete their work on
	4	protective action guides and publish it as federal guidance
	õ	forthwith. And I was glad to see that letter go forward.
	5	Dr. Hendrie and Mr. Macy also discussed the
		business on potassium iodide policy.
	З	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Ne've got one item, John. We
	¥	can put a check beside that.
	10	(Laughter.)
	11	MR. COLLINS: Under B-6(a), I think we can say
	12	so we have some work cut out for us in revising our
	13	guidance. And we also have to look forward that if the Hart
(14	legislation or something like it comes down the pike, we
C	15	have got to have a weather eye out for it, converting the
	15	guidance or codifying the guidance into some kind of a
	17	regulatory mode.
	18	And of course, we would look into the Office of
	19	Standards Development to pick up a big chunk of that kind of
	20	activity, if it goes that way.
	21	One thing I would like to take just a moment on,
	22	at least for my own part - and I think I would speak for
	23	Mr. Grimes will NRR - we would like the Commission to act
	24	on our SECY paper on the emergency planning zones, if they
	25	can, as soon as they can, because we think the

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* . · · · · . 41 036 12 02 establishment of these emergency planning zones as MM mte 1 recommended in that paper is the necessary framework that we 2 3 all need to put our guidance into better shape. 4 So I would hope that the EPZ business can go 5 forward soon. CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Doesn't that preempt a piece of 6 7 the rulemaking we are trying to carry out, or does it? COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: If it doesn't, it ought 8 9 to. COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Since I have already said 10 11 it should. I guess I have already answered that for myself. MR. COLLINS: Those of us who spent a lot of time 12 on that SECY paper and the two and a half years on the task 13 force report, we were a little upset when we saw that go 14 15 into the advanced notice of proposed rulemaking as one of the 13 or 14 points. But nevertheless, it got in there. 16 17 But we think that at least a policy statement on EPZs might 18 be ---19 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: I think we can endorse it. MR. COLLINS: - advisable. at least on an interim 20 21 basis. I would like to make the observation that several 22 states are already running with the emergency planning zone 23 concept and several utilities have indicated to us that they 24 25 are running with it as well.

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COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Could we bring that up for MM mte 1 consideration? 2 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: You can agree with the memo 3 4 I sent. 5 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Never mind the lobbying over 6 there. 7 Having cited the item, Len, in the notice of 8 rulemaking, so that in principle it is an issue to be 9 discussed, considered in that rulemaking, suppose we wanted 10 to pull it back out and deal with it separately, so that it 11 would either be a given in the rulemaking or -12 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: It's one piece, because 13 what the rulemaking said is, asked for comments on how the recommendations of it ought to be implemented. There are a 14 15 number of implementations - two zones or one major -16 agreed, a major implementation. So I think the question 17 really ought to be if you pull that piece of it out. 18 MR. BICKWIT: You can pull anything out of that rulemaking. 19 20 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I presume what it would require 21 would be simply Commission action and publication of an 22 amended notice. MR. BICKWIT: That's right, or you may decide that 23 you don't want to go through the process in order to take a 24 particular action. In that case, you can take it by 25

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policy statement or an immediately effective rule.

2 MR. JAMGOCHIAN: Excuse me. I'd like to make a 3 point.

My name is Mike Jamgochian, from the Office of
Standards Development.

6 The policy statement itself really addresses the 7 EPZ and emergency planning considerations to state and local 8 governments. The rule change does not address anything to 9 state and local governments. The rule change is primarily 10 focused to requirements to licensees and applicants. It's 11 two separate things.

12 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: You would regard it as separate 13 enough?.

14 MR. JAMGOCHIAN: I have.

15 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: So I can either agree with the 16 paper or disagree with the paper or something in between, 17 and that —

MR. JAMGOCHIAN: The policy statement says to the state governments, we think you should plan out to 10 miles and 15 miles. The proposed rule change that you people have before you now talks to a licensee: A licensee shall make appropriate arrangements beyond the LPZ out to an area called the EPZ.

24 But again, they are addressed to separate people. 25 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I see.

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MM mte	1	COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Vic, just initial it.
	2	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: You want to show me where to
	3	sign it now?
	4	(Laughter.)
	5	COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: I'll send you another copy,
	6	just in case you might have put it somewheres.
	7	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Put an X where I should sign.
	8	(Laughter.)
	9	MR. COLLINS: One of the other items, F-3, dealt
	10	with training and retraining. As you are aware, gentlemen,
	11	we have a fairly substantial training program with state and
	12	local governments under way. One of the criticisms of that
	13	training program was that there were no provisions for
1	14	retraining of personnel to replace personnel at the state
. · · ·	15	and local government who attritioned out.
	16	The turnover rate among state and local
	17	governments in some areas is quite high, and one of the
	18	reasons we didn't develop any retraining programs was we
	19	were just barely able to keep our heads above water training
	20	people who had never been trained before, and our budgets
	21	were limited.
	22	Our FY '80 budget is substantially increased over
	23	what we had before. It's about \$800,000 a year, and we are
	24	taking a look at now the retraining needs of the state and
	25	local governments. And I feel we will be able to make

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progress in that area.

Another item in there, A-3, funding, dealt with. 2 3 in the main, Dr. Solomon's funding study which he has -COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Before you move to that, 4 while we're still on that particular F-3, could you say a 5 few words on what you have in mind on the certification, 6 federal certification of the emergency planning? 7 MR. COLLINS: Of emergency personnel? What we had 8 9 in mind there, Commissioner Ahearne, was that we would suggest to FEMA, and we are prepared to suggest to FEMA, 10 that they establish the mechanism to certify the personnel 11 12 by some means. We have the existing training programs in place. 13 14 The courses are in place. It's just that we don't have a certification procedure. What a person gets when he comes 15 out of one of these training programs is a certificate from 16 17 the contractor or from the NRC, whoever is conducting the 18 program. So we would look to FEMA to establish maybe some 19 kind of a rertification mechanism. In other words, a person 20 could get a certificate if he attended a special 21 certification qualification. If he attended all of the 22 emergency planning and preparedness program courses that are 23 offered, he might get some kind of a rating of A or 24

25 something like that; and if he attended just certain ones.

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another certification might be given.

This might help the states in determining which of their people were qualified to do planning and which were qualified to do response operations and so forth. We think it's a decent idea and we would look to FEMA to certainly properly assume the role in certification.

7 The funding study. Dr. Solomon's report, NUREG-0553. will be probably out of the print shop any day 8 9 now. It was already out in draft form last spring. And what we intend to do with the funding study is to ensure 10 that it gets up to the Commission with some options and so 11 forth and, more importantly, that it get to FEMA. Because 12 we think the document will be a very good first cut look at 13 the funding problem at state and local government level for 14 15 FEMA.

We don't think FEMA has — we know of no such study that has been made for FEMA or for NRC in the past, and it should be useful to them, in addition to this agency.

I would expect that the bulk of any action concerning funding that would be taken as a result of this study and any forthcoming studies after that would be undertaken by FEMA, because they look like they are going to be the moneybags outfit of the Federal Government on emergency planning preparedness.

We do have some funds in fiscal '80, \$500,000,

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i if that comes through, where we can put that into some problem site areas for emergency planning around the country. And we are thinking about possibly the county areas around Indian Point, as a sort of an interim funding measure there.

6 Items D-2 and B-6 relate to mainly field 7 assistance, our field assistance program and our concurrence 8 program with state and local government plans. We have 9 expanded our field assistance effort. We have three people 10 from Nuclear Reactor Regulation assigned to the Office of 11 State Programs to help push the review and concurrence 12 function with the states.

We have a commitment from all states with operating reactors, with an estimated date when they feel their plan.would be able to get a concurrence using the existing guidelines. These dates range all the way from this month all the way out to June of 1980 for the last state, which would be Illinois.

19 Illinois has a lot of work to do and they have 20 indicated that they will have a draft plan in to us in 21 December and probably a plan ready for concurrence in June 22 of 1980.

I think they are all trying to beat the dates that are set forth in the Hart legislation, and as long as we have an augmentation of personnel in our office and get the

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1 assistance of the other involved offices at the regional 2 level, the other federal agencies, I think we can pull it 3 off and at least get the plans up to the level of meeting 4 today's criterion guidelines as a first step, and then later 5 implement the concept of emergency planning zones, if the 6 Commission gives us the green light on that.

We wouldn't expect the states to be able to hang the EPZs around each facility immediately. They would take some time to do that, probably by about January of *81.

10 The response to the Chairman's letters to the 11 states concerning concurrence has been overwhelmingly good, 12 and we have seen no letters come back from any states 13 indicating that they don't want to cooperate in the existing 14 concurrence program.

15 Finally, the last item, which is B-5; which is 16 research. A comment was made during the deliberations of 17 the task force that someone ought to take a look at the 18 research that is going on in the emergency preparedness area 19 and the lack of research that's going on. And our office 20 volunteered to try to prepare a laundry list of all the 21 research activities in emergency preparedness that we know 22 are going on, not only in this agency, but in other federal 23 agencies, so that then we and the other federal agencies can look at this and see what needs to be done and what's 24 25 already being done.

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MM mte	1	And we would hope to have a look-see at what is
	2	going on in research inside and outside the agency, and have
	3	a list of that activity, and then be able to make some
	4	proposals for additional research by the middle of this
	5	fall, I would think.
	6	I think, Tom, that finishes my presentation.
	7	MR. CARTER: Mike Jamgochian will discuss Office
	8	of Standards Development.
	9	MR. JAMGOCHIAN: Gentlemen: The Office of
	10	Standards Development plans to resolve everybody's problems
	11	by writing regulations -
	12	(Laughter.)
	13	
		MR. JAMGOCHIAN: - quick and easy.
	14	COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: That's emblazened over your
	15	doorway, by the way.
	16	(Laughter.)
	17	MR. JAMGOCHIAN: Basically, what I wanted to do
	18	was, rather than go over specific problem areas laid out in
	19	the action plan, go over rules, regulations and regulatory
	20	guides that we have written, are in the process of writing,
	21	or what we plan on doing.
	22	One of the problem areas that surfaced was
	23	emergency planning for research reactors, and also
	24	maintaining emergency plans up to date. We wrote a rule
	25	change. The Commission approved the proposed rule change.

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It is to be published in the Federal Register either tomorrow or the beginning of next week.

3 Second, there is a rewrite to Appendix E to 10 CFR 50, as well as a change, proposed change, to 5033 and 5054. 4 5 You received the last few pages to the task force report, a 6 first-cut draft of proposed rule changes. Now, this first cut was simply my own personal draft as a result of sitting 7 8 down listening to a number of Commission meetings, your 9 concerns in emergency planning, and sitting down with the 10 various offices, getting their ideas.

It was done very quickly, and attached here primarily in the hopes that the Commission could give me an idea if they have any major problems with the concepts that I have laid out in either the change to 5033, which is condition of an application, 5054, conditions of a license, and the rewrite of Appendix E.

As of September 1st, I started writing the formal Commission paper which lays out the discussions, the alternatives. I anticipate getting that through Office review and to the Commission the latter part of September, which, as you probably know, is one week off the schedule that you have directed for that rulemaking.

23 MR. GOSSICK: Mike, that will have the comments
24 included that we have received or not?

25 MR. JAMGOCHIAN: Well, there's a problem, as with

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MM mte 1 most things. We received a great number of comments. As of 2 today, I believe we received 95 comment letters. Each 3 letter — well, approximately maybe five to ten comments per 4 letter.

> 5 Well, as of the 1st of September, in order to meet 6 your schedule, I had to start writing the rule, the 7 Commission paper. We had only received approximately 30 8 comment letters. I evaluated those comments, reviewed them, 9 and took into consideration all the people's concerns in 10 writing the Commission paper.

Well, now, since September 1st and as of today, we received a significant number more. So you know, I propose to continue forward because of the urgency of the matter and present the paper the latter part of September, with the consideration of 30 comment letters.

16 If the Commission doesn't like it that way and 17 wants me to consider all the comments, you've got to give me 18 more time.

19 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Is there anyone who is 20 looking at the other 65 to see what major points are made 21 throughout that?

22 MR. JAMGOCHIAN: That's me.

23 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: You're the only person?
 24 MR. JAMGOCHIAN: Yes, sir.

25 Now, the other 65 -- as of today, I anticipate we

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MM mte	1	are going to get 300 letters. This received a a great deal
	2	of publicity in the newspapers. So we are getting quite a
	3	bit.
	4	So if we want, I can keep reviewing letters.
	5	We're going to get them.
	6	COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: I would guess - let me
	7	shift my question over two notches.
	8	Lee, is it possible to talk to Bob to see if it's
	9	possible to find someone else to help Mike in reviewing
	10	these?
	11	MR. GOSSICK: We obviously have to look into this
	12	to see if there is some way of task forcing a review of
	13	comments. You know, if the first 30 represent -
1	14	COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: And having that done, the
	15	task force not end up being Mike in a different suit.
	16	MR. GUSSICK: I understand
	17	MR. JAMGOCHIAN: Again, it's as of today we have
	18	received 95. So your ve got to have a cutoff point in order
	19	to proceed with the Commission paper and with rulemaking.
	20	COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: I understand, but there
	21	really has to be more personnel.
	22	MR. GOSSICK: When does the comment period end,
	23	Mike?
	24	MR. JAMGOCHIAN: The comment period ended the 1st
	25	of September.

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MR. GOSSICK: So these are late comments, in MM mte 1 2 effect. MR. JAMGOCHIAN: But that's usual. 3 MR. GOSSICK: That's normal. 4 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: So you really need someone 5 else to help review those. 6 MR. JAMGOCHIAN: What I anticipated doing was, 7 yes, continue reviewing them, and if there's any major 8 problem, then surface that when the Commission reviews the 9 proposed rule changes. But again, this is only proposed 10 rule changes; it's not effective rule changer 11 What I had anticipated doing was, prior to writing 12 the Commission paper on the final rule changes, is have a 13 thorough detailed analysis of all comments. 14 To address one of the questions I believe you had 15 relative to the EPA-NRC task force. the comments that I 16 reviewed, the 30, I did a fairly thorough evaluation of them 17 and none of them, as of September. 1st, had any problems with 18 the EPA-NRC task force report. To be fair, many of them had 19 never heard of it. 20 21 (Laughter.) I have sent out 10 or 12 EPA-NRC task force 22 reports to concerned citizens. 23 But to try to look at the questions that were sent 24 out in the Federal Register notice, you know, it's a lot of 25

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concern to people at home that are simply saying, I live
 three miles or five miles from the plant and I'm worried.
 They are truly concerned.

Well, that EPA-NRC task force recommendation in essence takes into account, because we're saying, all right, we have to have emergency plans out to ten miles. So may of them are concerned that they never heard of an emergency plan and that they live four miles, five miles, down the road from a nuclear power plant.

So when I said that, they would like the concept of emergency planning out to that distance. Many of the states — well, not many. A few of the states, in glancing through the other 90, the states had said that they were concerned as to NRC's role during emergency. Is Harold Denton going to come down and take over everything as soon as an emergency happens, that kind of a thing.

17 It was sincere concern. You know, why should we 18 plan if NRC is going to take over the ballgame. So that was 19 a concern.

20 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: We only book Harold one 21 engagement at a time.

22 MR. JAMGOCHIAN: And as of September 1st, we had 23 no comments from the utilities.

24 Relative to the Appendix E change, I would like to 25 simply go over the major changes. Basically, we have

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required that implementing procedures be submitted as part
 of the FSAR for staff review and approval. These are major
 changes.

Number two, we have extended emergency planning consideration of licensees out to an EPZ; and, number three, requiring as a condition of an application and license that state and local government emergency response plans be submitted and concurred in by NRC.

9 Those are the three big changes. The other 10 changes are, if you would, sharpening, clarifying, Appendix 11 E, being more specific where it has been perceived that it 12 hasn't been specific enough. Basically, that's the change 13 in Appendix E.

14 Ince Appendix E is changed and approved in final 15 rule form, I anticipate on proceeding with revising 16 Regulatory Guide 1.101 as well as Regulatory Guide 2.6, 17 which is emergency planning for research reactors, and 18 Regulatory Guide 3.42, I believe it is, emergency planning 19 for Part 7 people.

20 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: In your perspective, what 21 ought to be the sequence of those changes with respect to 22 the rulemaking?

MR. JAMGOCHIAN: What do you mean by the sequence?
 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Should the emergency
 planning rulemaking be finished first before you make those

56 036 12 01 MR. JAMGOCHIAN: Two regulatory guides? Wall, the MM mte 1 basis for the regulatory guide is a rule. The foundation is 2 3 the rule. COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Yes, so that we really 4 ought to defer real consideration of those until after we 5 finalize the rulemaking. 6 7 MR. JAMGOCHIAN: Most definitely. I thought I brought that out. Once Appendix E is written in its final 8 form, then I'll proceed with rewriting regulatory guides. 9 10 Basically, that's it. Any problems? 11 (Laughter.) COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: The largest problem is you 12 don't have enough people to help you. 13 MR. KENNEKE: Let me ask you a question following 14 15 Commissioner Ahearne. If you say you must have a rule before you can get the guides, nevertheless one of the 16 elements of the rule is that the licensee submit a state 17 plan, which in turn must incorporate local plans. 18 19 What are we doing to provide the guidance, in upgrading the guidance to the locals in particular, so that 20 21 whatever the licensee submits will be acceptable and meet 22 whatever criteria we have? 23 We need to go forward on both elements together. 24 MR. JAMGOCHIAN: Well, the criteria for accepting or concurring in a state plan has already been set out 25

In States 57 036 12 02 by State Programs in NUREG-75111. MM mte 1 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: But it's a little weak, as 2 has been pointed out, on where the state is and where the 3 local is. I think Al --4 5 MR. JAMGOCHIAN: Basically, we're going on what's on the books now. As a condition of application and as a 6 7 condition of license, a concurred-in state plan will be 8 required, according to the regulations. 9 MR. KENNEKE: No change from present criteria as reflected in 7511? 10 11 MR. JAMGOCHIAN: Correct. The action as it stands 12 today. 13 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: That, of course, is one of 14 the things that the rulemaking is addressing? 15 MR. JAMGOCHIAN: Concurrence. 16 MR. KENNEKE: It may not be. 17 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Also, what ought to be in the Office of Local Planners. 18 MR. JAMGOCHIAN: Not in this rule change. The 19 Hart bill says that the criteria for concurrence will then 20 21 be put in our regulations. 22 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: What I am saying is at 23 least a notice for rulemaking had addressed one of the issues of what are the criteria. 24 25 MR. JAMGOCHIAN: Oh, yes, the advanced notice.

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1 That's true.

2 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: So at least I trust, since 3 that was in the advanced notice, it to some extent will be 4 addressed in the rulemaking.

5 MR. JAMGOCHIAN: Not this particular rulemaking: 6 another rulemaking at a later date. The advanced notice 7 went out with a lot of general questions: What do you 8 people think about emergency planning? You know, very 9 general questions. And we're getting very general — in 10 many of them, very general comments.

11 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Yes. I think some of those 12 general questions were under the assumption that the rule 13 would answer those general questions specifically.

MR. KENNEKE: Mike has given the draft rule, and it goes only to the requirement that a licensee submit a plan. It does not specify the criterion as part of the guidance I assume you are seeking —

MR. GOSSICK: That's intended to be a separate rulemaking with regard to the guidance to the state.

20 MR. JAMGOCHIAN: That's correct. We cannot put in 21 our rules right now regulations to states. We have no right 22 to regulate states. Our regulations, as I understand them, 23 are primarily to licensees and applicants.

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Certainly. We can certainly say, can't we, that, here, licensee, we are

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MM mte	1	telling you you will not get a license unless the state plan
	2	has X, Y, Z in it?
	3	MR. JAMGOCHIAN: Yes.
	4	COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Can't we do that?
	5	MR. BICKWIT: I assume that we are proposing -
	6	you are contemplating a proposed rule which would say that.
	7	MR. KENNIKE: That is not in Mike's proposal.
	8	MR. BICKWIT: What is in your proposal, as I
	9	understood it, was a requirement of a concurred-in state
	10	plan as a condition to a license.
	11	MR. JAMGOCHIAN: Yes, sir.
	12	MR. BICKWIT: If you can require that as a
	13	condition to a license, you can require that it say certain
	14	things.
	15	MR. JAMGOCHIAN: Okay.
	16	MR. BICKWIT: As I read the advanced notice for
	17	proposed rulemaking, we were going to confront that issue in
	18	the rulemaking, just what criteria should we provide to the
	19	states and localities.
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60 Cr7036 rl4 mml MR. GOSSICK: The point Mike made is that guidance 1 MET TZER such as this is what you need to start putting together the 2 final proposed rule. 3 MR. JAMGOCHIAN: That's true. 4 But to lay out more specifically the acceptance 5 criteria for state and local government concurrence in our 6 regulations now is much broader in scope than I had anticipated. 7 Again the rulemaking proceedings that you had directed 8 originally is under very stiff scheduling. 9 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Right. 10 11 MR. JAMGOCHIAN: If the scope has to be expanded --MR. BICKWIT: Just one relevant factor. In the 12 Hart Bill, within six months of enactment, the Commission 13 would be required if the bill passes in its present form, to 14 have promulgated a stepup in the criteria for states and 15 localities. It said, in effect, if that schedule is to be met, 16 then this would appear to be the appropriate rulemaking to 17 deal with that issue. 18 MR. KENNEKE: If I may follow this up, as I 19 20 understand both NRR and State programs as they look at both sides of their action plans, one with state plans and one with 21 licensee plans, are looking at local plans under the present 22 criteria? 23

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25 would assume they are.

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MR. CARTER: I think they should speak to that.

MR. GRIMES: Yes. The test teams for NRR are looking 1 at the adequacy of the plans around the facility which includes 2 the state and local plans, and would have some draft or interim 3 criteria that we are using, and we will have some action level 4 criteria also for interim use which we will be getting experience 5 with over the coming months and will undoubtedly we will 6 change and develop as we use it. 7 So the answer is NRR will be looking at that. I 8 am not sure the extent to which State Programs in their 9 current exercise is looking at focusing on locals because 10

they are using the same criteria as of July 16, specified in the Hart Bill for their concurrence exercise.

But there is some look at local plans through the team effort.

MR. COLLINS: Collins, State Programs.

We are looking at local government plans in the same light that we have paid attention to them in the past.

In other words, we are looking for them as a part of the state plan. Right now we are in a mode as I explained, of trying to be a little more definitive with respect to what we expect to see in the local plan, vis a vis our existing guidance and what we expect to see in the state plan and what should be in both.

24 Naturally, since we haven't paid a great deal of ars, inc. 25 attention to separating the guidance elements at stite

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mm 3	1	level or local government level before simply because we
	2	didn't have the staff to do it, and to look at local plans, we
	3	are in kind of a mode right now what should be in local
	4	plans. But we intend to work with Nuclear Reactor Regulation.
	5	And I think between the two offices we can quickly
	6	straighten this out.
	7	MR. GRIMES: With respect to rulemaking I think
	8	it is a question of how much detail you want to put in the
	9	rule.
	10	You can take these draft documents, guidance
	11	documents and put them out as the proposed rules, I suppose.
	12	But I think that is a good deal too detailed, given our current
	13	state of development of the documents.
	14	COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Mike, am I correct that you
	15	are the only person working on this advanced rulemaking?
	16	MR. JAMGOCHIAN: Yes, sir, in the Office of Standards
	17	Development.
	18	COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: But you don't have other
	19	people working with you?
	20	MR. JAMGOCHIAN: No, I'm the bottom.
	21	(Laughter)
	2.	COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Or the top.
	23	(Laughter)
Ace-Federal Reporters,	24	For example you don't have an ELD lawyer full-time
	25	working with you?
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MR.	JAMGOCHIAN	:	No.

1	MR. JAMGOCHIAN: No.
2	See, after the task force had this task force
3	report submitted, we wanted a rule change to attach to it.
4	I did have ELD input into that rule, into this package that
5	you got, as well as NRR, State Programs and I&E.
6	COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: I recognize that.
7	I'm really trying to make sure that I understand
8	and I think I do. Thank you.
9	MR. GOSSICK: He is the Lone Ranger.
10	(Laughter.)
11	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Very good.
12	MR. JAMGOCHIAN: Thank you.
13	MR. CARTER: We do have one other section to
14	discuss.
15	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Can we move briskly to it.
16	MR. CARTER: Yes, sir.
17	Mr. Durst?
18	MR. DURST: Gentlemen, it is my purpose to briefly
19	review that portion of the task force review called the NRC
20	Actions Plans, which is the first of the action plans attached
21	to Appendix 3 to the report's enclosure 3.
22	I might say I got this job of having the perspective
23	of the EDO or the NRC with Mr. Carter, when working with the
24	task force when it was first put together, assigned me
Ace-Federal Reporters, Inc. 25	some representative research as the least involved person both
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1 in past and the future of the subject. 2 The first task of different tasks he gave me, was 3 that of critiquing the present status of NRC defining implemen-4 tation and everything associated with emergency response. 5 He has already cited the results of this effort. 6 which were achieved primarily by the working group under the 7 direction of Mr. South and some slight help from me. These are 8 contained in the report. 9 I think I would agree with Tom that the work they 10 did deserve high compliments. I think it is a decisive 11 analysis of what is going on and whatever the NRC may do to 12 take future actions, they should surely start with the address 13 of the problems identified in this plan. 14 Secondly, as the task force was coming to its 15 reporting time, Mr. Carter asked me then to take the action 16 plans submitted by the action offices that was required, and 17 attempt to summarize those more on a linear basis than an 18 analytic basis and to make some limited analysis of the value 19 which they had as a basis for future action by the NRC in 20 achieving its overall policy. 21 The results of this are contained in the action 22 plan, specifically pages 3 through 5, summarize what has 23 existed in the past, and include the fact that Mr. Jamgochian 24 has been the Lone Ranger for a long time in the Office of Ace-Federal Reporters, Inc.

25 Standards.

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And posits the estimates of each individual action office in what it views will be its requirements to meet their responsibilities.

The rough figures are that summation of these 4 action plans connotes a threefold increase of resources or 5 something on the order of 16, to add an additional 44. 6

The action plans were less precise in dollars. 7 Some dollar figures were cited and a deduction can be that 8 dollars might be roughly not dissimilar from the figures that 9 10 were cited for manpower, although were not dealt with in that 11 detail.

12 Having analyzed the plans, some preliminary results were made. These results begin on page 6, and they state I 13 think in a pretty agreed way that the short-run recommendation 14 15 of the task force, parts of the schedule which is at Table 2, provides fairly reasonable compliance wiht the wishes 16 17 which the Commissioners exhibited, and the timetable that you 18 wish to follow.

It is a possible schedule but it is not an easy 19 schedule as Mr. Jamgochian has just said. But if we desire 20 to meet that schedule, or if the Commissioners or staff do, 21 it is indeed possible to squeeze and come very close to meeting 22 23 it.

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In the long range the product of the task force

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is less defined.

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3	tions	of	the	task	force	for	the	long	range	are	really	essentially
4	three	po	ints	:								

5 The first, that the task force should be dissolved, 6 which -- the reasons for which are stated quite extensively. 7 Secondly, that if in response to the requirements 8 which the new rules impose upon the public we will require 9 again an _____ by the NRC over an extended period 10 of time.

Explicitly, the action plans did not address one of the elements which was contained in many of the topics put forth by the working group, and that was that there is and has been a lack of coordination among some of the policies which NRC has put together, and perhaps in some cases even confusion.

Stated previously, and I just cite it, a lot of this does come because resources devoted to this thing quite limited it to that.

But at the same time it was the feeling of the task force which does agree with the recommendations on page 8, that if the NRC is to increase its effort in this field, that some more positive means of coordination will be required. And a specific recommendation, a consideration of the technical assistant to the EDO to assist the EDO in coordinating 1071 245

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	the leng way a second of four bury 11 offices and
1	over the long run, a concerted effort by all offices, seems
2	reasonable.
3	I have nothing else. If you have any questions
4	COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Perhaps you might address
5	MR. GOSSICK: Well, I think clearly what we have
6	been doing here this afternoon points to the need for some
7	better management approach toward s integrating all of the
8	various items and actions that are going on in the various
9	parts of the organization.
10	I guess one can start with one solution of trying to
11	pull it all out and put it together. I frankly don't think
12	that that's a workable solution.
13	COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Why not?
14	MR. GOSSICK: I just believe too many of these
15	things are so intertwined with the I&E function, with the NRR
16	function, that if you take it away and have a central office
17	in charge of it, then when you come to implement an action,
18	an emergency response of some sort, you are going to have
19	another problem of having the involved offices aware and current
20	up to date on what has been done with regard to planning.
21	Maybe you say, okay, let this office be in charge
22	of the event. I don't really think that that is too good. It
23	has problems. It also has some attractions in other respects.
24	COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Wait a minute.
rters, Inc. 25	The distinction of b ing in charge of an event and
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and the second is	

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mm 9	1	making sure that the various utilities and other localities
	2	and so on have adequate plans and check them out beforehand,
	3	that is really what this group is doing. State Programs isn't
	4	in charge of any event. The emergency people review the
	5	conformance to various Reg Guides and NRR are in charge of
	6	NRC's response to an accident. They deal with our reviews
	7	of utilities' plans.
	8	And there has been a gap, it seems to me, pretty
	9	clearly between on the one hand our review of utility plans
	10	in NRR, and review of state plans in State Programs.
	11	And as far as I'm concerned, I think these two
	12	groups ought to be brought together. I'm not sure just where
	13	I would put them, and
	14	MR.GOSSICK: I think that's a problem. And you
	15	go further and also take that part of the emergency planning
	16	function that I&E is also wrestling with
	17	COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I think I might put them in
	18	I&E. I'll tell you why:
	19	Just as I think there is a problem in having a
	20	health and safety function in basically a liaison office which
	21	is basically what State Programs is, I also think there is a
	22	certain conflict in having an emergency planning office in
	23	NRR. And one of the reasons we haven't had good emergency
Ace-Federal Report	24	planning is that, I think to do too much on that side seems
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mm10 1	And it may be that you want to have those
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	the plan shouldn't be assuming that their review wasn't
4	adequate, there was an accident, the emergency planning will
5	take care of it.
ć	In just the same way the emergency planners shouldn't
;	be assuming too much about how effectively the reviews have been
8	conducted and be too confident about avoiding any sorts of
5	accidents.
10	So it may be that one wants to take it out of NRR,
1	too.
1:	In any case, I do think it is important that these
1:	activities be brought together, particularly if we are
14	talking about requiring state plans as a condition and
1:	local plans as a condition of licenses.
10	MR. GOSSICK: I certainly don't disagree with the
1	need for tighter integration and the possibility of moving
11	it all to one place or another, I think is something that would
1	need to be studied certainly more carefully than we have delved
21	into that.
2	I think as an interim measure, at least an interim
2:	2 measure, that I think as opposed to the creation of a technical
2	assistant or something to serve as the central point for
2. Ace-Federal Reporters, In	coordinating all this erfort, making sure that things don t
	get dropped in the cracks, that problems are elevated up to
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1 where they can be dealt with and so forth, that I propose to, 2 at least for the moment, assigning this overall role to the 3 deputy, currently acting deputy EDO. I may have to give him 4 a legman to help stay current with the program, because this 5 is something that I think is almost a fulltime task for 6 somebody cutting across the parts of the Staff where this 7 activity is currently going on and trying to track reporting 8 progress.

9 But the overall structure, you know, that is of 10 more extensive reorganization and taking all, or at least 11 parts of the current effort and putting it in one place is 12 something that we frankly have not studied the ramifications 13 of.

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Well, I asked you last week, to be prepared today to at least address that. That was my Item No. 4.

MR. GOSSICK: Yes.

I'm not prepared to tell you that we have studied and come up with alternatives, options and pros and cons of various organizational fixes.

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: I asked you for specific things. I asked you to describe the formation of a separate staff office, whose role would be to develop, coordinate and insure the implementation of emergency planning action and give me an estimate of what functions it might take over.

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71 12 I think your answer is that you are not ready to 1 mm 2 address that? 3 MR. GOSSICK: Only to the extent that as far as coordinating the effort, assuming that you are leaving the 4 5 functions where they are as opposed to trying to consolidate them. 6 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: I think the request is, is 7 a consolidation necessary. Certainly that is what I intended 8 9 to write. 10 And I say which functions it would take over, it 11 is a single office that would develop and coordinate. 12 MR. GOSSICK: I think that is the subject of a study 13 that has to be very carefully done, and there frankly wasn't 14 time to do it. 15 If it is your desire that we undertake such a study, 16 fine, we will do that. 17 I think even if we do though, for the time being I would propose my going ahead with assigning the current 18 19 continuing responsibility of integrating and coordinating this effort as I have indicated. 20 21 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: I guess I thought back when this emergency task force was being started, I can remember 22 one of the specific questions you asked to have addressed --23 24 COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: That's what I thought. Ace-Federal Reporters, Inc. 25 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: -- was to have it all pulled

-m13	1	together in a single office.
	2	MR. GOSSICK: I don't believe that was in the guidance
0	3	that came through from Mr. Chilk, and I don't recall it being
	4	put in that many words.
	5	Do you, Tom?
	6	MR. CARTER: No.
	7	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I don't recall it in those
	8	terms. I may be wrong.
	9	MR. GOSSICK: I think we reviewed that charter with
	10	you and our understanding of that charter, on June 28th
	11	well, if we missed it, I'm sorry.
	12	COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Well, I'd like to see it
	13	brought together in one place.
	14	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: What activities do you have
	15	in mind?
	16	Everything connected with emergency planning?
	17	COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Well, I would certainly put
	18	together the activities that are now presently in NRR with
Ace-Federal Recorters	19	those in State Programs.
	20	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: So that NRR would not have any-
	21	thing to do with emergency planning?
	22	COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I didn't say where I would
	23	put them. We might put them in NRR. But I see a problem
	24	about doing that.
	25	But I do think it is better to have them together in 1071 251
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NRR than separate the way they are now.

MR. GOSSICK: I think I can perceive some real 2 management problems with that. Again it is going to be 3 something that is going to take some study and careful looking 4 at the implications of this, resource impact, interactions, 5 understanding with staff by this office, wherever it is, to 6 do things like it currently is doing, field surveys_and.all that 7 sort of thing, unless you provide a directive for that. 8 I guess another, just a point to mention, in 9 creating a separate additional office is, I get a little 10 concerned about, if a special topic comes up, we keep adding 11 another special office of some kind. It suggests that either 12 something is wrong with our basic structure -- maybe there is. 13 And also it adds a span of control, an additional communication 14 problem. 15 You may have cure problem. You have now 15 created another set of proist to deal with. Interaction 17 communications, and so forth. 18 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: That's one of the disadvantages. 19 Yes. 20 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Especially considering that we 21 start with a set of statutory offices which anchor major 22 portions of the organization in a certain way, which we are 23 not free to redeal. 24 Ace-Federal Reporters, Inc. I am very leery of establishing -- every time a 25

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problem comes up, establishing an office. If Problem A comes up, good, we will now have the Office of A. Problem B, good, we will have the Office of B. It is a random organizational approach which doesn't

It is a random organizational approach which doesn't take account of the overall responsibilities for distribution of resources that are necessary to priorities. It is just simply a reactive response. Every time we get a problem that is causing trouble, good, we need an office for that. And they do their thing.

Now we would have some problems with that.

That doesn't necessarily mean that some reconfiguring of places, arrangements by which we deal with these things aren't appropriate and shouldn't be considered. But I think we ought to come very carefully and with careful thought of a reorganization for this purpose.

In the meantime I would suggest to you that whatever 16 17 we may eventry y decide about this, that the Staff has to keep collected on all of these things going on tomorrow, the 18 19 next day and so on. And what the Executive Director is saying is that he proposes to establish responsibility to the Acting 20 Deputy and bring into his office a fulltime professional 21 who would, on the Deputy's behalf, be the cognizant engineer 22 for emergency planning throughout the agency just to keep 23 24 track of it in your office.

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As an interim measure, that seems to me reasonable.

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75 mm16 1 It looks like these things are developing enough 2 different elements in different places so that keeping track 3 of it is a fulltime job. 4 MR. GOSSICK: I think this is a subject certainly, 5 if we get to the Congress with our supplemental request, 6 there is going to be interest in. And I would like to point 7 to whatever steps we can take between now and then, not only 8 actions, but the management of those actions. 9 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Certainly, it is entirely, 10 as far as I can see, up to Lee if he wants to have an 11 assistant in his office doing that coordination, that's fine 12 with me. 13 . I doubt that it is going to be an adequate response 14 overall to have one person try to coordinate this. There is 15 a lot of problems in the coordination. 15 I agree with Vic, I think we are going to have 17 to at some point get to some additional restructuring of 18 those functions. But as a very short-term interim, certainly 19 that's -- (Inaudible.) 20 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: All right. 21 May we go on that basis, with the understanding 22 that you will look to the matter of what alternate structures 23 might be better than the ones we have now to manage the 24 business. And where then, you cut off the transfer. That is, Ace-Federal Reporters 25 we talk about emergency planning in NRR, why it has elements, 1071 254

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	mml7 ¹	some of which trickle a long way down into the detail work of
*	2	the shop. You just can't take the whole thing out. You may
~	3	take just the planning elements out, or even some more than
	4	that. But you have to decide where that cut line is that you
	5	are going to transfer over into a separate office.
	6	And what does that mean in terms of resources? And,
	7	are you ending up in turn now making emergency planning just
	8	how does it fit in terms of agency priorities and the overall
	9	resource allocation.
	10	MR. GOSSICK: I would ask Norm Haller to take this
	11	on like he did the safeguards consolidation study on the
	12	organizational studies. And this is a four-bodied problem
	13	in that two-bodied problem essentially, and it will take, I'm
	14	not sure how much time required. Something in the nature of
	15	a few weeks to do.
	16	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: My guess is it will be more than
	17	that by the time we sort things out, and interact with the
	18	offices.
	19	COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: In theory there is a
	20	fair amount of thought that's already been given, I'm sure,
	21	to the various aspects of it on the task force.
	22	For me, I would like to thank Tom and the people
	23	that worked on this. This is certainly a very significant
Ace-Fede	24 rai Reporters, Inc.	piece of work with a lot of hard effort, obviously, to bring
	25	us a good way forward on this very difficult subject.

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Carl Street	1	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Yes, I would like to join that
	2	sentiment. Thank you very much.
C	3	MR. GOSSICK: One last request is that when you
	4	respond to Sam on this, please remember that we have the
	5	Brooks letter to answer. In the report we have got to tell
	6	the Congress what the Commission intends to do.
	7	So, if the Commission generally endorses the
	8	report, fine, or whatever. We need to have your guidance.
	9	COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: We have the Lone Ranger
	10	working on it.
	11	(Laughter)
	12	(Whereupon, at 5:30 p.m., the hearing in the
L.d 14 \$15	13	above-entitled matter was adjourned.)
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