




UNITED STATES
NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20555

April 21, 1981

NOTE TO: Gus Lainas
FROM: Ashok Thadani
SUBJECT: ERRATA TO NOTE OF APRIL 21, 1981

Enclosed is a modified Table 1 of the subject note. Further consideration of the B&W (two-bus design) with a failure of a single bus has led us to revise downward the HEP. The original value of HEP only considered terminating the cause of the overcooling problem; however, the operator could still control primary system pressure. This modification does not alter the thrust of the original note.


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Enclosure:
Modified Table 1

cc: T. Murley
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	Initiation Frequency	Operator HEP	Sequence Probabilities
LOCA (>2")	$3 \times 10^{-4}/RY$	$3 \times 10^{-2}/D$	$10^{-5}/RY$
Large steam/feedwater line break	$10^{-4}/RY$	$3 \times 10^{-2}/D$	$3 \times 10^{-6}/RY$
Small steam/feedwater line break	$10^{-2} - 10^{-3}/RY$	$3 \times 10^{-2}/D$	$3 \times 10^{-5} - 3 \times 10^{-4}/RY$
Severe Overcooling transient caused by loss of control/instrument power			
D&W (one-bus design)	$3 \times 10^{-2}/RY$	0.6/D	$2 \times 10^{-2}/RY$
D&W (two-bus design)	$3 \times 10^{-2}/RY - 10^{-3}/RY -$	$3 \times 10^{-4} - 3 \times 10^{-5}/D$	$10^{-5} - 10^{-6}/RY$
W & CE (three-bus design)		0.6/D	$6 \times 10^{-4}/RY$

Expected to have lower probability of severe overcooling transients because of design differences compared to D&W.

TABLE 1.--SEQUENCE PROBABILITIES
(Revision 1)