UNITED STATES OF AMERICA NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

In the Matter of:

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IE TMI INVESTIGATION INTERVIEW

of Jack Herbein, Vice President, Generation, Metropolitan Edison

Trailer #203 NRC Investigation Site TMI Nuclear Power Plant Middletown, Pennsylvania

May 10, 1979 (Date of Interview)

July 1, 1979 (Date Transcript Typed)

193 (Tape Number(s))

NRC PERSONNEL: Bob Marsh Robert D. Martin Albert F. Gibson

MARSH: The time is 9:48 a.m. and we're located in trailer 203 at the TMI site. This is Bob Marsh and I am an investigator with the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, assigned to Region III, at Chicago, Illinois. Today, we are together to interview Mr. Jack Herbein, Vice President, GPU...

HERBEIN: Generation, for Metropolitan Edison.

MARSH: Generation Section of the Metropolitan Edison, correction. To begin with, I would like each individual in the room to identify themselves and spell their last name, if you would start.

MARTIN: This is Robert D. Martin, Chief Nuclear Support Section No. 1, USNRC Regional Office II in Atlanta, Georgia.

GIBSON: This is Albert F. Gibson, Chief, Radiation Support Section, Region II Atlanta, NRC.

<u>BEHRLE</u>: This is William H. Behrle, and I'm a Projects Engineer with Metropolitan Edison.

MARSH: Mr. Herbein.

HERBEIN: Jack Herbein, Vice President, Generation, Metropolitan Edison.

MARSH: Mr. Herbein before we turn the tape on, we discussed briefly the two page memo which you have in front of you and just for the record I'd like to review a little bit of what's on those two pages. As I indicated, it does cover the purpose and scope of this investigation as well as the authority granted to the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission. On the second page, there appear three questions which I'd like to get your verbal response to, to make it a matter of record on the tape. First question reads, "Do you understand the above making reference to the two page memo?"

HERBEIN: Yes, I do.

MARSH: The second question reads, "Do we have your permission to tape this interview?"

HERBEIN: Yes, you do.

MARSH: Third question reads, "Do you want a copy of the tape?"

HERBEIN: Yes.

MARSH: Sir, at the end of this interview, I will provide you with a copy of the tape at that time. Further, as it is transcribed I will get

you a copy of the transcription also. There is a fourth question that I have not specifically called out, but it is covered in the body of the memo regarding your rights to have someone from the company present, and this has been presented to each of your employees as we have gone through the interviews. In instances as we discussed earlier, you did request that Mr. Behrle sit in, is that correct?

HERBEIN: That's correct.

MARSH: Fine, okay, then at that point, Mr. Gibson do you have some questions?

GIBSON: Mr. Herbein, would you briefly describe your position with Metropolitan Edison, and include in that description your prior background in the Nuclear Industry?

HERBEIN: As Vice President, Generation, for Metropolitan Edison, I'm responsible for all the generation that's owned and operated by Met Ed. That consists of nuclear generation, a hydro station, two coal stations and fourteen combustion turbines. Additionally, Metropolitan Edison owns the sixth...the Conagnaw (?) Generation Station in Western part of Pennsylvania, which is actually operated by Pennsylvania Electric. My previous background in the nuclear business consists of: Navy Nuclear training, which I received in 1964 under the Naval Nuclear Propulsion Program. It consisted of 6 months of prototype training, and 6 months

of theoretical training at Naval Reactor School in Bambridge, Maryland. Following my tour of duty in the Navy, I was employed by Yankee Atomic Electric Company from May of 1967 through September of 67, at which time I left their employ and came to work for Metropolitan Edison at Saxton Nuclear Reactor in that. . Western Pennsylvania. I was at Saxton in the capacity of Supervisor of Operations from 1967 through 1970. While at Saxton, I held a Senior Reactor Operator's license. I came to Three Mile Island in 1970 as Station Engineer, and was promoted in 1973 to the position of Assistant Superintendent. I was licensed as Senior Reactor Operator on Unit 1 in 19...1974. In 197...1974, I was promoted to position of Station Superintendent, responsible for both Unit 1 and Unit 2. Then in 1976 I was promoted to position of Manager of Nuclear Operations, still responsible for the operation of both Unit 1 and Unit 2, but headquartered in...in Reading. 1977, I was promoted to the position of Manager of Generation Operations...at that time responsible for both nuclear, coal, oil and hydro generation for Metropolitan Edison. In 1977.... Can you shut that off for a minute?

INVESTIGATOR: together?

HERBEIN: Yeah.

INVESTIGATOR: Sure.

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MARSH: Alright, we're going to take a break here for a moment the time being 9:55.

MARSH: Okay, resuming now at 9:55. Mr. Herbein.

HERBEIN: As I stated previously, following approximately 6 to 7 months as Manager of Generation Operations, I was promoted in 1977, I believe it was May of 77, to the position of...position of Vice President, Generation, for Metropolitan Edison, and at that time responsible for all generation activities for the stations, which Metropolitan Edison owns and operates.

MARSH: Sir, can you give me your corporate office headquarters? Where are you located now?

HERBEIN: I'm located in Reading Corporate Office.

MARSH: What would the address there be sir?

HERBEIN: 2800 Pottsville Pike.

MARSH: Fine, thank you.

GIBSON: Mr. Herbein, as...as I understand your position now as Vice President, Generation, the Station Superintendent for Three Mile Island would report to you in a line organization. Is that correct?

HERBEIN: That's correct. Approximately the first of March, Gary Miller was promoted to Manager, Generation Station, Nuclear, and at that time his reporting responsibilities were changed so that he reported directly to me.

GIBSON: Mr. Herbein, if you would now I would like for you to begin discussing the events chronologically to the best of your memory, from the time that you were notified of the incident that occurred on March 28, and just briefly describe who notified you, what information was provided in that notification, and what your actions were following this notification. And we'll just let you have the floor, and just discuss as best you can recall what you did on the 28th and 29th and 30th.

As...as you perhaps understand, our investigation covers the period of time from the 28th at 4:00 a.m. until midnight on the 30th. Part of the investigation...the part that covers operational aspects...is more limited to the first 16 hours following the event that occurred at 4:00. The radiological aspects and emergency response aspects will...we will investigate up to midnight on the 30th, which would be Friday evening at midnight. So with that if you would pick up and just discuss what you did following initial notification.

<u>HERBEIN</u>: I received initial notification of the reactor trip at approximately 0630...well, it was actually between 6:30 and quarter to 7 that Wednesday, the 28th of March. My understanding based on that telephone call was that we'd experienced a low pressure suction trip of the feed-

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pumps such that both feedpumps were lost. That in turn resulted in a...a high pressure reactor trip. They felt that code release had opened and as a result of that, the rupture discs on the reactor coolant drain tank were blown. Following this depressurization, the operators had secured reactor coolant pumps in the B loop, and then sometime later they secured them in the A loop. They believed that they had taken the plant solid with high pressure injection. At the time of our call, I believe I was informed that pressurizer level was about 370 inches, and that the pressure was around 700 pounds at a...at a 500° temperature. I was told we were using emergency feed to remove heat and promote natural circulation and that they had found it necessary to shut off feedwater to the B steam generator because they thought they had a leak. I've refreshed my...my memory of that initial phone call with some notes that I jotted down following ... following the conversation that I had with ... with Gary Miller and members of the plant staff. Following that initial notification, I attempted to contact Bob Arnold to let him know that the plant had tripped. I called his home and his wife answered. I believe that was... I believe that was about 7 30. Just prior to that, about 7:15 I'd contacted Blain Fabian, who's Manager of Communications Services with Met Ed, and let him know that there'd been an event at...about 4:00 at Three Mile Island. I told him that the unit was off-line because a feedwater pump failed in the secondary loop, which in turn caused a turbine to trip, and that in turn caused a reactor trip.

MARTIN: I'm going to interrupt you....

HERBEIN: Yes.

MARTIN: Is it...would it be normal on any major plant trip in your system to contact this gentleman? I believe, did you say, Manager of Communications Services?

HERBEIN: Yes.

MARTIN: I...I don't understand his function and therefore I'm guessing at what his function was.

HERBEIN: Okay, he's primarily Public Relations, and we do receive a number of calls when the unit comes off-line, and in order to alert him directly that this had occurred why, you know, I'd...I'd called him...there's no...there's no written requirement. It's really a courtesy...

MARTIN: I was trying to understand what the purpose....

HERBEIN: Yes. Yes. Yeah. So, just to let him know that the reactor had tripped in case he got inquiries from the press, and so also that he would inform our president, who he communicates with regularly. So, following the 'phone calls to Fabian and the attempt to contact Arnold, I...my next communication was about 0840 from Bob Arnold, Vice President,

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Generation, GPUSC, we briefly discussed the plant trip. At that time I don't believe there was any additional information over and above what I'd previously given you. He indicated that he thought that Walt Creitz, riesident of Met Ed would be calling me shortly. I did get a call from Walt Creitz around 9:30 to quarter of 10. We discussed, we again discussed the trip briefly. I don't recall exactly what was said at that time, but Walt felt that...that I should probably leave Philadelphia and report to Three Mile Island. I received another phone call about 10:00 from H. L. Roebada, Vice President of Operations with Met Ed who informed me that...that a helicopter would be available to transport me from Philadelphia to Three Mile Island. Approximately 11:00, I left Philly for Three Mile Island. I arrive at the Observation Center about 11:40 and went immediately into the office normally occupied by Bill Gross, and we used the 'phone there to talk to Gary Miller in Station Staff and learn where the plant was with regard to status and the particular trip that had occurred that morning. Following discussion with Miller, and I believe now it was about 1:15, I met with members of the press at the Observation Center, and they indicated there was a problem with the secondary side of the plant, that we'd lost feedwater pumps, that the reactor tripped on high pressure. I indicated that no one was injured and that I certainly felt that it was the company's position not to intend to expose anyone in any subsequent plant cleanup efforts. I indicated that radiation levels at the boundary were being monitored, and though we picked up small amounts of radiation at the plant boundaries, site boundary, I indicated I felt they were about a 10th of the general

emergency level. I also indicated that we didn't see any indications of high levels of radiation in the reactor building until approximately 10 minutes to 7, and at that time we declared a site emergency. Following the exchange of information with the press, and I guess this time it was about 5 minutes of 2, myself, Gary Miller and George Kunder left the Three Mile Island Observation Center to meet with Lt. Governor Scranton, who had requested the meeting from Walter Creitz. He wanted to be briefed on the situation here at Three Mile Island, and I felt it was necessary to take someone from the plant staff with me. I'd asked initially that it be George Kunder. Miller and I had some discussion about that. We subsequently agreed that he would...he and Kunder would both go. About 1400...

GIBSON: Excuse me, Mr. Herbein ...

HERBEIN: Yes.

GIBSON: Before we get too much deeper into...perhaps we should go back and ask a few questions on what you've covered so far...

HERBEIN: All right.

GIBSON: And then you can pick up here and carry on again later. Could you clarify at what point during the morning you became aware that this was something more than...than just a normal trip? You were notified at

6:30. Was there information in that notification to indicate that there had been some...more extensive plant damage?

HERBEIN: There was no indication in my initial phone call that there was plant damage. Of course, as I indicated, the reactor coolant pumps were shut off and the plant staff thought that we'd...or least I recall they thought they had initiated natural circulation, but at that time there was no...no indication that there was fuel damage. Now I...during the morning, I guess sometime between...between 8:30 and...and...11:00, when I left to come back to Three Mile Island, I became aware that there was...that a site emergency had been declared, because of radiation alarms that had been received in the Auxiliary Building. Now I'm not exactly...I'm not exactly sure of exactly when that communication took place, out I believe...it must've occurred between 8:30 and 11:00, which was the time I left from Philadelphia. I may have talked to the plant staff in Philadelphia that morning before I left to come back to Three Mile.

GIBSON: You were telephoned by Mr. Creitz I believe you said around 9:30. This would not...would this be a normal telphone call if the trip had been a normal trip or would this indicate something more serious?

<u>HERBEIN</u>: This 'phone call would've indicated something more serious, and Walt's concern with the status of the plant, so it was...it may have been through that 'phone call that I became aware of the significance of the problem, the initial significance of the problem.

GIBSON: Could you...you mentioned that you met with the press around 1:30 p.m. on Wednesday. Do you know if Metropolitan Edison had made a press release as of this time? Who notified the press of this event to your knowledge?

HERBEIN: I...I...I don't really know I...I would assume that it may have been Communications Services from Blain Fabian.

GIBSON: You mentioned that, in discussions with the press at 1:30, you did discuss an assessment of the environmental conditions and I believe you said that you believed environmental radiation levels were 1/10 of general emergency levels.

HERBEIN: And that...and that goes back to the general emergency criterion of 125 mR at the site boundary. And at that time I didn't believe that we'd seen anything that was...that was greater than a 10th of that value.

GIBSON: What...what basis did you have for that statement? Had you been provided results of environmental measurements at that time?

HERBEIN: In discussions with the plant staff, I'd asked them what...what levels the site monitoring teams had been reporting to the emergency control station. As I recall they...the...don't recall the exact values, but..but I did make that statement based on what I'd been told.

GIBSON: When you arrived at the Observation Center, what role did you play at that point? Did you assume control of operational events in the control room, or...or did you assume responsibility for interface with the media, or was...I guess what I'm asking is did you have some specific functions that you were performing or had that been clarified?

HERBEIN: Vice President, Generation, really isn't included in the formal emergency, formal emergency plans. As such, there're no specific assigned responsibilities and duties which I was required to execute, so my concern primarily was with the situation at hand. There were a number of...of reporters here. They all felt the immediate need to know, in order to keep the public informed and kept relatively abreast of the events which were transpiring. I felt the plant was certainly in capable hands and that the emergency plans were being executed according to their design. After I had discussions with the plant staff and heard their version of events and their...their implementation of emergency plans, I was satisfied that the control was being exercised as it should be, so my initial response was to talk to them, sort of following what they were...sort of follow what they were doing, and then make an effort to communicate that to the media.

GIBSON: Did you bring with you staff from your office or did you come to the site alone?

HERBEIN: I came to the site alone from...from Philadephia, and only later established a staff watch with structure and specific responsibilities, and of course they evolved as the...as the series of events unfolded over here at Three Mile Island, but there was no specific planfor...for doing that.

MARTIN: May I ask how the decision was reached to go to the Observation Center as opposed to going directly to the site itself?

HERBEIN: Well, again, because the emergency plan procedures specifically assign responsibilities to the Station Superintendent, Station Manager, and I felt he is perfectly capable of with his staff and his group of carrying out those responsibilities, I didn't feel it was appropriate to insert myself into...into the procedures and organization, which was well defined and well established, and to the best of my knowledge, at the time we're coping adequately and effectively with...with the conditions.

MARTIN: Is...is there direct communications available between the office that you went to in the Observation Center and the control room or is this...just use of commercial telephone?

HERBEIN: Use of commercial telephone lines. We subsequently established more direct means of communication using portable radios, additional phone lines and walkie-talkies.

MARTIN: Is this in a first day time frame or the second or third day time frame?

HERBEIN: That was the first or second day, and I'm not...I did order on 3/28/79 additional 'phones be installed in the observation center, and I also asked for radio communication and that occurred sometime in the afternoon of the 28th. I would think somewhere between 2 and 4 o'clock.

GIBSON: Were they installed shortly after you ordered them?

HERBEIN: Yes, they were. Don Barry could possibly give more definitive information as to the exact time they were installed.

GIBSON: Why don't you continue with your chronology.

<u>HERBEIN</u>: Well, we were to the point where Miller and myself and Kunder went to talk to Lt. Governor Scranton, and informed him of plant status and an attempt to answer his concerns with regard to the general public.

GIBSON: What provisions were made at that point to enable either you or, in this case I would expect primarily Mr. Miller, to stay in contact with the plant staff or those in charge involving conditions at the plant?

HERBEIN: Well, the plant was I think, due to the depressurization effort which was the strategy initiated shortly before we left to talk to Lt. Governor, in a relatively stable state compared to what we believed we had during the morning. Miller had established Seelinger in charge of the emergency control station ECS and he'd left Joe Logan in charge of Unit 2, Joe Logan's the Unit 2 Superintendent. Mike Ross, the Unit 1 Operations Supervisor, was also available for assistance and I know that there were other engineers and I believe Lee Rogers from 8&W was present, so based on that I felt it was appropriate to take any member of the plant staff with me for response to any detailed questions regarding plant status that might arise in our session with the Lt. Governor.

GIBSON: Was the trip to the Lt. Governor's office initiated by you as a result of a request from the Lt. Governor, or was it by your management by the President of the company?

HERBEIN: No, as I understood it was...as I understood it from my boss Walt Creitz, there was a direct request that someone with knowledge of the incident report to the Lt. Governor and brief him first hand on what was going on, and as I understand it they really weren't interested in talking to Mr. Decamp who just happened to be in Harrisburg at the time. They wanted to talk to somebody from the plant with the first-hand knowledge of events, so I got the word from Walt Creitz, by boss, that I absolutely had to...had to make every effort to be there in a timely fashion and brief the Lt. Governor. So, following that briefing, then,

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we returned to the Observation Center about 4:30 p.m. and I...at that time again communicated with the ...with the plant staff, and learned of the system status and what particular strategy they may have been using at the time. And I guess it was about 4:30 or 5:00 I communicated the plant status with...with Bob Arnold and he and I mutually agreed that the strategy of attempting to...to remain at low pressure and use core flood tanks and possibly decay heat was really not being as successful as we initially hoped that it. that it might be, and by we I mean the plant staff, and so Arnold and I agreed that we ought to pressurize and if necessary take the ...take the plant solid, and attempt to start ... attempt to start the reactor coolant pump. We began that effort to the best of my knowledge around 5 or 5:30 p.m. that evening, and after getting power supplies rigged to some of the reactor coolant pump auxiliaries we were able to successfully start the reactor coolant pump in the A loop around 8:00 p.m. I then stayed and talked some more with the plant staff, made an effort to work with the observation center watch that we established, improving their communications, assign tasks, status and so on. I left the Observation Center about, I don't know if it was 1:30 or 2 00 in the...in the morning. The next day then, the 29th, I appeared on Thursday morning at WHP studio, Harrisburg at 7:30, then at 10:00, I and Walt Creitz held a press conference in the Aztec Room of the Hershey Motor Lodge at ... it was around ... it was around noon that Walt and I also talked to the Public Utility Commissioners, gave them a briefing on the plant conditions. At about 2:30 p.m., perhaps it was closer to 3:00, I briefed Senator Gary Hart, Senator Schweiker, Congressman Rotel and

others who came up from Washington. Herman Decamp was present at that briefing, to also following that briefing there was another briefing of additional Congressmen and Senators that came up from Washington. That first briefing that I gave to Senator nart was taped. Lt. Governor's office taped that briefing. Then again on Friday, March the 30th, I held an 11:00 press conference at the Middletown American Legion Hall along with Walt Creitz.

GIBSON: For the record Mr. Herbein, I know that you are referring to some notes that you brought with you this morning. Are these notes you prepared yourself based on your recollection of the events?

<u>HERBEIN</u>: Yes, and I also had some assistance with the...with the preparation of these notes by people that report to me trying to key in on...on times, but they were prepared under my direction, and as such I would...would represent them as mine.

GIBSON: At the conclusion of the interview, I'd like to request a copy of these notes for the record.

HERBEIN: We'll cartainly provide this.

GIBSON: I noted that you held several press conferences, and I presume that in each there was some discussion of environmental conditions around the plant. Could you generally describe how you were kept informed

of what environmental radiation and contamination levels were as the event unfolded?

HERBEIN: Well, as I indicated we had established an Observation Center watch at the Observation Center, with communication links to the various monitoring teams and to the Emergency Control Station, and we were able to...to keep a plot of results that were...that were being recorded by the various monitoring teams. So, I was through...through this system able to keep reasonably informed as to the type of radiation levels, and amounts that were being recorded offsite by the monitoring teams.

GIBSON: You said that you were able to keep a plot. Was this done in such a way that there is a record now of the data that you were recording in the Observation Center?

HERBEIN: There are...there are records, but I can't speak to the exact form of them. Logs, as I understand it, were maintained and the logs did included radiation readings from monitoring teams, and that information should be...should be available.

GIBSON: Okay. Mr. Herbein, would you describe generally the type of technical support that was provided by your Reading office during the first three days? I'm particularly interested in any support that you may have either provided directly or arranged for through consultants in areas such as radiation protection specialist, public relations and

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information services, medical consultants, administrative areas. I'm sure that you did provide extensive support in several of these areas so if you could just generally describe...

HERBEIN: Well, the Public Relations I can't ... I can't really speak directly to. I'm not aware of what consulting firms we may have used for assistance there. With regard...with regard to medical we did use Radiation Management Corporation personnel, we relied fairly extensively on...on Porter-Gertz for environmental monitoring. For general administration, of course, we brought some of the engineering and administrative types out from Reading to lend support. The operating arm of...of the company, which takes care of transmission and distribution headed up by Vice President H. L. Robada came out to the site and actually helped establish the trailer city and all the support network that was required there. And he pretty well headed up along with Walt Creitz all the administrative support that was necessary. We utilized the Observation Center post to coordinate all the initial help coming in from a number of agencies including the NRC in the initial days of the...of the incident. A number of utility folks came in from around the country and we used the Observation Center as a...as a staging area, as manpower resources coordinating center, got them TLD, badged and assigned into the plant in the most expeditious and effective means as we could.

GIBSON: Did...Mr. Herbein did...do you know and made arrangements for the Utility people to come in? Was this a Met Ed initiated event or did Utilities voluntarily send people?

HERBEIN: The utilities in some instances voluntarily sent people, and in other instances I used Joe Colitz as a manpower coordinator and he in turn...he in turn asked for some specific people to come in and help us; and I don't recall the exact...exact date that we got Joe involved the manpower business. I don't recall whether that was the 29th, 30th or 31th, but somewhere in the initial phases, why, we used Joe.

GIBSON: Is it fair to state that most of the arrangements for offsite consultants, administrative support, public information services, help from other utilities was arranged by the Met Ed general office staff, either from the site or from the Reading office or...did

HERBEIN: I'm not...I'm not

GIBSON: The basis for my comment is, for my perspective, it appears that the plant staff was primarily involved with coping with events in the plant.

<u>HERBEIN</u>: That's true. The plant staff handled events in the plant, and offsite events were...were nancled by the...by the corporate group, by myself, by the other officers of Met Ed and to some extent there was assistance from...from GPUSC.

MARSH: Excuse me, before the break point, this is Marsh speaking, I'm going to break briefly at 10:33 and we're leaving 700 on the meter to break and turn this tape over.

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The time is now 10:35 and we are set to resume. Mr. Gibson, I MARSH: think you have the floor.

GIBSON: Mr. Herbein. Did you have on your staff at Reading a specialist in the area of radiation protection and environmental monitoring?

HERBEIN: We've got a radiation safety and environmental engineering section, yes. And we do have a person with a radiological protection background in that...in that group, that's...that's Beverly Good. I'm not sure exactly when she came out to the plant site, whether it was on the 28th or 29th, but she was here to the best of my knowledge in the early...in the early stages of the event and lent support to the...to the plant activities.

GIBSON: To what extent, you...you mentioned earlier, Mr. Herbein, that...that the corporate office was not included, or is not included, in the emergency plan, the emergency response plan, which is true. But to what extent had you been involved prior to March 28 in you capacity as Vice President, Generation, in emergency planning activities here at the site. I noticed, for example, that your name was on letters arranging support from offsite agencies.

HERBEIN: That's...that's true, we are required...we are required to show prior to being granted a facility license that arrangements and agreements have been made with offsite agencies for a response capability.

Those agreements were made and were submitted to the...the NRC as a part of the licensing requirement, and it was probably those letters in which you saw my...my signature.

GIBSON: Have you participated in drills conducted previously at Three Mile Island?

<u>HERBEIN</u>: As the annual emergency plan drill is conducted, yes, I was notified of...of an exercise in...in progress as a part of the offsite notification of Met Ed management.

GIBSON: Following that notification, did you take some active part in the exercise?

HERBEIN: No, that was not...that was not called for in the plan. I was notified and...and acknowledged that...that I'd been informed of the plant status, but no, I did not take an active role in the exercises.

GIBSON: I noted earlier you mentioned upon to returning to the visitors center from the Governor's office, after being briefed on the condition of the plant, you made a recommendation to the plant staff that they increase pressure and take the pressurizer solid. I found that....

<u>HERBEIN</u>: I don't know that I said take the pressurizer solid. I recommended that they increase pressure.

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GIBSON: Okay. To what extent were you involved in making operational decisions in the plant during this period?

HERBEIN: I wouldn't say that I was...that I was involved directly. I believe that was the, certainly, it was the station staff's responsibility and they were...they were in fact making the decisions. I was...I was kept informed and I did ask questions regarding the...regarding the process by which the decisions were...were being made, and I was satisfied that they...that they were doing the best they could, and had the best technical input.

MARTIN: There's a few questions I would like to direct to you and have you focus your attention, just to the 16 hours between the time of the trip and the time in which the coolant pump returned to...you were able to establish cool...coolant pump. During that period...that beeper was just the... Mr. Behrle's beeper going off in the background...With regard to your arrival at the Observation Center and the activities you undertook there, you have already discussed the communications that were established and what additional communications you called for and were installed later in the day. Did you collect together during that first day any technical staff from Reading to come join you at that Observation Center to provide you with assistance or establish any communication to technical support consultant, B&W, or other personnel that could give you additional advice or technical input during that first 16 hours?

HERBEIN: Well, I was aware that a link had been set up directly with B&W. I satisfied myself that that had occurred. I was also satisfied that...that the NRC had come directly to the site and had people in the control room with....with open 'phone lines. As I indicated earlier I did...I did ask for assistance from...from Porter-Gertz. I was satisfied that the NRC had...had been asked by us to bring additional monitoring teams in, and I think Phil Stohr came down from Millstone about 8:00 at night. I had also...I think that's...I think that fairly well summerizes the assistance that...that I recal' we requested.

MARTIN: I think I asked previously and did not recognize that probably asked a complex question previously, and you answered a portion of it, and I just noted that I don't think we covered all the points. In the trip to the Governor's office that had occurred after the briefing to the press with yourself, Mr. Miller, and Mr. Kunder, I believe I had asked or at least I had intended ask did you know of any communications equipment that had been established? Did Mr. Miller or Mr. Kunder carry either a...a beeper or voice communication, or a walkie-talkie or something that...by which they could maintain some sort of contact with the site?

HERBEIN: Yes they...they did to the best of my | owledge, and I believe one of them had a beeper.

MARTIN: Did you carry any such equipment or?

HERBEIN: No. I did not.

MARTIN: Let me go to a few more detailed questions. In discussions we have had with others...This is Martin speaking again...In discussions we have had with others there has been some alluding to, or discussion about, the degree of throttling with low pressure, high pressure injection, sir, high pressure injection, during the early phases, especially when you...the operators were approaching high pressurizer level indications. Were you aware of the extent or had you any knowledge of that kind of detail about actions that had been taken during the course of the...the early phases of the event?

HERBEIN: No, I was not. As indicated in my...my briefing to the Senators and Congressmen on the ...on the 29th. We indicated at that briefing that there were probably events on which we had not had the time to become briefed on, and that only after the investigations were sorted out would we know...would we know the true facts surrounding some of the...some of the allegations, and particularly high pressure ... on and emergency feedwater valves.

MARTIN: The...bringing up the...your briefing to the Congressional group on Thursday the 29th, do you recall if during that period you were aware of the pressure spike that had occurred in the containment prior

to, in fact it was just shortly prior to, Mr. Miller leaving the site to come to meet you at the Observation Center to go to the Lt. Governor's office?

HERBEIN: I was not...not aware of the pressure spike.

MARTIN: You don't recall mentioning anything about that during the briefing or the Congressional...?

HERBEIN: No, I don't.

MARTIN: At the time the decision was reached, or you conveyed your recommendations, I'm not sure how to characterize it, but let's say that you conveyed your recommendation to the operating staff to repressurize the primary system using high pressure injection to try to get a reactor coolant pump in operation, was the operating staff in agreement at that time, or did they...did they see a need for it, or did they feel that plant conditions was sufficiently stable that repressurization was not the alternative that they would recommend?

HERBEIN: No, we talked about it and ultimately we...we agreed that was the approach that they would take. Now, I don't recall the...the specific dialogue but, you know, we...we recogn'... ' that we had some...we had

some fuel damage at that point and that, you know, we were into a relatively severe transient, so there, you know, there was some discussion over whether or not we should increase system pressure and following that discussion by joint agreement, why, the pressure was increased.

MARTIN: In your comments about that, you did mention it was necessary to rig power at certain auxiliaries to the reactor coolant pumps. Could you expand on your knowledge of that that activity?

HERBEIN: Well as I recall that...there was the need to get power to a DC lift pump. This is an oil pump and that...that effort did go forward and was...was satisfactorily accomplished and that enabled us to start reactor coolant pump.

MARTIN: To your knowledge, at least, that was the only auxiliary that you needed to service?

HERBEIN: To the best of my knowledge, yeah.

MARTIN: There was a conference call established early in the morning of the transient. I think it was at the time of the first call that you received. There was, let's see, Mr. Miller I think was at home, Mr. Rogers, of B&W, and then yourself. And I think it was, I believe the contact was by Mr. Kunder from the control room. You have discussed the nature of that phone call. Could you characterize to me your impression

of Mr. Kunder's motivation? I don't mean his personal motivation, but what you think lead him to generate a...a conference call at that particular time? Did that occur after the...both sets of reactor coolant pumps had tripped?

HERBEIN: To the best of my knowledge, yes, that's when....

MARTIN: And, this is about 6:30 when....

HERBEIN: Yes, yes.

MARTIN: ... when both pumps had tripped?

HERBEIN: Yes. I think he was...I think he was concerned because they had experienced a...a decrease in pressure such that he felt it was necessary to protect the pumps from operation below net positive suction head, and as a result of the pump trip he was...he thought into the natural circulation...into the natural circulation mode of cooling. And as such I believe he felt it would be responsible and prudent on his part to notify...to notify plant management, so he...he did that.

MARTIN: Do you recall during that particular period of time if anyone noted that the reactor system temperature pressures were essentially corresponding to saturation conditions at that time? Do you recall a discussion of whether or not the RCS was basically under saturated conditions under...?

HERBEIN: No, I don't re... I don't recall that.

MARTIN: Do you recall if there was, in subsequent conversations or in conversations with others, either the plant site or personnel offsite during the course of the day, a discussion of the possibility of saturated conditions in the...in the reactor coolant system, not necessarily in so many words, but in the sense of whether or not one could be establishing...let me...let me rephrase...what I'm trying to get at is, that at what point did you become aware of the fact or the recognition that natural circulation had been compromised, and you were not achieving natural circulation in the primary?

<u>HERBEIN</u>: I think that's a difficult...that's a difficult question to answer because I don't specifically... don't specifically call just when I...when I became aware. I think in my discussions with...with Arnold after I came back from the...the Governor's office, I think at that time I was aware that that... that we...that we had a problem, and that we weren't getting the natural circulation that we...that we'd hoped for.

MARTIN: There was a decision after the...

HERBEIN: There was...there was during the...during the...during the day with my...my discussions with the plant staff, I guess some concern about...about saturation conditions in the...in the hot legs and as a

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result of that, the inability to achieve natural circulation that...the central...the central approach by the plant staff to the...the transient following the shut off of the pumps had been to attempt to achieve natural circulation and then they attempted in the morning I'd say between...between 8:00 and 9:00, and I don't recall the times exactly, to repressurize and. and start reactor coolant pumps. I believe they continued pretty much that effort through the morning, and then the key effort during the afternoon was primarily to...to depressurize the plant, attempt to inject core flood tank water on the core and depressurize possibly to the point of operating the decay heat pumps. That was...that was primarily the thrust during the afternoon. They also...they also felt with the injection of the core flood tanks and with the depressurization that afternoon that they had achieved some measures of natural circulation and core cooling. Again, we came back from the Governor's office and reassessed the condition. We felt it was necessary to try again the increased pressure and get forced circulation.

MARTIN: The decision on the mode of operating, the pump 1A, when it was put into operation, it was decided to jog it at first. Was that a precautionary type start to protect the pump or was it for the purpose taking some sort of data to see whether or not it was effective?

HERBEIN: It may...it may have been some of both, I...

MARTIN: Okay. Did you...there was no...nothing stands out in you mind specifically about the...the method of the start of the pump or about...anything about the starting of that pump?

HERBEIN: Well, I know that the plant staff had talked to...talked to Lynchburg about the pump start, but the thrust...at least my concern...was to get the pump started and initiate forced circulation, 'cause I thought that was...that was...the... the...the important aspect that we wanted to accomplish.

MARTIN: Let me ask something much more in general and less specific to the 16 hour time frame. There had been as you are well aware other transients on...on both Units 1 and 2 of either turbine trips or other plant trips. And during the course of analyses of that... those trips, post-trip analyses, does your staff or the Reading staff or any portion of it become directly involved in the review of those analyses, either from an investigation or an engineering review and analysis?

HERBEIN: Well, to the extent that...that our licensing group reports...prepares reports for me to the Nuclear Regulatory Commission both the
licensing group and the engineering group would have some involvement,
again, if to incident was reportable to the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.
Additionally, there's a requirement for the generation review committee
to review certain kinds of...of events and this is a requirement of
the...of the Unit 2 Technical Specifications. To that extent the people

get involved with the review of transients and analyses and primarily due to a...or through the licensing... the licensing requirements. Now we...we have on occasion utilized service company personnel to help us with transient analyses. Bob Arnold's group has been...has been helpful in...in transient analyses in the past, and Metropolitan Edison the operating company does rely on the service company expertise in this particular area, and it has again as I've indicated in the...in the past.

GIBSON: Based on any experience or information that is gained as a result of these reviews of transients, it would be through your organization or directly from the site organization where any training benefits from prior transients are factored into the operator...operator training, requalification training, retraining of staff, generally informing the staff of these transients?

<u>HERBEIN</u>: That transient information would...would be handled here directly at the site and would be incorporated into the...into the training.

GIBSON: I'll just take a moment to browse over my notes, and see if I have any other...

MARTIN: At this point, I have no further questions of Mr. Herbein.

GIBSON: Yes, and I have no further questions.

MARSH: Okay, I have just one question sir. The Emergency Director in this program...in this plant here, as it stands now, would've been Gary Miller, the Station Superintendent, am I right?

MERBEIN: That's true.

MARSH: During the course of the event on, let's say the first two days, did you have cause to override any of his decisions or did you ride pretty much with what he had come up with?

HERBEIN: No, I rode with...with the decisions that he had made, and felt that his...his notification of...of the offsite agencies was in fact timely, and I...I agreed with the decisions and the approach that...that the plant was taking, as I understood it.

MARSH: Did he seat your counsel in any of those decisions? As an example, the shutting off of the ventilation systems, was that discussed in any great detail before a decision was made?

HERBEIN: I believe the ventilation system may have been secured late on the evening of the 28th. I believe we did... I believe we did discuss

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that, and I believed reached agreement that we would ... that we would shut off the ventilation system to see if, in fact, it would decrease some of the releases *hat were taking place through the plant vent.

MARSH: Okay, I don't have another question for you. OK we're all done. Before we complete, it's been one of our policies to turn the microphone over to you for any comments that you would like to make before we conclude our interview. Now we could do that at this time if you have anything you feel you'd like to discuss or put on the record.

HERBEIN: No. I guess in closing I'd say that I...I feel that plant staff did the best they could under a very difficult situation. I believe that they behaved responsibly, and I believe the Emergency Director carried out the emergency plans and procedures to the best of his ability and in accordance with...with the guidelines that they contained.

MARSH: Fine. Recognizing that you're a very busy man still, we appreciate your time in coming in and the time being 11:00 a.m. and reading 125 that's 1125 on the meter, we'll terminate at this time.