

AIRCRAFT IMPACT RISK ASSESSMENT
DATA BASE FOR ASSESSMENT OF FIXED
WING AIR CARRIER IMPACT IN
THE VICINITY OF AIRPORTS

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THE VICINITY OF AIRPORTS**

F. Akstulewicz
J. Read
and
Others

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Accident Analysis Branch
Division of Site Safety and Environmental Analysis
Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation
U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
Washington, D.C. 20555

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ABSTRACT

The FIXED WING AIRCRAFT accidents occurring to U.S. air carriers during the years 1956 through 1977 are listed, with those resulting in impact within five miles of airports in the contiguous U.S. being considered in detail as to location of impact relative to the airport runways.

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Purpose

The purpose of this report is to describe the data base for the estimation of fixed wing aircraft impact probability at nuclear power plant sites in the vicinity of airports, and to provide a single, compact source of information to assist in reviews of fixed wing aircraft hazards. This data does not cover the hazards from all types of air carrier operations (i.e., helicopter, dirigible, etc.) It is to be expected that data contained in this report eventually will become outdated, and necessitate future recompilation.

1.2 Background

10 CFR Part 50 (Appendix A, General Design Criteria 3 and 4) and Part 100 (land use characteristics) set forth design and siting considerations for nuclear power plants. In interpreting these regulations in specific licensing cases, the NRC staff examines applications for licenses for compliance to criteria according to the established procedures contained in the Standard Review Plan (NUREG-75/087), and, where those procedures demonstrate compliance to the criteria, recommends that a license be issued.

In Section 3.5.1.6 of the Standard Review Plan, NUREG-75/087, the acceptance criteria are that either the facility is designed to safely survive aircraft impact and associated fire effects without initiating an accident having potential consequences in excess of 10 CFR Part 100 guidelines or that aircraft hazards not designed against have an expected frequency of occurrence less than the criteria of Standard Review Plan, Section 2.2.3. These latter criteria interpret the provisions of 10 CFR Parts 50 and 100 which require design against all hazards which are "credible" and which have potential consequences in excess of 10 CFR Part 100 guidelines. The criteria of Section 2.2.3 are that a "realistic" estimate of probability of occurrence not exceed approximately 10^{-7} in any year, or, if uncertainties of estimation are inherently large due to the unprecedented nature of the event, that a "conservative" estimate of the same quantity not exceed approximately 10^{-6} in any year.

In practice, the staff has generally interpreted "realistic" as the use of actual accident rates, and "conservative" as the use of derived or selected judgmental factors in a computation which is likely to significantly overestimate the likelihood of the event being considered.

In recent licensing hearings, the reliability of factors involved in estimating aircraft impact likelihoods, in particular, crash densities, have been matters of concern. The accumulation, display, and interpretation of large numbers of accident records is a difficult task in the context of an administrative adjudicatory proceeding. During the past decade, the staff has, on several occasions, examined the records of various aspects of U.S. aviation for use in specific reviews and presented the results as evidence. Excerpts of these other data and methods of interpretation will be forthcoming as a separate report.

1.3 Definitions of Terms

Since the 1950's, the responsibility for maintaining records of use in estimating air crash impact probability has at various times rested with the Civil Aeronautics Administration, the Federal Aviation Agency, the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), the Civil Aeronautics Board (CAB), and the National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB). At present, only the last three of these organizations exist.

Definitions and classifications of aviation uses have changed greatly over the past 25 years, particularly at the time of the adoption of the Federal Aviation Regulations (FAR) in 1958. For the most part aviation terms will be used as defined in the Glossary of the FAA Statistical Handbook of Aviation.

1.4 Categorization of U.S. Aviation Hazards

Aircraft have been broadly characterized as being air carrier, general aviation, or military; each of these three categories being further divided and discussed in greater detail in its appropriate section of this report. Hazards from each category to a specific site are characterized by that site's

proximity to an aerodrome or airport, or its location underneath airspace either used for a specific purpose or resulting from random overflight.

A phrase which appears in the Standard Review Plan and frequently occurs in licensing hearing testimonies refers to a specific site as being "in the vicinity" of airports, etc. As used by the staff, this phrase has generally been taken to mean within 5 miles (8 km) when applied to airports. This specific distance appears in both civilian and military aviation usages. At small airports possessing a control tower, that control tower is, in the FAR, given authority over traffic control up to a specified altitude and out to a lateral distance of 5 statute miles. The maximum width of military low level training routes is 4 nautical miles on each side of centerline, a distance very nearly equal to 5 statute miles. This is also the usual lateral separation distance applied to traffic within the Federal Airway system. Large airports, or hubs served by two or more airports, however, may have Terminal Control Areas (TCA) extending much farther, and in such cases holding patterns, approach, and departure flight paths should be considered as air corridors.

2.0 AIR CARRIER ACCIDENTS IN THE VICINITY OF AIRPORTS

2.1 Definition of Air Carriers

The term "air carrier" has been used to describe a variety of commercial aviation over the period from 1956 to date. Prior to 1958, for example, certification was not required for all types of commercial air transportation, and the definitions of various types of air transportation for compensation or hire have changed several times since then. For purposes of deriving accident rates, the staff has considered "air carrier" to be divided into "scheduled," meaning operations by Certified Route Air Carriers (CRAC) on scheduled routes, but excluding local commuter airline operations by small aircraft, and "non-scheduled," which is taken to include not only non-scheduled operations by CRAC, but all operations by Supplemental Airlines, Air Travel Clubs, Commercial Operators of Large Aircraft, and military transportation services either by charter to the Department of Defense or by passenger or cargo aircraft of the Military Airlift Command.

2.2 Accident Data, 1956 through 1977

An exhaustive stepwise process was used to compile data which the staff could use to evaluate the probability of a damaging fixed wing air carrier crash for plant sites located in the vicinity of airports. All the air carrier accident resumes prepared by the Civil Aeronautics Board (CAB) and the National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) for the period 1956-1977 were collected and reviewed. These data include all accidents worldwide and totalled 1514 accidents.

In order to determine the potential hazard to a nuclear power plant, only those accidents that involved the destruction of the aircraft or a fatality of one or more of the aircraft occupants were chosen as being severe and applicable to the staff data set. This reduced the available accidents to the 268 accidents summarized in Table 2-1 of this report.

A further qualifier on the data was that the staff was only interested in the potential hazard of an aircraft crash at a location in the contiguous U.S. The staff concluded from examination of many accident reports that all accidents that occurred outside the contiguous United States were not applicable because of the variations in airport operations, flying conditions, and flight control assistance. Using this criterion the 268 accidents of Table 2-1 were reexamined and found to include 197 accidents that occurred in the contiguous U.S. The next division was to separate inflight accidents and those accidents in which the aircraft crashed within 5 miles of the airport from which they had departed or at which they were to have landed. These latter 97 accidents are summarized in Table 2-2 along with the range and bearing of the crash location relative to the end of the runway and the runway extended centerline. Table 2-2 has been broken down into Tables 2-3A, 2-3B, 2-3C and 2-3D which show, in tabular form, takeoff and landing accidents for scheduled and non-scheduled operations. This information has been plotted in figures 2-2, 2-3, 2-4, and 2-5 which graphically depict this breakdown. Table 2-3E which lists pertinent accident information about the accidents listed in Table 2-2 is also provided for future reference.

After establishing a preliminary data set of 97 accidents from the accident report resumes, the staff contacted the file personnel at the NTSB and requested all the available accident crash files from their archives concerning the off-runway accidents listed in Table 2-2. At that time the staff was informed that crash data are held in the archives for only 17 years.

Of the 33 files received, most provided specific location information on distance and bearing including an identification of whether such bearing was to the right or to the left of the runway extended centerline. Table 2-4 lists the "confirmed" accidents and provides additional information concerning the weight of the plane and air speed at the time of impact.

Further inspection of the data contained on Table 2-2 shows that a large number of the commercial aircraft crashes occurred on the runway. These accidents are listed as having a location of range (R) = 0. Since these accidents would not contribute to the calculation of crash likelihood at a location away from an airport, these accidents were not included in the relevant accident data set. This additional criterion further reduced the applicable data set to the final number of 55 accidents. These accident locations are plotted on Fig. 2-6 for takeoff accidents and Fig. 2-7 for landing accidents. Since some of the accident locations could not be determined as being left or right of the runway extended centerline (particularly those accidents for which we had resumes only), the range and bearing information of Table 2-2 has been plotted in Fig. 2-1 which displays all crashes in a single 90 degree quadrant (looking away from the end of the runway).

When the ability of a facility to withstand the impact of a plane crash is a consideration, the crash rate for different sizes of aircraft must be determined. Table 2-5 lists only those aircraft crashes from Table 2-2 in which the aircraft weighed more than 200,000 pounds and Table 2-6 lists typical U.S. manufactured passenger aircraft weighing over 200,000 pounds.

2.3 Accuracy of Crash Locations

The staff attempted to arrive at an estimate of the accuracy of the location information contained in the accident resumes so that a judgment could be reached about the overall accuracy of the data. To do this a comparison was made between the range and bearing information obtained from the detailed crash files and the range and bearing information obtained from the accident resumes for the same crashes. With only one or two exceptions the variations between the "confirmed" values and the accident resume values were relatively small. From this evaluation, the staff concludes that the range information of Table 2-2 is generally accurate to within a half-mile and that the bearing (angular information from end of runway) information is generally accurate to within 5°.

2.4 Definition of Operations

The FAR and FAA documents use the term "operations" in several contexts, and the FAA glossary defines "phase of operation" and "type of operation." The term "airport operation" is defined by the FAA glossary as any of several acts of traffic control by an airport control tower. For convenience, the term "aircraft operation," or simply "operation," will be used to mean any landings or takeoffs, whether full stop or touch-and-go, i.e., each individual movement by an aircraft that results in a single overflight of the airport vicinity.

Crash rates usually are expressed as crashes per exposure unit, i.e., per aircraft-mile, aircraft-hour, or per departure. For present purposes, the exposure unit will be taken as "per operation," this being further divided into per landing and per takeoff, since the hazard to be measured by the rate is that of impact at a particular site, rather than the hazard to the aircraft and its occupants.

2.5 Air Carrier Operations

The staff developed the association between the number of takeoffs and landings and the number of accidents listed in Table 2-2. This information is contained in Table 2-7 and is listed for scheduled, non-scheduled and total

air carrier traffic in the contiguous U.S. For each row in the table, five items of information are supplied, these are: the millions of takeoffs and landings associated with that traffic, the numbers of landing and takeoff accidents contained in Table 2-2 and ratios of the numbers of each type of accident to the numbers of times that particular operation was performed. Assumptions needed in preparing this table are explained in the footnotes, and at the end of this table are summary totals and subtotals for use in identifying trends in time.

2.6 Military Air Transport

Table 2-8 lists the recent accident experience and traffic by military aircraft similar to types flown by civilian air carriers. As can be seen by comparing Tables 2-8 and 2-7, the military, when operating as an air carrier, has accident rates approximately the same as those of civilian non-scheduled air carrier service.

Table 2-1

U.S. Air Carrier Accidents in Which Aircraft Was Destroyed
and/or an Occupant Fatality Occurred Worldwide

1956		Location	Phase	Aircraft	Damage	Injury	Scheduled/ Non-Scheduled	Comments
Date & Hour								
1/2		Alaska	T	Cessna-170B	D	0	SP	Skis caught in fresh snow
2/17	1458	Owensboro, KY	L	H-404	D	0	SP	Stalled
4/1	1920	Pittsburgh, PA	T	H-404	D	F	SP	Fire in engine
4/2	0810	Seattle, WA	T	B-377	D	F	SP	Ditched in Sound
4/9		Skelak, AK	I	Aero Commander	D	F	SP	Mountain
6/13	1807	Shelby, NC	I	DC-3	M	F	SP	Passenger fell out
6/30	1031	Grand Canyon, AZ	I	L-1049	D	F	SP	Midair
6/30	1031	Grand Canyon, AZ	I	DC-7	D	F	SP	Midair
7/2		Alaska	I	DH-2A	D	F	SP	Emergency Landing
10/2	1825	Nome, AK	I	Stinson AT-19	D	0	SP	Lost in snow under VFR
10/16	0615	Pacific Ocean	I	B-377	D	0	SP	Ditched in sea
11/11	1504	Las Vegas, NV	L	M-404	D	0	SP	Wheels up
12/12		Panama	I	C-46F	D	0	NS	Ditched in Sea
12/6		California	I	C-46A	D	0	NS	Lost in fog under VFR
1957								
1/6	0001	Tulsa, OK	L	CV-240	S	F	SP	Approach 3 miles short
1/19	1910	Idlewild, NY	T	DC-3	D	F	Unauthorized	Mechanic took plane - runway stall
2/1	1802	Rikers Island, NY	T	DC-6	D	F	SP	Pilot disoriented in fog
3/2	1719	Blyn, WA	I	DC-4	D	F	SP	
3/10	1138	Louisville, KY	L	M-404	D		SP	Hard landing, full flap
5/13	2330	Narsassuak, Greenland	I	DC-4	D	F	Mil/C	White out, Mountain
6/22	0750	Clarksburg, MD	NA	DC-3	D	F	Training	Stall during fly-by
6/28	2330	Miami, FL	Taxiing	DC-7	D	F	Check-out	
7/25	0337	Daggett, CA	I	CV-240	S	F	SP	
9/15	2046	New Bedford, MA	L	DC-3	D	F	SP	Off ILS approach in fog
11/6	1135	Guatemala	L	C-46A	D	F	SC	Aborted emergency landing - children playing in field
11/9		Pacific Ocean	I	B-377	D	F	SP	

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Table 2-1 (continued)

1957		Location	Phase	Aircraft	Damage	Injury	Scheduled/ Non-Scheduled	Comments
Date & Hour								
3/2	1720	Alaska	I	DC-4	D	F	SP	
3/22	1115	Alaska	I	PA-22A	D	F	SP	
6/19	1500	Canada	I	Cessna-180	D	O	Search & Rescue	
6/22	1400	Alaska	I	Norseman	D	F	NS	
9/14	0930	Alaska	T	Cessna-180	D	O	NS	
<u>1958</u>								
1/15	1600	Tenakee, AK	I	Vega	D	F	SP	Ran out of fuel
2/13	1344	Palm Springs, CA	T	CV-240	D	O	SP	Forced landing in desert
3/25	0006	Miami, FL	T	DC-7	D	F	SP	Forced landing in swampy marsh
4/6	2319	Freeland, MI	L	V-700	D	F	SP	Approach
4/21	0830	Las Vegas, NV	I	DC-7	D	F	SP	Midair
5/20	1029	Brunswick, MD	I	Viscount	D	F	SP	Midair
5/31	1320	Alaska	I	C-46	D	F	NS	Cargo shift in flight
6/4	1358	Martinsburg, WV	L	DC-3	D	F	Training	Hit tree on long takeoff
8/15	2234	Nantucket, MA	I	CV-240	D	F	SP	1450 ft. about 600 ft. to left
8/20	1525	Eldred Rock, AK	I	G-21	D	F	SP	
8/28	0329	Minneapolis, MN	T	DC-6	D	O	SP	Hit fence at runway
9/9		Atsugi, Japan	I	L-1049	D	F	CTR/C	Mountain, 15 miles out
9/19	0950	Alaska	I	Cessna-180	D	F	NS	Cabin heaters - CO poisoning
11/10	1101	New York, NY	T	L-1049	D	O	Training	Taxi collision
11/16	0615	Colorado	I	C-46	D	F	Mil/CTR	Hit mountain
<u>1959</u>								
1/20	1054	Alaska	I	BE-18	D	F	NS	
2/1	2345	Kerrville, TX	L	DC-3	D	F	Mil/CTR/P	Ran out of fuel
2/3	2356	New York, NY	L	L-188	D	F	SP	Auto pilot error
2/20	0756	San Francisco, CA	L	DC-7	D	O	NS	Hard landing

Table 2-1 (continued)

1959		Location	Phase	Aircraft	Damage	Injury	Scheduled/ Non-Scheduled		Comments
Date	Hour								
3/15	0053	Chicago, IL	L	CV-240	D	0	SC	Hit tower	
3/30	2346	Alma, GA	I	C-46	D	F	SC	Fire	
4/10	1522	Juneau, AK	L	B-377	D	0	SP		
5/12	1529	Charleston, WV	L	L-1049	D	F	SP	On runway	
5/12	1613	Chase, MD	I	V-745	D	F	SP	Thunderstorm	
6/16	0027	Ireland	T	DC-6	D	0	SC	Takeoff abort	
6/21	1330	Alaska	I	PA-14	D	0			
6/26	1632	Milan, Italy	I	L-1049	D	F	SP	Disintegration (storm)	
7/3	1525	Alaska	I	Cessna-180	D	F		Cabin heaters, CO poisoning	
8/15	1641	Calverton, NY	L	B-707	D	F	Training	2-engine simulated landing	
9/2	1716	Abilene, TX	L	C-46	D	F	Mil/CTR/C		
9/12	2105	Honduras	I	DC-4	D	F	SC		
9/24	1615	Great Sitkin Is., AK	I	C-54	D	F	SP		
9/29	2309	Buffalo, TX	I	L-188	D	F	S.	Inflight disintegration	
10/15	2105	Jacksonville, FL	I	C-54	D	F	Mil/CTR/C	Forced landing in lake	
10/26	2018	Santa Maria, AC	T	DC-3	S	F	SP	Fire, emergency landing	
10/30	2040	Charlottesville, VA	I	DC-3	D	F	SP	Mountain	
11/16	0144	Louisiana	I	DC-7B	D	F	SP		
11/24	0535	Chicago, IL	L	L-1049	D	F	SC	Takeoff returned, hit house near tower	
12/1	0047	Williamsport, PA	L	M-202	D	F	SP	Mountain	
<u>1960</u>									
1/16		Bolivia, NC	I	DC-6	D	F		Bomb	
1/19	2219	Charles City, VA	I	Viscount	D	F	SP	Icing	
3/17	1525	Cannelton, IN	I	L-188	D	F	SP	Flutter	
3/29	1333	Cape Pole, AK	L	G-21	D	0	SP		
5/23	1152	Atlanta, GA	T	CV-880	D	F	Training	Takeoff rotation	
6/3		Alaska	I	G-44	D				
6/14	0447	Mt. Gilbert, AK	I	L-749	D	F	SP	Mountain	
7/14	0430	Manila, PI	I	DC-7	D	F	SP	Ditched in ocean	
7/22	1430	Houston, TX	Taxiing	DC-3	S	F	SP		

Table 2-1 (continued)

1960		Location	Phase	Aircraft	Damage	Injury	Scheduled/ Non-Scheduled		Comments
Date	Hour								
8/10	1410	Northeast Cape, AK	I	Beech C-13	D	O	SP		
9/14	0800	New York, NY	I	L-188	D	O	SP	T/D	
9/15	2215	Nome, AK	L	L-10	D	F	SN/P		
9/19	0602	Guam	T	DC-6	D	F	Mil/CTR/P		
10/4	1740	Boston, MA	T	L-188	D	F	SP	Bird strike	
10/15	1103	Plain City, UT	I	C-46	D	F	Mil/CTR/P	Landing approach, wing fell off	
10/28	1139	Missoula, MT	I	DC-4	D	F	SP		
10/29	2202	Toledo, OH	T	C-46	D	F	CTR/P	Overweight takeoff	
12/16	1033	Staten Island, NY	I	L-1049	D	F	SP	Midair	
12/16	1033	Staten Island, NY	I	DC-8	D	F	SP	Midair	
12/18	1454	Northeast Cape, AK	T	Beech C-18	D	O	Mil/CTR/P	Takeoff stall	
<u>1961</u>									
1/22	1509	Katy, TX	I	C-46	D	F	Mil/CTR/C	Fire	
1/28	1225	Montauk, Pt., NY	I	B-707	D	F	Training	-----	
3/31	1430	Crown Mt., AK	I	G-44	D	O	NS/C	-----	
7/11	1156	Denver, CO	L	DC-8	D	F	SP	-----	
7/21	0211	Shemya, AK	L	DC-6	D	F	Mil/CFT/C	Lights on Runway Out 200 Feet short	
8/3	2245	New York, NY	Taxiing	L-1049	D	O	SC	-----	
9/1	0200	Chicago, IL	I	L-1049	D	F	SP	Takeoff Climb (5 miles)	
9/10	0252	Shannon, Ireland	T	DC-6	D	F	NS/P	1.5 Minutes Out Into River	
9/17	0857	Chicago, IL	T	L-188	D	F	SP	Takeoff to climb (2 miles)	
10/8	1645	Avalon, CA	T	G-21	D	O	SF Amphibian	-----	
11/8	2124	Richmond, VA	L	L-1049	D	F	Mil/CTR/P	-----	
12/8	1058	Nome, AK	I	Cessna 180	D	F	SP	-----	
12/24	1050	Old Harbor, AK	T	G-21	D	F	SP	-----	
<u>1962</u>									
3/1	1009	Jamaica Bay, NY	T	B-707	D	F	SP	Climb Out - 3 mile SW	
3/5	1731	Moses Pt., AK	L	Beech D-18	D	O	SP	Flew Into Terrain - Altimeter Off - "Private" Pilot	

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Table 2-1 (continued)

1962		Location	Phase	Aircraft	Damage	Injury	Scheduled/ Non-Scheduled	Comments
Date	Hour							
3/15	0114	Adak, AK	L	L-1049	D	F	Mil/CTR/C	Landed on Rocks - Short of Runway
3/15	Unknown	Btwn Guam & Philippines	I	L-1049	D	F	Mil/CTR/P	Missing
4/18	1622	Dallas, TX	T	DC-3	D	F	Test	Takeoff stall
5/22	2120	Unionville, MO	I	B-707	D	F	SP	Bomb
7/8	0705	Amarillo, TX	T	Viscount 812	D	0	SP	Forced Landing 6930 Feet out 21°R
8/22	0740	Wilmington, NC	L	M-404	D	0	Training	-----
9/23	2200	N. Atlantic Ocean	I	L-1049	D	F	Mil/CTR/P	-----
10/19	2050	Windsor Locks, CT	I	CV-440	H	F	SP	Door Opened in Flight - Stewardess Fell Out
10/22	1052	Sitka Sound, AK	I	DC-7	D	0	Mil/CTR/P	Ditched in Sea
11/23	1224	Ellicott City, MD	I	Viscount	D	F	SP	Birds in Flight
11/30	2145	New York, NY	L	DC-7	D	F	SP	Crash on Runway
12/14	2212	Hollywood, CA	L	L-1049	D	F	SC	Pilot Heart Attack
12/21	2030	Grand Island, NEB	L	CV-340	D	0	SP	Fog - 4061 Feet Short
<u>1963</u>								
1/13	0233	Memphis, TN	Taxiing	DC-7	S	F	Ferry	
1/14	2328	Barter Island, AK	L	Beech AT-11	D	F	NS/P	
1/17	1553	Salt Lake City, UT	I	F-27	D	F	Training	Crashed in lake
1/29	2244	Kansas City, MO	L	Viscount 812	D	F	SP	Near runway
2/3	1207	San Francisco, CA	L	L-1049	D	F	SC	Struck lights
2/12	1350	Miami, FL	I	B-720	D	F	SP	Breakup in flight
2/16	1826	Puyallup, WA	L	C-46	D	0	Mil/CTR/C	
5/17	1900	Baird Bay, AK	T	Beech C-18	D	0	NS/P	
5/28	1746	Manhattan, KS	L	L-1049	D	0	Mil/CTR/P	
6/3	1816	Pacific Ocean, nr AK	I	DC-7	D	F	Mil/CTR/P	

Table 2-1 (continued)

1963		Location	Phase	Aircraft	Damage	Injury	Scheduled/ Non-Scheduled	Comments
Date & Hour								
7/2	1649	Rochester, NY	T	M-404	D	F	SP	Takeoff in storm
7/23	1035	Seldovia, AK	L	G-44	D	O	SP	Overshot runway
8/14	1500	Great Falls, MT	I	C-46	S	E	Mil/CTR/C	
8/24	2358	Calgary, Canada	Unknown	F-27	D	F	Unknown	
11/29	1110	Morgantown, WV	L	DC-3	D	F	Ferry	
12/7	1930	Nederland, CO	I	C-46	D	F	Mil/CTR/C	
12/8	2059	Elkton, MD	I	B-707	D	F	SP	
1964								
2/25	0205	New Orleans, LA	I	DC-8	D	F	SP	Turbulence - Fell in Lake Ponchartrain
3/10	0822	Boston, MA	L	DC-4	D	F	SC	
3/12	2050	Miles City, MT	L	DC-3C	D	F	SP	1 1/2 miles inbound
4/17	1514	Elim, AK	I	Cessna 185	D	F	SP	
5/7	0649	San Ramon, CA	I	F-27	D	F	SP	Capt. & 1st Off. shot by passenger
7/8	1210	Knoxville, TN	I	Caravelle	N	F	SP	Turbulence
7/9	1015	Parrottsville, TN	I	Viscount-745	D	F	SP	Inflight fire
10/2	1630	Chichagof I., Alaska	L	CV-285	D	F	NS/CTR/C	
11/15	2025	Las Vegas, NV	I	F-27A	D	F	SP	9.7 miles out
11/20	0611	Detroit, MI	T	C-46	D	O	NS/CTR/C	2050 ft. past runway
11/23	1425	Rome, Italy	T	B-707	D	F	SP	
12/24	0031	San Francisco, CA	T	L-1049H	D	F	SC	Climb 4.3 miles S.W.
12/30	0214	Detroit, MI	L	C-46A	D	F	NS/CTR/C	2.2 miles short of runway
1965								
2/8	1826	Jones Beach, NY	I	DC-7B	D	F	SP	Climb to cruise
4/16	0445	Las Vegas, NV	T	F-27A	D	O	Training	

Table 2-1 (continued)

1965		Location	Phase	Aircraft	Damage	Injury	Scheduled/ Non-Scheduled	Comments
Date & Hour								
4/23	1423	Mt. Rainier, WA	I	DC-6A	D	F	Mil/CTR/C	
5/18	0601	Knob Noster, MO	L	DC-6A	D	0	Mil/CTR/C	
7/23	1406	Montopsville, PA	T	Convair 440	D	0	SP	
8/16	2021	Lake Michigan, IL	I	B-727	D	F	SP	
9/4	0940	Lake Tustumena, Alaska	I	Aero Comm. 680	D	F	SP	
9/13	1240	Kansas City, MI	T	Convair CV-880	D	0	Training	
9/17	0724	Montserrat, BWI	I	B-707	D	F	SP	
10/14	1743	Piqua, OH	L	Argosy AW650	D	0	Mil/CTR/C	Forced landing off runway
11/8	1902	Constance, KY	L	B-727	D	F	SP	
11/11	1750	Salt Lake City, UT	L	B-727	D	F	SP	
12/4	1618	Carmel, NY	I	L-1049C	D	F	SP	Collision with other aircraft forced landing
12/15	0130	Alamosa, CO	I	L-1049	D	F	SC	
1966								
3/21	1525	Norfolk, VA	L	Canadair CL-44D	D	0	SC	-----
4/22	2030	Ardmore, OK	L	L-188C	D	F	Mil/CTR/P	Landing Pattern
6/16	0848	Columbia City, IND	I	Curtis C-46	D	F	NS/C	Midair
7/28	0850	Newark, NJ	T	Curtis WRTC-46F	D	0	NS/C	Intentional Gear Up Landing in Marsh
8/6	2312	Falls City, NEB	I	BAC111	D	F	SP	Bomb
8/21	1035	Juneau, Alaska	I	Grumman G21A	D	F	SP	Struck Glacier
9/12	2203	Tokyo, Japan	T	DC 7C	D	0	Mil/CTR/C	-----
10/1	1104	Portland, OREG	I	DC9	D	F	SP	-----
11/14	0242	Berlin, Germany		B727	D	F	SC	-----
11/20	0606	New Bern, NC	L	Martin M-404	D	F	SP	Struck Tree - No Passengers
12/24	1915	Tourane, Vietnam	L	Canadair CL-44	D	F	Mil/CTR/C	-----
12/30	1719	Saigon, Vietnam	T	DC-7C	D	0	Mil/CTR/C	-----

Table 2-1 (continued)

1967		Location	Phase	Aircraft	Damage	Injury	Scheduled/ Non-Scheduled	Comments
Date & Hour								
1/31	0320	San Antonio, TX	L	DC-6A	D	F	Mil/CTR/C	Diverted, low, hit cliff
3/5	2007	Marseilles, OH	I	Convair 340	D	F	SP	
3/9	1154	Urbana, OH	I	DC-9	D	F	SP	Midair
3/10	0503	Klamath Falls, OREG	I	F-27	D	F	SP	Iced
3/30	0050	Kenner, LA	L	DC-8	D	F	Training	2-engine out landing
6/22	2116	Saigon, Vietnam	L	L-1049H	D	F	Mil/CTR/C	
6/23	1347	Blossburg, PA	I	BAC-111	D	F	SP	Fire
7/19	1101	Hendersonville, NC	I	B727	D	F	SP	Midair
11/6	1841	Erlanger, KY	T	B707	D	F	SP	Gear collapsed on runway
11/20	2057	Constance, KY	L	Convair 880	D	F	SP	Undershot
12/21	1600	Denver, CO	T	DC-3C	D	F	NS/C	T/O stall
1968								
1/1	2300	Oxford, Miss.	L	Martin 404	D	0	Ferry	Undershot
3/21	0353	Chicago, IL	T	B727	D	0	SC	Takeoff roll
4/28	0523	Atlantic City, NJ	L	DC8	D	0	Training	
5/3	1548	Dawson, TX	I	L-188	D	F	SP	Wing overload
6/13	0058	Calcutta, India	L	B707	D	F	SP	Undershot
6/28	1246	Vichy, MO	I	DC3	H	F	NS/CTR/F	Passenger fell out door
8/10	0757	Charleston, WV	L	F227	D	F	SP	Undershot
9/27	0241	Cherry Point, NC	L	DC7C	D	0	Mil/CTR/C	Controlled landing. Missed runway in fog
10/25	1717	Hanover, NH	L	F227	D	F	SP	
12/2	0936	Pedro Bay, Alaska	I	F27B	D	F	SP	Airframe fail
12/12	2202	Caracas, Venezuela	L	B707	D	F	SP	Undershot
12/24	2012	Bradford, PA	L	Convair 580	D	F	SP	Hit trees on initial approach
12/26	0615	Anchorage, Alaska	T	B707	D	F	Mil/CTR/C	Ice
12/27	0711	Sioux City, IA	T	DC9	D	0	SP	Stall, ice
12/27	2022	Chicago, IL	L	Convair 580	D	F	SP	Stall

Table 2-1 (continued)

<u>1969</u>		<u>Location</u>	<u>Phase</u>	<u>Aircraft</u>	<u>Damage</u>	<u>Injury</u>	<u>Scheduled/ Non-Scheduled</u>		<u>Comments</u>
<u>Date & Hour</u>									
1/6	2035	Bradford, PA	L	Convair 440	D	F	SP		
1/18	1821	Los Angeles, CA	I	B727	D	F	SP		
3/13	1552	Munchumina, Alaska	L	DHC-6	D	F	SP		
7/15	0657	Jamaica, NY	T	DHC-6	D	F	SP		
7/26	1133	Pomona, NJ	L	B707	D	F	Training	Control loss during fly-by	
9/9	1429	Fairland, IN	I	DC9	D	F	SP	Midair	
10/16	1445	Stockton, CA	T	DC8	D	O	Training	Takeoff aborted	
11/19	2020	Glen Falls, NY	I	FH227B	D	F	SP	Below ceiling, into mountain	
<u>1970</u>									
6/22	1520	False Pass, Alaska	L	Grumman G21	D	O	SP	Amphibian sank after landing	
7/27	1136	Naha, Okinawa	L	DC8	D	F	SC	Undershot	
8/8	0002	Acapulco, Mexico	L	Convair 990	D	O	Ferry	Runway lights collision	
8/24	0708	Hill AFB, UT	T	LI88C	D	O	Mil/CTR/C		
9/8	1606	Jamaica, NY	T	DC-8F	D	F	Ferry		
10/2	1155	Sitkinak, Alaska	T	Cessna 207	D	O	SC		
10/10	2130	Wrightstown, NJ	L	L-GA382B	D	F	Mil/CTR/C	5470 feet short in fog	
11/14	1936	Huntington, WV	L	DC9	D	F	NS/CTR/P		
11/27	1705	Anchorage, Alaska	T	DC8	D	F	Mil/CTR/P		
11/30	0255	Tel Aviv, Israel	T	B707	D	F	SC	Runway collision	
12/28	1442	St. Thomas, V.I.	L	B727	D	F	SP		
<u>1971</u>									
3/31	0633	Ontario, CA	L	B-720	D	F	Training	Missed Approach	
6/6	1711	Duarte, CA	I	DC-9	D	F	SP	Collision with Military A.C.	
6/7	0849	New Haven, CT	L	Convair 580	D	F	SP	-----	
7/25	1321	Manila, PI	L	B-707	D	F	SP	Initial Approach	
9/4	1115	Juneau, Alaska	L	B-727	D	F	SP	Initial Approach	

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Table 2-1 (continued)

<u>1972</u>		<u>Location</u>	<u>Phase</u>	<u>Aircraft</u>	<u>Damage</u>	<u>Injury</u>	<u>Scheduled/ Non-Scheduled</u>		<u>Comments</u>
<u>Date</u>	<u>& Hour</u>								
3/3	2048	Albany, NY	L	FH227B	D	F	SP	-----	
5/18	1421	Ft. Lauderdale, FLA	L	DC9-31	D	O	SP	-----	
5/30	0624	Ft. Worth, TX	L	DC-9	D	F	Training	-----	
6/29	0937	Appleton, WISC	I	Convair 580	D	F	SP	Midair	
6/29	0937	Appleton, WISC	I	DHC-6	D	F	SP	Midair	
12/8	1428	Chicago, ILL	L	B-737	D	F	SP	-----	
12/20	1800	Chicago, ILL	T	DC-9	D	F	SP	-----	
12/29	2342	Miami, FL	I	L-1011	D	F	SP	(Subject of Motion Picture)	
<u>1973</u>									
7/22	2207	Papeete, Tahiti	T	B707	D	F	SP		
7/23	1643	St. Louis, MO	L	FH227B	D	F	SP		17
7/31	1008	Boston, MA	L	DC9	D	F	SP	Hit seawall	
8/28	2050	Los Angeles, CA	I	B707	N	F	SP		
9/8	0442	King Cove, Alaska	I	DC8	D	F	Mil/CTR/C	Hit mtn. 15 miles out	
9/27	1952	Mena, ARK	I	Convair 600	D	F	SP	Hit mountain	
11/3	0940	Boston, MA	L	B707	D	F	SC		
11/3	1640	Socorro, NM	I	DC10	S	F	SP	Inflight decompression	
11/27	2127	Akron, OH	L	DC9	D	O	SP		
<u>1974</u>									
1/16	0035	Los Angeles, CA	L	B707	D	O	SP		
1/30	2341	Pago Pago, Samoa	L	B707	D	F	SP		
2/2	2130	Honolulu, Hawaii	I	B747	N	F	SP		
4/22	1526	Bali, Indonesia	I	B707	D	F	SP		
5/23	1553	Springfield, ILL	I	L382	D	F	Mil/CTR/C	Airframe failure in thunderstorm	
9/8	0940	Cephalonia, Greece	I	B707	D	F	SP	Bomb	
9/11	0734	Charlotte, NC	L	DC9	D	F	SP		

Table 2-1 (continued)

<u>1974</u>		<u>Location</u>	<u>Phase</u>	<u>Aircraft</u>	<u>Damage</u>	<u>Injury</u>	<u>Scheduled/ Non-Scheduled</u>	<u>Comments</u>
<u>Date</u>	<u>Hour</u>							
12/1	1110	Berryville, VA	I	B727	D	F	SP	
12/1	1926	Thiella, NY	I	B727	D	F	Ferry	
12/11		Missing in Alaska	I	G-21	Assumed D	Assumed F	SP	
<u>1975</u>								
2/16	1902	Fairbanks, Alaska	T	DC-6B	S	F	NS/CTR/C	
4/20	2015	Deadhorse, Alaska	L	L-188A	D	O	NS/CTR/C	Hard Landing
6/24	1605	Jamaica, NY	L	B727	D	F	SP	
8/8	1530	Aquadilla, P.R.	I	C46F	D	O	NS/CTR/C	Ditched at sea
8/30	1357	Gambell, Alaska	L	F-27B	D	F	SP	Hit Mountain
11/12	1310	Jamiaca, NY	T	DC-10	D	O	Company Flt.	Takeoff roll
12/22	1115	Milan, Italy	L	B707	D	O	SP	
<u>1976</u>								
2/8	1044	Van Nuys, CA	T	DC6	D	F	Ferry	Forced landing in field
3/7	1107	Igiugig, Alaska	I	Cessna 207	D	F	NS/CRT/P	
3/12	1040	Udrivik Lake, Alaska	L	L-188	D	O	NS/CTR/C	
4/5	0819	Ketchikan, Alaska	L	B727	D	F	SP	
4/27	1510	St. Thomas, V.I.	L	B727	D	F	SP	
6/23	1712	Philadelphia, PA	L	DC9	D	O	SP	Crash during attempted go-around
<u>1977</u>								
3/27	1704	Canary Islands	T	B747	D	F	NS/P	Taxi
4/4	1619	New Hope, GA	I	DC9	D	F	SP	Forced landing on highway
7/6	2327	St. Louis, MO	T	L-188	D	F	NS/C	Commercial Operator
12/18	0139	Kaysville, UT	I	DC8	D	F	SC	Hit mountain

Phase: T = Take-off
L = Landing
I = Inflight

Damage: D = Destroyed
M = Minor
S = Substantial

Injury: F = One or More Fatality
O = None

Schedule: SP = Scheduled Passenger
SC = Scheduled Cargo
NS = Non-scheduled
Mil = Military
CTR = Charter

Where none apply, aircraft use is stated in prose

TABLE 2-2

Listing of U.S. Fixed Wing Air Carrier Landing
and Takeoff Accidents in the Contiguous U.S.
Involving Occupant Fatality and/or Destruction of the Aircraft

1956 - 1977

Ref. No.	Date	Location	Phase	Aircraft	Fatality	Type Oper.	Range & Bearing ⁽¹⁾	
							r mi.	θ deg.
<u>1956</u>								
1	2/17	Owensboro, Ky.	L	M-404	0	SP	0	0
2	4/1	Pittsburgh, Pa.	T	M-404	F	SP	0	0
3	4/2	Seattle, Wa.	T	B-377	F	SP(Controlled)	4.7	0
4	11/15	Las Vegas, Nev.	L	M-404	0	SP	0	0
<u>1957</u>								
5	1/6	Tulsa, Ok.	L	CV-240	F	SP	3.5	0
6	2/1	Rikers Island, NY	T	DC-6	F	SP	0.9	47
7	3/10	Louisville, Ky.	L	M-404	0	SP	0	0
8	9/15	New Bedford, Mass	L	DC-3	F	SP	0.8	6
<u>1958</u>								
9	2/13	Palm Springs, Ca.	T	CV-240	0	SP	4.0	0
10	3/25	Miami, Fl.	T	DC 7	F	SP (Emergency landing)	3.1	26
11	4/6	Freeland, Mi	L	Viscount	F	SP	0.4	0
12	6/4	Martinsburg, W.Va.	T	DC-3	F	Training	0.3	90
13	8/15	Nantucket, Ma.	L	CV-240	F	SP	0.3	22
14	8/28	Minneapolis, Mn.	T	DC-6	0	SP	0.6	0
15	11/10	New York, New York	T	L-1049	0	Training	0	0
<u>1959</u>								
16	2/3	New York, NY	L	L-188	F	SP	0.8	0
17	2/20	San Francisco, Ca.	L	DC-7	0	NS	0	0
18	3/15	Chicago, Ill.	L	CV-240	0	SC	1.2	28
19	5/12	Charleston, W. Va.	L	L-1049	F	SP	0	0
20	8/15	Calverton, NY	L	B-707	F	Training	3	13
21	9/2	Abilene, Tx.	L	C-46	F	NS/C	0	0
22	10/26	Santa Maria, Ca.	T	DC-3	F	SP (Emergency landing)	1.5	NA
23	11/24	Chicago, Ill.	L	L-1049	F	SC	0.2	0
24	12/1	Williamsport, Pa.	L	M-202	F	SP	1.4	90

TABLE 2-2 (continued)

Listing of U.S. Fixed Wing Air Carrier Landing
and Takeoff Accidents in the Contiguous U.S.
Involving Occupant Fatality and/or Destruction of the Aircraft

1956 - 1977

Ref. No.	Date	Location	Phase	Aircraft	Fatality	Type Oper.	Range & Bearing ⁽¹⁾	
							r mi.	θ deg.
<u>1960</u>								
25	5/23	Atlanta, Ga	T	CV-880	F	Training	0	0
26	9/14	New York, NY	L	L-188	O	SP	0	0
27	10/4	Boston, Mass.	T	L-188	F	SP	1.0	20L
28	10/29	Toledo, Ohio	T	C-46	F	NS/P	1.1	4L
<u>1961</u>								
29	7/11	Denver, Colo.	L	DC-8	F	SP	0	0
30	9/17	Chicago, Ill.	T	L-188	F	SP	0.8	90R
31	11/8	Richmond, Va.	L	L-1049	F	NS/P (Con- trolled)	1.1	26R
<u>1962</u>								
32	3/1	Jamaica Bay, NY	T	B-707	F	SP	2.7	95L
33	7/8	Amarillo, Tx.	T	V-812	O	SP (Intentional)	1.2	21
34	8/22	Wilmington, NC	L	M-404	O	Training	0	0
35	11/30	New York, NY	L	DC-7B	F	SP	0.75	9R
36	12/14	Hollywood, Ca.	L	L-1049	F	SC (Pilot coronary)	1.25	0
37	12/21	Grand Island, Neb.	L	CV-340	O	SP	0.8	0
<u>1963</u>								
38	1/29	Kansas City, Mo.	L	V-812	F	SP	0	0
39	2/3	San Francisco, Ca.	L	L-1049	F	SC	0.2	0
40	2/16	Puyallup, Wa.	L	C-46	O	NS/C	0.5	0
41	5/28	Manhattan, Ks.	L	L-1049	O	NS/P	0.1	0
42	7/2	Rochester, NY	T	M-404	F	SP	0	0
43	11/29	Morgantown, W.Va.	L	DC-3	F	Ferry	2.5	18R
<u>1964</u>								
44	3/10	Boston, Mass.	L	DC-4	F	SC	1.3	0
45	3/12	Miles City, Mt.	L	DC-3	F	SP	1.9	0

TABLE 2-2 (continued)

Listing of U.S. Fixed Wing Air Carrier Landing
and Takeoff Accidents in the Contiguous U.S.
Involving Occupant Fatality and/or Destruction of the Aircraft

1956 - 1977

Ref. No.	Date	Location	Phase	Aircraft	Fatality	Type Oper.	Range & Bearing ⁽¹⁾	
							$\frac{r}{\text{mi.}}$	$\frac{\theta}{\text{deg.}}$
<u>1964 contd.</u>								
46	11/20	Detroit, Mi.	T	C-46	O	NS/C	0.4	0
47	12/24	San Francisco, Ca.	T	L-1049	F	SC	4.2	31L
48	12/30	Detroit, Mi.	L	C-46	F	NS/C	2.2	13
<u>1965</u>								
49	4/16	Las Vegas, Nev.	T	F-27	O	Training	0	0
50	5/18	Knob Noster, Mo.	L	DC-6	O	NS/C	0.8	15L
51	7/23	Montorsville, Pa.	T	CV-440	O	SP	2.8	45L
52	9/13	Kansas City, Mo.	T	CV-880	O	Training	0.2	27
53	11/8	Constance, Ky.	L	B-727	F	SP	2.0	0
54	11/11	Salt Lake City, Ut.	L	B-727	F	SP	0.1	0
<u>1966</u>								
55	3/21	Norfolk, Va.	L	CL-44	O	SC	0	0
56	4/22	Ardmore, Ok.	L	L-188	F	NS/P	2.3	100L ₂ /
57	7/28	Newark, N.J.	L	C-46	O	NS/C (controlled)	1.75	90R ₂ /
58	11/20	New Bern, N.C.	L	M-404	F	SP	4.0	9
<u>1967</u>								
59	1/31	San Antonio, Tx.	L	DC-6	F	NS/C	4.5	0
60	3/30	Kenner, La.	L	DC-8	F	Training	0.4	27R
61	11/6	Erlanger, Ky.	T	R-707	F	SP	0	0
62	11/20	Constance, Ky.	L	CV-880	F	SP	NA	NA
63	12/21	Denver, Colo.	T	DC-3	F	NS/C	0	0
<u>1968</u>								
64	1/1	Oxford, Ms.	L	M-404	O	Ferry	0	0
65	3/21	Chicago, Ill.	T	B-727	O	SC	0	0
66	4/28	Atlantic City, N.J.	L	DC-8	O	Training	0	0
67	8/10	Charleston, W.Va.	L	F-227	F	SP	0	0

TABLE 2-2 (continued)

Listing of U.S. Fixed Wing Air Carrier Landing
and Takeoff Accidents in the Contiguous U.S.
Involving Occupant Fatality and/or Destruction of the Aircraft

1956 - 1977

Ref. No.	Date	Location	Phase	Aircraft	Fatality	Type Oper.	Range & Bearing ⁽¹⁾	
							r mi.	θ deg.
<u>1968 contd.</u>								
68	9/27	Cherry Point, N.C.	L	DC-7	0	NS/C	0.4	17
69	10/25	Hanover, N.H.	L	F-227	F	SP	NA	NA
70	12/24	Bradford, Pa.	L	CV-580	F	SP	2.8	8R
71	12/27	Sioux City, Ia.	T	DC-9	0	SP	0	0
72	12/27	Chicago, Ill.	L	CV-580	F	SP	0.3	86R
<u>1969</u>								
73	7/15	Jamaica, N.Y.	T	DHC-6	F	SP	0	0
74	7/26	Pomona, N.J.	L	B-707	F	Training	0	0
75	10/11	Stockton, Ca.	T	DC-8	0	Training	0	0
<u>1970</u>								
76	8/24	Hill AFB, Ut.	T	L-188	0	NS/C	0	0
77	9/8	Jamaica, N.Y.	T	DC-8	F	Ferry	0	0
78	10/10	Wrightstown, N.J.	L	GA-382	F	NS/C	1.0	0
79	11/14	Huntington, W.Va.	L	DC-9	F	NS/P	1.1	1L
<u>1971</u>								
80	3/31	Ontario, Ca.	L	B-720	F	Training	0	0
81	6/7	New Haven, Conn.	L	CV-580	F	SP	0.9	6
<u>1972</u>								
82	3/3	Albany, N.Y.	L	F-227	F	SP (controlled)	3.8	0
83	5/18	Ft. Lauderdale, Fla.	L	DC-9	0	SP	0	0
84	5/30	Ft. Worth, Tx.	L	DC-9	F	Training	0	0
85	12/8	Chicago, Ill.	L	B-737	F	SP	2.0	7L
86	12/20	Chicago, Ill.	T	DC-9	F	SP	0	0
<u>1973</u>								
87	7/23	St. Louis, Mo.	L	F-227	F	SP	2.6	4R
88	7/31	Boston, Mass.	L	DC-9	F	SP	0.6	4
89	11/3	Boston, Mass.	L	B-707	F	SC (controlled)	0.05	0
90	11/27	Akron, Ohio	L	DC-9	0	SP	0	0

TABLE 2-2 (continued)

Listing of U.S. Fixed Wing Air Carrier Landing
and Takeoff Accidents in the Contiguous U.S.
Involving Occupant Fatality and/or Destruction of the Aircraft

1956 - 1977

Ref. Nr.	Date	Location	Phase	Aircraft	Fatality	Type Oper.	Range & Bearing ⁽¹⁾	
							r mi.	θ deg.
<u>1974</u>								
91	1/16	Los Angeles, Ca.	L	B-707	0	SP	0	0
92	9/11	Charlotte, NC.	L	DC-9	F	SP	NA	NA
<u>1975</u>								
93	6/24	Jamaica, N.Y.	L	B-727	F	SP	0	0
94	11/12	Jamaica, N.Y.	T	DC-10	0	NS/P	0	0
<u>1976</u>								
95	2/8	Van Nuys, Ca.	L	DC-6	F	Ferry	1.5	0
96	6/23	Philadelphia, Pa.	L	DC-9	0	SP	0	0
<u>1977</u>								
97	7/6	St. Louis, Mo.	T	L-188	F	NS/C	0	0 ^{3/}

Abbreviations:

Phase: L - Landing, T = Takeoff
 Injury: F - One or more occupant fatalities, 0 = None
 Type Oper.: SC = Scheduled Cargo, SP = Scheduled passenger
 NS/C = Non-scheduled cargo, NS/P - Non-scheduled passenger
 (NS includes military charters)

Range and Bearing:

r is the radial distance, in miles, of the hit to the end of the runway in use. θ is the angle to the runway centerline, in degrees.

^{1/}L = Left of aircraft course, R = Right of aircraft course, NA = Not available in reports.

^{2/}Plane takeoff had engine problems - attempted to land on other runway. Force landing - short of runway. Distances are those to runway of attempted landing.

^{3/}Accident occurs above 3/4 of distance down runway off-runway to the left on airport property.

Table 2-3A

U.S. Air Carrier Takeoff Accidents of Scheduled Flights
In the Contiguous U.S.*

1956 - 1977

<u>Reference No.</u>	<u>Type Operation</u>	<u>r Miles</u>	<u>θ Degrees</u>	<u>Actual Orientation**</u>
3	SP	4.7	0	
6	SP	0.9	47	
9	SP	4.0	0	
10	SP	3.1	26	
14	SP	0.6	0	
27	SP	1.0	20	L
30	SP	0.8	90	R
32***	SP	2.7	95	L
33	SP	1.2	21	
47	SC	4.2	31	L
51	SP	2.8	45	L

* This table is derived from Table 2.3 by listing only those accidents from Table 2.3 involving takeoff of scheduled passenger or cargo flights.

** Orientation where known is left (L) or right (R) of the runway centerline looking toward the arriving or departing aircraft from the end of the runway.

*** Aircraft involved was heavier than 200,000 pounds.

Table 2-3B

U.S. Air Carrier Takeoff Accidents of Non-Scheduled Flights
In the Contiguous U.S.*

1956 - 1977

<u>Reference No.</u>	<u>Type Operation</u>	<u>r Miles</u>	<u>θ Degrees</u>	<u>Actual Orientation**</u>
12	Training	0.3	90	
28	NS/P	1.1	4	L
46	NS/C	0.4	0	
52	Trianing	0.2	27	

* This table is derived from Table 2-3 by listing only those accidents from Table 2-3 involving takeoff accidents of non-scheduled passenger or cargo, training, and ferry flights.

** Orientation where known is left (L) or right (R) of the runway centerline looking toward the arriving or departing aircraft from the end of the runway.

Table 2-3C

U.S. Air Carrier Landing Accidents of Scheduled Flights
In the Contiguous U.S.*

1956 - 1977

<u>Reference No.</u>	<u>Type Operation</u>	<u>r Miles</u>	<u>θ Degrees</u>	<u>Actual Orientation**</u>
5	SP	3.5	0	
8	SP	0.8	6	
11	SP	0.4	0	
13	SP	0.3	22	
16	SP	0.8	0	
18	SC	1.2	28	
23	SC	0.2	0	
24	SP	1.4	90	
35	SP	0.75	9	R
36	SC	1.25	0	
37	SP	0.8	0	
39	SC	0.2	0	
44	SC	1.3	0	
45	SP	1.5	0	
53	SP	2.0	0	
54	SP	0.1	0	
58	SP	4.0	0	
70	SP	2.8	8	R
72	SP	0.3	86	R
81	SP	0.9	6	
82	SP	3.8	0	
85	SP	2.0	7	L
87	SP	2.6	4	R
88	SP	0.6	4	
89***	SC	0.05	0	

*This table is derived from Table 2.3 listing only those accidents from Table 2.3 involving landing of scheduled passenger or cargo flights.

**Orientation where known is left (L) or right (R) of the runway centerline looking towards the arriving or departing aircraft from the end of the runway.

***Aircraft involved was heavier than 200,000 pounds.

Table 2-3D

U.S. Air Carrier Landing Accidents of Non-Scheduled Flights
In the Contiguous U.S.*

1956 - 1977

<u>Reference No.</u>	<u>Type Operation</u>	<u>r Miles</u>	<u>θ Degrees</u>	<u>Actual Orientation**</u>
20***	Training	3.0	13	
32	NS/P	1.1	26	R
40	NS/C	0.5	0	
41	NS/P	0.1	0	
43	Ferry	2.5	18	R
48	NS/C	2.2	13	
50	NS/C	0.8	15	L
56	NS/P	2.3	100	L
57	NS/C	1.75	90	R
59	NS/C	4.5	0	
60***	Training	0.4	27	R
68	NS/C	0.4	17	
78	NS/C	1.0	0	
79	NS/P	1.1	5	L
95	Ferry	1.5	0	

*This table is derived from Table 2.3 by listing only those accidents from Table 2.3 involving landing of non-scheduled passenger or cargo, training, and ferry flights.

**Orientation where known is left (L) or right (R) of the runway centerline looking towards the arriving or departing aircraft from the end of the runway.

***Aircraft involved was heavier than 200,000 pounds.

TABLE 2-3E

SUMMARY DATA TABLE OF PERTINENT ACCIDENT
INFORMATION INCLUDING PROBABLE CAUSE OF THE ACCIDENT 1/

<u>No.</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Type of Plane</u>	<u>Probable Cause Remarks</u>	<u>IFR^{2/}</u>	<u>Weather</u>
1	1956 2/17	Owensboro, Ky.	M-404	Circling approach. Little or no portion of the approach was straight in. Stalled, struck ground.		
2	4/1	Pittsburgh, Pa.	M-404	First power reduction during takeoff. Fire indication in engine. Co-pilot retarded throttle to the point which deactivated auto-feathering. Pilot was unaware and attempted to feather. Drag of wind milling propeller caused sharp descending left turn.		
3	4/2	Seattle, Wash.	B-377	Improper setting of engine cowl flaps caused severe buffeting about 2 min. after takeoff. Aircraft ditched. 4 passengers, 1 crew drowned (38 aboard).		
4	11/15	Las Vegas, Nev.	M-404	Roughness developing in engine on takeoff. Return to airport. Approach was high and fast. Go-around attempted but could not gain altitude. Wheels-up landing within airport.		

TABLE 2-3E (Continued)

<u>No.</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Type of Plane</u>	<u>Probable Cause Remarks</u>	<u>IFR^{2/}</u>	<u>Weather</u>
5	<u>1957</u> <u>1/6</u>	Tulsa, Ok.	CV-240	Weather conditions deteriorating rapidly. Instrument approach continued below company minimums.	IFR	
6	2/1	Rikers Island, N.Y.	DC-6	Instrument weather conditions. Pilot thought flight was normal until instant before impact.	IFR	Instrument weather conditions
7	3/10	Louisville, Ky.	M-404	Co-pilot made approach high. Pilot took over. Nosed aircraft sharply down continued steep power-off approach. Because power was not applied, flareout ineffective due to low air speed. Hard landing, wing torn off.		
8	9/15	New Bedford, Mass.	DC-3	Crew failed to adhere to prescribed ILS approach. Hit trees to right and below glide path.	IFR ILS	Fog, low ceiling
9	<u>1958</u> <u>2/13</u>	Palm Springs, Ca.	CV-240	Shortly after takeoff, section of leading edge separated from plane. Severe control difficulty and buffeting. Made wheels-down landing on boulder strewn area. Broke up on boulders.		
10	3/25	Miami, Fla.	DC-7	No. 3 engine failed shortly after takeoff during turn. Loss of altitude rapidly. Crashed.		

TABLE 2-3E (Continued)

<u>No.</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Type of Plane</u>	<u>Probable Cause Remarks</u>	<u>IFR^{2/}</u>	<u>Weather</u>
11	<u>1958</u> <u>4/6</u> (cont'd)	Freeland, Mich.	Viscount	Restricted visibility. Steep turn made to align with runway. Stall. Insufficient altitude to permit recovery.		Restricted visibility
12	6/4	Martinsburg, W.Va.	DC-3	Training. Single engine climb-out. Under investigation.		
13	8/15	Nantucket, Mass.	CV-240	VOR instrument approach. With plane in low altitude, ran into heavy fog bank. Lost all visual reference. Although visibility below minimum, descent was continued. Struck ground at time pullup was started.	ILS	
14	8/28	Minneapolis, Minn.	DC-6	Under investigation.		
15	11/10	New York, N.Y.	L-1049	Unwanted propeller reversal during takeoff. Under investigation.		
16	<u>1959</u> <u>2/3</u>	New York, N.Y.	L-188	ILS with auto-pilot. Crew not experienced with plane. Auto-pilot used throughout approach. Error in altimeter setting.	ILS	
17	2/20	San Francisco, Ca.	DC-7	Training. During flareout, high rate of descent continued and struck runway.		

TABLE 2-3E (Continued)

<u>No.</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Type of Plane</u>	<u>Probable Cause Remarks</u>	<u>IFR^{2/}</u>	<u>Weather</u>
18	1959 (cont'd) 3/15	Chicago, Ill.	CV-240	ILS instrument landing first approach discontinued since instruments tuned to wrong frequency. On second approach, hit a steel tower, came down in railroad yard.	ILS	
19	5/12	Charlestown, W.Va.	L-1049	Wet runway. Braking was ineffective. Pilot tried to ground loop rather than continue down sharp declivity at end of runway. Plane turned off runway went over embankment, burned.		
20	8/15	Calverton, N.Y.	B-707	Training crew made no flap waveoff. Continued around with gear down. Second approach was simulated, one engine out. Went into a scooping barrel roll and crashed.		
21	9/2	Abilene, Tex.	C-46	Lost elevator control on auto-pilot. Assisted by CCA, tried to land with power and trim for pitch control. Landing on main wheels accomplished but during roll plane "porpoised." Power applied, plane rose 200 ft., stalled, pitched down, hit runway (angle more than 45°). Investigation showed improperly secured part in elevator assembly.		

TABLE 2-3E (Continued)

<u>No.</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Type of Plane</u>	<u>Probable Cause Remarks</u>	<u>IFR^{2/}</u>	<u>Weather</u>
22	1959 (cont'd) 10/26	Santa Maria, Ca.	DC-3	Shortly after the first power reduction after takeoff, explosion and fire in left engine. Fire appeared to be extinguished, but severe buffeting continued. Attempted forced landing. Just before land swerved to avoid an obstruction. Left wing struck ground.		
23	11/24	Chicago, Ill	L-1049	One min. after takeoff No. 2 engine indicated fire warning and shut down. Cleared to return during VFR below an overcast. Plane struck top of house.		Low ceiling
24	12/1	Williamsport, Pa.	M-202	Missed first approach. Circling for second approach. Plane rolled out of correct right turn into left turn into snow showers. Hit mountain.	IFR	Snow
25	1960 5/23	Atlanta, Ga.	CV-880	Training flight. Immediately after liftoff became extremely nose high and banked steeply. Aircraft stalled at an altitude too low to effect recovery.		
26	9/14	New York, N.Y.	L-188	In landing plane struck dike at start of runway. Runway had been shortened during construction. Dike was unmarked.		

TABLE 2-3E (Continued)

27	<u>1960</u> <u>10/4</u>	(cont'd) Boston, Mass.	L-188	A few sec. after being airborne, plane struck flock of starlings. Engines experienced momentary loss of power. Plane stalled, dropped into water.	
28	10/29	Toledo, Ohio	C-46	Fog. Overweight takeoff. Partial loss of power in one engine.	Fog
29	<u>1961</u> <u>7/11</u>	Denver, Colo.	DC-8	Asymmetric thrust which during a hydraulic emergency resulted from failure of the thrust reversers on Engine Nos. 1 and 2 when reverse thrust was selected.	
30	9/17	Chicago, Ill.	L-188	Takeoff normal but subsequent turn continued into increasing bank to 90°. Gradual descent began and plane struck ground (power lines). Probable cause, mechanical failure in aileron control due to improper replacement of a part.	
31	11/8	Richmond, Va.	L-1049	Military. Nos. 3 and 4 engines ran out of fuel. Co-pilot, without warning pilot, attempted landing on a runway different from pilot's intent. Co-pilot put down landing gear, gear did not extend. During attempted go-around overboost on Engine 1 caused failure. Crashed short of the other runway.	

TABLE 2-3E (Continued)

<u>No.</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Type of Plane</u>	<u>Probable Cause Remarks</u>	<u>IFR^{2/}</u>	<u>Weather</u>
32	1962 3/1	Jamaica Bay, N.Y.	B-707	Normal takeoff. While climbing and turning, banking continued. Plane rolled and became inverted nose down. Rudder system malfunction, recovery ineffective.		
33	7/8	Amarillo, Tex.	V-812	During takeoff, pilot distracted by rain leak on his arm as landing gear was being retracted. Props struck runway. Broken prop pieces from No. 3 engine damaged No. 4 engine. Severe vibrations developed. Emergency wheels-up landing off airport.		Rain
34	8/22	Wilmington, N.C.	M-404	Training. Simulated right engine out landing, uneventful until final power reduction. Left wing dropped sharply. Corrective controls applied with negligible effect. Probable cause, malfunction in servo valve controls for prop reversal.		
35	11/30	New York, N.Y.	DC-7B	Attempted go-around but plane continued to descend. Fog conditions not adequately reported. Poor technique by crew.	I	Fog
36	12/14	Hollywood, Ca.	L-1049	No evidence of aircraft failure. Pilot had heart disease. Probable cause, pilot incapacitation during critical phase of landing.	ILS	Fog

TABLE 2-3E (Continued)

<u>No.</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Type of Plane</u>	<u>Probable Cause Remarks</u>	<u>IFR^{2/}</u>	<u>Weather</u>
37	1962 (cont'd) 12/21	Grand Island, Neb.	CV-340	Failure of the crew to monitor altitude properly during landing approach.		
38	1963 1/29	Kansas City, Mo.	V-812	Plane continued in flight at low altitude above runway, suddenly pitched down. During let down from cruising, conditions were conducive to the formation of rime ice on aircraft surfaces. Deicer not in use. Subsequent tests showed ice on leading edge of horizontal stabilizer and caused strong nose down pitch when flaps were lowered.		Weather above IFR minimums. Icing.
39	2/3	San Francisco, Ca.	L-1049	Struck runway lights, short of runway making ILS approach. Probable cause, continuation of instrument approach after visual reference was lost. Inadequate monitoring approach by PAR controller was a contributing factor.	ILS	Fog, variable above and below minimum.
40	2/16	Puyallup, Wash.	C-46	Seven min. after takeoff from McCord AFB, engine malfunction. Unsuccessful attempt to feather. Engine intermittently oversped due to separation of throttle control rod with throttle in full open position. Attempted to land at Puyallup. First approach too high. An attempted go-around engine again oversped and aircraft apparently stalled. Controller did not provide pilot with true runway conditions.		

TABLE 2-3E (Continued)

<u>No.</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Type of Plane</u>	<u>Probable Cause</u>	<u>Remarks</u>	<u>IFR^{2/}</u>	<u>Weather</u>
41	1963 5/28	(cont'd) Manhattan, Kansas	L-1049		Landing normal until flap fully lowered and air speed reduced to 120 kn. Plane yawed, unable to correct easily. Applied "considerable power" to all 4 engines. Control increased but so did speed of descent. Investigation showed No. 3 propeller part improperly installed.		
42	7/2	Rochester, N.Y.	M-404		Plane took off into severe thunderstorm. Crashed. No evidence of systems or structure failure. Weather forecasts accurate.		Thunderstorm, hail, rain, winds
43	11/29	Morgantown, W.Va.	DC-3		Inaccurate instrumentation caused approach to be off target.	ILS IFR	light rain, fog
44	1964 3/10	Boston, Mass.	DC-4		Apparently normal ILS approach. Plane suddenly pitched down and crashed. Weather conducive to icing. Heavy rime ice encountered at assigned 3,000 ft. IFR altitude. Damaged such that investigation could not determine whether there was a malfunction of the deicer. The probable cause is excessive ice formation.	ILS IFR	Icing

TABLE 2-3E (Continued)

<u>No.</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Type of Plane</u>	<u>Probable Cause Remarks</u>	<u>IFR^{2/}</u>	<u>Weather</u>
45	1964 3/12	(cont'd) Miles City, Mt.	DC-3	Plane hit hill at an elevation a few feet below the elevation of the airport at some distance away during an instrument approach in adverse weather.	ILS	Icing. Near min. visibility
46	11/20	Detroit, Mich.	C-46	Plane was deiced. Plane was loaded to maximum weight. Takeoff used three-fourths of runway. Power reduced at around 110 kn. (200 ft.). Plane began to vibrate and pilot saw trees ahead. Applied full power but plane settled to ground with flaps and gear up. Cause: inadequate deicing and preflight inspection.		Ice
47	12/24	San Francisco, Ca.	L-1049	Pilot advised of need to correct instrument approach. Disappeared from radar and crashed. Reason for deviation from course unknown.	IFR	Fog, drizzle
48	12/30	Detroit, Mich.	C-46	Making apparently good ILS approach. Advised of need to make small correction. Followed by abrupt excessive steep turn. Cause: loss of control during approach in adverse weather.	IFR ILS	Fog, drizzle

TABLE 2-3E (Continued)

<u>No.</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Type of Plane</u>	<u>Probable Cause</u>	<u>Remarks</u>	<u>IFR^{2/}</u>	<u>Weather</u>
49	1965 4/16	Las Vegas, Nev.	F-27	Improper function of asymmetric flap indicator due to foreign material. Plane swerved on takeoff run.			
50	5/18	Knob Noster, Mo.	DC-6	Plane descended below ILS glide slope during approach in adverse weather and hit trees.	IFR ILS		Low ceiling
51	7/23	Montorsville, Pa.	CV-440	After initial climb during takeoff, connecting rod failure in engine. Improper emergency procedures.			
52	9/13	Kansas City, Mo.	CV-880	Training. Probable Cause: student improperly operated flight controls causing stall during takeoff. Inadequate supervision.			
53	11/8	Constance, Ky.	B-727	Co-pilot was a captain receiving route check. Probable cause: pilots did not monitor altimeter during the landing on the low-ceiling conditions.			Rain. Low ceiling
54	11/11	Salt Lake City, Utah	B-727	Pilot failed to take timely action to arrest excessive rate of descent during landing.			
55	1966 3/21	Norfolk, Va.	CL-444	Landing roll. Improper level-off. Inadequate supervision.			

TABLE 2-3E (Continued)

<u>No.</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Type of Plane</u>	<u>Probable Cause</u>	<u>Remarks</u>	<u>IFR^{2/}</u>	<u>Weather</u>
56	<u>1966</u> <u>4/22</u>	(cont'd) Ardmore, Ok.	L-188	Struck hill on visual circling approach under instrument flight conditions. Pilot suffered heart attack.		IFR	Rain, fog, low ceiling
57	7/28	Newark, N.J.	C-46	Craft overloaded. Improper center of gravity. Material failure in power plant. Controlled forced landing at airport.			
58	11/20	New Bern, N.C.	M-404	Collided with trees. Pilot descended below obstructing terrain.			
59	<u>1967</u> <u>7/31</u>	San Antonio, Tex.	DC-6	Undetermined. Instrument landing attempt in bad weather. Hit cliff 1000 ft. below glide path.			
60	3/30	Kenner, La.	DC-8	Simulated 2-engine outlanding. Improper operation of power plant and flight controls.			
61	11/6	Erlanger, Ky.	B-707	Co-pilot suspected collision. Aborted takeoff. Runway too short. Other plane not clear of runway as pilot had reported to tower.			
62	11/20	Constance, Ky.	CV-880	Under review.			
63	12/21	Denver, Col.	DC-3	Inadequate preflight preparation and/or planning - gust locks engaged - pitch control problem.			

TABLE 2-3E (Continued)

<u>No.</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Type of Plane</u>	<u>Probable Cause Remarks</u>	<u>IFR^{2/}</u>	<u>Weather</u>	
64	1968 1/1	Oxford, Miss.	M-404	Landing undershoot. Gear collapsed. Pilot misjudged distance and altitude. No runway approach lights.			
65	3/21	Chicago, Ill.	B-727	Co-pilot did not properly set flaps. Takeoff warning horn sounded. Pilot delayed action to abort takeoff.			
66	4/28	Atlantic City, N.J.	DC-8	Simulated 2-engine landing. Improper operation of power plant.			
67	8/10	Charleston, W.Va.	F-227	Unrecognized loss of altitude orientation. Pilot delayed in initiating go-around. Misjudged distance and altitude.	IFR	Fog	41
68	9/27	Cherry Point, N.C.	DC-7	Improper IFR operation.	IFR	Fog, low ceiling	
69	10/25	Hanover, N.H.	F-227	Pilot delayed action in aborting takeoff.			
70	12/24	Bradford, Pa.	CV-580	Struck trees on instrument approach in a snow shower.			
71	12/27	Chicago, Ill.	CV-580	Missed approach to land while on instruments - inability to recover - struck aircraft hanger.			
72	12/27	Sioux City, Iowa	DC-9	Takeoff made with known airframe icing.	IFR	Icing, low ceiling freezing drizzle	

632
339

TABLE 2-3E (Continued)

<u>No.</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Type of Plane</u>	<u>Probable Cause Remarks</u>	<u>IFR^{2/}</u>	<u>Weather</u>
73	1969 7/15	Jamaica, N.Y.	DC-6	Vortex turbulence. Pilot misjudged distance. Warned of wake turbulence from recently departed jet.		
74	7/26	Pomona, N.J.	B-707	Missed approach. Pilot failed to follow approved procedures, loss of directional control.		
75	10/11	Stockton, Ca.	DC-8	False ground spoiler position indication. Takeoff warning on malfunction.		
76	1970 8/24	Hill AFB, Utah	L-188	One hydraulic pump used. Company required use of all 3 hydraulic pumps for takeoff.		
77	9/8	Jamaica, N.Y.	DC-8	Loss of pitch control due to entrapment of foreign object (pointed asphalt cover) between R-elevator and R-horizontal stabilizer.		
78	10/10	Wrightstown, N.J.	GA-382	Crew disoriented by light glare during transition from instrument to visual flight. Improper IFR operation. Instruments misread or not read.	IFR	Fog, low ceiling
79	11/14	Huntington, W.Va.	DC-9	Descent below minimum altitude. Undetermined as to whether descent was due to improper instrument data use or altimeter sensor error.		

TABLE 2-3E (Continued)

80	<u>1971</u> <u>3/31</u>	Ontario, Ca.	B-720	Simulated 3-engine landing. Missed approach. Rudder and hydraulic actuator support fitting stressed corrosion cracks.	IFR	Fog
81	6/7	New Haven, Conn.	CV-580	Unwarranted low flying. Pilot continued descent below minimum altitude without forward vision despite advisories from First Officer.	IFR	Fog, low ceiling
82	<u>1972</u> <u>3/3</u>	Albany, N.Y.	F-227	Cruise pitch lock malfunction. Feathered prop for undetermined reason. Descended below minimum altitude. Improper altitude awareness procedures.		
83	5/18	Ft. Lauderdale, Fla.	DC-9	Weather below minimum. Flight did not report the outer marker inbound as requested by tower controller and did not receive a landing clearance.	IFR	Rain, thunderstorm, low ceiling
84	5/30	Ft. Worth, Tex.	DC-9	Vortex turbulence from proceeding plane.		
85	12/8	Chicago, Ill.	B-737	About 700 ft. high at landing marker during landing approach. Spoilers displayed. Failure to obtain or maintain flying speed.		

TABLE 2-3E (Continued)

<u>No.</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Type of Plane</u>	<u>Probable Cause Remarks</u>	<u>IFR^{2/}</u>	<u>Weather</u>
86	<u>1972</u> <u>12/20</u> (cont'd)	Chicago, Ill.	DC-9	Collision during takeoff with taxiing planes. Air traffic control system did not provide separation. Controller instructions ambiguous.	IFR	Fog, low ceiling
87	<u>1973</u> <u>7/23</u>	St. Louis, Mo.	F-227	Weather conditions considerably worse than forecast. Pilot continued instrument landing into thunderstorm. Lack of timely issuance of severe weather warning.	IFR	Thunderstorm, down-drafts and updrafts, lightning
88	7/31	Boston, Mass.	DC-9	Improper IFR operation - unstable ILS approach.	IFR	Fog, low ceiling
89	11/3	Boston, Mass.	B-707	Inflight fire.		
90	11/27	Akron, Ohio	DC-9	Ran off runway into ravine due to reduced ability to brake on wet runway.		Fog, light rain, showers, low ceiling
91	<u>1974</u> <u>7/16</u>	Los Angeles, Ca.	B-707	Pilot continued visual approach after losing visual reference. Penetrated fog over runway. Copilot improper IFR operation. Hard landing gear collapse. Landing roll.	Weather VFR Flight plan IFR	Fog

TABLE 2-3E (Continued)

92	9/11	Charlotte, N.C.	DC-9	Lack of altitude awareness during approach. Altitude callouts not made. Co-pilot improper IFR operation.	IFR*	
93	<u>1975</u> <u>6/24</u>	Jamaica, N.Y.	B-727	Undershoot landing. Collided with runway approach lights. Traffic control cleared aircraft for wrong runway under existing conditions. Continued use of runway should have become evident to air traffic control and crew. Severe weather hazard existed along approach path.	IFR	Thunderstorm, wind shear
94	11/12	Jamaica, N.Y.	DC-10	Bird ingested. Takeoff aborted. Under investigation.		
95	<u>1976</u> <u>2/8</u>	Van Nuys, Ca.	DC-6	Propeller failure. Fatigue. Propeller severed fuselage. Forced landing off airport. Inadequate maintenance inspection of aircraft.	VFR	Rain

FR* Report does not specifically state plane was on IFR but remarks indicate it was IFR.

TABLE 2-3E (Continued)

<u>No.</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Type of Plane</u>	<u>Probable Cause Remarks</u>	<u>IFR^{2/}</u>	<u>Weather</u>
96	<u>1976</u> <u>6/23</u>	(cont'd) Philadelphia, Pa.	DC-9	Under investigation.		
97	<u>1977</u> <u>7/6</u>	St. Louis, Mo.	L-188	Propeller failure. On first takeoff No. 2 engine auto-feathered, oil exhaustion (leaks?). Improperly replaced. No. 2 propeller was reversed on second takeoff.		

^{1/} This table was generated by identifying accidents involving commercial carriers which resulted in fatalities to occupants of the aircraft or which resulted in the destruction of the aircraft.

^{2/} IFR - Instrument Flight Rules - define a set of weather minimum weather conditions. These are at least a 3 mile visibility and a 1000 ft. ceiling.

ILS - Instrument Landing System - is used to identify the physical hardware systems used to land a plane on instruments. Consists of the airport equipment on the ground as well as the equipment in the aircraft essential to land the aircraft.

VFR - Visual Flight Rules - is the opposite of IFR and reflects a set of weather conditions better than those defined as IFR.

TABLE 2-4

ACCIDENTS FOR WHICH DETAILS WERE CONFIRMED

Ref. No.	Date	Location	Flight Phase	Aircraft** TYPE/WT	Impact Speed knots	Type Operation	Comments	Range & Bearing	
								r mi.	θ deg.
27	1960 10/4	Boston, Mass	T	--	136-108	NS/P	Hit flock of birds on takeoff	1.0	20L
28	10/24	Toledo, Ohio	T	-/48,900	low speed engines stopped	NS/P	Overweight, left turn required on takeoff, fog	1.1	4L
30	1961 9/17	Chicago, Ill.	T	T/95,700	120-160	SP	Right turn required on takeoff for nose abatement - struck power lines	0.8	90R
31	11/8	Richmond, Va.	L	P/82,000	<95	NS/P	Controlled crash on approach for emergency landing	1.1	26R
32	1962 3/1	Jamaica Bay, N.Y.	T	J/246,000	200	SP	Left turn required on takeoff. Near vertical dive on crash	2.7	95L
35	11/30	New York, N.Y.	L	-/103,164	--	SP	Inst. approach, fog	0.75	9R Δ
39	1963 2/3	San Francisco CA	L	P/83,400	120	SC	Hit approach lights, poor weather	0.2	0
40	2/16	Fuyallup, Wa.	L	-/46,751	-	NS/C	Engine malfunction on takeoff. Attempted go around - struck tree	0.5	0
41	5/28	Manhattan, Ks.	L	P/102,000	120	NS/P	Hit just short of runway	0.1	0
43	11/29	Morgantown, W.Va.	L	---	-	Ferry	Inst. approach, struck tree, bad compass, fog	2.5	18R
44	1964 3/10	Boston, Mass.	L	P/56,300	fell 500' from approach speed	SC	Landed short - 30° angle of impact from horizontal, winds	1.3	0
45	3/12	Miles City, Mt.	L	-/23,300	135	SP	Approach too low	1.9	0

*Summary of all accidents in Table 2-2 for which detailed information is available.

**P = prop; T = turboprop; J = Jet, (-) not available.

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TABLE 2-4 (Continued)

Ref. No.	Date	Location	Flight Phase	Aircraft** TYPE/WT	Impact Speed knots	Type Operation	Comments	Range & Bearing	
								r mT.	θ deg.
1964 (cont.)									
46	11/20	Detroit, Mi.	T	P/47,900	<110	NS/C	Snow and ice	0.4	0
47	12/24	San Francisco, CA	T	P/142,100	140	SC	Poor weather, night - hit mountain	4.2	31L
1965									
50	5/18	Knob Noster, Mo.	T	P/86,800	125-140	NS/C	Inst approach, missed, attempting to pull out, hit tree	0.8	15L
51	7/23	Montorsville, Pa.	T	P/45,155	100-115	SP	Glanced top of hill, slid down backside	2.0	45L
53	11/8	Constance, Ky.	L	J/121,000	140	SP	Visual - heavy rain	2.0	0
54	11/11	Salt Lake City, U.	L	J/136,300	132	SP	Visual Approach - hit just short of runway	0.1	0
1966									
56	4/22	Ardmore, Ok.	L	T/92,600	150	NS/P	Visual approach - fog	2.3	100L ⁵⁵
57	7/28	Newark, N.J.	L	P/47,000	<97	NS/C	Controlled - Engine failure on takeoff, circling back to land	1.75	90R
1967									
59	1/31	San Antonio, Tx.	L	P/ -	-	NS/C	Fog - Instrument Approach	4.5	0
60	3/30	Kenner, La.	L	J/179,670	less than normal landing speed	Training	Simulated 2 engine failure on takeoff, circling back to land	0.4	27R
1968									
70	12/24	Bradford, Pa.	L	T/51,000	130	SP	Struck tree on mountain - snow	2.8	8R
72	12/27	Chicago, Ill.	L	T/53,000	Stall	SP	Aborted landing, struck hanger	0.3	86R
1970									
79	11/14	Huntington, W.Va.	L	J/89,300	122-139	NS/P	Horizontal impact into trees	1.1	5L
1971									
81	6/7	New Haven, Conn.	L	T/ -	-	SP	Crash after 3 approaches	0.9	6

TABLE 2-4 (Continued)

Ref. No.	Date	Location	Flight Phase	Aircraft** TYPE/WT	Impact Speed Knots	Type Operation	Comments	Range & Bearing	
								r mi.	θ deg.
	<u>1972</u>								
82	<u>3/3</u>	Albany, N.Y.	L	T/45,000	130	SP	Low visibility - controlled crash	3.8	0
85	<u>12/8</u>	Chicago, Ill.	L	J/98,000	120	SP	Fog - Crashed short of runway	2.0	7L
	<u>1973</u>								
87	<u>7/23</u>	St. Louis, Mo.	L	T/43,000	?	SP	Possible struck by lightning	2.6	4R
89	<u>11/3</u>	Boston, Mass.	L	P/116,500	150	SC	Low altitudes - fall on tail, crashed	.05	0
	<u>1976</u>								
95	<u>2/8</u>	Van Nuys, Ca.	L	P/116,500	140	Ferry	Fog, hit tree	1.5	0
	<u>1977</u>								
97	<u>7/6</u>	St. Louis, Mo.	T	J/69,699	100-120	NS/C	Just off runway	0	0

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TABLE 2-5

Listing of U.S. Heavy Air Carrier Landing
and Takeoff Accidents in the contiguous U.S., Involving
Occupant Fatality and/or Destruction of the Aircraft

<u>Date</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Phase</u>	<u>Aircraft</u>	<u>Injury</u>	<u>Type Oper.</u>	<u>Hit Location</u> ⁽¹⁾		<u>Speed at Impact</u>	<u>Remarks</u>
						$\frac{r}{mi.}$	$\frac{\theta}{deg.}$		
8/15/59	Calverton, N.Y.	L	B-707	F	Training	3	13	165 Knots	(T/) at 201,000 3 hours earlier (26° velocity vector, 12° aircraft)
7/11/61	Denver, Co.	L	DC-8	F	SP	0.0	0	~50 Knots	(thrust reversal failure during landing roll)
3/1/62	Jamaica Bay, N.Y.	T	B-707	F	SP	2.7	90	~200 Knots	(vertical descent) (246,000 lbs.)
3/30/67	Kenner, La.	L	DC-8	F	Training	0.4	27	132 Knots	(struck wires prior to impact)
11/6/67	Erlanger, Ky.	T	B-707	F	SP	0.0	0		(T/O abort following runway collision with other aircraft)
4/28/68	Atlantic City, N.J.	L	DC-8	O	Training	0.0	0	~150 Knots	(control failure while overflying runway)
10/16/69	Stockton, Ca.	T	DC-8	O	Training	0.0	0		(gear collapse on T/O abort)
9/8/70	Jamaica, N.Y.	T	DC-8	F	Ferry	0.0	0		

TABLE 2-5 (Continued)

Listing of U.S. Heavy Air Carrier Landing
and Takeoff Accidents in the Contiguous U.S., Involving
Occupant Fatality and/or Destruction of the Aircraft

<u>Date</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Phase</u>	<u>Aircraft</u>	<u>Injury</u>	<u>Type Oper.</u>	<u>Hit Location</u> (1)		<u>Speed at Impact</u>	<u>Remarks</u>
						$\frac{r}{\text{mi.}}$	$\frac{\theta}{\text{deg.}}$		
3/31/71	Ontario, Ca.	L	B-720	F	Training	0	0		
11/3/73	Boston, Mass.	L	B-707	F	SC	0.05	90	150 Knots	prior to rotation, struck vertical, tail down, T/O at 293,872 lbs. several hours earlier
1/16/74	Los Angeles, Ca.	L	B-707	0	SP	0	0		
11/12/75	Jamaica, N.Y.	T	DC-10	0	NS/P	0	0		

Abbreviations:

Phase: L = Landing, T = Takeoff
 Injury: F = One or more occupant fatalities, 0 = None
 Type Oper.: SC = Scheduled cargo, SP = Scheduled passenger
 NS/C = Non-scheduled cargo, NS/P = Non-scheduled passenger

Range and Bearing (T)

r is the radial distance, in miles, of the hit to the end of the runway in use. θ is the angle to the runway centerline, in degrees.

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TABLE 2-6

TYPICAL U.S.-MANUFACTURED CIVILIAN PASSENGER AIRCRAFT OVER 200,000 LBS

MODEL	WT. EMPTY (1000 lbs)	TYPICAL MAXIMUM GROSS WT. (1000 lbs)	MAXIMUM LANDING WT. (1000 lbs)	LANDING SPEED (MPH)	FAA T/O FIELD LENGTH (FT)
B707-120	118	258	190	165	10,550
B707-120B	125	258	190	158	7,450
B707-320	135	316	207	161	10,650
B707-320B	141.8	336	247	158	10,020
B707-320C	145.7	336	247	158	10,020
B707-420	133	316	207	162	10,650
B720	110.8	230	175	148	9,400
B720B	112.9	235	175	152	6,450
B747-100	354	713	564	162	9,000
B747-200B	362.9	778	564	162	10,500
B747-200C	375	778	630	175	10,200
B747-SR	347.8	523	505	148	4,600
B747-SP	313	663	450	155	7,530
B767-200	158.7	280	255	134	7,600
DC-8-10	121	273	193	148	9,625
DC-8-20	123.8	276	199.5	151	7,680
DC-8-30	126.5	315	207	153	9,050
DC-8-40	124.4	315	207	153	9,650
DC-8-50	134.8	325	207	145	10,000
DC-8-61	148.9	325	240	163	10,000
DC-8-62	141.9	335	240	143	9,800
DC-8-63	153.7	350	245	157	10,180
DC-10-10	235.3	440	363.5	147	9,000
DC-10-30	261.5	565	403	158	11,100
DC-10-40	267.8	555	403	160	12,250
DCX-200	N/A	293	N/A	N/A	N/A
CNVR-990	114.8	255	202	125	5,400
L1011-I	241.4	430	359	161	7,600
L1011-100	243.2	466	368	164	10,700
L1011-200	244.2	466	368	164	8,060

Source: Aviation Week and Space Technology, various issues.

Note: The B757 is expected to have a gross weight of less than 219,000 pounds.

TABLE 2-7

U.S. AIR CARRIER OPERATIONS AND ACCIDENTS
IN CONTIGUOUS U.S.

Year	Type	Millions of Operations	Table 2-3 Accidents ^{3/}		Accidents Per Million Each Type of Operation	
			Landing	Takeoff	Landing	Takeoff
1956	S ^{1/} ^{2/}	6.36	2	2	.63	.63
1957	S	6.88	3	1	.87	.29
1958	S ^{1/}	6.34	2	3	.63	.95
	N ^{2/}	.18	0	0	0	0
	T	6.52	2	3	.61	.92
1959	S	6.84	5	1	1.46	.29
	N	.18	2	0	22.2	0
	T	7.02	7	1	1.99	.28
1960	S	6.68	1	1	.30	.30
	N	.25	0	1	0	8.0
	T	6.93	1	2	.29	.58
1961	S	6.50	1	1	.31	.31
	N	.28	1	0	7.1	0
	T	6.78	2	1	.59	.29
1962	S	6.40	3	2	.94	.63
	N	.35	0	0	0	0
	T	6.75	3	2	.89	.59
1963	S	6.66	2	1	.60	.30
	N	.31	3	0	19.4	0
	T	6.97	5	1	1.43	.29
1964	S	6.86	2	1	.58	.29
	N	.19	1	1	10.5	10.5
	T	7.05	3	2	.85	.57
1965	S	7.30	2	1	.55	.27
	N	.19	1	0	10.5	0
	T	7.49	3	1	.80	.27
1966	S	7.57	2	0	.52	0
	N	.17	2	0	23.5	0
	T	7.74	4	0	1.0	0

TABLE 2-7 (Continued)

Year	Type	Millions of Operations	Table 2-3 Accidents ^{3/}		Accidents Per Million Each Type of Operation	
			Landing	Takeoff	Landing	Takeoff
1967	S	8.66	1	1	.23	.23
	N	.17	1	1	11.1	11.1
	T	8.84	2	2	.45	.45
1968	S	9.29	4	2	.86	.43
	N	.21	2	0	19.0	0
	T	9.50	6	2	1.26	.42
1969	S	9.48	0	1	0	.21
	N	.23	0	0	0	0
	T	9.71	0	1	0	.21
1970	S	9.12	0	0	0	0
	N	.25	2	2	16.0	16.0
	T	9.37	2	2	.43	.43
1971	S	9.09	1	0	.22	0
	N	.31	0	0	0	0
	T	9.40	1	0	.21	0
1972	S	8.88	3	1	.68	.22
	N	.27	0	0	0	0
	T	9.15	3	1	.66	.22
1973	S	9.27	4	0	.86	0
	N	.26	0	0	0	0
	T	9.53	4	0	.84	0
1974	S	8.39	2	0	.48	0
	N	.21	0	0	0	0
	T	8.60	2	0	.47	0
1975	S	8.40	1	0	.24	0
	N	.22	0	1	0	9.1
	T	8.62	1	0	.23	.23
1976	S	8.71	1	0	.23	0
	N	.23	1	0	8.70	0
	T	8.94	2	0	.45	0
1977	S	8.98	0	0	0	0
	N	.25	0	1	0	8.0
	T	9.23	0	1	0	.22

TABLE 2-7 (Continued)

Year	Type	Millions of Operations	Table 2-3 Accidents ^{1/}		Accidents Per Million Each Type of Operation	
			Landing	Takeoff	Landing	Takeoff
<u>5-Year Totals</u>						
1958	S	32.8	12	8	.73	.49
thru	N	1.24	3	1	4.8	1.6
1962	T	34.0	15	9	.88	.53
1963	S	37.1	9	4	.49	.22
thru	N	1.04	8	2	15.4	3.8
1967	T	38.1	17	6	.92	.31
1968	S	45.9	8	4	.35	.17
thru	N	1.27	4	2	6.3	3.1
1972	T	47.1	12	6	.51	.25
1973	S	43.8	8	0	.37	0
thru	N	1.17	1	2	1.7	3.4
1977	T	44.9	9	2	.40	.09
<u>20-Year Totals</u>						
1958	S	159.6	37	16	.46	.20
thru	N	4.72	16	7	6.8	3.0
1977	T	16.41	53	23	.65	.28
<u>22-Year Totals</u>						
1956	S	172.6	42	19	.49	.22
thru	(only)					
1977						

NOTES:

1/ S was derived from the Civil Aeronautics Board Annual (or NTSB) review of U.S. Air Carrier Accidents:

For 1958 through 1963 it was taken from CAB-BOSR 58/63 PB196674

For 1964 from BOSR 7-1 PB177424

For 1965 from BOSR 7-6 PB177423

For 1966 from NTSB Annual Review for 1966

For 1967 from NTSB Annual Review for 1967

For 1968 from NTSB Annual Review for 1968

For 1969 from NTSB-ARC 71-1 PB203183

For 1970 through 1972 from NTSB ARC 741 PB232634

TABLE 2-7 (Continued)

For 1973 from NTSB-ARC 74-2
 For 1974 from NTSB-ARC 76-1
 For 1975 from NTSB-ARC 77-1
 For 1976 from NTSB-ARC 78-1
 For 1977 from NTSB-ARC 78-2

It is twice the number of reported domestic departures for scheduled Certified Route Air Carriers (CRAC) for fixed wing, excluding intra-Alaska and intra-Hawaii.

For 1956 and 1957, the number is not reported in available reports for U.S. domestic departures. But Table 28 of BOSR-58/63 PB196674 (noted above for 1958-1963) provides number of total scheduled departures for U.S. carriers. To derive a number of departures for U.S. contiguous service, this number was multiplied by the ratio of passengers carried in scheduled domestic service by CRAC to total passengers carried in all scheduled CRAC flights.

2/ N, non-scheduled operations, is made up of two components. The first is the number of departures in non-scheduled service by CRAC for fixed wing, excluding intra-Alaska and intra-Hawaii taken from the same sources as S above. The second component is departures in non-scheduled service by supplemental carriers. This was derived by obtaining the average revenue plane miles per departure for CRAC non-scheduled service from sources identified above. For want of contrary information, it was assumed that this same average would be applicable to supplemental carriers. The number of supplemental carrier revenue plane miles was divided by this average to obtain number of supplemental carrier departures. The sum of the non-scheduled departures was doubled for "operations."

No similar data is available for 1956 and 1957, so only scheduled departures are used for these years. One non-scheduled serious accident within 5 miles is reported for these two years, and 3 are reported for scheduled service.

This method of estimating operations tends to underestimate the total number of operations for supplemental carriers. Supplemental carriers tend to run more non-revenue ferry operations in order to move aircraft from home location to point of charter. These non-revenue operations are not generally reported. CRAC, with a wider dispersed fleet, tends to have less ferry operations.

Another element tending to make these estimates of supplemental operations low is the exclusion of operations of "Commercial Operators of Large Aircraft" where this could be identified. In some years it is identified separately from supplemental carriers. For some years in which there is no separate identification, it may be included in data relating to supplemental carriers. We have not attempted to separately identify these operations. It should be noted that for the years 1965-1974 these carriers tended to have about as many planes as the supplemental carrier fleet. But they tended to be smaller planes. See FAA Annual Report for 1974.

Not considering ferry flights and operation of "Commercial Operators of Large Aircraft" tends to make the ratio of accidents to operations high since accidents in ferry flights and by "Commercial Operators of Large Aircraft" are

TABLE 2-7 (Continued)

included in the numerator but their operations are not included in the denominator.

- 3/ Despite inquiry to CAB, FAA and airlines, we could find no source of data concerning the number of landings and takeoffs associated with training flights, nor any reasonable basis for a reliable estimate. Since the number of these operations is not known, we have excluded training accidents from this table. We have attempted to bound the effect of this exclusion by estimates on a number of bases. This results in a range for the 22 year period of between 0.9 and 17 million operations.

For the 4 off-runway training accidents during this period, the rate for off-runway training accidents is between 10% and 130% of the off-runway rate for non-scheduled aircraft. Thus, it appears reasonable or conservative to use the non-scheduled off-runway rate for training.

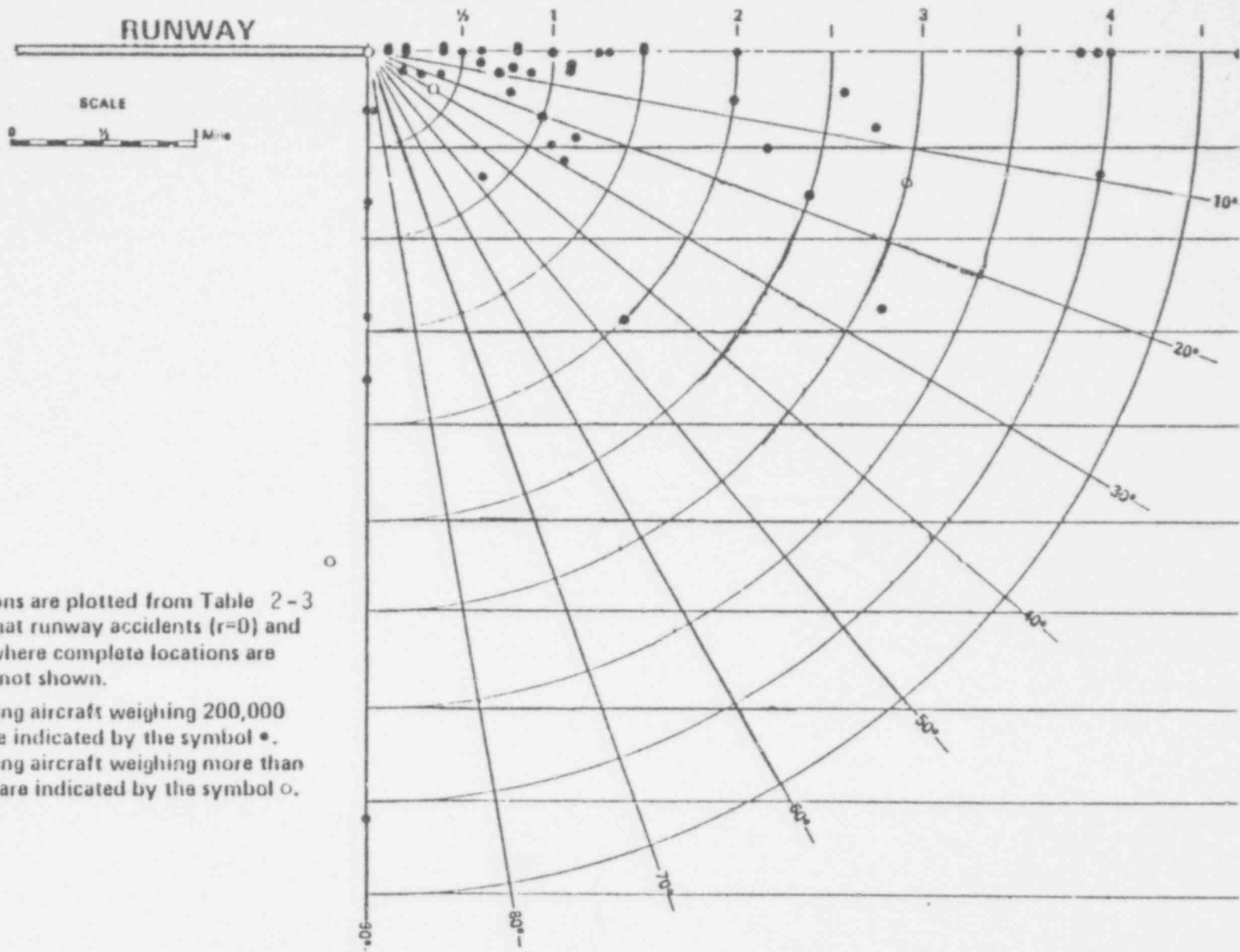
TABLE 2-8

LARGE MILITARY AIRCRAFT LANDINGS & ACCIDENTS
C5A, C141, E4A

1968 - June 1978

<u>Plane</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Landings</u>	<u>Accidents</u>
C141	1973	182,000	1
	1974	177,000	1
	1975	169,000	1
	1976	153,000	2
All Other Years - No Accidents			
	10 1/2 year total	2,152,000	5
C5A	1970	12,000	1
	1974	33,000	1
	1975	29,000	1
All Other Years - No Accidents			
	10 1/2 year total	211,000	3
1968 - June 1978			
E4A	No Accidents Since Start of Operations - 1974		
	4 1/2 year total	4,700	0
1974 - June 1978			

FIGURE 2-1
 U.S. AIR CARRIER ACCIDENTS IN THE CONTIGUOUS UNITED STATES
 1956 - 1977



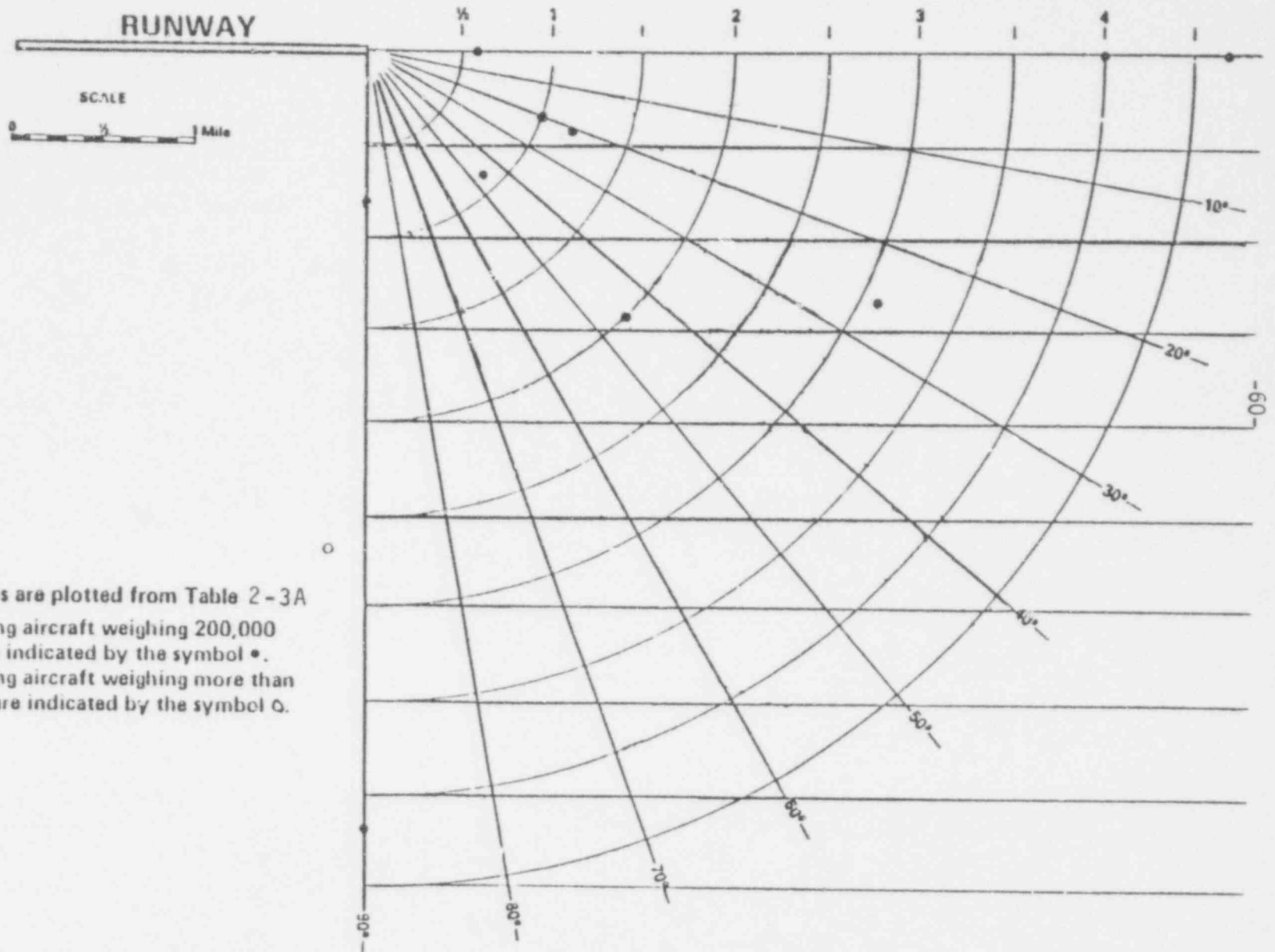
NOTES

1. Accidents locations are plotted from Table 2-3 except that runway accidents ($r=0$) and those accidents where complete locations are not available are not shown.
2. Accidents involving aircraft weighing 200,000 pounds or less are indicated by the symbol •. Accidents involving aircraft weighing more than 200,000 pounds are indicated by the symbol ○.

POOR ORIGINAL

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FIGURE 2-2
 U.S. AIR CARRIER TAKEOFF ACCIDENTS OF SCHEDULED FLIGHTS
 IN THE CONTIGUOUS UNITED STATES
 1956 - 1977



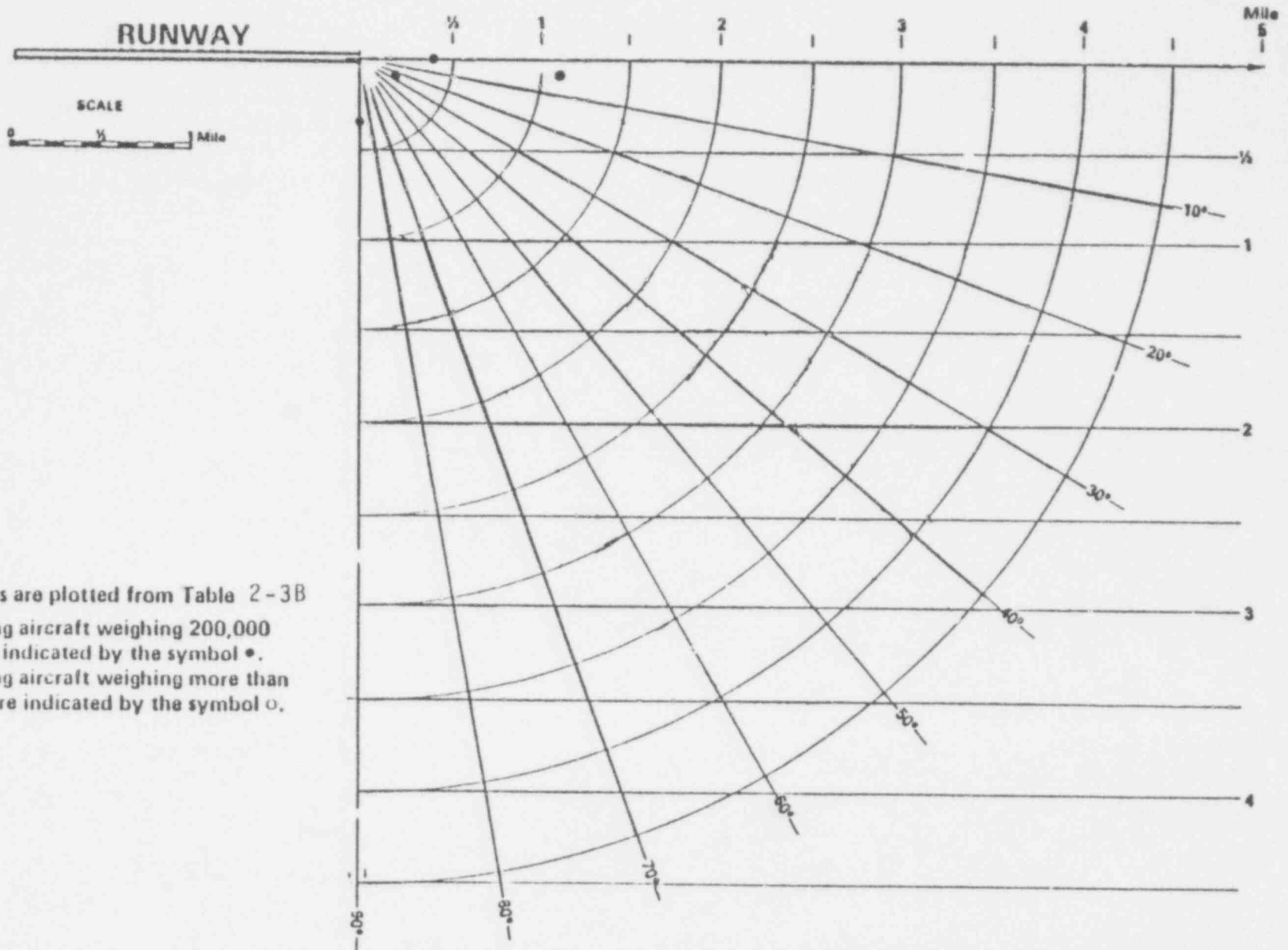
NOTES

1. Accident locations are plotted from Table 2-3A
2. Accidents involving aircraft weighing 200,000 pounds or less are indicated by the symbol ●. Accidents involving aircraft weighing more than 200,000 pounds are indicated by the symbol ○.

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POOR ORIGINAL

FIGURE 2-3
U.S. AIR CARRIER TAKEOFF ACCIDENTS OF NON-SCHEDULED FLIGHTS
IN THE CONTIGUOUS UNITED STATES
1956 - 1977

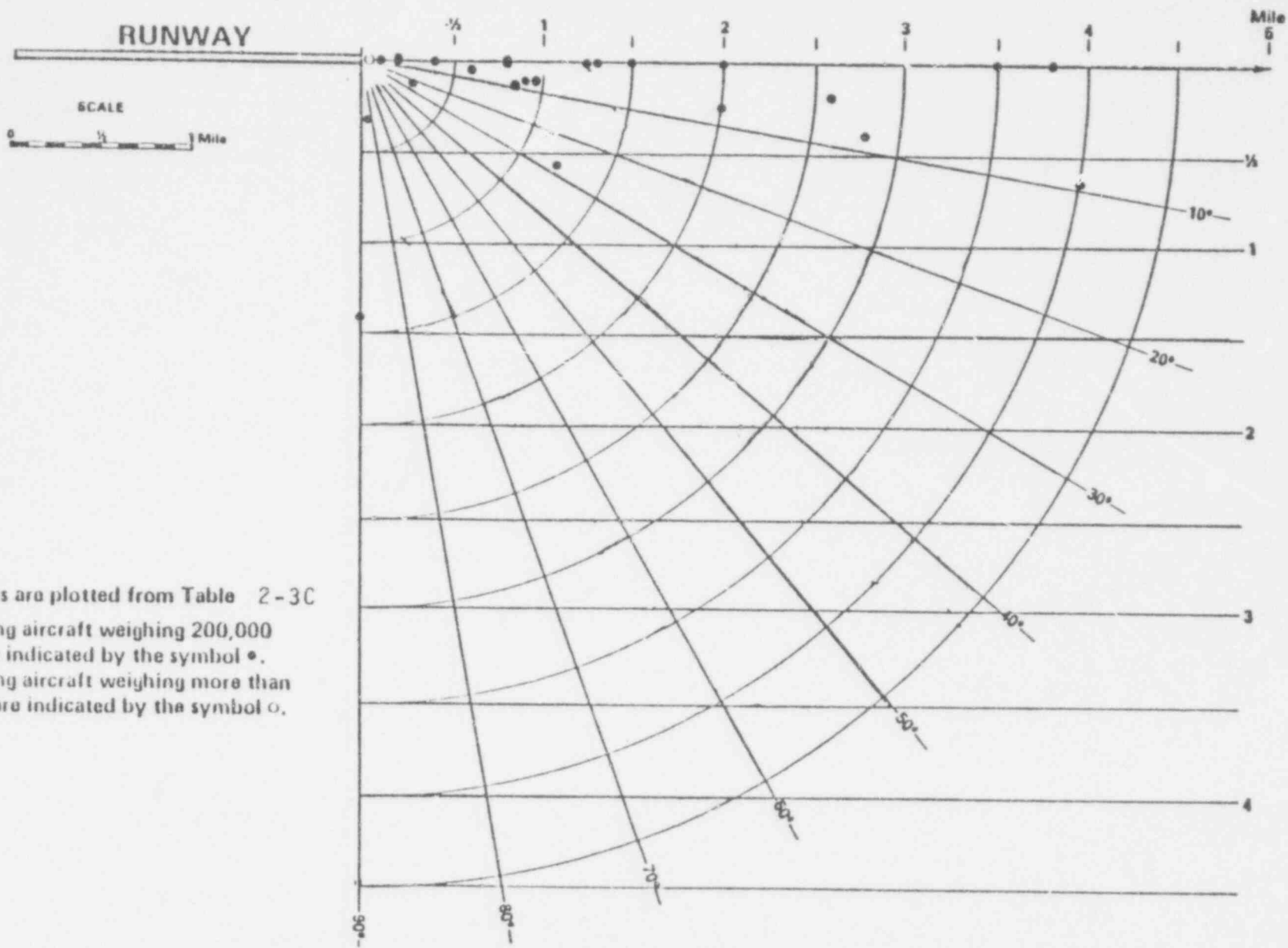


NOTES

1. Accident locations are plotted from Table 2-3B
2. Accidents involving aircraft weighing 200,000 pounds or less are indicated by the symbol •. Accidents involving aircraft weighing more than 200,000 pounds are indicated by the symbol o.

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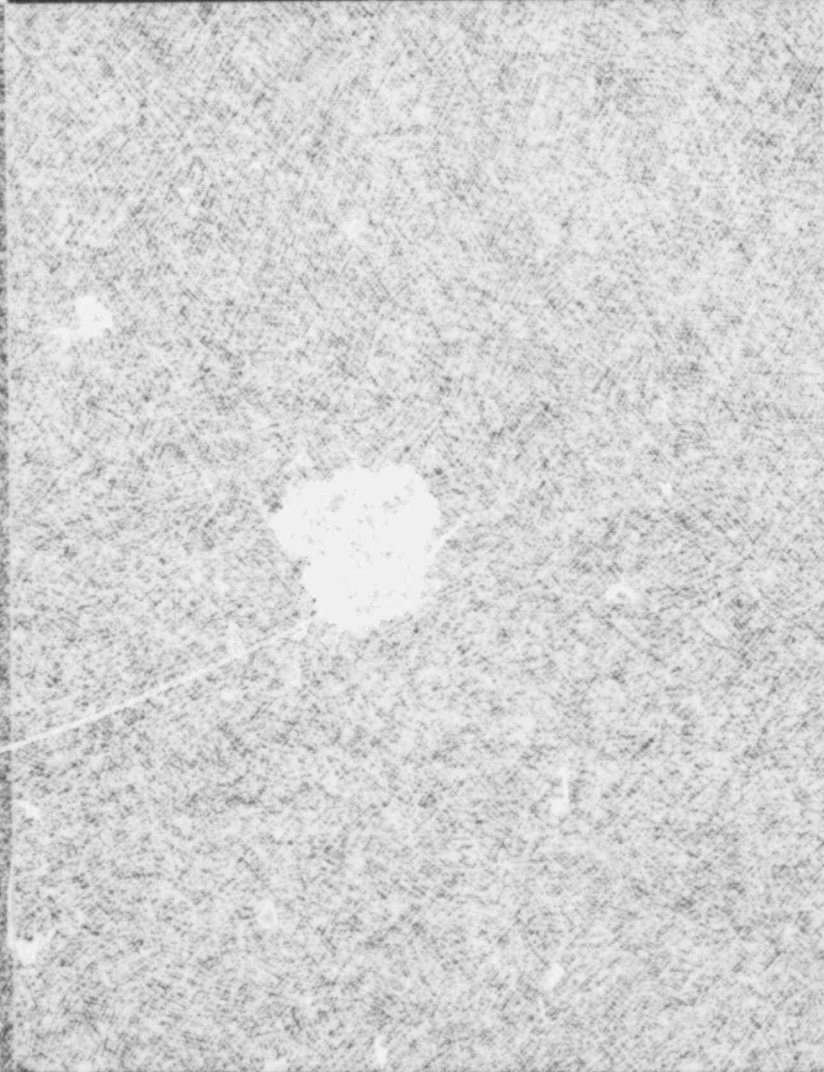
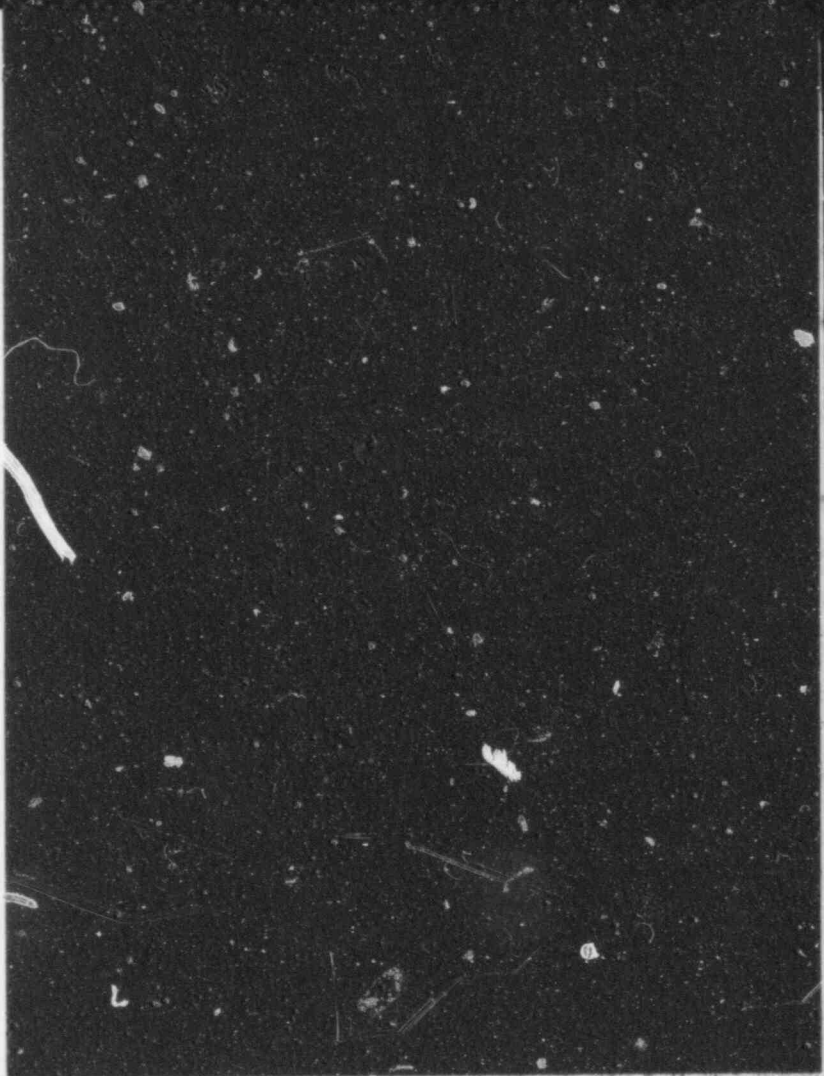
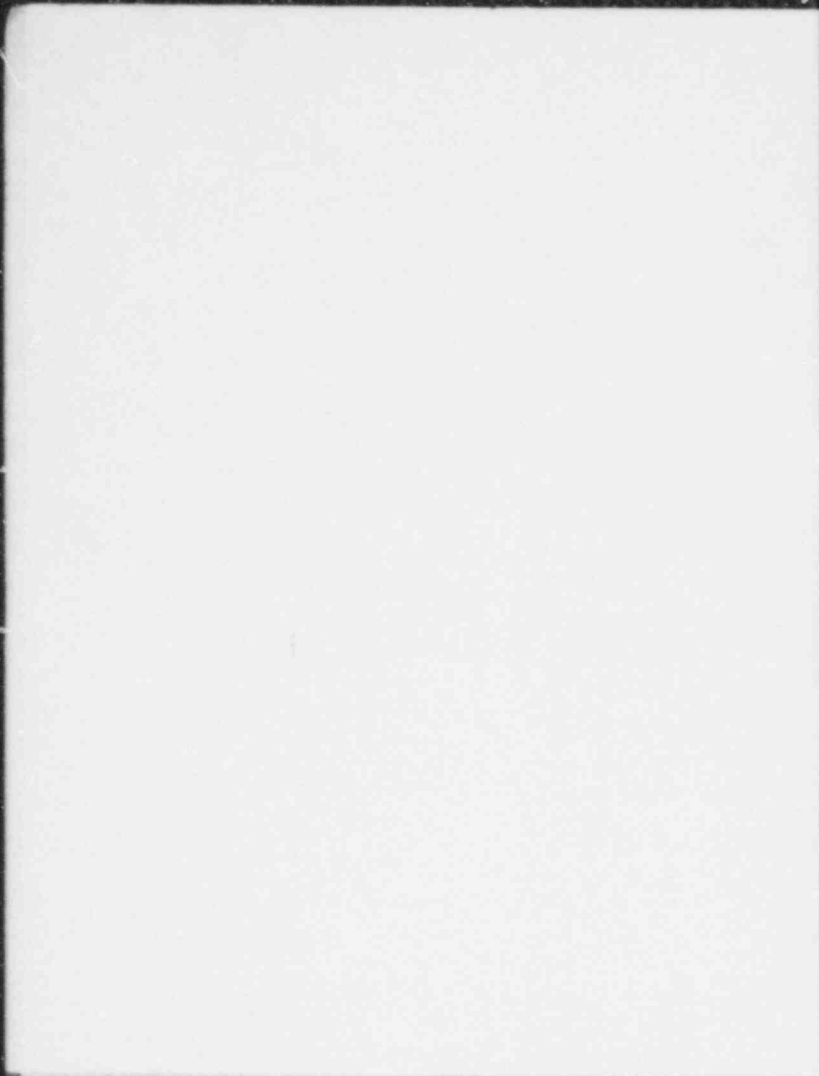
FIGURE 2-4
U.S. AIR CARRIER LANDING ACCIDENTS OF SCHEDULED FLIGHTS
IN THE CONTIGUOUS UNITED STATES
1956 - 1977

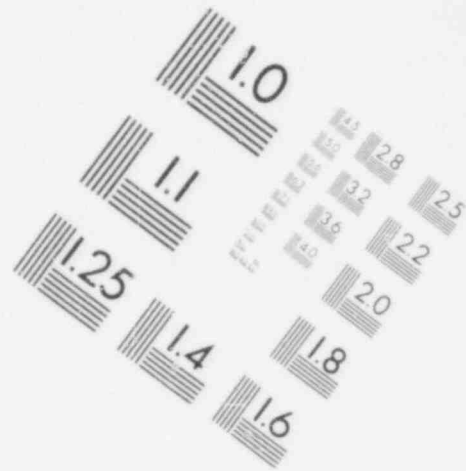
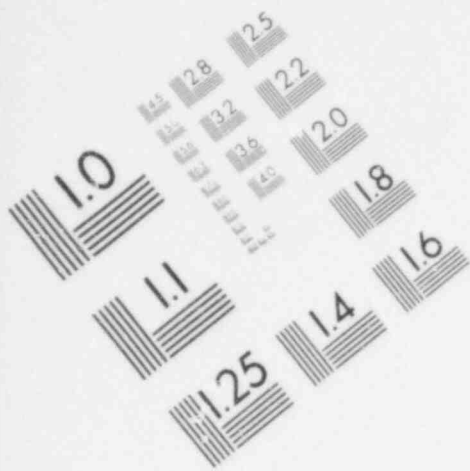


NOTES

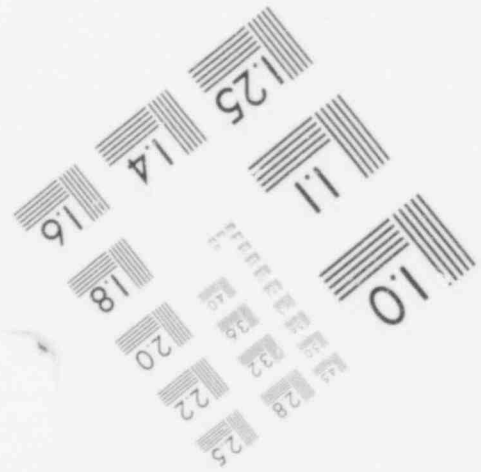
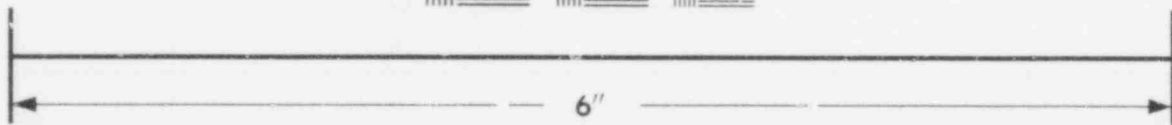
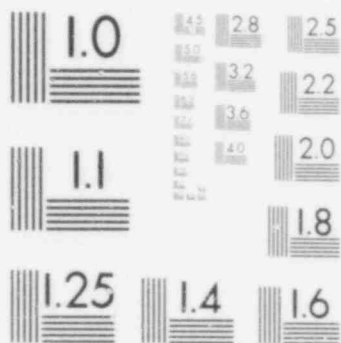
1. Accident locations are plotted from Table 2-3C
2. Accidents involving aircraft weighing 200,000 pounds or less are indicated by the symbol •. Accidents involving aircraft weighing more than 200,000 pounds are indicated by the symbol ○.

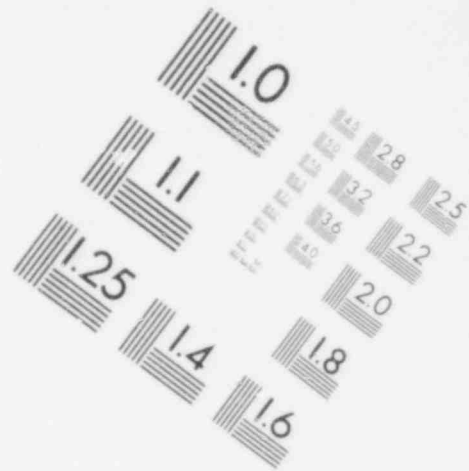
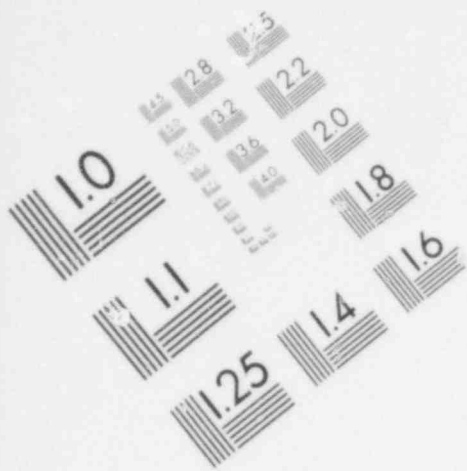
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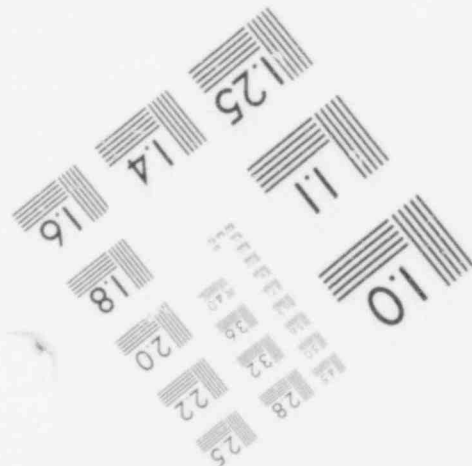
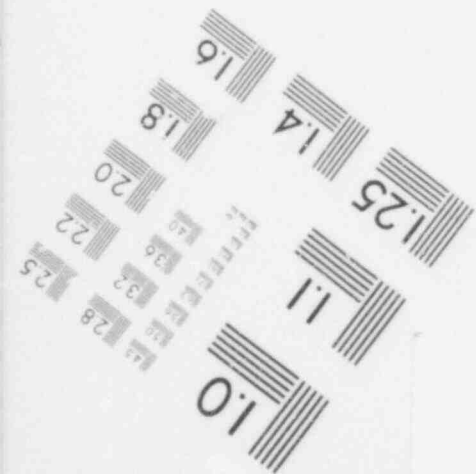
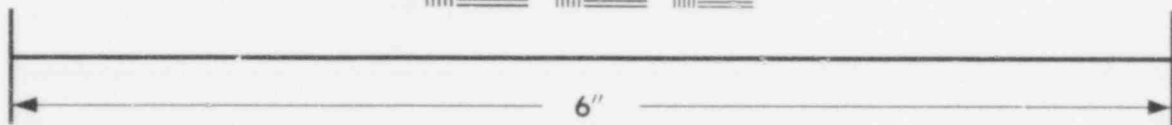
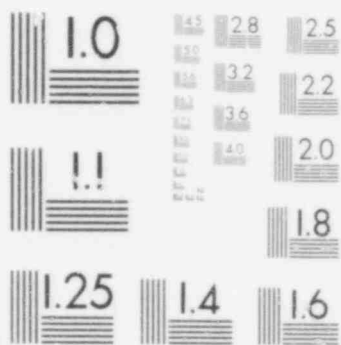


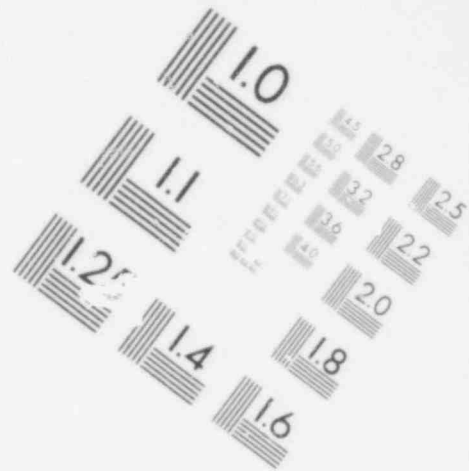
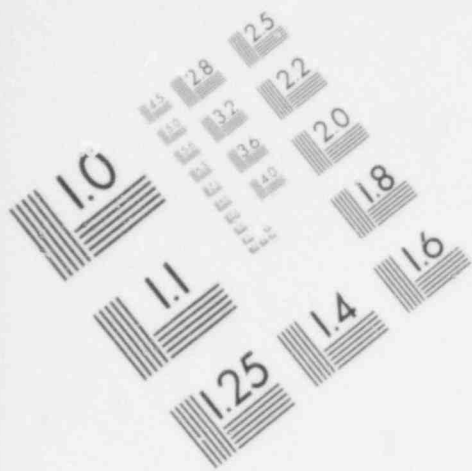
**IMAGE EVALUATION
TEST TARGET (MT-3)**





**IMAGE EVALUATION
TEST TARGET (MT-3)**





**IMAGE EVALUATION
TEST TARGET (MT-3)**

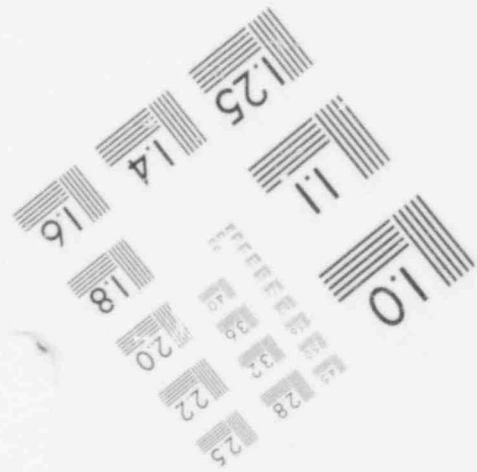
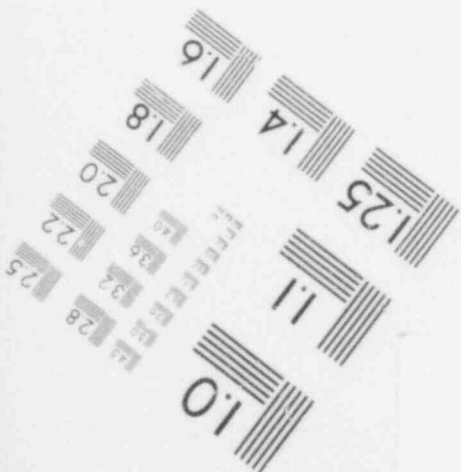
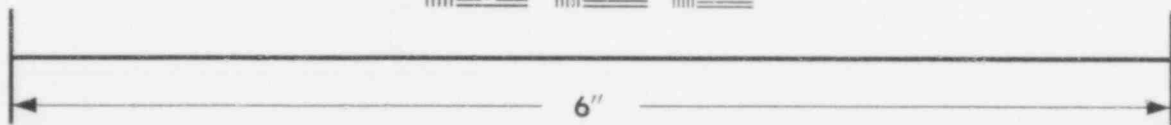
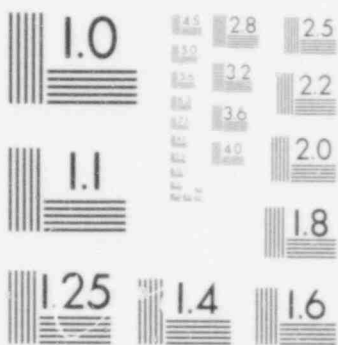
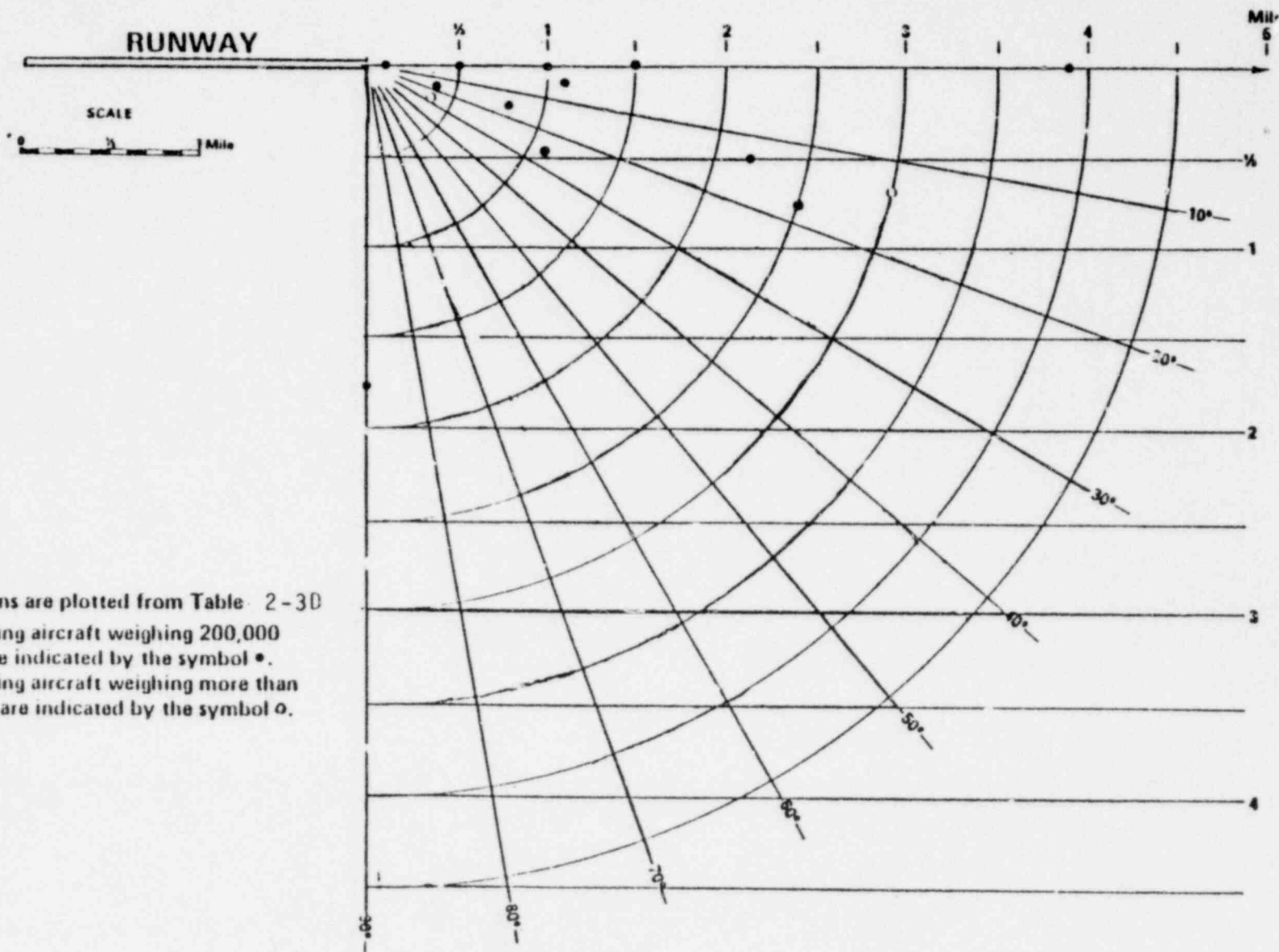


FIGURE 2-5
 U.S. AIR CARRIER LANDING ACCIDENTS OF NON-SCHEDULED FLIGHTS
 IN THE CONTIGUOUS UNITED STATES
 1956 - 1977



NOTES

1. Accident locations are plotted from Table 2-30
2. Accidents involving aircraft weighing 200,000 pounds or less are indicated by the symbol •. Accidents involving aircraft weighing more than 200,000 pounds are indicated by the symbol ○.

POOR ORIGINAL

633 001

Figure 2-6
TAKEOFF DATA FOR ALL ACCIDENTS*

Radial Distance Miles	Radial Distribution in Degrees																			
	0- 4.5	5- <10	10- <15	15- <20	20- <25	25- <30	30- <35	35- <40	40- <45	45- <50	50- <55	55- <60	60- <65	65- <70	70- <75	75- <80	80- <85	85- <90	90+	
0 < 5	1					11														11
5 < 1	1								1											1
1 < 1.5	1				2								5							
1.5 < 2																				
2 < 2.5																				
2.5 < 3										1										1
3 < 3.5						1														
3.5 < 4																				
4 < 4.5	1																			
4.5 < 5	1																			

1 - Training flight.
* - All takeoff accidents off runway from Table 2-3.

633 002

Figure 2-7
LANDING DATA FOR ALL ACCIDENTS*

Radial Distance Miles	Radial Distribution in Degrees														90 ⁺				
	0- 4.5	5- <10	10- <15	15- <20	20- <25	25- <30	30- <35	35- <40	40- <45	45- <50	50- <55	55- <60	60- <65	65- <70		70- <75	75- <80	80- <85	85- <90
0 < 5	6		1	1	1	1T												1	
5 < 1	5	2	1																
1 < 1.5	3	1			2														1
1.5 < 2	2																		1
2 < 2.5	1	1	1																1
2.5 < 3	1	1		1															
3 < 3.5		1T																	
3.5 < 4	3																		
4 < 4.5		1																	
4.5 < 5																			

T - Training flight.
* - All landing accidents off runway from Table 2-3.

APPENDIX A

Correspondence with U.S. Air Force concerning
large non-combat aircraft traffic and accidents

DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE
HEADQUARTERS AIR FORCE INSPECTION AND SAFETY CENTER
NORTON AIR FORCE BASE, CALIFORNIA 92409



REPLY TO
ATTN: SERR

SERR

2 AUG 1978

SUBJECT: C-5A Aircraft

TO: United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission
Washington, DC 20555

1. In response to your request of 25 July 1978, attached chart contains information concerning C-5A aircraft destroyed in flight mishaps.
2. There have been over 220,000 takeoffs and approaches since 1968. Of the three destroyed aircraft, only one actually crashed outside the limits of the airfield.
3. Destroyed aircraft mishap rates are based on the number of mishaps per 100,000 flying hours.
4. If we can be of further service, please advise.

Ray C. Hellman

RAY C. HELLMAN
Chief, Reports Branch
Directorate of Aerospace Safety

1 Atch
C-5A Data

POOR ORIGINAL

782220133

DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE
HEADQUARTERS AIR FORCE INSPECTION AND SAFETY CENTER
NORTON AIR FORCE BASE, CALIFORNIA 92409



REPLY TO
ATTN OF: SERR

25 AUG 1978

SUBJECT: Request for C-5 Landing Information

RECEIVED

AUG 28 1978

TO: Pickard, Lowe and Garrick, Inc
ATTN: Mr. John M. Vallance
1200 18th Street, NW, Suite 612
Washington DC 20036

PLG

This is in response to your letter of 18 August 1978.
Listed below is the number of C-5 landings for the period
1968-June 1978.

1968	12
1969	526
1970	12,153
1971	21,734
1972	19,314
1973	27,362
1974	33,111
1975	29,184
1976	21,913
1977	30,436
1978 (June)	15,575 ← 1/2 year
TOTAL	211,320

Roger G. Crewse
ROGER G. CREWSE
Chief, Reports & Analysis Division
Directorate of Aerospace Safety

C-5A FLIGHT EXPERIENCE

	<u>Flying hours</u>		<u>Borties</u>		<u>Destroyed</u>		<u>Remarks</u>
	<u>Year</u>	<u>Cumulative</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Cumulative</u>	<u>No.</u>	<u>Rate</u>	
1968	24	24	11	11	0	0.0	
1969	472	400	110	121	0	0.0	
1970	0,680	10,176	2,176	2,297	1	10.3	Taxiing for takeoff. Fuselage fire.
1971	24,609	34,876	5,331	7,628	0	0.0	
1972	46,735	81,610	10,026	17,653	0	0.0	
1973	49,656	131,266	11,030	28,683	0	0.0	
1974	50,263	181,529	10,565	39,248	1	2.0	Landing roll. Short runway.
1975	45,601	227,130	9,759	49,007	1	2.2	Final approach. Impact 2NM from runw
1976	40,946	268,076	8,501	57,508	0	0.0	
1977	49,289	317,365	9,602	67,110	0	0.0	
Jun 1978	24,735	342,160	5,122	72,232	0	0.0	
(est.)							

POOR ORIGINAL

633 007

**E-4A AIRCRAFT
1974 - 31 July 1978**

	<u>FLYING HOURS</u>		<u>SORTIES</u>		<u>LANDINGS</u>		<u>DESTROYED AIRCRAFT</u>	
	YEAR	CUMULATIVE	YEAR	CUMULATIVE	YEAR	CUMULATIVE	NUMBER	RATE*
1974	66	66	15	15	107	107	0	0
1975	1,274	1,340	311	326	1,856	1,963	0	0
1976	865	2,205	262	588	948	2,911	0	0
1977	1,276	3,481	313	901	1,021	3,932	0	0
1978	1,143	4,624	260	1,161	797	4,729	0	0

-70-

*Rates based on number of accidents per 100,000 flying hours.

633 008

POOR ORIGINAL

**C-141 AIRCRAFT
1968 - 31 July 1978**

	<u>FLYING HOURS</u>		<u>SORTIES</u> 1		<u>LANDINGS</u>		<u>DESTROYED AIRCRAFT</u>		<u>PHASE OF OPERATION</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
	<u>YEAR</u>	<u>CUMULATIVE</u>	<u>YEAR</u>	<u>CUMULATIVE</u>	<u>YEAR</u>	<u>CUMULATIVE</u>	<u>NUMBER</u>	<u>RATE*</u>		
58	672,627	672,627	163,439	163,439	244,166	244,166	0	0		
69	642,291	1,314,918	208,654	372,093	253,917	498,083	0	0		
70	612,518	1,927,436	147,265	519,358	251,790	749,873	0	0		
71	487,929	2,415,365	125,318	644,676	235,208	985,161	0	0		
72	471,440	2,886,805	121,151	765,827	213,995	1,199,156	0	0		
73	362,532	3,249,337	97,014	862,841	181,814	1,380,970	1	0.3	Descent; landing approach	Impact 22.5 NM northeast of arpt
74	286,377	3,535,714	78,500	941,341	177,351	1,558,321	1	0.3	Enroute descent	Struck high mountain
75	314,771	3,850,485	85,134	1,026,475	169,149	1,727,470	1	0.3	Enroute descent	Struck high mountain
76	281,622	4,132,107	77,981	1,104,456	153,365	1,880,835	2	0.7	Final approach Landing roll	Impact 22.5 NM east of airport Departed side of runway and burned
77	299,191	4,431,298	83,461	1,187,971	171,598	2,052,433	0	0		
78	169,579	4,600,877	47,515	1,235,432	99,226	2,151,659	0	0		

* rates based on number of accidents per 100,000 flying hours.

633 009

APPENDIX B

Briefs of accidents and incidents involving
foreign registered air carriers within the U.S.

NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD
 WASHINGTON, D. C. 20594
 BRIEFS OF ACCIDENTS/INCIDENTS INVOLVING
 FOREIGN REGISTERED AIR CARRIERS WHERE
 ACCIDENTS/INCIDENTS OCCURRED ON U. S. SOIL
 1962 THRU 1977

FILE	DATE	LOCATION	AIRCRAFT DATA	INJURIES			FLIGHT PURPOSE	PILOT DATA
				F	S	M/N		
C-0001	8/13/64 TIME - 1952	NEW YORK NY	BOEING 707 32R FRHSQ DAMAGE-SUBSTANTIAL	CR- 0	0	10	SCHED DOM PASSG SRV	AIRLINE TRANSPORT, AGE 56, 19894 TOTAL HOURS, 2057 IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT RATED.
		NAME OF AIRPORT - JOHN F KENNEDY OPERATOR - AIR FRANCE TYPE OF ACCIDENT COLLIDED WITH DITCHES					PHASE OF OPERATION TAXI FROM LANDING	
C-0002	11/11/64 TIME - 1830	JAMAICA NY	BOEING 707 GAPFH DAMAGE-NONE	CR- 1	0	9	SCHED INTERNATL PASSG SRV	CERTIFICATE UNKNOWN, AGE 50, UNK/NR TOTAL HOURS, UNK/NR IN TYPE, UNK/NR INSTRUMENT RATED.
		OPERATOR - BRITISH AIRWAYS TYPE OF ACCIDENT MISCELLANEOUS					PHASE OF OPERATION TAXI FROM LANDING	

POOR ORIGINAL

633 011

BRIEFS OF ACCIDENTS

FILE	DATE	LOCATION	AIRCRAFT DATA	INJURIES			FLIGHT PURPOSE	PILOT DATA
				F	S	M/N		
A-0001	12/25/65 TIME - 1311	SAN FRANCISCO, CAL	DOUGLAS DC-8 JA-8006 DAMAGE-SUBSTANTIAL	CR-	0	0 10	SCHED INTERNATL PASSG SRV	CERTIFICATE OTHER, AGE 40, 8031 TOTAL HOURS, 909 IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT RATED.

OPERATOR - JAPAN AIRLINES

TYPE OF ACCIDENT

ENGINE FAILURE OR MALFUNCTION
FIRE OR EXPLOSION IN FLIGHT

PHASE OF OPERATION

IN FLIGHT CLIMB TO CRUISE
IN FLIGHT CLIMB TO CRUISE

PROBABLE CAUSE(S)

POWERPLANT - COMPRESSOR ASSEMBLY OTHER
MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - IMPROPERLY INSTALLED
PERSONNEL - MAINTENANCE, SERVICING, INSPECTION IMPROPER MAINTENANCE (MAINTENANCE PERSONNEL)
PERSONNEL - MAINTENANCE, SERVICING, INSPECTION INADEQUATE INSPECTION OF AIRCRAFT (MAINTENANCE PERSONNEL)

FACTOR(S)

MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - FIRE IN ENGINE
COMPLETE POWER LOSS - COMPLETE ENGINE FAILURE/FLAMEOUT-1 ENGINE
EMERGENCY CIRCUMSTANCES - PRECAUTIONARY LANDING ON AIRPORT
REMARKS- NO.1 ENG LOW PRESSURE COMPRESSOR SECTION TORQUE RING FAILED, IMPROPERLY SECURED DURING ENG OVERHAUL

A-0002	2/13/65 TIME - 0420	MIAMI, FLA	CURTISS C-46A YS-012C DAMAGE-DESTROYED	CR-	2	0 0	NS/CTR REVENUE CARGO INTL AIRLINE TRANSPORT, AGE 45, 14606 TOTAL HOURS, 2353 IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT RATED.
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NAME OF AIRPORT - MIAMI INTL

OPERATOR - OTHER-FOREIGN FLAG CARRIER

TYPE OF ACCIDENT

ENGINE FAILURE OR MALFUNCTION
COLLISION WITH GROUND/WATER CONTROLLED

PHASE OF OPERATION

TAKEOFF INITIAL CLIMB
TAKEOFF INITIAL CLIMB

PROBABLE CAUSE(S)

POWERPLANT - ENGINE STRUCTURE CRANKSHAFT
MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - FATIGUE FRACTURE
PERSONNEL - MAINTENANCE, SERVICING, INSPECTION INADEQUATE MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

FACTOR(S)

MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - IMPROPERLY LOADED AIRCRAFT-WEIGHT-AND/OR C.G.
COMPLETE POWER LOSS - COMPLETE ENGINE FAILURE/FLAMEOUT-1 ENGINE
EMERGENCY CIRCUMSTANCES - FORCED LANDING OFF AIRPORT ON LAND
FIRE AFTER IMPACT
REMARKS- AEROLINAS EL SALVADORE S.A. CARGO FLT. FAILURE OF PROP. TO FEATHER, PROBABLY DUE OIL CONTAMINATION

POOR ORIGINAL

653 012

BRIEFS OF ACCIDENTS

FILE	DATE	LOCATION	AIRCRAFT DATA	INJURIES			FLIGHT PURPOSE	PILOT DATA
				F	S	M/N		
A-0001	3/10/66 TIME - 1714	REEF ISLAND ALAS.	GRUMMAN G-21A CF-MSK DAMAGE-DESTROYED	CR- 0 0 1 PX- 6 0 0			SCHED DOM PASSG SRV	AIRLINE TRANSPORT, AGE 41, 12719 TOTAL HOURS, 246 IN TYPE, NOT INSTRU- MENT RATED.
OPERATOR - OTHER-FORIGN FLAG CARRIER						PHASE OF OPERATION		
TYPE OF ACCIDENT						LANDING FINAL APPROACH		
UNDERSHOOT						LANDING FINAL APPROACH		
COLLIDED WITH WIRES/POLES								
PROBABLE CAUSE(S)								
PILOT IN COMMAND - CONTINUED VFR FLIGHT INTO ADVERSE WEATHER CONDITIONS								
PILOT IN COMMAND - MISJUDGED ALTITUDE AND CLEARANCE								
FACTORS(S)								
WEATHER - LOW CEILING								
WEATHER - SNOW								
WEATHER - UNFAVORABLE WIND CONDITIONS								
WEATHER - DOWNDRAFT, UPDRAFTS								
MISCELLANEOUS ACTS-CONDITIONS - FAILED TO EXTEND THE LANDING FLAPS								
WEATHER BRIEFING - BRIEFING RECEIVED-METHOD UNKNOWN								
WEATHER FORECAST - FORECAST SUBSTANTIALLY CORRECT								
MISSING AIRCRAFT - LATER RECOVERED								
EMERGENCY CIRCUMSTANCES - PRECAUTIONARY LANDING OFF AIRPORT								
ADVERSE/UNFAVORABLE WEATHER								
SKY CONDITION								
OVERCAST						CEILING AT ACCIDENT SITE		
						200		
VISIBILITY AT ACCIDENT SITE								
1/2 MILE OR LESS						PRECIPITATION AT ACCIDENT SITE		
						SNOW		
OBSTRUCTIONS TO VISION AT ACCIDENT SITE								
BLowing SNOW						TEMPERATURE-F		
						34		
WIND DIRECTION-DEGREES								
135						WIND VELOCITY-KNOTS		
						35		
TYPE OF WEATHER CONDITIONS								
IFR						TYPE OF FLIGHT PLAN		
						VFR		
REMARKS- RECOVERY DATE-03/11/66. AIRCRAFT SANK IN PORTLAND CANAL, CANADIAN REGISTRY.								
A-0001	11/21/67 TIME - 1315	HONOLULU, HAWAII	BOEING 707 G-ARWE DAMAGE-SUBSTANTIAL	CR- 0 0 11 PX- 0 0 41			SCHED INTERNATL PASSG SRV	AIRLINE TRANSPORT, AGE 2 . 11728 TOTAL HOURS, 1107 IN TYPE, UNK/NR INSTRU- MENT RATED.
NAME OF AIRPORT - HONOLULU INTL.						PHASE OF OPERATION		
OPERATOR - BRITISH AIRWAYS						TAKEOFF RUN		
TYPE OF ACCIDENT						TAKEOFF ABORTED		
ENGINE FAILURE OR MALFUNCTION								
FIRE OR EXPLOSION ON GROUND								
PROBABLE CAUSE(S)								
POWERPLANT - TURBINE ASSEMBLY BEARING, SHAFT								
POWERPLANT - TURBINE ASSEMBLY WHEEL TURBINE								
MISCELLANEOUS ACTS-CONDITIONS - MATERIAL FAILURE								
COMPLETE POWER LOSS - COMPLETE ENGINE FAILURE/FLAMEOUT-1 ENGINE								
REMARKS- FAILURE OF MAIN THRUST BEARING CAUSED DISINTEGRATION OF NO.1 LOW PRESSURE TURBINE DISC ON NO.4 ENG								

POOR ORIGINAL

633 013

BRIEFS OF ACCIDENTS

FILE	DATE	LOCATION	AIRCRAFT DATA	INJURIES		FLIGHT PURPOSE	PILOT DATA
				F	S M/N		
A-0001	1/3/68	NR. NEW ORLEANS, LA	DOUGLAS DC-6B NR-5A0 DAMAGE-SUBSTANTIAL	CR- 0 0 6	PX- 0 0 76	SCHED INTERNATL PASSG SRV	CERTIFICATE OTHER, AGE 33, 9420 TOTAL HOURS, 5/0 IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT RATED.
NAME OF AIRPORT - MOISANT INTL OPERATOR - OTHER-FOREIGN FLAG CARRIER TYPE OF ACCIDENT COLLIDED WITH TREES			PHASE OF OPERATION LANDING FINAL APPROACH				
PROBABLE CAUSE(S) PILOT IN COMMAND - IMPROPER IFR OPERATION FACTORS) WEATHER - LOW CEILING WEATHER - FOG MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - NOT ALIGNED WITH RUNWAY/INTENDED LANDING AREA WEATHER BRIEFING - COMPANY DISPATCH WEATHER FORECAST - FORECAST SUBSTANTIALLY CORRECT							
SKY CONDITION OBSCURATION VISIBILITY AT ACCIDENT SITE 1/4 MILE OR LESS OBSTRUCTIONS TO VISION AT ACCIDENT SITE FOG WIND DIRECTION-DEGREES 200 TYPE OF WEATHER CONDITIONS IFR			CEILING AT ACCIDENT SITE 200 PRECIPITATION AT ACCIDENT SITE NONE TEMPERATURE-F 68 WIND VELOCITY-KNOTS 10 TYPE OF FLIGHT PLAN IFR				
REMARKS- PLT DESCENDED BELOW GLIDE SLOPE TO RT OF CENTERLINE, SUCCESSFUL PULLUP AND LNDG, NO RECON, ILS TRNG.							

A-0002	11/27/68	S. FRANCISCO, CALIF	DOUGLAS DC-8 JAB032 DAMAGE-SUBSTANTIAL	CR- 0 0 11	PX- 0 0 96	SCHED INTERNATL PASSG SRV	CERTIFICATE OTHER, AGE 46, 9795 TOTAL HOURS, 1062 IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT RATED.
NAME OF AIRPORT - S. FRANCISCO INTL OPERATOR - JAPAN AIRLINES DEPARTURE POINT TOKYO, JAPAN TYPE OF ACCIDENT COLLISION WITH GROUND/WATER CONTROLLED			INTENDED DESTINATION S. FRANCISCO, CALIF		PHASE OF OPERATION LANDING INITIAL APPROACH		
PROBABLE CAUSE(S) PILOT IN COMMAND - IMPROPER IFR OPERATION PILOT IN COMMAND - FAILED TO USE OR INCORRECTLY USED MISC. EQUIPMENT REMARKS- IMPROPER APPLICATION OF PROC TO EXECUTE AUTO-COUPLED ILS APCH. LACK FAMIL. INFROY OPNS FLT DIR-AUTO-PLT							

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633 014

BRIEFS OF ACCIDENTS

FILE	DATE	LOCATION	AIRCRAFT DATA	INJURIES			FLIGHT PURPOSE	PILOT DATA
				F	S	M/N		
A-0003	6/13/68 TIME - 0510	MIAMI, FLA	DOUGLAS C-54B HC-ANL DAMAGE-SUBSTANTIAL	CR-	0	0	3	SCHED INTERNATL CARGO SRV CERTIFICATE OTHER, AGE 39, 9300 TOTAL HOURS, 2400 IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT RATED.
		NAME OF AIRPORT - MIAMI OPERATOR - OTHER-FOREIGN FLAG CARRIER TYPE OF ACCIDENT GEAR COLLAPSED		PHASE OF OPERATION LANDING LEVEL OFF/TOUCHDOWN				
		PROBABLE CAUSE(S) AIRFRAME - LANDING GEAR MAIN GEAR-SHOCK ABSORBING ASSY, STRUTS, ATTACHMENTS, ETC. MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - PREVIOUS DAMAGE FACTORS) PILOT IN COMMAND - INADEQUATE PREFLIGHT PREPARATION AND/OR PLANNING EMERGENCY CIRCUMSTANCES - PRECAUTIONARY LANDING ON AIRPORT SUSPECTED OR KNOWN AIRCRAFT DAMAGE UNUSUAL NOISE						
		REMARKS- GR WOULD NOT RETRACT ON PREVIOUS T/O. RT GR RETRACT LATCH FAILED, ALLOWED ACTUATING ROD TO SEPARATE						
A-0004	11/21/68 TIME - 1112	MIAMI, FLA	CURTIS C C-46 HP-344 DAMAGE-SUBSTANTIAL	CR-	0	0	2	NS/CTR REVENUE CARGO INTL AIRLINE TRANSPORT, AGE 46, 11298 TOTAL HOURS, 1510 IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT RATED.
		NAME OF AIRPORT - MIAMI INTL OPERATOR - OTHER-FOREIGN FLAG CARRIER DEPARTURE POINT MIAMI, FLA TYPE OF ACCIDENT STALL MISH		INTENDED DESTINATION SANTIAGO, DOM REPUBLIC		PHASE OF OPERATION TAKEOFF INITIAL CLIMB		
		PROBABLE CAUSE(S) PILOT IN COMMAND - PREMATURE LIFT-OFF REMARKS- HEAVY LOADED, DOMINICAN REGISTRY.						
C-0001	12/10/68 TIME - 1800	JFK INTL, NY	BOEING 707 EI-APG DAMAGE-MINOR	CR-	0	0	11	SCHED INTERNATL PASSG SRV CERTIFICATE UNKNOWN, AGE 2, UNK/NR TOTAL HOURS, UNK/NR IN TYPE, UNK/NR INSTRUMENT RATED.
		NAME OF AIRPORT - JFK INTL. OPERATOR - IRISH TYPE OF ACCIDENT COLLIDED WITH PARKED AIRCRAFT		PHASE OF OPERATION TAXI FROM LANDING				
		REMARKS- HIT TWA BOEING 707 N760TW, MINOR L WING TIP DMGE.						

POOR ORIGINAL

633 015

BRIEFS OF ACCIDENTS

FILE DATE LOCATION AIRCRAFT DATA INJURIES FLIGHT PURPOSE PILOT DATA

A-0002 6/23/69 MIAMI,FLA DOUGLAS C-540 CR- 3 0 0 NS/CTR REVENUE CARGO INTL AIRLINE TRANSPORT, AGF
 TIME - 1442 HI-1AB PX- 1 0 0 42, 13736 TOTAL HOURS,
 DAMAGE-DESTROYED DT- 6 1 11 500 IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT
 RATED.

NAME OF AIRPORT - MIAMI INTL
 OPERATOR - OTHER-FOREIGN FLAG CARRIER
 DEPARTURE POINT INTENDED DESTINATION
 MIAMI,FLA SANTA DOMINGO,DOMINI
 TYPE OF ACCIDENT
 ENGINE FAILURE OR MALFUNCTION
 COLLIDED WITH BUILDINGS)

PHASE OF OPERATION
 TAKEOFF INITIAL CLIMB
 LANDING TRAFFIC PATTERN-CIRCLING

PROBABLE CAUSE(S)
 MISC-CONFUSED ACTION BY CREW FOLLOWING ENG FAILURE
 PILOT IN COMMAND - SPONTANEOUS-IMPROPER ACTION
 MISCELLANEOUS ACTS,CONDITIONS - IMPROPER EMERGENCY PROCEDURES
 MISCELLANEOUS ACTS,CONDITIONS - FEATHERED WRONG ENGINE
 POWERPLANT - ENGINE STRUCTURE OTHER
 MISCELLANEOUS ACTS,CONDITIONS - MATERIAL FAILURE
 MISCELLANEOUS ACTS,CONDITIONS - FAILURE OF TWO OR MORE ENGINES
 FACTOR(S)
 PILOT IN COMMAND - INADEQUATE PREFLIGHT PREPARATION AND/OR PLANNING
 MISCELLANEOUS ACTS,CONDITIONS - IMPROPERLY LOADED AIRCRAFT-HEIGHT-AND/OR C.G.
 COMPLETE POWER LOSS - COMPLETE ENGINE FAILURE/FLAP/OUT-2 ENGINES
 EMERGENCY CIRCUMSTANCES - FORCED LANDING OFF AIRPORT ON LAND
 FIRE AFTER IMPACT
 REMARKS- NR 2 PNG FAILED,CREW FEATH NR 4,OVW MAX GROSS WT

A-0003 6/13/69 E BOSTON,MASS DOUGLAS DC-8 CR- 0 0 12 SCHED INTERNATL PASSG SRV CERTIFICATE OTHER, AGF
 TIME - 1945 I-DJHM PX- 0 1 96 49, UNK/NR TOTAL HOURS,
 DAMAGE-NONE UNK/NR IN TYPE, INSTRU-
 MENT RATED.

NAME OF AIRPORT - LOGAN
 OPERATOR - ALITALIA
 TYPE OF ACCIDENT
 MISCELLANEOUS
 PHASE OF OPERATION
 STATIC PARKED-ENGINES NOT OPERATING

PROBABLE CAUSE(S)
 PERSONNEL - MISCELLANEOUS-PERSONNEL PASSENGER
 EMERGENCY CIRCUMSTANCES - PRECAUTIONARY LANDING ON AIRPORT
 REMARKS- FLT DIVERTED TO BOSTON DUE TO REPORTED BOMB ON ACFT, PX FELL WHILE EVACUATING ACFT BY CHUTE.

POOR ORIGINAL

633 010

BRIEFS OF ACCIDENTS

FILE	DATE	LOCATION	AIRCRAFT DATA	INJURIES			FLIGHT PURPOSE	PILOT DATA	
				F	S	M/N			
A-0004	6/24/69	MOSES LAKE, WASH TIME - 1603	CONVAIR R80 JA-8028 DAMAGE-DESTROYED	CR-	3	2	0	TRAINING	CERTIFICATE OTHER, AGE 37, 7639 TOTAL HOURS, UNK/NR IN TYPE, INSTRU- MENT RATED.
		NAME OF AIRPORT - GRANT COUNTY OPERATOR - JAPAN AIRLINES		INTENDED DESTINATION		PHASE OF OPERATION			
		DEPARTURE POINT MOSES LAKE, WASH		LOCAL		TAKEOFF INITIAL CLIMB			
		TYPE OF ACCIDENT ENGINE FAILURE OR MALFUNCTION				TAKEOFF ABORTED			
		COLLISION WITH GROUND/WATER UNCONTROLLED							
		PROBABLE CAUSE(S) MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - SIMULATED CONDITIONS PILOT IN COMMAND - FAILED TO MAINTAIN DIRECTIONAL CONTROL PILOT IN COMMAND - INADEQUATE SUPERVISION OF FLIGHT FIRE AFTER IMPACT							
		REMARKS- DELAYED CORRECTIVE ACTION DURING SIMULATED NR 4 ENG OUT, CAUSED EXCESSIVE SIDESLIP.							
A-0001	4/14/70	MIAMI, FLA TIME - 0724	DOUGLAS C-540 HC-40N DAMAGE-DESTROYED	CR-	2	0	0	NS/CTR REVENUE CARGO INTL	AIRLINE TRANSPORT, AGE 39, 3053 TOTAL HOURS, 318 IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT RATED.
		NAME OF AIRPORT - MIAMI INTL. OPERATOR - OTHER-FOREIGN FLAG CARRIER		LAST ENROUTE STOP					
		DEPARTURE POINT MIAMI, FLA		PANAMA CITY, PANAMA					
		INTENDED DESTINATION QUITO, ECUADOR		PHASE OF OPERATION					
		TYPE OF ACCIDENT COLLISION WITH GROUND/WATER CONTROLLED		TAKEOFF INITIAL CLIMB					
		PROBABLE CAUSE(S) PILOT IN COMMAND - IMPROPER IFR OPERATION							
		FACTORS) WEATHER - LOW CEILING WEATHER - FOG							
		WEATHER BRIEFING - UNKNOWN/NOT REPORTED WEATHER FORECAST - FORECAST SUBSTANTIALLY CORRECT							
		SKY CONDITION OBSCURATION		CEILING AT ACCIDENT SITE					
		VISIBILITY AT ACCIDENT SITE 1/4 MILE OR LESS		100					
		OBSTRUCTIONS TO VISION AT ACCIDENT SITE		PRECIPITATION AT ACCIDENT SITE					
		FOG		FREEZING DRIZZLE					
		WIND VELOCITY-KNOTS 5		WIND DIRECTION-DEGREES					
		TYPE OF FLIGHT PLAN IFR		300					
		FIRE AFTER IMPACT		TYPE OF WEATHER CONDITIONS					
		REMARKS- COMPANIA ECUATORIANA DE AVIACION. IMPROPER MONITORING OF FLT INSTRUMENTS DURING TKOF IN, INC.		IFR					

POOR ORIGINAL

633 017

BRIEFS OF ACCIDENTS

FILE	DATE	LOCATION	AIRCRAFT DATA	INJURIES F S M/N	FLIGHT PURPOSE	PILOT DATA
A-0002	4/30/70 TIME - 0407	JAMAICA, NY	CANADAIR CL44J TF-LLI DAMAGE-SUBSTANTIAL	CR- 0 0 11 PX- 0 0190	SCHED INTERNATL PASSG SRV	CERTIFICATE OTHER, AGE UNK/NR, 7015 TOTAL HOURS, 3165 IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT RATED.
NAME OF AIRPORT - J F KENNEDY OPERATOR - OTHER-FOREIGN FLAG CARRIER DEPARTURE POINT - INTENDED DESTINATION KEFLAVIK, ICELAND - JAMAICA, NY TYPE OF ACCIDENT - GEAR COLLAPSED PROBABLE CAUSE(S) AIRFRAME - LANDING GEAR MAIN GEAR-SHOCK ABSORBING ASSY, STRUTS, ATTACHMENTS, ETC. MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - MATERIAL FAILURE REMARKS- L MAIN LGR ATTACH BRACKETS FAILED IN LGGS FOR UPPER AND LOWER MOUNT ROLTS.						
A-0003	9/15/70 TIME - 1221	JAMAICA, NY	DOUGLAS DC-8 I-DIMZ DAMAGE-DESTROYED	CR- 0 0 10 PX- 0 11135	SCHED INTERNATL PASSG SRV	CERTIFICATE OTHER, AGE 42, 13310 TOTAL HOURS, 1362 IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT RATED.
NAME OF AIRPORT - JFK INTL OPERATOR - ALITALIA DEPARTURE POINT - INTENDED DESTINATION ROME, ITALY - JAMAICA, NY TYPE OF ACCIDENT - HARD LANDING GEAR COLLAPSED PROBABLE CAUSE(S) PILOT IN COMMAND - FAILED TO FOLLOW APPROVED PROCEDURES, DIRECTIVES, ETC. PILOT IN COMMAND - IMPROPER OPERATION OF POWERPLANT & POWERPLANT CONTROLS FACTOR(S) PERSONNEL - TRAFFIC CONTROL PERSONNEL OTHER PILOT IN COMMAND - FAILED TO INITIATE GO-AROUND MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - OVERLOAD FAILURE REMARKS- USED REVERSE THRUST IN FLT. ATC POSITIONED ACFT 100 HI AND 100 CLOSE TO RWY. NO GLIDE SLOPE ILS APCH						
A-0004	7/19/70 TIME - 2235	SEATTLE, WASH	DOUGLAS DC-8 N7KTF DAMAGE-SUBSTANTIAL	CR- 0 0 9 PX- 0 0139	SCHED INTERNATL PASSG SRV	CERTIFICATE OTHER, AGE UNK/NR, 12947 TOTAL HOURS, 1769 IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT RATED.
NAME OF AIRPORT - SEATTLE-TACOMA OPERATOR - SAS DEPARTURE POINT - INTENDED DESTINATION LOS ANGELES, CALIF - OSLO, NORWAY TYPE OF ACCIDENT - COLLIDED WITH PARKED AIRCRAFT PROBABLE CAUSE(S) PERSONNEL - MISCELLANEOUS-PERSONNEL GROUND SIGNALMAN MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - CONGESTED RAMP/TAXIWAY REMARKS- L WING MAN GAVE SAS MARSHALLER WAVE-OFF ABT TIME L WING HIT R WING OF N8636, ACFT 12X1 LTS ON.						

POOR ORIGINAL

633

018

POOR ORIGINAL

BRIEFS OF ACCIDENTS

FILE DATE LOCATION AIRCRAFT DATA INJURIES FLIGHT PURPOSE PILOT DATA

C-0001 8/17/70 NR. ST. JEFAN, PO CANADA BOEING 747 CR- 0 0 17 SCHED INTERNATL PASSG SRV CERTIFICATE OTHER, AGE UNK/NR, UNK/NR TOTAL HOURS, UNK/NR IN TYPE, UNK/NR INSTRUMENT RATED.

OPERATOR - AIR FRANCE
 DEPARTURE POINT - CHICAGO, ILL
 TYPE OF ACCIDENT - ENGINE FAILURE OR MALFUNCTION
 INTENDED DESTINATION - PARIS, FRANCE
 LAST ENROUTE STOP - MONTREAL P.O. CANADA
 PHASE OF OPERATION - IN FLIGHT CLIMB TO CRUISE

PROBABLE CAUSES:
 OVERPLANT - TURBINE ASSEMBLY OTHER
 MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - MATERIAL FAILURE
 PERSONNEL - PRODUCTION-DESIGN-PERSONNEL INCORRECT FACTORY INSTALLATION
 PARTIAL POWER LOSS - PARTIAL LOSS OF POWER - 3 ENGINE
 EMERGENCY CIRCUMSTANCES - PRECAUTIONARY LANDING ON AIRPORT
 REMARKS - IN-FLT SEPN 2ND STAGE TURBINE DISK RIM NR 3 ENG AS RESULT OF INCOR ASSY OF HI-PRES TURBINE MODULE.

C-0002 8/26/70 BOSTON, MASS BOEING 747 CR- 0 0 9 TRAINING CERTIFICATE UNKNOWN, AGE UNK/NR, UNK/NR TOTAL HOURS, UNK/NR IN TYPE, UNK/NR INSTRUMENT RATED.

TIME - 0852 G-AVNA
 DAMAGE-MINOR

NAME OF AIRPORT - LOGAN INTL
 OPERATOR - BRITISH AIRWAYS
 DEPARTURE POINT - LONDON, ENGLAND
 TYPE OF ACCIDENT - MISCELLANEOUS
 INTENDED DESTINATION - JFK INTL, NY
 PHASE OF OPERATION - UNKNOWN/NOT REPORTED

REMARKS - BOTH INBD FLAP TRACK FAIRINGS DMGD AT UNDET TIME. AFT FLAP TRACK MECHANISM JUMPED TRACK.

C-0003 8/25/70 NR. JAMAICA, NY BOEING 747 CR- 0 0 17 SCHED INTERNATL PASSG SRV CERTIFICATE UNKNOWN, AGE UNK/NR, UNK/NR TOTAL HOURS, UNK/NR IN TYPE, UNK/NR INSTRUMENT RATED.

TIME - 2052 F-BPVC
 DAMAGE-NONE

NAME OF AIRPORT - JFK INTL
 OPERATOR - AIR FRANCE
 DEPARTURE POINT - JAMAICA, NY
 TYPE OF ACCIDENT - ENGINE FAILURE OR MALFUNCTION
 INTENDED DESTINATION - MONTREAL CAN
 PHASE OF OPERATION - IN FLIGHT CLIMB TO CRUISE

EMERGENCY CIRCUMSTANCES - FORCED LANDING ON AIRPORT/SEAPLANE BASE/HELIPAD.
 REMARKS - FIRE BRNG NR 2 ENG, CREW ACCIDENTALLY CLOSED NR 1 ENG START LEVER, CAUSED COMPRESSOR STALL. LND OK.

633 019

BRIEFS OF ACCIDENTS

FILE	DATE	LOCATION	AIRCRAFT DATA	INJURIES F S M/N	FLIGHT PURPOSE	PILOT DATA
C-0004	10/2/70 TIME - 1111	NR, VENTURA, CALIF	BOEING 747 JAR103 DAMAGE-NONE	CR- 0 0 21 PX- 0 0154	SCHED INTERNATL PASSG SRV	AIRLINE TRANSPORT, AGE UNK/NR, 10754 TOTAL HOURS, 20R IN TYPE, UNK/NR INSTRUMENT RATED.
<p>OPERATOR - AIRLINES DEPARTURE POINT INTENDED DESTINATION LOS ANGELES, CALIF HONOLULU, HAWAII</p> <p>TYPE OF ACCIDENT PHASE OF OPERATION FIRE OR EXPLOSION IN FLIGHT IN FLIGHT CLIMB TO CRUISE</p> <p>PROBABLE CAUSE(S) PERSONNEL - MAINTENANCE, SERVICING, INSPECTION INADEQUATE MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION FACTOR(S) MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - FIRE IN ENGINE EMERGENCY CIRCUMSTANCES - PRECAUTIONARY LANDING ON AIRPORT REMARKS- BOEING SV BUL 71-201R NOT COMPLIED WITH, COMBUSTION CHAMBER DRAIN FITTING MISALIGNED WITH COWL PORT</p>						
C-0005	6/9/70 TIME - 2121	NR, NANTUCKET, MASS	BOEING 707 F-RNSF DAMAGE-NONE	CR- 0 0 10 PX- 0 0146	SCHED INTERNATL PASSG SRV	CERTIFICATE UNKNOWN, AGE UNK/NR, UNK/NR TOTAL HOURS, UNK/NR IN TYPE, UNK/NR INSTRUMENT RATED.
<p>OPERATOR - AIR FRANCE DEPARTURE POINT INTENDED DESTINATION JAMAICA, NY PARIS, FRANCE</p> <p>TYPE OF ACCIDENT PHASE OF OPERATION ENGINE FAILURE OR MALFUNCTION IN FLIGHT NORMAL CRUISE</p> <p>COMPLETE POWER LOSS - UNKNOWN/NOT REPORTED REMARKS- NR 1 ENG FAILED, ENG RETURNED TO TWA, KANSAS CITY FOR TEARDOWN AND INSP.</p>						
A-0001	8/30/71 TIME - 0746	FT. LAUDERDALE, FLA	CONVAIR 440 TI-1086C DAMAGE-SUBSTANTIAL	CR- 0 0 3 PX- 0 0 2	TRAINING	AIRLINE TRANSPORT, AGE 63, 14000 TOTAL HOURS, 645 IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT RATED.
<p>NAME OF AIRPORT - FT. LAUDERDALE OPERATOR - OTHER-FOREIGN FLAG CARRIER DEPARTURE POINT INTENDED DESTINATION FT. LAUDERDALE, FLA LOCAL</p> <p>TYPE OF ACCIDENT PHASE OF OPERATION GROUND-WATER LOOP-SWERVE TAKEOFF RUN GEAR COLLAPSED TAKEOFF ABORTED</p> <p>PROBABLE CAUSE(S) DUAL STUDENT - IMPROPER OPERATION OF BRAKES AND/OR FLIGHT CONTROLS PILOT IN COMMAND - INADEQUATE SUPERVISION OF FLIGHT FACTOR(S) MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - OVERLOAD FAILURE AIRPORTS/AIRWAYS/FACILITIES - AIRPORT CONDITIONS SOFT SHOULDERS REMARKS- STUDENT PLTS FIRST T/O IN TYPE ACFT.</p>						

POOR ORIGINAL

633 020

POOR ORIGINAL

BRIEFS OF ACCIDENTS				PILOT DATA	
FILE	DATE	LOCATION	AIRCRAFT DATA	INJURIES	FLIGHT PURPOSE
				F S M/N	
C-0001	4/13/71	BOSTON, MASS	DOUGLAS DC-8 XASTA DAMAGE-MINOR	CR- 0 0 8 PX- 0 0 0	FERRY
	TIME - 1415				
	OPERATOR - AERONAVES		INTENDED DESTINATION PHILADELPHIA, PA		
	DEPARTURE POINT BOSTON, MASS				
	TYPE OF ACCIDENT ENGINE FAILURE OR MALFUNCTION				
	FIRE OR EXPLOSION IN FLIGHT				
	PROBABLE CAUSE(S) POWERPLANT - MISCELLANEOUS POWERPLANT FAILURE FOR UNDETERMINED REASONS				
	FACTORS(S) MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - DUMPED FUEL				
	EMERGENCY CIRCUMSTANCES - PRECAUTIONARY LANDING ON AIRPORT				
	REMARKS- FIRE IN NR1 ENG SN 0645A25, NO ENG TEAR DOWN REPORT RECD, NO ENG MAKE/MODEL INFO.				
					CERTIFICATE (THRP, AGE UNK/NR, UNK/NR TOTAL HOURS, UNK/NR IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT RATED).
C-0002	4/7/71	JAMAICA, NY	BOEING 707 VT-DPM DAMAGE-NONE	CR- 0 0 10 PX- 0 0 09	SCHED INTERNATL PASSG SRV
	TIME - 2128				
	OPERATOR - AIR INDIA		INTENDED DESTINATION LONDON, ENGLAND		
	DEPARTURE POINT JAMAICA, NY				
	TYPE OF ACCIDENT MISCELLANEOUS				
	PROBABLE CAUSE(S) SYSTEMS - FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS RUDDER AND RUDDER TAB CONTROL SYSTEM				
	FACTORS(S) MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - SHEARED				
	EMERGENCY CIRCUMSTANCES - PRECAUTIONARY LANDING ON AIRPORT				
	REMARKS- SHAFT, PN69-50237-1, IN RUDDER POWER GEAR BOX SHEARED, AIR INDIA REPORTED LUBRICANT WAS DRY AND HARD.				
					CERTIFICATE UNKNOWN, AGE UNK/NR, UNK/NR TOTAL HOURS, UNK/NR IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT RATED.
					PHASE OF OPERATION TAKEOFF INITIAL CLIMB
C-0003	6/12/71	JAMAICA, NY	BOEING 707 4XATS DAMAGE-MINOR	CR- 0 0 10 PX- 0 0 150	SCHED INTERNATL PASSG SRV
	TIME - 0035				
	NAME OF AIRPORT - JFK INTL		INTENDED DESTINATION LONDON, ENGLAND		
	OPERATOR - FLAL				
	DEPARTURE POINT JAMAICA, NY				
	TYPE OF ACCIDENT COLLIDED WITH AUTOMOBILE				
	PROBABLE CAUSE(S) PERSONNEL - MISCELLANEOUS-PERSONNEL DRIVER OF VEHICLE				
	FACTORS(S) PERSONNEL - AIRPORT SUPERVISORY PERSONNEL IMPROPER OPERATION OF FACILITIES				
	REMARKS- RWG TIP HIT IMPROPERLY PARKED TRUCK, SIGNS OR MARKINGS PROHIBITING VEHICLES IN AREA NON EXISTENT.				
					CERTIFICATE OTHER, AGE UNK/NR, 9000 TOTAL HOURS, 5000 IN TYPE, UNK/NR INSTRUMENT RATED).
					PHASE OF OPERATION TAXI TO TAKEOFF

BRIEFS OF ACCIDENTS

FILE	DATE	LOCATION	AIRCRAFT DATA	INJURIES F S M/N	FLIGHT PURPOSE	PILOT DATA
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A-0001	8/13/72 TIME - 0050	JAMAICA,NY	BOEING 707 YIU-AGA DAMAGE-SUBSTANTIAL	CR- 0 0 11 PX- 0 0 175	NS/CTR REVENUE PASSG INTL	AIRLINE TRANSPORT, AGE 53, 14943 TOTAL HOURS, UNK/NR IN TYPE, INSTRU- MENT RATED.
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NAME OF AIRPORT - JFK INTL
OPERATOR - OTHER-FOREIGN FLAG CARRIER
DEPARTURE POINT INTENDED DESTINATION
JAMAICA,NY RIJEKA,YUGOSLAVIA

TYPE OF ACCIDENT PHASE OF OPERATION
COLLIDED WITH FENCE,FENCEPOSTS TAKENOFF ABORTED

PROBABLE CAUSE(S)
AIRFRAME - LANDING GEAR BRAKING SYSTEM (NORMAL SYSTEM)

FACTOR(S)
AIRFRAME - FUSELAGE WINDSHIELDS,WINDOWS,CANOPIES

FIRE AFTER IMPACT
REMARKS- C/P WNDW,OUT OF ADJUSTMNT,OPENED, SOUNDED LIKE EXPN,2 BRAKES INEFF DUE MALF RELAY,HIT BLAST FENCE.

A-0002	10/5/72 TIME - 0814	MIAMI,FLA	CURTISS WRT C-46A HK-851 DAMAGE-SUBSTANTIAL	CR- 0 0 2 PX- 0 0 0	SCHED INTERNATL CARGO SRV	CERTIFICATE OTHER, AGE 42, 9000 TOTAL HOURS, 4500 IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT RATED.
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NAME OF AIRPORT - MIAMI INTL
OPERATOR - OTHER-FOREIGN FLAG CARRIER
DEPARTURE POINT INTENDED DESTINATION
MIAMI,FLA BARRANQUILLA,COLUMB

TYPE OF ACCIDENT PHASE OF OPERATION
ENGINE FAILURE OR MALFUNCTION TAKENOFF INITIAL CLIMB
PROPELLER/ROTOR FAILURE PROPELLER LANDING FINAL APPROACH

PROBABLE CAUSE(S)
POWERPLANT - ENGINE STRUCTURE OTHER
MISCELLANEOUS ACTS,CONDITIONS - MATERIAL FAILURE
PILOT IN COMMAND - FAILED TO FOLLOW APPROVED PROCEDURES,DIRECTIVES,ETC.
MISCELLANEOUS ACTS,CONDITIONS - IMPROPER EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

FACTOR(S)
MISCELLANEOUS ACTS,CONDITIONS - SEPARATION IN FLIGHT
COMPLETE POWER LOSS - COMPLETE ENGINE FAILURE/FLAMEOUT-1 ENGINE
EMERGENCY CIRCUMSTANCES - FORCED LANDING ON AIRPORT/SEAPLANE BASE/HELPT.
REMARKS- L ENG FAILED INTERNALLY-PLT DIDNT FEATH PROP,ENG SEIZED AND PROP SEPARATED,DN50 ACFT,LND OK.

POOR ORIGINAL

633 022

BRIEFS OF ACCIDENTS

FILE	DATE	LOCATION	AIRCRAFT DATA	INJURIES		FLIGHT PURPOSE	PILOT DATA
				F	S M/N		
A-0003	11/1/72 TIME - 1057	ANCHORAGE, ALAS	BOEING 747 JAR107 DAMAGE-SUBSTANTIAL	CR- 0 0 20 PX- 0 0261		SCHED INTERNATL PASSG SRV	CERTIFICATE OTHER, AGE 36, 8139 TOTAL HOURS, 1312 IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT RATED.
		NAME OF AIRPORT - ANCHORAGE INTL OPERATOR - JAPAN AIRLINES DEPARTURE POINT TOKYO, JAPAN TYPE OF ACCIDENT WHEELS-UP	INTENDED DESTINATION HAMBURG, GERMANY		LAST ENROUTE STOP ANCHORAGE, ALAS PHASE OF OPERATION LANDING LEVEL OFF/TOUCHDOWN		
		PROBABLE CAUSE(S) PILOT IN COMMAND - FAILED TO ASSURE THE GEAR WAS DOWN AND LOCKED FACTOR(S) PILOT IN COMMAND - FAILED TO FOLLOW APPROVED PROCEDURES, DIRECTIVES, ETC. AIRFRAME - LANDING GEAR NORMAL RETRACTION/EXTENSION ASSEMBLY					
		REMARKS- NOSE GR DIDNT EXTEND FOR UNDET REASON, WRNG HORN SOUNDED, GR UNSAFE LTS ON, DIDNT USE EMERG GR SYS.					
C-0001	7/2/72 TIME - 2014	FA, BOSTON, MASS	DOUGLAS DC-8 HR-IDG DAMAGE-MINOR	CR- 0 0 12 PX- 0 0142		SCHED INTERNATL PASSG SRV	CERTIFICATE OTHER, AGE UNK/NR, UNK/NR TOTAL HOURS, UNK/NR IN TYPE, UNK/NR INSTRUMENT RATED.
		NAME OF AIRPORT - LOGAN INTL OPERATOR - SWISS AIR DEPARTURE POINT FA, BOSTON, MASS TYPE OF ACCIDENT MISCELLANEOUS FIRE OR EXPLOSION ON GROUND	INTENDED DESTINATION LUCERNE, SWITZERLAND		PHASE OF OPERATION TAKEOFF RUN TAKEOFF ABORTED		
		PROBABLE CAUSE(S) AIRFRAME - LANDING GEAR WHEELS, TIRES, AXLES MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - MATERIAL FAILURE MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - FIRE IN BRAKES, WHEEL ASSEMBLY, WHEEL WELL					
		REMARKS- R MLG REAR TIRES FAILED, FRICTION CAUSED FIRE, DMGD R INBD FLAP AND BELLY.					
C-0002	4/9/72 TIME - 0046	JAMAICA, NY	BOEING 707 AP-AVN DAMAGE-MINOR	CR- 0 0 12 PX- 0 0 24 OT- 0 0 2		SCHED INTERNATL PASSG SRV	CERTIFICATE OTHER, AGE 41, 13000 TOTAL HOURS, 5500 IN TYPE, UNK/NR INSTRUMENT RATED.
		NAME OF AIRPORT - JFK INTL OPERATOR - OTHER-FOREIGN FLAG CARRIER DEPARTURE POINT JAMAICA, NY TYPE OF ACCIDENT COLLIDED WITH AUTOMOBILE	INTENDED DESTINATION LONDON, ENGLAND		PHASE OF OPERATION TAXI TO TAKEOFF		
		PROBABLE CAUSE(S) PILOT IN COMMAND - SELECTED UNSUITABLE TERRAIN FACTOR(S) PERSONNEL - MISCELLANEOUS-PERSONNEL DRIVER OF VEHICLE MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - INSTRUCTIONS-MISINTERPRETED					
		REMARKS- DEP GATE, TURNED L ONTO VEHICLE SERVICE ROAD AND HIT IMPROPERLY PRKD TRUCK, PLT UNFAMILIAR WITH JFK.					

POOR ORIGINAL

633 021

BRIFFS OF ACCIDENTS

FILE	DATE	LOCATION	AIRCRAFT DATA	INJURIES			FLIGHT PURPOSE	PILOT DATA
				F	S	M/N		
A-0001	5/1/73 TIME - 1207	ST. CROIX, VI	HAWKER-SOLY HS74B VP-LIK DAMAGE-SUBSTANTIAL	CR- PX-	0 0	0 15	SCHED INTERNATL PASSG SRV	AIRLINE TRANSPORT, AGE 26, 3158 TOTAL HOURS, 2907 IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT RATED.
NAME OF AIRPORT - ALEXANDER HAMILTON OPERATOR - OTHER-FOREIGN FLAG CARRIER DEPARTURE POINT ANTIGUA, BWT INTENDD DESTINATION ST. CROIX, VI TYPE OF ACCIDENT HARD LANDING GEAR COLLAPSED LAST ENROUTE STOP ST. THOMAS, VI PHASE OF OPERATION LANDING LEVEL OFF/TOUCHDOWN LANDING ROLL PROBABLE CAUSE(S) COPILOT - IMPROPER LEVEL OFF PILOT IN COMMAND - INADEQUATE SUPERVISION OF FLIGHT FACTOR(S) MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - OVERLOAD FAILURE REMARKS- HIT NOSE GR FIRST, LEEWARD ISLANDS AIR TRANSPORT SERVICES, LTD.								

A-0002	6/15/73 TIME - 1955	BOSTON, MASS	DOUGLAS DC-8 HP-IDK DAMAGE-SUBSTANTIAL	CR- PX-	0 0	0 11	SCHED INTERNATL PASSG SRV	CERTIFICATE OTHER, AGE UNK/NR, UNK/NR TOTAL HOURS, UNK/NR IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT RATED.
NAME OF AIRPORT - LOGAN INTL OPERATOR - SWISS AIR DEPARTURE POINT BOSTON, MASS INTENDD DESTINATION UNKNOWN/NOT REPORTED TYPE OF ACCIDENT COLLIDED WITH PARKED AIRCRAFT PHASE OF OPERATION TAXI TO TAKEOFF PROBABLE CAUSE(S) PILOT IN COMMAND - MISJUDGED CLEARANCE FACTOR(S) AIRPORTS/AIRWAYS/FACILITIES - AIRPORT FACILITIES TAXIWAY LIGHTING AND MARKING REMARKS- PLT MISTOOK NEW PAINTED TAXIWAY BOUNDARY LINE FOR CENTERLINE WHICH WAS WORN, HIT L-188 N5504, SUBSTL								

POOR ORIGINAL

POOR ORIGINAL

BRIEFS OF ACCIDENTS

FILE	DATE	LOCATION	AIRCRAFT DATA	INJURIES	FLIGHT PURPOSE	PILOT DATA
				F S M/N		
A-0003	6/23/73 TIME - 0258	JAMAICA, NY	DOUGLAS DC-8 MFGDT DAMAGE-SUBSTANTIAL	CR- 0 2 7 PX- 0 6113	SCHED INTERNATL PASSG SRV	CERTIFICATE OTHER, AGE 48, 18000 TOTAL HOURS, 1634 IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT RATED.
		NAME OF AIRPORT - JFK INTL ARPT OPERATOR - OTHER-FOREIGN FLAG CARRIER DEPARTURE POINT - INTENDED DESTINATION STOCKHOLM, SWEDEN JAMAICA, NY TYPE OF ACCIDENT UNDERSHOOT HARD LANDING PROBABLE CAUSE(S) COPILOT-INADEQUATELY DEPLOY GND SPOILERS WHILE ARMING FACTOR(S) PILOT IN COMMAND - IMPROPER IN-FLIGHT DECISIONS OR PLANNING FIRE AFTER IMPACT REMARKS- ARMED JUST BFR TOUCHDOWN-NO LOFTLEADER AIRLINES.				
A-0004	12/17/73 TIME - 1543	BOSTON, MASS	DOUGLAS DC-10 FC-CRN DAMAGE-SUBSTANTIAL	CR- 0 1 13 PX- 0 2151	SCHED INTERNATL PASSG SRV	CERTIFICATE OTHER, AGE 53, 21705 TOTAL HOURS, 426 IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT RATED.
		NAME OF AIRPORT - LOGAN INTL OPERATOR - TIBERIA DEPARTURE POINT - INTENDED DESTINATION MADRID, SPAIN BOSTON, MASS TYPE OF ACCIDENT UNDERSHOOT COLLIDED WITH OBJECT PROBABLE CAUSE(S) FLT-NIGHT RECOG INCR DSCNT RATE, MAY HV BEEN UN TO FACTOR(S) WEATHER - UNFAVORABLE WIND CONDITIONS AIRPORTS/AIRWAYS/FACILITIES - AIRPORT FACILITIES INSTRUMENT LANDING SYSTEM WEATHER BRIEFING - BRIEFING RECEIVED-METHOD UNKNOWN WEATHER FORECAST - UNKNOWN/NOT REPORTED SKY CONDITION OBSCURATION VISIBILITY AT ACCIDENT SITE 3/4 MILE OR LESS OBSTRUCTIONS TO VISION AT ACCIDENT SITE FOG TEMPERATURE-F 41 WIND VELOCITY-KNOTS 9 TYPE OF FLIGHT PLAN IFR FIRE AFTER IMPACT REMARKS- LOW ALT WND SHEAR, MIN WHL CLNC, APCH LITE PIERS.				

BRIFES OF ACCIDENTS

FILE	DATE	LOCATION	AIRCRAFT DATA	INJURIES			FLIGHT PURPOSE	FIELD DATA
				F	S	M/N		
A-0005	10/25/73	NR, MIAMI, FLA	DOUGLAS DC-6B N6145F DAMAGE-DESTRUCTIVE	CR-	0 2 1		SCHED INTERNATL CARGO SRV	AIRLINE TRANSPORT, AGE 52, 22000 TOTAL HOURS, 6000 IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT RATED.
		OPERATOR - OTHER-FOREIGN FLAG CARRIER						
		DEPARTURE POINT		INTENDED DESTINATION				
		GEORGETOWN, GUYANA		MIAMI, FLA				
		TYPE OF ACCIDENT		PHASE OF OPERATION				
		ENGINE FAILURE OR MALFUNCTION		IN FLIGHT NORMAL CRUISE				
		DITCHING		LANDING LEVEL OFF/TOUCHDOWN				
		PROBABLE CAUSE(S)						
		POWERPLANT - FUEL SYSTEM OTHER						
		MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - LEAK/LEAKAGE						
		PILOT IN COMMAND - MISMANAGEMENT OF FUEL						
		MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - INATTENTIVE TO FUEL SUPPLY						
		PILOT IN COMMAND - IMPROPER IN-FLIGHT DECISIONS OR PLANNING						
		MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - FUEL EXHAUSTION						
		FACTORS(S)						
		MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - AIRCRAFT CAME TO REST IN WATER						
		COMPLETE POWER LOSS - COMPLETE ENGINE FAILURE/FLAMEOUT-4 ENGINES						
		EMERGENCY CIRCUMSTANCES - FORCED LANDING OFF AIRPORT ON WATER						
		REMARKS- GUYANA AIRWAYS, DITCHED IN BISCAYNE BAY, LK NO 3 MN FUEL SYS, OVERFLEW NASSAU & BIMINI WITH LOW FUEL.						
A-0006	9/17/73	NR, MIAMI, FLA	DOUGLAS DC-6A N61220 DAMAGE-SUBSTANTIAL	CR-	0 0 3		SCHED INTERNATL CARGO SRV	AIRLINE TRANSPORT, AGE 30, 5873 TOTAL HOURS, 641 IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT RATED.
		NAME OF AIRPORT - MIAMI INTL						
		OPERATOR - OTHER-FOREIGN FLAG CARRIER						
		DEPARTURE POINT		INTENDED DESTINATION				
		MIAMI, FLA		PORT AU PRINCE, HAITI				
		TYPE OF ACCIDENT		PHASE OF OPERATION				
		ENGINE FAILURE OR MALFUNCTION		IN FLIGHT CLIMB TO CRUISE				
		FIRE OR EXPLOSION IN FLIGHT		IN FLIGHT CLIMB TO CRUISE				
		PROBABLE CAUSE(S)						
		POWERPLANT - ENGINE STRUCTURE MASTER AND CONNECTING RODS						
		MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - MATERIAL FAILURE						
		MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - LACK OF LUBRICATION-SPECIFIC PART, NOT SYSTEM						
		FACTORS(S)						
		MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - FIRE IN ENGINE						
		COMPLETE POWER LOSS - COMPLETE ENGINE FAILURE/FLAMEOUT-1 ENGINE						
		EMERGENCY CIRCUMSTANCES - FORCED LANDING ON AIRPORT/SEAPLANE BASE/HELIP.						
		REMARKS- MASTER ROD ASSEMBLY, P/N 18080041-3761, EVIDENCE OF HI FRICTIONAL FORCES CONSISTANT WITH LUBE BKDN.						

POOR ORIGINAL

633 026

BRIEFS OF ACCIDENTS

FILE	DATE	LOCATION	AIRCRAFT DATA	INJURIES F S N/N	FLIGHT PURPOSE	PILOT DATA
C-0001	9/17/73 TIME - 1940	JAMAICA, NY	BOEING 747 CS-TJR DAMAGE-MINOR	CR- 0 0 16 PX- 0 0164	SCHED INTERNATL PASSG SRV	AIRLINE TRANSPORT, AGE 57, 20000 TOTAL HOURS, 600 IN TYPE, UNK/NR INSTRUMENT RATED.
<p>NAME OF AIRPORT - JOHN F KENNEDY OPERATOR - OTHER-FOREIGN FLAG CARRIER DEPARTURE POINT INTENDED DESTINATION JAMAICA, NY LISBON, PORTUGAL TYPE OF ACCIDENT PHASE OF OPERATION COLLIDED WITH WIRES/POLES TAXI TO TAKEOFF</p> <p>PROBABLE CAUSE(S) PILOT IN COMMAND - FAILED TO SEE AND AVOID OBJECTS OR OBSTRUCTIONS PERSONNEL - AIRPORT SUPERVISORY PERSONNEL, FAILURE TO NOTIFY OF UNSAFE COND/AND OR FAILURE TO MARK OBSTRUCTION FACTOR(S) POWERPLANT - MISCELLANEOUS FOREIGN OBJECT DAMAGE MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - CONGESTED RAMP/TAXIWAY REMARKS- JUMBO JET MADE WIDE TURN, TAXIED ACROSS UNLITED AREA, STRUCK WINDSOCK, PORTUGUESE AIRWAYS.</p>						
A-0001	1/19/74 TIME - 1908	MIAMI, FLA	BRITISH AC 1-11 TI-LRI DAMAGE-NONE	CR- 0 0 4 PX- 0 1 87	SCHED INTERNATL PASSG SRV	AIRLINE TRANSPORT, AGE UNK/NR, UNK/NR TOTAL HOURS, UNK/NR IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT RATED.
<p>NAME OF AIRPORT - MIAMI INTL OPERATOR - OTHER-FOREIGN FLAG CARRIER DEPARTURE POINT INTENDED DESTINATION MIAMI, FLA SAN JOSE, COSTA RICO TYPE OF ACCIDENT PHASE OF OPERATION MISCELLANEOUS STATIC PARKED-ENGINES NOT OPERATING</p> <p>PROBABLE CAUSE(S) PERSONNEL - MISCELLANEOUS-PERSONNEL PASSENGER REMARKS- APPARENTLY INTOXICATED PSGR FELL THRU CURTAIN & GALLEY DOOR, EXPL. 1/28/74.</p>						
A-0002	2/7/74 TIME - 2307	LOS ANGELES, CALIF	DOUGLAS DC-8 F-801H DAMAGE-SUBSTANTIAL	CR- 0 0 9 PX- 0 1151	SCHED INTERNATL PASSG SRV	AIRLINE TRANSPORT, AGE 44, 11000 TOTAL HOURS, 7000 IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT RATED.
<p>NAME OF AIRPORT - LOS ANGELES INTL OPERATOR - OTHER-FOREIGN FLAG CARRIER DEPARTURE POINT INTENDED DESTINATION LOS ANGELES, CALIF PAPERFE, TAHITI TYPE OF ACCIDENT PHASE OF OPERATION AIRFRAME FAILURE ON GROUND TAKEOFF RUN FIRE OR EXPLOSION ON GROUND TAKEOFF RUN</p> <p>PROBABLE CAUSE(S) AIRFRAME - LANDING GEAR BRAKING SYSTEM (NORMAL SYSTEM) MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - OVERHEATED FIRE AFTER IMPACT REMARKS- NR 6 TIRE DEFLATED DRG TAXI, WORN BRAKE SYS, NR 5 TIRE BLEW DRG TKOF RUN, L WHEEL WELL FIRE, ABORT.</p>						

POOR ORIGINAL

RIFFS OF ACCIDENTS

FILE	DATE	LOCATION	AIRCRAFT DATA	INJURIES F S M/N	FLIGHT PURPOSE	PILOT DATA
A-0003	5/13/74	NR. 01N/FILL, NEAR TIME - 0136	BOEING 707 FALCA DAMAGE-NONE	CR- 0 1 11 PX- 0 2 97	SCHED INTERNATL PASG SRV	CERTIFICATE DTMFR, AGE 51, 22508 TOTAL HOURS, 4935 IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT RATED.

OPERATOR - AIR FRANCE
 DEPARTURE POINT
 LOS ANGELES, CALIF
 TYPE OF ACCIDENT
 TURBULENCE

INTENDED DESTINATION
 PARIS, FRANCE

PHASE OF OPERATION
 IN FLIGHT NORMAL CRUISE

PROBARI CAUSE(S)
 PILOT IN COMMAND - IMPROPER IN-FLIGHT DECISIONS OR PLANNING.
 WEATHER - TURBULENCE, ASSOCIATED W/CLOUDS AND/OR THUNDERSTORMS
 WEATHER - THUNDERSTORM ACTIVITY
 MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - SEAT BELT SIGN OFF
 WEATHER BRIEFING - SELF-HELP, PILOT CHECKED WEATHER DATA
 WEATHER FORECAST - WEATHER SLIGHTLY WORSE THAN FORECAST

SKY CONDITION
 BROKEN
 VISIBILITY AT ACCIDENT SITE
 5 OR OVER (UNLIMITED)
 OBSTRUCTIONS TO VISION AT ACCIDENT SITE
 NONE
 TYPE OF FLIGHT PLAN
 IFR

CEILING AT ACCIDENT SITE
 3800
 PRECIPITATION AT ACCIDENT SITE
 NONE
 TYPE OF WEATHER CONDITIONS
 IFR

REMARKS- MDT-SVR TURBU, VERY STRONG TSTM ACTIVITY WHICH SHOULD HAVE BEEN EASILY DETECTABLE. FLT CONTD TO ORLY

A-0004	7/11/74	NEW YORK, NY TIME - 2205	BOEING 747 OO-SGR DAMAGE-SUBSTANTIAL	CR- 0 0 17 PX- 0 0 185	MIL CONTRACT PASG INTL	AIRLINE TRANSPORT, AGE 56, 23739 TOTAL HOURS, 1794 IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT RATED.
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NAME OF AIRPORT - JOHN F KENNEDY
 OPERATOR - SARENA
 DEPARTURE POINT
 NEW YORK, NY
 TYPE OF ACCIDENT
 COLLIDED WITH BUILDING(S)

INTENDED DESTINATION
 BRUSSELS, BELGIUM

PHASE OF OPERATION
 TAXI OTHER

REMARKS- NR 4 ENG FAILED TO START, RETURNED TO TERMINAL, ACFT. STRUCK EXTENDED JET-WAY.

POOR ORIGINAL

BRIEFS OF ACCIDENTS

FILE	DATE	LOCATION	AIRCRAFT DATA	INJURIES			FLIGHT PURPOSE	PILOT DATA
				F	S	M/N		
A-0005	5/16/74 TIME - 2045	JAMAICA, NY	DOUGLAS DC-8 NR960 DAMAGE-NONE	CR- 0	0	8	SCHED INTERNATL PASSG SRV	CERTIFICATE OTHER, AGE 36, 7992 TOTAL HOURS, 1245 IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT RATED.
		NAME OF AIRPORT - JFK INTERNATIONAL OPERATOR - OTHER-FOREIGN FLAG CARRIER DEPARTURE POINT INTENDED DESTINATION JAMAICA, NY KEFLAVIK, ICELAND					PHASE OF OPERATION TAXI OTHER	
		PROBABLE CAUSE(S) PERSONNEL - MISCELLANEOUS-PERSONNEL GROUND CREWMAN MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - DISREGARD OF GOOD OPERATING PRACTICE FACTOR(S) PERSONNEL - OPERATIONAL SUPERVISORY PERSONNEL *ERROR-INVALID CODE*						
		REMARKS- GND CREWMAN ON TOW BAR FELL UNDER NOSEWHEEL DRG PUSHBACK.					ICELANDIC AIRLINES, INC.	
C-0001	10/21/74 TIME - 0030	NR, SEATTLE, WASH	DOUGLAS DC-8 DYKTE DAMAGE-NONE	CR- 0	0	11	SCHED INTERNATL PASSG SRV	AIRLINE TRANSPORT, AGE UNK/NR, UNK/NR TOTAL HOURS, UNK/NR IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT RATED.
		OPERATOR - SAS DEPARTURE POINT INTENDED DESTINATION SEATTLE, WASH COPENHAGEN, DENMARK					PHASE OF OPERATION IN FLIGHT NORMAL CRUISE	
		PROBABLE CAUSE(S) MISC-PAX DIED OF NATURAL CAUSES.						
A-0001	9/27/75 TIME - 0600	MIAMI, FL	CANADAIR CL-44 LV-JSY DAMAGE-DESTROYED	CR- 4	2	0	SCHED INTERNATL CARGO SRV	AIRLINE TRANSPORT, AGE 49, 11601 TOTAL HOURS, 2352 IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT RATED.
		NAME OF AIRPORT - MIAMI INTL OPERATOR - OTHER-FOREIGN FLAG CARRIER DEPARTURE POINT INTENDED DESTINATION MIAMI, FL BUENOS AIRES, ARGENT					LAST ENROUTE STOP ASUNCION, PARAGUAY PHASE OF OPERATION TAKEOFF ABORTED	
		PROBABLE CAUSE(S) PILOT IN COMMAND - INADEQUATE PREFLIGHT PREPARATION AND/OR PLANNING COPILOT - INADEQUATE PREFLIGHT PREPARATION AND/OR PLANNING PERSONNEL - FLIGHT ENGINEER INADEQUATE PREFLIGHT MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - GUST LOCKS ENGAGED FACTOR(S) PERSONNEL - OPERATIONAL SUPERVISORY PERSONNEL FAILURE TO PROVIDE ADEQ. DIRECTIVES, MANUAL, EQUIPMENT SYSTEMS - FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS FLIGHT CONTROL GUST LOCK SYSTEM MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - RAN OFF END OF RUNWAY FIRE AFTER IMPACT						
		REMARKS- HYD ACTUATOR REMOVED, OPERATOR USED MANUAL EXTERNAL LOCK, NOT CERTIFICATED BY MFG. OPERATOR-AER.						

POOR ORIGINAL

633 029

BRIEFS OF ACCIDENTS

FILE DATE LOCATION AIRCRAFT DATA INJURIES FLIGHT PILOT DATA
 F S M/N PURPOSE
 A-0002 7/27/75 NR, NEW YORK, NY BOEING 707 CR- 0 1 9 SCHEID INTERNAT PASSG SRV CERTIFICATE OTHER, AGE
 TIME - 2245 BMSH PA- 0 0 0126 55, 1582% TOTAL HOURS,
 3594 IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT
 RATED.

OPERATOR - AIR FRANCE
 DEPARTURE POINT
 FRENCH ANTILLES
 TYPE OF ACCIDENT
 TURBULENCE
 INTENDED DESTINATION
 NEW YORK, NY
 LAST FMO/UTE STOP
 NEW YORK, NY
 PHASE OF OPERATION
 IN FLIGHT NORMAL CRUISE

PROBABLE CAUSE(S)
 WEATHER - TURBULENCE IN FLIGHT, CLEAR AIR
 PERSONNEL - FLIGHT PERSONNEL, FLIGHT ATTENDANT
 FACTOR(S)
 MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - SEAT BELT SIGN ON
 WEATHER BRIEFING - BRIEFING RECEIVED-METHOD UNKNOWN
 WEATHER FORECAST - UNKNOWN/NOT REPORTED

SKY CONDITION
 UNKNOWN/NOT REPORTED
 VISIBILITY AT ACCIDENT SITE
 UNKNOWN/NOT REPORTED
 OBSTRUCTIONS TO VISION AT ACCIDENT SITE
 UNKNOWN/NOT REPORTED
 TYPE OF FLIGHT PLAN
 IFR
 CEILING AT ACCIDENT SITE
 UNKNOWN/NOT REPORTED
 PRECIPITATION AT ACCIDENT SITE
 UNKNOWN/NOT REPORTED
 TYPE OF WEATHER CONDITIONS
 UNKNOWN/NOT REPORTED

REMARKS- CABIN STEWARD RETURNING TO SEAT AFTER INITIAL ENCOUNTER, STRONGER TURBC ENCNTRD, STEWARD BROKE LEG.

A-0003 10/20/75 SAN JUAN, PR DOUGLAS DC-6B CR- 0 0 3 NS/CTR REVENUE CARGO INTL AIRLINE TRANSPORT, AGE
 TIME - 1415 AN-RPN PA- 0 0 0 39, 15130 TOTAL HOURS,
 965 IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT
 RATED.

NAME OF AIRPORT - PUERTO RICO INT'L
 OPERATOR - OTHER-FOREIGN FLAG CARRIER
 DEPARTURE POINT
 MANAGUA, NICARAGUA
 TYPE OF ACCIDENT
 AIRFRAME FAILURE ON GROUND
 INTENDED DESTINATION
 SAN JUAN, PR
 PHASE OF OPERATION
 LANDING ROLL

PROBABLE CAUSE(S)
 PILOT IN COMMAND - INADEQUATE PREFLIGHT PREPARATION AND/OR PLANNING
 AIRFRAME - LANDING GEAR NOSE/WHEEL ASSEMBLIES
 MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - IMPROPERLY SECURED
 FACTOR(S)
 MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - DISCONNECTED
 MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - OVERLOAD FAILURE
 REMARKS- IMPROPERLY SECURED NOSE GR TORQUE LINKS DISCONNECTED, NSE WHL VIBRATION, FUSELAGE FRACTURED.

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 POOR ORIGINAL

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BRIEFS OF ACCIDENTS

FILE	DATE	LOCATION	AIRCRAFT DATA	INJURIES	FLIGHT PURPOSE	PILOT DATA
				F S M/N		
A-0004	12/16/75 TIME - 2055	ANCHORAGE, AK	BOEING 747 JARI22 DAMAGE-SUBSTANTIAL	CR- 0 1 19 PX- 0 1100	SCHED INTERNATL PASSG SRV AIRLINE TRANSPORT, AGE 53, 17305 TOTAL HOURS, 3252 IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT RATED.	
		NAME OF AIRPORT - ANCHORAGE INTL OPERATOR - JAPAN AIRLINES DEPARTURE POINT PARIS, FRANCE TYPE OF ACCIDENT GRIND-WATER LOOP-SWERVE COLLIDED WITH DIRT BANK				
		INTENDED DESTINATION TOKYO, JAPAN LAST ENROUTE STOP ANCHORAGE, AK PHASE OF OPERATION TAXI TO TAKEOFF TAXI OTHER				
		REMARKS - WIND GUSTING 33K, TAXING COND WERE DIRT, AMGT FAILED TO ANCPY PREDICTABLE UNSAFE ICING COND.				
A-0002	10/13/76 TIME - 1415	MIAMI, FL	BOEING 727 HI-212 DAMAGE-SUBSTANTIAL	CR- 0 0 0 R PX- 0 0 3 OT- 0 0 1	SCHED INTERNATL PASSG SRV CERTIFICATE UNKNOWN, AGE UNK/NR, UNK/NR TOTAL HOURS, UNK/NR IN TYPE, UNK/NR INSTRUMENT RATED.	
		NAME OF AIRPORT - MIAMI INTL OPERATOR - OTHER-FOREIGN FLAG CARRIER DEPARTURE POINT MIAMI, FL TYPE OF ACCIDENT MISCELLANEOUS				
		INTENDED DESTINATION SANTO DOMINGO, D.R. PHASE OF OPERATION STATIC PARKED-ENGINES NOT OPERATING				
		PROBABLE CAUSE(S) PERSONNEL - MISC REMARKS - TRUCK DRIVER DID NOT FOLLOW ESTABLISHED PROC. HIT ACFT. OPERATOR-COMPANIA DOMINICANA DE AVIACION.				
C-0001	12/26/76 TIME - 0228	JAMICIA, NY	DOUGLAS DC-10 XA-DUG DAMAGE-MINOR	CR- 0 0 14 PX- 0 0 78	SCHED INTERNATL PASSG SRV AIRLINE TRANSPORT, AGE UNK/NR, 21045 TOTAL HOURS, 2746 IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT RATED.	
		NAME OF AIRPORT - JF KENNEDY INTL OPERATOR - AFAMAVES DEPARTURE POINT MEXICO CITY, MEX TYPE OF ACCIDENT OVERSHOOT COLLIDED WITH RUNWAY OR APPROACH LIGHTS				
		INTENDED DESTINATION JAMICIA, NY PHASE OF OPERATION LANDING LEVEL OFF/TOUCHDOWN LANDING ROLL				
		PROBABLE CAUSE(S) PILOT IN COMMAND - MISJUDGED DISTANCE AND SPEED FACTOR(S) AIRPORTS/AIRWAYS/FACILITIES - AIRPORT CONDITIONS SNOW ON RUNWAY MISCELLANEOUS ACTS/CONDITIONS - RAN OFF END OF RUNWAY				

BRIEFS OF ACCIDENTS

FILE	DATE	LOCATION	AIRCRAFT DATA	INJURIES F S M/N	FLIGHT PURPOSE	PILOT DATA
A-0001	2/8/77 TIME - 1413	NR, SAN JUAN, PR	CURTISS C-46A HI-20R DAMAGE-DESTROYED	CR- 0 0 2 PX- 0 0 0	NS/CTR REVENUE CARGO INTL	AIRLINE TRANSPORT, AGE 40, 8200 TOTAL HOURS, 3500 IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT RATED.
		NAME OF AIRPORT - PUERTO RICO INTL OPERATOR - OTHER-FOREIGN FLAG CARRIER DEPARTURE POINT - SAN JUAN, PR INTENDED DESTINATION - DOMINICAN REPUBLIC TYPE OF ACCIDENT - ENGINE FAILURE OR MALFUNCTION DITCHING		PHASE OF OPERATION IN FLIGHT CLIMB TO CRUISE LANDING LEVEL OFF/TOUCHDOWN		
PROBABLE CAUSE(S) PILOT IN COMMAND - ATTEMPTED OPERATION W/KNOWN DEFICIENCIES IN EQUIPMENT PERSONNEL - MAINTENANCE, SERVICING, INSPECTION INADEQUATE MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION POWERPLANT - IGNITION SYSTEM IGNITION HARNESS, SHIELDING POWERPLANT - PROPELLER AND ACCESSORIES HYDRAULIC PITCH CONTROL MECHANISM PILOT IN COMMAND - FAILED TO FOLLOW APPROVED PROCEDURES, DIRECTIVES, ETC. MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - IMPROPER EMERGENCY PROCEDURES						
FACTORS(S) SYSTEMS - ELECTRICAL SYSTEM GENERATORS/ALTERNATORS SYSTEMS - ELECTRICAL SYSTEM BATTERIES COMPLETE POWER LOSS - COMPLETE ENGINE FAILURE/FLAMEOUT-1 ENGINE EMERGENCY CIRCUMSTANCES - FORCED LANDING OFF AIRPORT ON WATER REMARKS- PROP DISTRIBUTOR VALVE LOOSE, #2 GEN INOP, BATTERY WEAK, OPERATOR-ARGO, S.A.						

0003	4/6/77 TIME - 1736	MIAMI, FL	LOCKHEED L-188C T1-LRN DAMAGE-SUBSTANTIAL	CR- 0 0 3 PX- 0 0 0	SCHED INTERNATL CARGO SRV	AIRLINE TRANSPORT, AGE 31, 6052 TOTAL HOURS, 162 IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT RATED.
		NAME OF AIRPORT - MIAMI INTL OPERATOR - OTHER-FOREIGN FLAG CARRIER DEPARTURE POINT - SAN JOSE, COSTA RICA INTENDED DESTINATION - MIAMI, FL TYPE OF ACCIDENT - WHEELS-UP		PHASE OF OPERATION LANDING LEVEL OFF/TOUCHDOWN		
PROBABLE CAUSE(S) PILOT IN COMMAND - LACK OF FAMILIARITY WITH AIRCRAFT PILOT IN COMMAND - FAILED TO FOLLOW APPROVED PROCEDURES, DIRECTIVES, ETC. MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - IMPROPER EMERGENCY PROCEDURES MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - INTENTIONAL WHEELS-UP						
FACTORS(S) PERSONNEL - MAINTENANCE, SERVICING, INSPECTION INADEQUATE INSPECTION OF AIRCRAFT (MAINTENANCE PERSONNEL) AIRFRAME - LANDING GEAR LANDING GEAR WARNING AND INDICATING COMPONENTS REMARKS- NOSE GR LITE MALF, OPERATOR-LACSA. MALFUNCTION, NO OTHER MALFUNCTION FOUND.						

POOR ORIGINAL

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POOR ORIGINAL

BRIEFS OF ACCIDENTS

FILE	DATE	LOCATION	AIRCRAFT DATA		INJURIES		FLIGHT PURPOSE	PILOT DATA		
			REG	TYPE	F	S		M/N	CR	PH
A-0004	8/13/77	HONOLULU, HI	BOEING 747 N1860	SCHEM INTERNATL PASSG SRV	0	0	0	0	22	SCHED INTERNATL PASSG SRV CERTIFICATE OTHER, AGE UNK/HR, UNK/HR TOTAL HOURS, UNK/HR IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT RATED.
	TIME - 0430		DAMAGE-NONE							
		NAME OF AIRPORT - HONOLULU INTL OPERATOR - OTHER-FOREIGN FLAG CARRIER DEPARTURE POINT - HONOLULU, HI INTENDED DESTINATION - TOKYO, JAPAN TYPE OF ACCIDENT - MISCELLANEOUS								
		PROBABLE CAUSE(S) 1. PERSONNEL - MISCELLANEOUS-PERSONNEL GROUND CREWMAN REMARKS- CHINA AL BEING TOWED FROM PAX GATE, GRAND CREWMAN FELL OFF TUG, RUN OVER BY ACFT NOSE AND BODY GEAR.								
A-0005	8/19/77	HONOLULU, HI	DOUGLAS DC-10 RP-C2003	SCHEM INTERNATL PASSG SRV AIRLINE TRANSPORT, AGE UNK/HR, UNK/HR TOTAL HOURS, UNK/HR IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT RATED.	0	0	0	0	14	
	TIME - 0540		DAMAGE-MINOR							
		NAME OF AIRPORT - HONOLULU INTL OPERATOR - PHILIPPINE AIRLINES DEPARTURE POINT - HONOLULU, HI INTENDED DESTINATION - MANILA, RP TYPE OF ACCIDENT - ENGINE FAILURE OR MALFUNCTION MISCELLANEOUS								
		PROBABLE CAUSE(S) POWERPLANT - COMBUSTION ASSEMBLY OTHER MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - MATERIAL FAILURE FIRE AFTER IMPACT REMARKS- INJURIES OCCURRED (ORG. EVACUATION).								
C-0001	7/1/77	JAMAICA, NY	VICKERS SVC-10 G-ASGC	SCHEM INTERNATL PASSG SRV	0	0	0	0	9	CERTIFICATE OTHER, AGE UNK/HR, UNK/HR TOTAL HOURS, UNK/HR IN TYPE, INSTRUMENT RATED.
	TIME - 1140		DAMAGE-MINOR							
		NAME OF AIRPORT - JF KENNEDY OPERATOR - BRITISH AIRWAYS DEPARTURE POINT - JAMAICA, NY INTENDED DESTINATION - LONDON, ENGLAND TYPE OF ACCIDENT - ENGINE FAILURE OR MALFUNCTION								
		PROBABLE CAUSE(S) POWERPLANT - COMPRESSOR ASSEMBLY DISC, COMPRESSOR ROTOR MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - MATERIAL FAILURE COMPLETE POWER LOSS - COMPLETE ENGINE FAILURE/FLAMEOUT-1 ENGINE REMARKS- #6 DISK FAILED FOR UNDETERMINED REASON.								

633 033

BRIEFS OF ACCIDENTS

FILE	DATE	LOCATION	AIRCRAFT DATA	INJURIES		FLIGHT PURPOSE	PILOT DATA
				F	S M/N		
C-0002	9/3/77 TIME - 0623	NR. HAMPTON, NY	BOEING 747 IDEME DAMAGE-MINOR	CR- 0 0 16 PX- 0 0315		SCHED INTERNATL PASSG SRV	CERTIFICATE UNKNOWN, AGE UNK/NR, UNK/NR TOTAL HOURS, UNK/NR IN TYPE, UNK/NR INSTRUMENT RATED.

OPERATOR - ALITALIA

DEPARTURE POINT
HAMPTON, NY

INTENDED DESTINATION
MILAN, ITALY

TYPE OF ACCIDENT

ENGINE FAILURE OR MALFUNCTION

PHASE OF OPERATION

TAKEOFF INITIAL CLIMB

REPAIRABLE CAUSE(S)

ENGINE POWERPLANT - TURBINE ASSEMBLY BLADE, TURBINE WHEEL

MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS - MATERIAL FAILURE

COMPLETE POWER LOSS - COMPLETE ENGINE FAILURE/FLAMEOUT-1 ENGINE

REMARKS- RUPTURE FATIGUE DUE TO THERMO-MECHANICAL STRESS.

POOR ORIGINAL

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS USED IN BRIEFS

AFRIAL ADVERTISE	AERIAL ADVERTISING
ATR, FLIGHT INSTR.	AIRLINE TRANSPORT INSTRUCTOR
AIR SHOW/RACING	AIR SHOW/AIR RACING
AIR TAXI-CARGO	AIR TAXI-CARGO OPERATIONS
AIR TAXI-PASSG	AIR TAXI-PASSENGER OPERATIONS
APPROACH CTL-DEPARTURE	APPROACH CONTROL-DEPARTURE
APR CTL-TOW ENRT CTL SRV	APPROACH CONTROL-TOWER EN ROUTE CONTROL SERVICE
ASSOC CROP CTL ACTIVITIES	ASSOCIATED CROP CONTROL ACTIVITIES
ASSOC FIRE CTL ACTIVITIES	ASSOCIATED FIRE CONTROL ACTIVITIES
COMMERCIAL, FLIGHT, INSTR	COMMERCIAL FLIGHT INSTRUCTOR
CORP/EXEC	CORPORATION/EXECUTIVE
CR-	CREW
CTR CARGO-D	CONTRACT/CHARTER-CARGO-DOMESTIC
CTR CARGO-I	CONTRACT/CHARTER-CARGO-INTERNATIONAL
CTR PASSG-D	CONTRACT/CHARTER-PASSENGER-DOMESTIC
CTR PASSG-I	CONTRACT/CHARTER-PASSENGER-INTERNATIONAL
LAST ENROUTE STOP	LAST PLANNED EN ROUTE LANDING POINT
MAPPING/PHOTO	AERIAL MAPPING/PHOTOGRAPHY
MIL CONTRACT CARGO INTL	MILITARY CONTRACT-CARGO-INTERNATIONAL
MIL CONTRACT PASSG INTL	MILITARY CONTRACT-PASSENGER-INTERNATIONAL
MILITARY CTR CARGO DOM	MILITARY CONTRACT-CARGO-DOMESTIC
MILITARY CTR PASSG DOM	MILITARY CONTRACT-PASSENGER-DOMESTIC
MIL CTR CARGO	MILITARY CONTRACT-CARGO
MIL/CTR PASSG	MILITARY CONTRACT-PASSENGER
NR.	NEAR
NS CTR CARGO	NONSCHEDULED/CHARTER REVENUE CARGO-INTRA-STATE
NS CTR PASSG	NONSCHEDULED/CHARTER REVENUE PASSENGER-INTRA-STATE
NS CTR REVENUE CARGO DOM	NONSCHEDULED/CHARTER REVENUE CARGO-DOMESTIC
NS CTR REVENUE CARGO INTL	NONSCHEDULED/CHARTER REVENUE CARGO-INTERNATIONAL
NS CTR REVENUE PASSG DOM	NONSCHEDULED/CHARTER REVENUE PASSENGER-DOMESTIC
NS CTR REVENUE PASSG INTL	NONSCHEDULED/CHARTER REVENUE PASSENGER-INTERNATL
OT-	OTHER AIRCRAFT AND GROUND
PARAJUMP	PARACHUTE JUMP
PRIVATE, FL, INST R.	PRIVATE FLIGHT INSTRUCTOR
PX-	PASSENGERS
RADAR CTL/SURVEILLANCE	RADAR CONTROL/SURVEILLANCE
SCHED CARGO SRV	SCHEDULED CARGO SERVICE
SCHED DOM PASSG SRV	SCHEDULED DOMESTIC CARGO SERVICE
SCHED DOM CARGO SRV	SCHEDULED DOMESTIC PASSENGER SERVICE
SCHED INTERNATL CARGO SRV	SCHEDULED INTERNATIONAL CARGO SERVICE
SCHED INTERNATL PASSG SRV	SCHEDULED INTERNATIONAL PASSENGER SERVICE
SCHED PASSG SRV	SCHEDULED PASSENGER SERVICE
S-D	SCHEDULED DOMESTIC
S-I	SCHEDULED INTERNATIONAL
UNK/NR	UNKNOWN/NOT REPORTED

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