612 Ozono Drive Emitavillo, Alibera 35801 (205) 536-0578

The Honorable Harry F. Byrd, Jr. U. S. SENATE 127 Russell Senate Office Building Washington, D. C. 20510

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Dear Senator Byrds

May we prevail upon you to use your good offices to get answers for the Coalition to the two letters enclosed:

-letter of September 2, 1978 regarding request made to the Justice Department in letter of August 25, 1978; enclosed letter is addressed to Assistant Attorney General James W. Moorman

—letter of Kovember 1, 1978 regarding material false statements dealing with abnormal settlement at North Anna maclear power station; enclosed letter is addressed to the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commissioners

We would be most appreciative of your help in this regard.

is you are no doubt aware, the Coalition has devoted much of the last six years to the study of muchear problems in Virginia and their regulation. Unfortunately, it was only efforts on the part of the Coalition that made public the fact of the fault beneath the North Anna reactors and led ultimately to the false statement conviction and fine against VEPCO.

It is our hope that soon actions such as those alluded to in the above mentioned letters will be 'citiated by government agencies rather than by unstaffed citizen groups.

Te shall be most appreciative of your assistance in attaining responses to the above letters.

Sixcerely.

THE ME (Map. 2. 2.)

YET President

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Charlottesville, Virginia November 1, 1978 Mailing Address:

472 Cmoss Drive Emptsville, Alabama 35601 (205) 536-0678

Chairman Joseph P. Rendrie
Commissioner John Abearne
Commissioner Victor Gilinsky
Commissioner Richard Kennedy
Commissioner Peter Bradford
U. S. MUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION
Reshington, D. C. 20555

Re: 1977 Material Palse Statements Docket Nos. 50-338 and 50-339 OL

Gentlemen:

is the Commissioners are surely sware, Criteria for Determining Enforcement Action and Categories of Koncompliance with KRC Regulatory Requirements (Modifications, December 31, 1974) clearly state (page 6):

An order is ordinarily issued to revoke a license when:

- 2. Civil penalty proves to be ineffective as an enforcement action; or
- 6. Any material false statement is made in the application or in any statement of fact required under Section 182 of the act.

These Criteria were further clarified by the Commissioners' ruling of November 12, 1976 which found that omissions of significant safety information did indeed constitute "material felse statements."

Eccause of action initiated by the Korth Anna Environmental Coalition (NAEC), VERCO was ultimately fined \$32,500 for having submitted seven material false statements to the Atomic Energy Commission regarding foundation conditions at its Korth Anna site. Unfortunately, the need for this regulatory action was originally denied by the regulatory staff and ignored by the Advisory Committee on Reactor Safeguards when approached by KAEC in 1974.

Once again, in 1978, it would appear from information available to NAM that significant salety information regarding foundation conditions at the North Anna site was withheld from NAM for exten months and never supplied to the Atomic Safety and Licensing Board during Operating License deliberations:

The North Anna pumphouse for Units 1 and 2 had already reached 5.88 inches or 75% of its allowable limit for the 40-year life of the plant.

(See p. of 7-19 Rizzo report & Fig. 4-C of 5-31 TEDO report)

-Fo report was made until April 25, 1978 per R2C Region II. (Rorth Ams's Operating License was granted April 1, 1978.)

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Although the Operating License Hearing was re-opened on December 29, 1978 for the consideration of other information withheld by VEPCO, no mention was made at that time of the new limits reached in abnormal and differential settlement at the site. VEPCO had known these limits in August.

The Northwest Corner had reached 8.42" of settlement four months prior to the hearing as measured by VEPCO's constructor Stone & Webster. Although the average settlement of 5.88" was significant and reportable in August of 1977, we mention the NW measurement because the pipes enter the north wall, and are at risk from differential settlement.

This additional risk from the rapid additional settlement measured between May and August of 1977 was reportable under the provision of 10 CFR 50.55(e) even before it fulfilled that reporting requirements of the Technical Specifications of the License.

That VIPCO failed to timely report the settlement in August of 1977 leads the Coalition once again to ask the Commissioners to revoke VIPCO's North Anna Operating License on the grounds that

- -- Frevious civil penalties for inaccurate. (2) false, or cmitted reporting have been imeffective as enforcement actions; and
- -Pailure to report the anomalous settlement (6)
 measured in August of 1977 constituted a
 "material false statement" in accordance with
 the Commission's ruling of November 12, 1876

Further, as the settlement problem has been discussed before the ACRS, it has been obvious that because settlement masses and sarrolitic behavior are so poorly understood, surveillance and timely reporting were the only safety measures available. VAPCO's failure, habitual, in this area gives the Commissioners no empice of integrity but to enforce their own regulations and revoke the Morth Arma license.

We unge your prompt action against this material felse statement, and hope that in this instance a hearing and enforcement will be initiated by the Commissioners rather than by a citizen group. Thank you for your professional interest.

Sincerely,

President, NATO

