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NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

IN THE MATTER OF:

PUBLIC MEETING

BRIEFING ON POLICY, PLANNING, AND PROGRAM
GUIDANCE

Place - Washington, D. C.

Date - Thursday, 6 December 1979

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UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

PUBLIC MEETING

BRIEFING ON POLICY, PLANNING, AND PROGRAM

GUIDANCE

Room 1130 1717 H Street, N. W. Washington, D. C.

Thursday, 6 December 1979

The Commission met, pursuant to notice, at 1:37 p.m.

BEFORE:

DR. JOSEPH M. HENDRIE, Chairman

PETER A. BRADFORD, Commissioner

RICHARD T. KENNEDY, Commissioner

VICTOR GILINSKY, Commissioner

JOHN AHEARNE, Commissioner

ALSO PRESENT:

J. HOYLE

N. HALLER

L. BICKWIT

E. HANRAHAN

L. GOSSICK

S. CONVER

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PROCEEDINGS

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY (presiding): I think we'll get started, here, to discuss the paper you prepared on Policy Planning and Program Guidance.

MR. GOSSICK: In August, the Commission endorsed the concept of a Policy Program and Guidance document, PPPG, which would set forth the Commission's policies, major priorities, goals, objectives and planning assumptions with the intent that this guidance would be used by the staff in preparing program plans and proposed budgets.

On October 19th, I sent to you and distributed to the office directors, a proporsed draft of such a document. We received comments from some of the commissioners and from the office directors; and will summarize those in the briefing that MPA will give on the PPP document.

On November 30th, the memorandum from the secretary indicated that the Commission had decided to pursue further the development and approval of the PPPG document, and provided the staff with a schedule for the -- for the completion of this action.

I think you're aware that we had a schedule conflict this afternoon with the effort to try to finalize the action plan. Some of us decided that we would come here. The other program directors that were involved, they are taking part in that meeting this afternoon, which is aimed, of course, at

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getting the briefing before next Monday morning.

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go ahead with the briefing on the document. Norm?

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This would complete the planning cycle of activities.

Unless there are any questions, I'll ask Norm to

MR. HALLER: Thank you, Lee. I'm pleased to have the opportunity to brief you, today, on the PPPG, because I feel the basic concept of this document is important. The basic concept, of course, is one, envisioning a broad Commission policy level guidance early in the NRC planning cycle so that the cuidance can directly shape the programs and the budgets; developed and later implemented by the operating arms of the agency.

(Slide.)

Before getting into the PPPG, itself; I would like to refer to the first vu-graph, which is on the slide, there. You may recall this chart, that I provided to you a few weeks ago. I think the relevance of this chart is that it shows the PPPG document in relationship to the other NRC planning, budgeting, and operating activities.

Very quickly going through it, the arrows kind of lead you from the beginning step, which is the issuance of the policy planning and program guidance document through various other activities which culminate in the issuance of an NRC budget request and an NRC annual report to the White House and to the Congress.

ederal Reporters, Inc. This would then be followed by the operations cycle which is shown in the bottom part of the chart.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Do you regard the annual report as part of the management system?

MR. HALLER: Yes, I do, because one of the aspects of the law is that the Section 307(c) of the Energy Reorganization Act, indicates that the document should contain a clear statement of the short range and long range goals priorities and plans of the Commission. To that extent, I feel it's important, both from the standpoint of looking ahead or looking forward. That's why I've emphasized the word "outlook" for the first part of the document.

Then, later, you'll see down at the bottom at the end of the operations cycle, I have emphasized the words "accomplishments" and "problems", which is the backward looking portion of the document.

I feel it is a relevant part.

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: I think that is true. I was surprised when I went around a year or so ago to various Congressional offices, in the nomination process to find out how many of them were using the annual report as; this is not just a summary of what was done a year ago, but here is what the NRC is and here is what it is doing.

I think that a lot of people tend to view it that way. I thing we ought to spend more time on it. It ought to

be an integral part of that system.

MR. HALLER: I would like to add one other short remark about the bottom portion of that vu-graph. The operations cycle -- you are aware that we are now into that, but of course, it is for the FY '80 program phase; and not for the FY '82.

Obviously, since this is farther down the pike, in particular, I want to call your attention to the block in the lower left hand corner; the operating plan.

Just recently, Mr. Gossick forearded to you the operating plan for the five major program offices for fiscal '80. This plans represents, then, what the offices intend to do; and intend to spend during fiscal 1980.

That plan, of course, is the thing that will, of course, be changed as we go through the year; as new activities occur; like the action plan that is now being worked on by the staff which will have a significant impact on resources of the agency and also program activities of the agency.

I would like now to turn the briefing over to Steve Conver, who is the chief of our analysis and planning branch. It was Steve who had the lead within my organization for the drafting of this first version of the PPPG.

MR. CONVER: May I have the next chart, please? (Slide.)

In this brief presentation, we would like to review for you, this afternoon, a brief history of the evolution of

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the PPPG, as well as the content of the document. We'd like to summarize for you the comment that we received from the office directors. Finally, we would like to identify several unresolved topics that we feel must be considered in the next version of the PPPG.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Before you start, could you distinguish between policy planning and program guidance?

MR. CONVER: Yes, sir. By policy guidance -- well, there really are two distinctions, primary disctinctions. The front end of this document, which you have received so far; the nine page policy document; provides general policies that encompass the scope of the agency's activities. It's not comprehensive, in the sense of -- it's not inclusive of all activities of the Commission, but the ones which the Commission regard as the most important.

So those are general policy statements. There's another type of policy statement that we will produce in the second part of this, which is the program guidance.

Program guidance is specific to each of the specific

19 program areas that we are using, both in this context as well

as in the unit tracking systems. We have policies of two types;

the general policy, which you reviewed in the short document and;

program guidance which would be forthcoming, here, over the next

several months.

Now, the planning is a little bit different from

either of those two types of policies; in that planning we are looking at assumptions that we foresee -- that we forecast will occur over the next several months; or the next -- the period of this thing; short term, long term, that will influence the environment which NRC operates.

Those are planning assumptions, I guess, would be the best way to characterize those. So, there are really three things. There's general policy guidance; there are planning assumptions; and then there is PTL program guidance.

The document which you have before you, today, encompasses the first two of those. Primarily, the first; the policy guidance.

(Commissioner Kennedy entered the Commissioner's conference room at 1:45 p.m.)

We believe that the PPPG document taken as a whole has several uses; we believe will be quite valuable to the Commission.

rirst, we think that the PPPG provides a very convenient vehicle for the Commission to provide its policy guidance to the staff in the areas which the Commission considers most important.

Moreover, we feel that the PPPG will help the Commission promote consistent decisionmaking by reducing the case by case decisionmaking, which could exist in the absence of such a document. Finally --

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: What do you mean by "case by

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case?" Do you mean issue by issue?

MR. CONVER: Yes, sir. In other words, having a pppG document, we feel will preclude the situation in which the Commission might decide a series of small issues which in total would represent Commission policy, but which would never be stated.

I would be possible, in other words, say, in the safeguards area to make a series of somewhat related decisions on similar by different topics. The sum total of which would represent the Commission policy, but nowhere would there be a single statement of that policy.

So, it would be an evolutionary thing.

arises, Vic, in that there are many decisions that people on the staff have to make, which in the small, don't rise to the level of a Commission decision; but in the absence of a policy framework to give them guidance on how those -- the drection to take those decisions.

A series of them can be made as Steve just described, and you would never see them, until at some point you would find that policy has evolved.

COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Exemptions, for example.

MR. CONVER: I guess, we could summarize the response to your questions by saying the PPPg represents an attempt to put the Commission in an active role of setting Commission

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policy, rather than the reactive role of responding to a series of, sort of, random occurrences or staff initiatives; and acting on each of those separately; not necessarily in an altogether consistent manner.

Okay. Finally, we believe that the PPPG is guite useful; in that it provides the basis for budget deliberations in the spring of each year and the detailed program plans that flow directly from those deliberations.

Now, in putting this document together, we considered a variety of sources, of information. We have reviewed all Commission papers over the past year or year and a half in an attempt to identify issues and in an attempt to infer what Commission policies were in certain areas where those policies 14 weren't explicitly stated.

In some areas, however, we did have Commission directives in which the Commission policy was quite clear. incorporated those to the extent we were able. We. also, have 18 reviewed all recent Commission speeches; and that, indeed, was quite a good source of information.

(Laughter.)

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Did you include that? MR. CONVER: There's a lot of information in there that it gave us.

(Laughter.)

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: That's true.

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MR. CONVER: There were important topics --

MR. BICKWIT: Talk about case by case.

(Laughter.)

MR. CONVER: I think I'll let that ride.

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Sometimes we say a lot more

than we do, so I --

COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: I haven't gotten into anything --

MR. CONVER: I think you'll find in reading the documents, that the flavor of many of the speeches of many individuals of the Commission have been reflected in the PPPG, and that is intentional. Moreover --

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Was that drawn in, Steve, to make sure that those who have not read it; then I'll quickly read t.

(Laughter.)

MR. CONVER: We have also looked at Congressional testimony by members of the Commission and staff; both oral and written testimony. Now, another valuable surce in developing the PPPG were our discussions with senior members of the EDO staff.

We went around and had interviews with office

directors and other senior members of the staff. I guess I would

like to summarize those interviews by saying that one point on

which all of the senior staff members that we interviewed,

agreed, was that the Commission had a serious need for the type

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of document we were talking about, now. When they actually see what we wrote, there are, abviously, some disagreements as to, you know, I don't think this should be in, but I like this; I don't like that, but the senior staff was nearly unanimous in agreeing that such a document was, indeed, needed.

we felt that was significant. The office directors, also, identified a number of areas that they felt needed additional emphasis; both agency-wide management type issues as well as specific issues in their own areas of expertise.

We got a lot of comments on the NRC regulatory

philosophy, for lack of a better term, perhaps, because the

senior staff members had recently concluded that their depositions

with the -- some of the investigating bodies. So if I could

have the next chart, please?

(Slide.)

In the August 27 guidance that the Commission provided, the Commission called for a "participatory development process."

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: Let me take you back for a minute. In describing the distinction between policy planning and program guidance, did I understand you correctly to be saying that the program guidance differed from the policy guidance in being more specific?

MR. CONVER: Yes, sir. That is correct.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: A different level of detail?

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MR. CONVER: Yes, exactly. If I could digress for a moment; you may recall the document last spring was a fairly tedious package in which we had two or three page write-ups on each of about 16, 17, 18 programming areas. We wrote that document, the detail program guidance without having first prepare the more general statement.

I think we recognize, now, that we were doing that exactly backwards. It's necessary, first, to build this thing from the top down by developing general overall agency guidelines from which this more detailed program guidance would flow logically; and with which it would be consistent.

(Chairman Hendrieentered the Commissioner's conference room at 1:52 p.m.)

In this participatory development process, the EDO staff and the Commissioners and their staff are jointly producing this PPPG. We're right in the middle of that process right now. It appears to be qorking quite well.

Now, the schedule for completion of this document and the detail program guidance which follow, dictated that we proceed with this effort despite some uncertainties that existed in the outcome of the various investigations.

Indeed, when we -- when we completed this document, the results of the Kemeny Commission were not yet available, so it was really for the benefit of those insights. The Commission also asked that we make the PPPG document; that is, this front

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end or general policy document, both succinct and readable.

So, we have developed a document that is less than 10 pages. As I mentioned before, the detail program guidance, the 19 program areas are in the process of bering written, now, and will be complete within several months.

Now, based primarily with our interviews of the office directors and from our other sources; we have identified in the PPPG what we considered and what we felt the staff considered the most important programs; but it is important to note that it is not an all inclusive document. There are some programs that we have not included in this write-up and the office director comments, by and large, reflect that each person thinks there should be some things added.

Another caveat, here, the PPPg document is, in theory, supposed to apply to the time period FY '82 to '86. Since, however, it's the first document of its type, we believe it ought to apply in the near term, as well.

Could I have the next chart, please? (Slide.)

I'd like to, very quickly, run through a summary of the content of the PPPG document. Basically, what we did in those nine or ten pages was provide a series of policy statements in each of three major areas protecting the public.

These are things that have to do, I would say, with the technical aspects of our regulation; two, our external

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affairs; and three, internal NRC management.

2 Now, in each of these sections, we've had some general 3 policy statements, which I'm not going to go into in great detail, unless there is some interest in that.

However, in the largest dissection of the PPPG protecting the public, we did highlight a number of areas that we felt needed additional emphasis or improvement. These include the list, here.

Operating power reactor safety; NRC presence at major license facilities, those are primarily inspection issues; oversight by third parties, that basically involves matters involving states and state inspections, third party inspections by the ASME and other national standards organizations; qualifications of licensee employees, that is simply not limited to reactor operators, although they play a major part in that.

We had a variety of statements about improving NRC's emergency response capabilities, as well as those of licensees and state's.

We talked about risk assessment; the need to do a bette: job of collecting and analyzing and taking advantage of operational data; strengthening the enforcement program, making it more timely; the need to establish priorities of various programs; and finally, the need for continuing self-examination in each of our major program areas.

In the external affairs section, we had severa!

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policy statements dealing with how NRC should relate to members of the public, to state and local governments, and other federal agencies and, perhaps, most importantly, to the Congress.

Finally, in the section entitled internal NRC management, we had a variety of policy statements on miscellaneous management topics including the need to coordicate office activities better. We need to do a better job of management.

That includes the need for a new NRC building. Unless there is some interest in the detailed policy statements in each of those areas, I would like to move on to the staff comments.

I'd like to go to the next, chart, please.

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Before you do that, Steve, could I just ask a procedural question? As this briefing or discussion goes on, what do you see unfolding? That is, are you going to talk about the staff comments and then at some stage, is Ed going to talk on -- is that what you had in mind?

MR. CONVER: Yes.

MR. HALLER: Yes.

MR. CONVER: As I mentioned before, by far, the majority of the staff comments as for additions of various material as to what was contained in the nine page document.

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: With some word changes.

MR. CONVER: Yes, sir. Of course, there were a number of suggestions that were editorial in nature; clarification

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number of suggestions that were editorial in nat

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minor modification. Primarily, however, the nature thrust of them was, we would like a little bit more information about the programs generally; a little bit more information about my program in each case.

So, just to summarize this, briefly -- and I've indicated in parentheses, here, which office requested the addition of each topic. We had a number of requests for addition that fell into, basically, technical regulatory areas; citing policy, for example.

I wanted to add that as one of the program areas in the program section. Standards pointed out that low level waste was not explicitly mentioned in the document, but probably should be. We had a number of suggestions for addition or clarification of emergency planning material.

We also had a call for additional emphasis on de-commissioning off site instrumentation. We need more emphasis on the licensing process; more emphasis on CP's as opposed to operating reactors; and the need to say some more on backfit.

Now, there was another general comment that we got from a couple of offices that said this document really emphasizes the operating power reactor situation too much. We need to have a little bit more, on some of the other kinds of programs.

Under that general comment, it is possible to put 1633 106

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some of the ID and research comments which, basically, said we need to give a little more attention to, not only the resident policy inspection program, but to other miscellaneous inspection programs and materials, et cetera.

Several people pointed out that we should, in calling for reexaminations of every program area, include one for I & E. We agree that that is a good suggestion. There are a number of Research comments which basically said, "Add references to research, throughout."

I guess we didn't really put quite enough of that in.

We had several comments that fall into management type areas.

State programs made the observation that we should have a policy to the effect that our personnel and contracts people do a better job of supporting the technical endeavors of the staff.

We had several NRR comments that called, again, for an agency-wide reexamination of our regulatory philosophy and practices; and called for a reference to what has now become the NRC management study.

May I have the next chart, please? (Slide.)

Continuing, there are a number of suggestions for additions. One person mentioned that we should have the anti-trust area, and discuss that in the PPPG. We have a Commissioner comment that suggests exactly the opposite.

Several people suggested that we --

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(Laughter.)

MR. BICKWIT: You better hurry on that one.

MR. CONVER: Several people commented that we should add something on export licensing and international. We have Commissioner comment that supports that particular one.

There is another topic, here, that is rather interesting. We had considered it in writing. This is licensee responsibilities.

NRR pointed out that we should comment in the document, but NRC can only write the rules. The licensees are basically responsible for implementing those. We thought very seriosly about that, and we argued about that a lot in writing the document.

We decided that we didn't want to sound like we were putting the main burden on licensees; although we don't argue with the point. We question the possibility for appearances sake, for featuring this prominently. So that is kind of an open issue, at this point.

We had a suggestion from NRR for adding a bunch of material on the environmental responsibilities and programs.

One NRR comment also suggested that we be a little bit more upfront in addressing the inherent conflicts between the speed of the licensing process and its rigor.

We haven't come out four square on that; and I'm not sure if that's appropriate or not. We had a number of

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comments on the degree to which the public -- the degree and the way to which the public ought to participate in the regulatory process.

NRR suggested that that topic be added as one of the program areas. All the comments that I've mentioned so far call for additions of material. We also had a number of suggestions for deletion, which are summarized, here, at the bottom of the chart.

Just about everybody who commented on this document found some problem with the statements in the very front end that talked about the role of the public.

Basically, the statement that is contained in the document is that -- it's basically the public judgment determines what level of protection determines adequate protection or safety.

We had two types of disagreements with those statements, collectively. I guess one type could be characterized as semantic. People didn't like the way we said it or perhaps didn't understand what we were tyring to convey.

A more troubling disagreement is the philospohical question that "Gee, really, the public doesn't have a role to play in the determination of adequate protection; that what we're dealing with is basically hard engineering judgment."

I think that is quite a serious question that needs to be resolved.

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COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Am I reading the chart correctly in understanding that five offices felt something to the effect that the public didn't have a role to play?

MR. CONVER: Not quite, sir. Some of those offices didn't like the way we phrased what we said. Others didn't really appear to believe that the determination of adequacy was basically a public function; that that was an NRC function.

Again, it's some combination of semantic problems and philosophical differences, but I guess the message we got from it is this is a serious issue; rather fundamental to the regulatory process, and one which should be addressed head-on.

COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Do you want to talk about that particular item, now? Or would you rather -- I guess it's better if we just keep going through your charts.

Obviously, it's going to be one where there's a certain amount of feeling.

MR. CONVER: When we were talking about the briffing, we mentioned the briefing would probably go off on a 45 minute briefing, because the subject is a challenging one; and one in which everyone would have an interest in.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: The only question is, when the 45 minutes would begin.

(Laughter.)

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I tell you what; it's clearly a highly important and, indeed, a central sort of point in an

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overall policy guidance document.

So -- and furthermore, I must say, I have a selfish interest in it because it relates to particular comments I have about performance; some of the language in the first -- the initial pages.

You know, this document starts very general, and comes down and becomes very detailed. The level of my satisfaction with it is almost the reciprocal of that. It starts here and increases as we get to the details.

(Laughter.)

But why don't we have that -- why don't we see if we can get Steve through the -- his slides and comments and then come back?

MR. CONVER: I'd like to personally thank you for that suggestion.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: We have to do as I say; not emulate what I do.

(Laughter.)

But I think this is, in fact, a good point to come back to as sort of an initial first particular to chew on.

MR. CONVER: Yes, sir. Okay. A related point, I guess, had to do with a question of various types of support for intervenors. I really meant to put members of the public, there.

That, of course, includes the questions of intervenor funding. We had one office that pointed that out as something

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they didn't feel that we should be doing.

Now, we had a number of comments on the notion of involving third parties in various NRC programs; primarily, inspection programs. I didn't highligh SP there as being one of the commenters, by they were.

ELD suggested that involving third parties, particularl states in the inspection process, would be abandoning of federal supremacy; the traditional federal supremacy.

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Their concern was with the states.

MR. CONVER: Yes, sir. Specifically, states. IE curiously suggested eliminating the whole paragraph on this. I say curiously, because IE has been the proponent of this.

Finally, SP's comment was really quite the opposite of that provided by EOD and SP's suggesting the use of state inspectors as a supplement to NRC inspectors.

We had a number of suggestions for deletion, that basically involved the sections that were background, introductory sort of philosphicial things. Perhaps someof the things that may have bothered you, Chairman Hendrie; but there were a whole variety of those throughout the document to eliminate this paragraph or that.

Now, I'd like to move to the next chart.

(Slide.)

I'll summarize for you, based on staff comments, what

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we believe, remain as some of the unresolved topics in this area. One issue that was raised by a number of the comments is comprehensiveness, or inclusiveness of the document. Should this document really cover everything in our programs or should it just cover selected topics?

I guess our view would be there is certainly no reason why we can't add any number of things to the document, recognizing that as we add things, we're diluting the attention that is focused on the more importaint issues.

So, that is basically a matter for judgment. Another troubling aspect is the document does not yet include the insights that we might gain from the Kemeny and Rogovin reports.

Of course, the Presidential decision which we expect
to follow the Kemeny Report; so the schedule that has been
laid out by the Commission provides for incorporating the
Kemeny response and the Rogovin insights, as those are available
to us in January.

That's primarily a policy question, however. We feel that in preparing the TMI response action plan, which the staff is currently doing, we're going to have a lot of impact on our programs. Specifically, in the operatin plants.

The list of activities with the Commission plans to undertake over the next year or so. By introducing new activities, I think we raised the question of what are we going to give up in doing all these new things? I think that is

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something that is not yet resolved in the PPPG.

Maybe it's not approriate for the PPPG; nevertheless, we think it ought to be addresses. We also would like any Commission guidance on what the program area lists ought to be. At the moment, we have 19 program areas which we have developed, working with the Commission and the staff over the past year or so.

If there is any suggestion for change to that, we would certainly like to get your views on that. Now several of the staff comments suggest that we need to do a little bit better job of treating priorities; Commission priorities.

I guess part of the problem, there, is it is kind of hard to figure out what priority means. We kind of think it ought to be more than simply an ordered list of NRC programs from 1 to 100 and something, because that doesn't really doesn't make the disctinctions that we feel are necessary.

On the other hand, it's kind of hard to figure out how to incorporate priorities into this document. What effect those priorities would have.

We had several suggestions including a Commission comment; that the PPPG include fiscal guidance and I guess the danger in that is we don't want to preempt the normal budget process.

We want to develop guidance that can be useful in the process without preempting it.

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COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: I have to challenge that.

MR. CONVER: All right, sir.

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Fiscal guidance doesn't preempt the budget process; it guides the budget process.

MR. CONVER: Yes, sir. Okay.

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: And it depends on how detailed it is, obviously, but fundamentally it's an approach by the people who have to make the final decision on the budget to say -- to give whatever guidance they see in advance as being appropriate to the people who are putting the

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Really, at least on occasions where I've seen it used or used it, it ends up being an advantage because if you have some sense in the beginning of where you are going to -- the direction you're going on your resources, it really avoids a lot of pain for

the people who are trying to put those budgets together.

MR. CONVER: Okay.

MR. CONVER: Yes, sir.

Finally, we've had some comments on the final section of the PPPG which we call "internal NRC management."

Bearing in mind that this document was written before the Kemeny Report came out, we felt that the PPPG provided a continued vehicle for raising some management issues that we felt needed to be raised.

In retrospect, the Kemeny Commission Report has

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come out, and it did overlap the PPPG to some extent. It's clear to us that some modification or elimination of this section is probably appropriate, probably preferred to have a somewhat more positive tone in this section and talk about the positive things we ought to do, rather than the self-flagellation that may have characterized several paragraphs of that section.

So those are what we feel are unresolved topics.

The final chart that I have -- and we may want to return to unresolved topics -- the final chart summarizes the schedule that we just received from the Commission.

(Slide.)

I took some liberty of putting specific dates on it where the guidance had said early in the month or late in the month. I put a specific date on it.

Basically, the schedule calls for the Commission taking a look at the document as it now exists, sending it back to the staff, another round of staff review, culminating in Commission approval of this front end, short, general policy document toward the end of January.

The work on the detailed program guidance summaries is now in progress, and the schedule calls for those things to be completed toward the end of February. 1633 116

Now, there are several possible problems in the schedule. One is that it sort of depends on our getting the Rogovin Report in time, and of course we would also like to have

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the benefit of the President's decision on the Kemeny Report.

Secondly, the schedule is vulnerable to slips in the program area briefing schedule. Mr. Gossick, in the briefings he is getting briefings from the lead offices for the various programs every week or so.

If this schedule should slip, it makes it difficult to write those detailed program summaries on time.

Finally, we feel there will be a number of demands on the Commission and the staff's time as a result of the TMI action planning activities that are going on right now. We see this as a possible problem in the schedule that the Commission has laid out.

With those caveats, that concludes the formal portion of the briefing.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Before we go away from the schedule -- before we go away from the schedule, I would like you to know that as of this time, we are on schedule.

(Laughter.)

Ed?

MR. HANRAHAN: I wanted to say a few things about sort of what next in the -- I have read over all of the comments from the staff, and I thought by and large they were very good and very perceptive.

There was a certain element of parochialism -my program wasn't here, and what not -- but taking that aside,

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it was easy to say, I think, that there were -- they were looking at something they thought was useful in the sense of they would welcome some guidance from the Commission on direction and priority, whether it was through this particular piece of paper or something else.

But that was latent in all of what they had to say.

Clearly, I think Sol Levine summarized it very well at the beginning of his, saying that what he saw was too general; he wanted specifics.

He said specificity -- I can't say that word.

I think that is sort of a next step to get that specific nature of it in there, point out particular activities and programs to provide that sense of direction, a priority which will reflect and call on resources which gets to the point of fiscal guidance.

I think those need to be linked; just a priority listing of programs doesn't -- doesn't help unless there is some notion of what that means in terms of a program director's ability to call on resources, either money or people.

So that, I think, needs to be linked in here. And therefore I think in my mind it says something about the question of fiscal guidance, at least in the broad sense, what programs, what activities are eligible to call for additional resources, or should those see a decrease or remain

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the same, in very broad terms, without getting into the specific dollar issues involved, which will then allow the formulation of projects.

Some time of completion -- some time of implementation geared to some required status -- reaching some plateau which then requires the reflection of resources and priorities as well.

I think there is a need to focus on key activities, rather than on the whole list of Commission programs and deal with that limited set.

Of course, from the standpoint of ability to do it, as well as the ability to implement it, if necessary.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Are you suggesting there should not be a comprehensive policy and planning guide?

MR. HANRAHAN: I think it should be comprehensive in terms of those activities that the Commission feels at this time are most important to look at. I think the others we'll have to deal with in some sort of an ad hoc manner.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Let me suggest it is precisely on those which the Commission feels are most important that the Commission will give the greatest attention to, and therefore there may be the least need for such a policy and planning guide by the staff. It's in the area in which the Commission is least likely to devote its own direct

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attention that is most needed by the staff, it would seem to me.

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: I think it's a mixture, though, the areas that we think are most important. It is, I think, critical for us be able to both tell the staff that we think those are the most important and then to describe the general outlines of the policy we want the staff to be implementing in those areas.

MR. HANRAHAN: There's also the relative importance among the most important things; the more important things.

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: But my sense of what the document we're working with is is very much in line with what you are saying. Here are the most important things.

MR. HANRAHAN: I think it is going -- but there is some thought that had ought to be explained beyond that.

ederal Reporters, Inc. CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I suppose ultimately the PPPG ought to include everything.

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: After a separate iteration cycle, it ought to get to where all of the major things are there, but at that point you end up -- this is the experience I've had -- you have a point where you have to stop and keeping pushing out, as both Steve and Ed have pointed out.

Everybody who is down in the organization wants to get a description of their program in there, and you do have to watch out that it doesn't gradually become just a listing of every identifiable program in the agency.

MR. HANRAHAN: What has been started here is a very good process that needs to be itereated: what is it that the staff and the managers feel they need guidance on, as well as: what is it that the Commission feels they want to give guidance on?

No, those at this point may be going like that, but I think with a continual iterative process here, we can come to where -- and I think that is the benefit of the document. It starts to get the two together on one giving the guidance it feels it needs, and the other getting the guidance it feels it wants.

And they're both now coming together in a knitted fashion so that there is an assembly of things here.

So I think our next step ouught to be to go around 1633 121

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ederal Reporters, Inc. that loop again. You know, this has been a forcing function, this document, of those areas that both the Commission and the staff want to give guidance on.

Clearly, I think the one that would be -- I shouldn't say "almost preeminent" -- is this level of protection. That raised everybody out of their chairs on both sides of the table for all kinds of reasons. And I think it is a very important piece of Commission policy business that ought to be at the top of the list; not that over the next weeks or months perhaps that is going to be resolved in any great detail, but it's something that is continually worked between the staff and the Commission to get a notion of what we really -- the Commission really feels it wants to see in that area.

I think that will go a long way to seeing a more even application across all of the NRC activities. I think it's a principal policy issue, and I would suggest the one needs attention, but it's not a short term, resolvable business at all.

That's kind of what I have to say at this point.

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Where did the schedule that we have envision when the Commission comes back to the staff on these issues? That's the 21st; is that correct?

MR. GOSSICK: Yes.

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: So what had you hoped to

have us discuss today?

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MR. HANRAHAN: Where you want to give guidance --

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COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Well, we've got --

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MR. HANRAHAN: It's proposed. Right. They are different. Is it even cast in the right sort of thought, the right sort of nuances what programs or activities ought to be because it's very general.

That's fine. But -- you know -- in the formulation of the general, is there a specific in your mind that you think that ought to be applied to first or foremost?

COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Steve, could you talk a little bit about what you see as the difference between the December 21 effort and the January 31 effort? Do you contemplate having a final -- I guess actually maybe we should tell you -- but anyway, somebody better decide whether you want a final -- but for the Rogovin and office comments -if it is as of December 21, or whether December 21 is really a preliminary cut and the bulk of the work will hit us around January 31.

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Before Steve answers, could I just suggest one thing, one very valuable thing that could happen in the interim.

If the five of us can reach some agreement -- and whether it's by majority vote -- on a number of issues, that here is the general direction we believe the Commission policy

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is going to go in. Now, what we have is a document which I think is a pretty good document in the sense that it's got the right flavor, the right format.

It's got, as far as I can see, most of the right programs. There are debates; some of the debates have come up from the staff, and I think that when the five of us look in detail through it, I wouldn't be surprised if we had some differences.

What is important is on the 21st to have us have made our first pass on those major differences and say, "Here is where we are coming out."

One of the valuable things that can happen after that is for those members of the staff who are most affected by those major decisions to have a last chance to say, "We disagree with that, and we want to come in and explain why we think that is going in the wrong direction."

COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: What I'm after really at the moment is just making sure that we come out of here today with a schedule that accommodates that process. I mean, if in fact we go in the direction you suggest, it looks as though we ought to set aside at least a day between now and -- oh -two or three days before the 21st.

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: You mean this side of the table?

COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Yes, this side of the table;

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Federal Reporters, Inc. just to go through this document and try to have something that we're all more or less in agreement on.

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: At least a majority.

COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Do the best we can, whatever.

I don't think it's going to take less than a day to --

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I think it's going to take
a lot more. You're talking about spending as much time as
you spent on preparing testimony on state programs or something
like that.

COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: We haven't spent that much time on preparing testimony for state programs in quite awhile.

All right, two days, then.

All I'm trying to do is make sure we -- December 21 is not all that far away. We should come out of today with a schedule that accommodates our ambition.

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: I'm sorry, Steve.

MR. CONVER: I can't think of anything to add to the answer you gave, sir.

MR. BECKERLEY: I think if you look at the revised draft we gave you with our memorandum, the Commissioners! comments, the objections the Commissioner have to the draft were echoed in staff comments. So I think it's a little closer approximation to something that's a little farther along down the road than you were in October.

COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: But if you don't have all

the Commissioners' comments --

MR. BECKERLEY: Not for lack of effort.

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: To have it really be useful, we all ought to have at least commented on it. If the final product is not something we agree with, at least it should be clear where we disagree.

MR. CONVER: I believe it would be useful if the next version on December 21 also considers the staff comments as well as those provided by the Commission. That would save a step.

MR. BECKERLEY: That is what we proposed because that's the only thing that makes sense.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: The Commissioners can certainly provide additional comments. It would probably be useful to do markups on the OPE version, since it already steps forward a little bit from the October 1 version.

(Laughter.)

And then indeed we'll have to gather and debate a bit and see where we come out with staff iterating on drafts as we do for rules for emergency planning and assorted other enterprises.

I think it is appropriate; will the secretary please note the need for this enterprise in the near term.

This is the 6th. We might allow a week for the Commissioners to read and provide individual markups, cross-outs, and

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1	whatever, and then -egin to schedule fairly heavy time to
2	complete the front end as staff is able to.
3	MR. HOYLE: (Nods in the affirmative.)
4	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Do you have a set of staff
5	comments which are incorporable in this front end document
6	now?
7	MR. HALLER: Yes, sir, and we have provided those
8	to OPE. I don't know whether they have had time to give
9	a thorough review of all of those.
10	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: My impression is the OPE thing
11	that came around did not have all of those.
12	COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: But they are incorporable.
13	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: There isn't anything that
14	keeps you from working on it right now?
15	MR. BECKERLEY: They are incorporable, but not
16	in the sense that some of them are contradictory.
17	COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: They are incorporable in the
18	sense that they are explicit and could be incorporated.
19	COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Is there any reason why
20	we don't have them?
21	COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: We have them.
22	MR. HANRAHAN: We just got them yesterday. We'll
23	see that you each get a copy of them.
24	CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Is it s big thick package?

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COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: It's not that thick, Joe.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Is it in here? Operating plants; this is all operating plants, so apparently they're not in that particular stack.

MR. HANRAHAN: We'll see that you each get a copy.

If you don't --

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I don't know quite whether to ask you to go ahead and make a recut on your front end section and do staff comments or let us read the staff comments and then try to make our individual markups and do one after that.

MR. HANRAHAN: I would prefer to do the latter and come and spend some time with each of you individually while you're doing that.

a number of staff comments which are clarifying and which are also in the form that might be useful, particularly here, a list of areas that are proposed for inclusion; I think you might try to break out -- here's the section -- these are the -- because at some stage I think we're going to have to be in a situation where this side of the table is going to have to start just working through something.

And whether that is a document with alternate versions in it with emergency rules or whether it's a separate document that lists -- but there has got to be --

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Given our experience that you have now cited, I would suggest that you might take

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I wouldn't worry about the months.

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(Laughter.)

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MR. HANRAHAN: There are no MPA -- we didn't

use the term "multiyear planning," they don't mean that.

another look at that schedule, particularly as to the years.

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put in a year.

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CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Although, I think when they

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(Laughter.)

Get the guidance document out, at least so far

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as that notion.

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Well --

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MR. BECKERLEY: We could work with MPA to give you

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a cleaner document that starts with Commission comments and

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adds staff comments and then we're a little farther along

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before --

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CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: How long will it take you to

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do that after this meeting?

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MR. BECKERLEY: We were proposing to give you

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CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: The end of next week is the

time I expect to see individual Commssioners' scratchings in to you and the beginning of your putting together a revised front end so that about a week from now, why, the secretary can start scheduling a heavy series of meetings in

which we hammer out the final form. So --

something at the end of next week, but --

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MR. HANRAHAN: The beginning of the week --

MR. BECKERLEY: MPA, of course, can give you

manpower on that; we'll make whatever date you say.

MR. HANRAHAN: We'll have to do it by the beginning; it doesn't make any sense otherwise.

We will give you the package this afternoon -- you know -- the whole list, the whole stack. And then we will begin to do something with that over the next few days.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Okay. If you want to try it, we'll agree on that. I think the Commissioners need to understand that that is being done because there's not much point in marking up this one if another piece of paper is coming.

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Although, Joe, the comments really don't -- are not sweeping comments across those documents. So it would still be very valuable if any Commissioner hasn't gone through and read this to go through and read it and provide their comments.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: All right.

(Laughter.)

COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: There are some words that apply in that --

(Laughter.)

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Also, I think visiting around the circle would be a useful thing. If the other offices are like

I am, it takes a fair amount of time to get -- to get organized and sit down and collect thoughts and write out a considered, general paper on a subject.

And oft times you can talk about it and communicate the general thoughts verbally much faster.

You were about to -- please do.

(Laughter.)

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I just looked at this briefly, to be honest, but there is something about it that bothers me, and I can't quite put my finger on it. I think -- I can't figure out why some of the statements are here, what they do for budget planning.

And maybe OPE has lined them out. But things like the public being acrimoniously divided on acceptability of risk --

MR. HANRAHAN: Those were some of the things the Chairman specifically wanted in there.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Please, give Commissioner Gilinsky opportunity to fully discuss his thrust here.

(Laughter.)

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I've written documents

like this in the past; in fact, in cooperation with Ed.

(Laughter.)

And I have found that it is useful to lay out the questions that need to be answered. In other words: this is

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the answer to what question?

And I just found that a very useful way to organize what needs to be put down: decide what should be in the paper and what shouldn't be in the paper. Now, I'm just throwing that out as a suggestion. You may in the end want to take the questions out or put them in a statement form.

But I think it is very useful.

Frankly, I would like to see them there in the final version just to lay out the questions to which we need answers; and these are the answers.

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Some of the questions are: what is the mission of this agency? How do we go about fulfilling this mission?

Those are some of the general questions to which the general policy provides answers.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: But that is very good, you know; there's an identified question, and there's the answer.

in the statements, and as a mechanism of getting there -to the answers -- that is as good as any other approach.

I'm not sure whether putting the explicit series of questions -but certainly working down to that is good.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Well, I think, Vic, you know -I think we had sort of a similar -- that your first flavor
off of it is similar to the one I had; that it seemed to me --

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well, I think my impression is that the document still asks us to don one or two too many hair shirts; a modest amount of self-flagellation is probably useful in the guidance documents, but I don't see a need to agonize at great length over the matter, but rather to get on to the "what are we going to do about it" aspects of the thing.

Well, would people -- there are two things that I would like to do. One of them is to give opportunity to pick up particular points a Commissioner might have on any point in the document, and then that one that we rose to and saved for my smuggled comment that we came away from. It's certainly a good place to start.

The other thing that I would like to do is to try to have this meeting reflect to the staff at least the individual Commissioner comments on some of the unresolved topics so that whatever guidance can be developed there, in fact, can be developed.

There is another -- there is another list of those things in the OPE memo; in effect, five questions saying these -- there are a number of basic questions.

Between Steve's unresolved topics slide and the OPE five, which some of them overlap, why I would like to try at some point to scan down those and see what the thoughts are up and down the table for the value of that guidance.

Why don't we -- why don't we go back to the -- pick

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Peter, you restrained yourself before. Please plunge ahead.

COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Yes. I don't know that one needs to single it out too much from the other items that we'll be commenting on and finalizing over the next couple of weeks.

But I was just going to remark when I saw the number of offices that seemed to feel that the public has not or a limited role to play, because I must say my own instinct is it goes in the opposite direction.

And back during our last budget go-round, I think
Research indicated that they had some small amount of money
devoted to a project involving the definition of "acceptable
risk."

And I thought there was at least some feeling from our side of the table that that ought to be pointed in a direction towards public participation as quickly as possible.

Anyway, I would certainly feel that way in the context of this item.

John, your comments certainly hit in this direction, and I would make even more explicit the proposition that this was a good area for some type of public proceeding at an early

date.

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: I think -- and Steve pointed out -- that that was a summary statement, and that them are, if you go back into details, it's not quite as harsh as you could infer.

For example, one of the comments in it was that that item seems to state that the NRC will determine adequate levels of protection solely based on public judgments. This leaves out other factors; for instance, research studies that determine safety factors, et cetera, which also establish levels of protection.

COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: I'm much less concerned with the individual office comments that that was -- that that gave me the reaction in the first place. But that was using this document to make clear that this is a direction that we feel is important.

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Right, yes.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I think there is no question that this is an appropriate vehicle to make it clear. I must say that sort of the apparent conflict here is not real; I really don't know anybody on the staff whose view is other than that definition of "adequate level of protection" is ultimately a social and political judgment in the broadest sense.

And if there is any unamimous feeling on the staff

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that I can detect, it is that -- a feeling of desire for a clearer definition from the appropriate bodies.

That goes beyond the Commission, in fact; so I think it has to do, as John points out, with detail.

Well, in the absence of initiatives at higher levels of the government, why, I think we have a responsibility to downat we can to try to enunciate what seems to us to be a clearer definition of an adequate level of protection and expose it to comment.

And, you know, if the Congress wanted to then take the matter up and put something into a law that either accepts that or changes it, whatever, you know, we'd have better guidance.

And at the very least, the discussion in the broader forum would be valuable in settling it. But I do think if we don't get legislative guidance, why, we're going to have to go ahead and do the best we can and discuss it publicly and get inputs, and so on.

I really don't think there are any staff offices that would argue with that process, the appropriateness of it, the necessity for it.

You know, Mattson was up here with the long term lessons learned a few weeks ago saying, "One of my primary messages, Commissioners, is you've got to tell us what does adequate protection mean to help us get on and do it."

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I think when it comes to specifics, why, as I say, the kind of thing that John indicated is right. But I don't see any differ ace of opinion around the table with regard to this being an appropriate element for the policy guidance nor any difference of opinion, really, as to what the thrust of that policy is.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: When you say, "appropriate element," are you looking at this as a vehicle to spell out what that adequate level is?

as a policy document, and particularly the front end, which sets some very general policy directions, and so on. I think this is an appropriate place for it to say, as it does in some fashion in here already, that it is our intent to plunge in and try to develop a better enunciated and more detailed definition of what is adequate protection for the benefit of everybody, us and everybody else.

And part of that process will be seek public input and discussion, and so on. Then the -- you know -- then the document that says, "Here is what adequate protection means" -- draft one -- no, no, that is not what we're trying to do here. It's just to enunciate the policy, that that's the direction we're going.

MR. BECKERLEY: If you look at page 4, I think you can see where the problem was there. Commissioner Ahearne

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suggested some changes in wording there to flesh it out more, but the original statement was sort of flat footed. You're going to go out somewhere in the public and pick up a definition. So it was probably the way it was worded.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Yes.

MR. BECKERLEY: And if you can see the way we've got it marked over, you can see where the problem was.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I think part of the problem is going away in the changed language.

Other elements or more on this one?

COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: No, I have no more on this one. But do you really want to try to work through this item by item now?

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Part of the comments you would make, are not -- if you think an appropriate way to deal with the comments would be to forward the markups and then chew on them as we come again to it, why, that it probably preferable because the most valuable thing we could do here would be to deal, as best we can, with some of the unresolved or "we need further guidance in order to take the next step" sort of things.

Now, if one of yours appears to fall into that category, why, go ahead.

COMMISSIONER GILINSKY: I think this ought to be a pretty spare document. We ought to go through it sentence 1633 138

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by sentence and ask why this has to be in here.

I don't know what the answer is to a lot of it.

MR. BECKERLEY: You'll note we suggested a number of them.

COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: That happens to be number one on the unresjlved topics list.

(Laughter.)

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I think as we go along we can quibble, and as we come to final forms we can -- why don't we cut over then to unresolved topics.

Why don't we start down Steve's list. Then we'll pick up the OPE list.

Comprehensiveness.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Should EEO be included?

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Let me say for myself that I

think it's impossible to make it comprehensive for this

round, A; and B, from some of the limited dicsussions so far

on this subject, that may not be a good thing, even in the

steady state, long term conditions.

So I guess I vote, let's not have every blasted item that the agency does included in this document. But let us please hear from other Commissioners and maybe particular things; the one Commissioner Kennedy raises is a good question.

COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Let's see; there's already some sentiment for taking antitrust out. I think maybe what

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I would be included to do is put that somewhere near the beginning, saying that there are a host of other things: antitrust, EEO.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Yes. That would be a very valuable thing to do.

COMMISSIONER BRADFORD: Just to acknowledge that we have statutory responsibilities in this area.

MR. CONVER: Excuse me, the only reference to antitrust in the document itself is in the Commissioners' statement. There is no reference that antitrust is --

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Well, but that doesn't run counter to the thought here that a useful footnote early on would be the list of items that a reader may find as he progresses through the PPPG, that it includes all the responsibilities of the agency.

Other comments in this area?
(No response.)

The response to the Kemeny and Rogovin reports -and in a sense, that gathers up the impact of the TMI Action
Plan on programs and operating plants -- well, looking at the
schedule, I don't know what's unresolved about it, except I
guess we'll have to do the best we can.

And what is unresolved about it is it isn't clear that we're going to be able to make this schedule and do all that stuff.

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: But I'm a little puzzled in the following sense: clearly, the Rogovin report, that really depends upon if it meets it schedule and how much has to be changed and incorporated in this document as it stands now.

A vast amount of our response we sent over to Press on the Kemeny has a much more significant impact on the program plans than this document. So I'm not -- I don't see any problem with trying to incorporate the results of our deliberations on the Kemeny report, which I think is in that report we sent to Press.

But I'm not sure having said that -- I'm not sure what would change here.

MR. CONVER: That item reflects that nobody has physically gone through the process of taking the Press letter and sitting down with it and looking for Commission policies which in ourn would be transferred to the PPFG.

COMMISSIONER AHFARNE: I think this raises one particular case.

MR. GOSSICK: I think there is going to be one aspect, and that deals with priorities; what I understand of the action plan and what you're going to see next Monday, that research impact can't but help affect consideration of priorities, the things we have to get done, and the cost thereof. So it will impact your judgment on priorities.

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CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: It's less than it's unresolved than it's the labor lies before us.

MR. HALLER: I think that may be right. This is more a flag.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: More a flag. You're not asking us if we should ignore it. The answer is no, we should not ignore it. We should do it.

The problem is it's going to take some time.

MR. BECKERLEY: We were hoping on getting a first cut on incorporating any significant input from Kemeny on this next go-round. It seems to me we can go through the Frank Press letter and identify some things. So we anticipate leaving the Kemeny thing off until --

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: By all means.

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: I think you will find -the Press letter, really, there's a lot of specifics, and the specifics track with overall policies, and those policies are pretty well represented hers.

MR. BECKEPLEY: There might be something on the man-machine interface sort of thing that we could pick up.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Okay. Content of program area list.

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: I guess my question there was whether you should have a specific, identified item which is the action plan.

MR. HALLER: That may very well be one of the things that the Commission would like us to track as a separate program.

We thought about that, and should you wish us to do that, we would like to hear about that. Also on that particular topic, there were comments from the offices that went in a couple of directions. One is that you ought to include some more programs in the current list of programs; and I believe NRR and NMSS had some suggestions along that line.

There was also another type of a comment that was made by NMSS, and that was that you ought to align the programs more so they are identical to unique decision units, so that in your tracking systems you don't have to cut across decision units, but in fact you have identified the program so they are along the diagonal of the matrix, if you will.

Right now we have in fiscal '80 identified, as Steve has said, 19 program areas, several of which do cut across the decision units; others of them are identified uniquely with a decision unit.

For lack of a better list, we included that list in the FY '82 to FY '86 PPPG, but it may very well be appropriate that the Commission may wish to see others or may wish to have them aligned in a different way.

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: What comes to mind is I 1633 143

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think it exists for the transformation, but I don't know if I can find it.

(Laughter.)

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Let's see; among the 19 -there are 19 program areas, and there are about how many
decision units?

MR. HALLER: Approximately 50 in the five major program offices.

MR. GOSSICK: We're finding some difficulties in reviewing these program areas and being able to pick out the decision units, that part of the decision unit that applies to that program. And there is some additional work to be done.

you have a program area that has, say, three discreet decision units that may fall into it. The problem is where you get units that have legs in one or more programs.

MR. HALLER: Yes, sir.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Well --

MR. HALLER: Would it be helpful for me to -
CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I don't know whether it would
be handy to try to change the program areas or change the
decision units or do it cross-cut.

What were you going to say?

MR. GOSSICK: Let me suggest that we were trying to get -- you know -- further along and do what needs to be

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done with the current reg guide.

I guess we could probably work along that and come up with a solution. You've got one here that isn't all that bad.

There probably are other things that we could use our time on more profitably. I'd go with this for some period of time until you see things that are obviously wrong and have to be changed.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Is there a number -- were there
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14 program areas at the time --

MR. HALLER: There are 19.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Were there 19 when we had the previous --

MR. HALLER: Yes, sir; there were 19, right.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: It wasn't all that far off the

diagonal of the matrix.

MR. HALLER: That's correct.

MR. CONVER: They're listed on the back page of your package here, Chairman Hendrie.

(Commissioner Gilinsky left the Commissioner's conference room at 3:02 p.m.)

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Yes, yes.

Okay, let me scan down my unresolved -- let me find it again. Better treatment of priorities: we're going to have to find something better than a rank ordering from

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one to 70 or 100 or whatever it is. I'm getting sick and tired of seeing letters from Congressmen coming in and saying, "This decision unit is only ranked 37 in the agency. How come it isn't number one?"

The answer is: there's only one number one, dummy.

(Laughter.)

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: I haven't seen that answer yet.

(Laughter.)

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: You've got to select one to be number one, and the fact is that another has to be number two or number 37; there are assorted responsibility areas. I think it sounds to me like it's going to have to come off with classes, red, blue, and green, or one, two, and three, or A, B, and C, or something like that.

And even then it is going to be pretty agonizing because we're all going to want everything in A, I bet.

MR. HANRAHAN: That's a problem. But if you can put them -- some things may be highest priorities but don't need additional resources. You have all the people in the world working on it. Something that may be second priority may need additional resources.

You don't want to give the appearance, because you're putting resources on something and not something else,

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but --

that there is a priority choice there.

But nonetheless -- you know -- it's the actualization of that -- you know -- we're going to put 10 more guys and \$10 million or take 10 guys off of that job; those are the real important decisions.

And I think they've got to be linked together.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: You weren't hoping to get

priority categories out of us today, were you?

MR. HALLER: No, sir. Let me comment -CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Be as ambitious as you like,

(Laughter.)

MR. HALLER: Let me comment on that one just a little bit; our approach to the priority setting part of the document was, I think, typified in the section which immediately follows the first 10 policies statements under section A, "Protecting the Public."

Behind those 10 policy statements are a number of items which I would call planning guidance, as opposed to policy guidance. And in there we suggested certain things like emphasis on this, emphasis on that. Do a little more of this, this type of thing.

This was our approach to the priorities, and we tried to steer away from actually saying, you know, here is a long ranking -- although we did identify operating reactors,

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I believe, as kind of a top priority.

Now, my sense of the comments within the staff is that they would like a little more delineation of priorities along the lines of some sort of a ranking, perhaps. I don't know whether that is going to be possible, and I guess I personally believe that if you get too much into that, it would not serve a very useful purpose.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Well, I guess I -- well, okay.

There are certain general principles that follow, activities that don't have much to do with the possible contacting of members of the public, working staffs' facilities with radiation. These seem fundamentally to me to have somewhat less of an urgency behind them than those elements of activities that do have that feature.

MR. BECKERLEY: You could always order priorities in order of consequences. In other words, the consequences of not doing a good job or prompt job on this would negligible as far as the public is concerned.

In some cases they would be lower priorities.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Well, yes. Let's see; inclusion of fiscal guidance. Isn't that -- you want to stick it in in some sort of broad range?

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: I believe it's just about central.

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(Commissioner Bradford left the Commissioner's 2 conference room at 3:07 p.m.) The other one has left me in the lurch now. 3 MR. GOSSICK: Could I ask a question on that? 4 Is the intent to give a feeling that an office director 5 or EDO would not come to the Commission? 6 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: It's guidance. COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: It hasn't reached the 8 question of limitations, but it certainly would be a strong 10 indication. 11 MR. GOSSICK: An indication, to my own thinking, 12 is useful. 13 COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: The resource priorities which the Commission has; and substantially altering that 14 15 would require pretty clear cut justification. MR. HANRAHAN: It's a budget process; this is 16 17 one of the clear decision making processes where real decisions get made. It's all right to close ceilings; you know what's 18 19 really going to be coming in there. COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Yes. It's going to be an 20 interesting exercise which everybody will have bound in a 21 proper volume on their bookshelf never to open again. 22 23 MR. HANRAHAN: Absolutely.

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CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Practical opposition.
(Laughter.)

The Commission guidance on fiscal guidance is: 2 do it. The internal management section? I don't know. MR. HANRAHAN: Mr. Ahearne had strong views on that, 5 as I recall. CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Which way were they? Go ahead. COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: It wasn't that I think we 7 need not have some strong actions in the management area, 8 but my view of a policy guidance document wasn't one where 9 the Commission then turns around -- the Commission --10 CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Tells itself what to do; I 11 agree with that. I agree with that. Okay. 12 On the OPE things, we've done fiscal guidance. 13 The program areas, are they listed appropriately? Well, 14 nobody so far has screamed about those, so I guess the first 15 16 cut there is fine. The international area? 17 MR. BECKERLEY: We've provided you with an enclosure 18 19 three which discusses that. CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: And -- enclosure three? 20 MR. BECKERLEY: It may be out of place. 21 COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Between enclosure two and 22 23 page 12. (Laughter.)

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CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Right, right. Yes, I see. I

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thought it was part -- I thought it was part of internal management or "delete this."

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Is there anything we can do about putting in a priority for the acquisition of a collating machine?

(Laughter.)

MR. HANRAHAN: That's internal management, sir.

(Laughter.)

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: We decided not to do anything like that; that's right.

MR. BECKERLEY: The trouble is, I think, they ran off the thing and page 12 was --

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Okay. Well, anyway, what's the thrust of this comment on guidance for international activities? Obey the law or --

MR. BECKERLEY: No, the thrust is -- the thrust is premature.

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: What?

MR. BECKERLEY: The thrust is premature.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Yes, I'll buy that.

The internal management we've settled.

What guidance concerning risk assessment and acceptable risk can be provided in the PPPG document; let's see, page 3.

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: That really gets to part of

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the question that Steve raised.

MR. HANRAHAN: Yes, the very first one, the level of protection, the question I think you have answered.

MR. BECKERLEY: There was also question of whether there was some inconsistency among the policy statements.

MR. HANRAHAN: That might well be.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: I'm not sure there is inconsistency in what I at least would read as the thrust -- MR. BECKERLEY: Yes.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: -- of the January deliberations and what we are currently doing.

MR. BECKERLEY: Right.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: But I -- but at the same time,

I wouldn't want to say it is all written down in a way

which is quite clear, and I think there might usefully be

some -- we might find it to be useful to provide some

clarification because there is a fairly powerful set of

tools, analysis tools out there which we are using, which

are important to use.

And I have found the impression -- occasionally even in a staff person who isn't that close to it -- lots on the outside -- that the Commission essentially forbade that kind of activity back in January, which I didn't read our thrust to be at any point.

And it may be that some clarification would be

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appropriate.

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Now, is this document the place to do it? Maybe, but I don't know.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: If that clarification is necessary, are we going to make that clarification? I'm not sure if this document is a way to initiate such action. It only reflects it.

Be awfully careful. If we're going to initiate new policy making in this document, everybody has to understand that that is the name of the game.

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: I think to some extent it may be initiating new policy.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: It is supposed to articulate existing policy, not make new policy.

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: I think it does both, Dick, because there are some issues that the Commission may not have faced; at that point where it faces them and lays them out, then it is making policy.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Right. It certainly has that potential.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: The act of the Commission, specifically facing that question and saying yes, this is what we wanted to say; the Commission has to do this.

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Oh, yes.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: And everybody has to understand

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that the document itself may be saying something that the public didn't otherwise know.

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Correct. Correct. Or the staff.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Or the staff; that's right.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Well, I don't know; it wouldn't strike me really as a front end sort of an item, unless it's become that glaring a difficulty throughout the staff. Somewhere down in the body, it might be appropriate to cover it in this document.

On the other hand, there are other ways to do it too. I'm not sure. Did you have anything in mind, since you guys brought it up?

MR. BECKERLEY: No.

MR. HALLER: May I make a comment on that, sir? CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Yes.

MR. HALLER: Risk assessment is one of the major program areas, one of the 19, and my suggestion would be we could handle that as part of a program write-up. If we feel anything ought to go in front of it, other than what is there, then we simply --

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: The solution is so eminently sensible that I hate to embrace it.

COMMISSIONER KENNEDY: Before it gets away, you just got three votes for that.

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(Laughter.)

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Other items?

(No response.)

Okay, so what should I do, mark up the December 5

OPE one and sail it off to OPE?

MR. HANRAHAN: And we will get you the copy, if you don't already have it, of the staff comments. And I will be around to discuss it with you.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: Chat. And then you will --

MR. HANRAHAN: Make our best effort on it.

CHAIRMAN HENDRIE: We'll try to bash something out by the first of the week, and starting sometime after a week from now, why SECY will be scheduling its instructions to try to move upon this.

All right?

Thank you very much.

COMMISSIONER AHEARNE: Before you disappear, I'd like to congratulate all of you people who worked so hard in getting us so far along.

MR. HALLER: Thank you very much. It was a challenge to write the document, and we're very pleased to be a part of it.

(Whereupon, at 3:17 p.m., the meeting was adjourned.)

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