# Watershed level Risk Analysis with HEC-WAT

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#### What is **HEC-WAT**?

- Provides a plug-in architecture to allow other computational models to be computed in the program sequence
- Integrates HEC-HMS, HEC-ResSim, HEC-RAS and HEC-FIA models, eliminating manual data exchange.
- Supports systems and watershed-based studies.
- Supports risk and uncertainty evaluations.





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# SupHEC-WATinFacilitates Evaluation



# **HEC-WAT INTEGRATES**







# **Plug-in Architecture**

- HEC-WAT Manages the computes through plug-ins
   Plug-ins interact with each other
  - through a centralized database





#### **HEC-WAT Model Integration**

- Models and tools that implement the Plugin Interface can contribute to the computational process
  - Hydrology HEC-HMS
  - Reservoirs HEC-ResSim
  - Hydraulics HEC-RAS
  - Economics HEC-FIA
- Communication is defined by the Plugin API and facilitated by HEC-WAT

Data is transferred through a common DSS file.









# HEC- WAT Facilitates Evaluation







# **HEC-WAT Workflow**

- Import existing models or develop models from within HEC-WAT
- Develop alternatives
- Organize & store data
- Edit models accessed via plug-ins to view Native model interfaces
- Run modeling software via plug-ins
- View and compare alternative results





#### **HEC-WAT Interface**



#### INSTITUTE FOR WATER RESOURCES

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#### **Model Linking**

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#### -ResSim Links

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HMS-(MCA)Russian River FRA	✓ Austin Cr - Flow	
HMS-(MCA)Russian River FRA	▼Green Valley - Flow	
HMS-(MCA)Russian River FRA	▼ Santa Rosa 10 - Flow	
ResSim-Baseline_F	Lake Sonoma_OUT - Flow	
ResSim-Baseline_F	Lake Mendocino_OUT - Flow	
HMS-(MCA)Russian River FRA	Russian 60 - Flow	
HMS-(MCA)Russian River FRA	▼ Russian 50 - Flow	
HMS-(MCA)Russian River FRA	Russian 40 - Flow	
HMS-(MCA)Russian River FRA	Russian 30 - Flow	
HMS-(MCA)Russian River FRA	Russian 20 - Flow	
HMS-(MCA)Russian River FRA	Russian 10 - Flow	
HMS-(MCA)Russian River FRA	▼ Big Sulphur Cr - Flow	
HMS-(MCA)Russian River FRA	Russian 20 - Flow	
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Flow

Flow

DryCreek DryCreek RS 13.73

Russian CoyoteToDC RS 99.17

#### **Deterministic Compute**

#### Single Flood Event

- Example: 8 January 1986 to 13 January 1986
- Simplest type of compute
- Eliminates manual handoffs between models

#### Period of Record

- Example: 1 October 1943 to 30 September 2014
- Slightly more complex compute

Hydrologic Modeling (HEC-HMS)

**Reservoir Analysis (HEC-ResSim)** 

**River Hydraulics (HEC-RAS)** 

**Consequence Analysis (HEC-FIA)** 







### **FRA Simulations**

- FRA simulations uses a Monte Carlo style compute to support risk analyses.
- Individual applications sample model parameters from a range of values to capture uncertainty.
- Natural variability and knowledge uncertainty sampled separately.
- Maintains consistency between alternatives by allowing use of same initial seeds.

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How do we capture a distribution of uncertainty in EAD?

#### Nested Monte Carlo: HEC-WAT/FRA

- A. Sample instances of natural variabilities as flood events, with enough events to capture the distribution of damage
- B. Sample instances of knowledge uncertainties in model parameters to get their impact on the damage distribution

1 outer loop B = a realization





inner loop A varies natural variabilities, computes EAD

outer loop B varies knowledge

uncertainty, computes EAD distribution



Reservoir Analysis Channel Hydraulics Levee Behavior Spreading Model

sample uncertain model parameters

Peak Flow (cfs)

CDF

**Exceedance** Probability

Inundation Mapping Structure Inventory Damage to Structures



frequency curve

(uncertainty)



























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sample of mean damage (EAD) from <u>all realizations</u> (spans knowledge uncertainty) provides distribution of EAD





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sample of mean damage (EAD) from <u>all realizations</u> (spans knowledge uncertainty) provides distribution of EAD



Average Damage (EAD) \$

G



# Uncertainty in a frequency curve estimated from 30 years of data



# Uncertainty in a frequency curve estimated from 60 years of data











![](_page_35_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_36_Figure_1.jpeg)

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![](_page_38_Figure_1.jpeg)

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![](_page_47_Figure_1.jpeg)

# American River Insurance Study

- For stability a 2D channel was linked to a 2D overbank area through a 2D SA connection.
- Two connections were set to breach
- Model development took approximately 8 hours

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![](_page_48_Picture_5.jpeg)

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![](_page_53_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_53_Picture_1.jpeg)

# HEC-RAS output by event

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![](_page_54_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_55_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_55_Picture_2.jpeg)

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![](_page_56_Picture_2.jpeg)

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#### Conclusion

- HEC-WAT/FRA is a planning and evaluation tool that conducts risk assessments in a systems context.
- It includes systems approaches, event sampling, alternative analyses, structural and non-structural analyses, Life Loss, agricultural damage analyses.
- Is being used nationwide for dam and levee evaluations and assessments, and planning and design studies.

![](_page_59_Picture_4.jpeg)

![](_page_59_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_59_Picture_6.jpeg)

# QUESTIONS?

#### www.hec.usace.army.mil

![](_page_60_Picture_2.jpeg)

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