

## U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission

### Privacy Impact Assessment

*Designed to collect the information necessary to make relevant determinations regarding the applicability of the Privacy Act, the Paperwork Reduction Act information collection requirements, and records management requirements.*

## Master Data Management Services (MDMS) System

Date: April 16, 2019

#### A. GENERAL SYSTEM INFORMATION

##### 1. Provide a detailed description of the system:

The Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has established the Master Data Management Services (MDMS) system to address both short and long-term enterprise data management needs. The MDMS is a major agencywide initiative to support the processes and decisions of NRC through:

- Improving data quality
- Improving re-use and exchange of information
- Reducing or eliminating the storage of duplicate information
- Providing an enterprise-wide foundation for information sharing
- Establishing a data governance structure

The MDMS provides an overall vision for, and leadership focused on, an enterprise solution that establishes authoritative data owners, delivers quality data in an efficient manner to the systems that require it, and effectively meets business needs. The MDMS is also focused on data architecture and includes projects that will identify and define data elements across the agency.

The MDMS system is a web-based application accessible to representatives from every NRC office—that provides standardized and validated docket and data records that support dockets, including licenses, contact and billing information, to all downstream NRC systems that require that data. The NRC collects digital identification data for individuals to support the agency core business operations, issue credentials, and administer access to agency's physical and logical resources. To support this need, the MDMS system also serves as a centralized repository for the accessibility of organization and personnel data. The MDMS is built on a Master Data Services (MDS) for SQL Server 2012 (also known as Master Data Manager) platform, a Commercial Off-the-Shelf (COTS) product from the Microsoft Corporation that is used by NRC administrators to maintain the data model and data entities that comprise MDMS and support its operations.

MDMS resides on the BASS General Support System (EA 20070047) operated by the Office of the Chief Information Officer (OCIO). In general, the support services provided to the MDMS by Business Application Support System (BASS) for operations and compliance with relevant security controls is the same for other applications in the BASS environment

**2. What agency function does it support?**

The MDMS system is the authoritative source for docket, docket contact and docket licensee information. MDMS receives docket information created under 10 CFR Parts 30, 40, 70, 71, 72, 110 and 150 from the Web Based Licensing (WBL) system on a nightly basis. The MDMS is also the source of creation for all new power reactor (050, 052) and vendor / non-vendor (999) dockets.

In addition, MDMS passes Employee and Organization data received from Enterprise Information Hub (EIH) and Federal Personnel/Payroll System (FPPS), respectively, to subscriber systems.

MDMS data is provided to the following subscriber systems:

- Replacement Reactor Program System (R-RPS)
- Enforcement Action Tracking System (EATS)
- Allegation Management System (AMS)
- Case Management System (CMS)
- Agencywide Documents Access and Management Systems (ADAMS)
- Electronic Information Exchange (EIE) System
- Cost Activity Code System (CACCS)
- Financial Accounting and Integrated Management Information System (FAIMIS)
- Public Meeting Notice System (PMNS)
- System of Ticketing and Reporting (STAR)
- Headquarters Operations Officer Database (HOO DB)

**3. Describe any modules or subsystems, where relevant, and their functions.**

N/A

**4. What legal authority authorizes the purchase or development of this system?**

The collection of billing data is required in order to recover fees in accordance with OBRA-90. 10 CFR 15 Debt Collection Procedures touches on billing data.

For the collection and maintenance of Tax Identification Number (TIN) (Employee Identification Number or Social Security Number) data in MDMS: The Debt Collection Improvement Act 1996 (Public Law 104-134) "The head of each Federal agency shall require each person doing business with that agency to furnish to that agency such person's taxpayer identifying number".

**5. What is the purpose of the system and the data to be collected?**

MDMS is used by representatives from every NRC office to access—and with specific permissions to generate—standardized and validated docket and data records that support dockets, including license and billing information. MDMS has been modified to also store the Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN) of docket licensees as part of the billing information.

In addition, MDMS also stores the employee/contractor data from the agency’s Enterprise Identify Hub (EIH) system and organization data from the Federal Personnel/Payroll System (FPPS) and provides the same source data downstream to multiple NRC information systems to support their business functions.

**6. Points of Contact:**

<b>Program Manager</b>	<b>Office/Division/Branch</b>	<b>Telephone</b>
Melissa Ash	OCIO/GEMSD	301 415 7251
<b>Project Manager</b>	<b>Office/Division/Branch</b>	<b>Telephone</b>
Sandra Valencia	OCIO/GEMSD	301 415 8701
<b>Technical Lead</b>	<b>Office/Division/Branch</b>	<b>Telephone</b>
Jun Lee	OCIO/GEMSD/COEAB	301 415 1337
<b>Executive Sponsor</b>	<b>Office/Division/Branch</b>	<b>Telephone</b>
John Moses	OCIO/GEMSD	301-415-1276

**7. Does this privacy impact assessment (PIA) support a proposed new system or a proposed modification to an existing system?**

a.  New System  Modify Existing System  Other  
(Explain)

b. **If modifying an existing system, has a PIA been prepared before?**

Yes

(1) **If yes, provide the date approved and ADAMS accession number.**

December 21, 2017, ML17341A289

(2) **If yes, provide a summary of modifications to the existing system.**

The following areas of MDMS are being enhanced as part of

the MDMS “Redesign” efforts -

1. Architecture (improved performance, security, availability and maintainability)
2. User Permissions (streamline visibility, accountability and management of MDMS users’ permissions)
3. Usability (improve clarity, consistency, efficiency, responsiveness of the MDMS user interface)

**B. INFORMATION COLLECTED AND MAINTAINED**

*These questions are intended to define the scope of the information requested as well as the reasons for its collection. Section 1 should be completed only if information is being collected about individuals. Section 2 should be completed for information being collected that is not about individuals.*

**1. INFORMATION ABOUT INDIVIDUALS**

**a. Does this system maintain information about individuals?**

YES

**(1) If yes, identify the group(s) of individuals (e.g., Federal employees, Federal contractors, licensees, general public).**

Individuals may be Federal employees, Federal contractors or commercial vendors who are NRC’s licensees.

**(2) IF NO, SKIP TO QUESTION B.2.**

**b. What information is being maintained in the system about an individual (be specific)?**

**NRC Employees / Contractor Data:**

The MDMS system contains data for both current and past individual NRC employees and contractors supplied through an interface with EIH. The Employee entity has the following fields: Code (10 character unique ID for each digital identity), Name, LAN ID, Email ID, First Name, Middle Name, Last Name, Name Suffix, Status (Active or Inactive), Affiliation (Employee or Contractor), Position, Employee ID, Effective Date, Termination Date and Organization, Region Name, Building, Floor, Location, Entry on Duty Date (EOD). This data is not modifiable in MDMS; any changes made to the data are applied at the source and pushed to MDMS daily. An amalgam of the employee First Name and Last Name is used as the Name for each record in the Employee entity. These Name values are utilized in MDMS to establish points-of-contact for Dockets. Docket contacts are individual records (hereafter “Contact records”) created in MDMS and linked to one or more dockets. Contact records connect the Name value with email,

phone and physical address information for that individual. This data is entered and maintained by MDMS users with specific permissions. Contact records are not currently utilized outside of MDMS and are not passed to subscriber systems. Employee data in MDMS is not linked to TINs or other licensee data.

**NRC Employees' Organization Data:**

The MDMS system contains NRC employees' organization data supplied from the FPPS system via CSV file. The Organization data has the following fields - Code, Organization Name, Organization Abbreviation, Level 1 Abbreviation (Office), Level 2 Abbreviation (Division), Level 3 Abbreviation (Branch), Level 4 Abbreviation (Team), Active (Organization status)

**Licensees:**

Required fields are Name (of license holder entity, which could be an individual), Legal Contact Name (person representing license holder entity), and the Street Address, City, could be a State (if U.S.), Country and Zip of that legal contact. Optional information: legal contact phone and email address. The license holder entity will now be required to also provide the TIN associated with the entity. In the case of some small businesses this TIN may actually be the Social Security Number (SSN) of the business owner who is likely named as the legal contact.

**c. Is information being collected from the subject individual?**

NO, MDMS does not collect the information directly from the individuals. Employee data is being passed to MDMS system from the Enterprise Identity Hub (EIH).

For the 030, 040, 070, 071, 110 and 150 docket, the licensee information is being passed to the MDMS system from WBL or is being added/maintained by NRC employees with specific user roles in MDMS that are restricted to data relevant to their NRC office.

A business applying for a license (050 / 052 (power reactors) and 999 (vendor and non-vendor docket), submits an application to NRC that includes the information name of an applicant, business telephone number, business cell phone number, business email address and address where licensed material will be used or possessed. In MDMS, TINs/SSNs may only be viewed, added and modified by users with appropriate roles and permissions.

**(1) If yes, what information is being collected?**

N/A

**d. Will the information be collected from 10 or more individuals who are not Federal employees?**

YES

**(1) If yes, does the information collection have OMB approval?**

YES

**(a) If yes, indicate the OMB approval number:**

- OMB clearance No. 3150-0188 provides authority to the NRC, specifically the Office of the Chief Financial Officer (OCFO) for NRC Form 531 "Request for Taxpayer Identification Number".

**e. Is the information being collected from existing NRC files, databases, or systems?**

YES and NO

**(1) If yes, identify the files/databases/systems and the information being collected.**

MDMS receives NRC employee and contractor data (personal /work contact and location information) from EIH via database connection.

MDMS receives NRC employees' organization information from the FPPS via CSV file in the shared drop box.

The NMSS WBL application is the authoritative source for material docket (30, 40, 70, 71, 72, 110, 150) as well as sealed source devices and general licenses. MDMS receives updated docket and corresponding license information from WBL on a nightly basis via flat file.

See detailed description in section B.1.b.

For all other docket that existed prior to MDMS becoming the authoritative source for such information, docket licensee data was imported from the Legacy (L)-RPS system. New docket licensee data is now entered directly into MDMS. OCFO already maintained some TINs in FAIMIS, collected using NRC Form 531. As a first step regarding the inclusion of TINs in MDMS, FAIMIS (in a one-time transfer) provided to MDMS those TINs that were already on-hand. Thereafter, any new applicants or licensees applying for an amendment, who have not yet provided their TINs to NRC, will provide that information using NRC Form 531 and OCFO staff with the specific MDMS user role of OCFO Contributor will input the TIN in MDMS. MDMS will then transfer the TINs and other licensee data to FAIMIS on a nightly basis along with the data being passed from WBL.

**f. Is the information being collected from external sources (any source outside of the NRC)?**

YES – Current license holders and applicants.

**(1) If yes, identify the source and what type of information is being collected?**

Licensee applicants must submit an application (via NRC Form 313), which includes the business information of the licensee as well as contact information for the licensee representative.

Applicants are also required to submit the TIN and billing information using NRC Form 531.

**g. How will information not collected directly from the subject individual be verified as current, accurate, and complete?**

This information is verified during the business process of reviewing licensee applications, which is conducted by the Office of Nuclear Material Safety and Safeguards (NMSS) and Regions I, III & IV for all materials dockets coming from WBL, by The Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation (NRR) for 050 docket information, and by The Office of New Reactors (NRO) for 052 and 999 docket information. The Office of the Chief Financial Officer (OCFO) is responsible for the accuracy of the TIN and other billing information for all dockets.

**h. How will the information be collected (e.g. form, data transfer)?**

Licensees and applicants can send the information via the license application paper form (NRC Form 313) and the TIN paper form (NRC Form 531).

**2. INFORMATION NOT ABOUT INDIVIDUALS**

**a. Will information not about individuals be maintained in this system?**

YES

**(1) If yes, identify the type of information (be specific).**

**Licensee information:** License holder entity name (if not an individual), type of docket licensee (applicant, certificate holder or licensee), legal contact address and phone number (if not associated with an individual), TIN and billing address (if not associated with an individual), From and To dates of the license holder entity's relationship with the docket;

**License Information:** License number, operational phase covered by the license, From and To dates that the license is in effect;

**Docket information:** Docket Name, Docket Number, 10 CFR Part Number, Docket Type, Docket Category, Owner Office, Operational Phase (of docket), Region, Active or Historical status (of docket);

**Organization Data:** Levels 1-5 Abbreviation & Description fields, Active, Effective Date, Organization Name, Organization Abbreviation. Organization data is used to direct EPID requests to appropriate approvers. It is not associated with TINs or Licensee data.

**b. What is the source of this information? Will it come from internal agency sources and/or external sources? Explain in detail.**

The licensee information comes from the license application (NRC Form 313), the TIN paper form (NRC Form 531), and from NRC (reviewers in each Region and HQ).

Organization data is transmitted to MDMS from FPPS

**C. USES OF SYSTEM AND INFORMATION**

*These questions will identify the use of the information and the accuracy of the data being used.*

**1. Describe all uses made of the data in this system.**

The purpose of MDMS system is to standardize and validate docket and license information so that all recipient systems downstream of MDMS get uniform, accurate and complete data for fee billing, time accounting, record keeping, reporting, etc. The information related to fee billing is used by OCFO for issuing invoices, refunds, and collections. The TINs and all other fee billing related information are routinely passed to FAIMIS for fee billing purposes.

MDMS also provides NRC's employees and contractors (personal/work contact and location information) and employees' organization data it receives from EIH and FPPS to its subscriber systems R-RPS via Application Programming Interface (API) / webservices, and to CACS, EATS, AMS, CMS & STAR systems via DB connection.

**2. Is the use of the data both relevant and necessary for the purpose for which the system is designed?**

YES

**3. Who will ensure the proper use of the data in this system?**

Staff in the offices of NRR, NRO, NMSS, OCFO and the Office of the Chief Information Officer (OCIO).



4. **Are the data elements described in detail and documented?**

YES

a. **If yes, what is the name of the document that contains this information and where is it located?**

MDMS Data Inputs and Outputs document residing under [OCIO MDMS Redesign SharePoint Site](#).

5. **Will the system derive new data or create previously unavailable data about an individual through aggregation from the information collected?**

NO

*Derived data is obtained from a source for one purpose and then the original information is used to deduce/infer a separate and distinct bit of information that is aggregated to form information that is usually different from the source information.*

*Aggregation of data is the taking of various data elements and then turning it into a composite of all the data to form another type of data (i.e. tables or data arrays).*

a. **If yes, how will aggregated data be maintained, filed, and utilized?**

N/A

b. **How will aggregated data be validated for relevance and accuracy?**

N/A

c. **If data are consolidated, what controls protect it from unauthorized access, use, or modification?**

N/A

6. **How will data be retrieved from the system? Will data be retrieved by an individual's name or personal identifier? (Be specific.)**

**Within the Application**

An application user can access NRC's Employees, Organization, Docket, and Licensee information in the MDMS application via search queries or by paging through the summary/listing screens for each entity. Search results and entity summary/listing pages in MDMS may be exported into a CSV file. TIN data for Licensees may be accessed and viewed only by MDMS application users with an appropriate application role. Users with that role may also modify data if the source system is MDMS.

**Via Interface with EDMS/MDM**

NRC systems that receive docket, licensee, employee, and related data from MDMS do so either via an Application Programming Interface (API) Webservice connection or through scheduled data retrievals from the MDM database.

The API Webservice connection allows read access to EDMS authenticated users, and the ability to modify data if 1) The user has an appropriate role that allows them to edit the data and the source system is MDM, or 2) The user owns the source system for that data. Any interface with the MDM database will have access controls implemented at the database level.

**7. Will this system provide the capability to identify, locate, and monitor (e.g., track, observe) individuals?**

NO

**a. If yes, explain.**

N/A

**(1) What controls will be used to prevent unauthorized monitoring?**

N/A

**8. List the report(s) that will be produced from this system.**

There are no reports produced directly from/by the MDMS system. Any reports utilizing data received from MDMS are produced from interfacing systems and are solely controlled by those systems.

**a. What are the reports used for?**

N/A

**b. Who has access to these reports?**

N/A

**D. ACCESS TO DATA**

**1. Which NRC office(s) will have access to the data in the system?**

Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation (NRR), Office of Nuclear Material Safety and Safeguards (NMSS), Office of New Reactors (NRO), Office of the Chief Information Officer (OCIO), Office of the Chief Financial Officer (OCFO), Office of Nuclear Security and Incident Response (NSIR), and Office of the Chief Human Capital Officer (OCHCO).

**(1) For what purpose?**

- To create, modify and view Contacts and Contacts information

- specific to Reactor, Vendor and non-Vendor Dockets
- To create, modify and view Dockets, Docket Licensees information associated with Reactor, Vendor and non-Vendor dockets
- To create, modify and view TIN data and billing information for Docket and Vendor Docket Licensees
- To view 030, 040, 070, 071, 110 and 150 dockets and the licensee information
- To view organization and NRC's personnel data

**(2) Will access be limited?**

YES, the MDMS system access will be limited based on the roles and responsibilities with need to know to perform official duties.

**2. Will other NRC systems share data with or have access to the data in the system?**

YES

**(1) If yes, identify the system(s).**

MDMS will receive data from the following systems –

Web Based Licensing (WBL), Enterprise Information Hub (EIH) and Federal Personnel/Payroll System (FPPS)

The following systems will receive data from the MDMS system -

- Replacement Reactor Program System (R-RPS)
- Enforcement Action Tracking System (EATS)
- Allegation Management System (AMS)
- Case Management System (CMS)
- Agencywide Documents Access and Management Systems (ADAMS)
- Electronic Information Exchange (EIE) System
- Cost Activity Code System (CACS)
- Financial Accounting and Integrated Management Information System (FAIMIS)
- Public Meeting Notice System (PMNS)
- System of Ticketing and Reporting (STAR)
- Headquarters Operations Officer Database (HOO DB)

**(2) How will the data be transmitted or disclosed?**

**Disclosure of Data within the Application**

An application user can access NRC's Employees, Organization, Docket, and Licensee information in the MDMS application via search queries or by paging through the summary/listing screens for each entity. Search results and entity summary/listing pages in MDMS may be

exported into a CSV file. TIN data for Licensees may be accessed and viewed only by MDMS application users with an appropriate application role. Users with that role may also modify data if the source system is MDMS.

**Transmission of Data via Interface with MDMS**

NRC systems that receive docket, licensee, employee, and related data from MDMS do so either via an Application Programming Interface (API) Webservice connection or through scheduled data retrievals from the MDM database.

The API Webservice connection allows read access to MDMS authenticated users, and the ability to modify data if 1) The user has an appropriate role that allows them to edit the data and the source system is MDMS, or 2) The user owns the source system for that data. Any interface with the MDMS database will have access controls implemented at the database level

**3. Will external agencies/organizations/public have access to the data in the system?**

NO

**(1) If yes, who?**

N/A

**(2) Will access be limited?**

N/A

**(3) What data will be accessible and for what purpose/use?**

N/A

**(4) How will the data be transmitted or disclosed?**

N/A

**E. RECORDS RETENTION AND DISPOSAL**

*The National Archives and Records Administration (NARA), in collaboration with federal agencies, approves whether records are temporary (eligible at some point for destruction/deletion because they no longer have business value) or permanent (eligible at some point to be transferred to the National Archives because of historical or evidential significance). These determinations are made through records retention schedules and are required under 36 CFR 1234.10. The following questions are intended to determine whether the records in the system have an approved records retention schedule or if one will be needed.*

**1. Can you map this system to an applicable retention schedule in [NUREG-0910](#), or the [General Records Schedules](#) at <http://www.archives.gov/records-mgmt/grs>?**

NO

This system will need to be scheduled; therefore, NRC records personnel will need to work with staff to develop a records retention and disposition schedule for records created or maintained. Until the approval of such schedule, these records and information are Permanent. Their willful disposal or concealment (and related offenses) is punishable by fine or imprisonment, according to 18 U.S.C., Chapter 101, and Section 2071. Implementation of retention schedules is mandatory under 44 U.S. 3303a (d), and although this does not prevent further development of the project, retention functionality or a manual process must be incorporated to meet this requirement.

- a. **If yes, please cite the schedule number, approved disposition, and describe how this is accomplished. For example, will the records or a composite thereof be deleted once they reach their approved retention or exported to a file for transfer based on their approved disposition?**
- b. **If the answer to question E.1 is yes, skip to F.1. If the response is no, complete question E.2 through question E.7.**

2. **If the records cannot be mapped to an approved records retention schedule, how long do you need the records? Please explain.**

MDMS does not delete, remove, or replace existing information

3. **Would these records be of value to another organization or entity at some point in time? Please explain.**

NO

4. **How are actions taken on the records? For example, is new data added or updated by replacing older data on a daily, weekly, or monthly basis?**

New employee and organization data in MDMS is refreshed daily with data from EIH and FPPS, respectively. The NMSS docket data is also refreshed daily, with data from WBL. New 050, 052, and 999 dockets are added, and existing records modified, by user interactions with the system. The docket records cannot be deleted, removed or replaced.

5. **What is the event or action that will serve as the trigger for updating, deleting, removing, or replacing information in the system? For example, does the information reside in the system for three years after it is created and then is it deleted?**

Any updates, or receipt of new information triggers updating. The system does not delete, remove, or replace existing information. It maintains a historical chronology.

6. **Is any part of the record an output, such as a report, or other data**

**placed in ADAMS or stored in any other location, such as a shared drive or MS SharePoint?**

YES, according to the MDMS Data Inputs and Outputs document, Licensee Number, Licensee Name, Docket Number, Name and NRC's Employee/Contractor Name, First Name, Middle Name and Last Name information is supplied to ADAMS via a DB connection.

**7. Does this system allow for the deletion or removal of records no longer needed and how will that be accomplished?**

NO

**F. TECHNICAL ACCESS AND SECURITY**

**1. Describe the security controls used to limit access to the system (e.g., passwords).**

Roles are managed within the MDMS application by users with the Administrator (Admin) role.

**2. What controls will prevent the misuse (e.g., unauthorized browsing) of system data by those having access?**

The MDMS administrators in communication with NRC offices supply individuals with appropriate roles that control view and modification permissions.

**3. Are the criteria, procedures, controls, and responsibilities regarding access to the system documented?**

YES, The MDMS roles and access are being developed by the MDMS project team with support from the MDMS providers/subscribers systems project managers.

**(1) If yes, where?**

The MDMS users access controls, procedures and responsibilities are currently being developed and will be stored on the MDMS SharePoint site and in ADAMS

**4. Will the system be accessed or operated at more than one location (site)?**

YES, access is through a web browser.

a. If yes, how will consistent use be maintained at all sites?

N/A

**5. Which user groups (e.g., system administrators, project managers, etc.)**

**have access to the system?**

See Section D.1.1.

**6. Will a record of their access to the system be captured?**

YES, in system logs

a. If yes, what will be collected?

LAN ID and date/time stamp

**7. Will contractors be involved with the design, development, or maintenance of the system?**

YES

*If yes, and if this system will maintain information about individuals, ensure Privacy Act and/or PII contract clauses are inserted in their contracts.*

- FAR clause 52.224-1 and FAR clause 52.224-2 should be referenced in all contracts, when the design, development, or operation of a system of records on individuals is required to accomplish an agency function.*
- PII clause, "Contractor Responsibility for Protecting Personally Identifiable Information" (June 2009), in all contracts, purchase orders, and orders against other agency contracts and interagency agreements that involve contractor access to NRC owned or controlled PII.*

**8. What auditing measures and technical safeguards are in place to prevent misuse of data?**

All access to the MDMS system is captured in system log files and audit records.

Auditing - Every modification to specified database tables are logged.

Safeguards – Access is controlled via system administrators, and access changes are logged.

The security controls recommended by NIST 800-53 Rev 4 will be implemented based on the MDMS system categorization to prevent misuse of data. The MDMS is residing under the BASS boundary, so the BASS infrastructure support team may use the Splunk tool for auditing purposes.

**9. Are the data secured in accordance with FISMA requirements?**

YES

a. **If yes, when was Certification and Accreditation last completed?**

September 2016

**PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT REVIEW/APPROVAL**  
(For Use by OCIO/ISB Staff)

**System Name:** Master Data Management (MDM) - Enterprise Data Management System (EDMS)

**Submitting Office:** Office of the Chief Information Officer (OCIO)

**A. PRIVACY ACT APPLICABILITY REVIEW**

Privacy Act is not applicable.

Privacy Act is applicable.

**Comments:**

This system contains personally identifiable information (PII) and is covered by Privacy Act System of Records: NRC 32 Office of the Chief Financial Officer Financial Transactions and Debt Collection Management Records.

Reviewer's Name	Title	Date
Sally A. Hardy	Privacy Officer	June 28, 2019

**B. INFORMATION COLLECTION APPLICABILITY DETERMINATION**

No OMB clearance is needed.

OMB clearance is needed.

Currently has OMB Clearance. Clearance No. 3150-0188, 3150-0120

**Comments:**

The PIA mentions information collected by NRC Form 531(3150-0188) and NRC Form 313 (3150-0120)They are covered by existing OMB clearances.

Reviewer's Name	Title	Date
David Cullison	Agency Clearance Officer	5/13/19



**C. RECORDS RETENTION AND DISPOSAL SCHEDULE DETERMINATION**

- No record schedule required.
- Additional information is needed to complete assessment.
- Needs to be scheduled.
- Existing records retention and disposition schedule covers the system - no modifications needed.

**Comments:**

This system will need to be scheduled; therefore, NRC records personnel will need to work with staff to develop a records retention and disposition schedule for records created or maintained. Until the approval of such schedule, these records and information are Permanent. Their willful disposal or concealment (and related offenses) is punishable by fine or imprisonment, according to 18 U.S.C., Chapter 101, and Section 2071. Implementation of retention schedules is mandatory under 44 U.S. 3303a (d), and although this does not prevent further development of the project, retention functionality or a manual process must be incorporated to meet this requirement.

Reviewer's Name	Title	Date
Marna B. Dove	Sr. Program Analyst, Electronic Records Manager	5/31/19

**D. BRANCH CHIEF REVIEW AND CONCURRENCE**

- This IT system **does not** collect, maintain, or disseminate information in identifiable form from or about members of the public.
- This IT system **does** collect, maintain, or disseminate information in identifiable form from or about members of the public.

I concur in the Privacy Act, Information Collections, and Records Management reviews:

\_\_\_\_\_ /RA/ \_\_\_\_\_ Date July 2, 2019  
Anna T. McGowan, Chief  
Information Services Branch  
Governance & Enterprise Management  
Services Division  
Office of the Chief Information Officer

**TRANSMITTAL OF PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT/  
PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT REVIEW RESULTS**

TO: <b>Thomas Rich, Director, IT Services Development &amp; Operations Division, Office of the Chief Information Officer</b>	
Name of System: <b>Master Data Management Services(MDMS) System</b>	
Date ISB received PIA for review: <b>April 16, 2019</b>	Date ISB completed PIA review: <b>June 28, 2019</b>
<b>Noted Issues:</b>	
Anna T. McGowan, Chief Information Services Branch Governance & Enterprise Management Services Division Office of the Chief Information Officer	Signature/Date:  <b>/RA/ July 2, 2019</b>
<p><i>Copies of this PIA will be provided to:</i></p> <p><i>Tom Rich, Director IT Services Development &amp; Operation Division Office of the Chief Information Officer</i></p> <p><i>Jonathan Feibus Chief Information Security Officer (CISO) Governance &amp; Enterprise Management Service Division Office of the Chief Information Officer</i></p>	