



Federal Environmental Review and Authorization Process Streamlining: FAST-41 and E.O. 13807

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Agenda

- Title 41 of the Fixing America's Surface Transportation Act (FAST-41)
- Presidential Executive Order (E.O.) 13807, Establishing Discipline and Accountability in the Environmental Review and Permitting Process for Infrastructure Projects
- Discussion
 - Overview
 - Covered projects
 - Differences
 - Impacts

FAST-41: Overview

- Signed into law on 12/04/15
 - Increase timeliness, predictability, and transparency of the Federal environmental review and authorization process
- Established Federal Permitting Improvement Steering Council (FPISC)
 - Composed of agency Deputy Secretary-level members
 - Chaired by an appointed Executive Director
- Environmental review and authorization process improvements
 - Assess agencies' progress applying Best Practices
 - Reported to Congress annually
- Online Permitting Dashboard for transparency (<u>FAST41 Dashboard</u>)
 - Publically tracks all covered Federal projects

FAST-41: Covered Projects

- NRC projects may be eligible to be covered under FAST-41 if:
 - They require authorization of construction of infrastructure for conventional energy production,
 - Require environmental review by a Federal agency,
 - Are subject to the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) of 1969,
 - Are expected to cost more than \$200 million, and
 - Do not qualify for an abbreviated environmental review and authorization process.
- Project sponsors (applicants) must opt into the FAST-41 process

FAST-41: NRC Covered Projects

- Fast-41 applies to nuclear power
- Considered part of the "conventional energy production" sector.
- Examples:
 - Early site permits- <u>not</u> a covered project
 - Combined Operating License- covered project
 - Spent fuel processing- <u>not</u> a covered project
- Turkey Point Units 6 and 7
 - Only current NRC covered project
 - Considered "in progress" even though Combined Operating License issued
 - Due to status of other permits

E.O. 13807: Overview

- EO 13807: signed on 08/15/2017
 - Implemented by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) and Council for Environmental Quality (CEQ)
- Goal is to address the need for a coordinated, predictable, and transparent Federal environmental review and authorization process
- Key components:
 - One Federal Decision (OFD) implementation framework
 - Permitting timetables for every major infrastructure project
 - Shorter review times
 - Increased transparency

E.O. 13807: Major Infrastructure Projects

- An infrastructure project for which multiple authorizations by Federal agencies will be required to proceed with construction,
- The lead Federal agency has determined that it will prepare an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) under the NEPA,
- The project sponsor (applicant) has identified the reasonable availability of funds sufficient to complete the project
 - This is currently part of the NRC licensing process

The NRC does <u>not currently</u> have any projects that currently qualify as a major infrastructure project

E.O. 13807: One Federal Decision

- OFD Memorandum of Understanding
 - Framework for implementation of the E.O.
- OFD requires agencies submit and follow:
 - Implementation plan
 - Elevation procedures
 - Cost methodology
- Infrastructure Permitting Cross-Agency Priority Goal Performance Accountability System Guidance (Accountability Guidance):
 - Ensure improvements are implemented
 - Ensures accountability of agency management.

Differences: FAST-41 and E.O.13807

- Project sponsor who opts in required to pay fees for treatment under FAST-41; there are no fees for license applicants under E.O. 13807
- FAST-41 defines covered projects as having a probable total investment of greater than \$200 million; E.O. 13807 defines a major infrastructure project as a project for which the project sponsor has identified reasonable availability of funds sufficient to complete the project but does not specify any dollar threshold. E.O. 13807 applies to <u>all</u> major infrastructure projects and does <u>not</u> have to be opted into
- For more information about differences visit the <u>Permitting Dashboard</u>: FAST-41 and EO 13807

Impacts: E.O. 13807 and FAST-41

- Goal to complete all environmental review decisions within two years
 - From issuance of the Notice of Intent to publication of Record of Decision
 - Single Record of Decision for the Federal government
- Agency implementation of OFD
- Predictability through Permitting Timetables
- Commitment to process enhancements
- Commitment to cooperate, communicate, share information, and resolve conflicts within the Federal government
- Increased transparency through Permitting Dashboard
- Emphasis on pre-application work and concurrent reviews

Questions?

For more information or answers to your questions please email

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