



*M. Christopher Nolan  
526 South Church Street  
Charlotte, NC 28202*

*Mailing Address:  
Mail Code EC07C / P.O. Box 1006  
Charlotte, NC 28201-1006*

*704-382-7426*

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10 CFR 50.54(a)(3)  
10 CFR 50.71(e)

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Attn: Document Control Desk  
U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission  
Washington, DC 20555-0001

Brunswick Steam Electric Plant, Unit Nos. 1 and 2  
Docket Nos. 50-325 and 50-324  
Renewed Facility Operating License Nos. DPR-71 and DPR-62

Brunswick Independent Spent Fuel Storage Docket No. 72-6

Catawba Nuclear Station, Units 1 and 2  
Docket Nos. 50-413 and 50-414  
Renewed License Nos. NPF-35 and NPF-52

Catawba Nuclear Station Independent Spent Fuel Storage Installation Docket No. 72-45

McGuire Nuclear Station, Units 1 and 2  
Docket Nos. 50-369 and 50-370  
Renewed License Nos. NPF-9 and NPF-17

McGuire Nuclear Station Independent Spent Fuel Storage Installation Docket No 72-38

Oconee Nuclear Station, Units 1, 2 and 3  
Docket Nos. 50-269, 50-270, and 50-287  
Renewed License Nos. DPR-38, DPR-47 and DPR-55

Oconee Nuclear Station Independent Spent Fuel Storage Installation Docket Nos. 72-1004  
and SNM-2503

Shearon Harris Nuclear Power Plant, Unit No. 1  
Docket No. 50-400  
Renewed License No. NPF-63

H. B. Robinson Steam Electric Plant, Unit No. 2  
Docket No. 50-261  
Renewed License No. DPR-23

H. B. Robinson Independent Spent Fuel Storage Installation Docket No  
NO.72-3 / License No. SNM-2502

H. B. Robinson Independent Spent Fuel Storage Installation Docket No.72-60

Duke Energy, Inc. Quality Assurance Program for Radioactive Packages Shipping under 10  
CFR 71, Docket No. 71-266

Duke Energy, Inc. Quality Assurance Program for Radioactive Packages Shipping under 10  
CFR 71, Docket No. 71-345

Subject: TRANSMITTAL of the DUKE ENERGY CORPORATION TOPICAL REPORT  
(DUKE QAPD-001- A), AMENDMENT 44

In accordance with 10 CFR 50.54(a)(3), Duke Energy is submitting Amendment 44 to the Quality Assurance Topical Report (QATR). This letter satisfies the 10 CFR 50.54(a)(3) requirement to provide the NRC with an update of changes to the Quality Assurance Program Description (QAPD) that did not reduce commitments in the program description and, therefore, do not require NRC approval prior to implementation.

The changes have been reviewed in accordance with 10 CFR 50.54(a)(3) and are not considered to be reductions of commitment as they involve administrative improvements and clarifications.

Attachment 1 provides a Summary Description of Changes. Attachment 2 provides a copy of Duke Energy Topical Report Quality Assurance Program Description, Amendment 44.

This document contains no regulatory commitments. Please refer any questions regarding this submittal to Mr. Art Zaremba at 980-373-2062.

Sincerely,



M. Christopher Nolan  
Vice President Nuclear Regulatory Affairs, Policy & Emergency Preparedness

Attachments:

1. Summary Description of Changes
2. Copy of Duke Energy Topical Report Quality Assurance Program Description

U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission  
RA-19-0115  
Page 3 of 4

xc:

C. Haney, Regional Administrator  
U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission - Region II  
Marquis One Tower  
245 Peachtree Center Ave., NE Suite 1200  
Atlanta, GA 30303-1257

M.C. Barillas, Project Manager (SHNPP)  
U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission  
One White Flint North  
11555 Rockville Pike  
Rockville, MD 20852-2738

N. Jordan, NRR Project Manager (HBRSEP)  
U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission  
One White Flint North  
11555 Rockville Pike  
Rockville, MD 20852-2738

D.J. Galvin, NRR Project Manager (BSEP)  
U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission  
One White Flint North  
11555 Rockville Pike  
Rockville, MD 20852-2738

Michael Mahoney, NRR Project Manager (CNS & MNS)  
U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission  
One White Flint North  
11555 Rockville Pike  
Rockville, MD 20852-2738

A. Klett, NRR Project Manager (ONS)  
U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission  
One White Flint North  
11555 Rockville Pike  
Rockville, MD 20852-2738

G. Smith, USNRC Senior Resident Inspector (BSEP)

J. Zeiler, USNRC Senior Resident Inspector (SHNPP)

J. Rotton, USNRC Senior Resident Inspector (HBRSEP)

J.D. Austin, USNRC Senior Resident Inspector (CNS)

G.A. Hutto, USNRC Senior Resident Inspector (MNS)

E.L. Crowe, USNRC Senior Resident Inspector (ONS)



**Summary Description of Changes for Amendment 44 to the Quality Assurance  
Program Description, Operating Fleet (Duke-QAPD-001-A)**

In accordance with 10 CFR 50.54(a)(3), Duke Energy is providing a summary of the changes to the Quality Assurance Program Description (QAPD) being submitted with this letter.

The following changes were made to the QAPD:

1. Revised the QAPD exceptions/clarifications to ANSI N45.2.2 in Tables A17-1, C17-1, and D17-1 adding a new clarification for ANSI N45.2.2 section 6.2.4 for the fleet utilizing the Shearon Harris documented exception/clarification #19 to Regulatory Guide 1.38 and ANSI N45.2.2, section 6.2.4, that allows for the storage of food, drinks and salt tablet dispensers as long as those items are limited to designated areas where such use or storage is not harmful to stored items.
2. Revised site-specific attachments A through D within Tables -17-1 and Section -17.4 to make editorial corrections clarifying references. These changes are considered editorial in that they provide more direct cross references and consistent usage of terminology. Spelling, capitalizations, usage of previously defined acronyms, and simple word replacements (such as replacing 'paragraph' with 'section' for consistent usage) are not noted with change bars.
3. Revised Table A17-1 clarification 1.i. for Regulatory Guide 1.88 aligning the clarification with the referenced content of NFPA 232-1975, Chapter 3, Sections 332 and 333.

The identified changes meet the criteria in 10 CFR 50.54(a)(3) and do not reduce the commitments in the QAPD. Change 1 applied exceptions/clarification previously approved for one or more of the Duke Energy sites to all six operating sites for standardization and efficiency of operations under provision of 50.54(a)(3)ii. Changes 2 and 3 are administrative improvements and clarifications that do not alter the implementation of the QAPD.

Copy of Duke Energy Topical Report Quality Assurance Program  
Description

**DUKE ENERGY CORPORATION**  
**TOPICAL REPORT**  
**Quality Assurance Program Description**  
**Operating Fleet**

DUKE-QAPD-001 -A-

## QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM POLICY STATEMENT

Duke Energy Corporation (DEC) designs, procures, constructs and operates its nuclear plants in a manner that ensures the health and safety of the public and workers. These activities are performed in compliance with the requirements of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), the applicable Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) Facility Operating Licenses, and applicable laws and regulations of the state and local governments.

The applicable Quality Assurance Program (QAP) is the Quality Assurance Program Description (QAPD) contained or referenced in each nuclear plant's Updated Final Safety Analysis Report and the associated implementing documents. Together they provide for control of DEC activities that affect the quality of safety-related nuclear plant structures, systems, and components (SSCs) and include all planned and systematic activities necessary to provide adequate confidence that such SSCs will perform satisfactorily in service. The QA Program may also be applied to certain equipment and activities that are not safety-related, but support safe plant operations, or where other NRC guidance establishes program requirements.

The QAPD is the top-level policy document that establishes DEC's overall philosophy regarding achievement and assurance of quality. Implementing documents assign detailed responsibilities and requirements and define the organizational interfaces involved in conducting activities within the scope of the QAP. Compliance with the QAP is mandatory for individuals involved directly or indirectly with its implementation.

DEC personnel have authority commensurate with their responsibility, including the authority to stop work that does not conform to established requirements. This stop work authority may be exercised in accordance with established nuclear system procedures.

**Figure 17-1, Duke Energy Corporation Quality Assurance Policy Statement**



## Summary of Changes

Changes since last NRC update at Amendment 43

Except where noted, changes are denoted by change bars in the margins.

DRR #	Description of Change
02202111	This change is to revise the QAPD exceptions/clarifications to ANSI N45.2.2 in Tables A17-1, C17-1, and D17-1 adding a new clarification for ANSI N45.2.2 section 6.2.4 for the fleet utilizing the Shearon Harris documented exception/clarification #19 to Regulatory Guide 1.38 and ANSI N45.2.2, section 6.2.4, that allows for the storage of food, drinks and salt tablet dispensers as long as those items are limited to designated areas where such use or storage is not harmful to stored items.
02218100	This change makes editorial corrections clarifying references in the site specific attachments A through D within Tables -17-1 and Section -17.4. These changes are considered Editorial in that they provide more direct cross references and consistent usage of terminology. Spelling, capitalizations, usage of previously defined acronyms, and simple word replacements (such as replacing 'paragraph' with 'section' for consistent usage) are not noted with change bars.
02232065	This change revised Table A17-1 clarification 1.i. for Regulatory Guide 1.88 aligning the clarification with the referenced content of NFPA 232-1975, Chapter 3, Sections 332 and 333.

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## **17 QUALITY ASSURANCE**

### **17.1 QA DURING DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION**

NOTE: Not included, this description of the Quality Assurance Program follows Standard Review Plan Section 17.3 for format and content.

### **17.2 OPERATIONAL QA**

NOTE: Not included, this description of the Quality Assurance Program follows Standard Review Plan Section 17.3 for format and content.

### **17.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM DESCRIPTION**

#### **INTRODUCTION**

The Duke Energy Corporation Quality Assurance Program (QAP) Policy Statement in Figure 17-1 describes the corporate policy and assigns responsibility for implementation of the QAP.

Duke Energy Corporation maintains full responsibility for assuring its nuclear power plants are designed, constructed, tested and operated in conformance with good engineering practices, applicable regulatory requirements and specified design bases and in a manner to protect the public health and safety. To this end Duke Energy Corporation has established and implemented a Quality Assurance Program which conforms to the criteria established in Appendix B to Title 10 Code of Federal Regulations (10 CFR), Part 50, "Quality Assurance Criteria for Nuclear Power Plants and Fuel Reprocessing Plants" published June 27, 1970 (35 F. R. 10499), amended September 17, 1971 (36 F. R. 18301), amended January 20, 1975 (40 F. R. 3210D), and amended August 28, 2007 (72 F. R. 49505).

This document follows the format and content guidance of NUREG-0800, "Standard Review Plan for the Review of Safety Analysis Reports for Nuclear Power Plants", Section 17.3, "Quality Assurance Program Description," except that the Duke Energy Corporation QAP is based on ANSI N18.7 and the ANSI N45.2 series standards in lieu of ANSI/ASME NQA-1 and NQA-2. This document is applicable to Duke Energy Corporation operating nuclear power stations as referenced by Chapter 17 of each station's UFSAR for those systems, components, items, and services that have been determined to be nuclear safety related.

This document is organized with a generic description of the organization and overview of the QAP in the main body of the document. Site specific details for the Quality Assurance Program Description along with conformance to the regulatory positions of the NRC QA Regulatory Guides are addressed in separate attachments as follows:

- Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD
- Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD
- Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD
- Attachment D, Catawba, McGuire, and Oconee Specific QAPD

Each Attachment follows the section numbering in the main body of the document. The Brunswick, Harris, and Robinson attachments contain the conformance to the QA related Regulatory Guides, identified in Table 17-1, transferred from Chapter 1 of each respective UFSAR. Each attachment also contains supplemental descriptions transferred from each respective UFSAR Chapter 17, Section 17.3 when detail was included beyond the generic text

in the main body. Attachment D contains the conformance to the QA related Regulatory Guides, identified in Table 17-1, transferred from Amendment 40 of the Duke Energy Carolinas Topical Report Quality Assurance Program. Attachment D also contains supplemental descriptions from the Duke Energy Carolinas Topical Report Quality Assurance Program when detail was included beyond the generic text in the main body.

As discussed herein, the Quality Assurance Program (QAP) includes the description contained in this document and the controlled documents providing implementation of the requirements of this document, including the requirements of industry standards to the degree identified in Table 17-1, Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards, and Table 17-2, Site Specific Response to Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards. The QAP provides a method of applying graded controls to certain non-safety related systems, components, items, and services (such as fire protection and radioactive waste structures, systems, and components).

Subsequent changes to the Duke Energy Corporation QAP are incorporated in this document as identified in Section 17.3.1.7. The QAP controlled implementing documents are used and updated as necessary to assure the nuclear generating units are managed such that they will be operated and maintained in a safe manner.

## DEFINITIONS

The following definitions are applicable to terms used in this report. Refer to ANSI N45.2.10, "Quality Assurance Terms and Definitions" for definition of terms not included below.

Audit – The following modifications are applied to the definition in ANSI N45.2.10:

Internal Audit - An activity to determine through investigation the adequacy of, and adherence to, established procedures, instructions, specifications, codes, and licensing requirements, and the effectiveness of implementation of the Duke Energy Corporation QAP.

Supplier Audit - A documented activity performed in accordance with written procedures or checklists to verify, by examination and evaluation of objective evidence, that applicable elements of the supplier's QA program has been developed, documented and implemented in accordance with specified requirements.

Basic Component – See 10 CFR Part 21.

Commercial Grade Items - See 10 CFR Part 21.

Deficiency - Any condition considered to be adverse to quality including inadequacies of personnel, procedures, systems, methods, or items.

Engineering Change (Modification) - A planned change in plant design accomplished in accordance with the requirements and limitations of applicable codes, standards, specifications, licenses and predetermined safety restrictions.

Hold Point - That point in the manufacturing, preparation, development, installation and construction, inspection, or testing process that requires witness or review by qualified personnel.

Inspector - Any individual certified to the requirements identified in Table 17-1 for Regulatory Guide 1.58 who performs required inspections, tests or examinations.

Pre-award Survey - A documented activity performed in accordance with written procedures or checklists to verify, by examination and evaluation of objective evidence, that the supplier's QA

program has been developed, documented, and implemented in accordance with specified requirements.

Quality Assurance (QA) - The planned and systematic actions necessary to provide adequate confidence that a structure, system, or component will perform satisfactorily in service.

QA Records - Those records which furnish documentary evidence of the quality of items and of activities affecting quality.

QA Requirements - Those inspection, test, examination, certification and documentation requirements which are imposed to provide objective evidence of the conformance of an item or activity to established design, engineering, standards, and code requirements.

Services - The performance by a supplier of activities such as calibration, design, investigation, inspection, nondestructive examination, software applications, and installation.

## **EXPLANATION OF "QUALITY ASSURANCE"**

Quality Assurance (QA) as used in this document includes:

- 1) Performance of planned and systematic actions necessary to provide assurance of the safety and integrity of the facility.

The QAP is founded on the principle that the line organization has the primary responsibility for quality and safety. Self-assessment practices are used to ensure the desired levels of quality and safety are achieved and maintained. Each individual is responsible to ensure the plant is operated in a safe, reliable, and efficient manner.

- 2) Quality verifications performed by those independent of the performers.

When required, verification of conformance to established program requirements is accomplished by qualified individuals who do not have responsibility for performing or directly supervising the work. Nuclear Oversight (NOS) evaluates the performance, compliance, and effectiveness of plant programs, processes, and personnel. The activities of NOS are intended to detect deficiencies in the desired levels of performance and quality, communicating these conditions to those responsible for the activities, appropriate management and the Chief Nuclear Officer, and ensuring adequate action is taken to correct these conditions.

## **QA STANDARDS AND GUIDES**

The Duke Energy Corporation QAP conforms to Appendix B of 10 CFR 50. This description of the QA Program is formatted per NUREG-0800 Section 17.3, "Quality Assurance Program Description;" however, the Duke Energy Corporation QAP continues to use the ANSI N45.2 series standards in lieu of ANSI/ASME NQA-1 and NQA-2.

Table 17-1 identifies the QA program Regulatory Guides and other NRC program guidance for which conformance is addressed in this description of the QA Program. Changes to conformance for the Regulatory Guides in Table 17-1 are controlled in accordance with 10 CFR 50.54(a) and are incorporated in this document as identified in Section 17.3.1.7.

Table 17-2 identifies additional Regulatory Guides that relate to QA program implementation but where the subject matter closely relates to UFSAR technical content. Conformance for those Regulatory Guides is site specific and addressed with each site's UFSAR.

Together, Tables 17-1 and 17-2 indicate where conformance is identified for the regulatory guidance documents referenced in NUREG-0800 Section 17.3.

## **Table 17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards**

Generic Exception:

Table 17-1 addresses Duke Energy Corporation's Conformance of the QAP to certain NRC Regulatory Guides. In so doing, specific editions of industry standards are identified for compliance with exceptions and alternatives. Those identified standards include references to other industry standards for activities. Those referenced industry standards are considered to be guidance documents for details of how activities may be accomplished. The actual standard to be used in such cases is controlled by each station's current licensing and design bases (e.g. ANSI N18.7-1976 Section 3.4.2 identifies American National Standard for Selection and Training of Nuclear Power Plant Personnel, N18.1-1971. The actual standard used is site specific as identified in Table 17-2 for Regulatory Guide 1.8.).

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### Regulatory Guide 1.28, Quality Assurance Program Requirements (Design and Construction)

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The Duke Energy Corporation QAP conforms to Regulatory Guide 1.28 as identified in:

- Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD
- Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD
- Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD
- Attachment D, Catawba, McGuire, and Oconee Specific QAPD

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### Regulatory Guide 1.30, Quality Assurance Requirements for the Installation, Inspection and Testing of Instrumentation and Electric Equipment

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The Duke Energy Corporation QAP conforms to Regulatory Guide 1.30 as identified in:

- Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD
- Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD
- Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD
- Attachment D, Catawba, McGuire, and Oconee Specific QAPD

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### Regulatory Guide 1.33, Quality Assurance Program Requirements (Operation)

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The Duke Energy Corporation QAP conforms to Regulatory Guide 1.33 as identified in:

- Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD
- Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD
- Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD
- Attachment D, Catawba, McGuire, and Oconee Specific QAPD

Table 17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.37, Quality Assurance Requirements for Cleaning of Fluid Systems and Associated Components of Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants

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The Duke Energy Corporation QAP conforms to Regulatory Guide 1.37 as identified in:

- Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD
- Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD
- Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD
- Attachment D, Catawba, McGuire, and Oconee Specific QAPD

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Regulatory Guide 1.38, Quality Assurance Requirements for Packaging, Shipping, Receiving, Storage and Handling of Items for Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants

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The Duke Energy Corporation QAP conforms to Regulatory Guide 1.38 as identified in:

- Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD
- Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD
- Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD
- Attachment D, Catawba, McGuire, and Oconee Specific QAPD

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Regulatory Guide 1.39, Housekeeping Requirements for Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants

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The Duke Energy Corporation QAP conforms to Regulatory Guide 1.39 as identified in:

- Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD
- Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD
- Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD
- Attachment D, Catawba, McGuire, and Oconee Specific QAPD

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Regulatory Guide 1.58, Qualification of Nuclear Power Plant Inspection, Examination and Testing Personnel

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The Duke Energy Corporation QAP conforms to Regulatory Guide 1.58 as identified in:

- Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD
- Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD
- Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD
- Attachment D, Catawba, McGuire, and Oconee Specific QAPD

Table 17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.64, Quality Assurance Requirements for the Design of Nuclear Power Plants

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The Duke Energy Corporation QAP conforms to Regulatory Guide 1.64 as identified in:

- Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD
- Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD
- Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD
- Attachment D, Catawba, McGuire, and Oconee Specific QAPD

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Regulatory Guide 1.74, Quality Assurance Terms and Definitions

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The Duke Energy Corporation QAP conforms to Regulatory Guide 1.74 as identified in:

- Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD
- Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD
- Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD
- Attachment D, Catawba, McGuire, and Oconee Specific QAPD

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Regulatory Guide 1.88, Collection, Storage, and Maintenance of Nuclear Power Plant Quality Assurance Records

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The Duke Energy program for storage of records on microfilm, dual storage or in electronic format meets the preservation requirement for the retention of QA Records.

For management of electronic records, the appropriate controls on quality are summarized as follows:

- a) The Electronic Records Management (eRM) system does not allow deletion or modification of records. (NOTE: Authorized deletion of records per the Record Retention Rules is controlled.)
- b) The eRM system provides redundancy (i.e., system backup, dual storage, etc.).
- c) The legibility of each record is verified prior to acceptance into the eRM system.
- d) The media used by the eRM system is maintained to ensure the records are acceptably copied onto a new media before the manufacturer's certified useful life of the media is exceeded. This includes verification of the records so copied.
- e) Periodic random inspections of records are performed to verify that there has been no degradation of record quality.
- f) If the eRM system in use is to be replaced by new system, the records stored on the old system are acceptably converted into the new system before the old system is taken out of service. This includes verification of the records so copied.

To implement those controls, Duke Energy Corporation uses the following Nuclear Information and Records Management Association (NIRMA) standards:

- NIRMA TG 11-2011 "Authentication of Records and Media"
- NIRMA TG 15-2011, "Management of Electronic Records,"
- NIRMA TG 16-2011, "Software Quality Assurance Documentation and Records"
- NIRMA TG 21-2011, "Required Records Protection, Disaster Recovery and Business Continuation"

Table 17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.88, Collection, Storage, and Maintenance of Nuclear Power Plant Quality Assurance Records

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The Duke Energy Corporation QAP conforms to Regulatory Guide 1.88 as identified in:

- Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD
- Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD
- Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD
- Attachment D, Catawba, McGuire, and Oconee Specific QAPD

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Regulatory Guide 1.94, Quality Assurance Requirements for Installation, Inspection, and Testing of Structural Concrete and Structural Steel During the Construction Phase of Nuclear Power Plants

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The Duke Energy Corporation QAP conforms to Regulatory Guide 1.94 as identified in:

- Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD
- Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD
- Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD
- Attachment D, Catawba, McGuire, and Oconee Specific QAPD

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Regulatory Guide 1.116, Quality Assurance Requirements for Installation, Inspection, and Testing of Mechanical Equipment and Systems

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The Duke Energy Corporation QAP conforms to Regulatory Guide 1.116 as identified in:

- Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD
- Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD
- Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD
- Attachment D, Catawba, McGuire, and Oconee Specific QAPD

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Regulatory Guide 1.123, Quality Assurance Requirements for Control of Procurement of Items and Services for Nuclear Power Plants

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Reference table content for Generic Letter (GL) 89-02 applicable to the procurement of Commercial Grade Items and services.

For the procurement of commercial grade calibration and/or testing services, Duke Energy uses NEI 14-05A, Revision 0, "Guidelines for the Use of Accreditation In Lieu of Commercial Grade Surveys for Procurement of Laboratory Calibration and Test Services." The conditions for the use of this process, consistent with NRC Safety Evaluation dated April 1, 2016 to Union Electric Company, Callaway Plant (ADAMS Accession # ML16089A167), are identified in Sections 17.3.2.4 and 17.3.2.5.

Table 17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.123, Quality Assurance Requirements for Control of Procurement of Items and Services for Nuclear Power Plants

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Note: Well defined and documented measurement assurance techniques or uncertainty analysis may be used to verify the adequacy of the measurement process. If such techniques are not used, the collective uncertainty of the measurement standards shall not exceed 25% of the acceptable tolerance for each characteristic being calibrated. (This is typically referred to as the four-to-one ratio.)

The Duke Energy Corporation QAP conforms to Regulatory Guide 1.123 as identified in:

- Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD
- Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD
- Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD
- Attachment D, Catawba, McGuire, and Oconee Specific QAPD

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Regulatory Guide 1.144, Auditing of Quality Assurance Programs for Nuclear Power Plants

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The Duke Energy Corporation QAP conforms to Regulatory Guide 1.144 as identified in:

- Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD
- Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD
- Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD
- Attachment D, Catawba, McGuire, and Oconee Specific QAPD

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Regulatory Guide 1.146, Qualification of Quality Assurance Program Audit Personnel for Nuclear Power Plants

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The Duke Energy Corporation QAP conforms to Regulatory Guide 1.146 as identified in:

- Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD
- Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD
- Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD
- Attachment D, Catawba, McGuire, and Oconee Specific QAPD

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Regulatory Guide 1.152 Criteria for Programmable Digital Computer System Software in Safety-Related Systems of Nuclear Power Plants

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Conformance to Regulatory Guide 1.152 was not addressed during the licensing of the operating Duke Energy Corporation Nuclear plants.



Table 17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 7.10, Establishing Quality Assurance Programs for Packaging Used in the Transport of Radioactive Material

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Duke Energy Corporation does not conform to Regulatory Guide 7.10. This QAPD is used to satisfy applicable Quality Assurance requirements for packaging and transportation of radioactive material.

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Generic Letter 89-02, Actions to Improve the Detection of Counterfeit and Fraudulently Marketed Products

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Duke Energy complies with the provisions of Generic Letter (GL) 89-02. GL 89-02 was issued in March 1989. This generic letter provides the staff's perspective on good practices in procurement and dedication and the NRC's conditional endorsement of an industry standard (EPRI NP-5652, Revision 0) on the methods of commercial-grade item procurement and dedication. Consistent with that guidance, Duke Energy complies with EPRI NP-5652, "*Guideline for the Utilization of Commercial-Grade Items in Nuclear Safety-Related Applications (NCIG-07)*".

When NRC publishes additional guidance for the dedication of Commercial Grade Items, Duke Energy may utilize that guidance in the completion documentation provided any clarifications identified by the NRC are followed.

Regulatory Guide 1.164, Dedication of Commercial-Grade Items for Use in Nuclear Power Plants, Revision 0 issued June 2017

Duke Energy also complies with the provisions of Regulatory Guide 1.164, which endorses in part, with exceptions or clarifications, EPRI 3002002982, Revision 1 to EPRI NP-5652 and TR-102260, "Plant Engineering: Guideline for the Acceptance of Commercial-Grade Items in Nuclear Safety-Related Applications" with respect to acceptance of commercial-grade dedication of items and services to be used as basic components for nuclear power plants.

Regulatory Guide 1.231, Acceptance of Commercial-Grade Design and Analysis Computer Programs Used in Safety-Related Applications for Nuclear Power Plants, Revision 0 issued January 2017

Duke Energy complies with the provisions of Regulatory Guide 1.231 which approves for use, with clarifications, EPRI Technical Report 1025243, "Plant Engineering: Guideline for the Acceptance of Commercial-Grade Design and Analysis Computer Programs Used in Nuclear Safety-Related Applications," Revision 1.

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Quality assurance for Fire Protection from Positions 2 & 4 of Branch Technical Position CMEB 9.5-1 (Attachment to NUREG 0800 Section 9.5.1 Revision 3)

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Quality assurance controls for non-Nuclear Safety Related components Important to Fire Protection are in accordance with the intent of Positions 2 & 4 of Branch Technical Position CMEB 9.5-1. Identification of items Important to Fire Protection is site specific consistent with each site's Fire Protection Program.

**Table 17-2. Site Specific Response to Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards**

Table 17-2 identifies additional Regulatory Guides addressing subjects related to implementation of the QAP but the implementation is site specific and addressed with each site's UFSAR.

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Regulatory Guide 1.8, Personnel Selection and Training

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Personnel selection and training is site specific addressing requirements beyond nuclear safety related applications.

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Regulatory Guide 1.26, Quality Group Classifications and Standards for Water-, Steam-, and Radioactive-Waste-Containing Components of Nuclear Power Plants

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Quality group classifications and standards trace to the original design and construction of the nuclear power plant and therefore are site specific.

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Regulatory Guide 1.29, Seismic Design Classification

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Seismic design classification trace to the original design and construction of the nuclear power plant and therefore is site specific.

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Regulatory Guide 1.36, Nonmetallic Thermal Insulation for Austenitic Stainless Steel

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Nonmetallic thermal insulation for austenitic stainless steel trace to the original design and construction of the nuclear power plant and therefore is site specific.

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Regulatory Guide 1.54, Quality Assurance Requirements for Protective Coatings Applied to Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants

---

Requirements for protective coatings applied to water-cooled nuclear power plants trace to the original design and construction of the nuclear power plant and therefore is site specific.

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Regulatory Guide 1.143, Design Guidance for Radioactive Waste Management Systems, Structures, and Components Installed in Light-Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants

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Design of radioactive waste management systems, structures, and components installed in light-water-cooled nuclear power plants trace to the original design and construction of the nuclear power plant and therefore is site specific.

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Regulatory Guide 1.155, Station Blackout

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Addressing Station Blackout is site specific.

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Table 17-2. Site Specific Response to Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 4.15, Quality Assurance for Radiological Monitoring Programs (Normal Operations) – Effluent Streams and the Environment

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Requirements for radiological monitoring program (normal operations) – effluent streams and the environment is site specific.

## **17.3.1 MANAGEMENT**

### **17.3.1.1 Methodology**

The Chief Nuclear Officer (CNO) is the corporate executive responsible for quality assurance (QA) and is the highest level of management responsible for establishing Duke Energy Corporation's QA policies, goals, and objectives.

The QAP Policy Statement, shown in Figure 17-1, requires compliance with the QAP implementing documents in nuclear safety related matters. Organizations performing quality affecting activities are bound by this Policy Statement. The QAP has been developed in accordance with this Policy Statement. The QAP applies to individuals and organizations responsible for operating and supporting the nuclear plants in the performance of activities affecting quality (e.g., operation, maintenance, modification, and refueling). The implementing documents define responsibilities and authorities, prescribe measures for the control and accomplishment of activities for the operation of nuclear safety related structures, systems, and components and requires appropriate verification of conformance to established requirements to an extent consistent with their importance to safety. The individuals who constitute Nuclear Generation have full personal and corporate responsibility to assure that nuclear power plants are designed, constructed, tested and operated in a manner to protect the public health and safety. The comprehensive program to assure this began with initial design and continues throughout the life of the station. The Duke Energy Corporation QAP assures that the necessary quality requirements for nuclear safety related structures, systems, components and materials are achieved. All special equipment, environmental conditions, skills and processes that are determined to be nuclear safety related will be provided within the scope of the QAP.

Nuclear safety related structures, systems, and components (SSCs) are specified by approved design documents. Each nuclear plant has a controlled system for identifying items and activities to which the QAP applies. Controls and responsibilities for maintaining the system are prescribed in procedures.

The QAP applies to the nuclear safety related portions of the plant. The program is applied, in whole or in part, to other selected items based on the item's or activity's importance to safety. This application includes but is not limited to control and accomplishment of activities for radioactive waste, fire protection, seismically designed/restrained SSCs whose continued functions are not required during and after a seismic event, and License Renewal non-safety-related SSCs that are subject to an aging management review. Procedures provide a graded application of this QAP to non-safety related systems, components, items, and services by prescribing measures for the control and accomplishment of activities for their operation. For example, aging effects of non-safety related SSCs that were determined to be within the scope of License Renewal Aging Management Program as identified in Chapter 18 of the applicable site UFSAR, are included in the QAP for the administrative controls, corrective actions and confirmation processes described in Sections 17.3.1.6 and 17.3.2.13, Corrective Action, and 17.3.2.14, Document Control.

The QAP is founded on the principle that the line organization has the primary responsibility for quality and safety. Self-assessment practices are used to ensure the desired levels of quality and safety are achieved and maintained. This consists of each individual being involved with plant performance to ensure the plant is operated in a safe, reliable, and efficient manner. The Nuclear Oversight (NOS) Department evaluates the compliance, and effectiveness of plant programs, processes, personnel, and the line organization's self-assessment.

### 17.3.1.2 Organization

This section provides a generic functional description of the organization. The actual organization in-place is defined in a controlled implementing document containing the fleet operating model.

Plant specific details for the organization responsible for the safe plant operation are described in Chapter 13 of the UFSAR for each plant and in implementing documents. The term "line organization" refers to the production organization reporting to the CNO and the interfacing department staff supporting the Nuclear Generation as identified in Section 17.3.1.2.3, Department Interfaces. "Line organization" does not include the independent verification functions of the Nuclear Oversight organization.

#### 17.3.1.2.1 Corporate Organization

The Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer has overall responsibility for Design, Construction, Operation, and Decommissioning of generation facilities. Reporting to the Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer is the Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer, who is responsible for generation and transmission including nuclear operations, nuclear development and nuclear decommissioning. Reporting to the Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer are the Senior Vice President and Chief Nuclear Officer (CNO), who has the overall authority and responsibility for Nuclear Generation, and the executive for Operations Support, whose responsibilities include Nuclear Decommissioning. Nuclear Decommissioning is controlled under a separate description of the quality assurance program as identified in the Defueled Safety Analysis Report for that facility.

As described in Section 17.3.1.2.3, Nuclear Generation receives support services from other organizations, reporting to the Chief Operating Officer, having responsibilities for supply chain, environmental, health and safety and non-nuclear generation activities including: fossil and hydro generation; coal combustion product strategic management; and fuels and system optimization. Services also are provided to Nuclear Generation by Group Executives, reporting to the President and Chief Executive Officer, responsible for the following: electrical distribution; support for the emergency response communications; and Information Technology Services. The interfaces with organizations providing those activities are described in Section 17.3.1.2.3. As such, the attainment of quality rests with those assigned the responsibility of performing the activity. The verification of quality is assigned to qualified personnel independent of the responsibility for performance or direct supervision of the activity. The degree of independence varies commensurate with the activity's importance to safety.

The policies described in this document are implemented through departmental program manuals and procedures, and are, thereby, available to all levels of management.

#### 17.3.1.2.2 Nuclear Generation

Nuclear Generation has direct line responsibility for Duke Energy Corporation nuclear station operations. Nuclear Generation is responsible for achieving quality results during engineering, preoperational testing, operation, testing, maintenance and modification of the Corporation's nuclear stations and with complying with applicable codes, standards and NRC regulations. The functions of Nuclear Generation are directed by the CNO.

The CNO formulates, recommends, and carries out plans, policies, and programs related to the nuclear generation of electric power. The CNO is informed of significant problems or

occurrences relating to safety and QA through established administrative procedures and participates directly in their resolution, where necessary.

Nuclear Generation is organized into three divisions. The activities of each division are directed by an executive who reports to the CNO. The divisions are Nuclear Corporate, Nuclear Oversight, and Nuclear Operations.

The CNO has the organizational flexibility to reassign responsibilities, within the limits specified in the following section, between the standard divisions to provide added focus on areas determined to need increased management attention. This flexibility includes both the ability to consolidate divisions or to identify new divisions. The actual organization in-place is defined in a controlled document containing the fleet operating model.

#### a) NUCLEAR CORPORATE

The senior executive(s) reports to the CNO and is responsible for Corporate Governance and providing support functions to the Nuclear Sites in the following areas: Nuclear Engineering; Nuclear Regulatory Affairs; Nuclear Support Services; Nuclear Protective Services; Nuclear Operations; Nuclear Corporate Organizational Effectiveness; Nuclear Training; and Emergency Preparedness.

The organizational structure for these functions may vary based on near-term activities and the strategic importance of our fleet initiatives, in our continuing efforts to set and achieve industry-leading operational and outage performance. These functions are primarily off-site located in the Nuclear General Office (NGO).

#### NUCLEAR ENGINEERING

Nuclear engineering provides broad engineering leadership and technical support to the nuclear sites with emphasis on generic issues and consistent practices, providing expertise in safety assessment with technical support in the areas of risk assessment, radiological engineering, and safety analysis; fuel management with leadership and technical support in the areas of fuel supply, spent fuel management, reactor core mechanical and thermal hydraulic analysis; the fleet electrical and procurement engineering with technical support in the areas of procurement engineering, nuclear process systems, and electrical systems and analysis; and programs and components support in the areas of steam generator inspections and maintenance, engineering programs, component engineering, material failure analysis and materials science, equipment reliability, and ASME Code inspections and testing. Nuclear engineering provides support to Site engineering for contracts and engineering related to fleet and nuclear site major project modifications.

Nuclear engineering provides record storage and document management services, technology planning, project control and technical support for information technology applications and systems such as equipment databases, applications, infrastructure, and plant process information systems.

Nuclear engineering is also responsible for Nuclear Development, which includes the licensing actions needed in support of new nuclear site development under 10 CFR Part 52. Responsibilities also include engineering oversight of contractors, site layout, staffing and program development, and operational readiness. Nuclear Development activities are controlled under a separate description of the quality assurance program as identified in the UFSAR for those facilities.

#### NUCLEAR MAJOR PROJECTS

Nuclear major projects provides project management for select projects critical to the success of the Nuclear Generation Department. This responsibility includes scope development,

estimating, planning and scheduling, project controls, timely and accurate financial reporting, contract management, and execution of assigned projects.

#### NUCLEAR REGULATORY AFFAIRS

Nuclear regulatory affairs provides fleet support to and governance of the site regulatory affairs and licensing activities to help improve overall fleet performance.

#### NUCLEAR SUPPORT SERVICES

Nuclear support services provides fleet support to the nuclear sites for laboratory, calibration, and select maintenance and refueling activities.

#### NUCLEAR PROTECTIVE SERVICES

Nuclear protective services provides access authorization support to the nuclear sites security organization. Nuclear protective services is responsible for governance of the site security functions, providing assistance to help improve overall fleet performance.

#### NUCLEAR OPERATIONS

Nuclear operations is responsible for governance of the nuclear site operating organizations, providing assistance to promote improvements to overall fleet performance.

#### NUCLEAR CORPORATE ORGANIZATIONAL EFFECTIVENESS

Nuclear corporate organizational effectiveness is responsible for governance of the nuclear site performance improvement organizations, providing assistance to promote improvements to overall fleet performance through the corrective action and self-assessment programs. This group also supports implementation of the corrective action and self-assessment programs by the Nuclear Corporate Organization.

#### NUCLEAR TRAINING

Nuclear training is responsible for governance of the nuclear site training organizations, providing assistance to promote improvements to overall fleet performance. This group also supports implementation of the training programs by the Nuclear Corporate Organization.

#### EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS

Emergency preparedness is responsible for governance of the nuclear site emergency response organizations, providing assistance to promote improvements to overall fleet performance.

#### b) NUCLEAR OVERSIGHT

The executive for Nuclear Oversight (NOS) reports to the CNO and is located in the NGO. NOS consists of both site assigned and NGO located personnel. NOS provides oversight of the NGO, Departmental Interfaces, and the nuclear sites with QA program audits, vendor quality, and quality control. In addition, NOS coordinates the off-site review board, which provides an advisory function to senior management. NOS also provides oversight of Nuclear Development and Nuclear Decommissioning through QA program audits. The NOS executive has the authority and organizational freedom to: identify quality problems, initiate, recommend or provide solutions to quality problems through designated channels, verify the implementation of solutions to quality problems, and ensure cost and schedule do not influence decision making involving quality. This includes full access to Nuclear Development and Nuclear Decommissioning and all levels of management up to and including the Chief Executive Officer.

The NOS executive has primary ownership of the department QA program description (this document) and is responsible for interpretation and resolution of QA issues.

If significant quality problems are identified, NOS personnel have the authority to stop work as discussed in Section 17.3.1.4 pending satisfactory resolution of the identified problem.

Also reporting to the executive for NOS is Employee Concerns, which investigates concerns identified through the Employee Concerns Program to determine their validity and initiate corrective actions as appropriate. Employee Concerns also promotes the Safety Conscious Work Environment (SCWE) Program and is sensitive to SCWE concerns during investigations.

#### c) NUCLEAR OPERATIONS

The executive for Nuclear Operations reports to the CNO and is located in the NGO. This executive is responsible for the safe operation of the nuclear stations. Reporting to this executive are the executives for the operation of the nuclear stations.

The organization structure for each site is controlled by the site's UFSAR, which may vary from the following generic description. Reporting to the site executive for each nuclear station is a Nuclear Plant Manager who is assigned the direct responsibility for the safe operation of the facility including operations, maintenance, work management, radiation protection, chemistry, and environmental services. Also reporting to the site executive is a site Engineering manager; a site Training manager; and an Organization Effectiveness manager, typically having responsibility for regulatory affairs, emergency preparedness, performance improvement, and procedures. Each site executive also has a Security manager assigned to provide services to the site. The qualification requirements for the Nuclear Plant personnel are in accordance with the provisions of ANSI N18.1 or ANS 3.1 as identified in each site's UFSAR and Technical Specifications.

#### 17.3.1.2.3 Department Interfaces

Quality related activities performed by departments other than Nuclear Generation are identified by and conducted in accordance with controls identified in approved departmental interface agreements. The following are generic descriptions of those other corporate departments and the services they provide. These generic organizations are referred to, as appropriate, within this document; however, approved departmental interface agreements establish and define the applicability of the QAP to the services they provide.

#### CORPORATE COMMUNICATIONS

Corporate Communications provides support for the nuclear site emergency response organization.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH AND SAFETY

Environmental, Health and Safety provides occupational safety and environmental and laboratory support services.

#### NUCLEAR FINANCE

Nuclear Finance provides support for the nuclear sites in the areas of financial planning.

#### INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

Information Technology provides a variety of services and technical support to Nuclear Generation for information technology applications and systems such as equipment databases, applications, and infrastructure including the electronic document management system and telecommunication systems.



## CUSTOMER OPERATIONS

Customer Operations provides electrical distribution and switchyard engineering, as well as providing electrical maintenance and testing support.

## NUCLEAR SUPPLY CHAIN

Nuclear Supply Chain provides procurement services including receipt inspection/testing, storage, and inventory control of materials, parts, and components.

### **17.3.1.3 Responsibility**

The primary responsibility for quality performance, including the identification and effective correction of problems potentially affecting the safe and reliable operation of the Company's nuclear facilities, resides with the line organization. The individuals who constitute Nuclear Generation have full personal and corporate responsibility to assure nuclear power plants are designed, constructed, maintained, tested and operated in a manner to protect the public health and safety; and to assure the effectiveness of the QAP.

Appropriate procedures are developed, approved by the responsible implementing manager, issued for use, and used at the location where the prescribed activity is performed, where appropriate. Managers assure that their personnel are adequately trained for their jobs and they have the experience and education required to carry out their assigned responsibilities. These managers ensure that adequate resources and procedures are available for correctly implementing the work activities. Sufficient personnel, including necessary resources, are available and trained prior to performing activities that affect quality.

Independent inspections are conducted to verify specific critical quality attributes. Individuals performing these inspections have access to necessary information to ensure that activities and equipment meet established acceptance criteria.

NOS is responsible for monitoring and auditing activities that are performed by the line organization for, or in support of, Duke Energy Corporation's Nuclear Plants and Nuclear Generation. These activities include those performed at the individual plant sites, corporate offices, and other Nuclear Generation locations. NOS performs audits to verify that applicable elements of the quality assurance and other regulatory required programs have been developed, documented and effectively implemented in accordance with specified requirements. NOS monitors supplier performance to assure implementation of the applicable quality assurance program requirements. A periodic briefing of NOS activities, along with any potential findings and recommendations, is presented to the CNO.

The CNO is responsible for ensuring that the results and effectiveness of the nuclear oversight program are regularly evaluated as discussed in Section 17.3.3.3.6, Independent Audit of QA Functions.

### **17.3.1.4 Authority**

Personnel involved in quality activities have the authority and responsibility to stop work if they discover deficiencies in quality.

Personnel performing the QA functions have the authority and responsibility to stop unsatisfactory work and to assure the item/activity is controlled to prevent further processing, delivery, installation, or use until authorized by appropriate management.

Procedures outline the methodology for resolution of disputes involving quality and nuclear safety issues arising from a difference of opinion between identifying personnel and other groups.

#### **17.3.1.5 Personnel Training and Qualification**

Both on-site and off-site personnel who perform activities affecting quality (implement requirements of the QAP) are indoctrinated and trained such that they are knowledgeable and capable of performing their assigned tasks.

Training programs and reviews ensure that proficiency of personnel performing activities affecting quality is achieved and maintained by training, examining, and/or certifying, as appropriate.

Training programs are modified to reflect station engineering changes and changes in procedures.

Personnel training and qualification records are to be maintained in accordance with procedures.

Personnel within the Operating organization performing duties of a licensed operator are indoctrinated, trained, and qualified as required by 10 CFR Part 55 Operators' Licenses.

#### **17.3.1.6 Corrective Action**

It is the policy of Duke Energy Corporation to seek improvement in each nuclear plant's performance as well as in the performance of supporting Departments. Duke Energy Corporation has established a corrective action process whereby all personnel are expected to assure conditions adverse to quality are promptly identified, controlled, and corrected. Individuals are encouraged to voluntarily report events, near misses, and potential problems. In the case of significant conditions adverse to quality, the process assures that the cause of the condition is determined and action be taken to preclude repetition. This process also provides for trending of problems to detect adverse trends in quality performance, including reporting of results to appropriate levels of management.

Management will emphasize to all levels in the organization the importance of identifying and effectively correcting situations that can adversely affect human and equipment performance. An important aspect of this program is the assignment of qualified personnel to accurately evaluate equipment/human performance problems, implement appropriate corrective actions, and verify corrective action adequacy.

Management is responsible for fostering a positive environment that encourages the self-identification of adverse conditions and trends. This includes assuring the process is administered to correct the problem rather than to establish blame or fault.

License Renewal non-safety-related SSCs that are subject to an aging management review are included in the scope of the corrective action program.

Section 17.3.2.13, Corrective Action provides additional detail.

#### **17.3.1.7 Regulatory Commitments**

The operation of nuclear plants is accomplished in accordance with the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) regulations specified in Title 10 of the U.S. Code of Federal Regulations.

The operation of the Company's nuclear power plants is in accordance with the terms and conditions of the facility operating license issued by the NRC.

The QAP provides for compliance with QA regulatory guides and the related codes and standards as identified in Table 17-1, Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards.

The requirements of this section (17.3) may provide additional details for implementation of exceptions to these Regulatory Guides and codes and standards.

Changes to the description of the QAP contained in this document are controlled in accordance with 10 CFR 50.54(a).

Table 17-2, Site Specific Response to Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards, identifies additional Regulatory Guides that relate to implementation of the QAP but the implementation is site specific and controlled with each site's UFSAR in accordance with 10 CFR 50.59.

## **17.3.2 PERFORMANCE/VERIFICATION**

### **17.3.2.1 Methodology**

Personnel performing work activities are responsible for achieving the acceptable level of quality.

Personnel performing verification activities are responsible for verifying the achievement of acceptable quality.

Work is accomplished and verified using instructions, procedures, or appropriate means that are of a detail commensurate with the activity's complexity and importance to safety. The implementing manager is responsible to ensure instructions and procedures provide adequate detail for achieving an acceptable level of quality.

Criteria that define acceptable quality are specified in procedures and/or other documents, and verification, when required is performed against these criteria.

### **17.3.2.2 Design Control**

In order to provide for the continued safe and reliable operation of a nuclear station's nuclear safety related structures, systems and components, design control measures commensurate with those applied to the original design are implemented during the operational phase to assure that the quality of such structures, systems and components is not compromised by engineering changes.

Nuclear Engineering is responsible for design activities during the operational phase of nuclear stations to Nuclear Generation. Nuclear Engineering will assure that the organization performing design has access to pertinent background information, including an adequate understanding of the requirements and intent of the original design, and that the organization has demonstrated competence in applicable design areas.

Procedures and instructions for design control during the operational phases for nuclear safety related items provide controls to assure the design is performed in accordance with approved criteria, and that deviations and nonconformances are controlled.

Procedures identify the responsibilities of the various individuals/organizations involved in nuclear safety related engineering changes. The assignment of responsibility for the evaluation and design of a particular engineering change to a specific individual/organization is documented. Procedures addressing the control, including the review, approval, release, and distribution of engineering changes, address the communication of information between internal and external individuals/organizations and, where appropriate, require documentation of such communications.

The procedures include measures to assure that the design selected to accomplish a necessary or desirable change does not create "new" problems in off-normal modes of operation or in adjacent inter-tied systems. For each proposed nuclear safety related engineering change, the individual/organization assigned responsibility for evaluation and design of the engineering change considers the following in the design of the engineering change:

- a. Necessary design analyses, e.g., physics, stress, thermal, hydraulic, accident, etc.
- b. Compatibility of materials.
- c. Accessibility for operation, testing, maintenance, in-service inspection, etc.

- d. Necessary installation and periodic inspections and tests, and acceptance criteria therefore.
- e. The suitability of application of materials, parts, components, and processes that are essential to the function of the structure(s), system(s) and/or component(s) to be modified.
- f. Materials, parts, and equipment which are commercial grade items or which have been previously approved for a different application are evaluated for suitability prior to selection.

Engineering changes are then executed in accordance with approved checklists, instructions, procedures, drawings, etc., appropriate to the nature of the work to be performed. These checklists, instructions, procedures, drawings, etc., include criteria for determining the acceptability of the engineering change.

Any errors or deficiencies found in the design process or the nuclear safety related design itself are documented and corrected using the corrective action program.

Prior to a structure, system, or component that has been modified by engineering change being declared operable and returned to service, the procedures governing the operation are reviewed and revised as necessary. If the engineering change significantly alters the function, operating procedure, or operating equipment, then additional training is administered as necessary.

Adequate identification and retrievable documentation of station engineering changes is retained for the life of the station.

Engineering changes are reviewed to determine whether or not the modification is a change in the facility as described in the UFSAR, involves a change to the Technical Specifications, or requires a license amendment in accordance with 10 CFR 50.59(c)(2). Engineering changes which are determined to require a license amendment are reviewed by the On-Site Review Committee and must be authorized by the NRC prior to implementation.

### **17.3.2.3 Design Verification**

Procedures require that the adequacy of nuclear safety related designs and design changes be verified by the performance of design reviews, alternate calculations, or qualification testing. The control measures specified in the plan for control of design verification activities are as follows:

- a. Personnel responsible for design verification do not include the original designer or the designer's immediate supervisor unless the immediate supervisor is the only one capable of verifying the design, in which case additional requirements apply as identified below.
- b. Procedures identify the positions or organizations responsible for design verification and define their authority and responsibility. Procedures also provide guidelines as to the method of design verification to be used. Unless otherwise specified, design verification is performed by the method of independent design reviews and includes verification that UFSAR commitments have been addressed.
- c. Qualification tests to verify the adequacy of the design are performed using the most adverse specified design conditions.
- d. Design changes are reviewed to assure that design parameters are defined and that inspection and test criteria are identified.
- e. Design verification is completed prior to relying upon the component, system or structure to perform its function or before its installation becomes irreversible.

The use of the originator's immediate supervisor for verification is:

- 1) restricted and justified to special situations where the immediate supervisor is the only individual capable of performing the verification
- 2) the need is individually documented and approved in advance by the supervisor's management and
- 3) the frequency and effectiveness of the supervisor's use as design verifier are independently verified to guard against abuse.

The individuals assigned to perform the design verification of a nuclear safety related document have full authority to withhold approval of the document until every question concerning the work has been resolved. If required, the matter can be carried up to the CNO for resolution.

#### **17.3.2.4 Procurement Control**

Duke Energy Corporation maintains a program for supplier evaluation, results of supplier evaluation, surveillance of suppliers, supplier furnished records, certificates of conformance, effectiveness of supplier quality control, and the purchase of spare or replacement parts. The Duke Energy Corporation QAP requires the control of nuclear safety related items or services purchased from a supplier, sub-supplier, or consultant through appropriate processes and specific procurement documents.

Procedures identify the responsibilities and requirements for the control of procurement documents and ensure that purchased material and services are of acceptable quality. Procurement of QA items is to the quality program requirements in effect at the time of purchase.

Nuclear safety related material, equipment and services procured as basic components may only be procured from qualified suppliers. Supplier qualification is accomplished by NOS evaluation of the supplier QA program. An audit or pre-award survey is performed by NOS when required. The audit or pre-award survey is carried out in accordance with a comprehensive audit checklist to determine the ability of the supplier QA program and manual(s) to meet applicable criteria of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B; 10 CFR 21; the ASME Code, when required, and any other codes and standards determined to be appropriate for the prospective scope of supply.

The above requirements apply to procurement of services and items as basic components, including obtaining a Commercial Grade Item dedicated as basic component from an approved third party dedicicator. The remainder of this section addresses alternate requirements for purchase of Commercial Grade Items or services.

##### **17.3.2.4.1 Commercial Grade Dedication**

When nuclear safety related items/services are not supplied as a basic component and meet the definition of Commercial Grade Item, the item may be procured without the performance of a supplier qualification audit or the existence of a documented supplier QA program. These Commercial Grade Items used in nuclear safety related applications require evaluation, dedication and approval by Nuclear Generation personnel. Commercial Grade Dedication is performed using NRC endorsed industry standards EPRI NP-5652, EPRI Technical Report 102260, EPRI 3002002982, and EPRI Technical Report 1025243 consistent with the NRC exceptions or clarifications identified in GL 89-02, RG 1.123, RG 1.164, and RG 1.231 providing the endorsements. Supplier selection for Commercial Grade Items is the responsibility of the responsible engineering personnel or designated supply chain personnel as identified in

procedures. These items are subject to the same verification and checking process for suitability of application as other nuclear safety related items.

#### 17.3.2.4.2 Commercial Grade Dedication of Laboratory and Testing Services

As identified in NEI 14-05A, commercial grade calibration or testing services may be procured from commercial laboratories based on the laboratory's accreditation to ISO/IEC-17025 by an Accreditation Body (AB) which is a signatory to the International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation (ILAC) Mutual Recognition Arrangement (MRA) without performing commercial grade surveys as part of commercial grade dedication provided all of the following are met:

1. A documented review of the supplier's accreditation is performed and includes a verification of the following:
  - a. The calibration or test laboratory holds accreditation by an accrediting body recognized by the ILAC MRA. The accreditation encompasses ISO/IEC-17025:2005, "General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories."
  - b. For procurement of calibration services, the published scope of accreditation for the calibration laboratory covers the needed measurement parameters, ranges, and uncertainties.
  - c. For procurement of testing services, the published scope of accreditation for the test laboratory covers the needed testing services including test methodology and tolerances/uncertainty.
2. The purchase documents require that:
  - a. The service must be provided in accordance with their accredited ISO/IEC-17025:2005 program and scope of accreditation.
  - b. As found calibration data must be reported in the certificate of calibration when calibrated items are found to be out-of-tolerance. (for calibration services only)
  - c. The equipment/standards used to perform the calibration must be identified in the certificate of calibration. (for calibration services only)
  - d. The customer must be notified of any condition that adversely impacts the laboratory's ability to maintain the scope of accreditation.
  - e. Additional technical and quality requirements, as necessary, are specified for verification at receipt based upon a review of the procured scope of services, which may include, but are not necessarily limited to, tolerances, accuracies, ranges, and industry standards.
3. It is validated, at receipt inspection as part of the commercial grade dedication process, that the laboratory's documentation certifies that:
  - a. The contracted calibration or test service has been performed in accordance with their ISO/IEC-17025:2005 program, and has been performed within their scope of accreditation, and
  - b. The purchase order's requirements are met.

#### 17.3.2.5 Procurement Verification

Duke Energy Corporation procurement documents are prepared, reviewed, approved, and controlled in accordance with procedures to assure that requirements are correctly stated, inspectable, verifiable, and controllable, and there are adequate acceptance/rejection criteria. Procurement documents are reviewed by personnel knowledgeable in applicable technical and quality requirements, and documentary evidence of that review and approval is retained and available for verification.

As required by procurement criteria, in order to assure that material and equipment are fabricated in accordance with applicable requirements, supplier reviews are performed by Vendor Quality. Those reviews may include witnessing of tests, observation of fabrication checkpoints, and documentation review.

Receipt inspections are performed by qualified inspectors in accordance with procedures to assure that:

1. Materials, equipment, or components are properly identified and correspond with associated documentation.
2. Inspection records or certificates of conformance attesting to the acceptance of materials, equipment, and components are completed and are available prior to installation or use.
3. Materials, equipment, and components are inspected and judged acceptable in accordance with predetermined inspection instructions prior to installation or use.
4. Items not meeting applicable requirements are identified and controlled until proper disposition is made.

The process ensures that required documentation of compliance is received and available on site and procurement, inspection, and testing requirements are satisfied before the item is placed in service.

As identified in Section 17.3.2.4.2, specific to the commercial grade dedication of Calibration Testing and Laboratory Services, receipt inspection verifies that:

- The laboratory's documentation certifies that:
  - contracted calibration or test service has been performed in accordance with their ISO/IEC-17025:2005 program,
  - has been performed within their scope of accreditation, and
  - the purchase order's requirements are met.
- Additional technical and quality requirements are met.

### **17.3.2.6 Identification and Control of Items**

Procedures require spare or replacement parts to be subject to QAP controls, codes and standards, and technical requirements which ensure they are suitable for their intended service. Items accepted or released are identified as to their inspection status prior to forwarding them to a controlled storage area or releasing them for installation or further work. Bulk items will not require individual accept tags; however, status of unacceptable bulk items will be so indicated.

Identification requirements for materials, parts and components important to nuclear safety are stated in specifications, drawings and purchase documents.

Control of material, parts and components is governed by approved procedures.

Following QA receipt inspection, materials, parts and components which are determined to be acceptable are assigned an identifying designation such as a unique tracking number in order to provide traceability of each item. This traceability is maintained for nuclear safety related items. In the event that the identification of an item becomes lost or illegible, the item is considered nonconforming and not utilized until proper resolution of the nonconformance.

Consumables utilized in nuclear safety related structures, systems and components are subject to appropriate controls as described in procedures.



### **17.3.2.7 Handling, Storage, and Shipping**

Procedures utilized by suitably trained individuals define requirements for the control of the handling, storage, and shipping of safety-related items. These procedures require measures to be taken to ensure special handling, storage, cleaning, packaging, shipping, and preservation requirements are established to control these activities in accordance with design and specification requirements to preclude damage, loss or deterioration by environmental conditions such as temperature or humidity. Nuclear safety related materials, parts and components are handled, stored, issued and shipped in such a manner that the serviceability and QA traceability of an item is not impaired.

Nonconforming items are identified, segregated, or otherwise controlled in such a manner as to preclude their inadvertent substitution for and use as conforming materials parts and components.

### **17.3.2.8 Test Control**

The QAP addresses both preoperational and periodic (surveillance) testing. The program requires that such testing associated with nuclear safety related structures, systems and components demonstrate that the items will perform satisfactorily in service. Testing activities are accomplished in accordance with approved, written procedures. Testing schedules are provided and maintained in order to assure that all necessary testing is performed and properly evaluated on a timely basis. Test controls include requirements on the review and approval of test procedures, and on the review and approval of changes to such procedures, as discussed in Section 17.3.2.14, Document Control.

Modifications, repairs, and replacements are accomplished in accordance with the original design and testing requirements or acceptable alternatives.

### **17.3.2.9 Measuring and Test Equipment Control**

The organizations performing nuclear safety related work activities have the responsibility to assure the required accuracy of tools, gauges, instruments, radiation measuring equipment, non-destructive testing equipment and other measuring and test devices affecting the proper functioning of nuclear safety related structures, systems and components and that a program of control and calibration for such devices is provided.

Procedures define requirements for the control of measuring and test equipment (M&TE) used. These procedures include requirements to establish procedures for the calibration technique and frequency, maintenance, and control of measuring and test equipment. The requirements include the following:

- a. M&TE is assigned permanent, identifying designations. M&TE is identified and traceable to the calibration test data.
- b. M&TE is calibrated at prescribed intervals against certified equipment having known, valid relationships to nationally recognized standards or where national standards do not exist, provisions are established to document the basis for the calibration. The calibration interval is based on the applicable manufacturer's recommendations. If experience shows that the manufacturer's recommendations are not appropriate, the calibration interval is changed as necessary. One or more of the following may be used to adjust intervals: 1. Technical Specifications; 2. Required accuracy; 3. Intended use; 4. Frequency of usage; 5. Stability characteristics; 6. Other conditions affecting

measurement. In lieu of specified intervals, infrequently used M&TE may be calibrated immediately before and after use.

- c. Status of calibration for M&TE is provided through the use of tags, stickers, labels, routing cards, computer programs, or other suitable means. The status indicators indicate the date recalibration is due or the frequency of recalibration.
- d. M&TE failing to meet calibration specifications is identified through the use of tags, stickers, labels, routing cards, computer programs, or other suitable means, showing the date of rejection, the reason for rejection and the identification of the individual rejecting the device. "Accepted" and "Rejected" calibration identification is sufficiently different to preclude confusion between them.
- e. Items and processes determined to be acceptable based on measurements made with M&TE that subsequently cannot be demonstrated to meet calibration specifications are re-evaluated to determine the validity of previous inspections and test results and the results of the evaluation documented.
- f. M&TE is stored under conditions which are in accordance with, or more conservative than, the applicable manufacturer's recommendations.
- g. M&TE is issued under the control of responsible personnel so as to preclude unauthorized use.
- h. M&TE is shipped in a manner that is in accordance with, or more conservative than, the applicable manufacturer's recommendations.
- i. Records are maintained for each item of M&TE identifying the device designation, the calibration frequency and specifications. Records are maintained reflecting current calibration status, the date of calibration, the date the next calibration is due, and the identification of the individual who was responsible for performing the calibration.
- j. As a rule, the calibration program achieves a minimum ratio of 4-to-1 calibration standard accuracy to measuring and test equipment accuracy is used. However, well defined and documented measurement assurance techniques or uncertainty analysis may be used to verify the adequacy of the measurement process. See site specific requirements for other exceptions to the 4:1 rule.

M&TE is selected to assure accurate measurement (i.e., to overcome inherent inaccuracies associated with environment, human error, equipment, etc.).

#### **17.3.2.10 Inspection, Test, and Operating Status**

Procedures define requirements for the identification and control of the inspection, test, and operating status of safety-related structures, systems, and components, to assure that equipment operating status is clearly evident, and to prevent inadvertent operation of nuclear safety related structures, systems and components which, if operated, could cause damage to other equipment/systems or to personnel

These measures include the use of checklists, computer programs, logs, stickers, tags, labels, record cards, and test records to indicate the acceptable operating status of installed equipment. Where appropriate, an independent verification of the correct implementation of such identification measures is performed.

When tags, labels or stamps are utilized for the identification of equipment status, the issuance and removal thereof is documented in order to assure proper control of such identification measures. Also, procedures require that the operability of an item removed from operation for maintenance or testing be verified prior to returning the item to normal service.

Selected plant procedures and subsequent revisions receive separate technical review to ensure required inspections, tests, and other critical operations are included.

### **17.3.2.11 Special Process Control**

Procedures define requirements for the control of special processes, such as welding, heat treating, nondestructive examination (NDE), coatings, and chemical cleaning when the performance of such processes affects the proper functioning of nuclear safety related structures, systems, and components.

Procedures require that special processes be performed by qualified personnel using proper equipment and in accordance with written qualified procedures. These personnel and procedures are to be qualified in accordance with applicable codes, standards, and specifications as described in procedures.

Qualification records of special process procedures and personnel performing special processes are maintained and available for verification.

### **17.3.2.12 Inspection**

Procedures define requirements for an inspection program to verify conformance to performance and quality requirements specified for nuclear safety related structures, systems, and components.

Inspections are performed by personnel who are not directly responsible for performing or supervising the activity being inspected. Inspection personnel are qualified in accordance with applicable codes and standards, and their qualifications and certifications are maintained current.

Inspections are performed in accordance with procedures or other documents, which provide for the following:

1. Identification of individuals or groups responsible for performing the inspections
2. Identification of characteristics and activities to be inspected
3. Acceptance criteria
4. Inspection techniques
5. Recording the results of the inspection, review of the results, and identification of the inspector
6. Indirect control by monitoring of processing methods, equipment, and personnel when direct inspection is not possible

Mandatory inspection hold points are included in the documents addressing the activities being performed, as necessary and work does not proceed until satisfactory completion of the required inspection.

When acceptance criteria are not met, the condition will be documented in accordance with the corrective action program procedures and work does not proceed until satisfactory disposition of any item not meeting the acceptance criteria and satisfactory completion of any required re-inspection.

Modification, repairs, and replacements are inspected in accordance with the original design and inspection requirements or acceptable alternatives.

### **17.3.2.13 Corrective Action**

Station personnel are responsible for the implementation of the QAP as it pertains to the performance of their activities. Specific to this responsibility is the requirement for informing the

responsible supervisory personnel and/or for taking appropriate corrective action whenever any deficiency in the implementation of the requirements of the program is determined.

Procedures define requirements for a corrective action program that charges personnel working at or supporting the nuclear plants with the responsibility to identify adverse conditions (including conditions adverse to quality). Conditions adverse to quality are identified through inspections, assessments, tests, checks, and review of documents. Procedures require that conditions adverse to quality be corrected. In the case of significant conditions adverse to quality, the procedures assure that the cause of the condition is determined and action be taken to preclude repetition.

Significant conditions adverse to quality are reported to appropriate management for review and evaluation.

Violations of Technical Specifications, safety limit violations, and other reportable events are investigated to correct the condition and to support the reporting requirements of 10 CFR 50.73(b). Reports of such investigations are reviewed by a knowledgeable individual other than the individual who prepared the report.

Periodic reviews and evaluations of adverse conditions are performed to identify and correct adverse trends.

#### **17.3.2.14 Document Control**

Procedures define requirements for the development, review, approval, issue, use, revision, and control of documents. These procedures define the scope of which documents are to be controlled. These activities include measures to control the issuance of documents such as, instructions, procedures, and drawings, and changes thereto, which prescribe activities affecting quality.

A document control system has been established to identify the current revision number of instructions, procedures, specifications, and drawings. This system includes provisions to ensure that superseded documents are controlled to prevent inadvertent use.

Controlled documents are to be distributed to and used by the person performing the activity in accordance with procedures. These controlled documents are distributed electronically. Hardcopy distribution, if required, is by distribution indices.

Procedures require the identification of those individuals or organizations responsible for reviewing, approving, and issuing documents and revisions thereto. The required reviews include reviews verifying that changes to the procedures, tests or experiments do not involve a change in the Technical Specifications or otherwise require prior NRC approval.

In addition to procedures and engineering documents (e.g. specifications and drawings), the following are considered to be controlled documents:

- The station Facility Operating License and Technical Specifications
- Updated Final Safety Analysis Reports
- Process Control Program
- Offsite Dose Calculation Manual
- Radiological Effluent Controls of the UFSAR, and radwaste treatment systems

Procedures established for operational phase activities include:

1. Operating Procedures
2. Alarm Responses

3. Radiation Protection Procedures
4. Maintenance Procedures
5. Instrument Procedures
6. Chemistry Procedures
7. Process Control Program Implementing Procedures
8. Periodic Test Procedures
9. Abnormal Procedures
10. Emergency Procedures
11. Emergency Response Procedures
12. License Renewal Aging Management Program

In lieu of the two year procedure review prescribed by ANSI N18.7-1976 Section 5.2.15, Duke Energy Corporation has programmatic controls in place to continually identify procedure revisions which may be needed to ensure that procedures are appropriate for the circumstance and are maintained current. These controls include the following:

- The procedure revision process includes a mechanism for procedure users to request changes to the procedures.
- The modification process requires that procedures be reviewed to determine the effects of a planned plant modification.
- Procedures are reviewed for adequacy based upon lessons learned from the operating experience program, training programs, emergency plan reviews, drills and exercises, and normal use.
- The work control process includes pre job review process and a procedure adherence policy requiring that, if procedures cannot be implemented as written, the job be stopped and the procedure be revised or the situation resolved prior to work continuing.

The line organization performs a biennial self-assessment of the procedure process to assure their procedures are maintained current. This assessment includes a requirement to evaluate potential adverse trends in the procedure change process to ensure that changes required to maintain procedures current and technically accurate are being implemented in a timely manner.

#### **17.3.2.15 Records**

Each nuclear station is required to maintain adequate identifiable and retrievable QA records. The QAP requires that sufficient records be maintained to provide documentary evidence of the quality of items and the accomplishment of activities affecting quality.

Procedures define requirements for the identification, collection, and storage of quality assurance records.

The program for storage of records on microfilm, dual storage or in electronic format meets the preservation requirement for the retention of QA Records.

Media used for retention of records include (but are not limited to): microfilm, compact disk recordable (CD-R), and magnetic media including videotape, computer tape, optical disks, and hard disk storage. Electronic records retention is an integral component of the Record Retention Program, approved by the management position responsible for Nuclear Generation Department records. The format used must be capable of producing legible, accurate, and complete documents supporting the required retention period. Electronic approval and

authorization procedures are established to assure that only those persons authorized grant the required approvals.

For creation and maintenance of on-line electronic records, Duke Energy Corporation follows the Nuclear Information and Records Management Association (NIRMA) Technical Guides as identified in Table 17-1, Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards.

There is no requirement to convert records stored on media including hardcopy, microfilm, compact disk recordable (CD-R), and magnetic media including videotape, computer tape, and optical disks to on-line electronic records. Those records may be maintained in their current form as long as retrieval technology and media life support the continued use of the media. If records stored on one media are to be converted to a new media, the records stored on the old system's media are acceptably converted into the new system before the old system is taken out of service. This includes verification of the records so copied are complete and accurate in the new system.

Records are identifiable and retrievable through the use of indexes and filing systems, which are required by the program.

Procedures are required to be developed to indicate responsibilities and retention periods.

The actual retention times for the various QA records are in accordance with corporate retention policies. The development of these retention policies includes consideration of applicable requirements, including those of the Code of Federal Regulations, a station's Technical Specifications, established national codes and standards, and regulatory guidance as listed in Table 17 1, Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards.

The following is a list of typical QA Records retained for the operational phase:

1. Records and drawing changes reflecting facility design modifications made to systems and equipment described in the Final Safety Analysis Report. These include: drawings, design specifications, calculations, design analyses, and vendor documents for nuclear safety related structures, systems and components.
2. Records of new and irradiated fuel inventory, fuel transfers and assembly burn-up histories.
3. Radiation monitoring records, including records of radiation and contamination surveys.
4. Personnel radiation exposure records.
5. Records of radioactive releases and waste disposal, records of gaseous and liquid radioactive material released to the environs.
6. Records of component cyclic or transient limits established for the reactor coolant system, reactor vessel, and secondary coolant system.
7. Records of the qualifications, experience and training of appropriate station personnel
8. Records of quality control inspections.
9. Records of reviews performed for changes made to procedures or safety related SSCs or reviews of tests and experiments pursuant to 10 CFR 50.59.
10. Changes to station procedures; including review and approval documentation.
11. Records of meetings of the off-site review committee.
12. Records of Independent Review. These records include on-site review committee meeting minutes.
13. Records of reactor tests and experiments.
14. Records of in-service inspections performed pursuant to Technical Specifications and 10 CFR 50.55a(g).

15. Records of the service lives of all safety-related snubbers (required by Technical Specification) including the data at which the seal service life commences and associated installation and maintenance records.
16. Records of analyses required by the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program that would permit evaluation of the accuracy of the analysis at a later date.
17. Records of secondary water sampling and water quality.
18. Records of reviews performed for changes made to the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual, the Process Control Program, and Radwaste Treatment Systems.
19. Isotopic and physical inventory records of special nuclear materials.
20. Nuclear safety related preoperational testing records.
21. Records such as vendor documentation packages and inspection reports, piping isometric drawings, welding records, etc. compiled during the design and construction of a nuclear station.
22. Approved purchasing documents for items requiring QA certification.
23. Purchase specifications.
24. Records of special processes affecting nuclear safety related structures, systems and components.
25. Records of off-site environmental surveys.
26. Records of environmental qualification.
27. By-product material inventory records.
28. Radioactive liquid effluent, gaseous effluent, and gaseous process monitoring instrumentation alarm/trip setpoints.
29. Records of reviews performed for changes made to Radiological Effluent Controls.
30. Records of reviews performed on the Fire Protection Program and implementing procedures.
31. Audit reports and required written responses.
32. Records and logs of facility operation covering time interval at each power level, including: switchboard record, reactor operator logbook, and shift supervisor logbook.
33. Records and logs of principal maintenance activities, inspections, repair and replacement of principal items of equipment related to nuclear safety.
34. Reports of all reportable and other significant events.
35. Records of surveillance activities, inspections, and calibrations required by Technical Specifications.
36. Records of radioactive shipments.
37. Records of sealed source and fission detector leak tests and results.
38. Records of annual physical inventory of all sealed source material of record.
39. Calibration standard records and Measuring and Test Equipment (M&TE) calibration records.

Dry cask storage records pertaining to the design, fabrication, erection, testing, maintenance, and use of structures, systems, and components important to safety must be maintained for the life of the storage module.

## **17.3.3 SELF-ASSESSMENT**

### **17.3.3.1 Methodology**

Each site executive and the CNO are responsible for ensuring that an environment exists for a strong assessment program at each nuclear site and within Nuclear Generation, respectively.

The overall objective at Duke Energy Corporation is to encourage ownership, involvement, and dedication by each individual supporting Nuclear Generation. This involves continually looking for ways to improve the overall performance and safety at each plant. This approach of identifying and correcting conditions early, requires active support by management and employees.

The Duke Energy Corporation self-assessment process includes the line organization self-assessment activities, independent review activities, and an independent assessment process implemented by NOS that encompasses internal and supplier audits. NOS may perform in-plant reviews and other independent assessments requested by the CNO.

The managers of line organizations are responsible for ensuring that self-assessment activities and processes are implemented within their functions to promote continuous improvements. A process of self-assessment is an attitude by personnel that the Duke Energy Corporation Nuclear Generation is improving on a continual basis. This process, along with an effective corrective action program, ensures that conditions are identified early, corrected promptly and effectively before becoming significant quality or safety problems.

The independent review activities are discussed in Section 17.3.3.2.

As directed by the CNO, an off-site review board periodically performs independent reviews of matters involving the safe operation of Duke Energy's fleet of nuclear power plants. The review addresses matters that plant and corporate management determine warrant special attention, such as plant programs, performance trends, employee concerns, or other matters related to safe plant operations. The review is performed by a team consisting of personnel with experience and competence in the activities being reviewed, but independent (from cost and schedule considerations) from the organizations responsible for those activities. The review is supplemented by outside consultants or organizations as necessary to ensure the team has the requisite expertise and competence. Results are documented and reported to responsible management.

The independent assessment process is to confirm to management that activities affecting quality comply with the QAP and that the QAP has been implemented effectively. The assessment activities are performed in accordance with instructions and procedures by organizations independent of the areas being assessed. This process is discussed in detail in Section 17.3.3.3.

### **17.3.3.2 Independent Review**

The independent review function is provided through a combination of the On-Site Review Committee, Nuclear Oversight, and the line organization executing quality assurance program required reviews as follows:

- Reviews of the independent review subjects are performed by the On-Site Review Committee as described in Section 17.3.3.2.1, On-Site Review Committee.



- Reviews of audit reports, identified in ANSI N18.7-1976 Section 4.5, are performed by management of the audited area and Nuclear Oversight instead of the independent review function.
- Reviews of the corrective actions for significant conditions adverse to quality are performed by appropriate management. Collectively, the On-Site Review Committee and the NOS audit function perform the independent review, identified in ANSI N18.7-1976 Section 5.2.11, for significant conditions adverse to quality.

#### 17.3.3.2.1 On-Site Review Committee

The On-Site Review Committee is responsible to the Nuclear Plant Manager for advice on all plant-related matters concerning nuclear safety. The requirements for personnel, committee composition, meeting frequency, quorum and meeting records are identified in procedures. A general description of these areas is included below. (Note: Each plant may name this function differently. Regardless of the name, these requirements are met.)

In discharging its independent review responsibilities, the On-Site Review Committee keeps safety considerations paramount when opposed to cost or schedule considerations. Should a voting member at a particular meeting have direct responsibility for item under review where a conflict of such considerations is likely, that member is replaced (to fill the quorum) by another voting member not having such potential conflict.

##### 17.3.3.2.1.1 Composition

The On-Site Review Committee is comprised of a minimum number of members as designated by the Plant Manager and detailed in procedures. All members are qualified in accordance with procedure requirements that meet site Technical Specifications. Membership includes representation from at least the following disciplines: Operations, Maintenance, Engineering, Radiation Protection and Chemistry. The On-Site Review Committee collectively has, or has access to, the experience and competence necessary to review the areas of (1) nuclear power plant operations, (2) nuclear engineering, (3) chemistry and radiochemistry, (4) metallurgy, (5) nondestructive testing, (6) instrumentation and control, (7) radiological safety, (8) mechanical and electrical engineering, (9) administrative controls and quality assurance practices, and (10) other fields associated with the unique characteristics of the plant. Consultants may be utilized to provide expert advice as needed.

Alternate chairmen and members may be appointed by the Nuclear Plant Manager to serve on a permanent or temporary basis.

##### 17.3.3.2.1.2 Meetings

The On-Site Review Committee meets commensurate with the scope of activities, but minimal frequency requirements are specified in procedures.

Rules for a quorum are established and adhered to. However, no more than a minority of alternates may participate as voting members at any one time.

#### 17.3.3.2.1.3 Review Topics

In performing its independent review responsibilities, the On-Site Review Committee reviews:

- (1) Proposed changes to the facility as described in the UFSAR. This review is to confirm that the regulatory required written evaluation provides adequate bases for the determination that the change does not require a license amendment.
- (2) Proposed changes to procedures as described in the UFSAR and tests or experiments not described in the UFSAR. This review is to confirm that the regulatory required written evaluation provides adequate bases for the determination that the test or experiment does not require a license amendment.
- (3) Proposed Technical Specifications changes and license amendments, except in those cases where the change is identical to a previously reviewed proposed change.
- (4) Licensee Event Reports that are required to be made to the NRC. This review includes results of any investigations made and recommendations resulting from such investigations to prevent or reduce the probability of recurrence of the event.
- (5) Any other matter related to nuclear safety requested by the Site executive, Plant Manager, selected by On-Site Review Committee members, or referred for review by other organizations.

In addition to reviews of license amendments addressed by (3) above, the On-Site Review Committee should be informed of changes to Site documents that are required to be reported to the NRC. When appropriate, the On-Site Review Committee conducts reviews of such changes to confirm the changes have been prepared and internally approved within license obligations and can be effectively implemented. These documents include the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM), the Process Control Program (PCP), the Emergency Plan, and the Security Plan.

The On-Site Review Committee may establish subcommittees or designate organizational units to carry out the reviews. The subcommittees or organizational units report results of reviews for full committee consideration and may recommend items for full committee review as warranted. The reviews by the On-Site Review Committee recognize that the QA Program requires independent technical reviews to be completed including, but not limited to, design verification and reviews of procedures. Those independent technical reviews are conducted commensurate with the importance to nuclear safety of the item or activity. In conducting its review, the On-Site Review Committee is confirming the changes have been prepared and internally approved within license obligations and can be effectively implemented, not re-performing completed technical reviews.

The On-Site Review Committee conducts special reviews and investigations as requested by the Site executive or Nuclear Plant Manager.

#### 17.3.3.2.1.4 Authority

The On-Site Review Committee:

- Recommends to the Nuclear Plant Manager approval or disapproval of items reviewed.
- Renders determinations with regards to whether items (1) through (3) adversely affect safety and if a Technical Specification change or NRC review is required.
- Provides written notification to the Site executive of any disagreements between the On-Site Review Committee and the Nuclear Plant Manager.

The On-Site Review Committee advises the Nuclear Plant Manager on matters related to safe operation and overall performance. The Committee has authority to obtain access to records and personnel as needed to conduct reviews.

#### 17.3.3.2.1.5 Records

The On-Site Review Committee maintains written minutes of each Committee meeting, to include identification of items reviewed, and decisions and recommendations of the Committee. Copies of the minutes are provided to the Site executive, and to other onsite and offsite management responsible for the areas reviewed as necessary. On-Site Review Committee records are retained according to Section 17.3.2.15.

### **17.3.3.3 Independent Assessment**

NOS is responsible for conducting independent assessments of functions and activities affecting the nuclear programs at Duke Energy Corporation locations. NOS monitors and assesses the Company's nuclear programs on a continuing basis. As part of this assessment process, NOS performs audits to verify that applicable elements of the quality assurance and other regulatory required programs have been developed, documented and effectively implemented in accordance with specified requirements. In this section, the words assess, assessment, and their various word forms are used generically to indicate the act of monitoring the performance of the line organization for indications of decline.

NOS, along with the line organization management, monitors functional areas to determine if the required levels of performance are being achieved.

The functions of NOS are to assess line organization performance including the self-assessment and corrective action process. NOS performs these monitoring activities for nuclear safety related functions in operations, engineering, and maintenance.

NOS evaluations, including the results and recommended corrective actions, are reported to senior management.

#### 17.3.3.3.1 Organization

On an exception basis, personnel in NOS may provide assistance to the line organization by participating in emergency preparedness activities, ad hoc committees or analyzing technical issues, if such assistance is deemed to be in the overall best interest of safety and is approved in advance by NOS management.

NOS teams may include peers from other Duke Energy Corporation plants and from the nuclear utility industry, as appropriate, to lend expertise to the assessment process. When subject matter experts from the line organizations are utilized to add specific technical expertise to a specific audit team, the subject matter experts will work under the direction of the audit team leader and not evaluate any documentation for which they had direct responsibility.

Selection of personnel is based on experience and training that establishes that their qualifications are commensurate with the complexity or special nature of the area being audited. The process for qualification of personnel to perform audits is established in procedures.

#### 17.3.3.3.2 Internal Assessment Process

The internal assessment process includes gathering data, analyzing data, focusing on selected issues and identifying deficiencies to desired performance. Data is gathered using performance based techniques during:

- a) Observations of work activities
- b) Interviews
- c) Reviews of documents to gather information (including the use of NRC, INPO, and other agency evaluations)
- d) Audits, and
- e) Analysis of data and reports (including adverse condition reports, etc.)

NOS personnel have access to records, procedures, and line organization personnel to gather data.

NOS conducts observations of specific activities, and processes on the basis of their impact and importance relative to safety. The schedule is flexible and dynamic to allow the overall assessment process to be changed depending on plant conditions, events, or issues raised by senior management. Assessment activities can be focused on areas most in need of improvement.

Audits are a specific independent assessment activity performed to verify that applicable elements of the quality assurance and other regulatory required programs have been developed, documented and effectively implemented in accordance with specified requirements. Independent Audit activities are selected with flexibility based on various factors. These factors include but are not limited to: importance to safety and reliability, monitoring of performance indicators, time since last audit, plant management perspective, outside agency audits, and problem areas identified from industry and Duke Energy Corporation experience.

Audits are scheduled per the following section.

#### 17.3.3.3.3 Internal Audit Program

The Duke Energy Corporation QAP requires a comprehensive system of planned and periodic internal audits for all phases of station operations and supporting activities.

Periodic audits of activities or records of processes (e.g., welding, maintenance, development of design, record management, or system testing), to verify compliance and effectiveness of the implementation of the QAP are performed. NOS audits are performance based and scheduled based on plant performance and importance to safety but at a frequency not to exceed twenty-four months with extensions as allowed in Section 17.3.3.3.7, Audit Frequency Extensions.

The audit system is reviewed periodically and revised as necessary to assure coverage commensurate with current and planned activities. These audits encompass:

- The conformance of facility operation to provisions contained within the Technical Specifications and applicable license conditions.
- The performance, training and qualifications of the Nuclear Generation Department.
- The results of actions taken to correct deficiencies occurring in facility equipment, structures, or systems that affect nuclear safety; or method of operation that affect nuclear safety.
- The performance of activities required by the QAP to meet the criteria of Appendix B to 10 CFR 50 for activities performed by the Nuclear Generation Department and the interfacing organizations.

- Any other area of nuclear generation considered appropriate by responsible management.
- The Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program and the results thereof.
- The Offsite Dose Calculation Manual and implementing procedures.
- The Process Control Program and implementing procedures for processing and packaging of radioactive wastes.
- The acceptability of a representative sample of station procedures, including the effectiveness of the procedure review and revision program.
- Independent Spent Fuel Storage Installation Activities (reference 10 CFR Part 72).
- Packaging of Radioactive Materials for Off-Site Shipment (reference 10 CFR Part 71).

The scope of each audit is determined by the responsible Lead Auditor, under the direction of NOS management. The lead auditor is responsible for completion of audit checklists and directing the audit team in the performance of the audit. The audit is conducted in accordance with checklists; the scope may be expanded upon by the audit team during the audit, if needed. One or more persons comprise an audit team, one of whom is a qualified lead auditor.

#### 17.3.3.3.3.1 Other Reviews Prescribed by the Code of Federal Regulations

Other reviews prescribed by the Code of Federal Regulations are scheduled and performed per the CFR. The audit frequency extension provisions of Section 17.3.3.3.7 do not apply.

NOS performs the following reviews under the internal audit program:

- a. Emergency Preparedness (per 10 CFR 50.54(t))
- b. Security (per 10 CFR 50.54(p) and 10 CFR Part 73)
- c. Fitness for Duty and Fatigue Rule (per 10 CFR Part 26)

The periodic review of the radiation protection program content and implementation required by 10 CFR 20.1101c may be performed by either the line organization or NOS.

#### 17.3.3.3.3.2 Independent Audit of Fire Protection Program

For sites implementing the fire protection program under provisions of 10 CFR 50.48(c) National Fire Protection Association Standard NFPA 805:

- An independent fire protection audit is performed at least once per 36 months using an outside (external to Duke Energy Corporation) qualified fire protection engineer meeting education and experience requirements for a Professional Member of the Society of Fire Protection Engineers (SFPE).

For the remaining sites, audits of the following functions are completed within a period of 24 months:

- The Facility Fire Protection programmatic controls including the implementing documents.
- The fire protection equipment and program implementation utilizing either a qualified offsite fire protection engineer or an outside independent fire protection consultant. An outside (external to Duke Energy Corporation) qualified fire protection engineer meeting education and experience requirements for a Professional Member of the SFPE shall be used at least every 36 months.
- The audit scope may be combined into a single audit performed on a 24 month frequency with the inclusion of an outside independent qualified fire protection engineer.

#### 17.3.3.3.4 Results

Adverse conditions are reported in accordance with the applicable corrective action program procedure.

Independent audit results are communicated to line management to allow for timely action to address potential problems or recognize strengths and superior performance.

Follow-up is accomplished to assure that corrective action is taken as a result of the audit and that deficient areas are re-audited, when necessary, to verify implementation of adequate corrective actions.

#### 17.3.3.3.5 Supplier Oversight

Supplier QA programs are evaluated and monitored by NOS-Vendor Quality, to assure that QA requirements are met. Supplier QA programs require a system of periodic and planned supplier and sub-supplier audits conducted by persons not directly involved in the activity being audited. Supplier audits are performed on a three year frequency with extensions as allowed in Section 17.3.3.3.7, Audit Frequency Extensions.

#### 17.3.3.3.6 Independent Audit of QA Functions

As directed by the CNO, the executive for NOS initiates a program audit of the QA Functions performed by NOS. These functions include the internal audit program, the NOS portions of the supplier oversight program, and maintenance of this document (Quality Assurance Program Description). This program audit is performed within a period of two years with extensions as allowed in Section 17.3.3.3.7 Audit Frequency Extensions.

This audit team consists of qualified individuals, none of which is from the area audited.

The audit is performed with pre-approved checklists, instructions, or plans.

The audit team conducts a post-audit conference with the responsible management of the areas audited to discuss the audit results, including deficiencies. The audit team prepares checklists and the audit report. The report is sent to the executive for NOS.

The executive for NOS and/or responsible management of the area being audited determines the need for corrective action and re-evaluation. Necessary corrective action and re-evaluation are performed as required.

Pertinent correspondence and reports related to the audit are filed.

#### 17.3.3.3.7 Audit Frequency Extensions

Except when the frequency is specified by regulation, the following criteria for extending audit intervals apply:

- 1) Schedules are based on the anniversary established for each audit.
- 2) A maximum extension not to exceed 25 percent of the audit interval may be allowed (e.g., audits on a two year frequency may not be extended beyond 30 months, audits on an annual frequency may not be extended beyond 15 months).
- 3) When an audit interval extension is used, the next audit for that particular audit area is scheduled from the original anniversary.

- 4) Provision 2) also applies to supplier audits and evaluations except that a total combined time interval for any three consecutive inspection or audit intervals should not exceed 3.25 times the specified inspection or audit interval.

## **17.3.4 ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROLS RELOCATED FROM TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Consistent with NRC Administrative Letter 95-06, certain administrative controls from the original station Technical Specifications have been relocated to the Quality Assurance Program. These relocated administrative controls included technical review, independent review, 10 CFR 50.59 review, record retention, and audit requirements. This section provides references to the sections of this document where the administrative controls have been integrated with QAP controls.

### **17.3.4.1 Technical Reviews**

This content provided requirements for technical reviews of station modifications, procedures, tests, and experiments to assure adequacy of nuclear safety related SSCs and associated activities. Those reviews are embedded in the QAP and its committed Standards. See Sections 17.3.2.2, Design Control; 17.3.2.3, Design Verification; 17.3.2.8, Test Control; and 17.3.2.14, Document Control.

As identified by procedures, technical evaluations are performed by personnel qualified in the subject matter to determine the technical adequacy and accuracy of the proposed activity. If interdisciplinary evaluations are required to cover the technical scope of an activity, they will be performed. Technical review personnel are identified by the responsible manager or his designee for a specific activity when the review process begins.

### **17.3.4.2 10 CFR 50.59 Reviews**

The review of station modifications, procedures, tests, and experiments against the requirements of 10 CFR 50.59 is to ensure that changes requiring prior NRC approval are submitted to and approved by the NRC prior to implementation. Provisions are included in Sections 17.3.2.3 Design Verification and 17.3.2.14 Document Control to amplify the need to complete these reviews.

The program for 10 CFR 50.59 reviews is in accordance with NEI 96-07, Revision 1, "Guidelines for 10 CFR 50.59 Evaluations" as endorsed by Regulatory Guide 1.187, November 2000.

This program includes provisions to ensure that individuals have appropriate qualifications prior to completing these reviews. A list of individuals qualified to perform 50.59 evaluations is maintained for each site.

### **17.3.4.3 Record Retention**

The list of typical operational phase records is in Section 17.3.2.15, Records.

### **17.3.4.4 Audit Types and Frequencies**

These are addressed in Section 17.3.3.3.3, Internal Audit Program.

### **17.3.4.5 On-Site Review Committee**

This is addressed in Section 17.3.3.2, Independent Review.



#### **17.3.4.6 Reportable Event Action**

Procedures are established to assure events are reviewed and notifications and reports are made as required by Regulations including, but not limited to, 10 CFR Part 21, 10 CFR 50.72, and 10 CFR 50.73.

These procedures require for significant incidents occurring during operation where a safety limit is exceeded, or which could otherwise be related to the nuclear safety of the station, the Site executive is notified, the event is investigated, and a report prepared. These reports:

- a) Contain a summary description of the circumstances and information relating to the subject incident.
- b) Contain an evaluation of the effects of the incident.
- c) Describe corrective action taken or recommended as a result of the incident.
- d) Describe, analyze and evaluate any significant nuclear safety related implications of the incident.

#### **17.3.4.7 Independent Safety Engineering Group Functions**

Independent Safety Engineering Group (ISEG) was addressed on a Site Specific basis for certain plants. See Site specific Attachments for additional requirements as follows:

- Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD, Not Addressed.
- Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD, Section B17.3.4.4, Independent Safety Engineering Group.
- Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD, Not Addressed
- Attachment D, Catawba, McGuire, and Oconee Specific QAPD, Section D17.3.4.7, Independent Safety Engineering Group

## **Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD**

### **Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD**

Information presented in this attachment is specific to Brunswick and was contained in the UFSAR prior to Amendment 41.

Where a section contains no descriptive information beyond that in the generic text in the body of the document, a statement is made to that effect and no content is included. See A17.3.1.2, Organization for example.

### **A17. BNP SPECIFIC QUALITY ASSURANCE**

#### **A17.1 BNP QA DURING DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION**

See Brunswick UFSAR Chapter 17 for historic information from the description of the QA Program for design and construction.

#### **A17.2 OPERATIONAL QA**

Deleted

(NOTE: In April 1995, NRC approved the reformatting of the description of the Brunswick QA Program to follow Standard Revision Plan Section 17.3, replacing the content of 17.2.)

#### **A17.3 BNP QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM (QAP) DESCRIPTION**

##### **INTRODUCTION**

This content is not addressed in SRP Section 17.3; therefore, the Brunswick description of the QA Program did not include this section.

##### **DEFINITIONS**

There are no Brunswick specific definitions.

##### **EXPLANATION OF "QUALITY ASSURANCE"**

There is no Brunswick specific content.

##### **QA STANDARDS AND GUIDES**

Table A17-1 and A17-2 address QAP conformance to the referenced regulatory and program guidance in NUREG-0800 Section 17.3.

The content of Table A17-1 was transferred from Table 1-6 of the Brunswick UFSAR. Changes to the content of Table A17-1 are controlled in accordance with 10 CFR 50.54(a). Subsequent changes to the QAP are incorporated in this document as identified in Section 17.3.1.7.

Table A17-2 addresses additional Regulatory Guides that relate to implementation of the QAP but the implementation is site specific and controlled with the Brunswick UFSAR in accordance with 10 CFR 50.59.

## Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD

**Table A17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards**

Generic Exception:

Table A17-1 addresses the Brunswick Nuclear Plant (BNP) conformance of the Quality Assurance Program to certain NRC Regulatory Guides. In so doing, specific editions of industry standards are identified for compliance with exceptions and alternatives. Those identified standards include references to other industry standards for activities including, but not limited to; design, fabrication, inspection, and testing. Those included reference industry standards are considered to be guidance documents for details of how activities may be accomplished. The actual standard to be used in such cases is controlled by each station's current licensing and design bases.

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Regulatory Guide 1.28, Quality Assurance Program Requirements (Design and Construction) (Safety Guide 28 June 1972) (Rev. 0)

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ANSI Standard N45.2-1971, Quality Assurance Requirements for Nuclear Power Plants

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This guide, and the standard it endorses, have been superseded for operations activities by Regulatory Guide 1.33 and ANSI N18.7-1976, which it endorses. The Operational Quality Assurance Program complies with Regulatory Guide 1.33 and ANSI N18.7-1976 as stipulated in Appendix A to that Program; therefore, Regulatory Guide 1.28 (Safety Guide 28) and ANSI N45.2-1971, which it endorses, are not considered necessary and are not included as part of the program.

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Regulatory Guide 1.30, Quality Assurance Requirements for the Installation, Inspection, and Testing of Instrumentation and Electrical Equipment (Safety Guide 30, Revision 0, August 1972)

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ANSI Standard N45.2.4-1972 (IEEE-336-1971), Installation, Inspection, and Testing Requirements for Instrumentation and Electrical Equipment During the Construction of Nuclear Power Generating Stations

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BNP 1 and 2 comply with the provisions of Regulatory Guide 1.30, August 1972, as indicated below:

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The installation, inspection, and testing of nuclear power plant instrumentation and electrical equipment at BNP will be in accordance with the applicable requirements of ANSI N45.2.4-1972 with the following exceptions:

1. Section 1.4 titled Definitions: Definitions in this standard which are not included in ANSI N45.2.10 will be used; definitions which are included in ANSI N45.2.10 will be used as clarified in Brunswick commitment to Regulatory Guide 1.74.
2. Section 1.5 titled Reference Documents: Brunswick's commitment to other documents referenced in this standard shall be as stated in our commitment to that document.
3. Section 2.5 titled Measuring and Test Equipment: Brunswick will implement the applicable portions of this Section as follows:

The status of portable items of measuring and test equipment and reference standards shall be identified by use of status cards, computer schedules, or tags for the date recalibration is due. These items are in a calibration program which requires recalibration on a specified frequency or, in certain cases, prior to use.

## Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD

Table A17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.30, Quality Assurance Requirements for the Installation, Inspection, and Testing of Instrumentation and Electrical Equipment (Safety Guide 30, Revision 0, August 1972)

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ANSI Standard N45.2.4-1972 (IEEE-336-1971), Installation, Inspection, and Testing Requirements for Instrumentation and Electrical Equipment During the Construction of Nuclear Power Generating Stations

---

BNP 1 and 2 comply with the provisions of Regulatory Guide 1.30, August 1972, as indicated below:

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Instrumentation and electrical equipment in the categories listed below shall be in a calibration program. This program provides, by the use of status cards, computer schedules, or tags, for the date that recalibration is due and indicates the status of calibration. The identity of person(s) performing the calibration is provided on the calibration documents.

- a. Instruments installed as listed in the BNP Technical Specifications
  - b. Installed instrumentation used to verify BNP Technical Specification parameters
  - c. Installed safety-related instruments and electrical equipment that provide an active function during operation or during shutdown; i.e., not a device being designated safety-related solely because the instrument is an integral part of a pressure retaining boundary.
4. Section 7 titled Data Analysis and Evaluation states in part, "Procedures shall be established for processing inspection and test data and their analysis and evaluation." At BNP 1 and 2, (data processing procedures per se have not been developed; instead, test data are recorded, processed, and analyzed in accordance with procedures and instructions in appropriate functional areas; e.g., maintenance, startup.
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Regulatory Guide 1.33, Quality Assurance Program Requirements (Operation) (Safety Guide 33 November 1972)

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ANSI Standard N18.7-1976, Administrative Controls and Quality Assurance for the Operational Phase of Nuclear Power Plants

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BNP 1 and 2 comply with the provisions of Regulatory Guide 1.33, November 1972, and the requirements and recommendations for administrative controls described in ANSI N18.7-1976 except as stated below:

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1. The requirements of Section 4.3 Independent Review Program are replaced by Section 17.3.3.2, Independent Review. This exception uses NRC Safety Evaluation dated January 13, 2005 to Nuclear Management Company (ADAMS ML050210276).
2. Deleted - see exception 1.
3. Section 4.5 - Written audit reports are not formally reviewed as part of the Independent Review function.
4. Section 4.5 - The CNO will assure that an independent assessment of the overall Nuclear Oversight Program is conducted at least once every 24 months. See Section 17.3.3.3.6, Independent Audit of QA Functions.
5. Section 4.5, Audit Program - ANSI N18.7-1976/ANS-3.2, Section 4.5 is implemented with the following clarification: The audits of selected aspects of operational phase activities as identified in Section 17.3.3.3.3, Internal Audit Program, are scheduled based on plant performance and importance to safety but at a frequency not to exceed twenty-four months with extensions as allowed in Section 17.3.3.3.7, Audit Frequency Extensions.

## Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD

Table A17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.33, Quality Assurance Program Requirements (Operation) (Safety Guide 33 November 1972)

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ANSI Standard N18.7-1976, Administrative Controls and Quality Assurance for the Operational Phase of Nuclear Power Plants

---

BNP 1 and 2 comply with the provisions of Regulatory Guide 1.33, November 1972, and the requirements and recommendations for administrative controls described in ANSI N18.7-1976 except as stated below:

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6. Section 5.2.2 titled Procedure Adherence: Temporary changes to approved procedures and proposed tests or experiments may be made provided; a) the intent of the original procedure, proposed test or experiment is not altered; b) the change is approved by two members of the plant management staff, at least one of whom holds a Senior Reactor Operator License on the unit affected; and c) the change is documented and, if appropriate, reviewed and approved for incorporation in the next revision of the procedure within 14 days of implementation of the temporary change.
7. The applicable procedures recommended in Appendix "A" of Regulatory Guide 1.33, November 1972, shall be established, implemented, and maintained as specified in the BNP 1 and 2 BNP Technical Specifications.
8. Section 5.2.7 - BNP will comply with requirements of the first sentence of the second paragraph and provides the following clarification:
  - a. "Documented Instructions" is defined as any credible information (e.g., vendor manuals, vendor recommendations, engineering direction, etc.) Used for work planning/execution which is reviewed and approved prior to use in accordance with approved procedures.
9. Section 5.2.13, titled Procurement Document Control: When purchasing commercial grade calibration services from certain accredited calibration laboratories, the procurement documents are not required to impose a quality assurance program consistent with ANSI N45.2-1971. Alternate requirements described in Tables 17-1 and A17-1 for Regulatory Guide 1.123 may be implemented in lieu of imposing a quality assurance program consistent with ANSI N45.2-1971. When purchasing nuclear safety related material, equipment and services, the supplier is required to meet applicable criteria of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B and 10 CFR 21.
10. Section 5.2.15 titled Review, Approval and Control of Procedures, states that, "Plant procedures shall be reviewed by an individual knowledgeable in the area affected by the procedure no less frequently than every two years to determine if changes are necessary. A revision to a procedure constitutes a procedure review." In lieu of this commitment, Duke Energy addresses programmatic controls in Section 17.3.2.14 to continually identify procedure revisions which may be needed to ensure that procedures are appropriate for the circumstance and are maintained current.
11. Section 5.2.17, second to the last sentence in the last paragraph, "Deviations, their cause, and any...", to be consistent with Section 5.2.11 and 10CFR 50, Appendix B, the cause of the deviation will be determined for only significant conditions adverse to safety.
12. Section 5.3.5(4) last sentence - BNP interprets the review requirements for "Supporting Maintenance Documents" which have not been incorporated in a procedure, be performed in an equivalent manner as described in approved procedures.
13. Section 5.3.9.1, titled Emergency Procedure Format and Content: Emergency procedures shall be in the format as committed to in NUREG-0737, TMI Action Plan.
14. ANSI N18.7-1976, Section 5.2.16. See Section A17.3.2.9 for clarification.

## Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD

Table A17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.33, Quality Assurance Program Requirements (Operation) (Safety Guide 33 November 1972)

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ANSI Standard N18.7-1976, Administrative Controls and Quality Assurance for the Operational Phase of Nuclear Power Plants

---

BNP 1 and 2 comply with the provisions of Regulatory Guide 1.33, November 1972, and the requirements and recommendations for administrative controls described in ANSI N18.7-1976 except as stated below:

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15. Section 5.3.10, first paragraph - The requirement "Test and inspection results shall be documented..." will be implemented as follows:  
As an alternative to the records required for inspections outlined in Section 5.3.10, BNP shall provide the following as the method to document results of inspections.  
The results of inspections will be documented in appropriate records and those records shall, as a minimum, identify a) through f) below:
- a) Item inspected
  - b) Date of inspection
  - c) Inspector
  - d) Type of observation
  - e) Results or acceptability
  - f) Reference to information on action taken in connection with non-conformances.
- 

Regulatory Guide 1.37, Quality Assurance Requirements for Cleaning of Fluid Systems and Associated Components of Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants (March 1973)

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ANSI Standard N45.2.1-1973, Cleaning of Fluid Systems and Associated Components During Construction Phase of Nuclear Power Plants

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Those areas of the QA Program applicable to onsite cleaning of materials and components, cleanliness control, and pre-operation cleaning and layup of BNP 1 and 2 fluid systems, will be in accordance with ANSI N45.2.1-1973, with the following exceptions:

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1. At BNP 1 and 2, a classification system similar to ANSI N45.2.1-1973 has been developed and is fully implemented for cleaning of fluid systems.
  2. Section 1.4 titled Definitions: Definitions in this standard which are not included in ANSI N45.2.10 will be used; definitions which are included in ANSI N45.2.10 will be used as clarified in BNP's commitment to Regulatory Guide 1.74.
  3. Section 1.5 titled Referenced Documents: BNP's commitment to other documents referenced in this standard shall be as stated in our commitment to that document.
- 

Regulatory Guide 1.38, Quality Assurance Requirements for Packaging Shipping Receiving Storage and Handling of Items for Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants (March 1973)

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ANSI Standard N45.2.2-1972, Packing, Shipping, Receiving, Storage, and Handling of Items for Nuclear Power Plants

---

Packaging, shipping, receiving, storage, and handling of BNP items are in accordance with applicable requirements of ANSI N45.2.2-1972 with the following specific exceptions:

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1. Section 1.4 titled Definitions: Definitions in this standard which are not included in ANSI N45.2.10 will be used; definitions which are included in ANSI N45.2.10 will be used as clarified in BNP's commitment to Regulatory Guide 1.74.
2. Section 1.5 titled Referenced Documents: BNP's commitment to other documents referenced in this standard shall be as stated in our commitment to that document.

## Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD

Table A17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.38, Quality Assurance Requirements for Packaging Shipping Receiving Storage and Handling of Items for Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants (March 1973)

---

ANSI Standard N45.2.2-1972, Packing, Shipping, Receiving, Storage, and Handling of Items for Nuclear Power Plants

---

Packaging, shipping, receiving, storage, and handling of BNP items are in accordance with applicable requirements of ANSI N45.2.2-1972 with the following specific exceptions:

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3. Section 2.7 titled Classification of Items and Section 6.1.2 titled Levels of Storage:
  - a. Special electronic equipment and instrumentation received as assembled panels will be stored as recommended by the manufacturer and/or based on engineering evaluation to prevent damage, deterioration, or contamination, but not necessarily in a Level A storage area.
  - b. Chemicals used at BNP 1 and 2 are stored at the point of use and/or in warehouse areas that satisfy the requirement of Level B storage. These storage areas have been evaluated and determined to be adequate for the limitations established by the manufacturer.
  - c. Special nuclear materials are stored in areas specifically designed for such storage.
4. Section 6.4.2, Care of Items: The following alternates are provided for indicated subparts:
  - a. Space heaters in electrical equipment shall be energized unless a documented engineering evaluation determines that such space heaters are not required.
  - b. Rotating electrical equipment, commensurate to safety or reliability, shall be given insulation resistance tests on a schedule basis, unless a documented evaluation determines that such tests are not required.
  - c. Rotating equipment, commensurate to safety or reliability, shall be evaluated for shaft rotation requirements. The degree of turn shall be established so that the parts receive a coating of lubrication where applicable, and so that the shaft does not come to rest in a previous position. (90 deg. and 450 deg. rotations are examples.)
  - d. Other maintenance requirements specified by the manufacturer's instructions shall be evaluated to determine applicability during storage of the item.
5. Section 7.3.4 - BNP intends to comply with the requirements of this Section with the following clarification: Test loads equal to or greater than the original crane rating shall not pass over locations where special nuclear material is stored or where reactor system components or high cost equipment are located.
6. Section 6.2.4, Storage of Food and Associated Items: The sentence is replaced with the following: "The use or storage of food, drinks, and salt tablet dispensers in any storage area shall be controlled and shall be limited to designated areas where such use or storage is not deleterious to stored items."

## Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD

Table A17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.39, Housekeeping Requirements for Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants (March 1973)

---

ANSI Standard N45.2.3-1973, Housekeeping, During the Construction Phase of Nuclear Power Plants

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The applicable operational phase requirements of N45.2.3-1973 are followed at BNP within the context of the established QA Program with the following specific exception -- the zone designations of Section 2.1 of N45.2.3 and the requirements associated with each zone are considered impractical for implementation, as stated, at BNP during the operations phase. Instead, procedures or instruction for housekeeping activities, which include the applicable requirements outlined in Section 2.1 of N45.2.3, and which take into account radiation control considerations, security considerations, and cleanliness requirements, are developed on a case by case basis for work to be performed.

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Regulatory Guide 1.58, Qualification of Nuclear Power Plant Inspection, Examination, and Testing Personnel (September 1980)

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ANSI Standard N45.2.6-1978, Qualification of Inspection, Examination, and Testing Personnel for Nuclear Power Plants"

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BNP 1 and 2 comply with NRC Regulatory Guide 1.58, September 1980, which endorses ANSI N45.2.6-1978, with the following exceptions:

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1. Section 1.2 titled Applicability: BNP elects not to apply the requirements of this guide to those personnel who are involved in the daily operations of surveillance, maintenance, and certain technical and support services whose qualifications are controlled by the BNP Technical Specifications or are controlled by other QA Program commitment requirements. Only personnel in the following listed categories will be required to meet ANSI N45.2.6-1978 requirements:
  - a. Nondestructive examination (NDE) personnel
  - b. QC inspection personnel
  - c. Receipt Inspection personnel
2. The fourth paragraph of Section 1.2 requires that the Standard be imposed on personnel other than BNP employees. The applicability of the Standard to suppliers and contractors will be documented and applied, as appropriate, in the procurement documents for such suppliers and contractors or in interface agreements for Duke Energy non-nuclear organizations providing services identified in Section 17.3.1.2.3.
3. Section 1.4 titled Definitions: Definitions in this Standard which are not included in ANSI N45.2.10 will be used; definitions which are included in ANSI N45.2.10 will be used as clarified in BNP's commitment to Regulatory Guide 1.74.
4. Section 2.5 titled Physical: BNP will implement the requirements of this Section with the stipulation that, where no special physical characteristics are required, none will be specified. The converse is also true: if no special physical requirements are stipulated by BNP, none are considered necessary. BNP employees receive an initial physical examination to assure satisfactory physical condition; however, only the following listed personnel will receive an annual examination:
  - a. NDE personnel
  - b. QC inspection personnel
  - c. Receipt inspection personnelThis annual examination shall consist of the near visual acuity using the standard Jaeger's type chart or equivalent test.



## Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD

Table A17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

---

Regulatory Guide 1.58, Qualification of Nuclear Power Plant Inspection, Examination, and Testing Personnel (September 1980)

---

ANSI Standard N45.2.6-1978, Qualification of Inspection, Examination, and Testing Personnel for Nuclear Power Plants"

---

BNP 1 and 2 comply with NRC Regulatory Guide 1.58, September 1980, which endorses ANSI N45.2.6-1978, with the following exceptions:

---

5. Section 3 titled Qualifications: Only personnel performing NDE (such as LP, MT, UT, and RT) are required to be grouped in levels of capability and certified as such. QC inspection personnel will be certified for inspection, review, and evaluation of inspection data, and reporting of inspection and test results.
  6. Section 3.5 titled Education & Experience Recommendations: BNP will certify individual inspectors through training and experience to requirements appropriate to the specific assignment; however, except for NDE, personnel are not required to be classified by levels of capability. Inspection personnel may be qualified based on pre-established experience, education, on-the-job training, written examinations and proficiency tests associated with the specific activity. Proficiency tests are given to personnel performing independent QC inspections and documented acceptance criteria are developed to determine if individuals are properly trained and qualified. Certificates of qualification delineate the functions personnel are qualified to perform. Qualification records are maintained and performance evaluations conducted at least once every three years. If organizations elect to utilize qualifications by levels for non-NDE inspections, Level I inspectors receive a minimum of 4 months experience as Level I before being certified as Level II, in lieu of one year experience recommended by ANSI N45.2.6 Section 3.5.2(1). Organizations identify in their procedures if they qualify their inspectors by Level or by task qualifications. Inspectors are only assigned functions for which they have been qualified.
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Regulatory Guide 1.64, Quality Assurance Requirements for the Design of Nuclear Power Plants (October 1973)

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ANSI Standard N45.2.11-1974, Quality Assurance Requirements for the Design of Nuclear Power Plants

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Those areas of the QA Program for BNP 1 and 2 applicable to design or modification of the plant are in accordance with the applicable guidance of ANSI N45.2.11-1974, with the following exception:

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1. Section 1.4 titled Definitions: Definitions in this standard which are not included in ANSI N45.2.10 will be used; definitions which are included in ANSI N45.2.10 will be used as clarified in the BNP commitment to Regulatory Guide 1.74.
- 

Regulatory Guide 1.74, Quality Assurance Terms and Definitions (February 1974)

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ANSI Standard N45.2.1.0-1973, Quality Assurance Terms and Definitions

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Comply with the provisions of Regulatory Guide 1.74, February, 1974.

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## Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD

Table A17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

---

Regulatory Guide 1.88, Collection, Storage, and Maintenance of Nuclear Power Plant Quality Assurance Records (August 1974)

---

ANSI Standard N45.2.9-1974, Collection, Storage, and Maintenance of QA Records

---

The requirements for collection, storage, and maintenance of QA records at BNP will be in accordance with ANSI N45.2.9-1974 and 17.3.2.15, with the following specific exceptions:

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See standard exception in Table 17-1 Regulatory Guide 1.88 for the appropriate controls on quality in the management of electronic records.

1. The document control facility at the BNP shall comply with the requirement of Regulatory Guide 1.88, October, 1976, Regulatory Position C.2 in that the facility has been specifically designed to protect the contents from fire in accordance with NFPA 232-1975, with the following exceptions/alternatives/comments:
  - a. Records are classified as Class 1 - Vital Records in accordance with NFPA 232-1975, Chapter 5, Section 5222; however, the records that meet this classification include those determined to be QA records as defined in ANSI N45.2.9-1974, Section 1.4.
  - b. The facility is constructed in accordance with NFPA 232-1975 requirements for a fire-resistive file room as defined in NFPA 232-1975, Chapter 3. The walls were designed and constructed equivalent to a four-hour barrier. The doors are four-hour rated vault doors. Penetrations for electrical service and ventilation are sealed to a rating of 3 hours to protect the vault from a fire originating outside the vault.
  - c. Due to the construction of the facility and other safety measures described herein, the statement in NFPA 232-1975, Chapter 3, Section 3022(d), "Class 1 . . . records should not be subjected to these possibilities of destruction by fire" is deemed to be inappropriate.
  - d. The facility is protected by a Halon fire extinguishing system, automatic door closures, and fire detection system.
  - e. The floor of the file room is six inches higher than the floor areas outside the file room.
  - f. The walls are reinforced concrete, ten inches thick.
  - g. The exterior walls are totally enclosed and insulated from the outside environment and elements.
  - h. The facility is constructed independently from the building.
  - i. NFPA 232-1975, Chapter 3, Sections 332 and 333 describe methods for heating and ventilation.  
The facility will have penetrations in the wall for the purposes of heating and ventilation. The facility is equipped with a Heating, Ventilating and Air Conditioning system external to the file room with automatic closing dampers.
  - j. 120 VAC wall outlets are provided in the file room for emergency lighting and janitorial needs. These outlets may be de-energized from a disconnect box installed on the outer wall of the records storage facility. The lighting may be disconnected outside the room and is equipped with a red pilot light.
  - k. BNP QA records not stored in the facility described above may be retained at off-site locations which meet the requirements (with approved exceptions as necessary) of Section 5.6, ANSI 45.2.9-1974.
2. Section 1.4, Definitions: The phrase "when the document has been completed" is clarified to mean when the document has received the final review performed by the organizational element responsible for generating or collecting the records. In the case of a record package made up of several individual documents, the package will be considered to be the document for the purpose of determining when the record is complete.
3. Section 3.2.1, Generation of Quality Assurance Records: The phrase "completely filled out" is clarified to mean that sufficient information is recorded to fulfill the intended purpose of the record.

## Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD

Table A17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

---

Regulatory Guide 1.88, Collection, Storage, and Maintenance of Nuclear Power Plant Quality Assurance Records (August 1974)

---

ANSI Standard N45.2.9-1974, Collection, Storage, and Maintenance of QA Records

---

The requirements for collection, storage, and maintenance of QA records at BNP will be in accordance with ANSI N45.2.9-1974 and 17.3.2.15, with the following specific exceptions:

---

4. Section 4.2, Timeliness: BNP's contractual agreement with its contractors and suppliers will constitute fulfillment of the requirements of this paragraph.
  5. Section 5.4, Preservation: The following clarification is substituted for the current subsection 5.4.2: "Records shall not be stored loosely. They shall be secured for storage in file cabinets or on shelving in containers." The following clarification is substituted for the current subsection 5.4.3: "Appropriate provisions shall be made for special processed records (such as radiographs, photographs, negatives, microfilm and magnetic media) to prevent or minimize damage for excessive light, stacking, electromagnetic fields, temperature and humidity, etc. Manufacturer's recommendations will be considered as appropriate."
  6. Section 5.6, Facility: This paragraph provides no distinction between temporary and permanent facilities. To cover temporary storage, the following clarification is added: "Complete records may be stored in one-hour fire rated file cabinets until transmitted for permanent storage. In general, records shall not be maintained in temporary storage by the generating organization for more than 90 days after completion. Any exceptions to this requirement must be justified, evaluated and approved by the records management organization and documented. A list of exceptions shall be maintained and available for NRC review. Exceptions may include records needed on a continuing basis for an extended period of time at the location of the work group responsible for generating the records and records which are cumulative in nature and could best be turned over for storage for a designated period of time."  
The records management organization will store records in one-hour rated file cabinets while the records are being processed for permanent storage.
  7. See standard exception in Table 17-1 Regulatory Guide 1.88 for the appropriate controls on quality in the management of electronic records.
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Regulatory Guide 1.94, Quality Assurance Requirements for Installation, Inspection, and Testing of Structural Concrete and Structural Steel During the Construction Phase of Nuclear Power Plants (Rev. 1, April 1976)

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ANSI Standard N45.2.5-1974, Supplementary Quality Assurance Requirements for Installation Inspections and Testing of Structural Steel During the Contract Phase of Nuclear Power Plants

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Regulatory Guide 1.94, Revision 1, April 1976 endorses ANSI N45.2.5-1974. BNP 1 and 2 do not commit to Regulatory Guide 1.94 but do endorse parts of ANSI N45.2.5-1974 as described below.

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The original specification requirements, applicable guidance contained in ANSI N45.2.5-1974, or acceptable alternatives based on an engineering evaluation will be utilized in the event future structural work is to be performed which falls under the established requirements of the BNP QA Program.

## Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD

Table A17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.116, QA Requirements for Installation, Inspection, and Testing of Mechanical Equipment and Systems (June 1976)

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ANSI Standard N45.2.8-1975, Supplementary Quality Assurance Requirements for Installation, Inspection, and Testing of Mechanical Equipment and Systems for the Construction Phase of Nuclear Power Plants

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Regulatory Guide 1.116, June 1976, endorses ANSI N45.2.8-1975. BNP 1 and 2 does not commit to Regulatory Guide 1.116 but does endorse parts of ANSI N45.2.8-1975 as described below.

---

Within the context of the established QA Program, the applicable guidance contained in ANSI N45.2.8-1975 will be utilized in relation to mechanical maintenance or modification with the following exceptions:

1. Section 1.4 titled Definitions: Definitions in this standard which are not included in ANSI N45.2.10 will be used; definitions which are included in ANSI N45.2.10 will be used as clarified in BNP's commitment to Regulatory Guide 1.74.
2. Section 1.5 titled Referenced Documents: BNP's commitment to other documents referenced in this standard shall be as stated in our commitment to that document.
3. Section 2.8 titled Measuring and Test Equipment: BNP will implement the applicable portions of this Section as follows:
  - a. The status of portable items of measuring and test equipment and reference standards shall be identified by use of status cards, computer schedules, or tags for the date recalibration is due. These items are in a calibration program which requires recalibration on a specified frequency or, in certain cases, prior to use.
  - b. Instrumentation and electrical equipment in the categories listed below shall be in a calibration program. This program provides, by the use of status cards, computer schedules, or tags, for the date that recalibration is due and indicates the status of calibration. The identity of person(s) performing the calibration is provided on the calibration documents.
    - 1) Instruments installed as listed in the BNP Technical Specifications
    - 2) Installed instrumentation used to verify BNP Technical Specification parameters
    - 3) Installed safety-related instruments and electrical equipment that provide an active function during operation or during shutdown; i.e., instead of being designated safety-related solely because the instrument is an integral part of a pressure retaining boundary,
4. Section 6 titled Data Analysis and Evaluation states in part, "Procedures shall be established for processing inspection and test data and their analysis and evaluation."

At BNP 1 and 2, data processing procedures per se have not been developed; instead, test data are recorded, processed, and analyzed in accordance with procedures and instructions in appropriate functional areas; e.g., maintenance, startup.

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Regulatory Guide 1.123, "Quality Assurance Requirement for Control or Procurement of Items and Services for Nuclear Power Plants"

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ANSI Standard N45.2.13, "Quality Assurance Requirements for Control or Procurement of Items and Services for Nuclear Power Plants" (Draft 2, Rev. 4, April 1974)

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## Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD

Table A17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

---

Regulatory Guide 1.123, "Quality Assurance Requirement for Control or Procurement of Items and Services for Nuclear Power Plants"

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ANSI Standard N45.2.13, "Quality Assurance Requirements for Control or Procurement of Items and Services for Nuclear Power Plants" (Draft 2, Rev. 4, April 1974)

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BNP does not commit to Regulatory Guide 1.123; however, the applicable guidance contained in ANSI N45.2.13 (Draft 2, Revision 4, April 1974) and ANSI N18.7-1976, will be utilized in relation to procurement of items and services performed under the established requirements of the QA Program.

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See standard exceptions in Table 17-1 for Regulatory Guide 1.123 for the procurement of Commercial Grade Items and Services including, purchasing commercial-grade calibration services from calibration laboratories.

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Regulatory Guide 1.144, Auditing of Quality Assurance Programs for Nuclear Power Plants (January 1979)

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ANSI Standard N45.2.12-1977, Requirements for Auditing of Quality Assurance Programs for Nuclear Power Plants

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BNP will follow the requirements and recommendations of Regulatory Guide 1.144 and ANSI Standard N45.2.12, with the following clarifications:

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1. BNP will follow the requirements and recommendations of Regulatory Guide 1.144, paragraphs C.1, C.2, C.3.a.2, C.3.b, and C.4. BNP's position on paragraph C.3.a.1 is as follows:  
  
Audits of operational phase activities, as outlined in Section 17.3.3.3 shall be performed at the frequencies stated in exception 5 for RG 1.33 in Table A17-1.  
  
See standard exceptions in Table 17-1 for Regulatory Guide 1.123 for the procurement of Commercial Grade Items and services including, purchasing commercial-grade calibration services from calibration laboratories.
2. (Deleted)
3. BNP will comply with the last paragraph of Section 4.4 of ANSI N45.2.12 concerning issuing audit reports, with the following clarification: "Audit reports shall be issued within thirty working days after the last day of the audit. The last day of the audit shall be considered to be the day of the post-audit conference. If a post-audit conference is not held because it was deemed unnecessary, the last day of the audit shall be considered to be the date the post-audit conference was deemed unnecessary as documented in the audit report."
4. ANSI N45.2.12 Section 4.3.1, Preaudit Conference: BNP will comply with the requirement of this paragraph by inserting the word "Normally" at the beginning of the first sentence. This clarification is required because, in the case of certain unannounced audits or audits of a particular operation or work activity, a preaudit conference might interfere with the spontaneity of the operation or activity being audited. In other cases, persons who should be present at a preaudit conference may not always be available. Such lack of availability should not be an impediment to beginning an audit. Even in the above examples, which are not intended to be all inclusive, the material set forth in Section 4.3.1 will normally be covered during the course of the audit.

## Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD

Table A17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

---

Regulatory Guide 1.144, Auditing of Quality Assurance Programs for Nuclear Power Plants (January 1979)

---

ANSI Standard N45.2.12-1977, Requirements for Auditing of Quality Assurance Programs for Nuclear Power Plants

---

BNP will follow the requirements and recommendations of Regulatory Guide 1.144 and ANSI Standard N45.2.12, with the following clarifications:

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5. ANSI N45.2.12 Section 4.3.3, Post Audit Conference: BNP will substitute and comply with the following paragraphs:  
For all external audits, a post audit conference shall be held with management of the audited organization to present audit findings and clarify misunderstandings. Where no adverse findings exist, this conference may be waived by management of the audited organization. Such waiver shall be documented in the audit report. For all internal audits, unless unusual operating or maintenance conditions preclude attendance by appropriate management, an audit exit shall be held with management of the audited organization. If there are no adverse findings, management of the audited organization may waive the audit exit. Such waiver shall be documented in the audit report.
6. ANSI N45.2.12 Section 4.4, Reporting:
  - a. This paragraph requires that the audit report be signed by the audit team leader which is not always the most expeditious route for the audit report to be issued as soon as possible. BNP will comply with Section 4.4 as clarified to read:  
An audit report shall be signed by the audit team leader or the leader's supervisor in the absence of the audit team leader. In cases where the audit report is not signed by the audit team leader due to the leader's absence, the record copy of the report must be signed by the audit team leader upon return. The report shall not require the audit team leader's review/concurrence/signature if the audit team leader is no longer employed by BNP at the time audit report is issued. The audit report shall provide:
  - b. BNP will comply with Subsection 4.4.3 clarified to read: "Supervisory level personnel with whom significant discussions were held during the course of preaudit (where conducted), audit, and post audit (where conducted) activities.
  - c. Subsection 4.4.6 requires audit reports to include recommendations for corrective actions. BNP may choose not to comply with this requirement. Instead, BNP audit reports are required to document findings.

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Regulatory Guide 1.146, Qualification of Quality Assurance Program Audit Personnel for Nuclear Power Plants (Rev. 0 August 1980)

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ANSI Standard N45.2.23-1978, Qualification of Quality Assurance Program Audit Personnel for Nuclear Power Plants

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BNP 1 and 2 comply with NRC Regulatory Guide 1.146, Revision 0, which endorses ANSI N45.2.23-1978, with the following exceptions:

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1. Section 1.4 titled Definitions: Definitions in this Standard which are not included in ANSI N45.2.10 will be used; "Audit" which is included in ANSI N45.2.10 will be used as clarified in BNP's commitment to Regulatory Guide 1.74.
2. Section 2.2 titled Qualification of Auditors: Subsection 2.2.1 references an ANSI B45.2 which will be assumed to be N45.2. BNP will comply with an alternate subsection 2.2.1 which reads:  
Orientation to provide a working knowledge and understanding of the BNP Quality Assurance Program, including the Regulatory Guides and ANSI standards included in the Program, and BNP procedures for performing audits and reporting results.

## Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD

Table A17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

---

Regulatory Guide 1.146, Qualification of Quality Assurance Program Audit Personnel for Nuclear Power Plants (Rev. 0 August 1980)

---

ANSI Standard N45.2.23-1978, Qualification of Quality Assurance Program Audit Personnel for Nuclear Power Plants

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BNP 1 and 2 comply with NRC Regulatory Guide 1.146, Revision 0, which endorses ANSI N45.2.23-1978, with the following exceptions:

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3. (Deleted)

4. Section 4.1 titled Organizational Responsibility: BNP will comply with this Section with the substitution of the following sentence in place of the last sentence in the Section:

Management or the Audit Team Leader shall, prior to commencing the audit, assign personnel who collectively have experience or training commensurate with the scope, complexity, or special nature of the activities to be audited.

5. Section 5.3 titled Updating of Lead Auditors' Records: BNP will substitute the following sentence for this Section:

Records for each Lead Auditor shall be maintained and updated during the annual management assessment as defined in Section 3.2 (as clarified).

6. Section 5.4 titled Record Retention: BNP will substitute the following sentence for this Section:

Qualification records shall be retained as required by the BNP Quality Assurance Program.

7. ANSI N45.2.23-1978, Section 2.3.4 titled Audit Participation: BNP will substitute the following for this Section:

Prospective Lead Auditors shall demonstrate the ability to effectively implement the audit process and effectively lead an audit team. This process is described in written procedures which provide for evaluation and documentation of the results of this demonstration. In addition, the prospective Lead Auditor shall have participated in at least two Nuclear Oversight audits within the year preceding the individual's effective date of qualification. Upon successful demonstration of the ability to effectively implement the audit process and effectively lead audits, and having met the other provisions of Section 2.3 of ANSI/ASME N45.2.23-1978, the individual may be certified as being qualified to lead audits.

## Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD

### Table A17-2. Site Specific Response to Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards

Table A17-2 identifies additional Regulatory Guides addressing subjects related to implementation of the QAP but the implementation is site specific and controlled with the UFSAR in accordance with 10 CFR 50.59.

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#### Regulatory Guide 1.8, Personnel Selection and Training

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Personnel selection and training is site specific.

Brunswick addresses conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.8 (SAFETY GUIDE 8, MARCH 1971) in UFSAR Chapter 1 Table 1-6.

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#### Regulatory Guide 1.26, Quality Group Classifications and Standards for Water-, Steam-, and Radioactive-Waste-Containing Components of Nuclear Power Plants

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Quality group classifications and standards trace to the original design and construction of the nuclear power plant and therefore are site specific.

Brunswick does not address Regulatory Guide 1.26 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Table 1-6. Quality group classifications are addressed in UFSAR Chapter 3.

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#### Regulatory Guide 1.29, Seismic Design Classification

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Seismic design classification trace to the original design and construction of the nuclear power plant and therefore is site specific.

Brunswick addresses conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.29 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Table 1-6.

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#### Regulatory Guide 1.36, Nonmetallic Thermal Insulation for Austenitic Stainless Steel

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Nonmetallic thermal insulation for austenitic stainless steel trace to the original design and construction of the nuclear power plant and therefore is site specific.

Brunswick does not address conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.36 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Table 1-6. Thermal insulation for austenitic stainless steel is addressed in UFSAR Section 5.2.

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#### Regulatory Guide 1.54, Quality Assurance Requirements for Protective Coatings Applied to Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants

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Quality assurance requirements for protective coatings applied to water-cooled nuclear power plants trace to the original design and construction of the nuclear power plant and therefore is site specific.

Brunswick addresses conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.54 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Table 1-6.



## Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD

Table A17-2. Site Specific Response to Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

---

Regulatory Guide 1.143, Design Guidance for Radioactive Waste Management Systems, Structures, and Components Installed in Light-Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants

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Design guidance for radioactive waste management systems, structures, and components installed in light-water-cooled nuclear power plants trace to the original design and construction of the nuclear power plant and therefore is site specific.

Brunswick does not address conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.143 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Table 1-6. Design guidance for radioactive waste management systems, structures, and components is addressed in UFSAR Chapter 11.

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Regulatory Guide 1.155, Station Blackout

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Addressing Station Blackout is site specific.

Brunswick addresses conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.155 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Table 1-6.

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Regulatory Guide 4.15, Quality Assurance for Radiological Monitoring Programs (Normal Operations) – Effluent Streams and the Environment

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Quality assurance for radiological monitoring program (normal operations) – effluent streams and the environment is site specific.

Brunswick does not address conformance to Regulatory Guide 4.15 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Table 1-6. The radiological monitoring program is addressed in UFSAR Chapter 11.

## **Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD**

### **A17.3.1 MANAGEMENT**

#### **A17.3.1.1 Methodology**

There are no Brunswick specific amplifications for this section.

#### **A17.3.1.2 Organization**

There are no Brunswick specific amplifications for this section.

#### **A17.3.1.3 Responsibility**

There are no Brunswick specific amplifications for this section.

#### **A17.3.1.4 Authority**

The program and procedures require that the authority and duties of persons and organizations performing activities affecting quality functions be clearly established and delineated in writing and that these individuals and organizations have sufficient authority and organizational freedom to:

1. Identify quality, nuclear safety, and performance problems.
2. Order unsatisfactory work to be stopped and control further processing, delivery, or installation of nonconforming material.
3. Initiate, recommend, or provide solutions for conditions adverse to quality.
4. Verify implementation of solutions.

#### **A17.3.1.5 Personnel Training and Qualification**

There are no Brunswick specific amplifications for this section.

#### **A17.3.1.6 Corrective Action**

The program requires that an evaluation of adverse conditions such as conditions adverse to quality, nonconformances, failures, malfunctions, deficiencies, deviations, and defective material and equipment is conducted to determine need for corrective action.

Conditions adverse to quality are identified through inspections, assessments, tests, checks, and review of documents.

The program requires corrective action to be initiated to preclude recurrence of significant conditions adverse to quality.

Procedures require follow-up reviews, verifications, inspections, etc., to be conducted to verify proper implementation of corrective action and to close out the corrective action documentation.

The program outlines the methodology for resolution of disputes involving quality and nuclear safety issues arising from a difference of opinion between identifying personnel and other groups.

Significant conditions adverse to quality are reported to appropriate management for review and evaluation.

Periodic review and evaluation of adverse trends are performed by management.

## **Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD**

### **A17.3.1.7 Regulatory Commitments**

Written procedures shall be established, implemented, and maintained to ensure implementation of the Process Control Program.

### **A17.3.2 PERFORMANCE/VERIFICATION**

#### **A17.3.2.1 Methodology**

There are no Brunswick specific amplifications for this section.

#### **A17.3.2.2 Design Control**

There are no Brunswick specific amplifications for this section.

#### **A17.3.2.3 Design Verification**

There are no Brunswick specific amplifications for this section.

#### **A17.3.2.4 Procurement Control**

Potential contractors and suppliers are evaluated prior to award of a procurement contract when needed to assure the contractor's or supplier's capability to comply with applicable technical and quality requirements.

Procurement documents, such as purchase specifications, contain or reference the following:

1. Technical, administrative, regulatory, and reporting requirements, including material and component identification requirements, drawings, specifications, codes and industrial standards, test and inspection requirements, and special process instructions.
2. Identification of the documentation to be prepared, maintained, or submitted (as applicable) to BNP for review and approval. These documents may include, as necessary, inspection and test records, qualification records, or code required documentation.
3. Identification of those records to be retained, controlled, and maintained by the supplier, and those delivered to the purchaser prior to use or installation of the hardware.

Procurement documents require suppliers to operate in accordance with QA programs which are compatible with the applicable requirements of the QA Program and procedures where their services are utilized in support of plant activities.

#### **A17.3.2.5 Procurement Verification**

There are no Brunswick specific amplifications for this section.

## **Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD**

### **A17.3.2.6 Identification and Control of Items**

Procedures require that materials, parts, and components be identified and controlled to prevent the use of incorrect or defective items. These procedures also require that identification of items be maintained either on the item in a manner that does not affect the function or quality of the item, or on records traceable to the item.

Procedures implementing these requirements provide for the following:

1. Verification that items received at the plant are properly identified and can be traced to the appropriate documentation, such as drawings, specifications, purchase orders, manufacturing and inspection documents, nonconformance reports, or material test reports.
2. Verification of item identification consistent with the BNP inventory control system and traceable to documentation which identifies the proper uses or applications of the item.

### **A17.3.2.7 Handling, Storage, and Shipping**

Provisions are established to control the shelf life and storage of chemicals, reagents, lubricants, and other consumable materials.

### **A17.3.2.8 Test Control**

Test procedures incorporate or reference the following, as required:

1. Instructions and prerequisites for performing the test,
2. Use of proper test equipment,
3. Mandatory inspection hold points,
4. Acceptance criteria

Test results are documented, evaluated, and their acceptability determined by a qualified, responsible individual or group.

When the acceptance criteria are not met, affected areas are to be retested or evaluated, as appropriate.

### **A17.3.2.9 Measuring and Test Equipment Control**

Portable measuring and test equipment are calibrated by standards at least four times as accurate as the portable measuring and test equipment, unless limited by the state of the art.

Special tools such as torque wrenches, calipers, and micrometers are calibrated to be at least as accurate as the application(s) for which it is used, using standards which are at least as accurate as the special tool being calibrated.

Installed measuring and test instruments are calibrated by instruments at least as accurate as the installed, unless limited by the state of the art.

Reference and transfer standards are traceable to nationally recognized standards; or where national standards do not exist, provisions are established to document the basis for the calibration.

## **Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD**

### **A17.3.2.10 Inspection Test and Operating Status**

These procedures include the application, removal, and verification of inspection and welding stamps, or other status indicators as appropriate.

Altering the sequence of required tests, inspections, and safety-related operations can only be accomplished by methods outlined in procedures.

### **A17.3.2.11 Special Process Control**

There are no Brunswick specific amplifications for this section.

### **A17.3.2.12 Inspection**

There are no Brunswick specific amplifications for this section.

### **A17.3.2.13 Corrective Action**

The primary goal of the BNP corrective action program is to improve overall plant operations and performance by identifying and correcting root causes of equipment and human performance problems.

Procedures define requirements for a corrective action program that charges personnel working at or supporting the nuclear plants with the responsibility to identify adverse conditions (including conditions adverse to quality).

Procedures include requirements for verification of the acceptability of the rework/repair of items by re-inspection and/or testing in accordance with the original inspection or test requirements or by an accepted alternative inspection and testing method.

Conditions that require rework/repairs are identified through the use of maintenance work request forms.

### **A17.3.2.14 Control of Documents**

Changes to documents are reviewed and approved by the same organization that performed the original review and approval or by other designated qualified responsible organizations.

### **A17.3.2.15 Records**

The structure in which single copy records are maintained is designed to prevent destruction, deterioration or theft. This structure ensures protection against destruction by fire, flooding, theft and deterioration by the environmental conditions of temperature and humidity.

### **A17.3.2.16 Record Retention**

A list of typical operational phase QA Records is included in 17.3.2.15.

## **Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD**

### **A17.3.3 ASSESSMENT**

#### **A17.3.3.1 Methodology**

There are no Brunswick specific amplifications for this section.

#### **A17.3.3.2 Independent Review**

There are no Brunswick specific amplifications for this section.

#### **A17.3.3.3 Independent Assessment**

There are no Brunswick specific amplifications for this section.

##### **A17.3.3.3.1 Organization**

There are no Brunswick specific amplifications for this section.

##### **A17.3.3.3.2 Internal Assessment Process**

There are no Brunswick specific amplifications for this section.

##### **A17.3.3.3.3 Internal Audit Program**

###### **A17.3.3.3.3.1 Other Reviews Prescribed by the Code of Federal Regulations**

There are no Brunswick specific amplifications for this section.

###### **A17.3.3.3.3.2 Independent Audit of Fire Protection Program**

There are no Brunswick specific amplifications for this section.

###### **A17.3.3.3.4 Results**

There are no Brunswick specific amplifications for this section.

###### **A17.3.3.3.5 Supplier Oversight**

There are no Brunswick specific amplifications for this section.

###### **A17.3.3.3.6 Independent Audit of QA Functions**

There are no Brunswick specific amplifications for this section.

###### **A17.3.3.3.7 Audit Frequency Extensions**

There are no Brunswick specific amplifications for this section.

### **A17.3.4 REVIEW AND AUDIT**

The topics in this section were added to the BNP UFSAR description of the QA Program to relocate certain administrative controls from Technical Specifications. Those relocated administrative controls, indicated by section heading, are either contained below or referenced to the current location.

#### **A17.3.4.1 Procedures, Tests, and Experiments**

1. The procedures established, implemented, and maintained for the Quality Assurance Program for effluent and environmental monitoring use the guidance in Regulatory Guide 1.21, Revision 1, June 1974 and Regulatory Guide 4.1, Revision 1, April 1975.

## **Attachment A, Brunswick Specific QAPD**

2. See Section 17.3.2.14 for required reviews for changes to procedures, tests, and experiments.

### **A17.3.4.2 Modifications**

See Section 17.3.2.2, Design Control for reviews required for modifications.

### **A17.3.4.3 Operating License/BNP Technical Specifications**

1. Operating License/BNP Technical Specification changes shall be processed in accordance with 10CFR 50.90.
2. Operating License/BNP Technical Specification change requests shall be reviewed by the On-Site Review Committee in accordance with Section 17.3.3.2.
3. Changes to the 61BTH Independent Spent Fuel Storage Installation (ISFSI) BNP Technical Specifications and License are processed by Transnuclear, Inc., and will only be reviewed by the On-Site Review Committee if a plant-specific safety issue is identified.

### **A17.3.4.4 10CFR 50.59 Evaluations and Independent Review Control**

See Section 17.3.4.2, 10 CFR 50.59 Reviews.

### **A17.3.4.5 Nuclear Reviewers**

Technical reviewer qualifications are addressed in Section 17.3.4.1, Technical Reviews and 10 CFR 50.59 evaluator qualifications are addressed in Section 17.3.4.2, 10 CFR 50.59 Reviews.

### **A17.3.4.6 Plant Nuclear Safety Committee**

See Section 17.3.3.2, Independent Review.

## **Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD**

### **Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD**

Information presented in this attachment is specific to Harris and was contained in the UFSAR prior to Amendment 41.

Where a section contains no descriptive information beyond that in the generic text in the body of the document, a statement is made to that effect and no content is included. See B17.3.1.2, Organization for example.

### **B17. QUALITY ASSURANCE**

#### **B17.1 QA DURING DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION**

See Harris UFSAR Chapter 17 for historic information from the description of the QA Program for design and construction.

#### **B17.2 OPERATIONAL QA**

Deleted

(NOTE: In April 1995, NRC approved the reformatting of the description of the Harris QA Program to follow Standard Revision Plan Section 17.3, replacing the content of 17.2.)

#### **B17.3 HNP QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM (QAP) DESCRIPTION**

##### **INTRODUCTION**

This content is not addressed in SRP Section 17.3; therefore, the Harris description of the QA Program did not include this section.

##### **DEFINITIONS**

Harris specific definitions are found in Table B17.1 addressing conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.74, Quality Assurance Terms and Definitions.

##### **EXPLANATION OF "QUALITY ASSURANCE"**

There is no Harris specific content.

##### **QA STANDARDS AND GUIDES**

Table B17-1 and B17-2 address QAP conformance to the referenced regulatory and program guidance in NUREG-0800 Section 17.3.

The content of Table B17-1 was transferred from Section 1.8 of the Harris UFSAR. Changes to the content of Table B17-1 are controlled in accordance with 10 CFR 50.54(a). Subsequent changes to the QAP are incorporated in this document as identified in Section 17.3.1.7.

Table B17-2 addresses additional Regulatory Guides that relate to implementation of the QAP but the implementation is site specific and controlled with the Harris UFSAR in accordance with 10 CFR 50.59.



## Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD

**Table B17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards**

Generic Exception:

Table B17-1 addresses the Harris Nuclear Plant (HNP) Conformance of the Quality Assurance Program to certain NRC Regulatory Guides. In so doing, specific editions of industry standards are identified for compliance with exceptions and alternatives. Those identified standards include references to other industry standards for activities including, but not limited to; design, fabrication, inspection, and testing. Those included reference industry standards are considered to be guidance documents for details of how activities may be accomplished. The actual standard to be used in such cases is controlled by each station's current licensing and design bases.

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Regulatory Guide 1.28, Quality Assurance Program Requirements (Design and Construction) (Rev 0)

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ANSI N45.2-1971, Quality Assurance Program Requirements for Nuclear Power Plants

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For those activities performed under operating license, HNP shall comply with the requirements of Regulatory Guide 1.33 as specified in the position on Regulatory Guide 1.33. Regulatory Guide 1.28 is not considered necessary and is not included as part of the operational QA program.

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Regulatory Guide 1.30, Quality Assurance Requirements for the Installation and Testing of Instrumentation and Electric Equipment (Rev. 0)

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HNP complies with the requirements of ANSI N45.2.4-1972), Installation, Inspection, and Testing Requirements for Instrumentation and Electrical Equipment During the Construction of Nuclear Power Generating Stations, as it is endorsed by Regulatory Guide 1.30 with the following clarifications:

1. Section 2.1, planning: requirements, as determined by responsible plant management, will be incorporated into procedures.
2. Sections 2.2 and 2.3; prerequisites, procedures, and instructions: these controls will be implemented as determined by responsible plant management in approved procedures.
3. Section 2.4, results, will be implemented as set forth in 17.3.2.12 and by compliance with Regulatory Guide 1.33.
4. Section 2.5, measuring and test equipment, will be implemented as set forth in 17.3.2.9 in lieu of the requirements set forth in this paragraph.
5. Section 3, preconstruction verification: "approved instructions" are interpreted to include vendor manuals.
6. Section 4, installation, will be implemented by inclusion of requirements in modification or maintenance procedures, where such procedures are used. Standard HNP practices require that appropriate care be exercised whether a procedure is required or not.
7. Section 5.1, inspections, including subsections 5.1.1, 5.1.2, and the first sentence in 5.1.3, will be implemented as set forth in 17.3.2.12. The remaining sentence in 5.1.3 is covered in equivalent detail by HNP's commitment to Regulatory Guide 1.33, Section 5.2.6; the requirements as set forth in that commitment will be implemented in lieu of the requirements stated here.

## Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD

Table B17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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### Regulatory Guide 1.30, Quality Assurance Requirements for the Installation and Testing of Instrumentation and Electric Equipment (Rev. 0)

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HNP complies with the requirements of ANSI N45.2.4-1972), Installation, Inspection, and Testing Requirements for Instrumentation and Electrical Equipment During the Construction of Nuclear Power Generating Stations, as it is endorsed by Regulatory Guide 1.30 with the following clarifications:

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8. Section 5.2, tests, including subsections 5.2.1 through 5.2.3, will be implemented as set forth in 17.3.2.8. The test program will consider the elements outlined in this paragraph when developing test requirements for inclusion in maintenance and modification procedures. In some cases, testing requirements may be met by post-installation surveillance testing in lieu of a special post-installation test.
  9. Section 6, post-construction verification, is not generally considered applicable at operating facilities because of the scope of the work and the relatively short interval between installation and operation.
  10. Section 6.2.1 titled equipment tests: the last paragraph of this section deals with tagging and labeling. HNP will comply with an alternate last paragraph which reads: "Each safety-related component of process instrumentation is identified with a unique number. This number is utilized in instrument maintenance records so that current calibration status, including data such as the date of the calibration and identity of person that performed the calibration, can be readily determined. Such information may also be contained on tags or labels which may be attached to installed instrumentation."
  11. Section 7, data analysis and evaluation, will be implemented as stated with adding the clarifying phrase "when used" at the beginning of that paragraph. The plant shall have procedures, to the extent determined by responsible plant management, for the performance of analyzing test data, but these procedures are not referred to as data processing procedures.
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### Regulatory Guide 1.33, Quality Assurance Program Requirements (Rev. 2) (Operation)

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HNP complies with this guide, which endorses ANSI N18.7-1976, Administrative Controls and Quality Assurance for the Operational Phase of Nuclear Power Plants, with the following clarifications:

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1. Section 1, "Scope", recommends that this standard applies to activities other than those associated with safety related equipment, activities, and procedures. ANSI N18.7-1976 has not fully taken into account the requirements of regulations other than 10CFR 50. Conflicts may exist between ANSI N18.7-1976 and those other regulations, such as OSHA, 10CFR 19, 20, 21, 30, 40, 70, 71, 73, and ASME. Therefore, HNP shall apply ANSI N18.7-1976 only to those plant features addressed in Section 3.2 of the HNP UFSAR that are classified as safety-related and under the control of the QA program.
2. Written audit reports are not formally reviewed as part of the independent review function.
3. The CNO will assure that an independent assessment of the overall nuclear oversight program is conducted at least once every 24 months. See Section 17.3.3.3.6 Independent Audit of QA Functions.
4. Section 5.2.6, Equipment Control: HNP will comply with the "independent verification" requirements based on the definition of this phrase as given under the commitment to Regulatory Guide 1.74.  
Since HNP sometimes uses descriptive names to designate equipment, the sixth paragraph, second sentence is replaced with: "Suitable means include identification numbers or other descriptions which are traceable to records of the status of inspections and tests."

## Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD

Table B17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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### Regulatory Guide 1.33, Quality Assurance Program Requirements (Rev. 2) (Operation)

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HNP complies with this guide, which endorses ANSI N18.7-1976, Administrative Controls and Quality Assurance for the Operational Phase of Nuclear Power Plants, with the following clarifications:

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- The first sentence in the seventh paragraph will be complied with after clarifying "operating personnel" to mean trained employees assigned to, or under the control of, Duke Energy management at an operating nuclear facility.
5. Section 5.2.7, Maintenance and Modification: since some emergency situations could arise which preclude preplanning of all activities, HNP will comply with an alternate to the first sentence in the second paragraph which reads:  
"Except in emergency or abnormal operating conditions where immediate actions are required to protect the health and safety of the public, to protect equipment or personnel, or to prevent the deterioration of plant conditions to a possible unsafe or unstable level, maintenance or modification of equipment shall be preplanned and performed in accordance with written procedures. Where written procedures would be required and are not used, the activities that were accomplished shall be documented after the fact and receive the same degree of review as if they had been preplanned." where procedures are not available, documented instructions may be used to perform maintenance and modification activities. "Documented instructions" are defined as any credible information (e.g., vendor manuals, vendor recommendations, engineering direction etc.) used during work planning/execution which is reviewed and approved prior to use in accordance with approved procedures.  
Section 5.2.7.1, Maintenance Programs: HNP will comply with the requirements of the first sentence of the fifth paragraph. This clarification is needed since it is not always possible to promptly determine the cause of the malfunction. HNP will initiate proceedings to determine the cause, and will make such determination promptly where practical. Determination of the term "promptly" and the term "practical" will be the responsibility of plant management and shall be based on the effect of the condition on the immediate health and safety of the public.
  6. Section 5.2.8, Surveillance Testing and Inspection Schedule: In lieu of a "master surveillance schedule," the following requirement shall be complied with: "surveillance testing schedule(s) shall be established reflecting the status of all planned in-plant surveillance tests and inspections."
  7. Section 5.2.9, Plant Security and Visitor Control, requires certain procedures and controls. In order to ensure that a conflict between 10CFR 73 and Regulatory Guide 1.17 and ANSI N18.17 does not exist, HNP shall not follow Section 5.2.9. An NRC approved security plan was implemented prior to fuel loading.
  8. Section 5.2.11, Corrective Action, requires certain activities to be performed. In order to avoid conflict between requirements, HNP shall follow the requirements in Sections 17.3.1.6 and 17.3.2.13, in lieu of Section 5.2.11.
  9. Section 5.2.13.1, Procurement Document Control: When purchasing commercial-grade calibration services from certain accredited calibration laboratories, the procurement documents are not required to impose a quality assurance program consistent with ANSI N45.2-1971. Alternate requirements described in this table for Regulatory Guide 1.123 may be implemented in lieu of imposing a quality assurance program consistent with ANSI N45.2-1971. When purchasing nuclear safety related material, equipment and services, the supplier is required to meet applicable criteria of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B and 10 CFR 21.

## Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD

Table B17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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### Regulatory Guide 1.33, Quality Assurance Program Requirements (Rev. 2) (Operation)

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HNP complies with this guide, which endorses ANSI N18.7-1976, Administrative Controls and Quality Assurance for the Operational Phase of Nuclear Power Plants, with the following clarifications:

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10. Section 5.2.15, Review, Approval and Control of Procedures: The third sentence in paragraph three is interpreted to mean: "Applicable procedures shall be reviewed following an accident, an unexpected transient or a significant operator error. Applicable procedures shall also be reviewed following an equipment malfunction which results in a reportable event."  
Section 5.2.15 titled Review, Approval and Control of Procedures, states that, "Plant procedures shall be reviewed by an individual knowledgeable in the area affected by the procedure no less frequently than every two years to determine if changes are necessary. A revision to a procedure constitutes a procedure review." In lieu of this commitment, Duke Energy addresses programmatic controls in Section 17.3.2.14 to continually identify procedure revisions which may be needed to ensure that procedures are appropriate for the circumstance and are maintained current.
11. Section 5.2.16, Measuring and Test Equipment - In order to properly address this paragraph, HNP submits the following discussion of M&TE:  
IEEE Standard 498-1975 defines measuring and test equipment (M&TE) as follows:  
Devices or systems used to calibrate, measure, gauge, test, inspect, or control in order to acquire research, development, test, or operational data to determine compliance with design, specifications, or other technical requirements. M&TE does not include permanently installed operating equipment or test equipment used for preliminary checks where accuracy is not required; for example, circuit checking multimeters.  
Note: M&TE does not include rules, tape measures, levels, and other devices if normal commercial practices provide adequate accuracy.  
There is a key distinction between installed process instruments and measuring and test equipment. A piece of measuring and test equipment may be used to calibrate a number of plant instruments. Thus, a calibration error could affect a wide variety of plant equipment. Process instruments, on the other hand, perform a single function and may be used to operate equipment, verify operability of equipment, or perform a single monitoring or trip function. In the case of measuring and test equipment, the key concern when a device is out of calibration is to identify other instruments to which this accuracy has been transferred and, secondly, to prevent recurrence. In the case of process instruments, the key emphasis is to prevent recurrence of the out-of-calibration condition.  
In ANSI N18.7-1976 (and other documents), the distinction between measuring and test equipment and process instruments is not well defined.  
The requirements in the second and third paragraphs in Section 5.2.16 will be applied to measuring and test equipment and those in the first and third paragraphs applied to process instruments with the exception that process instrumentation shall be "suitably marked or tracked to indicate calibration status" versus "suitably marked to indicate calibration status."  
In addition, a review of out-of-calibration process instruments will be made to determine if action is required to prevent recurrence. Such action may include modification, procedural revision, or corrective maintenance. Section 17.3.2.9 provides additional requirements for control of M&TE.
12. Section 5.2.17, Inspections: As a general clarification, when inspections are not contained in a separate inspection report, inspection requirements will be integrated into appropriate procedures or other documents with the procedure or document serving as the record. Records of inspections will be identifiable and retrievable.

## Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD

Table B17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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### Regulatory Guide 1.33, Quality Assurance Program Requirements (Rev. 2) (Operation)

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HNP complies with this guide, which endorses ANSI N18.7-1976, Administrative Controls and Quality Assurance for the Operational Phase of Nuclear Power Plants, with the following clarifications:

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13. Section 5.2.17, second to the last sentence in the last paragraph, "Deviations, their cause, and any . . .", to be consistent with Section 5.2.11, the cause of the condition will be determined for only significant conditions adverse to safety.
14. Section 5.3.5(4), HNP interprets the review requirements for "supporting maintenance documents" which have not been incorporated in a procedure, be performed in an equivalent manner as described in approved procedures.
15. Section 5.3.6, Radiation Control Procedures, Discusses certain control programs. As previously stated, Section 1, scope, of ANSI N18.7-1976 references those activities involved with being safety-related.  
The radiation protection program is not considered to be in this category but rather a program required to comply with 10CFR 19, 20, 30, 70, 71, and 100. Therefore, HNP shall develop its radiation protection program as stated in Section 12.5 of the HNP UFSAR.
16. Section 5.3.9.3, Emergency Procedures: As directed by the NRC, HNP will follow a format for emergency procedures in accordance with 10CFR 50, Appendix E.
17. Exception to Paragraph C.3 of Regulatory Guide 1.33 and ANSI N18.7-1976 Section 4.3: Independent Review Program requirements are replaced by Section 17.3.3.2, Independent Review. This exception uses NRC Safety Evaluation dated January 13, 2005 to Nuclear Management Company (ADAMS ML050210276).
18. Regulatory position C.4 modifies the audit frequencies in Section 4.5 of ANSI N18.7. Duke Energy takes exception to this regulatory position. The audits of selected aspects of operational phase activities as identified in Section 17.3.3.3.3, Internal Audit Program, are scheduled based on plant performance and importance to safety but at a frequency not to exceed twenty-four months with extensions as allowed in Section 17.3.3.3.7, Audit Frequency Extensions.
19. Paragraph C.5.d of the Regulatory Guide 1.33 will be implemented by adding the clarifying phrase "Where practicable" in front of the fourth sentence of the fifth paragraph. The Regulatory Guide's changing of the two uses of the word "should" in this sentence to "shall" unnecessarily restricts HNP's options on repair or replacement parts. It is not always practicable to test parts prior to use. Modification review in accordance with the provisions of 10CFR 50.59 will be conducted and documented.  
The words "where practical" will be determined by responsible plant management and the results documented.
20. Paragraph C.5.e of Regulatory Guide 1.33 will be implemented subject to the same clarifications made for ANSI N45.2.2.
21. Paragraph C.5.f of Regulatory Guide 1.33 will be implemented with the substitution of the word "practical" for the word "possible" in the last sentence.
22. Paragraph C.5.g of Regulatory Guide 1.33 will be implemented with the addition of the modifier "normally" after each of the verbs (should) which the regulatory guide converts to "shall". It is HNP's intent to fully comply with the requirements of this paragraph, and any conditions which do not fully comply will be documented and approved by the plant staff. In these cases, the reason for the exception shall be retained for the same period of time as the affected preoperational tests.

## Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD

Table B17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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### Regulatory Guide 1.33, Quality Assurance Program Requirements (Rev. 2) (Operation)

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HNP complies with this guide, which endorses ANSI N18.7-1976, Administrative Controls and Quality Assurance for the Operational Phase of Nuclear Power Plants, with the following clarifications:

23. Section 5.2.2, Procedure Adherence describes that for temporary changes to procedures that one of the approvers shall be the supervisor in charge of the shift and hold a senior reactor operator license. To avoid overloading the supervisor in charge of the shift with administrative tasks, any member of operation's management with a senior reactor operator license will be allowed to approve temporary changes to procedures. The change is documented and, if appropriate, reviewed and approved for incorporation in the next revision of the procedure within 14 days of implementation of the temporary change.
24. Section 5.3.10 of ANSI N18.7-1976/ANS-3.2, the last sentence in the first paragraph requires "test and inspection results, shall be documented and evaluated..." also, the last sentence in the second paragraph requires "the test and inspection procedures shall require recording the date, identification of those performing the test or inspection, as-found condition, corrective actions performed, if any, and as-left condition." as an alternative to the records required for inspections outlined in Section 5.3.10, HNP shall provide the following as the method to document results of inspections:  
the results of inspections will be documented in appropriate records and those records shall, as a minimum, identify (A) through (H) below:
  - (A) authorized individual approving results.
  - (B) date of inspection.
  - (C) inspector/data recorder.
  - (D) item inspected.
  - (E) M&TE used.
  - (F) reference to information on action taken in connection with non-conformances.
  - (G) results or acceptability.
  - (H) type of observation.

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### Regulatory Guide 1.37, Quality Assurance Requirements for Cleaning Fluid Systems and Associated Components of Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants (Rev. 0)

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HNP shall comply with the requirements of ANSI N45.2.1-1973, Cleaning of Fluid Systems and Associated Components During Construction Phase of Nuclear Power Plants, as it is endorsed by Regulatory Guide 1.37-March 1973, with the following clarifications:

1. Section 2.5, Test Equipment, outlines control of inspection and test equipment. HNP has addressed its position relative to measuring & test equipment (M&TE) in 17.3.2.9.
2. Section 5, Installation Cleaning: The recommendation that local rusting on corrosion resistant alloys be removed by mechanical methods is interpreted to mean that local rusting may be removed mechanically, but the use of other removal means is not precluded provided other cleaning methods are not considered detrimental as determined by responsible plant management.
3. The guide and standard are applicable to those areas of the quality assurance program addressing on-site cleaning of materials and components, cleanness control, preoperation cleaning and layup of fluid systems.
4. With regard to paragraph C.3 of Regulatory Guide 1.37: Chromates or other additives, normally in the system water, will not necessarily be added to the flush water.

## Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD

Table B17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.37, Quality Assurance Requirements for Cleaning Fluid Systems and Associated Components of Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants (Rev. 0)

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HNP shall comply with the requirements of ANSI N45.2.1-1973, Cleaning of Fluid Systems and Associated Components During Construction Phase of Nuclear Power Plants, as it is endorsed by Regulatory Guide 1.37-March 1973, with the following clarifications:

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5. With regard to paragraph C.4 of Regulatory Guide 1.37: Expendable materials, such as inks and related products; temperature indicating sticks; tapes; gummed labels; wrapping materials; water soluble dam materials; lubricants, NDT penetrant materials and couplants, desiccants, which contact stainless steel or nickel alloy surfaces shall be of commercial quality. Levels for halogens, sulfur, chlorides, low melting point metal, etc., for use on stainless steel and nickel alloy surfaces will be as determined by responsible technical group to limit or preclude intergranular cracking and stress corrosion cracking.
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Regulatory Guide 1.38, Quality Assurance Requirements for Packaging, Shipping, Receiving, Storage, and Handling of Items for Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants (Rev. 2)

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HNP shall comply with the requirements of ANSI N45.2.2-1972, Packing, Shipping, Receiving, Storage, and Handling of Items for Nuclear Power Plants, as it is endorsed by Regulatory Guide 1.38 with the following clarifications:

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1. Section 2.1, Planning: (first sentence) the specific items to be governed by the standard shall be identified. However, the standard is part of the HNP QA program and it will, therefore, be applied to those structures, systems, and components which are included in that program.
2. Section 2.3 - Results - The full requirements of this paragraph shall apply to the inspections and tests that are performed to determine the acceptability of product quality.
3. Section 2.4 - those personnel that perform inspection, examination, and testing activities for verification and acceptance/rejection purposes shall be qualified in accordance with Regulatory Guide 1.58.
4. Section 2.5 - Measuring and Test Equipment (2.5.2) - That equipment which measures quality of the permanent plant items shall be under the calibration and control program; whereas the equipment used to measure secondary conditions, such as warehouse temperature, humidity, etc., will be maintained in good working order and checked for proper functioning when accuracy is in doubt, but not maintained under the calibration and control program. Traceability to calibration records will be provided when it is impractical (because of size, configuration, or application) to physically mark calibration information on the item. Note: M&TE does not include rulers, tape measures, levels, and other devices if normal commercial practices provide adequate accuracy.
5. Section 2.7, Classification of Items: HNP may choose not to explicitly use the four level classification system. However, the specific requirements of the standard that are appropriate to each class will be applied unless justified and documented.
6. Section 2.7.1(3) requires special nuclear material (fuel) and sources to be classified as Level A. HNP shall store new/used nuclear fuel and radioactive sources in storage locations as described in the Chapters 9 and 12 of the UFSAR. Radioactive sources used by HP personnel shall be stored and controlled in accordance with HP practices and procedures.
7. Section 3.2 - Levels of Packaging - Packaging for shipment off-site will be equal to or exceed the original packaging by the vendor, as required to assure the quality of the item is not degraded as a result of shipping or handling.

## Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD

Table B17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.38, Quality Assurance Requirements for Packaging, Shipping, Receiving, Storage, and Handling of Items for Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants (Rev. 2)

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HNP shall comply with the requirements of ANSI N45.2.2-1972, Packing, Shipping, Receiving, Storage, and Handling of Items for Nuclear Power Plants, as it is endorsed by Regulatory Guide 1.38 with the following clarifications:

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8. Section 3.4, Methods of Preservation: (first sentence) HNP will comply with these requirements subject to the clarification that the term "deleterious corrosion" means corrosion which cannot be subsequently removed and which adversely affects form, fit, or function.
9. Section 3.6 - Barrier and Wrap Materials and Desiccants - The use of clear plastic in warehouses will be minimized. The guide rule is that the clear plastic shall be used only where periodic visual inspection is necessary. Plastic wrap on items supplied in accordance with a vendor's approved QA/QC program will be accepted and stored without rewrapping.
10. Section 3.7, Containers, Crating and Skids: In lieu of the requirements of this paragraph, HNP will use means as determined by responsible plant technical personnel needed to provide adequate protection of the items in storage.
11. Section 4 - Shipping - Requirements of Section 4, Shipping, primarily applies to the vendor. Plant functions with regard to return shipments will meet or exceed the methods of the vendor for the item or approved alternatives.
12. Section 5.2.1, Shipping Damage Inspection: Warehouse personnel will normally visually scrutinize incoming shipments for damage of the types listed in this paragraph; this activity is not necessarily performed prior to unloading. Since required items receive the item inspection of Section 5.2.2, separate documentation of the shipping damage inspection is not necessary. Release of the transport agent after unloading and the signing for the receipt of the shipment may be all of the action taken to document completion of the shipping damage inspection. Any nonconformances noted will be documented and dispositioned as required by 17.3.2.13. The person performing the visual scrutiny during unloading is not considered to be performing an inspection function as defined under Regulatory Guide 1.74; therefore, while he will be trained and qualified to perform this function, he may not necessarily be certified (N45.2.6) as an inspector.
13. Section 5.2.2, Item Inspection: The need and extent for inspection of items will be determined by responsible plant technical personnel. Receiving inspections shall be performed in an area designated for receipt of material and shall normally be performed in the receiving building. The receiving building and the areas designated will provide adequate protection for the material, but may not comply with all of the specific requirements contained in Section 6 of this standard. Material that is suspected of being compromised during the receiving process shall be evaluated by responsible technical personnel, as determined by plant management.
14. Section 5.2.2(1) - Identification and Marking - Item inspection will include inspection for identification and marking required by the purchase order documents. Marking that is not quality related or which provides no traceability will not be inspected.
15. Section 5.3.1 - Acceptable - Item acceptance status will be indicated by application of tags, stickers, ribbons, or signs. Storage areas are not designated as accept areas except for bulk items.



## Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD

Table B17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.38, Quality Assurance Requirements for Packaging, Shipping, Receiving, Storage, and Handling of Items for Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants (Rev. 2)

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HNP shall comply with the requirements of ANSI N45.2.2-1972, Packing, Shipping, Receiving, Storage, and Handling of Items for Nuclear Power Plants, as it is endorsed by Regulatory Guide 1.38 with the following clarifications:

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16. Section 6.1.1 - Scope - The levels and methods of storage for items between the time of removal from the prescribed storage until placement in the installed location may be relaxed as determined by responsible plant management for short periods of time, according to the sensitivity of the item being handled and the elements of contact anticipated during this interval. Where relaxation of storage requirements of this standard are deemed appropriate, the item, conditions, precautions and follow-up inspection for assurance that quality of the item has been maintained will be documented.
17. Section 6.1.2, Levels of Storage: Subpart (2) is replaced with the following:
  - (2) Level B items shall be stored within a fire-resistant, weather-tight, and well ventilated building or equivalent enclosure. This building shall be situated and constructed so that it will not normally be subject to flooding; the floor shall be paved or equal, and well drained. If any water comes in contact with stored equipment, such equipment will be labeled or tagged nonconforming, and then the nonconformance document will be processed and evaluated. Items shall be placed on pallets, shoring, or shelves to permit air circulation. The building shall be provided with heating and temperature control or its equivalent to reduce condensation and corrosion. Minimum temperature shall be 40°F and maximum temperature shall be 140°F or less if so stipulated by a manufacturer.
18. Section 6.2.1, Access to Storage Areas: Items which fall within the level d classification of the standard will be stored in areas which may be posted to limit access, but other positive controls such as fencing or guards will not normally be provided.
19. Section 6.2.4, Storage of Food and Associated Items: The sentence is replaced with the following: "The use or storage of food, drinks, and salt tablet dispensers in any storage area shall be controlled and shall be limited to designated areas where such use or storage is not deleterious to stored items."
20. Section 6.2.5, Measures to Prevent Entrance of Animals: The sentence is replaced with the following: "Warehouse personnel shall be alert to detect evidence of rodents or small animals in indoor storage areas.  
Consideration will be given when setting up the system to provide reasonable assurance that rodents or other small animals will not be present. If any such evidence is detected, a survey or inspection will be utilized to determine the extent of the damage; exterminators or other appropriate measures shall be used to control these animals to minimize possible contamination and mechanical damage to stored material."
21. Section 6.3.3, Storage of Hazardous Material: The sentence is replaced with the following: "Hazardous chemicals, paints, solvents, and other materials of a like nature shall be stored in approved cabinets or containers which are not in close proximity to installed safety systems required for safe shutdown."
22. Section 6.4.2, Care of Items: The following alternates are provided for indicated subparts:
  - (5) "Space heaters in electrical equipment shall be energized unless a documented engineering evaluation determines that such space heaters are not required."
  - (6) "Large (greater than or equal to 50 hp) rotating electrical equipment shall be given insulation resistance tests on a scheduled basis unless a documented engineering evaluation determines that such tests are not required."

## Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD

Table B17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.38, Quality Assurance Requirements for Packaging, Shipping, Receiving, Storage, and Handling of Items for Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants (Rev. 2)

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HNP shall comply with the requirements of ANSI N45.2.2-1972, Packing, Shipping, Receiving, Storage, and Handling of Items for Nuclear Power Plants, as it is endorsed by Regulatory Guide 1.38 with the following clarifications:

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- (7) "Prior to being placed in storage, rotating equipment weighing over approximately 50 pounds shall be evaluated by engineering personnel to determine if shaft rotation in storage is required; the results of the evaluation shall be documented. If rotation is required, it shall be performed at specified intervals, and documented. The degree of turn shall be established so that the parts receive a coating of lubrication where applicable, and so that the shaft does not come to rest in the position prior to rotation. (90 deg. and 450 deg. rotations are examples.) For long shafts or heavy equipment subject to undesirable bowing, shaft orientation after rotation shall be specified and obtained."
- (8) Other maintenance requirements specified by the manufacturer's instructions shall be evaluated by responsible plant personnel to determine applicability during storage of the item.
23. Section 6.5, Removal of Items from Storage: HNP does not consider the last sentence of this paragraph to be applicable to the operations phase due to the relatively short period of time between installation and use. The first sentence of the paragraph is replaced with: "HNP will develop, issue, and implement a procedure(s) which cover(s) the removal of items from storage. The procedure(s) will assure that the inspection status of all material issued is known, controlled, and appropriately dispositioned."  
When items are released and waiting at a location prior to installation, responsible plant management in accordance with plant procedures will determine and document the extent of inspection and storage requirements.
24. Section 6.6, Storage Records: HNP will comply with the requirements of this section with the clarification that, for record purposes, personnel access to storage areas will not be recorded. Unloading or pick-up of material shall not be considered "access," nor shall inspection by NRC or other regulatory agents, nor shall tours by non-HNP employees who are accompanied by HNP employees.
25. Section 7.3 - Hoisting Equipment - The load chart for each crane includes the model number for that crane. This load chart is considered to be "certification" by the manufacturer for that crane as required by Section 7.3.1. Likewise, forklifts are considered certified by the manufacturer's literature giving maximum capacity as required by Section 7.3.2.  
Section 7.3, Hoisting Equipment: Rerating of hoisting equipment will be considered only when absolutely necessary. Prior to performing any lift above the load rating, the equipment manufacturer will be contacted for his approval and direction. The manufacturer will be requested to supply a document granting approval for a limited number of lifts at the new rating and any restrictions involved, such as modifications to be made to the equipment, the number of lifts to be made at the new rating, and the test lift load. At all times, the codes governing rerating of hoisting the equipment will be complied with.  
If rerating of hoisting equipment is necessary and HNP cannot or does not contact the equipment manufacturer as described above, the test weight used in temporarily rerating hoisting equipment for special lifts will be at least equal to 110 percent of the lift weight. A dynamic load test over the full range of the lift using a weight at least equal to the lift weight will be performed.

## Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD

Table B17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.38, Quality Assurance Requirements for Packaging, Shipping, Receiving, Storage, and Handling of Items for Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants (Rev. 2)

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HNP shall comply with the requirements of ANSI N45.2.2-1972, Packing, Shipping, Receiving, Storage, and Handling of Items for Nuclear Power Plants, as it is endorsed by Regulatory Guide 1.38 with the following clarifications:

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26. Section 7.4 - Inspection of Equipment and Rigging - Nondestructive examinations will be performed by QC personnel qualified in accordance with Regulatory Guide 1.58 (except as amended by safety analysis report position). Operators will be trained in the operation and maintenance inspections of their assigned equipment.
  27. Appendix A.3.5.1 - Caps and Plugs; A.3.5.2, Tapes and Adhesives; and A.3.6.3, Desiccants - Plugs, caps, tapes, adhesives, desiccants, markers and other temporary items will be of commercial quality. Levels for halogens, sulfur, chlorides, low melting point metal, etc., for use on stainless steel and nickel alloy surfaces will be as determined by the responsible technical group to limit or preclude intergranular cracking and stress corrosion cracking.
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Regulatory Guide 1.39, Housekeeping Requirements for Water Cooled Nuclear Power Plants (Rev. 2)

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HNP complies with the requirements of ANSI N45.2.3-1973, Housekeeping, During the Construction Phase of Nuclear Power Plants, as endorsed by Regulatory Guide 1.39, September 1977, with the following clarifications for:

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1. Section 2.1, Planning: The zone designations provided in the standard will be used as a guide in developing plant procedures; however, plant areas will not necessarily be divided into zones I through V. Equivalent controls will be maintained as prescribed in approved procedures.
  2. Section 3.5, Surveillance, Inspection, and Examinations: Subsection (1) is not applicable during normal operations but will be implemented if large items are to be moved or handled.
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Regulatory Guide 1.58, Qualification of Nuclear Power Plant Inspection, Examination and Testing Personnel (Rev. 1)

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HNP shall comply with NRC Regulatory Guide 1.58, Revision 1, which endorses ANSI N45.2.6-1978, Qualification of Inspection, Examination, and Testing Personnel for Nuclear Power Plants, with the following clarifications:

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1. With regard to Section 1.2 of ANSI N45.2.6-1978 titled Applicability: HNP elects not to apply the requirements of this guide to those personnel who are involved in the daily operations of surveillance, maintenance, and certain technical and support services whose qualifications are controlled by 17.3 or are controlled by other QA program commitment requirements. Only personnel in the following listed categories will be required to meet ANSI N45.2.6-1978 requirements: (1) nondestructive examination (NDE) personnel (2) QC inspection personnel, and (3) receipt inspection personnel.
  2. The fourth paragraph of Section 1.2 requires that the standard be imposed on personnel other than HNP employees. The applicability of the standard to suppliers and contractors will be documented and applied as specified in the procurement documents for each supplier and contractor or in interface agreements for Duke Energy non-nuclear organizations providing services identified in Section 17.3.1.2.3.
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## Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD

Table B17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.58, Qualification of Nuclear Power Plant Inspection, Examination and Testing Personnel (Rev. 1)

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HNP shall comply with NRC Regulatory Guide 1.58, Revision 1, which endorses ANSI N45.2.6-1978, Qualification of Inspection, Examination, and Testing Personnel for Nuclear Power Plants, with the following clarifications:

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3. With regard to Section 2.5 of ANSI N45.2.6-1978 titled Physical: HNP will implement the requirements of this section with the stipulation that, where no special physical characteristics are required, none will be specified. The converse is also true: if no special physical requirements are stipulated by HNP, none are considered necessary. HNP employees receive an initial physical examination to assure satisfactory physical condition; however, only the following listed personnel will receive an annual examination: (1) NDE personnel (2) QC inspection personnel, and (3) receipt inspection personnel. This annual examination shall consist of the near visual acuity using the standard Jaeger's type chart or equivalent test.
  4. With regard to Section 3 of ANSI N45.2.6-1978 titled Qualifications: Only personnel performing NDE (such as LP, MT, UT, and RT) are required to be grouped in levels of capability and certified for inspection, review, and evaluation of inspection data, and reporting of inspection and test results. Inspection personnel are qualified based on pre-established experience, education, on-the-job training, written examinations and proficiency tests associated with the specific activity. Proficiency tests are given to personnel performing independent QC inspections and documented acceptance criteria are developed to determine if individuals are properly trained and qualified. Certificates of qualification delineate the functions personnel are qualified to perform. Qualification records are maintained and performance evaluations conducted at least once every three years. If organizations elect to utilize qualifications by levels for non-NDE inspections, Level I inspectors receive a minimum of 4 months experience as Level I before being certified as Level II, in lieu of one year experience recommended by ANSI N45.2.6 Section 3.5.2(1). Organizations identify in their procedures if they qualify their inspectors by Level or by task qualifications. Inspectors are only assigned functions for which they have been qualified.
  5. With regard to Section 3.5 of ANSI N45.2.6-1978 titled Education & Experience Recommendations: HNP will certify individual inspectors through training and experience to requirements appropriate to the specific assignment; however, except for NDE, personnel are not required to be classified by levels of capability. The training experience requirements will be directed toward qualifying personnel for specific inspection and testing operations.
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Regulatory Guide 1.64, Quality Assurance Requirements for the Design of Nuclear Power Plants (Rev. 2)

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HNP shall comply with NRC Regulatory Guide 1.64, Rev. 2, which endorses ANSI standard N45.2.11-1974, Quality Assurance Requirements for the Design of Nuclear Power Plants, with the following clarification:

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Regulatory Guide 1.64, Paragraph C.2(1): For the exceptional circumstance in which the designer's immediate supervisor is the only technically qualified individual available, this review can be conducted by the supervisor, provided that: i) the other provisions of the regulatory guide are satisfied, ii) the justification is individually documented and approved in advance by the supervisor's management, and iii) quality assurance audits cover frequency and effectiveness of the use of supervisors as design verifiers to guard against abuse.

## Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD

Table B17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.74, Quality Assurance Terms and Definitions (Rev. 0)

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Regulatory Guide 1.74 endorses ANSI N45.2.10-1973, Quality Assurance Terms and Definitions. The HNP project complies with this guide as described below:

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HNP complies with the requirements of this guide with the following clarifications:

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1. HNP reserves the right to define additional words or phrases which are not included in this standard. Such additional definitions will be documented in appropriate procedures, manuals, etc.
2. In addition to the standard's definition of "inspection," HNP will use the following:  
"Inspection (when used to refer to activities that are not performed by quality organization personnel) - examining, viewing closely, scrutinizing, looking over or otherwise checking activities. Personnel performing these functions are not necessarily certified to ANSI N45.2.6."  
When HNP intends for inspection to be performed in accordance with the QA program by personnel certified as required by that program and for activities defined by "Inspection" in ANSI N45.2.10, appropriate references to the plant quality organization which will perform the activity and/or to quality procedures to be used for performing the activity will be made. If such references are not made, inspections are considered under the additional definition given above.
3. In addition to the standard's definition of "procurement documents," HNP will utilize the definitions given in ANSI N45.2.13 and in Regulatory Guide 1.74. The compound definition, procurement documents-contractually binding documents that identify and define the requirements which items or services must meet in order to be considered acceptable by the purchaser. They include documents which authorize the seller to perform services or supply equipment, material or facilities on behalf of the purchaser (e.g. contracts, letters of intent, work orders, purchase orders, or proposals and their acceptance, drawings, specifications, or instructions which define requirements for purchase).
4. "Quality assurance program requirements" (not defined in ANSI N45.2.10, but used and defined differently in ANSI N45.2.13) - those individual requirements of the QA program which, when invoked in total or in part, establish the requirements to the quality assurance program for the activity being controlled. Although not specifically used in the operational QA program, ANSI N45.2 may be imposed upon HNP's suppliers.
5. "Independent Verification" - Verification that required actions have been completed by an individual other than the person who performed the operation or activity being verified. Such verification will not require confirmation of the identical action when other indications provide assurance or indication that the prescribed activity is in fact complete. Examples include, but are not limited to: verification of a breaker opening by observing remote breaker indication lights; verification of a set point (made with a voltmeter or ammeter for example) by observing the actuation of status or indicating lights are the required panel-meter indicated value; verification that a valve has been positioned by observing the starting or stopping of flow on meter indications or by remote valve position indicating lights.
6. "Audit" (will be a modification of the word - to allow the use of subjective evidence if available - as defined in Section 1.4 of ANSI N45.2.12-1977 and Section 1.4.3 of ANSI N45.2.23-1978 as opposed to the definition given in ANSI N45.2.10-1973) - A documented activity performed in accordance with written procedures or checklists to verify, by examination and evaluation of objective evidence where available, that applicable elements of the quality assurance program have been developed, documented, and effectively implemented in accordance with specified requirements. An audit should not be confused with surveillance or inspection for the sole purpose of control or product acceptance.

## Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD

Table B17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.88, Collection, Storage and Maintenance of Nuclear Power Plant Quality Assurance Records (Rev. 2)

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HNP shall comply with NRC Regulatory Guide 1.88, Rev. 2, which endorses ANSI N45.2.9-1974, Collection, Storage, and Maintenance of QA Records, with the following clarifications:

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See standard exception in Table 17-1 Regulatory Guide 1.88 for the appropriate controls on quality in the management of electronic records.

1. Appendix A of ANSI N45.2.9 is not considered to be a mandatory list. This list will be used as a guideline for classifying those documents that need to be maintained as QA records. Whether a particular type of document needs to be classified as a QA record and its appropriate retention period is determined in accordance with records management procedures.
2. Section 1.4, Definitions: The phrase "When the document has been completed" is clarified to mean when the document has received the final review performed by the organizational element responsible for generating or collecting the records. In the case of a record package (plant change request, equipment qualification, etc.) made up of several individual documents, the package will be considered to be the document for the purpose of determining when the document is complete.
3. Section 3.2.1, Generation of Quality Assurance Records: The phrase "Completely filled out" is clarified to mean that sufficient information is recorded to fulfill the intended purpose of the record.
4. Section 3.2.2, Index: The storage location will be delineated in procedures in lieu of in the index. The specific location of a record "within a storage area" is delineated by a computerized indexing system plus a storage area labeling system which provides information by record type and storage medium.
5. Section 4.2, Timeliness: HNP 's contractual agreement with its contractors and suppliers will constitute fulfillment of the requirements of this paragraph.
6. Section 5.4, Preservation: The following clarification is substituted for the current Subsection 5.4.2: "Records shall not be stored loosely. They shall be secured for storage in file cabinets or on shelving in containers." the following clarification is substituted for the current Subsection 5.4.3: "appropriate provisions shall be made for special processed records (such as radiographs, photographs, negatives, microfilm, and magnetic media) to prevent or minimize damage from excessive light, stacking, electromagnetic fields, temperature and humidity, etc. Manufacturer's recommendations will be considered as appropriate."
7. Section 5.5, Safekeeping: Routine general office and nuclear site security systems and access controls are provided. No special security systems are required to be established for record storage areas.
8. Section 5.6, Facility: This paragraph provides no distinction between temporary and permanent facilities. To cover temporary storage, the following clarification is added: "complete records may be stored in one-hour fire rated file cabinets until transmitted for permanent storage. In general, records shall not be maintained in temporary storage for more than ninety days after completion.  
Any exceptions to this requirement must be justified, evaluated and approved by the supervisor document services or designee and documented. A list of exceptions shall be maintained and available for NRC review. Exceptions may include records needed on a continuing basis for an extended period of time at the location of the work group responsible for generating the records and records which are cumulative in nature and could best be turned over for storage for a designated period of time."

## Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD

Table B17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.88, Collection, Storage and Maintenance of Nuclear Power Plant Quality Assurance Records (Rev. 2)

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HNP shall comply with NRC Regulatory Guide 1.88, Rev. 2, which endorses ANSI N45.2.9-1974, Collection, Storage, and Maintenance of QA Records, with the following clarifications:

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9. Section 5.6, subparagraph 3, is clarified to require a two-hour minimum fire rating to be consistent with the 1979 version of the standard and NRC Criteria for Record Storage Facilities (Guidance - ANSI N45.2.9, Section 5.6) issued 7/1/80.
  10. Section 5.6, subparagraph 9, is clarified to read: "No pipes or penetrations except those providing fire protection, lighting, temperature/humidity control or communications are to be located within the facility. All such penetrations shall be sealed or dampened to comply with a minimum two-hour fire protection rating."
  11. Additional clarification for QA records is provided in Section 17.3.2.15.
  12. See standard exception in Table 17-1 Regulatory Guide 1.88 for the appropriate controls on quality in the management of electronic records.
  13. See standard exception in Table 17-1 Regulatory Guide 1.88 for the appropriate controls on quality in the management of electronic records.
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Regulatory Guide 1.94, Quality Assurance Requirements for Installation, Inspection and Testing of Structural Concrete and Structural Steel During the Construction Phase of Nuclear Power Plants (Rev. 1)

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HNP complies with the requirements and guidance of ANSI N45.2.5-1974, Supplementary Quality Assurance Requirements for Installation Inspections and Testing of Structural Steel During the Contract Phase of Nuclear Power Plants, as it is referenced in Regulatory Guide 1.94, Rev. 1, with the following clarifications:

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- A) Section 2.1, Planning: Requirements, as determined by responsible plant management, will be incorporated into procedures.
- B) Section 2.3, Results, Will be implemented as set forth in Sections 17.3.2.12, 17.3.2.8, and 17.3.2.15 and Regulatory Guide 1.33.
- C) Section 2.5 of ANSI N45.2.5, Measuring & Test Equipment, Requires certain controls over this type of equipment. The equipment listed shall be included in the calibration control program; however, the basis and control of measuring and test equipment is that stated in Section 17.3.2.9.
- D) The cement test frequency for standard physical and chemical properties is in accordance with ASTM C 183, on the basis of one test per daily production at the cement plant, reference ANSI N45.2.5, Table B. Table B also lists a test frequency for ASTM C 235 which has been discontinued by ASTM. HNP plans to discontinue testing in accordance with ASTM C 235. Acceptance of aggregates for durability/hardness will be in accordance with ASTM C 131 OR C 535, Los Angeles Abrasion Test.
- E) Gradation - In addition to the gradations listed in ASTM C-33, an aggregate designated 78-M (State of North Carolina designation) is used in special areas such as around major penetrations or in reinforcing steel congested areas, with the approval of the engineers. This aggregate meets all other qualifications of ASTM C-33, with the exception of gradation analyses. The results during preliminary concrete mix design have been satisfactory and in accordance with the requirements of ASME Section III, Division 2/ACI-359 code.
- F) Section 5.4, High Strength Bolting: Bolting connection points will be visually inspected in accordance with ANSI N45.2.5-1974 except that bolt length will be checked to ensure bolts are long enough as indicated by the point of the bolts being flush with or outside the face of the nuts in accordance with ANSI N45.2.5-1978.

## Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD

Table B17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.116, Quality Assurance Requirements for Installation, Inspection, and Testing of Mechanical Equipment and Systems, (Rev. 0-R)

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HNP complies with the requirements of ANSI N45.2.8-1975, Supplementary Quality Assurance Requirements for Installation, Inspection, and Testing of Mechanical Equipment and Systems for the Construction Phase of Nuclear Power Plants, as it is endorsed by Regulatory Guide 1.116, Revision O-R, June 1976, with the following clarifications:

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1. Section 2.1, Planning: Requirements, as determined by responsible plant management, will be incorporated into procedures.
  2. Section 2.3, results, will be implemented as set forth in Section 17.3.2.12 and by compliance with RG 1.33.
  3. Section 2.8, Measuring and Test Equipment - HNP has addressed this requirement for the operational phase of the plant in Section 17.3.2.9.
  4. Section 2.9, Prerequisites, References requirements of other standards. HNP has addressed applicable standards in the appropriate sections of the HNP UFSAR in lieu of the requirements of this paragraph. The extent to which this paragraph applies will be determined by responsible plant management based on end use and complexity of the item.
  5. Section 3.3, Processes and Procedures: "Approved instructions" are interpreted to include vendor manuals.
  6. Section 4.6, Care of Items: This will be done as outlined in the position on Regulatory Guide 1.38.
  7. Section 5, including subsections 5.1 through 5.4, Installed Systems, Inspections and Tests: Responsible plant management will determine the extent to which the elements in this paragraph are applied when developing test requirements for inclusion in modification procedures. In some cases, testing requirements may be met by post-installation surveillance testing in lieu of a special post-installation test.
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Regulatory Guide 1.123, Quality Assurance Requirements for Control or Procurement of Items and Services for Nuclear Power Plants, (Rev. 1)

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HNP shall comply with the requirements of ANSI N45.2.13-1976, Quality Assurance Requirements for Control or Procurement of Items and Services for Nuclear Power Plants, as it is endorsed by Regulatory Guide 1.123 with the following clarifications:

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1. Section 1.2.2, Purchaser's Responsibilities: Item C is one of the options which may be used by HNP to assure quality; however, any of the options given in 10CFR50, Appendix B, Criterion VII as implemented by 17.3 may also be used. Evaluation of supplier's QA program will be conducted as determined depending on complexity and end use of item.
2. Section 3.1, Procurement Document Preparation, Review and Control Change: The changed document may not always be as reviewed by the originator; however, at least an equivalent level shall review and approve any changes.
3. Sections 3.2.3, 3.2.4, and 3.2.6 - HNP does not consider that these paragraphs or vendor qualifications apply for the procurement of off-the-shelf items. Off-the-shelf items (which include original as well as spare and replacements) are Commercial Grade Items which are defined in 10CFR 21.  
Special quality verification requirements shall be determined, as necessary, by responsible technical group to assure acceptability of the item. The responsible technical organization will review purchase requisitions of items classified as "commercial grade" to assure proper application of the 10CFR 21 criteria.



## Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD

Table B17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.123, Quality Assurance Requirements for Control or Procurement of Items and Services for Nuclear Power Plants, (Rev. 1)

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HNP shall comply with the requirements of ANSI N45.2.13-1976, Quality Assurance Requirements for Control or Procurement of Items and Services for Nuclear Power Plants, as it is endorsed by Regulatory Guide 1.123 with the following clarifications:

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See standard exceptions in Table 17-1 for Regulatory Guide 1.123 for the procurement of Commercial Grade Items and services including, purchasing commercial-grade calibration services from calibration laboratories.

4. Section 3.3 requires procurement documents to be reviewed prior to bid or award of contract. The documented review of procurement documents is provided through review of the procurement specification and purchase requisition by the responsible technical organization prior to bid or award of contract.
5. Section 3.4, Procurement Document Control: HNP will meet the requirements of 17.3 in lieu of the requirements specified in this paragraph.
6. Section 4.2, Selection Measures, Outlines certain methods acceptable for the selection of suppliers. HNP's history of using similar methods has proven adequate in the procurement of items; therefore, HNP wishes to replace paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) with the following selection methods:
  - 1) The supplier's quality assurance capabilities as determined by a direct survey of his facilities and personnel, and the implementation of his quality assurance program.
  - 2) Evaluating the supplier's history of providing a product which performs satisfactorily in actual use. One or more of the following information shall be evaluated:
    - (i) Experience of users of identical or similar products of the same prospective supplier.
    - (ii) HNP's records that have been accumulated in connection with previous procurement actions and product operating experience. Historical data should be representative of the supplier's current capability. If there has been no recent experience with the supplier, or if he is a new supplier, the prospective supplier shall be requested to submit information on a similar item or service for evidence of his current capabilities.
    - (iii) Evaluating the supplier's current quality records supported by documented qualitative and quantitative information which can be objectively evaluated.

This would include review and evaluation of the supplier's quality assurance program manual and procedures, as appropriate, to ensure that the applicable requirements of 10CFR 50, Appendix B, "Quality Assurance Criteria for Nuclear Power Plants" are met.
    - (iv) Verification that the supplier holds an active certificate of authorization from the ASME to supply or manufacture materials or the item(s) described in the purchase requisition. A supplier may be considered acceptable, without a survey, to supply off-the-shelf items. An inspection shall be performed to assure that the correct item was received and no damage exists.

Verification that the supplier is listed in the current NUPIC (Nuclear Procurement Issues Committee) database. However, the audit report which formed the basis for listing the supplier in the NUPIC database must be obtained and reviewed for applicability to the procurement. All deficiencies which could degrade the procured item must be resolved prior to the procurement. This review shall be documented and, together with the audit report, be retained.
  - 3) See standard exceptions in Table 17-1 for Regulatory Guide 1.123 for the procurement of Commercial Grade Items and services including, purchasing commercial-grade calibration services from calibration laboratories.

## Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD

Table B17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.123, Quality Assurance Requirements for Control or Procurement of Items and Services for Nuclear Power Plants, (Rev. 1)

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HNP shall comply with the requirements of ANSI N45.2.13-1976, Quality Assurance Requirements for Control or Procurement of Items and Services for Nuclear Power Plants, as it is endorsed by Regulatory Guide 1.123 with the following clarifications:

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7. Sections 5.2 and 5.3 shall be applied to the extent determined by responsible plant management based on complexity of the item and its end use. It is not intended that these paragraphs be applied to spares or replacement parts that do not change original design intent.
8. Section 6.1, General, Outlines methods for monitoring and evaluating supplier performance. HNP wishes to replace paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), and (e) with the following methods for monitoring and evaluating supplier performance:
  - A. Reviewing documents generated or processed during activities fulfilling procurement requirements.
  - B. Reviewing LER'S.
  - C. Periodic audits.
  - D. Annual evaluations.
  - E. Those controls specified 17.3.
9. Section 6.4, Control of Changes in Items or Services: Since ANSI N45.2 does not apply to the operational phase, equivalent controls outlined in ANSI N18.7-1976 will be used in lieu of the requirements of ANSI N45.2, Section 7.
10. Section 7.4, Measuring and Test Equipment, outlines certain measures to be taken. HNP for the operating phase has addressed the topic of measuring and test equipment in 17.3.2.9 in lieu of the requirements in this paragraph.
11. Section 8 provides guidance for purchaser review and disposition of vendor nonconformances. HNP, as purchaser, requires as a minimum deviations to procurement documents and previously approved supplier documents that cannot be brought into conformance prior to shipment of the material to be submitted to dep for approval. Such deviations, when approved by purchaser, are required to be submitted along with shipment of the material. Additionally, Section 8.2, disposition: the third sentence of item b is revised to read:

Nonconformances to the contractual procurement requirements or purchaser approved documents which consist of one or more of the following shall be submitted to the purchaser for approval of the recommended disposition prior to shipment, when the nonconformance could adversely affect the end use of a module or shippable component relative to safety, interchangeability, operability, reliability, integrity, or maintainability:

  - A. Technical or material requirement is violated;
  - B. Requirement in supplier documents, which have been approved by the purchaser, is violated;
  - C. Nonconformance cannot be corrected by continuation of the original manufacturing process or by rework; and/or
  - D. The item does not conform to the original requirement, even though the item can be restored to a condition such that the capability of the item to function is unimpaired. A module is any assembly of interconnected components which constitute an identifiable device, instrument, or piece of equipment. A module can be disconnected, removed as a unit, and replaced with a spare. It has definable performance characteristics which permit it to be tested as a unit. A module could be a card or other subassembly of a larger device, provided it meets the requirements of this definition.

## Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD

Table B17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.123, Quality Assurance Requirements for Control or Procurement of Items and Services for Nuclear Power Plants, (Rev. 1)

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HNP shall comply with the requirements of ANSI N45.2.13-1976, Quality Assurance Requirements for Control or Procurement of Items and Services for Nuclear Power Plants, as it is endorsed by Regulatory Guide 1.123 with the following clarifications:

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12. Regulatory Position C.3 indicates that purchaser should verify the implementation of the supplier's corrective action systems when such a system is required, but this verification need not be included as part of the purchaser's corrective action measures.  
HNP interprets this statement to mean that once corrective action has been verified by purchaser on nonconforming vendor items, the items can be released for use in its intended application.  
The cause and action to preclude recurrence of deficiencies is the responsibility of the vendor, and independent verification of such vendor action by purchaser or vendor notification of such action to purchaser, is not required on the basis that the vendor's QA program has been accepted by the purchaser. The QA program provides for determining cause and action to preclude recurrence on significant deficiencies, and purchaser audits are conducted to ensure vendor's compliance with his accepted QA program commitments. In addition, HNP will provide overview of those causes and corrective action activities associated with items of high volume and which are considered significant to safety in cases where vendor's recent performance has appeared marginal.
  13. Section 10.2 paragraph a: HNP will comply with this paragraph to the extent that for non-code items, certificates of compliance will be traceable only to the purchase order and not to the specific item.
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Regulatory Guide 1.144, Auditing of Quality Assurance Programs for Nuclear Power Plants (Rev. 0)

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HNP shall comply with requirements of Regulatory Guide 1.144, January 1979, which endorses ANSI N45.2.12-1977, Requirements for Auditing of Quality Assurance Programs for Nuclear Power Plants, with the following clarifications.

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1. C.3.(B)(2): The concepts of when audits are required, i.e., annually, triennially, will be complied with; however, such audits would only be required of the vendor if the vendor is involved with an active contract/procurement document. This concept is as discussed in Sections 3.5.3.1 and 3.5.3.2 of ANSI N45.2.12-1977.  
See standard exceptions in Table 17-1 for Regulatory Guide 1.123 for the procurement of Commercial Grade Items and services including, purchasing commercial-grade calibration services from calibration laboratories.
2. Section 2.3, Training: The training of HNP audit personnel will be accomplished as described in HNP's position on Regulatory Guide 1.146.
3. Section 2.4, Maintenance of Proficiency: The maintenance of proficiency of HNP audit personnel will be accomplished as described in HNP's position on Regulatory Guide 1.146.
4. Section 3.2.2 indicates that objective evidence is to be examined and evaluated. HNP believes that the use of subjective evidence is also an important element of the audit program. See Section 4.3.2 clarifications below.
5. Section 3.3, Essential Elements of the Audit System; HNP will comply with subsection 3.3.5 as it was originally written (subsection 3.2.5) in ANSI N45.2.12, Draft 3, Revision 4:

## Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD

Table B17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.144, Auditing of Quality Assurance Programs for Nuclear Power Plants (Rev. 0)

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HNP shall comply with requirements of Regulatory Guide 1.144, January 1979, which endorses ANSI N45.2.12-1977, Requirements for Auditing of Quality Assurance Programs for Nuclear Power Plants, with the following clarifications.

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"Provisions for reporting on the effectiveness of the quality assurance program to the responsible management." For the audited organization, effectiveness is reported as required in Section 17.3.3.3 and by audit procedures. Other than audit reports, HNP may not directly report on the effectiveness of the quality assurance programs to the audited organization, when such organizations are outside of Duke Energy.

Subsection 3.3.7 requires verification of effective corrective action on a "timely basis".

Timely basis is interpreted to mean within the period of time that is accepted by the organization. Each finding requires a response and a corrective action completion date.

These dates are subject to revision and must be escalated to higher authority when there is a disagreement between the audited and the auditing organization on what constitutes "timely corrective action."

6. Section 4.3.1, Preaudit Conference: HNP will comply with the requirement of this paragraph by inserting the word "normally" at the beginning of the first sentence. This clarification is required because, in the case of certain unannounced audits or audits of a particular operation or work activity, a preaudit conference might interfere with the spontaneity of the operation or activity being audited. In other cases, persons who should be present at a preaudit conference may not always be available. Such lack of availability should not be an impediment to beginning an audit. Even in the above examples, which are not intended to be all inclusive, the material set forth in Section 4.3.1 will normally be covered during the course of the audit.
7. Section 4.3.2, Audit/Assessment Process:
  - A. Subsection 4.3.2.2 could be interpreted to limit auditors to the review of only objective evidence. Sometimes objective evidence may not be available; therefore, HNP will comply with an alternate sentence which reads: "When available, objective evidence shall be examined for compliance with quality assurance program requirements. If subjective evidence is used (e.g., personnel interviews, direct observations by the auditor), then the audit report or checklist must indicate how the evidence is obtained."
  - B. Subsection 4.3.2.4 is modified as follows to take into account the fact that some nonconformances are virtually "obvious" with regards to the needed corrective action. As a result of this, HNP proposes the following alternate words: "When a nonconformance or quality assurance program deficiency is identified as a result of an audit, unless the apparent cause, extent, and corrective action is readily evident, further investigations shall be conducted by the audited organization in an effort to identify the cause and effect and to determine the extent of the corrective action required."
  - C. Subsection 4.3.2.5 contains a statement "acknowledged by a member of the audited organization." This is clarified to mean that "A member of the audited organization has been informed to the findings. Agreement or disagreement with a finding may be expressed in the response from the audited organization."
  - D. Subsection 4.3.2.6 is modified as follows to account for the fact that immediate notification is not always possible: "Conditions requiring immediate corrective action (i.e., those which are so severe that any delay would be undesirable) shall be reported as immediately as practical to management of the audited organization."

## Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD

Table B17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.144, Auditing of Quality Assurance Programs for Nuclear Power Plants (Rev. 0)

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HNP shall comply with requirements of Regulatory Guide 1.144, January 1979, which endorses ANSI N45.2.12-1977, Requirements for Auditing of Quality Assurance Programs for Nuclear Power Plants, with the following clarifications.

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8. Section 4.3.3, Post Audit Conference: HNP will substitute and comply with the following paragraphs: "For all external audits, a postaudit conference shall be held with management of the audited organization to present audit findings and clarify misunderstandings. Where no adverse findings exist, this conference may be waived by management of the audited organization. Such waiver shall be documented in the audit report. For all internal audits unless unusual operating or maintenance conditions preclude attendance by appropriate management, an audit debrief shall be held with management of the audited organization. If there are no adverse findings, management of the audited organization may waive the audit debrief. Such waiver shall be documented in the audit report."
9. Section 4.4, Reporting:
  - A. This paragraph requires that the audit report shall be signed by the audit team leader which is not always the most expeditious route for the audit report to be issued as soon as practical. HNP will comply with Section 4.4 as clarified by the following words: "An audit report, which shall be signed by the unit team leader, or his supervisor in the absence of the audit team leader shall provide:" in cases where the audit report is not signed by the lead auditor due to his absence, the record copy of the report must be signed by the lead auditor upon his return. The report shall not require the lead auditor's review/concurrence/signature if the lead auditor is no longer employed by HNP at the time audit report is issued.
  - B. HNP will comply with subsection 4.4.3 clarified to read: "Supervisory level personnel with whom significant discussions were held during the course of preaudit (where conducted), audit, and postaudit (where conducted) activities.
  - C. Audit reports may not necessarily contain an evaluation statement regarding the effectiveness of the quality assurance program elements which were audited, as required by subsection 4.4.4, but they will provide an effectiveness summary of the audited areas."
  - D. Section 4.4.6 - Nuclear Oversight section management will determine the need for audit reports to include recommendations for corrective actions.
  - E. HNP will comply with the last paragraph of Section 4.4 of ANSI N45.2.12 concerning issuing audit reports with the following clarification: "Audit reports shall be issued within thirty working days after the last day of the audit. The last day of an audit shall be considered to be the day of the post-audit conference. If a post-audit conference is not held because it was deemed unnecessary, the last day of the audit shall be considered to be the date the post-audit conference was deemed unnecessary as documented in the audit report."
10. Section 4.5.1, By Audited Organization: HNP will comply with the following clarification of this paragraph:

## Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD

Table B17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.144, Auditing of Quality Assurance Programs for Nuclear Power Plants (Rev. 0)

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HNP shall comply with requirements of Regulatory Guide 1.144, January 1979, which endorses ANSI N45.2.12-1977, Requirements for Auditing of Quality Assurance Programs for Nuclear Power Plants, with the following clarifications.

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"Management of the audited organization or activity shall review and investigate all adverse audit findings, as necessary, (cause, etc.) to determine and schedule appropriate corrective action including action to prevent recurrence. They shall respond, in writing, within thirty days after the date of receipt of the audit report. The response shall clearly state the corrective action taken or planned to prevent recurrence and the results of the investigation if conducted. In the event that corrective action is not completed by the time the response is submitted, the audited organization's response shall include a scheduled date for completion of planned corrective action. A follow-up response shall be provided stating the corrective action was completed.

If corrective actions are verified as satisfactorily completed by the quality organization prior to the scheduled completion date or when completion of corrective action can be verified during a follow-up audit, no follow-up response is required. The audited organization shall take appropriate action to assure that corrective action is accomplished as scheduled."

11. Section 5 - audit checklists are not considered QA records. HNP believes that actual audit reports provide sufficient detail to substantiate the results of the audit, and the checklist is maintained as an audit "tool" versus a QA record. Additionally, the audit checklist need only document objective evidence examined to support the audit findings.
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Regulatory Guide 1.146, Qualification of QA Program Audit Personnel for Nuclear Power Plants (Rev. 0, 8/80)

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HNP shall comply with requirements of Regulatory Guide 1.146, August 1980, which endorses ANSI N45.2.23-1978, Qualification of Quality Assurance Program Audit Personnel for Nuclear Power Plants with the following clarifications.

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1. Section 2.2, Qualification of Auditors: subsection 2.2.1 references an "ANSI B45.2" (presumed to be N45.2); therefore, HNP will comply with an alternate subsection 2.2.1 which reads:  
"Orientation to provide working knowledge and understanding of the HNP QA program, including the ANSI standards and Regulatory Guides included in the program, and Duke Energy's procedures for implementing audits and reporting results."
2. Section 4.1, Organization Responsibility: HNP will comply with this paragraph with the substitution of the following sentence in place of the last sentence in the paragraph.  
"NOS management or the audit team leader shall, prior to commencing the audit, assign personnel who collectively have experience or training commensurate with the scope, complexity, or special nature of the activities to be audited."
3. Section 5.3, Updating of Lead Auditor's Records: HNP will substitute the following sentence for this paragraph:  
"Records for each lead auditor shall be maintained and updated during the period of the annual management assessment. This annual management assessment shall be as defined in the clarification for Section 3.2 noted above."
4. ANSI N45.2.23, Section 2.3.4 states, "The prospective lead auditor shall have participated in a minimum of five (5) quality assurance audits within a period of time not to exceed three (3) years prior to the date of qualification, one audit of which shall be a nuclear quality assurance audit within the year prior to qualification."

**Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD**

Table B17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.146, Qualification of QA Program Audit Personnel for Nuclear Power Plants (Rev. 0, 8/80)

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HNP shall comply with requirements of Regulatory Guide 1.146, August 1980, which endorses ANSI N45.2.23-1978, Qualification of Quality Assurance Program Audit Personnel for Nuclear Power Plants with the following clarifications.

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HNP substitutes the following instead of the cited sentence of ANSI N45.2.23, Section 2.3.4: "Prospective lead auditors shall demonstrate the ability to effectively implement the audit process and effectively lead an audit team. This process is described in written procedures that provide for evaluation and documentation of the results of this demonstration. In addition, the prospective lead auditor shall have participated in at least two nuclear quality assurance audits within the year preceding the individual's effective date of qualification. Upon successful demonstration of the ability to effectively implement the audit process and effectively lead audits, and having met the other provisions of Section 2.3 of ANSI N45.2.23-1978, the individual may be certified as being qualified to lead audits."

## Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD

### Table B17-2. Site Specific Response to Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards

Table B17-2 identifies additional Regulatory Guides addressing subjects related to implementation of the QAP but the implementation is site specific and controlled with the UFSAR in accordance with 10 CFR 50.59.

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#### Regulatory Guide 1.8, Personnel Selection and Training

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Personnel selection and training is site specific.

Harris addresses conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.8 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Section 8.

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#### Regulatory Guide 1.26, Quality Group Classifications and Standards for Water-, Steam-, and Radioactive-Waste-Containing Components of Nuclear Power Plants

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Quality group classifications and standards trace to the original design and construction of the nuclear power plant and therefore are site specific.

Harris addresses conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.26 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Section 8.

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#### Regulatory Guide 1.29, Seismic Design Classification

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Seismic design classification trace to the original design and construction of the nuclear power plant and therefore is site specific.

Harris addresses conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.29 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Section 8.

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#### Regulatory Guide 1.36, Nonmetallic Thermal Insulation for Austenitic Stainless Steel

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Nonmetallic thermal insulation for austenitic stainless steel trace to the original design and construction of the nuclear power plant and therefore is site specific.

Harris addresses conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.36 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Section 8.

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#### Regulatory Guide 1.54, Quality Assurance Requirements for Protective Coatings Applied to Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants

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Quality assurance requirements for protective coatings applied to water-cooled nuclear power plants trace to the original design and construction of the nuclear power plant and therefore is site specific.

Harris addresses conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.54 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Section 8.



**Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD**

Table B17-2. Site Specific Response to Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.143, Design Guidance for Radioactive Waste Management Systems, Structures, and Components Installed in Light-Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants

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Design guidance for radioactive waste management systems, structures, and components installed in light-water-cooled nuclear power plants trace to the original design and construction of the nuclear power plant and therefore is site specific.

Harris addresses conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.143 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Section 8.

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Regulatory Guide 1.155, Station Blackout

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Addressing Station Blackout is site specific.

Harris addresses conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.155 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Section 8.

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Regulatory Guide 4.15, Quality Assurance for Radiological Monitoring Programs (Normal Operations) – Effluent Streams and the Environment

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Quality assurance for radiological monitoring program (normal operations) – effluent streams and the environment is site specific.

Harris does not address conformance to Regulatory Guide 4.15 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Section 8. The radiological monitoring program is addressed in UFSAR Chapter 11.

## **Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD**

### **B17.3.1 MANAGEMENT**

#### **B17.3.1.1 Methodology**

There are no Harris specific amplifications for this section.

#### **B17.3.1.2 Organization**

There are no Harris specific amplifications for this section.

#### **B17.3.1.3 Responsibility**

There are no Harris specific amplifications for this section.

#### **B17.3.1.4 Authority**

The program and procedures require that the authority and duties of persons and organizations performing activities affecting quality be clearly established and delineated in writing and that these individuals and organizations have sufficient authority and organizational freedom to:

1. Identify quality, nuclear safety, and performance problems.
2. Order unsatisfactory work to be stopped and control further processing, delivery, or installation of nonconforming material.
3. Initiate, recommend, or provide solutions for conditions adverse to quality.
4. Verify implementation of solutions.

#### **B17.3.1.5 Personnel Training and Qualification**

There are no Harris specific amplifications for this section.

#### **B17.3.1.6 Corrective Action**

The program requires that an evaluation of adverse conditions such as conditions adverse to quality, nonconformances, failures, malfunctions, deficiencies, deviations, and defective material and equipment is conducted to determine need for corrective action. Conditions adverse to quality are identified through inspections, assessments, tests, checks, and review of documents.

The program requires corrective action to be initiated to preclude recurrence of significant conditions adverse to quality.

For significant conditions adverse to quality, procedures require follow-up reviews, verifications, inspections, etc., to be conducted to verify proper implementation of corrective action and to close out the corrective action documentation.

The program outlines the methodology for resolution of disputes involving quality and nuclear safety issues arising from a difference of opinion between identifying personnel and other groups.

Significant conditions adverse to quality are reported to appropriate management for review and evaluation.

Periodic review and evaluation of adverse trends are performed by management.

## **Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD**

### **B17.3.1.7 Regulatory Commitments**

There are no Harris specific amplifications for this section.

### **B17.3.2 PERFORMANCE/VERIFICATION**

#### **B17.3.2.1 Methodology**

There are no Harris specific amplifications for this section.

#### **B17.3.2.2 Design Control**

Controls are applied to the development, content and use of computer codes to ensure (1) the codes are developed, documented, verified and certified for use per approved procedures; (2) the codes are properly controlled to preclude use of outdated or obsolete codes; (3) that proper instructions concerning the use of the codes are provided; and (4) adequate QA provisions are implemented for the procurement of computer codes.

#### **B17.3.2.3 Design Verification**

There are no Harris specific amplifications for this section.

#### **B17.3.2.4 Procurement Control**

Potential contractors and suppliers are evaluated prior to award of a procurement contract when needed to assure the contractor's or supplier's capability to comply with applicable technical and quality requirements.

Procurement documents, such as purchase specifications, contain or reference the following:

1. Technical, administrative, regulatory, and reporting requirements, including material and component identification requirements, drawings, specifications, codes and industrial standards, test and inspection requirements, and special process instructions.
2. Identification of the documentation to be prepared, maintained, or submitted (as applicable) to HNP for review and approval. These documents may include, as necessary, inspection and test records, qualification records, or code required documentation.
3. Identification of those records to be retained, controlled, and maintained by the supplier, and those delivered to the purchaser prior to use or installation of the hardware.

Procurement documents require suppliers to operate in accordance with QA programs which are compatible with the applicable requirements of the HNP QA Program and procedures where their services are utilized in support of plant activities.

#### **B17.3.2.5 Procurement Verification**

There are no Harris specific amplifications for this section.

#### **B17.3.2.6 Identification and Control of Items**

Procedures require that materials, parts, and components be identified and controlled to prevent the use of incorrect or defective items.

## **Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD**

These procedures also require that identification of items be maintained either on the item in a manner that does not affect the function or quality of the item, or on records traceable to the item.

Procedures implementing these requirements provide for the following:

1. Verification that items received at the plant are properly identified and can be traced to the appropriate documentation, such as drawings, specifications, purchase orders, manufacturing and inspection documents, nonconformance reports, or material test reports.
2. Verification of item identification consistent with the HNP inventory control system and traceable to documentation which identifies the proper uses or applications of the item.
3. Verification of correct identification of material, parts and components prior to fabrication, assembly installation or use, and results documented.

### **B17.3.2.7 Handling, Storage, and Shipping**

Provisions are established to control the shelf life and storage of chemicals, reagents, lubricants, and other consumable materials.

### **B17.3.2.8 Test Control**

Test procedures incorporate or reference the following, as required:

1. Instructions and prerequisites for performing the test.
2. Use of proper test equipment.
3. Mandatory inspection hold points.
4. Acceptance criteria.

Test results are documented, evaluated, and their acceptability determined by a qualified, responsible individual or group.

When the acceptance criteria is not met, affected areas are to be retested or evaluated, as appropriate.

### **B17.3.2.9 Measuring and Test Equipment Control**

Portable measuring and test equipment is calibrated by standards which are at least four times as accurate as the portable measuring and test equipment, unless limited by the state of the art. In cases where the accuracy is not achievable or is limited by the state of the art, an engineering evaluation or other appropriate justification is performed and documented to justify acceptability of the M&TE in question. The evaluation is reviewed in accordance with approved procedures.

Calibration of installed plant devices shall be against M&TE having sufficient accuracy, greater than the device being calibrated, to assure that the system containing the device is within the specified system tolerance. The basis for determining the "greater than accuracy" shall be documented.

Reference and transfer standards are traceable to nationally recognized standards; or where national standards do not exist, provisions are established to document the basis for the calibration.

## **Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD**

### **B17.3.2.10 Inspection, Test, and Operating Status**

These procedures include the application, removal, and verification of inspection and welding stamps, or other status indicators as appropriate.

Altering the sequence of required tests, inspections, and other operations important to safety can only be accomplished by methods outlined in procedures.

### **B17.3.2.11 Special Process Control**

There are no Harris specific amplifications for this section.

### **B17.3.2.12 Inspection**

There are no Harris specific amplifications for this section.

### **B17.3.2.13 Corrective Action**

The primary goal of the corrective action program is to improve overall plant operations and performance by identifying and correcting root causes of equipment and human performance problems.

Procedures define requirements for a corrective action program that charges personnel working at or supporting the nuclear plants with the responsibility to identify adverse conditions (including conditions adverse to quality).

Procedures include requirements for verification of the acceptability of the rework/repair of items by reinspection and/or testing in accordance with the original inspection or test requirements or by an accepted alternative inspection and testing method.

Conditions that require rework/repairs are identified through the use of maintenance work request forms.

### **B17.3.2.14 Control of Documents**

Changes to documents are reviewed and approved by the same organization that performed the original review and approval or by other designated qualified responsible organizations.

### **B17.3.2.15 Records**

The structure in which single copy records are maintained is designed to prevent destruction, deterioration, or theft. This structure ensures protection against destruction by fire, flooding, theft, and deterioration by the environmental conditions of temperature and humidity.

## **B17.3.3 ASSESSMENT**

### **B17.3.3.1 Methodology**

There are no Harris specific amplifications for this section.

### **B17.3.3.2 Independent Review**

There are no Harris specific amplifications for this section.

## **Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD**

### **B17.3.3.3 Independent Assessment**

There are no Harris specific amplifications for this section.

#### **B17.3.3.3.1 Organization**

There are no Harris specific amplifications for this section.

#### **B17.3.3.3.2 Internal Assessment Process**

There are no Harris specific amplifications for this section.

#### **B17.3.3.3.3. Internal Audit Program**

##### **B17.3.3.3.3.1 Other Reviews Prescribed by the Code of Federal Regulations**

There are no Harris specific amplifications for this section.

##### **B17.3.3.3.3.2 Independent Audit of Fire Protection Program**

There are no Harris specific amplifications for this section.

#### **B17.3.3.3.4 Results**

There are no Harris specific amplifications for this section.

#### **B17.3.3.3.5 Supplier Oversight**

There are no Harris specific amplifications for this section.

#### **B17.3.3.3.6 Independent Audit of QA Functions**

There are no Harris specific amplifications for this section.

#### **B17.3.3.3.7 Audit Frequency Extensions**

There are no Harris specific amplifications for this section.

### **B17.3.4 ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROLS**

This section was added to the HNP UFSAR description of the QA Program to relocate certain administrative controls from HNP Technical Specifications. Those relocated administrative controls, indicated by section heading, are either contained below or referenced to the current location.

#### **Review and Audit**

##### **B17.3.4.1 10CFR50.59 and technical reviews**

See Sections 17.3.4.1, Technical Review and 17.3.4.2, 10 CFR 50.59 Reviews.

##### **B17.3.4.2 Plant Nuclear Safety Committee (PNSC)**

See Section 17.3.3.2, Independent Review.

##### **B17.3.4.3 HNP Independent Review Program**

See Section 17.3.3.2, Independent Review.

## Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD

### B17.3.4.4 Independent Safety Engineering Group

#### B17.3.4.4.1 Organization

The Independent Safety Engineering Group (ISEG) functions of improving licensee safety performance and ability to respond to accidents by providing onsite technical support and continuous evaluation and feedback of lessons learned from operating experience are performed by a combination of different groups through the performance of their normal activities.

#### B17.3.4.4.2 Activities

Key ISEG activities are outlined below with the groups that currently perform these activities:

1. Examination of Unit Operating Characteristics:
  - HNP has an established Corrective Action Program that includes processes for the identification, classification, trending and correcting of conditions adverse to quality.
  - NOS performs independent monitoring and audit of activities as defined in Section 17.3.3.3.
  - HNP has implemented a Maintenance Rule Program that provides reasonable assurance that structures, systems, trains, and components are capable of fulfilling their intended safety significant functions.
  - Harris Engineering Section has implemented a program that provides for the systematic trending of system and component performance to determine the effectiveness of system/component maintenance
  - A corporate Probabilistic Safety Assessment Unit has been established with the mission of maintaining and updating plant specific risk models and risk based tools that are used to provide risk insights and tools to: support on-line maintenance and outage risk assessments; support the Maintenance Rule Program; evaluate proposed plant changes for risk impact; monitor the risk effectiveness of plant on-line maintenance activities; and support other regulatory activities.
2. Examination of NRC Issuances, Industry Advisories, and Licensee Event Reports and other Sources of Unit Design Information which May Indicate Areas of Improving Unit Safety:
  - Duke Energy has implemented an Operating Experience (OE) Program that provides for the receipt, processing, status reporting, screening, reviewing, evaluating, and taking preventive/corrective actions in response to OE information.
  - The Nuclear Oversight organization independently evaluates the use of OE in the conduct of audits.
  - The On-Site Review Committee reviews License Event Reports developed pursuant to 10CFR50.73 as part of the Independent Review in Section 17.3.3.2.
3. Review of Plant Operations, Modifications, Maintenance, and Surveillances to Verify Independently that these Activities are Performed Safely and Correctly and that Human Errors are Reduced as Much as Practical:
  - NOS audits in Section 17.3.3.3 and the Independent Review Program in Section 17.3.3.2 accomplish this function.

## **Attachment B, Harris Specific QAPD**

### **B17.3.4.5 Outside agency inspection and audit program**

See Section 17.3.3.3.2, Independent Audit of Fire Protection Program.

### **B17.3.4.6 Procedure Review Requirements**

See Section 17.3.2.14 for required reviews for changes to procedures, tests, and experiments.

### **B17.3.4.7 Record Retention**

A list of typical operational phase QA Records is included in Section 17.3.2.15.



## **Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD**

### **Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD**

Information presented in this attachment is specific to Robinson and was contained in the UFSAR prior to Amendment 41.

Where a section contains no descriptive information beyond that in the generic text in the body of the document, a statement is made to that effect and no content is included. See C17.3.1.2, Organization for example.

### **C17. QUALITY ASSURANCE**

#### **C17.1 QA DURING DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION**

See Robinson UFSAR Chapter 17 for historic information from the description of the QA Program for design and construction.

#### **C17.2 OPERATIONAL QA**

Deleted

(NOTE: In April 1995, NRC approved the reformatting of the description of the Robinson QA Program to follow Standard Revision Plan Section 17.3, replacing the content of 17.2.)

#### **C17.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM (QAP) DESCRIPTION**

##### **INTRODUCTION**

This content is not addressed in SRP Section 17.3; therefore, the Robinson description of the QA Program did not include this section.

##### **DEFINITIONS**

There are no Robinson specific definitions.

##### **EXPLANATION OF "QUALITY ASSURANCE"**

There is no Robinson specific content.

##### **QA STANDARDS AND GUIDES**

Table C17-1 and C17-2 address QAP conformance to the referenced regulatory and program guidance in NUREG-0800 Section 17.3.

The content of Table C17-1 was transferred from Section 1.8 of the Robinson UFSAR. Changes to the content of Table C17-1 are controlled in accordance with 10 CFR 50.54(a). Subsequent changes to the QAP are incorporated in this document as identified in Section 17.3.1.7.

Table C17-2 addresses additional Regulatory Guides that relate to implementation of the QAP but the implementation is site specific and controlled with the Robinson UFSAR in accordance with 10 CFR 50.59.

## Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD

**Table C17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards**

Generic Exception:

Table C17-1 addresses the Robinson Nuclear Plant (RNP) conformance of the Quality Assurance Program to certain NRC Regulatory Guides. In so doing, specific editions of industry standards are identified for compliance with exceptions and alternatives. Those identified standards include references to other industry standards for activities including, but not limited to; design, fabrication, inspection, and testing. Those included reference industry standards are considered to be guidance documents for details of how activities may be accomplished. The actual standard to be used in such cases is controlled by each station's current licensing and design bases.

The content of Table C17-1 was transferred from H. B. Robinson (RNP) UFSAR Section 1.8. As identified therein, Regulatory Guides (originally called Safety Guides) have been published beginning in late 1970. Since RNP was licensed for operation prior to that time, they were not addressed. Applicable QA Regulatory Guides which have been addressed during the operating phase are discussed below.

---

Regulatory Guide 1.28, Quality Assurance Program Requirements (Design and Construction) (Rev. 0)

---

ANSI Standard N45.2-1971, Quality Assurance Requirements for Nuclear Power Plants

---

This guide and the standard it endorses have been superseded for operations activities by Regulatory Guide 1.33 and ANSI N18.7-1976 which it endorses. The Operational Quality Assurance Program complies with Regulatory Guide 1.33 and ANSI N18.7-1976 as stipulated in Appendix A to that program; therefore, Regulatory Guide 1.28 (Safety Guide 28) and ANSI N45.2-1971 which it endorses are not considered necessary and are not included as part of the program.

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Regulatory Guide 1.30, Quality Assurance Requirements for the Installation, Inspection, and Testing of Instrumentation and Electrical Equipment (Revision 0) (August, 1972)

---

ANSI standard N45.2.4-1972, (IEEE-336-1971), Installation, Inspection, and Testing Requirements for Instrumentation and Electrical Equipment During the Construction of Nuclear Power Generating Stations

---

RNP shall comply with the provisions of Regulatory Guide 1.30, August 1972 and ANSI N45.2.4-1972 with the following exceptions:

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The installation, inspection, and testing of nuclear power plant instrumentation and electrical equipment at RNP will be in accordance with the applicable requirements of ANSI N45.2.4-1972 with the following exceptions:

- 
- a) Section 1.4 titled Definitions: Definitions in this standard which are not included in ANSI N45.2.10 will be used; definitions which are included in ANSI N45.2.10 will be used as clarified in RNP's commitment to Regulatory Guide 1.74.
  - b) Section 1.5 titled Referenced Documents: RNP's commitment to other documents referenced in this standard shall be as stated in our commitment to that document.

## Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD

Table C17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.30, Quality Assurance Requirements for the Installation, Inspection, and Testing of Instrumentation and Electrical Equipment (Revision 0) (August, 1972)

---

ANSI standard N45.2.4-1972, (IEEE-336-1971), Installation, Inspection, and Testing Requirements for Instrumentation and Electrical Equipment During the Construction of Nuclear Power Generating Stations

---

RNP shall comply with the provisions of Regulatory Guide 1.30, August 1972 and ANSI N45.2.4-1972 with the following exceptions:

---

- c) Section 2.5 titled Measuring and Test Equipment: RNP will implement the applicable portions of this Section as follows:  
The status of portable items of measuring and test equipment and reference standard shall be identified by use of tags, stickers, labels, routing cards, computer programs, or other suitable means for the date recalibration is due or the frequency of recalibration. These items are in a calibration program which requires recalibration on a specified frequency or, in certain cases, prior to use.  
Instrumentation and electrical equipment in the categories listed below shall be in a calibration program. This program provides, by the use of status cards, computer schedules, or tags, for the date that recalibration is due and indicates the status of calibration. The identity of person(s), performing calibration is provided on the calibration documents.
- 1) Instruments installed as listed in the RNP Technical Specifications
  - 2) Installed instrumentation used to verify RNP Technical Specification parameters, and
  - 3) Installed safety-related instruments and electrical equipment that provide an active function during operation or during shutdown; i.e., not a device being designated safety-related solely because the instrument is an integral part of a pressure retaining boundary.
- d) Section 7 titled Data Analysis and Evaluation states in part, "Procedures shall be established for processing inspection and test data and their analysis and evaluation." At RNP, data processing procedures per se have not been developed; instead, test data are recorded, processed, and analyzed in accordance with procedures and instructions in appropriate functional areas; e.g., maintenance, startup.
- 

Regulatory Guide 1.33, Quality Assurance Program Requirements (Operation) Revision 2, February 1978

---

ANSI Standard N18.7-1976, Administrative Controls and Quality Assurance Requirements for the Operational Phase of Nuclear Power Plants

---

Comply with the provisions of Regulatory Guide 1.33, Rev. 2 February 1978, and the requirements and recommendations for administrative controls described in ANSI N18.7-1976, except as stated below:

---

1. Exception to Paragraph C.3 of Regulatory Guide 1.33 and ANSI N18.7-1976 Section 4.3: Independent Review Program requirements are replaced by Section 17.3.3.2, Independent Review. This exception uses NRC Safety Evaluation dated January 13, 2005 to Nuclear Management Company (ADAMS ML050210276).
  2. In lieu of the audit program provisions contained in Regulatory Position C.4 of Regulatory Guide 1.33, audits of facility activities will be conducted in accordance with Section 17.3.3.3.3.
  3. Section 4.5 - Written audit reports are not formally reviewed as part of the Independent Review function.
  4. Section 4.5 - The CNO will assure that an independent assessment of the overall Nuclear Oversight program is conducted at least once every 24 months. See Section 17.3.3.3.6 Independent Audit of QA Functions.
-

## Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD

Table C17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

---

Regulatory Guide 1.33, Quality Assurance Program Requirements (Operation) Revision 2, February 1978

---

ANSI Standard N18.7-1976, Administrative Controls and Quality Assurance Requirements for the Operational Phase of Nuclear Power Plants

---

Comply with the provisions of Regulatory Guide 1.33, Rev. 2 February 1978, and the requirements and recommendations for administrative controls described in ANSI N18.7-1976, except as stated below:

---

5. Section 4.5, Audit Program- ANSI N18.7-1976/ANS-3.2, Section 4.5 is implemented with the following clarification: The audits of selected aspects of operational phase activities as identified in Section 17.3.3.3.3, Internal Audit Program, are scheduled based on plant performance and importance to safety but at a frequency not to exceed twenty-four months with extensions as allowed in Section 17.3.3.3.7, Audit Frequency Extensions.
6. Section 5.2.16 titled Measuring and Test Equipment: See Section 17.3.2.9 for clarification.
7. The applicable procedures recommended in Appendix "A" of Regulatory Guide 1.33, Rev. 2, February 1978, shall be established, implemented, and maintained as specified in the RNP Technical Specifications.
8. Section 5.2.17 titled Inspections: The second to the last sentence in the last paragraph, "Deviations, their cause, and any," to be consistent with Section 5.2.11 and 10CFR50, Appendix B, the cause of the deviation will be determined for only significant conditions adverse to safety.
9. Section 5.3.9.1 titled Emergency Procedure Format and Content: Emergency procedures shall be in the format as committed to in NUREG-0737, TMI Action Plan.
10. Section 5.2.2 titled Procedure Adherence: Temporary changes to approved procedures, tests, or experiments may be approved by two members of the plant staff, at least one of whom holds a Senior Reactor Operator License if such change does not change the intent of the original procedure, test, or experiment. Temporary changes shall be documented and approved as a permanent change or deleted within 21 days of receiving temporary approval.
11. Section 5.2.15 titled Review, Approval and Control of Procedures, states that, "Plant procedures shall be reviewed by an individual knowledgeable in the area affected by the procedure no less frequently than every two years to determine if changes are necessary. A revision to a procedure constitutes a procedure review." In lieu of this commitment, Duke Energy addresses programmatic controls in Section 17.3.2.14 to continually identify procedure revisions which may be needed to ensure that procedures are appropriate for the circumstance and are maintained current.
12. Section 5.2.13.1, Procurement Document Control: When purchasing commercial-grade calibration services from certain accredited calibration laboratories, the procurement documents are not required to impose a quality assurance program consistent with ANSI N45.2-1971. Alternate requirements described in Tables 17-1 and C17-1 for Regulatory Guide 1.123 may be implemented in lieu of imposing a quality assurance program consistent with ANSI N45.2-1971. When purchasing nuclear safety related material, equipment and services, the supplier is required to the meet applicable criteria of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B and 10 CFR 21.

## Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD

Table C17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.37, Quality Assurance Requirements for Cleaning of Fluid Systems and Associated Components of Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants (March 1973)

---

ANSI Standard N45.2.1-1973, Cleaning of Fluid Systems and Associated Components During Construction Phase of Nuclear Power Plants

---

Those areas of the QA Program applicable to onsite cleaning of materials and components, cleanliness control, and pre-operation cleaning and layup of RNP fluid systems, will be in accordance with ANSI N45.2.1-1973, with the following exceptions:

---

- a) At RNP a classification system similar to ANSI N45.2.1-1973 has been developed and is fully implemented for cleaning of fluid systems.
  - b) Section 1.4 titled Definitions: Definitions in this standard which are not included in ANSI N45.2.10 will be used; definitions which are included in ANSI N45.2.10 will be used as clarified in RNP commitment to Regulatory Guide 1.74.
  - c) Section 1.5 titled Referenced Documents: RNP's commitment to other documents referenced in this standard shall be as stated in our commitment to that document.
- 

Regulatory Guide 1.38, Quality Assurance Requirements for Packaging, Shipping, Receiving, Storage, and Handling of Items for Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants (March 1973)

---

ANSI Standard N45.2.2-1972, Packing, Shipping, Receiving, Storage, and Handling of Items for Nuclear Power Plants

---

Packaging, shipping, receiving, storage, and handling of RNP items are in accordance with applicable requirements of ANSI N45.2.2-1972 with the following specific exceptions:

---

- a) Section 1.4 titled Definitions: Definitions in this standard which are not included in ANSI N45.2.10 will be used; definitions which are included in ANSI N45.2.10 will be used as clarified in RNP commitment to Regulatory Guide 1.74.
- b) Section 1.5 titled Referenced Documents: RNP's commitment to other documents referenced in this standard shall be as stated in our commitment to that document.
- c) Section 2.7 titled Classification of Items and Section 6.1.2 titled Levels of Storage:
  - 1) Special electronic equipment and instrumentation received as assembled panels will be stored as recommended by the manufacturer and/or based on engineering evaluation to prevent damage, deterioration, or contamination, but not necessarily in a Level A storage area.
  - 2) Chemicals used at RNP are stored at the point of use and/or in warehouse areas that satisfy the requirement of Level B storage. These storage areas have been evaluated and determined to be adequate for the limitations established by the manufacturer.
  - 3) Special nuclear materials are stored in areas specifically designed for such storage.
- d) Section 7.3.4 - RNP intends to comply with the requirements of this section with the following clarification: Test loads equal to or greater than the original crane rating shall not pass over locations where special nuclear material is stored or where reactor system components or high cost equipment are located.
- e) Section 6.4.2 of ANSI N45.2.2 - 1972, titled Care, sub-items (5), (6), and (7) are clarified as follows:
  - 1) Sub-item (5), space heaters in electrical equipment shall be energized, unless a documented engineering evaluation determines that such space heaters are not required.
  - 2) Sub-item (6). large rotating electrical equipment (i.e. greater than or equal to 50 horsepower) shall be given insulation resistance tests on a scheduled basis, unless a documented engineering evaluation determines such tests are not needed.

## Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD

Table C17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

---

Regulatory Guide 1.38, Quality Assurance Requirements for Packaging, Shipping, Receiving, Storage, and Handling of Items for Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants (March 1973)

---

ANSI Standard N45.2.2-1972, Packing, Shipping, Receiving, Storage, and Handling of Items for Nuclear Power Plants

---

Packaging, shipping, receiving, storage, and handling of RNP items are in accordance with applicable requirements of ANSI N45.2.2-1972 with the following specific exceptions:

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- 3) Sub-item (7). prior to being placed in storage, rotating equipment weighing over approximately 50 lbs. shall be evaluated and documented by engineering personnel to determine if shaft rotation during storage is required. If rotation is required the degree of turn shall be such that the parts receive lubrication where applicable and the shaft does not come to rest in a previous position. Required rotation shall be performed at the necessary intervals and documented.
  - f) Section 6.2.4 of ANSI N45.2.2 - 1972, titled Storage of Food and Associated Items. The sentence is replaced with the following: "The use or storage of food, drinks, and salt tablet dispensers in any storage area shall be controlled and shall be limited to designated areas where such use or storage is not deleterious to stored items."
- 

Regulatory Guide 1.39, Housekeeping Requirements for Water- Cooled Nuclear Power Plants (March 1973)

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ANSI Standard N45.2.3-1973, Housekeeping, During the Construction Phase of Nuclear Power Plants

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The applicable requirements of ANSI N45.2.3-1973 are followed at RNP within the context of the established QA Program with the following specific exception -- the zone designations of Section 2.1 of ANSI N45.2.3 and the requirements associated with each zone are considered impractical for implementation, as stated, during the operations phase. Instead, procedures or instruction for housekeeping activities, which include the applicable requirements outlined in Section 2.1 of ANSI N45.2.3 and which take into account radiation control considerations, security considerations, and cleanliness requirements are developed on a case basis for work to be performed.

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Regulatory Guide 1.58, Qualification of Nuclear Power Plant Inspection, Examination, and Testing Personnel (September, 1980)

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ANSI Standard N45.2.6-1978, Qualification of Inspection, Examination, and Testing Personnel for Nuclear Power Plants

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RNP shall comply with NRC Regulatory Guide 1.58, September 1980 which endorses ANSI N45.2.6-1978, with the following exceptions:

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1. Section 1.2 titled Applicability: RNP elects not to apply the requirements of this guide to those personnel who are involved in the daily operations of surveillance, maintenance, and certain technical and support services whose qualifications are controlled by the RNP Technical Specifications or are controlled by other QA Program commitment requirements. Only personnel in the following listed categories will be required to meet ANSI N45.2.6-1978 requirements:
    - a. Nondestructive examination (NDE) personnel
    - b. QC inspection personnel
    - c. Receipt inspection personnel
-

## Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD

Table C17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

---

Regulatory Guide 1.58, Qualification of Nuclear Power Plant Inspection, Examination, and Testing Personnel (September, 1980)

---

ANSI Standard N45.2.6-1978, Qualification of Inspection, Examination, and Testing Personnel for Nuclear Power Plants

---

RNP shall comply with NRC Regulatory Guide 1.58, September 1980 which endorses ANSI N45.2.6-1978, with the following exceptions:

---

2. The fourth paragraph of Section 1.2 requires that the Standard be imposed on personnel other than RNP employees. The applicability of the Standard to suppliers and contractors will be documented and applied, as appropriate, in the procurement documents for such suppliers and contractors or in interface agreements for Duke Energy non-nuclear organizations providing services identified in Section 17.3.1.2.3.
3. Section 1.4 titled Definitions: Definitions in this Standard which are not included in ANSI N45.2.10 will be used; definitions which are included in ANSI N45.2.10 will be used as clarified in RNP commitment to Regulatory Guide 1.74.
4. Section 2.5 titled Physical: RNP will implement the requirements of this Section with the stipulation that, where no special physical characteristics are required, none will be specified. The converse is also true: if no special physical requirements are stipulated by RNP, none are considered necessary. RNP employees receive an initial physical examination to assure satisfactory physical condition; however, only the following listed personnel will receive an annual ( $\pm$  2 months) examination:
  - a. NDE personnel
  - b. QC inspection personnel
  - c. Receipt inspection personnelThis annual examination shall consist of the near visual acuity using the standard Jaeger's type chart or equivalent test.
5. Section 3 titled Qualifications: Only personnel performing NDE (such as LP, MT, UT, & RT) are required to be grouped in levels of capability and certified as such. Personnel performing inspection will be certified for inspection, review and evaluation of inspection data, and reporting of inspection and test results.
6. Section 3.5 titled Education & Experience Recommendations: RNP will certify individual inspectors through training and experience to requirements appropriate to the specific assignment; however, except for NDE, personnel are not required to be classified by levels of capability. Inspection personnel may be qualified based on pre-established experience, education, on-the-job training, written examinations and proficiency tests associated with the specific activity. Proficiency tests are given to personnel performing independent QC inspections and documented acceptance criteria are developed to determine if individuals are properly trained and qualified. Certificates of qualification delineate the functions personnel are qualified to perform. Qualification records are maintained and performance evaluations conducted at least once every three years. If organizations elect to utilize qualifications by levels for non-NDE inspections, Level I inspectors receive a minimum of 4 months experience as Level I before being certified as Level II, in lieu of one year experience recommended by ANSI N45.2.6 Section 3.5.2(1). Organizations identify in their procedures if they qualify their inspectors by Level or by task qualifications. Inspectors are only assigned functions for which they have been qualified.

## Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD

Table C17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

---

Regulatory Guide 1.64, Quality Assurance Requirements for the Design of Nuclear Power Plants (October 1973)

---

ANSI Standard N45.2.11-1974, Quality Assurance Requirements for the Design of Nuclear Power Plants

---

Those areas of the QA Program for RNP applicable to design or modification of the plant are in accordance with the applicable guidance of ANSI N45.2.11-1974, with the following exception:

---

- a) Section 1.4 titled Definitions: Definitions in this standard which are not included in ANSI N45.2.10 will be used; definitions which are included in ANSI N45.2.10 will be used as clarified in RNP commitment to Regulatory Guide 1.74.
- 

Regulatory Guide 1.74, Quality Assurance Terms and Definitions (February, 1974)

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ANSI Standard N45.2.10-1973, Quality Assurance Terms and Definitions

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The quality assurance terms and definitions of ANSI N45.2.10-1973 and Regulatory Guide 1.74 are being complied with for use in describing and implementing the RNP QA Program.

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Regulatory Guide 1.88 , Requirements for Collection, Storage, and Maintenance of Quality Assurance Records for Nuclear Power Plants

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ANSI Standard N45.2.9-1979 , "Requirements for Collection, Storage, and Maintenance of Quality Assurance Records for Nuclear Power Plants"

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As documented in RNP Letter to the NRC dated March 23, 1993, RNP is no longer committed to Regulatory Guide 1.88 "Collection, Storage, and Maintenance of Nuclear Power Plant Quality Assurance Records," August 1974.

---

See standard exception in Table 17-1 Regulatory Guide 1.88 for the appropriate controls on quality in the management of electronic records.

The requirements for collection, storage, and maintenance of QA records at RNP will be in accordance with ANSI N45.2.9-1979 and Section 17.3.2.15, subject to the following:

1. Section 1.5 titled Referenced Documents: RNP's commitment to other documents referenced in this standard shall be as stated in our commitment to that document.
2. Section 5.4 Item 2 "Records shall be firmly attached in binders or placed in folders or envelopes for storage in steel file cabinets or on shelving in containers." RNP complies with this requirement except for periods when records are in the receipt process.
3. Section 5.6 states: "Records shall be stored in facilities constructed and maintained in a manner which minimizes the risk of damage or destruction from the following:
  - a. Natural disasters such as winds, floods, or fires.
  - b. Environmental conditions such as high and low temperatures and humidity.
  - c. Infestation of insects, mold, or rodents."

Records are stored in permanent and temporary facilities as follows:

- 1) One hour UL-rated fireproof file cabinets are utilized for temporary storage of hardcopy records. These file cabinets are located at work locations throughout the plant and will contain the records until the records are transmitted to the appropriate Document Control Center.

Records being processed in Document Control Centers will be stored in fireproof cabinets when they are not being processed and until they are sent to the vault. In addition, records that are generated and authenticated electronically are afforded protection as described in N45.2.9-1979 prior to conversion to permanent storage media.



## Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD

Table C17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

---

Regulatory Guide 1.88 , Requirements for Collection, Storage, and Maintenance of Quality Assurance Records for Nuclear Power Plants

---

ANSI Standard N45.2.9-1979 , "Requirements for Collection, Storage, and Maintenance of Quality Assurance Records for Nuclear Power Plants"

---

As documented in RNP Letter to the NRC dated March 23, 1993, RNP is no longer committed to Regulatory Guide 1.88 "Collection, Storage, and Maintenance of Nuclear Power Plant Quality Assurance Records," August 1974.

---

- 2) Permanent storage of QA records will be in the plant vault constructed to meet the requirements of this ANSI standard, and via electronic means which also meet applicable provisions of this standard, in addition to those delineated below.
  - 3) Selected records may be stored off-site by a QA Records Storage supplier provided that supplier meets the applicable sections of this ANSI standard.
  4. Section 6.2 states: "Storage systems shall provide for retrieval of information in accordance with planned retrieval times based upon the record type." Retrieval of records at RNP is via a random access computer system using key words and document identification numbers, or through a manual index for records completed prior to 1982. The manual system is keyed to Plant Systems.
  5. Section 7.3.3 states: "Various regulatory agencies have requirements concerning records that are within the scope of this Standard. The most stringent requirements shall be used in determining the retention period."
  6. RNP will continue to adhere to the recommendations of Appendix A of ANSI N45.2.9-1974, or with the most stringent requirement with respect to records retention.
- 

Regulatory Guide 1.94, Quality Assurance Requirements for Installation, Inspection, and Testing of Structural Concrete and Structural Steel During the Construction Phase of Nuclear Power Plants (April 1976)

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ANSI Standard N45.2.5-1974, Supplementary Quality Assurance Requirements for Installation, Inspections, and Testing of Structural Concrete and Structural Steel During the Construction Phase of Nuclear Power Plants

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The original specification requirements, applicable guidance contained in Regulatory Guide 1.94, or acceptable alternatives based on an engineering evaluation will be utilized in the event future structural work is to be performed which falls under the established requirements of the RNP QA Program.

Future field production welding acceptance criteria will be based on NCIG-01, "Visual Weld Acceptance Criteria for Structural Welding at Nuclear Power Plants," Revision 2, dated May 7, 1985, Prepared by the Nuclear Construction Issues Group (NCIG) for structural safety-related and non-safety related pipe, conduit, cable tray, duct, and equipment supports where welding is specified to be in accordance with AWSD1.1.

This will be implemented through appropriate RNP specifications.

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## Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD

Table C17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.116, QA Requirements for Installation, Inspection, and Testing of Mechanical Equipment and Systems (June, 1976)

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ANSI Standard N45.2.8-1975, Supplementary Quality Assurance Requirements for Installation, Inspection, and Testing of Mechanical Equipment and Systems for the Construction Phase of Nuclear Power Plants

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Regulatory Guide 1.116, June, 1976, endorses ANSI N45.2.8-1975. RNP does not commit to Regulatory Guide 1.116 but does endorse parts of ANSI N45.2.8-1975 as described below.

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Within the context of the established QA Program, the applicable guidance contained in ANSI N45.2.8-1975 will be utilized in relation to mechanical maintenance or modification with the following exceptions:

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- a) Section 1.4 titled Definitions: Definitions in this standard which are not included in ANSI N45.2.10 will be used; definitions which are included in ANSI N45.2.10 will be used as clarified in RNP commitment to Regulatory Guide 1.74.
- b) Section 1.5 titled Referenced Documents: RNP's commitment to other documents referenced in this standard shall be as stated in our commitment to that document.
- c) Section 2.8 titled Measuring and Test Equipment: RNP will implement the applicable portions of this section as follows:

The status of portable items of measuring and test equipment and reference standards shall be identified by use of tags, stickers, labels, routing cards, computer programs, or other suitable means for the date recalibration is due or the frequency of recalibration. These items are in a calibration program which requires recalibration on a specified frequency or, in certain cases, prior to use.

Instrumentation and electrical equipment in the categories listed below shall be in a calibration program. This program provides, by the use of status cards, computer schedules, or tags, for the date that recalibration is due and indicates the status of calibration. The identity of person(s) performing the calibration is provided on the calibration documents.

  - 1) Instruments installed as listed in the RNP Technical Specifications,
  - 2) Installed instrumentation used to verify RNP Technical Specification parameters, and
  - 3) Installed safety-related instruments and electrical equipment that provide an active function during operation or during shutdown; i.e., not a device being designated safety-related solely because the instrument is an integral part of a pressure retaining boundary.
- d) Section 6 titled Data Analysis and Evaluation states in part, "Procedures shall be established for processing inspection and test data and their analysis and evaluation." RNP data processing procedures per se have not been developed; instead, test data are recorded, processed, and analyzed in accordance with procedures and instructions in appropriate functional areas; e.g., maintenance, startup.

## Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD

Table C17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.123, Quality Assurance Requirements for Control or Procurement of Items and Services for Nuclear Power Plants (July, 1977)

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ANSI Standard N45.2.13, Quality Assurance Requirements for (Draft 2, Rev. 4, April, 1974) Control or Procurement of Items and Services for Nuclear Power Plants

---

RNP does not commit to Regulatory Guide 1.123; however, the applicable guidance contained in ANSI N45.2.13-1974, Draft 2, Rev. 4, and ANSI N18.7-1976 will be utilized in relation to procurement of items and services performed under the established requirements of the RNP QA Program.

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See standard exceptions in Table 17-1 for Regulatory Guide 1.123 for the procurement of Commercial Grade Items and services including, purchasing commercial-grade calibration services from calibration laboratories.

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Regulatory Guide 1.144, Auditing of Quality Assurance (January 1979)

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ANSI Standard N45.2.12-1977, Requirements for Auditing of Quality Assurance Programs for Nuclear Power Plants

---

RNP will follow the requirements and recommendations of Regulatory Guide 1.144 and ANSI N45.2.12 with the following clarifications:

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1. RNP will follow the requirements and recommendations of Regulatory Guide 1.144 paragraphs C.1, C.2, C.3.a.2, C.3.b, and C.4. Our position on paragraph C.3.a.1 is as follows:
  - Audits of operational phase activities, as outlined in Section 17.3.3.3.3, shall be performed at the frequencies specified therein.
  - See standard exceptions in Table 17-1 for Regulatory Guide 1.123 for the procurement of Commercial Grade Items and services including, purchasing commercial-grade calibration services from calibration laboratories.
2. RNP will comply with the last paragraph of Section 4.4 of ANSI N45.2.12 concerning issuing audit reports with the following clarification: "Audit reports shall be issued within thirty working days after the last day of the audit. The last day of an audit shall be considered to be the day of the post-audit conference. If a post-audit conference is not held because it was deemed unnecessary, the last day of the audit shall be considered to be the date the post-audit conference was deemed unnecessary as documented in the audit report."
3. ANSI N45.2.12 Section 4.3. 1, Preaudit Conference: RNP will comply with the requirement of this paragraph by inserting the word "Normally" at the beginning of the first sentence. This clarification is required because, in the case of certain unannounced audits or audits of a particular operation or work activity, a preaudit conference might interfere with the spontaneity of the operation or activity being audited. In other cases, persons who should be present at a preaudit conference may not always be available. Such lack of availability should not be an impediment to beginning an audit. Even in the above examples, which are not intended to be all inclusive, the material set forth in Section 4.3.1 will normally be covered during the course of the audit.

## Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD

Table C17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

---

Regulatory Guide 1.144, Auditing of Quality Assurance (January 1979)

---

ANSI Standard N45.2.12-1977, Requirements for Auditing of Quality Assurance Programs for Nuclear Power Plants

---

RNP will follow the requirements and recommendations of Regulatory Guide 1.144 and ANSI N45.2.12 with the following clarifications:

---

4. ANSI N45.2.12 Section 4.3.3, Post Audit Conference: RNP will substitute and comply with the following paragraphs: "For all external audits, a post audit conference shall be held with management of the audited organization to present audit findings and clarify misunderstandings.  
Where no adverse findings exist, this conference may be waived by management of the audited organization. Such waiver shall be documented in the audit report. For all internal audits, unless unusual operating or maintenance conditions preclude attendance by appropriate management, an audit exit shall be held with management of the audited organization. If there are no adverse findings, management of the audited organization may waive the audit exit. Such waiver shall be documented in the audit report."
  5. ANSI N45.2.12 Section 4.4, Reporting:
    - a. This paragraph requires that the audit report be signed by the audit team leader which is not always the most expeditious route for the audit report to be issued as soon as practical. RNP will comply with Section 4.4 as clarified to read:  
"An audit report shall be signed by the audit team leader or the leader's supervisor in the absence of the audit team leader. In cases where the audit report is not signed by the audit team leader due to the leader's absence, the record copy of the report must be signed by the audit team leader upon return . The report shall not require the audit team leader's review/concurrence/signature if the audit team leader is no longer employed by Duke Energy at the time audit report is issued. The audit report shall provide:"
    - b. RNP will comply with subsection 4.4.3 clarified to read: "Supervisory level personnel with whom significant discussions were held during the course of preaudit (where conducted) , audit, and post audit (where conducted) activities.
    - c. Subsection 4.4.6 requires audit reports to include recommendations for corrective actions. RNP may choose not to comply with this requirement. Instead, audit reports are required to document findings.
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Regulatory Guide 1.146, Qualification of QA Program Audit Personnel for Nuclear Power Plants (Revision 0) (August, 1980)

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ANSI Standard N45.2.23-1978, Qualification of Quality Assurance Program Audit Personnel for Nuclear Power Plants

---

RNP shall comply with NRC Regulatory Guide 1.146, Revision 0, which endorses ANSI N45.2.23-1978, with the following exceptions:

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1. Section 1.4 titled Definitions: Definitions in this Standard which are not included in ANSI N45.2.10 will be used; definitions which are included in ANSI N45.2.10 will be used as clarified in RNP commitment to Regulatory Guide 1.74.
2. Section 2.2 titled Qualification of Auditors: Subsection 2.2.1 references an ANSI B45.2, which will be assumed to be N45.2. RNP will comply with an alternate subsection 2.2.1 which reads:  
Orientation to provide a working knowledge and understanding of the QA program, including the Regulatory Guides and ANSI standards included in the program, and Duke Energy procedures for performing audits and reporting results.
3. Section 4.1 titled Organizational Responsibility: RNP will comply with this Section with the substitution of the following sentence in place of the last sentence in the Section.

## Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD

Table C17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

---

Regulatory Guide 1.146, Qualification of QA Program Audit Personnel for Nuclear Power Plants (Revision 0) (August, 1980)

---

ANSI Standard N45.2.23-1978, Qualification of Quality Assurance Program Audit Personnel for Nuclear Power Plants

---

RNP shall comply with NRC Regulatory Guide 1.146, Revision 0, which endorses ANSI N45.2.23-1978, with the following exceptions:

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NOS Management or the Audit Team Leader shall, prior to commencing the audit, assign personnel who collectively have experience or training commensurate with the scope, complexity, or special nature of the activities to be audited.

4. Section 5.3 titled Updating of Lead Auditors' Records: RNP will substitute the following sentence for this Section:  
Records for each Lead Auditor shall be maintained and updated during the annual management assessment as defined in Section 3.2 (as clarified).
5. Section 5.4 titled Record Retention: RNP will substitute the following sentence for this section.  
Qualification records shall be retained as required by the QA Program.
6. Section 2.3.4 titled For Audits: RNP will substitute the following instead of the cited sentence. Prospective Lead Auditors shall demonstrate the ability to effectively implement the audit process and effectively lead an audit team. This process is described in written procedures, which provide for evaluation and documentation of the results of this demonstration. In addition, the prospective Lead Auditor shall have participated in at least two Nuclear Oversight audits within a one-year period preceding the individual's effective date of qualification. Upon successful demonstration of the ability to effectively implement the audit process and effectively lead audits, and having met other provisions of Section 2.3 of ANSI/ASME N45.2.23-1978, the individual may be certified to lead audits.

## Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD

### Table C17-2. Site Specific Response to Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards

Table C17-2 identifies additional Regulatory Guides addressing subjects related to implementation of the QAP but the implementation is site specific and controlled with the UFSAR in accordance with 10 CFR 50.59.

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#### Regulatory Guide 1.8, Personnel Selection and Training

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Personnel selection and training is site specific.

Robinson addresses conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.8 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Section 8.

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#### Regulatory Guide 1.26, Quality Group Classifications and Standards for Water-, Steam-, and Radioactive-Waste-Containing Components of Nuclear Power Plants

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Quality group classifications and standards trace to the original design and construction of the nuclear power plant and therefore are site specific.

Robinson does not address Regulatory Guide 1.26 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Section 8. Quality group classifications are addressed in UFSAR Chapter 3.

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#### Regulatory Guide 1.29, Seismic Design Classification

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Seismic design classification trace to the original design and construction of the nuclear power plant and therefore is site specific.

Robinson addresses conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.29 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Section 8.

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#### Regulatory Guide 1.36, Nonmetallic Thermal Insulation for Austenitic Stainless Steel

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Nonmetallic thermal insulation for austenitic stainless steel trace to the original design and construction of the nuclear power plant and therefore is site specific.

Robinson does not address conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.36 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Section 8. See UFSAR Chapters 5 and 6 for insulation of austenitic stainless steel.

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#### Regulatory Guide 1.54, Quality Assurance Requirements for Protective Coatings Applied to Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants

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Quality assurance requirements for protective coatings applied to water-cooled nuclear power plants trace to the original design and construction of the nuclear power plant and therefore is site specific.

Robinson addresses conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.54 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Section 8.

**Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD**

Table C17-2. Site Specific Response to Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.143, Design Guidance for Radioactive Waste Management Systems, Structures, and Components Installed in Light-Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants

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Design guidance for radioactive waste management systems, structures, and components installed in light-water-cooled nuclear power plants trace to the original design and construction of the nuclear power plant and therefore is site specific.

Robinson does not address conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.143 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Section 8. Design guidance for radioactive waste management systems, structures, and components is addressed in UFSAR Chapter 11.

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Regulatory Guide 1.155, Station Blackout

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Addressing Station Blackout is site specific.

Robinson addresses conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.155 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Section 8.

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Regulatory Guide 4.15, Quality Assurance for Radiological Monitoring Programs (Normal Operations) – Effluent Streams and the Environment

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Quality assurance for radiological monitoring program (normal operations) – effluent streams and the environment is site specific.

Robinson addresses Regulatory Guide 4.15 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Section 8.

## **Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD**

### **C17.3.1 MANAGEMENT**

#### **C17.3.1.1 Methodology**

There are no Robinson specific amplifications for this section.

#### **C17.3.1.2 Organization**

There are no Robinson specific amplifications for this section.

#### **C17.3.1.3 Responsibility**

There are no Robinson specific amplifications for this section.

#### **C17.3.1.4 Authority**

The program and procedures require that the authority and duties of persons and organizations performing activities affecting quality functions be clearly established and delineated in writing and that these individuals and organizations have sufficient authority and organizational freedom to:

1. Identify quality, nuclear safety, and performance problems.
2. Order unsatisfactory work to be stopped and control further processing, delivery, or installation of nonconforming material.
3. Initiate, recommend, or provide solutions for conditions adverse to quality.
4. Verify implementation of solutions.

#### **C17.3.1.5 Personnel Training and Qualification**

There are no Robinson specific amplifications for this section.

#### **C17.3.1.6 Corrective Action**

The program requires that an evaluation of adverse conditions such as conditions adverse to quality, nonconformances, failures, malfunctions, deficiencies, deviations, and defective material and equipment is conducted to determine need for corrective action.

Conditions adverse to quality are identified through inspections, assessments, tests, checks, and review of documents.

The program requires corrective action to be initiated to preclude recurrence of significant conditions adverse to quality.

Procedures require follow-up reviews, verifications, inspections, etc., to be conducted to verify proper implementation of corrective action and to close out the corrective action documentation.

The program outlines the methodology for resolution of disputes involving quality and nuclear safety issues arising from a difference of opinion between identifying personnel and other groups.

Significant conditions adverse to quality are reported to appropriate management for review and evaluation.

Periodic review and evaluation of adverse trends are performed by management.



## **Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD**

### **C17.3.1.7 Regulatory Commitments**

There are no Robinson specific amplifications for this section.

### **C17.3.2 PERFORMANCE/VERIFICATION**

#### **C17.3.2.1 Methodology**

There are no Robinson specific amplifications for this section.

#### **C17.3.2.2 Design Control**

There are no Robinson specific amplifications for this section.

#### **C17.3.2.3 Design Verification**

There are no Robinson specific amplifications for this section.

#### **C17.3.2.4 Procurement Control**

Potential contractors and suppliers are evaluated prior to award of a procurement contract when needed to assure the contractor's or supplier's capability to comply with applicable technical and quality requirements.

Procurement documents, such as purchase specifications, contain or reference the following:

1. Technical, administrative, regulatory, and reporting requirements, including material and component identification requirements, drawings, specifications, codes and industrial standards, test and inspection requirements, and special process instructions.
2. Identification of the documentation to be prepared, maintained, or submitted (as applicable) to RNP for review and approval. These documents may include, as necessary, inspection and test records, qualification records, or code required documentation
3. Identification of those records to be retained, controlled, and maintained by the supplier, and those delivered to the purchaser prior to use or installation of the hardware.

Procurement documents require suppliers to operate in accordance with QA programs which are compatible with the applicable requirements of RNP's QA Program and procedures where their services are utilized in support of plant activities.

#### **C17.3.2.5 Procurement Verification**

There are no Robinson specific amplifications for this section.

#### **C17.3.2.6 Identification and Control of Items**

Procedures require that materials, parts, and components be identified and controlled to prevent the use of incorrect or defective items. These procedures also require that identification of items be maintained either on the item in a manner that does not affect the function or quality of the item, or on records traceable to the item.

## **Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD**

Procedures implementing these requirements provide for the following:

1. Verification that items received at the plant are properly identified and can be traced to the appropriate documentation, such as drawings, specifications, purchase orders, manufacturing and inspection documents, nonconformance reports, or material test reports.
2. Verification of item identification consistent with the RNP inventory control system and traceable to documentation which identifies the proper uses or applications of the item.

### **C17.3.2.7 Handling, Storage, and Shipping**

Provisions are established to control the shelf life and storage of chemicals, reagents, lubricants, and other consumable materials.

### **C17.3.2.8 Test Control**

Test procedures incorporate or reference the following, as required:

1. Instructions and prerequisites for performing the test,
2. Use of proper test equipment,
3. Mandatory inspection hold points,
4. Acceptance criteria

Test results are documented, evaluated, and their acceptability determined by a qualified, responsible individual or group.

When the acceptance criteria is not met, affected areas are to be retested or evaluated, as appropriate.

### **C17.3.2.9 Measuring and Test Equipment Control**

Portable measuring and test equipment are calibrated by standards at least four times as accurate as the portable measuring and test equipment, unless limited by the state of the art.

Special tools such as torque wrenches, calipers, and micrometers are calibrated to be at least as accurate as the application(s) for which it is used, using standards which are at least as accurate as the special tool being calibrated.

Installed measuring and test instruments are calibrated by instruments at least as accurate as the installed, unless limited by the state of the art.

Reference and transfer standards are traceable to nationally recognized standards; or where national standards do not exist, provisions are established to document the basis for the calibration.

### **C17.3.2.10 Inspection, Test, and Operating Status**

These procedures include the application, removal, and verification of inspection and welding stamps, or other status indicators as appropriate.

Altering the sequence of required tests, inspections, and safety-related operations can only be accomplished by methods outlined in procedures.

## **Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD**

### **C17.3.2.11 Special Process Control**

There are no Robinson specific amplifications for this section.

### **C17.3.2.12 Inspection**

There are no Robinson specific amplifications for this section.

### **C17.3.2.13 Corrective Action**

The primary goal of the RNP corrective action program is to improve overall plant operations and performance by identifying and correcting root causes of equipment and human performance problems.

Procedures define requirements for a corrective action program that charges personnel working at or supporting the nuclear plants with the responsibility to identify adverse conditions (including conditions adverse to quality).

Procedures include requirements for verification of the acceptability of the rework/repair of items by reinspection and/or testing in accordance with the original inspection or test requirements or by an accepted alternative inspection and testing method.

Conditions that require rework/repairs are identified through the use of maintenance work request forms.

### **C17.3.2.14 Control of Documents**

Changes to documents are reviewed and approved by the same organization that performed the original review and approval or by other designated qualified responsible organizations.

### **C17.3.2.15 Records**

The structures in which certain records are maintained are designed to prevent destruction, deterioration, or theft. These structures ensure protection against destruction by fire, flooding, theft, and deterioration by the environmental conditions of temperature and humidity.

## **C17.3.3 ASSESSMENT**

### **C17.3.3.1 Methodology**

There are no Robinson specific amplifications for this section.

### **C17.3.3.2 Independent Review**

There are no Robinson specific amplifications for this section.

### **C17.3.3.3 Independent Assessment**

There are no Robinson specific amplifications for this section.

#### **C17.3.3.3.1 Organization**

There are no Robinson specific amplifications for this section.

## **Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD**

### **C17.3.3.3.2 Internal Assessment process**

There are no Robinson specific amplifications for this section.

### **C17.3.3.3.3 Internal Audit Program**

#### **C17.3.3.3.3.1 Other Reviews Prescribed by the Code of Federal Regulations**

There are no Robinson specific amplifications for this section.

#### **C17.3.3.3.3.2 Independent Audit of Fire Protection Program**

There are no Robinson specific amplifications for this section.

### **C17.3.3.3.4 Results**

There are no Robinson specific amplifications for this section.

### **C17.3.3.3.5 Supplier Oversight**

There are no Robinson specific amplifications for this section.

### **C17.3.3.3.6 Independent Audit of QA Functions**

There are no Robinson specific amplifications for this section.

### **C17.3.3.3.7 Audit Frequency Extensions**

There are no Robinson specific amplifications for this section.

## **C17.3.4 REVIEW AND AUDIT**

The topics in this section were added to the RNP UFSAR description of the QA Program to relocate certain administrative controls from Technical Specifications. Those relocated administrative controls, indicated by section heading, are either contained below or referenced to the current location.

### **C17.3.4.1 Procedures, Tests, and Experiments**

1. The procedures established, implemented, and maintained for the Quality Assurance Program for effluent and environmental monitoring use guidance from Regulatory Guide 4.15. RNP is not committed to specific guidance within Regulatory Guide 4.15 or to a specific revision to the Regulatory Guide.
2. 10 CFR 50.59 reviews are addressed in Section 17.3.4.2.

### **C17.3.4.2 Modifications**

Requirements for modifications are addressed in Section 17.3.2.2, Design Control.

### **C17.3.4.3 RNP Technical Specifications and License Changes**

Each proposed RNP Technical Specification or Operating License change for the 10CFR 50 license and 7P-ISFSI license is reviewed per Section 17.3.3.2 and submitted to the NRC for approval. The 24P ISFSI RNP Technical Specifications and License are processed by Transnuclear, Inc., and will only be reviewed by the On-Site Review Committee if a plant specific safety issue is identified.

## Attachment C, Robinson Specific QAPD

### **C17.3.4.4 Review of RNP Technical Specifications Violations**

Addressed in Section 17.3.4.6, Reportable Event Action.

### **C17.3.4.5 10CFR 50.59 Review Qualification**

10 CFR 50.59 review qualification is addressed in Section 17.3.4.2, 10 CFR 50.59 Reviews.

### **C17.3.4.6 Plant Nuclear Safety Committee (PNSC)**

Requirements for the on-site review committee are addressed in Section 17.3.3.2, Independent Review.

### **C17.3.4.7 Independent Review Program**

The Nuclear Oversight Section Independent Review Program, has been replaced by Section 17.3.3.2, Independent Review.

### **C17.3.4.8. (Deleted)**

There was no content in Robinson UFSAR Section 17.3 Appendix A, QA Program Relocated Technical Specifications Requirements, Section 1.8.

### **C17.3.4.9. Outside Agency Inspection and Audit Program**

See Section 17.3.3.3.2, Independent Audit of Fire Protection Program.

### **C17.3.4.10. Reportable Event Action**

See Section 17.3.4.6, Reportable Event Action.

### **C17.3.4.11. Safety Limit Violation**

Requirements for safety limit violations are addressed in 17.3.4.6.

### **C17.3.4.12. Record Retention**

A list of typical operational phase QA Records is included in 17.3.2.15.

## **Attachment D, Catawba, McGuire, and Oconee Specific QAPD**

### **Attachment D, Catawba, McGuire, and Oconee Specific QAPD**

The term 'Duke Energy Carolinas' as used in this document means Catawba, McGuire, and Oconee Nuclear Plants. If content is specific to a single nuclear plant, that nuclear plant will be identified by name. See Table D17-2 addressing Regulatory Guide 1.8 for example.

Information presented in this attachment was contained in the Duke Energy Carolinas Topical Report Quality Assurance Program prior to Amendment 41.

Where a section contains no descriptive information beyond that in the generic text in the body of the document, a statement is made to that effect and no content is included. See D17.3.1.2, Organization for example.

### **D17. QUALITY ASSURANCE**

#### **D17.1 QA DURING DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION**

Deleted

#### **D17.2 OPERATIONAL QA**

Deleted

(NOTE: In August 1992, Amendment 15 of the Duke Energy Carolinas Topical Report reformatted the description of the QA Program to follow Standard Revision Plan Section 17.3, replacing the content of 17.1 and 17.2.)

#### **D17.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM (QAP) DESCRIPTION**

##### **INTRODUCTION**

As discussed herein, the Quality Assurance Program (QAP) includes the description contained in this document and the procedures providing implementation of the requirements of this document, including the requirements of industry standards to the degree identified in Table 17-1. This Topical Report describes the QAP for those systems, components, items, and services which have been determined to be nuclear safety related. The QAP provides a method of applying graded controls to certain non-nuclear safety related systems, components, items, and services (such as fire protection and radioactive waste structures, systems, and components) through implementing documents.

Duke Energy Carolinas may use QA Conditions as a method for identifying applicability of the QAP, where implementing documents define a Quality Assurance (QA) "Condition" for each level of QA required. These will be designated as "QA Condition \_\_\_\_". The quality of systems, components, items, and services within the scope of QA Conditions is assured through implementing documents commensurate with the system's, component's, item's, or service's importance to safety.

In this approach, QA Condition 1 identifies those systems and their attendant components, items, and services which have been determined to be nuclear safety related. These systems are detailed in the Safety Analysis Report applicable to each nuclear station. The Topical Report applies in its entirety to systems, components, items, and services identified as QA Condition 1.

## **Attachment D, Catawba, McGuire, and Oconee Specific QAPD**

QA Condition 5 covers those systems, components, items, and services which are important to the mitigation of design basis and other selected events as defined in applicable procedures and directives. QA Condition 5 only applies to Oconee Nuclear Station.

QA Conditions 2, 3, 4, and others are defined in implementing documents. These address SSCs and related functions important to the management and containment of liquid, gaseous, and solid radioactive waste, important to fire protection, seismic interaction, etc.

QA Condition 3 includes those fire protection features (systems, components, items, and services) which are credited in addressing 10 CFR 50.48.

Quality assurance program requirements for Oconee, McGuire, and Catawba dry cask storage activities are performed in accordance with applicable 10CFR72.212 reports for each site which invoke the NRC approved 10CFR50 Appendix B QAP as described in this Topical Report.

### **DEFINITIONS**

There are no Duke Energy Carolinas specific definitions.

### **EXPLANATION OF "QUALITY ASSURANCE"**

There is no Duke Energy Carolinas specific content.

### **QA STANDARDS AND GUIDES**

Table D17-1 and D17-2 address Catawba, McGuire, and Oconee conformance to the referenced regulatory and program guidance in NUREG-0800 Section 17.3.

Changes to the content of Table D17-1 are controlled in accordance with 10 CFR 50.54(a). Subsequent changes to the QAP are incorporated in this document as identified in Section 17.3.1.7.

Table D17-2 addresses additional Regulatory Guides that relate to implementation of the QAP but the implementation is site specific and controlled with each site's UFSAR.

## Attachment D, Catawba, McGuire, and Oconee Specific QAPD

**Table D17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards**

Generic Exception:

Table D17-1 addresses Duke Energy Carolinas Conformance of the Quality Assurance Program to certain NRC Regulatory Guides. In so doing, specific editions of industry standards are identified for compliance with exceptions and alternatives. Those identified standards include references to other industry standards for activities including, but not limited to; design, fabrication, inspection, and testing. Those included reference industry standards are considered to be guidance documents for details of how activities may be accomplished. The actual standard to be used in such cases is controlled by each station's current licensing and design bases.

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Regulatory Guide 1.28, Rev (2), Feb. 1979 – Quality Assurance Program Requirements (Design and Construction)

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Duke Energy Carolinas conforms to Regulatory Guide 1.28 Rev (2) and ANSI N45.2-1977 with the clarifications and exceptions noted below.

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Exception to ANSI N45.2 Section 5. Duke Energy Carolinas procurement documents shall require suppliers to provide a quality assurance program consistent with the pertinent requirements of 10 CFR Part 50 Appendix B instead of ANSI N45.2-1977.

Alternate requirements for purchase of Commercial Grade Items are described in this table addressing compliance for Regulatory Guide 1.123.

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Regulatory Guide 1.30, Rev 0, Quality Assurance Requirements for the Installation, Inspection and Testing of Instrumentation and Electric Equipment

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Duke Energy Carolinas conforms to Regulatory Guide 1.30 Rev 0 and ANSI N45.2.4-1972 with the following Clarifications and Exceptions:

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Conforms with no exceptions.

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Regulatory Guide 1.33, Rev 2, Quality Assurance Program Requirements (Operation)

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Duke Energy Carolinas conforms to Regulatory Guide 1.33 Rev 2 and ANSI N18.7-1976/ANS-3.2 with the following Clarifications and Exceptions:

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Regulatory position C.4 modifies the audit frequencies in Section 4.5 of ANSI N18.7. Duke Energy Carolinas takes exception to this regulatory position. The audits of selected aspects of operational phase activities as identified in Section 17.3.3.3.3, Internal Audit Program, are performance based. The schedule is based on plant performance and importance to safety but at a frequency not to exceed twenty-four months with extensions as allowed in Section 17.3.3.3.7, Audit Frequency Extensions.



**Attachment D, Catawba, McGuire, and Oconee Specific QAPD**

Table D17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.33, Rev 2, Quality Assurance Program Requirements (Operation)

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Duke Energy Carolinas conforms to Regulatory Guide 1.33 Rev 2 and ANSI N18.7-1976/ANS-3.2 with the following Clarifications and Exceptions:

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Exception to ANSI N18.7-1976, Section 5.2.15, Review, Approval and Control of Procedures, which states in part that, "Plant procedures shall be reviewed by an individual knowledgeable in the area affected by the procedure no less frequently than every two years to determine if changes are necessary. A revision to a procedure constitutes a procedure review." In lieu of this paragraph, Duke Energy addresses programmatic controls in Section 17.3.2.14 to continually identify procedure revisions which may be needed to ensure that procedures are appropriate for the circumstance and are maintained current.

Exception to ANSI N18.7-1976, Section 5.2.13.1, Procurement Document Control: When purchasing commercial-grade calibration services from certain accredited calibration laboratories, the procurement documents are not required to impose a QAP consistent with ANSI N45.2-1977. Alternate requirements described in the QA Topical Report for Regulatory Guide 1.123 may be implemented in lieu of imposing a QAP consistent with ANSI N45.2-1977. When purchasing nuclear safety related material, equipment and services, the supplier is required to meet applicable criteria of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B and 10 CFR 21.

Exception to Paragraph C.3 of Regulatory Guide 1.33 and ANSI N18.7-1976 Section 4.3: Independent Review Program requirements are replaced by Section 17.3.3.2, Independent Review. This exception uses NRC Safety Evaluation dated January 13, 2005 to Nuclear Management Company (ADAMS ML050210276).

Section 5.2.2 titled Procedure Adherence first paragraph addresses temporary change to procedures, which is clarified as follows: Temporary changes to procedures, tests, or experiments may be made provided; a) such change does not change the intent of the original procedure, test, or experiment; b) the change is approved by two members of the plant management staff, at least one of whom holds a Senior Reactor Operator License on the unit affected; and c) the change is documented and approved as a permanent change or deleted within 14 days of implementation.

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Regulatory Guide 1.37, Rev 0, Quality Assurance Requirements for Cleaning of Fluid Systems and Associated Components of Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants

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Duke Energy Carolinas conforms to Regulatory Guide 1.37 Rev 0 and ANSI N45.2.1-1973 with the following clarifications and exceptions:

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Conforms with no exceptions.

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Regulatory Guide 1.38, Rev 2, May 1977 – Quality Assurance Requirements for Packaging, Shipping, Receiving, Storage and Handling of Items for Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants

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Duke Energy Carolinas conforms to Regulatory Guide 1.38 Rev 2 and ANSI N45.2.2-1972 with the following Clarifications and Exceptions:

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Container markings shall be marked on at least one side (A.3.9(1)) and shall be applied with waterproof ink or paint in characters of a legible size, and caps and plugs for pipe and fittings are required unless specified by Engineering, and off-site inspection, examination, and testing is monitored by personnel qualified to ANSI N45.2.12 in lieu of ANSI N45.2.6.

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## Attachment D, Catawba, McGuire, and Oconee Specific QAPD

Table D17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.38, Rev 2, May 1977 – Quality Assurance Requirements for Packaging, Shipping, Receiving, Storage and Handling of Items for Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants

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Duke Energy Carolinas conforms to Regulatory Guide 1.38 Rev 2 and ANSI N45.2.2-1972 with the following Clarifications and Exceptions:

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Section 6.2.4 of ANSI N45.2.2 - 1972, titled Storage of Food and Associated Items. The sentence is replaced with the following: "The use or storage of food, drinks, and salt tablet dispensers in any storage area shall be controlled and shall be limited to designated areas where such use or storage is not deleterious to stored items."

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Regulatory Guide 1.39, Rev (2), Sept. 1977 – Housekeeping Requirements for Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants

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Duke Energy Carolinas conforms to Regulatory Guide 1.39 Rev 2 and ANSI N45.2.3-1973 with the following clarifications and exceptions:

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Personnel accountability for personnel entering housekeeping zones I, II, and III without materials shall be maintained by housekeeping logs or alternate methods such as radiation work permits, confined space permits, work requests or other accepted methods capable of assuring personnel accountability.

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Regulatory Guide 1.58, Rev (1), Sept. 1980 – Qualification of Nuclear Power Plant Inspection, Examination and Testing Personnel

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Duke Energy Carolinas conforms Regulatory Guide 1.58 Rev 1 and ANSI N45.2.6-1978 with the following Clarifications and Exceptions:

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Duke Energy Carolinas nondestructive examination (NDE) personnel will meet the qualification requirements of SNT TC-1A and ANSI/SNT-CP-189 as governed by the applicable ASME Section XI requirement or other code requirement consistent with the conditions identified in 10 CFR 50.55a.

Operational/functional testing personnel will meet the requirements of ANSI N18.1 or ANS 3.1 rather than ANSI N45.2.6. This reflects Regulatory Position C.1.

With regard to Section 3 of ANSI N45.2.6-1978 titled Qualifications: Only personnel performing NDE (such as LP, MT, UT, and RT) are required to be grouped in levels of capability and certified for inspection, review, and evaluation of inspection data, and reporting of inspection and test results. In lieu of qualification by Levels, inspection personnel may be qualified based on pre-established experience, education, on-the-job training, written examinations and proficiency tests associated with the specific activity. Proficiency tests are given to personnel performing independent QC inspections and documented acceptance criteria are developed to determine if individuals are properly trained and qualified. Certificates of qualification delineate the functions personnel are qualified to perform. Qualification records are maintained and performance evaluations conducted at least once every three years. If organizations elect to utilize qualifications by levels, Level I inspectors receive a minimum of 4 months experience as Level I before being certified as Level II, in lieu of one year experience recommended by ANSI N45.2.6 Section 3.5.2(1). Organizations identify in their procedures if they qualify their inspectors by Level or by task qualifications. Inspectors are only assigned functions for which they have been qualified.

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## Attachment D, Catawba, McGuire, and Oconee Specific QAPD

Table D17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.64, Rev (2), June 1976 – Quality Assurance Requirements for the Design of Nuclear Power Plants

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Duke Energy Carolinas conforms to Regulatory Guide 1.64, Rev. 2 and ANSI Standard N45.2.11-1974 with the following Clarifications and Exceptions:

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The use of the originator's immediate supervisor for design verification shall be restricted to special situations where the immediate supervisor is the only individual capable of performing the verification. Advance justification for such use shall be documented and signed by the supervisor's management. And the frequency and effectiveness of the supervisor's use as design verifier are independently verified to guard against abuse. The supervisor will not be the design verifier on work for which he is the actual performer / originator.

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Regulatory Guide 1.74, Rev (0), Feb. 1974 – Quality Assurance Terms and Definitions

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Duke Energy Carolinas conforms to Regulatory Guide 1.74, Rev 0 and ANSI N45.2.10-1973 with the following Clarifications and Exceptions:

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The quality assurance terms and definitions contained in ANSI N45.2.10-1973 are generally used in describing and implementing the quality assurance program described in this QAPD except where terms are explicitly defined in this document.

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Regulatory Guide 1.88, Rev (2), Oct. 1976 - Collection, Storage, and Maintenance of Nuclear Power Plant Quality Assurance Records

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Duke Energy Carolinas conforms to Regulatory Guide 1.88, Rev. 2 and ANSI N45.2.9-1974 with the following Clarifications and Exceptions:

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The records storage facilities have a minimum 3-hour rating. A qualified Fire Protection Engineer (meeting Professional Member grade qualifications of the SFPE) will evaluate record storage areas (including satellite files) to assure records are adequately protected from damage.

The Duke Energy Carolinas program for storage of records on microfilm, dual storage or in electronic format meets the preservation requirement for the retention of QA Records.

See standard exception in Table 17-1 Regulatory Guide 1.88 for the appropriate controls on quality in the management of electronic records.

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Regulatory Guide 1.94, Rev (1), Apr. 1976 – Quality Assurance Requirements for Installation, Inspection, and Testing of Structural Concrete and Structural Steel During the Construction Phase of Nuclear Power Plants

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Duke Energy Carolinas conforms to Regulatory Guide 1.94. Rev. 1 and ANSI N45.2.5-1974 with the following Clarifications and Exceptions:

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The length of bolts shall be flush with the outside face of the nut.

Section 5.5 requires inspection of structural steel welding to be performed in accordance with the provisions of Section 6 of the AWS D1.1. Visual Weld Acceptance Criteria (VWAC) for Structural Welding at Nuclear Power Plants, NCIG-01, Revision 2, prepared by the Nuclear Construction Issues Group (NCIG) and accepted by the NRC in their letter to the NCIG dated June 26, 1985 may be used as an alternative to AWS D1.1 for non ASME Code structural weld inspections. (July 31, 2000 J M Farley SER)

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**Attachment D, Catawba, McGuire, and Oconee Specific QAPD**

Table D17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.116, Rev (0-R), June 1976, (Reissued May 1977) – Quality Assurance Requirements for Installation, Inspection, and Testing of Mechanical Equipment and Systems

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Duke Energy Carolinas conforms to Regulatory Guide 1.116 Rev (0-R) and ANSI N45.2.8-1975 with the following Clarifications and Exceptions:

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Conforms

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Regulatory Guide 1.123, Rev (1), July 1977 – Quality Assurance Requirements for Control of Procurement of Items and Services for Nuclear Power Plants

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Duke Energy Carolinas conforms to Regulatory Guide 1.123 and ANSI N45.2.13-1976 with the following clarifications and exceptions:

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Section 3.2, "Content of the Procurement Documents," Subsection 3.2.3, "QAP Requirement," Duke Energy Carolinas takes the following exception:

See standard exceptions in Table 17-1 for Regulatory Guide 1.123 for the procurement of Commercial Grade Items and services including, purchasing commercial-grade calibration services from calibration laboratories.

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Regulatory Guide 1.144, Rev (1), Sept. 1980 - Auditing of Quality Assurance Programs for Nuclear Power Plants

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Duke Energy Carolinas conforms to Regulatory Guide 1.144, Rev 1 and ANSI N45.2.12-1977 with the following clarifications or exceptions:

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Section 4.4.6. In lieu of making recommendations for correcting program deficiencies we will identify the deficiencies to the audited organization. For external audits, the results of the audit will be provided to the audited organization in lieu of the audit report. Also, the re-evaluation may be extended to 15 months and the triennial period as specified in Regulatory Position c.3.b.(2) may be extended as described in Section 17.3.3.3.7, Audit Frequency Extensions. Additionally, the Duke Energy Carolinas QAP meets regulatory position C.3.b of this regulatory guide, as clarified by NRC Information Notice 86-21, Supplement 2. Internal Technical Audits shall require a response describing corrective action and implementation schedule as requested by the audit report but not to exceed sixty days of receipt of the audit report.

See standard exceptions in Table 17-1 for Regulatory Guide 1.123 for the procurement of Commercial Grade Items and services including, purchasing commercial-grade calibration services from calibration laboratories.

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**Attachment D, Catawba, McGuire, and Oconee Specific QAPD**

Table D17-1. Conformance with QA Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.146, Rev (0), Aug. 1980 – Qualification of Quality Assurance Program Audit Personnel for Nuclear Power Plants

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Duke Energy Carolinas conforms to Regulatory Guide 1.146 Rev 0 and ANSI N45.2.23-1978 with the following clarifications and Exceptions:

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In lieu of prospective lead auditors participating in a minimum of five QA audits within a period of three years prior to date of certification, prospective lead auditors shall demonstrate their ability to effectively lead an audit team and shall have participated in at least one nuclear QA audit within one year preceding the individual's effective date of qualification. Upon successful demonstration of the ability to lead audits, and having met the other provisions of ANSI N45.2.23-1978, the individual may be certified as being qualified to lead audits. This process is described in approved procedures which require documentation of the evaluation and demonstration of results.

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Regulatory Guide 1.152 Criteria for Programmable Digital Computer System Software in Safety-Related Systems of Nuclear Power Plants

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Conformance to Regulatory Guide 1.152 was not addressed during the licensing of the operating Duke Energy Carolinas Nuclear plants.

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Regulatory Guide 7.10, Establishing Quality Assurance Programs for Packaging Used in the Transport of Radioactive Material

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Duke Energy Carolinas does not conform to Regulatory Guide 7.10. This QAPD is used to satisfy applicable Quality Assurance requirements for packaging and transportation of radioactive material.

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Generic Letter 89-02, Actions to Improve the Detection of Counterfeit and Fraudulently Marketed Products

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See Table 17-1.

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## Attachment D, Catawba, McGuire, and Oconee Specific QAPD

### Table D17-2. Site Specific Response to Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards

Table D17-2 identifies additional Regulatory Guides addressing subjects related to implementation of the QAP but the implementation is site specific and controlled with each site's UFSAR in accordance with 10 CFR 50.59.

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#### Regulatory Guide 1.8, Personnel Selection and Training

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Personnel selection and training is site specific.

Catawba addresses conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.8 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Section 7.

McGuire addresses conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.8 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Table 1-4.

Oconee does not address conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.8. Personnel selection and training is addressed in UFSAR Chapter 13.

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#### Regulatory Guide 1.26, Quality Group Classifications and Standards for Water-, Steam-, and Radioactive-Waste-Containing Components of Nuclear Power Plants

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Quality group classifications and standards trace to the original design and construction of the nuclear power plant and therefore are site specific.

Catawba addresses conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.26 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Section 7.

McGuire addresses conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.26 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Table 1-4.

Oconee does not address conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.26. Quality group classifications and standards are addressed in UFSAR Section 3.2.2.

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#### Regulatory Guide 1.29, Seismic Design Classification

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Seismic design classification trace to the original design and construction of the nuclear power plant and therefore is site specific.

Catawba addresses conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.29 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Section 7.

McGuire addresses conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.29 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Table 1-4.

Oconee does not address conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.29. Seismic design classifications are addressed in UFSAR Section 3.2.1.

**Attachment D, Catawba, McGuire, and Oconee Specific QAPD**

Table D17-2. Site Specific Response to Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.36, Nonmetallic Thermal Insulation for Austenitic Stainless Steel

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Nonmetallic thermal insulation for austenitic stainless steel trace to the original design and construction of the nuclear power plant and therefore is site specific.

Catawba addresses conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.36 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Section 7.

McGuire addresses conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.36 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Table 1-4.

Oconee does not address conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.36. Thermal insulation for austenitic stainless steel is addressed in UFSAR Section 5.4.

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Regulatory Guide 1.54, Quality Assurance Requirements for Protective Coatings Applied to Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants

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Quality assurance requirements for protective coatings applied to water-cooled nuclear power plants trace to the original design and construction of the nuclear power plant and therefore is site specific.

Catawba addresses conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.54 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Section 7.

McGuire addresses conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.54 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Table 1-4.

Oconee does not address conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.54. Protective coatings are addressed in UFSAR Section 6.2.1.6.

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Regulatory Guide 1.143, Design Guidance for Radioactive Waste Management Systems, Structures, and Components Installed in Light-Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants

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Design guidance for radioactive waste management systems, structures, and components installed in light-water-cooled nuclear power plants trace to the original design and construction of the nuclear power plant and therefore is site specific.

Catawba addresses conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.143 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Section 7.

McGuire addresses conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.143 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Table 1-4.

Oconee does not address conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.143. Design guidance for radioactive waste management systems, structures, and components is addressed in UFSAR Chapter 11.

**Attachment D, Catawba, McGuire, and Oconee Specific QAPD**

Table D17-2. Site Specific Response to Regulatory Guides and Industry Standards (Continued)

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Regulatory Guide 1.155, Station Blackout

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Addressing Station Blackout is site specific.

Catawba addresses conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.155 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Section 7.

McGuire addresses conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.155 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Table 1-4.

Oconee address conformance with Regulatory Guide 1.155 in UFSAR Chapter 8.

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Regulatory Guide 4.15, Quality Assurance for Radiological Monitoring Programs (Normal Operations) – Effluent Streams and the Environment

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Quality assurance for radiological monitoring program (normal operations) – effluent streams and the environment is site specific.

Catawba addresses conformance with Regulatory Guide 4.15 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Section 7.

McGuire does not address conformance to Regulatory Guide 4.15 in UFSAR Chapter 1 Table 1-4. The radiological monitoring program is addressed in UFSAR Chapter 11.

Oconee does not address conformance with Regulatory Guide 4.15. The radiological monitoring program is addressed in UFSAR Chapter 11.



## **Attachment D, Catawba, McGuire, and Oconee Specific QAPD**

### **D17.3.1 MANAGEMENT**

#### **D17.3.1.1 Methodology**

There are no Duke Energy Carolinas specific amplifications for this section.

#### **D17.3.1.2 Organization**

There are no Duke Energy Carolinas specific amplifications for this section.

#### **D17.3.1.3 Responsibility**

There are no Duke Energy Carolinas specific amplifications for this section.

#### **D17.3.1.4 Authority**

There are no Duke Energy Carolinas specific amplifications for this section.

#### **D17.3.1.5 Personnel Training and Qualification**

The following provide Duke Energy Carolinas specific amplifications for this section.

A training program is established for each nuclear station and support organization to develop and maintain an organization qualified to be responsible for operation, engineering, testing, inspection, maintenance, engineering changes and other technical aspects of the nuclear station involved. The program is formulated to provide the required training based on individual employee experience and intended position. The program is in compliance with NRC licensing requirements, where applicable. The training program is such that trained and qualified operating, maintenance, work control, engineering, inspection, testing, technical support and supervisory personnel are available in necessary numbers at the times required. In all cases, the objectives of the training program shall be to assure safe and reliable operation of the station.

A continuing effort is used after a station goes into commercial operation for training of replacement personnel and for periodic retraining, reexamining, and/or recertifying as required to assure that personnel remain proficient. Personnel receive orientation training in basic QA policies and practices.

Personnel receive additional training, as appropriate, which addresses specific topics such as NRC regulations and guides, QA procedures, auditing and applicable codes and standards. Special training of personnel in QA related matters, particularly new or revised requirements, is conducted as necessary. Training and qualification records are maintained for each employee. Documentation of training includes the objectives, content of the program, attendees, and date of attendance.

#### **D17.3.1.6 Corrective Action**

There are no Duke Energy Carolinas specific amplifications for this section.

#### **D17.3.1.7 Regulatory Commitments**

There are no Duke Energy Carolinas specific amplifications for this section.

## **Attachment D, Catawba, McGuire, and Oconee Specific QAPD**

### **D17.3.2 PERFORMANCE/VERIFICATION**

#### **D17.3.2.1 Methodology**

The following provide Duke Energy Carolinas specific amplifications for this section.

The program receives on-going review and is revised as necessary to assure its continued effectiveness.

#### **D17.3.2.2 Design Control**

Each design document is checked by another individual qualified in the same discipline and is reviewed for concept and conformity with applicable codes, standards, and other design inputs (as specified within the design documentation package). The document is approved by the individual having overall responsibility for the design function. A review of each specification is made to assure incorporation of necessary QA information. The entire review process is documented.

Computer programs are controlled in accordance with appropriate department procedures, whereby programs are certified to demonstrate their applicability and validity.

#### **D17.3.2.3 Design Verification**

Analytical models, theories, examples, tables, codes, computer programs, etc., used as bases for design must be referenced in the design document and their application verified in the design verification. Model tests, when required, to prove the adequacy of concept or design are reviewed and approved by the responsible engineer. The tests used for design verification must meet all the requirements of the designing activity. Computer programs are controlled in accordance with the applicable software QA document whereby programs are certified to demonstrate their applicability and validity.

Following completion of design and evaluation of an engineering change, the responsible individual/organization summarizes the engineering change design and identifies the design documents and information required for engineering change implementation. This information is provided for design verification. This addresses such items as:

- a) A description of the engineering change.
- b) References utilized in the evaluation and design of the engineering change, and necessary for the implementation of the engineering change.
- c) Special installation instructions.
- d) Operational, test, maintenance and inspection requirements.
- e) Materials, parts and components required in order to implement the engineering change.
- f) Drawings revised and/or requiring revision.
- g) UFSAR revision(s) and/or Technical Specifications amendment(s) necessary.
- h) Whether or not the engineering change requires a license amendment.

#### **D17.3.2.4 Procurement Control**

Procedures identify the responsibility within Nuclear Generation for the technical qualification of suppliers and control of the initial procurement of nuclear safety related items and services. Procurement requirements/specifications are prepared, checked, and approved by appropriate

## **Attachment D, Catawba, McGuire, and Oconee Specific QAPD**

personnel and forwarded to Nuclear Supply Chain for procurement actions from qualified suppliers.

Technical qualifications are determined by engineering personnel. Commercial qualification is determined by Supply Chain following evaluation of bids from qualified suppliers. Bid evaluation includes evaluation of the technical, quality and commercial qualifications of the prospective suppliers.

NOS performs qualification of supplier QA programs. NOS may place a supplier on the Qualified Suppliers List following review, approval and acceptance of an audit performed by another licensed nuclear utility or joint utility audit team. Review of such third party audits shall ensure that items to be procured are within the audit scope and any unique plant quality and technical requirements are adequately addressed by such audits. When basic components and services are procured from a supplier whose quality performance has not been verified by audit, additional assurance of product quality shall be obtained by supplier surveillance, inspection or test.

Materials, parts and components shall be procured to specified technical and quality requirements at least equivalent to those applicable to the original equipment or those specified by a properly reviewed and approved revision. As required by the applicable purchase documents, suppliers furnish documentation which identifies the material and equipment purchased and the specific procurement requirements met by the items. Also, as required by the applicable purchase documents, suppliers will provide documentation which identifies any procurement requirements which have not been complied with, together with a description of any deviations and repair records.

Procurement of materials, parts, components and services associated with nuclear safety related structures, systems, and components is controlled during the operational life of the station so as to assure the suitability for their intended service and that the safety and reliability of the station are not compromised.

Procurement information for nuclear safety related materials, parts and components is reviewed to assure that QA, technical and regulatory requirements including supplier documentation requirements are adequately incorporated into the purchase document(s). Significant changes to the content of such purchasing information are reviewed and approved in a manner consistent with the original.

Critical characteristics for the dedication of Commercial Grade Items are determined by Procurement Engineering or Supply Chain technical sponsors and approved by the responsible engineering personnel based on the manufacturer's published specifications and the intended safety function for the items. Critical characteristics used for acceptance and dedication of commercial grade items are selected to provide reasonable assurance that the items will meet their catalog or manufacturer specifications and will perform the necessary safety functions in the intended applications. Verification of critical characteristic acceptability will be by manufacturer/supplier survey, source verification, receipt tests or inspections, or post installation testing. Historical data, when documented, will represent industry wide experience.

If verification of a critical characteristic is to be by supplier survey, NOS is responsible for verifying the acceptability of the supplier control of the identified critical characteristic.

### **D17.3.2.5 Procurement Verification**

NOS Vendor Quality performs a documented on-going evaluation of each qualified supplier in order to maintain the supplier on the qualified suppliers list. The evaluation is performed to a depth consistent with the item's or service's importance to safety, complexity, and the quantity

## **Attachment D, Catawba, McGuire, and Oconee Specific QAPD**

and frequency of procurement. As applicable, this evaluation takes into account (1) review of supplier-furnished documents such as certificates of conformance, nonconformance notices, and corrective actions, (2) results of previous source verifications, audits, and receiving inspections, (3) operating experience of identical or similar products furnished by the same supplier, and (4) results of audits from other sources (e.g., customer, ASME, or NRC audits). The results of the evaluations are reviewed and appropriate corrective action initiated. Adverse findings resulting from these evaluations are periodically reviewed in order to determine if, as a whole, they result in a significant condition adverse to quality and to provide input to support supplier audit activities conducted by the licensee or a third party auditing entity.

Suppliers of nuclear safety related items or services are re-evaluated by means of an audit at least triennially, if initial qualification was by audit or pre-award survey. The triennial audit schedule may be extended as identified in Section 17.3.3.3.7, Audit Frequency Extensions.

NOS is responsible for oversight when procurement documents require characteristics or processes to be witnessed, inspected or verified at the supplier shop. NOS surveillance activities assure that the supplier complies with all quality requirements outlined in the procurement document(s). The surveillance representative has the authority and responsibility to stop work when the required quality standards are not met.

### **D17.3.2.6 Identification and Control of Items**

Specific identification requirements are as follows:

- a) Materials, parts, components, assemblies, and subassemblies shall be identified either on the item or records traceable to the item to show that only correct items are received, issued and installed.
- b) Some components, such as pressure vessels are identifiable by nameplates as required by applicable codes, or Duke Energy Carolinas specifications. Materials, parts, and components are traceable from such identification to a specific purchase order to manufacturer's records and to QA records and documentation.
- c) When required by procurement documents, materials are identified by heat, batch or lot numbers which are traceable to the original material at receipt. Upon receipt, a unique tracking number is assigned to provide traceability. When several parts are assembled, a list of parts and corresponding numbers is included in the documentation.
- d) When required by specifications or codes and standards, identification of material or equipment with the corresponding mill test reports, certifications and other required documentation is maintained throughout the life of the material or equipment by a unique tracking number.
- e) Sufficient precautions will be taken to preclude identifying materials in a manner that will affect the function or quality of the item being identified.

Control of material, parts and components is governed by approved procedures. Specific control requirements include:

- 1) Nonconforming or rejected materials, parts, or components are identified to assure that they will not be inadvertently used.
- 2) The verification of correct identification of material, parts, and components is required prior to release for assembling, shipping and installation.
- 3) Upon receipt, procedures require that materials, parts or components undergo a receipt inspection to assure they are properly identified and that the supporting documentation is available as required by the procurement

## **Attachment D, Catawba, McGuire, and Oconee Specific QAPD**

requirements/specifications. Items having limited shelf or service life are identified and controlled.

- 4) Each organization which performs an operation that results in a change in the material, part or component is required to make corresponding revisions and/or additions to the documentation record as applicable.

When a designated item is subdivided, each subdivision is identified in accordance with the above requirements. Where physical identification of an item is impractical or insufficient, physical separation, administrative controls or other appropriate means are utilized.

### **D17.3.2.7 Handling, Storage, and Shipping**

Conforming nuclear safety related materials, parts and components are stored in controlled, segregated areas designated for the storage of such items. Inspections and examinations are performed on a periodic basis to assure that recommended shelf life of chemicals, reagents, and other consumable materials is not exceeded. Hazardous items are stored in suitable environments with controls to prevent contamination of nuclear safety related structures, systems, or components.

### **D17.3.2.8 Test Control**

Test controls include requirements on the review and approval of test procedures, and on the review and approval of changes to such procedures, as discussed in Section 17.3.2.14, "Document Control." Also, specific criteria are established with regard to procedure content. Examples of items which must be considered in the preparation and review of procedures include:

- a) References to material necessary in the preparation and performance of the procedure, including applicable design documents.
- b) Tests which are required to be completed prior to, or concurrently with, the specified testing.
- c) Special test equipment required to perform the specified testing.
- d) Limits and precautions associated with the testing.
- e) Station, unit and/or system status or conditions necessary to perform the specified testing.
- f) Criteria for evaluating the acceptability of the results of the specified testing, compatible with any applicable design specifications.

Test procedures contain the following information or require this information be documented:

- 1) Requirements and acceptance limits contained in applicable design and vendor documents.
- 2) Instructions for performing the test.
- 3) Test prerequisites such as calibrated instrumentation, adequate test equipment and instrumentation including their accuracy requirements, completeness of the item to be tested, suitable and controlled environmental conditions, and provisions for data collection and storage.
- 4) Mandatory inspection hold points.
- 5) Acceptance and rejection criteria.
- 6) Methods of documenting or recording test data and results.
- 7) Provisions to assure test prerequisites have been met.

Requirements are also established for verification of test completion and for determining acceptability of tests results. Test results are reviewed and accepted by the testing organization

## **Attachment D, Catawba, McGuire, and Oconee Specific QAPD**

and the organization responsible for the item being tested. In the event that test results do not meet test acceptance criteria, a review of the test, test procedure and/or test results is conducted to determine the cause, required corrective action, and retest as necessary.

In addition to the above periodic testing, after maintenance to, or modification of, nuclear safety related structures, systems and components, other post maintenance testing, post modification testing, or functional verifications are performed and documented as required to verify satisfactory performance of the affected items. Post maintenance/modification functional verifications are not subject to the requirements of periodic testing described above because they are acceptable good industrial practices that are simple and straightforward. Included in these tests are such items as diesel generators, reactor control rod systems, and leak testing of appropriate pressure isolation valves.

### **D17.3.2.9 Measuring and Test Equipment Control**

Site specific content is retained for item c) as follows:

- c) The tag or records for devices that have been acceptably calibrated include the date of calibration, the date the next calibration is due, an indication that the device is within calibration specifications and the identification of the individual who was responsible for performing the calibration.

Installed instrumentation is subject to the requirements of the Technical Specification and is not subject to the tagging requirements discussed in 17.3.2.9 c) and d). The NOS-Audit section verifies implementation of the calibration program through periodic audits.

The basis for this exception on the installed Technical Specification required equipment is the Preventive Maintenance Periodic Testing (PMPT) program. This is a computerized scheduling program that automatically schedules PMPT using model work orders. When devices have been acceptably calibrated, the clock starts for the next calibration due date. The indication that the device is within calibration specifications and identification of the individual who was responsible for performing the calibration is documented within the calibration procedure for the device. If the device fails to meet calibration specifications, it will be repaired, replaced and/or engineering involvement will be requested to further evaluate. The PMPT program along with the calibration procedures address all the requirements in Section 17.3.2.9 items c and d. Therefore, there is no need to place tags on the devices to identify the calibration status.

### **D17.3.2.10 Inspection, Test, and Operating Status**

Inspections and tests required by the written approved procedures which address work activities are infrequently temporarily deferred. When such a deferral does occur, a discrepancy is considered to exist and documentation of the acceptable completion of the affected work activity is not performed until the discrepancy is resolved.

Proposed tests and experiments which affect station nuclear safety and are not addressed in the Updated Final Safety Analysis Report or Technical Specifications shall be prepared and approved in a manner identical to that used for station procedures as described in Section 17.3.2.14, "Document Control." These proposed tests and experiments shall be reviewed by a knowledgeable individual/organization other than the individual/organization which prepared the proposed tests and experiments.

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### **D17.3.2.11 Special Process Control**

The QAP contains or references procedures for the control of special processes such as welding, heat treating, NDE, coatings, crimping and cleaning. These procedures shall provide for documented evidence of acceptable accomplishment of special processes using qualified procedures, equipment, and personnel.

### **D17.3.2.12 Inspection**

Independent inspections, examinations, measurements, observations, or tests of materials, products or activities are conducted, where necessary, to assure quality. If inspection of processed material or products is impossible or disadvantageous, indirect control by monitoring processing methods, equipment, and personnel is provided. Both inspection and process monitoring are provided when control is inadequate without both.

In addition to the content identified in 17.3.2.12, inspection procedures, instructions, and checklists contain the following information or require this information on inspection reports:

- a) Measuring and test equipment information
- b) Identification of required procedures, drawings, specifications, etc.

The personnel performing these inspections are examined and certified in their particular category. Current qualification and certification files are maintained for each inspector. NDE inspectors are certified in accordance with required codes and standards (See Table 17-1 Regulatory Guide 1.58). Written procedures require the test and certification of inspectors in other categories such as Mechanical, Electrical, and Structural as described in the appropriate QA manual. For cases where inspectors will perform limited functions within a category, they are tested and certified to those limitations. These inspectors are only allowed to perform inspections specifically defined in this limited certification.

For inspections of concrete containments, personnel fulfilling the role of Responsible Engineer, shall be a Registered Professional Engineer experienced in evaluating the in-service condition of structural concrete and knowledgeable of the design and construction codes and other criteria used in the design and construction of the concrete containment structure. The Responsible Engineer may also perform inspections as discussed in this section.

The inspection criteria for performing inspections are established from codes, specifications, and standards applicable to the activity. Examples of activities subject to inspection include:

- a) Activities specified by the ASME Code Section XI
- b) Special processes
- c) Modifications
- d) Maintenance
- e) Material Receipt

After inspection data is collected and reviewed by the inspector, the reports are technically reviewed by personnel designated to perform that function.

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### **D17.3.2.13 Corrective Action**

Procedures require that conditions adverse to quality be corrected. In the case of significant conditions adverse to quality, the procedures assure that the cause of the condition is determined and action be taken to preclude repetition. Performance and verification personnel are to:

- a) Identify conditions that are adverse to quality.
- b) Suggest, recommend, or provide solutions to the problems as appropriate.
- c) Verify resolution of the issue.

Additionally, performance and verification personnel are to ensure that reworked, repaired, and replacement items are to be inspected and tested in accordance with the original inspection and test requirements or specified alternatives.

Discrepancies revealed during the performance of station operation, maintenance, inspection and testing activities must be resolved prior to verification of the completion of the activity being performed. In the event of a significant malfunction of nuclear safety related structures, systems, and components, the cause of the failure is evaluated and appropriate corrective action taken. Items of the same type are evaluated to determine whether or not they can be expected to continue to function in an appropriate manner. This evaluation is documented in accordance with applicable procedures.

Nuclear safety related materials, parts and components which are determined to be nonconforming are identified, segregated or otherwise controlled (e.g. by a conditional release) in such a manner as to preclude their inadvertent substitution for and use as conforming materials, parts and components. The determination of an item's nonconformance is documented and is retained on file by Nuclear Generation and, as appropriate, by tags attached to the item. Nuclear Generation personnel are notified of any nonconformances identified in accordance with approved procedures.

Nuclear Generation maintains a listing of the status of all nonconformance documents. These reports, when complete, identify the nonconforming material, part or component; applicable inspection requirements; and the resolution, and approval thereof, of the nonconformance. Provisions are established for identifying those personnel with the responsibility and authority for approving the resolution of nonconformances. Until a determination of conformance is made, a nuclear safety related material, part or component cannot be placed in service. Tags which are placed on items to identify nonconformances are removed upon resolution.

Significant trends will be/are reported to appropriate levels of management.

### **D17.3.2.14 Document Control**

There are no Duke Energy Carolinas specific amplifications for this section.

### **D17.3.2.15 Records**

To the maximum extent practicable, records are stored such that they are protected from possible destruction by causes such as fire, flooding, theft, insects and rodents and from possible deterioration due to a combination of extreme variations in temperature and humidity conditions.



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Record storage areas shall be evaluated by a Fire Protection Engineer (meeting Professional Member grade qualifications of the SFPE) to assure the records are adequately protected from damage. The evaluation shall include the following considerations as a minimum:

- a) Structural collapse.
- b) Unprotected steel (suspended floor slab or roof).
- c) Fire frequency of similar occupancies.
- d) Quantities of combustible materials.
- e) Ceiling height/Room configuration which would contribute to heat dissipation.
- f) Fire detection.
- g) Fixed fire suppression systems.
- h) On-site firefighting organizations including available equipment.

This evaluation shall be documented for each record storage area.

### **D17.3.3 SELF ASSESSMENT**

#### **D17.3.3.1 Methodology**

There are no Duke Energy Carolinas specific amplifications for this section.

#### **D17.3.3.2 Independent Review**

There are no Duke Energy Carolinas specific amplifications for this section.

#### **D17.3.3.3 Independent Assessment**

There are no Duke Energy Carolinas specific amplifications for this section.

##### **D17.3.3.3.1 Organization**

There are no Duke Energy Carolinas specific amplifications for this section.

##### **D17.3.3.3.2 Internal Assessment Process**

There are no Duke Energy Carolinas specific amplifications for this section.

##### **D17.3.3.3.3 NOS Audit Program**

There are no Duke Energy Carolinas specific amplifications for this section.

##### **D17.3.3.3.3.1 Other Reviews Prescribed by the Code of Federal Regulations**

There are no Duke Energy Carolinas specific amplifications for this section.

##### **D17.3.3.3.3.2 Independent Audit of Fire Protection Program**

There are no Duke Energy Carolinas specific amplifications for this section.

##### **D17.3.3.3.4 Results**

There are no Duke Energy Carolinas specific amplifications for this section.

##### **D17.3.3.3.5 Supplier Oversight**

Supplier oversight assures that supplier QA programs provide for surveillance, evaluation, and approval of sub-supplier supplying items and services. This assurance is accomplished through one or more of the following: 1) reviewing supplier audits of sub-supplier as part of the pre-bid audit, 2) making supplier control of sub-supplier work a criterion for supplier approval or

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disapproval, 3) making supplier surveillance of sub-supplier a requirement of the purchase requisition.

Supplier oversight performs source verification and audits on suppliers' QA programs including the activities of their suppliers and sub-suppliers, to assure that operations are in compliance with specified QA requirements. In the case of an audit of a supplier, any deficiencies noted by the auditor are clearly outlined in writing and given to the supplier's QA organization, which takes appropriate steps to resolve the deficiencies.

A re-audit is performed, if appropriate, to verify the implementation of the corrective action.

### **D17.3.3.3.6 Independent Audit of QA Functions**

There are no Duke Energy Carolinas specific amplifications for this section.

#### **D17.3.3.3.7 Audit Frequency Extensions**

There are no Duke Energy Carolinas specific amplifications for this section.

## **D17.3.4 ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROLS RELOCATED FROM TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Consistent with NRC Administrative Letter 95-06, certain administrative controls from the original station Technical Specifications have been relocated to the Quality Assurance Program. These relocated administrative controls include technical review, 10 CFR 50.59 review, record retention, and audit requirements. This section identifies those requirements or provides references to the sections of this document where the administrative controls have been integrated with QAP controls.

### **D17.3.4.1 Technical Reviews**

There are no Duke Energy Carolinas specific amplifications for this section.

### **D17.3.4.2 10 CFR 50.59 Reviews**

There are no Duke Energy Carolinas specific amplifications for this section.

### **D17.3.4.3 Record Retention**

There are no Duke Energy Carolinas specific amplifications for this section.

### **D17.3.4.4 Audit Types and Frequencies**

There are no Duke Energy Carolinas specific amplifications for this section.

### **D17.3.4.5 On-Site Review Committee**

There are no Duke Energy Carolinas specific amplifications for this section.

### **D17.3.4.6 Reportable Event Action**

There are no Duke Energy Carolinas specific amplifications for this section.

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### **D17.3.4.7 Independent Safety Engineering Group Functions**

Technical Specifications for Catawba and McGuire included requirements for Independent Safety Engineering Group functions of improving licensee safety performance and ability to respond to accidents by providing onsite technical support and continuous evaluation and feedback of lessons learned from operating experience. Those requirements were transferred to the this document at Amendment 23. At Amendment 36, the specific requirements for Independent Safety Engineering Group were eliminated based on duplication of functions performed by a combination of different groups through the performance of their normal activities.