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### 1.1 INTRODUCTION

This Site Safety Analysis Report (SSAR) supports Tennessee Valley Authority's (TVA's) Early Site Permit Application (ESPA) for the Clinch River Nuclear (CRN) Site. The SSAR addresses issues related to suitability of the CRN Site, in compliance with the regulations contained in 10 CFR 52, Subpart A, Early Site Permits. Specifically, the SSAR provides information related to site safety, emergency preparedness, and quality assurance.

The CRN Site is located in the City of Oak Ridge, Tennessee, and is the site of the former Clinch River Breeder Reactor Project. The CRN Site is comprised of approximately 935 acres, which are adjacent to the Clinch River arm of the Watts Bar Reservoir. TVA has not yet selected a reactor design to be constructed at the CRN Site; however, to facilitate the NRC's determination regarding suitability of the site for new nuclear units, TVA has provided a set of bounding plant parameters, referred to as the plant parameter envelope (PPE). The PPE was developed based on four small modular reactor (SMR) designs. An overview of the SMR designs used to develop the PPE is provided in Section 1.11, and Section 2.0 identifies the PPE and site characteristic values, which may be used as the basis for the NRC's determinations.

Where practicable, the SSAR section numbers correspond to those identified in NUREG-0800, *Standard Review Plan for the Review of Safety Analysis Reports for Nuclear Power Plants: LWR Edition* (SRP). Because the scope of an ESPA is reduced as compared to a Combined License Application (COLA), there are gaps in the numbering sequence of the SSAR. Maintaining SSAR section numbering consistent with the SRP facilitates future integration of the ESPA information with reactor design certification information during COLA development.

A summary of the contents of the SSAR is as follows:

- Chapter 1, *Introduction and General Description of the Plant*, provides a general site description, an overview of reactor technologies considered in the development of the PPE, and a summary of SSAR compliance with regulations and conformance with regulatory guidance. A list of acronyms, abbreviations, and initialisms pertinent to the SSAR is included as Table 1.1-1.
- Chapter 2, Site Characteristics, outlines the PPE and provides information related to geography and demography; hazards from nearby industrial, transportation, and military facilities (including aircraft hazards); and the meteorological, hydrologic, geologic, and seismic characteristics of the site.
- Chapter 3, Design of Structures, Components, Equipment, and Systems, references information on aircraft hazards provided in Section 2.2.
- Chapter 11, *Radioactive Waste Management*, provides the analysis of doses due to liquid and gaseous effluents from normal operations.
- Chapter 13, Conduct of Operations, provides emergency planning and industrial security information.
- Chapter 15, Accident Analyses, provides accident and dose consequence analyses required by 10 CFR 52.17(a)(1), 50.34(a)(1) and 100.21(c)(2), based on information provided in the PPE.
- Chapter 17, Quality Assurance, provides a description of the quality assurance program (QAP) under which the ESPA was prepared and the proposed Quality Assurance Program Description to address the requirements of 10 CFR 52.17(a)(1)(xi).

# Table 1.1-1(Sheet 1 of 8)Acronyms, Abbreviations, and Initialisms

|       | ······································         |   |
|-------|--|---|
| 1D    | One Dimensional                                |   |
| 2D    | Two Dimensional                                |   |
| 3D    | Three Dimensional                              | I |
| ac    | Acre   |   |
| ac-ft | Acre-feet                                      |   |
| AFDD  | Accumulated Freezing Degree-Days               |   |
| AGV   | Appalachian Great Valley                       | I |
| AHEX  | Atlantic Highly Extended Crust                 |   |
| ALOHA | Areal Locations of Hazardous Atmospheres       |   |
| ALWR  | Advanced Light Water Reactor                   |   |
| AM    | Ante Meridiem                                  |   |
| ANS   | American Nuclear Society                       |   |
| ANSI  | American National Standards Institute          |   |
| ANSS  | Advanced National Seismic System               |   |
| API   | Antecedent Precipitation Index                 |   |
| APT   | Aquifer Pumping Test                           |   |
| AQS   | Air Quality System                             |   |
| ARF   | Areal Reduction Factor                         |   |
| ASCE  | American Society of Civil Engineers            |   |
| ASOS  | Automated Survey Observing System              |   |
| ASTM  | ASTM International                             |   |
| atm   | Atmospheres                                    |   |
| ATV   | Acoustic Televiewer                            |   |
| BCF   | Block-centered Flow                            |   |
| BDBE  | Beyond Design Basis Event                      |   |
| BP    | Before Present                                 |   |
| bpf   | blows per foot                                 |   |
| BPT   | Brownian Passage Time                          |   |
| Btu   | British Thermal Unit                           |   |
| BTP   | Branch Technical Position                      |   |
| BWXT  | BWX Technologies, Inc.                         |   |
| CAMP  | Central Atlantic Magmatic Province             |   |
| CAV   | Cumulative Absolute Velocity                   |   |
| CDF   | Core Damage Frequency                          |   |
| CEMP  | Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan        |   |
| CENA  | Central and Eastern North America              |   |
| CERI  | Center for Earthquake Research and Information |   |
| CEUS  | Central and Eastern United States              |   |
| CFR   | Code of Federal Regulations                    |   |
| cfs   | Cubic Feet per Second                          |   |
|       |  |   |

# Table 1.1-1(Sheet 2 of 8)Acronyms, Abbreviations, and Initialisms

|          | Actoryms, Abbreviations, and mitalisms                      |   |
|----------|---|---|
| СН       | High Plasticity   |   |
| Ci       | Curies  |   |
| cm       | Centimeter  |   |
| CNO      | Chief Nuclear Officer                                       |   |
| COCORP   | Consortium for Continental Reflection Profiling             |   |
| COL      | Combined License  |   |
| COLA     | Combined License Application                                |   |
| COV      | Coefficient of Variation                                    |   |
| CPA      | Construction Permit Application                             |   |
| CPG      | Comprehensive Preparedness Guide                            |   |
| CRBRP    | Clinch River Breeder Reactor Project                        |   |
| CRF      | Chestnut Ridge Fault  |   |
| CRM      | Clinch River Mile   |   |
| CRN      | Clinch River Nuclear  |   |
| CU       | Consolidated Undrained                                      |   |
| CVSZ     | Central Virginia Seismic Zone                               | I |
| DBA      | Design Basis Accident                                       |   |
| DBT      | Design Basis Tornado  |   |
| DCF      | Dose Conversion Factor                                      |   |
| DEM      | Digital Elevation Model                                     |   |
| DO       | Dissolved Oxygen  |   |
| DOE      | U.S. Department of Energy                                   |   |
| DOT      | U.S. Department of Transportation                           | I |
| DSF      | Day-second-feet   |   |
| DTM      | Digital Terrain Model                                       | I |
| EAB      | Exclusion Area Boundary                                     |   |
| EAL      | Emergency Action Level                                      | I |
| ECC-AM   | Extended Continental Crust – Atlantic Margin                |   |
| ECC-GC   | Extended Continental Crust – Gulf Coast                     |   |
| ECL      | Effluent Concentration Limit                                |   |
| ECMA     | East Coast Magnetic Anomaly                                 |   |
| EDS      | Environmental Data Station                                  |   |
| EIS      | Environmental Impact Statement                              |   |
| EI       | Elevation   |   |
| ELF      | Estimated Local Flow  | I |
| EP       | Emergency Preparedness                                      |   |
| EPA      | U.S. Environmental Protection Agency                        |   |
| EPFS     | Eastern Piedmont Fault System                               |   |
| EPRI     | Electric Power Research Institute                           |   |
| EPRI-SOG | Electric Power Research Institute – Seismicity Owners Group |   |
| EPZ      | Emergency Planning Zone                                     |   |
|          |   |   |

# Table 1.1-1 (Sheet 3 of 8)Acronyms, Abbreviations, and Initialisms

|        | Acronyms, Abbreviations, and Initialisms         |
|--------|--|
| EQNO   | Earthquake Number                                |
| ERB    | Effluent Release Boundary                        |
| ERH    | Estimated Horizontal Location Uncertainty        |
| ERM-N  | Eastern Rift Margin - North                      |
| ERM-S  | Eastern Rift Margin - South                      |
| ESP    | Early Site Permit                                |
| ESPA   | Early Site Permit Application                    |
| ETE    | Evacuation Time Estimate                         |
| ETR    | Energy Transfer Ratio                            |
| ETSZ   | Eastern Tennessee Seismic Zone                   |
| ETTP   | East Tennessee Technology Park                   |
| FAA    | Federal Aviation Administration                  |
| FAS    | Fourier Amplitude Spectrum                       |
| FDD    | Freezing Degree Day                              |
| FE     | Finite Element                                   |
| FEMA   | Federal Emergency Management Agency              |
| FOSID  | First Onset of Significant Inelastic Deformation |
| FP     | Fossil Plant                                     |
| fps    | Feet per Second                                  |
| FS     | Factor of Safety                                 |
| FSAR   | Final Safety Analysis Report                     |
| ft     | Foot or Feet                                     |
| ftbgs  | Feet Below Ground Surface                        |
| ftbtc  | Feet Below Top of Casing                         |
| Ga     | Giga Annum                                       |
| GCVSZ  | Giles County, Virginia, Seismic Zone             |
| GHEX   | Gulf Coast Highly Extended Crust                 |
| GI-LLI | Gastrointestinal Tract – Lower Large Intestine   |
| GIS    | Geographic Information Systems                   |
| GL     | Generic Letter                                   |
| GMH    | Great Meteor Hotspot                             |
| GmP    | Generation mPower, LLC                           |
| GMPE   | Ground Motion Prediction Equations               |
| GMRS   | Ground Motion Response Spectrum                  |
| GMM    | Ground Motion Models                             |
| gpm    | Gallons per Minute                               |
| GPS    | Global Positioning System                        |
| GS     | Ground Surface                                   |
| GSC    | Geological Survey of Canada                      |
| GSI    | Geological Strength Index                        |
| HCI    | Hydrochloric Acid                                |
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# Table 1.1-1 (Sheet 4 of 8)Acronyms, Abbreviations, and Initialisms

|          | Actonyms, Abbreviations, and initialisms                    |
|----------|---|
| HEC-HMS  | Hydrologic Engineering Centers Hydrologic Monitoring System |
| HEC-RAS  | Hydrologic Engineering Centers River Analysis System        |
| HF       | High-frequency  |
| HHA      | Hierarchical Hazard Assessment                              |
| HIRAT    | High Resolution Acoustic Televiewer                         |
| HI-SMUR™ | Holtec Inherently-Safe Modular Underground Reactor          |
| HMR      | NOAA Hydro-Meteorological Report                            |
| HP       | Hydro Plant   |
| hr       | Hour  |
| Hz       | Hertz   |
| IBEB     | Illinois Basin Extended Basement                            |
| IDLH     | Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health                     |
| IEEE     | Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers           |
| in.      | Inch  |
| iPWR     | Integral Pressurized Water Reactor                          |
| IRM      | lapetan Rifted Margin                                       |
| ISG      | Interim Staff Guidance                                      |
| ITAAC    | Inspections, Tests, Analyses, and Acceptance Criteria       |
| JFD      | Joint Frequency Distribution                                |
| ka       | Kilo Annum  |
| kg       | Kilogram  |
| km       | Kilometer   |
| K-S-B    | Kijko-Sellevoll-Bayes                                       |
| ksf      | Kilopound per Square Foot                                   |
| LCD      | Local Climatological Data                                   |
| LDO      | Lamont-Doherty Cooperative Seismographic Network Catalog    |
| LEL      | Lower Explosive Limit                                       |
| LF       | Low-frequency   |
| LFL      | Lower Flammability Limit                                    |
| Lidar    | Light Detection and Ranging                                 |
| LIP      | Local Intense Precipitation                                 |
| LMDCT    | Linear Mechanical Draft Cooling Tower                       |
| LOA      | Letter of Agreement   |
| LOCA     | Loss-of-Coolant Accident                                    |
| LPZ      | Low Population Zone   |
| m        | Meter   |
| Μ        | Moment Magnitude  |
| Ma       | Mega Annum  |
| MAFE     | Mean Annual Frequency of Exceedance                         |
| MBDBE    | Mitigation of Beyond Design Basis Events                    |
| MEI      | Maximally Exposed Individual                                |
|          |   |

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# Table 1.1-1(Sheet 5 of 8)Acronyms, Abbreviations, and Initialisms

|        | Actorights, Abbreviations, and initialisms             |   |
|--------|--|---|
| MESE   | Mesozoic and Younger Extension                         |   |
| MESE-N | Narrow Mesozoic and Younger Extension                  |   |
| MESE-W | Wide Mesozoic and Younger Extension                    |   |
| mgd    | Million Gallons per Day                                |   |
| mg/L   | Milligrams per Liter                                   |   |
| mi     | Mile   |   |
| MidC   | Midcontinent-Craton                                    |   |
| ML     | Local Magnitude  |   |
| Mmax   | Maximum Magnitude                                      | 1 |
| mmHg   | Millimeters of Mercury                                 |   |
| MMI    | Modified Mercalli Intensities                          |   |
| MOA    | Military Operations Area                               |   |
| MPa    | Megapascal   | 1 |
| mph    | Miles per Hour   |   |
| msl    | Mean Sea Level   |   |
| MWe    | Megawatt Electric                                      |   |
| MWt    | Megawatt Thermal                                       |   |
| NAAQS  | National Ambient Air Quality Standards                 | 1 |
| NAD83  | North American Datum of 1983                           |   |
| NAMT   | North America Moment Tensor                            |   |
| NAP    | Northern Appalachian                                   |   |
| NAVD88 | North American Vertical Datum of 1988                  |   |
| NAWQA  | National Water-Quality Assessment Program              |   |
| NBI    | National Bridge Inventory                              |   |
| NCDC   | National Climatological Data Center                    |   |
| NEDB   | National Earthquake Database (of Canada)               |   |
| NEI    | Nuclear Energy Institute                               |   |
| NEIC   | National Earthquake Information Center                 |   |
| NGVD29 | National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929               |   |
| NID    | National Inventory of Dams                             |   |
| NIOSH  | National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health   |   |
| NIRMA  | Nuclear Information and Records Management Association | l |
| NMESE  | Not Experienced Mesozoic and Younger Extension         |   |
| NMFS   | New Madrid Fault System                                |   |
| NMN    | New Madrid North                                       |   |
| NMS    | New Madrid South                                       |   |
| NOAA   | National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration        |   |
| NP     | Nuclear Plant  |   |
| NQAP   | Nuclear Quality Assurance Plan                         |   |
| NRC    | Nuclear Regulatory Commission                          |   |
| NRCS   | Natural Resources Conservation Service                 |   |
|        |  |   |

# Table 1.1-1(Sheet 6 of 8)Acronyms, Abbreviations, and Initialisms

|       | Acronyms, Appreviations, and initialisms        |
|-------|---|
| NSHMP | National Seismic Hazards Mapping Program        |
| NTU   | Nephelometric Turbidity Unit                    |
| NWS   | National Weather Service                        |
| NY-AL | New York–Alabama                                |
| ODUSD | Office of the Deputy Under Secretary of Defense |
| OKA   | Oklahoma Aulacogen                              |
| ОКО   | Oklahoma Geological Survey Catalog              |
| OMG   | Operations Management Group                     |
| ORNL  | Oak Ridge National Laboratory                   |
| ORO   | Offsite Response Organization                   |
| ORR   | Oak Ridge Reservation                           |
| OSHA  | Occupational Safety and Health Administration   |
| OSL   | Optically Stimulated Luminescence               |
| OW    | Observation Well                                |
| OYO   | OYO Corporation                                 |
| PAC   | Protective Action Criteria                      |
| PAG   | Protective Action Guide                         |
| pcf   | Pounds per Cubic Foot                           |
| PDE   | Preliminary Determination of Epicenters         |
| PEP   | Plume Exposure Pathway                          |
| PEZ   | Paleozoic Extended Crust                        |
| PEZ-N | Paleozoic Extended Crust Narrow                 |
| PEZ-W | Paleozoic Extended Crust Wide                   |
| PGA   | Peak Ground Acceleration                        |
| PGV   | Peak Ground Velocity                            |
| PI    | Plasticity Index                                |
| PM    | Post Meridiem                                   |
| PMC   | Project Management Corporation                  |
| PMF   | Probable Maximum Flood                          |
| PMP   | Probable Maximum Precipitation                  |
| PMWP  | Probable Maximum Winter Precipitation           |
| PPE   | Plant Parameter Envelope                        |
| PPRP  | Participatory Peer Review Panel                 |
| PRA   | Probabilistic Risk Assessment                   |
| PSA   | Pseudo-Spectral Acceleration                    |
| PSAR  | Preliminary Safety Analysis Report              |
| PSEG  | Public Service Enterprise Group                 |
| psf   | Pounds per Square Foot                          |
| PSHA  | Probabilistic Seismic Hazard Analysis           |
| psi   | Pounds per Square Inch                          |
| psia  | Pound per Square Inch Absolute                  |
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# Table 1.1-1(Sheet 7 of 8)Acronyms, Abbreviations, and Initialisms

|        | Actorights, Abbreviations, and initialisms            |   |
|--------|---|---|
| psig   | Pounds per Square Inch Gage                           |   |
| Pt     | Point   | I |
| PW     | Pumping Well  |   |
| PWR    | Pressurized Water Reactor                             |   |
| QA     | Quality Assurance                                     |   |
| QAP    | Quality Assurance Program                             |   |
| QC     | Quality Control                                       |   |
| Qc     | Colluvium or Colluvial                                |   |
| Qha    | Holocene Alluvium                                     |   |
| Qhaf   | Holocene Alluvial Fan                                 |   |
| Qht    | Holocene  |   |
| Qpt    | Pleistocene   | I |
| rem    | Roentgen Equivalent in Man                            |   |
| RFT    | Reelfoot Thrust                                       |   |
| RG     | Regulatory Guide                                      | I |
| RLME   | Repeated Large Magnitude Earthquake                   |   |
| RMP    | Risk Management Program                               |   |
| RMR    | Rock Mass Rating                                      |   |
| RMSE   | Root Mean Square Error                                |   |
| ROS    | Reservoir Operations Study                            |   |
| RQD    | Rock Quality Designation                              |   |
| RR     | Reelfoot Rift   |   |
| RR-RCG | Reelfoot Rift Rough Creek Graben                      |   |
| RSB    | Reactor Service Building                              |   |
| RTD    | Resistance Temperature Detector                       |   |
| RVT    | Random Vibration Theory                               |   |
| SACTI  | Seasonal/Annual Cooling Tower Impacts                 |   |
| SARA   | Superfund Amendments and Reorganization Act           |   |
| SASW   | Spectral Analysis of Surface Wave                     |   |
| SCCW   | Supplemental Condenser Cooling Water                  |   |
| SCR    | Stable Continental Regions                            |   |
| SCSN   | South Carolina Seismic Network                        |   |
| SDWIS  | Safe Drinking Water Information System                |   |
| SEI    | Structural Engineering Institute                      |   |
| SI     | Subsurface Investigation                              |   |
| SLR    | Saint Lawrence Rift Zone                              |   |
| SLU    | St. Louis University                                  |   |
| SMR    | Small Modular Reactor                                 | I |
| SNR    | Signal to Noise Ratio                                 | I |
| sq mi  | Square Mile   | I |
| SPID   | Screening, Prioritization, and Implementation Details | I |
|        |   |   |

# Table 1.1-1(Sheet 8 of 8)Acronyms, Abbreviations, and Initialisms

|           | Acronyms, Abbreviations, and initialisms             |
|-----------|--|
| SPT       | Standard Penetration Test                            |
| SRP       | Standard Review Plan                                 |
| SSAR      | Site Safety Analysis Report                          |
| SSC       | Seismic Source Characterization                      |
| SSCs      | Structures, Systems, and Components                  |
| SSE       | Safe-Shutdown Earthquake                             |
| SSHAC     | Senior Seismic Hazards Analysis Committee            |
| STEL      | Short Term Exposure Limit                            |
| SUSN      | Southeastern United States Network                   |
| TAF       | Terminal Area Forecast                               |
| TDEC      | Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation |
| TDOT      | Tennessee Department of Transportation               |
| TDS       | Total Dissolved Solids                               |
| TEDE      | Total Effective Dose Equivalent                      |
| ТІ        | Technical Integration                                |
| TIN       | Triangulated Irregular Network                       |
| TLV       | Threshold Limit Value                                |
| TN        | Tennessee  |
| TNT       | Trinitrotoluene                                      |
| TRM       | Tennessee River Mile                                 |
| TVA       | Tennessee Valley Authority                           |
| TWA       | Time-weighted Average                                |
| μS        | Microsiemens   |
| UFL       | Upper Flammability Limit                             |
| UH        | Unit Hydrograph                                      |
| UHRS      | Uniform Hazard Response Spectra                      |
| UHS       | Ultimate Heat Sink                                   |
| URD       | Utility Requirements Document                        |
| USACE     | U.S. Army Corps of Engineers                         |
| USCB      | U.S. Census Bureau                                   |
| USCS      | Unified Soil Classification System                   |
| USGS      | U.S. Geological Survey                               |
| UT        | Uncorrelated Terraces                                |
| UU        | Unconsolidated Undrained                             |
| V/H       | Vertical to Horizontal                               |
| Vs        | Shear Wave Velocity                                  |
| WBN       | Watts Bar Nuclear Plant                              |
| WTP       | Water Treatment Plant                                |
| WUS       | Western United States                                |
| X/Q       | Atmospheric Dispersion                               |
| yr or yrs | Year or Years  |
|           |  |

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### 1.2 GENERAL SITE DESCRIPTION

### 1.2.1 Site Location

The Clinch River Nuclear (CRN) Site is located in Oak Ridge, Tennessee, and comprises approximately 935 acres of land adjacent to the Clinch River arm of the Watts Bar Reservoir. The CRN Site is the location of the former Clinch River Breeder Reactor Project. A more detailed description of the site location is provided in Section 2.1.

The site is bounded on the east, south, and west by the Clinch River arm of the Watts Bar Reservoir and on the north by the Grassy Creek Habitat Protection Area. Communities located near the site include Kingston (approximately 6.8 miles [mi] west), Harriman (9.2 mi west-northwest), Lenoir City (approximately 8.8 mi southeast), and Knoxville (approximately 25.6 mi east-northeast).

Figures 2.1-3 and 2.1-4 show the CRN Site location and the surrounding 5-mi vicinity and 50-mi region, respectively.

### 1.2.2 Site Development

TVA has not selected a reactor technology to be constructed at the CRN Site. Instead, a set of bounding plant parameter values has been identified, based upon the available information from various light-water-cooled, small modular reactor (SMR) designs. This set of bounding values, referred to as the plant parameter envelope (PPE), is presented in Section 2.0 and provides the basis for future site development at the CRN Site. The PPE is based on construction and operation at the CRN Site of two or more SMRs with a maximum rated thermal power for a single unit of 800 MWt. The combined nuclear generating capacity from the site is not to exceed 2420 MWt (800 MWe). Because a specific reactor technology has not been selected, an area, referred to as the "power block area," has been proposed as the location of the reactor modules on the site. The CRN Site location is shown in Figure 1.2-1, while the general plant areas, including the power block area, are illustrated in Figure 1.2-2.

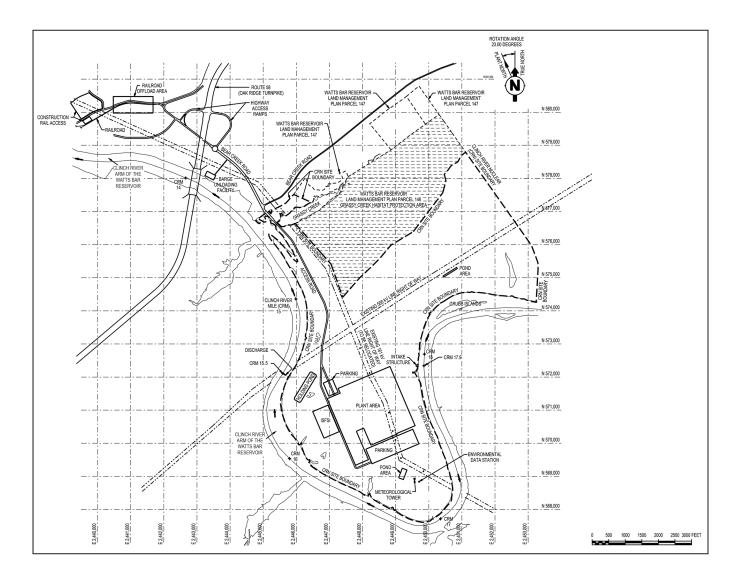


Figure 1.2-1. Clinch River Nuclear Site Location

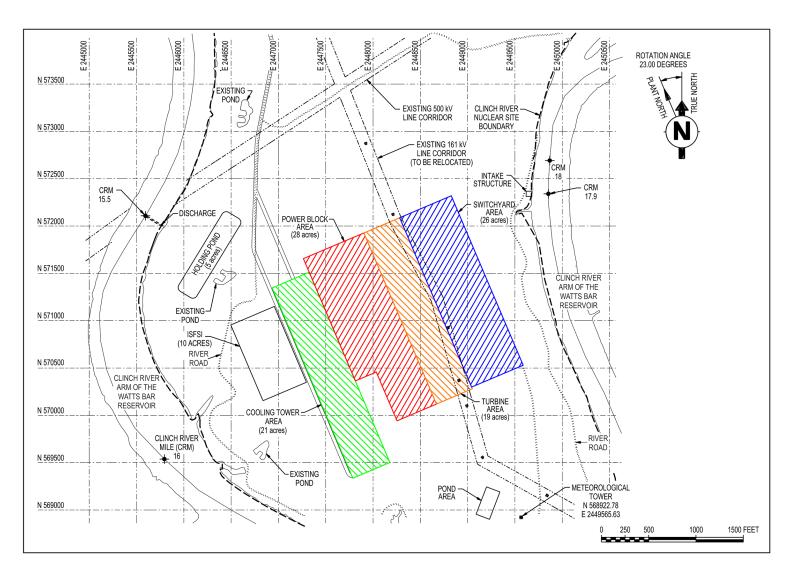


Figure 1.2-2. Clinch River Nuclear Site Plant Areas

# 1.3 COMPARISON WITH OTHER FACILITIES

This section is not applicable to an Early Site Permit Application using the plant parameter envelope approach.

# 1.4 IDENTIFICATION OF AGENTS AND CONTRACTORS

### 1.4.1 Applicant/Program Manager

The Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) is the Applicant for an Early Site Permit (ESP) at the Clinch River Nuclear (CRN) Site. TVA is the United States' largest public power provider. It was established by Congress in 1933, among other things, to improve navigation on the Tennessee River, reduce the damage from destructive floodwaters within the Tennessee River system and downstream on the lower Ohio and Mississippi Rivers, further the economic development of TVA's service area, and sell the electricity generated at the facilities TVA operates. TVA's service territory, which includes most of Tennessee and parts of Alabama, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina, and Virginia, serves more than nine million people. TVA sells electricity to 155 local power company customers and directly serves approximately 52 large industrial facilities and 8 Federal facilities.

### 1.4.2 **Principal Contractors and Participants**

### 1.4.2.1 BWX Technologies, Inc.

TVA has a contract with BWX Technologies (BWXT) to provide technical information to TVA in support of the ESP Application (ESPA).

### 1.4.2.2 Generation mPower LLC

BWXT has contracted Generation mPower (GmP) to manage development of portions of the ESPA.

### 1.4.2.3 Bechtel Power Corporation

Bechtel Power Corporation assisted in developing portions of the Site Safety Analysis Report (SSAR) and conducted various analyses and investigations, including:

- Geotechnical field investigations, with contracted support from Amec Foster Wheeler
- Identification and characterization of seismic source zones, with contracted support from Lettis Consultants International
- Determination of site-specific distribution coefficients, with contracted support from Argonne National Laboratory

### 1.4.2.4 Other Contractors and Participants

Contractual relationships were established between TVA and specialized consulting firms to assist in preparation of the ESPA for the CRN Site, as discussed in the following subsections.

#### 1.4.2.4.1 Barge Waggoner Sumner & Cannon, Inc.

TVA contracted Barge Waggoner Sumner & Cannon, Inc., to perform evaluations and studies in the area of hydrology.

#### 1.4.2.4.2 Enercon Services, Inc.

TVA contracted Enercon Services, Inc., to prepare portions of the SSAR related to demography and meteorology and to develop the Emergency Plans.

### 1.4.2.4.3 AECOM Technical Services Inc.

TVA contracted AECOM Technical Services, Inc., to perform a portion of the seismic analyses.

# 1.5 REQUIREMENTS FOR ADDITIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION

No technical development programs remain to be performed to support this application.

# 1.6 MATERIAL REFERENCED

No material has been incorporated by reference in this application.

# 1.7 DRAWINGS AND OTHER DETAILED INFORMATION

No such information has been submitted separately as part of this application.

### 1.8 INTERFACES WITH STANDARD DESIGN

This topic is not applicable to an Early Site Permit Application using the plant parameter envelope approach and is addressed at the combined license application stage.

### 1.9 CONFORMANCE WITH REGULATORY CRITERIA

This section addresses the conformance of the Site Safety Analysis Report (SSAR) with applicable NRC guidance contained in NRC Regulatory Guides (RGs) and NUREG-0800, *Standard Review Plan for the Review of Safety Analysis Reports for Nuclear Power Plants: LWR Edition* (SRP).

NRC RGs evaluated for conformance were identified through a review of the applicable SRP sections. Table 1.9-1 provides a listing of applicable RGs by number and title with the associated SSAR section number statements of conformance. Exceptions to conformance with a RG are noted with an explanation. RGs included are those identified in the applicable SRP sections.

Table 1.9-2 provides a listing of the SRP sections, applicable to an Early Site Permit Application (ESPA), with statements of conformance. An exception to conformance is noted when the SSAR does not meet regulatory guidance as stated but the intent or objective is met using an acceptable alternative. Exceptions to conformance with the SRP are noted with an explanation.

Exemptions to NRC regulations required to support this ESPA are identified and described in ESPA Part 6.

| Table 1.9-1      | (Sheet 1 of 8)    |
|------------------|-------------------|
| Conformance with | Regulatory Guides |

| Regulatory<br>Guide | Rev. | Title  | Applicable<br>SSAR Section | Conformance <sup>(a)</sup> | Comments  |
|---------------------|------|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| 1.23                | 1    | Meteorological Monitoring Programs for Nuclear   | 2.3.1                      | Conforms                   |   |
|                     |      | Power Plants   | 2.3.2                      | Conforms                   |   |
|                     |      |  | 2.3.3                      | Conforms                   |   |
|                     |      |  | 2.3.4                      | Conforms                   |   |
|                     |      |  | 2.3.5                      | Conforms                   |   |
| 1.26                | 4    | Quality Group Classifications and Standards for<br>Water-, Steam-, and<br>Radioactive-Waste-Containing Components of<br>Nuclear Power Plants | 17.5                       | Conforms                   |   |
| 1.27                | 3    | 3 Ultimate Heat Sink for Nuclear Power Plants  | 2.3.1                      | NA                         | The small modular reactor (SMR) designs being<br>considered for use at the Clinch River Nuclear (CRN)<br>Site use passive containment cooling for the ultimate<br>heat sink (UHS). As indicated in RG 1.27, Rev. 3, the<br>guidance provided therein does not apply for those<br>designs. |
|                     |      |  | 2.4.1                      | NA                         | The SMR designs being considered for use at the CRN<br>Site use passive containment cooling for the UHS. As<br>indicated in RG 1.27, Rev. 3, the guidance provided<br>therein does not apply for those designs.   |
|                     |      |  | 2.4.2                      | NA                         | The SMR designs being considered for use at the CRN<br>Site use passive containment cooling for the UHS. As<br>indicated in RG 1.27, Rev. 3, the guidance provided<br>therein does not apply for those designs.   |
|                     |      |  | 2.4.3                      | NA                         | The SMR designs being considered for use at the CRN<br>Site use passive containment cooling for the UHS. As<br>indicated in RG 1.27, Rev. 3, the guidance provided<br>therein does not apply for those designs.   |
|                     |      |  | 2.4.4                      | NA                         | The SMR designs being considered for use at the CRN<br>Site use passive containment cooling for the UHS. As<br>indicated in RG 1.27, Rev. 3, the guidance provided<br>therein does not apply for those designs.   |

| Table 1.9-1      | (Sheet 2 of 8)           |
|------------------|--------------------------|
| Conformance with | <b>Regulatory Guides</b> |

| Regulatory<br>Guide | Rev. | Title | Applicable<br>SSAR Section | Conformance <sup>(a)</sup> | Comments  |
|---------------------|------|-------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---|
|                     |      |       | 2.4.5                      | NA                         | The SMR designs being considered for use at the CRN<br>Site use passive containment cooling for the UHS. As<br>indicated in RG 1.27, Rev. 3, the guidance provided<br>therein does not apply for those designs. |
|                     |      |       | 2.4.6                      | NA                         | The SMR designs being considered for use at the CRN<br>Site use passive containment cooling for the UHS. As<br>indicated in RG 1.27, Rev. 3, the guidance provided<br>therein does not apply for those designs. |
|                     |      |       | 2.4.7                      | NA                         | The SMR designs being considered for use at the CRN<br>Site use passive containment cooling for the UHS. As<br>indicated in RG 1.27, Rev. 3, the guidance provided<br>therein does not apply for those designs. |
|                     |      |       | 2.4.8                      | NA                         | The SMR designs being considered for use at the CRN<br>Site use passive containment cooling for the UHS. As<br>indicated in RG 1.27, Rev. 3, the guidance provided<br>therein does not apply for those designs. |
|                     |      |       | 2.4.9                      | NA                         | The SMR designs being considered for use at the CRN<br>Site use passive containment cooling for the UHS. As<br>indicated in RG 1.27, Rev. 3, the guidance provided<br>therein does not apply for those designs. |
|                     |      |       | 2.4.11                     | NA                         | The SMR designs being considered for use at the CRN<br>Site use passive containment cooling for the UHS. As<br>indicated in RG 1.27, Rev. 3, the guidance provided<br>therein does not apply for those designs. |
|                     |      |       | 2.4.12                     | NA                         | The SMR designs being considered for use at the CRN<br>Site use passive containment cooling for the UHS. As<br>indicated in RG 1.27, Rev. 3, the guidance provided<br>therein does not apply for those designs. |
|                     |      |       | 2.5.4                      | NA                         | The SMR designs being considered for use at the CRN<br>Site use passive containment cooling for the UHS. As<br>indicated in RG 1.27, Rev. 3, the guidance provided<br>therein does not apply for those designs. |

# Table 1.9-1(Sheet 3 of 8)Conformance with Regulatory Guides

| Regulatory<br>Guide | Rev. | Title   | Applicable<br>SSAR Section | Conformance <sup>(a)</sup> | Comments  |
|---------------------|------|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| 1.28                | 4    | Quality Assurance Program Criteria (Design and  | 2.5.4                      | Conforms                   | With equivalents, as discussed in Section 17.5.   |
|                     |      | Construction)   | 2.5.5                      | Conforms                   | With equivalents, as discussed in Section 17.5.   |
|                     |      |   | 17.5                       | Exception                  | With equivalents and alternatives, as discussed in Section 17.5.  |
| 1.29                | 5    | Seismic Design Classification   | 2.4.1                      | Conforms                   |   |
|                     |      |   | 2.4.2                      | Conforms                   |   |
|                     |      |   | 2.4.3                      | Conforms                   |   |
|                     |      |   | 2.4.4                      | Conforms                   |   |
|                     |      |   | 2.4.5                      | Conforms                   |   |
|                     |      |   | 2.4.6                      | Conforms                   |   |
|                     |      |   | 2.4.7                      | Conforms                   |   |
|                     |      |   | 2.4.8                      | Conforms                   |   |
|                     |      |   | 2.4.9                      | Conforms                   |   |
|                     |      |   | 2.4.10                     | Conforms                   |   |
|                     |      |   | 2.4.11                     | Conforms                   |   |
|                     |      |   | 2.4.14                     | NA                         | The site grade is above the maximum flood height (the site is considered to be "dry"). Thus, no flooding protection for structures, systems, and components (SSCs) important to safety is required. |
|                     |      |   | 17.5                       | Conforms                   |   |
| 1.37                | 1    | Quality Assurance Requirements for Cleaning of<br>Fluid Systems and Associated Components of<br>Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants | 17.5                       | Exception                  | With equivalents and alternatives, as discussed in Section 17.5.  |

# Table 1.9-1(Sheet 4 of 8)Conformance with Regulatory Guides

| Regulatory<br>Guide | Rev. | Title   | Applicable<br>SSAR Section | Conformance <sup>(a)</sup> | Comments  |
|---------------------|------|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| 1.59                | 2    | Design Basis Floods for Nuclear Power Plant                                 | 2.4.1                      | Conforms                   |   |
|                     |      |   | 2.4.2                      | Conforms                   |   |
|                     |      |   | 2.4.3                      | Conforms                   |   |
|                     |      |   | 2.4.4                      | Conforms                   |   |
|                     |      |   | 2.4.5                      | Conforms                   |   |
|                     |      |   | 2.4.6                      | Conforms                   | No tsunami-induced flooding hazards are expected at<br>the site. Operating procedures are addressed in the<br>COLA.   |
|                     |      |   | 2.4.7                      | Conforms                   |   |
|                     |      |   | 2.4.8                      | NA                         | The CRN Site does not include cooling water canals or reservoirs.   |
|                     |      |   | 2.4.9                      | Conforms                   | Channel diversions as a result of changes to the river<br>basin, associated with the CRN Site, are not expected<br>to cause flooding hazards at the CRN Site. |
|                     |      |   | 2.4.10                     | Conforms                   | The CRN Site is a "dry" site.   |
|                     |      |   | 2.4.14                     | Conforms                   | The CRN Site is a "dry" site.   |
| 1.60                | 2    | Design Response Spectra for Seismic Design of<br>Nuclear Power Plants       | 2.5.2                      | NA                         | Site-specific vertical Ground Motion Response Spectra (GMRS) was developed using the guidance in RG 1.208.  |
| 1.76                | 1    | Design-Basis Tornado and Tornado Missiles for<br>Nuclear Power Plants       | 2.3.1                      | Conforms                   |   |
| 1.78                | 1    | Evaluating the Habitability of a Nuclear Power                              | 2.2.1-2.2.2                | Conforms                   |   |
|                     |      | Plant Control Room During a Postulated<br>Hazardous Chemical Release        | 2.2.3                      | Conforms                   |   |
| 1.91                | 2    | -   | 2.2.1–2.2.2                | Conforms                   |   |
|                     |      | Nearby Facilities and on Transportation Routes<br>Near Nuclear Power Plants | 2.2.3                      | Conforms                   |   |
| 1.101               | 5    | Emergency Response Planning and<br>Preparedness for Nuclear Power Reactors  | 13.3                       | NA                         | An emergency action-level scheme will be adopted consistent with industry standards developed to address SMR technology.                                      |

# Table 1.9-1(Sheet 5 of 8)Conformance with Regulatory Guides

| Regulatory<br>Guide | Rev. | Title  | Applicable<br>SSAR Section | Conformance <sup>(a)</sup> | Comments   |
|---------------------|------|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| 1.102               | 1    | Flood Protection for Nuclear Power Plants        | 2.4.1                      | Conforms                   | The CRN Site is a "dry" site. Design and operational considerations are addressed in the COLA.   |
|                     |      |  | 2.4.2                      | Conforms                   | The CRN Site is a "dry" site. Design and operational considerations are addressed in the COLA.   |
|                     |      |  | 2.4.3                      | Conforms                   | The CRN Site is a "dry" site. Design and operational considerations are addressed in the COLA.   |
|                     |      |  | 2.4.4                      | Conforms                   | The CRN Site is a "dry" site. Design and operational considerations are addressed in the COLA.   |
|                     |      |  | 2.4.5                      | Conforms                   | The CRN Site is a "dry" site. Design and operational considerations are addressed in the COLA.   |
|                     |      |  | 2.4.6                      | Conforms                   | There are no tsunami-induced flood hazards at the CRN Site. Design and operational considerations are addressed in the COLA.   |
|                     |      |  | 2.4.7                      | Conforms                   | There are no ice-induced flooding hazards at the CRN<br>Site. Design and operational considerations are<br>addressed in the COLA.  |
|                     |      |  | 2.4.8                      | Conforms                   | The CRN Site layout does not include cooling water<br>canals or reservoirs. The CRN Site is a "dry" site.<br>Design and operational considerations are addressed<br>in the COLA. |
|                     |      |  | 2.4.9                      | Conforms                   | Channel diversions are not expected to cause flooding<br>at the CRN Site. Design and operational considerations<br>are addressed in the COLA.                                    |
|                     |      |  | 2.4.10                     | Conforms                   | The CRN Site is a "dry" site. Design and operational considerations are addressed in the COLA.   |
|                     |      |  | 2.4.14                     | Conforms                   | The CRN Site is a "dry" site. Design and operational considerations are addressed in the COLA.   |
| 1.109               | 1    | Calculation of Annual Doses to Man from Routine  | 2.4.13                     | Conforms                   |  |
|                     |      | Releases of Reactor Effluents for the Purpose of | 11.2.3                     | Conforms                   |  |
|                     |      | Evaluating Compliance with 10 CFR 50, Appendix   | 11.3.3                     | Conforms                   |  |

# Table 1.9-1(Sheet 6 of 8)Conformance with Regulatory Guides

| Regulatory<br>Guide | Rev.             | Title  | Applicable<br>SSAR Section | Conformance <sup>(a)</sup> | Comments   |
|---------------------|------------------|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| 1.111               | 1                | Methods for Estimating Atmospheric Transport   | 2.3.4                      | Conforms                   |  |
|                     |                  | and Dispersion of Gaseous Effluents in Routine   | 2.3.5                      | Conforms                   |  |
|                     |                  | Releases from Light-Water-Cooled Reactors  | 11.3.3                     | Conforms                   |  |
| 1.112               | 1                | Calculation of Releases of Radioactive Materials<br>in Gaseous and Liquid Effluents from<br>Light-Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Reactors    | 11.2.3                     | NA                         | Information related to the effluent source term is based<br>upon vendor-provided information in the plant<br>parameter (PPE) approach. In-plant controls are<br>addressed in the COLA. |
|                     |                  |  | 11.3.3                     | NA                         | Information related to the effluent source term is based<br>upon vendor-provided information in the PPE<br>approach. In-plant controls are addressed in the COLA.                      |
| 1.113               | 1                | Estimating Aquatic Dispersion of Effluents from<br>Accidental and Routine Reactor Releases for the<br>Purpose of Implementing Appendix I | 2.4.13                     | NA                         | Information is applicable only when calculating re-concentration in surface waters.  |
|                     |                  |  | 11.2.3                     | Conforms                   |  |
| 1.125               | 2                | Physical Models for Design and Operation of<br>Hydraulic Structures and Systems for<br>Nuclear Power Plants                              | 2.4.8                      | NA                         | The site does not include cooling water canals or reservoirs.  |
| 1.132               | 2                | Site Investigations for Foundations of Nuclear<br>Power Plants   | 2.5.2                      | Conforms                   | Investigation of borrow materials and materials suitable for foundations is addressed in COLA.   |
|                     |                  |  | 2.5.3                      | NA                         | Regulatory Guide 1.132 is no longer referenced in SRP Section 2.5.3.   |
|                     |                  |  | 2.5.4                      | Conforms                   | Construction mapping is addressed in COLA.   |
|                     |                  |  | 2.5.5                      | Conforms                   |  |
| 1.138               | 2 <sup>(b)</sup> | 2 <sup>(b)</sup> Laboratory Investigations of Soils and Rocks for<br>Engineering Analysis and Design of Nuclear<br>Power Plants          | 2.5.2                      | Conforms                   | ASTM D7012-10 was used for testing related to<br>unconfined compression, as ASTM D2938 was<br>withdrawn and replaced by ASTM D7012.  |
|                     |                  |  | 2.5.4                      | Conforms                   | ASTM D7012-10 was used for testing related to<br>unconfined compression, as ASTM D2938 was<br>withdrawn and replaced by ASTM D7012.  |
|                     |                  |  | 2.5.5                      | Conforms                   | ASTM D7012-10 was used for testing related to<br>unconfined compression, as ASTM D2938 was<br>withdrawn and replaced by ASTM D7012.  |

# Table 1.9-1(Sheet 7 of 8)Conformance with Regulatory Guides

| Regulatory<br>Guide | Rev.             | Title  | Applicable<br>SSAR Section | Conformance <sup>(a)</sup> | Comments  |
|---------------------|------------------|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| 1.138               | 3 <sup>(b)</sup> | Laboratory Investigations of Soils and Rocks for<br>Engineering Analysis and Design of Nuclear<br>Power Plants | 2.5.2                      | Exception                  | This revision was issued after the completion of the subsurface investigation. The following standards were used that reflect revisions later than those identified in RG 1.138, Rev. 3: ASTM D3080/3080M-11, ASTM D2435/2435M-11, and ASTM D1557-12. |
|                     |                  |  | 2.5.4                      | Exception                  | This revision was issued after the completion of the subsurface investigation. The following standards were used that reflect revisions later than those identified in RG 1.138, Rev. 3: ASTM D3080/3080M-11, ASTM D2435/2435M-11, and ASTM D1557-12. |
|                     |                  |  | 2.5.5                      | Exception                  | This revision was issued after the completion of the subsurface investigation. The following standards were used that reflect revisions later than those identified in RG 1.138, Rev. 3: ASTM D3080/3080M-11, ASTM D2435/2435M-11, and ASTM D1557-12. |
| 1.145               | 1                | Atmospheric Dispersion Models for Potential<br>Accident Consequence Assessments at Nuclear<br>Power Plants     | 2.3.4                      | Conforms                   |   |
|                     |                  |  | 2.3.5                      | Conforms                   |   |
| 1.183               | 0                | Alternative Radiological Source Terms for<br>Evaluating Design Basis Accidents at Nuclear<br>Power Reactors    | 15                         | NA                         | Accident source term is defined in the PPE.<br>Vendor-specific source terms are addressed in the<br>COLA.   |
| 1.198               | 0                | Procedures and Criteria for Assessing Seismic  | 2.5.2                      | Conforms                   |   |
|                     |                  | Soil Liquefaction At Nuclear Power Plant Sites   | 2.5.3                      | NA                         | Regulatory Guide 1.198 is no longer referenced in SRP Section 2.5.3.  |
|                     |                  |  | 2.5.4                      | Conforms                   |   |
|                     |                  |  | 2.5.5                      | Conforms                   |   |
| 1.208               | 0                | A Performance-Based Approach to Define the   | 2.5.1                      | Conforms                   |   |
|                     |                  | Site-Specific Earthquake Ground Motion   | 2.5.2                      | Conforms                   |   |
|                     |                  |  | 2.5.3                      | Conforms                   |   |
| 1.221               | 0                | Design-Basis Hurricane and Hurricane Missiles for<br>Nuclear Power Plants                                      | 2.3.1                      | Conforms                   |   |

# Table 1.9-1(Sheet 8 of 8)Conformance with Regulatory Guides

| Regulatory<br>Guide | Devi | Title   | Applicable<br>SSAR Section | Conformance <sup>(a)</sup> | Comments   |
|---------------------|------|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|--|
|                     | Rev. |   |                            |                            | Comments   |
| 4.7                 | 3    | General Site Suitability Criteria for Nuclear Power | 2.1.2                      | Conforms                   |  |
|                     |      | Stations  | 2.1.3                      | Conforms                   |  |
|                     |      |   | 2.2.1-2.2.2                | Conforms                   |  |
|                     |      |   | 2.2.3                      | Conforms                   |  |
|                     |      |   | 2.3.4                      | Conforms                   |  |
|                     |      |   | 2.3.5                      | Conforms                   |  |
|                     |      |   | 2.5.1                      | Conforms                   |  |
|                     |      |   | 2.5.2                      | Conforms                   |  |
|                     |      |   | 2.5.3                      | Conforms                   |  |
|                     |      |   | 13.3                       | Exception                  | Part 5A: TVA is requesting an exemption from certain<br>elements of 10 CFR 50.33(g) and 10 CFR 50.47(c)(2)<br>as they relate to the size of the Plume Exposure<br>Pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ). The Plume<br>Exposure Pathway EPZ for the CRN Site described in<br>Part 5A is at the site boundary.<br>Part 5B: TVA is requesting an exemption from certain<br>elements of 10 CFR 50.33(g) and 10 CFR 50.47(c)(2)<br>as they relate to the size of the Plume Exposure<br>Pathway EPZ. The Plume Exposure Pathway EPZ for<br>the CRN Site described in Part 5B is about 2 miles. |
|                     |      |   | 13.3.3.2                   | NA                         | The ingestion exposure pathway EPZ for the CRN Site will be described in the COLA.   |
| 5.62                | 1    | Reporting of Safeguards Events                      | 13.3                       | Conforms                   |  |

(a) NA = Not applicable

(b) Revision 3 of Regulatory Guide 1.138 was issued in December of 2014; however, the subsurface investigation for the CRN Site was conducted between June 2013 and March 2014, using the information in Regulatory Guide 1.138 in effect at that time (Revision 2).

| Table 1.9-2      | (Sheet 1 of 6)       |
|------------------|----------------------|
| Conformance with | Standard Review Plan |

| Section of<br>NUREG-0800 | Rev. | Title   | Applicable SSAR<br>Section(s) | Conformance <sup>(a)</sup> | Comments  |
|--------------------------|------|---|-------------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| 1.0                      | 2    | Introduction and Interfaces                                     | 1.1–1.11                      | Conforms                   | Supplementary information related to reactor design<br>and construction is addressed in the COLA, when a<br>vendor has been selected.   |
| 2.0                      | 0    | Site Characteristics and Site Parameters                        | 2.0                           | Conforms                   |   |
| 2.1.1                    | 3    | Site Location and Description                                   | 2.1.1                         | Conforms                   |   |
| 2.1.2                    | 3    | Exclusion Area Authority and Control                            | 2.1.2                         | Conforms                   |   |
| 2.1.3                    | 3    | Population Distribution   | 2.1.3                         | Conforms                   |   |
| 2.2.1–2.2.2              | 3    | Identification of Potential Hazards in Site<br>Vicinity         | 2.2.1–2.2.2                   | Conforms                   |   |
| 2.2.3                    | 3    | Evaluation of Potential Accidents                               | 2.2.3                         | Conforms                   | The locations, quantities, and effects of chemicals to be<br>stored onsite are addressed in the COLA. Evaluations<br>of the impacts of toxic gases on main control room<br>habitability are addressed in the COLA.  |
| 2.3.1                    | 3    | Regional Climatology  | 2.3.1                         | Conforms                   |   |
| 2.3.2                    | 3    | Local Meteorology   | 2.3.2                         | Conforms                   |   |
| 2.3.3                    | 3    | Onsite Meteorological Measurements<br>Programs                  | 2.3.3                         | Conforms                   |   |
| 2.3.4                    | 3    | Short Term Dispersion Estimates for Accident Releases           | 2.3.4                         | Conforms                   | Control room dispersion estimates are addressed in the COLA.  |
| 2.3.5                    | 3    | Long-Term Atmospheric Dispersion Estimates for Routine Releases | 2.3.5                         | Conforms                   |   |
| 2.4.1                    | 3    | Hydrologic Description  | 2.4.1                         | Conforms                   | The Tennessee River System, including the Clinch<br>River arm of the Watts Bar Reservoir, is a regulated<br>and fully developed system. Surges, seiches, tsunami,<br>flooding caused by landslides and effects of ice<br>formation are not credible for the CRN Site. |
| 2.4.2                    | 4    | Floods  | 2.4.2                         | Conforms                   | The Tennessee River System, including the Clinch<br>River arm of the Watts Bar Reservoir, is a regulated<br>and fully developed system. Surges, seiches, tsunami,<br>flooding caused by landslides and effects of ice<br>formation are not credible for the CRN Site. |
| 2.4.3                    | 4    | Probable Maximum Flood (PMF) on Streams and Rivers              | 2.4.3                         | Conforms                   |   |

# Table 1.9-2(Sheet 2 of 6)Conformance with Standard Review Plan

| Section of NUREG-0800 | Rev. | Title   | Applicable SSAR<br>Section(s) | Conformance <sup>(a)</sup> | Comments  |
|-----------------------|------|---|-------------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| 2.4.4                 | 3    | Potential Dam Failures  | 2.4.4                         | Conforms                   | Design of structures is addressed in the COLA.  |
| 2.4.5                 | 3    | Probable Maximum Surge and Seiche Flooding  | 2.4.5                         | Conforms                   | These events are not credible for the site because of its location, reservoir characteristics, and site history.  |
| 2.4.6                 | 3    | Probable Maximum Tsunami Hazards  | 2.4.6                         | Conforms                   | There are no tsunami-induced flooding hazards<br>expected at the CRN Site. Because the conditions at<br>the site are not conducive to the creation of a tsunami,<br>no propagation model has been developed and wave<br>runup, inundation, and drawdown are not separately<br>addressed.  |
| 2.4.7                 | 3    | Ice Effects   | 2.4.7                         | Conforms                   | No safety-related SSCs are subject to ice-induced<br>forces or blockages from sheet or frazil ice.  |
| 2.4.8                 | 3    | Cooling Water Canals and Reservoirs   | 2.4.8                         | Conforms                   | The CRN Site does not include cooling water canals or reservoirs.   |
| 2.4.9                 | 3    | Channel Diversions  | 2.4.9                         | Conforms                   | Requirements for alternative water sources are<br>addressed in the COLA, when a reactor technology has<br>been selected.  |
| 2.4.10                | 3    | Flooding Protection Requirements  | 2.4.10                        | Conforms                   | Based upon grade elevation and maximum flooding<br>height, the site is considered to be "dry"; however, the<br>need for flood protections is addressed in the COLA<br>when detailed grading and reactor design are available.<br>Local PMP is addressed in the COLA, when detailed<br>grading and reactor design are available. |
| 2.4.11                | 3    | Low Water Considerations  | 2.4.11                        | Conforms                   |   |
| 2.4.12                | 3    | Groundwater   | 2.4.12                        | Conforms                   | Groundwater is not used for safety-related purposes.<br>The need for dewatering systems is addressed in the<br>COLA.  |
| 2.4.13                | 3    | Accidental Releases of Radioactive Liquid<br>Effluents in Ground and Surface Waters | 2.4.13                        | Conforms                   |   |
| 2.4.14                | 3    | Technical Specifications and Emergency<br>Operation Requirements                    | 2.4.14                        | Conforms                   | The site is considered to be "dry" and does not require<br>a safety-related source of water. By design, no<br>emergency actions or Technical Specifications are<br>required. Conformance with the general design criteria<br>is not applicable to ESPAs.  |
| 2.5.1                 | 5    | Basic Geologic and Seismic Information  | 2.5.1                         | Conforms                   |   |

# Table 1.9-2(Sheet 3 of 6)Conformance with Standard Review Plan

| Section of NUREG-0800 | Rev. | Title   | Applicable SSAR<br>Section(s) | Conformance <sup>(a)</sup> | Comments  |
|-----------------------|------|---|-------------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| 2.5.2                 | 5    | Vibratory Ground Motion                           | 2.5.2                         | Conforms                   | A sensitivity analysis was performed to evaluate the impact of the consideration of overburden on GMRS.   |
| 2.5.3                 | 5    | Surface Faulting                                  | 2.5.3                         | Conforms                   |   |
| 2.5.4                 | 5    | Stability of Subsurface Materials and Foundations | 2.5.4                         | Conforms                   | Profiles illustrating the detailed relationship between<br>the foundation and subsurface materials is provided in<br>the COLA. While the foundation depth is provided,<br>remaining information (e.g., information related to<br>backfill and borrow) are provided in the COLA.   |
| 2.5.5                 | 5    | Stability of Slopes                               | 2.5.5                         | Conforms                   | Site grading are developed and stability of any safety-related slopes are addressed in the COLA.  |
| 3.5.1.6               | 4    | Aircraft Hazards                                  | 3.5.1.6                       | Conforms                   |   |
| 11.2                  | 4    | Liquid Waste Management System                    | 11.2.3                        | Conforms                   | Information related to design is addressed in the COLA.   |
| 11.3                  | 3    | Gaseous Waste Management System                   | 11.3.3                        | Conforms                   | Information related to design is addressed in the COLA.   |
| 13.3                  | 3    | Emergency Planning                                | 13.3                          | Exception                  | SRP Criterion 1:   Part 5A: TVA is requesting exemptions from certain elements of 10 CFR 50.47(b)(4)–(6), (9) and (10) and 10 CFR 50, Appendix E F.2, F.2.a, F.2.a(i)–(iii), and F.2.b-d as they relate to offsite emergency planning.   SRP Criterion 2:   Part 5A: TVA is requesting exemptions from certain elements of 10 CFR 50.47(b)(4)–(6), (9) and (10) and 10 CFR 50, Appendix E F.2, F.2.a, F.2.a(i)–(iii), and F.2.b–d as they relate to offsite emergency planning. |
|                       |      |   |                               |                            | SRP Criterion 3:<br>Certain aspects of the technology-specific<br>Emergency Action Levels (EALs) required by 10 CFR<br>50.47(b)(4) and 10 CFR 50 Appendix E Section IV.B<br>are addressed in the COLA. An EAL scheme consistent<br>with industry standards developed to address SMR<br>technology will be adopted.  |

# Table 1.9-2(Sheet 4 of 6)Conformance with Standard Review Plan

| Section of<br>NUREG-0800 | Rev. | Title | Applicable SSAR<br>Section(s) | Conformance <sup>(a)</sup> | Comments   |
|--------------------------|------|-------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
|                          |      |       |                               |                            | <u>SRP Criteria 4–6:</u><br>Not applicable   |
|                          |      |       |                               |                            | SRP Criterion 7:<br>Due to the Site Boundary EPZ, onsite and offsite<br>protective measures are being implemented in an ad<br>hoc manner.<br>Protective Action Recommendation (PAR) logic and<br>PAR logic diagrams for the CRN Site are addressed<br>and added to the Emergency Plan in the COLA.   |
|                          |      |       |                               |                            | <u>SRP Criterion 9:</u><br>FEMA evaluations are beyond the scope of the<br>Emergency Plan.   |
|                          |      |       |                               |                            | SRP Criterion 10:<br>TVA is requesting exemptions from certain elements of<br>10 CFR 50.33(g) and 10 CFR 50.47(c)(2) as they relate<br>to EPZ sizing. The EPZ for the CRN Site described in<br>Part 5A is at the site boundary.<br>The EPZ for the CRN Site described in Part 5B is about<br>2 miles.  |
|                          |      |       |                               |                            | SRP Criterion 11:<br>Part A: TVA is requesting exemptions from certain<br>elements of 10 CFR 50, Appendix E, IV.2–IV.7 as they<br>relate to Evacuation Time Estimates (ETEs). Due to the<br>Site Boundary EPZ, an ETE is not being performed.<br>Part B: In Part 6 of the ESPA, TVA is requesting<br>exemptions from certain elements of 10 CFR 50.33(g)<br>and 10 CFR 50.47(c)(2) as they relate to EPZ sizing.<br>The EPZ for the CRN Site described in Part 5B is 2<br>miles. An ETE has been performed for the 2-mile EPZ. |

# Table 1.9-2(Sheet 5 of 6)Conformance with Standard Review Plan

| Section of NUREG-0800 | Rev. | Title | Applicable SSAR<br>Section(s) | Conformance <sup>(a)</sup> | Comments  |
|-----------------------|------|-------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|---|
|                       |      |       |                               |                            | SRP Criterion 12:   Not applicable   SRP Criterion 13:   TVA is submitting an ESPA. The requirements of 10   CFR 50.47(b) and 10 CFR 50.47(d) are satisfied in the   COLA.   SRP Criterion 14:   Not applicable   .   SRP Criterion 16:   Part A: TVA is requesting exemptions from certain   elements of 10 CFR 50, Appendix E, IV.2–IV.7 as they   relate to ETES. Due to the Site Boundary EPZ, an ETE   is not being performed.   Part B: In Part 6 of the ESPA, TVA is requesting   exemptions from certain elements of 10 CFR 50.33(g)   and 10 CFR 50.47(c)(2) as they relate to EPZ sizing. |
|                       |      |       |                               |                            | The EPZ for the CRN Site described in Part 5B is 2<br>miles. An ETE has been performed for the 2-mile EPZ.<br><u>SRP Criterion 19:</u><br>Part A: TVA is requesting exemptions from certain<br>elements of 10 CFR 50.47(b)(5) and 10 CFR 50,<br>Appendix E, D, D.3, and D.4 as they relate to<br>notification measures and procedures regarding<br>notifications to the public.<br>Part B: The CRN Site Alert and Notification System is<br>being developed and implemented consistent with a<br>Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)<br>approved design.                                     |

# Table 1.9-2(Sheet 6 of 6)Conformance with Standard Review Plan

| Section of<br>NUREG-0800 | Rev. | Title  | Applicable SSAR<br>Section(s) | Conformance <sup>(a)</sup> | Comments  |
|--------------------------|------|--|-------------------------------|----------------------------|---|
|                          |      |  |                               |                            | SRP Criterion 20:   For the ESPA, Parts 5A and 5B are being submitted as major features Emergency Plans in accordance with 10 CFR 52.17(b)(2)(i).   SRP Criteria 21–24:   Inspections, Tests, Analyses, and Acceptance Criteria (ITAAC) are developed and submitted in the COLA.   SRP Criteria 25–29:   Not applicable   SRP Criterion 31:   Emergency Plans Parts 5A and 5B are being submitted   |
| 10.0.0                   |      |  | 40.0                          | Ounforme                   | as part of an ESPA.   |
| 13.6.3<br>15.0.3         | 0    | Physical Security - Early Site Permit<br>Design Basis Accident Radiological<br>Consequences of Analyses for Advanced Light<br>Water Reactors | 13.6<br>15                    | Conforms<br>Conforms       |   |
| 17.5                     | 1    | Quality Assurance Program Description -<br>Design Certification, Early Site Permit and New<br>License Applicants                             | 17.5                          | Exception                  | The CRN ESP Quality Assurance Program utilizes the<br>TVA Nuclear Quality Assurance Program<br>(TVA-NQA-PLN89-A), as supplemented by Appendices<br>K, L, and M, to provide equivalents and alternatives to<br>the implementing documents endorsed in RG 1.28,<br>Revision 4. As discussed in Section 17.5, this approach<br>provides an acceptable alternative to conforming to the<br>guidance in NUREG-0800, Section 17.5, for<br>compliance with the requirements of 10 CFR 50,<br>Appendix B. |

(a) NA = Not applicable

# 1.10 IMPACT OF CONSTRUCTION OF NEW NUCLEAR POWER PLANT UNITS ON OPERATING UNITS AT MULTI-UNIT SITES

This topic is not applicable to this Early Site Permit Application and is addressed at the combined license application stage.

### 1.11 OVERVIEW OF REACTOR TYPES

Four conceptual, light-water cooled, small modular reactor (SMR) designs were used to create a "surrogate plant" as defined in NEI 10-01, *Industry Guideline for Developing a Plant Parameter Envelope in Support of an Early Site Permit* (Reference 1.11-1) and to develop the site-related design parameter values listed in Table 2.0-2 of Chapter 2. A basis summary for each plant parameter is typically provided in the SSAR section indicated in Table 2.0-2 for that plant parameter. The reactor designs are:

- BWXT mPower<sup>™</sup> (Generation mPower LLC design)
- NuScale (NuScale Power, LLC, design)
- SMR-160 (Holtec SMR, LLC, design)
- Westinghouse SMR (Westinghouse Electric Company, LLC, design)

All four designs are described as passively safe with minimal or no reliance on offsite power, offsite water, or operator action for safety. Based on design features, these designs eliminate various conventional design basis events (e.g., large-break LOCAs precluded by elimination of large bore piping). All four designs are integral pressurized water reactors (iPWRs); that is, pressurized water reactor (PWR) designs in which the primary coolant system and all (or most) of its components (i.e., pressurizer, steam generators, and reactor coolant pumps, where applicable) are enclosed in one pressure vessel.

### 1.11.1 BWXT mPower<sup>™</sup>

The BWXT mPower<sup>™</sup> SMR is an advanced iPWR that generates 530 MWt, with an estimated power output of 180 MWe. The mPower reactor uses standard PWR fuel with a shorter fuel assembly length. The iPWR is located in a below-grade containment.

The mPower SMR is designed to be built in multiples of two reactors per plant, and up to two plants (four reactors) would be placed on the CRN Site.

### 1.11.2 NuScale

The NuScale SMR is an advanced iPWR that generates 160 MWt, with an estimated power output of 50 MWe. The NuScale SMR uses standard light water reactor fuel with a shorter fuel assembly length. The reactor sits within a containment vessel, and up to 12 reactors can be housed in one below-grade shared pool.

The NuScale SMR is a multi-unit configuration that is designed to include up to 12 reactors per plant, and up to 12 reactors would be placed on the CRN Site.

### 1.11.3 SMR-160

The Holtec Inherently-Safe Modular Underground Reactor (HI-SMUR<sup>TM</sup>) SMR-160 is an iPWR that generates 525 MWt, with an estimated power output of 160 MWe. This reactor design does not use standard fuel. Instead, it uses a unitary cartridge containing all fuel that is replaced entirely each refueling. The reactor, steam generator, and spent fuel pool are located inside the containment structure. The reactor core is located below grade.

Each unit is built as a stand alone plant, and up to four SMR-160 reactors would be placed on the CRN Site.

### 1.11.4 Westinghouse SMR

The Westinghouse SMR is an advanced iPWR that generates 800 MWt, with an estimated power output of 225 MWe. The Westinghouse SMR uses standard PWR fuel, with a shorter fuel assembly length. The iPWR vessel is housed in a containment located below grade.

Each unit is built as a stand-alone plant, and up to three Westinghouse SMRs would be placed on the CRN Site.

#### 1.11.5 Reference

1.11-1. NEI 10-01, "Industry Guidance for Developing a Plant Parameter Envelope in Support of an Early Site Permit," Rev. 1, May 2012.