CHANGE

EXPLANATION

SYMBOLS

Buried Fault Inferred From Gravity And Magnetic Data

Hypothetical Buried Fault Taken From Tectonic Map Of Western United States.

Buried fault taken from Tectonic map of Western United States.

Lithologic Contact

Fault

Dashed where approximately located. Dotted where concealed.

A — A' Geologic Section Location

Dike

QUATERNARY

Qal — ALLUVIUM
Modern floodplain deposits of silt, sand, and gravel.

Qsu — SLOPE DEPOSITS, UNDIVIDED
Unit includes coalescing alluvial fans, floodplains.

Qbf — BASIN FILL DEPOSITS
Predominantly silt and sand at surface with shallow soil caliche

QTf — FAN DEPOSITS, DIFFERENTIATED
Characterized by basalt and andesite boulders within a fine matrix. Moderately calichified cap often characteristic of this unit.

TERTIARY-QUATERNARY

QTb — LATE TERTIARY TO QUATERNARY BASALT FLOWS
Arlington (1.24–3.19 m.y.), Gillespie (1.3–4.2 m.y.) and Gila Bend (2.2–6.4 m.y.) basalt flows.(K-AR Dating).

QTbf — BASIN FILL
Undifferentiated silt and sand containing clayey and slightly gravelly intervals, moderately stratified. Tentatively assigned Quaternary–Tertiary age based on age dates from overlying Arlington basalt flow.

QTfn — QUATERNARY–TERTIARY FAN DEPOSITS
Gravel in a silt and clay matrix, poorly sorted, moderately stratified. Gravel includes clasts primarily of volcanic and metamorphic material with a minor amount of granitic debris.

QTt — QUATERNARY–TERTIARY TERRACE DEPOSITS
Gila River gravels includes clasts of Dripping Springs Quartzite.

TERTIARY

Tf — FAN DEPOSITS, DIFFERENTIATED
Similar to QTf but demonstrably older.

Tvfn — VOLCANIC FAN
Volcanic gravels, predominantly andesitic, in a silt and sand matrix. Fans locally derived from Tertiary Volcanics within the Palo Verde area. Local interbedded basalt

Tvba — BASALTIC ANDESITE

Tvi — VOLCANIC INTRUSIVES

Tva — ANDESITE

Tvu — UNDIFFERENTIATED VOLCANIC ROCK
Extrusive and intrusive, blue–gray and reddish, with local tuffaceous sedimentary interbeds. Includes basalt and andesite in Palo Verde Hills(17.7–20.3 m.y.).

Tsv — SEDIMENTS AND VOLCANICS
Sediments predominantly well indurated tuffaceous and arkosic sandstone, volcanics predominantly blue–gray andesite undifferentiated.

Ts — SEDIMENTS
Well–indurated tuffaceous and arkosic sandstone, and conglomerate cross–bedded. Locally contains granitic and gneissic cobbles.

PRECAMBRIAN

pCgr — GRANITE AND QUARTZ MONZANITE
Including aplite, alaskite, and quartz veins.

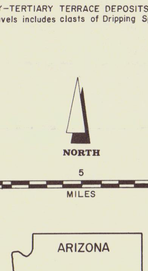
pCgn — GRANITE AND HORNFELSIC ROCKS
Foliated, locally intruded with pegmatitic veins. Includes some areas of undivided schist and granite.

pCmd — META–DIORITE, INTRUSIVE

pCgs — GREENSCHIST FACIES METAMORPHICS
Amphibolite, phyllite, slate, mica schist quartzite and hornfels derived from shale, sandstone, and rhyolitic to basaltic flows and tuff.

NORTH

0 5 10
MILES



REFERENCE: Geologic Map Of Maricopa County, Arizona, Arizona Bureau Of Mines, University Of Arizona, 1957, supplemented by FUGRO 1973–1974.
TOPOGRAPHIC REFERENCE: ARMY MAP SERVICE 1:250,000 Phoenix West Sheet.

Arizona Nuclear Power Project
Palo Verde Nuclear Generating Station
Units 1, 2 & 3

GEOLOGIC MAP OF THE SITE VICINITY

Figure 2.5-7

September 29, 1975

APP-1-2.5-228-435
Amendment 12

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