

Module II – Circuit Analysis

Fire PRA Circuit Analysis Summary



Joint EPRI/NRC-RES Fire PRA Workshop
June 25-29, 2018

Gabe Taylor – U.S. NRC

Daniel Funk – JENSEN HUGHES

Dane Lovelace – JENSEN HUGHES

CIRCUIT ANALYSIS SUMMARY

Topics

- Circuit Analysis “Big Picture” Road Map
- Interface with Fire PRA Group
- Circuit Analysis Strategy & Implementation
- Key Considerations & Factors
- Relationship to Appendix R & NFPA 805
- Lessons Learned

CIRCUIT ANALYSIS SUMMARY

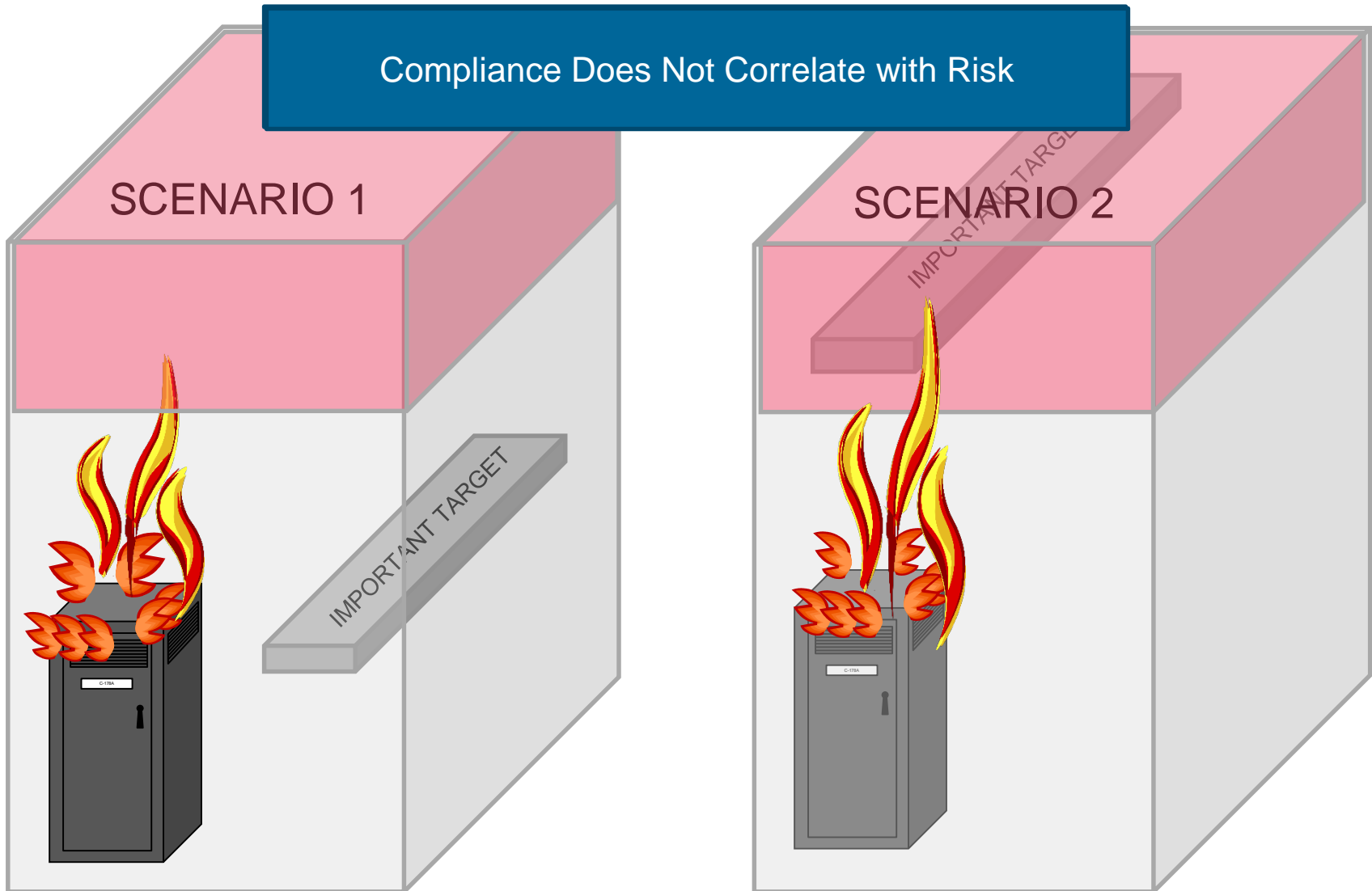
Circuit Analysis Road Map

- Task 3 / 9A
 - Fire PRA Cable Selection
 - Circuit Analysis (Part A): Design Attributes
- Task 9B / 10
 - Circuit Analysis (Part B): Configuration Attributes
 - Circuit Failure Mode Likelihood Analysis
- Support Task B – Fire PRA Database

Remember – You cannot work in a vacuum! You must interface continuously with all team members!

EQUIVALENT DETERMINISTIC COMPLIANCE

Compliance Does Not Correlate with Risk



CIRCUIT ANALYSIS SUMMARY

Interface with Fire PRA Group

- Coordination with Task 2 (Component Section) is essential – MUST understand the EXACT functionality credited for each component
- Essential for maintainability that Fire PRA and NFPA-805 data be fully integrated

Note: The subtleties of aligning Fire PRA and traditional Appendix R / NFPA-805 data is more complex than originally anticipated. This primarily shows up in Component Selection (Task 2), but has major ramifications to the circuit analysis

- Existing Appendix R SSA Circuit Analysis is **NOT** as useful as originally envisioned
 - Auto functions not considered
 - Refined analysis not performed
 - Cable routing lacks precision required for Fire PRA scenarios

CIRCUIT ANALYSIS SUMMARY

Interface with Fire PRA Group (cont.)

- Be forewarned...the PRA process is iterative and the components / function states will change (i.e., you will redo some analyses)
- Do not expect the PRA analysts to fully understand the various nuances with the circuit analysis for any given functional state – you will need to question them on inherent assumptions with the Basic Events

Example: What automatic functions are inherently credited for a given Basic Event? Is the automatic function really required for the Fire Scenario?

CIRCUIT ANALYSIS SUMMARY

Strategy and Implementation

- Each Circuit Analysis task represents a refined level of detail (i.e., graded approach)
- Level-of-effort for the electrical work is a key driver for project scope, schedule, and resources
 - High programmatic risk if not carefully controlled
 - Analysis and routing of all cables can be a large resource sink with minimal overall benefit
 - Concerns validated by most projects
- Important to screen out obvious “**Not Required**” cables during the initial cable selection process (Task 9A), with refinement driven by quantitative screening (Task 9B)

CIRCUIT ANALYSIS SUMMARY

Strategy and Implementation (cont.)

- Circuit Analysis (including cable tracing) can consume 40%-60% of overall budget
- Circuit Analysis scope **MUST** be a primary consideration during project planning (budget, schedule, skill sets)
- Qualified and experienced circuit analysts must be integral members of the PRA team
- Evaluation, coordination, and integration with Appendix R must occur early and must be rigorous
- Long-term strategy for data configuration control – especially if sharing data with Appendix R / NFPA 805

CIRCUIT ANALYSIS SUMMARY

Key Considerations & Factors

- Circuit Analysis remains a technically and logistically challenging area
 - Practical aspects of dealing with an integrated data set
 - Practical approach for dealing with MSOs
 - Circuit Analysis is more complex and difficult than analyses performed under Appendix R
- Availability, quality, and format of cable data
- Availability of electrical engineering support
 - Circuit Analysis is a developed skill set
 - Do not expect to be a proficient analyst based on a simple introductory course

CIRCUIT ANALYSIS SUMMARY

Key Considerations & Factors (cont.)

- Usability of Appendix R SSA circuit analysis data
 - Not as useful as originally envisioned
 - Automated tools are essential
 - Functional state analysis is critical – overly conservative cable selection will not work for Fire PRA
- User-friendliness of electrical drawings
- It is possible to meet the PRA Standard with a completely unmaintainable analysis
 - This is not the desired end state
 - Schedules often drive poor decision-making

CIRCUIT ANALYSIS SUMMARY

Relationship to Appendix R & NFPA 805

- Practical aspects of dealing with an integrated data set
- Practical approach for dealing with MSOs
- Implication of these Advances:
 - Circuit Analysis is more complex and difficult than analyses performed under Appendix R
 - Higher skill set and more robust infrastructure required for long-term maintenance

CIRCUIT ANALYSIS SUMMARY

Lessons Learned

- Do not underestimate scope
- Ensure proper resources are committed to project
- Doable but **MUST** work smart
- Do not “broad brush” interface with Appendix R – have a detailed plan before starting
- Interface between PRA and Electrical groups is typically poor
- Develop project procedures – but don’t get carried away
- Compilation and management of large volume of data
 - Automated tools imperative for efficient process
 - Long-term configuration management often overlooked until very end of the project
- Cannot “broad brush” associated circuit analysis review

CIRCUIT ANALYSIS SUMMARY

**THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR
PARTICIPATING IN THIS TRAINING**

PLEASE TURN IN YOUR EVALUATION FORMS

more
questions?

