

February 18, 1977

PRN-LI-77-37

Mr. Norman C. Moseley, Director, Region II
Office of Inspection and Enforcement
U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
230 Peachtree Street, N. W., Suite 1217
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Mr. Moseley:

REPORTABLE OCCURRENCE 335-77-4
ST. LUCIE UNIT 1
DATE OF OCCURRENCE: JANUARY 20, 1977

DDPS CALORIMETRIC

The attached Licensee Event Report is being submitted in accordance with Technical Specification 6.9 to provide 30-day notification of the subject occurrence.

Very truly yours,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read 'A. D. Schmidt', is written over the typed name.

A. D. Schmidt
Vice President
Power Resources

MAS/cpc

Attachment

cc: Robert Lowenstein, Esquire
Director, Office of Inspection and Enforcement (30)
Director, Office of Management Information and
Program Control (3)



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LICENSEE EVENT REPORT

CONTROL BLOCK:

[PLEASE PRINT ALL REQUIRED INFORMATION]

LICENSEE NAME						LICENSE NUMBER						LICENSE TYPE				EVENT TYPE												
01	F	L	S	L	S	1	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	1	1	1	1	0	3						
7	8	9				14	15									25	26				30	31	32					
01		CONT		CATEGORY		REPORT TYPE		REPORT SOURCE		DOCKET NUMBER				EVENT DATE				REPORT DATE										
01						L	L	0	5	0	-	0	3	3	5	0	1	2	0	7	7	0	2	1	8	7	7	
7	8			57	58	59	60	61							68	69												80

EVENT DESCRIPTION

02 | While reviewing power ascension test data from before and after the

03 | 5-month fuel reconstitution shutdown (See LER 335-76-35 dated 7/23/76) a

04 | possible error in indicated power from the Digital Data Processing System

05 | (DDPS) calorimetric (primary heat balance) program was noted. An inten-

06 | sive investigation confirmed that the calorimetric program was in error

SYSTEM CODE		CAUSE CODE		COMPONENT CODE				PRIME COMPONENT SUPPLIER		COMPONENT MANUFACTURER			VICIATION		
07	I	F	B	I	N	S	T	R	U	N	F	1	2	0	N
7	8	9	10	11	12				17	43	44			47	48

CAUSE DESCRIPTION

08 | There are two methods in the calorimetric program for converting analog

09 | feedwater flow signals to digital engineering units. One method involves

10 | a direct 4 to 20 ma linearization while the other method allows for a

FACILITY STATUS		% POWER		OTHER STATUS		METHOD OF DISCOVERY		DISCOVERY DESCRIPTION						
11	B	0	8	0	NA	C								NA
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	44	45	46					80

FORM OF ACTIVITY RELEASED		CONTENT OF RELEASE		AMOUNT OF ACTIVITY				LOCATION OF RELEASE					
12	Z	Z					NA						NA
7	8	9	10	11			44	45					80

PERSONNEL EXPOSURES

NUMBER		TYPE		DESCRIPTION								
13	0	0	0	Z								NA
7	8	9	11	12	13							80

PERSONNEL INJURIES

NUMBER		DESCRIPTION										
14	0	0	0									NA
7	8	9	11	12								80

PROBABLE CONSEQUENCES

15 | NA

LOSS OR DAMAGE TO FACILITY

TYPE		DESCRIPTION										
16	Z											NA
7	8	9	10									80

PUBLICITY

17 | NA

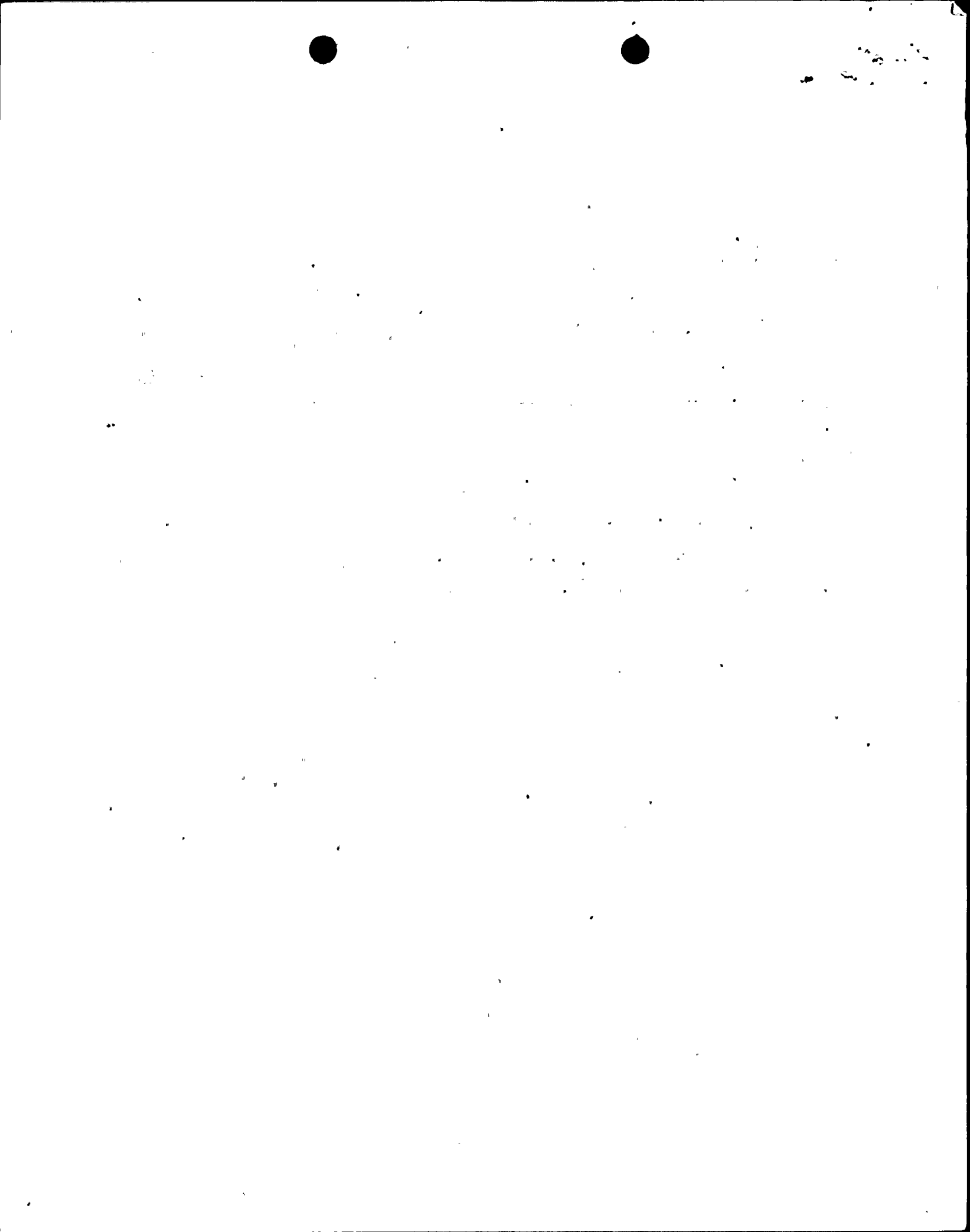
ADDITIONAL FACTORS

18 | See Page Two for continuation of Event Description and Cause Description.

19 |

NAME: M. A. Schoppman

PHONE: 305/552-3779



EVENT DESCRIPTION (Continued)

and indicated 2.57% below actual power (at nominal 80%). The program was corrected and now functions properly. This is the first occurrence involving software problems with the DDPS. (335-77-4).

CAUSE DESCRIPTION (Continued)

special linearization curve for each flow transmitter. The second method will allow for non-linear behavior of different transmitters. During initial power ascension, the direct 4 to 20 ma linearization method was used.

Following fuel reconstitution, the program and data base were reloaded into the DDPS and the second method of converting analog signals to engineering units was used. However, the program contained an erroneous scaling factor for the range of the flow transmitted. This error caused the indicated feedwater flow and reactor power to be lower than actual. The program has been corrected and all calorimetric inputs reviewed to verify that no further errors are present in the special linearization method.

