

**SALEM GENERATING STATION UNIT NO. 1  
CHANGE TO TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS  
DEFERRAL OF SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS  
TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION PAGES WITH PROPOSED CHANGES**

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REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (Continued)

- c. \* At least once per 18 months during shutdown by verifying that each automatic valve in the flow path actuates to its correct position on a safety injection test signal.
- d. At least once per 18 months by verifying that the flow path required by specification 3.1.2.2.a delivers at least 33 gpm to the Reactor Coolant System.

\*

Insert 1

TABLE 4.3-1

REACTOR TRIP SYSTEM INSTRUMENTATION SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

<u>FUNCTIONAL UNIT</u>	<u>CHANNEL CHECK</u>	<u>CHANNEL CALIBRATION</u>	<u>CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST</u>	<u>MODES IN WHICH SURVEILLANCE REQUIRED</u>
1. Manual Reactor Trip Switch	N.A.	N.A.	R <sup>(9)</sup>	1, 2, and *
2. Power Range, Neutron Flux	S	D <sup>(2)</sup> , M <sup>(3)</sup> and Q <sup>(6)</sup>	Q	1, 2, and 3*
3. Power Range, Neutron Flux, High Positive Rate	N.A.	R <sup>(6)</sup>	Q	1, 2
4. Power Range, Neutron Flux, High Negative Rate	N.A.	R <sup>(6)</sup>	Q	1, 2
5. Intermediate Range, Neutron Flux	S	R <sup>(6)</sup>	S/U <sup>(1)</sup>	1, 2 and *
6. Source Range, Neutron Flux	S <sup>(7)</sup>	R <sup>(6)</sup>	Q and S/U <sup>(1)</sup>	2, 3, 4, 5 and *
7. Overtemperature ΔT	S	R	Q	1, 2
8. Overpower ΔT	S	R	Q	1, 2
9. Pressurizer Pressure--Low	S	R	Q	1, 2
10. Pressurizer Pressure--High	S	R	Q	1, 2
11. Pressurizer Water Level--High	S	R @	Q	1, 2
12. Loss of Flow - Single Loop	S	R	Q	1

@

Insert 3

TABLE 4.3-1 (Continued)

NOTATION

- With the reactor trip system breakers closed and the control rod drive system capable of rod withdrawal.
- (1) - If not performed in previous 31 days.
  - (2) - Heat balance only, above 15% of RATED THERMAL POWER.
  - (3) - Compare incore to excore axial offset above 15% of RATED THERMAL POWER. Recalibrate if absolute difference  $\geq$  3 percent.
  - (4) - Manual SSPS functional input check every 18 months. \* \*
  - (5) - Each train or logic channel shall be tested at least every 62 days on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS.
  - (6) - Neutron detectors may be excluded from CHANNEL CALIBRATION.
  - (7) - Below P-6 (Block of Source Range Reactor Trip) setpoint.
  - (8) - Deleted
  - (9) - The CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST shall independently verify the OPERABILITY of the Undervoltage and Shunt Trip mechanism for the Manual Reactor Trip Function.  
  
The Test shall also verify OPERABILITY of the Bypass Breaker Trip circuits.
  - (10) - DELETED
  - (11) - The CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST shall independently verify the OPERABILITY of the Reactor Trip Breaker Undervoltage and Shunt Trip mechanisms.
  - (12) - DELETED

\* \*

INSERT # 1

INSTRUMENTATION

3/4.3.2 ENGINEERED SAFETY FEATURE ACTUATION SYSTEM INSTRUMENTATION

LIMITING CONDITION FOR OPERATION  
=====

3.3.2.1 The Engineered Safety Feature Actuation System (ESFAS) instrumentation channels and interlocks shown in Table 3.3-3 shall be OPERABLE with their trip setpoints set consistent with the values shown in the Trip Setpoint column of Table 3.3-4 and with RESPONSE TIMES as shown in Table 3.3-5.

APPLICABILITY: As shown in Table 3.3-3.

ACTION:

- a. With an ESFAS instrumentation channel trip setpoint less conservative than the value shown in the Allowable Values column of Table 3.3-4, declare the channel inoperable and apply the applicable ACTION requirement of Table 3.3-3 until the channel is restored to OPERABLE status with the trip setpoint adjusted consistent with the Trip Setpoint value.
- b. With an ESFAS instrumentation channel inoperable, take the ACTION shown in Table 3.3-3.

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS  
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4.3.2.1.1 Each ESFAS instrumentation channel shall be demonstrated OPERABLE by the performance of the CHANNEL CHECK, CHANNEL CALIBRATION and CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST operations during the MODES and at the frequencies shown in Table 4.3-2.

4.3.2.1.2 The logic for the interlocks shall be demonstrated OPERABLE during the automatic actuation logic test. The total interlock function shall be demonstrated OPERABLE at least once per 18 months during CHANNEL CALIBRATION testing of each channel affected by interlock operation.

\* 4.3.2.1.3 The ENGINEERED SAFETY FEATURES RESPONSE TIME of each ESFAS function shall be demonstrated to be within the limit at least once per 18 months. Each test shall include at least one logic train such that both logic trains are tested at least once per 36 months and one channel per function such that all channels are tested at least once per N times 18 months where N is the total number of redundant channels in a specific ESFAS function as shown in the "Total No. of Channels" Column of Table 3.3-3. The provisions of Specification 4.0.4 are not applicable to MSIV closure time testing. The provisions of Specification 4.0.4 are not applicable to the turbine driven auxiliary feedwater pump provided the surveillance is performed within 24 hours after the secondary steam generator pressure is greater than 680 psig.

\* *Inset 2*

TABLE 4.3-2

ENGINEERED SAFETY FEATURE ACTUATION SYSTEM INSTRUMENTATION  
SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

<u>FUNCTIONAL UNIT</u>	<u>CHANNEL CHECK</u>	<u>CHANNEL CALIBRATION</u>	<u>CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST</u>	<u>MODES IN WHICH SURVEILLANCE REQUIRED</u>
1. SAFETY INJECTION, TURBINE TRIP AND FEEDWATER ISOLATION				
a. Manual Initiation	N.A.	N.A.	R *	1,2,3,4
b. Automatic Actuation Logic	N.A.	N.A.	M(2)	1,2,3,4
c. Containment Pressure-High	S	R	Q(3)	1,2,3
d. Pressurizer Pressure--Low	S	R	Q	1,2,3
e. Differential Pressure Between Steam Lines--High	S	R	Q	1,2,3
f. Steam Flow in Two Steam Lines--High coincident with Tavg--Low-Low or Steam Line Pressure-Low	S	R	Q	1,2,3
2. CONTAINMENT SPRAY				
a. Manual Initiation	N.A.	N.A.	R	1,2,3,4
b. Automatic Actuation Logic	N.A.	N.A.	M(2)	1,2,3,4
c. Containment Pressure--High-High	S	R	Q(3)	1,2,3

\* INSERT #1

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TABLE 4.3-6

REMOTE SHUTDOWN MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION  
SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

<u>INSTRUMENT</u>	<u>CHANNEL CHECK</u>	<u>CHANNEL CALIBRATION</u>
1. Pressurizer Pressure	M	R
2. Pressurizer Level	M	R*
3. Steam Generator Pressure	M	R
4. Steam Generator Level	M	R

\*

Insert 3

TABLE 3-11  
SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS FOR  
ACCIDENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION

<u>INSTRUMENT</u>	<u>CHANNEL CHECKS</u>	<u>CHANNEL CALIBRATION</u>	<u>CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST</u>
1. Reactor Coolant Outlet Temperature - T <sub>HOT</sub> (Wide Range)	M	R	<del>NA</del> N.A.
2. Reactor Coolant Inlet Temperature - T <sub>COLD</sub> (Wide Range)	M	R	<del>NA</del> N.A.
3. Reactor Coolant Pressure (Wide Range)	M	R	<del>NA</del> N.A.
4. Pressurizer Water Level	M	R **	<del>NA</del> N.A.
5. Steam Line Pressure	M	R	
6. Steam Generator Water Level (Narrow Range)	M	R	<del>NA</del> N.A.
7. Steam Generator Water Level (Wide Range)	M	R	<del>NA</del> N.A.
8. Refueling Water Storage Tank Water Level	M	R	<del>NA</del> N.A.
9. deleted			
10. Auxiliary Feedwater Flow Rate	S/U # S#	R	<del>NA</del> N.A.
11. Reactor Coolant System Subcooling Margin Monitor	M	<del>N/A</del> N.A.*	<del>NA</del> N.A.

#Auxiliary Feedwater System is used on each startup and flow rate indication is verified at that time.

\*The instruments used to develop RCS subcooling margin are calibrated on an 18 month cycle; the monitor will be compared quarterly with calculated subcooling margin for known input values.

\*\* used 3



TABLE 4.3-11 (Continued)  
SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS FOR  
ACCIDENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION

<u>INSTRUMENT</u>	<u>CHANNEL CHECKS</u>	<u>CHANNEL CALIBRATION</u>	<u>CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST</u>
12. PORV Position Indicator	M	<del>NA</del> N.A.	R
13. PORV Block Valve Position Indicator	M	<del>NA</del> N.A.	Q*
14. Pressurizer Safety Valve Position Indicator	M	<del>NA</del> N.A.	R
15. Containment Pressure - Narrow Range	M	<del>NA</del> R	<del>NA</del> N.A.
16. Containment Pressure - Wide Range	M	R	<del>NA</del> N.A.
17. Containment Water Level - Wide Range	M	R * *	<del>NA</del> N.A.
18. Core Exit Thermocouples	M	R	<del>NA</del> N.A.
19. Reactor Vessel Level Instrumentation System (RVLIS)	M	R	<del>NA</del> N.A.

\* Unless the block valve is closed in order to meet the requirements of Action b, or c in specification 3.4.3.

\* \*

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EMERGENCY CORE COOLING SYSTEMS

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (Continued)

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- b. At least once per 31 days and within 6 hours after each solution volume increase of  $\geq 1\%$  of tank volume by verifying the boron concentration of the accumulator solution.
- c. At least once per 31 days when the RCS pressure is greater than 1000 psig by verifying that the power lockout switch is in lockout.
- d.\* At least once per 18 months by verifying that each accumulator isolation valve opens automatically upon receipt of a safety injection test signal.

\*

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EMERGENCY CORE COOLING SYSTEMS

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (Continued)

- c. By a visual inspection which verifies that no loose debris (rags, trash, clothing, etc.) is present in the containment which could be transported to the containment sump and cause restriction of the pump suction during LOCA conditions. This visual inspection shall be performed:
1. For all accessible areas of the containment prior to establishing CONTAINMENT INTEGRITY, and
  2. At least once daily (24 hour consecutive period) the areas affected within containment by containment entry and during the final entry when CONTAINMENT INTEGRITY is established.
- d. At least once per 18 months by:
1. A visual inspection of the containment sump and verifying that the subsystem suction inlets are not restricted by debris and that the sump components (trash racks, screens, etc.) show no evidence of structural distress or corrosion.
- e. At least once per 18 months, during shutdown, by:
1. \* Verifying that each automatic valve in the flow path actuates to its correct position on a safety injection test signal.
  2. Verifying that each of the following pumps start automatically upon receipt of a safety injection test signal:
    - a) Centrifugal charging pump
    - b) Safety injection pump
    - c) Residual heat removal pump

\*

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PLANT SYSTEMS

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS  
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4.7.6.1 Each control room emergency air conditioning system filtration train shall be demonstrated OPERABLE:

- a. At least once per 31 days by initiating flow through the HEPA filter and charcoal adsorber train(s) and verifying that the train(s) operates with each fan operating for at least 15 minutes.
- b. At least once per 18 months or prior to return to service (1) after any structural maintenance on the HEPA filter or charcoal adsorber housings, or (2) following painting, fire or chemical release in any ventilation zone communicating with the system, by:
  - 1. Verifying that the charcoal adsorbers remove  $\geq 99\%$  of a halogenated hydrocarbon refrigerant test gas when they are tested in-place while operating the ventilation system at a flow rate of 8000 cfm  $\pm 10\%$ .
  - 2. Verifying that the HEPA filter banks remove  $\geq 99\%$  of the DOP when they are tested in-place while operating the ventilation system at a flow rate of 8000 cfm  $\pm 10\%$ .
  - 3. Verifying within 31 days after removal that a laboratory analysis of a carbon sample from one of the charcoal adsorbers demonstrates a removal efficiency of  $\geq 99\%$  for radioactive methyl iodide when the sample is tested at 30°C, 95% relative humidity.
- c. After every 720 hours of charcoal adsorber operation by verifying within 31 days after removal that a laboratory analysis of a carbon sample obtained from a test canister demonstrates a removal efficiency of  $\geq 99\%$  for radioactive methyl iodide when the sample is tested at 30°C, 95% relative humidity.
- d. At least once per 18 months by:
  - 1. Verifying that the pressure drop across the combined HEPA filter and charcoal adsorber bank is  $\leq 3.5$  inches water gauge while operating the ventilation system at a flow rate of 8000 cfm  $\pm 10\%$ .
  - \* 2. Verifying that on a safety injection test signal or control room intake high radiation test signal, the system automatically actuates in the pressurization mode by opening the outside air supply and diverting air flow through the HEPA filter and charcoal adsorber bank.
  - 3. Verifying that the system can maintain the control room at a positive pressure  $\geq 1/8"$  water gauge relative to the adjacent areas during system operation with makeup air being supplied through the HEPA filters and charcoal adsorbers at the design makeup flow rate of  $\leq 2200$  cfm.

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PLANT SYSTEMS

LIMITING CONDITION FOR OPERATION

=====

ACTION: **MODES 5 and 6** or during movement of irradiated fuel assemblies. \*

- a. With one chiller inoperable:
  - 1. Remove the appropriate non-essential heat loads from the chilled water system within 4 hours and;
  - 2. Restore the chiller to ~~operable~~ <sup>OPERABLE</sup> status within 14 days or;
  - 3. Suspend CORE ALTERATIONS and movement of irradiated fuel assemblies.
  
- b. With two chillers inoperable:
  - 1. Remove the appropriate non-essential heat loads from the chilled water system within 4 hours and;
  - 2. Align the control room emergency air conditioning system (CREACs) for single filtration operation using the Salem Unit 2 train within 4 hours and;
  - 3. Restore at least one chiller to ~~operable~~ <sup>OPERABLE</sup> status within 72 hours or;
  - 4. Suspend CORE ALTERATIONS and movement of irradiated fuel assemblies. <sup>OPERABLE</sup>
  
- c. With one chilled water pump inoperable, restore the chilled water pump to ~~operable~~ status within 7 days or suspend CORE ALTERATIONS and movement of irradiated fuel assemblies.

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

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4.7.10 The chilled water loop which services the safety-related loads in the Auxiliary Building shall be demonstrated OPERABLE:

- a. At least once per 31 days by verifying that each manual valve in the chilled water system flow path servicing safety related components ~~that~~ <sup>is</sup> not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in position, is in its correct position.
- \* \* b. At least once per 18 months, by verifying that each automatic valve actuates to its correct position on a Safeguards Initiation signal.
- c. At least once per 92 days by verifying that each chiller starts and runs.
  
- \* During Modes 5 and 6 and during movement of irradiated fuel assemblies, chilled water components are not considered to be inoperable solely on the basis that the backup emergency power source, diesel generator, is inoperable.

ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEMS

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (Continued)

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- c) Verifying that all nonessential automatic diesel generator trips (i.e., other than engine overspeed, lube oil pressure low, 4 KV bus differential and generator differential), are automatically bypassed upon loss of voltage on the vital bus concurrent with a safety injection actuation signal.

\*\*\*

- 7. Verifying the diesel generator operates for at least 24 hours\*. During the first 2 hours of this test, the diesel generator shall be loaded to 2760-2860 kw.\*\* During the remaining 22 hours of this test, the diesel generator shall be loaded to 2500-2600 kw\*\*. The steady state voltage and frequency shall be maintained at  $\pm 3950$  and  $\pm 4580$  volts and  $60 \pm 1.2$  Hz during this test.
- 8. Verifying that the auto-connected loads to each diesel generator do not exceed the two hour rating of 2860 kw.
- 9. Verifying that with the diesel generator operating in a test mode (connected to its bus), a simulated safety injection signal overrides the test mode by (1) returning the diesel generator to standby operation and (2) automatically energizing the emergency loads with offsite power.
- e. At least once per ten years or after any modifications which could affect diesel generator interdependence by starting all diesel generators simultaneously\*, during shutdown, and verifying that all diesel generators accelerate to at least 900 rpm in less than or equal to 10 seconds.
- f. At least once per 18 months, the following test shall be performed within 5 minutes of diesel shutdown after the diesel has operated for at least two hours at 2500-2600 kw\*\*:

Verifying the diesel starts and accelerates to 900 rpm in less than or equal to 10 seconds\*. The generator voltage and frequency shall be  $\pm 3950$  volts and  $\pm 4580$  volts and  $60 \pm 1.2$  Hz within 13 seconds after the start signal.

4.8.1.1.3 The diesel fuel oil storage and transfer system shall be demonstrated OPERABLE:

- a. At least once per 31 days by:
  - 1. Verifying the level in each of the above required fuel storage tanks.
  - 2. Verifying that both fuel transfer pumps can be started and transfer fuel from the fuel storage tanks to the day tanks.

ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEMS

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (Continued)

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- b. At least once per 92 days by verifying that a sample of diesel fuel from each of the above required fuel storage tanks is within the acceptable limits specified in Table 1 of ASTM D975-77 when checked for viscosity, water and sediment.

4.8.1.1.4 Reports - NOT USED

\* Surveillance testing shall be conducted in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations regarding engine prelube, warm-up and loading (unless loading times are specified in the individual Surveillance Requirements).

\*\* This band is meant as guidance to preclude routine exceedances of the diesel generator manufacturer's design ratings. Loads in excess of this band for special testing or momentary variations due to changing bus loads shall not invalidate the test.

\*\*\*

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ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEMS

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (Continued)

3. The connection resistance is:
  - \* 150 micro ohms for inter-cell connections,
  - \* 350 micro ohms for inter-rack connections,
  - \* 350 micro ohms for inter-tier connections,
  - \* 70 micro ohms for field cable terminal connections, and
  - \* 2500 micro ohms for the total battery connection resistance which includes all inter-cell connections (including bus bars), all inter-rack connections (including cable resistance), all inter-tier connections (including cable resistance), and all field terminal connections at the battery.
  
- e. At least once per 18 months by verifying that the battery charger will supply at least 170 amperes at 125 volts for at least 4 hours.
  
- \* f. At least once per 18 months, during shutdown, by verifying that the battery capacity is adequate to supply and maintain in OPERABLE status all of the actual or simulated emergency loads for the design duty cycle when the battery is subjected to a battery service test.
  
- g. At least once per 60 months, during shutdown, by verifying that the battery capacity is at least 80% of the manufacturer's rating when subjected to a performance discharge test. Satisfactory completion of this performance discharge test shall also satisfy the requirements of Specification 4.8.2.3.2.f if the performance discharge test is conducted during a shutdown where that test and the battery service test would both be required.
  
- h. At least once per 12 months, during shutdown, if the battery shows signs of degradation OR has reached 85% of the service life with a capacity less than 100% of manufacturer's rating, by verifying that the battery capacity is at least 80% of the manufacturer's rating when subjected to a performance discharge test. Degradation is indicated when the battery capacity drops more than 10% of rated capacity from its capacity on the previous performance test, or is below 90% of the manufacturer's rating.
  
- i. At least once per 24 months, during shutdown, if the battery has reached 85% of the service life with capacity greater than or equal to 100% of manufacturer's rating, by verifying that the battery capacity is at least 80% of the manufacturer's rating when subjected to a performance discharge test.

\* Insert 3  
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ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEMS

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (Continued)

2. The pilot cell specific gravity, corrected to 77°F, and full electrolyte level, is greater than or equal to 1.200.
  3. The pilot cell voltage is greater than or equal to 2.08 volts.
  4. The overall battery voltage is greater than or equal to 27 volts.
- b. At least once per 92 days by verifying that:
1. The voltage of each connected cell is greater than or equal to 2.13 volts under float charge and has not decreased more than 0.27 volts from the value observed during the original acceptance test.
  2. The specific gravity, corrected to 77°F and full electrolyte level, of each connected cell is greater than or equal to 1.200 and has not decreased more than 0.02 from the value observed during the previous test.
  3. The electrolyte level of each connected cell is between the minimum and maximum level indication marks.
- c. At least once per 18 months by verifying that:
1. The cells, cell plates and battery racks show no visual indication of physical damage or abnormal deterioration.
  - 2.\* The cell-to-cell and terminal connections are clean, tight, and coated with anti-corrosion material.
  3. The battery charger will supply at least 150 amperes at 28 volts for at least 4 hours.
- d.\* At least once per 18 months, during shutdown, by verifying that the battery capacity is adequate to supply and maintain in OPERABLE status all of the actual or simulated emergency loads for the design duty cycle when the battery is subjected to a battery service test.
- e. At least once per 60 months, during shutdown, by verifying that the battery capacity is at least 80% of the manufacturer's rating when subjected to a performance discharge test. Satisfactory completion of this performance discharge test shall also satisfy the requirements of Specification 4.8.2.5.2.d if the performance discharge test is conducted during a shutdown where that test and the battery service test would both be required.

\*

Insert 3

**ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEMS**

**3/4 8.3 ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT PROTECTIVE DEVICES**

**LIMITING CONDITION FOR OPERATION**  
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3.8.3.1 All containment penetration conductor overcurrent protective devices required to provide thermal protection of penetrations shall be OPEPABLE.

**APPLICABILITY:** MODES 1, 2, 3 and 4.

**ACTION:**

With one or more of the required containment penetration conductor overcurrent protective device(s) inoperable:

- a. Restore the protective device(s) to OPERABLE status or de-energize the circuit(s) by tripping either the primary or backup protective device, or racking out or removing the primary or backup device within 72 hours, declare the affected system or component inoperable, and verify the primary or backup protective device to be tripped, or the primary or backup device racked out or removed at least once per 7 days thereafter; or
- b. Be in at least HOT STANDBY within the next 6 hours and in COLD SHUTDOWN within the following 30 hours.

**SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS**  
.....

4.8.3.1 All required containment penetration conductor overcurrent protective devices shall be demonstrated OPERABLE:

- a. At least once per 18 months:
  - 1. \* \*\* For at least one 4.16 KV reactor coolant pump circuit, such that all reactor coolant pump circuits are demonstrated OPERABLE at least once per 72 months, by performance of:
    - (a) A CHANNEL CALIBRATION of the associated protective relays, and
    - (b) An integrated system functional test which includes simulated automatic actuation of the system and verifying that each relay and associated circuit breakers and control circuits function as designed.

\*

Insert 4

\* \*

Insert 5

INSERT 1

A one time extension to this surveillance requirement which is satisfied by performance of the Manual SI test is granted during fuel cycle thirteen allowing Unit 1 operations to continue to the thirteenth refueling outage (1R13). The surveillance testing is to be completed at the appropriate time during the 1R13 outage, prior to the unit returning to Mode 4 upon outage completion.

INSERT 2

A one time extension to this surveillance requirement for performance of relay time response and sequence testing of the safeguard equipment control (SEC) system, which partially satisfies the surveillance requirement, is granted during fuel cycle thirteen allowing Unit 1 operations to continue to the thirteenth refueling outage (1R13). The surveillance testing is to be completed at the appropriate time during the 1R13 outage, prior to the unit returning to Mode 4 upon outage completion.

INSERT 3

A one-time extension to this surveillance requirement is granted during fuel cycle thirteen allowing Unit 1 operations to continue to the thirteenth refueling outage (1R13). The surveillance is to be completed at the appropriate time during the 1R13 outage, prior to the unit returning to Mode 4 upon outage completion.

INSERT 4

A one time extension to this surveillance requirement for inspection calibration and meggaring of the 1F 4KV Bus overload relays, which partially satisfies this surveillance requirement, is granted during fuel cycle thirteen allowing Unit 1 operations to continue to the thirteenth refueling outage (1R13). The surveillance testing is to be completed at the appropriate time during the 1R13 outage, prior to the unit returning to Mode 4 upon outage completion.

INSERT 5

A one time extension to this surveillance requirement for inspection calibration and meggaring of the 1A, 1B, and 1C 460 transformer relays and CT's, which partially satisfy this surveillance requirement, is granted during fuel cycle thirteen allowing Unit 1 operations to continue to the thirteenth refueling outage (1R13). The surveillance

testing is to be completed at the appropriate time during the 1R13 outage, prior to the unit returning to Mode 4 upon outage completion