

Browns Ferry Nuclear Plant
Unit 2, Cycle 10

CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT
(COLR)

TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY
Nuclear Fuel Division
BWR Fuel Engineering Department

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Revision Log

<u>Revision</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Affected Pages</u>
0	9/25/97	Initial Release	All
1	5/21/98	Revise Tau Calculation (ref. BFN PER no. 98-005651-000)	1, 2, 6, 9
2	7/8/98	Revise to Implement Improved Technical Specification Requirements	All
3	1/27/99	Include Requirements for Single Loop Operation	1, 2, 4, 6-8, 10-18, 21-24
4	3/10/99	Extend MAPLHGR Table for BP8DRB299 Bundle	1, 2, 10, 18



1. INTRODUCTION

This Core Operating Limits Report for Browns Ferry Unit 2, Cycle 10 is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Browns Ferry Technical Specification 5.6.5. The core operating limits presented here were developed using NRC-approved methods (References 1 and 2). Results from the reload analyses for Browns Ferry Unit 2, Cycle 10 are documented in Reference 3.

The following core operating limits are included in this report:

- a. Average Planar Linear Heat Generation Rate (APLHGR) Limit
(Technical Specifications 3.2.1 and 3.7.5)
- b. Linear Heat Generation Rate (LHGR) Limit
(Technical Specification 3.2.3)
- c. Minimum Critical Power Ratio Operating Limit (OLMCPR)
(Technical Specifications 3.2.2, 3.3.4.1, and 3.7.5)
- d. Average Power Range Monitor (APRM) Flow Biased Rod Block Trip Setting
(Technical Requirements Manual Section 5.3.1 and Table 3.3.4-1)
- e. Rod Block Monitor (RBM) Trip Setpoints and Operability
(Technical Specification Table 3.3.2.1-1)
- f. Shutdown Margin (SDM) Limit
(Technical Specification 3.1.1)



6
12

2. APLHGR LIMIT (TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS 3.2.1 AND 3.7.5)

The APLHGR limits for full power and flow conditions for each type of fuel as a function of exposure are shown in Figures 1-8. The APLHGR limits for the GE9B, GE11 and GE13 assemblies are for the most limiting lattice (excluding natural uranium) at each exposure point. The specific values for each lattice are given in Reference 4.

These APLHGR limits are adjusted for off-rated power and flow conditions using the ARTS factors, MAPFAC(P) and MAPFAC(F). The reduced power factor, MAPFAC(P), is given in Figure 9. Similarly, adjustments for reduced flow operation are performed using the MAPFAC(F) corrections given in Figure 10. Both factors are multipliers used to reduce the standard APLHGR limit. The most limiting power-adjusted or flow-adjusted value is taken as the APLHGR operating limit for the off-rated condition.

The APLHGR limits in figures 1-8 are applicable for both Turbine Bypass In-Service and Out-Of-Service. The off-rated power and flow corrections in figures 9 and 10 bound both Turbine Bypass In-Service and Out-Of-Service operation. No corrections are required to the APLHGR limits for TBOOS for either rated or off-rated operation.

For Single Recirculation Loop Operation (SLO), the most limiting of either the SLO multiplier or the off-rated MAPFAC correction is used to reduce the exposure dependent APLHGR limit. The SLO multiplier to be applied to this cycle is 0.84 (reference 11). It is not necessary to apply both the off-rated MAPFAC and SLO multiplier corrections at the same time.

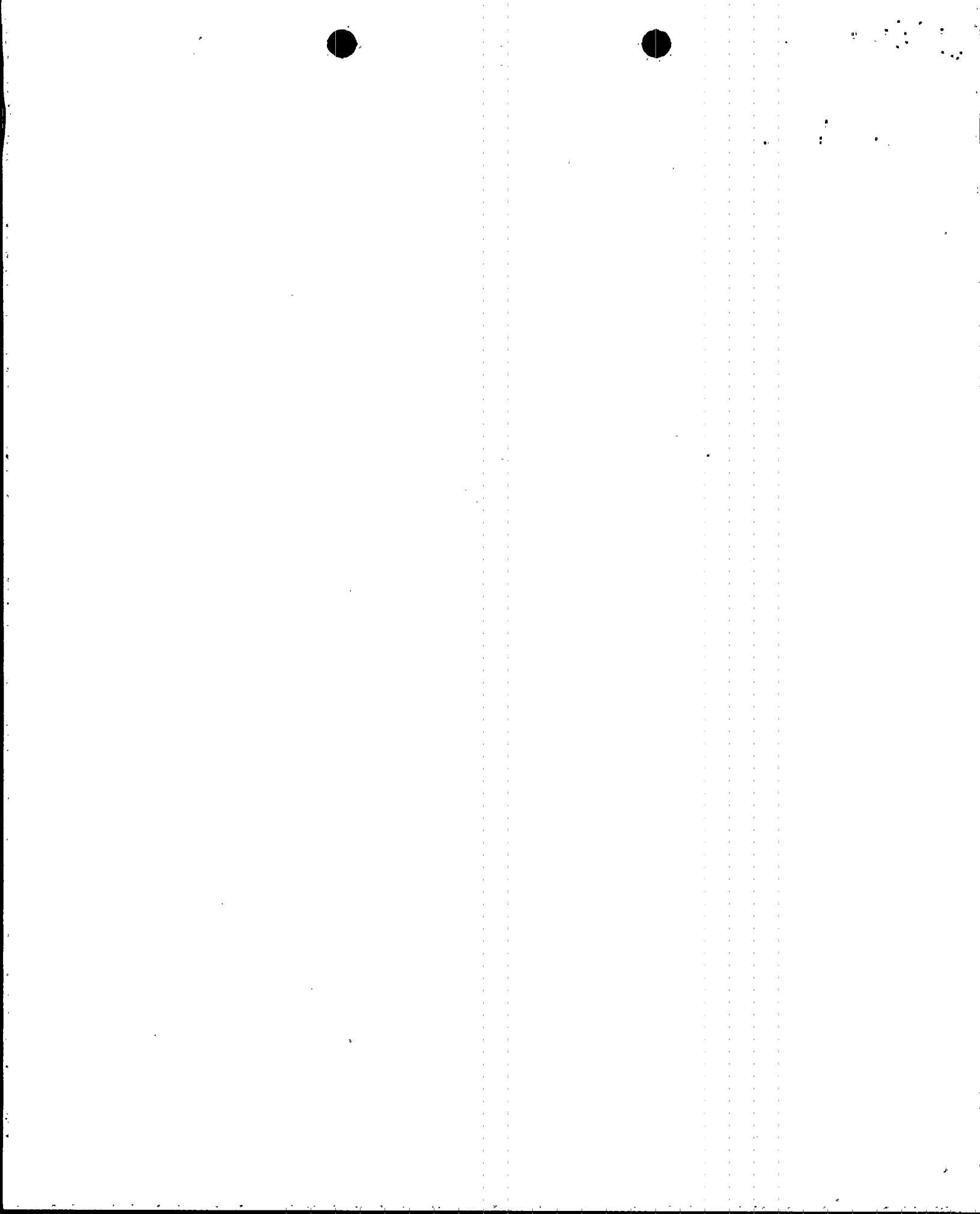


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3. LHGR LIMIT (TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION 3.2.3)

The LHGR limit for unit 2 cycle 10 is fuel type dependent , as shown below:

Fuel Type	LHGR Limit
GE7B (BP8X8R)	13.4 kw/ft
GE9B (GE8X8NB)	14.4 kw/ft
GE11	14.4 kw/ft
GE13	14.4 kw/ft



4. OLMCPR (TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS 3.2.2, 3.3.4.1, AND 3.7.5)

- a. The MCPR Operating Limit for rated power and flow conditions, OLMCPR(100), is equal to the fuel type and exposure dependent limit shown in Figures 11 thru 14. As noted in Figures 11 thru 14, an adder of 0.02 is applied for single loop operation. The actual OLMCPR(100) value is dependent upon the scram time testing results, as described below:

$$\tau = 0.0 \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{\tau_{ave} - \tau_B}{\tau_A - \tau_B}, \quad \text{whichever is greater}$$

where; $\tau_A = 1.096 \text{ sec}$ (analytical Option A scram time limit - based on dropout time for notch position 36)

$$\tau_{ave} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n \tau_i}{n}$$

$$\tau_B = \mu + 1.65 * \sigma * \left[\frac{N}{n} \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

where; $\mu = 0.830 \text{ sec}$ (mean scram time used in transient analysis - based on dropout time for notch position 36)

$\sigma = 0.019 \text{ sec}$ (standard deviation of μ)

$N =$ Total number of active rods measured in Technical Specification Surveillance Requirement SR3.1.4.1

$n =$ Number of surveillance rod tests performed to date in cycle

$\tau_i =$ Scram time (dropout time) from fully withdrawn to notch position 36 for the i^{th} rod

- b. Option A OLMCPR limits ($\tau=1.0$) shall be used prior to the determination of τ in accordance with SR 3.1.4.1.
- c. For off-rated power and flow conditions, power-adjusted and flow-adjusted operating limits are determined from Figures 15 and 16, respectively. The most limiting power-dependent or flow-dependent value is taken as the OLMCPR for the off-rated condition.
- d. OLMCPR limits and off-rated corrections are provided for Recirculation Pump Trip out-of-service (RPTOOS) or Turbine Bypass out-of-service (TBOOS) conditions. These events are analyzed separately and the core is not analyzed for both systems Out-Of-Service at the same time.



**5. APRM FLOW BIASED ROD BLOCK TRIP SETTING (TECHNICAL
REQUIREMENTS MANUAL SECTION 5.3.1 AND TABLE 3.3.4-1)**

The APRM Rod Block trip setting shall be:

$$S_{RB} \leq (0.66(W-\Delta W) + 66\%)$$

Allowable Value

$$S_{RB} \leq (0.66(W-\Delta W) + 64\%)$$

Nominal Trip Setpoint (NTSP)

where:

S_{RB} = Rod Block setting in percent of rated thermal power (3293 MWt)

W = Loop recirculation flow rate in percent of rated

ΔW = Difference between two-loop and single-loop effective recirculation flow at the same core flow ($\Delta W = 0.0$ for two-loop operation)

The APRM Rod Block trip setting is clamped at a maximum allowable value of 115% (corresponding to a NTSP of 113%).



**6. ROD BLOCK MONITOR (RBM) TRIP SETPOINTS AND OPERABILITY
(TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION TABLE 3.3.2.1-1)**

The RBM trip setpoints and applicable power ranges shall be as follows:

RBM Trip Setpoint	Allowable Value (AV)	Nominal Trip Setpoint (NTSP)	
LPSP	27%	25%	
IPSP	62%	60%	
HPSP	82%	80%	
LTSP - unfiltered - filtered	121.7% 120.7%	120.0% 119.0%	(1),(2)
ITSP - unfiltered - filtered	116.7% 115.7%	115.0% 114.0%	(1),(2)
HTSP - unfiltered - filtered	111.7% 110.9%	110.0% 109.2%	(1),(2)
DTSP	90%	92%	

- Notes: (1) These setpoints are based upon a MCPR operating limit of 1.34 using a safety limit of 1.10. This is consistent with a MCPR operating limit of 1.30 using a safety limit of 1.07, as reported in references 6, 7, and 8.
- (2) The unfiltered setpoints are consistent with a nominal RBM filter setting of 0.0 seconds (reference 8). The filtered setpoints are consistent with a nominal RBM filter setting ≤ 0.5 seconds (reference 7).

The RBM setpoints in Technical Specification Table 3.3.2.1-1 are applicable when:

THERMAL POWER (% Rated)	Applicable MCPR ⁽¹⁾	Notes from Table 3.3.2.1-1	
$\geq 27\%$ and $< 90\%$	< 1.75	(a), (b), (f), (h)	dual loop operation
	< 1.78	(a), (b), (f), (h)	single loop operation
$\geq 90\%$	< 1.44	(g)	dual loop operation ⁽²⁾

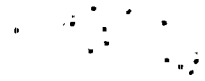
- Notes: (1) The given MCPR operating limits are adjusted to correspond to a MCPR safety limit of 1.10 for dual loop operation (1.12 for single loop operation). The values shown correspond to operating limits of 1.70 and 1.40 given the original 1.07 MCPR safety limit used in reference 6.
- (2) Greater than 90% rated power is not attainable in single loop operation.



7. SHUTDOWN MARGIN (SDM) LIMIT
(TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION 3.1.1)

The core shall be subcritical with the following margin with the strongest OPERABLE control rod fully withdrawn and all other OPERABLE control rods fully inserted.

$$\text{SDM} \geq 0.38\% \text{ dk/k}$$

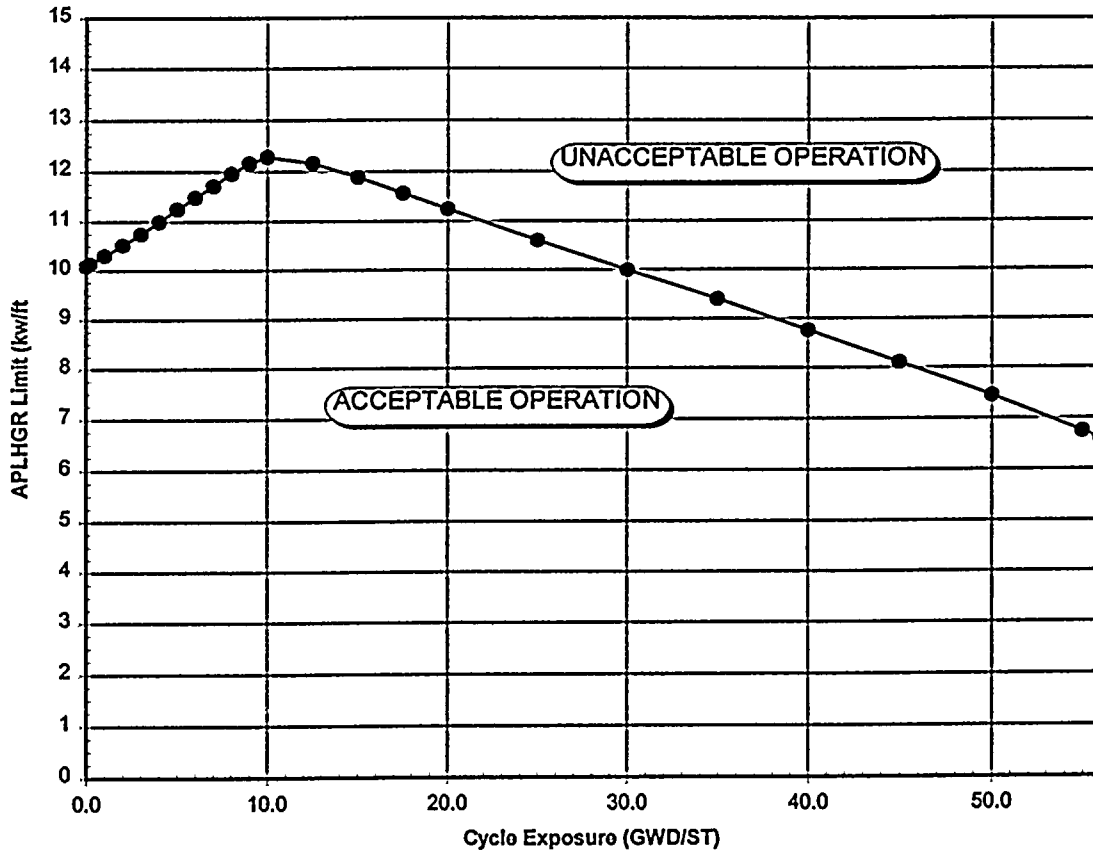


8. REFERENCES

1. NEDE-24011-P-A-13, "General Electric Standard Application for Reactor Fuel", August 1996.
2. NEDE-24011-P-A-13-US, "General Electric Standard Application for Reactor Fuel (Supplement for United States)", August 1996.
3. J11-03144SRLR Rev. 1, "Supplemental Reload Licensing Report for Browns Ferry Nuclear Plant Unit 2 Reload 9 Cycle 10", September 1997.
4. J11-03144MAPL Rev. 0, "Lattice-Dependent MAPLHGR Report for Browns Ferry Nuclear Plant Unit 2 Reload 9 Cycle 10", August 1997.
5. NEDC-32774P Rev. 1, "Safety Analyses for Browns Ferry Nuclear Plant Units 1, 2, and 3 Turbine Bypass and End-of-Cycle Recirculation Pump Trip Out-Of-Service", dated September 1997.
6. NEDC-32433P, "Maximum Extended Load Line Limit and ARTS Improvement Program Analyses for Browns Ferry Nuclear Plant Unit 1, 2, and 3", dated April 1995.
7. EDE-28-0990 Rev. 3 Supplement F, "PRNM (APRM, RBM, and RFM) Setpoint Calculations [ARTS/MELLL (NUMAC) - Current Rated Condition] for Tennessee Valley Authority Browns Ferry Nuclear Plant", dated Sept. 1997.
8. EDE-28-0990 Rev. 2 Supplement F, "PRNM (APRM, RBM, and RFM) Setpoint Calculations [ARTS/MELLL (NUMAC) - Current Rated Condition] for Tennessee Valley Authority Browns Ferry Nuclear Plant", dated Sept. 1997.
9. GE Letter LB#: 262-97-133, "Browns Ferry Nuclear Plant Rod Block Monitor Setpoint Clarification - GE Proprietary Information", dated September 12, 1997.
[L32 970912 800]
10. GE Letter JAB-T8019a, "Technical Specification Changes for Implementation of Advanced Methods", dated June 4, 1998. [L32 980608 800]
11. GE Letter LB#262-98-111, "Browns Ferry Nuclear Plant Supplemental Reload Licensing Information for Unit 3 Cycle 8 & Unit 2 Cycle 10 - GE Proprietary Information", dated July 31, 1998.
12. GE Letter JEF:99-007, "Browns Ferry 2 Cycle 10 GE7B Peak Pellet Exposure Limit Extension", dated March 10, 1999.



Figure 1
APLHGR Limits for Bundle Type GE13-P9HTB384-12G4.0
(GE13)



Most Limiting Lattice
for Each Exposure Point

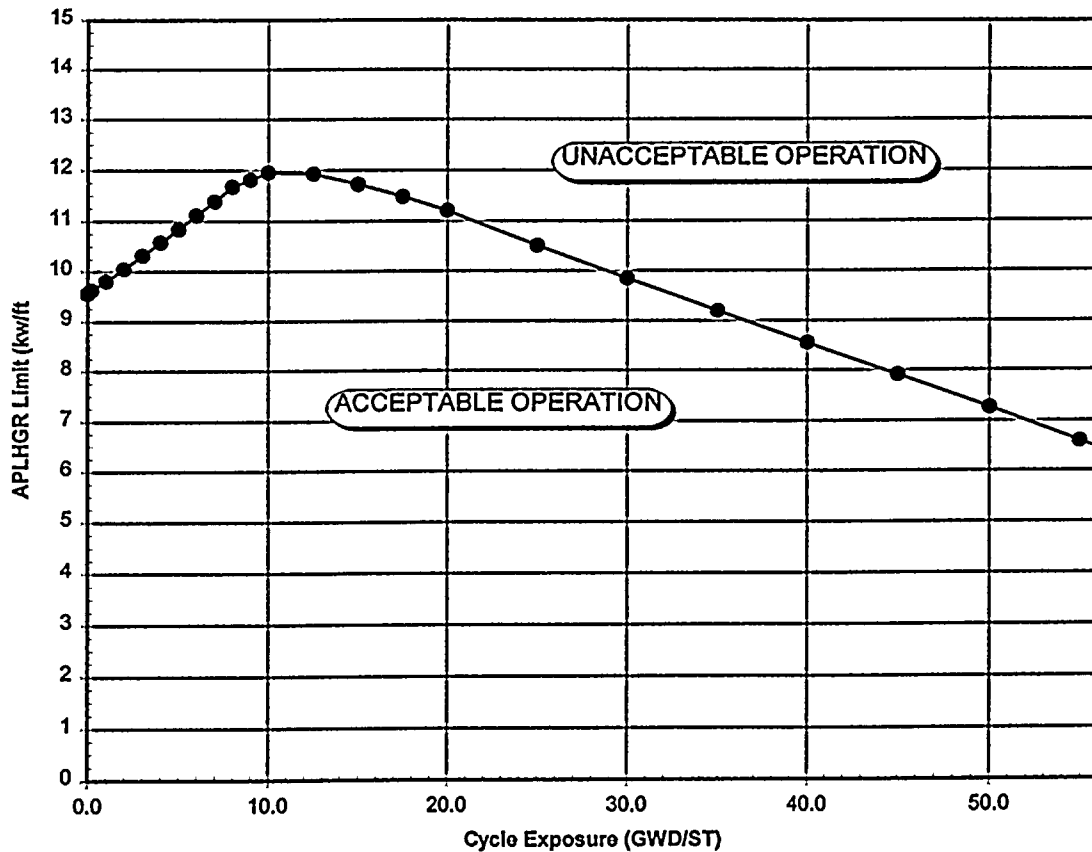
Average Planar Exposure (GWD/ST)	LHGR Limit (kw/ft)	Average Planar Exposure (GWD/ST)	LHGR Limit (kw/ft)	Average Planar Exposure (GWD/ST)	LHGR Limit (kw/ft)
0.0	10.09	7.0	11.71	25.0	10.6
0.2	10.15	8.0	11.95	30.0	9.99
1.0	10.31	9.0	12.16	35.0	9.39
2.0	10.52	10.0	12.28	40.0	8.76
3.0	10.75	12.5	12.16	45.0	8.11
4.0	10.99	15.0	11.88	50.0	7.44
5.0	11.25	17.5	11.56	55.0	6.74
6.0	11.48	20.0	11.24	55.98	6.60

These values apply to both Turbine Bypass In-Service and Out-Of-Service.

The APLHGR limits shown are for dual recirculation loop operation. For single loop operation, these values should be multiplied by the most limiting of either 0.84 or the MAPFAC correction, as described in Section 2.



Figure 2
APLHGR Limits for Bundle Type GE11-P9HUB366-12G4.0
(GE11)



Most Limiting Lattice
for Each Exposure Point

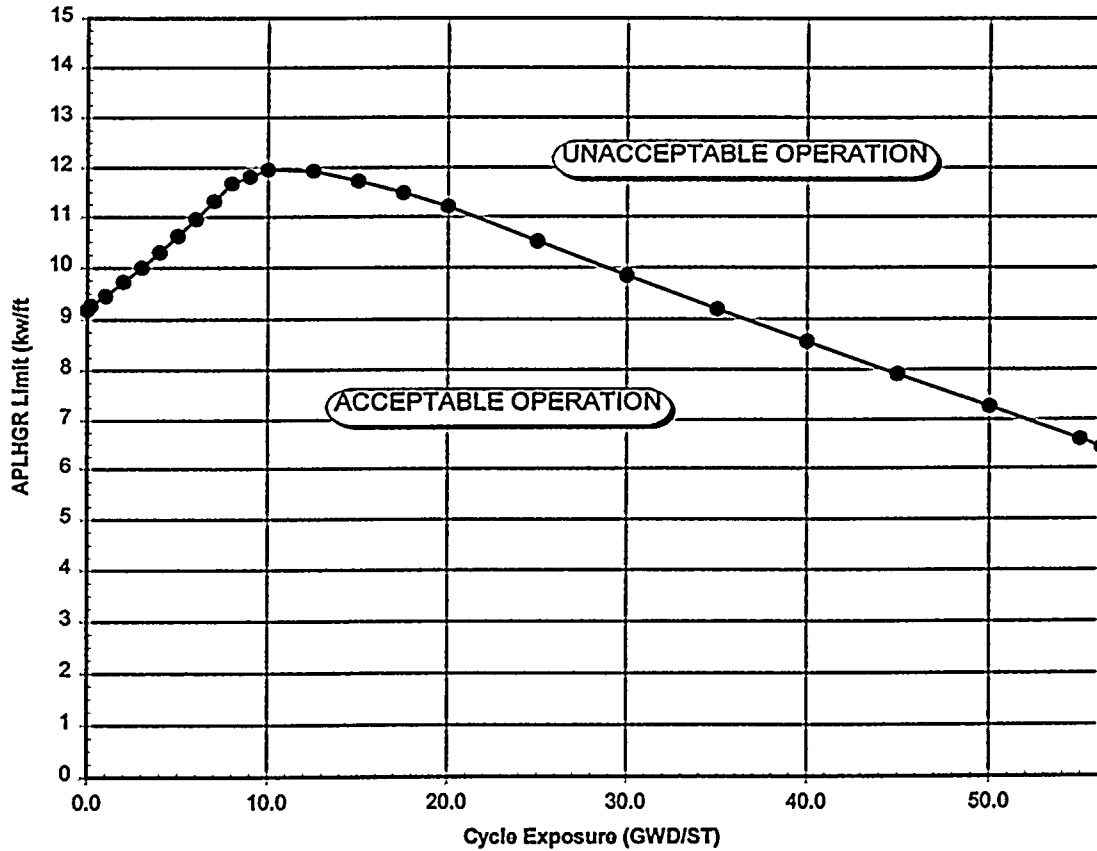
Average Planar Exposure (GWD/ST)	LHGR Limit (kw/ft)	Average Planar Exposure (GWD/ST)	LHGR Limit (kw/ft)	Average Planar Exposure (GWD/ST)	LHGR Limit (kw/ft)
0.0	9.55	7.0	11.39	25.0	10.51
0.2	9.62	8.0	11.67	30.0	9.84
1.0	9.80	9.0	11.81	35.0	9.19
2.0	10.05	10.0	11.95	40.0	8.55
3.0	10.32	12.5	11.92	45.0	7.91
4.0	10.58	15.0	11.72	50.0	7.26
5.0	10.84	17.5	11.48	55.0	6.59
6.0	11.11	20.0	11.20	56.17	6.42

These values apply to both Turbine Bypass In-Service and Out-Of-Service.

The APLHGR limits shown are for dual recirculation loop operation. For single loop operation, these values should be multiplied by the most limiting of either 0.84 or the MAPFAC correction, as described in Section 2.



Figure 3
APLHGR Limits for Bundle Type GE11-P9HUB367-14GZ
(GE11)



Most Limiting Lattice
for Each Exposure Point

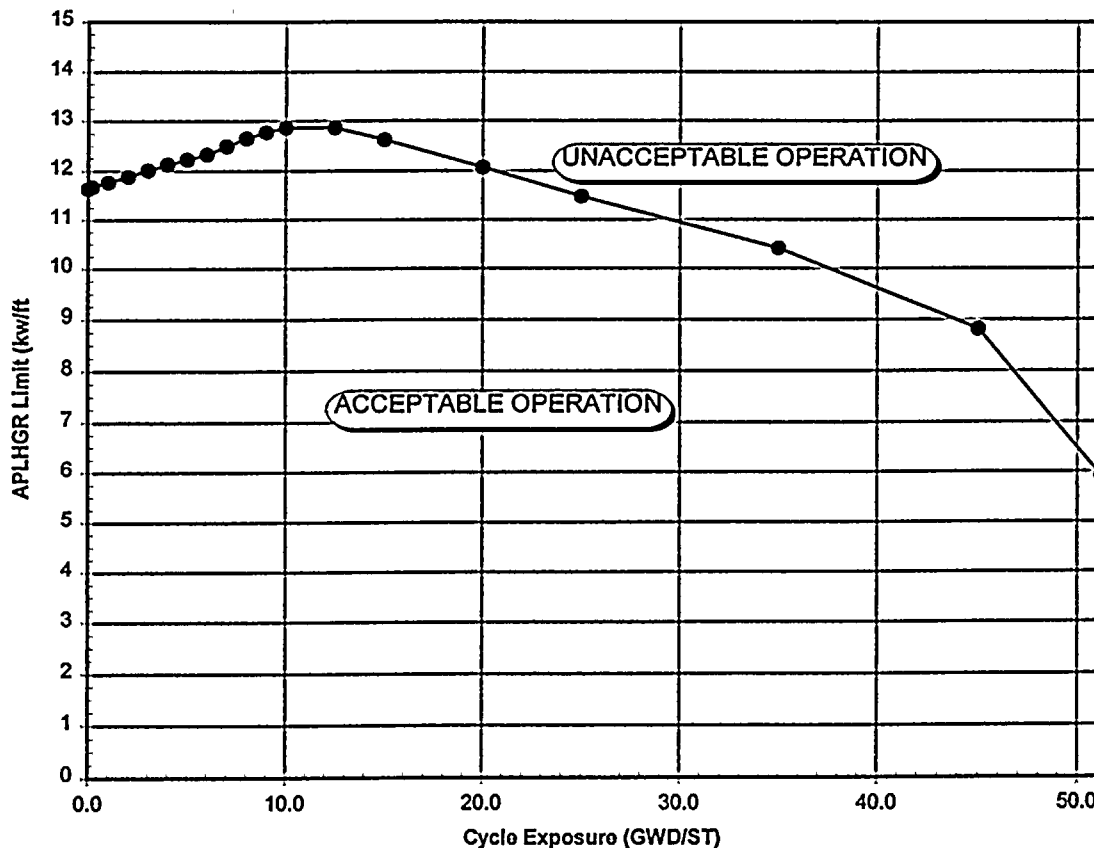
Average Planar Exposure (GWD/ST)	LHGR Limit (kw/ft)	Average Planar Exposure (GWD/ST)	LHGR Limit (kw/ft)	Average Planar Exposure (GWD/ST)	LHGR Limit (kw/ft)
0.0	9.18	7.0	11.31	25.0	10.51
0.2	9.27	8.0	11.67	30.0	9.84
1.0	9.45	9.0	11.81	35.0	9.19
2.0	9.72	10.0	11.95	40.0	8.55
3.0	10.00	12.5	11.92	45.0	7.91
4.0	10.30	15.0	11.72	50.0	7.26
5.0	10.62	17.5	11.48	55.0	6.59
6.0	10.95	20.0	11.20	56.17	6.42

These values apply to both Turbine Bypass In-Service and Out-Of-Service.

The APLHGR limits shown are for dual recirculation loop operation. For single loop operation, these values should be multiplied by the most limiting of either 0.84 or the MAPFAC correction, as described in Section 2.



Figure 4
APLHGR Limits for Bundle Type GE9B-P8DWB319-9GZ
(GE8X8NB)



Most Limiting Lattice
for Each Exposure Point

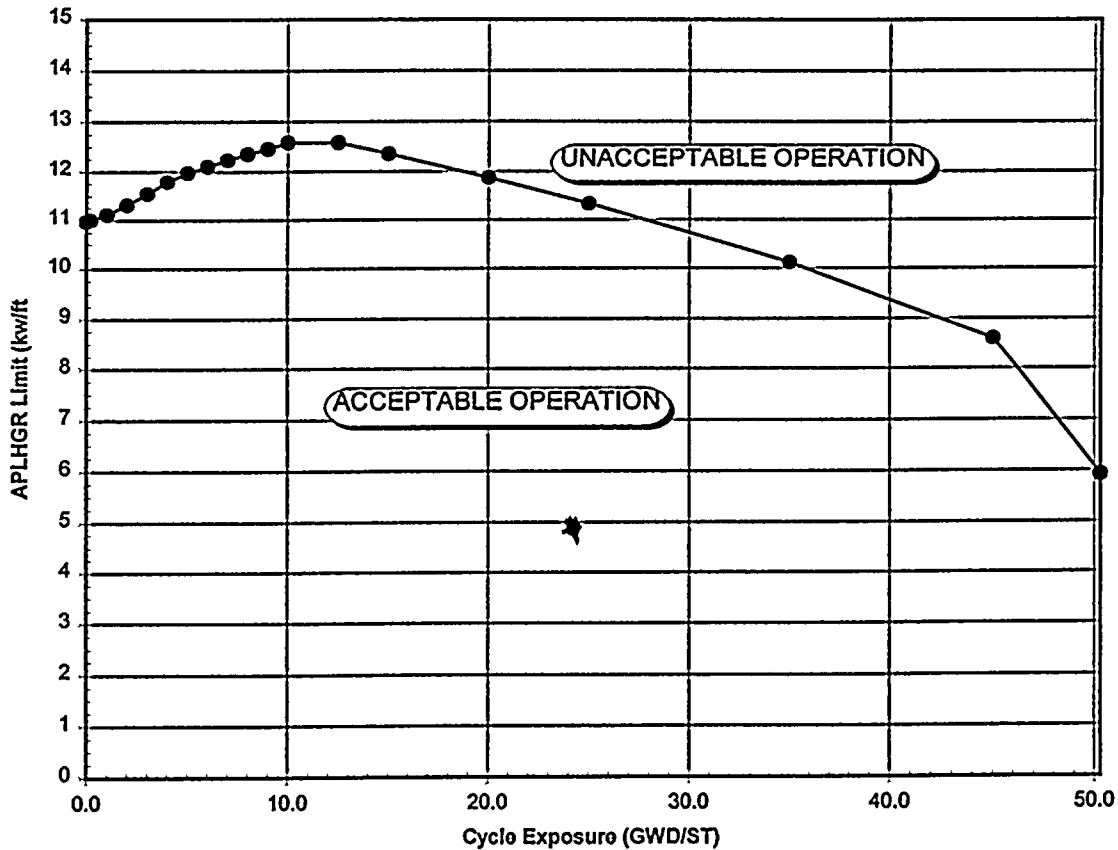
Average Planar Exposure (GWD/ST)	LHGR Limit (kw/ft)	Average Planar Exposure (GWD/ST)	LHGR Limit (kw/ft)	Average Planar Exposure (GWD/ST)	LHGR Limit (kw/ft)
0.0	11.64	7.0	12.49	35.0	10.41
0.2	11.68	8.0	12.65	45.0	8.81
1.0	11.77	9.0	12.77	51.2	5.91
2.0	11.88	10.0	12.86		
3.0	12.01	12.5	12.86		
4.0	12.12	15.0	12.62		
5.0	12.22	20.0	12.06		
6.0	12.32	25.0	11.47		

These values apply to both Turbine Bypass In-Service and Out-Of-Service.

The APLHGR limits shown are for dual recirculation loop operation. For single loop operation, these values should be multiplied by the most limiting of either 0.84 or the MAPFAC correction, as described in Section 2.



Figure 5
APLHGR Limits for Bundle Type GE9B-P8DWB325-10GZ
(GE8X8NB)



Most Limiting Lattice
for Each Exposure Point

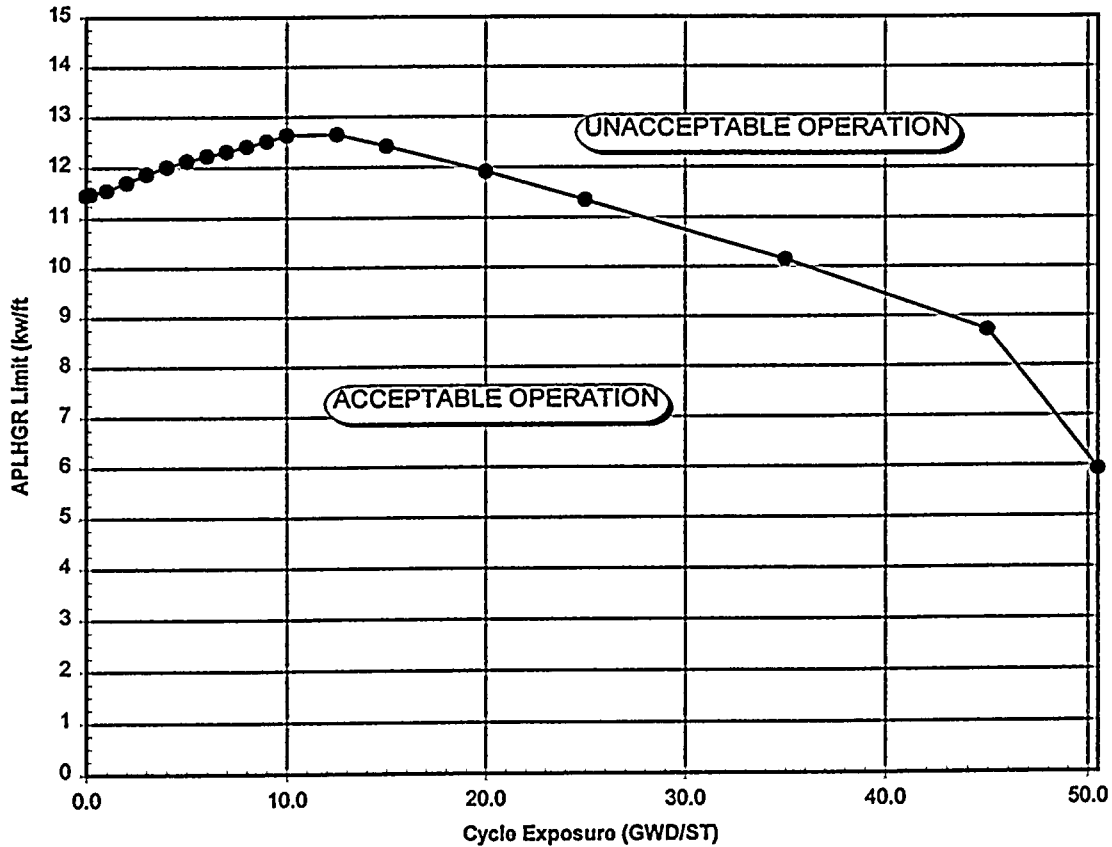
Average Planar Exposure (GWD/ST)	LHGR Limit (kw/ft)	Average Planar Exposure (GWD/ST)	LHGR Limit (kw/ft)	Average Planar Exposure (GWD/ST)	LHGR Limit (kw/ft)
0.0	10.97	7.0	12.23	35.0	10.12
0.2	11.00	8.0	12.35	45.0	8.60
1.0	11.11	9.0	12.46	50.27	5.92
2.0	11.31	10.0	12.58		
3.0	11.54	12.5	12.58		
4.0	11.79	15.0	12.35		
5.0	11.97	20.0	11.86		
6.0	12.10	25.0	11.33		

These values apply to both Turbine Bypass In-Service and Out-Of-Service.

The APLHGR limits shown are for dual recirculation loop operation. For single loop operation, these values should be multiplied by the most limiting of either 0.84 or the MAPFAC correction, as described in Section 2.



Figure 6
APLHGR Limits for Bundle Type GE9B-P8DWB326-7GZ
(GE8X8NB)



Most Limiting Lattice
for Each Exposure Point

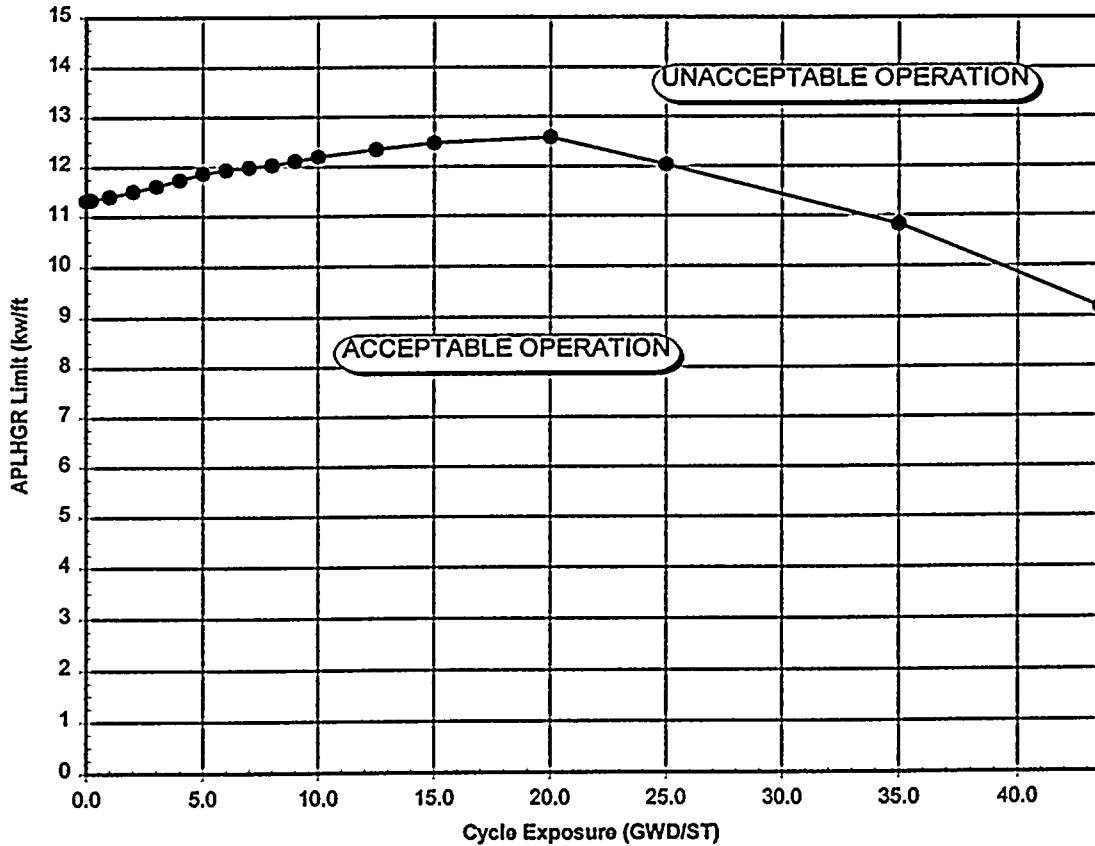
Average Planar Exposure (GWD/ST)	LHGR Limit (kw/ft)	Average Planar Exposure (GWD/ST)	LHGR Limit (kw/ft)	Average Planar Exposure (GWD/ST)	LHGR Limit (kw/ft)
0.0	11.45	7.0	12.31	35.0	10.15
0.2	11.47	8.0	12.41	45.0	8.72
1.0	11.55	9.0	12.51	50.49	5.93
2.0	11.70	10.0	12.63		
3.0	11.87	12.5	12.64		
4.0	12.01	15.0	12.41		
5.0	12.13	20.0	11.91		
6.0	12.22	25.0	11.35		

These values apply to both Turbine Bypass In-Service and Out-Of-Service.

The APLHGR limits shown are for dual recirculation loop operation. For single loop operation, these values should be multiplied by the most limiting of either 0.84 or the MAPFAC correction, as described in Section 2.



Figure 7
APLHGR Limits for Bundle Type BP8DRB301L
(BP8X8R)



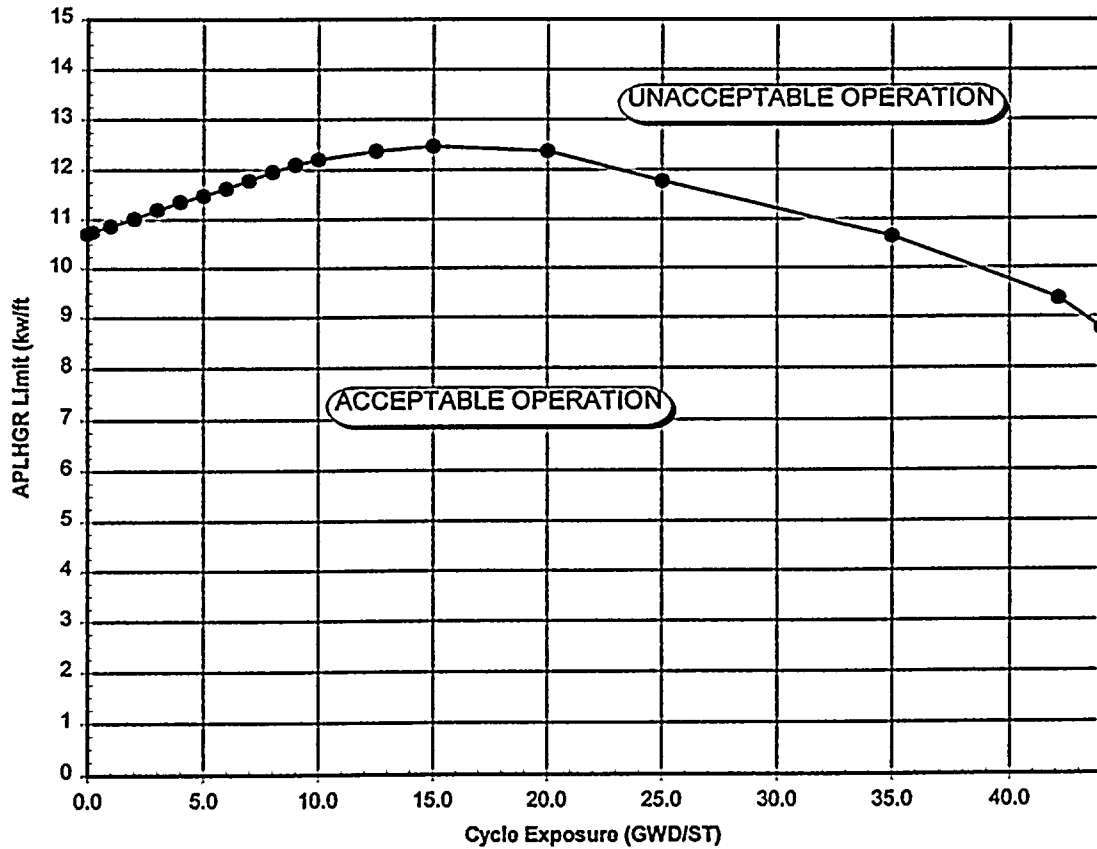
Average Planar Exposure (GWD/ST)	LHGR Limit (kw/ft)	Average Planar Exposure (GWD/ST)	LHGR Limit (kw/ft)	Average Planar Exposure (GWD/ST)	LHGR Limit (kw/ft)
0.0	11.32	7.0	11.98	35.0	10.82
0.2	11.33	8.0	12.03	43.52	9.17
1.0	11.40	9.0	12.11		
2.0	11.50	10.0	12.19		
3.0	11.61	12.5	12.34		
4.0	11.73	15.0	12.47		
5.0	11.86	20.0	12.58		
6.0	11.93	25.0	12.03		

These values apply to both Turbine Bypass In-Service and Out-Of-Service.

The APLHGR limits shown are for dual recirculation loop operation. For single loop operation, these values should be multiplied by the most limiting of either 0.84 or the MAPFAC correction, as described in Section 2.



Figure 8
APLHGR Limits for Bundle Type BP8DRB299
(BP8X8R)



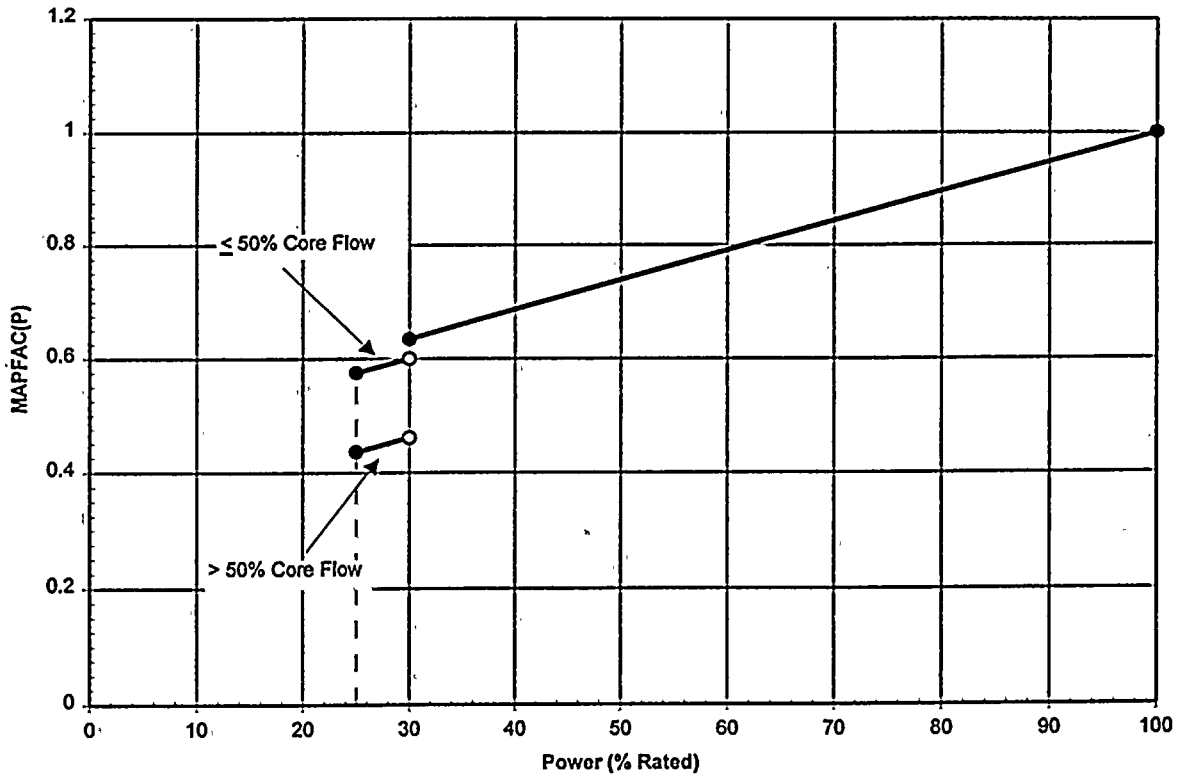
Average Planar Exposure (GWD/ST)	LHGR Limit (kw/ft)	Average Planar Exposure (GWD/ST)	LHGR Limit (kw/ft)	Average Planar Exposure (GWD/ST)	LHGR Limit (kw/ft)
0.0	10.71	7.0	11.78	35.0	10.65
0.2	10.75	8.0	11.95	42.13	9.36
1.0	10.86	9.0	12.09	44.0	8.76
2.0	11.01	10.0	12.20		
3.0	11.19	12.5	12.37		
4.0	11.35	15.0	12.47		
5.0	11.47	20.0	12.37		
6.0	11.62	25.0	11.77		

These values apply to both Turbine Bypass In-Service and Out-Of-Service.

The APLHGR limits shown are for dual recirculation loop operation. For single loop operation, these values should be multiplied by the most limiting of either 0.84 or the MAPFAC correction, as described in Section 2.



Figure 9
Power Dependent MAPLHGR Factor - MAPFAC(P)



$$\text{MAPLHGR}(P) = \text{MAPFAC}(P) \times \text{MAPLHGRstd}$$

MAPLHGRstd = Standard MAPLHGR Limits

For $25\% \geq P$: NO THERMAL LIMITS MONITORING REQUIRED

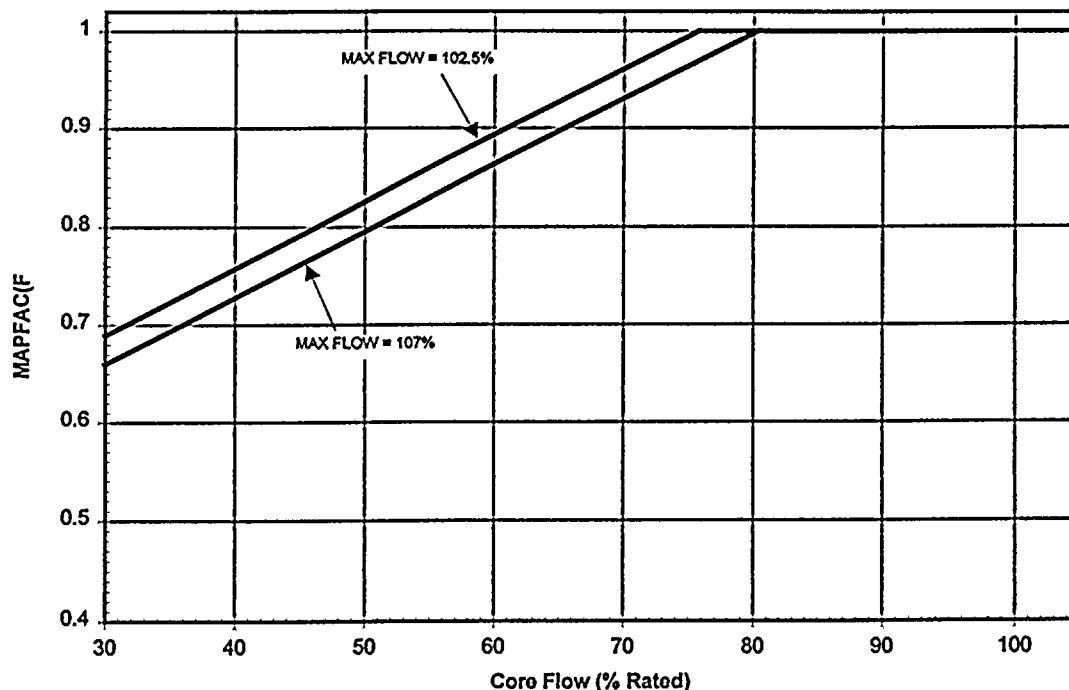
For $25\% \leq P < 30\%$: MAPFAC(P) = $0.60 + 0.005(P-30\%)$ For $\leq 50\%$ CORE FLOW
: MAPFAC(P) = $0.46 + 0.005(P-30\%)$ For $> 50\%$ CORE FLOW

For $30\% \leq P$: MAPFAC(P) = $1.0 + 0.005224(P-100\%)$

These values bound both Turbine Bypass In-Service and Out-Of-Service



Figure 10
Flow Dependent MAPLHGR Factor - MAPFAC(F)



$$\text{MAPLHGR}(F) = \text{MAPFAC}(F) \times \text{MAPLHGRstd}$$

$$\text{MAPLHGRstd} = \text{Standard MAPLHGR Limits}$$

$$\text{MAPFAC}(F) = \text{MINIMUM}(1.0 , Af * Wc / 100 + Bf)$$

$Wc = \% \text{ Rated Core Flow}$

Af and Bf are Constants Given Below:

Maximum Core Flow (% Rated)	Af	Bf
102.5	0.6784	0.4861
107.0	0.6758	0.4574

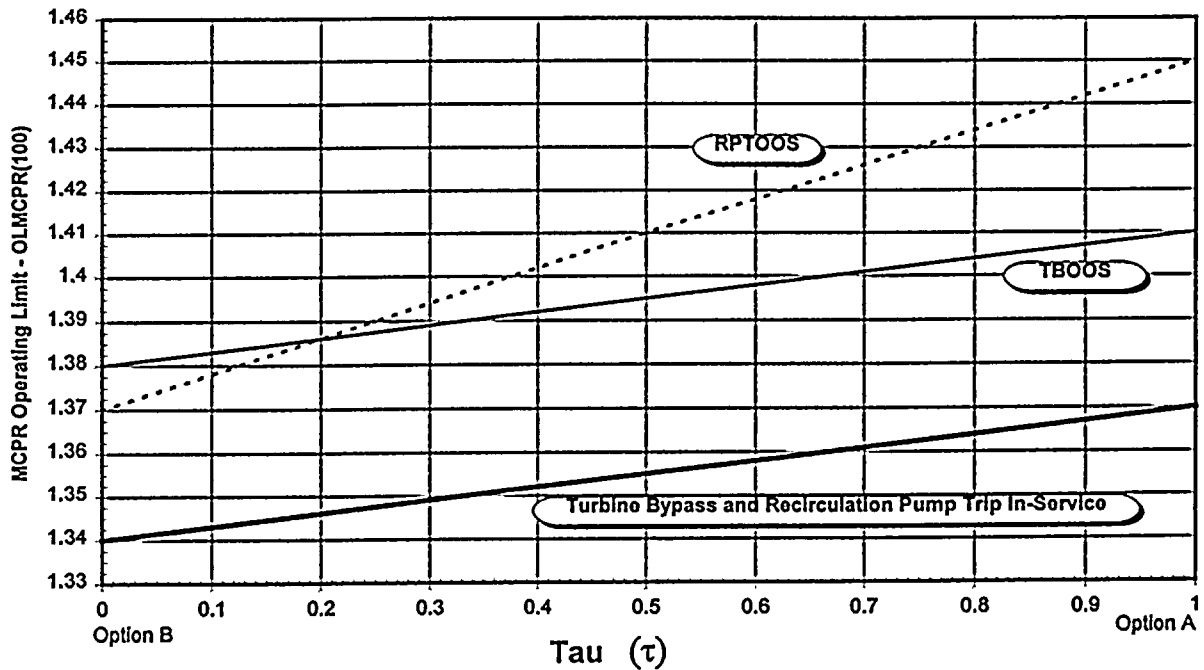
These values bound both Turbine Bypass In-Service and Out-Of-Service.

The 102.5% maximum flow line is used for operation up to 100% rated flow.

The 107% maximum flow line is used for operation up to 105% rated flow (ICF).



Figure 11
MCPR Operating Limit for GE13



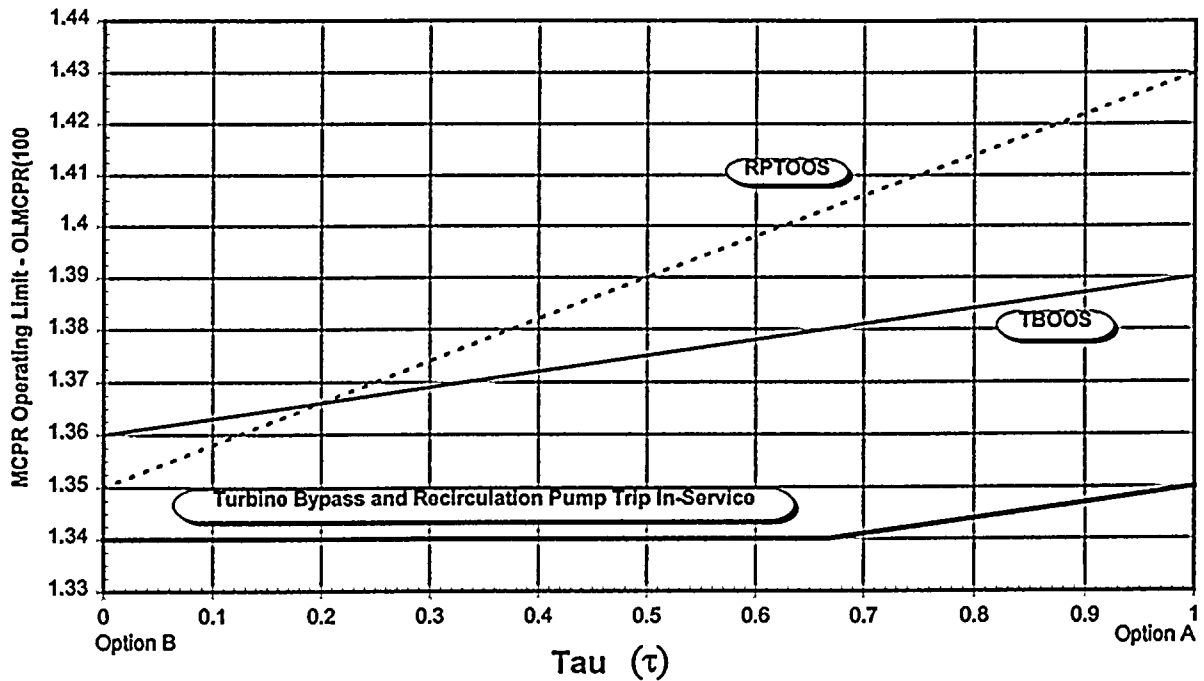
Exposure Range	Out-Of-Service	Option A Tau=1:0	Option B Tau=0:0
BOC10 to EOC10	na	1.37 (1)	1.34
BOC10 to EOC10	Turbine Bypass (TBOOS)	1.41	1.38
BOC10 to EOC10	Recirculation Pump Trip (RPTOOS)	1.45	1.37

Notes

1. Use this value prior to performing scram time testing per SR 3.1.4.1.
2. Either Turbine Bypass or Recirculation Pump Trip may be Out-Of-Service.
The core is not analyzed for both TBOOS and RPTOOS at the same time.
3. The values shown are for dual recirculation loop operation. Increase any value shown by 0.02 for single loop operation.



Figure 12
MCPR Operating Limit for GE11



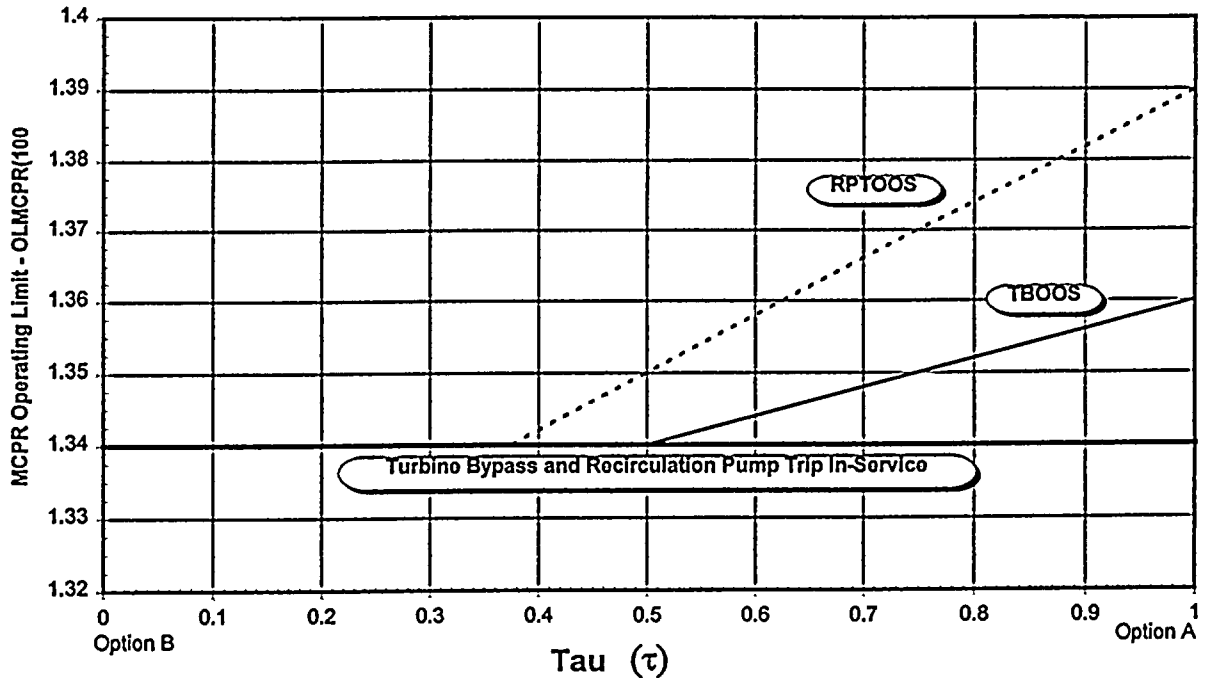
Exposure Range	Out-Of-Service	Option A Tau=1.0	Option B Tau=0.0
BOC10 to EOC10	na	1.35 (1)	1.34
BOC10 to EOC10	Turbine Bypass (TBOOS)	1.39	1.36
BOC10 to EOC10	Recirculation Pump Trip (RPTOOS)	1.43	1.35

Notes

1. Use this value prior to performing scram time testing per SR 3.1.4.1.
2. Either Turbine Bypass or Recirculation Pump Trip may be Out-Of-Service.
The core is not analyzed for both TBOOS and RPTOOS at the same time.
3. The values shown are for dual recirculation loop operation. Increase any value shown by 0.02 for single loop operation.



Figure 13
MCPR Operating Limit for GE9B (GE8X8NB)



Exposure Range	Out-Of-Service	Option A Tau=1:0	Option B Tau=0:0
BOC10 to EOC10	na	1.34 (1)	1.34
BOC10 to EOC10	Turbine Bypass (TBOOS)	1.36	1.34
BOC10 to EOC10	Recirculation Pump Trip (RPTOOS)	1.39	1.34

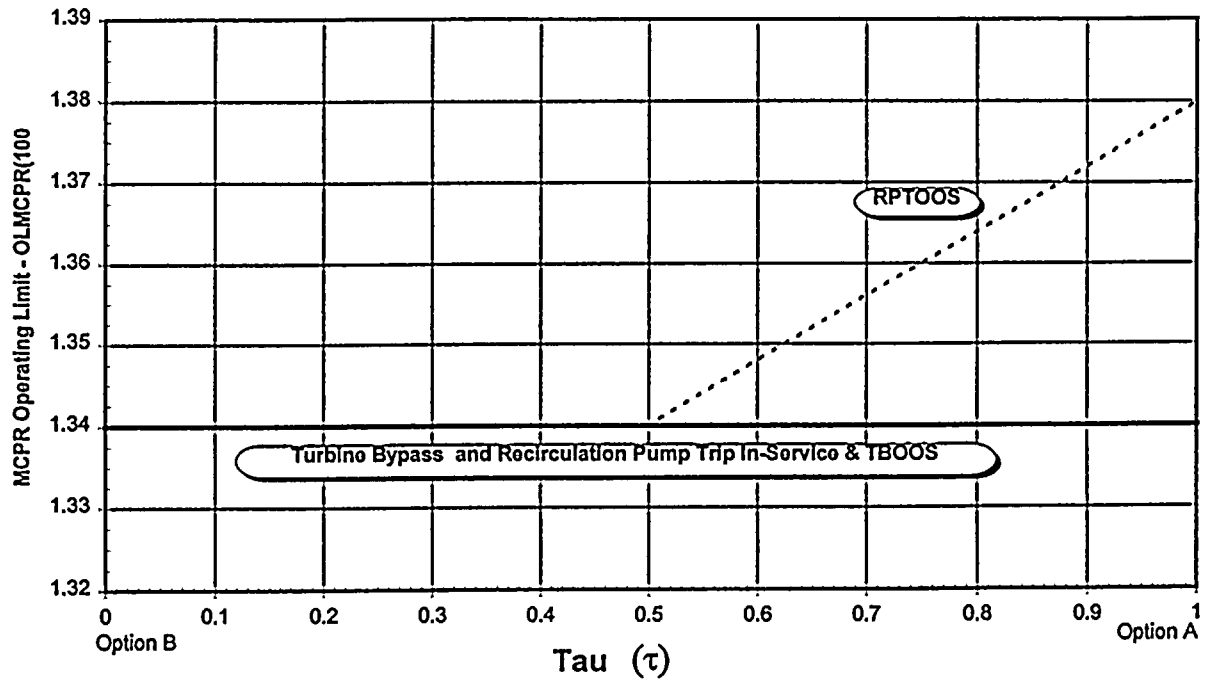
Notes

1. Use this value prior to performing scram time testing per SR 3.1.4.1.
2. Either Turbine Bypass or Recirculation Pump Trip may be Out-Of-Service. The core is not analyzed for both TBOOS and RPTOOS at the same time.
3. The values shown are for dual recirculation loop operation. Increase any value shown by 0.02 for single loop operation.



11

Figure 14
MCPR Operating Limit for GE7B (BP8X8R)



Exposure Range	Out-Of-Service	Option A Tau=1.0	Option B Tau=0.0
BOC10 to EOC10	na	1.34 (1)	1.34
BOC10 to EOC10	Turbine Bypass (TBOOS)	1.34	1.34
BOC10 to EOC10	Recirculation Pump Trip (RPTOOS)	1.38	1.34

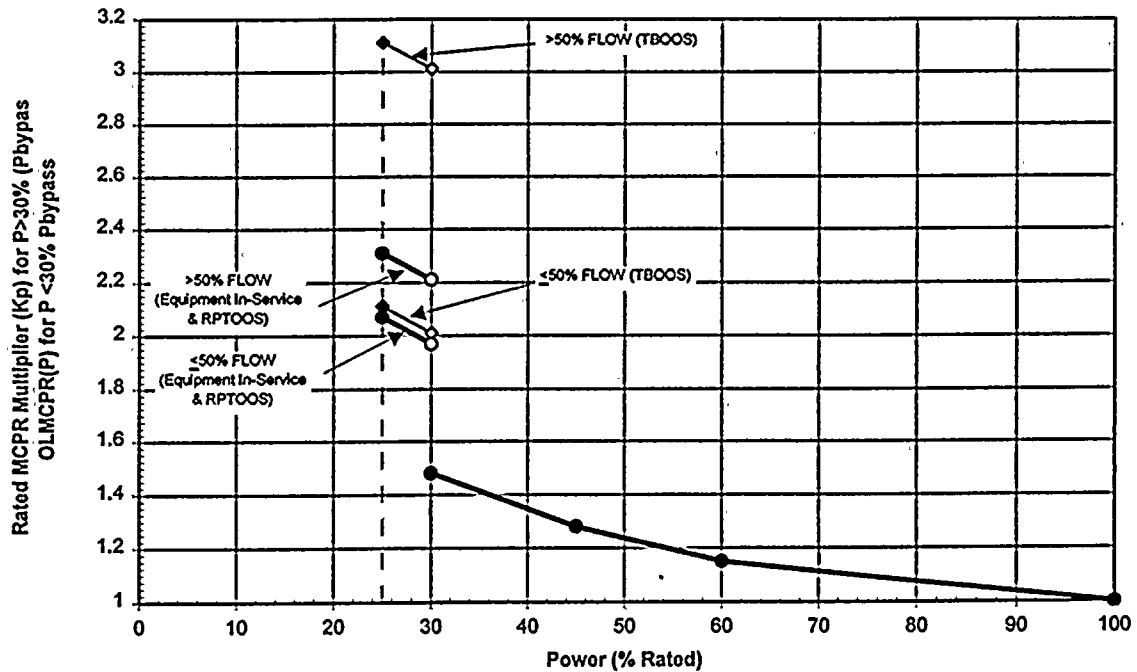
Notes

1. Use this value prior to performing scram time testing per SR 3.1.4.1.
2. Either Turbine Bypass or Recirculation Pump Trip may be Out-Of-Service.
The core is not analyzed for both TBOOS and RPTOOS at the same time.
3. The values shown are for dual recirculation loop operation. Increase any value shown by 0.02 for single loop operation.



2

Figure 15
Power Dependent MCPR(P) Limits



OPERATING LIMIT MCPR(P) = $K_p * OLMCPR(100)$

For $P \leq 25\%$: NO THERMAL LIMITS MONITORING REQUIRED

For $25\% \leq P < P_{bypass}$: ($P_{bypass} = 30\%$)

: $K_p = [K_{byp} + 0.02(30\% - P)] / OLMCPR(100)$

Turbine Bypass and RPT In-Service,
or RPT Out-Of-Service (RPTOOS)

$K_{byp} = 1.97$ For $\leq 50\%$ CORE FLOW

$K_{byp} = 2.21$ For $> 50\%$ CORE FLOW

Turbine Bypass Out-Of-Service (TBOOS)

$K_{byp} = 2.01$ For $\leq 50\%$ CORE FLOW

$K_{byp} = 3.01$ For $> 50\%$ CORE FLOW

For $30\% \leq P < 45\%$: $K_p = 1.28 + 0.01340(45\% - P)$

For $45\% \leq P < 60\%$: $K_p = 1.15 + 0.00867(60\% - P)$

For $60\% \leq P$: $K_p = 1.00 + 0.00375(100\% - P)$

Note: Either Turbine Bypass or Recirculation Pump Trip may be Out-Of-Service. The core is not analyzed for both TBOOS and RPTOOS at the same time.

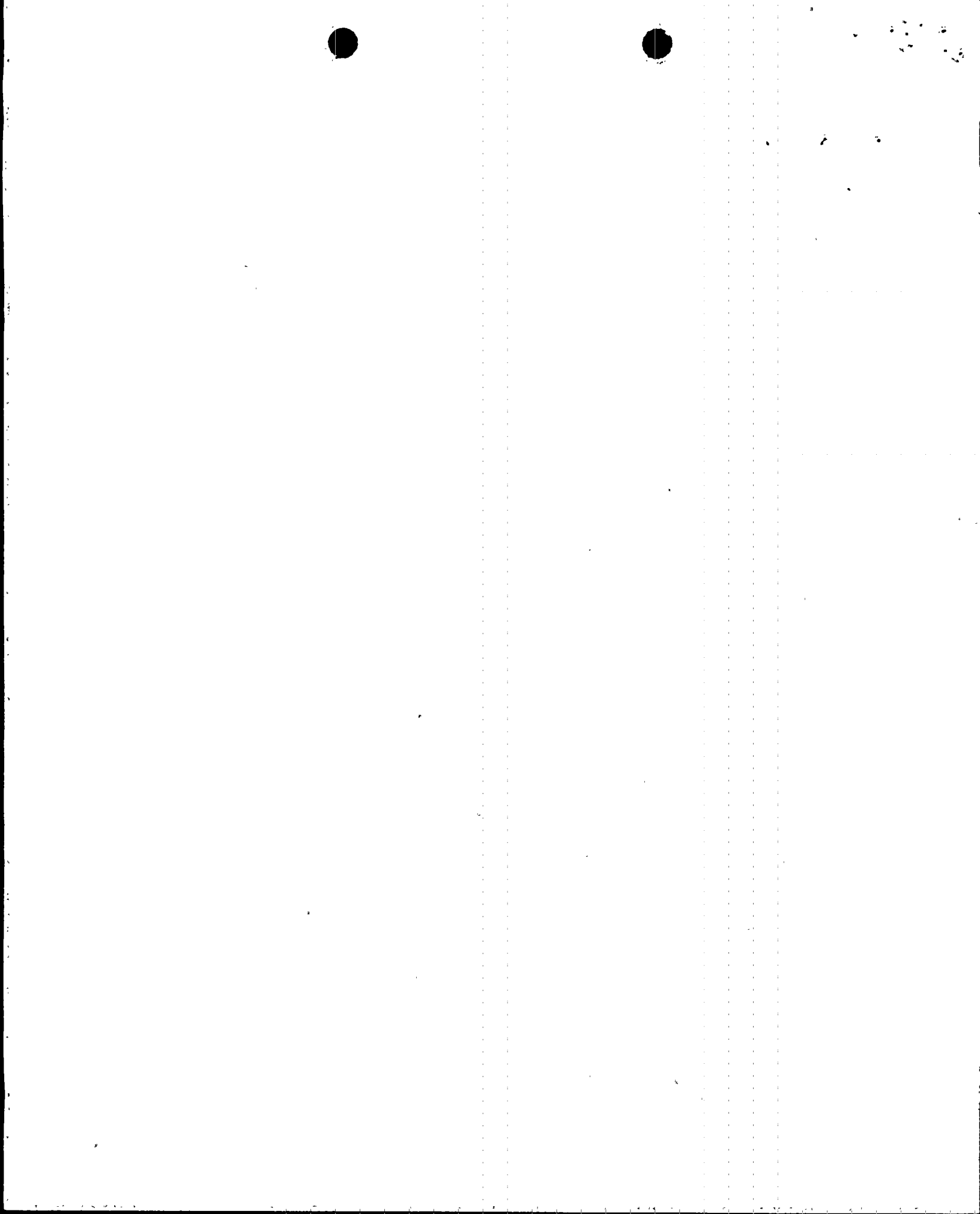
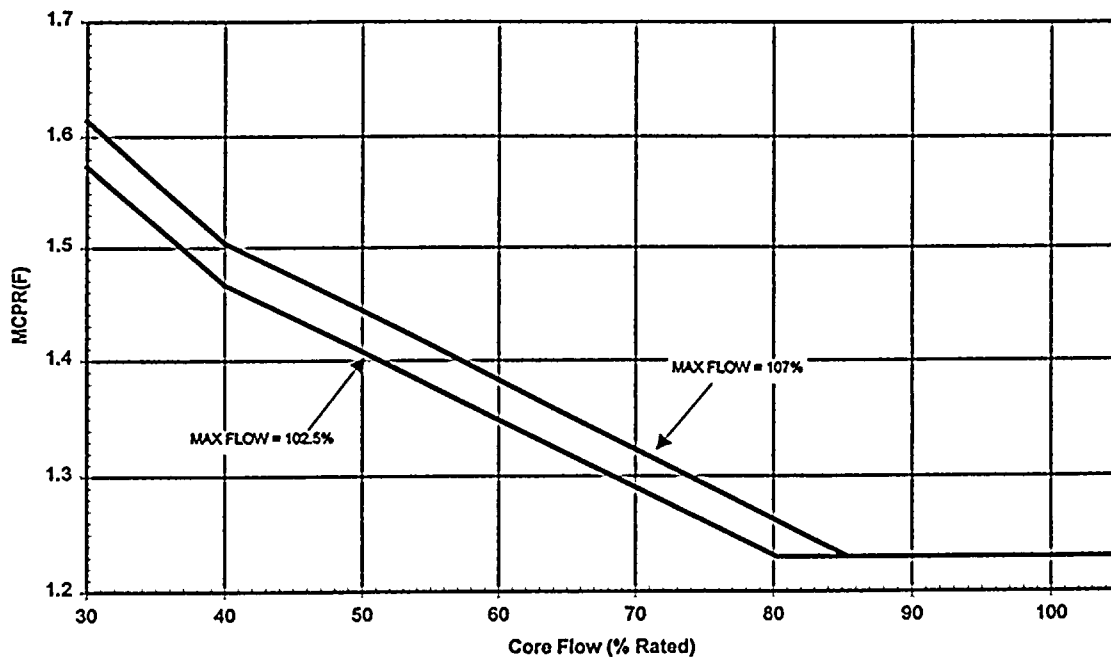


Figure 16
Flow Dependent MCPR Operating Limit - MCPR(F)



For $W_c < 40\%$: $MCPR(F) = (A_f \cdot W_c / 100 + B_f) \cdot [1 + 0.0032(40 - W_c)]$

For $W_c \geq 40\%$: $MCPR(F) = \text{MAX}(1.23, A_f \cdot W_c / 100 + B_f)$

$W_c = \% \text{ Rated Core Flow}$

A_f and B_f are Constants Given Below:

Maximum Core Flow (% Rated)	A_f	B_f
102.5	-0.587	1.701
107.0	-0.603	1.745

These values bound both Turbine Bypass In-Service and Out-Of-Service.

These values bound both Recirculation Pump Trip In-Service and Out-Of-Service

Either Turbine Bypass or Recirculation Pump Trip may be Out-Of-Service.
The core is not analyzed for a combination of TBOOS and RPTOOS.

The 102.5% maximum flow line is used for operation up to 100% rated flow.
The 107% maximum flow line is used for operation up to 105% rated flow (ICF).

