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O. J. \*Ike\* Zeringue Vice President, Browns Ferry Operations

# SEP 27 1992

U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission ATTN: Document Control Desk Washington, D.C. 20555

Gentlemen:

In the Matter of	)	Docket No. 50-260
Tennessee Valley Authority	)	

BROWNS FERRY NUCLEAR PLANT (BFN) - WAIVER OF COMPLIANCE FOR RESIDUAL HEAT REMOVAL SYSTEM (RHRS) LOW PRESSURE COOLANT INJECTION (LPCI) AND CONTAINMENT COOLING TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION (TS) REQUIREMENTS 3.5.B.9, REVISION 1

BFN Unit 2 was shutdown on September 26, 1992, at 0457 hours to identify and repair components causing an increasing amount of unidentified leakage in the Drywell. Component repairs will render RHR/LPCI loop 1 inoperable during the effort.

In order to maintain the plant in Cold Shutdown the remaining loop needs to be aligned to Shutdown Cooling mode.

The BFN TS do not explicitly recognize the manual re-alignment of the RHRS from Shutdown Cooling to LPCI mode as acceptable for satisfying TS 3.5.B.9. Therefore, in order to affect repairs in the safest manner possible, a TS waiver of compliance is needed.

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During the repair activities both Core Spray loops will be maintained operable, affording approximately 12,500 gal/min makeup water for automatic injection. The RHR loop in shutdown cooling will maintain the availability to be manually realigned and inject in the LPCI mode. Plant operators are currently trained and have procedures which provide for realignment of the RHRS from Shutdown Cooling to LPCI configuration. Plant operators will be rebriefed on the aforementioned procedures prior to utilizing the requested waiver.

The intent of TS 3.5.B.9 is to ensure that, at atmospheric pressure, at least one supply of makeup water is available to the core. Requiring two operable RHR pumps and one operable Core Spray System pump, per TS 3.5.A.4, ensures this redundancy. The safety design basis for the RHRS is that it will operate automatically except when in the Shutdown Cooling Mode. Because of low pressure and low temperature conditions in the Cold Shutdown mode, sufficient time will be available to manually align and initiate LPCI to provide core cooling prior to postulated core uncovery. Additional margin has been achieved since all Unit 2 control rods were fully inserted at 0457 on September 26, 1992.

The maintenance and repair activities necessitating this request will be needed only during the repair of components in the affected LPCI loop. This repair activity is expected to last less than 60 hours. TVA is processing a formal request for change to the TS referenced above. The permanent change which is being initiated as a result of a similar valver of compliance which was approved on February 25, 1992, will clearly identify the need for LPCI availability and capability in Cold Shutdown.

Pursuant to NRC guidance for temporary waiver of compliance, the Plant Operations Review Committee (PORC) has reviewed and approved the waiver request for this activity. The requested action is viewed to have no safety significance because LPCI can be realigned manually from the RHR Shutdown cooling mode in an adequate time frame to ensure core cooling requirements for the Cold Shutdown condition along with both operable Core Spray loops. For this reason TVA has determined that this proposed waiver will not involve a significant increase in the probability or consequences of accident previously evaluated; or create the possibility of a new or different kind of accident from an accident previously evaluated; or involve a significant reduction in a margin of safety. The Proposed No Significant Hazards Consideration is enclosed. Further, this proposed change does not involve any adverse environmental consequences.

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TVA, therefore, requests a verbal approval for a maximum 60-hour temporary waiver of compliance for TS 3.5.B.9 commencing at the time LPCI Loop 1 becomes inoperable and until the above repairs can be completed and the affected LPCI Loop 1 can be considered operable for automatic injection without manual realignment.

Sincerely,

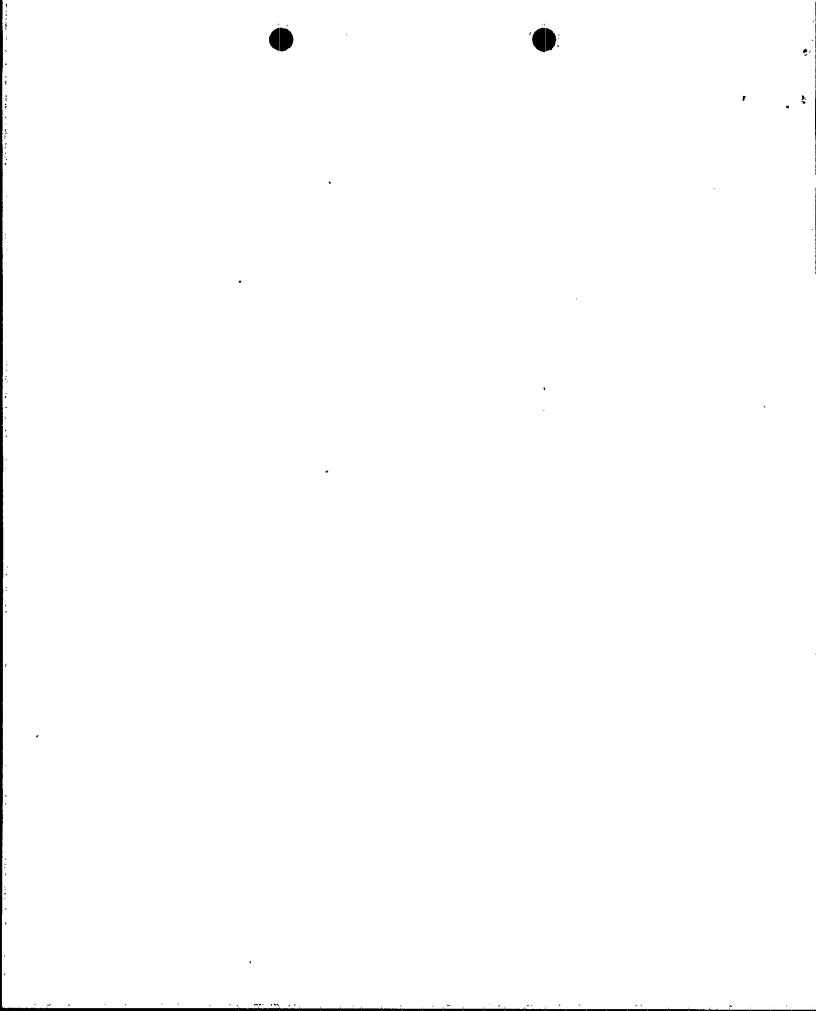
Enclosure

cc (Enclosure):

NRC Resident Inspector Browns Ferry Nuclear Plant Route 12, Box 637 Athens, Alabama 35611

Mr. Thierry M. Ross, Project Manager U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission One White Flint, North 11555 Rockville Pike Rockville, Maryland 20852

Mr. B. A. Wilson, Project Chief U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Region II 101 Marietta Street, NW, Suite 2900 Atlanta, Georgia 30323



#### Proposed No Significant Hazards Consideration

The NRC has promulgated standards in 10CFR50.92(c) for determining whether a proposed amendment to a facility operating license involves no significant hazards consideration. A discussion of each of the three standards follows for the proposed waiver of compliance (WOC) for Technical Specifications (TSs) 3.5.B.9:

1. This WOC does not involve a significant increase in the probability or consequences of an accident previously evaluated.

The probability of a previously evaluated accident is not increased because no new accident precursors are introduced, no new operating modes are established and no significant procedure changes are to be promulgated. The consequences of a previously analyzed accident are not increased because adequate core cooling will be assured for two reasons:

- a. Low Pressure Coolant Injection (LPCI) can be realigned in time to perform its function considering current (shutdown since 0457 on September 26, 1992) residual heat loads.
- b. This change does not change the Core Spray availability requirements in TSs.
- 2. This WOC does not create the possibility of an accident of a new or different kind than previously evaluated.

There have been no new plant configurations or failure modes introduced.

3. This WOC does not significantly reduce the margin of safety.

The time frame for responding to a requirement for LPCI injection is sufficient for manual operator actions to provide this function so that the fuel temperature does not exceed design limits. Additionally, other safety limits are not potentially compromised.

#### Environmental Consideration

The proposed WOG has been reviewed against the criteria of 10CFR51.22 for environmental considerations. The proposed change does not involve a significant hazards consideration, nor increase the types and amounts of effluents that may be released offsite, nor significantly increase individual or cumulative occupational radiation exposures. Thus the proposed WOG meets the criteria for categorical exclusion from the requirement for an environmental impact statement.

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