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Norman W. Curtis Vice President-Engineering & Construction-Nuclear 215 / 770-5381

February 25, 1982

Mr. A. Schwencer, Chief Licensing Branch No. 2 U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, D.C. 20555 Docket Nos. 50-387 50-388

MAR 1

US NUCLEAR REGULATERY OF LINUSSED DUWENT MURASSIZIET BR TIDC

SUSQUEHANNA STEAM ELECTRIC STATION SQRT FORMS BOP EQUIPMENT (SER ITEM #11) ER 100450 FILE 841-2 PLA-1024

Dear Mr. Schwencer:

In partial response to SER Item #11, attached are the 4-page SQRT forms for the BOP equipment which were not previously transmitted to you.

Also attached are two lists which identify the SQRT forms by their BOP Purchase Order Number. List A identifies those 4-page SQRT forms which were transmitted to you at the time of the Seismic Qualification Audit. List B identifies all of the remaining BOP SQRT forms which are being transmitted to you at this time.

Very truly yours,

N. W. Curtis Vice President-Engineering and Construction-Nuclear

CTC/mks

Attachments





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LIST A

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M-11	J-03A	E-109	P-10B
M-30	J-05A	E-152	P-14B
M-149	J-69		
M-159			

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₩°¢	M-12	J-03C	E-112	P-10A
p	M-22	J-05B	E-117	P-11A
-	M-55	J-17	E-118	P-12A
	M-58	J-27	E-119	P-12B
٠	M-60	J-31	E-119BC	P-14A
	M-87	J-59	E-120	P-15A
	M-90	J-65	E-121	P-15BC
	M-151	J-65B	E-135	P-16A
	M-156	J-69B	E-136	P-16BC
	M-160	J-70	E-151	P-17A
	M-164	J-92	E-155	P-17B
	M-192	J-98		P-18A
	M-302			P-31A
	M-307	/		
	M-308			٠
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M-365

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EXAMINATION AND INSTACTION (CLASS 1) COMPONENTS, PARTS, METHOD OF EXAMINATION AND REMARKS

ITEM NO.	EXAMINATION CATEGORY TABLE IWB - 2500	COMPONENTS AND PARTS TO BE EXAMINED - REACTOR VESSEL -	METHOD	REMARKS ¹
B1.1	B-A Pressure-retaining welds in reactor vessel	Longitudinal and circumferential shell welds meridional and circumferential head welds vessel-to-flange and head-to- flange circumferential welds	Volumetric	(7) (8)
B1.4	B-D Full penetration welds of nozzle in vessel	Primary nozzle-to-vessel welds and nozzle inside radiused section	Volumetric	(7) (9)
B1.5	B-E Pressure-retaining partial penetration welds in vessels	Vessel penetration, including control rod drive and instrumentation penetration	Visual (IWA-5000)	(7)
B1.6	B-F Pressure-retaining dissimilar metal welds	Nozzle-to-safe end welds	Volumetric and surface	(7)
B1.7	B-G-1 Pressure-retaining bolting greater than 2 inches in diameter	Nuts	Surface	、(7)
B1.8	B-G-1 Pressure-retaining bolting greater than 2 inches in diameter	Pressure-Retaining bolts and studs	Volumetric and surface	(7)
B1.9	B-G-1 Pressure-retaining bolting greater than 2 inches in diameter	Ligaments between threaded stud holes	Volumetric	(7)
B1.10	B-G-1 Pressure-retaining bolting, greater than 2 inches in diameter	Closure washers, bushings	Visual	(7)
1. Nu	mbers listed designate applicable relief	request.	~ <u>~</u>	
	``````````````````````````````````````	Page 1 of	E 8, REVISION 1	
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EXAMINATION ANI		(CONTIN)
EVALUATION AM	J INS CITON	(COMI, D)
- 1	(CLASS 1)	



ITEM NO.	EXAMINATION CATEGORY TABLE IWB - 2500	COMPONENTS AND PARTS TO BE EXAMINED	METHOD	REMARKS
B1.11	B-G-2 Pressure-retaining bolting, smaller than or equal to 2 inches in diameter	Pressure-retaining bolting	Visual	_ (7) _
B1.12	B-H Vessel supports	Integrally welded vessel supports	Volumetric	(7)
B1.13	B-I-1 Interior clad surface of reactor vessel	Closure head cladding	1) Visual and surface or 2) Volumetric	(7)
B1.14	B-I-1 Interior clad surface of reactor vessel	Vessel cladding	Visual	(7)
B1.15	B-N-1 Interior of reactor vessel	Vessel interior	Visual	(7)
B1.16	B-N-2 Integrally welded core support structures and interior attachments to reactor vessel	Interior attachments and core support structures	Visual	(7)
B1.18	B-O Pressure-retaining welds in control rod drive housings	Control rod drive housings	Volumetric	(7)
B1.19	B-P Components exempted from examination by IWB-1220	Exempted components	Visual (IWA-5000)	(7)
	-PIF	PING PRESSURE BOUNDARY-		
B4.1	B-F Pressure-retaining dissimilar metal welds	Safe-end to piping welds and safe-end in branch piping welds	Volumetric	(1)
B4.2	B-G-1 Pressure-retaining bolting greater than 2 inches in diameter	Pressure-retaining bolting, in place	Volumetric and surface	(2)





ITEM NO.	EXAMINATION CATEGORY TABLE IWB - 2500	COMPONENTS AND PARTS TO BE EXAMINED	METHOD	REMARKS
B4.3	B-G-1 Pressure-retaining bolting greater than 2 inches in diameter	Pressure-retaining bolting, when removed	Volumetric and surface	(2)
B4.4	B-G-2 Pressure-retaining bolting, smaller than or equal to 2 inches in diameter	Pressure-Retaining bolting	Visual	(2)
B4.5	B-J Pressure-retaining welds in piping	Circumferential and longitudinal piping welds in nominal pipes size 4 inches and greater	Volumetric and surface	(1)
B4.6	B-J Pressure-retaining welds in piping	Branch pipe connection welds exceeding six inches in diameter	Volumetric	(1)
B4.7	B-J Pressure-retaining welds in piping	Branch pipe connection welds six inches diameter and smaller	Surface	(1)
B4.8	B-J Pressure-retaining welds piping	Socket welds	Surface.	(1)
B4.9	B-K-1 Support members for piping, valves and pumps	Integrally welded supports	Volumetric	(3)
B4.10	B-K-2 Support components for piping, valves and pumps	Support components	Visual	
B4.11	B-P Components exempted from examination by IWB-1220	Exempted components	Visual (IWA-5000)	-







ITEM NO.	EXAMINATION CATEGORY TABLE IWB - 2500	COMPONENTS AND PARTS TO BE EXAMINED	METHOD	REMARKS
	· - Pl	UMP PRESSURE BOUNDARY -		
B5.1	B-G-1 Pressure-retaining bolting greater than 2 inches in diameter	Pressure-ŕetaining bolting, in place	Volumetric	(2)
B5.2	B-G-1 Pressure-retaining bolting greater than 2 inches in diameter	Pressure-retaining bolting, when removed	Volumetric and surface	(2)
B5.3	B-G-2 Pressure-retaining bolting, smaller than or equal to 2 inches in diameter	Pressure-retaining bolting	Visual	(2)
B5.4	B-K-1 Support members for piping, valves and pumps	Integrally welded supports	Volumetric	(3)
B5.5	B-K-2 Support components for piping, valves and pumps	Support components	Visual	
B5.7	B-L-2 Pump casings	Pump casings	Visual	
B5.8	B-P Components exempted from examination by IWB-1220	Exempted components	Visual (IWA-5000)	
	- VA	ALVE PRESSURE BOUNDARY -		
B6.1	B-G-1 Pressure-retaining bolting greater than 2 inches in diameter	Pressure-retaining bolts and studs	Volumetric and surface	(2)



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· (CLASS 1)				
EXAMINATION CATEGORY TABLE IWB - 2500	COMPONENTS AND PARTS TO BE EXAMINED	METHOD	REMARKS	
B-G-1 Pressure-retaining bolting greater than 2 inches in , diameter	Pressure-retaining bolting	Visual	(2)	
B-G-2 Pressure-retaining bolting, smaller than or equal to 2 inches in diameter	Pressure-retaining bolting	Visual	(2)	
B-K-1 Support members for piping, valves and pumps	Integrally welded supports	Volumetric,	(3)	
B-K-2 Support components for piping, valves and pumps	Support componènts	Visual	· •	
B-M-2 Valve bodies	Valve bodies	Visual		

B6.8 B-P Components exempted from examination by IWB-1220

Exempted components

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Visual (IWA-5000)

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ITEM NO.

B6.2

B6.3

B6.4

B6.5

B6.7





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ITEM NO.		EXAMINATION CATEGORY TABLE IWC-2520	COMPONENTS AND PARTS TO BE EXAMINED - PRESSURE VESSELS -	METHOD .	REMARKS
C1.1	C-A	Pressure-retaining welds in pressure vessels	Circumferential butt welds	Volumetric	(1)
C1.2	С-В	Pressure-retaining nozzle [.] welds in vessel	Nozzle-to-vessel welds	Volumetric	(1)
C1.3	C-C	Integrally welded support attachments to vessel	Integrally-welded supports	Surface	
C1.4	C-D	Pressure-retaining bolting exceeding 1 inch diameter	Pressure-retaining bolting	Visual and eithe surface or Volum	r etric
			- PIPING -		
C2.1	C-F	Pressure-retaining welds in piping, pumps and valves in system which circulate reac- tor coolant	Circumferential butt welds	Volumetric	(1)(4)(5)(6)
C2.1	C-G	Pressure-retaining welds in piping, pumps and valves in system which circulate other than reactor coolant	Circumferential butt welds	Volumetric	(1)(4)(5)(6)
C2.2	C-F	Pressure-retaining welds in piping, pumps and valves in system which circulate reactor coolant	Longitudinal weld joints in fittings	Volumetric	(1)(4)(5)(6)
C2.2	C-G	Pressure-retaining welds in piping, pumps and valves in system which circulate other than reactor coolant	Longitudinal weld joints in fittings	Volumetric	(1)(4)(5)(6)

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ITEM NO.	•	EXAMINATION CATEGORY TABLE IWC-2520	COMPONENTS AND PARTS TO BE EXAMINED	METHOD	REMARKS
C2.3	C-F	Pressure-retaining welds in piping, pumps and valves in system which circulate reactor coolant	Branch pipe-to-pipe weld joints	Volumetric	(1)(4)(5)(6)
C2.3	C-G	Pressure-retaining welds in piping, pumps and valves in system which circulate other than reactor coolant	Branch pipe-to-pipe weld joints	Volumetric	(1)(4)(5)(6)
C2.4	C-D	Pressure-retaining bolting exceeding 1 inch diameter	Pressure-retaining bolting	Visual and either surface or volumetric	(2)
C2.5	C-E-	l Support members for piping valves and pumps	Integrally-welded supports	Surface	(3)
C2.6	С-Е-	2 Support components for piping valves and pumps	Support components - PUMPS -	• Visual	
C3.2	C-D	Pressure-retaining bolting exceeding 1 inch in diameter	Pressure-retaining bolting	Visual and either surface or volumetric	(2)

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C3.3 C-E-1 Support members for piping In valves and pumps	ntegrally-welded supports	Surface	$\langle \alpha \rangle$
			.(3)
C3.4 C-E-2 Support components for Su piping valves and pumps	upport components	Visual	
	- VALVES -		
C4.2 C-D Pressure-retaining bolting Pr exceeding 1 inch in diameter	ressure-retaining bolting	Visual and either surface volumetric	(2)
C4.3 C-E-1 Support members for piping In valves and pumps	ntegrally-welded supports	Surface	(3)
C4.4 C-E-2 Support components for Su piping valves and pumps	upport components	Visual	

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#### PRE-SERVICE INSPECTION

#### RELIEF REQUEST #1

#### I. IDENTIFICATION OF COMPONENTS:

All components in Class 1 and Class 2 piping systems requiring ultrasonic examination as the method of examination.

#### II. <u>CODE REQUIREMENT:</u>

The preservice inspection program for Susquehanna #1 was prepared in accordance with Section XI of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel. Code, 1974 Edition to the Summer 1975. This Edition and Addenda does not specifically address volumetric examination of welds in piping systems but references the provisions of Article 5 of ASME Section V.

#### III. BASIS FOR RELIEF:

Relief is requested from utilizing the provisions of ASME Section V, Article 5, from the referencing code edition and addenda; in lieu of this requirement, PP&L proposes to use Appendix III, "Ultrasonic Examination Method for Class 1 and 2 piping systems made from Ferritic Steels" from the Winter 1975 Addenda.

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#### IV. JUSTIFICATION:

Appendix III, 1977 Edition to the Summer 1978 Addenda has been accepted for use by incorporation of this edition and addenda into 10 CFR 50.55a. Appendix III, Winter 1975 Addenda closely parallels the later Code except that the required examination volume is more conservative in the Winter '75 Addenda (i.e., Figure IWB-3514.1(a) of Winter '75 versus Figure IWB-2500-8 of the 1977 Edition).

#### V. <u>ALTERNATE PROVISIONS</u>:

Appendix III of ASME Winter 1975 Addenda will be used for piping system ultrasonic examination.

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### I. IDENTIFICATION OF COMPONENTS:

All Class 1 and Class 2 bolting in piping, pumps, and valves.

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#### II. CODE REQUIREMENTS:

ASME Section XI, 1974 Edition to the Summer 1975 Addenda requires the following examinations be performed:

ITEM NUMBER	EXAMINATION CATEGORY	COMPONENT	METHOD
B4.2, B5.1, B6.1	B-G-1 .	Pressure retaining bolting, 2 inches and larger, in place	Volumetric
B4.3, B5.2, B6.2	B-G-1	Pressure retaining bolting, 2 inches and larger, when removed.	Volumetric and Surface
B4.4, B5.3, B6.3	B-G-2	Pressure retaining bolting, smaller than 2 inches.	Visual ,
Cl.4, C2.4, C3.2, C4.2	CD	Pressure retaining bolting exceeding l inch	Visual and either surface or volumetric

These examinations must be performed completely as a preservice examination requirement prior to initial plant start-up.

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# III. BASIS FOR RELIEF:

PP&L requests relief from the examination requirements of ASME Section XI 1974 Edition to Summer 1975 Addenda; examinations shall be performed in accordance with the more current requirements of ASME Section XI 1977 Edition to Summer 1978 Addenda as follows:

ITEM NUMBER	EXAMINATION CATEGORY	COMPONENT	METHOD
B6.150, B6.180 B6.210	B-`G-1	Pressure retaining bolting larger than 2 inches in place	Volumetric
B6.160, B6.190 B6.220	, B-G-1	Pressure retaining bolting larger than 2 inches, when removed.	Surface and Volumetric
B6.170, B6.200, B6.230	B-G-1	Pressure retaining bolting.*	Visual VT-1
B7.50, B7.60, B7.70	B-G-2	Pressure retaining bolting 2 inches and smaller	Visual VT-1
C4.10, C4.20, C4.30, C4.40	C-D	Pressure retaining bolting exceeding 2 inches	Volumetric

*Nuts, bushings, washers, threads, in base material and flange ligaments between threaded stud holes.

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#### IV. JUSTIFICATION:

The justification for upgrading the 1977 Edition to Summer 1978 Addenda of ASME Section XI for piping system bolting examination, in lieu of the governing code edition and addenda, is to make the Class 2 requirements more closely parallel Class 1 requirements. It is impractical to inspect Class 2 components more stringently than Class 1 components and presents no adverse affect on the integrity of the component or upon overall plant safety.

#### V. ALTERNATE PROVISIONS:

The requirements of ASME Section XI 1977 Edition to the Summer 1978 Addenda will be used.





#### I. IDENTIFICATION OF COMPONENTS:

All Class 1 and Class 2 integrally welded support members for piping, pumps, and valves.

# II. CODE REQUIREMENT:

Category B-K-1 of ASME Section XI, 1974 Edition to Summer 1975 requires volumetric examination of welds to the pressure-retaining boundary and the base metal beneath the weld zone and along the support attachment member for a distance of two support thicknesses.

Category C-E-1 of ASME Section XI, 1974 Edition to Summer 1975, requires surface examination of welds to the pressure-retaining boundary and the base metal beneath the weld zone and along the support attachment member for a distance of two support thicknesses.

These examinations must be performed completely as a preservice examination requirement prior to initial plant start-up.

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# III. BASIS FOR RELIEF:

PP&L requests relief from the examination requirements of ASME Section XI 1974 Edition to Summer 1975 Addenda; examinations shall be performed in accordance with the more current requirements of ASME Section XI 1977 Edition to Summer 1978 Addenda as follows:

ITEM NUMBER	EXAMINATION CATEGORY	COMPONENT	METHOD	TEST RE <b>Q</b> UIREMENTS
B4.9, B6.5	B-K-l	Integrally welded	Volumetric or Surface*	Table IWB-2500-1
C3.10, C3.40, C3.70, C3.100	C-E-l	Integrally welded support attachments	Surface**	Table 'IWC-2500-1

*See Figures IWB-2500-13, 14, 15.

** See Figure: IWC-2520-5.





#### IV. JUSTIFICATION:

The justification for requesting relief from the governing ASME Code Edition and Addenda and upgrading to the requirements of ASME Section XI 1977 Edition to Summer 1978 are as follows:

1) The weld geometries involved make a meaningful ultrasonic examination, with full coverage of the weld and required volume, questionable.

2) Surface examination of the weld and required surrounding base material is a more reliable and sensitive examination for detecting defects in these welds.

3) Upgrading makes Section XI examination requirements more consistent with Section III construction requirements and therefore, eliminates additional surface preparation and conflict between the Codes.



# V. <u>ALTERNATE PROVISIONS</u>:

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The requirements of ASME Section XI 1977 Edition to the Summer 1978 Addenda will be used.

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#### RELIEF REQUEST #4

#### I. IDENTIFICATION OF COMPONENTS:

Class 1, Category BJ; pressure retaining welds in piping.

Class 2, Category CF and CG pressure retaining welds in piping.

#### II. CODE REQUIREMENT:

Category BJ - Table IWB-2600, Item Numbers B4.5, B4.6, B4.7 of the ASME Code, 1974 Edition to Summer 1975 Addenda requires volumetric examination of 100%* of circumferential welds, longitudinal welds, and branch connections be performed completely as a preservice examination requirements prior to initial plant start-up.

Category CF - Table IWC-2600, Item Numbers C2.1, C2.2, C2.3 of the ASME Code, 1974 Edition to Summer 1975 Addenda requires volumetric examination of 100% and 50%*, respectively, of circumferential discontinuity welds, longitudinal welds, and branch connection welds be performed completely as a preservice examination requirement prior to initial plant start-up.

*Excluding those exempt per IWB-1200, IWC-1220.

ASME Appendix III, Winter 1975 Addenda, requires an angle beam examination of the weld and required volume (the lesser of ½t or 1") be performed scanning both normal and parallel to the weld.

#### III. BASIS FOR RELIEF:

Relief is required from the ASME Section XI examination requirements on the basis of partial inaccessibility of the weld and required volume due to plant design.



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WELD IDENTIFICATION NUMBER	CODE CATEGORY AND ITEM NUMBER	SYSTEM	CONFIGURATION	NATURE OF % OBSTRUCTION `OI (2	OF SCAN 3STRUCTED APPROXIMATE)
DBB-114-1-9E	- CF C2.1	нрсі	Pipe to Cap	Two (2) Weldolets	16%
DBB-115-1-7F	CF C2.1	RHR	Pipe to Cap	One (l) Weldolet	8%
DBB-115-1-5D	CF C2.1	RHR	Pipe to Tee	One (l) Weldolet	16%
DBB-115-1-5G	CF C2,1	RHR	Pipe to Cap	Three (3) Weldolets	34%
HBB-110-2-3C	CF C2.1	RHR	Elbow to Tee	Instrumentation Nozzle	3%
	L	•	·	•	
DLA-104-1-FW1	BJ B4.5	Feedwater	Pipe to Valve	Permanent Hanger	50%
DLA-102-1-FW7	BJ B4 - 5	Feedwater	Pipe to Valve	Permanent Hanger	50% .
HBB-111-2-3D	CF C2.1	RHR	Pipe to Elbow	Hanger Saddle We	ld 13%
DBB-118-1-1A	CF C2.3	Feedwater	Sweepolet to Pipe	Hanger Lug Attac Weld	hment 6%
GBB-106-1-FW6	CF C2.1	RHR	Pipe to Elbow	Welded Hanger	20%
GBB-109-1-2A	CG C2.1	RHR	Pipe to Elebow	Hanger Saddle	58

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WELL	CODE CATEGORY			NATURE OF	TOF SCAN	
NUMBER	AND ITEM NUMBER	SYSTEM	CONFIGURATION	OBSTRUCTION	OBSTRUCTED	
VRR-B31-2-9G	ВЈ В4.5	Recirculation	Longitudinal Weld	Pipe Whïp Restraint	7%	

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ASME SECTION III EXAMINATION	SAFETY	IMPACT	- -				
RT	Leak detection isolation of t safe shutdown	systems det he leak. Th methods are	ect weld leaka ese lines are available.	ge, resulting ir not required for	n either manua r normal safe	al or automatic shutdown, alte	rnate
RT	н	11	н	11	11	· 11	
RT	n	U	н	11	U	n	
RT	н	, u	н	0	н .	11	
RT RT and PT	During normal plant power operation, weld is under approximately 20 feet of hydrostatic head.During normal system operation weld is under a maximum pressure of 165 psig. Leak detection systems can detect leakage during plant power or normal system operation. Weld can be isolated and alternate cooldown paths are available using redundant RHR loop or main condenser. Reactor coolant pressure boundary leak detection system detect weld leakage; plant technical specifications require plant shutdown with unidentified leakage greater than 5 gpm.						
RT and PT		n	"	**	n	11	
RT	During normal plant operation, weld is not pressurized. During normal system operation (maximum 165 psig), leakage is detected by leak detection systems. Alternate shutdown cooling path is unaffected and condenser is also available for cooldown.						
RT	Leak detection perform weld i for safe shutd	system dete solation fun own.	cts significan ction. HPCI p	at leakage; conta performs back-up	ainment isola function for	tion valves (2) RPV water addi	tion
RT	During normal operation, sig safely cooled	plant power nificant lea down by unaf	operation, wel kage is detect fected RHR loc	ds are not under able by leak det op or main conder	r pressure. I tection system nser.	During normal s m. Plant can b	ystem e
RT .		11	11	` п	u	11	

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IMPACT	



SAFETY

Reactor coolant pressure boundary leak detection system detect leakage. Plant technical specification require plant shutdown with leakage greater than 5 gpm. RT and PT

#### IV. JUSTIFICATION:

The justification for requesting relief from ASME Section XI examination requirements is as follows:

1) The structural integrity of the piping pressure boundary is not in question. All the affected Class 1 and 2 welds were subject to examination and testing requirements of ASME Section III.

2) Welds of similar configuration, welding technique, etc., in the same run of pipe, subject to similar operating pressures and temperatures are accessible for examination and, as such, provide adequate verification, by sampling, of the piping pressure boundary.

3) Visual examination of the weld during system pressure testing will be performed to detect for evidence of leakage.

4) Overall level of Plant Quality and safety is not affected by incomplete examination of welds.



#### V. ALTERNATE PROVISIONS:

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A supplemental surface examination of the Class 2 welds will be performed for preservice examination; Class 1 welds have received surface examination to satisfy ASME Section III retesting at this time is unnecessary.

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Based on the most current accepted Edition and Addenda of ASME Section XI ('77 Edition to Summer '78), a surface examination of the welds will be required during subsequent inservice inspections, and will be more meaningful at that time.

#### I. <u>IDENTIFICATION OF COMPONENTS</u>:

Class 1, Category BJ, pressure retaining welds in piping.

Class 2, Category CF and CG pressure retaining welds in piping.

#### II. <u>CODE REQUIREMENT</u>:

Category BJ - Table IWB-2600, Item Numbers B4.5, B4.6, B4.7 of the ASME Code, 1974 Edition to Summer 1975 Addenda requires volumetric examination of 100%* of circumferential welds, longitudinal welds, and branch connections be performed completely as a preservice examination requirement prior to initial plant start-up.

Category CF - Table IWC-2600, Item Numbers C2.1, C2.2, C2.3 of th4 ASME Code, 1974 Edition to Summer 1975 Addenda requires volumetric examination of 100% and 50%*, respectively, of circumferential discontinuity welds, longitudinal welds, and branch connection welds be performed completely as a preservice examination requirement prior to initial plant start-up.

*excluding those exempt per IWB-1220, IWC-1220.

ASME Appendix III, Winter 1975 Addenda, requires an angle beam examination of the weld and required volume (the lesser of  $\frac{1}{2}$ t or 1") be performed scanning both normal and parallel to the weld.

#### III. BASIS FOR RELIEF:

Relief is required from the ASME Section XI examination requirements on the basis of complete inaccessibility of the weld and required volume due to plant design.



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WELD IDENTIFICATION NUMBER	CODE CATEGORY AND ITEM NUMBER	System	CONFIGURATION	NATURE OF OBSTRUCTION	% OF SCAN OBSTRUCTED
HBB-101-1-FW-7	CG . C2.1	RCIC	Pipe to Sparger	Piping located in the wetwell	Totally Obstructed
HBB-101-1-1A	CG C2.1	RCIC	Pipe to reducing elbow	н н ,	"
HBB-101-1-1B	CG C2.1	RCIC	Pipe to Elbow	11 II	11
HBB-101-1-FW6	CG C2.1	ŖCIC .	Flued Head to Pipe	(1 1)	u
HBB-108-2-3A	CG C2.1	HPCI	Pipe to Elbow	CE 89	n
HBB-108-2-FW10	CG C2.1	HPCI	Elbow to Reducer		11
HBB-108-2-FW7	CG C2.1	HPCI	Reducer to Penetration	15 11	. 11
HBB-108-2-FW1	CG C2.1	HPCI	Pipe to Elbow	u 11	11
DCA-108-1-1B	ВЈ В4.5	RHR	Longitudinal Weld	Welded Hanger	Totally Obstructed
DCA-108-1-1C	ВЈ В4.5	RHR	Longitudinal Weld	Welded Hanger	Totally Obstructed
DCA-108-1-FW2	BJ B4.5	RHR	Valve to Pipe	Welded Hanger	Totally Obstructed

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ASME SECTION III EXAMINATION	· ·	SAFETY I	мраст	
RT	Weld is inaccessible Adequate steam conder ized during power pla is less than 25 psig by either HPCI or fea	and below approximat isation of any leakag ant operation. Durin . System is not requ edwater.	ely 20 feet of sup e is expected. Sy g system operation ired for normal sh	opression pool water. stem is not pressur- a, maximum pressure butdown and backed up
RT	Leakage would be deto signals RCIC system o by HPCI or feedwater Maximum pressure the	ected by wetwell temp operation could be te . Weld is not pressu weld could be subjec	erature/pressure i rminated. RCIC op rized during plant ted to is 25 psig.	ncrease. Upon such peration is backed up power operation.
RT	ц	33	n	ti .
RT ·		**	11	ra -
RT ·	Leakage would be deto signals HPCI system up by the auto-depres ized during plant po	ected by wetwell temp operation could be te ssurization system an wer operation.	erature/pressure i rminated. HPCI op d RHR. Weld is no	ncrease. Upon such peration is backed ot normally pressur-
RT	"	<b>1</b> 1	11	u
RT	II	· II	85	II
RT	Leak detection system isolation of the lead ternate shutdown met	ns detect weld leakag k. Line is not requi hods are available.	e, resulting in ma red for normal saf	nual or automatic e shutdowns. Al-
RT and PT	Reactor coolant leak specifications requi	age detection systems re plan shutdown with	s will detect leaka leakage greater t	nge. Plant technical chan 5 gpm.
RT and PT	. ¹¹	11	11	н
RT and PT	н	11	"	

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# IV. JUSTIFICATION:

The justification for requesting relief from ASME Section XI examination requirements is as follows:

1) The structural integrity of the welds is not in question. These Class 2 welds were subject to examination and testing requirements of ASME Section III.

2) Relief from examination of these welds do not affect overall, plant quality.or safety.

# V. ALTERNATE PROVISIONS:

Welds are inaccessible to all methods of NDE.



## V. ALTERNATE PROVISIONS:



The structural integrity of all Class 1 welds covered has been verified by satisfactory completion of all ASME Section III examination. Supplemental examination, such as a surface examination performed at this time is redundant and would not result in increasing levels of plnat quality or safety.

Based on the most current accepted Edition and Addenda of ASME Section XI ('77 Edition to Summer '78), a surface examination of the welds will be required during inservice inspections, and will be more meaningful at that time.

Class 2 piping welds will receive a supplemental surface examintion.

Welds requiring relief from examination requirements due to geometric configuration were evaluated for radiographic examination with specific attention to feasibility during an inservice examination. In most cases, current state-of-the-art prohibited this method due to configuration and environment. New or improved examination techniques may improve inspectability volumetrically during future inspection intervals; these techniques will be evaluated for applicability to SSES #1 and implemented as required.





I. IDENTIFICATION OF COMPONENTS:

Class 1, Category BJ, pressure retaining welds in piping.

Class 2, Category CF and CG pressure retaining welds in piping.

## II. CODE REQUIREMENT:

Category BJ - Table IWB-2600, Item Numbers B4.5, B4.6, B4.7 of the ASME Code, 1974 Edition to Summer 1975 Addenda requires volumetric examination of 100%* of circumferential welds, longitudinal welds, and branch connections be performed completely as a preservice examination requirement prior to initial plant start-up.

Category CF - Table IWC-2600, Item Numbers C2.1, C2.2, C2.3 of the ASME Code, 1974 Edition to Summer 1975 Addenda requires volumetric examination of 100% and 50%*, respectively of circumferential discontinuity welds, longitudinal welds, and branch connection welds be performed completely as a preservice examination requirement prior to initial plant start-up.

*excluding those exempt per IWB-1220, IWC-1220.

ASME Appendix III, Winter 1975 Addenda, requires an angle beam examination of the weld and required volume (the lesser of  $\frac{1}{2}$ t or 1") be performed scanning both normal and parallel to the weld.

III. BASIS FOR RELIEF:

Relief is required from the ASME Section XI examination requirements on the basis of complete inaccessibility of the weld and required volume due to geometric configuration.



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WELD			•		»*
IDENTIFICATION NUMBER	CODE CATEGORY AND ITEM NUMBER	SYSTEM	· · CONFIGURATION	NATURE OF OBSTRUCTION	% OF SCAN OBSTRUCTED
DCA-110-1-FW11	BJ B4.5	RHR	Valve to Tee	Part Geometry	Totally
DCA-110-2-FW11	BJ B4.5	RHR	Valve to Tee	Part Geometry	. Totally
DCA-107-1-FW3	BJ B4.5	Core Spray	Valve to Valve	Part Geometry	Totally
DCA-107-2-FW7	BJ - B4.5	Core Spray	Valve to Valve	Part Geometry	Totally
DBB-115-1-FW13	CF C2.1	RHR	Valve to Valve	Part Geometry	Totally
GBB-105-1-FW1	CF C2.1	RHR	Valve to Reducer	Part Geometry	Totally
DCA-110-1-FW2	BJ B4.5	RHR	Valve to Flued Head	Part Geometry	Totally
DCA-110-2-FW2	BJ B4.5	RHR	Valve to Flued Head	Part Geometry	Totally
DCA-108-1-FW10	BJ B4.5	RHR	Valve to Reducer	Part Geometry	Totally
GBB-108-1-FW4	BJ B4.5	RHR	Valve to Reducer	Part Geometry	Totally
VRR-B31-1-FWA24	BJ B4.5	Recirculațion	Valve to Pipe	Part Geometry	Totally
VRR-B31-2-FWB24	BJ B4.5	Recirculation	Valve to Pipe	Part Geometry	Totally

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ASME SECTION III EXAMINATION	SAFETY IMPACT	 			
RT and PT .	Reactor coolant pressure Technical specifications	boundary leak de require plant sh	tection system utdown with uni	will detect weld leakage. dentified leakage greater	
RT and PT	than 5 gpm. "	U	н		*
RT and PT	u	n	14	n	
RT and PT	ч н .	11	U	41	
RT	During normal plant oper system operation, any le can be safely cooled down	ation, welds are n akage is detectab n by unaffected RM '	not under press Le by leak dete HR loop or main	ure. During normal ction systems. Plant condenser.	
RT	. "	н		н	
RT and PT	Inside containment isola inside function. Any sig system.	tion valve perform gnificant leakage	n reactor coola would be detec	nt pressure boundary ted by leak detection	
RT and PT	u	"	**	u.	
RT and PT	During power plant operation, significant lo shutdown cooling is unafi	tion, weld is not eakage detected by fected and condens	pressurized. y leak detectio ser is also ava	During normal system n system. Alternate ilable for cool down.	
RT	During normal plant opera system operation, any lea can be safely cooled down	ation, welds are n akage is detectabl n by unaffected RM	not under press Le by leak dete HR loop or main	ure. During normal ction systems. Plant condenser.	
RT and PT	Reactor coolant pressure leakage. Technical spec: leakage greater than 5 g	boundary leak det ifications require om.	cection system e plant shutdow	will detect weld n with unidentified	
RT and PT		"	II		

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IV. JUSTIFICATION:

The justification for requesting relief from ASME Section XI examination requirements is as follows:

1) The structural integrity of the piping pressure boundary is not in question. The subject welds were inspected in accordance with examination nd testing requirements of ASME Section III.

2) Other welds in each of the respective systems are accessible and provide a basis for the integrity of the pressure boundary.

3) Visual examination of the weld during system pressure tests will be performed to detect for evidence of leakage.

4) Incomplete examination will not impact plant safety.



Nº I

## I. IDENTIFICATION OF COMPONENTS:

Class 1 reactor pressure vessel examinations.

## II. CODE REQUIREMENT:

The construction permit for SSES Unit #1 was issued on November 2, 1973. In accordance with the requirements set forth by 10 CFR 50.55a, SSES #1 must comply with the requirements of the 1971 Edition of Section XI up to and including the Summer 1972 Addenda, the code edition and addenda in effect six (6) months prior to the issuance of the construction permit. However, the preservice inspection program has been upgraded to comply with the 1974 edition to the Summer 1975 addenda.

## III. BASIS FOR RELIEF:

Relief is requested to allow for the use of the Winter 1975 Addenda for reactor pressure vessel examinations.



## IV. JUSTIFICATION:

Use of the Winter 1975 Edition of ASME Section XI for Reactor pressure vessel examination is justified for the following reasons:

1) The major differences applicable to the reactor pressure vessel between the Summer '75 Addenda and the Winter '75 Addenda are:

a) Table IWB-2500 Category BA revision; however, for preservice examination, this change has no impact.

b) Acceptance standards were added and/or changed; however, all changes were more conservative.

c) Changes were made to Appendix I, however, primary changes were made to correct typographical errors or to provide clarification.

d) Personnel qualification requirements were expanded and were made more conservative. (IWA-2300).

2) Areas forming the basis for not accepting the use of Winter '75 addenda are not applicable to SSES #1 RPV preservice examination.



# V. ALTERNATE PROVISIONS:

ASME Section XI 1974 Edition to the Winter 1975 Addenda will be used for the SSES #1 reactor pressure vessel preservice examinations.

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## I. IDENTIFICATION OF COMPONENTS:

Class 1 bottom head meridional weld seams (DA, DB, DC, DD, DE, DF)

## II. CODE REQUIREMENTS:

Category B-A of ASME Section XI, 1974 Edition to Winter 1975 Addenda requires volumetric examination of essentially 100% of the accessible length of each meridional weld in vessel heads.

Appendix I, Article I-5000, requires the examinations be conducted using two beam angles from each direction (nominal angles of 45 degrees and 60 degrees.

These examinations must be performed completely as a preservice examination requirement prior to initial plant start-up,

## III. BASIS FOR RELIEF:

Relief is required from the ASME Section XI examination requirements on the basis of partial coverage of the weld and required volume due to vessel configuration. Interference from the vessel skirt attachment weld buildup results in the unexamined volumes as follows:

0° Base Metal Exam		12% Missed
0 ⁰ Weld Metal Exam		12% Missed
45° Exam	-	4% Missed
60° Exam		2% Missed

### IV. JUSTIFICATION:

The justification for requesting relief from ASME Section XI examination requirements is as follows:

- A composite of all examination angles show that a yolume equal to two (2) percent of the required examination yolumes for weld DA, DB, DC, DD, DE and DF are completely unexamined. All other areas have been covered by any or all of the 0°, 45°, and 60° scans.
- 2) The integrity of the welds have been verified by ultrasonic and magnetic particle testing during fabrication.
- 3) Welds were visually examined for leakage during RPV hydrotest.

V. ALTERNATE PROVISIONS:

Alternate NDE methods are not feasible for this examination,



## I. IDENTIFICATION OF COMPONENTS:

Class 1 feedwater inlet nozzles N4A and N4D.

## **II.** CODE REQUIREMENTS:

Category B-D of ASME Section XI, 1974 Edition to Winter 1975 Addenda requires 100% volumetric examination of the nozzle to vessel weld and adjacent areas of nozzle and vessel. (Figure IWB-3512.1(a)),

These examinations must be performed completely as a preservice examination requirement prior to initial plant start-up.

## III. BASIS FOR RELIEF:

Relief is required from ASME Section XI examination requirements on the basis of incomplete coverage of the weld and required volume due to vessel configuration. The proximity of nozzles N11A and B to the subject feedwater nozzles precludes complete examination of weld seams N4A and N4D as follows:

N4A

300 ⁰	• ÷	completely examined (automatic)
60 ⁰	-	not examined due to interference from nozzle N11A.
<u>N4D</u> .		
300 ⁰	_	completely examined (automatic)

300° - completely examined (automatic)

600 - not examined due to interference from nozzle N11B.

Spacing of only 4.5" between the nozzles allows only a best effort manual examination of the affected areas.

#### IV. JUSTIFICATION:

The justification for requesting relief from ASME Section XI examination requirements is as follows:

- 1) The excluded area is 16.67 percent of the weld seam; 83.33 percent has been completely examined.
- 2) Four (4) nozzles of the same configuration and service (N4B, N4C, N4E, N4F) have been completely examined.
- 3) The integrity of welds have been verified by ultrasonic and magnetic particle examination during fabrication.
- 4) All N4 nozzle to vessel welds were liquid penetrant testing following RPV hydrotest and accepted.

### V. ALTERNATE PROVISIONS:

Due to extensive testing already performed during fabrication, no additional NDE is required to establish integrity of the welds.





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# I. IDENTIFICATION OF COMPONENTS:

Bodies of Classl valves exceeding 4 inch nominal pipe size.

# II. CODE REQUIREMENTS:

Category B-M-2 of ASME Section XI, 1974 Edition to Summer 1975 Addenda requires Visual Examination of the internal pressure boundary surfaces on valves exceeding 4 inches nominal pipe size.

# III. BASIS FOR RELIEF:

Relief is requested from the ASME Section XI examination requirements on the basis of inaccessibility of the valve internal pressure boundary surfaces.

## IV. JUSTIFICATION:

The justification for requesting relief from ASME Section XI Preservice Examination requirements is as follows:

- 1. The structural integrity of the piping pressure boundary has been verified by Construction Code testing requirements; therefore, the intent of ASME Section XI has been met.
- Shop Surface Examinations, liquid penetrant and/or magnetic particle, have been performed on the body, bonnet, and disc. Radiography was also performed on the body.
- 3. All valve pressure retaining materials have met ASME Section II Specifications which require Visual Examination of the casting or forging, and surfaces free of injurious defects.

# V. ALTERNATE PROVISIONS:

Should any of the subject valve internal surfaces become accessible during maintenance activities, a Visual Examination will be performed at that time.



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SUMMARY. OF THE MANUAL AND REMOTE AUTOMATIC PRESERVICE EXAMINATIONS FOR SUSQUEHANNA UNIT #1



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# CATEGORY BA PRESSURE RETAINING WELDS IN REACTOR VESSEL CIRCUMFERENTIAL SHELL WELDS

## WELD SEAM AA

## AA TOP SIDE

## Remote Automatic Examination Coverage

There were five (5) interferences on weld seam AA top that caused missed areas during the remote automatic examination. These were:

Nozzle NIA	66" Missed
Nozzle NIB	66" Missed
Nozzle N8A	36" Missed
Nozzle N8B	36" Missed
Surface Gouge	4" Missed*
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

TOTAL

208" Missed

The circumference of weld seam AA is 837".

The interferences caused 24.85 percent of weld seam AA top to be missed during the remote automatic examination. *The 4" missed due to the surface gouge will be examined during the first ISI. The surface has been conditioned to allow examination. The missed area will at that time become 24.37 percent.

## Manual Examination Coverage

The nozzle interferences listed for the automatic examination do not exist for the manual examination. The nozzles N1's and N8's are far enough from the weld centerline to allow a complete examination in accordance with Paragraph I-5121 of Section XI, Appendix I.

AA BOTTOM SIDE

Remote Automatic Examination - Not Performed

Manual Examination Coverage



## SUMMARY WELD SEAM AA

One hundred percent of weld seam AA was manually examined in accordance with Appendix I of ASME Section XI. In addition, 75.15 percent of the top side of weld seam AA was examined using remote automatic equipment. Manual data exists for the 12.42 percent of the weld seam missed by the remote scanner and when combined with the remote examination data provides 100 percent coverage.

## WELD SEAM AB

# Remote Automatic Examination Coverage

Weld seam AB was examined 100 percent by the remote automatic equipment.

## WELD SEAM AC

# Remote Automatic Examination Coverage

Weld seam AC was examined 100 percent by the remote automatic equipment.

## WELD SEAM AD

AD TOP SIDE

Remote Automatic Examination

Not performed.

Manual Examination Coverage

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No interferences - 100 percent coverage.

AD BOTTOM SIDE

Remote Automatic Examination Coverage

There were two (2) interferences on weld seam AD bottom that caused missed areas during the remote automatic examination. These were:

Nozzle	N11A	47"	Missed
Nozzle	N11B	41"	Missed
TOTAL		88"	Missed

The circumference of weld seam AD is 838". The interferences caused 10.5 percent of weld seam AD bottom to be missed during the remote automatic examination.

# Manual Examination Coverage

No interferences - 100 percent coverage.

#### SUMMARY FOR WELD SEAM AD

One hundred percent of weld seam AD was manually examined in accordance with Appendix I of ASME Section XI. In addition, 89.5 percent of the bottom side of weld seam AD was examined using remote automatic equipment. Manual data exists for the 5.25 percent of the weld seam missed by the remote scanner and when combined with the remote examination data provides 100 percent coverage.

#### WELD SEAM AE

## Manual Examination Coverage

Weld seam AE was examined 100 percent by manual techniques.

#### WELD SEAM AF

## Manual Examination Coverage

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Weld seam AF was examined 100 percent from one side in accordance with Paragraph I-5121 of ASME Section XI, Appendix I. In addition, a  $0^{\circ}$  only examination of weld AF was performed from the top surface of the vessel flange.

#### EXCLUSIONS

No exclusions are required for the reactor pressure vessel circumferential welds AA, AB, AC, AD, AE and AF.



# CATEGORY BA PRESSURE RETAINING WELDS IN REACTOR VESSEL LONGITUDINAL SHELL WELDS

## WELD SEAM BA

BA LEFT SIDE (CW)

## Remote Automatic Examination Coverage

There was one (1) interference on weld seam BA left side that caused a missed area during the remote automatic examination. This was:

Nozzle N2K 43" Missed

The length of weld seam BA is 137".

The interference caused 31.38 percent of weld seam BA left side to be missed during the remote automatic examination.

Manual Examination Coverage

No interference. One hundred percent coverage.

## SUMMARY WELD SEAM BA

Eighty-four and three-tenth percent of weld seam BA was examined in accordance with Appendix I of ASME Section XI using remote automatic techniques. Manual data exists for the 15.7 percent of the weld seam missed by the remote scanner and when combined with the remote examination data provides 100 percent coverage.

## WELD SEAM BB

BB LEFT SIDE (CW)

## Remote Automatic Examination Coverage

There was one (1) interference on weld seam BB left side that caused a missed area during the remote automatic examination. This was:

Nozzle N2C 46" Missed

The length of weld seam BB is 137".

The interference caused 33.57 percent of weld seam BB left side to be missed during the remote automatic examination.

Manual Examination Coverage





## BB RIGHT SIDE (CCW)

## Remote Automatic Examination Coverage

No interference. One hundred percent coverage.

## SUMMARY WELD SEAM BB

Eighty-three and two-tenth percent of weld seam BB was examined in accordance with Appendix I of ASME Section XI using remote automatic techniques. Manual data exists for the 16.8 percent of the weld seam missed by the remote scanner and when combined with the remote examination, data provides 100 percent coverage.

#### WELD SEAM BC.

## BC LEFT SIDE (CW)

## Remote Automatic Examination Coverage

There was one (1) interference on weld seam BC left side that caused a missed area during the remote automatic examination. This was:

Nozzle N2F 44" Missed

The length of weld seam BC is 137".

The interference caused 32.12 percent of weld seam BC to be missed during the remote automatic examination.

## Manual Examination Coverage

No interference. One hundred percent coverage.

BC RIGHT SIDE (CCW)

Remote Automatic Examination Coverage

There was (1) interference on weld seam BC right side that caused a missed area during the remote automatic examination. This was:

Nozzle N1B 69" Missed

The interference caused 50.36 percent of weld seam BC right side to be missed during the remote automatic examination.

# Manual Examination Coverage



#### SUMMARY WELD SEAM BC

Fifty-eight and eight-tenth percent of weld seam BC was examined in accordance with Appendix I of ASME Section XI using remote automatic techniques. Manual data exists for the 41.2 percent of the weld seam missed by the remote scanner and when combined with the remote examination, data provides 100 percent coverage.

#### WELD SEAM BD

## Remote Automatic Examination Coverage

Weld seam BD was examined 100 percent by the remote automatic equipment.

### WELD SEAM BE

#### Remote Automatic Examination Coverage

Weld seam BE was examined 100 percent by the remote automatic equipment.

#### WELD SEAM BF

#### BF LEFT SIDE (CW)

## Remote Automatic Examination Coverage

There was one (1) interference on weld seam BF left side that caused a missed area during the remote automatic examination. This was:

Nozzle N16B 18" Missed

The length of weld seam BF is 137".

The interference caused 13.14 percent of weld seam BF left side to be missed during the remote automatic examination.

Manual Examination Coverage

BF RIGHT SIDE (CCW)



Remote Automatic Examination Coverage

There was one (1) interference on weld seam BF right side that caused a missed area during the remote automatic examination. This was:

> 44" Missed Nozzle N16B

The interference caused 32.12 percent of weld seam BF right side to be missed during the remote automatic examination.

## Manual Examination Coverage

N16B interference. One hundred percent coverage*.

An area 15" long was examined in one direction only for *NOTE: parallel reflectors in accordance with the requirements of Paragraph I-5121 of ASME Section XI, Appendix I.

## SUMMARY WELD SEAM BF

Seventy-seven and four-tenth percent of weld seam BF was examined in accordance with Appendix I of ASME Section XI using remote automatic techniques. Manual data exists for the 22.6 percent of the weld seam missed by the remote scanner and when combined with the remote examination data provides 100 percent coverage.

## WELD SEAM BG

BG LEFT SIDE (CW)

Remote Automatic Examination Coverage

There was one (1) interference on weld seam BG left side that caused a missed area during the remote automatic examination. This was:

RPV Stabilizer Bracket

8" Missed

The length of weld seam BG is 137".

The interference caused 5.8 percent of weld seam BG left side to be missed during the remote automatic examination.

Manual Examination Coverage

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BG RIGHT SIDE (CCW)

# Remote Automatic Examination Coverage

There was one (1) interference on weld seam BG right side that caused a missed area during the remote automatic examination. This was:

RPV Stabilizer Bracket 8" Missed

The interference caused 5.8 percent of weld seam BG right side to be missed during the remote automatic examination.

# Manual Examination Coverage

No interference. One hundred percent coverage.

## SUMMARY WELD SEAM BG

Ninety-four and two-tenth percent of weld seam BG was examined in accordance with Appendix I of ASME Section XI using remote automatic techniques. Manual data exists for the 5.8 percent of the weld seam missed by the remote scanner, and when combined with the remote examination data provides 100 percent coverage.



## WELD SEAM BH

BH LEFT SIDE (CW)

Remote Automatic Examination Coverage

There was one (1) interference on weld seam BH left side that caused a missed area during the remote automatic examination. This was:

RPV Stabilizer Bracket 10" Missed

The length of weld seam BH is 137".

The interference caused 7.3 percent of weld seam BH left side to be missed during the remote automatic examination.

Manual Examination Coverage

No interference. One hundred percent coverage.

BH RIGHT SIDE (CCW)

Remote Automatic Examination Coverage

There was one (1) interference on weld seam BH right side that caused a missed area during the remote automatic examination. This was:

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RPV Stabilizer Bracket

11" Missed

The interference caused 8.0 percent of weld seam BH right side to be missed during the remote automatic examination.

## Manual Examination Coverage

No interference. One hundred percent coverage.

### SUMMARY WELD SEAM BH

Ninety-two and four-tenth percent of weld seam BH was examined in accordance with Appendix I of ASME Section XI using remote automatic techniques. Manual data exists for the 7.6 percent of the weld seam missed by the remote scanner and when combined with the remote examination data provides 100 percent coverage.

# WELD SEAM BJ

## BJ LEFT SIDE (CW)

Remote Automatic Examination Coverage

There was one (1) interference on weld seam BJ left side that caused a missed area during the remote automatic examination. This was:

RPV Stabilizer Bracket 9" Missed

The length of weld seam BJ is 137".

The interference caused 6.6 percent of weld seam BJ left side to be missed during the remote automatic examination.

Manual Examination Coverage

No interference. One hundred percent coverage.

BJ RIGHT SIDE (CCW)

#### Remote Automatic Examination Coverage

There was one (1) interference on weld seam BJ right side that caused a missed area during the remote automatic examination. This was:

RPV Stabilizer Bracket 8" Missed

The interference caused 5.8 percent of weld seam BJ right side to be missed during the remote automatic examination.

Manual Examination Coverage

No interference. One hundred percent coverage.

## SUMMARY WELD SEAM BJ

Ninety-three and eight-tenth percent of weld seam BJ was examined in accordance with Appendix I of ASME Section XI using remote automatic techniques. Manual data exists for the 6.2 percent of the weld seam missed by the remote scanner and when combined with the remote examination data provides 100 percent coverage.

## WELD SEAM BK

## Manual Examination Coverage

No interference. One hundred percent coverage.

# WELD SEAM BM

Manual Examination Coverage

No interference. One hundred percent coverage.

## WELD SEAM BN

## Manual Examination Coverage

No interference. One hundred percent coverage.

## WELD SEAM BP

# Manual Examination Coverage

## CATEGORY BA

## PRESSURE RETAINING WELDS IN REACTOR VESSEL

# CIRCUMFERENTIAL AND MERIDIONAL WELDS IN VESSEL HEADS

## CLOSURE HEAD (TOP)

The following circumferential weld seams were examined manually with 100 percent coverage:

AG (Head to Flange) AH (Dollar Plate to Side Plates)

The following meridional weld seams were examined manually with 100 percent coverage:

DJ (Side Plate to Side Plate) DK (Side Plate to Side Plate) DM (Side Plate to Side Plate) DN (Side Plate to Side Plate) DP (Side Plate to Side Plate) DR (Side Plate to Side Plate)

## SUMMARY FOR CLOSURE HEAD WELD SEAMS

All weld seams in the RPV closure head were examined in accordance with Appendix I of ASME Section XI using manual examination techniques. There were no interferences to the examination.

## BOTTOM HEAD

The following circumferential weld seam was examined manually with 100 percent coverage:

AJ (Dollar Plate to Side Plates)

The following longitudinal weld seams were examined manually with 100 percent coverage:

DJ (Dollar Plate Longitudinal Seam) DH (Dollar Plate Longitudinal Seam)



## BOTTOM HEAD (Continued)

The following meridional weld seams were examined manually with partial coverage due to interference:

DA (Side Plate to Side Plate) DB (Side Plate to Side Plate) DC (Side Plate to Side Plate) DD (Side Plate to Side Plate) DE (Side Plate to Side Plate) DF (Side Plate to Side Plate)

The weld buildup for the vessel skirt attachment caused an interference to the manual examination of weld seams DA - DF. The interference caused unexamined volumes as follows:

00	Base	Metal	Exam	12%	Missed
00	Weld	Metal	Exam	12%	Missed
45°	Exam			4%	Missed
60 ⁰	Exam			2%	Missed

A composite of all examination angles shows that a volume equal to 2 percent of the required examination volume for welds DA - DF is completely unexamined.

Per Relief Request #8, PP&L requests relief from ASME Section XI examination requirements for the unexamined volumes as indicated above.



## CATEGORY BD

PRIMARY NOZZLE-TO-VESSEL WELDS AND NOZZLE INSIDE RADIUSED SECTIONS

The following nozzle-to-vessel welds were examined 100 percent using remote automatic examination techniques:

NIA and B - Recirculation Outlet Nozzles

N2 A, B, E, F, G and K - Recirculation Inlet Nozzles

N3 A, B, C and D - Main Steam Outlet Nozzles

<u>N4 B, C, E and F</u> - Feedwater Inlet Nozzles

N5 A and B - Core Spray Inlet Nozzles

The following nozzle-to-vessel welds were examined partially using remote automatic examination techniques:

Recirculation Inlet (N2) Nozzles

<u>N2C</u>	-	
'288.8 ⁰	-	Completely examined
71.2 ⁰		Examined with a short scan due to interference from nozzle N8A
<u>N2D</u>		
313.5 ⁰	-	Completely examined
46.5 ⁰	-	Examined with a short scan due to interference from nozzle N8A
<u>N2H</u>		
314.9 ⁰	-	Completely examined
45.1 ⁰	-	Examined with a short scan due to interference from nozzle N8B
<u>N2J</u>		
321.5 ⁰	-	Completely examined
38.5 ⁰	-	Examined with a short scan due to interference from nozzle N8B



## SUMMARY OF N2 PARTIAL EXAMINATIONS

The interference from the N8 nozzles caused a short scan of the affected areas. A scan length of 16" from the weld centerline is needed to achieve a complete examination of the required examination volume. The N8 nozzle interference allowed only a 13.75" scan length. This caused a missed volume of 19 percent in the affected areas. (81 percent was examined)

Manual data exists for the 19 percent of the affected areas missed by the remote scanner and when combined with the remote examination data, provides 100 percent coverage.

#### FEEDWATER INLET (N4) NOZZLES

N4A

300° - Completely examined

60° - Not examined due to interference from nozzle N11A

N4D

- 300° Completely examined
- 60° Not examined due to interference from nozzle N11B.

## SUMMARY OF N4 PARTIAL EXAMINATIONS

The proximity of nozzles N11 A and B to the affected feedwater nozzles precludes a complete Section XI examination of weld seams N4A and N4D. The spacing of 4.5" between the nozzles allows only a best effort manual examination of the areas. Partial manual data exists for the affected areas but does not provide 100 percent coverage. Per Relief Request #9, PP&L requests relief from ASME Section XI examination requirements for the unexamined volumes (16.67 percent of the weld seam).

#### MANUAL NOZZLE EXAMINATIONS

The following nozzle-to-vessel welds were examined 100 percent using manual examination techniques:

NG	A&B	Hea	d Instrumentation Nozzles
N7:		. Hea	d Vent Nozzle
N8	A&B	Jet	Pump Instrumentation Nozzles
N9	•	CRI	) Hydraulic Return Nozzle





## CATEGORY BE

# PRESSURE RETAINING PARTIAL PENETRATION WELDS IN VESSELS

The following partial penetration welds were examined for evidence of leakage during the system hydrostatic test on Susquehanna Unit #1.

- N10 Core  $\triangle$  P and Liquid Control Nozzle
- N11 A & B Instrumentation Nozzles Shell Course #3
- N12 A & B Instrumentation Nozzles Shell Course #4
- N13 Flange Seal Leak Detector Nozzle on Vessel Flange
- N15 RPV Bottom Head Drain Nozzle
- N16 A & B Instrumentation Nozzles Shell Course #2

Control Rod Drive Penetrations 185

In-Core Penetrations 55

11.1



## CATEGORY BF

## · PRESSURE RETAINING DISSIMILAR METAL WELDS

### NOZZLE TO SAFE END WELDS

Nozzle to safe end welds were examined in accordance with Table IWB-2600 of ASME Section XI.

The volumetric examination was manual ultrasonic testing in accordance with Appendix III of ASME Section XI.

The surface examination was liquid penetrant testing in accordance with Article 6 of ASME Section V.

The following safe end welds were completely examined in accordance with ASME _ Section XI:

NIA&B	Recirculation Outlet
N2 A - K	Recirculation Inlet
N3 A - D	Main Steam Outlet
N4 A - F	Feedwater Inlet
N5 A & B	(including extention)
	Core Spray Inlet
N6 A & B	Head Instrumentation
N7	Head Vent
N8 A & B	Jet Pump Instrumentation
*N9	CRD Hydraulic Return
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*The N9 safe end has been removed and the nozzle has been capped. The nozzle-to-cap weld has not yet been examined, but it can be completely examined.





## CATEGORY BG-1

## PRESSURE RETAINING BOLTING TWO INCHES AND LARGER IN DIAMETER

## FLANGE CLOSURE NUTS

Nut #1 - N #76 were completely surface examined in accordance with Table IWB-2600 of ASME Section XI. The examination was a wet magnetic particle examination in acordance with Article 7 of ASME Section V.

### FLANGE CLOSURE STUDS

Stud #1 - Stud #76 were completely examined by both volumetric and surface techniques. The volumetric examination was ultrasonic in accordance with the requirements of Article 5 of ASME Section V. The surface examination was a wet magnetic particle examination in accordance with Article 7 of ASME Section V.

#### LIGAMENTS BETWEEN FLANGE STUD HOLES

The ligaments between stud holes 1 - 76 were volumetrically examined in accordance with Table IWB-2600 of ASME Section XI. The volumetric examination was ultrasonic in accordance with General Electric Company specifications.

## FLANGE CLOSURE WASHERS

Washer #1 - Washer #76 were visually examined in accordance with Table IWB-2600 of ASME Section XI. The visual examination was in accordance with Article 9 of ASME Section V.



## CATEGORY BH

## VESSEL SUPPORTS

Weld *CG, the support skirt to skirt knuckle attachment weld, was completely examined volumetrically in accordance with Table IWB-2600 of ASME Section XI. The volumetric examination was ultrasonic in accordance with Appendix I of ASME Section XI.

# * NOTE:

The skirt knuckle was machined from a weld buildup designated as weld FR. Weld FR was examined to the maximum extent possible as an addition to weld CG. Approximately 59 percent of weld seam FR was ultrasonically examined. Weld FR is an ASME Section III NF integral attachment to the pressure boundary and as such is not within the examination scope of Section XI.




## CATEGORY BI-1

### INTERIOR CLAD SURFACES OF REACTOR VESSELS

#### VESSEL CLADDING

Six (6) cladding examination patches were visually examined in accordance with Table IWB-2600 of ASME Section XI. The visual'examination was in accordance with Article 9 of ASME Section V.

# CATEGORY BN-1

### INTERIOR OF REACTOR VESSELS

#### VESSEL INTERIOR

All items and surfaces above and below the core support plate were visually examined in accordance with Table IWB-2600 of ASME Section XI. The visual examination was in accordance with Article 9 of ASME Section V. Items and surfaces normally accessible for ISI were also photographed to provide a comparison for ISI purposes.



### CATEGORY BO

# PRESSURE RETAINING WELDS IN CONTROL ROD HOUSINGS

## CRD HOUSING WELDS

The welds in CRD housings were exempted from volumetric examination based upon plant makeup capacity. They were examined for leakage during the system hydro.

#### CATEGORY BP

COMPONENTS EXEMPTED FROM EXAMINATION BY IWB-1220

### EXEMPTED COMPONENTS

All components exempted from examination were examined for leakage during the system hydro.

sjb/S-6

# CATEGORY BN-2

# INTEGRALLY WELDED CORE SUPPORT STRUCTURES AND INTERIOR ATTACHMENTS TO REACTOR VESSELS

All core support and attachment welds were visually examined in accordance with Table IWB-2600 of ASME Section XI. The visual examination was in accordance with Article 9 of ASME Section V.









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