

SHEARON HARRIS NUCLEAR POWER PLANT
DOCKET NO. 50-400/LICENSE NO. NPF-63
REVISION TO REQUEST FOR LICENSE AMENDMENT
RWST AND SAFETY INJECTION ACCUMULATOR BORON CONCENTRATION
SPRAY ADDITIVE TANK AND BORIC ACID TANK LEVELS

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION PAGES

9205180080 920511
PDR ADDCK 05000400
P PDR

(1526AREV.HNP)

A minimum contained borated water volume of 6650 gallons which is ensured by maintaining indicated level of greater than or equal to 21%,

REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS

BORATED WATER SOURCE - SHUTDOWN

LIMITING CONDITION FOR OPERATION

3.1.2.5 As a minimum, one of the following borated water sources shall be OPERABLE:

a. ^{The} Boric acid tank with:

1. ~~A minimum contained borated water volume of 7100 gallons, which is equivalent to 17% indicated level.~~
2. A boron concentration of between 7000 and 7750 ppm, and
3. A minimum solution temperature of 65°F.

b. The refueling water storage tank (RWST) with:

1. A minimum contained borated water volume of 106,000 gallons, which is equivalent to 12% indicated level,
2. A boron concentration of between ~~2000~~²⁴⁰⁰ and ~~2200~~²⁶⁰⁰ ppm, and
3. A minimum solution temperature of 40°F.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 5 and 6.

ACTION:

With no borated water source OPERABLE, suspend all operations involving CORE ALTERATIONS or positive reactivity changes.

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

4.1.2.5 The above required borated water source shall be demonstrated OPERABLE:

a. At least once per 7 days by:

1. Verifying the boron concentration of the water,
2. Verifying the contained borated water volume, and
3. Verifying the boric acid tank solution temperature when it is the source of borated water.

b. At least once per 24 hours by verifying the RWST temperature when it is the source of borated water and the outside air temperature is less than 40°F.

A minimum contained borated water volume of 24,150 gallons, which is ensured by maintaining indicated level of greater than or equal to 74%.

REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS

BORATED WATER SOURCES - OPERATING

LIMITING CONDITION FOR OPERATION

3.1.2.6 As a minimum, the following borated water source(s) shall be OPERABLE as required by Specification 3.1.2.2:

a. ^{(The} A boric acid tank with:

1. ~~A minimum contained borated water volume of 21,400 gallons, which is equivalent to 60% indicated level.~~

2. A boron concentration of between 7000 and 7750 ppm, and

3. A minimum solution temperature of 65°F.

b. The refueling water storage tank (RWST) with:

1. A minimum contained borated water volume of 436,000 gallons, which is equivalent to 92% indicated level.

2. A boron concentration of between ⁽²⁴⁰⁰⁾~~2000~~ and ⁽²⁶⁰⁰⁾~~2200~~ ppm,

3. A minimum solution temperature of 40°F, and

4. A maximum solution temperature of 125°F.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTION:

a. With the boric acid tank inoperable and being used as one of the above required borated water sources, restore the boric acid tank to OPERABLE status within 72 hours or be in at least HOT STANDBY within the next 6 hours and borated to a SHUTDOWN MARGIN as required by Figure 3.1-1 at 200°F; restore the boric acid tank to OPERABLE status within the next 7 days or be in COLD SHUTDOWN within the next 30 hours.

b. With the RWST inoperable, restore the tank to OPERABLE status within 1 hour or be in at least HOT STANDBY within the next 6 hours and in COLD SHUTDOWN within the following 30 hours.

REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS

BASES

BORATION SYSTEMS (Continued)

From full power equilibrium xenon conditions and requires ^{24,150}~~21,400~~ gallons of 7000 ppm borated water be maintained in the boric acid storage tanks or 436,000 gallons of ~~2000-2200~~ ppm borated water be maintained in the refueling water storage tank (RWST). ²⁴⁰⁰⁻²⁶⁰⁰

With the RCS temperature below 350°F, one boron injection flow path is acceptable without single failure consideration on the basis of the stable reactivity

REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS

BASES

BORATION SYSTEMS (Continued)

condition of the reactor and the additional restrictions prohibiting CORE ALTERATIONS and positive reactivity changes in the event the single boron injection flow path becomes inoperable.

The limitation for a maximum of one charging/safety injection pump (CSIP) to be OPERABLE and the Surveillance Requirement to verify all CSIPs except the required OPERABLE pump to be inoperable below 325°F provides assurance that a mass addition pressure transient can be relieved by the operation of a single PORV.

The boron capability, required below 200°F is sufficient to provide the required SHUTDOWN MARGIN as defined by Specification 3/4.1.1.2 after xenon decay and cooldown from 200°F to 140°F. This condition requires either ⁶⁶⁵⁰ ~~7100~~ gallons of 7000 ppm borated water, be maintained in the boric acid storage tanks or 106,000 gallons of ~~2000-2200~~ ²⁴⁰⁰⁻²⁶⁰⁰ ppm borated water be maintained in the RWST.

The gallons given above are the amounts that need to be maintained in the tank in the various circumstances. To get the specified value, each value had added to it an allowance for the unusable volume of water in the tank, allowances for other identified needs, and an allowance for possible instrument error. In addition, for human factors purposes, the percent indicated levels were then raised to either the next whole percent or the next even percent and the gallon figures rounded off. This makes the LCO values conservative to the analyzed values. (the specified percent level and gallons differ by less than 0.3%). *indicated levels used for surveillance testing*

The limits on contained water volume and boron concentration of the RWST also ensure a pH value of between 8.5 and 11.0 for the solution recirculated within containment after a LOCA. This pH band minimizes the evolution of iodine and minimizes the effect of chloride and caustic stress corrosion on mechanical systems and components.

The BAT minimum temperature of 65°F ensures that boron solubility is maintained for concentrations of at least the 7750 ppm limit. The RWST minimum temperature is consistent with the STS value and is based upon other considerations since solubility is not an issue at the specified concentration levels. The RWST high temperature was selected to be consistent with analytical assumptions for containment heat load.

The OPERABILITY of one Boron Injection System during REFUELING ensures that this system is available for reactivity control while in MODE 6.

3/4.1.3 MOVABLE CONTROL ASSEMBLIES

The specifications of this section ensure that: (1) acceptable power distribution limits are maintained, (2) the minimum SHUTDOWN MARGIN is maintained, and (3) the potential effects of rod misalignment on associated accident analyses are limited. OPERABILITY of the control rod position indicators is required to determine control rod positions and thereby ensure compliance with the control rod alignment and insertion limits.

REACTIVITY CONTROL ITEMS

BORATED WATER SOURCE - SHUTDOWN

LIMITING CONDITION FOR OPERATION

3.1.2.5 As a minimum, one of the following borated water sources shall be OPERABLE:

- a. The boric acid tank with:
 - 1. A minimum contained borated water volume of 6650 gallons which is ensured by maintaining indicated level of greater than or equal to 21%,
 - 2. A boron concentration of between 7000 and 7750 ppm, and
 - 3. A minimum solution temperature of 65°F.
- b. The refueling water storage tank (RWST) with:
 - 1. A minimum contained borated water volume of 106,000 gallons, which is equivalent to 12% indicated level,
 - 2. A boron concentration of between 2400 and 2600 ppm, and
 - 3. A minimum solution temperature of 40°F.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 5 and 6.

ACTION:

With no borated water source OPERABLE, suspend all operations involving CORE ALTERATIONS or positive reactivity changes.

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

4.1.2.5 The above required borated water source shall be demonstrated OPERABLE:

- a. At least once per 7 days by:
 - 1. Verifying the boron concentration of the water,
 - 2. Verifying the contained borated water volume, and
 - 3. Verifying the boric acid tank solution temperature when it is the source of borated water.
- b. At least once per 24 hours by verifying the RWST temperature when it is the source of borated water and the outside air temperature is less than 40°F.

REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS

BORATED WATER SOURCES - OPERATING

LIMITING CONDITION FOR OPERATION

3.1.2.6 As a minimum, the following borated water source(s) shall be OPERABLE as required by Specification 3.1.2.2:

- a. The boric acid tank with:
 1. A minimum contained borated water volume of 24,150 gallons, which is ensured by maintaining indicated level of greater than or equal to 74%,
 2. A boron concentration of between 7000 and 7750 ppm, and
 3. A minimum solution temperature of 65°F.
- b. The refueling water storage tank (RWST) with:
 1. A minimum contained borated water volume of 436,000 gallons, which is equivalent to 92% indicated level.
 2. A boron concentration of between 2400 and 2600 ppm,
 3. A minimum solution temperature of 40°F, and
 4. A maximum solution temperature of 125°F.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTION:

- a. With the boric acid tank inoperable and being used as one of the above required borated water sources, restore the boric acid tank to OPERABLE status within 72 hours or be in at least HOT STANDBY within the next 6 hours and borated to a SHUTDOWN MARGIN as required by Figure 3.1-1 at 200°F; restore the boric acid tank to OPERABLE status within the next 7 days or be in COLD SHUTDOWN within the next 30 hours.
- b. With the RWST inoperable, restore the tank to OPERABLE status within 1 hour or be in at least HOT STANDBY within the next 6 hours and in COLD SHUTDOWN within the following 30 hours.

REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS

BASES

BORATION SYSTEMS (Continued)

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REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS

BASES

BORATION SYSTEMS (Continued)

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The gallons given above are the amounts that need to be maintained in the tank in the various circumstances. To get the specified indicated levels used for surveillance testing, each value had added to it an allowance for the unusable volume of water in the tank, allowances for other identified needs, and an allowance for possible instrument error. In addition, for human factors purposes, the percent indicated levels were then raised to either the next whole percent or the next even percent and the gallon figures rounded off. This makes the LCO values conservative to the analyzed values.

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