

ATTACHMENT 3

PROPOSED TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Marked-up Technical Specifications Pages,

2-7  
2-8 (for information only)  
2-9 (for information only)  
2-10 (for information only)

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TABLE 2.2-1 (Continued)

TABLE NOTATIONS

NOTE 1: OVERTEMPERATURE  $\Delta T$

$$\Delta T \left\{ \frac{1 + \tau_1 S}{1 + \tau_2 S} \right\} \left( \frac{1}{1 + \tau_3 S} \right) \leq \Delta T_0 \left\{ K_1 - K_2 \frac{(1 + \tau_4 S)}{(1 + \tau_5 S)} \left[ T \left( \frac{1}{1 + \tau_6 S} \right) - T' \right] + K_3 (P - P') - f_1 (\Delta I) \right\}$$

Where:  $\Delta T$  = Measured  $\Delta T$  by RTD Instrumentation

$\frac{1 + \tau_1 S}{1 + \tau_2 S}$  = Lead/Lag compensator on measured  $\Delta T$ ;  $\tau_1 = 8s, \tau_2 = 3s$

$\frac{1}{1 + \tau_3 S}$  = Lag compensator on measured  $\Delta T$ ;  $\tau_3 = 0s$

$\Delta T_0$  = Indicated  $\Delta T$  at RATED THERMAL POWER

$K_1$  = 1.095;

$K_2$  = 0.0107/°F;

$\frac{1 + \tau_4 S}{1 + \tau_5 S}$  = The function generated by the lead-lag compensator for  $T_{avg}$  dynamic compensation;

$\tau_4, \tau_5$  = Time constants utilized in the lead-lag compensator for  $T_{avg}$ ,  $\tau_4 = 25s, \tau_5 = 3s$ ;

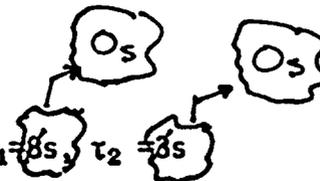
$T$  = Average temperature, °F;

$\frac{1}{1 + \tau_6 S}$  = Lag compensator on measured  $T_{avg}$ ;  $\tau_6 = 0s$

$T'$   $\leq$  574.2°F (Nominal  $T_{avg}$  at RATED THERMAL POWER);

$K_3$  = 0.000453/psig;

$P$  = Pressurizer pressure, psig;



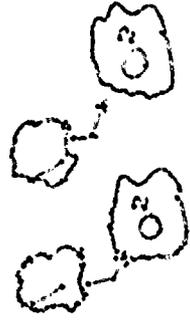


TABLE 2.2-1 (Continued)  
TABLE NOTATIONS (Continued)

NOTE 1: (Continued)

- $P'$          $\geq$  2235 psig (Nominal RCS operating pressure);
- $S$           $=$  Laplace transform operator,  $s^{-1}$ ;

and  $f_1(\Delta I)$  is a function of the indicated difference between top and bottom detectors of the power-range neutron ion chambers; with gains to be selected based on measured instrument response during plant startup tests such that:

- (1) For  $q_t - q_b$  between - 14% and + 10%,  $f_1(\Delta I) = 0$ , where  $q_t$  and  $q_b$  are percent RATED THERMAL POWER in the top and bottom halves of the core respectively, and  $q_t + q_b$  is total THERMAL POWER in percent of RATED THERMAL POWER;
- (2) For each percent that the magnitude of  $q_t - q_b$  exceeds - 14%, the  $\Delta T$  Trip Setpoint shall be automatically reduced by 1.5% of its value at RATED THERMAL POWER; and
- (3) For each percent that the magnitude of  $q_t - q_b$  exceeds + 10%, the  $\Delta T$  Trip Setpoint shall be automatically reduced by 1.5% of its value at RATED THERMAL POWER.

NOTE 2: The channels maximum trip setpoint shall not exceed its computed setpoint by more than 1.5% of instrument span.

TABLE 2.2-1 (Continued)  
TABLE NOTATIONS (Continued)

NOTE 3: OVERPOWER  $\Delta T$

$$\Delta T \left\{ \frac{1 + \tau_1 S}{1 + \tau_2 S} \right\} \left( \frac{1}{1 + \tau_3 S} \right) \leq \Delta T_0 \{ K_4 - K_5 \frac{(\tau_7 S)}{1 + \tau_7 S} \left( \frac{1}{1 + \tau_6 S} \right) T - K_6 \left[ T \left( \frac{1}{1 + \tau_6 S} \right) - T'' \right] - f_2 (\Delta I) \}$$

Where:  $\Delta T$  = As defined in Note 1,

$\frac{1 + \tau_1 S}{1 + \tau_2 S}$  = As defined in Note 1,

$\frac{1}{1 + \tau_3 S}$  = As defined in Note 1,

$\Delta T_0$  = As defined in Note 1,

$K_4$   $\leq$  1.09,

$K_5$   $\geq$  0.02/°F for increasing average temperature and 0 for decreasing average temperature,

$\frac{\tau_7 S}{1 + \tau_7 S}$  = The function generated by the rate-lag compensator for  $T_{avg}$  dynamic compensation,

$\tau_7$  = Time constants utilized in the rate-lag compensator for  $T_{avg}$ ,  $\tau_7 \geq 10$  s,

$\frac{1}{1 + \tau_6 S}$  = As defined in Note 1,

TABLE 2.2-1 (Continued)  
TABLE NOTATIONS (Continued)

NOTE 3: (Continued)

$K_8$	=	0.00068/°F for $T > T''$ = 0 for $T \leq T''$ ,
$T$	=	As defined in Note 1,
$T''$	=	Indicated $T_{avg}$ at RATED THERMAL POWER (Calibration temperature for $\Delta T$ instrumentation, $\leq 574.2^\circ\text{F}$ ),
$S$	=	As defined in Note 1, and
$f_2(\Delta I)$	=	0 for all $\Delta I$

NOTE 4: The channel's maximum trip setpoint shall not exceed its computed trip setpoint by more than 1.4% of instrument span.



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