## ACCELERATED DISTRIBUTION DEMONSTRATION SYSTEM

REGULATE INFORMATION DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM (RIDS)

ACCESSION NBR:9207200129 DOC.DATE: 92/07/10 NOTARIZED: NO DOCKET # FACIL:50-250 Turkey Point Plant, Unit 3, Florida Power and Light C 05000250 AUTHOR AFFILIATION

KNORR, J.E. Florida Power & Light .Co.
PLUNKETT, T.F. Florida Power & Light Co.
RECIP.NAME RECIPIENT AFFILIATION

SUBJECT: LER 92-006-00:on 920610, discovered that recirculation of waste monitor tank, prior to liquid release, not conducted per TS & tank recirculated to less than one tank vol. Caused by overestimation of flow rate. Calibrs verified. W/920710 ltr.

NOTES:NRR RAGHAVAN,L

05000250

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INTERNAL:		2	2	AEOD/DOA	1	1	
	AEOD/DSP/TPAB	1	1	AEOD/ROAB/DSP	2	2	
	NRR/DET/EMEB 7E	1	1	NRR/DLPQ/LHFB10	1	1	
	NRR/DLPQ/LPEB10	1	1	NRR/DOEA/OEAB	1	1	
	NRR/DREP/PRPB11	2	2	NRR/DST/SELB 8D	1	1	
E	NRR/DST/SICB8H3	1	1	NRR-DST-SPLB8D1	1	1	
h.	NRR/DST/SRXB 8E	1	1	REG_FILE 02	1	1	
	RES/DSIR/EIB	. 1	1	RGN2 FILE 01	1	1	
EXTERNAL:	EG&G BRYCE, J.H	3	3	L ST LOBBY WARD	1	1	
	NRC PDR	1٠	1	NSIC MURPHY, G. A	ī	ī	
• •	NSIC POORE, W.	1	1	NUDOCS FULL TXT	ī	1	
NOTES:	· • •	1	1				

NOTE TO ALL "RIDS" RECIPIENTS:

PLEASE HELP US TO REDUCE WASTE! CONTACT THE DOCUMENT CONTROL DESK, ROOM P1-37 (EXT. 20079) TO ELIMINATE YOUR NAME FROM DISTRIBUTION . LISTS FOR DOCUMENTS YOU DON'T NEED!

KOJ)



JUL 10 1992

L-92-195 10 CFR 50.73

U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Attn: Document Control Desk Washington, D. C. 20555

#### Gentlemen:

Re: Turkey Point Units 3 and 4

Docket Nos. 50-250 and 50-251 Reportable Event: 92-006-00

Recirculation of Waste Monitor Tanks not in Accordance With Offsite Dose Calculational Manual Prior to Sample Acquisition.

The attached Licensee Event Report 250-92-006-00 is being provided in accordance with 10 CFR 50.73 (a) (2) (i) (B).

If there are any questions please contact us..

Very truly yours,

T. F. Plunkett.

Vice President Turkey Point Nuclear

TFP/JEK/jk

enclosures -

cc: Stewart D. Ebneter, Regional Administrator, Region II,

Ross C. Butcher, Senior Resident Inspector, USNRC, Turkey Point Plant

76.66: 2

9207200129 920710 PDR ADDCK 05000250 S PDR SE22 !



LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER)																				
FACILITY NAME (1)										DOCKET NUMBER (2) PAGE (3)										
Turkey Point Unit 3								*		050	05000250 1					3				
Recirculation of Waste Monitor Tanks not in Accordance With Offsite  Dose Calculational Manual Prior to Sample Acquisition.																				
EVENT DATE (5) LER NUMBER (6) RPT DATE (7)							OTHER FACILITIES INV. (8)													
мои	DAY	YR		YR	SEQ #	R₽	MON	DAY	YR .		NAME						DOCKET # (S)			
06	10	92		92	006	00	07	10	92		Tur	urkey Point Unit 4						05000251		
OPERATING MODE (2) 1 10 CFR 50.73(a) (2) (i) (B)																				
LICENSEE CONTACT FOR THIS LER (12)																				
James E. Knorr, Regulation and Compliance Specialist																				
,									•	305-246-6757										
COMPLETE ONE LINE FOR EACH COMPONENT FAILURE DESCRIBED IN THIS REPORT (13)																				
CAUSE	SYST	EM	COMPO	NENT	MANUFACTURER	NPRDS				CAUSE	SYSTEM		М	COMPONENT		MANUFACTURER			NPRDS	
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On June 10, 1992, during a Quality Assurance audit of radiological liquid releases, Florida Power and Light personnel discovered that the recirculation of the waste monitor tank prior to liquid releases was not being conducted in the manner required by Technical Specifications.

Technical Specification 4.11.1.1.2 requires that an analysis be performed in accordance with the requirements of the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM). ODCM section 2.2.1 requires that liquid waste in the waste monitor tank be isolated and recirculated for a minimum of one tank volume prior to sampling. Contrary to the ODCM the tank has been recirculated for somewhat less than one tank volume.

After the discovery and further evaluation, the recirculation time was changed to conservatively conform with the Technical Specification and ODCM.

The root cause appears to be an inadequate characterization of the pump and recirculation line capabilities and therefore overestimation of the recirculation flow rate.

# LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER) TEXT CONTINUATION

FACILITY NAME DOCKET NUMBER LER NUMBER PAGE NO.
TURKEY POINT UNITS 3 & 4 05000250 92-006-00 02 of 03

#### I. DESCRIPTION OF THE EVENT

During an annual Quality Assurance audit of radioactive effluents, Florida Power and Light Personnel evaluated the recirculation time necessary to meet the requirements of the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual and Technical Specification 4.11.1.1.2. During the audit, flow rates and pressures existing during the recirculation process of the waste monitor tank (EIIS - WD IEEE - TK) were verified. The system characteristics were found to be approximately 72 gpm at 112 psig. The flow was expected to be 85 to 100 gpm. A pump curve created to reflect the system characteristics was found to be in error. The recirculation time for the system was required to be one tank volume by Chemistry Procedure 0-NCZP-061.2, "Waste Monitor Tank Sampling." The normal recirculation time was one hour. The waste monitor tank has a volume of 5000 gallons. Therefore, less than one volume was recirculated in one hour.

#### II. CAUSE OF THE EVENT

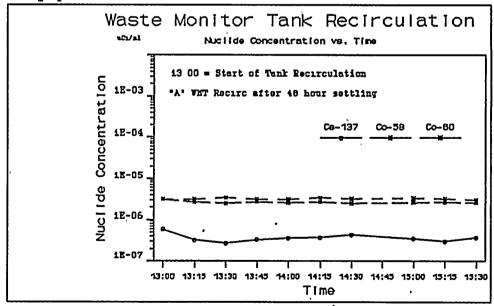
The root cause was the incorrect pump curve. The procedure used for the analysis of the tank volume required the tank to be recirculated for a minimum of one tank volume. The flow rate found during the audit, if used for one hour, would result in the recirculation of the equivalent of only one-half tank volume.

#### III. ANALYSIS OF THE EVENT

Following the discovery of the flow discrepancy, chemistry personnel performed a mixing analysis of the tank concentration. The tank was allowed to settle for 48 hours. A sample was taken prior to the beginning of a mixing of the tank by recirculation as normally performed.

Further samples were taken each 15 minutes for the following 2 hours. The graph on the right shows the result of that test. Virtually no concentration change occurred after 15 minutes.

The measurable nuclides contents of the tank appear to be colloidal in nature and reach equilibrium within 15 minutes of the beginning of the recirculation process. Therefore little recirculation time is required to obtain a representative sample of the tank contents.



Additionally, the response history of the process radiation monitor (R-18) for this effluent stream has shown no abnormally high readings.

### LICENSEE EANT REPORT (LER) TEXT. DITINUATION

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### IV. CORRECTIVE ACTIONS

- 1. The immediate corrective action was to double the recirculation time of the waste monitor tank volume to two hours to insure that one tank volume was turned over prior to sampling. This time was based upon the empirical data collected during the verification of the flow in the recirculation line during the recirculation process in accordance with Temporary Procedure TP-845.
- 2. Operating procedure 0-NCOP-003 has been revised to require logging pump discharge pressure, start time and sample time during the liquid release process. This will assure adequate recirculation time. Further investigation will be conducted on an additional recirculation line with flow indication. If adequate flow is possible through the recirculation line with flow indication, the line will be incorporated as an option in OP 5163.3 for use during tank recirculation.
- 3. The pressure, and flow instrument calibrations for the waste monitor tank recirculation system have been verified.
- 4. The monitor tank is also used to hold radioactive water prior to release. The flow rate for recirculation of the monitor tank volume prior to obtaining a sample was verified using Temporary Procedure TP-845. The flow rate is adequate to achieve a recirculation of one tank volume in the procedurally required two hours of recirculation time.
- 5. Safety related pump characteristics are all tested and monitored for change and meeting analyzed acceptance criteria as part of the Inservice Testing Program.

#### V. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

No similar LERs have been identified.

