



UNITED STATES  
NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20555

FEBRUARY 25 1980

Docket Nos. 50-250  
and 50-251

Dr. Robert E. Uhrig, Vice President  
Advanced Systems and Technology  
Florida Power and Light Company  
Post Office Box 529100  
Miami, Florida 33152

Dear Dr. Uhrig:

During the last several years, data have begun to indicate that the fission gas release rate from LWR fuel pellets is increased (enhanced) with burnup. Many of the current fuel performance analyses do not consider the impact of burnup-enhanced release on safety. By letters dated November 23, 1976, the NRC staff requested all LWR licensees to assess the higher fission gas release for fuel burnups above 20,000 Megawatt-day per metric ton (MWD/t).

Also, by NRC staff letter dated January 18, 1978, all U. S. LWR fuel suppliers were requested to revise their fuel performance analyses to include the enhancement of fission gas release at higher burnups.

All responses to the November 23, 1976 letters have been reviewed. We have concluded that no immediate licensing action is required for operating reactors. This conclusion is valid for typical reported LWR fuel bundle and batch burnups. Any extension of these burnups or other factors which significantly affect fission gas release, LOCA PCT or fuel rod internal pressure is outside the scope of the conclusion.

Westinghouse was the only fuel supplier calculating that the increased release would cause internal fuel rod pressure to exceed coolant system pressure. The staff has approved revised design criteria which allow internal rod pressures greater than system pressure. The staff is also completing the review of a Westinghouse revised fuel performance code. The staff, in evaluating reloads, has been requesting licensees using Westinghouse fuel to quantify the burnup when the newly approved design criteria will be violated. In the reloads evaluated thus far, there appears to be a significant burnup margin to the newly approved evaluated design criteria to compensate for modifications which may result from the staff's review of the Westinghouse revised fuel performance code.

Inasmuch as you and/or the staff will be evaluating all future reloads against fuel vendors' revised fuel performance codes which provide for increase in fission gas release at higher burnups, we consider this a satisfactory resolution of this concern.

Sincerely,

A. Schwencer, Chief  
Operating Reactors Branch #1  
Division of Operating Reactors

cc: See next page

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Robert E. Uhrig  
Florida Power and Light Company

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cc: Mr. Robert Lowenstein, Esquire  
Lowenstein, Newman, Reis and Axelrad  
1025 Connecticut Avenue, N.W.  
Suite 1214  
Washington, D. C. 20036

Environmental and Urban Affairs Library  
Florida International University  
Miami, Florida 33199

Mr. Norman A. Coll, Esquire  
Steel, Hector and Davis  
1400 Southeast First National  
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Mr. Henry Yaeger, Plant Manager  
Turkey Point Plant  
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P. O. Box 013100  
Miami, Florida 33101

Mr. Jack Shreve  
Office of the Public Counsel  
Room 4, Holland Building  
Tallahassee, Florida 32304





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