

AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER SERVICE CORPORATION

Donald C. Cook Nuclear Plant

RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING

Annual Report

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#### ABSTRACT

This report presents the data obtained from the analyses of environmental samples collected for the American Electric Power Service Corporation Donald C. Cook Nuclear Station Environmental Radiological Surveillance Program for the period Ol January 1983 through 31 December 1983.

The activity present above the detection limits in the routinely collected sample media was observed to be of natural and atomospheric origin. In no case did radioactivity from the Cook Nuclear Plant exceed the design objectives of the Cook Radiological Environmental Technical specifications.

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#### INTRODUCTION

The Donald C. Cook Nuclear Station of American Electric Power Service Corporation consists of two Westinghouse PWR units (Unit 1 and Unit 2). Each unit consists of a presurized water reactor (PWR) which generates about 3250 megawatts (MW) of heat to generate about 1100 MW of electricity. The station is located in Benton Harbor, Michigan.

The D.C. Cook Plant utilizes a pressurized water reactor with a radwaste hold-up and treatment system that has been designed to keep radioactive releases to as low as is practible levels. However, small quantities of noble gases and radioiodine may be released to the surrounding environment. The quantities of radionuclides released to the environment are expected to be minisule and insignificant as a source of potential exposure to flora and fauna in the area. However, direct radiation exposure to man and radionuclide accumulations in various components of food chains to man are carefully monitored.

The environmental radiological monitoring program is intended to serve the following purposes:

- a) To yield average values of radiation levels and concentrations of radioactive material in various media of the environment.
- b) To identify sample locations and/or types of samples that deviate from the averages.
- c) To document seasonal variations that could be erroneously interpreted when the power station is operating.
- d) To indicate the range of values that should be considered "background" for various types of samples.

The basic approach for the Donald C. Cook Nuclear Plant is to control the release of radioactive material at levels far below that which would be expected to cause detrimental impact on the environment. The environmental radioactivity surveillance program will be closely coordinated with conditions of plant operation and subject to periodic review.

Levels of environmental radioactivity are subject to change for reasons in no way related to the operation of the D.C. Cook Nuclear Plant. Therefore, the radioactivity surveillance program has been designed to include reference or "background" stations as well as "indicator" stations. The program is summarized in Table I.

This report contains a compilation of the results of analyses of various types of samples collected during the period January 1983 through December 1983.

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## SECTION 2

## SAMPLING PROGRAM

All samples are collected by Eberline personnel and shipped to Eberline, Albuquerque Laboratory in New Mexico. The sample collection procedures remained the same as those detailed in the semi-annual report for the period Ol January through 30 June 1973.

Upon receipt of the samples, the Laboratory staff enters the samples in a log book identifying them as to sample type, collection date, and sample code number of location, then verifies the specific analyses to be performed on each sample. The samples are then stored, awaiting analysis, on shelves expressly for this purpose to assure accountability through the Laboratory processes. Table 1 lists the sample analysis program - sample type, frequency, and the type of analysis required.

Table 2 lists the LLD's (Lower Limits of Detection) for the analytical program. These LLD's are based on the Regulatory Guide 4.8. For analyses not listed in Regulatory Guide 4.8, Federal EPA, former requirements for similar programs or other appropriate guides are used. The LLD's are calculated at the 30 (99% confidence) level.

The Guide specifically states that the LLD's are priori, not a posteriori (after the fact) limit for a particular measurement. When however, RG 4.8 or other LLD's have not been achieved, a footnote giving a brief explanation has been inserted.

Maps of sampling locations are shown on pages 11-13. Figure I gives the air sampling locations, Figure II shows other sampling locations and TLD monitoring locations.

## TABLE 1

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## ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM

## DONALD C. COOK NUCLEAR PLANT

Sample Type	No. S Ind.	tation - Bkg.	Collection Frequency	Analysis Frequency	Type <u>Analysis</u>	Remarks
Air Particulate	6	4	Weekly	Weekly	Gross Beta	
	6	4	-	Monthly .	Gamma Isotopic Composite of weekly collections	(a)
Airborne I-131	6	4	Weekly	Weekly	Gamma Isotopic	
Precipitation	6	4	Monthly	Monthly	Gamma Isotopic Composite, 2 Samples	By indicator and background samples.
Lake Water	3.	4	Monthly	Monthly	Gamma Isotopic Composite, 2 Samples	By indicator and background samples.
Well Water	4	3	Every 18 wks.	Every 18 wks.	Gamma Isotopic Tritium	
Fish	2	2	Semi-annual	Semi-annual	Gamma Isotopic	Edible portion only.

## TABLE 1 (Cont'd)

## ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM

#### DONALD C. COOK NUCLEAR PLANT

Sample Type	No. Stations Ind Bkg.		No. Stations Collection Ind Bkg. Frequency		Type <u>Analysis</u>	Remarks		
Milk	3	2	Monthly	Monthly	Gamma Isotopic	*		
Sediment	2	2	Semi-annual `	Semi-annual <sup>2</sup>	Gamma Isotopic			
TLD	(c)	(c)	Quarterly	Quarterly	Total Dose	•		
Food Crops	1	1	Annualy	Annualy	Gamma Isotopic			

(a) January-March the monthly composites of indicator and Background were analyzed for gamma emmitters as as 2 samples. Beginning April 1983 composites of individual stations were analyzed for gamma emitters.

(b) Deleted from the program beginning April 1983.

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(c) Back up TLD badge for each location was placed and analyzed during 1983.

## Table 2

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# LOWER LIMITS OF DETECTION (LLD's)

Sample Class	Analysis	,	Units
Air Particulates	Ġross Beta Gamma Isotopic	0.01 0.01	pCi/m <sup>3</sup> pCi/m <sup>3</sup>
Airborne Iodine	I-131	.0.1	pCi/m <sup>3</sup>
Milk'	I-131 Gamma Isotopic Sr-89 Sr-90	0.5 · 10 5 1	pCi/m <sup>3</sup> pCi/l pCi/l pCi/l pCi/l
Well Water	LS Tritium Gamma Isotopic	1000 10	pCi/l pCi/l
Precipitation	Gamma Isotopic	. 10	pCi/l
Lake Water	Gamma Isotopic	10	pCi/l ·
Sediment	' Gamma Isotopic	0.15	pCi/g dry
Fish .	Gamma Isotopic	0.13	pCi/g wet
Food Crops	Gamma Isotopic	0.06	pCi/g wet
Background Radiation(TLD)	Gamma Dose	<b>-</b> ,	mR/week

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SECTION 3

# ANALYSIS PROGRAM

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#### ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

Samples received at the laboratory are analyzed for the various radioactive components by standard radiochemical methods. These methods are equal to, and in most cases, identical with, those of the U.S.D.O.E.<sup>1</sup> or those of the Federal E.P.A.<sup>2</sup>

Brief descriptions of analytical procedures are available in the Laboratory Procedures Manual available at the Cook Nuclear Plant and the radioanalytical contractor's laboratory.

#### AIR PARTICULATE FILTERS

<u>Gross Beta</u> - Exposed air particulate filters are counted in low background Geiger or proportional flow beta counters using anti-coincidence background suppression after the short-lived naturally occurring radon and thoron daughters have decayed. Filters are counted long enough to ensure that the required sensitivity (LLD) is met.

<u>Gamma Isotopic</u> - Monthly composites of air particulate filters grouped by indicator and background stations into two samples are counted in high resolution (GeLi) gamma spectrometers for periods of time long enough to ensure that the required program sensitivity (LLD) is met.

<sup>1</sup>HASL Procedures Manual, edited by John H. Harley, Health and Safety Laboratory, US Atomic Energy Commission, 1972 edition, revised annually.

<sup>2</sup>National Environmental Research Center, Environmental Protection Agency; Handbook of Radiochemical Analytical Methods. Program Element 1HA 325. Office of Research and Development, Las Vegas, Nevada 89114.

#### CHARCOAL CARTRIDGE SAMPLES -- IODINE I-131

The iodine is extracted from the charcoal, chemically separated using iodine carrier, precipitated as Ag I, and counted in a low level beta counter. The chemical recovery of iodine is measured gravimetrically.

#### WATER SAMPLES (Includes Lake, Well, Precipitation)

<u>Gamma Isotopic</u> - A measured aliquot of the sample is evaporated to a small controlled volume and counted in a standard geometry in a high resolution (GeLi) gamma spectrometer long enough to ensure meeting the sensitivity requirements of the program. See also the introduction to Data Tables.

<u>Tritium</u> - Tritium as tritiated water is analyzed by liquid scintillation counting after distillation. If high sensitivity is not required (ie. LLD ~500 pCi/l) the sample is distilled, mixed with the appropriate counting phosphors and counted with no further treatment. If higher sensitivity is required (ie. <-300 pCi/l) the sample is isotopically enriched in tritium concentration prior to liquid scintillation counting. Isotopic enrichment is done by the classical method of Ostlund which involves alkaline electrolysis of a purified aliquot of sample under controlled conditions of temperature and electrode current density.

#### MILK SAMPLES

<u>I-131</u> - Measured amounts of carrier iodide are added to a known volume of milk and the iodine extracted on anion exchange resin. The iodine is recovered and purified by classical iodine chemistry methods which are similar to those given in former Regulatory Guide 4.3. The yield or recovery of iodine is measured gravimetrically and the precipitated sample is mounted and counted in a low level beta detector for a long enough period to ensure that the required LLD is met.

<u>Gamma Isotopic</u> - A measured aliquot of sample is evaporated and ovendried to a standard volume and counted in a fixed geometry in a high resolution (GeLi) gamma spectrometer for a long enough period to ensure that the required LLDs are reached (see also Introduction to Data Tables).

<u>Strontium-89 and Strontium-90</u> - Stable strontium carrier is added to an aliquot of the sample which is then dried and ashed at high temperature (>700<sup>o</sup>c). The ash is dissolved and the solution treated from this point on in the same manner as are air particulate samples.

#### ORGANIC SAMPLES (Aquatic Organisms, Food Crops, Fish)

<u>Gamma Isotopic</u> - A measured aliquot of sample is oven-dried or ashed as appropriate, placed in a controlled geometry and counted in a high resolution (GeLi) gamma spectrometer for a period long enough to ensure that the LLDs of the program will be set (see also Introduction to Date Tables).

#### SEDIMENT SAMPLES

<u>Gamma Isotopic</u> - The sample is oven-dried to facilitate handling and then sieved to removed pieces of stone and/or other large pieces of material. An appropriate sized, weighed aliquot of the sample is then transferred into a standard geometry container and counted for a period long enough to ensure that the LLDs of the program will be met (See also Introduction to Data Tables.)

#### THERMOLUMINISCENT DOSIMETERS

Environmental radiation doses are measured using badges comprizing five chips sealed in plastic protective holders having a density of 50 mg/cm<sup>2</sup>. The TLD chips are 1/8" x 1/32 LiF (thallium activated) known commercially as Harshaw-100. The chips are all selected to provide uniform response to within five percent of the mean for the batch.

Prior to installation, the chips are annealed by a standard cycle of 60 minutes at  $400^{\circ}$ c and immediate cooling to ambient temperature by placing the tray containing the annealed chips on an aluminum block 12"x12"x 1".

After exposure the chips are read on an Eberline Instrument Corporation Model TLR-6 reader. The system employs a preheat cycle which removes low temperature peaks and integrates and digitizes only the light output in a selected temperature range.

The dose is calculated from the average light output for the five 'chips and the statistical uncertainty is the standard deviation of the five readings. Control badges are used to detect any unusual exposure to the badge which might occur during shipment.

#### QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM

A. Design of Plan

Quality of product or service has always been a primary key to increase in sales, customer satisfaction, and profit. The management of Eberline Instrument Corporation recognizes the ever increasing demand for higher quality and reliability for services related to protection of workers and the environment. It is our firm belief that in order to judge the worth of a support service, one must know the philosophy behind it. Eberline will provide only those services for which it is qualified and these will be provided in a manner that is reliable, with a quality assurance program that maintains a high degree of client confidence. This quality assurance program has been prepared consistent with the following specifications, per the Technical and Quality Assurance Requirements for Special Purposes.

ANSI-N45.2, American National Standard Institute NRC Branch Technical Position of November 1979 NRC Regulatory Guide 4.15, Revision 1 of February 1979.

B. Intercomparison Program

Results of Eberline Albuquerque Laboratory's participation in the USEPA's Crosscheck Program are included in the monthly and annual reports provided to the client. Other intercomparisons in which we routinely participate include:

Environmental Protection Agency Environmental Measurement Lab DOE Quality Assessment Program Battelle Northwest Laboratories IAEA Analytical Quality Control Service US National Bureau of Standards

Each of the laboratory managers is responsible for preparing spikes and blanks to be run routinely. Every tenth samples is a spike, a blank, or a split sample.

Regualar QC reports are prepared by a laboratory manager on a monthly

schedule and forwarded to each client. Each report routinely includes:

results from EIC interlaboratory comparison, results from EPA Crosscheck program, and results from other intercomparison programs.

Results are reviewed by the laboratory manager. If a problem is indicated by the data, the nature of the problem is investigated and corrective steps taken immediately. A copy of each report is also provided to the Quality Assurance Manager of the Nuclear Services Division.

C. Quality Assurance Plan

The Quality Assurance Program follows the requirments of Company and Division Manuals. The discussion below outlines Quality Assurance Programs as conducted in the laboratory and as required in our QA Manual.

#### Procedure Approval

Each procedure goes through a vigorous evaluation and review process before it is incorporated into the EIC Procedures Manual. Established procedures of the Environmental Protection Agency. (FPA) or the Environmental Measurements Laboratory of the US Department of Energy (EML) are used unless thorough testing has demonstrated that an alternate procedure is equal to or better than the EPA or EML procedure. Uniform procedures are used at both laboratories to the fullest extent possible, except when deviations are necessary to meet the specific requirements of the client. The manager of each laboratory and the quality assurance manager review and approve significant procedural changes before they are implemented.

#### Equipment Calibration and Maintenance

Equipment used for qualitative or quantitative measurements is carefully calibrated and maintained with records of each calibration or maintenance action kept in appropriate logbooks. To the extent possible, certified standards are used for all primary calibrations. The following standards are used for the application indicated:

Measurement	Calibration Standard							
Gross Beta	Solution of Standard <sup>137</sup> Cs certified by NBS or Amersham Searle							
Tritium	Solution standard of <sup>3</sup> H certified by NBS							
Gamma Spectrometry	Solution standards of various gamma emitters certified by NBS or Amersham Searle. Standards are used to calibrate each counting geometry used.							
Strontium-89 and 90.	Solution standards of $90$ Sr certified by Amersham Searle or NBS							
Gross Alpha	Solution standards of $^{239}$ Pu certified by NBS or Amersham Searle.							
Radiation Dose	137 <sub>Cs</sub> gamma source cross-referenced with NBS using R-meters. <sup>226</sup> Ra is used for some special application.							

When suitable standards are not available for a specific gamma emitter, quantitative gamma isotopic analysis is based on an energy calibration of the gamma spectrometer and the gamma energy and abundance information provided in Table of Isotopes, Sixth Edition by Ledrer, Hollander, and Perlman.

The results of the Quality Control Programs are summarized in Section 6.

## SECTION 4

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## RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Table 3

Page 1 of 3

### Environmental Radiological Monitoring Program

Name of Facility: Donald C. Cook Nuclear Station \_\_\_\_ Docket Number: \_\_\_\_\_\_ 50-315 and 50-316

Location of Facility: Berrien County, Michigan State Reporting Period: January - December 1983

Medium or Pathway Sampled (Unit of <u>Measurement)</u>	Type and Total Number of Analyses Performed	Lower Limit of Detection · (LLD)	All Indicator Locations Mean <sup>l</sup> (Range)	Location with <u>Highest Nean</u> Name <u>(Range)</u>	Control Locations Meanl (Range)	Number of Non-routine Reported <u>Measurements</u>
Air Particulates (pCi/m <sup>3</sup> )	Gross B 526	0.01	0.03 (284/317) 0.01-0.09	On Site 5 & 0.03 6 0.01-0.07	0.03(200/209) 0.01-0.08	0
•	Ce-144 36	0.01	ALL LLD	Not Applicable	ALL LLD	^ O
	Zr-95 36	0.01	ALL LLD	Not Applicable	ALL LLD	0
	Nb-95 36	0.01	ALL LLD	Not Applicable	ALL LLD	0
	Ce-141 36	0.01	ALL LLD	Not Applicable	ALL LLD	0
	Ru-103 36	0.01	ALL LLD	Not Applicable	All LLD	0
Ť	Other Gamma 36	0.01	ALL LLD	Not Applicable	ALL LLD	0
	Sr-89 2.	0.002	ALL LLD	Not Applicable	ALL LLD	0
-	Sr-90 2	<b>0.001</b>	ALL LLD	Not Applicable	ALL LLD	~ <b>0</b>
Airborne Ìodine (pCi/m <sup>3</sup> )	I-131 528	0.01	ALL LLD	Not Applicable	ALL LLD	0
Well Water (pCi/l)	Tritium 28	1000	2930 (10/16) 600/8400	On Site 4 4730 (3/4) 2600-8400	700 (1/12) (a)	0
	Gamma Spec. 28	8 10	ALL LLD	Not Applicable	ALI. LLD	· 0

<sup>1</sup>Mean and range based on detectable measurements only Fractions indicated in parentheses. (a) Range is not reported as only one detectable measurement was available.

Table 3 (Continued)

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## Page 2 of 3

## Facility: Donald C. Cook Nuclear Station

Medium or Pathway Sampled (Unit of Measurement)	Type and Total Number of Analyses Performed	Lower Limit of Detection (LLD)	All Indicator Locations Mean <sup>1</sup> (Range)	Location.with <u>Highest Mean</u> Mean <u>Name· (Range)</u>	Control · Locations Meanl (Range)	Number of Non-routine Reported <u>Measurements</u>
Milk (pCi/l) <sup>.</sup>	I-131 109	0.5	ALL LLD	Not Applicable	ALL LLD	. 0
	Sr-89 20	5	ALL LLD	Nót Applicable	ALL LLD	0
	Sr-90 20	1	2.0 (12/12) 1/5 "	Stevensville 2.5 (4/4) 1-5	4.0 (12/12) 1-7	0
	Gamma Spec. 10	09 10	ALL LLD	Not Applicable	ALL LLD	0
Precipitation (pCi/1)	Gamma Spec. 8	10 ·	ALL LLD	Not Applicable	ALL LLD	0
Lake Water . (pCi/1)	Gamma Spec. 8	10	ALL LLD	Not Applicable	ALL LLD	0

<sup>1</sup>Mean and range based on dtectable measurements only. Franctions indicated in parentheses.

Table 3 (Continued)

## Page 3 of 3

## Facility: Donald C. Cook Nuclear Station

Medium or Pathway Sampled (Unit of <u>Measurement)</u>	Type and Total Number of Analyses Performed	Lower Limit of Detection (LLD)	All Indicator Locations Mean <sup>1</sup> (Range)	Location with <u>Highest Mean</u> <u>Mean</u> <u>Name</u> (Range)	Control Locations Meanl (Range)	Number of Non-routine Reported <u>Measurements</u>
Sediment (pCi/g dry)	Gamma Spec. 8	0.05	ALL LLD	Not Applicable	ALL LLD	0
Food Crops (pCi/g wet)	Gamma Spec. 2	0.06	ALL LLD	Not Applicable	ALL LLD	0
Fish (pCi/g wet)?	Gamma Spec. 8	0.13	ALL LLD	Not Applicable	ALL LLD	0
Background Radiation (TLD) (mR/week)	Gamma Dose 92	0.1	1.1 (36/36) 0.9±1.5	On Site 1 1.2 (4/4) 1.0-1.5	1.2 (56/56) 0.9-1.6	0

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<sup>1</sup>Mean and range based on detectable measurements only. Fractions indicated in parentheses.

Results of all the analyses for January through December 1983 are presented in full in section 5, Data Tables pages 33 through 48.

Table 3 summarizes the range and average concentrations for measurements at the indicator and control locations with the highest annual mean.

Specific finding for the various environmental media are discussed below.

#### AIR PARTICULATE SAMPLES

Atmospheric particulate matter at a field location is accumulated for a one-week on a glass fiber filter using a low-volume air sampler at a collection rate of one cubic foot periminute. This particulate matter contained on the filter is counted for beta activity in a low background counting system after the short-lived naturally-occurring radon and thoron daughters have decayed.

The average gross beta concentration for the year for all indicator stations was  $0.03 \text{ pCi/m}^3$ , and was  $0.03 \text{ :pCi/m}^3$  for the background stations. Data for analyses of individual filters are given on pages 33 through 36 in Section 5.

The following table summarizes the average gross beta concentrations for both indicator and background stations for each year from 1973 through 1983. The preoperational data were collected in 1973 and 1974; operational data were collected from 1975 through the present.

TABLE 3		<u>Indicator</u>	Indicator			
	Descent successful and a					
	rreoperational					
	1973	0.04		0.04		
	1974	0.16	•	0.16		
	Operational					
	1975	0.08		0.09		
	1976	0.09		0.08		
•	1977	0.22		0.22		

•	Indicator	Background
,	pCi/m	3
Operational	, at	
1978	0.12	0.11
1979	0.04	0.04
1980	0.04	0.04
1981	0.12	0.11
1982	0.03	0.03
1983	0.03	0.03

The elevated levels of gross beta activity at both indicator and background locations during preoperational and operational phases from 1974 through 1982 were mainly the result of nuclear test explosions in the atmosphere by the people's republic of China. Such tests took place on 27 June 1973, 17 June 1974, 23 January 1976, 26 September 1976, 17 November 1976, 17 September 1977, 13 March 1978, 14 December 1978 and October 1980.

The data indicate that there is significantly no difference between the levels of gross beta activity measured at the indicator and background locations for the operational and preoperational phases of the program! The activity detected are not attributable to the operation of the Cook Plant.

Airborne I-131 concentration was less than 0.1  $pCi/m^3$  for all samples received.

The gamma spectrometry data for monthly composites of air particulate files begins on page 37. Be-7, a naturally occurring nuclide formed by the cosmic ray interaction with nuclei in the upper atmosphere, was detected in the composites. These were generally in the range to be expected from measurement of this nuclide in this medium. No other gamma emitters were detected.

<sup>1</sup> See Annual Environmental Monitoring Reports for D.C.Cook Plant from previous years for details.

Quarterly composites of air particulate filters were analyzed for Sr-89 and Sr-90. Sr-89 concentrations were below the detection limit of  $0.002 \text{ pCi/m}^3$ , and Sr-90 were also below the detection limit of  $0.001 \text{ pCi/m}^3$  for both indicator and background locations. Data are presented on page 37. The Sr-89 and Sr-90 analyses were deleted from the program beginning second quarter 1983.

#### MILK SAMPLES

Milk samples were collected monthly and were analyzed for I-131, Sr-89, Sr-90 and gamma emitters. Sr-89 and Sr-90 analyses were deleted from the program beginning April 1983.

Sr-89 concentrations measured below the detection limit of 5 pCi/l in all samples collected during the year. Sr-90 concentrations continued to display considerable variation, which is typical for this type of sample. This nuclide is attributable to worldwide fallout from both recent and older nuclear thes programs. Data are given on page 39.

I-131 concentrations were below the detection limits of the program. Data are presented on pages 39 and 41.

Gamma emitters other than those which occur in nature were not detected in all smaples at a measurement sensitivity of 10 pCi/1. Data age given on pages 40 and 42.

#### PRECIPITATION SAMPLES

Gamma isotopic analyses of monthly precipitation samples from indicator and background locations indicate the presence of no gamma emitters in concentrations exceeding 10 pCi/l ( $<3000 \text{ pCi/m}^2$ ). This sample type was deleted from the program beginning May 1983. Data are presented on page 43.

#### WELL WATER SAMPLES

Well water is collected from seven locations at 18 week intervals during the year and analyzed for tritium and gamma emitters.

Concentrations of tritium in the range of 600 to 8400 pCi/1 were detected in samples from all the indicator stations during the year. Some of the samples contained small amounts of hydrocarbons and these may have interfered with the measurement and contributed to the activity to some extent. It is possible that the tritium found in these samples is a result of plant operations. Gamma emitters were below the detection limit in all samples analyzed. Data are presented on page 45.

#### LAKE WATER SAMPLES

Samples of water from Lake Michigan are composited by indicator and background locations and analyzed for gamma emitters on a monthly basis. This sample type was deleted from the program beginning May 1983.

The gamma emitters in the monthly composites were measured to be less than the detection limit of 10 pCi/l per nuclide for all samples. Data are given on page 44.

#### SEDIMENT SAMPLES

Sediment samples were collected twice during the year from areas north and south of the plant, at the on-site and off-site locations. The samples were analyzed for gamma emitters.

The gamma emitters were below the detection limit of 0.15 pCi/g (dry) in all samples. Data are given on page 46.

#### FISH SAMPLES

Fish samples collected from areas north and south of the plant, both on-site and off-site locations, were analyzed for gamma emitters.

For all samples, gamma emitters were below the detection limit of 0.13 pCi/g (wet). Data are given on page 46.

#### FOOD CROP SAMPLES

Broad leaf vegetables were collected during the fall harvest period from on-site and off-site locations and were analyzed for gamma emitters. They were found to be below the detection limit of 0.06 pCi/g (wet) at both on-site and off-site locations. Data are given on page 46.

#### GAMMA DOSE

Gamma radiation dose was measured with Thermoluminiscent Dosimeters (TLDs) on a quarterly schedule. A total of 23 locations (9 indicator and 14 background) were monitored during the year.

Throughout the year, there was no statistically significant difference in dose rates between indicator and background locations, nor do they differ significantly from dose rates measured in precious years. Data are presented on page 47. SECTION 5

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## DATA TABLES

#### INTRODUCTION TO THE DATA TABLES

The following information will be helpful in understanding the presentation of the data in the tables in this section.

Wet Weight a reporting unit used with organic tissue samples such as vegetation and animal samples in which the amount of sample is taken to be the weight as received from the field with no moisture removed.

Dry Weight a reporting unit used for soil and sediment in which the amount of sample is taken to be the weight of the sample after removal of moisture by drying in an oven at about 110° for about 15 hours.

pCi/m<sup>3</sup> a reporting unit used with air particulate and radioiodine data which refers to the radioactivity content expressed in picocuries of the volume of air expressed in cubic meters passed through the filter and/or the charcoal trap. Note that the volumes are not corrected to standard conditions.

Gamma Emitters<br/>orsamples were analyzed by high resolution (GeLi) gamma<br/>spectrometry. The resulting spectrum is analyzed by aGamma Isotopiccomputer program which scans from about 50 to 2000 kev and<br/>lists the energy peak of any nuclides present in concentra-<br/>tions exceeding the sensitivity limits set for that particular<br/>experiment.

NA, NS, NR used in place of a concentration when a sample was not available (NS), or when a sample was not analyzed for some specific measurement (NA), or when an analysis is not required (NR).

Error Terms figures following "±" are error terms based on counting uncertainties at the 2 $\sigma$  (95% confidence) level. Values preceded by the "<" symbol were below the stated concentration at the 3 $\sigma$  (99% confidence) level.

Exponents Exponents necessary to prevent data tables from being cumbersome are handled in the conventional manner of including them in the column headings.

Sensitivity In general, all analyses meet the sensitivity requirements of the program as given in Table 2. For the few samples that do not (because of inadequate sample quantities, analytical interferences, etc.) the sensitivity actually obtained in the analysis is given.

<u>Comment</u> when all analyses of a particular type during the period resulted in concentrations below the sensitivity limits, a <u>statement</u> is made on the appropriate table rather than presenting a whole page of "<" data. If all but one or two data points are below the sensitivity limits, the previously mentioned convention is followed and the finite data are given as footnotes.

#### AIRBORNE IODINE-131\* and GROSS BETA in AIR PARTICULATE FILTERS (Weekly Collections)

		Gross Beta $10^{-2}$ pCi/m <sup>3</sup>								
	ON-S	SITE 1	ON-S	SITE 2	ON-S	ITE 3	ON-S	SITE 4	ON-S	ITE 5
Collection	Volume		Volume		Volume		Volume		Volume	-
Date	<u>(m<sup>3</sup>)</u>	<u>Gross</u> <u>B</u>	<u>(m³)</u>	<u>Gross</u> <u>B</u>	<u>(m³)</u>	<u>Gross</u> ß	<u>(m<sup>3</sup>)</u>	Gross B	<u>(m<sup>3</sup>)</u>	<u>Gross</u> ß
01/04/83	285	<1	400	1±1.	250	5±1	325	3±1	215	4±2
01/11/83	270	<1	390	1±1	250	4±1 ,	320	3±1	210	4±1
01/18/83	295	· <1	335	<1	250	1±1	315	2±1	210	4±1
01/25/83	310	1±1	295	<1	250	2±1	315	2±1	265	3±1.
02/01/83	445	2±1	250	1±1	250	1±1	365	2±1	580	1±1
- 02/08/83 02/15/83	435 435	1±1 <1	200 275	5±1 1±1	250 250	4±1 4±1	370 430	6±1 3±1	. 485 400	2±1 3±1
02/22/83	430	1±1	290	1±1	215	3±1	395	3±1	395	3±1
03/01/83	435	1±1	285	2 <b>±1</b>	210	2±1	365 .	2±1	400	3±1
03/08/83	445	1±1	315	4±1	215	4±1	370	5±1	395	4±1
03/15/83	440	1±1	395	2 <b>±1</b>	210	3±1	365	3±1	395	4±1
03/22/83	300	<1	310	<1	265	3±1	300	1±1	300	3±1
03/29/83	305	1±1	305	1±1	300	3±1	295	2±1	280	2±1
04/05/83	340	<1	325	<1	(a)	(a)	280	1±1	325	2±1
04/15/83	340	1±1	270	2±1	600	3±1	215	2±1	315	1±1
04/19/83	320	1±1	300	2±1	300	- 3±1	230	3±1	320	2±1
04/26/83	340	1±1	330	2±1	300	3±1.	235	3±1	315	4±1
05/03/83	380	1±1	360	1±1	295	2±1	230	2±1	330	3±1
05/10/83	365	1±1	395	1±1	295	2±1	265	3±1	325	2±1
05/17/83	390	1±1	410	2±1	295	3±1	330	3±1	375	4±1
05/24/83	430	1±1	410	2±1	290	4±1	320	3±1	475	3±1
05/31/83	445	1±1	425	1±1	315	2±1	320	2±1	480	2±1
06/07/83	435	1±1	455	<1	320	2±1	320	1±1	475	1±1 -
06/14/83	405	1±1	435	1±1	345	3±1	325	4±1	450	4±1
06/21/83	360	1±1	375	1±1	325	2±1 -	310	2±1	400 -	2±1
06/28/83	350	. <1	385	<1	325	2±1	335	3±1	400	3±1

\* Iodine cartidges are sampled weekly. Concentrations are <0.10 pCi/m<sup>3</sup> unless otherwise noted.

\*\* No power data in pCi/sample

(a) see list of missed samples.

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#### AIRBORNE IODINE-131\* and GROSS BETA in AIR PARTICULATE FILTERS (Weekly Collections)

	<u>Gross Beta 10<sup>-2</sup> pCi/m<sup>3</sup></u>											
	ON-SITE 1		ON-SI	TTE 2	ON-S	ITE 3	ON-S	ITE 4	ON-S	ITE 5		
Collection	Volume		Volume	•	Volume		Volume		Volume			
Date	<u>(m<sup>3</sup>)</u>	<u>Gross β</u>	<u>(m³)</u>	<u>Gross</u> <u>B</u>	<u>(m<sup>3</sup>)</u>	<u>Gross</u> <u></u>	<u>(m³)</u>	Gross B	<u>(m³)</u>	<u>Gross</u> B		
07/05/83	335	1±1	345	2±1	330	2±1	330	2±1	390.	2±1		
07/12/83 ·	335	1±1	375	<1	330	3±1	335	2±1	. 335	3±1		
07/19/83	315	3±1	365	4±1	335 -	3±1	350	3±1	. 385	4±1		
07/26/83	305	2±1	355	1±1	335	2±1	345	2±1	400	3±1		
08/02/83	285	<1	255	<1	330,	4±1	355	3±1	395	3±1		
08/09/83	285	<1	270	<1	335	3±1	355	3±1	405	3±1		
08/16/83	295	<1	255	<1	、330	2±1	335	3±1	405	1±1		
08/23/83	275	<1	215	<1	325	3±1	350	3±1	235	3±1		
08/30/83	285	1±1	210	<1	360	4±1	390	4±1	455	4±1		
09/06/83	340	<1	185	<1	340	3±1	380	<1	420	4±1		
09/13/83	330	<1	290	<1	340	3±1	345	1±1	350	3±1		
09/20/83	325	<1	290	1±1 -	345	3±1	335	1±1	330	3±1		
09/27/83	315	1±1	280	<1	· 340	1±1	330	1±1	330	3±1		
10/04/83	310	1±1	270	1±1	345	6±1	350	4±1	330	7±1		
10/11/83	520	2±1	515	2±1	550	2±1	585	2±1	370 <sup>-</sup>	2±1		
10/18/83	520	3±1	545	1±1	505	2±1	510 <sup>.</sup>	3±1	385	3±1		
10/25/83	340	1±1	290	2±1 '	235	2±1	265	2±1	285	2±1		
11/01/83	• 240	2±1	315	1±1	235	2±1	250	3±1	340	3±1		
11/08/83	240	4±1	300	<1	235	3±1	250	4±1	340	4±1		
11/15/83	230	3±1	290	1±1	235	4±1	250	4±1	270	4±1		
11/22/83	200	3±1	240	4±1	245	4±1	340	3±1	260	3±1		
11/29/83	210	3±1	270	3±1	345	2±1	260	2±1	275	2±1		
12/06/83	250	2±1	80	1±1	270	5±2 *	265	2±1	260	3±1		
12/13/83	255	4±1	300(a)	5±1	275	3±1	250	- 5±1	260	5±1		
12/20/83	250	3±1	80	1	270	4±1	265	4±1	260	3±1		
12/27/83	245	6±1	455	2±1	270	5±1 .	275 ·	4±1	265	5±1		
01/03/84	290	. 3+1	415	2+1	265	5±1	265	4±1	255	4±1		

\*Iodine cartridges are sampled weekly. Concentration are <0.10 unless otherwise noted.

Estimated average volume

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#### ·AIRBORNE IODINE-131\* and GROSS BETA in AIR PARTICULATE FILTERS (Weekly Collections)

•					JPOSS De	ra 10 - pc					
	ON-SIT	<u>'E 6</u>		NEW BI	JFFALO	SOUTH	BEND	DOWA(	<u>JIAC</u>	COL	<u>AMC</u>
Collection	Volume	Gross	Collection	Volume	Gross	Volume	Gross	Volume	Gross	Volume	Gross
Date	(m <sup>3</sup> )	' <u>Beta</u>	Date	$(m^3)$	<u>Beta</u>	$(m^3)$	<u>Beta</u>	<u>(m</u> <sup>3</sup> )	Beta	$(m^3)$	<u>Beta</u>
01/04/83	380	3±1	01/01/83	355	1±1	355	1±1	345	3±1	315	3±1.
01/11/83	90	2±1	01/08/83	320	• 6±1	250	<1	345 、	<1	310	3±1
01/18/83	360	3±1	01/15/83	295	3±1	425	(a)	300	4±1	335	2±1
01/25/83	<b>255</b> ×	2±1	01/22/83	300	2±1	400	<1	300	2±1	340	<1
02/01/83	255	5±1	01/29/83	300	2±1	405	2±1	305	3±1 '	325	3±1
02/08/83	250	4±1	02/05/83	295	1±1	355	3±1	290 .	3±1	320	3±1
02/15/83	255	3±1	02/12/83	270	3±1	320	3±1	300	3±1	310	2±1
02/22/83	315	3±1	02/19/83	275	3±1	320	1±1	325	2±1	280	2±1
03/01/83	295	3±1	02/26/83	300	3±1	285	2±1	335	2±1	290	2±1
03/08/83	320	4±1	03/05/83	285	5±1	280	5±1	340	5±1	280	5±1
03/15/83	380	2±1	03/12/83	285	3±1	275	3±1	345	3±1	280	2±1
03/22/83	280	3±1	03/19/83	290	4±1	265	1±1	360	1±1	265	1±1
03/29/83	280	3±1	03/26/83	280	4±1	265	2±1	355 .	3±1	285	1±1
04/05/83	325	1±1	04/02/83	275	2±1	225	2±1	330	2 <b>±</b> 1	295	2±1
04/12/83	290 1	2±1	04/09/83	290	3±1	245	3±1	285	4±1	285	4 <b>±1</b>
04/19/83	280	2±1	04/16/83	215	2±1	280	1±1	295	1±1	260	1±1
04/26/83	270	3±1	04/23/83	310	2±1	265	(a)	285	2±1	325	1±1
05/03/83	335 (b	) 2±1	04/30/83	285	2±1	250÷	3±1	295	3±1	325	4±1
05/10/83	265	3±1	05/07/83	290	1±1	270	2±1	285	2±1	320	1±1
05/17/83	345	3±1	05/14/83	305	4±1	295	2±1	300	3±1	315	4±1
05/24/83	385	3±1	05/21/83	315	1±1	290	3±1	310	3±1	335	2±1
05/31/83	390	2±1	05/28/83	300	1±1	310	1±1	320	2±1 <sup>,</sup>	335	1±1
06/07/83	385	1±1	06/04/83	330	1±1	- 315	1±1	325	1±1	320	1±1
06/16/83	380	4±1	06/11/83	340	2±1	310	2±1	. 330	2±1	330	1±1
06/21/83	380	2±1	06/18/83	320	3±1	295	3±1	335	3±1	325	2±1
06/28/83	390	1±1	06/25/83	325	2±1	310	2±1	335	2±1	335	3±1

CHARGE Bate 20-2 nos /m3.

\* Iodine cartridges are sampled weekly. Concentrations are <0.10 pCi/m<sup>3</sup> unless otherwise noted.

(a) Missing filter. See list of missed samples.(b) Estimated average weekly volume.

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# AIRBORNE IODINE-131\* and GROSS BETA in AIR PARTICULATE FILTERS (Weekly Collections)

ć					Gross Be	ta 10 <sup>-2</sup> p	Ci/m <sup>3</sup>				
	ON-SI	re 6		NEW BU	UFFALO	SOUTH	BEND	DOWAG	SIAC	COLO	DMA
Collection	Volume	Gross	Collection	Volume	Gross	Volume	Gross	Volume	Gross	Volume	Gross
Date	<u>(m<sup>3</sup>)</u>	<u>Beta</u>	Date	$(m^3)$	<u>Beta</u>	<u>(m<sup>3</sup>)</u>	Beta	<u>(m</u> <sup>3</sup> )	<u>Beta</u>	(m <sup>3</sup> )	Beta
07/05/83	380	1+1	07/02/83	226	2+1	205	<b>.</b>		•		
07/12/83	335	1±1 2+1	07/02/03	333	J±1	305	2±1	330	2±1	320.	2±1
07/19/83	380	J±1 /+1	07/16/02	320	2 <u>1</u> (+1	300	2±1	330	1±1	325	I±l
07/26/83	380	4±1 2+1	07/10/05	323	411 2+1	315	3±1	315	3±1	320	3±1
08/02/83	375	$2 \pm 1$ 2 + 1	07/20/03	355	311	295	4±1	320	3±1	315	3±1
00/02/03	300	J±1 2+1	07/30/03	350	321	315	3±1	325	3±1	300	5±1
00/05/05	375	2-1	00/00/03	350	3±1 2+1	310	· 2±1	325	2±1	320	1±1
08/23/83	370	3+1	08/20/83	370	5±1 /+1	313	121	320	21	325	21
08/30/83	400	011 /+1	08/27/83	380	441 041	240	121	320	311	310	3±1
00/06/83	385	4±1 2+1	00/03/83	250	,J±1 (+1	325	421	335	3±1	320	12
09/13/83	375	2+1	09/05/05	350 610	4±1 0±1	330	4±1	320	4±1	305	5±1
00/20/83	380	J±1 2±1	09/10/03	410	21	345	2±1	315	2±1	300	1±1
09/20/03	325	2+1	09/1//03	430	321 1+1	345	3±1	345	1±1	330	1±1
10/0//83	265	0±1	10/01/03	395		330	111	320	2±1	325	1±1
10/04/05	205	911	10/01/03	* 395	811 0.11	340	5±1	320	5±1	330	2±1
10/11/05	735	211	10/08/83	425	2±1	335	1±1	- 430	4±1	510	2±1
10/10/03	290	221	10/15/83	440	4±1	325	2±1	595	2±1	635	1±1
10/23/03	200	121	10/22/83	505	2±1	365	3±1	365	3±1	750	1±1
11/01/03	300	21	10/29/83	445	3±1	215	3±1	200	<1	520	1±1
11/00/03	200	411	11/05/83	345	5±1	300	3±1	255	3±1	265	2±1
11/15/83	305	4±1	11/12/83	415	4±1	310	3±1	255	3±1	245	1±1
11/22/03	315	4±1	11/19/83	420	4±1	305	2±1	250	1±1	400	1±1
11/29/03	345	<1	11/26/83	320	6±1	310	2±1	240	5±1	570	<1
12/00/83	275	4±1	12/03/83	525	2±1	255	3±1	250	2±1 .	300	2±1
12/13/83	310	6±1	12/10/83	575	4±1	275	2±1	250	4±1	260	1±1
12/20/83	275	4±1	12/17/83	525	2±1	255	• 3±2	250 ·	1±1	300	2±1
12/27/83	275	5±1	12/24/83	430	4±1	270	4±3	255	1±1	(a)	 (a)
01/03/84	250	5±1	12/31/83	470	<1	250	<1	240	1±1	600	2+1

\*Iodine cartridges are sampled weekly. Concentrations are <0.10 unless otherwise noted.

(2) Sample was not available. See list of missed seles.

1983

#### DONALD C. COOK

## GAMMA ISOTOPIC ANALYSIS OF MONTHLY AIR PARTICULATE COMPOSITES \*

	Indicator	Stations	Background	l Stations		
	pCi	/m <sup>3</sup>	, pCi/	pCi/m <sup>3</sup>		
Month	Be-7	Other Y	Be-7	Other $\gamma$		
January	0.22±0.07	<0.01	0.17±0.06	<0.01		
February	0.23±0.05	<0.01	0.28±0.06	<0.01		
March	0.34±0.04	<0.01	0.42±0.06	<0.01		

(See following page for gamma isotopic analysis quarterly air particulate composites.)

#### STRONTIUM 89 AND STRONTIUM 90 ANALYSIS OF QUARTERLY AIR PARTICULATE COMPOSITES \*

	Indicator	Stations	Background Stations		
Collection	pCi	/m <sup>3</sup>	pCi/	/m3	
Period	Sr-89	Sr-90	Sr-89	Sr-90	
lst Quarter	<0.002	<0.001	<0.002	<0.001	

\* Analysis frequency changed to quarterly for gamma isotopic analysis by individual stations. Strontium-89 & 90 analysis was deleted. These changes were made effective April 1983.

## D.C. Cook Plant

# Gamma Isotopic Analysis of Quarterly Air Particulate

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Filter Composites

	Collection		PCi/m <sup>3</sup>
Location	Date	<u>Be-7</u>	Other Gamma
ONS-1	2nd Quarter	0.22±0.09	<0.01
ONS-2	11	0.43±0.12	<0.01
ons-3	11	0.58±0.16	<0.01
ons-4	**	0.70±0.18	<0.01
ons-5	ŧ1	0.52±0.12	<0.01
ons-6	11	0.46±0.13	<0.01
NBF		0.53±0.14	<0.01
· SBN	11	0.51±0.17	<0.01
DOW	£8 ·	0.36±0.13	<0.01
COL	₹ 00	0.43±0.14	<0.01
ONS-1	3rd Quarter	<0.1	<0.01
ons-2	11	<0.1	<0.01
ons-3	II	0.4±0.1	<0.01
ons-4	11	0.3±0.1	<0.01
ons-5	11	0.4±0.1	<0.01 ·
ONS-6	11	0.3±0.1	<0.01
NBF	t 1 *	0.3±0.1	<0.01
SBN	11	0.2±0.1	<0.01
DOW	t t	0.3±0.1	<0.01
COL	11	0.1±0.1	<0.01
ONS-1	4th Quarter	0.5±0.1	<0.01
ONS-2	**	0.3±0.1	<0.01
ONS-3	17	0.6±0.1	<0.01
ons-4	ŧ	$0.6 \pm 0.1$	<0.01
ONS-5	11	0.4±0.1	<0.01
ons-6		0.4±0.1	<0.01
NBF	11	0.5±0.1	<0.01
SBN	11	0.2±0.1	<0.01
DOW		0.2±0.1	<0.01
COL	11	0.2±0.1	<0.01

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#### Sr-89\*/90 and I-131 CONCENTRATIONS in MILK SAMPLES (Monthly Collection)

		Indicator Stations		Backgroun	d Stations
Collection Site:	Bridgman K2	Stevensville Kl	Galien	Dowagiac Kl	South Bend K1
Collection Date	. <u></u>		I-131 pCi/1	-	
01/08/83	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
02/05/83	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	· <0.5
03/05/83	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
03/26/83	<0.5	<0.5	· <0.5	<0.5	<0.5
04/16/83	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
04/30/83	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
05/14/83	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
05/28/83	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
06/11/83	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	(a)
06/25/83	<0.5	<0.5	_<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
1				•	
, * ,			• .	,	•
			Sr-90 pCi/l		
01/08/83	2±1	2±1	3±1	7±1	3±1
02/05/83	1±1	5±1	3±1.	7±1	2±1
03/05/83	1±1	2±1	1±1	4±1	• 2±1
03/26/83	1±1	 1±1	2±1	3±1	2±1
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(Strontium-89 and 90 analyses were deleted from the program beginning were deleted from the program beginning April 1983.)

\* Sr-89 was determined on each sample and was <5 pCi/l unless otherwise noted. (a) Sample not available see listing of missed samples.

## 1983

### RADIONUCLIDES in MILK SAMPLES (Monthly Collections)

		Indicator Stations		Backgroun	d Stations
Collection Site:	Bridgman K2	Stevensville Kl	Galien	Dowagiac Kl	South Bend Kl
Collection Date	·		Cs-137 pCi/1	<u> </u>	
01/08/83	<10	<10	<10 <10	<10 <10	<10 <10
02/05/83 03/05/83	<10 <10	<10	<10	<10	<10
03/26/83 04/16/83	<10 <10	<10 .<10	<10 <10	<10 <10	<10 <10
04/30/83 05/14/83	<10 <10	<10 <10	<10 <10	<10 <10	<10
05/28/83 06/11/83	<10 <10	<10 <10	<10 <10	<10	(a)
06/25/83	. <10	<10	<10	<10	× 10

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-	Other Gamma Emitters pCi/l						
017/08/83	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10		
02/05/83	<10	<10	<10 .	<10	<10		
03/05/83	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10		
03/26/83	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10		
04/16/83	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10		
04/10/03	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10		
05/14/83	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10 <10		
05/28/83	<10	<10	<10	. (10			
06/11/83	<10	<10	<10	<10	(a)		
06/25/83	<10	<10	<10	- <10	<10		

(a) Sample not available, see listing of missed samples.

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## I-131 CONCENTRATIONS in MILK SAMPLES

(Collection every two weeks)

-	-	Indicator Stations	Background Stations		
Collection Site:	Bridgman K2	Stevensville Kl	Galien	Dowagiac Kl	South Bend Kl
Collection Date			I-131 pCi/1		
07/09/83 07/23/83 08/13/83 08/27/83 09/10/83 09/24/83 10/08/83 10/08/83 10/22/83	<0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5	<0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5	<0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5	<0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5	<0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5
11/19/83 12/03/83	<0.5 <0.5	<0.5 <0.5	<0.5 (a)	<0.5 <0.5	<0.5 <0.5
12/1//83	<u.5< td=""><td><u.5< td=""><td><b>NO'</b>2</td><td>NU.5</td><td>N.5 .</td></u.5<></td></u.5<>	<u.5< td=""><td><b>NO'</b>2</td><td>NU.5</td><td>N.5 .</td></u.5<>	<b>NO'</b> 2	NU.5	N.5 .

(a) See list of missed samples.

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## RADIONUCLIDES in MILK SAMPLES. (Monthly Collections)

		Indicator Stations		Background Stations		d Stations
	Collection Site:	Bridgman K2	Stevensville Kl	Galien	Dowagiac Kl	South Bend K1
	Collection Date	•••••••		Cs-137 pCi/1	·	
	07/09/83	<10	<10	<b>≤10</b>	<b>≤10</b>	₹ <del>1</del> 8
	07/23/83	<10			<10	<10
	08/13/83	- <10		<10	<10	<10
	08/27/83	<10		<10		<10
	09/10/83			<10	<10	·<10
9	. 09/24/83			<10	<10	<10
	. 10/08/83			<10	<10	<10
	10/22/83			<10	<10	<10
	11/05/83			<10	<10	<10
	11/19/83			$\langle 10 \rangle$		
	12/03/83			(a) // 0		<10
42		<10	0</td <td>&lt;10 ,</td> <td>10</td> <td></td>	<10 ,	10	
			Jther	pC1/1		
		4.0	1	• .	41.0	41.0
•	07/09/83	$\leq 10$				. 518
	07/23/83			<10 <10	<10	<10
	08/13/83		<10	<10	<10	<10
	08/2//83		<10	<10	<10	<10
	09/10/83		<10	<10	<10	<10
	09/24/83		<:0	<10	<10	<10
	10/08/83			- <10	<10	<10
	10/22/03	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
	11/05/83		<10	<10	<10	<10
	11/19/03			(2)		
	12/03/83			(4)		
	12/1//03	<10	N.U	<b>N10</b>	<b>NIO</b> •	· N10

a) See list of missed samples.

## 1983

## DONALD C. COOK

## GAMMA ISOTOPIC ANALYSIS OF PRECIPITATION SAMPLES

## (Monthly Collections)

Collection Sites:	Indi	.cator	Bac	kground
Collection Period	<u>pCi/1</u>	$\underline{nCi/m}^2$	pCi/1	<u>nCi/m</u> 2
January	<10 '	<0.20	<10	<0.20
February	<10	<0.60	<10	<0.30
March	<10	<0.60	<10	<0.60
April	<10	<0.60	<10 ·	<0.40

(Precipitation samples were deleted from the program beginning May 1983.)



## 1983

#### DONALD C. COOK

## GAMMA EMITTERS IN LAKE WATER SAMPLES (Monthly Composites of Indicator and Background Stations)

	Gamma Emitters pCi/1/nuclide					
Month	Indicator Composite	Background Composite				
January	<10	<10				
February	· <10 ·	<10				
March	<10	<10				
April	<10	<10				

(Lake water collection has been deleted from the program beginning May 1983.)

#### RADIONUCLIDES IN WELL WATER SAMPLES (18-week Interval Collections)

	Bacl	kground Stat	ions		Indicator	Stations	
Collection Site:	· ONS 1	ONS 2	ONS 3	ONS 4	ONS 5	ONS 6	ONS 7
Collection Date	e Tritium pCi/1						
02/10/83	<1000	<1000	<1000	3200±900	<1000	2200±900	<1000
05/10/83	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1000
08/11/83 (b)	<1000	<1000	<1000	2600±600	1500±600	4100±600	600±600
11/10/83 (c)	<1000	700±500	<1000	8400±600	3300±500	2800±500	600±500

	Gamma Emitters p			mitters pCi/1	<u>i/1</u>		
02/10/83	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10 '	<10	<10
05/10/83(a)	<20	<20	<20 *	<20	<20	<b>`</b> <20	<20
08/11/83 (Ъ)	<10	<10	<10	<10 🔒	<10	<10	<10
11/10/83 (c)	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10

. (a) Insufficient sample for more sensitive analysis.

(b) Sample from ONS-1 was collected only on 08/24/83 due to loss of power:

(c) Sample from ONS-3 was collected on 11/17/83 and from ONS-5 on 11/21/83.

### RADIONUCLIDES IN SEDIMENT SAMPLES (Semiannual Collections)

Collection	Collection	pCi/g (dry)			
Site	Date	Gamma Emitters	Cs-134	<u>Cs-137</u>	
ONSN	05/24/83	, <(	<b>).</b> 15 <sup>.</sup>		
ONSS	05/24/83	<(	0.15		
OFSN	05/24/83	<(	0.15		
OFSS	05/24/83	<(	0.15		
ONSN	10/18/83	<(	0.15		
ONSS	10/18/83	<(	0.15	•	
OFSN	10/18/83	<(	).15		
OFSS	10/18/83	<(	.15		

#### RADIONUCLIDES IN FISH SAMPLES (Semiannual Collections)

.

Collection Site	Collection : Date	· <u>pCi/g (wet</u> ) Gamma Emitters Cs-134, Cs-137 <u>Co-58, Co-60, Mn-54</u>	F2, 2n-65
North on site	05/06/83	<0.13	<0.26
North off site	05/06/83	<0.13	<0.26
South on site	05/06/83	<0.13	<0.26
South off site	05/06/83	<0.13	<0.26
North on site	09/28/83	<0.13	<0.26
North off site	09/28/83	<0.13	<0.26
South on site	09/28/83	<0.13	<0.26
South off site	09/28/83	<0.13	<0.26

#### RADIONUCLIDES IN FOOD CROPS (Annual Fall Harvest Collection)

Coll	ection Site:	ON Site	OFF Site
Collection	Sample	pCi/	g (wet)
Date .	Туре	Gamma	Emitters
09/19/83	Broad Leaf Vegetable	<0.06	<0.06
	(grapes)		•

#### GAMMA RADIATION (Quarterly)

#### (Measured using Thermoluminiscent Dosimeters) Date Annealed: 12/13/82 03/21/83 06/22/83 09/23/83 Date Read: 04/05/83 07/18/83 10/21/83 01/16/84 1st Otr. 2nd Otr. 3rd Otr. 4th Otr. Main Main Backup Backup Main Backup Main Backup TLD TLD TLD TLD TLD TLD TLD TLD Location Measured mR/week Indicator Stations On-Site 1 1.1±0.3 1.0±0.1 1.0±0.1 1.1±0.1 1.1±0.1 1.0±0.1 1.5±0.2 $1.4\pm0.2$ On-Site 2 1.0±0.1 1.1±0.1 1.1±0.1 1.0±0.1 1.1±0.1 1.0±0.2 $1.4 \pm 0.2$ $1.4\pm0.1$ On-Site 3 1.0±0.1 1.0±0.1 1.0±0.1 1.0±0.1 1.1±0.1 1.0±0.1 1.4±0.1 1.3±0.1 On-Site 4 1.0±0.2 1.0±0.1 1.0±0.1 1.0±0.1 1.0±0.2 1.0±0.1 $1:4\pm0.2$ $1.4 \pm 0.1$ On-Site 5 1.1±0.1 1.0±0.1 0.9±0.1 1.0±0.1 1.0±0.2 1.1±0.1 1.5±0.2 1.4±0.1 On-Site 6 0.9±0.2 0.9±0.1 1.0±0.1 1.0±0.1 1.0±0.1 1.0±0.1 1.2±0.2 $1.4 \pm 0.2$ On-Site 7 1.1±0.1 0.9±0.1 1.1±0.1 1.0±0.1 1.0±0.1 1.1±0.1 1.1±0.1 0.9±0.1 1.0±0.2 1.1±0.1 1.4±0.2 Missing On-Site 8 1.0±0.2 1.0±0.2 1.0±0.1 1.4±0.1 1.3±0.1 **On-Site 9** 1.1±0.1 1.0±0.1 $1.0\pm0.2$ 1.1±0.1 1.1±0.2 1.1±0.1 1.4±0.1 1.4±0.1 Background Stations 1.0±0.1 0.9±0.2 1.4±0.2 Coloma 1.0±0.1 1.0±0.1 1.0±0.1 0.9±0.1 1.4±0.2 0.9±0.1 1.0±0.1 1.0±0.1 1.4±0.1 Dowagiac 1.0±0.1 1.0±0.1 1.0±0.1 1.4±0.2 New Buffalo 1.1±0.2 1.2±0.1 1.1±0.1 1.1±0.1 1.1±0.2 1.0±0.1 1.5±0.2 1.4±0.1 1.2±0.1 South Bend 1.1±0.3 1.1±0.1 1.0±0.1 1.0±0.1 0.9±0.1 1.6±0.2 1.3±0.1 Off-Site- 1 1.0±0.1 1.0±0.2 1.1±0.1 0.9±0.1 1.2±0.2 1.0±0.3 1.4±0.2 1.3±0.1 1.0±0.1 1.0±0.1 1.1±0.1 1.0±0.1 1.0±0.1 1.1±0.1 1.4±0.2 Off-Site- 2 1.3±0.1 Off-Site- 3 1.1±0.2 0.9±0.1 1.1±0.2 1.0±0.1 0.9±0.1 1.0±0.1 1.3±0.2 1.4±0.1 1.1±0.1 1.1±0.2 1.1±0.1 1.1±0.2 1.1±0.1 1.1±0.1 1.6±0.2 1.4±0.2 Off-Site- 4 1.0±0.1 1.1±0.1 1.0±0.1 $1.0\pm0.3$ Off-Site- 5 1.1±0.2 1.1±0.1 $1.6 \pm 0.2$ 1.4±0.1 1.1±0.1 $1.0\pm0.1$ Off-Site- 6 1.1±0.2 1.0±0.1 1.1±0.1 1.1±0.1 $1,5\pm0.2$ 1.5±0.1 1.0±0.1 1.0±0.1 1.0±0.2 0.9±0.1 1.0±0.2 0.9±0.1 $1.3\pm0.1$ Off-Site- 7 1.4±0.1 1.2±0.1 $1.2\pm0.3$ 1.0±0.1 1.1±0.1 1.1±0.1 1.2±0.1 1.3±0.2 Off-Site- 8 1.6±0.2 1.2±0.2 1.2±0.3 1.2±0.1 1.2±0.2 1.1±0.1 1.1±0.1 1.3±0.2 Off-Site- 9 1.5±0.1 1.1±0.1 1.1±0.2 1.1±0.2 1.0±0.2 0.9±0.1 1.0±0.2 Off-Site-10 $1.4\pm0.2$ $1.4 \pm 0.2$

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## LISTING OF MISSED SAMPLES

1983

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Sample Type	Location	Expected Collection Date	Reason
AP .	SBN	01/15/83	Filter was lost in the wind.
AP/CC	ons-3	<sup>•</sup> 04/05/83	Sample was lost
AP	SBN	. 04/23/83.	.· Filter was lost.
Milk	SBN :	. 06/11/83	Not Available
AP/CC	Coloma	12/24/83	Not Available
Milk	GAL	12/03/83	Not Available

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## SECTION 6

## QUALITY ASSURANCE DATA

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#### 1983 Quality Control Analyses Summary

The table below summarizes results of samples run for process quality control purposes during the subject year. These listings are in addition to such measurements as detector backgrounds, check source values, radiometric-gravimetric comparisons, system calibrations etc. Detailed listing of each measurement are maintained at the laboratory and are available for inspection if required.

#### Blank Samples

Nıclide <u>Analyzed</u>	Number of Determinations	Number of Analyses Exceeding the LLD for that Analysis		
	<b>,</b> ,	×		
Gross Alpha	49	<b>o</b> .		
Gross Beta	101	· 0		
H-3	90	0 -		
U-234	17	0		
Th-230	19	0		
Ra-226	37	0		
Pb-210	29	0		
I-131	*			
Sr-89.90	81	. 0		
Pu-239	32	0		
Am-241	3	0		

\* Blank I-131 analyses are performed with each batch of samples processed all blank data were below the detection limit.

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Nuclide	Number of Det'ns	Within-2 sigma of known	Within 3 sigma of known	Differing from known by > 3 sigma
Gross Alpha Gross Beta H-3 U-234 Th-230 Ra-226 Pb-210 Sr-90 Pu-239 Am-241	49 101 90 17 19 37 29 81 32 32 3	49 101 90 17 19 37 29 81 32 3		
<u>Split Samples</u> Nuclide <u>Analysed</u>	Number of Det'ns	No: Agreeing Within 2 signa	No. Agreeing With <u>in 3 sigma</u>	No. Differing by > 3 sigma
Gross Alpha Gross Beta H-3 U-234 Th-230 Ra-226 Pb-210 Sr-89 Sr-90 Pu-239 Am-241 Gamma	47 142 151 12 10 21 19 47 54 12 3 13	47 142 151 12 10 20 19 47 54 12 2 13		

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Spiked Samples

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1983	USEPA -	EBERLINE	INTERCOMPARISON PROGRAM

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Sample Type	Analysis	Value (EPA)	. <u>Value (EIC)</u>	<u>Units</u>
Air Filter	Alpha -	26±1-1-2	·19±2-	· pCi/Filter
Air Filter	Beta	68±8.7	72±7	pCi/Filter
Air Filter	Sr-90	20±2, 6.	26±8	pCi/Filter
Air Filter	Cs-137	27±8,7	, 42±6	"pCi/Filter
Air Filter	Alpha	13±8.7	9±1	pCi/Filter
Air Filter	Beta	36±8.7	41±4	r pCi/Filter
Air Filter	Sr-90	10±2.6	12±5	pCi/Filter
Air Filter	Cs-137	15±8.7	10±2	pCi/Filter
Food	Sr-89	35±8.7	31±19	pCi/kg
Food	Sr-90	28±8.7	42±9	pCi/kg
, Food	T-131	$37 \pm 10.4$	<27	pGi/kg
Food	$C_{s-137}$	31±8.7	52±23	pCi/kg
Milk	Sr-89	37±8.7	19±9	pCi/1
Milk	Sr-90	18±2.6	11±4	pCi/l
Milk	I-131	55±10.4	66±7	pCi/l
Milk	Cs-137	26±8.7	28±3 ***	DCI/1
Milk	ĸ	1512±131	1850±190	pCi/1
Milk	\$r-89	15±8.7	14±6	pCi/1
Milk'	Sr-90	14±2.6-	16:3	- pCi/1
Milk	I-131	40±10.4	54±4	pCi/1
Milk	Cs-137	33±8.7	36±20	pĆi/1
Milk	K,	1550±135	^ Ĩ550±210	mg/1.
Water	Alpha	29±13 ^	17±2	pCi/l
Water	Beta	31±8.7	`44±6	pCi/1
Water	Alpha	11±8.7	17±3	pCi/1
Water	Beta .	57±8.7	_46±5	pCi/l
Water	Alpha	7±5.0	7±2	pCi/1
Water	Beta	22±5.0	24±2	pCi/l
Water	Alpha	14±8.7	13±2	pCi/l
Water	Beta	16±8.7	33±2	pC1/1
Water	U .	31±10°.4	27±5	pCi/l
Water	Sr-89	29.2±8.7	12±8	pCi/1
Water	Sr-90	17.2±2.6	22±4	pCi/l
Water	Sr-89	15±8.7	7±5	pCi/l
Water	Sr-90	10±2.6	5±2	pCi/l
Water	H-3	2560±612	3090±510	pCi/l
Water	H-3	1529±337	. 1600±600	pCi/l
Water	H-3	1210±570	1370±600	pCi/l
Water	Pu-239	8.6±1.5	9.0±0.5	pCi/l
Water	I-131	27±10.4	19±4	pCi/l
Water	I-131	14±6	16±2	pCi/l
Water	Cr-51	45±9	102±70	pCi/l



Sample Type	Analysis	Value (EPA)	Value (EIC)	Units
Water	Co-60	22±9	23±3	pCi/l
Water ·	Zn-65	· 21±9 -	20±3	pCi/l
Water ,	Ru-106	48±9	49±13	pCi/1
Water	Čs-134	20±9	21±3	pCi/l
Water	Cs137	19±9	20±3	PCi/l
Water	Cr-51	51±8.7	42±37	pCi/l
Water	Co-60 .	→ 19±8.7	21±3	pCi/l
Water	Zn-65	'40±8.7	28±5	pCi/l
Water .	Ru-106	、52±8.7	46±17 🚬	pCi/l
Water	. Cs-134	15±8.7	13±3	pCi/1
Water	Cs-137	22±8.7	22±3	pCi/l
Water	Ra-226 ,	№ 12:7±3.3	6.6±2.0	pCi/l
Water	Ra-228	0	<6.0	pCi/l
Water	Ra-226 🖬 👘	4.8±0.7	• 4.4±1.3	pCi/l
Water,	i Ra−228 i	0 🗥	· <2	pCi/1
Water	Ra-226 • •	3.1±0.81	2.5±0.8	pCi/l
Water :	Ra-228 *	2.0±0.52	<5.3	pCi/l
Water	Alpha 🕤	46±19.9 🕞	87±39 *	pCi/l
Water	Beta	143±12.4	138±54	pCi/l
Water 👘 🦥	Sr-89 ·	24±8.7	' 25±4 '	pCi/l
Water 🦌	53r-90 🗥	13±2:6	20±4	pCi/l
Water	Ra-226	8.5±2.25	6.8±2.0	pCi/l
Water	Ra-228	4.7±1.21	<sup>,</sup> ~<46	pCi/l
Water	Co-60	30±8.7	29±2	pCi/J.
Water	Cs-134	33±8.7	29±4	pCi/l
Water	Cs-137	27±8.7	25±4	pCi/l
Water	U	25±10.4	19±1	pCi/1

NOTE: Includes all data received for 1983 samples up to 02/10/84.

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# TLD INTERCOMPARISON OC DATA

ALL STATS

(Eberline-Battelle Pacific Northwest Labs)

		÷ •		
		•	1983	•
		Total N	IR±2 Sigma	
lst Quar	ter	2nd <sup>®</sup> Quart	ter (* * 3 <sup>31</sup> 3rd = (* * 4)	and 4th Quarter
Actual	Measured	ð Actüal <sup>y</sup> M	leasured Actual	Measured
27.	24±6	90: 🐔	80±14 - `15	13±4
36	-32±3	90 🔅	85±11 👌 🔭 🛵 15	14±3 **
40 ·	. 37±4	<u>۶</u> 84	90±13 <sup>\</sup> 28	30±4 🖤 🦯 📩
45	. 41±7	68	•70±13 • 28	34±7 🐘 💀
58 🧸 -	53±5	. 504	47±5	37±4 ≁
69 , -	62±6	50	50±7 1 40	40±7
69	64±6	68:	59±7 · · · 57	52±5 *: •.
69	- 64±9	84 -	81±8 • 57	58±6
97 ·	85±15	99	97±16 <u>88</u>	75±10
97 <sup>`</sup>	, 85±15	99	102±10 88	77±8
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	<i>r</i>	, <b>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </b>		4
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