## TABLE 4.4-5

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D.C.	,	REACTOR	VESSEL	MATERIAL	IRRADIATION	SURVEILLANCE SCHEDULE	
, coox	SPECIMEN	•				REMOVAL INTERVAL	•
я 1	1. Capsule T	٠	•	•		1.25 EFPY	
UNIT	2. Capsule X			•		3 EFPY	l
	3. Capsule Y	•	-	•	•	. 5. EFPY	
·	4. Capsule U		•		· · · ·	9 EFPY	
	5. Capsule S	ж К. Р.			• • •	32 EFPY	
3/	6. Capsules V, H, 1	<b>2</b> •	5. <b>r</b>	* <b>;</b>		Standby .	ł

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REACTOR COOLANT SYSTEM

BASES

The reactor vessel materials have been tested to determine their initial  $RT_{NDT}$ ; the results of these tests are shown in Table B 3/4.4-1. Reactor operation and resultant fast neutron (E>1 Mev) irradiation will cause an increase in the  $RT_{NDT}$ . Therefore, an adjusted reference temperature, based upon the fluence and copper content of the material in question, can be predicted using Figures B 3/4.4-1 and B 3/4.4-2. The heatup and cooldown limit curves, Figures 3.4-2 and 3.4-3, include predicted adjustments for this shift in  $RT_{NDT}$  at the end of 12 EFPY, as well as adjustments for possible errors in the pressure and temperature sensing instruments.

The actual shift in  $RT_{NDT}$  of the vessel material will be established periodically during operation by removing and evaluating, in accordance with ASTM E185-73, reactor vessel material irradiation surveillance specimens installed near the inside wall of the reactor vessel in the core area. Since the neutron spectra at the irradiation samples and vessel inside radius are essentially identical, the measured transition shift for a sample can be applied with confidence to the adjacent section of the reactor vessel. The heatup and cooldown curves must be recalculated when the  $\Delta RT_{NDT}$  determined from the surveillance capsule is different from the calculated  $\Delta RT_{NDT}$  for the equivalent capsule radiation exposure.

The pressure-temperature limit lines shown on Figure 3.4-2 for reactor criticality and for inservice leak and hydrostatic testing have been provided to assure compliance with the minimum temperature requirements of Appendix G to 10 CFR 50.

The number of reactor vessel irradiation surveillance specimens and the frequencies for removing and testing these specimens are provided in Table 4.4-5 to assure compliance with the requirements of Appendix H to 10 CFR Part 50.

The limitations imposed on pressurizer heatup and cooldown and spray water temperature differential are provided to assure that the pressurizer is operated within the design criteria assumed for the fatigue analysis performed in accordance with the ASME Code requirements.

## 3/4.4.10 STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY

The required inspection programs for the Reactor Coolant System components ensure that the structural integrity of these components will be maintained at an acceptable level throughout the life of the plant. To the extent applicable, the inspection program for the Reactor Coolant System components is in compliance with Section XI of

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TABLE 4.4-5

## REACTOR VESSEL MATERIAL IRRADIATION SURVEILLANCE SCHEDULE

·	SPECIMEN	•	<u>R</u>	EMOVAL INTERVAL	<u> </u>
1.	CAPSULE	τ.		1 EFPY	
2.	CAPSULE	Y	4	3 EFPY	· ·
3.	CAPSULE	X		5 EFPY	
.4.	GAPSULE .	. U	•	9 EFPY .	
· 5.	GAPSULE	S		32 EFPY	· ·
6.	CAPSULES	· V, W, Z		STANDBY .	• _

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Cook

- UNIT 2

REACTOR COOLANT SYSTEM

BASES

The actual shift in  $RT_{NDT}$  of the vessel material will be established periodically during operation by removing and evaluating, in accordance with ASTM E185-73, reactor vessel material irradiation surveillance specimens installed near the inside wall of the reactor vessel in the core area. Since the neutron spectra at the irradiation samples and vessel inside radius are essentially identical, the measured transition shift for a sample can be applied with confidence to the adjacent section of the reactor vessel. The heatup and cooldown curves must be recalculated when the  $\Delta RT_{NDT}$  determined from the surveillance capsule is different from the calculated  $\Delta RT_{NDT}$  for the equivalent capsule radiation exposure.

The pressure-temperature limit lines shown on Figure 3.4-2 for reactor criticality and for inservice leak and hydrostatic testing have been provided to assure compliance with the minimum temperature requirements of Appendix G to 10 CFR 50.

The number of reactor vessel irradiation surveillance specimens and the frequencies for removing and testing these specimens are provided in Table 4.4-5 to assure compliance with the requirements of Appendix H to 10 CFR Part 50.

The limitations imposed on pressurizer heatup and cooldown and spray water temperature differential are provided to assure that the pressurizer is operated within the design criteria assumed for the fatigue analysis performed in accordance with the ASME Code requirements.

## 3/4.4.10 STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY

The inspection and testing programs for ASME Code Class 1, 2 and 3 components ensure that the structural integrity of these components will be maintained at an acceptable level throughout the life of the plant. To the extent applicable, the inspection program for these components is in compliance with Section XI of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.

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