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 LEVINE, J.M. Arizona Public Service Co. (formerly Arizona Nuclear Power
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Palo Verde Nuclear
Generating Station

James M. Levine
Senior Vice President
Nuclear

TEL (602)393-5300
FAX (602)393-6077

Mail Station 7602
P.O. Box 52034
Phoenix, AZ 85072-2034

102-03920-JML/AKK/JRP
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Dear Sirs:

**Subject: Palo Verde Nuclear Generating Station (PVNGS)
Units 1, 2, and 3
Docket Nos. STN 50-528/529/530
Annual Radiological Environmental
Operating Report 1996**

Attached is the PVNGS Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report for 1996. This report covers operation of PVNGS Units 1, 2, and 3 during 1996, and is being submitted pursuant to Section 6.9.1.7 of the Technical Specifications.

Should you have any questions please call Scott A. Bauer at (602) 393-5978.

Sincerely,

JML/AKK/JRP/mah

Attachment

cc: E. W. Merschhoff
K. E. Perkins
J. W. Clifford
K. E. Johnston
A. V. Godwin (ARRA)

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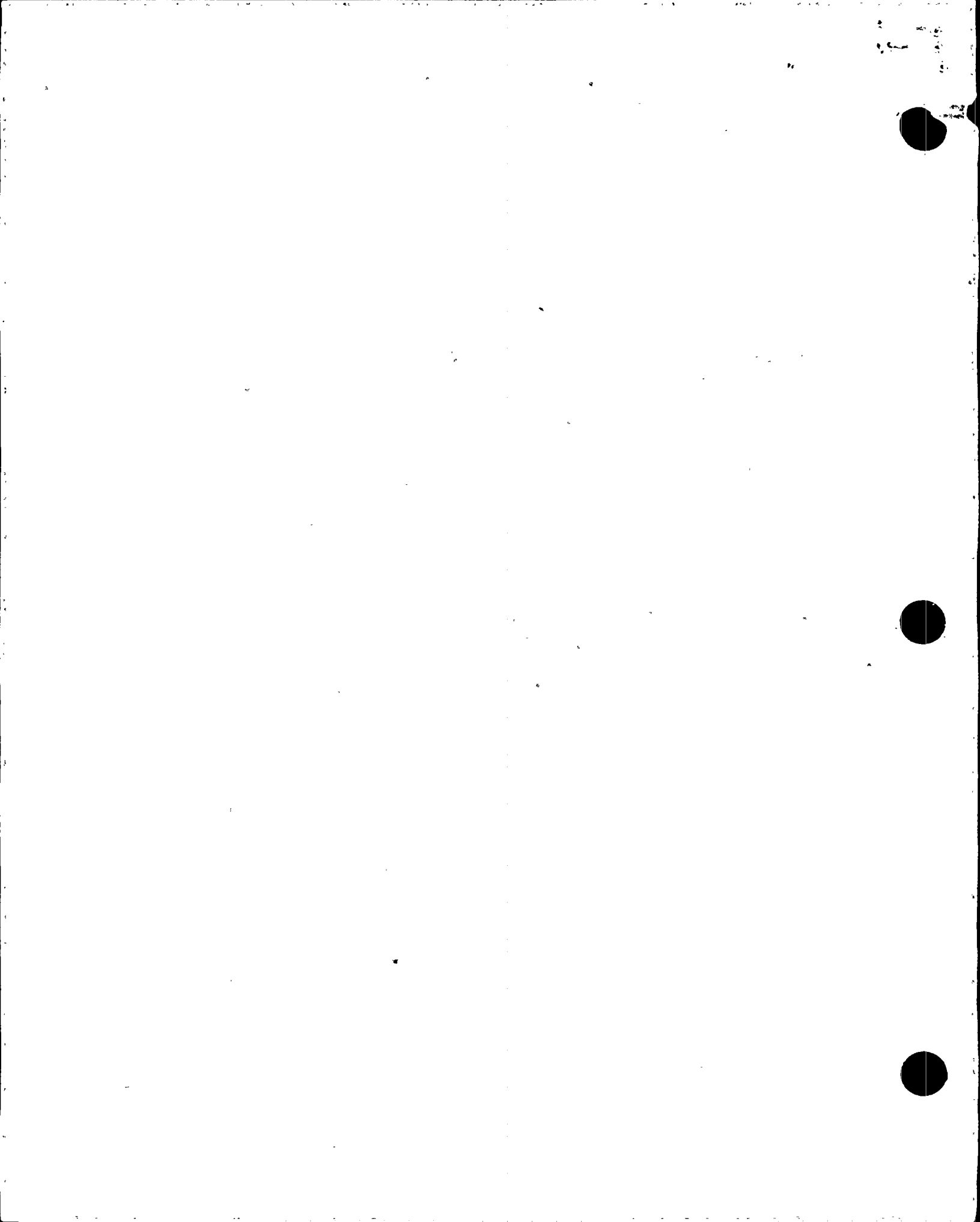
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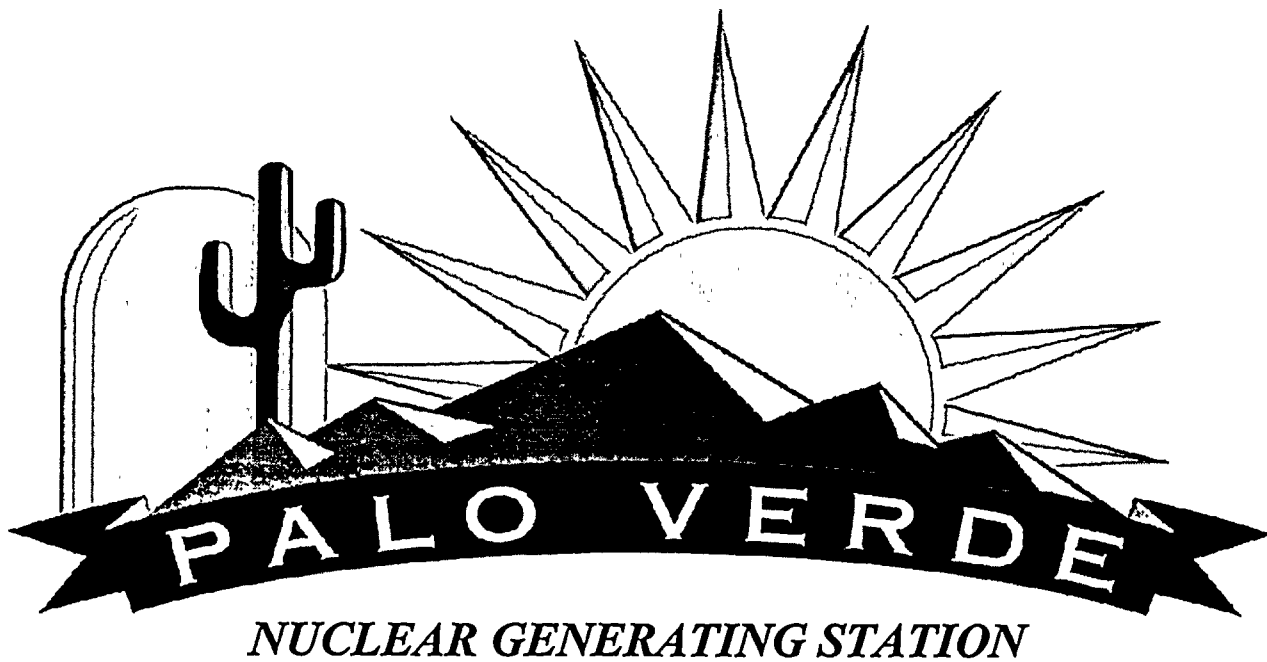
**ANNUAL RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL
OPERATING REPORT
1996**

Prepared by: Louis Demosky 3/14/97
Reviewed by: Larry S. Johnson 3/18/97
Approved by: J. Stone 3/18/97

ATTACHMENT

**ANNUAL RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL
OPERATING REPORT
1996**





*ANNUAL RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL
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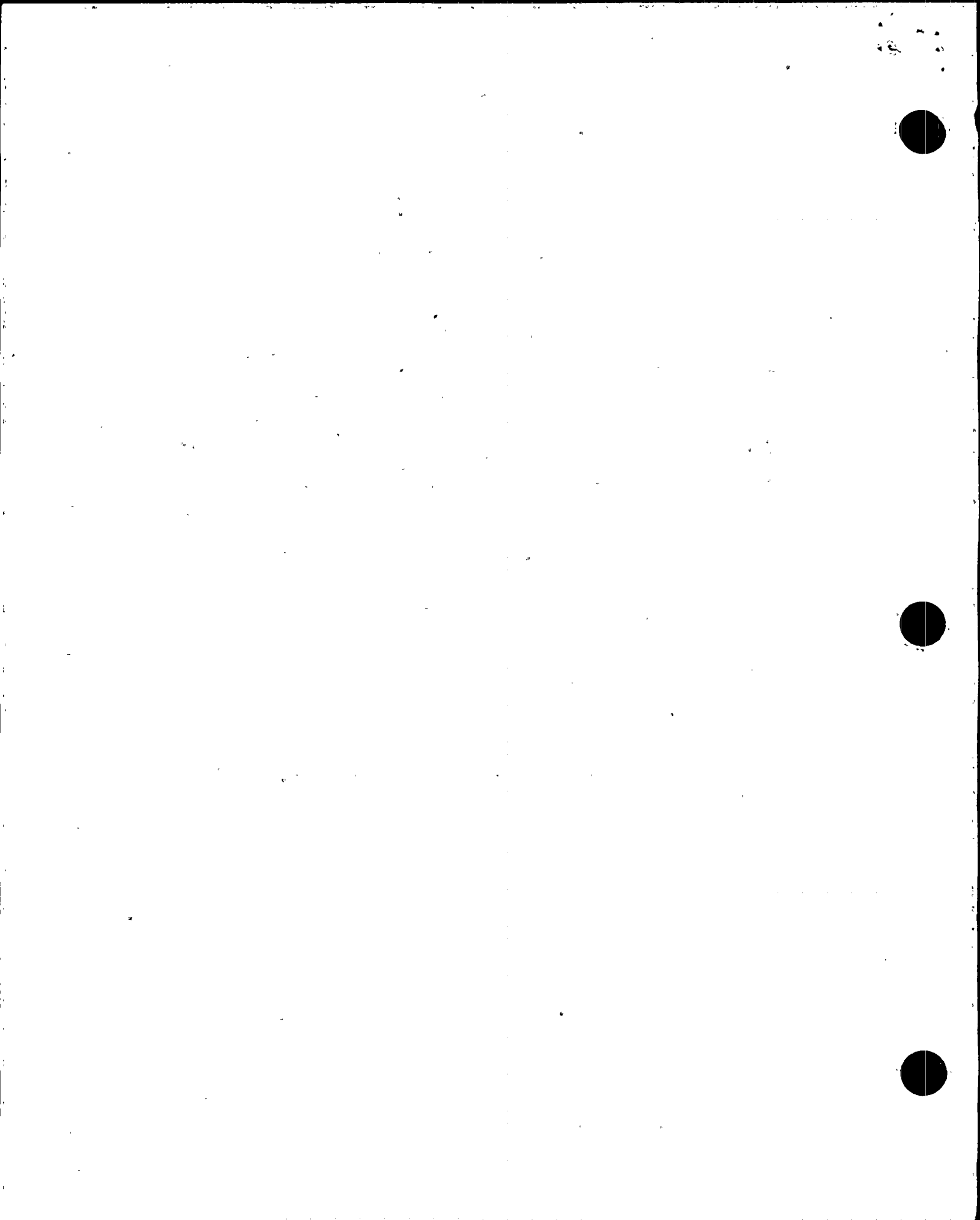


TABLE OF CONTENTS

ABSTRACT	1
OPERATIONAL RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM	2
1. INTRODUCTION.....	2
2. DESCRIPTION OF THE MONITORING PROGRAM.....	3
2.1. 1996 PVNGS Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program.....	3
2.2. Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program Changes for 1996.....	3
3. SAMPLE COLLECTION PROGRAM.....	8
3.1. Water	8
3.2. Vegetation.....	8
3.3. Air.....	8
3.4. Sludge and Sediment	8
4. ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES.....	9
4.1. Air Particulate.....	9
4.1.1. Gross Beta.....	9
4.1.2. Gamma Spectroscopy.....	9
4.2. Airborne Radioiodine.....	9
4.3. Vegetation.....	10
4.3.1. Gamma Spectroscopy.....	10
4.4. Sludge/Sediment	10
4.4.1. Gamma Spectroscopy.....	10
4.5. Water	10
4.5.1. Gamma Spectroscopy.....	10
4.5.2. Tritium	10
4.5.3. Gross Beta.....	10
5. NUCLEAR INSTRUMENTATION.....	15
5.1. Nuclear Data Computer Based Gamma Spectrometer.....	15
5.2. Beckman Liquid Scintillation Spectrometer	15
5.3. Tennelec LB5100 Low Background Counting System.....	15
6. ISOTOPIC DETECTION LIMITS AND REPORTING CRITERIA	15
6.1. Lower Limits of Detection	15
6.2. Data Reporting Criteria	15
6.3. LLD and Reporting Criteria Overview.....	16
7. INTERLABORATORY COMPARISON PROGRAM	22
7.1. Quality Control Program	22
7.2. Intercomparison Results.....	22
8. DATA INTERPRETATIONS AND CONCLUSIONS	25
8.1. Air Particulates	25
8.2. Airborne Radioiodine.....	26
8.3. Vegetation.....	26
8.4. Drinking Water.....	26
8.5. Groundwater	26
8.6. Surface Water	26
8.7. Sludge and Sediment	27
8.7.1. WRF Centrifuge waste sludge.....	27
8.7.2. Sedimentation Basin #2 sediment	27
8.7.3. Evaporation Ponds #1 and #2 sediment	27
8.7.4. Cooling Tower sludge.....	28
8.8. Summary of Results	28

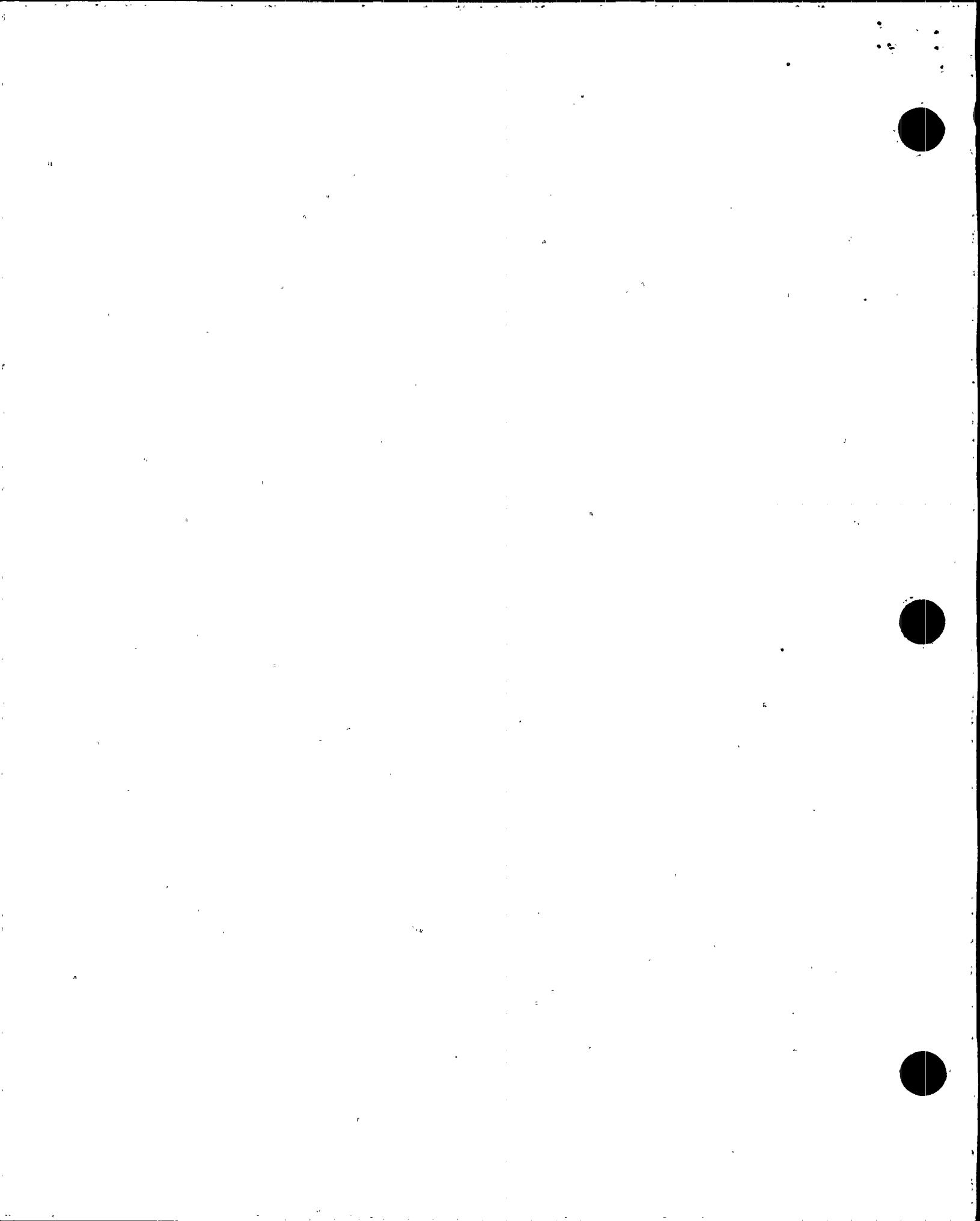
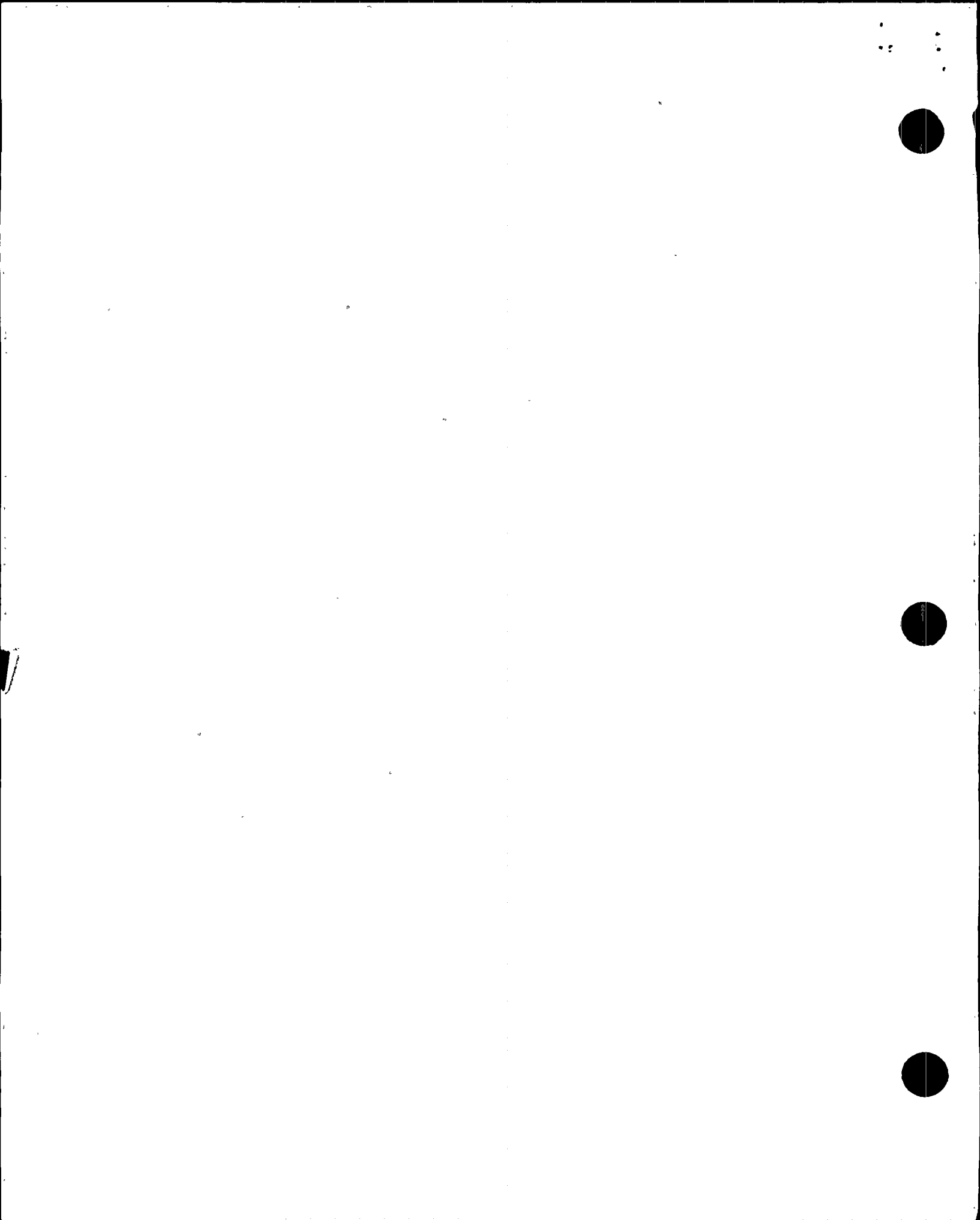


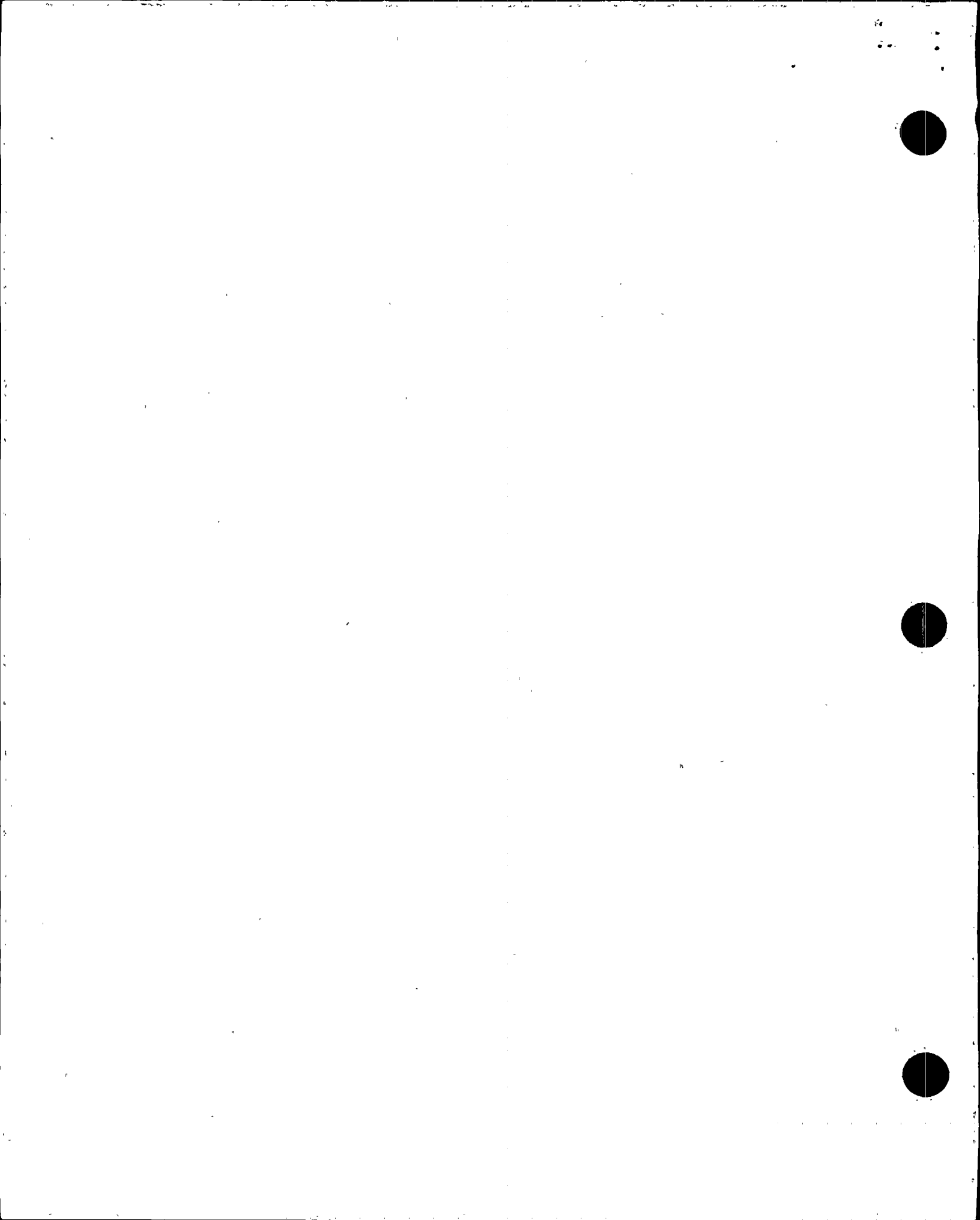
TABLE OF CONTENTS

9. THERMOLUMINESCENT DOSIMETRY (TLD) RESULTS AND DATA INTERPRETATION.....	50
10. LAND USE CENSUS.....	56
10.1. Introduction.....	56
10.2. Census Results.....	56
11. SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS.....	58
12. REFERENCES	62



LIST OF TABLES

TABLE 2.1 SAMPLE COLLECTION LOCATIONS	4
TABLE 2.2 SAMPLE COLLECTION SCHEDULE.....	5
TABLE 4.1 TYPICAL ALIQUOT SIZES	11
TABLE 4.2 TYPICAL TIMES BETWEEN COLLECTION AND COUNTING	12
TABLE 4.3 TYPICAL COUNTING EFFICIENCIES.....	13
TABLE 4.4 TYPICAL SAMPLE COUNTING TIMES	14
TABLE 6.1 ODCM REQUIRED LOWER LIMITS OF DETECTION (<i>A PRIOR</i>).....	19
TABLE 6.2 ODCM REQUIRED REPORTING LEVELS	20
TABLE 6.3 TYPICAL LLDS (<i>A POSTERIOR</i>)	21
TABLE 7.1 INTERLABORATORY COMPARISON RESULTS	23
TABLE 8.1 PARTICULATE GROSS BETA IN AIR 1ST - 2ND QUARTER.....	29
TABLE 8.2 PARTICULATE GROSS BETA IN AIR 3RD - 4TH QUARTER.....	30
TABLE 8.3 GAMMA IN AIR-FILTER COMPOSITES	31
TABLE 8.4 RADIOIODINE IN AIR 1ST - 2ND QUARTER.....	32
TABLE 8.5 RADIOIODINE IN AIR 3RD - 4TH QUARTER.....	33
TABLE 8.6 VEGETATION.....	34
TABLE 8.7 DRINKING WATER	35
TABLE 8.8 GROUNDWATER.....	37
TABLE 8.9 SURFACE WATER	38
TABLE 8.10 SLUDGE/SEDIMENT.....	41
TABLE 9.1 TLD SITE LOCATIONS.....	51
TABLE 9.2 1996 ENVIRONMENTAL TLD RESULTS.....	53
TABLE 10.1 1996 LAND USE CENSUS	57
TABLE 11.1 ENVIRONMENTAL RADIOLOGICAL MONITORING PROGRAM ANNUAL SUMMARY.....	59



LIST OF FIGURES

FIGURE 2.1 PVNGS REMP SAMPLE SITES - MAP (0-10 MILES)	6
FIGURE 2.2 PVNGS REMP SAMPLE SITES - MAP (0-35 MILES)	7
FIGURE 8.1 HISTORICAL GROSS BETA IN AIR 1986-1996 (WEEKLY SYSTEM AVERAGES).....	45
FIGURE 8.2 HISTORICAL GROSS BETA IN AIR (ANNUAL SITE TO SITE COMPARISONS) COMPARED TO PRE-OP	46
FIGURE 8.3 GROSS BETA IN DRINKING WATER	47
FIGURE 8.4 SOIL CS-137 COMPARED TO ONSITE SEDIMENT BASIN #2.....	48
FIGURE 8.5 EVAPORATION POND TRITIUM ACTIVITY	49
FIGURE 9.1 NETWORK ENVIRONMENTAL TLD EXPOSURE RATES	54
FIGURE 9.2 ENVIRONMENTAL TLD COMPARISON - PRE-OPERATIONAL VS 1996	55

ABSTRACT

The Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program (REMP) is an ongoing program conducted by Arizona Public Service Company (APS) for the Palo Verde Nuclear Generating Station (PVNGS). Various types of environmental samples are collected in the vicinity of PVNGS and analyzed for radionuclide concentrations.

During 1996, the following categories of samples were collected by APS:

- Broad leaf vegetation
- Groundwater
- Drinking water
- Surface water
- Airborne particulate and radioiodine
- Sludge and sediment

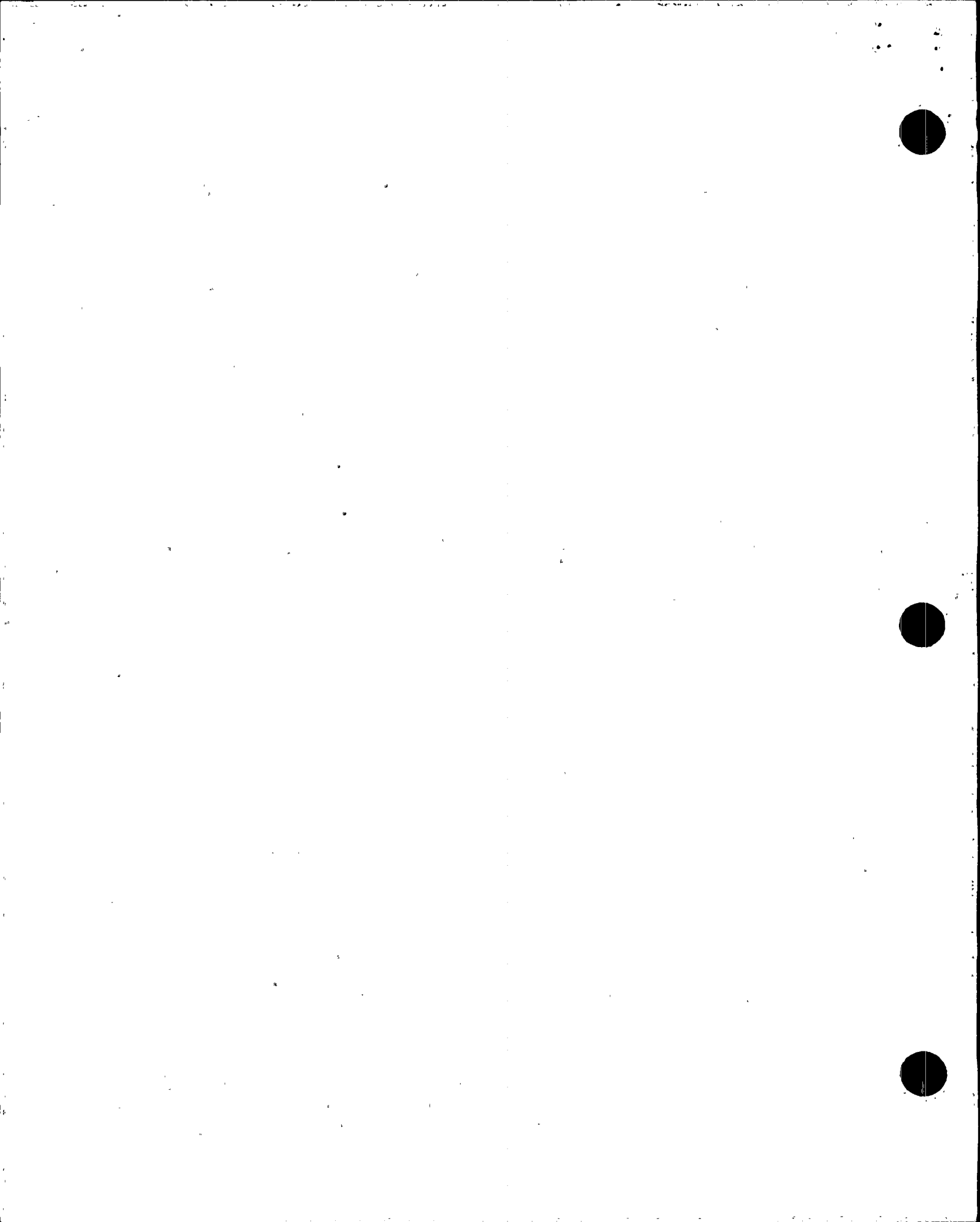
Thermoluminescent dosimeters (TLDs) were used to measure environmental gamma radiation. The Environmental TLD program is also conducted by APS.

APS reviews analysis results for trends and anomalies for inclusion in this report.

The Arizona Radiation Regulatory Agency (ARRA) performs radiochemistry analyses on various duplicate samples provided to them by APS. Samples analyzed by ARRA include: Reservoir, Evaporation Ponds 1 and 2, Sheppard well, well 27ddc, and well 34abb. Additionally, ARRA performs air sampling at seven locations identical to APS sampling locations and places TLDs at eighteen locations identical to APS. ARRA reports the results of their comparisons in a separate report on an annual basis.

Assessment of pre-operational and operational data revealed no changes to environmental radiation levels. There were no observed radiological impacts on the environment due to PVNGS operations in 1996.

(NOTE: Reference to APS throughout this report refers to PVNGS personnel)



OPERATIONAL RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM

1. Introduction

This report presents the results of the operational environmental radiological monitoring program conducted by Arizona Public Service Company (APS). The Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program (REMP) was established for the Palo Verde Nuclear Generating Station (PVNGS) by APS in 1979 in accordance with federal requirements to provide a complete environmental monitoring program for nuclear reactors, and with concern for maintaining the quality of the local environment. The program complies with the requirements of the US Nuclear Regulatory Commission (USNRC) in their Reactor Assessment Branch Technical Position, Revision 1, November 1979.

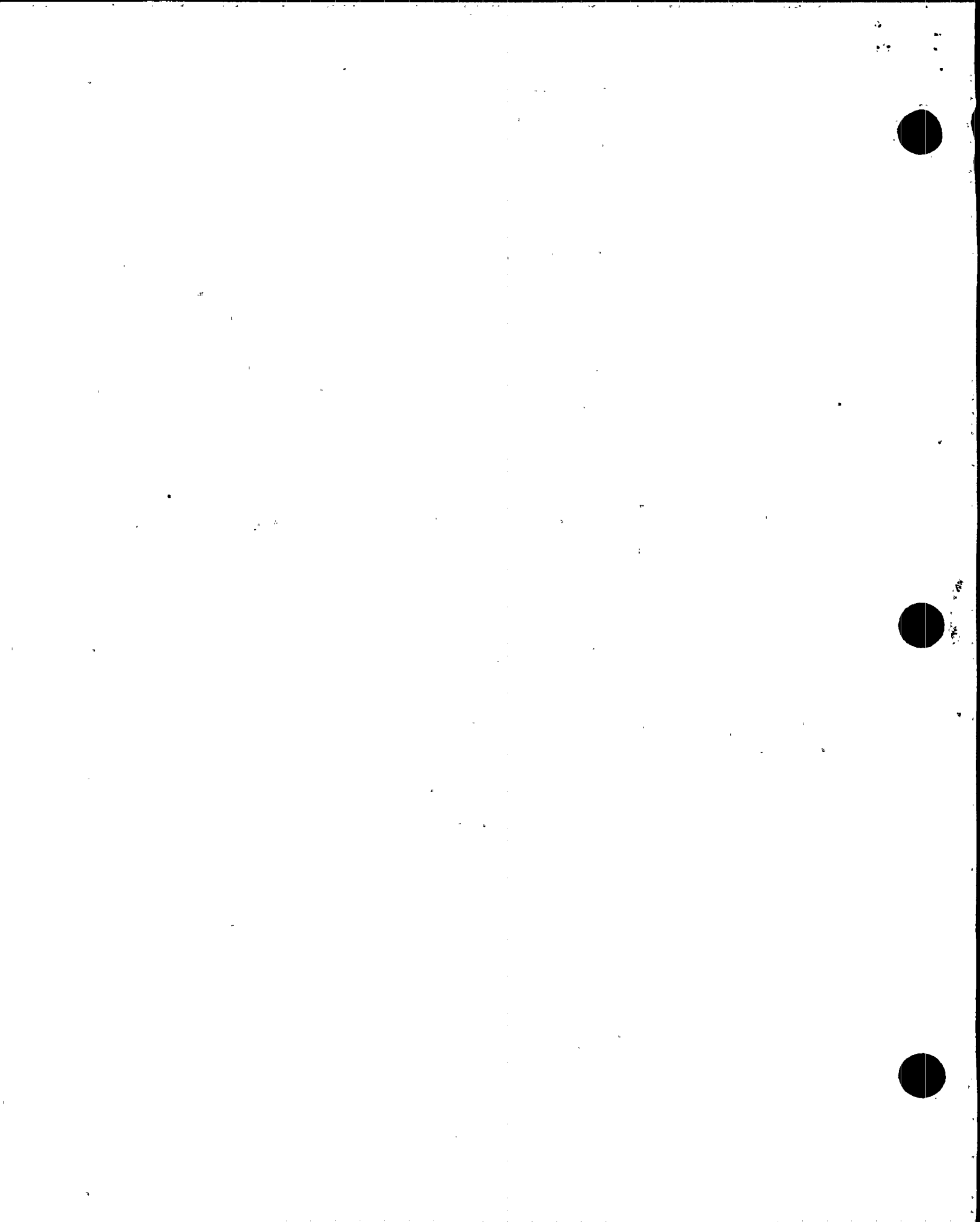
This report contains the measurements and findings for 1996. All references are specifically identified in Section 12.

The objectives of the REMP are as follows: 1) to determine baseline radiation levels in the environs prior to plant operation and to compare the findings with measurements obtained during reactor operations; 2) to monitor potential critical pathways of radio-effluent to man; and 3) to determine radiological impacts on the environment caused by the operation of PVNGS.

Results from the REMP help to evaluate sources of elevated levels of radiation in the environment, e.g., atmospheric nuclear detonations or abnormal plant releases.

Results of the PVNGS pre-operational environmental monitoring program are presented in Reference 1.

The initial criticality of Unit One occurred May 25, 1985. Initial criticality for Units Two and Three were April 18, 1986, and October 25, 1987, respectively. PVNGS operational findings are presented in Reference 2. This report contains the measurements and findings for 1996.



2. Description of the Monitoring Program

The pre-operational radiological environmental monitoring program, which began in 1979, was performed by APS and vendor organizations. APS and vendors continued the program into the operational phase of PVNGS.

2.1. 1996 PVNGS Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program

The assessment program consists of routine measurements of background gamma radiation and of radionuclide concentrations in media such as air, groundwater, drinking water, surface water, vegetation, sludge, and sediment.

Samples were collected by APS at the monitoring sites shown in Figures 2.1 and 2.2. The specific sample types, sampling locations, and sampling frequencies, as set forth in the PVNGS Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM), Reference 4, are presented in Tables 2.1, 2.2 and 9.1. Additional onsite sampling (outside the scope of the ODCM) is performed to supplement the REMP. All results are included in this report. Sample analyses were performed by APS at the PVNGS Central Chemistry Laboratory.

Background gamma radiation measurements are performed by APS using TLDs at forty-nine locations near PVNGS.

In addition to the monitoring of environmental media, a land use survey is performed annually to identify the nearest milk animals, residents, gardens, and/or changes thereto in the vicinity of PVNGS. This information is used to evaluate the potential dose to members of the public for those exposure pathways which are indicated.

2.2. Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program Changes for 1996

One TLD (Site #46) was moved to a different location within the same school area. This was necessary due to changes in activities at the school in the general area where the TLD had been located. A new baseline dose rate was determined because of this change.

Table 2.1 SAMPLE COLLECTION LOCATIONS

<u>SAMPLE SITE #</u>	<u>SAMPLE TYPE</u>	<u>LOCATION</u> (a)	<u>LOCATION DESCRIPTION</u>
4	air	E16	APS Office, Buckeye
6A*	air	SSE13	Old US 80, Gila Bend Side of Gillespie Bridge
7A	air	SE8	Arlington School, 16351 S. Arlington School Rd.
14A	air	NNE2	371 st Ave. and Buckeye-Salome Rd.
15	air	NE2	NE Site Boundary
17A	air	E4	351 st Ave., 1 Mile South of Buckeye-Salome Rd.
21	air	S3	S Site Boundary
29	air	W1	W Site Boundary
35	air	NNW8	Fire Station, 40901 W. Osborn Rd., Tonopah
40	air	N3	Transmission Rd., South of Trailer Park, Wintersburg
46	drinking water	NW9	McArthur Residence, 41701 W. Indian School Rd., Tonopah
47	vegetation	ENE3	Adams Residence, 355 th Ave. and Buckeye-Salome Rd.
48	drinking water	SSW4	Sheppard Farm, 13202 S. 383 rd Ave.
49	drinking water	N2	Masengale Residence, 371 st Ave. South of Buckeye-Salome Rd.
52	vegetation	NNE3	Guajardo Residence, 37300 W. Lower Buckeye Rd.
55	drinking water	SW3	Gavette Residence, 39326 W. Elliot Rd.
57	groundwater	ONSITE	Well 27ddc
58	groundwater	ONSITE	Well 34abb
59	surface water	ONSITE	Evaporation Pond #1
60	surface water	ONSITE	Reservoir
62*	vegetation	E35	Tolleson Produce Co., 91 st Ave. and Van Buren St., Tolleson
63	surface water	ONSITE	Evaporation Pond #2
64	vegetation	NNE3	Bigelow Residence, 37000 W. Lower Buckeye Rd.
65	vegetation	ENE4	Hommel Residence, 35026 W. Broadway Rd.

NOTES:

* Designates a control site

(a) Distances and direction are from the center-line of Unit 2 containment and rounded to the nearest mile

Those air sample sites designated with the letter 'A' are sites which have the same site number as another type, but are not in the same location (e.g. site #6 TLD location is different from-site #6A air sample location)

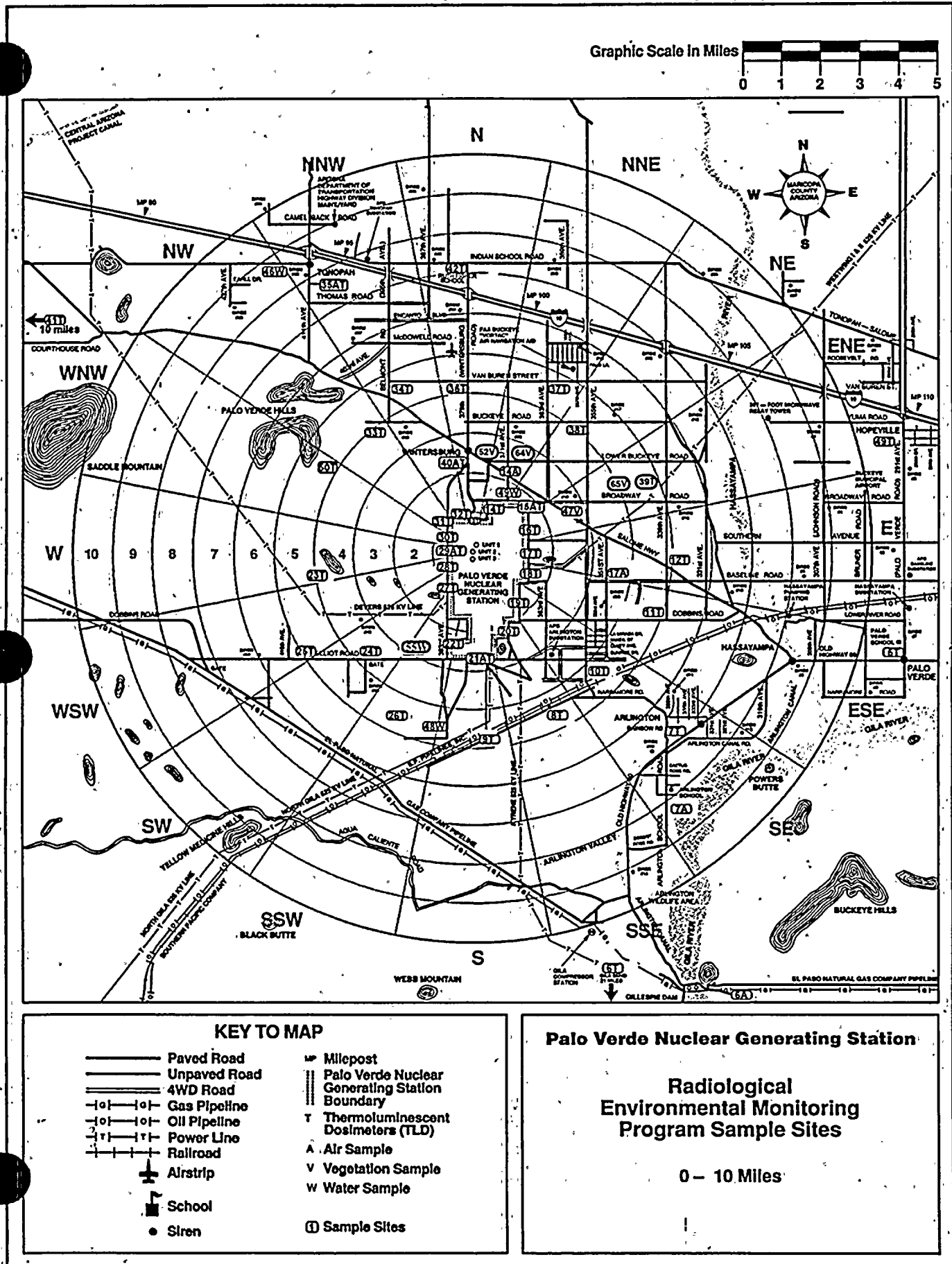
Table 2.2 SAMPLE COLLECTION SCHEDULE

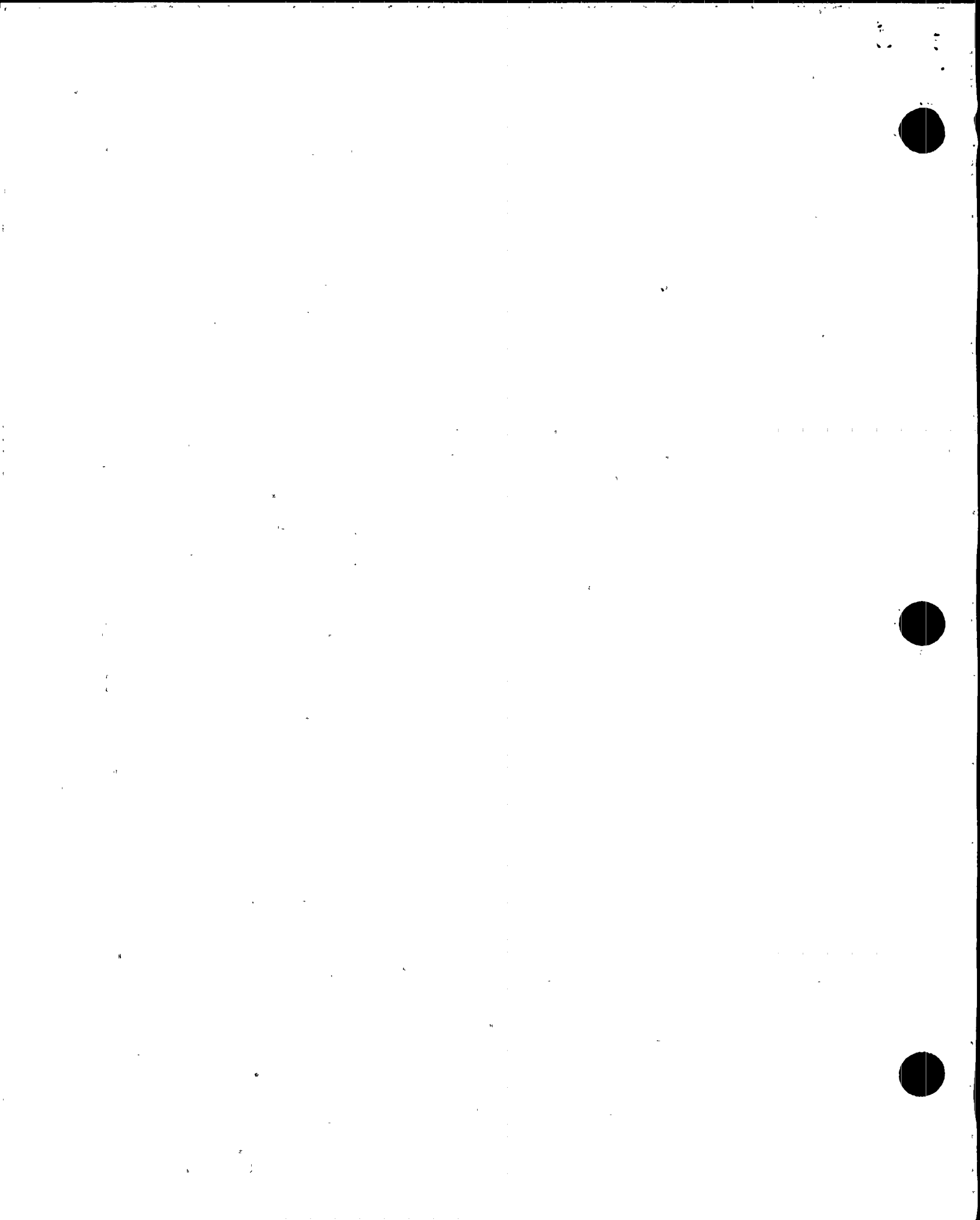
SAMPLE SITE #	AIR PARTICULATE	AIRBORNE RADIOIODINE	VEGETATION	GROUND WATER	DRINKING WATER	SURFACE WATER
4	W	W				
6A	W	W				
7A	W	W				
14A	W	W				
15	W	W				
17A	W	W				
21	W	W				
29	W	W				
35	W	W				
40	W	W				
46					W	
47			M/AA			
48					W	
49					W	
52			M/AA			
55					W	
57				Q		
58				Q		
59						W
60						W
62			M/AA			
63						W
64			M/AA			
65			M/AA			

W = WEEKLY M/AA = MONTHLY AS AVAILABLE Q = QUARTERLY



FIGURE 2.1
PVNGS REMP SAMPLE SITES (0 - 10 miles)





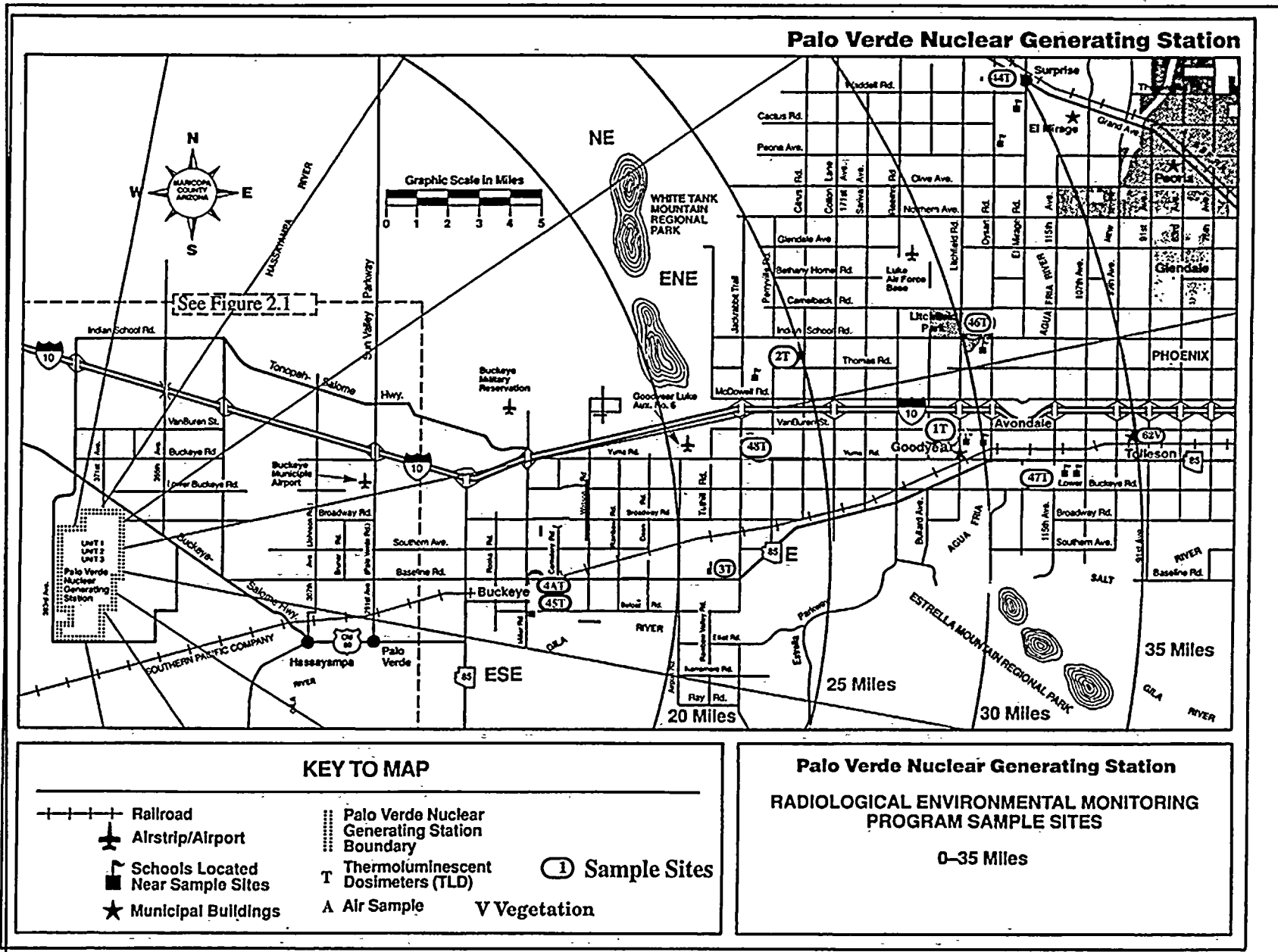


FIGURE 2.2
PVNGS REMP SAMPLE SITES (0 - 35 miles)

3. Sample Collection Program

3.1. Water

Water samples were collected by APS using PVNGS procedures.

Weekly samples were collected from the Reservoir, Evaporation Pond #1, Evaporation Pond #2, and four residence wells. Samples were collected in one gallon cubitainers and 500 ml glass bottles. One liter of each weekly one gallon sample was added to a monthly composite which is preserved with nitric acid (HNO₃). The composite samples are then analyzed for gamma emitters. Residence wells were also analyzed for gross beta activity. Weekly grab samples in glass bottles were composited quarterly and analyzed for tritium.

Quarterly grab samples were collected from onsite wells 34abb and 27ddc. Samples were collected in one gallon cubitainers and 500 ml glass bottles. Samples were analyzed for gamma emitters and tritium.

Treated sewage effluent from the City of Phoenix is sampled as a weekly composite at the onsite Water Reclamation Facility and analyzed for gamma emitters. A monthly composite is analyzed for tritium.

3.2. Vegetation

Vegetation samples were collected by APS using PVNGS procedures.

Vegetation samples were scheduled to be collected monthly, as available, and were analyzed for gamma emitters.

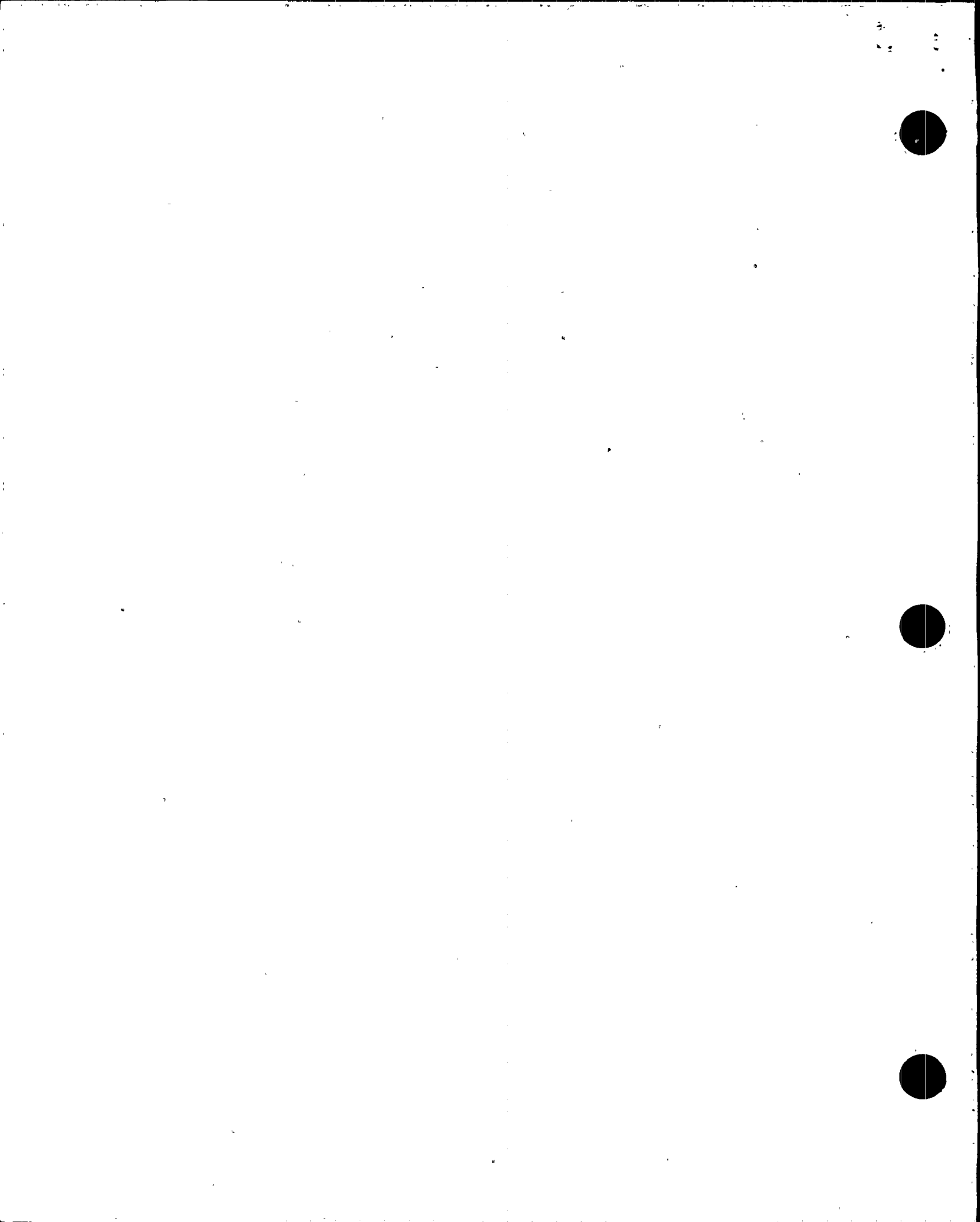
3.3. Air

Air samples were collected by APS using PVNGS procedures.

Air particulate filters and charcoal canisters were exchanged at ten (10) sites on a weekly basis. Particulate filters were analyzed for gross beta. Charcoal canisters were analyzed for I-131. Particulate filters were composited quarterly, by location, and analyzed for gamma emitters.

3.4. Sludge and Sediment

Sludge and sediment samples were collected by APS using PVNGS procedures.



Sludge samples were obtained from the Water Reclamation Facility (WRF) centrifuge and analyzed for gamma emitters. Samples were collected using 1000 ml plastic bottles.

Cooling tower sludge samples were taken at Unit 3 and analyzed for gamma emitters. Although the samples were actually taken in late 1995, the sludge was not disposed of until 1996, hence this report contains sample data.

Bottom sediment/sludge samples were obtained from Evaporation Pond #1 and #2 on a quarterly basis and analyzed for gamma emitters. Samples were collected from a boat at various locations using a bucket to preserve the integrity of the pond liners.

Sediment samples were collected from Sedimentation Basin #2 and analyzed for gamma emitters. Samples were collected using 1000 ml plastic bottles.

4. Analytical Procedures

The procedures described in this report are those used by APS to routinely analyze samples.

4.1. Air Particulate

4.1.1. Gross Beta

A glass fiber filter sample is placed in a 50 mm stainless steel planchet and counted for gross beta activity utilizing a low-background gas flow, proportional counter.

4.1.2. Gamma Spectroscopy

The glass fiber filters are placed in a standard geometry container and counted on a multichannel analyzer equipped with an intrinsic Ge or Ge(Li) detector. The resulting spectrum is analyzed by computer and specific nuclides, if present, are identified and quantified.

4.2. Airborne Radioiodine

The charcoal canister is counted on a multichannel analyzer equipped with an intrinsic Ge or Ge(Li) detector. The resulting spectrum is analyzed by computer and I-131, if present, is identified and quantified.



4.3. Vegetation

4.3.1. Gamma Spectroscopy

The sample is pureed in a food processor, placed in a one liter plastic marinelli beaker, weighed, and counted on a multichannel analyzer equipped with an intrinsic Ge or Ge(Li) detector. The resulting spectrum is analyzed by computer and specific nuclides, if present, are identified and quantified.

4.4. Sludge/Sediment

4.4.1. Gamma Spectroscopy

The wet/dry sample is placed in a one liter plastic marinelli beaker, weighed, and counted on a multichannel analyzer equipped with an intrinsic Ge or Ge(Li) detector. The resulting spectrum is analyzed by computer and specific nuclides, if present, are identified and quantified.

4.5. Water

4.5.1. Gamma Spectroscopy

The sample is measured, placed in a one liter plastic marinelli beaker, and counted on a multichannel analyzer equipped with an intrinsic Ge or Ge(Li) detector. The resulting spectrum is analyzed by computer and specific nuclides if present, are identified and quantified.

4.5.2. Tritium

The sample is evaluated to determine the appropriate method of preparation prior to counting. If the sample contains suspended solids or is turbid, it may be filtered, distilled, and/or de-ionized, as appropriate. Six (6) milliliters of sample are mixed with fifteen (15) milliliters of liquid scintillation cocktail. The mixture is dark adapted and counted using a liquid scintillation counting system.

4.5.3. Gross Beta

A 200-250 milliliter sample is placed in a beaker. Five (5) milliliters of concentrated nitric (HNO_3) acid is added and the sample is evaporated down to about twenty (20) milliliters. The remaining sample is quantitatively transferred to a stainless steel planchet. The sample is heated to dryness and counted for gross beta in a gas flow, proportional counter.

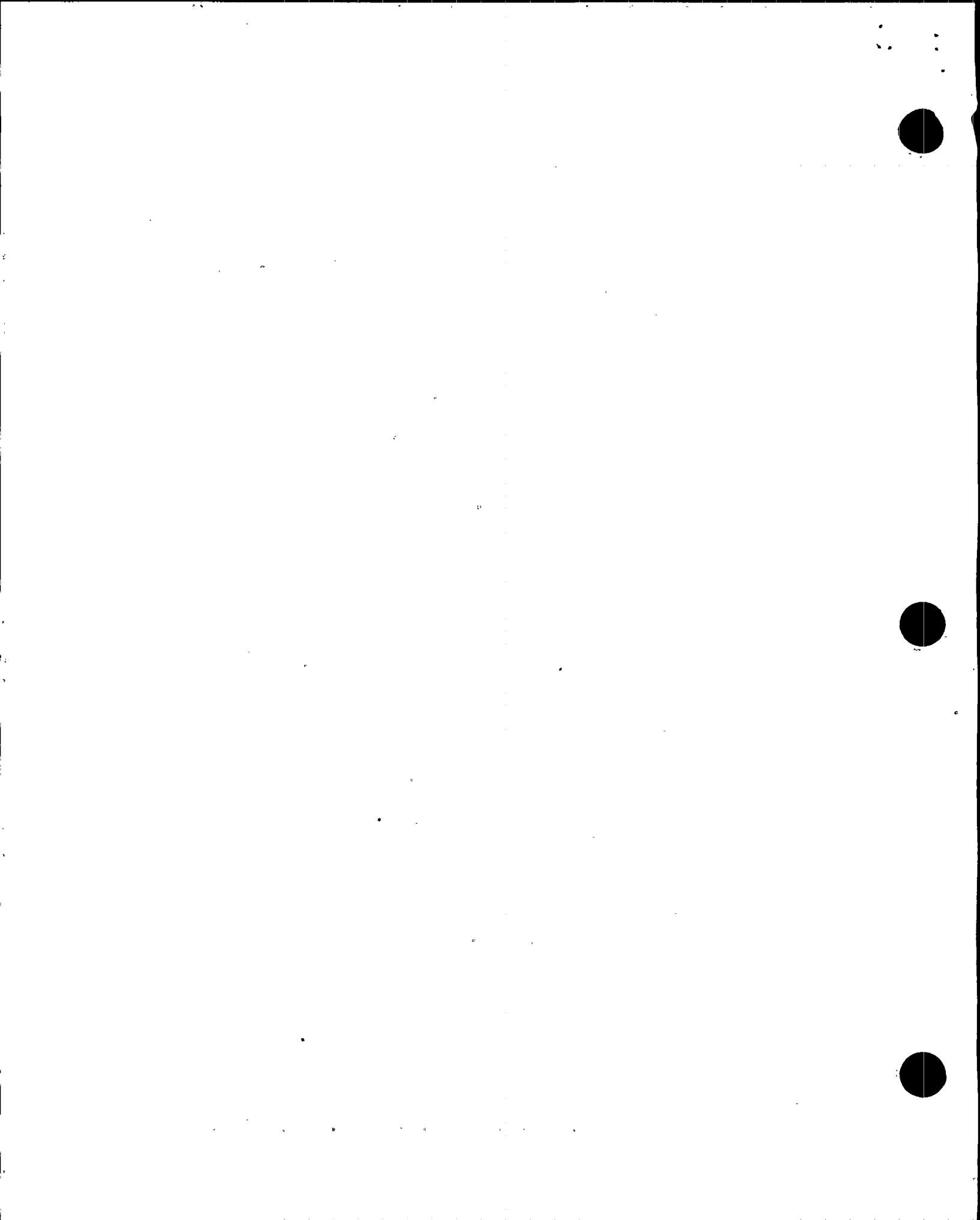


Table 4.1 TYPICAL ALIQUOT SIZES

SAMPLE TYPE	GROSS BETA	GAMMA SPECTROSCOPY	TRITIUM
Air Particulate	430 m ³ *	5590 m ³ **	
Airborne Radioiodine		430 m ³ *	
Vegetation		500-1000 g	
Groundwater	200-250 ml	1000 ml	6 ml
Drinking Water	200-250 ml	1000 ml	6 ml
Surface Water		1000 ml	6 ml
Sediment/Sludge		1000 g	

* Air sample volume determined for a standard flow rate of 43 standard liters per minute over a one-week period

** Air sample volume determined for a standard flow rate of 43 standard liters per minute over a thirteen-week period

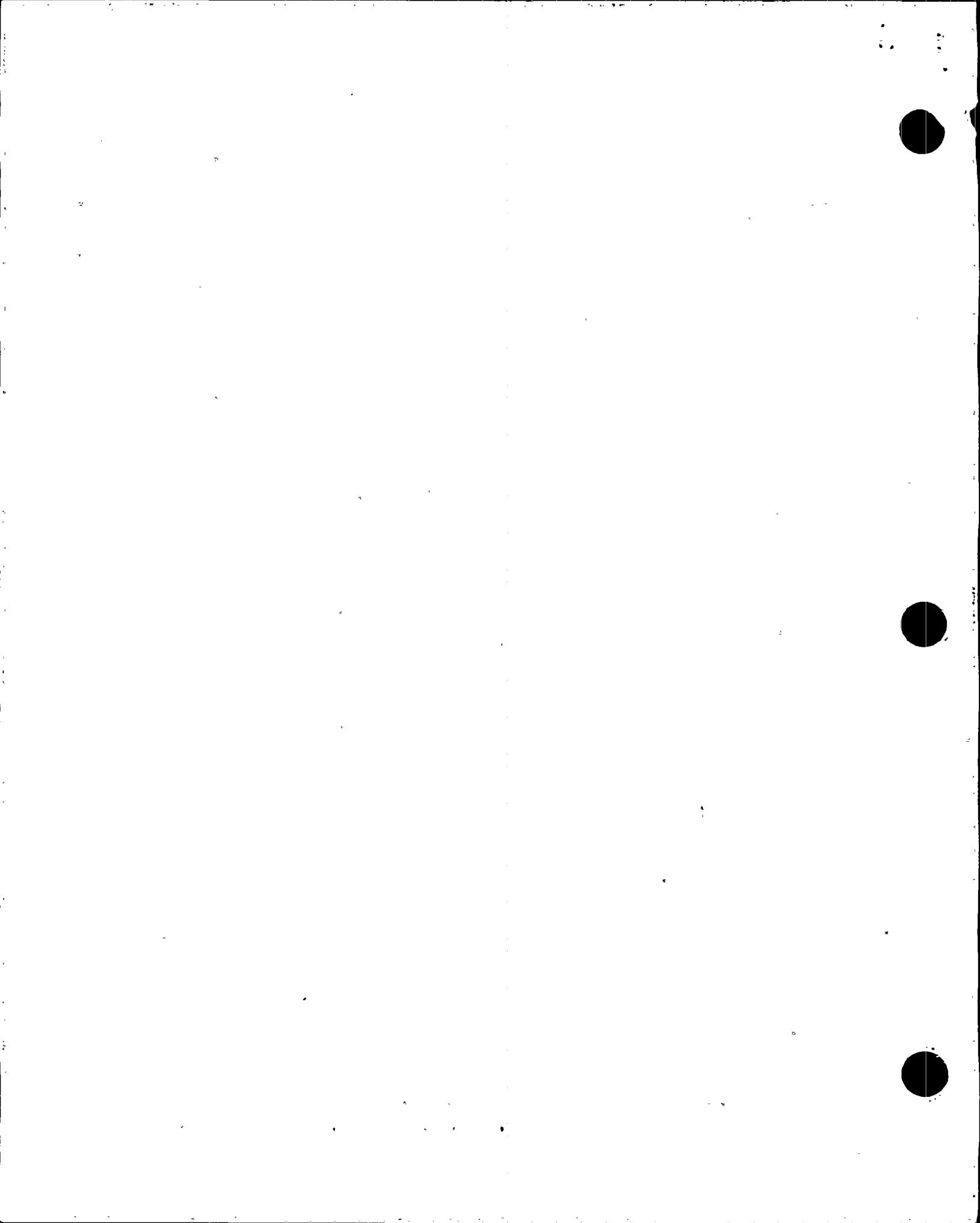


Table 4.2 TYPICAL TIMES BETWEEN COLLECTION AND COUNTING

SAMPLE TYPE	TYPICAL DECAY TIME
Air Particulate	7-10 days
Airborne Radioiodine	1-3 days
Vegetation	1-3 days
Water	1-5 days
Sludge/Sediment	1-7 days

Table 4.3 TYPICAL COUNTING EFFICIENCIES

Gamma Spectroscopy, liquid, 1 liter

Energy (keV)	Detector #1 Efficiency (serial #489220)	Detector #2 Efficiency (serial #2634)
59.54	0.0026	0.0105
88.03	0.0119	0.0247
122.06	0.0193	0.0317
165.85	0.0197	0.0313
279.19	NA	0.0221
391.69	0.0109	0.0173
661.65	0.0068	0.0115
898.02	0.0051	0.0085
1173.22	0.0041	0.0068
1332.49	0.0036	0.0059
1836.01	0.0029	0.0046

Gamma Spectroscopy, charcoal canister

Energy (keV)	Detector #1 Efficiency	Detector #2 Efficiency
88.03	0.0440	0.0870
122.06	0.0628	0.1070
165.85	0.0613	0.0989
279.19	NA	0.0632
391.69	0.0294	0.0468
661.65	0.0178	0.0289
898.02	0.0124	0.0200
1173.22	0.0098	0.0157
1332.49	0.0088	0.0137
1836.01	0.0067	0.0103

Other than gamma spectroscopy

<u>Sample Type</u>	<u>Gross Beta</u>	<u>Tritium</u>
airborne particulates	0.31	
drinking water/ ground water	0.35	0.42
surface water		0.42

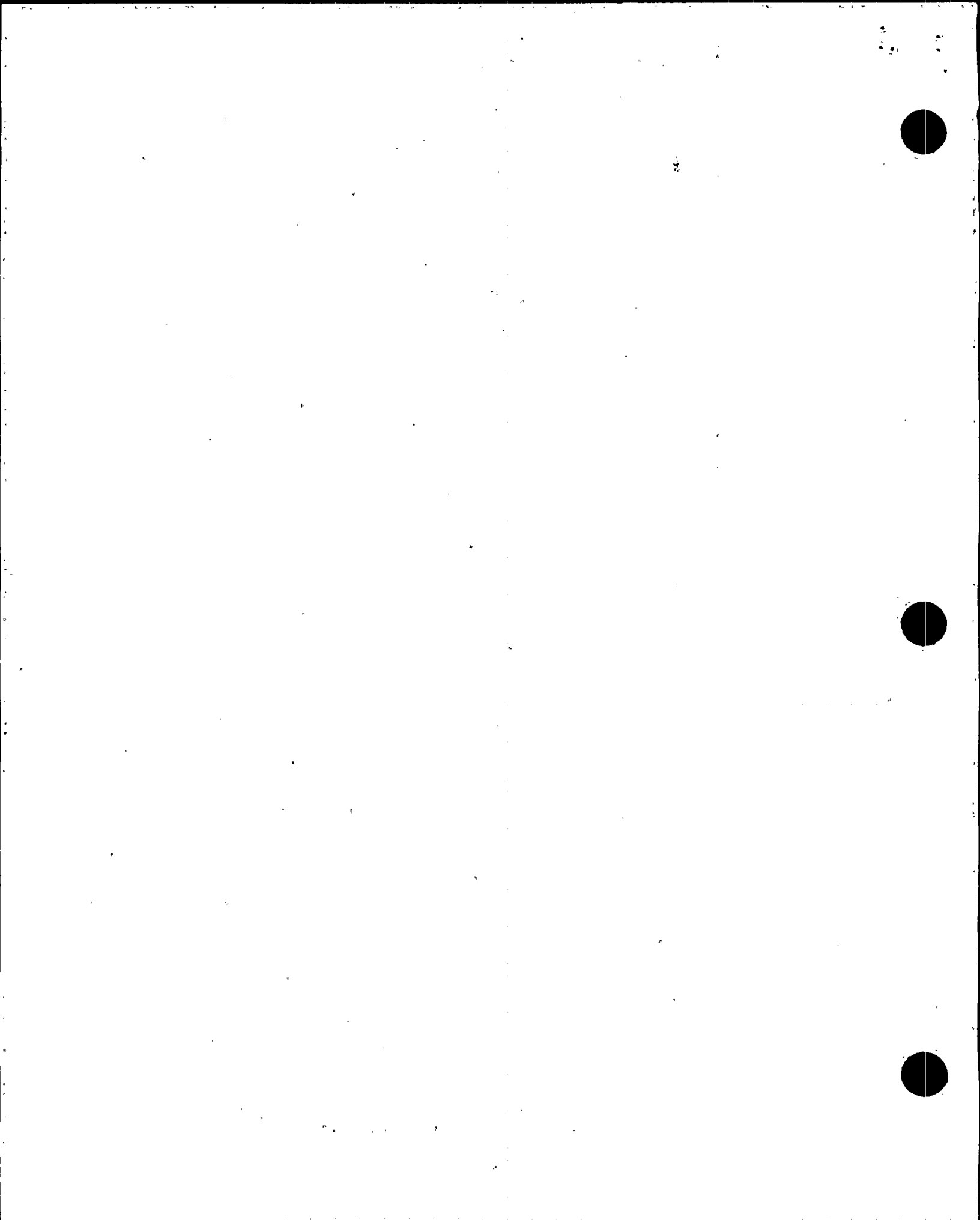


TABLE 4.4 TYPICAL SAMPLE COUNTING TIMES

(counting times may vary in order to meet LLD requirements)

SAMPLE TYPE	GROSS BETA	GAMMA SPECTROSCOPY	TRITIUM
Air Particulate	100 min.	1-2 hours	
Airborne Radioiodine		45 min.	
Vegetation		1-3 hours	
Groundwater	1-2 hours	1-3 hours	1-2 hours
Drinking Water	1-2 hours	1-3 hours	1-2 hours
Surface Water		1-3 hours	1-2 hours
Sludge/Sediment		1-3 hours	

5. Nuclear Instrumentation

5.1. Nuclear Data Computer Based Gamma Spectrometer

The Gamma Spectrometer consists of a Nuclear Data Model #9900 Multichannel Analyzer equipped with two intrinsic detectors having resolutions of 1.81 keV and 1.87 keV (as determined by full width half max with an energy of 0.5 keV per channel) and respective efficiencies of 16.3% and 37.9% (as determined by the manufacturer with Co-60). The Computer Based Nuclear Data Gamma Spectrometry System is used for all gamma counting. The system uses Nuclear Data developed software (automatic isotope analysis) to search and identify, as well as quantify, the peaks of interest.

5.2. Beckman Liquid Scintillation Spectrometer

A Beckman LS-3801 Liquid Scintillation Counter is used for tritium determinations. The system background averages approximately 20 cpm with a counting efficiency of 60% using an unquenched sample.

5.3. Tennelec LB5100 Low Background Counting System

The LB5100 is a low background, gas flow proportional counter. The system contains an automatic sample changer capable of counting 50 samples in succession. Average beta background count rate is about 1-2 cpm with a beta efficiency of about 32% (Cs-137).

6. Isotopic Detection Limits and Reporting Criteria

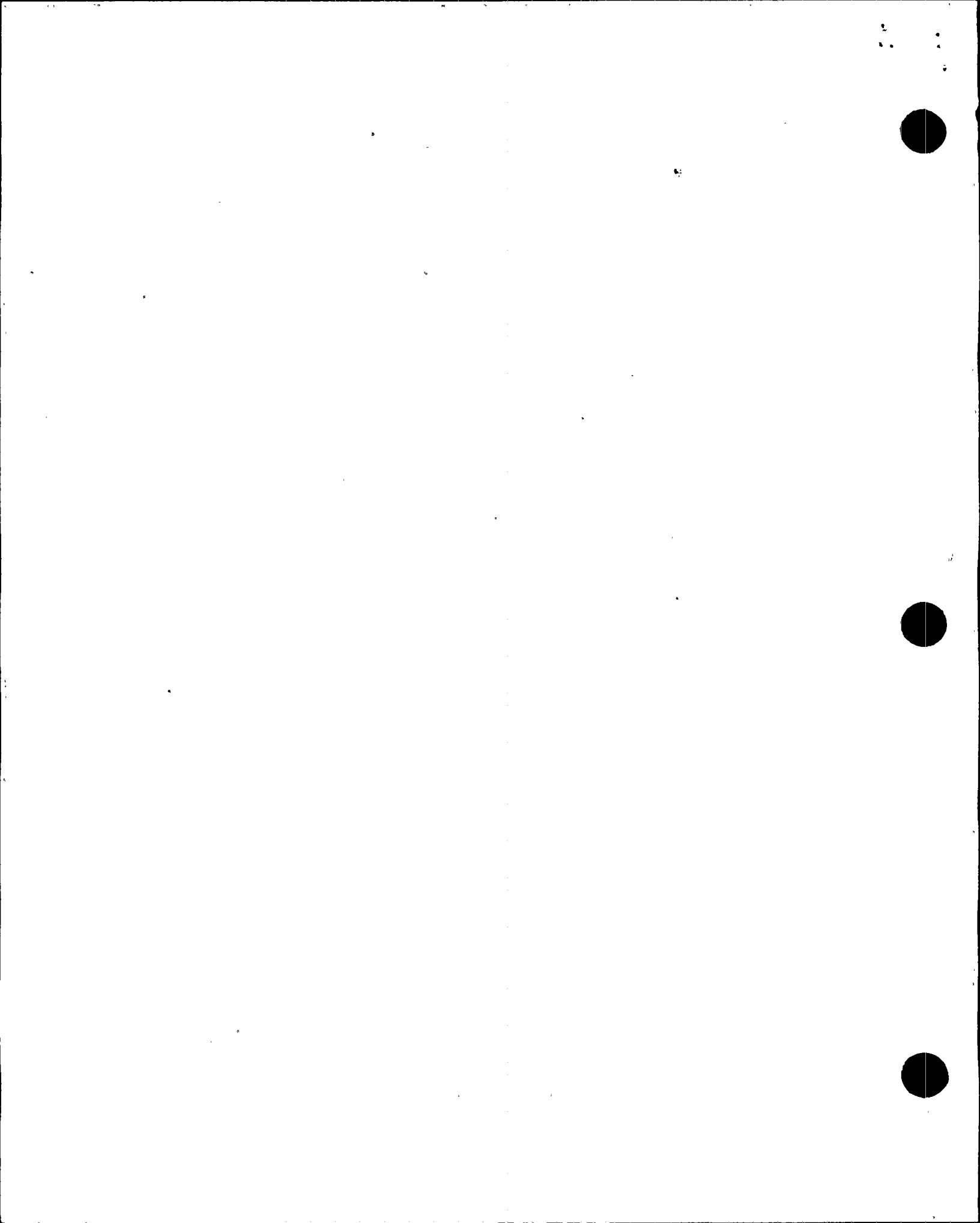
6.1. Lower Limits of Detection

The lower limits of detection (LLD) and the method for calculation are specified in the PVNGS ODCM, Reference 4. *A priori* LLDs are presented in Table 6.3.

6.2. Data Reporting Criteria

All results that are greater than Minimum Detectable Activity (MDA) (*a posteriori* LLD) are reported as positive activity with its associated 2σ counting error. If the error associated with a result exceeds that result, the value is reported as <LLD.

If the MDA exceeds the ODCM required *a priori* LLD, the value is reported as <MDA (e.g., <30). If the result is less than the *a priori* LLD and the MDA, the value is reported as <LLD.



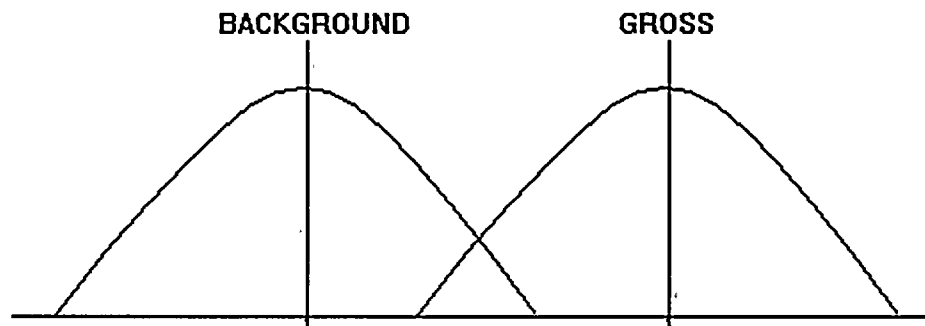
Occasionally the PVNGS ODCM *a priori* LLDs may not be achieved as a result of:

- Background fluctuations
- Unavoidably small sample sizes
- The presence of interfering nuclides
- Self absorption corrections
- Decay corrections for short half-lived radionuclides
- Other uncontrollable circumstances

In these instances, the contributing factors will be noted in the table where the data are presented.

6.3. LLD and Reporting Criteria Overview

Making a reasonable estimate of the limits of detection for a counting procedure or a radiochemical method is usually complicated by the presence of significant background. It must be considered that the background or blank is not a fixed value but that a series of replicates would be normally distributed. The desired net activity is thus the difference between the gross and background activity distributions. The interpretation of this difference becomes a problem if the two distributions intersect as indicated in the diagram.



If a sufficient number of replicate analyses are run, it is to be expected that the results would fall in a normal Gaussian Distribution. Standard statistics allow an estimate of the probability of any particular deviation from the mean value. It is common practice to report the mean \pm one or two standard deviations as the final result. In routine analysis such replication is not carried out, and it is not possible to report a Gaussian standard deviation. With counting procedures, however, it is possible to estimate a Poisson standard deviation directly from the count. Data is commonly reported as the measured value \pm one or two Poisson standard deviations. The reported values are then considered to give some indication of the range in which the true value might be expected to occur.



The simplest possible case to consider would be one where the background is negligible and the sample activity is zero. It is sometimes not realized that if a series of counts is taken on such a system, half of the net values should be less than zero. Negative counts are not possible, of course. But when there is an appreciable background, the entire scale is raised. The resulting situation: half of the sample counts on a zero activity sample would be less than background. The negative net counts occur frequently in low-level measurements, causing considerable concern. Actually, such results are to be expected.

A LLD is the smallest amount of sample activity that will yield a net count for which there is confidence at a predetermined level that activity is present. LLDs are calculated values for individual nuclides based on a number of different factors including sample size, counting efficiency and background count rate of the instrument, the background and sample counting time, the decay time, and the chemical recovery of the analytical procedures. LLDs are normally calculated using average values from analyses performed over a long period of time. A minimum detectable activity value (MDA) is the smallest amount of activity that can be detected in an actual sample and uses the values obtained from the instrument and outcome of the analytical process. Therefore, the MDA values may differ from the calculated LLD values if the sample size and chemical recovery, decay values or the instrument efficiency, background, or count time differed from those used in the LLD calculation.

The factors governing the calculation of the LLD and MDA values are discussed below:

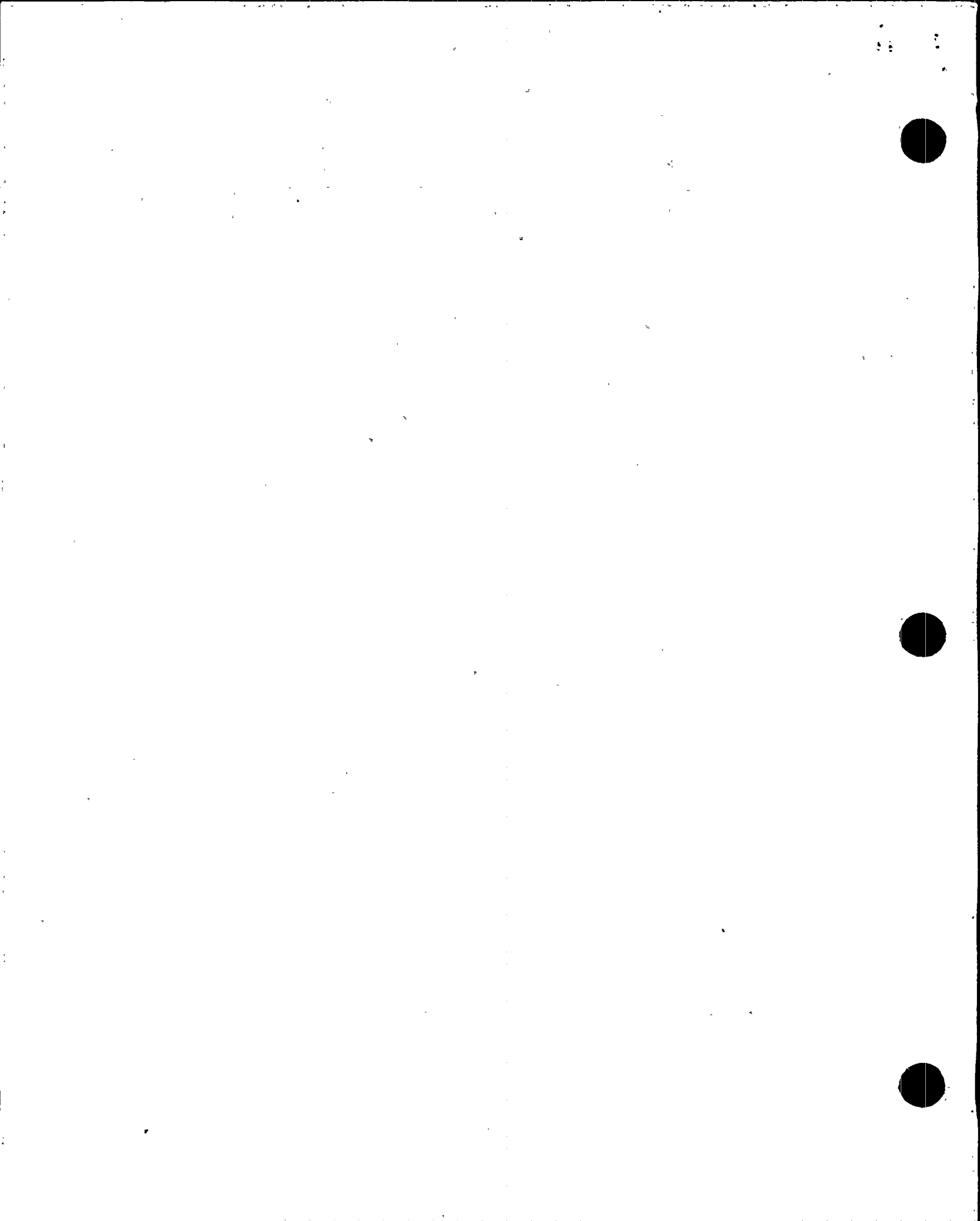
1. Sample Size

2. Counting Efficiency

The fundamental quantity in the measurement of a radioactive substance is the number of disintegrations per unit time. As with most physical measurements in analytical chemistry, it is seldom possible to make an absolute measurement of the disintegration rate, but rather it is necessary to compare the sample with one or more standards. The standards determine the counter efficiency that may then be used to convert sample counts per minute (cpm) to disintegrations per minute (dpm).

3. Background Count Rate

Any counter will show a certain counting rate without a sample in position. This background counting rate comes from several sources: 1) natural environmental radiation from the surroundings, 2) cosmic radiation, and 3) the natural radioactivity in the counter material itself. The background counting rate will depend on the amounts of these types of radiation and the sensitivity of the counter to the radiation.



4. Background and Sample Counting Time

The amount of time devoted to the counting of the background depends on the level of activity being measured. In general, with low level samples, this time should be about equal to that devoted to counting a sample (see Table 4.4 for typical count times).

5. Time Interval Between Sample Collection and Counting

Decay measurements are useful in identifying certain short-lived isotopes. The disintegration constant is one of the basic characteristics of a specific radionuclide and is readily determined, if the half life is sufficiently short. In order to ensure the required LLDs are achieved, conservative values are used in decay correction to allow for transit time and sample processing.

6. Chemical Recovery of the Analytical Procedures

Most radiochemical analyses are carried out in such a way that losses occur during the separations. These losses occur due to the large number of contaminants that may be present and interfere during chemical separations. Thus, it is necessary to include a technique for estimating these losses in the development of the analytical procedure.

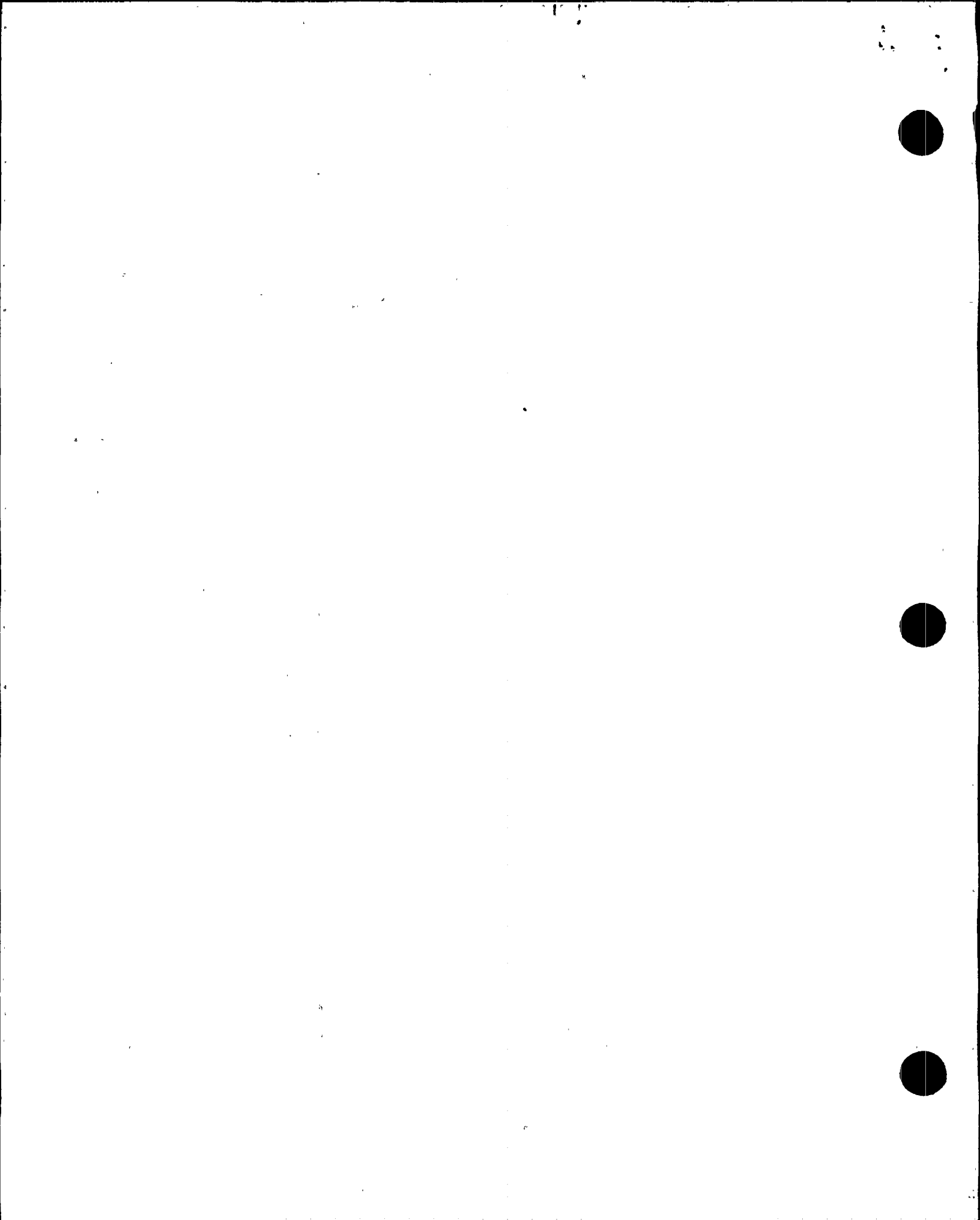


Table 6.1 ODCM REQUIRED LOWER LIMITS OF DETECTION (*a priori*)

ANALYSIS/ NUCLIDE	WATER (pCi/liter)	AIRBORNE PARTICULATE or GAS (pCi/m ³)	MILK (pCi/liter)	VEGETATION (pCi/kg, wet)
gross beta	4	0.01		
tritium	2000*			
Mn-54	15			
Fe-59	30			
Co-58, 60	15			
Zn-65	30			
Zr-95	30			
Nb-95	15			
I-131	1**	0.07	1	60
Cs-134	15	0.05	15	60
Cs-137	18	0.06	18	80
Ba-140	60		60	
La-140	15		15	

NOTES:

* If no drinking water pathway exists, a value of 3000 pCi/liter may be used.

** If no drinking water pathway exists, a value of 15 pCi/liter may be used.

This list does not mean that only these nuclides are to be detected and reported. Other peaks that are measurable and identifiable, together with the above nuclides, shall also be identified and reported.

Milk sampling was not performed in 1996 since no milk animals have been located within 5 miles of PVNGS.



Table 6.2 ODCM REQUIRED REPORTING LEVELS

ANALYSIS/ NUCLIDE	WATER (pCi/liter)	AIRBORNE PARTICULATE or GAS (pCi/m ³)	MILK (pCi/liter)	VEGETATION (pCi/kg, wet)
tritium	20,000*			
Mn-54	1,000			
Fe-59	400			
Co-58	1,000			
Co-60	300			
Zn-65	300			
Zr/Nb-95	400			
I-131	2**	0.9	3	100
Cs-134	30	10	60	1,000
Cs-137	50	20	70	2,000
Ba/La-140	200		300	

NOTES:

* For drinking water samples. This is a 40CFR141 value. If no drinking water pathway exists, a value of 30,000 pCi/liter may be used.

** If no drinking water pathway exists, a reporting level of 20 pCi/liter may be used.

Milk sampling was not performed in 1996 since no milk animals have been located within 5 miles of PVNGS.

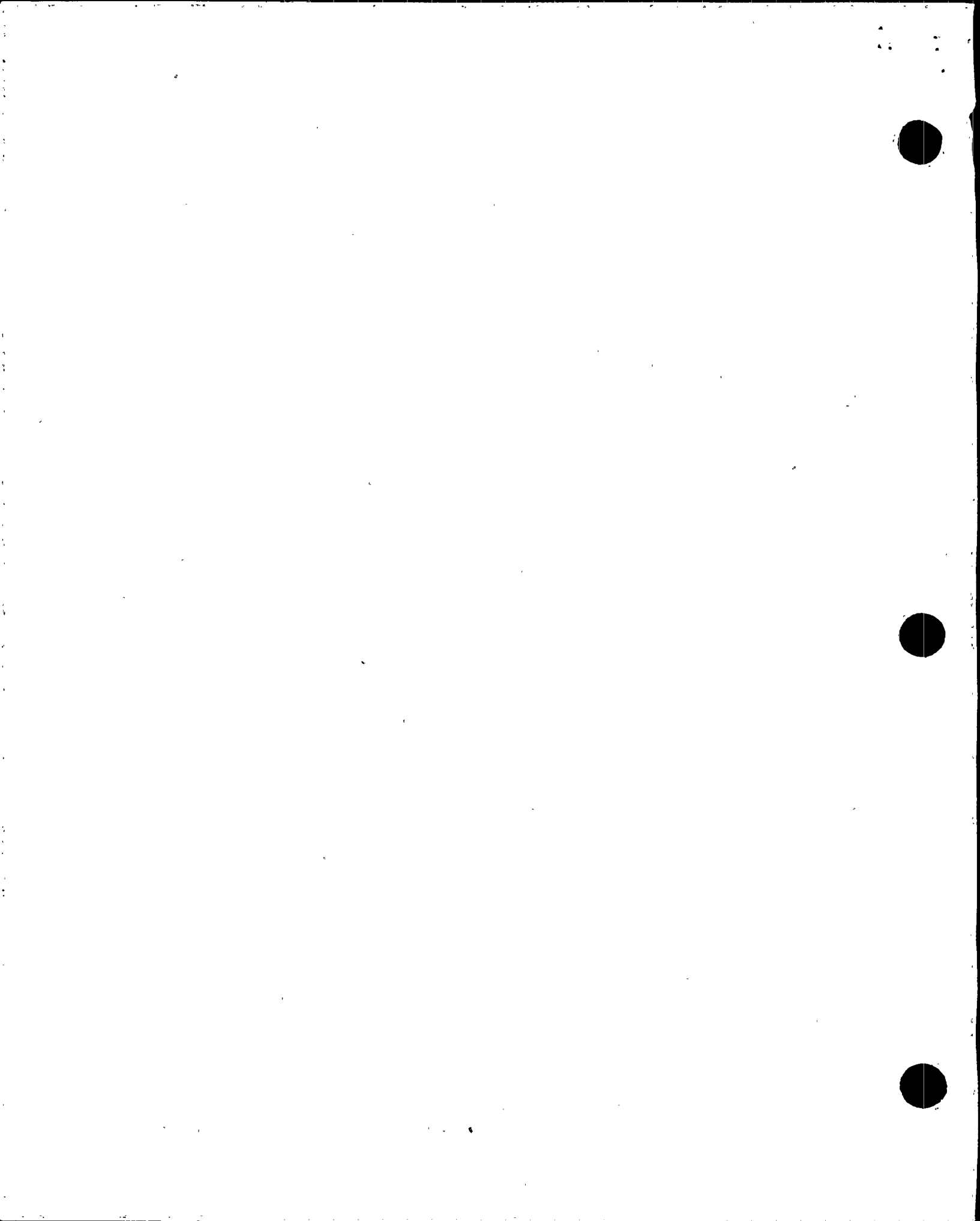
Table 6.3 TYPICAL LLDs (*a posteriori*)

ANALYSIS/ NUCLIDE	WATER (pCi/liter)	AIRBORNE PARTICULATE or GAS (pCi/m ³)	VEGETATION (pCi/kg, wcd)
gross beta	3	0.008	
tritium	400		
Mn-54	11		
Fe-59	22		
Co-58	11		
Co-60	11		
Zn-65	24		
Zr-95	18		
Nb-95	11		
I-131	13 **	0.02	30
Cs-134	9	0.02	32
Cs-137	11	0.03	34
Ba-140	42		
La-140	12		

NOTES:

** Low level I-131 is not required since there is no drinking water pathway.

Milk sampling was not performed in 1996 since no milk animals have been located within 5 miles of PVNGS.



7. Interlaboratory Comparison Program

7.1. Quality Control Program

APS maintains an extensive QA/QC Program which provides certainty that samples are collected, handled, tracked, and analyzed to specified requirements. This program includes appropriate elements of USNRC Regulatory Guide 4.15, Quality Assurance for Radiological Monitoring Programs (Normal Operations) - Effluent Streams and the Environment, Rev. 1. Included in the program are procedures for sample collection, preparation and tracking, sample analysis, equipment calibration and checks, and ongoing participation in an interlaboratory comparison program. Duplicate/replicate samples are analyzed routinely to verify analytical precision and sample methodology. Comprehensive data reviews are performed including trending of data where appropriate.

During 1996, APS analyzed the following sample types under the interlaboratory comparison program;

- Beta/Gamma/ in Air Filter
- I-131 in Air
- Beta in Water
- Gamma in Water
- Tritium in Water

7.2. Intercomparison Results

APS participates in a cross check program using vendor supplied blind radionuclide samples. Results for the interlaboratory comparison program are presented in Table 7.1.

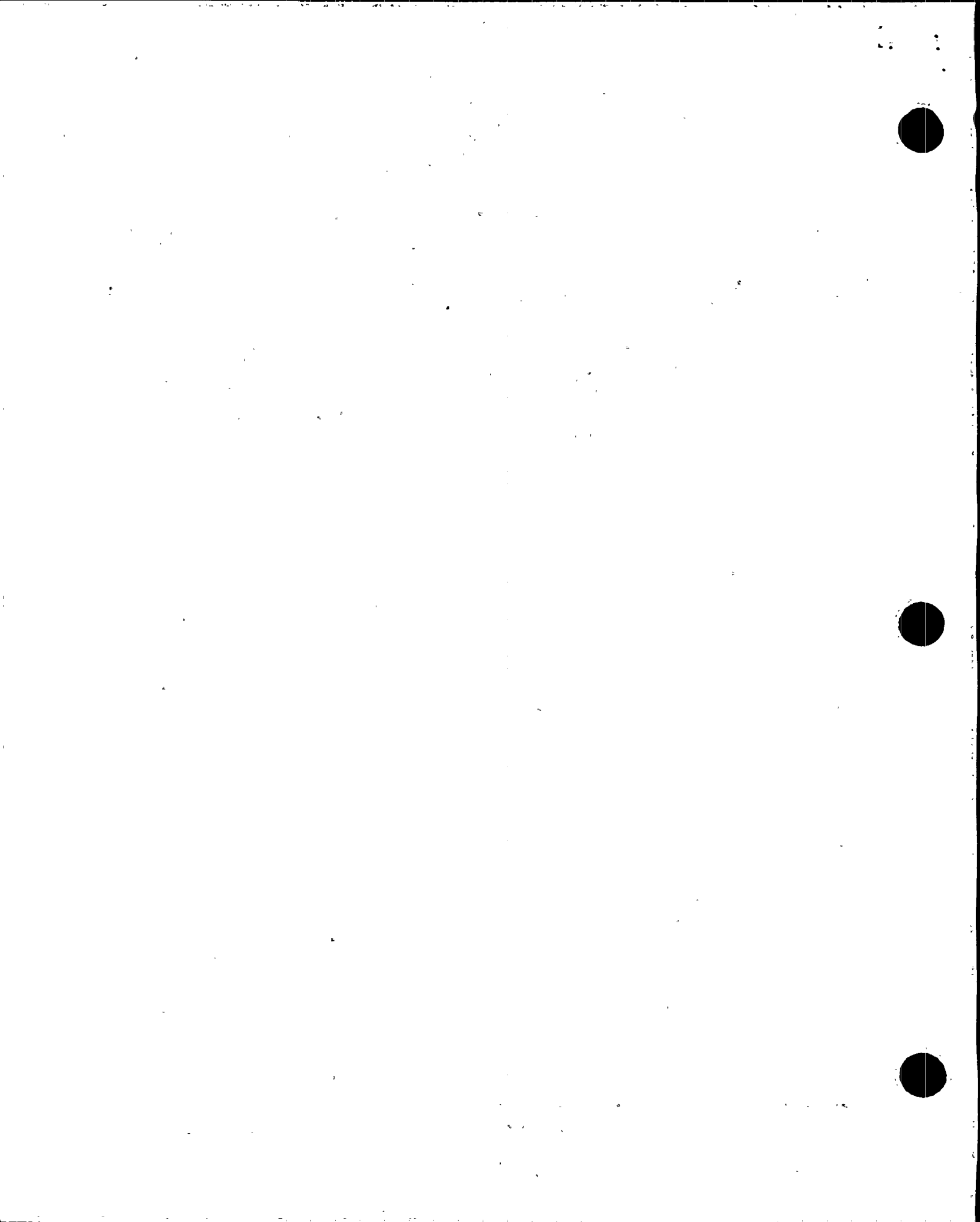


TABLE 7.1 INTERLABORATORY COMPARISON RESULTS

(all results in pCi/l unless otherwise annotated)

Type	Isotope/ Analysis	PVNGS Value	Uncertainty (1 sigma)	Analytics Value	Uncertainty (1 sigma)	Resolution	Ratio (PVNGS/ Analytics)	Accept?
Water	I-131	37	16	36	0.67	53.73	1.03	yes
	Ce-141	98	8	88	1.33	66.17	1.11	yes
	Cr-51	350	38	322	5.33	60.41	1.09	yes
	Cs-134	53	3	58	1	58.00	0.91	yes
	Cs-137	63	4	64	1	64.00	0.98	yes
	Co-58	48	4	48	0.67	71.64	1.00	yes
	Mn-54	33	3	31	0.67	46.27	1.06	yes
	Fe-59	93	10	83	1.33	62.41	1.12	yes
	Zn-65	101	8	97	1.67	58.08	1.04	yes
	Co-60	75	5	76	1.33	57.14	0.99	yes
Air (pCi/filter)	gross beta	60	1	57	1	57.00	1.05	yes
Water	gross beta	101	2	98	1.67	58.68	1.03	yes
Air (pCi/canister)	I-131	85	8	83	1.33	62.41	1.02	yes
Water	I-131	*		50	1	50.00	na	no *
	Ce-141	426	11	423	7	60.43	1.01	yes
	Cr-51	685	58	646	10.67	60.54	1.06	yes
	Cs-134	269	5	295	5	59.00	0.91	yes
	Cs-137	233	5	225	3.67	61.31	1.04	yes
	Co-58	173	6	174	3	58.00	0.99	yes
	Mn-54	254	6	239	4	59.75	1.06	yes
	Fe-59	51	9	50	1	50.00	1.02	yes
	Zn-65	102	7	93	1.67	55.69	1.10	yes
	Co-60	158	5	151	2.67	56.55	1.05	yes
Air Filter (pCi/filter)	Ce-141	222	5	246	4	61.50	0.90	yes
	Cr-51	336	28	377	6.33	59.56	0.89	yes
	Cs-134	135	2	172	3	57.33	0.78	no **
	Cs-137	123	2	131	2.33	56.22	0.94	yes
	Co-58	94	3	101	1.67	60.48	0.93	yes
	Mn-54	139	3	139	2.33	59.66	1.00	yes
	Fe-59	34	6	29	0.33	87.88	1.17	yes
	Zn-65	62	4	54	1	54.00	1.15	yes
	Co-60	85	3	88	1.33	66.17	0.97	yes

TABLE 7.1 INTERLABORATORY COMPARISON RESULTS

(all results in pCi/l unless otherwise annotated)

Type	Isotope/ Analysis	PVNGS Value	Uncertainty (1 sigma)	Analytics Value	Uncertainty (1 sigma)	Resolution	Ratio (PVNGS/ Analytics)	Accept?
Water	H-3	2125	129	2259	37.67	59.97	0.94	yes
Air (pCi/canister)	I-131	97	21	60	1	60.00	1.62	no *

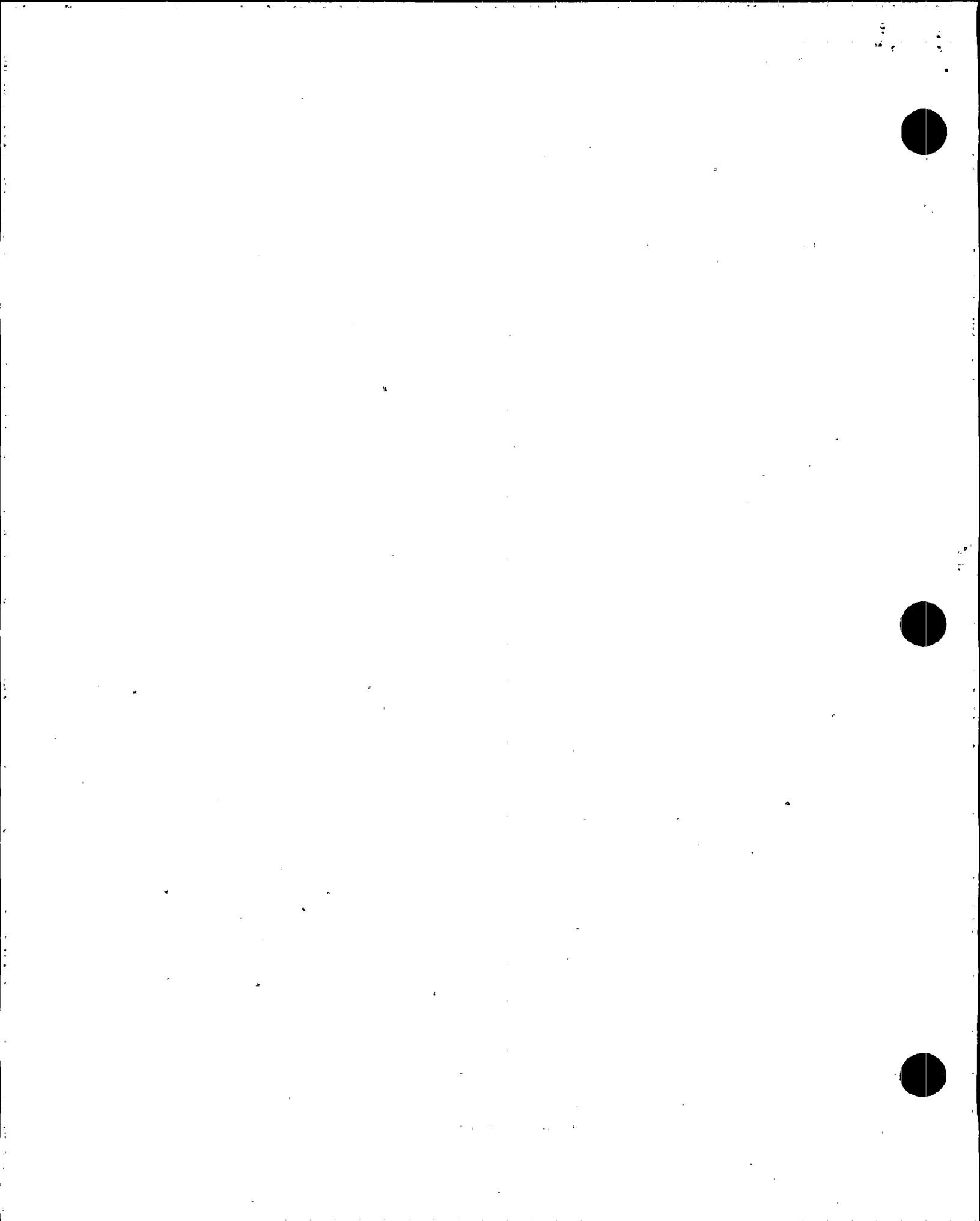
NRC Acceptance Criteria ¹

Resolution	Ratio
4-7	0.5-2.0
8-15	0.6-1.66
16-50	0.75-1.33
51-200	0.80-1.25
>200	0.85-1.18

¹From NRC Inspection Manual, procedure #84750, "Radioactive Waste Systems; Water Chemistry; Confirmatory Measurements and Radiological Environmental Monitoring"

* Due to the short half-life of I-131, the sample decayed too much prior to analysis for an accurate result. Condition Report/Disposition Request (CRDR) #96-1259 was issued on 10-31-96 to resolve the problem of the sample storage in the warehouse. Corrective actions included a change to the receiving checklist to include a notification of the user group.

** The Cs-134 value was outside the acceptance criteria. The problem investigation included follow-up analysis of the sample, calibration verifications, and discussion with the cross check sample supplier. The follow-up analyses showed acceptable results, in the 140-155 pCi/filter range, but still low. Calibration verifications were acceptable, with all results within 5% of the true value. During the calibration verifications it was discovered that the sample holding jig could move slightly when placed on the detector. In order to negate this as a contributor to the problem, a new jig is to be made which will have more exact tolerances to prevent slipping or movement. It was also discovered during the investigation that a contributing factor in the low results could be a detector phenomenon known as cascade summing. This can produce lower Cs-134 results in some larger high efficiency detectors. Further measurements will need to be made to determine if cascade summing is a factor.



8. Data Interpretations and Conclusions

Associated with the analytical process are potential random and systematic errors. Systematic errors can be caused by instrument malfunctions, incomplete precipitation, and back scattering and self-absorption. Random errors are beyond the control of the analyst and are caused by the random nature of radioactive decay.

Efforts are made to eliminate both systematic and random errors in the data reported. Systematic errors are eliminated by performing reviews throughout the analysis. For example, instrument calibrations are checked with radioactive sources daily and after any instrument maintenance or adjustment, and recovery and self-absorption factors based on individual sample analyses are incorporated into the calculation equations where necessary. Random errors are reduced by comparing all data to historical data for the same site and performing cross comparisons between analytical results when available. In addition, when data do not appear to match historical results, analyses would be rerun on a separate aliquot of the sample to verify the presence of the activity. The acceptance of data is dependent upon the results of quality control samples and is part of the data review process for all analytical results.

The "plus or minus value" reported with each analytical result represents the error associated with the result and gives the 95% confidence (2σ) interval around the data.

Most samples contain radioactivity associated with natural background/cosmic radioactivity (e.g. K-40, Th-234, Be-7). Gross beta results for drinking water and air are due to natural background. Gamma emitting radionuclides which can be attributed to natural background sources are not indicated in this report.

Results and interpretation of the data for all of the samples analyzed during 1996 are presented in the following sections. Assessment of pre-operational and operational data revealed no changes to environmental radiation levels. There were no observed radiological impacts on the environment due to PVNGS operations in 1996.

8.1. Air Particulates

Weekly gross beta results, in quarterly format, are presented in Tables 8.1 and 8.2 and depicted in graphs in Figures 8.1 and 8.2. Gross beta activity ranged from 0.015 to 0.069 pCi/m³. The associated counting error ranged from 0.001 to 0.004 pCi/m³. Mean quarterly activities are calculated using all weekly activities except those marked invalid. Also presented in the tables are the weekly mean values of all the sites as well as the relative standard deviation (RSD) of the data. The findings are consistent with pre-operational baseline and previous operational results. Figure 8.2 shows the results of the gross beta in air from the pre-operational phase compared to the 1991-1996 gross beta in air results. As can be seen, the indicator sites trend consistently with the control site. Table 8.3 displays the results of gamma spectroscopy on the quarterly

composites. The results are summarized in Table 11.1. No Cs-134 or Cs-137 was observed.

8.2. Airborne Radioiodine

Tables 8.4 through 8.5 present the quarterly radioiodine results. No radioiodine was detected in any of the samples.

8.3. Vegetation

Table 8.6 presents gamma isotopic data for the vegetation samples. No gamma emitting nuclides were observed in any of the samples.

8.4. Drinking Water

Samples were analyzed for gross beta, tritium, and gamma emitting nuclides. Results of these analyses are presented in Table 8.7. No tritium or gamma-emitting nuclides were detected in any samples. Gross beta activity ranged from less than detectable, to a high of 11.8 ± 2.2 pCi/l (Sheppard farm, October composite).

8.5. Groundwater

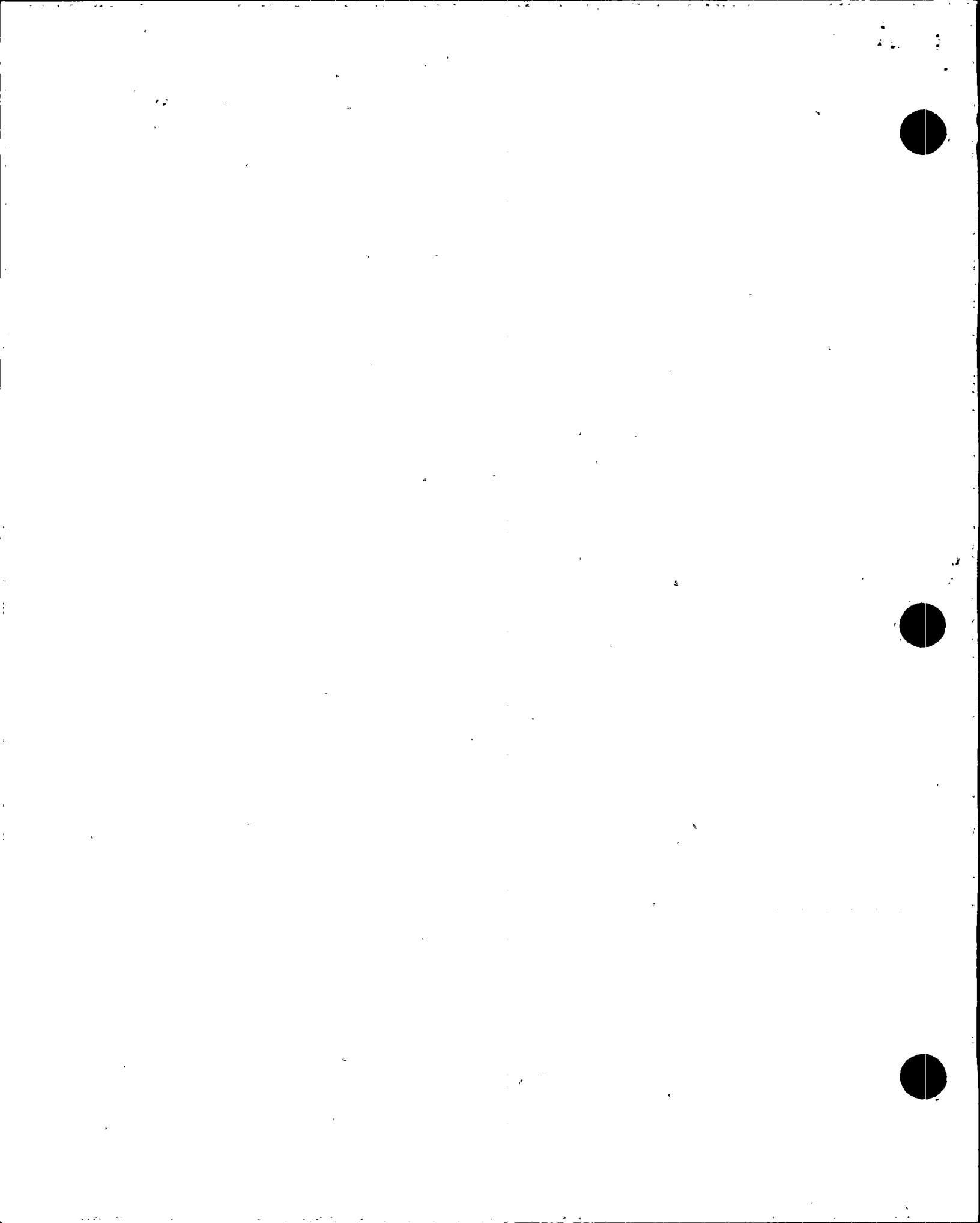
Groundwater samples were analyzed for tritium and gamma emitting nuclides. Results obtained from the analysis of the samples are presented in Table 8.8.

No tritium or gamma emitting nuclides were observed in any of the samples.

8.6. Surface Water

Surface water samples from the Reservoir and Evaporation Ponds were analyzed for tritium and gamma emitting nuclides. The Reservoir contains processed sewage water from the City of Phoenix and is approximately 80 acres in size. The two Evaporation Ponds receive mostly circulating water from main turbine condenser cooling and are about 250 acres each. Results are presented in Table 8.9. Low levels of I-131 were detected in the Reservoir and Evaporation Pond #1 on occasion. Ranges of activity were 11 ± 10 to 17 ± 8 pCi/l. The I-131 is introduced into the site's circulating water systems via radiopharmaceutical discharges into the Phoenix sewage system (refer to Section 11 of the 1988 AREOR for a detailed explanation). Cs-137 was observed in Evaporation Pond # 2 in one of twelve monthly composite samples. The concentration was 14 ± 7 pCi/l (April composite).

Tritium was routinely observed in Evaporation Ponds 1 and 2. The highest concentration in Evaporation Pond #1 was 1443 ± 261 pCi/l and the highest



concentration in Evaporation Pond #2 was 1232 ± 205 pCi/l. The tritium has been attributed to secondary system liquid waste discharges.

Water Reclamation Facility (WRF) influent (Phoenix sewage effluent) samples collected by the WRF were analyzed for gamma emitting nuclides and tritium. The results, presented in Table 8.9, demonstrate that I-131 was observed routinely. The highest I-131 concentration was 45 ± 10 pCi/l (week of February 28th). The results are consistent with assays from the previous years. None of the samples analyzed indicated the presence of tritium.

Table 8.9 also presents gamma spectroscopy and tritium measurements of samples collected from Sedimentation Basin #2. This basin collects rain water from site runoff and was dry for most of the year. No gamma emitting nuclides or tritium were detected in these samples.

8.7. Sludge and Sediment

8.7.1. WRF Centrifuge waste sludge

Sludge samples were obtained from the Water Reclamation Facility (WRF) centrifuge and analyzed by gamma spectroscopy. The I-131 in the WRF waste centrifuge sludge is consistent with historical values and, as previously discussed, is due to radiopharmaceuticals in the WRF influent.

In-111 was also identified in the sludge on occasion. The highest In-111 concentration was 96 ± 15 pCi/l (week of August 21st). It was verified by contacting a radiopharmaceutical supplier that In-111 is in use in the Phoenix area. Additionally, a half-life determination was performed to validate its presence. Results for WRF centrifuge waste sludge can be found in Table 8.10.

8.7.2. Sedimentation Basin #2 sediment

Sedimentation Basin #2 sediment samples were analyzed by gamma spectroscopy. Cs-137 was detected in Sedimentation Basin #2 sediment and it is consistent with pre-operational levels in soil. Sample results can be found in Table 8.10.

8.7.3. Evaporation Ponds #1 and #2 sediment

Evaporation Ponds #1 and #2 sediment samples were taken quarterly. Evaporation Pond #1 samples indicated 1 of 20 samples contained low levels of Co-60. Evaporation Pond #2 samples indicated low levels of Cs-134, Cs-137, and Co-60. These radionuclides are evidently due to previous primary-to-secondary leaks which resulted in the transport of these isotopes to the onsite ponds. Sample results can be found in Table 8.10.



8.7.4. Cooling Tower sludge

Sludge was removed from the Unit 3 Cooling Towers and placed in the WRF landfill in 1996. The following table presents a summary of the gamma spectroscopy results from the sludge samples:

Sample date	Unit	Approximate volume (yd ³)	Isotope	Activity range (pCi/kg)
10-27-95	3	500	Co-60	86-5590 (24 of 24 samples)
			Cs-134	<MDA-43 (19 of 24 samples)
			Cs-137	<MDA-149 (23 of 24 samples)
			I-131	<MDA-16 (8 of 24 samples)
			Mn-54	<MDA-176 (20 of 24 samples)
			Co-58	<MDA-11 (3 of 24 samples)
			Nb-95	<MDA-16 (1 of 24 samples)

Reference to samples in the "Activity range" column of the above table identifies the fraction of samples with radioactivity above the MDA.

8.8. Summary of Results

Sample data are presented in graphic form in Figures 8.1-8.5. When practical, comparisons to pre-operational data are displayed. A summary of the sample results is presented in Table 11.1.

TABLE 8.1 PARTICULATE GR BETA IN AIR 1st - 2nd QUARTER

ODCM required samples denoted by *
units are pCi/m³

1st Quarter														
Week #	(control)												Mean	RSD (%)
	START DATE	STOP DATE	Site 4	Site 6A*	Site 7A	Site 14A*	Site 15*	Site 17A	Site 21*	Site 29	Site 35	Site 40*		
1	27-Dec-95	2-Jan-96	0.069	0.055	0.057	0.062	0.063	0.061	0.065	0.061	0.060	0.061	0.061	6.3
2	2-Jan-96	9-Jan-96	0.033	0.035	0.036	0.033	0.036	0.033	0.036	0.035	0.035	0.034	0.035	3.7
3	9-Jan-96	16-Jan-96	0.047	0.049	0.052	0.046	0.042	0.042	0.053	0.044	0.045	0.052	0.047	8.8
4	16-Jan-96	24-Jan-96	0.027	0.024	0.024	0.022	0.022	0.021	0.021	0.024	0.022	0.023	0.023	7.9
5	24-Jan-96	31-Jan-96	0.033	0.032	0.030	0.025	0.029	0.024	0.031	0.029	0.025	0.027	0.029	11.0
6	31-Jan-96	7-Feb-96	0.027	0.028	0.027	0.026	0.024	0.023	0.027	0.027	0.025	0.024	0.026	6.5
7	7-Feb-96	13-Feb-96	0.041	0.044	0.034	0.034	0.039	0.036	0.039	0.036	0.035	0.036	0.037	8.8
8	13-Feb-96	20-Feb-96	0.041	0.046	0.046	0.040	0.042	0.043	0.043	0.042	0.045	0.045	0.043	4.9
9	20-Feb-96	26-Feb-96	0.023	0.018	0.018	0.016	0.017	0.020	0.020	0.017	0.020	0.019	0.019	10.9
10	26-Feb-96	5-Mar-96	0.020	0.022	0.022	0.022	0.020	0.018	0.023	0.021	0.020	0.023	0.021	7.6
11	5-Mar-96	12-Mar-96	0.027	0.026	0.027	0.023	0.024	0.024	0.026	0.024	0.024	0.026	0.025	5.8
12	12-Mar-96	19-Mar-96	0.020	0.018	0.018	0.016	0.015	0.018	0.016	0.017	0.015	0.016	0.017	9.4
13	19-Mar-96	25-Mar-96	0.030	0.030	0.024	0.024	0.027	0.027	0.028	0.027	0.026	0.027	0.027	7.6
	Mean		0.034	0.033	0.032	0.030	0.031	0.030	0.033	0.031	0.031	0.032	0.032	4.1
2nd Quarter														
Week #	(control)												Mean	RSD (%)
	START DATE	STOP DATE	Site 4	Site 6A*	Site 7A	Site 14A*	Site 15*	Site 17A	Site 21*	Site 29	Site 35	Site 40*		
14	25-Mar-96	2-Apr-96	0.028	0.029	0.031	0.029	0.025	0.026	0.027	0.028	0.026	0.024	0.027	7.7
15	2-Apr-96	9-Apr-96	0.025	0.024	0.025	0.026	0.027	0.023	0.026	0.022	0.027	0.026	0.025	6.6
16	9-Apr-96	16-Apr-96	0.028	0.028	0.028	0.026	0.025	0.024	0.025	0.027	0.027	0.029	0.027	6.1
17	16-Apr-96	22-Apr-96	0.026	0.026	0.026	0.023	0.022	0.023	0.026	0.023	0.023	0.024	0.024	6.7
18	22-Apr-96	29-Apr-96	0.031	0.031	0.034	0.029	0.029	0.030	0.029	0.031	0.028	0.027	0.030	6.6
19	29-Apr-96	7-May-96	0.035	0.029	0.029	0.031	0.033	0.030	0.031	0.028	0.031	0.032	0.031	6.7
20	7-May-96	14-May-96	0.032	0.035	0.037	0.034	0.034	0.036	0.033	0.034	0.035	0.031	0.034	5.3
21	14-May-96	21-May-96	0.023	0.027	0.025	0.024	0.026	0.026	0.023	0.021	0.024	0.028	0.025	8.5
22	21-May-96	28-May-96	0.029	0.028	0.027	0.029	0.026	0.028	0.027	0.030	0.030	0.029	0.028	4.7
23	28-May-96	4-Jun-96	0.039	0.041	0.037	0.040	0.040	0.033	0.039	0.034	0.038	0.034	0.038	7.7
24	4-Jun-96	10-Jun-96	0.041	0.041	0.039	0.039	0.039	0.042	0.040	0.041	0.040	0.043	0.041	3.3
25	10-Jun-96	18-Jun-96	0.037	0.035	0.036	0.032	0.033	0.032	0.036	0.034	0.036	0.036	0.035	5.3
26	18-Jun-96	24-Jun-96	0.034	0.032	0.033	0.030	0.033	0.032	0.032	0.034	0.031	0.034	0.033	4.2
	Mean		0.031	0.031	0.031	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.031	0.030	2.1

TABLE 8.2 PARTICULATE GR BETA IN AIR 3rd - 4th QUARTER

ODCM required samples denoted by *
units are pCi/m³

3rd Quarter														
(control)														
Week #	START DATE	STOP DATE	Site 4	Site 6A*	Site 7A	Site 14A*	Site 15*	Site 17A	Site 21*	Site 29	Site 35	Site 40*	Mean	RSD (%)
27	24-Jun-96	1-Jul-96	0.032	0.029	0.027	0.025	0.026	0.025	0.027	0.026	0.027	0.027	0.027	7.7
28	1-Jul-96	9-Jul-96	0.031	0.030	0.029	0.027	0.032	0.029	0.027	0.031	0.028	0.032	0.030	6.4
29	9-Jul-96	16-Jul-96	0.027	0.027	0.026	0.029	0.027	0.029	0.029	0.028	0.031	0.026	0.028	5.7
30	16-Jul-96	23-Jul-96	0.027	0.031	0.031	0.029	0.035	0.033	0.032	0.032	0.033	0.031	0.031	7.1
31	23-Jul-96	29-Jul-96	0.038	0.033	0.031	0.026	0.034	0.034	0.031	0.033	0.031	0.032	0.032	9.5
32	29-Jul-96	6-Aug-96	0.033	0.029	0.034	0.034	0.034	0.034	0.029	0.034	0.033	0.035	0.033	6.5
33	6-Aug-96	12-Aug-96	0.027	0.028	0.026	0.027	0.023	0.026	0.023	0.028	0.026	0.025	0.026	6.9
34	12-Aug-96	20-Aug-96	0.030	0.031	0.033	0.035	0.031	0.029	0.031	0.035	0.033	0.030	0.032	6.6
35	20-Aug-96	26-Aug-96	0.025	0.029	0.026	0.031	0.029	0.029	0.030	0.030	0.025	0.032	0.029	8.6
36	26-Aug-96	3-Sep-96	0.026	0.023	0.022	0.023	0.024	0.026	0.023	0.023	0.023	0.023	0.024	5.7
37	3-Sep-96	10-Sep-96	0.023	0.020	0.021	0.021	0.022	0.020	0.021	0.021	0.020	0.022	0.021	4.7
38	10-Sep-96	16-Sep-96	0.021	0.021	0.019	0.024	0.020	0.020	0.022	0.023	0.024	0.025	0.022	9.2
39	16-Sep-96	23-Sep-96	0.031	0.030	0.030	0.031	0.030	0.029	0.029	0.031	0.028	0.033	0.030	4.6
Mean			0.029	0.028	0.027	0.028	0.028	0.028	0.027	0.029	0.028	0.029	0.028	2.0
4th Quarter														
(control)														
Week #	START DATE	STOP DATE	Site 4	Site 6A*	Site 7A	Site 14A*	Site 15*	Site 17A	Site 21*	Site 29	Site 35	Site 40*	Mean	RSD (%)
40	23-Sep-96	1-Oct-96	0.033	0.038	0.035	0.035	0.035	0.036	0.034	0.037	0.034	0.038	0.036	4.8
41	1-Oct-96	8-Oct-96	0.038	0.039	0.039	0.035	0.036	0.035	0.040	0.037	0.033	0.040	0.037	6.4
42	8-Oct-96	14-Oct-96	0.063	0.067	0.067	0.060	0.064	0.062	0.064	0.062	0.062	0.063	0.063	3.5
43	14-Oct-96	22-Oct-96	0.035	0.034	0.030	0.032	0.032	0.033	0.034	0.031	0.028	0.032	0.032	6.5
44	22-Oct-96	29-Oct-96	0.038	0.034	0.031	0.030	0.030	0.032	0.031	0.029	0.030	0.031	0.032	8.3
45	29-Oct-96	5-Nov-96	0.033	0.029	0.032	0.027	0.030	0.031	0.031	0.033	0.028	0.025	0.030	8.8
46	5-Nov-96	12-Nov-96	0.041	0.041	0.045	0.040	0.038	0.038	0.036	0.042	0.037	0.042	0.040	6.9
47	12-Nov-96	19-Nov-96	0.052	0.056	0.052	0.049	0.052	0.052	0.054	0.055	0.042	0.049	0.051	7.7
48	19-Nov-96	25-Nov-96	0.036	0.037	0.040	0.035	0.034	0.038	0.037	0.038	0.033	0.036	0.036	5.7
49	25-Nov-96	3-Dec-96	0.036	0.034	0.035	0.027	0.027	0.032	0.031	0.031	0.032	0.031	0.032	9.5
50	3-Dec-96	11-Dec-96	0.038	0.043	0.044	0.037	0.035	0.044	0.039	0.040	0.036	0.036	0.039	8.7
51	11-Dec-96	16-Dec-96	0.025	0.022	0.021	0.019	0.019	0.018	0.020	0.021	0.016	0.023	0.020	12.7
52	16-Dec-96	23-Dec-96	0.027	0.032	0.036	0.031	0.030	0.029	0.031	0.033	0.030	0.032	0.031	7.8
53	23-Dec-96	30-Dec-96	0.033	0.042	0.038	0.033	0.033	0.036	0.041	0.036	0.031	0.036	0.036	10.0
Mean			0.038	0.039	0.039	0.035	0.036	0.037	0.037	0.038	0.034	0.037	0.037	4.4
Annual Average			0.033	0.033	0.032	0.031	0.031	0.031	0.032	0.032	0.031	0.032	0.032	2.5

TABLE 8.3 GAMMA DUST FILTER COMPOSITES

ODCM required samples denoted by *
units are pCi/m³

QUARTER ENDPOINT	NUCLIDE	(control)									
		Site 4	Site 6A*	Site 7A	Site 14A*	Site 15*	Site 17A	Site 21*	Site 29	Site 35	Site 40*
25-Mar-96	Cs-134	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
	Cs-137	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
24-Jun-96	Cs-134	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
	Cs-137	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
23-Sep-96	Cs-134	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
	Cs-137	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
30-Dec-96	Cs-134	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
	Cs-137	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD



TABLE 8.4 RADIOIODINE IN AIR 1st - 2nd QUARTER

ODCM required samples denoted by *
units are pCi/m³

1st Quarter

Week #	START DATE	STOP DATE	(control)									
			Site 4	Site 6A*	Site 7A	Site 14A*	Site 15*	Site 17A	Site 21*	Site 29	Site 35	Site 40*
1	27-Dec-95	2-Jan-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
2	2-Jan-96	9-Jan-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
3	9-Jan-96	16-Jan-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
4	16-Jan-96	24-Jan-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
5	24-Jan-96	31-Jan-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
6	31-Jan-96	7-Feb-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
7	7-Feb-96	13-Feb-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
8	13-Feb-96	20-Feb-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
9	20-Feb-96	26-Feb-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
10	26-Feb-96	5-Mar-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
11	5-Mar-96	12-Mar-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
12	12-Mar-96	19-Mar-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
13	19-Mar-96	25-Mar-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD

2nd Quarter

Week #	START DATE	STOP DATE	(control)									
			Site 4	Site 6A*	Site 7A	Site 14A*	Site 15*	Site 17A	Site 21*	Site 29	Site 35	Site 40*
14	25-Mar-96	2-Apr-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
15	2-Apr-96	9-Apr-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
16	9-Apr-96	16-Apr-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
17	16-Apr-96	22-Apr-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
18	22-Apr-96	29-Apr-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
19	29-Apr-96	7-May-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
20	7-May-96	14-May-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
21	14-May-96	21-May-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
22	21-May-96	28-May-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
23	28-May-96	4-Jun-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
24	4-Jun-96	10-Jun-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
25	10-Jun-96	18-Jun-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
26	18-Jun-96	24-Jun-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD



TABLE 8.5 RADIOIODINE IN AIR 3rd - 4th QUARTER

ODCM required samples denoted by *
units are pCi/m³

3rd Quarter												
(control)												
Week #	START DATE	STOP DATE	Site 4	Site 6A*	Site 7A	Site 14A*	Site 15*	Site 17A	Site 21*	Site 29	Site 35	Site 40*
27	24-Jun-96	1-Jul-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
28	1-Jul-96	9-Jul-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
29	9-Jul-96	16-Jul-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
30	16-Jul-96	23-Jul-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
31	23-Jul-96	29-Jul-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
32	29-Jul-96	6-Aug-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
33	6-Aug-96	12-Aug-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
34	12-Aug-96	20-Aug-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
35	20-Aug-96	26-Aug-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
36	26-Aug-96	3-Sep-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
37	3-Sep-96	10-Sep-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
38	10-Sep-96	16-Sep-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
39	16-Sep-96	23-Sep-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD

4th Quarter												
(control)												
Week #	START DATE	STOP DATE	Site 4	Site 6A*	Site 7A	Site 14A*	Site 15*	Site 17A	Site 21*	Site 29	Site 35	Site 40*
40	23-Sep-96	1-Oct-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
41	1-Oct-96	8-Oct-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
42	8-Oct-96	14-Oct-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
43	14-Oct-96	22-Oct-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
44	22-Oct-96	29-Oct-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
45	29-Oct-96	5-Nov-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
46	5-Nov-96	12-Nov-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
47	12-Nov-96	19-Nov-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
48	19-Nov-96	25-Nov-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
49	25-Nov-96	3-Dec-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
50	3-Dec-96	11-Dec-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
51	11-Dec-96	16-Dec-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
52	16-Dec-96	23-Dec-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
53	23-Dec-96	30-Dec-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD



TABLE 8.6 VEGETATION

ODCM required samples denoted by *
units are pCi/kg

LOCATION	TYPE	DATE COLLECTED	Cs-134	Cs-137	I-131
ADAMS RESIDENCE (SITE #47)*	NO SAMPLES AVAILABLE				
GUAJARDO RESIDENCE (SITE #52)*	NO SAMPLES AVAILABLE				
TOLLESON PRODUCE CO. (Site #62)*	Cabbage	10-Jan-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
	Mustard greens	10-Jan-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
	Cabbage	7-Feb-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
	Mustard greens	7-Feb-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
	Spinach	6-Mar-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
	Kale	6-Mar-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
	Cabbage	6-Mar-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
	Cabbage	8-May-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
	Collards	4-Dec-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
	Turnip greens	4-Dec-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
Spinach	4-Dec-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
BIGELOW RESIDENCE (Site #64)	NO SAMPLES AVAILABLE				
HOMMEL RESIDENCE (Site #65)	Collards	7-Feb-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
	Chinese cabbage	7-Feb-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
	Collards	7-Mar-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
	Mustard greens	7-Mar-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
	Chinese cabbage	7-Mar-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
	Mustard greens	2-Apr-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
	Collards	2-Apr-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD



TABLE 8.7 DRINKING WATER

ODCM required samples denoted by *
units are pCi/liter

SAMPLE LOCATION	MONTH ENDPOINT	Ba-140	La-140	Co-58	Co-60	Cs-134	Cs-137	Fe-59	I-131	Mn-54	Zr-95	Nb-95	Zn-65	QTRLY		
														Tritium	Gross Beta	
McARTHUR RESIDENCE (SITE #46) *	31-Jan-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		4.7 +/- 1.5
	28-Feb-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		4.6 +/- 1.6
	25-Mar-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	2.9 +/- 1.6
	29-Apr-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		2.8 +/- 1.5
	28-May-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		3.7 +/- 1.6
	24-Jun-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	3.5 +/- 1.5
	29-Jul-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		3.8 +/- 1.6
	26-Aug-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		3.6 +/- 1.5
	23-Sep-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	4.2 +/- 1.6
	29-Oct-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		4.6 +/- 1.6
	25-Nov-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		2.8 +/- 1.7
	30-Dec-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	3.6 +/- 1.6
GAVETTE RESIDENCE (SITE #55)	31-Jan-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		5.9 +/- 1.6
	26-Feb-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		3.9 +/- 1.5
	25-Mar-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	3.0 +/- 1.6
	29-Apr-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		2.9 +/- 1.5
	28-May-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		3.8 +/- 1.6
	24-Jun-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	4.2 +/- 1.5
	29-Jul-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		3.1 +/- 1.6
	26-Aug-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		3.4 +/- 1.5
	23-Sep-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<26 ¹	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	4.1 +/- 1.6
	29-Oct-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		4.8 +/- 1.6
	25-Nov-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		<LLD
	30-Dec-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	4.5 +/- 1.6

1 LLD not met due to excessive time between sample collection and count

TABLE 8.7 DRINKING WATER

ODCM required samples denoted by *
units are pCi/liter

SAMPLE LOCATION	MONTH ENDPOINT	Ba-140	La-140	Co-58	Co-60	Cs-134	Cs-137	Fe-59	I-131	Mn-54	Zr-95	Nb-95	Zn-65	QTRLY		
														Tritium	Gross Beta	
SHEPPARD RESIDENCE (SITE #48) *	31-Jan-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		8.0 +/- 2.0	
	26-Feb-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		10 +/- 2.1	
	25-Mar-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	3.9 +/- 2.0	
	29-Apr-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		6.3 +/- 2.1	
	28-May-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		7.0 +/- 2.1	
	24-Jun-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	5.9 +/- 1.9	
	29-Jul-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		8.2 +/- 2.1	
	26-Aug-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		5.4 +/- 1.9	
	23-Sep-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	7.7 +/- 2.0	
	29-Oct-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		11.8 +/- 2.2	
	25-Nov-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		4.7 +/- 2.2	
	30-Dec-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	8.6 +/- 2.2	
MASENGALE RESIDENCE (SITE #49) *	31-Jan-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		<LLD	
	26-Feb-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		<LLD	
	25-Mar-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	29-Apr-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		<LLD	
	28-May-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		<LLD	
	24-Jun-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	2.8 +/- 1.4	
	29-Jul-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		<LLD	
	26-Aug-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		<LLD	
	23-Sep-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
	29-Oct-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		<LLD	
	25-Nov-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		<LLD	
	30-Dec-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD

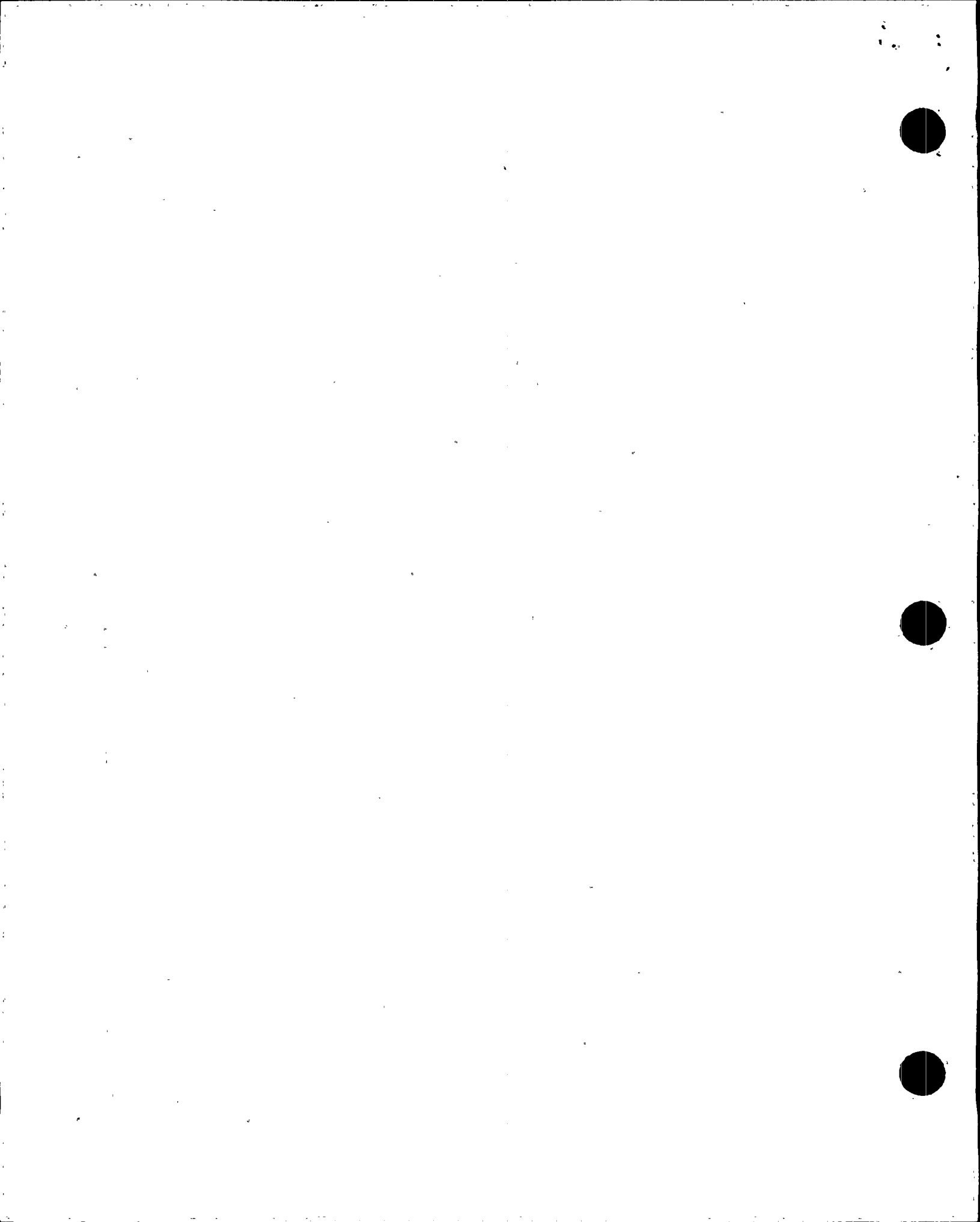


TABLE 8.8 GROUNDWATER
ODCM required samples denoted by *
units are pCi/liter

SAMPLE LOCATION	DATE COLLECTED	Ba-140	La-140	Co-58	Co-60	Cs-134	Cs-137	Fe-59	I-131	Mn-54	Zr-95	Nb-95	Zn-65	Tritium
WELL 27ddc (Site #57)*	29-Jan-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
	29-Apr-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
	29-Jul-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
	29-Oct-96	<LLD	<17 ¹	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
WELL 34abb (Site #58)*	29-Jan-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
	29-Apr-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
	29-Jul-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
	29-Oct-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD

NOTES:

1 MDA greater than LLD due to sample count time too short



TABLE 8.9 SURFACE WATER

ODCM required samples denoted by *

units are pCi/liter

SAMPLE LOCATION	MONTH ENDPOINT	Ba-140	La-140	Co-58	Co-60	Cs-134	Cs-137	Fe-59	I-131	Mn-54	Zr-95	Nb-95	Zn-65	Tritium	
RESERVOIR (Site #60) *	29-Jan-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		
	26-Feb-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		
	25-Mar-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	29-Apr-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		
	28-May-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		
	24-Jun-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	29-Jul-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	15 +/- 11	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	26-Aug-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	23-Sep-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
	29-Oct-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	25-Nov-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	17 +/- 8	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	30-Dec-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
EVAP POND 1 (Site #59) *	29-Jan-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		
	26-Feb-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		
	25-Mar-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	760 +/- 205	
	29-Apr-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		
	28-May-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		
	24-Jun-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	984 +/- 202	
	29-Jul-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	11 +/- 10	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	26-Aug-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	23-Sep-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	1443 +/- 261
	29-Oct-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	25-Nov-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	30-Dec-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	918 +/- 254
EVAP POND 2 (Site #63) *	29-Jan-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		
	26-Feb-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		
	25-Mar-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	857 +/- 208	
	29-Apr-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	14 +/- 7	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	28-May-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		
	24-Jun-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	1232 +/- 205	
	29-Jul-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	26-Aug-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	23-Sep-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	884 +/- 254
	29-Oct-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	25-Nov-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	30-Dec-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	944 +/- 256

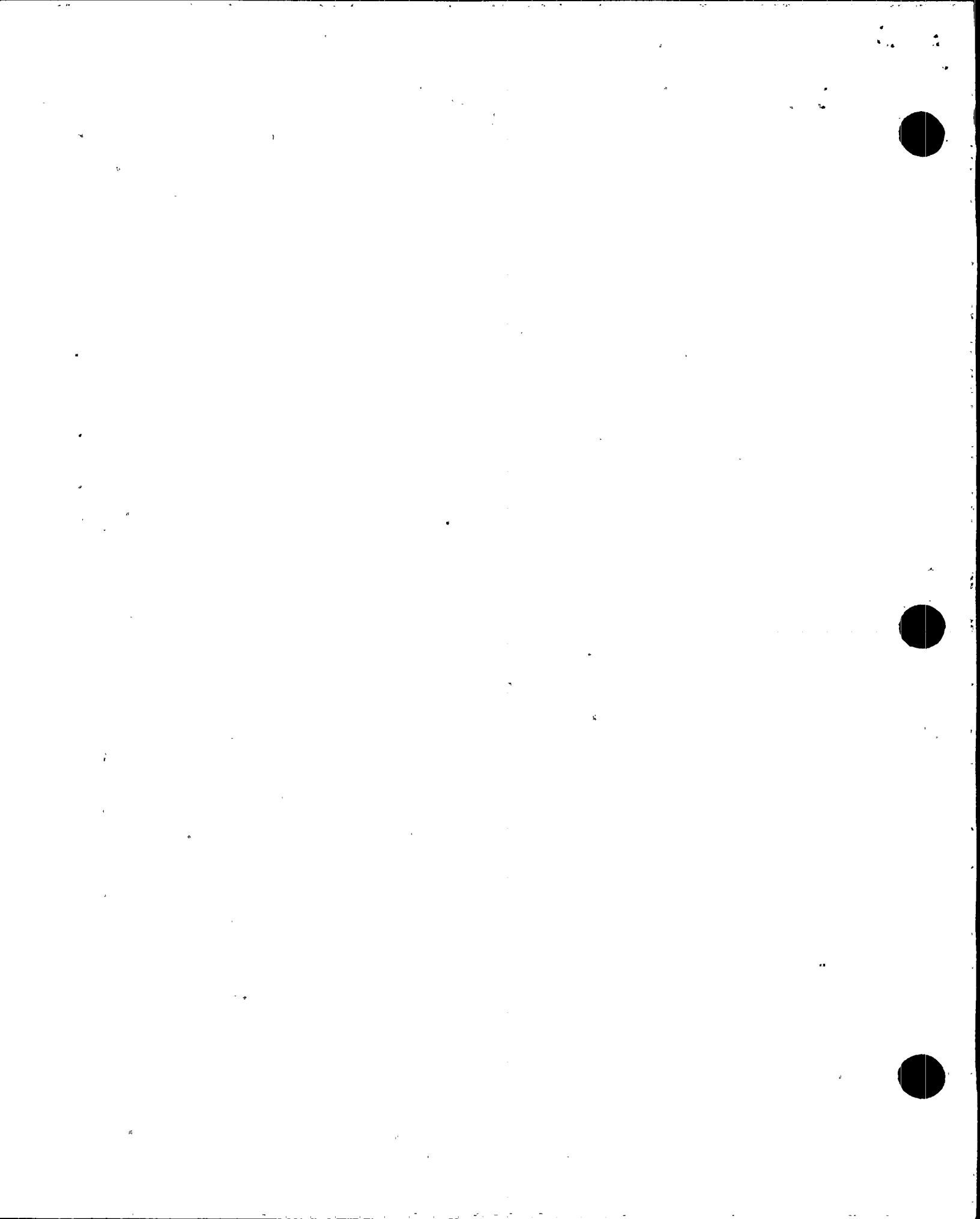


TABLE 8.9 SURFACE WATER

units are pCi/liter

SAMPLE LOCATION	DATE COLLECTED	Ba-140	La-140	Co-58	Co-60	Cs-134	Cs-137	Fe-59	I-131	Mn-54	Zr-95	Nb-95	Zn-65	Tritium
WRF INFLUENT	12-Jan-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	12 +/- 8	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	17-Jan-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	25-Jan-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	14 +/- 8	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	1-Feb-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	32 +/- 10	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD **
	8-Feb-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	15-Feb-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<16	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	21-Feb-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	22 +/- 12	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	28-Feb-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	45 +/- 10	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD **
	7-Mar-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	26 +/- 11	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	14-Mar-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	13 +/- 10	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	20-Mar-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	14 +/- 8	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	27-Mar-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	20 +/- 11	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD **
	3-Apr-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	31 +/- 12	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	10-Apr-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	18 +/- 11	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	18-Apr-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	10 +/- 9	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	23-Apr-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	24 +/- 10	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	1-May-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	15 +/- 13	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD **
	8-May-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	14-May-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	23 +/- 12	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	23-May-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	16 +/- 4	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
29-May-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	34 +/- 11	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD **	
4-Jun-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	27 +/- 15	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		
11-Jun-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	20 +/- 10	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		
19-Jun-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		
25-Jun-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	25 +/- 13	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD **	
2-Jul-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		
9-Jul-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		
16-Jul-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	42 +/- 14	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		
23-Jul-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	20 +/- 10	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD		
31-Jul-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD **	

** Monthly composite

TABLE 8.9 SURFACE WATER

units are pCi/liter

SAMPLE LOCATION	DATE COLLECTED	Ba-140	La-140	Co-58	Co-60	Cs-134	Cs-137	Fe-59	I-131	Mn-54	Zr-95	Nb-95	Zn-65	Tritium
WRF INFLUENT	7-Aug-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	19 +/- 8	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	14-Aug-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	12 +/- 10	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	21-Aug-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	22 +/- 12	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	27-Aug-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	18 +/- 11	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD **
	3-Sep-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	23 +/- 11	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	10-Sep-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	10 +/- 8	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	17-Sep-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	15 +/- 9	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	24-Sep-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	1-Oct-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	17 +/- 10	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	not analyzed
	8-Oct-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	15 +/- 9	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	15-Oct-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	18 +/- 11	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	22-Oct-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	18 +/- 11	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	29-Oct-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	18 +/- 12	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	not analyzed
	5-Nov-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	25 +/- 15	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	13-Nov-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	30 +/- 14	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	19-Nov-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	23 +/- 11	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	26-Nov-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	36 +/- 13	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD **
	3-Dec-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	21 +/- 10	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	10-Dec-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	13 +/- 10	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
	17-Dec-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	23 +/- 9	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	
25-Dec-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<27	<LLD	<LLD	<64	<16		
31-Dec-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	21 +/- 11	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD **	
SEDIMENT. BASIN #2	16-July-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
	23-July-96	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD

** Monthly composite

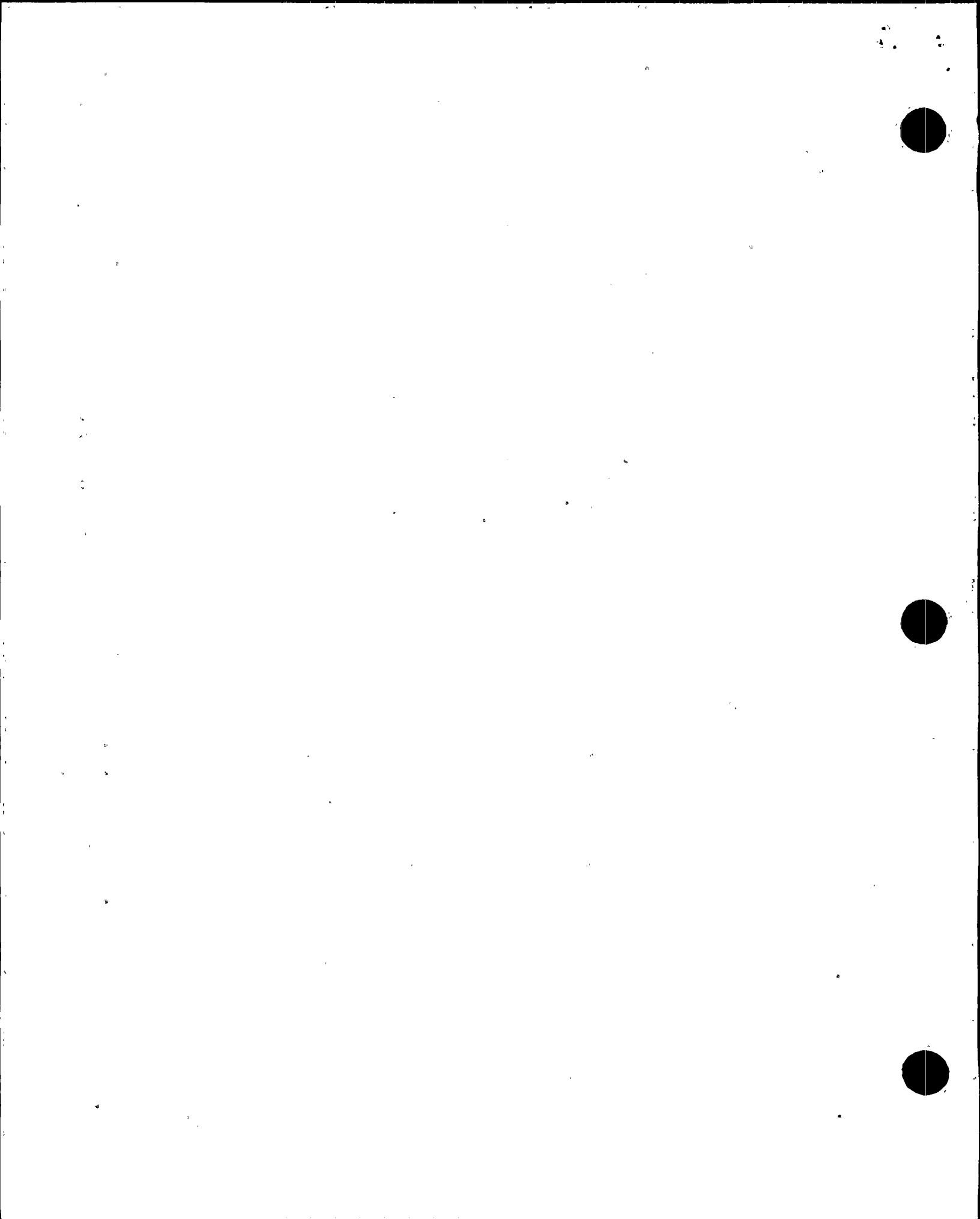


TABLE 8.10 STORAGE/SEDIMENT

units: dpmCi/kg

SAMPLE LOCATION	DATE COLLECTED	Mn-54	Co-58	Fe-59	Co-60	Zn-65	Nb-95	Zr-95	I-131	Cs-134	Cs-137	Ba-140	La-140	In-111
WRF CENTRIFUGE WASTE SLUDGE	12-Jan-96	<10	<9	<20	<11	<22	<10	<18	855 +/- 30	<9	<9	<33	<11	
	17-Jan-96	<8	<8	<18	<10	<16	<10	<16	939 +/- 28	<10	<10	<32	<9	
	25-Jan-96 ^a	<9	<7	<14	<11	<19	<9	<14	950 +/- 30	<8	<8	<30	<9	26 +/- 9
	1-Feb-96	<10	<10	<20	<11	<20	<10	<19	1303 +/- 32	<10	<11	<37	<10	
	8-Feb-96	<10	<9	<18	<9	<20	<10	<17	797 +/- 34	<8	<10	<42	<12	
	15-Feb-96	<10	<12	<19	<11	<23	<12	<20	2105 +/- 56	<12	<11	<52	<14	
	21-Feb-96	<9	<7	<15	<11	<20	<8	<16	1138 +/- 34	<8	<10	<28	<8	
	28-Feb-96	<9	<9	<18	<9	<20	<9	<14	2321 +/- 47	<10	<9	<40	<9	
	7-Mar-96	<8	<9	<18	<12	<20	<9	<15	1289 +/- 43	<9	<10	<40	<12	
	14-Mar-96	<11	<9	<20	<9	<21	<9	<15	1421 +/- 39	<7	<10	<33	<6	
	20-Mar-96 ^a	<10	<9	<18	<10	<18	<10	<16	945 +/- 31	<9	<9	<32	<8	28 +/- 10
	27-Mar-96	<10	<9	<19	<11	<23	<11	<18	985 +/- 40	<9	<8	<41	<14	
	3-Apr-96	<9	<10	<17	<9	<16	<10	<16	1618 +/- 40	<9	<9	<36	<6	
	10-Apr-96	<9	<8	<15	<10	<18	<10	<13	585 +/- 24	<9	<9	<31	<8	
	18-Apr-96	<9	<9	<19	<9	<19	<9	<19	954 +/- 33	<9	<11	<32	<9	
	23-Apr-96	<10	<8	<18	<10	<18	<12	<15	1362 +/- 38	<8	<10	<34	<9	
	1-May-96	<8	<9	<21	<9	<21	<11	<17	1254 +/- 38	<9	<12	<38	<11	
	8-May-96	<8	<8	<16	<9	<19	<8	<12	763 +/- 28	<9	<10	<32	<8	
	14-May-96	<8	<8	<17	<10	<16	<10	<14	2517 +/- 48	<8	<10	<35	<8	
	23-May-96 ^a	<6	<6	<13	<6	<13	<7	<11	3434 +/- 56	<6	<6	<33	<9	16 +/- 10
	29-May-96	<10	<9	<15	<10	<24	<8	<15	3201 +/- 58	<9	<10	<37	<8	
	4-Jun-96	<10	<9	<14	<11	<20	<10	<14	3019 +/- 55	<9	<9	<36	<10	
	11-Jun-96 ^a	<9	<7	<15	<8	<15	<8	<14	2281 +/- 41	<8	<9	<30	<8	27 +/- 11
	18-Jun-96	<6	<7	<14	<7	<15	<8	<12	970 +/- 28	<7	<8	<28	<6	
	25-Jun-96 ^a	<9	<8	<14	<9	<15	<9	<14	2655 +/- 50	<8	<8	<34	<9	48 +/- 16
	2-Jul-96 ^a	<9	<8	<16	<8	<17	<9	<13	1326 +/- 35	<8	<8	<30	<6	29 +/- 11
	10-Jul-96	<7	<6	<12	<6	<15	<8	<10	1307 +/- 30	<7	<7	<29	<5	
	16-Jul-96	<8	<8	<16	<9	<18	<9	<14	3404 +/- 60	<8	<9	<40	<8	
	23-Jul-96	<13	<11	<23	<12	<26	<15	<24	4034 +/- 83	<10	<15	<55	<11	
	31-Jul-96 ^a	<8	<9	<16	<9	<20	<9	<14	1434 +/- 37	<9	<9	<32	<8	28 +/- 10
7-Aug-96 ^a	<8	<8	<15	<7	<17	<9	<14	2605 +/- 47	<9	<10	<31	<9	10 +/- 9	
14-Aug-96 ^a	<7	<8	<13	<9	<17	<8	<14	1881 +/- 37	<7	<8	<27	<9	58 +/- 14	
21-Aug-96 ^a	<11	<9	<18	<13	<22	<9	<16	2160 +/- 46	<10	<12	<36	<9	96 +/- 15	
27-Aug-96	<7	<8	<17	<8	<17	<9	<13	1356 +/- 43	<7	<8	<37	<9		
3-Sep-96 ^a	<7	<9	<20	<10	<17	<10	<16	2271 +/- 47	<7	<9	<35	<10	49 +/- 16	
10-Sep-96	<9	<8	<12	<8	<17	<8	<17	1342 +/- 36	<8	<9	<31	<8		

^a In-111 was identified in this sample. Indium's use as a radiopharmaceutical in this area was verified. Additionally, a half-life evaluation was performed to further validate its presence.

TABLE 8.10 SLUDGE/SEDIMENT

units are pCi/kg

SAMPLE LOCATION	DATE COLLECTED	Mn-54	Co-58	Fe-59	Co-60	Zn-65	Nb-95	Zr-95	I-131	Cs-134	Cs-137	Ba-140	La-140	In-111
WRF CENTRIFUGE WASTE SLUDGE	18-Sep-96	<9	<8	<18	<10	<17	<9	<14	1314 +/- 35	<9	<9	<31	<8	
	24-Sep-96 ^a	<9	<9	<18	<7	<21	<10	<15	844 +/- 30	<7	<9	<32	<11	38 +/- 14
	1-Oct-96 ^a	<8	<8	<14	<11	<19	<10	<13	1989 +/- 42	<7	<9	<36	<8	38 +/- 16
	8-Oct-96	<8	<8	<16	18 +/- 10 ^b	<17	<8	<13	1254 +/- 32	<8	<8	<29	<7	
	15-Oct-96	<8	<8	<15	22 +/- 11	<16	<9	<15	825 +/- 27	<7	<9	<27	<9	
	22-Oct-96	<8	<7	<15	<10	<17	<8	<15	774 +/- 26	<7	<8	<30	<8	
	29-Oct-96 ^a	<10	<9	<20	<13	<21	<10	<16	950 +/- 34	<9	<11	<38	<11	54 +/- 14
	5-Nov-96 ^a	<9	<8	<18	<11	<16	<9	<14	614 +/- 28	<8	<9	<38	<10	13 +/- 11
	13-Nov-96 ^a	<10	<9	<18	<9	<24	<10	<14	1426 +/- 37	<10	<10	<32	<10	
	19-Nov-96	<9	<8	<17	<9	<21	<8	<12	2519 +/- 48	<7	<10	<36	<8	
	26-Nov-96 ^a	<7	<7	<14	<8	<17	<7	<11	2349 +/- 40	<7	<7	<28	<5	59 +/- 13
	3-Dec-96	<7	<8	<16	<8	<18	<9	<14	1315 +/- 35	<8	<8	<31	<7	
	10-Dec-96 ^a	<8	<8	<15	<7	<17	<8	<13	979 +/- 27	<8	<8	<30	<7	15 +/- 10
	17-Dec-96 ^a	<7	<8	<13	<9	<18	<8	<12	1152 +/- 29	<8	<8	<30	<6	10 +/- 7
	25-Dec-96	<7	<7	<16	<8	<15	<9	<13	964 +/- 36	<6	<7	<39	<11	
31-Dec-96	<7	<6	<12	<7	<15	<7	<13	921 +/- 26	<6	<7	<29	<7		
SEDIMENT. BASIN #2 (N)	10-Apr-96	<22	<19	<41	<20	<48	<23	<35	<20	<19	63 +/- 22	<69	<19	
SEDIMENT. BASIN #2 (S)	10-Apr-96	<24	<23	<50	<30	<61	<28	<42	<25	<21	50 +/- 24	<76	<25	

^a In-111 was identified in this sample. Indium's use as a radiopharmaceutical in this area was verified. Additionally, a half-life evaluation was performed to further validate its presence.

^b Sample was re-counted in a clean Marinelli. Co-60 activity was 20 +/- 9 pCi/kg. Investigation (CRDR #9-6-1159) determined source of Co-60 to be Unit 2 condensate polisher rinse water. Sludge is controlled at the onsite landfill.

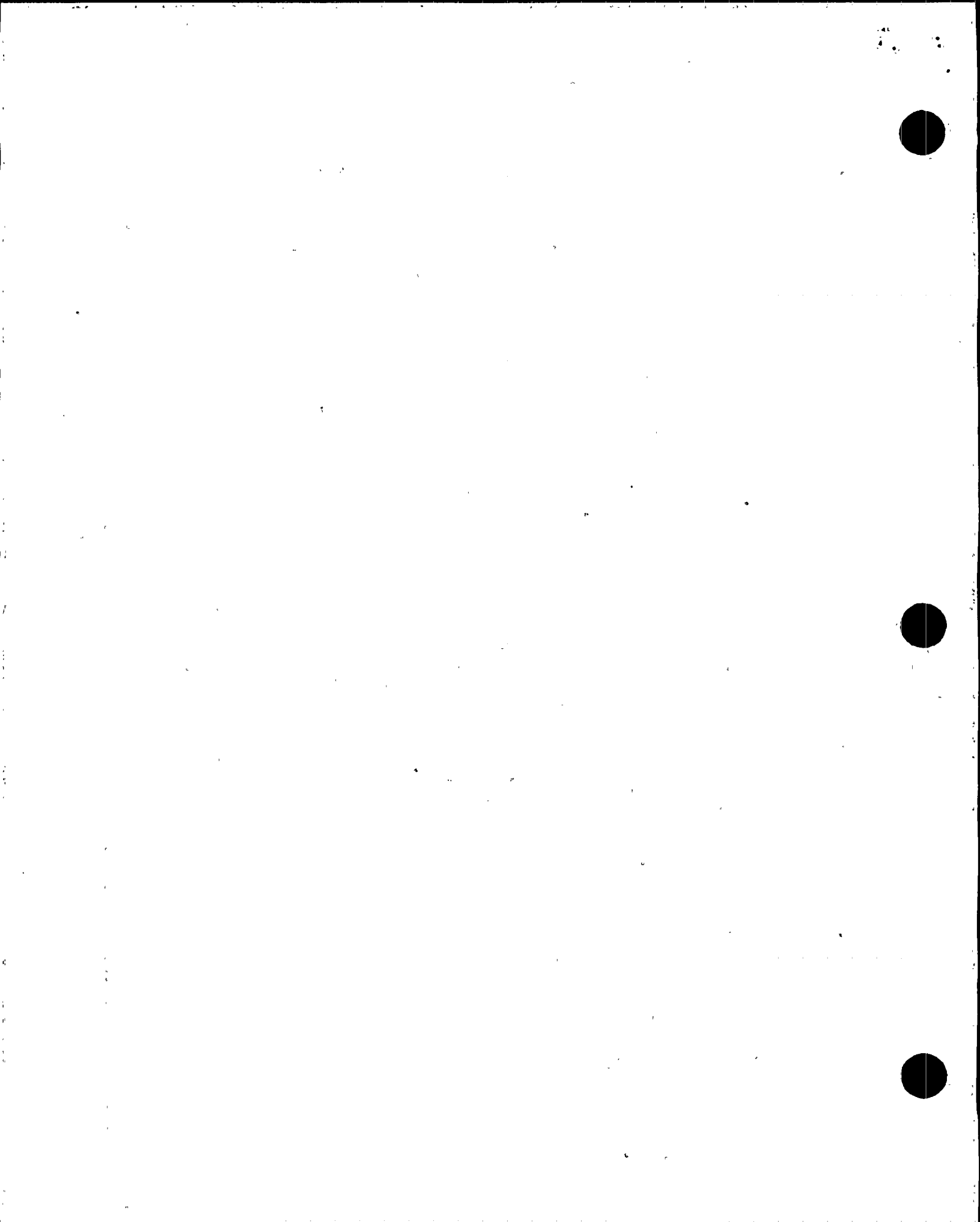


TABLE 8.10 SURFACE SEDIMENT

units are pCi/kg

SAMPLE LOCATION	DATE COLLECTED	Mn-54	Co-58	Fe-59	Co-60	Zn-65	Nb-95	Zr-95	I-131	Cs-134	Cs-137	Ba-140	La-140
EVAP POND 1													
(C)	14-Feb-96	<11	<12	<24	<15	<29	<14	<22	<20	<11	<12	<52	<15
(W)	14-Feb-96	<10	<12	<25	<13	<21	<14	<20	<19	<11	<10	<53	<13
(S)	14-Feb-96	<10	<12	<22	<12	<25	<12	<18	<11	<9	<11	<44	<9
(E)	14-Feb-96	<11	<11	<21	<10	<23	<11	<17	<13	<11	<11	<39	<11
(N)	14-Feb-96	<11	<9	<22	<13	<20	<11	<15	<11	<9	<13	<38	<10
(C)	16-May-96	<10	<11	<20	<12	<19	<10	<16	<10	<9	<11	<34	<11
(W)	16-May-96	<10	<11	<23	<11	<21	<12	<18	<11	<11	<13	<37	<10
(S)	16-May-96	<11	<10	<23	<12	<25	<12	<16	<11	<10	<12	<37	<12
(E)	16-May-96	<11	<9	<21	<10	<25	<10	<17	<10	<9	<12	<41	<12
(N)	16-May-96	<10	<10	<24	<15	<23	<11	<19	<10	<10	<11	<36	<7
(S)	18-Sep-96	<9	<10	<21	<12	<23	<11	<17	<9	<10	<10	<33	<6
(W)	18-Sep-96	<9	<8	<19	<11	<20	<8	<17	<10	<9	<10	<31	<9
(C)	18-Sep-96	<9	<9	<18	<12	<23	<10	<16	<10	<10	<10	<33	<10
(N)	18-Sep-96	<10	<8	<21	<10	<24	<10	<15	<11	<9	<11	<37	<7
(E)	18-Sep-96	<12	<10	<25	<10	<20	<11	<19	<10	<10	<11	<33	<9
(N)	13-Dec-96	<10	<10	<19	14 +/- 8	<21	<11	<15	<13	<9	<10	<39	<11
(S)	13-Dec-96	<10	<10	<20	<13	<26	<12	<18	<16	<10	<10	<46	<11
(E)	13-Dec-96	<9	<10	<22	<12	<21	<11	<16	<15	<10	<10	<43	<11
(W)	13-Dec-96	<9	<10	<20	<12	<20	<11	<18	<14	<8	<11	<43	<9
(C)	13-Dec-96	<10	<10	<22	<10	<23	<11	<17	<19	<9	<9	<51	<16



TABLE 8.10 SURFACE SEDIMENT

units are pCi/kg

SAMPLE LOCATION	DATE COLLECTED	Mn-54	Co-58	Fe-59	Co-60	Zn-65	Nb-95	Zr-95	I-131	Cs-134	Cs-137	Ba-140	La-140
EVAP POND 2													
(N)	14-Feb-96	<15	<12	<29	112 +/- 19	<35	<13	<24	<12	<15	34 +/- 17	<48	<11
(C)	14-Feb-96	<12	<11	<21	13 +/- 8	<26	<11	<20	<11	<13	<16	<41	<11
(E)	14-Feb-96	<12	<10	<25	<16	<26	<12	<19	<12	<13	<16	<39	<13
(S)	14-Feb-96	<12	<11	<24	35 +/- 15	<28	<13	<18	<12	<13	<15	<41	<11
(W)	14-Feb-96	<13	<11	<22	<12	<27	<11	<21	<12	<12	<14	<44	<9
(N)	16-May-96	<11	<13	<32	20 +/- 9	<28	<15	<19	<48	<11	21 +/- 9	<92	<32
(C)	16-May-96	<12	<12	<23	28 +/- 12	<27	<14	<21	<29	<11	18 +/- 11	<75	<19
(E)	16-May-96	<12	<12	<29	36 +/- 14	<24	<16	<20	<52	<12	23 +/- 13	<104	<21
(S)	16-May-96	<11	<13	<26	26 +/- 11	<25	<15	<22	<25	<12	21 +/- 10	<64	<19
(W)	16-May-96	<12	<13	<29	27 +/- 14	<29	<16	<23	<53	11 +/- 7	32 +/- 13	<91	<25
(W)	18-Sep-96	<10	<9	<19	36 +/- 11	<21	<9	<17	<10	<11	26 +/- 8	<34	<7
(N)	18-Sep-96	<10	<8	<19	15 +/- 11	<18	<9	<15	<10	<9	17 +/- 8	<35	<9
(C)	18-Sep-96	<12	<9	<22	<15	<24	<10	<15	<10	<9	18 +/- 8	<37	<10
(E)	18-Sep-96	<12	<10	<24	40 +/- 13	<25	<12	<18	<10	<10	15 +/- 11	<39	<12
(S)	18-Sep-96	<10	<9	<24	31 +/- 13	<26	<9	<15	<11	<9	14 +/- 11	<34	<11
(N)	13-Dec-96	<10	<10	<27	48 +/- 11	<19	<14	<18	<75	<10	22 +/- 10	<125	<35
(S)	13-Dec-96	<10	<11	<32	35 +/- 11	<22	<15	<20	<86	11 +/- 6	23 +/- 12	<126	<42
(E)	13-Dec-96	<11	<13	<36	57 +/- 16	<26	<17	<21	<102	12 +/- 7	15 +/- 11	<155	<46
(W)	13-Dec-96	<10	<12	<28	27 +/- 11	<21	<16	<19	<94	7 +/- 6	<9	<129	<45
(C)	13-Dec-96	<10	<11	<28	22 +/- 13	<24	<15	<21	<97	<10	12 +/- 7	<130	<36



FIGURE 8.1 HISTORICAL GROSS BETA IN AIR 1986-1996 (WEEKLY SYSTEM AVERAGES)

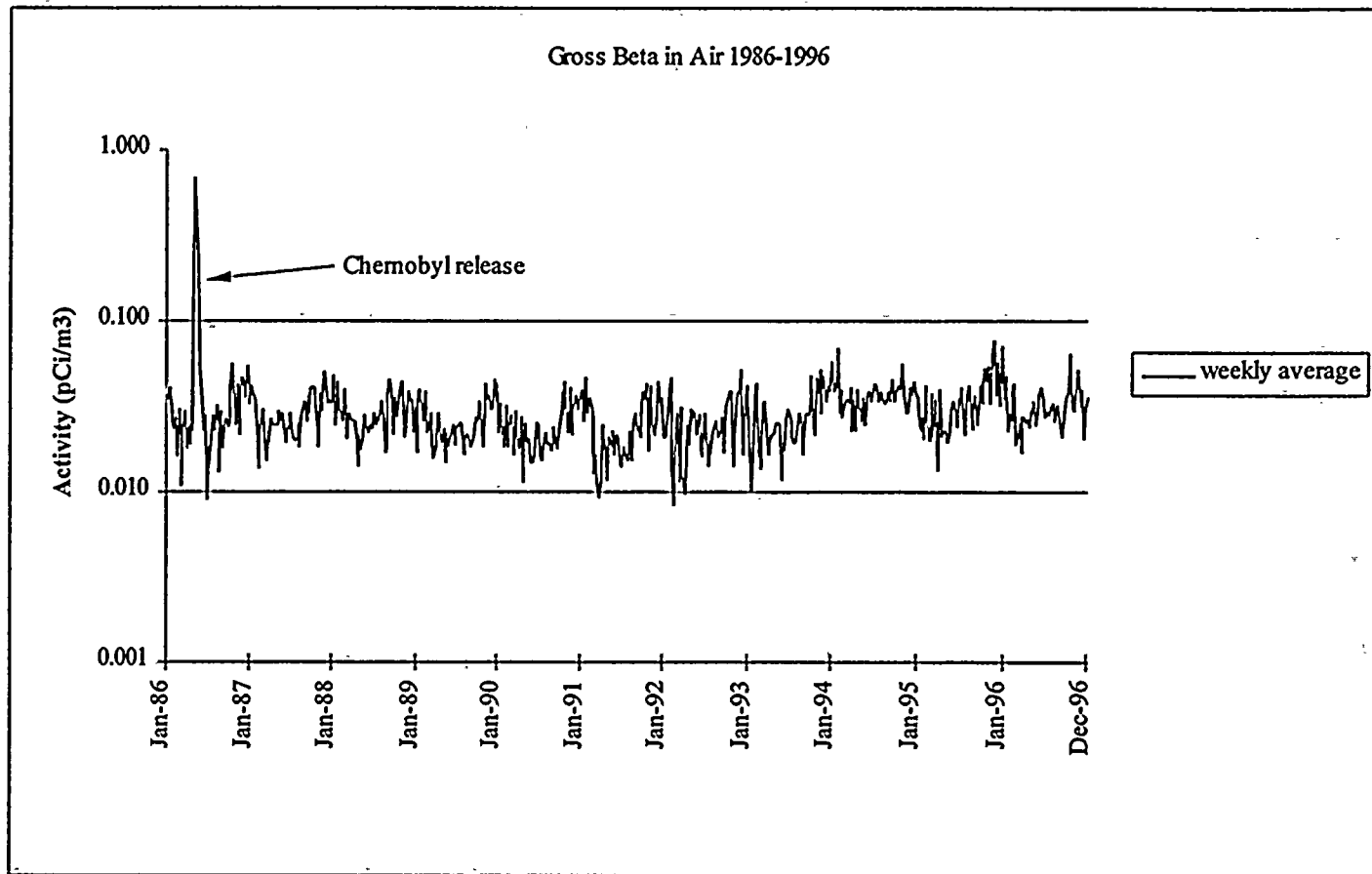
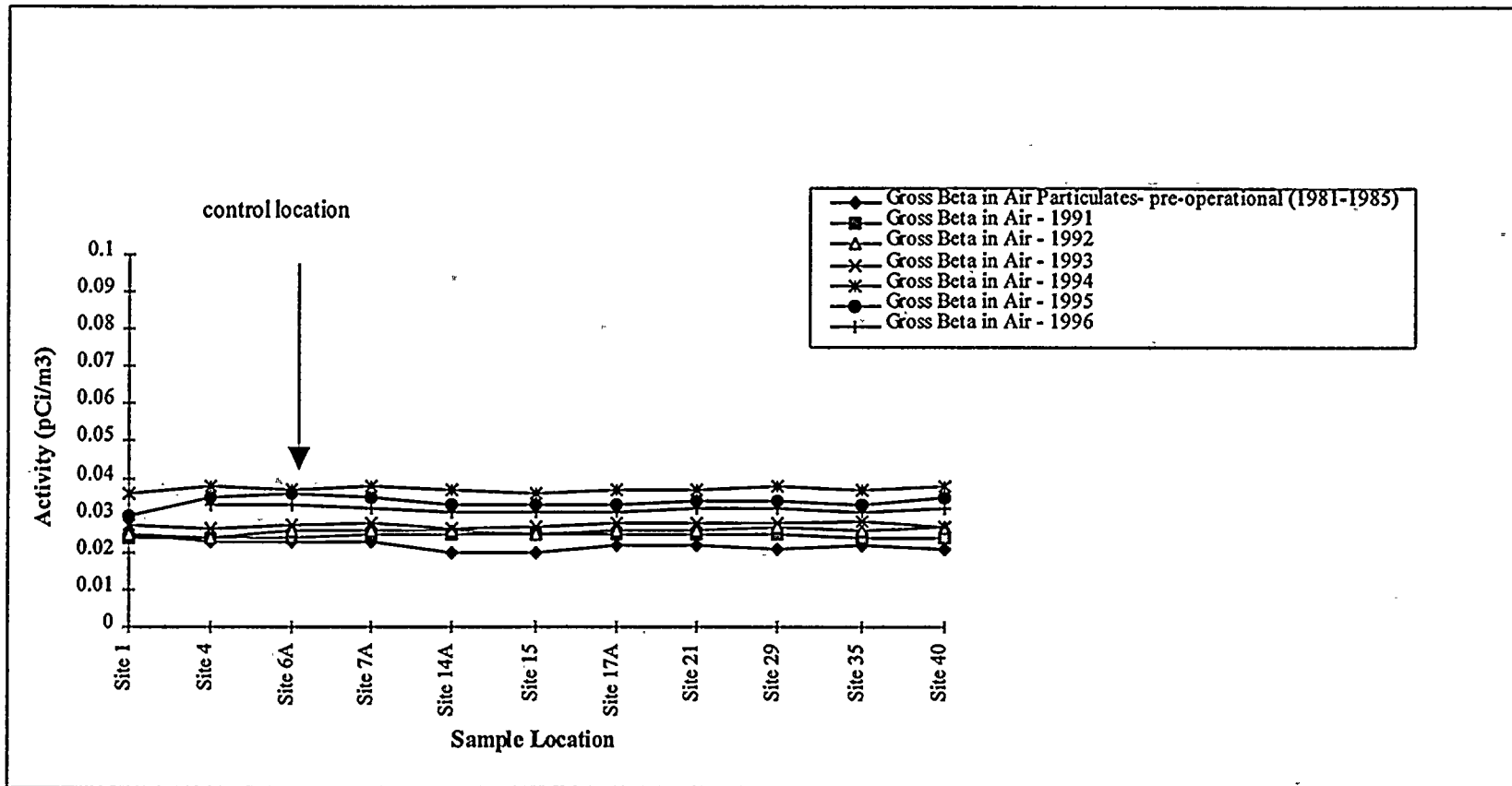




FIGURE 8.2 HISTORICAL GROSS BETA IN AIR (ANNUAL SITE TO SITE COMPARISONS) COMPARED TO PRE-OP



The 1994-1996 data trend higher. This is evidently the result of changing to the onsite central chemistry laboratory as our analyzing laboratory in 1994, which has shown a consistently high bias. The indicator locations trended well with the control location. Additionally, the central laboratory showed satisfactory results for interlaboratory comparison samples. No action is warranted since gross beta in air is trended and compared to action levels on an ongoing basis.

FIGURE 8.3 GROSS BETA IN DRINKING WATER

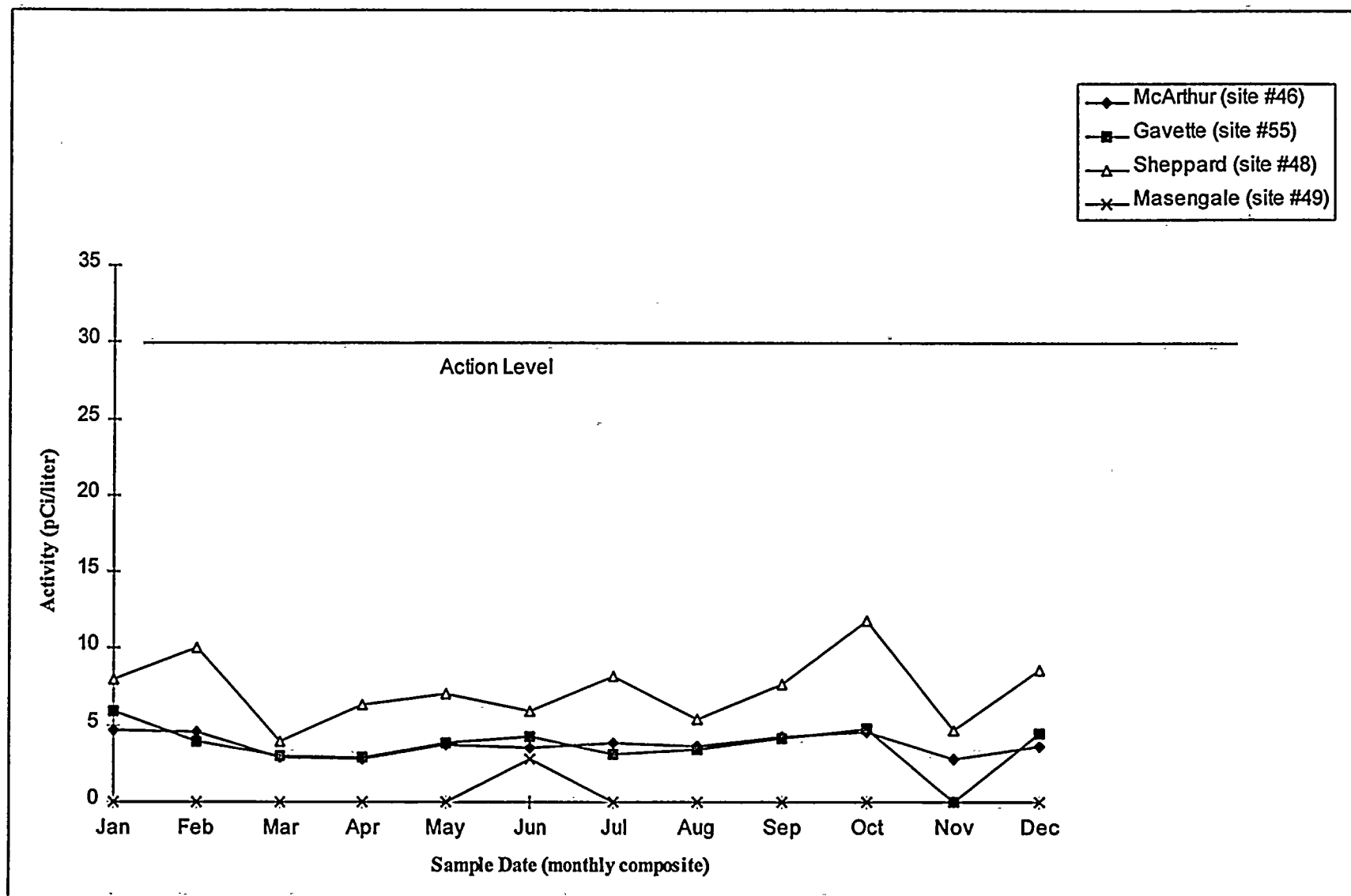
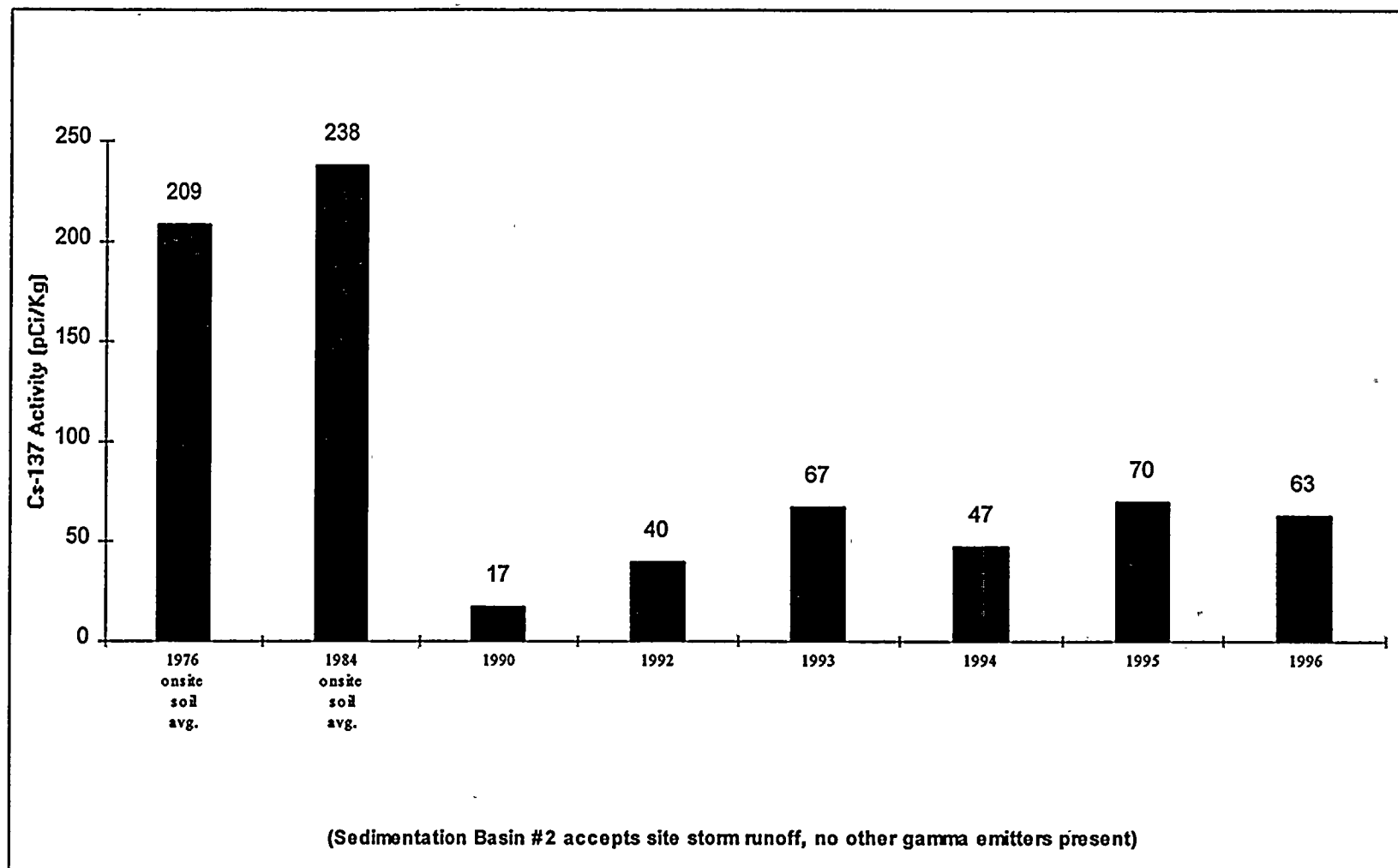


FIGURE 8.4 SOIL Cs-137 COMPARED TO ONSITE SEDIMENT BASIN #2



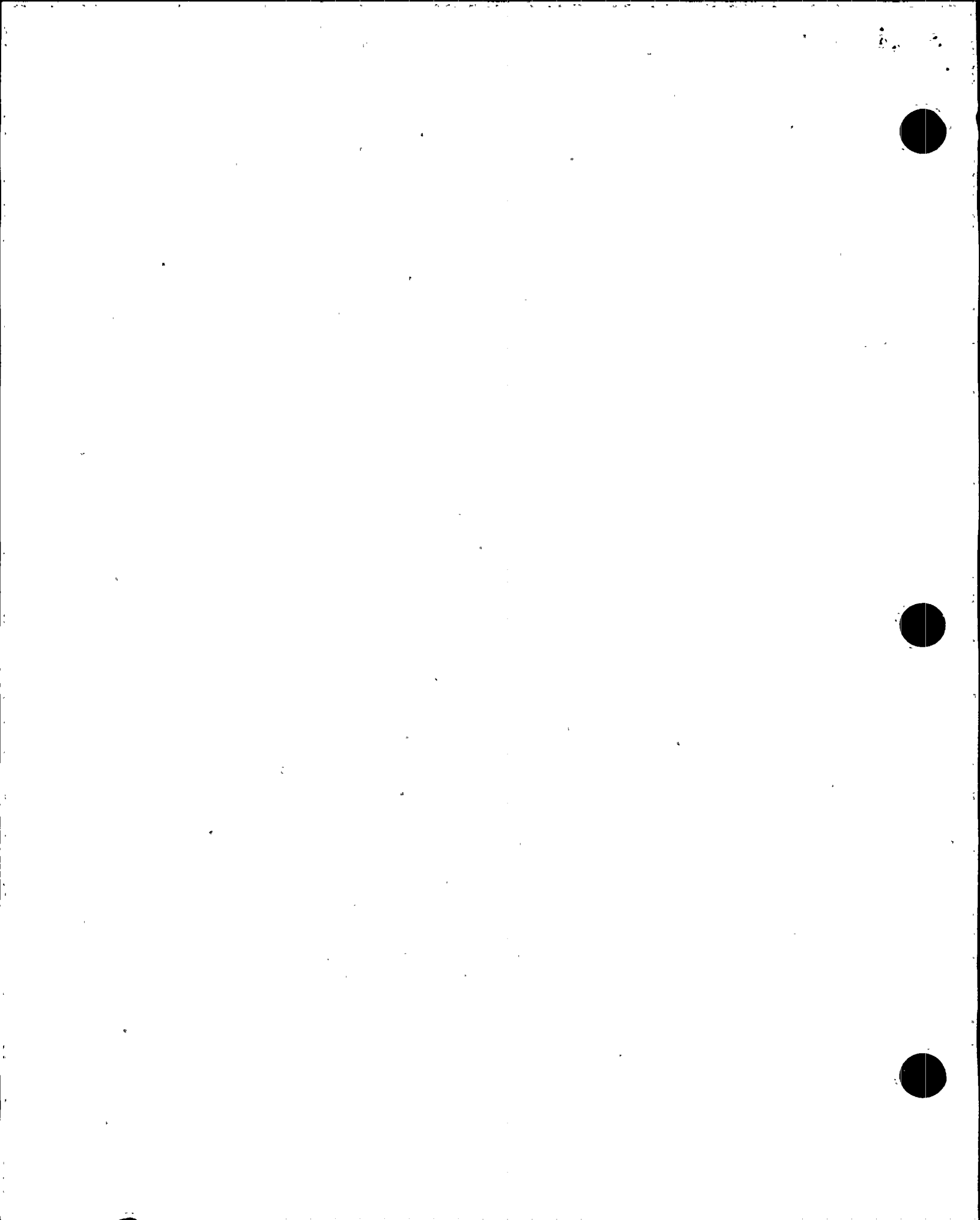
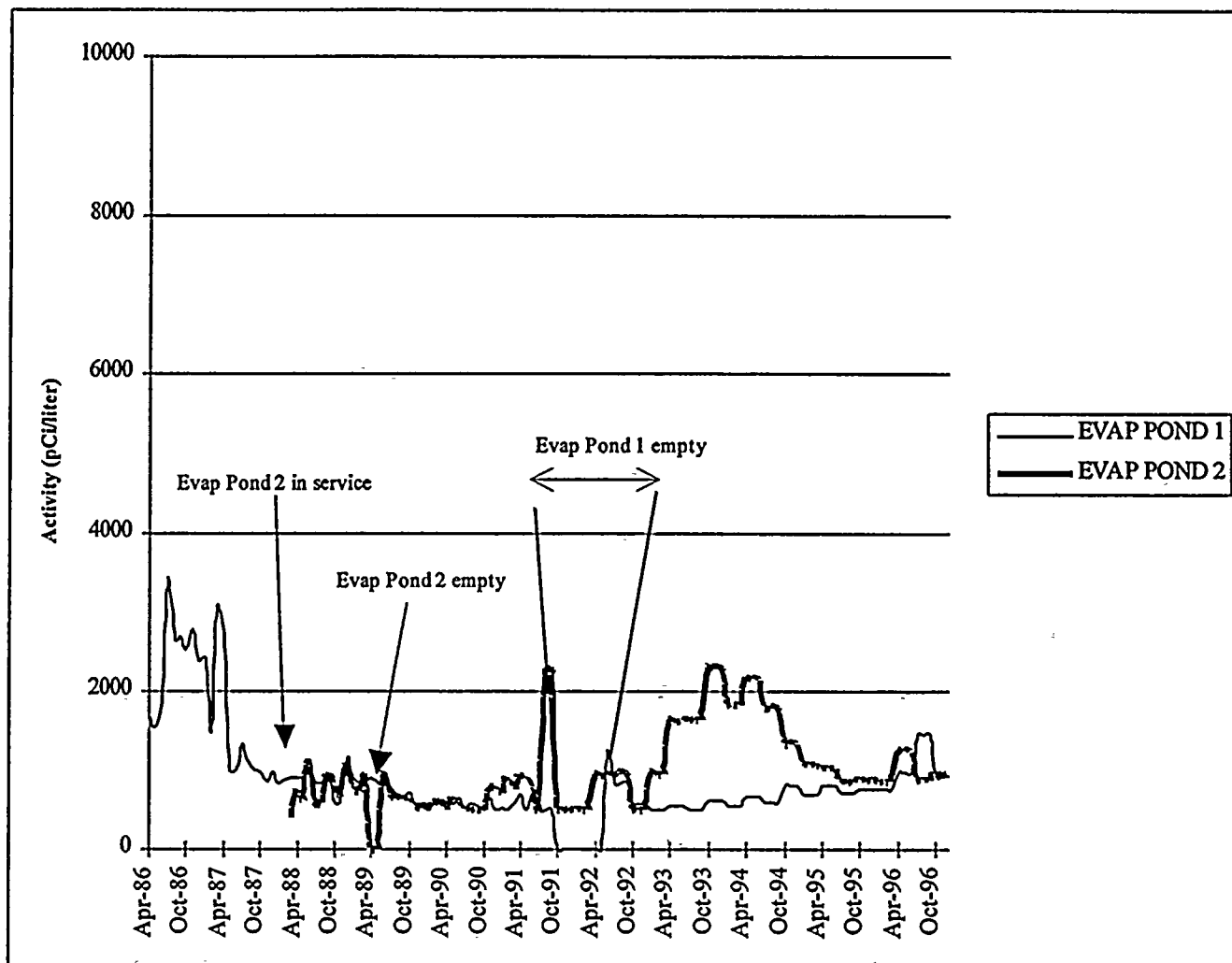


FIGURE 8.5 EVAPORATION POND TRITIUM ACTIVITY





9. Thermoluminescent Dosimetry (TLD) Results and Data Interpretation

The environmental TLD used at PVNGS is the Panasonic Model 812 Dosimeter. The Model 812 is a multi-element dosimeter combining two elements of lithium borate and two elements of calcium sulfate under various filters.

Thermoluminescent dosimeters were placed in forty-nine locations from one to thirty-five miles from the PVNGS. TLD locations are shown in Figures 2.1 and 2.2. TLD locations are described in Table 9.1. TLD results for 1996 are presented in Table 9.2. TLD results for 1985 through 1996 are presented in graphical form on Figure 9.1 (excluding transit control TLD #45).

Figure 9.2 depicts the environmental TLD results from 1996 as compared to the pre-operational TLD results (excluding indicator location #43 which was deleted, and #46-50 due to no pre-op TLD at these locations for comparison). As can be seen, the site to site comparisons indicate a direct correlation with respect to pre-operational results. It is evident that the offsite dose, as measured by TLDs, has not changed since Palo Verde became operational.

TABLE 9.1 TLD SITE LOCATIONS

(distances and directions are relative to Unit 2 in miles)

TLD SITE	LOCATION	LOCATION DESCRIPTION
1	E30	APS Western Division Office, Goodyear
2	ENE24	Scott-Libby School, Perryville and Thomas Roads
3	E21	Liberty School, 19800 W. Hwy. 85
4	E16	APS Buckeye Office, 615 N. 4 th St., Buckeye
5	ESE11	Palo Verde School, Palo Verde Rd. (291 st Ave.) and Old US 80
6	SSE31	APS Gila Bend substation, frontage road west of town
7	SE7	Old US 80 and Arlington School Rd.
8	SSE5	Southern Pacific Pipeline Rd., 1.4 miles SW of 355 th Ave.
9	S5	Southern Pacific Pipeline Rd., 2.5 miles SW of 355 th Ave.
10	SE5	SE corner of 355 th Ave. and Elliot Rd.
11	ESE5	NW corner of 339 th Ave. and Dobbins Rd.
12	E5	NE corner of 339 th Ave. and Buckeye-Salome Rd.
13	N1	N site boundary
14	NNE2	NNE site boundary
15	NE2	NE site boundary, WRF access road
16	ENE2	ENE site boundary
17	E2	E site boundary
18	ESE2	ESE site boundary
19	SE2	SE site boundary
20	SSE2	SSE site boundary
21	S3	S site boundary
22	SSW3	SSW site boundary
23	W5	2 miles north of Elliot Rd., 3 miles west of Wintersburg Rd.
24	SW4	Elliot Rd., 2 miles west of Wintersburg Rd.
25	WSW5	Elliot Rd., 3 miles west of Wintersburg Rd. at cattleguard
26	SSW5	Sheppard farm, 13202 S. 383 rd Ave., 0.5 miles west of house
27	SW1	SW site boundary
28	WSW1	WSW site boundary
29	W1	W site boundary
30	WNW1	WNW site boundary
31	NW1	NW site boundary
32	NNW1	NNW site boundary
33	NW4	Buckeye Rd., 0.5 miles west of 395 th Ave.
34	NNW5	SE corner of 395 th Ave. and Van Buren St.
35	NNW8	Fire Station, 40901 W. Osborn Rd., Tonopah
36	N5	SW corner of Wintersburg Rd. and Van Buren St.
37	NNE5	SE corner of 363 rd Ave. and Van Buren St.
38	NE5	SW corner of 355 th Ave. and Buckeye Rd.
39	ENE5	343 rd Ave., 0.5 miles south of Lower Buckeye Rd.
40	N3	Wintersburg, Transmission Rd. south of trailer park

TABLE 9.1 TLD SITE LOCATIONS

(distances and directions are relative to Unit 2 in miles)

TLD SITE	LOCATION	LOCATION DESCRIPTION
41	WNW20	Harquahala Valley School, Van Buren St., 1 mile west of Steve Martori Dr.
42	N8	Ruth Fisher School, Indian School Rd. and Wintersburg Rd.
43	DELETED	DELETED
44*	ENE35	APS El Mirage Office, 12313 W. Grand Ave.
45**	E16	APS Buckeye Office, 615 N. 4 th St., REMP trailer (lead pig)
46	ENE30	Litchfield Park School, 13825 W. Indian School Rd.
47	E35	Littleton School, 115 th Ave. and Hwy. 85, Cashion
48	E24	Jackrabbit Trail south of I-10, north of Filmore St.
49	ENE11	Palo Verde Rd., 0.25 miles south of I-10
50	WNW5	3.5 miles west of Wintersburg Rd., 2 miles south of Buckeye-Salome Rd.

* Site 44 is the control location.

** Site 45 is the transit control TLD (stored in lead pig).



TABLE 9.2 1996 ENVIRONMENTAL TLD RESULTS

units are mR/std qtr

TLD Site #	1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter	Annual Average
1	16.4	21.4	20.3	21.8	20.0
2	17.5	21.8	22.5	22.7	21.1
3	missing	23.1	25.7	24.6	24.5
4	19.2	24.8	21.4	23.3	22.2
5	17.9	24.4	21.2	23.8	21.8
6	22.0	27.9	25.9	27.2	25.8
7	20.7	26.6	23.8	27.0	24.5
8	18.8	24.8	22.2	24.4	22.6
9	24.0	29.8	29.4	31.3	28.6
10	20.1	24.2	24.0	23.8	23.0
11	20.7	27	23.5	25.7	24.2
12	18.4	24.8	23.3	24.2	22.7
13	19.7	25.3	23.1	26.6	23.7
14	20.7	25.9	22.9	25.9	23.9
15	19.2	24	23.1	25.1	22.9
16	17.9	21.8	22.2	23.5	21.4
17	19.7	24.8	24.4	25.9	23.7
18	18.8	23.1	22.9	24.8	22.4
19	20.1	26.8	24.0	26.1	24.3
20	19.2	24.4	21.4	24.8	22.5
21	21.2	25.7	25.9	26.6	24.9
22	21.6	28.1	26.6	27.2	25.9
23	18.8	24.6	24.4	23.5	22.8
24	17.9	22.9	24.4	22.9	22.0
25	18.8	24	24.4	24.6	23.0
26	24.0	29.4	29.2	29.4	28.0
27	22.9	30	29.8	28.5	27.8
28	24.8	27.6	26.1	27.0	26.4
29	21.2	27.6	28.7	26.1	23.9
30	21.6	25.9	28.5	26.8	25.7
31	18.8	24	24.2	24.0	22.8
32	21.2	27	27.2	26.8	25.6
33	21.6	25.9	missing	27.2	24.9
34	22.9	26.8	29.8	28.5	27.0
35	25.3	31.1	32.8	30.9	30.0
36	20.1	24.4	26.4	25.7	24.2
37	18.4	22.2	25.7	23.8	22.5
38	22.5	26.6	25.9	28.7	25.9
39	19.7	22.9	23.8	24.6	22.8
40	19.7	24.4	25.5	25.3	23.7
41	22.9	28.9	23.7	28.7	26.6
42	21.2	27.4	25.9	25.9	25.1
43			deleted		
44 (control)	16.4	22.5	22.2	21.2	20.6
45 (transit control)	4.3	6.9	6.7	5.2	5.8
46	17.5	missing	28.3	28.3	24.7
47	18.4	24.6	23.1	24.2	22.6
48	18.4	26.4	24.6	24.0	23.4
49	18.4	26.1	23.8	23.3	22.0
50	15.6	21	20.3	19.9	19.2

FIGURE 9.1 NETWORK ENVIRONMENTAL TLD EXPOSURE RATES

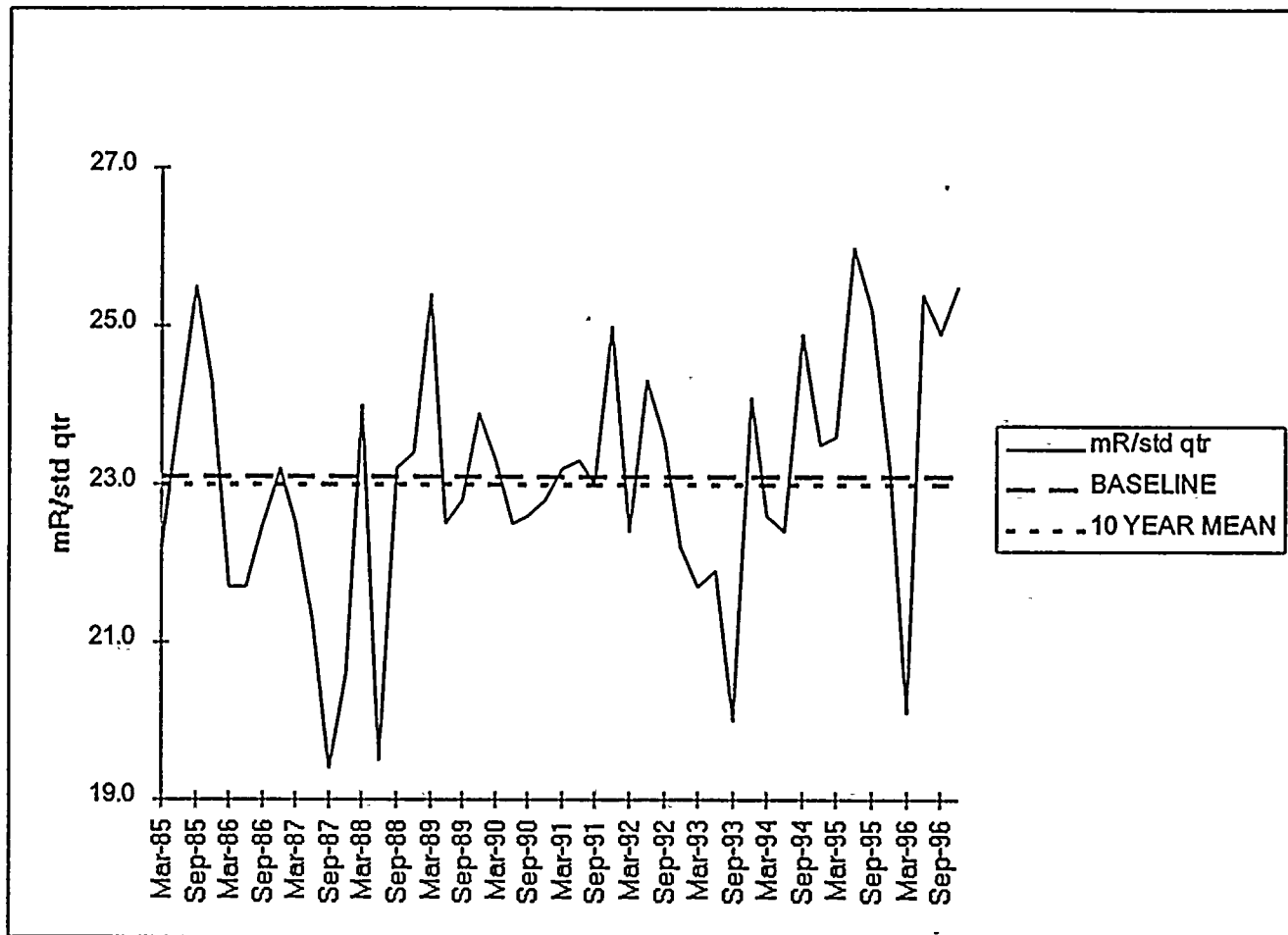
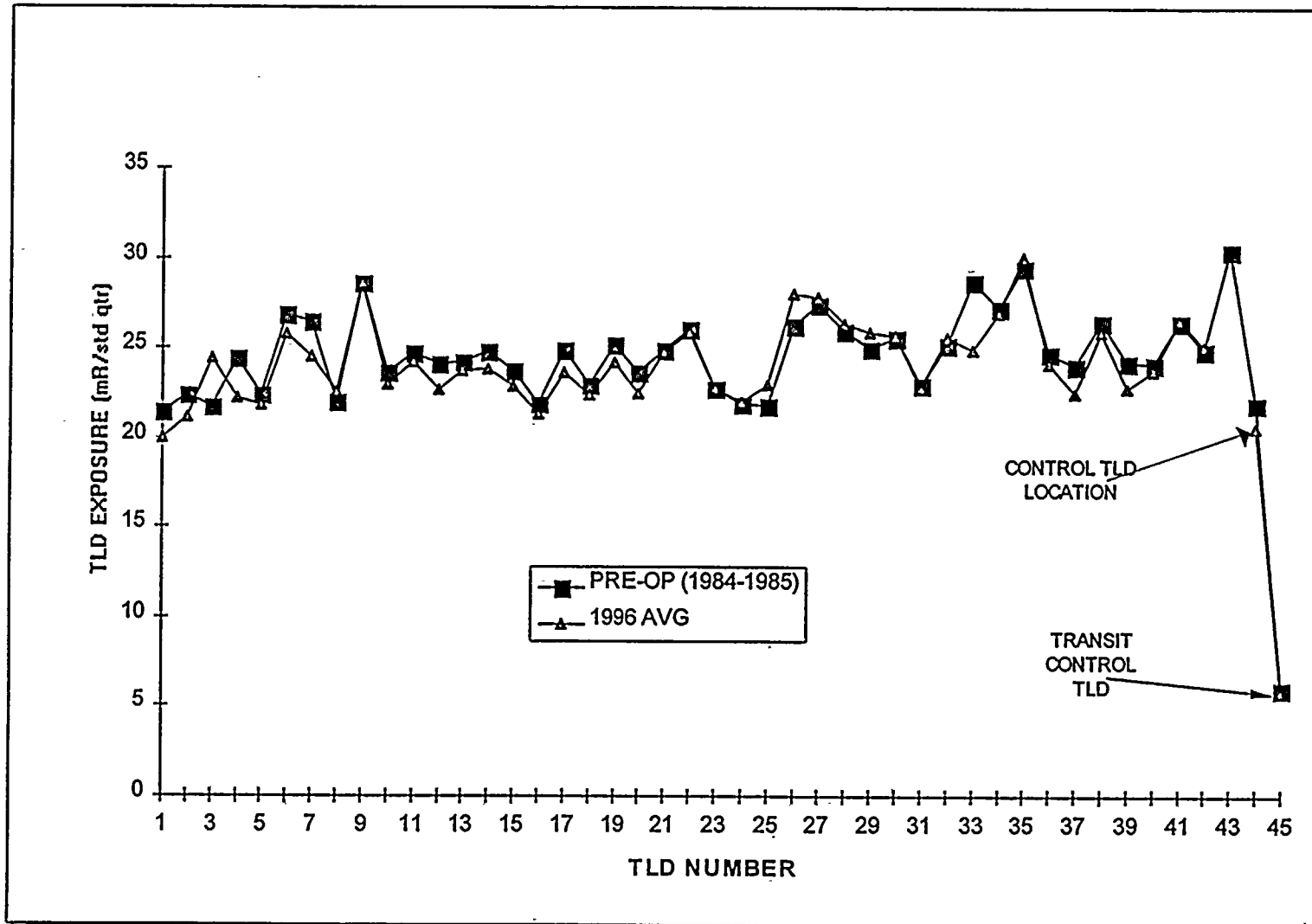




FIGURE 9.2 ENVIRONMENTAL TLD COMPARISON - PRE-OPERATIONAL VS 1996



TLDs #46-50 are not included since they were not included in the pre-op monitoring program.

10. Land Use Census

10.1. Introduction

In accordance with the PVNGS ODCM Section 6.2, the annual Land Use Census was performed within a five mile radius of the mid-line of Unit 2 containment in February, 1996. The results were previously reported in the 1995 AREOR. Beginning with this report, land use census results will be reported in the calendar year in which they were observed.

Observations were made in each of the 16 meteorological sectors to determine the nearest milking animals, residences, and gardens of greater than 500 square feet. This census was completed by driving the roads and speaking with residents within a five mile radius of PVNGS.

The results of the Land Use Census are presented in Table 10.1 and discussed below. The directions and distances listed are in sectors and miles from the Unit 2 containment.

10.2. Census Results

Nearest Resident

No changes

Milking Animal

There were no milking animals located in the five mile radius in the census.

Vegetable Gardens

No changes

Conclusion

There are no changes in locations from the data reported in the 1995 AREOR.

As indicated on Table 10.1, calculated highest dose for nearest residents and nearest residents with gardens was less than 1 mrem.

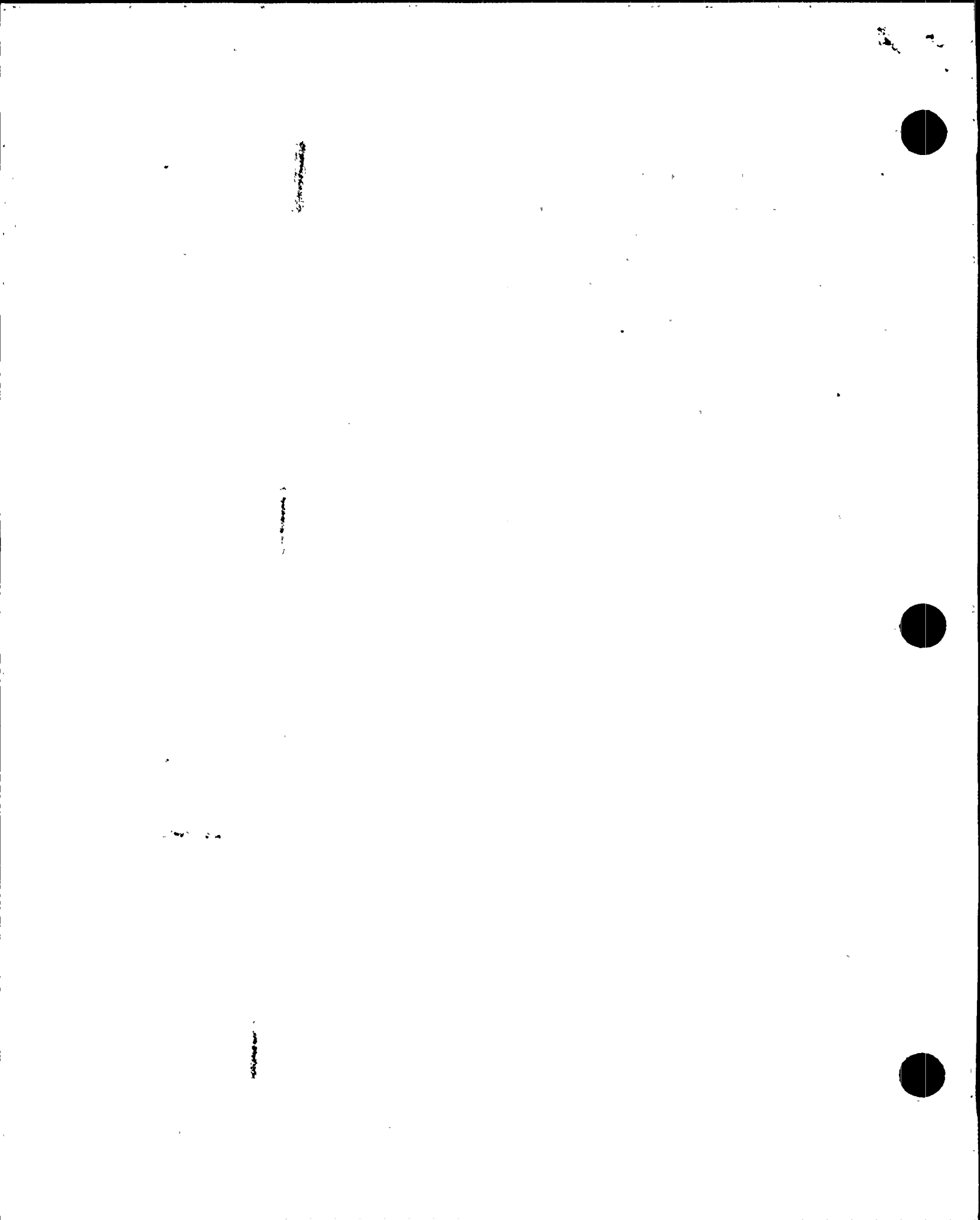


TABLE 10.1 1996 LAND USE CENSUS

(Distances and directions are relative to Unit 2 in miles)

SECTOR	NEAREST RESIDENT	NEAREST GARDEN	NEAREST MILK ANIMAL (COW/GOAT)	CALCULATED DOSE (mrem)	CHANGE
N	1.79	NONE	NONE	3.93E-02	NONE
NNE	1.66	2.60	NONE	7.73E-02 (resident) 1.59E-01 (garden)	NONE
NE	2.16	NONE	NONE	9.48E-02	NONE
ENE	2.77	2.87	NONE	6.55E-02 (resident) 2.98E-01 (garden)	NONE
E	2.86	NONE	NONE	6.29E-02	NONE
ESE	3.44	NONE	NONE	6.87E-02	NONE
SE	4.18	NONE	NONE	7.94E-02	NONE
SSE	4.21	NONE	NONE	1.54E-01	NONE
S	4.76	NONE	NONE	2.12E-01	NONE
SSW	4.17	NONE	NONE	1.33E-01	NONE
SW	2.56	NONE	NONE	6.08E-02	NONE
WSW	NONE	NONE	NONE	NONE	NONE
W	NONE	NONE	NONE	NONE	NONE
WNW	NONE	NONE	NONE	NONE	NONE
NW	NONE	NONE	NONE	NONE	NONE
NNW	2.63	NONE	NONE	NONE	NONE

COMMENTS:

Dose calculations were performed using the GASPAR code and 1996 meteorological data and source term. Dose reported for each location is the total for all three PVNGS Units and is the highest individual dose identified (organ, bone, total body, or skin).

11. Summary and Conclusions

The conclusions are based on a review of the radioassay results and background gamma radiation measurements for the 1996 calendar year. The radioassay results and conclusions are based on observations of fission product and/or activation radionuclides and do not include observations of naturally occurring radionuclides, with the exception of gross beta in air and drinking water.

A summary of all sample results for 1996 is presented in Table 11.1. With the exception of onsite surface water and associated sludge, all sample assays presented in the report reveal no detectable man-made radioactivity which can be attributed to PVNGS. I-131 concentrations identified on occasion in the Evaporation Ponds, WRF Influent, WRF Centrifuge sludge, and Reservoir are the result of offsite sources and appear in the effluent sewage from Phoenix. The levels of I-131 detected in these locations are consistent with levels identified in previous years.

Natural background radiation is consistent with measurements reported in previous pre-operational and Operational Radiological Environmental annual reports, Reference 2.



ENVIRONMENTAL RADIOLOGICAL MONITORING PROGRAM ANNUAL SUMMARY

Palo Verde Nuclear Generating Station
Maricopa County, Arizona

Docket Nos. STN 50-528/529/530
Calendar Year 1996

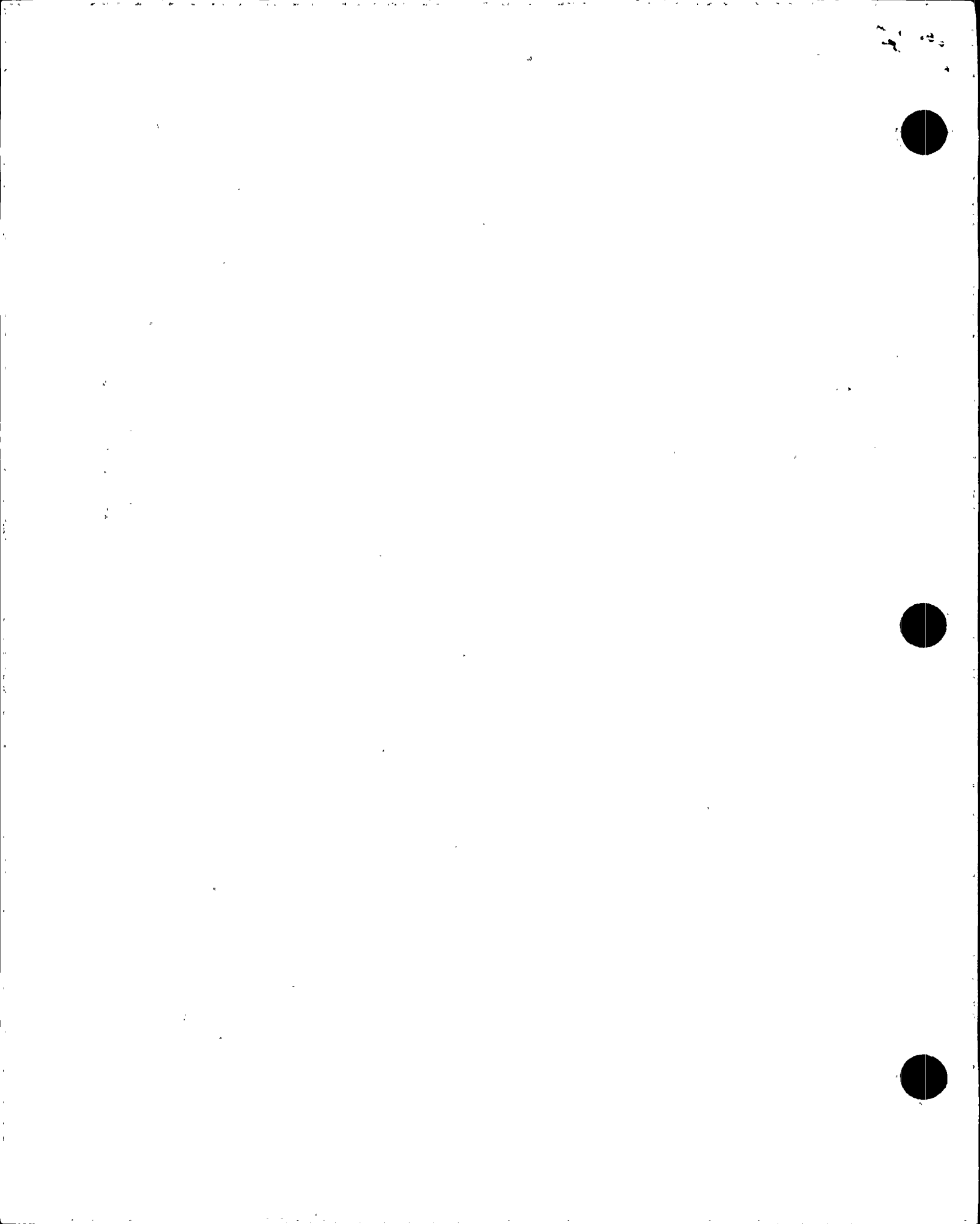
Medium or Pathway Sampled (Unit of Measurement)	Type and Total Number of Analyses Performed	Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) (from Table 6.3)	All Indicator Locations Mean (f) ^a Range	Location with Highest Annual Mean		Control Locations Mean (f) ^a Range	Number of Nonroutine Reported Measurements
				Name Distance and Direction	Mean (f) ^a Range		
Direct Radiation (mR/std. qtr.)	TLD - 193	NA	24.1 (185/185) 15.6 - 32.8	Site #35	30.0 (4/4)	20.6 (4/4)	0
				8 miles 330°	25.3 - 32.8	16.4 - 22.5	
Air Particulates (pCi/m ³)	Gross Beta - 530	0.008	0.032 (477/477) 0.015 - 0.069	Site #4	0.033 (53/53)	0.033 (53/53)	0
				16 miles 90°	0.020 - 0.069	0.018 - 0.067	
	Gamma Spec. Composite- 40						
	Cs-134	0.02	<LLD	NA	<LLD	<LLD	0
Cs-137	0.03	<LLD	NA	<LLD	<LLD	0	
Air Radioiodine (pCi/m ³)	Gamma Spec. - 530 I-131	0.02	<LLD	NA	<LLD	<LLD	0
Broadleaf Vegetation (pCi/Kg-wet)	Gamma Spec. - 18	30	<LLD	NA	<LLD	<LLD	0
				NA	<LLD	<LLD	0
				NA	<LLD	<LLD	0
				NA	<LLD	<LLD	0
Groundwater (pCi/l)	Tritium - 8	400	<LLD	NA	<LLD	NA	0
	Gamma Spec. - 8						
	Mn-54	11	<LLD	NA	<LLD	NA	0
	Fe-59	22	<LLD	NA	<LLD	NA	0
	Co-58	11	<LLD	NA	<LLD	NA	0
	Co-60	11	<LLD	NA	<LLD	NA	0

ENVIRONMENTAL RADIOLOGICAL MONITORING PROGRAM ANNUAL SUMMARY

Palo Verde Nuclear Generating Station
Maricopa County, Arizona

Docket Nos. STN 50-528/529/530
Calendar Year 1996

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				Name	Mean (f) ^a Range		
Groundwater (pCi/l) -continued-	Zn-65	24	<LLD	NA	<LLD	NA	0
	Zr-95	18	<LLD	NA	<LLD	NA	0
	Nb-95	11	<LLD	NA	<LLD	NA	0
	I-131	13	<LLD	NA	<LLD	NA	0
	Cs-134	9	<LLD	NA	<LLD	NA	0
	Cs-137	11	<LLD	NA	<LLD	NA	0
	Ba-140	42	<LLD	NA	<LLD	NA	0
	La-140	12	<LLD	NA	<LLD	NA	0
Drinking Water (pCi/l)	Gross Beta - 48	3.0	5.0 (36/48) 2.8 - 11.8	Site #48 5 miles 190°	7.3 (12/12) 3.9 - 11.8	NA	0
	Tritium - 16	400	<LLD	NA	<LLD	NA	0
	Gamma Spec. - 48						
	Mn-54	11	<LLD	NA	<LLD	NA	0
	Fe-59	22	<LLD	NA	<LLD	NA	0
	Co-58	11	<LLD	NA	<LLD	NA	0
	Co-60	11	<LLD	NA	<LLD	NA	0
	Zn-65	24	<LLD	NA	<LLD	NA	0
	Zr-95	18	<LLD	NA	<LLD	NA	0
	Nb-95	11	<LLD	NA	<LLD	NA	0
	I-131	13	<LLD	NA	<LLD	NA	0
	Cs-134	9	<LLD	NA	<LLD	NA	0
	Cs-137	11	<LLD	NA	<LLD	NA	0
	Ba-140	42	<LLD	NA	<LLD	NA	0
	La-140	12	<LLD	NA	<LLD	NA	0



ENVIRONMENTAL RADIOLOGICAL MONITORING PROGRAM ANNUAL SUMMARY

Palo Verde Nuclear Generating Station
Maricopa County, Arizona

Docket Nos. STN 50-528/529/530
Calendar Year 1996

Medium or Pathway Sampled (Unit of Measurement)	Type and Total Number of Analyses Performed	Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) (from Table 6.3)	All Indicator Locations Mean (f) ^a Range	Location with Highest Annual Mean		Control Locations Mean (f) ^a Range	Number of Nonroutine Reported Measurements
				Name Distance and Direction	Mean (f) ^a Range		
	Gamma Spec. - 36						
	Mn-54	11	<LLD	NA	<LLD	NA	0
	Fe-59	22	<LLD	NA	<LLD	NA	0
	Co-58	11	<LLD	NA	<LLD	NA	0
	Co-60	11	<LLD	NA	<LLD	NA	0
	Zn-65	24	<LLD	NA	<LLD	NA	0
	Zr-95	18	<LLD	NA	<LLD	NA	0
	Nb-95	11	<LLD	NA	<LLD	NA	0
Surface Water (pCi/l)							
	I-131	13	14 (3/36) 11-17	Site #60 Onsite 67°	16 (2/12) 15-17	NA	0
	Cs-134	9	<LLD	NA	<LLD	NA	0
	Cs-137	11	14 (1/36) 14	Site #63 Onsite 180°	14 (1/12) 14	NA	0
	Ba-140	42	<LLD	NA	<LLD	NA	0
	La-140	12	<LLD	NA	<LLD	NA	0
	Tritium - 12	400	1003 (8/12) 760 - 1443	Site #59 Onsite 175°	1026 (4/4) 760 - 1443	NA	0

^a Mean and range based upon detectable measurements only. Fraction of detectable measurements at specified locations is indicated in parentheses. (f)

NOTE: Miscellaneous samples which are not listed on Tables 2.1 and 9.1 (not ODCM required) are not included on this table.

12. **References**

1. Pre-Operational Radiological Monitoring Program, Summary Report 1979-1985.
2. 1985 - 1995 Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Reports, Palo Verde Nuclear Generating Station.
3. Palo Verde Nuclear Generating Station Technical Specifications.
4. Offsite Dose Calculation Manual, PVNGS Units 1, 2, and 3.
5. Regulatory Guide 4.8, Environmental Technical Specifications for Nuclear Power Plants.
6. Branch Technical Position, Revision 1, November 1979.

25

