AND CLEAR REGULATOR

UNITED STATES NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D. C. 20555

۲۰ وی بر <u>او او ایک می ورو</u> مو ۱۹ می او او ایک می ۱۹ می ایک می

09100513 870904

ADDCK 05000528

AS.

## ARIZONA PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY, ET AL.

DOCKET NO. STN 50-528

PALO VERDE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION, UNIT NO. 1

## AMENDMENT TO FACILITY OPERATING LICENSE

Amendment No. 21 License No. NPF-41

- 1. The Nuclear Regulatory Commission (the Commission) has found that:
  - A. The applications for amendment, dated May 11 and May 28, 1987, by the Arizona Public Service Company (APS) on behalf of itself and the Salt River Project Agricultural Improvement and Power District, El Paso Electric Company, Southern California Edison Company, Public Service Company of New Mexico, Los Angeles Department of Water and Power, and Southern California Public Power Authority (licensees), comply with the standards and requirements of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (the Act) and the Commission's regulations set forth in 10 CFR Chapter I;
  - B. The facility will operate in conformity with the applications, the provisions of Act, and the regulations of the Commission;
  - C. There is reasonable assurance (i) that the activities authorized by this amendment can be conducted without endangering the health and safety of the public, and (ii) that such activities will be conducted in compliance with the Commission's regulations;
  - D. The issuance of this amendment will not be inimical to the common defense and security or to the health and safety of the public;
  - E. The issuance of this amendment is in accordance with 10 CFR Part 51 of the Commission's regulations and all applicable requirements have been satisfied.
- 2. Accordingly, the license is amended by changes to the Technical Specifications as indicated in the enclosure to this license amendment, and paragraph 2.C(2) of Facility Operating License No. NPF-41 is hereby amended to read as follows:





.

- (2) Technical Specifications and Environmental Protection Plan
  - The Technical Specifications contained in Appendix A, as revised through Amendment No. 21, and the Environmental Protection Plan contained in Appendix B, are hereby incorporated into this license. APS shall operate the facility in accordance with the Technical Specifications and the Environmental Protection Plan.
- 3. This license amendment is effective as of the date of issuance.

FOR THE NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

George Knighton, Director Project Directorate V Division of Reactor Projects - III, IV, V and Special Projects

Enclosure: Changes to the Technical Specifications

Date of Issuance: September 4, 1987



:

. . .

. . .

• •

· · ·

.

,

\*

## ENCLOSURE TO LICENSE AMENDMENT

# AMENDMENT NO. 21 TO FACILITY OPERATING LICENSE NO. NPF-41

Replace the following pages of the Appendix A Technical Specifications with the enclosed pages. The revised pages are identified by Amendment number and contain vertical lines indicating the areas of change. Also to be replaced are the following overleaf pages to the amended pages.

1

<u>Amendment Pages</u>	<u>Overleaf Pages</u>		
2-5	2-6		
3/4 3-23	3/4 3-24		
3/4 3-41	3/4 3-42		
3/4 9-1	3/4 9-2		
3/4 10-1	3/4 10-2		



## TABLE 2.2-1 (Continued)

## **REACTOR PROTECTIVE INSTRUMENTATION TRIP SETPOINT LIMITS**

## TABLE NOTATION

- (1) Trip may be manually bypassed above  $10^{-4}\%$  of RATED THERMAL POWER; bypass shall be automatically removed when THERMAL POWER is less than or equal to  $10^{-4}\%$  of RATED THERMAL POWER.
- (2) In MODES 3-4, value may be decreased manually, to a minimum of 100 psia, as pressurizer pressure is reduced, provided the margin between the pressurizer pressure and this value is maintained at less than or equal to 400 psi; the setpoint shall be increased automatically as pressurizer pressure is increased until the trip setpoint is reached. Trip may be manually bypassed below 400 psia; bypass shall be automatically removed whenever pressurizer pressure is greater than or equal to 500 psia.
- (3) In MODES 3-4, value may be decreased manually as steam generator pressure is reduced, provided the margin between the steam generator pressure and this value is maintained at less than or equal to 200 psi; the setpoint shall be increased automatically as steam generator pressure is increased until the trip setpoint is reached.
- (4) % of the distance between steam generator upper and lower level wide range instrument nozzles.
- (5) As stored within the Core Protection Calculator (CPC). Calculation of the trip setpoint includes measurement, calculational and processor uncertainties, and dynamic allowances. Trip may be manually bypassed below 1% of RATED THERMAL POWER; bypass shall be automatically removed when THERMAL POWER is greater than or equal to 1% of RATED THERMAL POWER.

The approved DNBR limit is 1.231 which includes a partial rod bow penalty compensation. If the fuel burnup exceeds that for which an increased rod bow penalty is required, the DNBR limit shall be adjusted. In this case a DNBR trip setpoint of 1.231 is allowed provided that the difference is compensated by an increase in the CPC addressable constant BERR1 as follows:

 $BERR1_{new} = BERR1_{old} [1 + \frac{RB - RB_o}{100} \times \frac{d (\% POL)}{d (\% DNBR)}]$ 

where  $BERR1_{old}$  is the uncompensated value of BERR1; RB is the fuel rod bow penalty in % DNBR; RB<sub>o</sub> is the fuel rod bow penalty in % DNBR already accounted for in the DNBR limit; POL is the power operating limit; and d (% POL)/d (% DNBR) is the absolute value of the most adverse derivative of POL with respect to DNBR.

PALO VERDE - UNIT 1

AMENDMENT NO. 21

## TABLE 2.2-1 (Continued)

## REACTOR PROTECTIVE INSTRUMENTATION TRIP SETPOINT LIMITS

## TABLE NOTATIONS (Continued)

- (6) <u>RATE</u> is the maximum rate of decrease of *lase* or point. There are no restrictions on the rate at which the setpoint can increase. <u>FLOOR</u> is the minimum value of the trip setpoint. <u>BAND</u> is the amount by which the trip setpoint is below the input signal unless limited by Rate or Floor. Setpoints are based on steam generator differential pressure.
- (7) The setpoint may be altered to disable trip function during testing pursuant to Specification 3.10.3.
- (8) <u>RATE</u> is the maximum rate of increase of the trip setpoint. (The rate at which the setpoint can decrease is no slower than five percent per second.) <u>CEILING</u> is the maximum value of the trip setpoint. <u>BAND</u> is the amount by which the trip setpoint is above the steady state input signal unless limited by the rate or the ceiling.
- (9) % of the distance between steam generator upper and lower level narrow range instrument nozzles.

## TABLE 3.3-3 (Continued)

## TABLE NOTATIONS

- (a) In MODES 3-4, the value may be decreased manually, to a minimum of 100 psia, as pressurizer pressure is reduced, provided the margin between the pressurizer pressure and this value is maintained at less the or equal to 400 psi; the setpoint shall be increased automatically as pressurizer pressure is increased until the trip setpoint is reached. Trip may be manually bypassed below 400 psia; bypass shall be automatically removed whenever pressurizer pressure is greater than or equal to 500 psia.
- (b) In MODES 3-4, the value may be decreased manually as steam generator pressure is reduced, provided the margin between the steam generator pressure and this value is maintained at less than or equal to 200 psi; the setpoint shall be increased automatically as steam generator pressure is increased until the trip setpoint is reached.
- (c) Four channels provided, arranged in a selective two-out-of-four configuration (i.e., one-out-of-two taken twice).
- (d) The proper two-out-of-four combination.

- \* The provisions of Specification 3.0.4 are not applicable.
- # After the initial criticality of Unit 2 or Unit 3.

## ACTION STATEMENTS

- ACTION 12 With the number of OPERABLE channels one less than the Total Number of Channels, restore the inoperable channel to OPERABLE status within 48 hours or be in at least HOT STANDBY within the next 6 hours and in COLD SHUTDOWN within the following 30 hours.
- ACTION 13 With the number of channels OPERABLE one less than the Total Number of Channels, STARTUP and/or POWER OPERATION may continue provided the inoperable channel is placed in the bypassed or tripped condition within 1 hour. If the inoperable channel is bypassed, the desirability of maintaining this channel in the bypassed condition shall be reviewed in accordance with Specification 6.5.1.6.h. The channel shall be returned to OPERABLE status no later than during the next COLD SHUTDOWN.

With a channel process measurement circuit that affects multiple functional units inoperable or in test, bypass or trip all associated functional units as listed below.

**Process Measurement Circuit** 

1.	Steam Low	Generator	Pressure	-	Steam Steam Steam	Generator Generator Generator	Press Level Level	ure - L 1-Low 2-Low	LOW (ESF) (ESF)
2.	Steam (Wide	Generator Range)	Level		Steam Steam Steam	Generator Generator Generator	Level Level Level	- Low 1-Low 2-Low	(RPS) (ESF) (ESF)

AMENDMENT NO. 21

•

•

# TABLE 3.3-3 (Continued) ACTION STATEMENTS (Continued)

ACTION 14 -	With the number of channels OPERABLE one less than the Minimum Channels OPERABLE, STARTUP and or POWER OPERATION may continue provided the following conditions are satisfied:
	a. Verify that one of the inoperable channels has been bypassed and place the other inoperable channel in the tripped condition within 1 hour.
<b>4</b> 1 1	b. All functional units affected by the bypassed/tripped channel shall also be placed in the bypassed/tripped condition as listed below:
	Process Measurement Circuit Functional Unit Bypassed/Tripped
	1. Steam Generator Pressure - Low Steam Generator Pressure - Low (ESF) Steam Generator Level 1 - Low (ESF) Steam Generator Level 2 - Low (ESF)
	2. Steam Generator Level - Low (Wide Range) Steam Generator Level - Low (RPS) Steam Generator Level 1 - Low (ESF) Steam Generator Level 2 - Low (ESF)
* * *	STARTUP and/or POWER OPERATION may continue until the performance of the next required CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST. Subsequent STARTUP and/or POWER OPERATION may continue if one channel is restored to OPERABLE status and the provisions of ACTION 14 are satisfied.
ACTION 15 -	With the number of OPERABLE channels one less than the Total Number of Channels, restore the inoperable channel to OPERABLE status within 48 hours or be in at least HOT STANDBY within 6 hours and in HOT SHUTDOWN within the following 6 hours.
ACTION 16 - '	With the number of OPERABLE channels one less than the Total Number of Channels, be in at least HOT STANDBY within 6 hours and in at least HOT SHUTDOWN within the following 6 hours; however, one channel may be bypassed for up to 1 hour for surveillance testing provided the other channel is OPERABLE.
ACTION 17 -	With the number of OPERABLE channels one less than the Minimum Number of Channels, restore the inoperable channel to OPERABLE status within 48 hours or be in at least HOT STANDBY within the next 6 hours and in COLD SHUTDOWN within the following 30 hours.
ACTION 18 -	With the number of OPERABLE channels one less than the Minimum Number of Channels, operation may continue for up to 6 hours. After 6 hours operation may continue provided at least 1 train of essential filtration is in operation, otherwise, be in HOT STANDBY within the next 6 hours and in COLD SHUTDOWN within the following 30 hours.

INSTRUMENTATION

## **INCORE DETECTORS**

LIMITING CONDITION FOR OPERATION

3.3.3.2 The incore detection system shall be OPERABLE with:

针病病

- At least 75% of all incore detector locations, and 75% of all detectors, with at least one detector in each quadrant at each level; and
- b. A minimum of six tilt estimates, with at least one at each of three levels.

An OPERABLE incore detector location shall consist of a fuel assembly containing a fixed detector string with a minimum of four OPERABLE rhodium detectors or an OPERABLE movable incore detector capable of mapping the location.

<u>APPLICABILITY</u>: When the incore detection system is used for monitoring:

- a. AZIMUTHAL POWER TILT,
- b. Radial Peaking Factors,
- c. Local Power Density,
- d. DNB Margin.

#### ACTION:

- a. With the incore detection system inoperable, do not use the system for the above applicable monitoring or calibration functions.
- b. The provisions of Specifications 3.0.3 and 3.0.4 are not applicable.

### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

4.3.3.2 The incore detection system shall be demonstrated OPERABLE:

- a. By performance of a CHANNEL CHECK within 24 hours prior to its use if the system has just been returned to OPERABLE status or if 7 days or more have elasped since last use and at least once per 7 days thereafter when required for monitoring the AZIMUTHAL POWER TILT, radial peaking factors, local power density or DNB margin:
- b. At least once per 18 months by performance of a CHANNEL CALIBRATION operation which exempts the neutron detectors but includes all electronic components. The fixed incore neutron detectors shall be calibrated prior to installation in the reactor core.

INSTRUMENTATION

SEISMIC INSTRUMENTATION

## LIMITING CONDITION FOR OPERATION "

3.3.3.3 The seismic monitoring instrumentation shown in Table 3.3-7 shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: At all times.

ACTION:

a. With one or more seismic monitoring instruments inoperable for more than :30 days, prepare and submit a Special Report to the Commission pursuant to Specification 6.9.2 within the next.10 days outlining the cause of the malfunction and the plans for restoring the instrument(s) to OPERABLE status.

b. The provisions of Specifications 3.0.3 and 3.0.4 are not applicable.

#### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

4.3.3.3.1 Each of the above seismic monitoring instruments shall be demonstrated OPERABLE by the performance of the CHANNEL CHECK, CHANNEL -CALIBRATION and CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST operations at the frequencies shown in Table 4.3-4.

4.3.3.3.2 Each of the above seismic monitoring instruments actuated during a seismic event (greater than or equal to 0.02g) shall have a CHANNEL CALIBRATION performed within 5 days. Data shall be retrieved from actuated instruments and analyzed to determine the magnitude of the vibratory ground motion. A Special Report shall be prepared and submitted to the Commission pursuant to Specification 6.9.2 within 10 days describing the magnitude, frequency spectrum, and resultant effect upon facility features important to safety.

#### /4.9 **REFUELING OPERATIONS**

### 3/4.9.1 BORON CONCENTRATION

#### LIMITING CONDITION FOR OPERATION-

renear of 3.9.1 With the reactor vessel head closure bolts less than fully tensioned or with the head removed, the boron concentration of all filled portions of the Reactor Coolant System and the refueling canal shall be maintained uniform and sufficient to ensure that the more restrictive of the following reactivity conditions is met:

3974

Either a K<sub>off</sub> of 0.95 or less, or a.

A boron concentration of greater than or equal to 2150 ppm. b.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 6\*.

#### ACTION:

With the requirements of the above specification not satisfied, immediately suspend all operations involving CORE ALTERATIONS or positive reactivity changes and initiate and continue boration at greater than or equal to 26 gpm of a solution containing  $\geq$  4000 ppm boron or its equivalent until  $K_{eff}$  is reduced to less than or equal to 0.95 or the boron concentration is restored to greater than or equal to 2150 ppm, whichever is the more restrictive.

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

4.9.1.1 The more restrictive of the above two reactivity conditions shall be determined prior to:

- Removing or unbolting the reactor vessel head, and a.
- Withdrawal of any full-length CEA in excess of 3 feet from its fully b. inserted position within the reactor pressure vessel.

4.9.1.2 The boron concentration of the Reactor Coolant System and the refueling canal shall be determined by chemical analysis at least once per 72 hours.

The reactor shall be maintained in MODE 6 whenever fuel is in the reactor vessel with the reactor vessel head closure bolts less than fully tensioned or with the head removed.

## **REFUELING OPERATIONS**

## 3/4.9.2 INSTRUMENTATION

## LIMITING CONDITION FOR OPENATION

3.9.2 As a minimum, two source range neutron flux monitors shall be OPERABLE and operating, each with continuous visual indication in the control room and one with audible indication in the containment and control room.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 6.

ACTION:

- a. With one of the above required monitors inoperable or not operating, immediately suspend all operations involving CORE ALTERATIONS or positive reactivity changes.
- b. With both of the above required monitors inoperable or not operating, determine the boron concentration of the Reactor Coolant System at least once per 12 hours.

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

4.9.2 Each source range neutron flux monitor shall be demonstrated OPERABLE by performance of:

- a. A CHANNEL CHECK at least once per 12 hours,
- b. A CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST within 8 hours prior to the initial start of CORE ALTERATIONS, and
- c. A CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST at least once per 7 days.

'3/4 9-2

- 1

## 3/4.10 SPECIAL TEST EXCEPTIONS

## 3/4.10.1 SHUTDOWN MARGIN

## LIMITING CONDITION FOR OPERATION

3.10.1 The SHUTDOWN MARGIN requirement of Specification 3.1.1.1 may be suspended for measurement of CEA worth and shutdown margin provided reactivity equivalent to at least the highest estimated CEA worth is available for trip insertion from OPERABLE CEA(s), or the reactor is subcritical by at least the reactivity equivalent of the highest CEA worth.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 2, 3\* and 4\*#.

## ACTION:

- a. With any full-length CEA not fully inserted and with less than the above reactivity equivalent available for trip insertion, immediately initiate and continue boration at greater than or equal to 26 gpm of a solution containing greater than or equal to 4000 ppm boron or its equivalent until the SHUTDOWN MARGIN required by Specification 3.1.1.1 is restored.
- b. With all full-length CEAs fully inserted and the reactor subcritical by less than the above reactivity equivalent, immediately initiate and continue boration at greater than or equal to 26 gpm of a solution containing greater than or equal to 4000 ppm boron or its equivalent until the SHUTDOWN MARGIN required by Specification 3.1.1.1 is restored.

## SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

4.10.1.1 The position of each full-length and part-length CEA required either partially or fully withdrawn shall be determined at least once per 2 hours.

4.10.1.2 Each CEA not fully inserted shall be demonstrated capable of full insertion when tripped from at least the 50% withdrawn position within 24 hours prior to reducing the SHUTDOWN MARGIN to less than the limits of Specification 3.1.1.1.

4.10.1.3 When in MODE 3 or MODE 4, the reactor shall be determined to be subcritical by at least the reactivity equivalent of the highest estimated CEA worth or the reactivity equivalent of the highest estimated CEA worth is available for trip insertion from OPERABLE CEAs at least once per 2 hours by consideration of at least the following factors:

- a. Reactor Coolant System boron concentration,
- b. CEA position,
- c. Reactor Coolant System average temperature,
- d. Fuel burnup based on gross thermal energy generation,
- e. Xenon concentration, and
- f. Samarium concentration.

 $<sup>\</sup>hat{}^{0}$ Operation in MODE 3 and MODE 4 shall be limited to 6 consecutive hours.  $\#_{\text{Limited to low power PHYSICS TESTING at the 320°F plateau.$ 

## SPECIAL TEST EXCEPTIONS

3/4.10.2 MODERATOR TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT, GROUP HEIGHT, INSERTION, AND POWER DISTRIBUTION LIMITS

LIMITING CONDITION FOR OPERATION

3.10.2 The moderator temperature coefficient, group height, insertion, and power distribution limits of Specifications 3.1.1.3, 3.1.3.1, 3.1.3.5, 3.1.3.6, 3.2.2, 3.2.3, 3.2.7, and the Minimum Channels OPERABLE requirement of I.C.1 (CEA Calculators) of Table 3.3-1 may be suspended during the performance of PHYSICS TESTS provided:

- a. The THERMAL POWER is restricted to the test power plateau which shall not exceed 85% of RATED THERMAL POWER, and
- b. The limits of Specification 3.2.1 are maintained and determined as specified in Specification 4.10.2.2 below.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1 and 2.

### ACTION:

With any of the limits of Specification 3.2.1 being exceeded while the requirements of Specifications 3.1.1.3, 3.1.3.1, 3.1.3.5, 3.1.3.6, 3.2.2, 3.2.3, 3.2.7, and the Minimum Channels OPERABLE requirement of I.C.1 (CEA Calculators) of Table 3.3-1 are suspended, either:

- a. Reduce THERMAL POWER sufficiently to satisfy the requirements of Specification 3.2.1, or
- b. Be in HOT STANDBY within 6 hours.

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

4.10.2.1 The THERMAL POWER shall be determined at least once per hour during PHYSICS TESTS in which the requirements of Specifications 3.1.1.3, 3.1.3.1, 3.1.3.5, 3.1.3.6, 3.2.2, 3.2.3, 3.2.7, or the Minimum Channels OPERABLE requirement of I.C.1 (CEA Calculators) of Table 3.3-1 are suspended and shall be verified to be within the test power plateau.

Y

4.10.2.2 The linear heat rate shall be determined to be within the limits of Specification 3.2.1 by monitoring it continuously with the Incore Detector Monitoring System pursuant to the requirements of Specifications 4.2.1.3 and 3.3.3.2 during PHYSICS TESTS above 20% of RATED THERMAL POWER in which the requirements of Specifications 3.1.1.3, 3.1.3.1, 3.1.3.5, 3.1.3.6, 3.2.2, 3.2.3, 3.2.7, or the Minimum Channels OPERABLE requirement of I.C.1 (CEA Calculators) of Table 3.3-1 are suspended.

PALO VERDE - UNIT 1