



RESPONSE TO FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT (FOIA) REQUEST

2017-0639

1

RESPONSE TYPE

INTERIM

FINAL

REQUESTER:

Edwin Lyman

DATE:

OCT 04 2017

DESCRIPTION OF REQUESTED RECORDS:

Unredacted version of Nuclear Energy Institute white paper entitled "Security Event Mitigation Assessment, May 2017 (ML17173A147)

PART I. -- INFORMATION RELEASED

You have the right to seek assistance from the NRC's FOIA Public Liaison. Contact information for the NRC's FOIA Public Liaison is available at <https://www.nrc.gov/reading-rm/foia/contact-foia.html>

- Agency records subject to the request are already available on the Public NRC Website, in Public ADAMS or on microfiche in the NRC Public Document Room.
- Agency records subject to the request are enclosed.
- Records subject to the request that contain information originated by or of interest to another Federal agency have been referred to that agency (see comments section) for a disclosure determination and direct response to you.
- We are continuing to process your request.
- See Comments.

PART I.A -- FEES

NO FEES

AMOUNT*

\$0.00

*See Comments for details

- You will be billed by NRC for the amount listed.
- You will receive a refund for the amount listed.
- Fees waived.

- Minimum fee threshold not met.
- Due to our delayed response, you will not be charged fees.

PART I.B -- INFORMATION NOT LOCATED OR WITHHELD FROM DISCLOSURE

- We did not locate any agency records responsive to your request. *Note:* Agencies may treat three discrete categories of law enforcement and national security records as not subject to the FOIA ("exclusions"). 5 U.S.C. 552(c). This is a standard notification given to all requesters; it should not be taken to mean that any excluded records do, or do not, exist.
 - We have withheld certain information pursuant to the FOIA exemptions described, and for the reasons stated, in Part II.
 - Because this is an interim response to your request, you may not appeal at this time. We will notify you of your right to appeal any of the responses we have issued in response to your request when we issue our final determination.
- You may appeal this final determination within 90 calendar days of the date of this response by sending a letter or e-mail to the FOIA Officer, at U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, D.C. 20555-0001, or FOIA.Resource@nrc.gov. Please be sure to include on your letter or email that it is a "FOIA Appeal." You have the right to seek dispute resolution services from the NRC's Public Liaison, or the Office of Government Information Services (OGIS). Contact information for OGIS is available at <https://ogis.archives.gov/about-ogis/contact-information.htm>

PART I.C COMMENTS (Use attached Comments continuation page if required)

The responsive record is enclosed.

Signature - Freedom of Information Act Officer or Designee



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PART II.A -- APPLICABLE EXEMPTIONS

Records subject to the request are being withheld in their entirety or in part under the FOIA exemption(s) as indicated below (5 U.S.C. 552(b)).

- Exemption 1: The withheld information is properly classified pursuant to an Executive Order protecting national security information.
- Exemption 2: The withheld information relates solely to the internal personnel rules and practices of NRC.
- Exemption 3: The withheld information is specifically exempted from public disclosure by the statute indicated.
 - Sections 141-145 of the Atomic Energy Act, which prohibits the disclosure of Restricted Data or Formerly Restricted Data (42 U.S.C. 2161-2165).
 - Section 147 of the Atomic Energy Act, which prohibits the disclosure of Unclassified Safeguards Information (42 U.S.C. 2167).
 - 41 U.S.C. 4702(b), which prohibits the disclosure of contractor proposals, except when incorporated into the contract between the agency and the submitter of the proposal.
- Exemption 4: The withheld information is a trade secret or confidential commercial or financial information that is being withheld for the reason(s) indicated.
 - The information is considered to be proprietary because it concerns a licensee's or applicant's physical protection or material control and accounting program for special nuclear material pursuant to 10 CFR 2.390(d)(1).
 - The information is considered to be another type of confidential business (proprietary) information.
 - The information was submitted by a foreign source and received in confidence pursuant to 10 CFR 2.390(d)(2).
- Exemption 5: The withheld information consists of interagency or intraagency records that are normally privileged in civil litigation.
 - Deliberative process privilege.
 - Attorney work product privilege.
 - Attorney-client privilege.
- Exemption 6: The withheld information from a personnel, medical, or similar file, is exempted from public disclosure because its disclosure would result in a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.
- Exemption 7: The withheld information consists of records compiled for law enforcement purposes and is being withheld for the reason(s) indicated.
 - (A) Disclosure could reasonably be expected to interfere with an open enforcement proceeding.
 - (C) Disclosure could reasonably be expected to constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.
 - (D) The information consists of names and other information the disclosure of which could reasonably be expected to reveal identities of confidential sources.
 - (E) Disclosure would reveal techniques and procedures for law enforcement investigations or prosecutions, or guidelines that could reasonably be expected to risk circumvention of the law.
 - (F) Disclosure could reasonably be expected to endanger the life or physical safety of an individual.
- Other

PART II.B -- DENYING OFFICIALS

In accordance with 10 CFR 9.25(g) and 9.25(h) of the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission regulations, the official(s) listed below have made the determination to withhold certain information responsive to your request.

DENYING OFFICIAL	TITLE/OFFICE	RECORDS DENIED	APPELLATE OFFICIAL	
			EDO	SECY
Stephanie Blaney	FOIA Officer/OCIO	Portions of NEI White Paper	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Appeals must be made in writing within 90 calendar days of the date of this response by sending a letter or email to the FOIA Officer, at U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, D.C. 20555-0001, or FOIA.Resource@nrc.gov. Please be sure to include on your letter or email that it is a "FOIA Appeal."



NUCLEAR ENERGY INSTITUTE

WHITE PAPER

SECURITY EVENT MITIGATION ASSESSMENT

May 2017

Purpose

This technical report provides a methodology for performing a Security Event Mitigation Assessment (SEMA). A SEMA is used to determine if credit may be given for the implementation of an operator action, or a mitigation action or strategy, in response to a physical attack on a nuclear power facility in order to prevent radiological sabotage. The methodology also evaluates potential credit for a tactical response needed to eliminate adversary interference so as to allow completion of a mitigation action or strategy. Acceptable results from a SEMA will provide reasonable assurance that an operator action, or mitigation action or strategy, can be implemented during or following an attack; therefore, these results may be used to inform vulnerability assessments, and the evaluation of tactical response drills and force-on-force (FOF) exercises.

The performance of a SEMA by a licensee is voluntary. Operator actions already credited by a licensee in their site protective strategy and target sets are not required to be reevaluated using the methodology described in this document. Demonstration of an assessed operator action, or mitigation action or strategy, or support from a local law enforcement agency (LLEA) during routine tactical response drills or FOF exercises is optional, and performed at the licensee's discretion.

Background

In accordance with 10 CFR 73.55, *Requirements for physical protection of licensed activities in nuclear power reactors against radiological sabotage*, a licensee must establish and maintain a physical protection program, to include a security organization, which will have as its objective to provide high assurance¹ that activities involving special nuclear material are not inimical to the common defense and security and do not constitute an unreasonable risk to the public health and safety. To satisfy this performance objective, the physical protection program must protect against the design basis threat of radiological sabotage as stated in § 73.1, and be designed to prevent significant core damage and spent fuel sabotage. In meeting these and related requirements, each licensee has established a site protective strategy and a performance evaluation program that periodically evaluates the effectiveness of the strategy. Licensees also interact with LLEAs to make arrangements for prompt threat response assistance.

¹ The term "high assurance" is used here to reflect the current wording in 10 CFR 73.55. Where necessary to clarify the expected standard applicable to a SEMA element, all other references in this document use the term "reasonable assurance" to reflect the NRC Commission direction provided in *Staff Requirements - SECY-16-0073 - Options and Recommendations for the Force-on-Force Inspection Program in Response to SRM-SECY-14-0088*.

With respect to a physical attack on a nuclear power plant, the objective of an adversary force is to produce significant core damage or spent fuel sabotage by preventing a combination of equipment and/or operator actions from performing their intended safety functions (i.e., a target set is compromised, destroyed, or rendered nonfunctional). Following the loss of equipment and/or operator actions, some amount of time would elapse during which the fuel would heat-up to the point where there is non-incipient, non-localized fuel melting and/or core destruction, or a loss of spent fuel pool water inventory and exposure of spent fuel. If operators or other members of the plant staff can take certain actions or implement a mitigation strategy during this period, then the progression to fuel damage may be arrested and reversed. This period can thus be considered an "available mitigation response time" (i.e., the elapsed time between the loss of a target set and the onset of significant core damage or spent fuel sabotage).

In Staff Requirements – SECY-16-0073 – Options and Recommendations for the Force-on-Force Inspection Program in Response to SRM-SECY-14-0088, the NRC Commission directed the staff to assess the security baseline inspection program to identify potential improvements and efficiencies. The assessment was to include a determination whether crediting of operator actions, the use of FLEX equipment, or response by local, State, and Federal law enforcement would make FOF exercises more realistic. The SEMA methodology addresses the crediting of all three capabilities. Concerning operator actions and FLEX equipment, the SEMA methodology makes the following distinctions.

(b)(4)



(b)(4)

Availability of Personnel to Implement Actions or Strategies

(b)(4)

In cases where the expected timeframes for the performance of two or more operator actions overlap, or there is a single operator action requiring tasks by two or more operators at separate locations, the licensee should determine that adequate staffing is available to perform the actions/tasks within the available timeframes defined by the assessment(s).

Definitions

Key terms used in the SEMA methodology are defined below and illustrated in Attachment 1, Security Event Mitigation Assessment Overview.

(b)(4)

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(b)(4)



Methodology

The SEMA methodology should be applied to a given action or strategy to determine if it can be credited as part of the response to a physical attack. Flowcharts of the methodology are illustrated in Attachment 2, *SEMA for Evaluation of a Tactical Response Drill or FOF Exercise*, and Attachment 3, *SEMA for a Vulnerability Assessment*. The performance of each assessment step should be documented in Attachment 4, *Security Event Mitigation Assessment*;⁵ the block numbers below correspond to the numbered blocks on the form.

As discussed below, several blocks will require the demonstration of certain actions or activities in order to collect data for use in an assessment (e.g., LLEA mission briefing, rehearsal and execution times). Once an action or activity has been completed, and the data recorded, subsequent demonstrations in routine tactical response drills or FOF exercises are optional, and performed at the licensee's discretion. The SEMA methodology imposes no new requirement for the periodic demonstration of operator actions, mitigation actions or mitigation strategies, or support provided by LLEAs.

⁵ Attachment 4 is provided as an example; any hard copy or electronic format documenting the same information is acceptable. Steps/blocks may be reordered as needed for a particular application.

(b)(4)

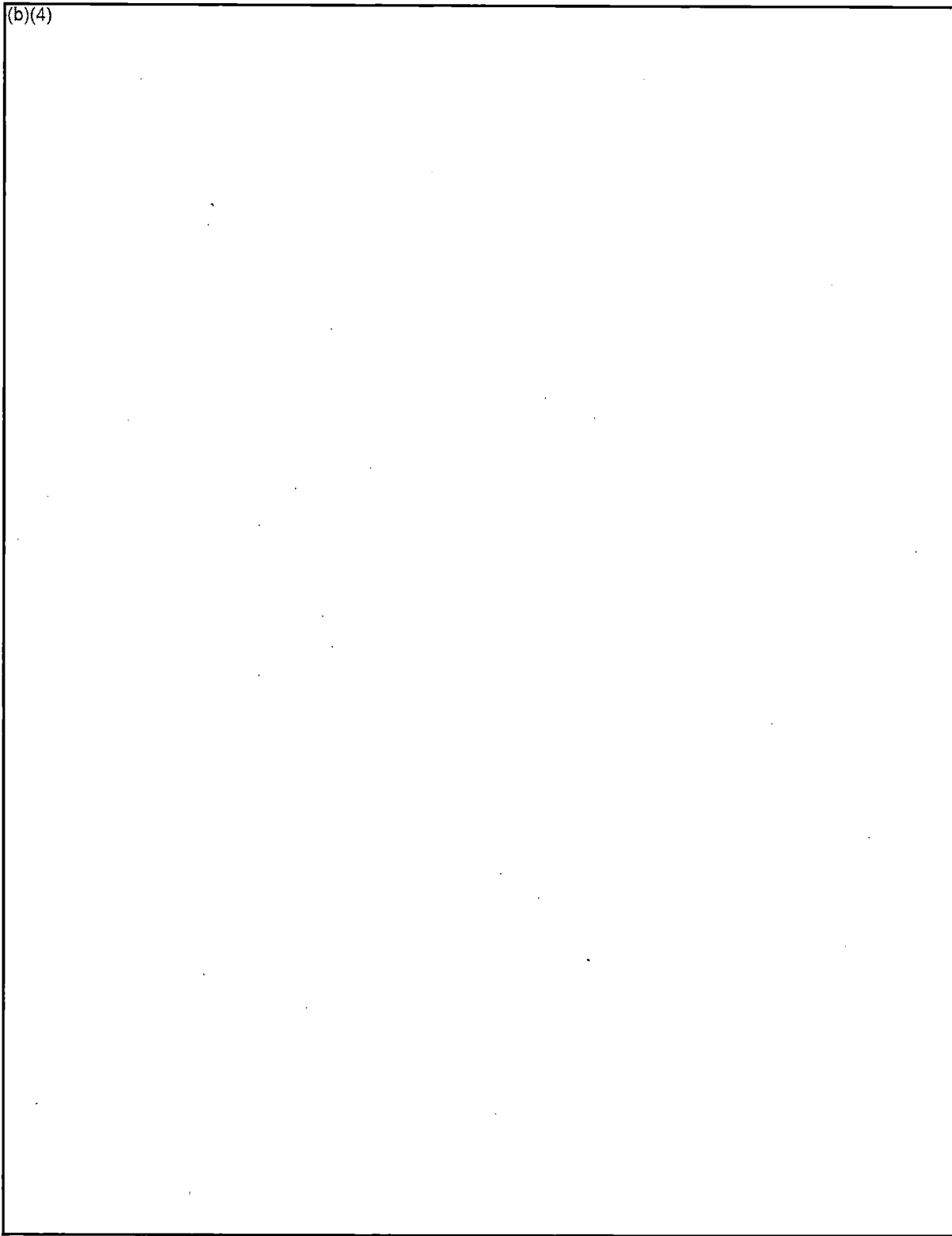
As identified in the block instructions, some SEMA data are subject to an increase of 10% (i.e., multiplied by 1.1) to account for event uncertainties and performance variability. This factor was determined through professional/engineering judgement and deemed to be reasonable for its intended use.

Block 1 – SEMA Identification

Enter the applicable site and unit(s), and target set(s). Space is also provided for entry of a unique SEMA identification number or alpha-numeric term; this entry is optional but allows for easy reference of the assessment in other documents.

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Block 14 – Comments

Enter comments as appropriate.

Review and Approval

The completed assessment should receive an independent review and be approved using the requirements or standards normally applied to other target set-related documents.

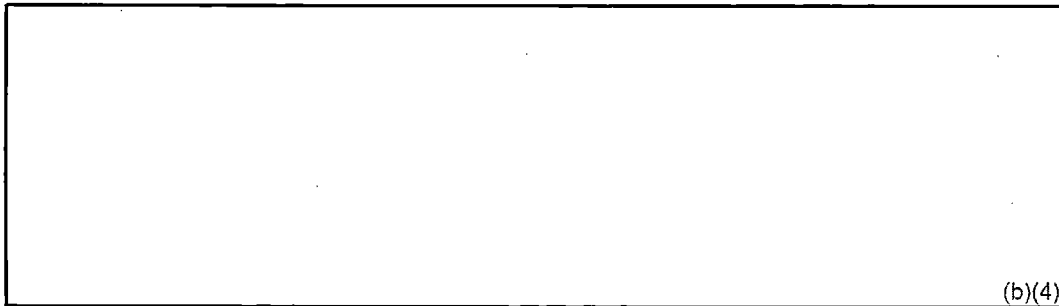
Assignment of Actions and Strategies to Target Sets

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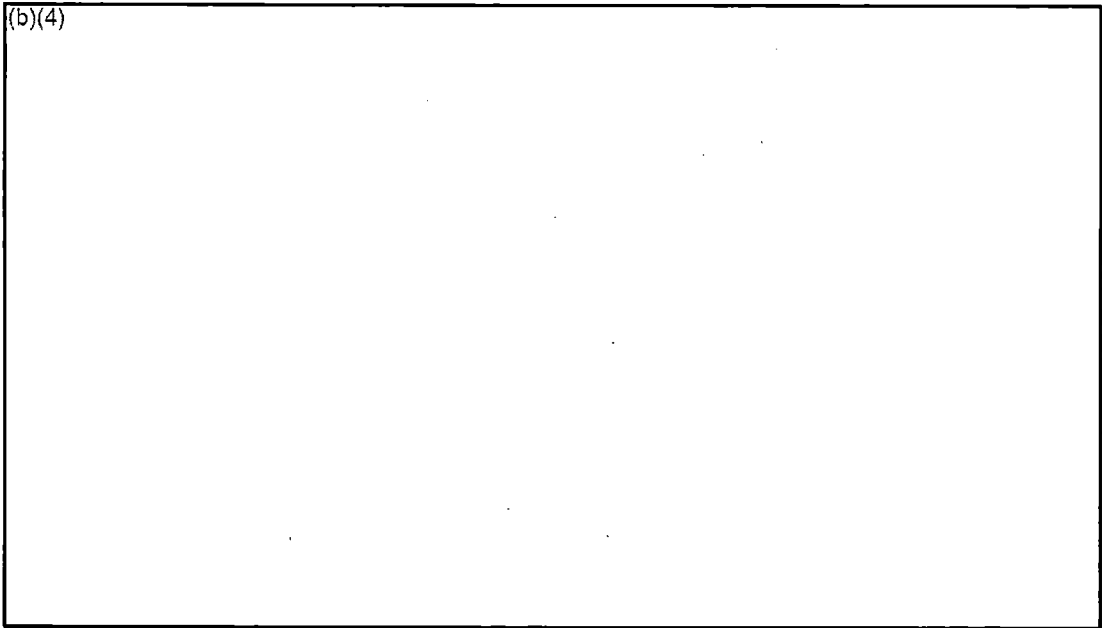


Use of SEMA Results

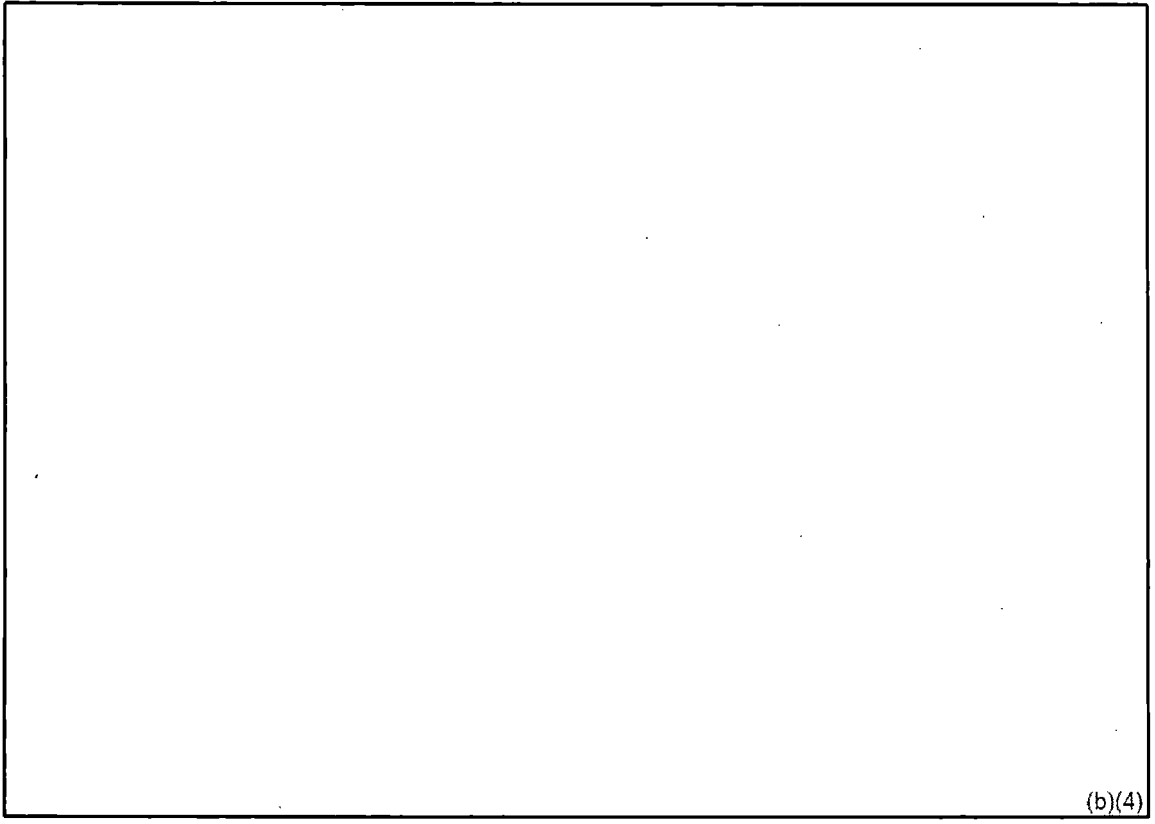


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Periodic Verification of Tactical Support Capabilities



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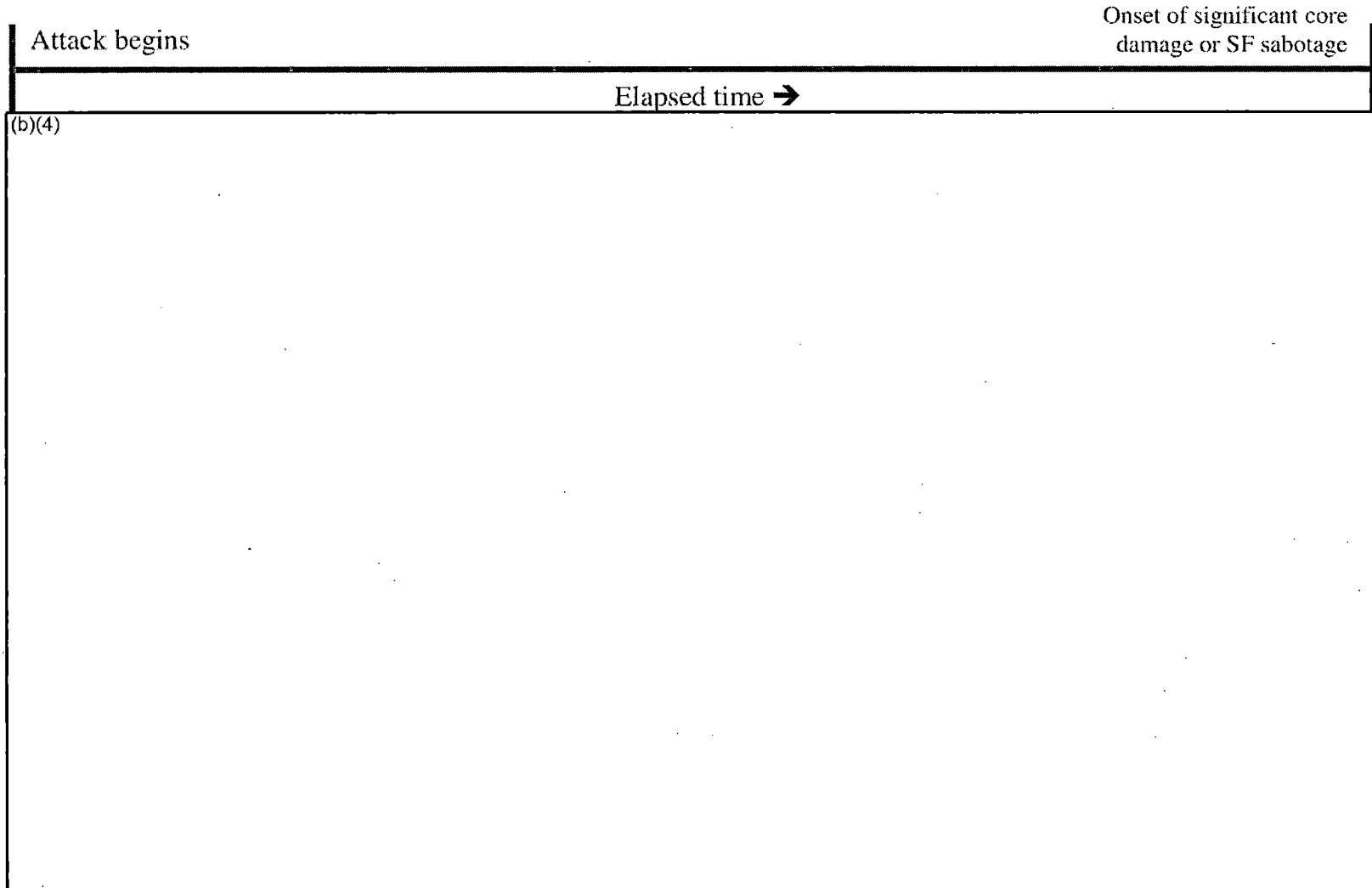
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Updates to a SEMA Assessment

A SEMA should be updated to reflect new information that may impact the validity or results of the assessment. For example, an update may be required when there is a change to the plant configuration, target sets or LLEA capabilities.

Attachment 1
Security Event Mitigation Assessment Overview



Attachment 2

SEMA for Evaluation of a Tactical Response Drill or FOF Exercise Evaluation

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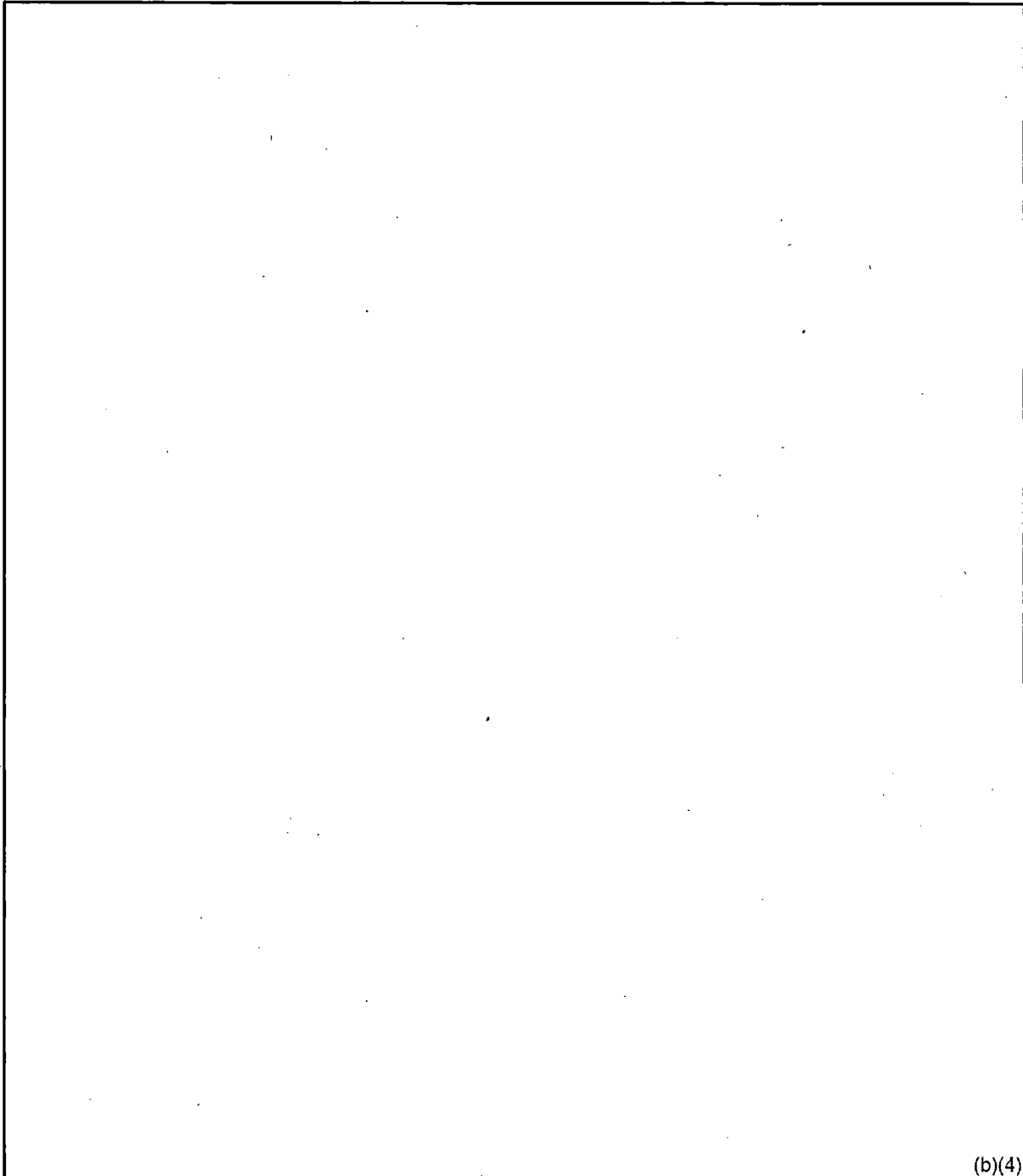


Attachment 3
SEMA for a Vulnerability Assessment

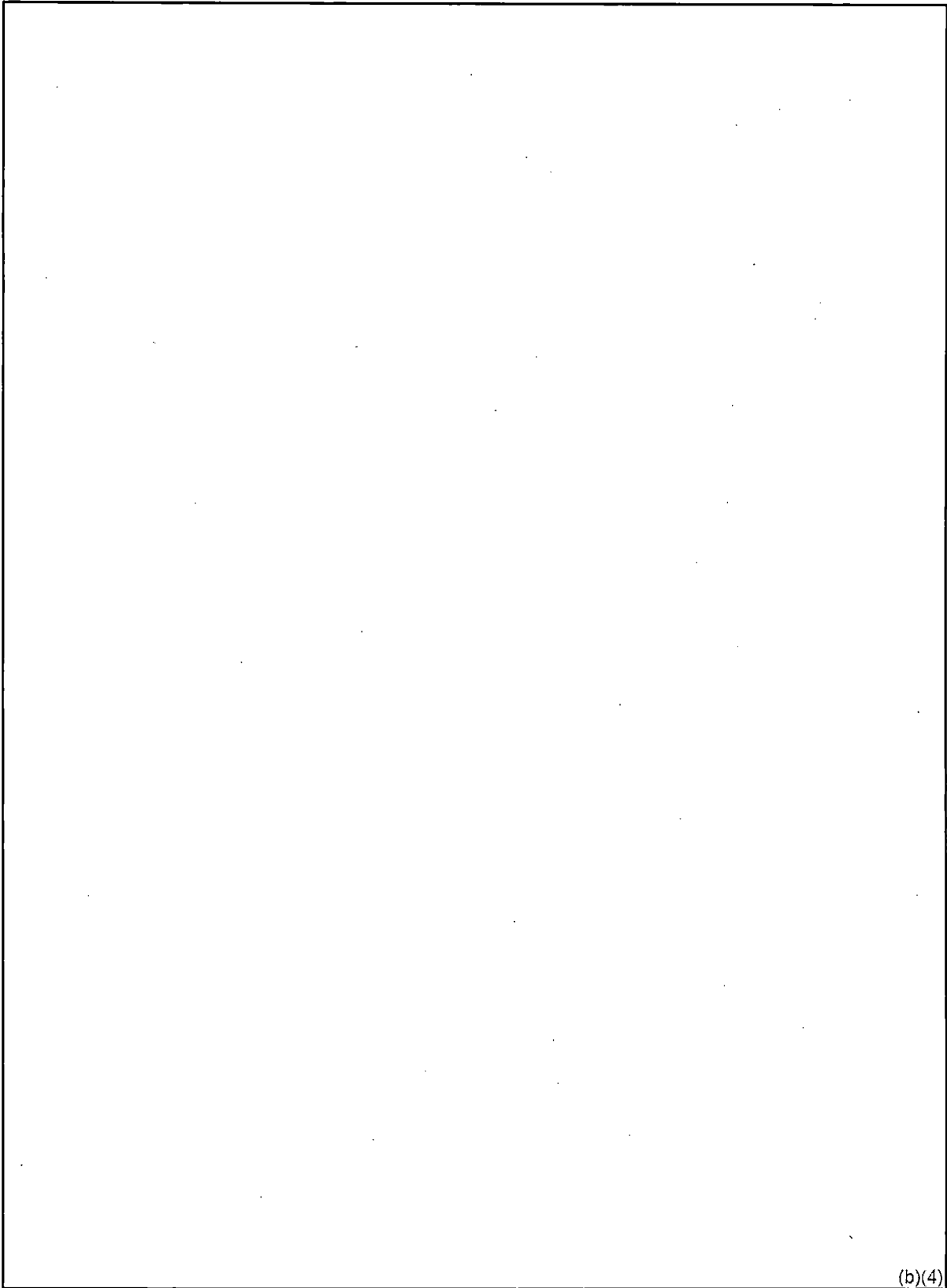
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Attachment 4
Security Event Mitigation Assessment
(This Attachment is Safeguards Information when completed)



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