ACCELERATED DISTRIBUTION DEMONSTRATION SYSTEM

REGULATORY INFORMATION DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM (RIDS)

ACCESSION NBR:9005160332 DOC.DATE: 90/05/10 NOTARIZED: NO DOCKET # FACIL:50-244 Robert Emmet Ginna Nuclear Plant, Unit 1, Rochester G 05000244

AUTH.NAME AUTHOR AFFILIATION

GORSKI, P. Rochester Gas & Electric Corp. MECREDY, R.C. Rochester Gas & Electric Corp.

RECIPIENT AFFILIATION .

SUBJECT: LER 90-004-00: on 900416, steam generator tube degradation due

to IGA/SCC causes QA manual reportable limits to be reached.
W/9 ltr.

DISTRIBUTION CODE: IE22T COPIES RECEIVED:LTR | ENCL | SIZE: TITLE: 50.73/50.9 Licensee Event Report (LER), Incident Rpt, etc.

NOTES:License Exp date in accordance with 10CFR2, 2.109(9/19/72). 05000244

	RECIPIENT ID CODE/NAME PD1-3 LA JOHNSON,A	3.	COPII LTTR 1	ENCL	RECIPIENT COPIES ID CODE/NAME LTTR ENCL PD1-3 PD 1 1
INTERNAL:	ACNW AEOD/DSP/TPAB DEDRO NRR/DET/EMEB9H3 NRR/DLPQ/LPEB10 NRR/DREP/PRPB11 NRR/DST/SICB 7E NRR/DST/SRXB 8E RES/DSIR/EIB		2 1 1 2 1 1 1	2 1 1 2 1 .1	AEOD/DOA 1 1 1 AEOD/ROAB/DSP 2 2 NRR/DET/ECMB 9H 1 1 NRR/DLPQ/LHFB11 1 1 NRR/DOEA/OEAB11 1 1 NRR/DST/SELB 8D 1 1 NRR/DST/SPLB8D1 1 1 REG FILE 02 1 1 RGN1 FILE 01 1 1
EXTERNAL:	EG&G STUART, V.A LPDR NSIC MAYS, G NUDOCS FULL TXT		4 1 1	4 1 1	L ST LOBBY WARD 1 1 NRC PDR 1 1 NSIC MURPHY, G. A 1 1

p340957225

NOTE TO ALL "RIDS" RECIPIENTS:

PLEASE HELP US TO REDUCE WASTE! CONTACT THE DOCUMENT CONTROL DESK, ROOM P1-37 (EXT. 20079) TO ELIMINATE YOUR NAME FROM DISTRIBUTION LISTS FOR DOCUMENTS YOU DON'T NEED!

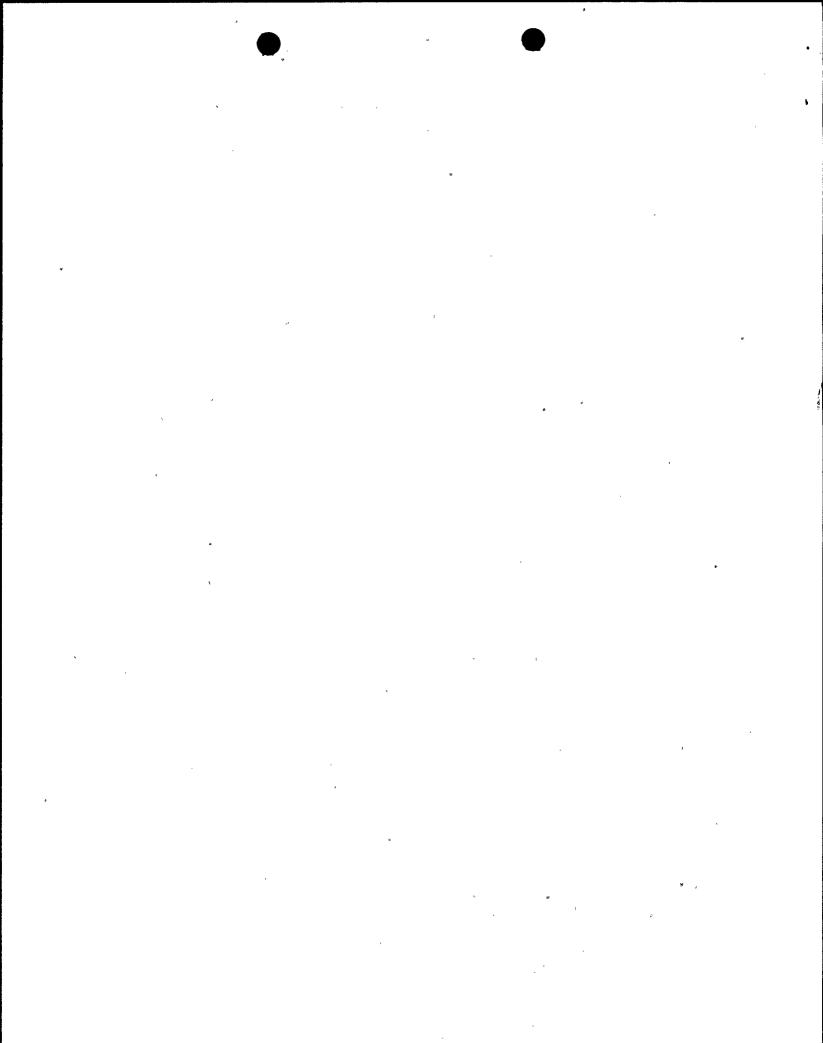
FULL TEXT CONVERSION REQUIRED

TOTAL NUMBER OF COPIES REQUIRED: LTTR 34 ENCL 34

A 0- 4

I

r.







ROCHESTER GAS AND ELECTRIC CORPORATION . 89 EAST AVENUE, ROCHESTER, N.Y. 14649-0001

TELEPHONE AREA CODE TIS 546-2700

May 10, 1990

U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Document Control Desk Washington, DC 20555

Subject:

LER 90-004, Steam Generator Tube Degradation Due To IGA/SCC Causes Q.A. Manual Reportable Limits To Be

Reached

R.E. Ginna Nuclear Power Plant

Docket No. 50-244

In accordance with 10 CFR 50.73, Licensee Event Report System, item (Other), and the Ginna Station Quality Assurance Manual Appendix B; which requires that, "If the number of tubes in a generator falling into categories (a) or (b) exceeds the criteria, then results of the inspection shall be considered a Reportable Event pursuant to 10 CFR 50.73", the attached Licensee Event Report LER 90-004 is hereby submitted.

This event has in no way affected the public's health and safety.

Very truly yours,

Robert C. Mecredy Division Manager

Nuclear Production

xc:

U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission

Region I

475 Allendale Road

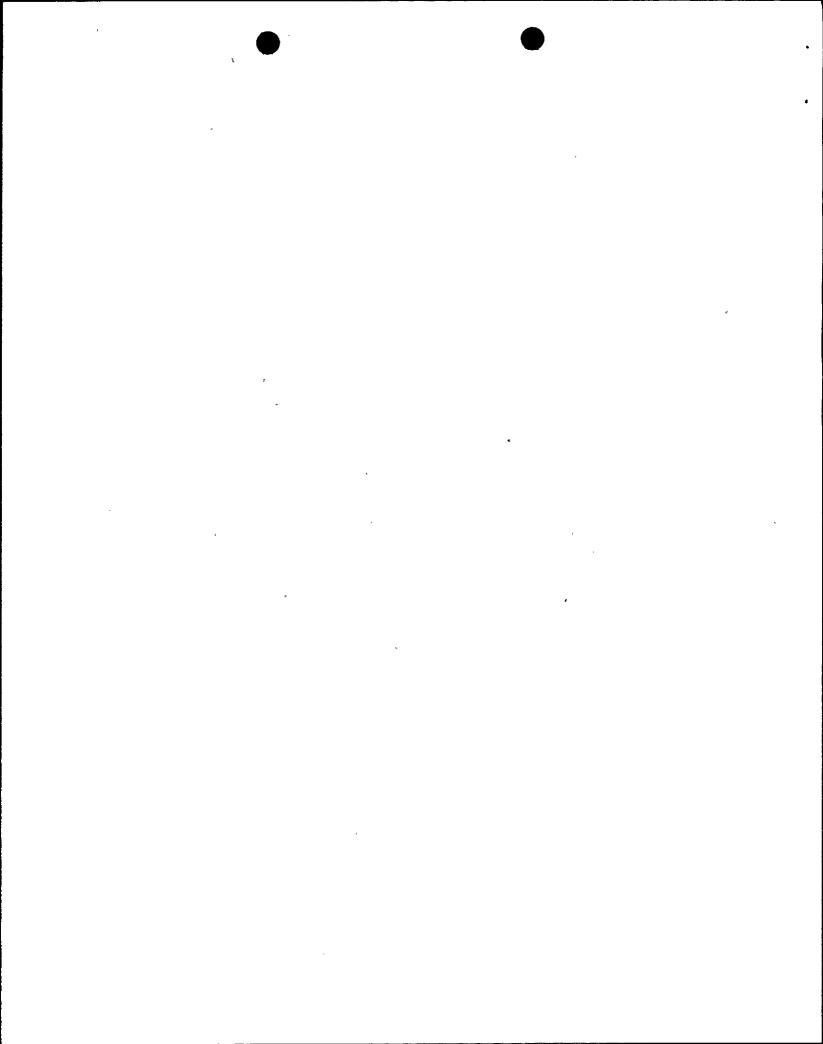
King of Prussia, PA 19406

Ginna USNRC Senior Resident Inspector

p340957225

I E 22 1/1

20051 40332 05000 244 EDR



NRC FW (9-83)	m 304		,		•										U.S. M	UCLEAR	. 450	ULATOR	y com	BEION
LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER)									•	APPROVED OMB NO. 3160-0104 EXPIRES - 8/31/85										
	FACILITY NAME (1) FAGE (3)																			
R.E	R.E. Ginna Nuclear Power Plant 0 5 0 0 0 2 4 1 0 0 7																			
TITES (4	Steam Generator Tube Degradation Due To IGA/SCC Causes Q.A. Manual Reportable Limits To Be Reached																			
ev	ENT DAT	18)	T		ER HUMBER	(4)		AEI	PORT DAT	£ (7)			DHTO	R FA	CILITIES INV	LVED	(8)			
MONTH	DAY	YEAR	YEAR	857	SEQUENTIAL REGULATION	.55	ALVEION ALVEION	MONTH	DAY	YEAR			FACILITY N	AMES		0001	ETA	UMBERI	11	
	1		i i													01	5	0 1 0 1	<u> </u>	
	1	212	ا ما	_	ماماء	_	ماه	۱ . ا	31.0	ا ما م										ì
0 4	1 6	90	9 0		0 0 4			0 5	1 0	90		_					5	0 10 1	<u>。</u>	
04	OPERATING THIS REPORT IS SUBMITTED PURSUANT TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF 10 CPR \$: (Check one or more of the following) [11]																			
	OOE (8)	N	IJ;	10.403(b	1			20,4061	e }		<u> </u>	ᆚ	80,736)(2)(14)			\vdash	73.7			-
FEVE	MER 20.406(a)(1)(0 40.24(a)(1) 40.73(a)(2)(r)							72.7			}									
(10)		0, 0, 0 20,406 ((1)1(1) 50,34 (a)(2) 50,73 (a)(2)(vii)					\boxtimes	BOISW AND IN TOLL HAC FORM												
200			Щ [;]	10,406 (a))(1)(W)		<u> </u>	80.736	(5)(0)		<u> </u>	_	\$0,7361(2)(+4			1	ж	N		
***			∐;	10.406 (4)(1)(H)		-	80.736	(2)(B)		<u> </u>	_	90.73(4)(2)(v#	1(8)		1				
1,50,3	(33.500)	*******	<u> </u>	9.406 6	1(1)(+)			80.736	(2)(W)			_	80.73(s)(2)(a)							
								ICENSEE	CONTACT	FOR THIS	LEA (12)			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Paul Gorski							AREA COOL	TELEPHONE NUMBER												
				_											1	1	_			
Med	hani	cal l	Main	tena	ance Ma											15	<u>2 r</u>	1 - 1	4 4	14 16
					COMPLETE	OHE L	INE FOR	EACH CO	MPONEN	T FAILURE	DESCRI	88	D IN THIS REP	TAC	13)					
CAUSE	SYSTEM	8	OHENT		ANUFAC TURER		RTABLE HPROS			CAUSE	SYSTE	м	COMPONENT		MARUFAC TURER		PORTO NA	ROS		•
	1	1	1 1		1 1								· 1 1		1 1-1	,		8		
		, ,	 								-		1 1		1 1			200		
	·		<u></u>		SUPPLEM	INTAL	REPORT	EXPECT	D (14)					丁		710		MONTH	CAY	YEAR
															EXPEC SUBMIS DATE	SION				
YE	\$ (11 yes, c		XPECTE	0 5084	AISSION DAT	f)		X	HO					.	UAIE	110/		1.		

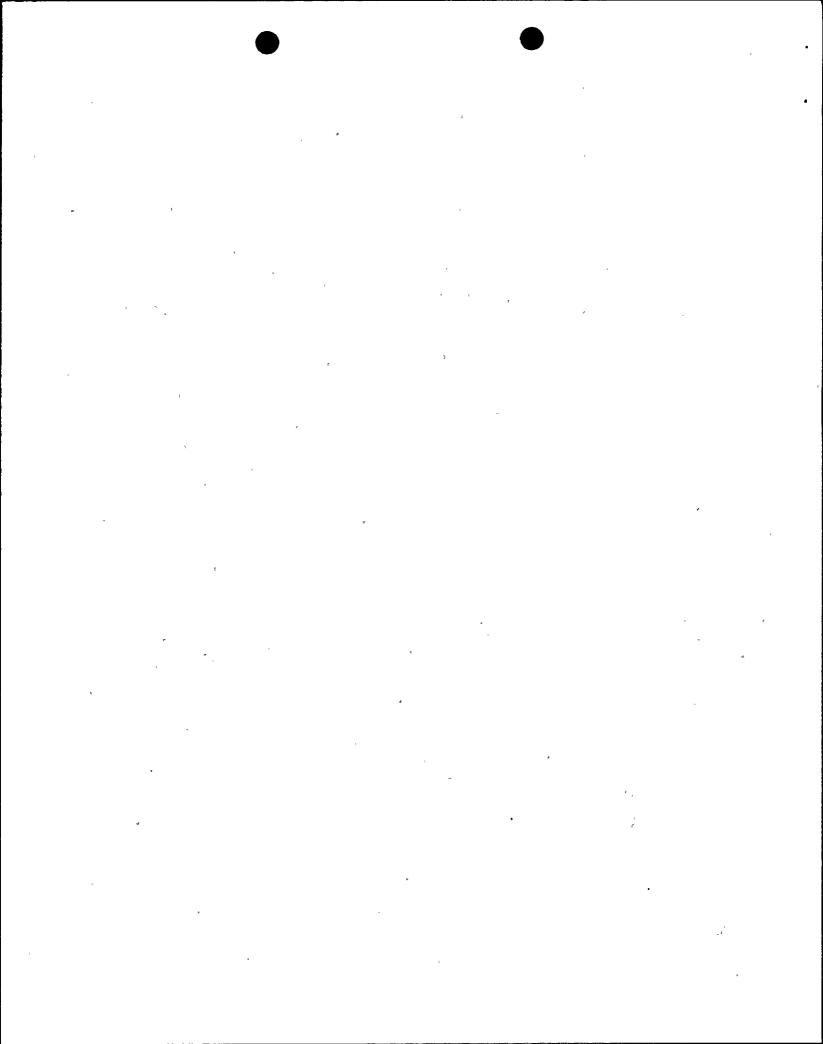
During the 1990 Annual Refueling and Maintenance Outage subsequent to the eddy current examination performed on both the "A" and "B" Westinghouse Series 44 Steam Generators (S/G), 75 tubes in the "A" S/G and 211 tubes in the "B" S/G required corrective action due to tube degradation. This defect population includes 28 tubes in the "B" S/G that had known defects plugged in prior outages. These tubes were unplugged for full length eddy current examination and were returned to service with a sleeve repair in the degraded region.

ABSTRACT (Limit to 1400 wood, i.e., opproximately filtren single-space typewritten sines) [18]

The immediate cause of the event was that the "A" and "B" S/G tube degradation was in excess of the Ginna Quality Assurance Manual reportability limits.

The underlying cause of the tube degradation is a common S/G problem of a partially rolled tube sheet crevice with recurring Intergranular Attack/Stress Corrosion Cracking (IGA/SCC) and Primary Water Stress Corrosion Cracking (PWSCC) attack on S/G tubing.

Corrective action taken was to either sleeve or plug the affected tubes with accepted industry repair methods.



LICENS	LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER) TEXT CONTINUATION							APPROVED OMB-NO 3150-0104 EXPIRES; 8/31/85						
FACILITY NAME (1)	C	OCKET NUMBER (2)		LER N		PAGE (3)								
			YEAR	SE SE	UENTIAL IUMBER	REVISION NUMBER								
R.E. Ginna Nuclear Power	Plant) 5 0 0 0 2 4 4	9 0	- 0	0 4	_ o _l o	0 2	F 0 7						
TEVT (M main sassa m maumal	000.01.0400													

I. PRE-EVENT PLANT CONDITIONS

The unit was in cold/refueling shutdown for the Annual Refueling Maintenance Outage. All fuel had been removed from the Reactor Vessel. Steam Generator eddy current inspection was in progress.

II. DESCRIPTION OF EVENT

- A. DATES AND APPROXIMATE TIMES FOR MAJOR OCCURRENCES:
 - o April 16, 1990, 1711 EDST: Event date and time.
 - o April 16, 1990, 1711 EDST: Discovery date and wame.
 - o April 18, 1990, 1000 EDST: Oral notification made to the NRC Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation (NRR).
 - o April 21, 1990, 1800 EDST: Steam Generator repulrs completed.
 - o May 1, 1990: Followup report sent to NRC Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation (NRR).

B. EVENT:

During the 1990 Annual Refueling and Maintenance Outage, an eddy current examination was performed in both the "A" and "B" Westinghouse Series 44 Design recirculating steam generators.

The purpose of the eddy current examination was to assess any corrosion or mechanical damage that may have occurred during the cycle since May 1989.

NAC FORM 344A (9-83) LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER) TEXT CONTINUATION

U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION
APPROVED OMB NO. 3150-0104

		EXPINES: 8/J	1,62
FACILITY NAME (1)	DOCKET NUMBER (2)	LER NUMBER (6)	PAGE (3)
		YEAR RESIDENTIAL REVISION NUMBER	
R.E. Ginna Nuclear Power Plant	0 5 0 0 0 2 4 4	1910 - 01014 - 010	0 3 OF 0 7

TEXT III more space is required, use additional NRC Form 305A's/(17)

The examination was performed by personnel from Rochester Gas and Electric Corporation (RG&E), and Allen Nuclear Associates. All personnel had been trained and qualified in the eddy current examination method and had been certified to a minimum of Level I for data acquisition and Level II for data analysis.

The eddy current examination of the "A" and "B" steam generators was performed utilizing the Zetec MIZ-18 Digital Data Acquisition System. The frequencies selected were 400, 200, 100, and 25 KHZ.

The inlet or hot leg examination program plan was generated to provide the examination of 100% of each open (not sleeved or plugged) steam generator tube from the tube end to the first tube support. In addition, 20% of these tubes were selected and examined for their full length as recommended in the EPRI guidelines. All tubes with previous indications greater than 20% through wall (TW) depth were examined at a minimum to the location of their degradation. Approximately 20% of all open Row 1 U-bend regions were examined with the Motorized Rotating Pancake Coil (MRPC) between the #6 Tube Support Plate Hot (TSPH) and the #6 Tube Support Plant Cold (TSPC) from the cold leg side.

Results of the above inspections indicated that 75 tubes in the "A" steam generator and 211 tubes in the "B" steam generator (183 new repairs plus 28 previously plugged tubes) required corrective action.

C. INOPERABLE STRUCTURES, COMPONENTS, OR SYSTEMS THAT CONTRIBUTED TO THE EVENT:

None.

D. OTHER SYSTEMS OR SECONDARY FUNCTIONS AFFECTED:

None.

E. METHOD OF DISCOVERY:

The event was apparent after the review of the eddy current examination results.

U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

TEXT III more space is required, use additional NRC Form 305A's) (17)

NRC Form 366A (9-83)

F. OPERATOR ACTION:

None.

G. SAFETY SYSTEM RESPONSES:

None.

III. <u>CAUSE OF EVENT</u>

A. IMMEDIATE CAUSE:

The Immediate Cause of the event was that the "A" and "B" steam generator tube degradation was in excess of the Ginna Quality Assurance Manual Reportable Limits.

B. ROOT CAUSE:

The results of the examination indicate that the IGA and SCC continue to be active within the tube sheet crevice region on the inlet side of each steam generator. As in the past, the IGA/SCC is much more prevalent in the "B" steam generator with 108 IGA indications and 49 SCC indications reported. In the "A" steam generator 16 IGA indications and 22 SCC indications were reported.

The majority of the inlet tube sheet crevice corrosion indications are IGA/SCC of the Mil-annealed Inconel 600 Tube Material. This form of corrosion is believed to be the result of the tube sheet crevices forming an alkaline environment. This environment has developed over the years as deposits and active species have reacted with sodium and phosphate, changing a neutral or inhibited crevice into the aggressive environment that presently exists.

In addition to the IGA/SCC in the crevices PWSCC indications continue to be found at the roll transition.

This year there were 23 PWSCC indications in the "B" steam generator and 37 PWSCC indications in the "A" steam generator.

NAC FORM 366A (9-83)

LICENSEE EVENT	REPORT (LER) TEXT CONTIN	UATION	APPR		.ATORY COM . NO 3150-01 5	· ·		
FACILITY NAME (1)	DOCKET NUMBER (2)		NUMBER (6)		PAGE (3)			
		YEAR SE		EVISION				
R.E. Ginna Nuclear Power Plant	0 5 0 0 0 2 4 4	9 0 -0	0 0 4	0 0 0	5 OF	0 7		

IV. ANALYSIS OF EVENT

The event is reportable in accordance with 10 CFR 50.73, Licensee Event Report Item (other) and the Ginna Station Quality Assurance Manual Appendix B which requires that, "If the number of tubes in a generator falling into categories (a) or (b) exceeds the criteria, then results of the inspection shall be considered a Reportable Event pursuant to 10 CFR 50.73." The tube degradation in the "A" and "B" steam generators exceeded the criterion of (b) which states, "More than 1% of the total tubes inspected are degraded, (imperfections greater than the repair limit)." This repair limit is defined as, "steam generator tubes that have imperfections greater than 40% through wall, as indicated by eddy current, shall be repaired by agging or sleeving."

An assessment was performed considering the safety consequences and implications of this event with the following results and conclusions:

There were no operational or safety consequences or safety implications resulting from the steam generator tube decidation in excess of the Q.A. Manual reportable limits because:

- o The degraded tubes were identified and repaired prior to any significant leakage or S/G tube rupture occurring.
- Even assuming a complete severance of a steam generator tube at full power, as stated in the R.E. Ginna Nuclear Power Plant Updated Final Safety Analysis Report (Ginna/UFSAR) Section 15.6.3, (Steam-Generator Tube Rupture) the sequence of recovery actions ensures early termination of primary to secondary leakage with or without offsite power available thus limiting offsite radiation doses to within the guidelines of 10 CFR 100.

Based on the above, it can be concluded that the public's health and safety were assured at all times.

HRC Form 344A (9-83) , LICENSEE EVENT F	LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER) TEXT CONTINUATION APPROVE EXPIRE						
FACILITY NAME (1)	DOCKET NUMBER (2)	LER NUMBER (6)	PAGE (3)				
		YEAR CA. SEQUENTIAL & REVISION					
R.E. Ginna Nuclear Power Plant	0 5 0 0 0 2 4 4	9 0 - 0 0 4 - 0 0	0 6 OF Q 7				

V. <u>CORRECTIVE ACTION</u>

- A. ACTION TAKEN TO RETURN AFFECTED SYSTEMS TO PRE-EVENT NORMAL STATUS:
 - Of the 75 degraded tubes in the "A" Steam Generator, 51 tubes were repaired using a Combustion Engineering welded 27" sleeve in the hot leg and these tubes will remain in service. The remaining 24 tubes were removed from active service by plugging both the hot and cold leg tube ends.
 - o Of the 211 degraded tubes in the "B" steam" generator, 191 tubes were repaired using a Combustion Engineering welded 27" sleeve in the hot leg and these tubes will remain in service. The remaining 20 tubes were removed from active service by plugging both the hot and cold leg tube ends.

B. ACTION TAKEN OR PLANNED TO PREVENT RECURRENCE:

The occurrence/presence of IGA, SCC and PWSCC is a common PWR Steam Generator problem. Utilities with susceptible tubing and partially rolled crevices must deal with this recurring attack on steam generator tubing.

R.E. Ginna Station will continue careful monitoring of both primary RCS and secondary side water chemistry parameters. These water chemistry parameters will be evaluated against accepted industry guidelines in order to minimize harmful primary and/or secondary side environments.

Degraded S/G tubes shall be sleeved or plugged in accordance with the inservice inspection program and accepted industry repair methods.

LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER) TEXT CONTINUATION

U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

APPROVED OMB NO. 3150-0104 EXPIRES: 8/31/85

FACILITY NAME (1)	DOCKET NUMBER (2)		R NUMBER (6)	PAGE (3)					
		YEAR	233	SEQUENTIAL	***	REVISION NUMBER			
R.E. Ginna Nuclear Power Plant	0 5 0 0 0 2 4 4	9 0	_	0 0 4		010	0 [7	OF	0 7

TEXT (If more space is required, use additional NRC Form 305A's) (17)

NRC Form 366A (9-83)

VI. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

A. FAILED COMPONENTS:

None.

PREVIOUS LERS ON SIMILAR EVENTS: в.

> A similar LER event historical search was conducted with the following results: The crevice indications are similar to those reported in AO-74-02, AO-75-07, RO-75-013, and LER's 76-008, 77-008, 78-003, 79-006, 79-022, 80-003, 81-009, 82-003, 82-022, 83-013, and 89-001.

SPECIAL COMMENTS: C.

None.

, y