# SECTION 2

## <u>SITE</u>

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section	Title	<u>Page</u>
2.1	DESCRIPTION AND DEMOGRAPHY	2.1-1
2.1.1	Location and Description	2.1-1
2.1.2	Population	2.1-2
2.1.3	Land and Water Use	2.1-4
2.1.3.1	Industry	2.1-4
2.1.3.2	Transportation	2.1-6
2.1.3.3	Farming	2.1-8
2.1.3.4	Military Installation	2.1-9
2.1.4	Potable Water Sources	2.1-9
2.1.5	Toxic Substances	2.1-10
2.1.6	Stored Gases	2.1-10
2.1.7	Evaluation of Potential Accidents	2.1-11
2.1.7.1	Potential Impact of Barges or Ice on	·
	the Intake Structure	2.1-11
2.1.7.2	Accidental Release of Corrosive Liquids	•
	or Oil	2.1-12
2.1.7.3	Explosion of Chemicals, Flammable Gases	·
	or Munitions	2.1-14
2.1.7.4	Hazard from Natural Gas Pipeline	2.1-18
2.1.7.5	Various Site Hazards	2.1-20
2.1.7.6	Fire in Oil and Gasoline Plants or Storage Facilities,	·
	Adjacent Industries, Brush and Forest Fires and	
	Transportation Accidents	2.1-22
2.1.7.7	Accidental Release of Toxic Gas from	I
	Onsite Storage Facilities, Nearby	
	Industries and Transportation Accidents	2.1-22
2.1.7.8	Airborne Pollutant Effects on Important	I
	Plant Components	2.1-22
2.1.7.9	Potential Cooling Tower Collapse	2.1-23
2.1.7.10	Bruce Mansfield Power Station - Slurry	I
	Discharge Pipeline	2.1-23
2.1.7.11	Potential Peak Pressures on Critical	I
	Components	2.1-24
		2 1 27
	BEAVER VALLET POWER STATION	2.1-27
A2.1	GENERAL	2.1-27
A2.2	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS COMMODITY LISTS	2.1-27
A2.3	VOLUME OF TRAFFIC AND ACCIDENT REPORTS	2.1-28
A2.4	LEVEL OF ACCIDENTS FOR 1971	2.1-29
A2.5	BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION	2.1-29
A2.6	CONCLUSION	2.1-32
A2.7	ENCLOSURES	2.1-32

#### **BVPS UFSAR UNIT 1**

<u>Section</u>	Title	<u>Page</u>
2.2	METEOROLOGY AND CLIMATOLOGY	2.2-1
2.2.1	Summary	2.2-1
2.2.2	Descriptive Climatology	2.2-1
2.2.2.1	Climatic Summary	2.2-1
2.2.2.2	Topographic Factors	2.2-1
2.2.2.3	Climatological Averages	2.2-2
2.2.2.4	Climatological Extremes	2.2-2
2.2.2.5	Severe Weather Phenomena	2.2-2
2.2.3	Onsite Meteorological Monitoring Program	2.2-4
2.2.4	DBA Meteorology	2.2-4
2.2.4.1	Main Control Room Short-Term	
	Diffusion Estimates	2.2-7
2.2.5	Annual Average Release Meteorology	2.2-10
2.3	HYDROLOGY	2.3-1
2.3.1	Surface Water Hydrology	2.3-1
2.3.1.1	River Flow	2.3-1
2.3.1.2	River Stage	2.3-1
2.3.2	Groundwater Hydrology	2.3-1
2.3.2.1	Description and Onsite Conditions	2.3-1
2.3.2.1.1	Aquifers	2.3-1
2.3.2.1.2	Site Condition	2.3-2
2.3.2.2	Usage	2.3-3
2.3.2.3	Accidental Effects	2.3-4
2.3.2.4	Monitoring	2.3-4
2.3.3	Floods and Dam Failure Upstream	2.3-4
2.3.4	Failure of Downstream Dam Gates	
	and Low Flow	2.3-5
2.3.5	Environmental Acceptance of Effluents	2.3-6
2.3.6	Factors Affecting PMF Analysis	2.3-6
2.3.7	Seismically-Induced Flood Potential	2.3-7
2.3.7.1	Conemaugh Dam Significance	2.3-14
2.3.7.2	Concurrent Dam Failure	2.3-15
2.3.8	Wind-Generated Waves Concurrent	
	With Floods	2.3-15
2.3.8.1	Characteristics of Waves on a River	2.3-16
2.3.8.2	Computation of Wave Parameters for	0 0 4 0
2202	Computation of Waya Foress on a	2.3-10
2.3.0.3	Vertical Wall	2 3-20
2384	Evaluation	2.0.20
239	Potential Ice Jam Flooding or Blockage	2.3-20
2 3 10	Storm Drainage	2.0 21
2311	Low River Flow	2.0 22
<b>_</b> . <b>U</b> . I I		2.0-20
	ATTACHMENT "A" TO SECTION 2.3	
	ANALYSIS OF FLOOD HEIGHTS	
	OHIO RIVER AT SHIPPINGPORT, PA	2.3-28

I

Section	<u>Title</u>	Page
	ATTACHMENT "B" TO SECTION 2.3 CORPS OF ENGINEERS LETTER DATED AUGUST 26, 1969	2.3-38
	ATTACHMENT "C" TO SECTION 2.3 CORPS OF ENGINEERS LETTER DATED MARCH 29, 1973	2.3-39
	ATTACHMENT "D" TO SECTION 2.3 DUQUESNE LIGHT COMPANY LETTER DATED OCTOBER 2, 1973	2.3-40
	ATTACHMENT "E" TO SECTION 2.3 CORPS OF ENGINEERS LETTER DATED NOVEMBER 1, 1973	2.3-42
	ATTACHMENT "F" TO SECTION 2.3 ICE JAM POTENTIAL - INFORMATION FROM THE PITTSBURGH DISTRICT, U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS, 1973	2.3-45
2.4	GEOLOGY	2.4-1
2.5 2.5.1 2.5.2 2.5.3 2.5.3.1 2.5.3.2	<u>SEISMOLOGY</u> <u>Seismicity</u> <u>Amplification Through Overburden</u> <u>Seismic Design</u> Factors Affecting Spring Constant and Mass Factors Affecting Observed Data	2.5-1 2.5-1 2.5-1 2.5-3 2.5-5 2.5-6
2.6 2.6.1 2.6.2 2.6.2.1 2.6.2.2 2.6.2.3 2.6.3 2.6.3.1 2.6.3.2 2.6.3.3 2.6.4 2.6.4.1 2.6.4.2 2.6.4.3 2.6.4.4	SOIL MECHANICS <u>Site Conditions</u> <u>Subsurface Conditions</u> High Terrace Intermediate Terrace Low Terrace <u>Foundation Design</u> Foundations Settlement of Structures Bearing Values <u>Effects of Dynamic Loading</u> General Liquefaction Potential Relative Displacements Letaral Soil Loade on Structures	2.6-1 2.6-1 2.6-1 2.6-2 2.6-3 2.6-3 2.6-3 2.6-3 2.6-4 2.6-6 2.6-7 2.6-7 2.6-7 2.6-7 2.6-13
2.6.4.4 2.6.4.5 2.6.5 2.6.6	Lateral Soil Loads on Structures Below Grade Slope Stability Analyses <u>Placement of Structural Fills</u> <u>Summary</u>	2.6-14 2.6-15 2.6-16 2.6-16

Section	Title	<u>Page</u>
2.7	SITE DESIGN DATA	2.7-1
2.7.1	Wind Loading	2.7-1
2.7.1.1	Seismic Category I Structures	2.7-1
2.7.1.2	Other Structures	2.7-2
2.7.2	Tornado Model	2.7-2
2.7.2.1	Design Loading	2.7-3
2.7.2.2	Structures and Systems Requiring	
	Protection	2.7-5
2723	Tornado Missile Barriers	2 7-8
273	Flood-Water Loading	27-8
2731	General	2 7-8
2732	Structures and Systems Design	2.7 0
2.1.0.2	Against Flood Water Effects	2 7-9
27321	Reactor Containment	2.7.0
2.7.3.2.1		2.7-5
2.1.3.2.2	Turbino Duilding	2.7-9
2.7.3.2.3	Flootrical Cable Protection	2.7-11
2.7.3.2.4	Citical Caple Protection	2.7-11
2.7.3.2.5	Other Plant Areas and Equipment	2.7-12
2.7.4	Solis Design Loading	2.7-14
2.7.5	Site Design Considerations for Essential	0 7 4 5
	Lines	2.7-15
28	ENVIRONMENTAL RADIOLOGICAL MONITORING	
2.0	PROGRAM	2 8-1
281	Technical Discussion	2.01
2.0.1	Preoperational Surveillance	2.0-1
2.0.2	<u>Cherational Surveillance</u>	2.0-1
2.0.5	Operational Surveillance	2.0-2
2A	THE METEOROLOGICAL PROGRAM	2A-1
2A.1	Appendix 2A.1	
	FIRST ANNUAL REPORT - THE METEOROLOGICAL	
	PROGRAM AT THE BEAVER VALLEY POWER	
	STATION	2A 1-1
2A 2	Appendix 2A 2	
_,	SECOND ANNUAL REPORT - THE METEOROLOGICAL	
	PROGRAM AT THE BEAVER VALLEY POWER	
	STATION	2∆ 2 <sub>-</sub> 1
24 3	ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE BEAVER VALLEY	∠∩.∠-⊺
24.5		
		2 A 2i
20	Annondiy 2D	2A.31
ZD		2D 1
20	GEOLOGICAL CONSIDERATIONS	2D-1
20		00.4
20	SEISMIULLY ANALYSIS	20-1
ZD		
	EFFECTS OF LOCAL SOIL CONDITIONS UPON	05 í
	SEISMIC THREAT TO BVPS	2D-1

<u>Section</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Page</u>
2E	Appendix 2E REPORT ON SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS -	
05		2E-1
ZF	BORING LOGS AND CALCULATION SHEETS	2F-iv
2G	Appendix 2G	
	SEISMIC VELOCITY MEASUREMENTS	2G-1
2H	Appendix 2H	
	ADDITIONAL BORING AND SOIL TEST DATA	2H-i

## LIST OF TABLES

Table	Title
2.1-1	Distance and Direction from Reactor to Population Centers Having More Than About 20,000 Inhabitants and Located within 50 Miles of the Site
2.1-2	Local Population Distribution
2.1-3	Public Facilities and Institutions in the Vicinity of Beaver Valley Power Station
2.1-4	Major Employers in the Vicinity of the Beaver Valley Power Station
2.1-5	Statistics for Manufacturing Industries Beaver County, 1969
2.1-6	Southwestern Pennsylvania Provisional Employment Forecast
2.1-7	Airports in Vicinity of Beaver Valley Power Station
2.1-8	Beaver County Agricultural Data
2.1-9a	Principal Agricultural Products in 1969
2.1-9b	Principal Agricultural Products in 1969
2.1-10	Fish Population, Ohio River, at Montgomery Lock and Dam (Mile Point 31.7) for September 19, 1968
2.1-11	Fishing Areas in Vicinity of Beaver Valley Power Station
2.1-12	Downstream Potable Water Intakes
2.1-13	Area Population 1970 With 1980, 1990, 2000, 2010 and 2020 Projections
2.1-14	Standard Gas Basis
2.1-15	Pipeline Leakage Detection and Isolation
2.1-16	Materials Utilizing Crude Oil as the Design Fluid

## LIST OF TABLES (CONT'D)

<u>Table</u>	Title
2.1-17	Peak "Side-On" Overpressures and Dynamic Pressures
2.2-1	Climatological Averages
2.2-2	Climatological Extremes (1870 - 1967)
2.2-3	Extreme Mile Winds
2.2-4	Joint Frequency Data
2.2-5	Design Basis Accident and Extended Release Meteorological Conditions
2.2-6	Average Monthly Relative Humidity and Absolute Humidity at Beaver Valley, Based On September 6, 1970 - September 5, 1972 Data
2.2-7	X/Q (sec/m <sup>3</sup> ) for 158 Meter Release - Based on the Joint Frequency of Bendix-Friez 150 Foot Wind Data and $\Delta T$ (150'-50') Temperature Data for the period September 5, 1970 - September 4, 1971
2.2-8	X/Q (sec/m <sup>3</sup> ) at the Outer Boundary of the Low Population Zone (3.6 Miles - 5,794 Meters) for a Ground Level Release Based on The Joint Frequency of Packard Bell 50 Foot Wind Data and $\Delta T$ (150'-50') Temperature Data for the Period September 5, 1970 - September 4, 1971
2.2-9	Annual Average Atmospheric Diffusion Factors (X/Q) for a 158 Meter Release for 16 Radial Sectors to 50 Miles (Using Site Meteorological Data)
2.2-10	Annual Average Atmospheric Diffusion Factors (X/Q) for a Ground Level Release for 16 Radial Sectors to 50 Miles (Using Site Meteorological Data)
2.2-11	Design Basis LOCA X/Q Values
2.2-11a	0.5% Accident Analysis 0- to 2-Hour X/Q Values at the Exclusion Area Boundary (1/1/86 - 12/31/95)
2.2-11b	0.5% Accident Analysis X/Q Values for Various Time Periods at the Low Population Zone Boundary (1/1/86 - 12/31/95)
2.2-12	(Deleted)
2.2-12A	BVPS-1 On-Site Atmospheric Dispersion Factors (sec/m <sup>3</sup> ) - ARCON96 Methodology
2.2-12B	BVPS-2 On-Site Atmospheric Dispersion Factors (sec/m <sup>3</sup> ) - ARCON96 Methodology

## LIST OF TABLES (CONT'D)

<u>Table</u>	Title
2.3-1	Drainage Area Values
2.3-2	Hourly Unit Hydrographic Values and Muskingum Routing Coefficients
2.3-3	Distances from Shippingport to Dam Sites
2.3-4	Flood Forecasting for Dashields Beginning on October 15, 1954
2.3-5	Dams Above BVPS Site - Pertinent Data
2.3-6	Analysis of Liquefaction Potential Kinzua Dam Abutment Section
2.3-7	Ratios Between the Heights, Lengths and Steepness of Waves and in Current of Different Relative Velocities.
2.6-1	Number of Cycles in which Acceleration Equals or Exceeds One-half the Peak Acceleration for Direction Recorded
2.6-2	Relative Densities and Related Soil Properties for Soils Underlying Beaver Valley Power Station Site Vibratory Compaction Tests at 1 psi for 8 min.
2.6-3	Results of Stability Analyses for Natural and Design Conditions
2.7-1	Additive Building Loading
2.8-1	Pre-operational Environmental Radiological Monitoring Program for the Beaver Valley Power Station

## LIST OF FIGURES

Figure	Title
2.1-1	General Site Location
2.1-2	Aerial Photograph
2.1-3	Local Site Topography
2.1-4	Population Distribution 0-5 Miles
2.1-5	Population Distribution 5-50 Miles
2.1-6	Area Highway Map
2.1-7	(Deleted)
2.1-8	Ohio River - Normal River Channel, Sheet 1
2.1-9	Ohio River - Normal River Channel, Sheet 2
2.1-10	Ohio River - Normal River Channel, Sheet 3
2.1-11	Ohio River - Normal River Channel, Sheet 4
2.1-12	Pipeline Location
2.1-13	(Deleted)
2.1-14	Barge Impact Criteria
2.2-1	Topographic Cross Section - Sheet 1
2.2-2	Topographic Cross Section - Sheet 2
2.2-3	Topographic Cross Section - Sheet 3
2.2-4	Topographic Cross Section - Sheet 4
2.2-5	Topographic Cross Section - Sheet 5
2.2-6	Topographic Cross Section - Sheet 6
2.2-7	Topographic Cross Section - Sheet 7
2.2-8	Topographic Cross Section - Sheet 8
2.2-9	Freezing Precipitation Frequency
2.2-10	Average Annual X/Q (Sec/M <sup>3</sup> ) at Beaver Valley Ground Level Release (Based on 9/6/70 - 9/5/71 Data)

<u>Figure</u>	Title
2.3-1	Drought Frequency
2.3-2	Flow-Stage Relation at Site Ohio River - 34.8
2.3-3	Regional Groundwater Map
2.3-4	Pittsburgh District Unit Areas and Routing Reaches
2.3-5	Index Map Flood Control Projects
2.3-6	Ohio River at Shippingport Intake Cross Section
2.3-7	Ohio River Topography (Mile 30.9 to Mile 53.7) Sheet 1
2.3-8	Ohio River Topography (Mile 30.9 to Mile 53.7) Sheet 2
2.3-9	Ohio River Topography (Mile 30.9 to Mile 53.7) Sheet 3
2.3-10	Ohio River Topography (Mile 30.9 to Mile 53.7) Sheet 4
2.3-11	Ohio River Topography (Mile 30.9 to Mile 53.7) Sheet 5
2.3-12	Oio River Topography (Mile 30.9 to Mile 53.7) Sheet 6
2.3-13	Ohio River Topography (Mile 30.9 to Mile 53.7) Sheet 7
2.3-14	Historic High Water Marks
2.3-15	Precipitation vs. Excess
2.3-16	Rainfall Duration vs. Infiltration
2.3-17	Ohio River Profiles for PMF and SPF
2.3-18	Ohio River at Dashields Locks and Dam Comparison of Actual and Reproduced October 1954 Floods
2.3-19	Kinzua Dam - Typical Cross Section
2.3-20	Horizontal Acceleration of Slide Block vs. Factor of Safety

<u>Figure</u>	Title
2.3-21	Relative Density from Standard Penetration Tests
2.3-22	River Configuration Wind Wave Study
2.3-23	Fetch Graph
2.3-24	Rainfall Intensity - Duration Frequency Curves
2.3-25	Site Drainage and Topographical Features
2.5-1	Response Spectra DBE
2.5-2	Response Spectra OBE
2.5-3	Shear Moduli
2.5-4	Response Spectra 0.125g DBE (Based on Soil-Structure Interaction Methodology)
2.5-5	Response Spectra 0.06g OBE (Based on Soil-Structure Interaction Methodology)
2.6-1	Boring Location Plan
2.6-2	Log of Boring 101
2.6-3	Typical Subsurface Section
2.6-4	Standard Penetration Test Results - High Terrace
2.6-5	Recorded Settlements of Turbine Room in the Shippingport Atomic Power Station
2.6-6	Modulus of Foundation Deformation
2.6-7	Shear Stress in Soil for Design Earthquake
2.6-8	Variation of Alpha with Depth
2.6-9	Dynamic Triaxial Test Data
2.6-10	Correlation of Blow Count and Relative Density for Sand and Gravel
2.6-11	Correlation of Blow Count and Relative Density for Intermediate Bench
2.6-12	Correlation of Blow Count and Relative Density for Low Level Bench

Rev. 19

Figure	<u>Title</u>
2.6-13	Relative Density from Standard Penetration Tests along Circulating Water Lines after Densification
2.6-14	Total Relative Displacement in Inches for Design Basis Earthquake
2.6-15	Soil Profile Turbine, Service and Containment Buildings
2.6-16	Soil Profile Decontamination, Fuel, Primary Auxiliary, Control and Turbine Buildings
2.6-17	Soil Profile Containment, Decontamination and Fuel Buildings
2.6-18	Soil Profile - Along River Water Pipelines
2.7-1	Typical Section Showing Excavation and Compacted Fill
2.7-2	Ground Level Pressure Variation
2.7-3	Pressure Distribution Base
2.7-4	Pressure Distribution Design
2.7-5	Typical Details for Removable Slab Covers and Plugs
2.7-6	Typical Detail Block Wall
2.7-7	Intake Structures Plans and Elevations
2.7-8	Intake Structure Wall Section Detail
2.7-9	Station Arrangement Elevation 713' - 6"
2.7-10	Electrical Ductlines, Sheet 1
2.7-11	Electrical Ductlines, Sheet 2
2.7-12	Electrical Ductlines, Sheet 3
2.7-13	Conduit Plan Electrical Tunnel, Elevation 720'-0, Sheet 5
2.7-14	Conduit Sleeves and Openings - Service Building
2.7-15	Waterproofing Plates - Service Building

<u>Figure</u>	Title
2.7-16	Cable Bus - Installation Details
2.7-17	Penetration Seals Elevation 713' - 6"
2.7-18	Penetration Seals Elevation 735' - 6"
2.7-19	Penetration Seals - Cooling Tower, Pump House and Intake Structure
2.7-20	Conduit Plan - Auxiliary Building
2.7-21	Conduit Sleeves and Openings - Auxiliary Building
2.7-22	Essential Lines Passing Between Category I Structures, Sheet 1
2.7-23	Essential Lines Passing Between Category I Structures, Sheet 2
2.7-24	Essential Lines Passing Between Category I Structures, Sheet 3
2.7-25	Essential Lines Passing Between Category I Structures, Sheet 4

#### SECTION 2

#### SITE

This chapter primarily describes the site characteristics for the Beaver Valley Power Station as they existed when the facility was licensed. As such, current site characteristics may not agree with these descriptions. The site characteristics described here include description and demography, meteorology and climatology, hydrology, geology, seismology, soil mechanics, site structure design data, and environmental radiological monitoring program. This information was gathered to support or develop the original plant design bases. Chapter 2 also contains evaluations of these site characteristics demonstrating how applicable siting criteria were met at the time of original licensing of the facility. This information was accurate at the time the plant was originally licensed, but is considered historical and is not intended or expected to be updated for the life of the plant.

In the past, minor changes to site characteristics have been incorporated into Chapter 2. While updates were not required, these changes have not been removed. Therefore, some parts of this chapter reflect more recent information.

#### 2.1 DESCRIPTION AND DEMOGRAPHY

## 2.1.1 Location and Description<sup>(1)</sup>

The Beaver Valley Power Station Unit No. 1 (BVPS-1) is located in Shippingport Borough, Beaver County, Pennsylvania, on the south bank of the Ohio River. The site is approximately one mile from Midland, Pennsylvania, five miles from East Liverpool, Ohio, and approximately 25 miles from Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. The coordinates are 40°37' 18" north and 80°26' 2" west. The Universal Transverse Mercator coordinates are 547,900 meters east and 4,496,680 meters north. Figure 2.1-1 shows the general site location out to a radius of 200 miles.

The site comprises approximately 453 acres including 26 acres of right of way. Also on the site and immediately to the west of the reactor location is the former site of Shippingport Atomic Power Station (SAPS) which was managed by Duquesne Light Company for the Department of Energy (DOE). The SAPS terminated operations October 1, 1982, and was dismantled by the USDOE. Immediately to the east of the BVPS-1 reactor location, and also onsite is the Beaver Valley Power Station Unit 2 (BVPS-2). Figure 2.1-2 is an aerial photograph of the Beaver Valley Power Station site. Local site topography, site boundary and exclusion radii are shown in Figure 2.1-3.

The Pennsylvania Department of Transportation has a right-of-way across the easterly end of the property on which is constructed a portion of Route 168 including the southerly approach to the Shippingport Bridge.

The site area and adjacent Ohio River provide a minimum exclusion radius of 2,000 ft. The property boundaries also define the nearest approach to the reactor upon which the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual limits on gaseous effluents are based. Gaseous releases will occur at the BVPS-1 primary auxiliary building, containment building, and at the BVPS-1 cooling tower. The shortest distance to the site boundary from the containment building is 2,000 ft to the northeast and from the cooling tower is 1,380 ft to the east-northeast. The nearest occupied residence is approximately 2,100 ft from the reactor location.

Phillis Island lies approximately 400 ft off the shoreline of the site. The previous owner of the island, Dravo Corporation, agreed in 1955 not to use or permit the use of the land for any structure, place or area where the public at large can assemble. This agreement was binding on Dravo Corporation and any future purchaser or lessee until March, 1994. A new agreement, extending the expiration date to 2010 and further delineating the uses which can be made of the island, has been negotiated. Phillis Island was sold to the United States of America in 1990 and through the purchase agreement is bound by the uses which can be made of the island as described in the previous agreement.

The Freeport Development Corporation purchased approximately 46 acres from DLC in 1995. This land, located along the southern site boundary, includes 7.4 acres which are within the 2000-foot exclusion area boundary. A legal agreement binding on Freeport Development Corporation as on any future purchaser or lessee delineates and restricts the uses which can be made of the land.

The site boundary is shown in Figure 2.1-3. Within the site boundary are restricted areas which are areas to which access is limited for the purpose of controlling exposure to radiation and radioactive material. A description of restricted area locations can be found in radiation protection procedures.

Periodic monitoring of external dose rate levels and environmental sampling in the area adjacent to the river's edge and around the perimeter of the restricted area are included as part of the surveillance program (see Section 2.8).

Gaseous releases from BVPS-1 will occur at the containment building, cooling tower, and auxiliary building. With the exception of the northeast corner of the site, near the center of which the station is located, the site area is very hilly. It rises from the river, which has a normal pool EI. 664.5 ft above mean sea level (MSL), to a maximum EI. 1160 ft above MSL. Prior to grading, the station location consisted primarily of three terraces: a high level terrace at EI. 735 ft on which the reactor containment is located, an intermediate terrace at approximately EI. 690 ft, and a low level terrace at EI. 675 ft. Site filling has been done to provide a bench at EI. 707 ft riverward of the station on which the transformers are placed. Site drainage is primarily to the river, but with some drainage in the northeast portion of the site to Peggs Run, a small stream which enters the river at a point just west of Route 168.

### 2.1.2 Population

The distance and direction to population centers that have more than approximately 20,000 inhabitants and are located within 50 miles of the site are listed in Table 2.1-1. The nearest such population center is East Liverpool, Ohio, with a population in 1970 of 20,020. The population of East Liverpool, and the majority of the other population centers in this area, decreased between the 1960 census and 1970 census primarily because the lack of industrial diversification resulted in a decrease in employment opportunities as the number of employees required in the basic iron and steel industry declined. This decreasing trend is expected to level off in the near future and then employment is projected to gradually increase as more emphasis is placed on nonmanufacturing activities such as trade and services<sup>(2)</sup>. It is therefore possible that the population of East Liverpool might, before the end of the plant life, increase to more than 25,000 and, thereby, meet the criterion for population center as defined in 10 CFR 100.3; hence, East Liverpool is conservatively taken to be the population center.

The nearest boundary of East Liverpool is approximately 4.7 miles west northwest of the reactor location. 10CFR100.11 requires that the population center distance be at least 1 1/3 times the distance from the reactor to the outer boundary of the low population zone (LPZ). From this develops the requirement that the outer boundary of the low population zone must be no greater than approximately 3.6 miles, which is the distance taken for the LPZ.

It should be noted, however, that 10CFR100 defines an LPZ on the basis of a minimum distance at which certain dose level would be obtained under postulated accident conditions. Rigorous interpretation of 10CFR100 gives an LPZ less than the 2,000 ft exclusion boundary.

The approximate distribution of the 1970 population based on census reports, topographic maps, aerial photographs, and field observation is shown in Figure 2.1-4, for 16 directional sectors and radial distances of 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 miles from the station. Incremental and cumulative populations at these distances are listed in Table 2.1-2. Seasonal fluctuations in population are negligible, since there are no parks or recreation areas within five miles of the station. Daily fluctuations in population are also insignificant in this area since the large industries are on three shifts per day and a majority of the employees live close to their jobs.

Of the approximately 18,000 persons included within the 5 mile radius, 5,270 live within the Borough of Midland centered approximately 1 1/2 miles to the northwest of the site. The population of this Borough remained virtually constant at about 6,400 from 1940 to 1960. Since 1960, the population has decreased. Although there have been some local increases in population within the 5 mile radius, primarily in the rural areas above the Ohio River Valley, the overall growth rate is estimated to be less than 1 percent per year.

Table 2.1-13 provides the population distribution within 50 miles of BVPS-1 for 16 compass directions. The 1970 population is given along with projected population for each decade ending with an estimate for the year 2020.

The 1970 population data within 5 miles, as stated previously, is based on census reports, topographic maps, aerial photographs, and field observation.

Beyond the 5 mile radius, population estimates were based on 1970 census data<sup>(12)</sup> and the corresponding State maps, account being taken of the population estimated to be within 5 miles of the site. From the census map, it was determined which census units were within a given area and their corresponding fractions within that area. It was assumed that the population within each such unit was uniformly distributed.

Population projections for the years 1980, 1990, 2000, 2010, and 2020 are based on corresponding projections for the counties of three States concerned. It was assumed that each component or fraction of a county had the same decennial rate of growth as that for the county as a whole.

The projections for Pennsylvania counties were obtained from the Department of Development, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania. Those for Ohio counties were obtained from the State of Ohio, Department of Development. The West Virginia counties were obtained from the Department of Sociology, West Virginia University. In all three states, only projections from 1970 to 1985 were available. Five year growth rates were determined from 1970 to 1975, 1975 to 1980, and 1980 to 1985. A decennial rate of growth was determined from this and applied to the actual 1970 population and each succeeding decade for that County.

The total population of Beaver County was approximately 207,000 in 1960 and 208,400 in 1970. A study prepared in 1970 by the Pennsylvania State Planning Board<sup>(6)</sup>, before the 1970 census data was available, projected a slight decrease in the population of Beaver County between 1960 and 1970 and then an increase to a population of 220,000 in 1990. The final 1970 count indicates that the State Planning Board was conservative in its estimates. The comprehensive economic studies carried out by the Southwestern Pennsylvania Regional Planning Commission (SPRPC)<sup>(5)</sup> forecasts a continuing increase in the regional population through the year 2000 with a growth rate of approximately 1.0 percent per year. The population growth in Beaver County is expected to be in the suburban areas in the eastern and central part of the county, largely as a result of new highway development; the growth in the vicinity of the site is expected to be very slight.

Figure 2.1-5 shows the 1960 and 1970 censuses and the projected 1990 population in 8 directional sectors out to a 50-mile radial distance from the station. The 1990 projections are based on population trends observed in the 1940 to 1970 period and on State and regional population forecast studies<sup>(6)(7)(8)</sup> for the counties within the area of interest. The City of Pittsburgh and the other major population centers showed a decrease in population between 1960 and 1970. Increases were registered in the suburban areas surrounding the cities, but the overall trend was for a slight decrease in the regional population.

Major public facilities in the vicinity of the site are presented in Table 2.1-3. The only large public facilities within five miles of the site are schools. The effect of the public facilities on population distribution is negligible. These facilities are utilized by the local population. The effect of these facilities, such as schools, is to temporarily concentrate the distributed population. Parks near the site are listed in Table 2.1-3. The largest park is Raccoon State Park, eight miles south of BVPS-1. In 1970, total attendance at the park was 480,000 people.<sup>(9)</sup>

### 2.1.3 Land and Water Use

BVPS-1 is situated in an area characterized by the sharp contrast in land use between the river valley area transversing the region, and the inland countryside. The Ohio River Valley can be described as being a highly industrialized area in comparison to the inland areas which can be best described as being rural in character.

### 2.1.3.1 Industry

The general area in which BVPS-1 is located is part of the large Pittsburgh industrial complex, which is centered about the City of Pittsburgh. The combination of available raw materials, product markets and transportation facilities led to the development of the region as a major industrial center with the manufacturing of iron and steel being the most important factor in the region's economy. The heavy industries have settled, for the most part, on the flat shelves of land adjacent to the rivers. The steep slopes of the river valley have, for the most part, contained industry close to the banks of the river. This led to the development of the river mill town. The railroads also located next to the river and the commercial and residential areas, restricted by the topography of the river valley, stretched out in a linear pattern along the river.

In Beaver County, 67 percent of the total industrial labor force is employed in the primary metals group - blast furnaces, steelworks and rolling mills. The second largest industry, with 11 percent of the labor force, is the fabricated metal products group, especially fabricated structural steel. The electrical equipment industry employs eight percent of the labor force, while the stone, clay, glass, and concrete industries employ four percent. The other major industrial activity is the chemical group which employ three percent of the labor force.

The industrial giant in the region, and by far the largest employer with close to 12,000 employees, is the Jones & Laughlin Steel Corporation in Aliquippa, about ten miles east of the Beaver Valley site. The world's largest electrically controlled railroad classification yard is located at Conway, across the river from Monaca. The Shippingport Atomic Power Station (now decommissioned), operated by the Duquesne Light Company, adjacent to the Beaver Valley Power Station, was the United States' first commercial nuclear power station. The nearest industrial activity to the site is the steel mill complex located in Midland, between one and two miles northwest of the site, where over 6,000 persons are employed. There is one industrial operation located in Shippingport Borough. It is a coal mining company, employing 60 people, which operates a deep mine and coal washing facilities located about one mile southwest of the entrance of the site.

The urban complex of East Liverpool, Ohio, including Chester and Newell, West Virginia, begins about five miles west of the site and stretches for several miles down the Ohio River. The East Liverpool area industrial base is dependent on pottery and steel for most of its employment. At one time, East Liverpool was known as the pottery center of the world, but foreign competition and the use of plastic materials for tableware has resulted in a decline in the pottery industry.

Table 2.1-4 lists the major employers in the area surrounding the site, while Table 2.1-5 shows statistical data for manufacturing industries in Beaver County.

Mineral resources including coal, clay, gas, oil, sand, and gravel are found in the region surrounding the site. Bituminous coal is the most important mineral being extracted and coal reserves are considered to be extensive. However, relatively few workers are engaged in mining operations and the employment forecast is for a decline in mining employment as the use of automated mining techniques increases. In Beaver County, deep mining is the predominant method for getting the coal out of the ground, although extensive areas of strip mining are found within the region especially in northern Beaver County and in northern Washington County.

The total number of persons employed in southwestern Pennsylvania is projected to increase 42 percent by the year 2000 according to a study prepared by the Southwestern Pennsylvania Regional Planning Commission (SPRPC). However, not all industry groups will experience this growth. Historically, the southwestern Pennsylvania region has been a heavy industry center dominated by the manufacture of iron and steel. The employment forecast for the region, shown in Table 2.1-6 indicates that in the manufacturing category employment gains in fabricated metals, machinery and transportation equipment will be offset by declines in basic steel production and in the stone, clay, and glass industries. The net result will be a stabilization or even a slight decrease in the number of persons employed in manufacturing production jobs. Employment statistics for the southwestern Pennsylvania region show that this trend has been in effect for the past several years. Factors contributing to this trend have been the increased use of automation, foreign competition, dispersion of markets and the development of steel making capacity in other areas of the country. While employment has decreased in the basic

steel industry, the productivity per worker has increased as well as wages and salaries and the value of production.

Employment in the non-manufacturing jobs is projected to grow by almost 70 percent in the next three decades. As shown in Table 2.1-6, the largest growth will occur in services and government.

Storage tank facilities for gasoline and oil are mostly located along the river. The closest oil tanks are in Midland, Pa. directly across the river from the site.

Industrial plants near the site store relatively small quantities of toxic gases such as chlorine. The Midland Water Treatment Plant utilizes chlorine. No significant quantities of propane or LPG are stored within five miles of the site.

Up to 1 ton of explosives may be stored by the Peggs Run Coal Company. This supply is replenished about every three weeks. The coal mine is an active project. Dynamite is shipped by a 3/4 ton pickup truck or a small van from the Austin Powder Company in Evans City, Pa., via Route 168. The Peggs Run Coal Company is about one mile southwest of the site and is shielded by the large hill to the south of the site.

#### 2.1.3.2 Transportation

The region is served by five transportation systems: waterways, railroads, highways, air and pipelines.

The first major transportation system was the rivers. The early economic growth and pattern of development of the region was inextricably tied to the rivers. After 1860, the rivers gradually diminished in importance as a transportation system and the railroads became the primary carriers of industrial materials. However, advances in technology such as, first, steam, and then, diesel power plus a program of building locks and dams to improve navigation led to a revival in river traffic. In 1910 the volume of goods hauled on the rivers was only 7 percent of the combined river and railroad traffic but by 1969 had risen to close to 40 percent. In 1960 the tonnage of freight handled on the upper Ohio River was 22 million tons. By 1969 the tonnage had risen to 33 million tons. The locks at Montgomery Dam, located three miles upriver from the site, recorded 6,574 commercial lockages for 1970. The commodities shipped on the waterways include coal, coke, petroleum, sand and gravel, steel products and chemicals. A map showing the normal river channel used for barge traffic is shown on the U.S. Army Engineer District Charts, Figures 2.1-8, 2.1-9, 2.1-10, and 2.1-11.

The bulk of industrial materials are transported by the railroads. The placement of the rail lines was governed by the topography. Because the railroads needed level and continuous corridors, they followed essentially the same courses as the rivers and streams. One of the first rail lines in the region ran from Pittsburgh up the eastern bank of the Beaver River to the Great Lakes region. That line is one of the main Penn Central lines. The world's largest electrically controlled railroad switching yards, capable of handling 10,000 cars per day, is located on this line at Conway about ten miles east of the site. Another heavily traveled Penn Central line follows the north bank of the Ohio across the river from the station site. There is also a Penn Central right-of-way on the site. This line is of minor importance since the line is controlled by the licensee and its use is limited to the servicing of the Beaver Valley Power Station. The railroad west of the site has been abandoned by the Penn Central Railroad. There are no

through shipments. The railroad siding is leased by the licensee and serves only the site. The railroad on the north side of the Ohio River is approximately 1,200 ft from the site.

The type of quantity of toxic gases that may be transported within one mile of the plant site was not determined at the time of the pre-operational phase investigation because of data availability limitations. Sources consulted in an attempt to secure this information include:

- 1. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Boston Office
- 2. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Philadelphia Office
- 3. Interstate Commerce Commission Philadelphia Office
- 4. Interstate Commerce Commission Washington, D.C. Office
- 5. U.S. Department of Transportation, Office of Hazardous Materials
- 6. U.S. Department of Transportation, Harrisburg, Pa. Motor Transportation Dept.
- 7. U.S. Coast Guard Louisiana
- 8. Union Barge Lines Pittsburgh, Pa.

All nongovernment information available prior to the operations phase is included in the Attachment to Section 2.1.

In the event of transportation accident involving toxic gas, emergency air breathing apparatus is available to control room occupants. These precautions will help minimize the effects of the accident.

State Highway 68 provides the main access from the residential areas east of the site to the industrial complexes along the north bank of the Ohio River. State Highway 168 from the south follows roughly along the northeast and east corner of the site and, crossing the Shippingport Bridge, joins Highway 68 immediately across the river from the site. State Highway 18 provides additional access to the east of the site while U.S. Route 30 passes by three miles southwest of the site.

The nearest Interstate highway to the site is the Pennsylvania Turnpike (I-76) which runs through the northeastern section of Beaver County about 15 miles northeast of the site. Interstate 79 is located about 18 miles east of the site while Interstate 70 which goes through Wheeling, West Virginia, is about 30 miles to the south. Figure 2.1-6 shows the local area highway map.

The modern development of the local area as well as the region as a whole has been hampered by an outmoded highway system. The topography of the area and the location of the communities dictated that the early roads would be located in the river valleys. The intense industrial development and the high population density in the valleys resulted in increasingly congested conditions with the rapid growth in auto and truck traffic. The Beaver Valley Expressway (Route 60) which is presently open from Greater Pittsburgh Airport to 2.5 miles past Vanport, Pennsylvania, will help to alleviate this situation as it will provide the first fourlane, limited access highway between the industrial centers of Beaver County and Pittsburgh. The Expressway traverses north to south about six miles east of the site.

The most important airport in the region for passenger and freight service is the Greater Pittsburgh International Airport, located about 15 miles southeast of the site. Local airports in the vicinity of the station are given in Table 2.1-7. The airspace above BVPS-1 is in the direct path of the Victor 103 airway used by aircraft flying between 1,200 and 14,000 ft between Cleveland and Pittsburgh.

The area is also served by pipelines carrying natural gas and petroleum products. There are six pipelines crossing the site: One natural gas pipeline and five petroleum product pipelines.

The pipelines were completely relocated prior to the initial startup of BVPS-1 in 1976. Figure 2.1-12 indicates the current routing of the various oil and natural gas pipelines in the vicinity of BVPS-1.

All of the aforementioned pipelines are provided with a minimum earth cover of two feet of soil.

#### 2.1.3.3 Farming

The countryside inland from the river valley in the vicinity of BVPS-1 can be considered rural in character. Of the total land area of Beaver County (282,000 acres), 48 percent is forest and 29 percent is crop and pasture land.

Beaver County was never a major agricultural area even when compared to other counties in the region. Before the Industrial Revolution, farming provided sustenance for the early settlers leaving little surplus for sale or export. Most of the farms are located in the rolling hill country where the soil is thin and not as fertile as the bottomlands, but little farming is done in these fertile areas as the floodplains have been usurped for industrial, commercial and residential purposes. Beaver County is considered a semiagricultural area and farming is not of great economic importance. Less than one percent of the labor force is employed on farms and the wages and salaries received there from are about 0.08 percent of the total personal income in the county. Still, as shown in Table 2.1-8, Beaver County farms produced cash receipts in 1969 in excess of 4.5 million dollars. Dairy products ranked first and other livestock and poultry products ranked second in value. The number of farms is declining and in 1969, there were an estimated 750 farms in the county. Although there has been a modest gain in the value of farm production, the number of farms is expected to decline even further in the future as small, marginal farm operations are eliminated and the amount of farm land is reduced by urban The principal agricultural products grown or produced in Beaver County is expansion. presented in Table 2.1-9a and 2.1-9b.

The Ohio River is a major natural resource in this region. In addition to supplying water to industry and towns in the valley and transportation for bulk freight in and out of the region, it serves as a source of recreation for fisherman and boaters alike.

Pleasure boating takes place during the warm months of the year although access areas and marine facilities are limited along the stretch on the Ohio between Beaver, Pennsylvania and East Liverpool, Ohio. Montgomery Dam locks, 3 miles up river from the site, recorded 2,035 pleasure boat lockages in 1969; however there were undoubtedly a greater number of boats using the river during the year which did not use the locks. Although there is no extensive commercial fishing activity on the Ohio River, there is some sport fishing activity taking place on the Ohio River and other lakes and creeks in the area. This is indicated by the 14,059 fishing licenses sold in Beaver County during 1969. Studies of the fish population have shown that there are 19 species present in the river near the site<sup>(10)</sup>. Most of these, by weight or by number, are among the coarser varieties such as carp and catfish. Table 2.1-10 lists the FWQA unpublished data on a fish survey at the Montgomery Dam<sup>(10)</sup>.

Inspection of this table shows that carp make up over 67 percent of the sample with bullheads, channel catfish and gizzard shad representing approximately 25 percent. Gamefish species make up slightly more than five percent of the sample.

Other fishing areas within five miles of the site are listed in Table 2.1-11 including the species of fish found in these areas.

### 2.1.3.4 Military Installations

The nearest military installation is adjacent to the Greater Pittsburgh International Airport, about 15 miles southeast of the station.

#### 2.1.4 Potable Water Sources

The nearest user of the Ohio River as a potable water source is Midland Borough Municipal Water Authority. The intake of the water treatment plants is approximately 1.3 miles downstream and on the opposite side of the river from BVPS-1.

East Liverpool, Ohio and Chester, West Virginia are the next downstream users of the Ohio River as a potable water source. Table 2.1-12 presents the communities and the population served by municipal water treatment plants which use the Ohio River as their source of potable water. The heavy industries in Midland as well as others further downstream use river water for cooling purposes. Some of these plants also have private treatment facilities of plant sanitary water. Normal operation of BVPS-1 will have no adverse effect on these river water users.

There are also some 42 wells (principally drilled wells) within five miles of the plant<sup>(11)</sup>. The nearest wells are to the east in Shippingport Borough. Transport of radioactivity to ground water supplies is prevented by the site drainage to the Ohio River and by the general ground water flow which is also in the direction of the river.

### 2.1.5 <u>Toxic Substances</u>

Based on the 1972 edition of "Toxic Substances" issued by the U.S. Department of Health, Education and Welfare, the following toxic substances will be stored at the Beaver Valley plant site: hydrazine, morpholine, phosphate, boric acid, etc. If the toxic substances are released in an uncontrolled manner, neither the capacity nor location of any toxic substances would prevent or compromise the ability of the facility to shutdown in a safe manner and maintain a safe shutdown condition. Storage areas are located so that they do not compromise any safetyrelated equipment or the operator's environment in a safety-related area (i.e., the control room).

### 2.1.6 Stored Gases

Table 2.1-14 lists the vessels used for storage of pressurized gas at BVPS-1. The service operating, design and maximum pressure, location of vessel, and total energy stored are shown in the table.

All storage vessels, except for propane gas storage and air storage tanks for the diesel generator, are not located adjacent to equipment essential for maintaining a safe reactor shutdown.

Nitrogen makeup is provided by a tank truck supply located adjacent to the South Coolant Recovery Tank Cubicle (BR-TK-4B).

Missiles generated by the propane storage tanks and the air storage tanks in the diesel generator structure are discussed in Section 5.2.6.

All storage vessels have provisions for relief protection. This protection precludes any missiles generated from accidental rupture of tanks caused by overpressurization.

The vessels are protected from truck lanes or heavy vehicle traffic. No heavy loads are transported over vessel storage areas.

There are no exceptions or deviations taken to Occupational Health Administration OSHA 29 CFR 1910 Subpart H-Hazardous Material Sections 1910.101 Compressed Gases, 1910.103 Hydrogen and 1910.104 Oxygen, Subpart M-Compressed Gas and Compressed Air Equipment Section, 1910.166 Inspection of Compressed Gas Cylinder, 1910.167 Safety Relief Devices for Compressed Gas Cylinders, 1910.168 Safety Relief Devices for Cargo and Portable Tanks Storing Compressed Gases, 1910.169 Air Receivers.

## 2.1.7 Evaluation of Potential Accidents

The safety evaluations presented in Sections 2.1.7.1 through 2.1.7.11 are intended to show that the plant may be operated safely under the postulated occurrences. The safety evaluation will show that the source of water will withstand loss of safety function:

- 1. Any one of the most severe phenomena expected, taken individually
- 2. The site related events (e.g., transportation accident, river diversion) that historically have occurred or that may occur during the plant lifetime
- 3. A single failure of man-made structural features.

## 2.1.7.1 Potential Impact of Barges or Ice on the Intake Structure

The intake structure is not expected to be subjected to the type of collision damage that might occur as a result of a loose barge floating downstream during normal river flow at or near normal pool level. A barge floating downstream must avoid the state highway bridge abutment and supporting pier and the projection formed by an abandoned barge slip in order to impact on the intake structure when the pool level is within a range of EI. 664.5 ft to an approximate flood level of EI. 680 ft.

For higher flood levels when the south bank is flooded, together with accompanying storm conditions, barges may be postulated to break loose from tows and upstream moorings. Under such conditions, the impact of a single runaway barge may be assumed. The largest possible barge considered for maximum potential impact is the 55 ft by 300 ft jumbo cargo barge with a displacement of 3900 tons. This type is the largest transient barge passing the station at the present time. It is also the largest barge expected to be in this area during the lifetime of the station because of size limitations imposed by the dams and locks of the flood control system for the Ohio River<sup>(13)</sup>.

The characteristics of the postulated impact barges, velocity, elevation, and type of impact producing maximum damage to the structure, as well as other pertinent information and impact criteria, are given in Figure 2.1-14.

For the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF) with coincident wave action, the air ducts, (both the concrete air intake and portable metal exhaust duct) are designed to withstand the dynamic effects of the postulated dynamic wave loading given in Section 2.3.8. This loading is identified under Section 2.3.8.3 entitled "Computation of Wave Forces on a Vertical Wall."

Safety-related facilities at the intake structure such as the ventilation exhaust ducts will be protected against waterborne missiles in addition to the static and dynamic effects of wave action as further discussed in Section 2.3.8.

Portions of structures which are tornado missile protected were not considered in this analysis since the tornado missile is more limiting. Larger waterborne missiles are not considered since it is expected that they will not be carried by wave action above El. 730 ft.

The roof of the intake structure, two ft thick, is adequately reinforced to carry any surcharge added by the waves.

The impact of ice on the intake structure does not present a hazard to the safe operation of the plant. The size of ice blocks that have historically been observed is discussed in Section 2.3.9.

### 2.1.7.2 Accidental Release of Corrosive Liquids or Oil

The Department of Transportation computer printout of hazardous materials incidents in Pennsylvania, from January 1971 through August 1972, is included in the Attachment to Section 2.1. While no incidents are reported as happening at Shippingport, nor in the immediate area of Shippingport, some of the types of corrosive liquids that might be found in the river are: sulfuric acid, benzene, cleaning compound, xylene, hydrochloric acid, hydrogen peroxide, toluol, ammonium nitrate, and caustic soda. These corrosive liquids could come from a postulated barge, rail, or highway accident near the intake structure of the BVPS-1. The plant materials which would be exposed to transient concentrations of these liquids are: 90-10 copper nickel, stainless steel, carbon steel, bronze, and neoprene.

For calculation purposes, it is assumed that a slug of spilled soluble chemicals is formed in the river and that this slug does not contain significant concentration gradients. Plant components are assumed to be subjected to a transient homogeneous slug of corrosive liquid diluted by the intake water flow for one unit in operation.

It is postulated that, under worst conditions, the entire event will be limited to an exposure of plant components to any single corrosive which has a concentration equivalent to 50 gpm of the concentrated liquid mentioned above in 27,950 gpm of water. Furthermore, it is postulated that the maximum duration of exposure will be 200 minutes (3 hr 20 minutes). Under these postulated conditions, 10,000 gallons of the concentrated corrosive liquid will pass into the plant. The fluid temperature will vary between ambient and 130 F with an average temperature of 106 F.

Under these conditions, the concentrations of the specific corrosive chemicals will be:

1.	Hydrochloric Acid	0.088 weight percent chloride ion 748 ppm 0.024N
2.	Sulfuric Acid	0.326 weight percent 0.066N
3.	Sodium Hydroxide	0.066 weight percent 0.016M
4.	Ammonium Nitrate	0.059 weight percent 0.00737M
5.	Hydrogen Peroxide	0.059 weight percent 0.0173M

Xylene is less dense than water and insoluble. It will not enter the intake structure which is located 5 ft below the normal pool elevation.

Benzene and toluol are also less dense than water, but it is assumed that the intake structure might capture either substance to the limit of their solubilities which are:

- 1. Benzene 0.082 weight percent
- 2. Toluol 0.047 weight percent

Due to the low concentrations, temperature, and limited time of exposure, no measurable corrosion would be encountered by any of the components which would be exposed.

The accidental upstream release of oil does not present a hazard to the safe operation of the plant. Oil released from a postulated pipeline break, storage tank rupture, or barge spill will float on the surface of the water rather than enter the intake structure through the intakes which are 5 ft below the normal water surface. In addition, the river water pumps are submerged by 24 ft; the fire pumps are submerged by 21 ft; and the service water pumps are submerged by 23.5 ft. The depth of submergence alone makes it extremely improbable that oil would be drawn into the intake structure. In addition, the approach velocity is a maximum of about 0.2 fps as water passes under the curtain wall. The detection and isolation of the pipelines shown in Figure 2.1-12 is summarized in Table 2.1-15.

#### Thermal Hydraulic Considerations of Oil Ingestion

Oil ingestion is extremely unlikely from a subsurface oil line break. The closest subsurface oil line is the 10 inch Buckeye pipeline. This line is approximately 300 ft upstream of the intake structure. The oil pipeline will be isolated in one hour or less as described in Table 2.1-15. To evaluate the effects of pipeline failures, it was considered that 100 percent of the normal flow of the Buckeye pipeline, upstream 300 ft, is ingested for 1 hour.

The theoretical considerations are those of possibly increased component cooling heat exchanger tubeside fouling and reduced tubeside film heat transfer coefficient, and possibly reduced pumping flowrate. The normal flowrate of the Buckeye pipeline is 1,150 bbl per hr. If 100 percent of the flow from this postulated pipeline break went directly into the intake structure with zero dispersion, it would comprise 2.94 percent of the normal flow.

Fouling is a function of time, temperature, and velocity relationship. Since the water flow in the heat exchanger tubes has a sufficiently high design velocity and is being heated slightly while in the tubes, and since the incident under consideration is of such short duration, there will be no measurable change in the fouling resistance.

The small percentage of oil in the water (1 to 3 percent) will have no measurable effect on the physical properties of the cooling water. There would be no measurable change in the tubeside film heat transfer coefficient, or the pumping capacity of the service water pumps.

#### Material Consequences of Oil Ingestion Into River and Raw Water Systems

The materials selected for the river and raw water systems are: AL-6XN, 304 stainless steel, carbon steel, 90-10 copper nickel, bronze, and neoprene. With respect to corrosion, the material shown in Table 2.1-16 utilize crude oil as the design fluid.

The data presented in Table 2.1-16 represents corrosion rates experienced under conditions much more severe than is projected for the postulated accidents. Even under the more severe conditions, the reported corrosion rates demonstrate that plant safety would not be jeopardized since ingestion time is limited to one hour.

#### 2.1.7.3 Explosion of Chemicals, Flammable Gases, or Munitions

Explosions due to chemicals, flammable gases, or munitions may be assumed to occur in the normal river channel, along railroad rights-of-way, or along the State Highway. While the plant operating personnel have no control over the transportation of hazardous materials near the site, there are general rules and regulations governing the "Acceptance and Transportation of Hazardous Materials" and "Specifications for Shipping Containers", as discussed in the Attachment to Section 2.1. While these accidents could occur, the normal methods of handling and the normal distances from the plant mitigate the unlikely event of an explosion near the site. It is difficult to postulate an unlikely accident that generates a missile with greater kinetic energy than the design basis missile (a 35-foot utility pole traveling at 150 mph) near enough to any safety-related equipment to cause any significant damage as can be seen below:

Safety-Related Structure	Separation
Control Room	2,065 ft to Penn Central Rail- road Right-of- Way, 710 ft to Intake Structure
Intake Structure	800 ft to Ohio River channel, 1,355 ft to Penn Central Rail- road Right-of-Way, 1,170 ft to State Highway, Rt. 168
Auxiliary Building	1,250 ft to State Highway, Rt. 168.

#### Explosives Used in Coal Mines

The use of safety explosives<sup>(14)</sup> is almost universal in coal mining. High explosives are used only when great shattering effect is desired<sup>(14)</sup>. To be ultraconservative, it is assumed that the postulated one ton of explosives are high explosives. Examples of high explosives are TNT and dynamite. From the text and graphs of Reference 15, it appears that peak dynamic pressure will be much less than 0.1 psig. Therefore, no analysis of these negligible forces on plant structures is presented. Only very new, so-called "camper special" trucks in the 3/4 ton rating have a 9,000 lb gross vehicle weight (GVW) rating. Nearly all are 7,500 lb GVW. A recent 7,500 lb GVW rated 3/4 ton truck, stripped to as light a weight as possible (1 gallon of gas, no spare tire, and no bumpers) weighed 4,312 lb. In road trim, the truck weighed 4,570 lb. A 9,000 lb GVW rated truck will weigh more. However, the referenced 3/4 ton truck is hypothesized to carry 4,500 lb of high explosives such as TNT or dynamite.

TNT and dynamite are too insensitive to be detonated by means of impact, friction, or the brief application of heat<sup>(16)</sup>. Despite the existence of administrative procedures and regulations prohibiting simultaneous shipment in the same vehicle of initiators (e.g., blasting caps) and high explosives, the hypothesized accident involves the high order detonation of 4,500 lb of TNT on a plane, perfectly reflecting surface with a target 1,000 ft away. In accordance with Reference 20, a peak dynamic pressure of less than 0.1 psi, a peak overpressure of 1.0 psi under inversion conditions, and 0.4 psi under neutral conditions have been calculated. However, it is considered that the terrain effects are such that the peak overpressure will be, at most, 0.1 psi.

## Barge and Cargo Tank Combustion

The attachment to Section 2.1 gives the capacity of the largest liquid cargo tank barge as 907,000 gallons with a width of 50 ft and a length of 290 ft. Barges of this size have their holds divided into 12 to 24 compartments to reduce sloshing and cargo shifting<sup>(17)</sup>. For purposes of this evaluation, the number of subcompartments will be taken to be 12 instead of 24 so as to yield a final answer which will indicate a higher damage than will actually be the case. Thus, the volume containing a gas and air mixture used as basis for calculation for this evaluation will be taken as:

(2.1-1)

(907,000 gal)  $\left(\frac{1 \text{ ft}^3}{7.48 \text{ gallon}}\right) \left(\frac{1 \text{ barge}}{12 \text{ subcompartments}}\right) = 10^4 \text{ ft}^3$ 

U.S. motor gasolines have average values of Reid vapor pressure ranging from 8.9 to 11.9 psi<sup>(16)</sup>, which results in their Coast Guard classification as Grade B<sup>(18)</sup>. Cargo tank barges, in which Grades A, B, and C liquids are to be transported, are required by the Coast Guard to be fitted with either an approved system of pressure vacuum relief valves, an approved venting system, or an approved inert gas system "for maintaining all cargo tank vapor spaces nonflammable"<sup>(18)</sup>. Documented unequivocal assurance that all empty gasoline barges on the Ohio River will be inerted has not yet been obtained from the Coast Guard; however, it does appear that as the older tank barges are taken out of service and replaced by newer barges that the probability of finding a noninerted empty gasoline barge decreased from already low values. However, it is assumed that the hypothetical empty gasoline barge is not filled with inert gas.

Tank vessels construction prior to July 1, 1951, vented at 4 psig or less, are to be constructed and tested as per Reference 18. Cargo tanks vented at over 4 psig are considered to be "pressure vessels" and are subject to extremely rigid requirements. Tank vessels constructed on, or after July 1, 1951, may be vented at over 4 psig but less than 10 psig only under "special consideration by the Commandant"<sup>(18)</sup>. Over 10 psig vented cargo tanks in post July 1, 1951, cargo tanks are "pressure vessels" and subject to the special restrictions noted in Reference 18, Part 32. Considering the age of most of the cargo barges, 4 psig venting is a reasonable value. To be conservative, venting at 10 Psig was assumed.

## Composition of the Gas in the Cargo Tank

The vapor-liquid ratio of gasoline extrapolates to zero at approximately 130 F<sup>(16)</sup>. As shown in Table 2.2-2, the maximum temperature at Pittsburgh Airport was 103 F in July 1936. Hence, there should be zero volatilization of the gasoline in a barge on the Ohio River. However, the C4-, C5-, and C6-compounds, dissolved in the gasoline to some degree, will come out of solution and form vapors. This mix of hydrocarbon gases and air may be closely approximated in combustion properties by assuming a butane/air mix, since the addition of small amounts of "promoters" (e.g., diethylperoxide, ethyl nitrate, nitrogen peroxide, nitromethane, ether, acetaldehyde, methyl iodide, and ethyl borate), has negligible effect on the physical properties of the mix<sup>(19)</sup>. Tetraethyl lead narrows the range of flammability<sup>(19)</sup>.

#### Burning Rate

The maximum intensity of combustion for any gas occurs for a mixture having a composition lying between the theoretical mixture and the mixture having the maximum flame velocity<sup>(20)</sup>. The theoretical mixture is calculated to be 6.15 percent<sup>(20)</sup>. The mixture for maximum flame velocity appears to be near, but lower than the theoretical mixture<sup>(20)</sup>. For light hydrocarbons, the mixture for maximum flame velocity is very near the arithmetic mean of the two limits for downward propagation. These limits are 1.92 vol percent and 5.50 vol percent<sup>(21)</sup>, and their arithmetic mean is 3.71 vol percent. Thus the mixture for maximum velocity will have a gas concentration ranging from 3.7 percent to about 4 percent, and the mixture for maximum intensity ranging from a lower value of 3.7 to 4 percent to an upper value of 6 percent. The mixture is assumed to be five percent. Reference 20 provides basis for estimating the flame velocity for this mixture to be 1 to 1-1/2 fps at atmospheric pressure, while the preferred Reference<sup>(22)</sup> gives a maximum flame velocity for a butane/air mixture as 1 fps. Thus it appears reasonable to assume a burning rate of 1 to 1-1/2 fps.

The burning rate of the hypothetical barge gas tank mixture will not increase beyond the 1 to 1/2 fps rate assumed. The lower flammability limits for downward flame propagation for pentane, butane, propane, and ethane show negligible variation as the pressure rises from 750 mm Hg to 4,500 mm Hg<sup>(21)</sup>. The lower flammability limit for butane for horizontal propagation, which should show more variation than for downward propagation, does not vary even when the pressure is increased to 10 atm<sup>(21)</sup>. Since these lower limits of flammability show no variation over a 10 atm pressure range, no change in burning rate should be observed for the 0.3 to 0.7 atm maximum pressure increase possible in the barge tank.

#### Energy Released

It has been determined in the previous section that the gas concentration for maximum intensity is about 5 vol percent. The  $10^4$  cu ft cargo tank thus would contain the equivalent of 500 cu ft of butane. Assuming stoichiometric composition of 500 cu ft of butane, and 3,200 Btu per cu ft of butane gives an energy release of  $1.6 \times 10^6$  Btu<sup>(22)</sup>. Pressure vs energy release parameters are readily obtained by means of the graphs in Reference 15 and by proper usage of Reference 23. The energy release from the explosion of one kiloton of TNT is accepted as  $3.97 \times 10^9$  Btu<sup>(15)</sup>. On an energy release basis the  $1.6 \times 10^6$  Btu corresponds to  $1.6 \times 10^6/3.97 \times 10^9 = 0.0004$  kiloton of TNT, which is 800 lb of TNT.

#### Geometry of the Situation

The largest barge are 290 ft long (Attachment to Section 2.1). Tank barges carrying Grades A, B, C, and D liquids must have their cargo tanks segregated and separated from other parts of the barge according to Coast Guard regulations covered in part in Reference 18. U.S. Coast Guard Drawing No. 1, Page 134, in Reference 18, indicates considerable separation between either bow or stern of the barge and any cargo space for Grades A, B, C, or D liquids. There may not be such considerable separation between the cargo tanks and the sides of the barge, although there may be considerable structural protection. Inspection of the various drawings illustrating Coast Guard requirements reveals that the cargo tanks (for Grades A, B, C, and D liquids) are low in the ship, the geometric centers of the tanks being below the waterline. Hull requirements are given throughout Reference 18. Thus, any energy release in a cargo tank reaching the intake structure will be attenuated by the intervening water, as well as the barge structures, hull, subcompartments, bulkheads, etc. However, the energy release is assumed to

occur at distances of 150 ft (corresponding to a center tank ignition with bow against the intake structure), 100 ft (forward tank with bow against the structure), and 50 ft (outside tank with side of barge against the structure).

#### Pressures Developed

Assuming the distances given in the last paragraph, together with the assumption of zero attenuation by steel, concrete, and water, with the explosive and target on an ideal plane surface, the formula on page 134 of Reference 15 can be used as follows:

$$d = d_1 \times W^{1/3};$$
 (2.1-2)  
 $d = 150 \text{ ft}$ 

where:

 $W = 0.4 \times 10^{-3}$ 

then:

 $d_1 = \frac{150 \text{ ft}}{(0.4 \text{ x } 10^{-3})^{1/3}} = 2,040 \text{ ft} = 0.39 \text{ mi}$ 

From Reference 23, the maximum dynamic pressure would be 0.16 psig. Similarly, for the 100 ft distance, a maximum pressure of 0.65 psig is obtained. For 50 ft a maximum pressure of 9 psig is obtained. However, these pressures were obtained on the assumption of the  $1.6 \times 10^6$  Btu energy released in the combustion of one cargo tank volume to be equivalent to the energy released in 0.0004 kilotons of TNT, an assumption which is correct on the ratio of energy released, but not on the basis of energy release rate.

As previously discussed, the burning rate of the cargo tank gas and air mixture is assumed to be approximately 1 to 1-1/2 fps. TNT has a burning rate of 3,280 fps to 27,900 fps. Since the pressure developed is a function of the energy release rate, as well as total energy release, the pressures approximated by considering energy release only need to be refined by consideration of the energy release rate. Since the burning rate of the gas and air mix several orders of magnitude less than that of the TNT, the pressures of 0.16 psig, 0.65 psig, and 9 psig need to be reduced by several orders of magnitude. The resulting pressures would be further attenuated by interaction with the river surface, structural steel of the barge, etc.

Due to the geometry of the real situation, there should be a negligible increase in pressure from reflection. The overpressures corresponding to the previously given dynamic pressures are 2.6 psi, 5.4 psi, and 22 psi, according to Reference 18; however, these pressures should also be reduced by several orders of magnitude.

It is concluded that ignition of an empty gasoline compartment on a liquid cargo tank barge cannot develop pressures on the intake structure on the order of magnitude required for damage. In addition, the Corps of Engineers has advised that loose barges will naturally be carried by the river on the opposite side from the intake structure. Of the two incidents involving gasoline barges reported by the Coast Guard in their letter appearing in the Attachment to Section 2.1, no damage or spillage resulted.

### 2.1.7.4 Hazard From Natural Gas Pipeline

The gas line nearest the Primary Auxiliary Building is at a minimum horizontal distance of about 1,000 ft. This line is a 12 inch diameter, 300 psig natural gas line owned at the time of BVPS-1 license by the Peoples Natural Gas Company of Midland, Pennsylvania. The Chief Maintenance Engineer of the Peoples Natural Gas Company advised that it would be overconservative to assume a design basis release to be that quantity of natural gas contained in a 7,200 ft length of pipe.

The exact quantity of gas released is a relatively unimportant parameter since the specific gravity of natural gas ranges from 0.57 to 0.71<sup>(22)</sup>. Natural gas will, therefore, disperse upward very rapidly due to the 300 psi differential pressure and the specific gravity of the one atmosphere gas, thereby posing no threat to the BVPS-1.

In the unlikely event that a jet of escaping gas should form, ignition of the gas poses a considerable problem. The ignition temperature is 1,200 F to  $1,300 \text{ F}^{(22)}$ . Ignition of the gas will require a heat source having both a temperature sufficiently high to heat the gas to or above the ignition temperature and a heat capacity adequate to maintain the ignition temperature despite the cooling of the heat source by the high velocity jet of natural gas.

In the exceedingly unlikely combination of events involving the break itself and the creation of an ignition source capable of igniting the gas-air mixture despite the upward jetting of the gas, the next problem is that of obtaining a gas-air mixture capable of propagating a flame, i.e., a flammable mixture. The Peoples Natural Gas Company advises that the line carries "natural gas". Natural gas varies considerably in composition. Reference 22 gives the composition of the one natural gas as 96 percent  $CH_4$ , 0.8 percent  $CO_2$ , and 3.2 percent  $N_2$ , with a specific gravity of 0.57 and a Btu per cu ft, at 60 F, of 967; another natural gas is given as 80.5 percent  $CH_4$ , 18.2 percent  $C_2H_6$ , 1.3 percent  $N_2$ , specific gravity of 0.65, and a Btu per cu ft of 1,131; a third natural gas has a composition of 67.6 percent  $CH_4$ , 31.3 percent  $C_2H_6$ , 1.1 percent  $N_2$ , specific gravity of 0.71, and a Btu per cu ft of 1,232.

With such variations in composition, one logically expects variations in combustion properties. Table 45 of Reference 21 gives a lower limit of flammability for upward flame propagation for Pittsburgh natural gas of 4.8 volume percent and an upper limit of 13.5 percent.

Other natural gases have a lower limit of 3.8 to 6.5 volume percent and an upper limit range of 13 to 17 volume percent. The general observation here is that there is but a 10 percent composition range of flammable mixtures of natural gas and air as contrasted to a more familiar range of 70 percent for hydrogen and air.

For methane, the range for horizontal propagation of flame is 4.5 percent to 14 percent<sup>(21)</sup>. For downward propagation, the range is about 6 percent to 13 percent<sup>(21)</sup>.

For ethane, the range for horizontal propagation is 3.2 percent to 13 percent<sup>(21)</sup>. (The same number as reported for horizontal propagation appears to be due to the experimental conditions using narrow tubes.)

Thus, the basic components of natural gases, methane and ethane, show decreasing ranges of flammable mixtures as the direction of propagation goes from upward to horizontal, and the range decreases further as the propagation goes to downward.

There is only a narrow band of natural gas-air mixtures which are flammable and this band reduces as the flame propagation direction ranges from upward through horizontal to downward. In addition, flammable mixtures of methane are very sensitive to extinction by shock or mild turbulence<sup>(21)</sup>, probably due in no small measure to a very low velocity of propagation of flame front<sup>(22)</sup>. (A stoichiometric mixture has an ignition velocity of less than 2-1/2 fps<sup>(22)</sup>.) This low flame velocity is a contributing factor to difficulties encountered in experimentally achieving the flammability limits for downward flame propagation in other than small closed tubes for methane/ethane mixtures.

The physical model of the pipe rupture is considered to be that of a gas leak jetting out of the ground with an initial pressure differential of 300 psi. The gas at one atmosphere pressure has a specific gravity of about 0.6, and forms a gas-air mixture having a concentration gradient ranging from 100 percent gas to 100 percent air in which only the mixture having the range of about 3 to 13 volume percent gas will propagate a flame having a propagation velocity less than that of a vertical rising gas. The resulting picture is that of a rather large Bunsen burner with a flame from only the outer portion of the gas-air mix some distance from the ground. This flame will be easily extinguished by shock or mild turbulence since it could hardly be compared to a properly designed, engineered, and operated proportional gas-air mixer with a fuel air mix in a narrow range to permit flame propagation. This theoretically derived picture is in accordance with the advice of the Maintenance Department, Peoples Natural Gas Company, who anticipate the consequences of a postulated ignition of a postulated pipe break to be a brief torching some distance above the ground, but with no effect at ground level<sup>(24)</sup>.

#### Consideration of Natural Gas Being Ingested Into the BVPS-1 Complex from Peoples Natural Gas Company Pipeline Rupture

In order to evaluate this postulated natural gas accident, it is assumed that the 300 psig gas line ruptures and the escaping natural gas has a zero velocity component in the upward direction, is at the same temperature and pressure as the ambient air, and is subject to an upward buoyant force due to the density difference in accordance with the Archimedes Principle. This buoyancy results in an acceleration assumed constant for the short vertical distance under consideration. An element of gas is assumed to be moving at a constant horizontal velocity from the nearest point on the gas line in the direction of the diesel generator building at a value corresponding to the highest wind speed ever recorded for that direction in the site area, and subject to constant vertical acceleration. In this model, all dilution and dispersion by the wind is ignored.

Natural gas has a specific gravity ranging from 0.57 to 0.76. A value of 0.64 is assumed for this postulated accident. The density of dry air at 32 F and 760 mm Hg is 0.0807 lb/ft<sup>3</sup>. Thus, the vertical acceleration is 0.56 ft/sec<sup>2</sup>. The maximum wind from due east, the direction from the gas line to the diesel-generator building is 17 mph according to the onsite meteorological program. (The maximum winds onsite are from the NW quadrant. The Pittsburgh Airport, far more exposed than the Beaver Valley Site, has its highest winds from due west.)

The horizontal distance from the gas line to the auxiliary building air intake is about 1040 ft. The auxiliary building is about 45 ft in elevation above the pipeline. At 17 mph, the gas will cover the required 1040 ft in 41.7 seconds. During this time, the vertical distance traveled is 487 ft. This is calculated by the use of the formula:

$$S = \frac{1}{2}at^2$$
 (2.1-3)

where: S = distance

a = acceleration

t = time

Since the vertical distance traveled by the gas is greater than the difference in elevation of the pipeline and control room, by a factor of 10.8, it is concluded that natural gas cannot be ingested and is, therefore, not a problem.

#### 2.1.7.5 Various Site Hazards

#### Consideration of Highway Explosive Cargoes

According to Reference 27, Type A explosives (i.e., TNT or dynamite) may be shipped in carload or truckload lots only in individual gross weight packages not exceeding 125 lb. The description of the required packaging is such that the estimated packaging weight is at least 50 lb. For purposes of conservatism, a packaging weight of only 25 lb will be assumed, leaving 100 lb for the Type A explosive. The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania restricts the gross weight of trucks, and the Department of Transportation advises that a payload of 36,000 lb is an upper limit reduced grossly for Type A explosives. However, a full 36,000 lb cargo has been assumed, resulting in 28,800 lb of TNT. A distance of 1,250 ft lies between the Primary Auxiliary Building and Rt. 168. Other vital structures are at a greater distance. The high-order detonation of 14.4 tons of TNT should give a maximum dynamic pressure of 0.011 psi<sup>(15)</sup>. The maximum theoretically possible overpressure would be 0.67 psi according to Reference 23. Therefore, the high-order detonation of the Type A explosives in a quantity equal to the maximum cargo of a truck in Pennsylvania from the nearest point on the secondary transportation route will not create a maximum dynamic pressure which would adversely affect any vital structure.

Smokeless powder used for propellant in small arms ammunition has a lower burning rate (the effective burning rate in a cartridge and the pressure developed are interrelated, depending on case free volume, bullet mass, power charge, etc.). However, Reference 16 gives a burning rate of 7 to 12 inches per second for smokeless powder and 4 inches per second for black powder, (both at 25,000 psi) since it is used for propellant, rather than the detonating explosives of Type A. The lower burning rate results in lower pressures, assuming a highway accident could cause smokeless powder combustion to proceed at explosive burning rates. The weight of projectile and case will reduce the percentage of total weight represented by smokeless powder. For the limiting case of entirely high-explosive warheads, the case previously discussed gave 0.011 psi. The Department of Transportation classifies "munitions" as Type C cargo, of less hazard than the Type A such as TNT. Other truck cargoes will have lower energy release times, than the postulated incident involving the high-order detonation of a full truckload of TNT.

#### Consideration of Barge Explosive Cargoes

There are no primary manufacturers or primary consumers of high explosives in the site area. There are no known consumers of high explosives that could use the economic scale of shipping by barge. Barge transportation is not geared to handle high explosives. Barges are designed to carry large quantities of bulk cargoes. The Ohio River Commodity Charts do not show high explosives as being transported by barge, and it should be noted that Lockmasters on the Ohio River keep accurate records of all cargo passing through their locks. Records do not indicate barge shipments of explosives, ordinance, liquefied petroleum gas, or liquefied natural gas on the Ohio River. Two of the largest producers of liquefied gas advise that they do not ship liquefied gas via river traffic.

The intake structure is designed to withstand tornado loading. The equivalent pressure for the tornado model of 360 mph is 330 psf. The intake structure is capable of withstanding equivalent pressure of 2.3 psi. A maximum overpressure of 2.3 psi will occur from the detonation of 1 kiloton of high explosives at 0.43 miles<sup>(25)</sup>. The distance from the intake structure to the center of the river channel is 800 ft, or 0.152 miles. At this distance, 0.71 kiloton<sup>(25)</sup> or 1,420,000 lb of TNT would have to detonate in order to create 2.3 psi overpressure.

#### Consideration of Railway Explosive Cargoes

The Stone & Webster Traffic Department has extensively reviewed Reference 27.

The maximum weight of explosives transported by rail could be 80,000 lb gross, unless state or local regulations require a lower limit. There are no primary manufacturers or primary consumers of high explosives near the site. Even though it would be technically inadvisable and economically unjustifiable to ship such large quantities in one shipment, the hypothetical rail shipment of high explosives is assumed to be 80,000 lb gross. Although the packaging weight of a 125 lb gross weight box probably exceeds 50 lb, a 25 lb packaging weight has been assumed, as was done for the truck shipment case. Thus, the 80,000 lb gross weight becomes 64,000 lb net.

The railway of concern across the Ohio River is approximately 1355 ft from the intake structure. From References 15 and 23, the calculated hypothetical detonation of 32 tons of high explosives at a distance of 1355 ft gives a maximum dynamic pressure of 0.018 psi and a maximum overpressure of 0.86 psi.

Other potentially hazardous cargoes (carried at the maximum permissible cargo weight) undergoing a hypothetical accident release less energy at lower rates than the postulated detonation of the 32 tons of high explosive. For example, consider a railroad tank car containing LNG at the maximum quantity of 30,000 gallons. The Bureau of Mines' report (References 25 and 26) on fire and explosion hazards associated with LNG, offer background material on the subject. Assume the cryogenic liquid to instantaneously flash to 60 F gas and then form a homogenous stoichiometric mixture with atmospheric air. This mixture is then uniformly and perfectly ignited. If the resulting combustion occurred perfectly, the energy release would be 2.21 x  $10^9$  Btu from a burning rate of 40 cm/second<sup>(25)</sup>. The 2.21 x  $10^9$  Btu corresponds to the energy release from 0.554 kiloton of high explosive<sup>(15)</sup> which has a burning rate of 1000 to 8500 meters/sec<sup>(16)</sup> some  $10^5$  times faster. Thus the 4 psi maximum overpressure and 0.35 maximum dynamic pressure resulting from detonation of 0.554 kiloton of high explosive at a distance of 1355 ft<sup>(15)</sup> need to be reduced by a factor of some  $10^5$  to correct for the lower burning rate.

As has been previously indicated, the worst postulated explosion hazard from railroad cargo is the detonation of 80,000 lb gross TNT cargo. This hazard produced acceptable overpressures and dynamic pressures at the intake structure.

#### <u>Missiles</u>

None of the postulated accidents are capable of generating a missile with greater targetimpacting kinetic energy and momentum than the design basis missile, a 35 ft utility pole impacting at 150 mph.

2.1.7.6 Fire in Oil and Gasoline Plants or Storage Facilities, Adjacent Industries, Brush and Forest Fires, and Transportation Accidents

If rupture of an oil line or tank is postulated, the seepage through soil might migrate to the river, but would remain on the river surface rather than enter the intake structure through the intakes which are 5 feet below the water surface. The intake structure is heavy reinforced concrete extending approximately 67 ft above water level. The structure provides adequate fire protection to equipment from an oil or gas line fire on the surface of the ground or on the river water outside. Electrical supply to the intake structure is buried for tornado protection and enters the structure below grade and hence, would be unaffected by fire. Because the intake structure is in essence a concrete box with no openings at grade, below grade, or at the river surface, except the subsurface intake, and with all piping sealed to the structure, seepage of oil or other products into the structure is improbable. In any case, the motors and controls are located in the upper portion of the structure above a concrete floor, and hence, protected from fire in the pump compartment below. The tornado protected ventilation system would prevent formation of an explosive mixture.

The plant is physically separated from adjacent land fire hazards to the east by Pegg's Run and State Highway Rt. 168, and to the south and west by the access road and switchyard. Fire from transportation accidents is not expected to have an effect on any safety-related structures because of the physical separation of the railroads and highways mentioned above.

2.1.7.7 Accidental Release of Toxic Gas from Onsite Storage Facilities, Nearby Industries, and Transportation Accidents

The only major source of relatively large quantities of toxic gases is a transportation accident. It should be noted that in the calendar year 1971, there were no poison gas or liquid, Class A hazardous material reports in Pennsylvania (See the Attachment to Section 2.1). In the event of a large accidental release of toxic gas, self-contained respiratory equipment will be used, and personnel not necessary for the safe operation of the plant will be evacuated.

### 2.1.7.8 Airborne Pollutant Effects on Important Plant Components

The available data indicates that low emissions of sulfur, nitrogen oxides, and particulates occur near the site. Ambient concentrations of these pollutants will be relatively low, thus precluding any significant degree of reaction resulting from cooling tower plumes in the atmosphere.

Problems such as acid rainout and increased ground level concentrations of pollutant due to cooling tower and stack plumes mixing should not occur in this area. The expected levels will have negligible effects on important plant components.

#### 2.1.7.9 Potential Cooling Tower Collapse

The mode of failure of the cooling tower is expected to be inward during a postulated collapse. It is expected that no missiles with greater kinetic energy than the design basis missile could reach safety-related structures or equipment. The only known collapse due to wind loading has been inward. Missiles generated by a tornado are expected only to penetrate the cooling tower locally without causing failure. The design basis missiles impacting on the cooling tower could not generate a missile with greater kinetic energy.

### 2.1.7.10 Bruce Mansfield Power Station - Slurry Discharge Pipeline

The Slurry Discharge Pipeline (see Figure 2.3-25) is intended to transport sludge, in the form of a water slurry, from the Sulphur Dioxide Scrubbers at Bruce Mansfield Power Station to the Little Blue Run Disposal Area. The Disposal Area is located approximately five miles down river from the BVPS-1.

The system characteristics of the pipeline are:

- 1. PIPELINE ROUTING: The pipeline will circumnavigate BVPS-1. The routing was purposely chosen to preclude any possible damage to safety-related structures or equipment in the event of a leak. The closest point of approach to any safety-related structure is approximately 1200 ft. The entire length of pipeline will be laid below grade, and a minimum earth cover of 30 inches will be provided.
- 2. PUMPING STATION: The pumping station is located at Bruce Mansfield Power Station. The pumping station is continuously manned and is equipped with audible and visual indicators as well as recording equipment to provide continuous control of pumping operations. The operator has visual indication of system valve position, which lines are in use and which pumps are running, as well as pump discharge pressure and temperature. Magnetic flow meters compare total flow at the discharge of the pumping station to the flow at the discharge to the impoundment area and provide visual and audible alarms at the pumping station should a significant mismatch occur. This allows the operator to identify a ruptured pipeline and switch flow to the standby pipeline. The entire pipeline is visually inspected by daily roving patrols. The roving patrol is radio equipped to ensure rapid transfer of information should damage or leakage be discovered.
- 3. PIPELINE: The pipeline will consist of four pipes, two 12 inch and two 8 inch and four pumps. Each pump has a discharge relief valve, and discharges to a valved manifold which allows various pump combinations to be utilized. The pipeline is constructed of ASTM-A106-B steel pipe and has a design pressure of 1310 psig. System pressure will vary between 600 psi and 1100 psi for flow rates of 400 to 3600 gpm. Wear is estimated to be 0.008 inch per year. The expected life of the pipe sections is 30-35 years. Manual isolation valves are installed in each of the four pipelines on the east and west sides of the site property as well as between BVPS-1 and the discharge impoundment.
- 4. SLURRY: The slurry is non-toxic, non-flammable and essentially non-corrosive. Its composition will vary somewhat, depending on power plant operation. Normally, the slurry will be 32.3 percent solids by weight and the composition of the solids will be approximately:
  - a. fly ash, 30 percent
  - b. inerts, 3 percent
  - c. limp grits, 1.2 percent
  - d. CALCILOX, 9.7 percent
  - e. calcium carbonate, 0.6 percent
  - f. calcium sulphate, 20.6 percent
  - g. calcium sulphite, 32.6 percent
  - h. unreacted lime, 0.6 percent
  - i. magnesium hydroxide, 1.3 percent
  - j. calcium hydroxide, 0.8 percent

The sludge is treated with 1.0 percent lime to increase the pH to 11.0. CALCILOX is added as a solidification aid.

In summary, this pipeline is not considered to be a safety hazard to the plant due to:

- 1. The routing of the pipeline which was purposely laid out to circumvent the plant structures
- 2. The leakage detection measures employed in the design
- 3. Installed capability to isolate any leaking or ruptured slurry line.
- 2.1.7.11 Potential Peak Pressures on Critical Components

As discussed above, it is not considered probable that any missiles generated by site hazards would be more severe than the tornado generated missiles for which these safety-related structures are designed. All critical plant components are located within structures which are tornado protected. As discussed in Section 2.7.2, these safety-related buildings are designed as a minimum to withstand tornado wind pressures of 330 psf, which is equivalent to a pressure of 2.3 psi. The site hazards discussed in Section 2.1.7 includes a gasoline barge explosion at the intake structure, a rail car explosion across the Ohio River, and a truck explosion on State Highway Rt. 168. The gasoline barge explosion pressures for this analysis are based on one of the 12 barge compartments detonating with the equivalent energy release and resultant pressures of the detonation of 0.004 kilotons of TNT (Refer to Section 2.1.7.3 for energy release equivalency). The peak "side-on" overpressures and dynamic pressures resulting from these postulated site explosions are well below the 2.3 psi for which the safety-related structures are know to be adequate, as summarized in Table 2.1-17.

# References to Section 2.1

- 1. "Description of the Shippingport Atomic Power Station Site and Surrounding Area", WAPD-SC-547, Westinghouse Electric Corporation Bettis Atomic Power Laboratory (June, 1957).
- 2. "1970 Census of Population, Pennsylvania", U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census, Advance Report PC(VI)-40 (January, 1971).
- 3. "1970 Census of Population, Ohio" U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census, Advance Report PC(VI)-37 (January, 1971).
- 4. "1970 Census of Population, West Virginia", U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census, Advance Report PC(VI)-50 (December, 1970).
- 5. "Provisional Employment and Population Forecasts", Southwestern Pennsylvania Regional Planning Commission (revised June, 1968).
- 6. "Preliminary Projection of Employment and Population", State Planning Board, Governor's Office, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania (January, 1971).
- 7. "Ohio Population", Ohio Department of Development, Economic Research Division (1968).
- 8. "Guidelines for Regional Growth, Brooke-Hancock Counties, W. Va. and Jefferson County, Ohio", prepared by the West Virginia Department of Commerce and the Jefferson County, Ohio Regional Planning Commission (December, 1969).
- 9. Bureau of State Parks, Department of Forest and Water, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
- 10. Unpublished Data Upper Ohio Basin Office, Water Quality Office, Environmental Protection Agency.
- 11. "Pre-operational Radiation Survey of the Shippingport Atomic Power Station Site and Surrounding Area", WAPD-CTA(IH)-208, Westinghouse Electric Corporation Bettis Atomic Power Laboratory (January, 1958).
- Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce, 1970 Census of Population: Number of Inhabitants, Reports PC(1) - A40, Pennsylvania (August, 1971), PC(1) - A37, Ohio (August, 1971), and PC(1) - A50, West Virginia (May, 1971).
- 13. "Planning and Design of Navigation Locks, Walls, and Appurtenances," EM1110-2-2602, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.
- 14. Van Nostrand's Scientific Encyclopedia, D. Van Nostrand Co., fourth edition, p. 657, (1968).
- 15. <u>The Effects of Nuclear Weapons</u>, by U.S. Department of Defense and U.S. Atomic Energy Commission, Revised Edition, (February, 1964).
- 16. Kirk and Othmer, <u>Encyclopedia of Chemical Technology</u>, Interscience Publishers, New York, second edition, Vol. 8 and Vol. 10, p. 583.

# References to Section 2.1 (CONT'D)

- 17. Telephone communication, J. Weaver of Gateway Marine Survey, Carnegie, Pennsylvania, to J. McCaleb, Stone & Webster, (May 24, 1973).
- 18. "Rules and Regulations for Tank Vessels," CG-123, U.S. Coast Guard, taken from Subchapter D, of Chapter I, Title 46 CFR, (May, 1969).
- 19. A. Egerton and J. Powling, "The Limits of Flame Propagation at Atmospheric Pressure," The Influence of "Promoters", Proceedings of the Royal Society, Vol 193A (1948).
- 20. J. H. Perry, "Chemical Engineers' Handbook," McGraw-Hill Book Co., third edition (1950).
- 21. H. F. Coward, and G. W. Jones, "Limits of Flammability of Gases and Vapors," Bulletin 503, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Mines (1952).
- 22. "Hauck Industrial Combustion Data," Hauck Manufacturing Co., Brooklyn, New York, third edition (1953).
- 23. Nuclear Bomb Effects Computer, revised 1962, designed by the Lovelace Foundation for Civil Effects Test Operations, U.S. Atomic Energy Commission, Division of Biology and Medicine, Contract AT(29-1) 242.
- 24. Senior technical personnel from both Air Products and Chemicals, Inc., Allentown, Pa., and Airco/BOC, Murray Hill, N.J., essentially suggest that there should be no significant force at ground level resulting from the postulated ignition of the postulated break of the pipeline.
- 25. D. Burges and M. Zabetakis, "Fire and Explosion Hazards Associated with Liquefied Natural Gas," Report of Investigations 6099, U.S. Department of Interior Bureau of Mines (1961).
- 26. "Hazards of LNG Spillage in Marine Transportation," Prepared by U.S. Department of Interior Bureau of Mines, for U.S. Department of Transportation, U.S. Coast Guard SRC Report No. S-4105 (February, 1970).
- 27. "Hazardous Materials Regulations" Section 173.63, Subparagraph 3, U.S. Department of Transportation, Tariff 25, (April 24, 1972).

## Attachment to Section 2.1

## REPORT

# HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TRANSPORTATION BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION

### A2.1 GENERAL

Hazardous materials, transported in interstate commerce, are subject to regulation by the Department of Transportation under various statutes including: Title 18, Chapter 39, U.S.C. entitled "Explosives and Combustibles," Title 18, Chapter 49, U.S.C. entitled "Department of Transportation Act of 1970," and those laws governing the Federal Aviation Authority, Coast Guard, and miscellaneous carriers. The individual states have adopted the federal statutory regulations for application to intrastate and private transportation within their jurisdiction.

The general rules and regulations governing the "Acceptance and Transportation of Hazardous Materials" and "Specifications for Shipping Containers" are published in R. M. Graziano's Tariff No. 25, I.C.C. No. 25, effective April 24, 1972, entitled "Hazardous Materials Regulations of the Department of Transportation." The publishing officer is R. M. Graziano, 1920 "L" Street N.W., Washington D.C. 20036.

These rules and regulations apply to all modes of transportation and to all common carriers, contract carriers, and private carriers by rail, motor, air, and water. Additional rules and regulations may be imposed by state and local statutes or by the carriers themselves.

The Department of Transportation's (D.O.T.'s) Second Annual Report on Hazardous Materials, (page 21) 1971, states:

"The incident reports received are believed to be only a portion of those that should be reported. However, since a census of carriers who transport hazardous materials is not known, nor the total quantity of hazardous materials being transported available, the degree of compliance cannot be truly determined at this time."

Despite the broad application of the laws and promulgated rules and regulations, there exists a segment of non-regulated shippers and carriers that transport hazardous materials, via motor and water modes of transportation without the approval or knowledge of the reporting agencies. This segment of the industry has not been included in the study since their estimated incident ratio is quite low or nonexistent.

## A2.2 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS COMMODITY LISTS

The items classified as "hazardous materials" are listed in Section 172.5 of Graziano's Tariff and cover all types of explosives, poisons, flammables, oxidizers, corrosives, gases, radioactive materials, etiologic agents, or similar commodities. The tariff is designed to accommodate all possible types of dangerous cargo that may be specified by the Department of Transportation's Hazardous Materials Board.

The D.O.T.'s 1971 Annual Report (page 10) states:

"The incident reports involved approximately 250 different commodities with the most frequent ones, in descending order, being: paint and paint related compounds; gasoline; electrolyte, (acid) battery fluid (including sulfuric acid and wet electric storage batteries); and various liquid cleaning compounds (corrosive and/or flammable). These are merely reported figures, and do not take into consideration the relative amounts of these commodities being shipped."

## A2.3 VOLUME OF TRAFFIC AND ACCIDENT REPORTS

The Federal Aviation Administration, Federal Highway Administration, Federal Railroad Administration, and the United States Coast Guard maintain statistical data on reported incidents of "unintentional release of hazardous materials during the course of transportation." The actual volume of this traffic is impossible to establish since commodity reporting is not required or monitored by a central reporting agency.

The Army Corps of Engineers maintains the most detailed data on commodities and transportation equipment passing through its projects and navigation districts. This type of information would be economically unobtainable for the vast network of highways, railroads, and air corridors serving the United States and North America.

The D.O.T. has not attempted to establish the volume of hazardous traffic that is handled for each calendar year, but hopes to develop some forecasting ability within the near future.

The Corps of Engineers lists the following commodities as "hazardous materials" and are part of the 41 commodity groups included in their reports:

- 1. Crude Petroleum
- 2. Ordinance and Accessories
- 3. Chemicals and Allied Products
- 4. Petroleum and Coal Products.

The primary commodity group is further segregated into the individual items composing the group, and each item is assigned a control number. The Corps of Engineers publish summary information; however, detailed reports may be obtained on a "Government Priority Basis" from the District Engineer, U.S. Army District, New Orleans, P.O. Box 60267, New Orleans, LA 70160. (See also, Part II, Waterborned Commerce of the United States, Calendar Year 1971, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.)

# A2.4 LEVEL OF ACCIDENTS FOR 1971

The D.O.T. states that during the calendar year 1971, 328 carriers submitted a total of 2,255 hazardous materials incidents as follows:

# <u>MODE</u>

# NUMBER OF REPORTS

3 Air Carriers	5
233 For-Hire Highway Carriers	1,633
54 Private Highway Carriers	258
28 Rail	346
10 Water	13

The following table shows the "classification" breakdown of those reports:

# **CLASSIFICATION**

# NUMBER OF REPORTS

Class A explosives	17
Class B explosives	8
Class C explosives	8
Corrosive liquid	634
Flammable compressed gas	76
Flammable liquid	1,090
Flammable solid	21
Nonflammable compressed gas	56
Oxidizing material	88
Poisonous gas or liquid, Class A	0
Poisonous liquid or solid, Class B	203
Radioactive materials	9
Tear gas, Class C	1
None shown (unknown or non-hazardous)	44

These figures are believed to be only a fraction of the actual number of incidents and carriers involved in this type of accident. Additional water carrier data is available from the Coast Guard covering several specific areas of responsibility (i.e., coastwise, intercoastal, lakes, etc.), however, the reporting criteria are quite different from the D.O.T's.

# A2.5 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION

The Beaver Valley Power Station is exposed to water, highway, and limited rail transportation services. The site is located on the Ohio River at milepost 34.81, left bank descending from Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania in the Montgomery Pool. Highway Route 168 bounds the site on the eastern and southern property line. The Penn Central's Pittsburgh - Columbus, Ohio right-of-way is located north of the site on the right bank of the Ohio River. The site is served on a private side track by the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad.

# Water Transportation

The Corps of Engineers reports that tonnage through the Montgomery Pool approximated 18 million tons of cargo for the year 1970. This tonnage included 3 million tons of oil and gas products, 2 million tons of chemicals, and 1 million tons of unclassified commodities.

Barge and towboat equipment are used to handle this type of cargo on the Ohio River or its tributaries. The barges are customarily open hopper barges, covered dry cargo barges, or liquid cargo (tank) barges. The capacities of each class of equipment approximate the following "standard" parameters:

BARGE	LENGTH,	WIDTH,	DRAFT,	CAP	ACITY
<u>CLASS</u>	<u>(ft)</u>	<u>(ft)</u>	<u>(ft)</u>	(tons)	(gallons)
Open Hopper	175	26	9	1000	n.a.
	196	35	9	1500	n.a.
	290	50	9	3000	n.a.
Covered Hopper	175	26	9	1000	n.a.
	190	35	9	1500	n.a.
	290	50	9	3000	n.a.
Liquid cargo	175	26	9	1000	302,000
(tank) barge	190	35	9	1500	454,000
· / J	290	50	9	3000	907,000

Based on 7.2 barrels per ton and 42 gallons per barrel

The great majority of the barge equipment meets the construction requirements of the American Bureau of Shipping and the United States Coast Guard. The barges are certified for the type of service for which they were constructed (i.e., dry or liquid cargo, inland river service, ocean, limited ocean, lakes, etc.). The towboats (pushboats) used in the Upper Ohio River Navigation District can vary from a length of 117 feet, width of 30 feet, draft of 7.6 feet and 1000 horsepower to a length of 160 feet, width of 40 feet, draft of 8.6 feet and 6000 horsepower.

The United States Coast Guard reports that only four "non-serious incidents occurred within the Montgomery Pool during the five year period ending December 1972. A summary of each accident can be found in Commander R. E. Anderson's letter of January 4, 1973, which is included as an attachment to this report.

The Beaver Valley Power Station is located in a protected area of the Montgomery Pool and would not be subjected to the type of collision damage that might occur as a result of a "loose" barge floating downstream or pilot error. The power station is located on the "upstream" side of a large pool formed by the movement of the river's current away from the site's intake structure. The natural course of a floating object would be to the right bank of the river, opposite the site.

# Highway Transportation

The tonnage or volume of hazardous materials passing near the site over Pennsylvania Route 168 cannot be determined with any degree of reliable accuracy. However, there are chemical facilities and industrial installations that would utilize this type of product in the immediate area of the power station. Reports on this type of traffic are not kept unless the cargo is involved in an accident.

The movement of hazardous materials over public highways near the site does not alter the fact that the probability of a "major accident" involving this classification of cargo is significantly low and the possible effects of such an incident are nominal. The plant is sufficiently isolated from public highway facilities so that explosions, fires, and related incidents would not damage the generating station or interfere with the distribution of power.

The D.O.T's data file on incidents involving hazardous materials for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the current period January 1, 1971 to August, 1972, clearly shows that no accidents were reported for the Shippingport area. Mr. H. J. Sonnenberg, Accident Analysis Officer, Office of Hazardous Materials, D.O.T. made this observation:

"You will note [that] none are reported as happening at Shippingport (Midland, Hookstown, Smith's Ferry or Industry). The Pittsburgh and Lake Erie Railroad reported one incident at Aliquippa and Hall's Motor Transit reported three incidents at Mechanicsburg....You will note that all three involved leaks of corrosive liquids at the carrier's dock."

Mr. Sonnenberg's letter is included as an attachment to this report along with the print out for Pennsylvania.

The motor carrier industry utilizes all types of mobile transportation equipment to handle hazardous materials. This equipment includes closed vans, bulk trailers, tank type trailers, and open top trailers which are constructed or adapted to meet the requirements of the D.O.T. for handling hazardous materials. Selection of the proper equipment is a factor of the materials to be shipped and the regulations of the D.O.T.

# Rail Transportation

The Penn Central's right-of-way is located on the northern bank of the Ohio River and will not impose any significant effect on the power station if an accident would occur. The D.O.T. ADP file indicates a low incident rate for rail transportation within Pennsylvania; however, these accidents usually involve leaking containers which would result in a very isolated "danger" area.

Equipment specifications for tank car construction are promulgated by the D.O.T. and reflect the requirements of each material and shipping condition. Individual items are packaged and handled in accordance with federal regulations and determination of the exact type of rail car used is not possible.

The volume of hazardous materials traffic moving over this segment of the Penn Central, or any line of the railroad system, cannot be established due to the fact that the individual railroads do not maintain this type of commodity information. Reporting is only required where an accident occurs.

# A2.6 CONCLUSION

Hazardous materials transportation within the proximity of the Beaver Valley Power Station does not seem to be a historically high risk function of the transportation industry. Water transportation evidences the greatest possibility for exposure to this type of traffic since it reflects the inherent advantages of bulk distribution and vehicle capacity. Water transportation is also subject to the greatest concentration of federal regulation and enforcement of all the available modes of hazardous materials transportation.

It is impossible to state that a significant or destructive accident, involving hazardous materials, will not occur at the Beaver Valley Power Station area within the life of the plant. It is possible to postulate that in the event of such an incident the summary effect upon the safe operation of the generating station would be nonexistent.

# A2.7 ENCLOSURES

The following are enclosures to the Attachment to Section 2.1:

- 1. Ohio River 1970 commodity flow charts 3 sheets
- 2. United States Coast Guard letter dated January 4, 1973
- 3. Department of Transportation letter dated January 4, 1973
- 4. ADP print out for Pennsylvania: January 1971 to August 1972
- 5. Three D.O.T. accident reports

# References for Attachment to Section 2.1

- 1. Waterborne Commerce of the United States Calendar Year 1971, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, New Orleans, LA 70160
- 2. Second Annual Report of the Secretary of Transportation on Hazardous Materials Control Calendar Year 1971, Washington, D.C. 20402
- 3. Hazardous Material Regulation of the Department of Transportation, R. M. Graziano's Tariff No. 25, I.C.C. No. 25, Washington, D.C. 20036

### **BVPS UFSAR UNIT 1**

Rev. 20

BVPS-1-UPDATED FSAR

Rev. 0 (1/82)



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY OHIO RIVER DIVISION, CORPS OF ENGINEERS F. O. BOX 1159 CINCINNATI, OHIO 45201

OR DPD-F

8 December 1972

Mr. B. C. Joiner Traffic Manager Stone & Webster Engineering Corporation 225 Franklin Street Boston, Massachusetts 02107

Dear Mr. Joiner:

The inclosed Ohio River 1970 Commodity Flow Charts are forwarded in response to your request of November 29, 1972 (JO 12241).

Sincerely yours,

Incl As stated DONALD T. WILLIAMS Chief, Planning Division



OHIO RIVER 1970 COMMODITY FLOW IN MILLION TONS US ABMY ENGINEE DIVISION CONCENTRATI, COMO

Rev. 20





Rev. 20



### DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION UNITED STATES COAST GUARD

MAILING ADDRESS: Officer in Charge Marine Inspection 312 Stanwix Street Pittsburgh, Pa. 15222 '(412) 644-5808

5923

4 January 1973

Stone & Webster Engineering Corporation P. O. Box 2325 Boston, Massachusetts 02107

Gentlemen:

Receipt of your letter dated 6 December 1972 is acknowledged with the following information forwarded for your survey:

During the five year period ending December 1972 there were four accidents involving hazardous materials occurring within the specified area which this office investigated. However, none were considered serious.

1. On 4 August 1957 a discharge hose parted at the Humble Oil Terminal, mile 34.8 on the Ohio River during barge transfer operation as a result of wake created by a passing vessel. Very small spillage resulted.

2. On 13 December 1970 a drifting barge of heavy fuel oil became loose from its moorings and lodged against the dam wall at mile 54 Ohio River resulting in barge damage, no spill.

3. On 14 April 1971 drifting barge of gasoline was recovered at mile 34.8 Ohio River. No damage or spillage resulted.

4. On 19 October 1971 a barge with gasoline cargo struck lock wall at mile 32 Ohio River fracturing one cargo tank. No spillage resulted.

A bill for research is included herein.

Sincerely

Anderson

Commander, U. S. Coast Guard Officer in Charge

Encl: (1) CG-3621 (2)

Rev. 20

BVPS-1-UPDATED FSAR

Rev. 0 (1/82)



OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF TRANSPORTATION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20590

January 4, 1973

Mr. R. N. Roy Stone & Webster Engineering Corp. P. O. Box 2325 Boston Massachusetts 02107

Dear Mr. Roy:

In response to your December 6, 1972 letter, enclosed is a copy of the Pennsylvania portion of an ADP print-out showing the location of those hazardous materials incidents reported to us covering the period from January 1971 through August 1972. You will note none are reported as happening at Shippingport, nor the immediate area of Shippingport (Midland, Hookstown, Smith's Ferry or Industry). The Pittsburg and Lake Erie Railroad reported one incident at Aliquippa and Hall's Motor Transit reported three incidents at Mechanicsburg. A copy of each of these three reports is enclosed and you will note that all three involved leaks of corrosive liquids at the carrier's dock.

This office has made no analysis of the incident reports which would relate to a particular locale. Of course when we note a disproportionate number of incidents at a particular location, we do attempt to determine the reason. On the Pennsylvania print-out enclosed, "Camp Hill" appears too often to ignore. We soon determined that a major carrier has a large terminal at "Camp Hill" and most of the leaking containers are discovered during the unloading operation at that location.

While a few of the reports may include a highway route number as a part of the incident location, no attempt is made to include this degree of detail into our ADP system.

We have published very little statistical information based on the hazardous materials incident reporting system. Enclosed are copies of two issues of the OHM Newsletter and a copy of our Second Annual Report which does contain some data. I hope these enclosures and the others noted above will be of some assistance to you.

Sincerei Cullichte

H. J./Sonnenberg Accident Analysis Officer Office of Hazardous Materials

Enclosures

· ·

Rev. 20

ADP FRINT OUT FOR PENNSYLVANIA

| . Cx          | VELICI              | 401602<br>401602   | E 2 2 0 0 2           | - 00094 ·          | 40012A          | 462234         | 502448                                 | N00004        | 1010 S     |                    |                 |                 | 192108        | 0151V           | 420208     | A5253A              | 82339A          | 461006              | 451084        | A/114              |        | 441104 | 4919184<br>499101    | 491104<br>491010<br>491010           | 491107<br>495107<br>495107<br>495107  | 411111<br>411111<br>411111<br>411111<br>411111<br>411111<br>411111<br>411111<br>411111<br>411111<br>411111<br>411111<br>411111<br>411111<br>411111<br>411111<br>411111<br>4111111 | 191100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>191000<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>19100<br>1910 | 449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>449104<br>44910000000000 |  
  |  |   |   |   
   |   
   
   
   
   
   
  |  |   | |
   |   | 11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>11110<br>111100<br>111100<br>111100<br>111100<br>111100<br>111100<br>111100<br>111100<br>1  |  |  
  |  |   |   |                 
   |  | 14110<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>14160<br>141600<br>141600<br>141600<br>141600<br>141600<br>1416000 1416000 1416000 1   |   
   |  |  |  |  
  |  |   |   
  |  |  | - C.C.T   | 11911111111111111111111111111111111111   
   |
|---------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------|----------------|--|---------------|------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|------------|---------------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------------|--------------------|--------|--------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---|--|--
---|--|---|---
---
--
--
--
--
--
--
--|--|---|---
---	---	--
---	---	--
--	---	--
--	--	---
--	---	--
--	--	---
--		
2	LAC 11	
10<br>105 10<br>10<br>10<br>10<br>10<br>10<br>10<br>10<br>10<br>10<br>10<br>10<br>10<br>1  | MING 20<br>FUNG 20<br>CIUN 29<br>Late 20<br>N.O 23<br>N.O 2 | NING 20<br>FUN 20<br>CIDI 29<br>N. 0 23<br>N. 0 2   
   
   
   
   
   
   | MING 29<br>FUNG 29<br>CCCD 29<br>M. 40 29<br>M. 0 20<br>M. 0 | MING 70<br>FUNG 70<br>FUNG 70<br>FUNG 70<br>FUNG 70<br>105 10<br>105 10<br>10<br>10<br>10<br>10<br>10<br>10<br>10<br>10<br>10<br>10<br>10<br>10<br>1  | CLUME 200<br>CLUME 200<br>CLUME 200<br>CLUME 200<br>MIR 200<br>CLUME 200<br>MIR | C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C   |   |  
   |   |  |   |  
  |   |  |   
  |   |  |  |  
   |   |  |  
  |  |  |  |   
   |  |
| -             | ENANEL,             | ENAMEL .           |                       | FN PERGE           | NDS .LACO       | CONPOUN        | <b>ARSENT</b>                          |               |            |                    | C JIIIN         |                 | ENC NASE      | ENAMEL          |            | 5 01L, L            | 63 JJ 8204      | , 2U6BLR            | , LIQUID      | 1E0 PE 18          |        | i      | 405, CA CA           | 405, CL CA                           | 405, ELEA<br>10, 4010,<br>0, 116, 44  | US, CLEA<br>(C ACID,<br>OLTE (A<br>) OISTEL   | 405,6468<br>10,4610,<br>01,116,48<br>10,10,<br>4,015114  | VUS, EL CA<br>IC ACID;<br>OLTE (A<br>OLTE (A<br>LIQUID;<br>LIQUID;   | VUS, EL CA<br>IC ACID,<br>OLTE (A<br>OLTE (A<br>LIQUID,<br>EL CUID,<br>EL CUID,<br>EL CUID,  
  | VUS. ELEMAN<br>1005 1 ELEMAN<br>1015 1 E | 105, ELE 0<br>105, ELE 0<br>100, 155 (1<br>100, 155 (1)) (100, 155 (1)) (100, 155 (1)) (100, 155 (1)) (100, 155 (1)) (100, 155 (1)) (100, 155 (1)) (100, 155 (1)) (100, 155 (1)) (100, 155 (1)) (100, 155 (1))  | V05,555<br>017 6205<br>017 6205<br>10015<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11010<br>11000<br>11010<br>11000<br>11000<br>11000<br>11000<br>11000<br>11000<br>11000<br>11000<br>11000<br>11000<br>11000<br>11000<br>11000<br>11000<br>11000<br>11000<br>11000<br>11000<br>11000<br>11000<br>11000<br>11000<br>11000<br>11000<br>11000<br>11000<br>11000<br>11000000  | 405,515<br>615,515<br>615,11<br>615,11<br>615,11<br>615,11<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,<br>815,110,100,100,100,100,100,100,100,100,1   | 100     100 <td>1000000000000000000000000000000000000</td> <td>1000000000000000000000000000000000000</td> <td>VIS
SCIENCE<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION<br/>CONTECTION</td> <td>US, C.C.A.<br/>C. ACID,<br/>V. DISTI,<br/>V. DISTI,</td> <td>UCS ACID.<br/>IC ACID.<br/>OTE ACID.<br/>OTE COLO.<br/>01511 (<br/>01511 (<br/>01511 (<br/>0151 (</td> <td>VOS, CLEA<br/>CC 4010,<br/>10 1011 (<br/>10 1011 (<br/>10 1010,<br/>10 1010,<br/>10 1010,<br/>10 400,<br/>10 400,<br/>10</td> <td>UC 2019, CL 2<br/>CL 2019, CL 2<br/>CL 2019, CL 2<br/>CL 2<br/>CL</td> <td>VOTS, CLEA<br/>CL 2010,<br/>101511,<br/>101511,<br/>101511,<br/>101511,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,<br/>1110,</td> <td>VOS, CLEA<br/>CL ACID,<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111<br/>1015111</td> <td>VOS, CLEA<br/>CL TE LO,<br/>LOTTE LO<br/>LOTTE LO<br/>LO<br/>LO<br/>LO<br/>LO<br/>LO<br/>LO<br/>LO<br/>LO<br/>LO</td> <td>VOTS, CLEA<br/>CLEATD, CLEATD, OLSTIC<br/>A 101010,<br/>A 101010,<br/>B 101010,<br/>B
101010,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEATD,<br/>CLEA</td> <td>VOS, CLEA<br/>CL AE (D)<br/>L 10101<br/>L 10101<br/>L 10101<br/>L 10101<br/>L 10101<br/>L 10101<br/>L 10101<br/>L 2010<br/>L 2010<br/>L</td> <td>VOS, CLEA<br/>CLEATD,<br/>LOUTE CALO,<br/>LOUTE CALO<br/>LOUTE CALO<br/>SEE LIQU<br/>SEE LIQU<br/>SEE LIQU<br/>SEE LIQU<br/>SEE LIQU<br/>LE ACTO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO<br/>CALO</td> <td>VOTS, CLEA<br/>CLEATD, CLA<br/>LICUTE CA<br/>LICUTE CA<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE<br/>LICUTE</td> <td>VOTS, CLEA<br/>CLOBERT CLEA<br/>L 10101<br/>L 10101<br/>L 10101<br/>L 10101<br/>L 10101<br/>L 10101<br/>L 10101<br/>L 2010<br/>L 20</td> <td>USS. CLEA<br/>CLEATION<br/>LOTTE CALO<br/>LOTTE CALO<br/>LOTTE CALO<br/>LOTTE
CALO<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATION<br/>CLEATIO</td> <td>VOTS, CLEA<br/>CLO ELLO<br/>L 101211<br/>L 101211<br/>L 101211<br/>L 10121<br/>L 101</td> <td>VOTS, CLEA<br/>CL 2010,<br/>10111,<br/>10111,<br/>10111,<br/>10111,<br/>10111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,<br/>11111,</td> <td>VOS, CLEA<br/>CLO ACLO<br/>CLO A</td> <td>VOS, CLEA<br/>LIC 2510,<br/>LIC 2510,<br/>LIC 1010,<br/>LIC 1010,<br/>LIC 1010,<br/>LIC 2010,<br/>LIC 2010,</td> <td>VOS, CLEA<br/>LIQUID:<br/>LIQUID:<br/>LIQUID:<br/>LIQUID:<br/>LIQUID:<br/>LIQUID:<br/>LIQUID:<br/>LIQUID:<br/>LIQUID:<br/>LIC ACIO:<br/>LIC ACI</td> <td>2005,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,555<br/>1012,5</td>
<td>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE<br/>COLUCE</td> <td>COLUCION COLUCIAL COL</td> <td>COLUMN COLUMN CO</td> | 1000000000000000000000000000000000000  | 1000000000000000000000000000000000000   | VIS
SCIENCE<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION<br>CONTECTION   | US, C.C.A.<br>C. ACID,<br>V. DISTI,<br>V. DISTI,  | UCS ACID.<br>IC ACID.<br>OTE ACID.<br>OTE COLO.<br>01511 (<br>01511 (<br>01511 (<br>0151 (  | VOS, CLEA<br>CC 4010,<br>10 1011 (<br>10 1011 (<br>10 1010,<br>10 1010,<br>10 1010,<br>10 400,<br>10   | UC 2019, CL 2<br>CL 2019, CL 2<br>CL 2019, CL 2<br>CL           | VOTS, CLEA<br>CL 2010,<br>101511,<br>101511,<br>101511,<br>101511,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110,<br>1110, | VOS, CLEA<br>CL ACID,<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111<br>1015111  | VOS, CLEA<br>CL TE LO,<br>LOTTE LO<br>LOTTE LO<br>LO<br>LO<br>LO<br>LO<br>LO<br>LO<br>LO<br>LO<br>LO   
  | VOTS, CLEA<br>CLEATD, CLEATD, OLSTIC<br>A 101010,<br>A 101010,<br>B 101010,<br>B 101010,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEATD,<br>CLEA  | VOS, CLEA<br>CL AE (D)<br>L 10101<br>L 10101<br>L 10101<br>L 10101<br>L 10101<br>L 10101<br>L 10101<br>L 2010<br>L   | VOS, CLEA<br>CLEATD,<br>LOUTE CALO,<br>LOUTE CALO<br>LOUTE CALO<br>SEE LIQU<br>SEE LIQU<br>SEE LIQU<br>SEE LIQU<br>SEE LIQU<br>LE ACTO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO<br>CALO | VOTS, CLEA<br>CLEATD, CLA<br>LICUTE CA<br>LICUTE
CA<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE<br>LICUTE | VOTS, CLEA<br>CLOBERT CLEA<br>L 10101<br>L 10101<br>L 10101<br>L 10101<br>L 10101<br>L 10101<br>L 10101<br>L 2010<br>L 20  | USS. CLEA<br>CLEATION<br>LOTTE CALO<br>LOTTE CALO<br>LOTTE CALO<br>LOTTE CALO<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATION<br>CLEATIO   | VOTS, CLEA<br>CLO ELLO<br>L 101211<br>L 101211<br>L 101211<br>L 10121<br>L 101   | VOTS, CLEA<br>CL 2010,<br>10111,<br>10111,<br>10111,<br>10111,<br>10111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,<br>11111,  | VOS, CLEA<br>CLO ACLO<br>CLO A | VOS, CLEA<br>LIC 2510,<br>LIC 2510,<br>LIC 1010,<br>LIC 1010,<br>LIC 1010,<br>LIC 2010,<br>LIC 2010,  
   | VOS, CLEA<br>LIQUID:<br>LIQUID:<br>LIQUID:<br>LIQUID:<br>LIQUID:<br>LIQUID:<br>LIQUID:<br>LIQUID:<br>LIQUID:<br>LIC ACIO:<br>LIC ACI   | 2005,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,555<br>1012,5   | COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE<br>COLUCE   | COLUCION COLUCIAL COL  | COLUMN CO   |
| COM1031       | PAINT,              | PAINT.             | INK                   | HYDROCI            | COMPOUN         | 8011 E R       | \$001 ni                               | Į,            | ž          | INSECT             | PATRIC          |                 | 0110170       | PAINI.          | INK        | ANILINE             | CUAPOUL         | CENENT.             | CENENT,       | LIQUEF             |        | 01111  | COMPOUN              | COMPOUND<br>SULFUR                   | Sulfue<br>Sulfue  | Sulfue<br>Sulfue<br>MAPHIN  | 50000<br>50000<br>70000<br>70000   | SULFUR<br>SULFUR<br>SULFUR<br>NATHIN<br>ACTOSI   | CONFOURCE<br>SULFUR<br>SULFUR<br>FLECTRO<br>FLANSAL<br>FLANSAL   
  | 500000<br>50000<br>50000<br>510000<br>510000<br>510000<br>510000<br>510000<br>510000<br>5100000<br>5100000<br>5100000<br>5100000000  | 545780<br>545780<br>545780<br>545780<br>554781<br>554785<br>554785<br>554785<br>554785<br>554785<br>554785<br>554785<br>554785<br>554785<br>554785<br>554785<br>554785<br>554785<br>554785<br>554785<br>554785<br>554785<br>554785<br>554785<br>5555<br>555   | 500000<br>50000<br>50000<br>50000<br>51000<br>510000<br>510000<br>510000<br>510000<br>5100000<br>5100000  | 500000<br>50000<br>50000<br>50000<br>51000<br>510000<br>510000<br>510000<br>510000<br>5100000<br>5100000<br>5100000<br>5100000000   
   | 501470<br>541574<br>541574<br>541574<br>541574<br>541574<br>541574<br>541574<br>541574<br>541574<br>541574<br>541574<br>541574<br>541574<br>541574<br>541574<br>541574<br>541574<br>541574<br>541574<br>541574<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>541575<br>5415755<br>5415755<br>5415755<br>54157555<br>541575555<br>541575555555555   
   
   
   
   
   
  | ССПА<br>5 и с с и с и и и и и и и и и и и и и и  | ССПАТО<br>5 Ц Г (12)<br>5 Ц Г (12)<br>5 Ц Г (12)<br>5 Ц Л (13)<br>5 Ц Л (13 | ССПАТО<br>2.01700<br>2.01700<br>2.01700<br>2.01700<br>2.01700<br>2.01700<br>2.01700<br>2.01700<br>2.0100<br>2.0100<br>2.0100<br>2.0100<br>2.0100<br>2.0100<br>2.0100<br>2.0100<br>2.0100<br>2.0100<br>2.0100<br>2.0100<br>2.0100<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.000<br>2.0000<br>2.0000<br>2.0000<br>2.0000<br>2.0000<br>2.0000<br>2.0000<br>2.0000<br>2.0000<br>2.0000<br>2.0000<br>2.0000<br>2.0000<br>2.0000<br>2.0000<br>2.0000<br>2.0000<br>2.0000<br>2.0000<br>2.0000<br>2.0000<br>2.0000<br>2.0000<br>2.0000<br>2.0000<br>2.00000<br>2.00000<br>2.00000<br>2.00000<br>2.00000<br>2.00000<br>2.000000<br>2   | CORPORT<br>SULFUR<br>FLANKET RU<br>FLANKET
RU<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>FLANKET<br>F | CONFOULD<br>SULFURIE<br>MARCINE<br>MARCINE<br>FLANSA<br>FLANSA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLANAA<br>FLA | Сопно<br>Sulf Carlo<br>Sulf Carlo<br>Art Carlo<br>Art Carlo<br>Carlo<br>Carlo<br>Benny Carlo<br>Confold<br>Benny Carlo<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold<br>Confold   |
CONFOULD<br>SULFURING<br>SULFURING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>F | Сонто<br>5 себе то<br>5 себе то<br>5 себе то<br>5 себе то<br>5 семвои то<br>6 соло<br>6 сол  | Солно<br>Sulf (181<br>Кир (181))<br>Кир (181<br>Кир (181))<br>Кир (181)<br>Кир (  | CONFOUND<br>SULF VIEL<br>SULF VIEL<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>ALTIN<br>A | Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Соле<br>Соле<br>Соле<br>Соле<br>Соле<br>Соле<br>Соле<br>Соле<br>Соле<br>Соле<br>Соле<br>Соле<br>Соле<br>Соле<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>Солно<br>С | Conformation<br>Sulf Conformation<br>Sulf Conformation<br>Flasher<br>Flasher<br>Sulf Conformation<br>Sulf
Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conformation<br>Conforma   | CONFOCULATION CO   | Configuration of the second of  | CONFOCUE<br>SULF VERSION<br>SULF VERSION<br>SULF VERSION<br>SULF VERSION<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLAN | CONFOURT 111<br>SULF VAR<br>SULF VAR<br>ANTH THIN<br>ANTH THIN<br>ANTH THIN<br>ANTH THIN<br>ANTH THIN<br>FLANKLE<br>FLANKLE<br>FLANKLE<br>FLANKLE<br>CONSCUT<br>OF CONSCUT<br>ANTH T<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>ANTH T<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONSCUT<br>CONS  |
CONFOUND<br>SULFTURE<br>SULFTURE<br>SULFTURE<br>AND THE<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>COSPON<br>FLANSSIC<br>COSPON<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>COSPON<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>FLANSSIC<br>F   | CONFOURT CONFIGURATION<br>SULFTURE<br>MATHINE<br>ACTION<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>CONFOURT<br>CONFOURT<br>CONFOURT<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>CONFOURT<br>CONFOURT<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>CONFOURT<br>CONFOURT<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>CONFOURT<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>CONFOURT<br>FLANKING<br>CONFOURT<br>FLANKING<br>CONFOURT<br>FLANKING<br>CONFOURT<br>FLANKING<br>CONFOURT<br>FLANKING<br>CONFOURT<br>FLANKING<br>CONFOURT<br>FLANKING<br>CONFOURT<br>FLANKING<br>CONFOURT<br>FLANKING<br>CONFOURT<br>FLANKING<br>CONFOURT<br>FLANKING<br>CONFOURT<br>FLANKING<br>CONFOURT<br>FLANKING<br>CONFOURT<br>FLANKING<br>CONFOURT<br>FLANKING<br>CONFOURT<br>FLANKING<br>CONFOURT<br>FLANKING<br>CONFOURT<br>FLANKING<br>CONFOURT<br>FLANKING<br>CONFOURT<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>FLANKING<br>F  | CONFOUND CON   | CONFOUND CON  | CONTROL<br>SULF (12)<br>SULF (2)<br>SULF (2)<br>SULF (2)<br>SULF (2)<br>SULF
(2)<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>FLANAR<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CONTROL<br>CON | CONFOUND CON   | CONTROL<br>SULF CONTROL<br>SULF CONTROL<br>SULF CONTROL<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>CONTROL<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FLANSING<br>FL | CONTROL<br>SULF (1971)<br>SULF (1971)<br>SULF (1971)<br>SULF (1971)<br>SULF (1971)<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>CONTROL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FLANDAL<br>FL | CONFOUND<br>SULF CONFOUND<br>SULF CONFOUND<br>SULF CONFOUND<br>SULF
CONFOUND<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>CONFOUND<br>FLANARD<br>CONFOUND<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLANARD<br>FLA |
| 00            |                     | * *                |                       | *                  | *               | -              | •                                      | -             | •          |                    | • •             |                 |               |                 |            |                     | 4               | 4                   | *             | •                  |        | •••    | ***                  | ****                                 | *****   | *****   |  | *******  | ********   
  |  |   |   |   
   |   
   
   
   
   
   
  |  |   | ******  
   | ******  | *******************   |  |  
  |  |   |   |                 
   |  |  | ******  
   | ******   | *****  | ******   | *****  
  | *****  | *****   | ***********************************   
  |  | ***************************************  | ***************************************   |  
   |
| 0F            |                     |                    |                       |                    |                 |                |  |               |            |                    |                 |                 |               |                 | -          |                     |                 |                     |               |                    |        | -      |                      |                                      |   |   |  |  |  
  |  |   |   |   
   |   
   
   
   
   
   
  |  |   | |
   |   |   |  |  
  |  |   |   |                 
   |  |  |   
   |  |  |  |  
  |  |   |   
  | - Lea  |  | - Leatns  | - Leatns   
   |
| 3             |                     | ••                 |                       | 1                  | _               | -              | •                                      | •             | •          | •                  | •               |                 |               | -               | •••        | •                   | *               | •                   |               | *                  |        |        | •••                  | • • • •                              | ****  | • • • • • • • •   | *****  | • • • • • • • • • • •  | ******   
  | *****  | • • • • • • • • • • • • • •   | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •   | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •   
   | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •   
   
   
   
   
   
  | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •  | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •   | **************************************  
   | ***********************   | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •   | , , , , , , , , , , , N , , , , , , , ,  | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,  
  | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,  | , , , , , , , , , , , N , , , , , , , ,   | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,   | , , , , , , , ,
, , , , , , , , , , ,   | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,  | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •  | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •  
  | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,  | <b>, , , , , , , , , , N , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,</b>   | , , , , , , , , , , N, , , , , , , , ,   | <b>, , , , , , , , , N</b> , , , , <b>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,</b>   
   | <b>, , , , , , , , , N , , , , N , , , , ,</b>   | <b>, , , , , , , , , N, , , , , , , , , , </b>  | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,  
   | <b>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </b>  | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •  | <b>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </b>   | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •   
  |
| Ĩ,            |                     |                    |                       | Ŭ                  | -               |                |  | - 1           |            |                    |                 |                 | •             | 9               | Ő          | •                   | -               |                     |               |                    |        | •      |                      |                                      |   |   |  |  |  
  |  |   |   |   
   |   
   
   
   
   
   
  |  |   | |
   |   |   |  |  
  |  |   |   |                 
   |  |  |   
   |  |  |  |  
  |  |   |   
  |  |  |   |  
   |
| 51            | 23                  | 5                  | 3                     | ð                  | 3               | 3              | 3                                      |               | 5          |                    | 50              | 1               | 1             | 5               | 5          | Ň                   | ű               | Ž                   | 5             | 3                  | Ď      | •      | 10                   | ¥33                                  | 1923  | 19272   | 10017:   | 165275   | 4652955  
  | 15517555   | 4652¥55555  | 19272333288   | 43322222X433  
   | 45517555556673  
   
   
   
   
   
  | 85433222274200F  | 455275335582238   | aggraggererise  
   | essertsereres   | 133273333382278 <i>2</i> 2782278  | 755775255667756222   | X227X222282¥129X35222  
  | X2273523525252525252525252525252525252525  | XIIIXIIIXEEXESSEEEEEEEEEEEEEEE  | X227X277285¥19953625544   |
XIIFAIIISEEFEBSIISEEEEE   | X127X222282429555525254393   | X127X222282473855555222244333  | X127X222282423955555555555555555555555555555555555   
  | A2272222222222222222222222222222222222   | 7227222222222222222222222222   |  | #335#3335# <b>8</b> # <b>7</b> 88 <u>7</u> 98 <b>2</b> 8282443833 <b>7</b> 7228   
   | #335#3335#82#38829922222##893 <b>3</b> #228  | #551#515586##882996664##8# <b>3</b> ##₽   | #327#3727#2#2#3#3#3#3#3#3#3#3#3#3#3#3#2#   
   | 7557555566778827728527753377722  | #02F#22228C##2953556CCCC##2#3#####6  | #035#3338 <b>6</b> \$#8863#24244833#3#26  | #035#535586#188229222224333177722   
  |
| 1614 6114     | 6 A<br>             | ALLANAUN ES        | LAUKEE                | RILAND             | N FRANCISCO     | L HAURE E      | Chrond                                 | 8414U         |            | 1120U44            | N FRANCISCO     | IL FRANCISCO    | NC SEE        | N FRANCISCO     | E MDMT     | CH63154             | L N] NG 1 ON    | Cel 410             | A13:04        | 0.6 KT 4           | KILAGO |        | Laburd E<br>Manual E | L'AUNEE<br>S'AUCELES<br>S'AUCELES    | CHAUKEE<br>S ANGELES<br>S ANGELES<br>S ANGELES<br>CISULLEE  | L-AUKEE<br>S ANGELES<br>S ANGELES<br>UISVILE  | L"AUGE<br>S ANGELES<br>S ANGELES<br>UISVILE<br>LALUGE  | Lwburge<br>S andeles<br>S andeles<br>S andeles<br>Laturge<br>Laturge   | Lubucte<br>Sanderes<br>Sanderes<br>Lature<br>Lature<br>Cata  
  | Ludurf<br>Sanderes<br>Sanderes<br>USVILLE<br>ULSVILLE<br>Sisar<br>Sisar<br>Finar   | Cumburge<br>S and the<br>S and the<br>S and the<br>Cuits VILLE<br>Cuits A<br>Cuits A<br>Cui    | Cualucte<br>Sanderes<br>Sanderes<br>Cisville<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Sana<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>Cisva<br>C | Lubuke<br>S multers<br>S multers<br>S multers<br>S multers<br>C S M<br>C M<br>S M<br>S M<br>S C M<br>S M<br>S C M<br>S   | Ledukt<br>S autotte<br>S autotte<br>Lauxt<br>Lauxt<br>Joak<br>Joak<br>Joak<br>Joak<br>Joak<br>Joak<br>Joak<br>Joak  
   
   
   
   
   
  | C  
   | 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2   | 2 444466<br>2 444466<br>2 446466<br>2 446466<br>1 44446<br>1 5748<br>1 5<br>7448<br>1 5<br>7448<br>1 5<br>7448<br>1 5<br>7448<br>1 5<br>7448<br>1 5<br>7448<br>1 5<br>7448<br>1 5<br>7488<br>1 5748<br>1 57488<br>1 57488<br>1 57488<br>1 57488<br>1 57488<br>1 57488<br>1 57488  | LAUKE<br>S SUCCES<br>S SUCCES<br>S SUCCES<br>LAUSTIC<br>LAUSTIC<br>LAUSTIC<br>SSAR<br>SSAR<br>SSAR<br>SSAR<br>SSAR<br>SSAR<br>SSAR<br>SSA   | 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2   
   | 2 aluctes<br>2 aluctes<br>2 aluctes<br>2 aluctes<br>1 aluctes   | C. AUGE<br>S. SIGELES<br>S. SIGELES<br>S. SIGELES<br>L. L. S. VILE<br>L. S. VILE<br>S. S. S  | 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2  | S AUGLES<br>S AUGLES<br>S AUGLES<br>S AUGLES<br>LAUNTILE<br>LAUNTILE<br>SARA<br>1504<br>HILAS<br>HILAS<br>HILAS<br>HILAS<br>HILAS<br>HAUL<br>CUBRUTE<br>CUBRUTE<br>LIUNGE<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA<br>AUIPPA | S SIGGLES<br>S SIGGLES<br>S SIGGLES<br>S
SIGGLES<br>LALUNCE<br>LALUNCE<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIAR<br>SSIA       | C = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =   | 2 ====================================   | C. ALMARCE<br>S. S. S  
  | 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2   | 2 = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =  | S AUGLES<br>S AUGLES<br>S AUGLES<br>S AUGLES<br>LALUNCE<br>ISTAR<br>FALLE<br>FALLES<br>FALLES<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FALLE<br>FA | C. MUKEC<br>S. MUKEC<br>S. MUKES<br>S. MUKES<br>L. MUKES<br>S. A. MUKES<br>S.
MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES<br>MUKES | S audukte<br>S audukte<br>S audukte<br>S audukte<br>Leuvalite<br>Leuvalite<br>T and<br>T and | 2  | S anúcice<br>S anúc  | S aducte<br>S aducte<br>S aductes<br>S  | S anducte<br>S anducte   | S subucc<br>S subu   | s and the second  |   
  |
| 80            | 80                  | 52                 | -                     | 04                 | 3               | Ē              | 2                                      | 5             | Ň          |                    |                 |                 | 3             | Š               | Ŧ.         | ñ                   | Ï               | â                   |               |                    | 2      |        | ć                    | 9                                    | 003   | 000   | 0007   | 00020  | 0002000  
  | 00020000   | 000200000   | 000200000   |   
   | 99959998844   
   
   
   
   
   
  |  |   | |
   |   |   |  |  
  |  |   |   |                 
   |  |  |   
   |  |  |  |  
  |  |   |   
  |  |  |   |  
   |
| SHIPPER       | AHE-LON CORKOSION C | FREICHELEN'S COPP  | EASIERDAY PAINT .     | SPEED-DE-WAY PRODS | SL FODEN OURKEE | SHARE CORP     | CALVEON CH CO                          |               |            | VAR WATERS . BOLFO | SINJION D J     | GLEODEN DURKER  | LUCIDOL DIV   | SI NPSCIN D     | BORJEN CO  | EASTRAN RODAK CO    | LURCO PROJS CO  | ICANSHCRLO ADHESIV  | LESLE EN COAP | CIN AN LEGALDY LEA |        |        | COAST CARLOADTNG     | COAST CARLOADING<br>COAST CARLOADING | COAST CARLOADING<br>COAST CARLOADING<br>Kingsvord Co  | COAST CAALGADING<br>COAST CAALCADING<br>Klacsford Co<br>Scher N/C Co  | COAST CARLOADING<br>COAST CARLOADING<br>KINGSYORU CO<br>SCLVER NGC CO<br>ALOCEL NGC CO   | COAST CARLOADTNG<br>COAST CARLOADTNG<br>KINGSOORD CO<br>SCIVER N/C CO<br>BUPTEN CA CO<br>BUPTEN CA CO  | COAST COAL 940746<br>COAST CAAL 240146<br>COAST CAAL 240146<br>SCLVEN P/G CO<br>5.02.468 P/G CO<br>8.19754 CC CO<br>8.19754 CC CO<br>9.19754 CC CO   
  | CONST CARLORDTHC<br>CONST CARLORDTHC<br>KINGSFORD CD<br>5.55-VER NYG CO<br>8.1975M CN CO<br>8.1975M CN CO<br>8.1975M CN CO<br>0.0756M CN CO<br>0.0756M CN CO   | COAST CAAL OADTHC<br>COAST CAAL OADTHC<br>KTAGSFORD CD<br>Sciver N°C CD<br>Sciver N°C CD<br>BDJSFOR CH CO<br>DDSFGM CH CO<br>DDSFGM CH CO<br>DDSFGM CH CO<br>Staffa CH CO<br>Staffa CH CO   | COAST CAAL 0101 WG<br>COAST CAAL 0101 WG<br>KLACSY DAU CO<br>BJPYYK NY CO<br>BJPYYK NY CO<br>BJPYYK CH CO<br>DJPYYK CH CO<br>CUMPER CH CO<br>CUMPER CH CO<br>CUMPER CH CO<br>CUMPER CH CO<br>CUMPER CH CO   | COAST CARLONDING<br>COAST CARLONDING<br>KINGGYORU CO<br>BJPTER Cr.C.O<br>BJPTER Cr.C.O<br>BJPTER Cr.C.O<br>BJPTER CR.C.O<br>BJPTER CR.C.O<br>BJPTER CR.C.O<br>SHELL CH.C.O<br>VELORI CARLOC CO<br>VELORIC CARLOC CO   
   | COAST CARLORDTHC<br>COAST CARLORDTHC<br>KTAGGEORO CO<br>BJOTKEN CH CO<br>BJOTKEN CH CO<br>BJOTKEN CH CO<br>COMMENT CH CO<br>COMMENT CH CO<br>COMMENT CH CO<br>COMMENT CH CO<br>COMMENT CO<br>STIELL CH CC<br>UNIDM CARTIOL CO<br>UNIDM CARTIOL CO   
   
   
   
   
   
  | COASI CAALOADING<br>COASI CAALOADING<br>KINGSPORD CD<br>SCLVER N'G CD<br>SCLVER N'G CD<br>SDLTGN CA CD<br>SDLTGN CA CD<br>SDLTGN CA CD<br>SLELL CH CD<br>SLELL CH CC<br>ROTH T HALS CO<br>TEANZSEE CASINAN<br>REPAILLE STELL CA<br>REPAILLE STELL CA   | COAST CAAL OLD INC<br>COAST CAAL OLD INC<br>ELNCSTOR OF C<br>9.974K Nr C C<br>11.4 Nr Nr S<br>12.4 C C C<br>11.4 Nr Nr S<br>11.5 Nr C C AST NN<br>R L P V L C C C<br>11.4 Nr Nr S<br>11.5 Nr C C AST NN<br>R L P V L C C C C<br>11.4 Nr Nr S<br>11.5 Nr C C C C C C<br>11.5 Nr C C C C C C<br>11.5 Nr C C C C C C<br>11.5 Nr C C C C C C C<br>11.5 Nr C C C C C C C C<br>C C C C C C C C C C C  | COAST CARLOADTWC<br>COAST CARLOADTWC<br>KINGSFORD CD<br>3.61.VER N/G CQ<br>3.61.VER CH CO<br>3.61.VER CH CO<br>3.61.VER CH CO<br>CH CO<br>CH CO<br>3.81EL CH CO<br>CH CO<br>4.91.DM CARTING CO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81.ALTSCO<br>1.81 
   | COAST CAAL OADTAC<br>COAST CAAL OADTAC<br>KTAGGE ORD CD<br>SCLVER N'G CO<br>SCLVER N'G CO<br>SCLVER CC CO<br>SCLVER CO<br>CDCFFE CO<br>CDCFFE CO<br>COCHT ANALS CO<br>TEAACSSEE CO<br>TEAACSSEE CO<br>COULULES LECL<br>CONDULES LEC<br>CONDULES LEC<br>CONDUCTION CONTROL   | COAST CAAL 040146<br>COAST CAAL 040146<br>LLAGST CAAL 040146<br>LLAGST D20 CO<br>9.9.746 Tr C CO<br>9.9.746 Tr C CO<br>9.9.746 Tr C CO<br>9.9.746 Tr C CO<br>0.0.74134 CASING<br>COUNTY CARANO CO<br>14. RANSI TIC<br>CONDUTS LASS<br>DUPPONT E C CO<br>0.17 TH 25 CO<br>15 TR CASIST CO<br>15 TR CASE CASING<br>CONDUTS LASS   | COAST CAAL OADTWC<br>COAST CAAL OADTWC<br>KINGSYD ZU CO<br>KINGSYD ZU CO<br>BJPTSM CH CO<br>BJPTSM CH CO<br>BJPTSM CH CO<br>GJPTSM CH CO<br>GJPTSM CH CO<br>SHELL CH CU<br>SHELL CH CU<br>SHELL CH CO<br>SHELL CH CO<br>CUNNER CASTMAN<br>HANST CAST CO<br>TEANSSEE CASTMAN<br>HANST CAST CO<br>TEANSSEE CASTMAN<br>DI L RANST CAST<br>CONUMICS LABS<br>CONUMICS CASTMAN<br>CAST CAST CO<br>CONUMICS CASTMAN<br>CO CONUMICS CASTMAN<br>CO CONUMICS CASTMAN<br>CO CONUMICS CAST<br>CONUMICS CAST<br>CAST<br>CONUMICS CAST<br>CAST<br>CONUMICS CAST<br>CONUMICS CAST<br>CONUMICS CAST<br>CONUMICS CAST<br>CONUMICS CAST<br>CONUMICS CAST<br>CAST<br>CONUMICS CAST<br>CAST<br>CAST<br>CAST<br>CAST<br>CAST<br>CAST<br>CAST  | COAST CARLONDING<br>COAST CARLONDING<br>KLACSFORD CD<br>BJPTER CF.C CO<br>BJPTER CF.C CO<br>BJPTER CF.C CO<br>COCFER CF.C CO<br>CF.C COCFER CF.C CO<br>CF.C COCFER CF.C CO<br>CF.C COCFER CF.C COC<br>CCCCC.C COCFER CF.C COC<br>CCCCC.C COCFER CF.C CF.C COCFER CF.C CF.C COCFER CF.C CF.C COCFER CF.C CF.C CF.C CF.C CF.C CF.C CF.C CF.   | COAST CARLONDING<br>COAST CARLONDING<br>LLNGSFORD CD<br>BJPTYER Cr.C.CQ<br>BJPTYER Cr.C.CQ<br>BJPTYER Cr.C.CQ<br>BJPTYER CR.C.CQ<br>BJPTYER CASING<br>CORTATION CARANGE<br>CORTATION CARANGE<br>CONTATION CA   | COAST CARLONDING<br>COAST CARLONDING<br>FINGSTORU CO<br>BUPTEN Cr. CO<br>BUPTEN Cr. CO<br>BUPTEN Cr. CO<br>BUPTEN Cr. CO<br>BUPTEN CR. CO<br>CUENTEN CH. CO<br>SHELL CH. CO<br>SHELL CH. CO<br>SHELL CH. CO<br>CUENTEN CARNON<br>COUNT STATU<br>ILL RANSIC CASTMAN<br>HAUST CARLON<br>CONTUNES LABS<br>DUPON L CH. CO<br>ALLANTIC RICH<br>CONTUNES LABS<br>DUPON L CH. CO<br>ALLANTIC RICH<br>ALLANTIC RICH<br>ALLANTIC RICH<br>ALLANTIC RICH<br>CONTUNES LABS<br>DUPON L CH. CO<br>ALLANTIC RICH<br>CONTUNES LABS  
   | COAST CARLONDING<br>COAST CARLONDING<br>LLACSTORU CO<br>BJOTVER Cr. CO<br>BJOTVER Cr. CO<br>BJOTVER Cr. CO<br>COCKER CI CO<br>CO<br>COCKER CI CO<br>CO<br>COCKER CI CO<br>CO<br>CO<br>CO<br>CO<br>CO<br>CO<br>CO<br>CO<br>CO<br>CO<br>CO<br>CO<br>C   | COAST CARLONDING<br>COAST CARLONDING<br>LINGGY DR CALCUDING<br>LINGGY DR CA<br>397 VER CALCO<br>397 VER CALCO<br>397 VER CALCO<br>207 VER CACO<br>207 VER CACO<br>VER CARANO<br>COUNTY CACO<br>101 VER CASINAN<br>REALIST CACO<br>101 VER VER CASINAN<br>REALIST CACO<br>101 VER VER CASINAN<br>REALIST CACO<br>101 VER VER CASINAN<br>REALIST CACO<br>101 VER VER CACO<br>101 VER VER VER VER<br>010 VER   | COAST CARLONDING<br>COAST CARLONDING<br>LINGSTORU CO<br>BJPTER Cr.C.CO<br>BJPTER Cr.C.CO<br>BJPTER Cr.C.CO<br>BJPTER Cr.C.CO<br>BJPTER CARLONC<br>CCCCCR CH.C.CO<br>SHELL CH.C.CO<br>SHELL CH.C.CO<br>CCCCCR CH.C.CO<br>SHELL CH.C.CO<br>CCCCCR CH.C.CO<br>LUNDING CARNON<br>COMPANIE STELL CO<br>DIPONIE CO<br>DIPONIE CO<br>CONCHTER STELL<br>OLICORNO<br>J. C. STELL CO<br>DIPONIE CO<br>DIPONIE CO<br>SHELL CO<br>COULCU STELL CO<br>CO<br>SHELL CH.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.   | COAST CARLOLDING<br>COAST CARLOLDING<br>LLACSTORU CO<br>BJOYER CHC CO<br>BJOYER CHC CO<br>BJOYER CHC CO<br>COEFER CHC CO<br>COEFER CHC CO<br>COEFER CHC CO<br>COEFER CHC CO<br>COEFER CHC CO<br>COEFER CA<br>TRICH CRIDIC CO<br>COEFER CO<br>COEFER CO<br>COEFER CO<br>COEFER CO<br>COEFER CO<br>ACKAT PERCUCUN CO<br>ACKAT PERCU  
  | COAST CARLONDING<br>COAST CARLONDING<br>LINGSTORO CO<br>39796 Cr.C.CO<br>39796 Cr.C.CO<br>30707 THIS<br>20768 Cr.C.CO<br>20768 Cr.C.CO<br>20768 Cr.C.CO<br>20768 Cr.C.CO<br>2016 CR.C.CO<br>2017 CR.C.C.C.C.CO<br>2017 CR.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.C.  | COAST CARLONDING<br>COAST CARLONDING<br>ELNGSFORU CO<br>BJFYER CFC CO<br>BJFYER CFC CO<br>BJFYER CFC CO<br>BJFYER CFC CO<br>CCCCER CHC CO<br>CCCCER CHC<br>CCCCER CCCER<br>CCCCER CHC<br>CCCCER CHC<br>CCCCER CHC<br>CCCER C   | COAST CARLONDING<br>COAST CARLONDING<br>FINGSTORU CO<br>FINGSTORU CO<br>BJPTEN CH CO<br>BJPTEN CH CO<br>BJPTEN CH CO<br>CUMPER CH CO<br>CUMPER CH CO<br>CUMPER CH CO<br>FILL CH CO<br>SHELL CH CO<br>CUMPER CASTNAN<br>CUMPER CASTNAN<br>DIL RANSI CITIC<br>CONUMICS LABS<br>CONUMICS LABS<br>CONUMICS LABS<br>CONUMICS LABS<br>CONUMICS LABS<br>CONUMICS CASTNAN<br>DIL CONTOUTS CAST<br>ALLANTIC RECHLON CO<br>ALLANTIC RECHLON CO<br>DIL CH CORP<br>ALLIEC RECH<br>DIL CH CORP<br>CARCAT FERCULUN CO<br>CARDULTNE RECHLON<br>DIL CH CORP<br>ALLIEC RECH<br>DIL CH CORP<br>ALLIEC RECH<br>ALLIEC RECH<br>ALLIEC RECH<br>CANCAT CORP<br>CANCAT CORP<br>CANCAT CORP<br>CARCAT CORP<br>CARCAT CORP<br>CARCAT CORP<br>CARCAT CORP<br>CARCAT CORP<br>CORPORT CORP<br>CARCAT CORP<br>CORPORT CORP<br>CORPORT CORP<br>CORPORT CORP<br>CORPORT CORP<br>CORPORT CORP<br>CORPORT CORP<br>CORPORT CORP<br>CORPORT CORPORT CORPORT CORP<br>CORPORT CORPORT CORPORT CORPORT CORPORT<br>CORPORT CORPORT CORP   | COAST CARLOUDING<br>COAST CARLOUDING<br>LUNCED DO<br>DUNE CARLOUDING<br>DUNE CARLOUDING<br>DUNE CARLOUDING<br>DUNE CARLOUDING<br>CONTRY THIS<br>TOTAL CARLOUDING<br>CONTRY THIS<br>TOTAL CARLOUDING<br>CONTRY TOTAL<br>DUL RANSI FILL<br>CARLOUT CARLOUDING<br>DUL RANSI FILL<br>CARLOUT CARLOUDING<br>DUL CH CARLA<br>DUL CH TOUNING<br>CARLOUT CORPORT<br>DUL CH CARLA   | COAST CARLONDING<br>COAST CARLONDING<br>LINGGY DRUC CO<br>397-YER Dr.C. CO<br>397-YER Dr.C. CO<br>397-YER DRUC CO<br>397-YER DRUC CO<br>307-YER DRUC CO<br>CURLED CO<br>2010-11 CO<br>2010-11 CO<br>2010-11 CO<br>2010-2010 CO  | COAST CARLONDING<br>COAST CARLONDING<br>LINGSPORU CO<br>BJPTER CFC CO<br>CCCCCR CCCCR CC<br>CCCCCR CFC CO<br>CCCCCR CFC CO<br>CFC CFC CCCR CC<br>CCCCCR CFC CO<br>CFC CFC CCCR CC<br>CCCCCR CCCR CC<br>CCCCCR CCCR  
   | COAST CARLONDING<br>COAST CARLONDING<br>ELNCER CALCUDING<br>ELNCER CALCO<br>30: VEH CALCO<br>30: VEH CALCO<br>20: VEH  | COAST CARLONDING<br>COAST CARLONDING<br>LLACSTORU CO<br>BJPTER CFC CO<br>CCCCC CO<br>DJACCORDINE CO<br>CONDINE CARLONC CO<br>LUMUAL CO<br>DIPORT CC<br>CONDINE CARCINC CO<br>JACKAT FERCULUT CO<br>JACKAT FERCULUT CO<br>JACKAT FERCULUT CO<br>JACKAT CO<br>DIPORT CO<br>JACKAT CO<br>DIPORT CO<br>JACKAT CO<br>DIPORT CO<br>MILLONA CORPACT<br>CARCINCT CO<br>MILLONA CORPACT<br>CARCINCT CO<br>MILLONA CORPACT<br>CARCINCT CO<br>MILLONA CORPACT<br>CARCINCT CO<br>CARCINCT CO<br>MILLONA CORPACT<br>CARCINCT CO<br>MILLONA CORPACT<br>CARCINCT CORPACT<br>CARC  | COAST CARLOADING<br>COAST CARLOADING<br>ELACSTORU CO<br>BJPTER CFC CO<br>CCCCFR CFC CO<br>SHELL CFC CO<br>CCCCFR CFC CO<br>CCCCFR CFC CO<br>CCCCFR CFC CO<br>CCCCFR CFC CO<br>DIL ARANST CARLO<br>CCCCFR CFC CO<br>DIL ARANST CARLO<br>CCCCFR CC<br>DIL ARANST CARLO<br>CCCCFR CC<br>DIL CFC CCC<br>DIL CFC<br>DIL | COAST CARLONDING<br>COAST CARLONDING<br>ELACSTOR CTC CO<br>BJPTYER CTC CO<br>BJPTYER CTC CO<br>BJPTYER CTC CO<br>BJPTYER CTC CO<br>CCCCR CALCOLOCIC<br>CCCCR CALCOLOCIC<br>CCCCR CALCOLOCIC<br>CCCCR CALCOLOCIC<br>CCCCRUCHTS CAC<br>DIALOCIC SIECL CO<br>CCCCRUCHTS CAS<br>DIALOCIC SIECL CO<br>CCCCRUCHTS CAS<br>CCCCRUCHTS CAS<br>CCCCUCUTS CAS<br>CCCCRUCHTS CAS<br>CCCCUCUTS CAS<br>CCCCUTS<br>CCCCUCUTS CAS<br>CCCCUTS<br>CCCCUTS<br>CCCCUTS<br>CCCCUTS<br>CCCCUTS<br>CCCCUTS<br>CCCCUTS<br>CCCCUTS<br>CCCCUTS<br>CCCCUTS<br>CCCCUTS<br>CCCCUTS<br>CCCCUTS<br>CCCCUTS<br>CCCCUTS<br>CCCCUTS<br>CCCCUTS<br>CCCCUTS<br>CCCCUTS<br>CCCCUTS<br>CCCCUTS<br>CCCCUTS<br>CCCCUTS<br>CCCCUTS<br>CCCCUTS<br>CCCCUTS<br>CCCCUTS<br>CCCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUTS<br>CCCUT  | COAST CARLONDING<br>COAST CARLONDING<br>ELNCER CNC CO<br>BUPYER CNC CO<br>BUPYER CNC CO<br>BUPYER CNC CO<br>BUPYER CNC CO<br>COUNTY CNC CO<br>CUMPLES CO<br>COUNTY CO<br>COUNTY CO<br>CONDINES CASTINA<br>CANTONIS CASTINA<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTON<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONTRACTOR<br>CONT  | COAST CARLONDING<br>COAST CARLONDING<br>ELNCSTORUC CO<br>BUSTYER CF.C CO<br>BUSTYER CF.C CO<br>BUSTYER CF.C CO<br>BUSTYER CF.C CO<br>BUSTYER CF.C CO<br>CUMMIST CASTINAN<br>FILL CF.C CO<br>CUMULST CASTINAN<br>FILL CF.C CO<br>COMPONIE E CE MEN<br>M.C T CHNENTS CASTINAN<br>FILLANTIC COMPONIE CO<br>COMPONIE E CE MEN<br>M.C T CHNENTS CASTINAN<br>FILLANTIC CONCULST CO<br>OUTO TIC CHNENTS CASTINAN<br>M.C T CHNENTS CASTINAN<br>FILLANTIC CONCULST CO<br>OUTO TIC CONCULST CO<br>OUTO TIC CHNENTS CASTINAN<br>M.C T CONCULST CASTINAN<br>M.C T CHNENTS CASTINAN<br>M.C T CONCULST CASTINAN<br>M.C CONCULST CASTINAN<br>MALLIED MENSTARES<br>MALLIED MESSARCH<br>MALLIED MES   |
| 5 4 4 C 1 3 4 | COMPACIBILED FRIEN  | CONTOLIONIEO FRIME | CONSCI TO A 160 FRIMY | UNITED PARCEL SERV |                 | CARLET FRICIES | CORSOLADATEO FALAT<br>FABRETE COTETOES |               |            | C & C FUIDE EXFLUN | 1 1 n E -00 Inc | 1 1 n 1 -02 1×C | FANSCON LINES | I I N E -UC INC | 10-3 H 1 1 | CONSOL [JATEO FRTHY | 1 1 1 C -02 INC | Costentiaties FRINT |               |                    |        |        | SUNTACIA PACIFIC     | SOUTHER PAGELLE<br>Couther Pagere    | SOUTHER PAGE LE<br>Souther Pacifie<br>Souther Pacifie   | SQUERCE PACIFIC<br>Sounday Pacific<br>Sound i Pacific   | SOUMERS PASTICLE<br>SOUNCE PASTICLE<br>Longer PASTICLE<br>Sounder PASTICLE   | Sulfactor Pacification<br>SouthCave Pacification<br>States - Pacification<br>States - Pacification<br>States - Pacification  | 50016654 745674<br>5001654 7456715<br>5001654 9456715<br>5001654 9456715<br>500000000000000000000000000000000000 | Sources Pactra<br>Sources Pactra<br>Sources Pactra<br>Sources Pactra<br>Content Pactra<br>Content Cactor<br>Content Cactor<br>Content Cactor  
  | SOUTH A PALIFIC LE<br>SOUTH A PALIFIC E<br>SOUTH A PAL   |   | SOUTHER ALLER<br>SOUTHER ALLER<br>SOUTHER ALLER<br>SOUTHER ALLER<br>SOUTHER ALLER<br>SOUTHER ALLER<br>SOUTHER ALLER<br>SOUTHER ALLER<br>ALLER ALLER<br>ALLER<br>ALLER ALLER ALLER<br>ALLER ALLER ALLER ALLER<br>ALLER ALLER<br>ALLER ALLER ALLER ALLER ALLER ALLER<br>ALLER ALLER AL   | Southers Partic Le<br>Southers Partic Le<br>Southers Parts File<br>Southers File<br>Southe   
   
   
   
   
   
   | SOUNDER PARTIEL<br>SOUNDER PARTIEL<br>SOUNDER PARTIEL<br>CATC.D.L.O.LCO.EL<br>SOUNDER PARTIEL<br>CATC.D.LCO.EL<br>SOUNDER PARTIEL<br>SOUNDER PARTIE  | SOUNCE PARTIEL<br>SOUNCE PARTIEL<br>SOUNCE PARTIEL<br>SOUNCE PARTIEL<br>CONTREPARTIEL<br>CONTREPARTIEL<br>CONTREPARTIEL<br>CONTREPARTIEL<br>CONTREPARTIEL<br>SOUNCE CONTREPARTIEL<br>SUCCE CONTREPARTIEL  | Southerst Particle<br>Southerst Particle<br>Southerst
Particle<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction  | Southers Partie La<br>Southers Partie Partie<br>Southers Partie Part<br>Southers   | Southers Partie La<br>Southers Partie La<br>Souther Partie Filt<br>La Carlo Ca<br>La Carlo Carlo Ca<br>La Carlo  | Southers Partie La<br>Southers Partie File<br>Southers Partie File<br>Southers Partie File<br>Southers Partie<br>Southers Partie<br>Southers Partie<br>Southers Partie<br>Addition Co<br>Addition Co<br>Southers Co<br>Southers Co<br>Southers Co<br>Addition Co<br>Southers Co<br>Sout | SQUINCE PALLING<br>SQUINCE PALLING<br>PALLING SQUINCE CO<br>PALLING SQUINCE CO<br>SQUINCE CO   | SOUNDER PALITIC<br>SOUNDER PALITIC<br>SOUNDER PALITIC<br>SOUNDER PALITIC<br>CONTROLOGY<br>SOUNDER PALITIC<br>CONTROLOGY<br>SOUNDER PALITIC<br>CONTROLOGY<br>SOUNDER PALITIC<br>CONSOLIATED PALITIC<br>CONSOLIATED PALITIC<br>AND ACT   | Southers Partie to<br>Southers Partie File<br>Southers Partie File<br>Southers Partie File<br>Southers Partie<br>Southers Partie<br>Southers Partie<br>Martie Co<br>Southers C  | Southers Partie La<br>Southers Partie Partie<br>Correct Partie<br>Southers Partie<br>Southers Partie<br>Southers Partie<br>Southers Partie<br>Southers Partie<br>Southers
Partie<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>Correction<br>C   | SQUINCE PALLIC<br>SQUINCE PALLIC<br>SQUINCE PALLIC<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT<br>SCORESTACT                                    | SOUNCE PARTIEL<br>SOUNCE PARTIEL<br>SOUNCE PARTIEL<br>SOUNCE PARTIEL<br>CONTREPARTIEL<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPERE<br>SUPER | SOUTHER PALLE<br>SOUTHER PALLE<br>ALLANTS BLUE<br>SOUTHER PALLE<br>ALLANTS BLUE<br>SOUTHER PALLE<br>ALLANTS BLUE<br>SOUTHER PALLE<br>ALLANTS BLUE<br>SOUTHER PALLE<br>SOUTHER PARLES<br>SOUTHER PALLE<br>SOUTHER PALLE<br>SOUTHER PARLES<br>SOUTHER PARLES<br>SO  | SQUINCE PALLIC<br>SQUINCE PALLIC<br>SQUINCE PALLIC<br>SQUINCE PALLIC<br>SQUINCE PALLIC<br>SQUINCE
PALLIC<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION<br>CONSCIPTION   | Southers Partie La<br>Southers Partie Factor<br>Southers Partie Factor<br>A and Partie Factor  | SOUTHER PALLIN<br>SOUTHER PALLING<br>ALANTIN BUILLE<br>ALANTIN BUILLE  | SQUINCE PALLINE<br>SQUINCE FALLS<br>SQUINCE FALLS<br>SQUINC   | SOUNDER PALIFIC<br>SOUNDER PALIFIC<br>SOUNDER PALIFIC<br>CONTROL PALIFIC<br>CONTROL PALIFIC<br>CONTROL PALIFIC<br>CONTROL PALIFIC<br>CONTROL PALIFIC<br>CONTROL PALIFIC<br>CONSOLIATED PALIFIC<br>CO  | SOUTHER PARTIE<br>SOUTHER PARTIE<br>CAREACTION<br>SOUTHER PARTIE<br>SOUTHER PARTIE<br>SOUTHER PARTIE<br>SOUTHER PARTIE<br>SOUTHER PARTIE<br>SOUTHER PARTIE<br>SOUTHER PARTIE<br>SOUTHER PARTIE<br>SOUTHER EPARTIE<br>ATTENT ENVERSE<br>CONDARY ENVERSE  | SOUNDER PARTIE<br>SOUNDER PARTIE<br>CATCINE PARTIE<br>CATCINE PARTIE<br>CATCINE PARTIE<br>CATCINE PARTIE<br>CATCINE PARTIE<br>CATCINE CATCINE<br>CATCINE CATCINE<br>CATCINE CATCINE<br>CATCINE CATCINE<br>CATCINE CATCINE<br>CATCINE CATCINE<br>CATCINE CATCINE<br>CATCINE
CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCINE<br>CATCI | Southers Partie Construction<br>Southers Partie Construction<br>Southers Partie Construction<br>Southers Partie Construction<br>Southers Partie Construction<br>Southers Partie Construction<br>Southers Construction<br>Construction Construction<br>Construction Construction<br>Construction Construction<br>Construction Construction<br>Construction Construction<br>Construction Construction<br>Construction Construction<br>Construction Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Construction<br>Cons  | Contraction of the second seco   | Contract a partir of a contract a contra   |   |  
   |
| 110 201       |                     | 12-11-21           | 12-63-51              | 22-55-21           | 92-50-22        |                | 61-60-21                               |               |            |                    | 63-90-24        | 22-10-22        | 12-07-20      | 72-98-94        | 20-48-21   | 12-24-24            | 12-05-01        |                     |               |                    |        |        |                      | 77-03-65                             | 51-22-22  |   |  |  | k (β) = (1 k) (k) (k) (k)<br>d = al (k) (2) (1 k) (k)<br>b = (k) (k) (2) (1 k) (k)<br>= (k) (k) (k) (k) (k) (k) (k)<br>= (k) (k) (k) (k) (k) (k) (k) (k) (k)<br>= (k)  | 
  |   |   |  
  |  
   
   
   
   
   
   |  |   | |
  |   |   |  |   
   |  |   |   |  
  |  |  |  
  |  |  |  |   
   |  |   |  
   |  |  |   | Standard Stand<br>Standard Standard Stan  
   |
| a ĉlur        | <b>د</b> ،          |                    |                       | ~                  |                 |                | -<br>-                                 |               | <b>`</b> - |                    | -               | -               | ~             | _               | _          | _                   | -               |                     |               |                    |        |        | 1.0                  | 10                                   | 110   |   |  |  |  
  | 0 1 2 3<br>9 4 5 1<br>9 4 5 5 1  | ព្រះក្នុង<br>ភ្លាំង ស្ត្រី<br>អូស្លាយ ភ្លាំង ស្ត្រី   |   |   
   |   
   
   
   
   
   
  |  |   | |
   |   |   |  |  
  |  |   |   |                 
   |  |  |   
   |  |  |  |  
  |  |   |   
  |  |  |   |  
   |
| 1110          | 194 H.              | :                  | 1 44                  | 11 346             |                 |                |  |               |            |                    | 1               | IL STI          | GHC AD        | 11 440          | 1111       |                     | 1. 140          |                     | ;             |                    |        |        | 1.671                | 1.51                                 | 5.5   | 5333  | 5337   | 5333   |  
  |  |   |   |   
   |   
   
   
   
   
   
  |  |   | |
   |   |   |  |  
  |  |   |   |                 
   |  |  |   
   |  |  |  |  
  |  |   |   
  |  |  |   |  
   |
| è             |                     | -                  | P.C.X                 | 5.5                |                 |                |  |               |            | · `                | •               | .¥<br>4         |               |                 | 0          | ar<br>A             | į.              | •                   |               |                    |        |        | 2.14                 | 2.0                                  |   |   |  |  |  
  |  |   |   |   
   |   
   
   
   
   
   
  |  |   | |
   |   |   |  |  
  |  |   |   |                 
   |  |  |   
   |  |  |  |  
  |  |   |   
  |  |  | Manas and and a second sold sold sold incide  | Manas  
   |
| ē.            |                     | 7                  | 2                     | 3                  | 5 8             | 58             | 58                                     | . 3           | 57         | ĩĩ                 | 1               | č               | 3             | 5               | З,         |                     | *               | . "                 | • :           | 1                  | . 2    | 5      | è                    | 2.5                                  | 2.7.1   | 2.7.1   | 277 2 1  | 2.7. 2.1.1   | 2.7.1.1.1  
  | 2  | 2   | 271201072   | 2512101122  
   | 2   
   
   
   
   
   
  |  |   | |
   |   | 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1  |  |  
  |  |   |   |                 
   | **************************************   |  | **************************************  
   | **************************************   | **************************************   | **************************************   | **************************************   
  | **************************************   | **************************************  | **************************************  
  | **************************************   | **************************************   | **************************************  |  
   |

F PAINT, ENAMEL, LAC 20600134 C ENNT, LIQUID, N. 20600144 S SODLUH ALUMIMATE, 23531074 C CENENT, RUBBER 20601668 C CORROSIVE LIQUID, N. 20602454 C CORROSIVE LIQUID, N. 20602454 S SODLUM ALUMIMATE, 20602464 P PAINT, ENAMEL, LAC 20602464 A PAINT, ENAMEL, LAC 20602464 A RCIDS, LIQUID, N.O 20702914 A RCIDS, LIQUID, N.O 20702914 4 PAINT, ENAMEL, LAC 10600584 4 PAINT, ENAMEL, LAC 10600584 4 CORROSIVE LIQUID,M 10901658 4 DRUGS, CHEMICALS, 11000504 6 PAINT, ENAMEL, LAC 11101044 20501854 20700474 20800094 20801778 20801784 20801798 20301594 SODIUM CHLORATEISO 20402034 20403834 23801804 20803224 20503544 10361924 4650098 29631764 POISONOUS LIQUIDS, 2250343A INSECTICIDE, LIQUI 23503734 10701446 1120130A 11201314 11101094 CORPOSITY LIQUID, A CORROSIVE LIQUID, A PAINT, ENARL, LAC 2 BRUGS, CHEMICALS, 2 COMPOUNDS, LACQUER, 2 BATTERIES, ELECTRI 2 AMMONIUM NITRATE-P SOBIUM CHLORATE(SO BATTERIES, ELECTRI FLUOSULFONIC ACID COMPOUNDS, CLEANING COMPOUNDS, CLEANING PAINT, ENAMEL, LAC ORGANIC PHOSPHATE ACETVLENE GASOL THE HEPTANE UNKN UNKH RIPERSERVERSE SERVERSE FALRLESS HILLS E SHORE UN NALCO CH CO UNITOTAL CO INC. PROVIDENCE AIR PRUDUCTS AND C ALLENTONN TOTACHEN CO CNICAGO C SHIHONE INC SHERMIN WILLIAMS DEINULL SHERMIN WILLIAMS DEINULL C GOULD INDUSTRIAL BIRENTON MONSANTO CH CO SAUCET MONSANTO CH CO SAUCET MONSANTO CH CO SAUCET MONSANTO CH CO SAUCET PHTLLIPSBURG KANSAS CITY South Bend Oak Brook Kansas CITY New Mayen INDIANAPOLIS LANSING ROCKT MILL TUCKER HOUSTON NEMARK AMBLER KEENE GRAND RAPIOS GRAND BROOK BOUND BROOK ROCKT HILL CORNWELLS PHILADELPHIA WASHVILLE HAVER HILL ST LOUTS KAMSAS CITY COLUMBUS HISHAMKA RISHAMKA RANNULUS CANTRNA MATERBURY CHICAGO NUSKEGOM CARROLL TOH CINCINNALI ELIZABETH CHARLOTTE CLAYNONT LANSING DETROIT LANSTHG RADIFICS SECTALTY C BEE CHENICAL CO SHELL CHEMICAL CO UNICOTAL INC MER PFG CO RER PFG CO BEE CH CO OL THPIC MFG SCI CO OL THPIC MFG SCI CO SCI PENNALT CORP METAFLAKE INC STERLING LACQUER G S A BEE CHEMICAL CO SEIDERI OXIDERMO M + T CHEMICAL CORP M + T CHEMICAL CORP MASON AND GIKON LN MAINESON GAS PRODU 8 + P MTR EXP INC CHEVRON CH CO PENN CENTRAL TRANS KERR MCGEE CH SUNITYSIDE PRODUCTS CORP M I CHEMICALS INC CORCO CH CORP 3 HYCEL INC MAAS A MALOSTEIN MARKEN CG4P INHONT CORP INHONT CORP INHONT CORP INHONT CORP DEVTER CORP 84KER J T CH CO PROCESS SOLVENT 847CHEH CORP 8405531 8805 CO HESS OLL CO HESTER BATTERY ALLIED CH CO UNION CARSIDE BEE CH CO MIDLAND DIV KEM MFG CORP HIGHT CORP. CHEMPLY INC SHARE C S A COLETUA MIR FRI INC G ALLEGHANY CORP M I MASON AND JIKON LM M B • P MIR EXP ING C HOLOR EXPR PENN CENTRAL TRANS 3 PILOT FRT CARRIERS E UPRESS E UPRESS E.P4ESS ExPRESS ExPRESS EXPRESS EXPRESS EXPRESS EXPRESS EXPRESS ROADWAT EXPRESS ROADWAT EXPRESS EXPRESS E XPRESS EXPRESS ROADWAY EXPRESS EXPRESS EXPRESS ExPACSS EXPRESS E.Patess E + P4E55 ExPRESS EFFRESS EXPRESS EXVZESS Ex2PESS EADRESS F.DACHAY EAFRESS EASTERN EXP INC EXPRESS EXPRESS EXPRESS EXPRESS EXPRESS + P MIR ERP HATLACK INC ROADWAT TANDADS RULENAY READHAY ROADWAY ROADWAY ROAJHAT RUADWAY ROLUMAT ROADHAY RDADHAT ROADHAY ROADWAY FOAD AAT ROADMAY ROLDWAT ROADWAY ROADHAY ROADWAY ROADWAY ROADALT RUADWAY \$010 AY ROADHAY ROADHLY ROADWAT ROADWAY POADWAY ROADWAY ROADWAY ROADWAY PULLINGY MERCURY ROADWAY ROADWAT 7440A09 R3696AF RUADWAY ROADHAT 12-07-21 12-07-21 12-07-21 12-07-21 12-50-12 11-50-21 11-21-11 01-10-21 72-02-10 52-50-21 72-06-02 72-06-08 72-06-26 72-07-97 12-01-26 01-10-2 72-06-05 72-47-13 11-12-16 82-21-11 12-01-05 10-10-21 12-11-21 12-23-08 50-70-24 12-22-21 12-05-21 12-36-02 72-06-02 12-06-06 82-10-21 1-05-17 11-00-11 01-21-14 11-12-22 10-10-21 12-92-12 61-90-14 10-90-11 0-00-2 10-11 STH013H CAPTON COUNTY CAMP HILL CAMP MILL CAMP MILL CAMP MILL CAMP MILL CAMP MILL CAMP MILL CAMP HILL נאייף אונוג נאייף אונוג 1114 CH73 1711 e-173 CAPP HILL CARLISLE CAPNE GIE CAPLISLE CLIFT ON CHESTER C+1251ER CHE SI ER COMMAN

2.1-41

----

1 4 4 4 ........

**BVPS-1-UPDATED FSAR** 

Rev. 20

A110 1 117 . 1 1	1110 211	E CARFIER		SHIPPER	ORIGIN CITY	1 12	N	0 00	E CI	0 034	ASTOCH	RPT NO.
SINCACTOUD T.	12-02-10	MATLACK L	. DN	6080N 011 CA	Contonon ve							
SINCULACION :4	62-10-21	MAILACK L	9	BURDH OTI CO	ST INADAND	d		,		4 64S	OLINE	20201564
E. CARACPOLIS	22-20-21	MAILACK I	Ŷ	BORDW DEL CO		2				CAS	3NI 10	20501674
PA CC.JDParts	12-05-21	MATLACK I	5	UNITED PERTURN		2	•	,	-	CAS	OLINE	20503744
SINCerrari re	12-01-25	NATLACK IN	- 51	BORDIN DI CO	ST INTO TO	2				4 GAS	OL INE	20600974
PJ CJC20PJLIS	72-07-25	MATLACK TA	0		LUKAUPULIS	Z	•			+ CAS	OL INE	24600244
SINCHCEDUD. 1d	12-05-42	HELLACK TI			COKEDPOLIS	PA		,	•	4 GAS	OLINE	20600254
21 1C JE 56 3 Kd	12-65-00	CHENICAL L	FAMAN TA	INCOM CLOSICS COM	CURADPOLIS	PA	•			+ CAS	OLINE .	20803314
PA LOFINELL MEIGHT	12-04-26	TH NUSHUI	11466		CARTERET	Ĩ				ACE	TONE	29501544
PA DEVSN	11-06-19	CITIES 552	Same of	LING ON SIGNAL	SUHLER	S	•			4 CAU	STIC POTASH, LT	20501104
PA DUBOIS	71-03-16	CANED CAN	TTC OTC	00 110 2110	PHILADELPHIA	PA			-	4 GAS	OLINE	10601724
PA DUADIS	11-26-21	PPESTIN 1	ILLET OF		FARMERS VALLEY	1	•	.,	-	+ CAU	DE OIL. PETROLE	10409414
FA DUNNERE	1-10-24	SSOCTOTOTO	TOTATOT	DOUTON L DEREMOU	PITTSBURG	P.	•			+ CON	POUNDS, LACQUER.	20401518
P4 Supcar			I TELEVIL	SIEVENS MACHINE CO	MELLSVILLE	MY	•			4 COH	POUNDS . CLEANING	2040123
P1 1 1 1		UNLIED FA	CEL SERV	GAF CORP	BINGHANTON	AN				L ACT	DEL LUILUE NO	
20.01.1	f	PENN COULD	SHEAL TRANS	NJBIL CH CG	BEAUMONT	11	-			HE S I	AI ENE	
	fb-11-11	FLAN CERT	SL TRANS	EL PASO PRODUCTS	006554		-				241 CMC	********
	1-521	FENN CENTR	SNAST JL	AHERICAN CTANANIDE	GRASSELL	-						********
	11-80-71	PENN CENTR	AL TRANS	EL PASO PRODS CO	422 ACO-	2	•••				TUDI'DION ATTAIN	********
	71-02-16	INTERSTATE	HIR FRT	ELI LILLY	LEFAVETTE						TALENC	CU64 5134
AL EINS	22-10-14	MATLACK IN	\$	BORON DILS	CORADOU TS		•••				PLANAUS OKICHLO	19200444
STILL SSITETES	12-05-26	FATLACK IT		MONSANTO CH	TOCODO LON			• •			OL I RE	10036364
100 1111 V.	12-19-24	51.3U29411 P	3-AAGE .		INAL SPATE	5.				HADI	ROCHLORIC (HURI	20501014
CAUSTRE	12-12-11	STRID RYSE	742.45	9114 - MIN		đ		,	•	1017 4	UEFIED PEIROLEU	202020A
	· - 22-72	Put Star Ve	A I THE		NOISON	IX	•			FLAN	MHABLE LIQUIDS.	10400654
12.1.1.1.	72-07-21				MATRIUM	AN	-			CAU!	STIC POTASH. LI	23800554
12 11. June 3	12-62-61	N. DTEANS		אררונים רא נסאה	MARCUS HOOK	PA	•			PE16	ROLEUN ETHER	20330474
71-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-				PAULE CHEMICAL	CHARLESTOWN	MA	•			FLAN	WHARF LTOUTOS.	2050224
P1 11 11 11		1418 10810	KATE INC	TROT CH CO	NEWARK	-	-	-		UNKO	Notation and N	16900511
26 61 154 23		LABOR DIAL	NATE INC	PIONEER SALT I CH	MAPLE SHADE	7	9			Elle		
	1-321	EIKED KIIN	TANNS	NGRINERN PETROCHEN	DES PLAINES	II			-	E THO	21 645	10020211
	1	1 1 10067 141	STILLES	EN 147 CH CO	FLORALM PARK	1	•					TUDUCEUA
		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2.12.51	ALLICS CHERICAL CO	SOLVAY		•		**	- new		11100184
		1. A. 1. 1. 1. 1.	F. £ 35	HILTO & GAUSS CH CO	CINCINIATT	1					RESSED USESSIN	A74588585
	17. 17.1	C 1872.00-	531 .	CHAIPLOCE CH	CANGETONE						· ······	10200624
		P	5.	RAFTI SHANSON	WIL NINGTON	1	•••				LONES, METAL, S	14300484
		4. 0-21 LA	55:	INTERNATIONAL PAIN	UNION					ILA.	HI, ENAMEL, LAG	10 100494
1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-	11-20-12	RUADHLY EX	1.4555	BAKER J I CM CO	PHILI IDCOUDC	23				LAL	NI. ENAMEL. LAC	A6205501
SECHS Lid BH BA	11-02-11	ROADWAY ZW	22:25	EGTITAN LACOUES	KEADAY	23				XTLC	DL (XYLENS)	10360524
9.605 obt - 50	\$1-23-11	RUSCAN EX	25320	Carson router and rested	Stu surveyo	23				ALA .	NT, ENAMEL, LAC	10110534
DANE INSTA DE	20-20-14	2"2 "15" 12"	55	MERLISCIA ATMING C	ATUAL NAS	-				ALK!	ALTINE CAUSTIC L	13330544
1	41-111	17 At43.02	5	Dixits Core						PAIN	NT. ENAMEL. LAC	10 301148
38-12 1	11-11-11	PCSONAN EX	55:30	SHELL CH CO	IDDCO	5			*	PAIN	NT. ENAMEL, LAC	10400214
3H'ES	11-23-30	ROAJWAY EK	·RESS	INNUNI CORP	Bollangeone	5				HTOH	ROGEN PEROVIDE	14460224
SFUES LOCAL H	10-10-11	KOADWAY EX	28538	SHARE	A DATA A DATA	23				LACO	AUER BASE, OR L	13400584
DENASISANAS	11-03-31	ROADMAT EXP	2655	DEXTER CORP	WARTER &					COMP	POUNCIS, CLEANING	10493625
AL HETAISEURG	64-90-11	POADHAY EX	RESS	SUPPERTOR VARMISH .	A STATISTICS	4				PATA	IT. EHANEL, LAC	1640063A
JAUSS ISCHAR	11-90-11	ROALWAY EN	55:80	SHERVIN UTLITAN CO		2;		,		PAIN	NI. EMAHEL, LAC	11000501
DAUT STORE A	61-96-14	RCACHAL EN	2655	PLAS CH CCEP	er i cure	-				PAIN	IT. ENAMEL, LAC	1650002A
08-151-5TH 74	51-+6-14	SUI JUAT E	5:53	MART'N SEMMIP CO		2:				PATH	IT. ENAMEL, LAC	16500634
25. 55 4FM Pd	71-25-10	VOLONAY, YANG 209	S538-	RELIALCE UNIVERSAL		43				FAIN	IT. EMARL. LAC	1050044
1 R6113 50.34	11-96-11	POLDALE EX	2655	CHENCOAT INC		2 2	• •		-	PAIN	IT. ENAMEL, LAC	10500034
SFURT SUNC	11-05-16	ROADMAY EX-	RESS	ANFRICAN SOLDER E	THOMAS AND	2			*	PAIN	IT, ENAMEL, LAC	1050364A
DAUGS LENTH P	11-05-24	ROADWAY EXP	RESS	VERONA	CHARLESTON	1				UNKN	-	10600CSA
A HARRI SBURG	11-90-11	I'M FREIGH	INC	ARELAL CH CO	SEAT DI FACANT	22				1110	LIROPHENOL SOLU	2660009A
A HARRISOURG	10-60-11	CAROLINA FA	ELGHT C	KIASER AGRICULTURE	TANPA	2				10110	DUNDS, CLEANING	10790754
JANAS LANKA A	11-12-20	PENN CENTRA	L TRANS	LINDELMAN CORP	IND LANAPOLIS	1				AT IS	ALLO ALLU	10900501
							•				Isanaks showing	

Rev. 20

Rev. 20

20202194 20402124 24702324 20101854 20502424 20609134 20692164 20501644 20530214 20502604 20603074 10630964 11100634 23532034 20003824 420803 WS420803 23600364 BUTADIENE, INHIBIT 23333194 10361734 10500404 20502934 20603044 20400534 11030274 20302464 20403534 23402354 20402394 20402404 20500074 20530854 AC600505 20501214 LO70186A 20601584 26602164 19619624 23832818 16769824 20601524 A110561 10601234 20830214 23534534 23501864 LIQUEFIED PETROLEU 1020064A Annonium mitrate m 10301974 20402364 PERCHLORIC ACID IN 10602074 44000701 #S\$205C 10100424 RPT ND. BATTERIES, ELECTAL 2 COMPOUNDS, CLEANING 2 INSECTICIDE, LIQUI 2 BATTERIES, ELECTRE 2 PAINI, ENAMEL, LAC 2 PAINI, ENAMEL, LAC 2 CEMENT, ROOFING, L 2 LIDUEFIED PETROLEU 2 COMPOUNDS, IRON OR PAINT, ENAMEL, LAC COMPOUNDS, LACQUER, ARSENIC CHLORIDEIA LIQUEFIED PETROLEU COMPOUNDS, CLEANING COMPOUNDS, CLEANING PAINT, EMAMEL, LAC SULFUR CHLORIDEIMO COATING SOLUTION PAINI, ENAMEL, LAC ACIDS, LIQUID, N.O VINTL CHLORIDE SULFURIC ACID, FUMI GASOLINE FLANHABLE LIQUIDS, PAINT, ENAMEL, LAC PAINT, ENAMEL, LAC KETHTL EIHTL KETON LIQUEFIED PETROLEU FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, SULFURIC ACIO, FUHL METHYL ETMYL KETON RADIDACTIVE DEVICE CEMENT, LIQUID, N. COMPOUNDS, CLEANING SULFURIC ACID, FUMI CUMENE HYDROPEROKI DRUGS, CHENICALS, TOLUOL (TOLUENE) NITRIC ACIO I SOPROPANOL COMMOD LTV GASOL INE GASOL INE PTRIDINE GASOL INE GASOL INE GASOL INE GASOLINE GASOL INE CASOL INE GASOL INE : 00 B 3 HI 5 283 SOS PRODUCTS CO EAST GREENVILLE TECANICEL HALNIFENA PHILEOFLPHIA MESS 91L CO PHILAOELPHIA AGVIY PETROLENH CO MERCER GREENVILLE NOWHCUTH JUNCT HIAGARA FALLS PHILADELPHIA PHILADELPHIA PHILLIPSBURG (NO I ANAPOLIS WARCUS HOOK CHANNELVIEW DRIGIN CITY WESTFIELD ATTICA LANSING PRUCESSED CH + CON CARLERED STANDARD T CH CO LINDEN ELECTRIC PAINT ++ Y CLEVELAND LANCASTER GREEN BAY MESTVILLE SHELL OIL CO VAN HUYS BIXTER L E LIMITEM MONTAEAL FURMICA CUMP DAVIDN COL UNIUS DAY I DN CHIC 460 ATLANTIC RICHFIELD BAYMAT COMMONNEALTH PROPA REYBOLD CMEVRON CH ORIHO D RED BANK CHICAGO CONTERS LAUSINS WARREN SHYRNA ROCKT MOUNTAIN RES GOLDEN ADRIAN KENTA 1001 1213 HATS BLE CH CO FRECER G CK SHIIM G AHERICAN OIL CO I S O S PRGDUCIS 10 AUCERS HATRY & CO APCO CHEMICAL CO C C BATTERIES OLYMPIC NFG CO Carel CM C + 0 Batteries Bee CM SHERNIN WILLIANS WISC PROTECTIVE REILLY TAR + CH STAUFFER WACKFR UNITED REFC CO 72-65-30 MATLACK INC AMERICAN OLL 71-23-12 CONSOLIDATED FRINT S O S PROUGT 72-65-23 FRAJICK FRINT LIEES INLAND CH CO 72-05-23 FRAJICK FRINT SCORES PRUCESSED CH CARGOLINE CO SUN OIL CO PL-03-13 MALLYS MIR TRANSIT VA CH INC 22-25-24 MALLYS WIR TRANSIT SOS PRODUC 22 5-10 MALLYS WIR TRANSIT SOS PRODUC TEXACO INC AGNAY INC SHIPPER IN10HNI TEKAGO ING KRAJACK TANK LINES READING GO 72-04-11 R0AJAIT ERPRESS 72-04-24 R010444 ERPRESS 72-04-23 R010444 ERPRESS 72-04-28 R010444 ERPRESS Expgess EXPRESS 72-95-94 ROADHAT EXPRESS SESTARS YANCLOS EXPRESS E KP RESS EXPASS 72-94-29 ROADWAY EXPRESS 72-42-17 PETTSE: RGH CH COMAN W T ENC CEDSSETT INC FULLOC IN: 72-35-31 45824 185 ROADWAY ROADWAY **VCHUADA** RUADWAY ROADWAY INC DATE CARRIER .... 50-10-21 11-90-21 72-03-17 12-04-03 11-10-21 12-40-22 72-36-65 - 1 -- 2 -11-10-11 12-20-21 11-02-14 71-03-16 1-25-1 Provess RCCKS L DCATTUN CITY Tradition 1 PHILADELPHIA PHILADELPHIA PHILADELPHIA SAUES JORA HARRISGURG H438159U25 0501531951H HARRISSURG HI-1RE SBURG SPUES IN: TH NECENTRAL LECORDS LETTS: 4LE LANCASTER 1152EF 070 PERKISIE 4::-11117 RAIN NI 78 2 1 10. STCH 5227 ................. 5 : 2 444 23 7111 . " 1 .... 1 -.... 4 4 12 4 đ 1 2 . 44 44

10300111 20500204 ACETONITAILE 2020554 QUES 20401274 COMPOUNDS, CLEANING 20401734 COMPOUNDS, CLEANING 27700344 DRUGS, CHEMICALS, 20100474 CAUSIC SODA, LIQU 2010714 Sulfuric Soda, Lumi 2010724 Insecticide, Liqui 201072734 PAINT, ENAMEL, LAC 20632694 ELECTROLVTE (ACID) 10500194 SODIUM HTOR2SULFIT 14703534 TITANIUM TETRACHLO 11001194 WOOD ALCOHOL (METMA 232316)14 PAINT, ENANEL, LAC 1661943A ACIOS, LIQUID, N. 0 1110145A ACIDSTING MATERIAL 2030732A OXIGIZING MATERIAL 2030233A PYROFORIC LIQUIDS, 2050211A PAINT, EWAMEL, LAC 11230734 ACRYLOMITRILE 20200414 ACETONITRILE 20205354 PAINT, ERAHEL, LAC 23406734 WOOD ALCOHOL (METHA L0230774 Compounds, Cleaning 10301634 CEMENI, LIQUID, N. 20502664 MTOROCHLORIG IMURI 24503624 ALKALINE CORROSIYE 20300204 PLASTIC SOLVENT, N 20402424 COMPOUNDS, CLEANING 19809874 SODIUM ARSENTTE (SO 10901591 10902254 ACTOS, LIQUID, N.O 11000644 11000564 11100744 11100764 11102354 20501654 2060095A 20601894 20602714 10503534 42923954 20632674 AE120803 10801874 CAUSTIC SODA, LIQU 1060006A LAC 10530748 10501564 20603546 20830264 20802944 20 804414 20641764 Pro. PAINT, ENAMEL, LAC SULFURIC ACID, FUHI TURPENTINE SUBSTIT PAINT, ENAMEL, LAC ELECTROLYTE (ACID) COMPOUNDS, CLEANING GASOLINE PAINT, ENAMEL, LAC GASOLINE SULFURIC ACIO, FUMI PETROLEUM MAPHINA CLEANING FLUID OR HYDROGEN PEROXIDE PAINT, ENAMEL, **ISOPROPANOL** GASOLINE VI I COMMOD GASOLINE GASOL INE PYRIDIAE GASOL INE GASOLINE GASOL INE GASOL INE NXND 00 30 3 IN 1s 72-05-35 FFM304 LG MAN 1A DUFGUTE A CUMM CLANK 72-05-25 MAILLOCH LG MAN 1A DUFGUTE A CUMM CEBSSTONA 72-05-35 MAILLOCH LG MIGANI C RIGHFIELD PHILADELPHIA PA 72-05-37 TUCMMTCR RIGHFIELD ALLANTIC RIGHFIELD PHILADELPHIA PA 72-05-37 TUCMMTCR RIGHFIELD ALLANTIC RIGHFIELD PHILADELPHIA PA 72-05-37 TUCMMTCR RIGHTEL ALLANTIC RIGHFIELD PHILADELPHIA PA 72-07-19 LF-4 1000 EKE MICANO C RIGHFIELD PHILADELPHIA PA 72-07-19 LF-4 1000 EKE MICANO C RIGHFIELD PHILADELPHIA PA 72-07-19 LF-4 1000 EKE MICANO C RIGHFIELD PHILADELPHIA PA 72-07-19 LF-4 1000 EKELL PAULO C RIGHFIELD PHILADELEPHIA PA 72-07-19 LF-4 1000 EKELL PAULO C RIGHFIELD PHILADELEPHIA PA 72-07-19 PF-4 1000 EKELL PAULO C RIGHFIELD PHILADELEPHIA PA 71-01-20 DILTAL TAURIN ELLDEE CH CO COMPERANT 71-01-20 DILTAL TAURIN ELLDEE CH CO COMPERANT 71-01-20 DILTAL TAURIN FILS FILL C RAS N FANICISCO CA 71-01-21 DILTAL TAURIN FILS FILL CO COMPERANTLL 71-01-21 DILTAL TAURIN FILS FILL CON COMPERANTLL 71-01-21 DILTAL TAURIN C CITIES EXEVICE CO COMPERANTLL 71-01-21 DILTAL TAURIN C CON CON CANALLAS 71-01-21 FILDEL FERRE FERRE FERRE FOR CO COMPERANTLL 71-01-21 FILDEL FERRE FERRE FERRE FOR CO COMPERANTLL 71-01-21 FILDEL FERRE FERRE FERRE FERRE FERRE FOR CO TAURIN 71-01-21 FILDEL FERRE CHARLESTON CALVERI CITT PHILADELPHIA TRENTON EAST CHICAGO EAST HANOVER MARCUS MOUK DRIGIN CITY CLEVELAND CLEVELAND TOUISVILLE ELK GROVE HASPETH SATVILLE CURADPOL 15 71-07-20 NGLEAN TRUGKING CO SIARR NATIONAL MEG NEMPHIS 71-08-06 CODPER-JARREIT INC STATE CH MEG CO CLEVELAND 71-09-20 READING CO CNEVRON ASFMALT CO FAIRFIELO CLARK GIBBSTONN CORAOPULIS CORAOPOLIS 31NOM WYANDOTTE CARTERET 8 + P MIR EKP TECHNICAL COATINGS DAKHONT ASSOCIATED TRANSPT FERGUSSON ALEX C FRATER BELLEVUE DETROIT SHYRNA 211123 DALLAS LIHA REND 1 71-10-16 A-P-A INNSPORI CO BRUJER H A CO C 71-:0-29 GODFER-JARVETT INC PORIER PAINT CO C 71-:0-29 GODFER-JARVETT INC PORIER PAINT CO C 71-11-11 A-P-J IRJNSPORI CO ALTER HARRT CO C 71-11-14 A-P-J IRJNSPORI CC ALTER HARRT CO CA 71-11-14 A-P-J IRJNSPORI CC ALTER HARRT CO CA 72-01-11 CODFER-JARVETT IN B F GOODRICH CH C CA 72-01-11 CODFER-JARVETT IN VISTRON CORP CC CA 72-01-51 G + P MJR EKP TECHNICAL a BORDN DIL BORDN DIL BORDN DIL CO BORDN DIL CO MULTS NEAD DIL R MODIL DIL CORP E MUDDITE CA CO MAKEN OF TEANS INC D ANKEN OF TEANS INC D ANKEN OF TEANS INC S 71-99-20 READING GO CHEVRON ASFMALT G 71-04-08 TRANSAMERICAN FAT RICHARDSON CH CO 71-04-26 KPAJACK TANK LIMES STEVENSON & N CO 71-10-11 MATLACK ING ALLIED CH MATLACK INC MESS OIL CO ASSOCIATED FRANSPI CHRISLER CORP PAESTON TRUCKING RESIGER CORP . THAL THAT THE MORE OF CONTRACT THE PAINT CONTRACT THE PAINT CONTRACT THE CONTRACT OF CONTR 3 TRAIL CH SHIPPER NAVA.ID FREIGHT LNS REFINERS TRANSPORT ROLOWAT ENDRESS ROADWAY EXPRESS ROADWAY EXPRESS MATLACK INC WALLACK INC 2-07-21 MATLACK INC READING CO 3 DATE CARRIER READING 11-50-21 21-04-05 12-05-25 11-50-01 1-12-53-2 10-30--19-00-2 2-98-23 22-00-2 2-04-08 12-05-31 2-00-27 20-00-11 INC LOCATION CLIV PHILA LLPHIA PHILA SLPHIA PHILA SLPHIA AIH935CLUHIH PHILAJELPHIA PHILIUELPHIA PHILADELPHIA PHILADELPHIA PHILADELPHIA PHILAJELPHIA PHILAJELPHIA F HILA JELPHIA PHILAJELPHIA PHILAJELPHIA PHILE JELPHIA PHILE JELPHIA PHILAJELPHIA PHILADELPHIA PHILADELPHIA PHILADELPHIA PHILI JELPHIA PORI AICHMOND PHILADELPHIA PHILE JELFHIA PHILAJEL PHILA PHILLSCENER \* 11 1051 PML + " INC'T 21.4. PLEAS WIVILLE 112921114 1237121114 1237121114 M280121114 PITISTICS PITISTICS PITISTICS PUT ISVILLE 21115131354 .r. HO'S CY SI 11 d HSerisilla P.U. .. 1114 P11153URGH P1115AURSH PITIS9URGH 511 (S111) PCT1510HM • 111 : 11:14 1.1.1 111đ

**BVPS-1-UPDATED FSAR** 

Rev. 20

2.1-44

..

--... ť 7 14 . --..... -4 4 -.....

-----1.

:

4444

\* -

......

-.... 4 4 1 --

Rev. 20

	LUU UALE	CANRIER .	SHIPPER	ORIGIN CITY	SI IN	3	30	3	CONHODITT	CN 143
NEST MIDDLESER	72-06-25	MCLEAN TRUCKING CO D	DAHON COUCATIONAL	MESTWOOD	NA	:	•	*	**	20702474
A NEST NI JOLESEK	72-06-30	MCLEAN TRUCKING CO (	DAHCH EQUCATIONAL	<b>KESTHOOD</b>	MA	•		-	HYDROCHLORIC INURI	20702454
PA WEST MEDIALESEX	12-97-12	MCLEAN TRUCKING CO	DAMON EDUCATIONAL	MESTW000	MA	•	-	*	MY DROCHLORIC (HURI	16120102
PA MEST MI ODLESEX	12-06-04	MCLEAN TRUGAING CO +	PRESS-SEAL GASKET	FT WAYNE	IN		-		CEMENT. LIQUID. N.	AL 420102
PA WEST MIDDLESEY	22-20-25	MCLEAN TRUCKING CO I	RAYBESTOS MANNALTA	STATFORD	ct	*	-		CEPENI . LIQUID. N.	53702564
P2 WEST MIDDLESEK	12-05-25	MCLEAN TRUCKING CO I	RUST-0-LEUM CORP	EVANSTON	Ľ	*	-	*	PAINT, ENAMEL, LAG	19520102
PA NEST HIJOLESEK	72-06-18	HOLEAN TRICKING CO A	PARKS CORP	SOMERSET	1	•	-	*	PAINT, ENAMEL, LAC	19820102
PA 4531 MICOLESEK	12-05-13	MCLEAN TRUCKING CO	SCHEHECTADY CH INC	SCHENECTADY	NI				PAINI , ENANEL, LAC	******
A NEST FIBOLESEX	21-22-22	MCLEAN TRUCKING CO P	REVERDALE CH	CHICAGO HEIGHTS	11			•	SOLVENTS, N.O.S.	1100002
PA NEST MIDLESEX	12-11-21	HCLEAN TRUCKING CO I	DAMON EDUCATIONAL	MESTHOOD	HA			*		16910002
PA WEST MIDDLESEX	12-10-21	MCLEAN TRUCKING CO 1	BAMON EDUCALIDNAL	WESTH000	T			*		ALT1805
PA WEST MIJOLESEX	10-60-21	MCLEAN TRUCKING CO	DANON EDUCATIONAL	MES INCOD	H			*	HYDROCHLOKIC (NUKI	A110002
PA HEST MIDDLESER	12-10-51	RELEAN IRUCKING CO !	MISCO INTERNATI CH	MNEEL ING	11			3	COMPOUNDS, CLEANING	19610902
** *EST MIJJLESEX	12-67-20	MCLEAN IRUCKING CO I	FIRESTONE TIRE + R	AKRON	HO		-		CEMENT, LIQUID, M.	2020202
PA KEST VIEN	12-00-21	HAILACK INC	BORCH DIL CO	CORADPOLIS	44	*		•	GASOLINE	A1190102
IACASTALLIAYSPORT	12-05-07	CONSOLIDATED FAINT	MARTIN SENOUR CO	CHICAGO	11		-	*	PAINT, ENAMEL, LAC	20502354
F: HILLENSPORT	12-66-09	EASTERN EYP THC	BAKER J T CH CO	CHICAGO	H			*	HYDROCHLORIC INUKI	11111111
P1 -947264 SBURG	11-12-14	PERM CENIKAL TRANS	RCHIS I MASS	BRISTOL	PA	•	-	*	ETHTL ACETATE	AF816301
P. 1364	11-04-23	CCNSOLIDATED FRIMY	C+O BAITERIES	CONSHOHOCKEN	br			*	BATTERLES, ELECTRI	12500394
AFCY 14	12-90-11	COUSOL EDATED FRIMY	DOW CH	HIDLAND	IH		-	*	COMPOUNDS, TREE OR	10501494
PA TG:K	11-65-27	CONSOL JOATED FRIMT	ARCAL CH INC .	SEAT PLEASANT	ŝ			*	COMPOUNDS, CLEANING	10600374
SA VIAK	11-22-11	HIX FALLUT ERP	CANDLER CH CO	PATTERSON	7	•		•	CONPOUNDS, CLEANING	12601638
24. 4 . 4	12-16-11	STANCH STR EXP CO	ALGATHOSS CH CO	LCHG ISLAND CIT	NT			*	PAINT, ENAMEL, LAC	10600534
24.77 2.	12-12-21	CENSOLIDITED FRIM	BEE CH CO	LANSING	IL	•	-	*	PAINT, ENCHEL, LAC	10830574
1621 : 5	11-26-14	CONSELLUATED FRIMT	HILLER CH	HANDVER	P.A		-	1	TETRAETHYL PYROPHO	1080162A
	52 14	THIS CELECTOR STAN	CIL12715 CH C3	KCRTH CHICAGO	IL		-	*	DRUGS, CHEMICALS,	1090074
	02-12-21	APIDA FRE SHITE FPR	U S INCUSTRIAL CH	NEWARK	I.H.		-	*	ALCOHOL, N.O.S.	23401754
10110	12124	CONSOLICATED FRIMT	WHIIKKER CORP	BERWICK	P.4		-		PAINT, ENAMEL, LAC	2040262A
P. VDRK	11-15-16	CONSOLIDATED FRIMT	RUSTOLEUM CORP	EVANSICN	11	•			PAINT, ENAMEL, LAC	23501534
1921 6	10-0-21	CONSCLEDTED FRIMY	DOLPH WARREN C CO	MUNHCUTH JUNCT	7			1	PAINT. ENAMEL, LAC	A6215205
P Enit As	11-11-14	division 2.2 value	HSG - U S MILITART	OXINAMA	RU			*	MATCHES, BODK, CAR	20501324
1. 20 June 1. 1. 1. 1.	E	3014133 Contes 15	ZEP 11F6 53	ATLANTA	6A	-	-		COMPOUNDS, CLEANJNG	10900064
H. F 37.		STATCE	UNION CARAIDE CORP.	PGRCE	PR	-			QUES	10 300 32A
Par. 191.191	1. 1. 1.	2:0 0	TENDER INS	ANACORTES					GASOLINE CASOLINE	20400854
		Sul 285. 13 21.41.	SALDGLAN CO	NORFOOD	Ħ			1	COKPOUNDS, LACQUER.	10 101 584
• •	11-11-12	ULLE C TR. Jan C CO	RUBICON CHEMICAL		•			1	QUES	14561724
	29-111	BURLINGTON NOCIHER	VUCCON NATERIALS	WICHILA	KS			-	FISH SCRAP OR FISH	1090150A
	11-12-29	CROUCH & LS INC	EBS INC	OrtAHA	NB NB	•			BATTERIES, ELECTRI	20100464
6	12-0:1-04	4-P-4 TK4 122031 00	C . 3 BATTER	PLYHOUTH HEETIN	PA				BAITERIES, ELECTRI	20100904
	13-10-24	00 1504 " Tal 9-1-4	SHONDGRAPHS	NCH TORK	NY					1600102
	1011	HOLLS'S FURS EXP	NULLER INDUSIRIES	CITCINAT PT	ю	•			PAINT, ENAMEL, LAC	¥6600502
1 6	1	JULISTURSS FUEL LE	TESORO PETROLEUN C	NENCASTLE	A.M	•			GASOLINE .	
RCI CAANS I DH	12-05-06	TEXACO INC	LEXACO INC	PROVIDENCE .	R	-			GASOLINE CASOLINE	Varinga J
AT PR07105ACE	11-99-03	MCLEAN IRUCKING CO	LEMAN SALES CO	CHARL DT TE	¥	-			UNKN	101010101
RI FRUVIDENCE	11-07-08	DLD COLONY TRANS	CAL CH CORP	COVENTRY	R.				UNKN	********
RI PROVIDENCE	12-21-14	FORT COMARD EXP CO	PETROLAHE	SELKIRK	¥				LIQUEFIED PEIKOLEN	11 (911591
BURJOINDEN IN	12-10-21	PENN CENTRAL TRAN	WARREN PETROLEUN	GENESCO	23		,		LIQUETICO PEINULSU	ADE EDADO
KI P90.135.0F	51-96-21	TEXACC INC	TEXACO INC	PROVINCE					LADULINE (ACID)	A0210705
ST PACATFE.SE	12-06-21	PACIFIC INCRATH E	C + D BATTERIES	ATTICA	1				· ELECTROLITE INCLUS	2060000
ST RENIETTSVILLE	12-04-14	LANEY TANK LINES	UNION OIL CO OF CA	NELMINGTON	2				CHIEFTE CODE LTON	420101020
SC FORATERS	12-02-26	SOUTHERN ANILWY SY	OLIN MATHIESON CH	CHARLESTON			. 1			20301654
SC BUNIESS	12-20-24	SOUTHERN MALLET ST	ULIN TAIRIESON UN	CHAKLESTUR	5	-			SULFURIC ACID. FUNI	20401618
SC BUSHT FIRE	10-40-31	SUBBERDAR INVESTOR		MENNEAPOL TS		• •			SULFURIC ACID, FUHI	10501264
SU LANUES	11-07-15	CIN F DIL CO	GULF OIL CO U S	GREENSVILLE	22		5	-	S GASOLINE	10701694

Rev. 20

Rev. 20

Form Approved OMR No. 04-5613

#### DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

#### HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INCIDENT REPORT

INSTRUCTIONS: Submit this report in duplicate to the Secretary, Hazardous Materials Regulations Board, Department of Trensportation, Washington, D.C. 2090, (ATTN: Op. Div.). If space provided for any item is inadequate, complete that item under Section H. "Kena ke", beying to the entry number being completed. Copies of this form, in limited quantities, may be obtained from the Secretary, Hazardous Materials Regulations Board. Additional copies in this prescribed format may be reproduced and used, if on the sume size and kind of paper.

1       VIEND OF COPRATION         1       AIM 2         1       AIM 2         1       AIM 2         2       OKT HAD TIGE OF INCIDENT CHANNY 3: THEY YEAR         1       AIM 2         1       AIM 2 <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>INCIDENT</th>					INCIDENT
1       1:1       2:3:1			EREIGHT		1. TYPE OF CPERATION
2: DALT "HE TIGE OF INCIDENT (MEMON - Day - Frem)       1: LOCATION OF INCIDENT IF PERINAL         *** AY 24, 1972       9:05         *** AY 24, 1972       ************************************		S OTHER	S PORWARDER	RAIL 4 WATER	1 A 4 2 HIGHWAY 3
Pay 24, 1972       9:05       Machanicshirg (remised)         Rechanicsburg, remnsyluting)         ShifeKerthison         ShifeKerthison         ShifeKerthison         ShifeKerthison         ShifeKerthison         Rechanicsburg, remnsyluting)         Rechanicsburg, remnsyluting)         Rechanicsburg, remnsyluting)         ShifeKerthison         ShifeKerthison         Rechanicsburg, remnsyluting)         Rechanicsburg, remnsyluting)         Rechanicsburg, remnsyluting)         Rechanicsburg, remnsyluting)         Rechanicsburg, remnsyluting)         Rechanicsburg, remnsyluting)		LIDENT	1. LOCATION OF INC	nth . Day . Year)	2. DATT AND THE OF INCIDENT (Mor
Pay 24, 1972       PROTING CARRIER, COMPANY OR INDIVIDUAL         * FULL NAME       ************************************		irg (erminal	Hachanicshi	9:05	
REPORTING CARRIEF, CONFANT OR INDIVIDUAL       5. ADDRESS (Number, Sureal, Circ, Surea, and Zie Coup)         4. FULL NAME       5. ADDRESS (Number, Sureal, Circ, Surea, and Zie Coup)         10111 a : otor Transit Company       6060 Carlisle Pike, Hechanice:         2. YVE OF VENCLE DE FACILITY       4. NAME AND ADDRESS OF CONSIGNEE (Designation)         3. NAME AND ADDRESS OF SUPPER (Online body and the Sureal)       4. NAME AND ADDRESS OF CONSIGNEE (Designation) and SUPPER TOPONY INFORMATION         7. NAME AND ADDRESS OF C., Inc.       Atlantic Plumbing Supply Co.         2. Got Var, Transit Company       4. NAME AND ADDRESS OF CONSIGNEE (Designation) and SUPPER TOPONY INFORMATION CO.         7. NAME AND ADDRESS OF C., Inc.       Atlantic Chumbing Supply Co.         2. Last Greenville, Pa       4. NAME AND ADDRESS OF CONSIGNEE (Designation and Circle)         3. SHIPPER IDENTIFICATION NO.       10. SHIPPING PAPERS ISSUED BY         3. SHIPPER IDENTIFICATION NO.       10. SHIPPING PAPERS ISSUED BY         3. SHIPPER IDENTIFICATION NO.       10. SHIPPING PAPERS ISSUED BY         3. SHIPPER IDENTIFICATION NO.       10. SHIPPING PAPERS ISSUED BY         3. SHIPPER IDENTIFICATION NO.       10. SHIPPING PAPERS ISSUED BY         3. SHIPPER IDENTIFICATION NO.       10. SHIPPING PAPERS ISSUED BY         3. SHIPPER IDENTIFICATION NO.       11. NUMBER PLACES INVOLVED         3. SHIPER DESTINATIONAL CONSTRUCTION INFORMATION INFORMATION INF		ure, rennsylvania)	Chechanicsbu	u.m.	Hay 24, 1972
4. FOLL NAME       5. ADDRESS (Number, Since, Cirk, Since and Zip Coup)         Hall's otor Transit Company       60.60 Carlisle Pike, Hechanice         G. YYPE OF VEHICLE OF FACILITY       60.60 Carlisle Pike, Hechanice         A. J foot var trailer       5. ADDRESS (Number, Since, Cirk, Hechanice)         SNOPMET INFORMATION       4. NAME AND ADDRESS OF CONSIGNEE (Designetion address)         SNOPMET AND ADDRESS (Co., Inc.       Atlantic Plumbing Supply Co.         Cast Greenville, Pa       807 V Streat and J Streat         VALST - G. T.Y G.J. G.Z.       Hashington, J.C.         Y. SHIPPER IDENTIFICATION NO.       10. SHIPPER SUCCE and J Streat         VALST - G. T.Y G.J. G.Z.       10. SHIPPER SUCCE and J Streat         VALST - G.T.Y G.J. G.Z.       10. SHIPPER SUCCE and J Streat         VALST - G.T.Y G.J. G.Z.       10. SHIPPER SUCCE and J Streat         VALST - G.T.Y G.J. G.Z.       10. SHIPPER SUCCE and J Streat         VALST - G.T.Y G.J. G.Z.       10. SHIPPER SUCCE and J Streat         VALST - G.T.Y G.J. G.Z.       10. SHIPPER SUCCE and J Streat         VALST - G. T.Y G.J. G.Z.       10. SHIPPER SUCCE and J Streat         Itall's Pro.       10. SHIPPER SUCCE and J Streat         Ital's Streat and Datase       10. SHIPPER SUCCE and J Streat         Ital's Streat and Datase       10. SHIPPER STREAT				NDIVIDUAL	REPORTING CARRIER, COMPANY OR
Hall's Jotor Transit Company       60.60 Carlisle Pike, Mechanicel         C. YYPE OF VEHICLE ON FACILITY       43 foot var treiler         SNEMMENT INFORMATION       I. NAME AND ADDRESS OF CONSIGNEE (Destination set 305 Prods. Co., Inc. Last Greenville, Pa       I. NAME AND ADDRESS OF CONSIGNEE (Destination set Atlantic Plumbing Supply Co. BOT V Street and I Street V. SHIPPING PAPER IDENTIFICATION NO.         V. SHIPPING PAPER IDENTIFICATION NO.       10. SHIPPING PAPERS ISSUED BY         V. SHIPPING PAPER IDENTIFICATION NO.       10. SHIPPING PAPERS ISSUED BY         V. SHIPPING PAPER IDENTIFICATION NO.       10. SHIPPING PAPERS ISSUED BY         DELE TO MALARCE DELE TO MALARCE DEL		Street, Cirv. State and Zip Code)	5. ADDRESS (Number.		4. FULL NAME
C. TYPE OF VEHICLE OF FACILITY         4.3 foot var triller         SHIPMENT INFORMATION         7. MARE AND ADDRESS OF CONSIGNEE (Designetion set SUS Prods. Co., Inc.         SUS Prods. Co., Inc.         Last Greenville, Pa         9.1 5 - 6 7 9 - 6.2 6 2.         9. SHIPPING PAPER IDENTIFICATION NO.         10. SHIPPING PAPER IDENTIFICATION NO.         11. SHIPPING PAPER IDENTIFICATION NO.         12. SHIPPING PAPER IDENTIFICATION NO.         13. SHIPPING PAPER IDENTIFICATION NO.         13. SHIPPING PAPERS ISSUED AT         14. INTER PERSONS INJUGES         15. SHIPPING PAPERS ISSUED AT         16. SHIPPING PAPERS ISSUED AT         17. NUMBER PERSONS INJUGES         18. STICAL QUARTITY OF HATANGCUS MATERIALS INVOLVED         17. NUMBER PERSONS INJUGES         18. SHIPPING NAME         19. STICAL QUARTITY OF HATANGCUS MATERIALS INVOLVED         17. NAME AND NAME         18. STICAL QUARTITY OF HATANGCUS MATERIALS INVOLVED         18. STICAL QUARTITY OF HATANGCUS MATERIALS INVOLVED         19. STICAL QUARTITY OF HATANGCUS MATERIALS INVOLVED         19. STICAL QUARTITY OF HATANGCUS MATERIALS INVOLVED         19. CARSIER (STICAL QU	1705 burg,	le Pike, Mechanicsbu	6060 Carlist	t Company	Hall's otor Transi
43 foot var treiler         SHIPMENT INFORMATION         SHIPMENT INFORMATION         7. MANE AND ADDRESS OF CONSIGNEE (Demination as 305 Prods. Co., Inc. Last Greenville, Pa         305 Prods. Co., Inc. Last Greenville, Pa         307 V Street and U Street Valshington, J.C.         308 Prods. Co., Inc. Last Greenville, Pa         309 Prods. Co., Inc. Last Greenville, Pa         309 Prods. Co., Inc. Last Greenville, Pa         300 V Street and U Street Valshington, J.C.         301 V Street and U Street Valshington, J.C.         302 V Street and U Street Valshington, J.C.         303 Prods. Number 1841337         304 Prod. Number 1841337         305 Prod. Number 1841337         306 Prod. Number 1841337         307 Prod. Number 1841337         308 Prod. Number 1841337         309 Prod. Number 1841337         300 Prod. Number 1841337         301 Prod. Number 1841337         302 Prod. Number 1841337         303 Prod. Number 1841337         304 Prod. Number 1841337         305 Prod. Number 1841337         306 Prod. Number 1841337         307 Prod. Numater 1841337					C. TYPE OF VEHICLE OR FACILITY
SNIPMENT INFORMATION         7. NAME AND ADDAELD OF SHIPPER (Drivin bidgers):         SUS Prods. Co., Inc.         Sust Greenville, Pa         WALL AND ADDRESS OF CONSIGNEE (Destinging bidgers):         S. SHOPPING PAPER Store, Inc.         S. SHOPPING PAPER IDENTIFICATION NO.         ST. NUMBER FERSONS AND DAMAGE         DLE TO MARABODIS MATERIALS INVOLVED         ST. NUMBER FERSONS THUGAED         ST. NUMBER FERSONS THUGAED         ST. SHOPPING PAPER         ST. CLASSIFICATION         S. CLASSIFICATION					40 foot var trailer
7. NAME AND ACOMED OF MIPPER (Diging odders):       1. NAME AND ACOMED OF CONSIGNEE (Destination as Atlantic Plumbing Supply Co. Lists Greenville, Pa         305 Prods. Co., Inc.       Atlantic Plumbing Supply Co. Atlantic Plumbing Supply Co. BOT V Street and U Street         305 Prods. Co., Inc.       607 V Street and U Street         305 Prods. Co., Inc.       607 V Street and U Street         305 Prods. Co., Inc.       607 V Street and U Street         305 Prods. Co., Inc.       607 V Street and U Street         305 Prods. Co., Inc.       607 V Street and U Street         305 Prods. Co., Inc.       607 V Street and U Street         305 Prods. Co., Inc.       607 V Street and U Street         305 Prods. Co., Inc.       607 V Street and U Street         305 Prods. Co.       7 G. 2. G 2.         305 Prod. Co.       7 G. 2. G 2.         306 Prod. Co.       7 G. 2. G 2.         307 Prod. Co.       7 G. 2. G 2. <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>SHIPMENT INFORMATION</td></t<>					SHIPMENT INFORMATION
305 Prods. Co., Inc.       Atlantic Plumbing Supply Co.         Cast Greenville, Pa       807 V Street and H Street         22.157-679-6262.       Hashington, J.C.         23. SHEMMING PAPER IDENTIFICATION NO.       10. SHEMMING PAPERS ISSUED BY         11. SHEMMING PAPER IDENTIFICATION NO.       10. SHEMMING PAPERS ISSUED BY         12. SHEMMING PAPER IDENTIFICATION NO.       10. SHEMMING PAPERS ISSUED BY         13. SHEMMING PAPER IDENTIFICATION NO.       10. SHEMMING PAPERS ISSUED BY         14. INDUCIES, LOSS AND DAMAGE       DLE TO MACARDOUS MATRELAS INVOLVED         15. SHEMPERS HUDGET 1841337       10. SHEMMING PAPERS ISSUED BY         16. SHEMPING PARES       10. SHEMPING PARES         17. NUMMER PERSONS HUDGET 1841337       10. SHEMPING PARES         18. COSTINATED TOTAL QUANTITY OF MACARDOUS MATERIALS RELEASED       13. CENSIFICATION         18. CALESIALS INVOLVED       16. SHEMPING NAME         19. CALESIA	adrese)	ISS OF CONSIGNEE (Destination addr	3. NAME AND ADDRE	Origin address;	7. NAME AND ADDRESS OF SHIPPER (
Last Greenville, Pa       807 V Street and 1 Street         MALLST-1679-6262       Cashington, J.C.         SHIPPING PAPER IDENTIFICATION NO.       10. SHIPPING PAPERS ISSUED BY         SHIPPING PAPER IDENTIFICATION NO.       10. SHIPPING PAPERS ISSUED BY         SHIPPING PAPER IDENTIFICATION NO.       10. SHIPPING PAPERS ISSUED BY         SHIPPING PAPER IDENTIFICATION NO.       10. SHIPPING PAPERS ISSUED BY         SHIPPING PAPER IDENTIFICATION NO.       10. SHIPPING PAPERS ISSUED BY         SHIPPING PAPER IDENTIFICATION NO.       10. SHIPPING PAPERS ISSUED BY         SHIPPING PAPER IDENTIFICATION NO.       10. SHIPPING PAPERS ISSUED BY         SHIPPING PAPER IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION OF INTERLIAUS PAPERS ISSUED BY       13. CSTIKATED PARONIC Y OF INTERLIAUS PAPERS INVOLVED         SHIPPING PAPER IDENTIFY OF HATAROCUS MATERIALS RELEASED       13. CLASSIFICATION       13. SHIPPING NAME         11. SHIPPING MARK       10011       14. SHIPPING NAME       17. TRADE NAME         12. CLASSIFICATION       16. SHIPPING NAME       17. TRADE NAME         13. CLASSIFICATION       16. SHIPPING NAME       17. TRADE NAME         1		Plumbing Supply Ca.	Atlantic F		505 Prods. Co., Inc
Image: State of the state o		est and 1 Street	807 V Stre		Last Greenville, Pa
Image: State of the state		1. J.C.	Washington		,
9. SHIPPING PAPER IDENTIFICATION NO.       10. SHIPPING PAPERS ISSUED BY         Itall'S Pro. NUMBER 1841337       Italt'S SHIPPER         Itall'S Pro. NUMBER 1841337       Italt'S SHIPPER         DET OF ATAROCUS MAYERIALS INVOLVED       Italt'S SHIPPER         DET OF ATAROCUS MAYERIALS INVOLVED       Italt'S SHIPPER         Italt'S Pro. NUMBER TERSONS MATERIALS INVOLVED       Italt'S SHIPPER         Italt'S Pro. NUMBER TERSONS MATERIALS SHIPPER       Italt'S SHIPPER         Italt'S Pro. NUMBER TERSONS MATERIALS SHIPPER       Italt'S SHIPPER         Italt'S Pro. NUMBER TERSONS MATERIALS RELEASED       Italt'S SHIPPER         Italt'S Pro. NUMBER TOTAL QUANTITY OF HAZANDOUS AATERIALS RELEASED       Italt'S SHIPPER         Italt'S Pro. NUMBER TOTAL QUANTITY OF HAZANDOUS AATERIALS RELEASED       Italt'S SHIPPER         Italt'S Pro. NUMBER TOTAL QUANTITY OF HAZANDOUS AATERIALS RELEASED       Italt'S SHIPPER         Italt'S Pro. NUMBER TOTAL QUANTITY OF HAZANDOUS AATERIALS RELEASED       Italt'S SHIPPER         Italt'S CLASSIFICATION       Italt'S SHIPPER'S NAME       Italt'S SHIPPER'S SHIPP				62.	215-679-62
Itall's Pro. NUMBER 1841337       ItalRef (Mentily)         DEATHS, LIDURIES, LOSS AND DAMAGE         DEE TO HATARDOUS MAYERIALS INVOLVED       '3. ESTIMATED AMOUNT OF LOS AND DAMAGE         It. NUMMER PERSONS INJUARD       I12. YUMECR PERSONS XILLED       '3. ESTIMATED AMAGE INCLUS OF DECONTAMINA DOM YOUR         It. NUMMER PERSONS INJUARD       I12. YUMECR PERSONS XILLED       '3. ESTIMATED AMAGE INCLUS OF DECONTAMINA DOM YOUR         It. NUMMER PERSONS INJUARD       I12. YUMECR PERSONS XILLED       '3. ESTIMATED AMAGE INCLUS OF DECONTAMINA DOM YOUR         It. ESTIMATED TOTAL QUANTITY OF HAZANDOUS AATERIALS RELEASED       '3. 44.DD       '4.DD         HAZARDOUS WATERIALS INVOLVED       '4. SHIPPING MAME       '17. TRADE NAME         '18. CLASS.F.CATION       '16. SHIPPING MAME       '17. TRADE NAME         '19. CLASS.F.CATION       '16. SHIPPING MAME       '17. TRADE NAME         '19. DROPPED IN HUNDLING       '12. EXTERNAL PUNCTURE       '13. DAMAGE SY OTHER FE         '19. DROPPED IN HUNDLING       '12. EXTERNAL PUNCTURE       '13. DAMAGE SY OTHER FE         '10. RATER DAMAGE       '13. CAMAGE FROM OTHER L'OUD       '61 FREEZING         '17. EXTERNAL HEST       '14.UNEER FROM OTHER L'OUD       '61 FREEZING		IS ISSUED BY	10. SHIPPING PAPER	NO.	S. SHIPPING PAPER IDENTIFICATION
Hall's Pro. NUMBER 1841337       DOTHER (Identify)         DEATHS, MUURIES, LOSS AND DAMAGE DUE TO MAJARDOUS MATERIALS INVOLVED       13. CSTIMATED AMOUNT OF UCI PROPERTY DAMAGE INCLUS OF DECONTAMINA DOM (NUM ENTRY DEATONS INJURED 112. YUMECR PLASONS KILLED OF DECONTAMINA DOM (NUM ENTRY)         11. NUMMER PERSONS INJURED 112. YUMECR PLASONS KILLED DOME 10. CESTIMATED TOTAL QUANTITY OF MAJARDOUS AATERIALS RELEASED 2 DELLON 13. CLASSFICATION (Sec. 177.4)       13. CSTIMATED AMOUNT OF UCI ENTRY (Sec. 177.5)         13. CLASSFICATION (Sec. 177.4)       16. SMIPPING NAME (Sec. 177.5)       17. TRADE NAME 17. TRADE NAME         COFFICING LIQUID       SEE PLOUTE CONTAMINA DOM (Sec. 177.5)       218 St. OUT NATURE OF PACKAGING PAILUKE 10. /Chreck all opplicative downer         10. /Chreck all opplicative downer       13. CAMAGE PHON OTHER L'QUID       13. CAMAGE SY OTHER FE (SI WATER DAMAGE         14. WATER DAMAGE       15. CAMAGE FROM OTHER L'QUID       16. FREEZING         17. EXTERNAL HEAT       15. CAMAGE FROM OTHER L'QUID       16. FREEZING		X SHIPPER	CARRIER		
DET OF ADD HONDOR FORESCI     DID OTHER (Identify)       DET OF ADDROUS MATERIALS INVOLVED     13. ESTIMATED ANDUNT OF LOS PROPERTY DAMAGE INCLUS OF DECONTAMINA FOR PLASONS KILLED OF DECONTAMINA FOR (NUM GREATERIALS INVOLVED     13. ESTIMATED ANDUR OF LOS PROPERTY DAMAGE INCLUS OF DECONTAMINA FOR (NUM GREATERIALS INVOLVED       14. ESTIMATED TOTAL QUANTITY OF HAFARCOUS ANTERIALS RELEASED 2 DELLON     13. ESTIMATED ANDER INVOLVED       14. ESTIMATED TOTAL QUANTITY OF HAFARCOUS ANTERIALS RELEASED 2 DELLON     14. ESTIMATERIALS INVOLVED       15. CLASSIFICATION (Sec. 172.4)     16. SHIPPING NAME (Sec. 172.5)     17. TRADE NAME       00 FFD DIVE LIQUID (Sec. 172.4)     16. SHIPPING NAME (Sec. 172.5)     21. DELTERNAL PUNCTURE       10. TORRE OF PACKAGING FAILURE 10. TORRE OF PACKAGING FAILURE 10. TORRE OF PACKAGING FAILURE 11. DROPPED IN HANDLING 12. EXTERNAL PUNCTURE 13. DAMAGE BY OTHER FEILING 13. DAMAGE BY OTHER FEILING 13. EXTERNAL HEAT				1241397	Hall's Pro. Numper
DEATHS, WIJURIES, LOSS AND DAMAGE       DLI TO MATAROCUS MATRENALS INVOLVED       11. AUMINER PERSONS INJURED       12. NUMBER PERSONS INJURED       13. ESTIMATED TOTAL QUANTITY OF MATAROCUS ANTERIALS RELEASED       14. ESTIMATED TOTAL QUANTITY OF MATAROCUS ANTERIALS RELEASED       15. CLASSIFICATION       16. SHIPPING NAME       17. TRADE NAME       18. CLASSIFICATION       19. CLASSIFICATION       10. CLASSIFICATION       10. CLASSIFICATION       10. CLASSIFICATION       10. CLASSIFICATION       10. CLASSIFICATION       110. SHIPPING NAME       111. TRADE NAME       112. CLASSIFICATION       113. CLASSIFICATION       114. ESTIMAL NELLY       115. CLASSIFICATION       116. SHIPPING NAME       117. TRADE NAME       118. CLASSIFICATION       119. DAMAGE BY OTHER <td></td> <td></td> <td>OTHER</td> <td>1041031</td> <td>sait 3 - 20. Runder</td>			OTHER	1041031	sait 3 - 20. Runder
DEATHS, WIJURIES, LOSS AND DAMAGE         DLE TO MATARDOUS MATERIALS INVOLVED         IT. AUMINER PERSONS INJURED         IT. AUMINER PERSO			(roentry)		
DLE TO HAZARDOUS MATRENALS INVOLVED       13. ESTIMATED ADARAGE       13. ESTIMATED ADARAGE INCLUSED         11. AUMINER PERSONS HILURED       12. YUNGCR PLRSONS HILLED       13. ESTIMATED ADARAGE INCLUSED         11. AUMINER PERSONS HILURED       12. YUNGCR PLRSONS HILLED       13. ESTIMATED ADARAGE INCLUSED         11. AUMINER PERSONS HILURED       11. YUNGCR PLRSONS HILLED       13. ESTIMATED ADARAGE INCLUSED         14. ESTIMATED TOTAL QUANTITY OF HAZARDOUS AATERIALS RELEASED       14. ESTIMATED TOTAL QUANTITY OF HAZARDOUS AATERIALS RELEASED       14. ESTIMATED TOTAL QUANTITY OF HAZARDOUS AATERIALS RELEASED         14. ESTIMATED TOTAL QUANTITY OF HAZARDOUS AATERIALS RELEASED       14. SHIPPING NAME       17. TRADE NAME         15. CLASSIFICATION       16. SHIPPING NAME       17. TRADE NAME         15. CLASSIFICATION       16. SHIPPING NAME       17. TRADE NAME         16. SHIPPING NAME       17. TRADE NAME       17. TRADE NAME         17. TRADE NAME       16. SHIPPING NAME       17. TRADE NAME         18. CLASSIFICATION       16. SHIPPING NAME       17. TRADE NAME         19. OFFICING LIGUED       16. SHIPPING NAME       17. TRADE NAME         19. OFFICING AND PLOTE       18. SHIPPING NAME       17. TRADE NAME         19. OROPPED IN HANDLING       12. EXTERNAL PUNCTURE       13. DAMAGE BY OTHER LIGUED         17. EXTERNAL HEAT       15. CAMAGE FROM OTHER LIGUED <td></td> <td></td> <td>L</td> <td></td> <td>DEATHE PUMPIES LOSS AND DAVIS</td>			L		DEATHE PUMPIES LOSS AND DAVIS
11. NUMBER PERSONS HILLARD     12. YUNGCR PERSONS KILLED     PROPERTY DAMONT OF COLOR       11. CSTIMATED TOTAL QUANTITY OF HAZAROCUS AATERIALS RELEASED     PROPERTY DAMONT OF COLOR     OF DECONTAMINA FLOH (1000)       14. CSTIMATED TOTAL QUANTITY OF HAZAROCUS AATERIALS RELEASED     13. CLASSIFICATION     S 44.00       15. CLASSIFICATION     16. SHIPPING NAME     17. TRADE NAME       15. CLASSIFICATION     16. SHIPPING NAME     17. TRADE NAME       16. SHIPPING NAME     17. TRADE NAME     17. TRADE NAME       16. SHIPPING NAME     17. TRADE NAME     17. TRADE NAME       16. SHIPPING NAME     17. TRADE NAME     17. TRADE NAME       17. TRADE NAME     18. SHIPPING NAME     17. TRADE NAME       18. CLASSIFICATION     16. SHIPPING NAME     17. TRADE NAME       19. CLASSIFICATION     16. SHIPPING NAME     17. TRADE NAME       19. CLASSIFICATION     18. SHIPPING NAME     17. TRADE NAME       19. CLASSIFICATION     18. SHIPPING NAME     18. SHIPPING NAME       19. CLASSIFICATION     19. SHIPPING NAME     19. SHIPPING NAME				SHATERIA L. MAR	DI T TO TATAOON
Incide     Duite       14. ESTIMATED TOTAL QUANTITY OF HAZARDOUS ALATERIALS RELEASED     off Decontamina from (1000)       14. ESTIMATED TOTAL QUANTITY OF HAZARDOUS ALATERIALS RELEASED     s       14. ESTIMATED TOTAL QUANTITY OF HAZARDOUS ALATERIALS RELEASED     s       14. ESTIMATED TOTAL QUANTITY OF HAZARDOUS ALATERIALS RELEASED     s       14. ESTIMATED TOTAL QUANTITY OF HAZARDOUS ALATERIALS RELEASED     s       14. ESTIMATED TOTAL QUANTITY OF HAZARDOUS ALATERIALS RELEASED     s       15. QUITED     s       16. SHIPPING NAME     s       17. TRADE NAME     s       18. CLASSIFICATION     s       19. CLASSIFICATION     s       10. CLASSIFICATION     s       11. CLASSIFICATION <t< td=""><td>JING LOS</td><td>PROPERTY DAMAGE INCLUDE</td><td>SKULED.</td><td>12. NUMBER BUSED</td><td>11. NUMBER FERSONS INJURED</td></t<>	JING LOS	PROPERTY DAMAGE INCLUDE	SKULED.	12. NUMBER BUSED	11. NUMBER FERSONS INJURED
Incide     Incide <td>and "Il in</td> <td>OF DECONTAMINA TION ( Sound</td> <td>A ALLED</td> <td>I I ICARCA PERSON</td> <td></td>	and "Il in	OF DECONTAMINA TION ( Sound	A ALLED	I I ICARCA PERSON	
1       1		dollars)		5011	HONE
2 QELLON     \$ 44.00       HAZARDOUS HATERIALS INVOLVED     16. SHIPPING NAME       13. CLASSIFICATION     16. SHIPPING NAME       ISEC. 177.4)     16. SHIPPING NAME       COPPODIVE LIQUID     10. SHIPPING NAME       ISEC. 177.4)     16. SHIPPING NAME       COPPODIVE LIQUID     10. SHIPPING NAME       ISEC. 177.4)     16. SHIPPING NAME       COPPODIVE LIQUID     10. SHIPPING NAME       ISEC. 177.4)     10. SHIPPING NAME       ISEC. 177.4)     10. SHIPPING NAME       ISEC. 177.5)     31.8 St. OUS       NATURE OF PACKAGING FAILUKE     10. SHIPPING TO SHIPPING KANANGANANANANANANANANANANANANANANANANAN			LS ALLEASED	AND US ANTERIA	1
HAZARDOUS HATERIALS INVOLVED       13. CLASS, FCATION       13. CLASS, FCATION       15. CLASS, FCATION       16. SHIPPING NAME       17. TRADE HANE       18. SHIPPING NAME       19. CLASS, FCATION       19. CLASS, FCATION       10. CLASS, FCATION       10. CLASS, FCATION       10. CLASS, FCATION       10. CLOSE       10. CONTRE OF PACKAGING FAILUAS       11. CONTRE OF PACKAGING FAILUAS       11. DROPPED IN HANDLING       12. EXTERNAL PUNCTURE       13. DAMAGE       14. WATER DAMAGE       15. CAMAGE FROM OTHER L'QUID       16. FREEZING       17. TRADE HEAT		\$ 44.00			2 Stilou
15. CLASSIFICATION (Sec. 172.4)     16. SHIPPING NAME (Sec. 172.5)     17. TRADE NAME       COPPOSIVE LIGUID     IST PLOTE Cong Inc.     Blast out       NATURE OF PACKAGING FAILUAE     IST PLOTE Cong Inc.     Blast out       16. /Clieck all applicable duras:     10. /Clieck all applicable duras:     10. /Clieck all applicable duras:       10. /Clieck all applicable duras:     10. EXTERNAL PUNCTURE     13. DAMAGE BY OTHER FE       14. WATER DAMAGE     15. CAMAGE FROM OTHER L'OUID     16. FREEZING       17. TRADE NAME     15. CAMAGE FROM OTHER L'OUID     16. FREEZING					HAZARDOUS HATERIALS INVOLVED
(Sec. 172.4) GOFIDDIVE LIQUID NATURE OF PACKAGING FAILUAE 10. (Check all applicable duve) (B DROPPED IN HANDLING 10. Check all applicable duve) (B DROPPED IN HANDLING 10. CHeck all applicable duve) (B DROPPED IN HANDLING 10. CHECK CHECK CHECK (B) DAMAGE BY OTHER LIQUID 10. CHECK CHECK CHECK (B) DAMAGE BY OTHER LIQUID 10. CHECK CHECK CHECK (B) DAMAGE BY OTHER LIQUID (B) EXTERNAL HELT (B) DAMAGE CHECK CHECK (B) CHECK CHECK (B) CHECK CHECK CHECK (B) CHECK CHECK (B) CHECK CHECK CHECK CHECK (B) CHECK CHECK CHECK (B) CHECK CHECK CHECK CHECK (B) CHECK CHECK CHECK CHECK (B) CHECK CHECK CHECK CHECK (B) CHECK CH			NING NAME	16. SHIP	15. CLASSIFICATION
GOTIDOIVE LIQUID DE PIDURE CO, INS. ALQ BLACE DUS NATURE OF PACKAGING FAILUSE 10. Check all applicable dusta: 10. DROPPED IN HANDLING ID ENTERNAL PUNCTURE ID DAMAGE BY OTHER FE 14. WATER DAMAGE ISI DAMAGE FROM OTHER L'QUID ISI FREEZING 17. EXTERNAL HEAT		17. THADE NAME	172.51	(Sec	(Sec. 172.4)
COPPOSIVE LIGUID DE PLOUR CONTER LIGUE BLANAGE ENGNOTHER L'QUID - 61 ENEEZING				1	
INATURE OF PACKAGING FAILUAE		Blast out	-ins.	1 3 23 Prodat	corrocive liquid
10. Check all applicable durant			11. Janer Lucy	100 Lacanal	NATURE OF BACK OF A COMPANY
10 PORCE AN ADDRESS IN HANDLING ID ENTERNAL PUNCTURE ID DAMAGE BY OTHER FE			1		HATORE OF PACKAGING FAILUGE
10 DROPPED IN HANDLING 12 EXTERNAL PUNCTURE 13 DAMAGE BY OTHER FE					to. Chieck all applicably buyes
14 WATER DAMAGE ISI DAWAGE FROM OTHER L'OUID 161 FREEZING	PCIGHT	IS DAMAGE BY OTHER FEE	PUNCTURE	DELTERMAL	" D DROPPED IN HANDLING
17) EXTERNAL HEAT		1 61 FHEEZING	CH OTHER L'OUID	IS CAMAGE FR	4 WATER DAMASE
I IS CORROSION CR FILT		19 CORROSION CR FUT	AESSURE	BUNTER AL	171 EXTERNAL HEAT
				+	
NO. DEPECTIVE FITTINGS INLIGE FITTINGS VALVES OR FILL PALLOR OF INNER		PECEPTACLE:	TINGS VALVES OR	GLOCORES	NO. DEFECTIVE FITTING
1131 BOTTOM FAILURE KILLER KILLER LIST WELD SALLER		115 WELD K MLLOF	TE PAILURE	RICE PURCHAN	1131 BOTTOM FAILURE
LAND - WE FALL		IN DRAFE FOR DUT 25 SHEET	Dist a service		1. 10 VE F+
				*	

Rev. 20

	ITEM							42		1	*3
	TYPL OF PACKAGIN	GIN	CLUDING I	NNER	plasti	c				1	
20	RECEPTACLES (Ster	I da	IT WUUJWA	344.	5 oal.	containe	-		•	-	
21	CAPACITY OR WEIGH	T P	EN UNIT		+ 00110	0				1	
2	NUMBER OF PACKAG	PES.	FPCM WHIP	H	008						
13	NUNBER OF PACKAG	CS.	OF SAME T	PE	44					1	
24	DOT SPECIFICATION PACKAGES (2) P. 17E	NU. 34	A. erc., or n	ion ej	none vi	sible					
25	SHOW ALL OTHER DO MARKINGS (Part 178)	DT P	ACKAGING		none vi	sible					
26	NAME, SYMBOL, OR F	MAN	STRATION UFACTURE	NUM.	none sh	วมส่					
7	SHOW SERIAL NUMBE CARGO TANKS, TANK TANKS	RO	P CYLINDE	RS, BLE	none sh	ວພາ					
8	TYPE DOT LABELIS		PLIED		Corrogi	ve liquid	1				
	IF RECONDITIONED	-	REGISTRA	MOOL	none						
	OR REQUALIFIED, SHOW	0	TEST OF	NSPEC.	none						
	SPECIAL PERMIT. EN	TE	PERMIT N	G.		- 1 - 2 -	07/11				
TH	WARKS. Describe es tion taken at the time ckeging, Handling, or cessary for clarification his containut the three cart	tren	ual facts o covered, an isportation . eaked is that	fincide nd actio of haza Out twei	while in domage	n transit ed by thi	deriects. dents. In and disg from s aci	damage.p clude any rams shou Kutzt d ware	id be su commi commi commi commi commi	tormi	nel.
	MARKS. Describe es tion taken at the time ckeging, Mandling, or cossary for clarification this Containou the three cari- this three cari- this containou the three cari- the containout the containo		ual facts of covered, an isportation leaked is that courg	out twei Tern	while in compared and the second while in the second secon	ut not imited t vent (uture inci is. Photograph n transit ed by thi	defects. In and diag	damage, p clude any rams shou Kutzt d ware	id be su Own	tormi cckec	nal.
	MARKS. Describe es tion taken at the time ckeging, Mandling, or cossary for clarification his containon the three cari ald at wachar he good ports		Latiacts of coverad, and portation leaked two that course hof the	out twei Tern	while in taken to pre- rdous material while in the domage hinal.	were for	dents. In and diag from s aci s aci	damage, p clude any rams shou Kutzt d ware d to d	id be su own own unp lesti	tormi ackec natio	nal. and
	MARKS. Describe es tion taken at the time ckeging, handling, or cossary for clarification his containou the three cari- ald at which an he good port:	to: ior	List facts of covered, an isportation deaked the that doburg h of th	out twen Tern	while in taken to pre- rdous material while in the domage hinal.	were for	defects. dents. In s and disg from s aci s aci	damage.p clude any rams shou Kutzt d ware d to d	ecommi id be su own unp lesti	cause, i endation ibmitted tormi ackec natio	nel.
	MARKS. Describe es tion taken at the time tion taken at the time tessary for clarification is containou te three cari- ald at whichar the good port:	tran tran to:	List facts of coverad, an isportation deaked is that doburg h of th	out t wei Tern	while in taken to pre- rdous material while in the domage hinal. hipments	were for	dents. dents. from s and disg from s aci	damage.p clude any rams shou Kutzt d ware d to d	robabie recomm id be su own o unp lesti	cause, i endation ibmitted tormi ackec natio	nal. and
	MARKS. Describe es tion taken at the time tion taken at the time the start of clarification the contained three cari- ald at workar the good port:	tran dist tran to: to: to:	List facts of coverad, an isportation deaked is that doburg h of th	out twen Tern	while in taken to pre- rdous material while in the domage hinal. hipments	were for	o defects. dents. In and diag	damage.p clude any rams shou Kutzt d ware d ta d	robabie recomm id be su own o unp lesti	cause, i endation ibmitted tormi ackec natio	nul.
	MARKS. Describe es tion taken at the time tion taken at the time tion taken at the time this contained this contained three car ald at worker the good port:	tren tren to: to:	List facts of coverad, an isportation deaked is that debugg h of th	out twei Tern	while in taken to pre- rdous material while in the domage hinal. hipments	ut not imited t vent (uture inci in. Photograph of transit ed ty thi were for	o defects. dents. In and diag	damage.p clude any rams shou Kutzt d ware d ta d	orobable recommund id be su own unp lesti	tormi acckec natio	nal.
	MARKS. Describe es tion taken at the time tion taken at the time tion taken at the time this containd the containd the three cort ald ot wochor the good port:	tran to: to: to:	List facts of covered, an isportation leaked ny that hoburg h of th	out twei Tern	while in taken to pre- rdous material while in the domage hinal. hipments	ut not imited t vent (uture inci in. Photograph n transit ed by thi were for	o defects. dents. and diag	damaye.p clude any Kutzt d ware d to d	vobabie ecommund id be su own unp lesti	tormited tor	nal. nal.
	MARKS. Describe es tion taken at the time ckeging, handling, or cossary for clarification his Containou he three cari- ald at which an he good port:	trenton.	List facts of covered, an isportation leaked is that courg n of th	out twei Ters	while in reduce material while in reduce material while in reduce and reduce	were for	o defects. dents. s and diag	damaye.p clude any Kutzt d ware d to d	robabie recommunity id be su cown unp lesti	tormi ackec natio	nel.
	MARKS. Describe es tion taken at the time tion taken at the time the serve of clarification the contained three cart ald at worker the good port:		List facts of covered, an isportation leaked ny that hoburg h of th	out twei Ters	while in read of the second second while in the domage second sec	ut not imited t vent (uture inci in. Photograph n transit ed by thi were for	o defects. dents. and diag	damage. p clude any Kutzt d ware d to d	id be su cown unp lesti	cause, i material to rmino to	nal. . nal. . nal.
	MARKS. Describe es tion taken at the time tion taken at the time the second of the three three cart ald at which at the good port:	tren.	List facts of covered, an isportation leaked ny that courg n of t	out twei Ters	while in taken to pre- rdous material while in the domage in al.	ut not imited t vent future inci in. Photograph n transit ed by thi were for	o defects. dents. s and diag	damage. p clude any Kutzt d ware d to d	id be su comm unp lesti	cause, i endationalist ibmitted tormi tormi tokec natio 1972 JW 2	nal.

Rev. 20

Form Approved OMB No. 94.151

#### DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

HAZARDOUS MA	ERIALS INCIDENT	REPORT
--------------	-----------------	--------

INSTRUCTIONS: Submit this report in duplicate to the Secretary, Hazardous Materials Regulations Board, Department of Transportation, Washington, D.C. 20590, (ATTN: Op. Div.). If space provided for any item is innormate, or talked met item under Section B, "Remarks", kering, that new number being compiled. Copies of this form, in limited quantities, may be obtained from the Secretary, Huzardous Materials Regulations Board. Additional copies in this prescribed format may be reproduced and used, if on the same size and kind of paper.

INCIDENT			
1. TYPE OF OPERATION	RAIL 4 WATER	S FORWAFIDER	6 OTHER
2. DATE AND TIME OF INCIDENT (Mon	in - Doy - Yoar)	3. LOCATION OF INC 6050 Carl	ISLO Pika
3/13/71	4:00p.m.	Mechanics	birg, Pa.
REPORTING CARRIER, COPPANY OR I	NDIVIDUAL		
4. FULL NAME		5. ADDRESS (Number,	Street. City, State and Zip Code)
Hall's Motor Transft	Concary	6060 CETISI	a Pike, Sechanics burg.
acona Tanden Wentler			
SHIPMENT INFORMATION			
7. NAME AND ADDRESS OF SHIPPER I	Dergin address)	8. NAME AND ADDRS	ISS OF CONSIGNEE (Dealinghon address)
		Grimes Po	untry Proc. Coru.
Va. Chemicol Ico.		Frederick	aling, Lanna
9. SHIPPING PAPER IDEN FILS TON	NU.	10. SHIPPING PAPER	S ISSUED BY
		CARRIER	A SHIPPER
67 c ( )		OTHER	
71261		(Identity)	
DELYNY INVIRIES I THE HID DIVISIO		1	
DUE TO HAEAF DO.	SMATE-INL SINVO	LVED	113. ESTIMATED APT OF LOST ST 1
11. NUMBER PERSONS IN	12. NUM STA PERSO	NS XILLED	DE DECONTANNE UN COMMUNE
nons	I non:	•	dollare)
14. ESTIMATED TOTAL O ANTITY OF	HAZA ROUS MATERIA	ALS RELEASED	
30 containers 150	0 175.		\$ 563.68
HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INVOLVED			
15. CLASSIFICATION (Sec. 172.4)	16. SHIT	PINC NAME c. 172.5}	17. TRICE NAME
Corrosive linuid	Va. Cher	t.cal.	Vs. Chapien1
NATURE OF PACKAGING FAILURE			
18. (Check all anplicable Soxes)	T		T-T
(1) DROPPED IN HANDLING	2) EXTERNAL	PUNCTURE	X 13 DAMAGE BY OTHER PREIGHT
14 WATER DAMAGE	IS DAMAGE F	NOM OTHER LIQUO	IS FREEZING
	(8) INTERNAL	PRESSURE	19) CORRESION OF RUST
(7) EXTERNAL HEAT		and the subscription of th	A REAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF ADDRESS OF ADDRESS ADDR
17) EXTERNAL HEAT	(13 LOOSE FI	TTINGS, VALVES OR	(12) FAILURE OF INNER RECEPTACLED
17) EXTERNAL HEAT	110 LOOSE FI	TTINGS, VALVES OR	112) FAILURE OF INTER RECEPTACESS
17) EXTERNAL HEAT	(1) LOOSE FI SLOSURE [-14] BODY CP	TTINGS, VALVES OR S SIGE FAILUSE	132 FAILURE OF SUIEN RETERTACE 20 135 WELD FAILURE

-

-		ITEM			#1	#2	3 3
0	TY FE RECES	OF PACKAGING PTACLES (Sievi	11:01 Jiumo	LUDING INNER	Plastic 5 gal.	containers	
1	CAPAC 135 cel	CITY OR WEIGH	T PE	P UNIT	52 1bs.		
2	NUMBE	RIAL ESCAPED	ES FR	NON WHICH	Оле		
3	NUMPE	PHENT	ES OF	SAME TYPE	30		
4	DCT SP	DECIFICATION GES (2) P. 17E.	NUMB	etc., or name)	None		
5	MARICI	NGS (Pert 178)	T PA	CKAGING	None		1.
÷	NA 12. 828 C	TYMESE, OR R	MAN U	FACTURER	None shoup		
7	CARGO	SERIAL NUMBE	A OF	CYLINDERS. S. PORTABLE	Nona		•
8	TYPE	OCT LABELIST	APPL	C31.	Corrocive lieu	14	
	IF REC	CONDITIONED	-	REGIST BATTON	Nona		
.9	REOLIA			TEST OF INSPEC	None		
-	IF SHU	PHENT IS UND	8 00	T DR USCG	//cno		
							1
REPAR	CO CE	- Describe es cen at the time c. handling, or for clatification tainer using co	disco trans con. dan TTC	al facts of smooth overed, and actu portation of hard sged wher osive ligu	L 1,54 2 ent includin. 5 1 not limite ardous materials. Photogra coming in con aid to escape d	ed to defects, dimage, woh incidents. Include any roo aphs and diagrams should b tact with other amaging adjacen	freight, the freight,
o RE pa	CO CE	- Describe as cen at the time g, handling, or for clarification tainer using co	disco transion. dan TTO	al facts of increase overed, and acture portation of hard aged wher osive ligu	L 1454 2 ent includin. 5 i not limite ardeus materials. Photogra coming in con aid to escape d.	ed to defects, dimage, woh incidents. Include any rec aphs and diagrams should b tact with other amaging adjacer	freight, tracight.
RE	MARKS tion tak ckaging C*35ary CO CC	- Describe as cen at the time g, handling, or for clarification ontainer using co	disco trans can TTO	al facts of insertion overed, and acture portation of hard siged wher osive ligu	i 4,543 ent inclusion. Sit not hunte in taken to provent future i ardcus materials. Photogra a coming in con aid to escape d	the defects, damage, work incidents. Include any rec aphs and diagrams should tact with other amaging adjacen	freight, it freight.
REPAR	MARKS tion tak ckaging c-asary CO CE	- Describe as cen at the time g, handling, or for clarification tainer using co	discon. dan dan TTO	al facts of increase overed, and actua portation of hard is ged wher osive ligu	L 1454 2 ent included. Set not hunte and the to proven future a ardous materials. Photogra a coming in con aid to escape d	to defects, damage, woh incidents. Include any roo aphs and diagrams should tact with other amaging adjacen	freight, treight.
RESPA	MAIKS tion tak ckaging chasery CO CE	- Describe as cen at the time g, handling, or for clarification tainer using co	disco trans ca. dan FTC	al facts of smooth overed, and actu portation of hard siged wher osive ligu	L1542 entineindin. 5 i not himite ardeus materials. Photogra coming in con aid to escape d	ed to defects, damage, woh incidents. Include any roo aphs and diagrams should tact with other amaging adjacen	freight.
o Reca Pe	MARKS tion tak ckaging cassery CO CE	- Describe es cen at the time g, handling, or for clarification tainer using co	discontrans on. dan FTC	al facts of shortd overed, and actus portation of hard siged wher osive ligu	L1542 entineinden. Dit not hente ardeus materials. Photogra coming in con aid to escape d	ed to defects, damage, woh incidents. Include any roo aphs and diagrams should tact with other amaging adjacen	freight.
o Resa	MARKS tion tak ckaging chasary CO CE	- Describe es cen at the time g, handling, or for clarification intainer using co	discontrans inn. dan PTTC	al facts of shortd overed, and actus portation of hard Sive light	L1542 entineinden. Dit not hente ardeus materials. Photogra a coming in con aid to escape d	ed to defects, damage, woh incidents. Include any roo aphs and diagrams should tact with other amaging adjacen	freight, it freight.
o Reca	MARKS tion tak ckaging chasary CO CE	Describe es cen at the time g, handling, or for clarification tainer using co	sentu disec trans con. Con. Con. Con.	al facts of shortd overed, and actus portation of hard aged wher osive ligu	L 1992 entimetiment. Struct hunte ardeus materials. Photogra a coming in con aid to escape d	ed to defects, damage, woh incidents. Include any roo aphs and diagrams should tact with other amaging adjacen	freight, it freight.
RESPACE	MARKS tion tak ckaging Crassers CO CE	Describe as con at the time than the time that the time on tainer using co	discon trans dan TTC	al facts of incide overed, and actua ponation of hard aged wher osive ligu	L 1454 2 ent incinin. Sit not limite ardeus materials. Photogra a coming in con aid to escape d	ed to defects, damage, woh incidents. Include any rec aphs and diagrams should tact with other amaging adjacen	freight.
C Resa	MARKS tion tak ckaging Crassers CO CE	Describe as con at the time thandling, or for clarification tainer using co	disco. dan dan	al facts of incide overed, and actual ponation of hard aged wher osive light	L 1454 2 ent incining. Sit not limite ardous materials. Photogra a coming in con aid to escape d	ed to defects, dimage, woh incidents. Include any rec aphs and diagrams should tact with other amaging adjacen	freight, it facight.
Re: pacifie	Co CE	Describe as constant, even thandling, or for clarification tainer using co	distor trans dan TTC	al facts of incide overed, and actual ponation of hard siged wher osive ligu	L 1454 2 ent inclumin. Sit not lumite ardous materials. Photogra a coming in con aid to escape d	ed to defects, damage, woh incidents. Include any roc aphs and diagrams should tact with other amaging adjacen	sble cause, stowage, commendations to impro- be submitted when freight, it facight.

Rev. 20

Form Approved OKS No. 04-5613

# DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

HAZARDOUS	MATERIALS	INCIDENT	REPORT
-----------	-----------	----------	--------

(MSTRUCTIONS: Submit this report in duplicate to the Secretary, Hazardous Materials Regulations Board, Department of Transportation, Washington, D.C. 20590, (ANTN: Op. Div.). If space provided for any item is inadequate, complete that item under Section H. "Remarks", keying to the inity number being completed. Copies of this form, in limited quastities, may be obtained from the Secretary, Hazardous Materials Regulations Board. Additional copies in this presented format may be reproduced and used, if on the same size and kind of paper.

1.	CIDENT						
1	TYPE OF OPERATION	PAUL ATTE	FREIGHT	5 OTHER			
L	I AIR ZA HIGHWAT 3	HALL C. HALLA	I LOCATION OF INCI	DENT			
2.	DATE AND TIME OF INCIDENT (NON	11	S. COCATION OF INC.	Pr			
1	May 30, 1972		Mechanicsb	uro, Ichningi Jock			
8	EPORTING CARRIER, COMPANY OR I	NDIVIDUAL	The second second second	Stant City State and Zin Code)			
1.	FULL NAME		6060 Carlisle Pike				
	hall's motor Transi	t Co	Hichanicsbu	rc. Pa 17055			
1	A TYPE OF VEHICLE OR FACILITY						
1-	van truiler						
15	HIPMENT INFORMATION						
7.	NAME AND ADDRESS OF SHIPPER (Ongen address) 8. NAME AND ADDRE		SS OF CONSIGNEE (Destination address)				
1	Technical waintsnon	ce Frod., Ind	. Ryder Try	ck Kental			
2211 K. American St.			354 S. LOLA St., Rear				
	Philadelphia, Pa.		marris un s,				
	·		In ANDRING BADERS ISSUED BY				
3.	SHIPPING PAPER IDENTIFICATION	NQ.	CARRIER				
	Hall - 2mg 13/0820						
	Hall 5 FIG 1040099						
1							
+:							
F	DEATHS, INJURIES, LOSS AND TARAGE			13. ESTIMATED AMOUNT OF LOSS AND			
it	TT. NUMBER FERSONS INJURED TE. NUMBER PERSON		NA KILLED	OF DECONTAMINATION ROUND ON IN			
1	anon anon			dollara)			
1	14. ESTIMATED TOTAL QUANTITY OF NAZARDOUS MATERIALS RELEASED						
	UNK.	UNK.		s 829.00			
+	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INVOLVED						
I M	ALARDOUS SATE TRESTA OF TES						
F	15. CLASSIFICATION	16. SHIP	PING NAME	17. TRADE NAME			
F	15. CLASSIFICATION (Sec. 172.4)	16. SHIP (Sec	PRING NAME 1. 172.5)	17. TRADE NAME			
	13. CLASSIFICATION (Sec. 172.4)	16. SHIP (See	aning Compour	TECH 115			
	IS. CLASSIFICATION (Sec. 172.4)	Viquid cla	aning Compour	Tech 115			
-	IS. CLASSIFICATION (See. 172.4) COTTOCIVE LIQUID	viiquid clε	aning Compour	17. TRADE NAME			
	IS. CLASSIFICATION (Sec. 172.4) COTTOLIVE LIQUID	te. ship (See	aning Compour	17. TRADE NAME			
	IS. CLASSIFICATION (Sec. 172.4) COTTOCIVE LIQUID RATURE OF PACKAGING FAILURE B. "Check all applicable weeks) (1) OROPPED IN HANDLING	VIIQUID CLE	DUNCTURE	17. TRADE HAME TECH 115			
<u>~</u> ]	IS. CLASSIFICATION (Sec. 172.4) COTTOLIVE LIQUID NATURE OF PACKAGING FAILURE B. FCHeck all applicable weeks (1) OROPPED IN HANDLING (4) WATER DAMAGE	16. SHIP (See	PUNCTURE	17. TRADE NAME TECH 115 13) DAMAGE DY OTHER FREIGH 15) FREEZING			
	IS. CLASSIFICATION (Sec. 172.4) COTFOLIVE LIQUID COTFOLIVE LIQUID CATURE OF PACKAGING FAILURE 5. (Check all applicable doces) (1) OROPPED IN HANDLING (4) WATER DAMAGE 17) EXTERNAL HEAT	16. SHIP (See VIIQUID CLE 2' EXTERNAL (S) DAMAGE FI (B) INTERNAL	PUNCTURE	17. TRADE HAME TECH 115 13) DAMAGE DY OTHER FREIGH 151 FREEZING 141 CORROSION OF RUST			
*1	13. CLASSIFICATION (Sec. 172.4) COTFOCIVE LIQUID MATURE OF PACKAGING FAILURE 8. CONCRAFT SUPPLEMENTE (1) OROPPED IN HANDLING (4) WATER DAMAGE 17) EXTERNAL HEAT 10: DEFECTIVE FITTINGS 10: DEFECTIVE FITTINGS	16. SHIP (See VIIQUID CLE 2. EXTERNAL 15. DAMAGE FI 18. INTERNAL (11. LOOSE FI CLOSUPE	PUNCTURE ROM OTHER LIQUID PRESSURE TTINGS, VAL VES OR	17. TRADE HAME TECH 115 13) DAMAGE DY OTHER FREIGH 15) FREEZING 14) CORROSION OR RUST 12) FAILURE OF INNER RECEPTACLES			
	13. CLASSIFICATION (Sec. 172.4) COTFOLIVE LIQUID MATURE OF PACKAGING FAILURE 8. (Check all supplicable so (**)) (1) OROPPED 'N HANDLING (4) WATER DAMAGE 17) EXTERNAL HEAT 10: DEFECTIVE FITTINGS 10: DEFECTIVE FITTINGS (13) EDTTOM FAILUEE	TE. SHIP (Sec VIIQUID CLE 2' EXTERNAL S' DAMAGE FI 1'BI INTERNAL (11. LOOSE FI CLOSUPE X (114 GOOY CR	PUNCTURE ROM OTHER LIQUID PRESSURE TTINGS, VAL VES OR S	17. TRADE NAME TECH 115 13) DAMAGE DY OTHER FREIGH 15) FREEZING 14) CORROSION OR RUST 12) FAILURE OF INNER RECEPTACLES X IS: WELD FAILURE			
	13. CLASSIFICATION (Sec. 172.4) COTFOLIVE LIQUID RATURE OF PACKAGING FAILURE B. (Check all applicable work) (1) OROPPED IN HANDLING (4) WATER DAMAGE (2) EXTERNAL MEAT (10) DEFECTIVE FITTINGS (10) DEFECTIVE FITTINGS (13) FOTTOM FAILURE (14) HATER DAMAGE	16. SHIP (Sec VIIQUID CLE 2" EXTERNAL 15" DAMAGE FI 18" INTERNAL (11. LOOSE FI CLOSUPE X (14: GODY GR	PUNCTURE ROM OTHER LIQUID PRESSURE TTINGS. VAL VES OR S S DE FAILURE DNI TICHS JORGIN	17. TRADE HAME TECH 115 13) DAMAGE DY OTHER FREIGH 15) FREEZING 14) CORROSION OF RUST 12) FAILURE OF INNER RECEPTACLES X IS: WELD FAILURE 14. MACE FOR DUT USE ONLY			

Rev. 0 (1/82)



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY OHIO RIVER DIVISION . CORPS OF ENGINEERS P. O. BOX 1159 CINCINNATI, OHIO 45201

OR DPD-F

8 December 1972

Mr. B. C. Joiner Traffic Manager Stone & Webster Engineering Corporation 225 Franklin Street Boston, Massachusetts 02107

Dear Mr. Joiner:

The inclosed Ohio River 1970 Commodity Flow Charts are forwarded in response to your request of November 29, 1972 (JO 12241).

Sincerely yours,

0

Incl As stated DONALD T. WILLIAMS Chief, Planning Division

# 2.2 METEOROLOGY AND CLIMATOLOGY

# 2.2.1 <u>Summary</u>

Meteorology in the region of the BVPS-1 site has been evaluated to provide a basis for determination of annual average process gas release limits, corresponding estimates of potential exposure from hypothetical accidents, and design criteria for storm protection.

Data from the Greater Pittsburgh Airport and from the Weather Bureau studies at the Shippingport Atomic Power Station site were used in the preliminary evaluation; however, an onsite meteorological program has been under way since September, 1969, in order to determine site dispersion factors for both the establishment of permissible annual average process gas release rates and the accident meteorology. It has been found that Pasquill stability Class F and a 0.84 m per second wind speed constitute a conservative set of meteorological conditions to be used as a basis for plant design in the case of an accident involving the release of radioactive gases to the atmosphere. The maximum annual average dilution factor for an elevated release and ground level receptor, based on site meteorological data, is  $1.62 \times 10^{-5}$  sec/m<sup>3</sup> 2,500 feet from the containment at an elevation of 47 meters above the valley floor.

Information is provided in this section to show the adequacy of the design criteria established for storm protection, and the basis for the estimates of effects of routine and accidental releases of radioactive gases.

## 2.2.2 <u>Descriptive Climatology</u>

# 2.2.2.1 Climatic Summary

The western portion of Pennsylvania in the vicinity of the BVPS-1 site lies on the western slope of the Allegheny Mountains. The site is approximately 90 miles southeast of Lake Erie and 340 miles west of the Atlantic coastline. The climate of the region is of the humid continental variety. During the winter months, cold air from Canadian source regions is somewhat modified by passage over the Great Lakes. The site region is also relatively near the Great Lakes - St. Lawrence storm track, so that there are frequent periods of cloudiness and precipitation during the cooler half of the year. During the warmer months of the year, western Pennsylvania comes under the southerly and southwesterly air flow on the western side of the Bermuda High, causing frequent spells of warm, humid weather.

# 2.2.2.2 Topographical Factors

The BVPS-1 site is located on the south bank of the Ohio River, about 25 miles northwest of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, and about 4 miles east of the Ohio - West Virginia state line. The normal pool elevation of the Ohio River at the site is 664.5 ft above MSL. The Ohio River Valley is sharply defined by the hills and bluffs which extend to an average height of 400 to 500 ft above river level within short distances of the river banks. The average width of the Ohio River Valley in the vicinity of the site is approximately 1 mile (1,600 m).

Topographic cross sections for the 16 compass point sectors radiating from the plant out to a distance of five miles are shown in Figures 2.2-1, 2.2-2, 2.2-3, 2.2-4, 2.2-5, 2.2-6, 2.2-7, and 2.2-8.

The deep, enclosed Ohio River Valley affects the local meteorology in several ways:

- 1. At low levels within the valley, wind channeling occurs extensively. This effect has been studied by Weather Bureau personnel<sup>(1)</sup> and is discussed in Appendix 2A. Cold air frequently drains down the valley slopes during the nighttime hours causing a resulting convergence zone over the river. A Weather Bureau group<sup>(2)</sup> has investigated this aspect of the local atmosphere; the results of this work are also discussed in Appendix 2A.
- 2. Another local effect of topography is daytime solar "shielding" by the high valley walls, which in combination with the nighttime cold air drainage results in a high (approximately 65 percent) annual frequency of occurrence of inversions onsite. This high frequency of stability is reflected in the modest annual average dilution factor presented in Section 2.2.5.

## 2.2.2.3 Climatological Averages

Table 2.2-1, based on Weather Bureau climatological data from Pittsburgh and other nearby observing stations<sup>(3)</sup>, presents average values of pertinent meteorological parameters.

Table 2.2-6 provides monthly summaries of absolute humidity in grams/m<sup>3</sup> and relative humidity in percent based on the two-year period from September 6, 1970 to September 5, 1972.

# 2.2.2.4 Climatological Extremes

Month and year of occurrence of climatological extremes have been recorded in the site areas as shown in Table 2.2-2, which is based on Weather Bureau data<sup>(3)</sup>.

### 2.2.2.5 Severe Weather Phenomena

The following extremes of weather phenomena have been examined and evaluated:

### Extreme Winds

The highest wind speed reported in 15 years (1952-1967) of Weather Bureau records for the Pittsburgh Airport was 58 mph from the west in February 1967. The current Weather Bureau listing<sup>(3)</sup> of historic extremes does not recognize any record of winds exceeding this speed; however, infrequent occurrences of higher wind speeds can be anticipated and have been considered in structure design. Table 2.2-3 lists probabilities and associated recurrence intervals for extreme winds at the BVPS-1 site, according to methods described by Thom<sup>(4)</sup>. Based on the relationship of extreme gusts to extreme winds noted by Huss<sup>(5)</sup>, multiplication of the wind speed by a factor of 1.3 yields a value for the highest gust associated with that wind speed. These are probably quite conservative in view of the relatively sheltered location of the BVPS-1 in relation to the airport exposure.

## Severe Storms

Thunderstorms occur in the area of the site with moderate frequency, with the maximum in June, July, and August. During these peak months, thunderstorms occur at approximately 5 day intervals. These localized storms are occasionally accompanied by high winds, very heavy, but unevenly distributed rainfall, with infrequent hail.

According to Weather Bureau information<sup>(6)(7)</sup> covering the period 1871 through 1972, only 8 tropical storms have moved within 50 miles of the plant site. Essentially all but one of these storms have been in the final dissipation stages and have had little effect on western Pennsylvania other than heavy rainfall. However, in June of 1972 extremely heavy rainfall from Hurricane Agnes caused extensive flooding over much of the eastern United States. In the state of Pennsylvania the flood waters crested in Pittsburgh on June 24, 1972. The flood crest at the site was approximately El. 694 ft, well below the site grade elevation of 735 ft. No damage occurred to any completed safety-related structures, systems, components, or materials. No radioactive materials were released or lost, and no design bases used in the safety evaluations of the facility were exceeded.

## Tornado Occurrences

During the period 1917 through 1970, only 5 tornadoes were reported in Beaver County. The closest observed was in Monaca, Pennsylvania, approximately ten miles from the site. In studies by Thom<sup>(8)</sup> and Wolford<sup>(9)</sup>, tornadoes reported within a 1 degree square are accumulated over a period of record and divided by the number of years of record to yield a mean annual frequency. For the 1 degree square encompassing the BVPS-1 site, Thom lists 5 tornadoes over ten years (1953-1962) for a mean annual frequency of 0.5, while Wolford lists 4 tornadoes over six years (1953-1958) for a mean annual frequency of 0.67. From 1963 through 1970, 5 tornadoes have been noted<sup>(7)</sup> for a mean annual frequency of 0.6.

According to methods postulated by Thom<sup>(8)</sup>, using values for path width and length of 0.1 mile and 4.0 miles, respectively, and the composite mean annual frequency of 0.6, the average annual probability of a tornado occurring within the 1 degree square in which the site is located and striking the site was calculated to be  $6.6 \times 10^{-5}$ , with an equivalent recurrence interval of once in 15,200 years. If an invariant value for a path area of 2.82 square miles, based on Iowa tornadoes, is assumed, as Thom suggests, the average annual probability becomes 4.7 x  $10^{-4}$ , and the equivalent recurrence interval is once in 2,100 years.

The location of the site within the steep-walled valley of the Ohio River offers some measure of protection from tornadoes. An authority<sup>(10)</sup> on the behavior of these small, violent storms notes that rough country tends to diminish their violence and effects. According to the same source, tornadoes tend to move toward higher elevations, indicating that a tornado in the vicinity of the station would have a tendency to remain at the higher land elevations rather than descend into the valley.

### Ice Storms

Freezing precipitation in the form of freezing rain or freezing drizzle occurs in the vicinity of BVPS-1 when a layer of below freezing air near the ground causes freezing on contact of rain which has passed through a layer of above freezing air overlaying the colder air. This situation occurs most frequently in mid-winter when polar air is overrun by warm, moisture laden air moving northward from the Gulf of Mexico.

An investigation of freezing precipitation frequency was based on ten years (1955-1964) of data taken by the National Weather Service at Greater Pittsburgh Airport. Figure 2.2-9 indicates the average and extreme freezing precipitation frequency for the winter months. Freezing precipitation occurs slightly less than 0.2 percent of the time. Of the 148 hours of freezing precipitation that occurred in ten years, 144 were classified as light (less than 1/10 inch per hr), 4 as moderate (1.10-3.10 inch per hr), and none as heavy (greater than 3.10 inch per hr).

# Air Pollution Potential (Atmospheric Stagnation)

Based on five years of Pittsburgh radiosonde balloon observations only three episode days, of at least two days duration, with mixing height less than or equal to 500 meters, occurred. No episode days of at least five days duration with mixing height less than or equal to 500 meters occurred during the five years. Such episode occurrences are expected to result in increasing plume length and flattening of the plume trajectory. However, no instances of ground level fogging attributable to such occurrences are expected. Mixing height occurrences in excess of 500 meters are expected to have negligible influence on plume behavior because the plume will, in most instances, have evaporated by the time such heights are reached.

Ground-based nocturnal inversions are common at the site. Such inversions are shallow (less than 300 meters deep) and the height of plume release and plume buoyancy is expected to render the effect of these inversions negligible.

# 2.2.3 OnSite Meteorological Monitoring Program

The onsite meteorological program for Beaver Valley Power Station is described in BVPS-2 Updated Final Safety Analysis Report, Section 2.3.3.

A description of the initial Site Meteorological Program is included in Appendix 2A.1 and 2A.2, together with the results of analysis of data collected onsite between September 1969, and September 1971.

The results of the analysis of the data collected onsite for 1980 are included in Appendix 2A.3. For the most recent operating year refer to the annual meteorological report.

# 2.2.4 DBA Meteorology

In the event of an accidental release of radioactive gas into the atmosphere, transport and dispersal will be influenced by the weather conditions at the site for the duration of the incident. The site meteorological data were examined for limiting atmospheric conditions during a postulated accidental release of radioactive gases.

According to Weather Bureau sources<sup>(11)</sup> the following paragraphs describe the worst conditions which might be expected to exist at the site during an accidental release:

"Past meteorological studies suggest the following features about atmospheric diffusion for close-in distances (less than one mile) relative to an instantaneous or short period release of air-borne material from the plant site:

- 1. During inversion conditions when the river is considerably warmer than the air, any air-borne contaminants released at the site will slowly spread out over the plant area, displaying a tendency to remain over land. Eventually, the effluent will be carried out over the river by the drainage flow, where it will travel either up or downstream dictated by the channeled gradient flow. During stable conditions when a pronounced drainage wind flows over the site towards the river, the major plume concentration will probably exist along the river bank and channel. When no well-defined drainage flow exists, the plume can be expected to disperse laterally in all directions, covering the entire plant area. Vertical dispersion at the site area will be restricted to within the first few hundred feet for a release near the ground of material which is not appreciably warmer than the ambient air. For a release at approximately 150 ft above the surface, vertical dispersion to near ridge top elevations may occur. When the river is colder than the air, travel time from the site to over the river will be less.
- 2. Under neutral vertical temperature gradients, atmospheric diffusion becomes primarily a function of wind speed. When winds are very light, appreciable lateral dispersion of the plume over the entire plant area may be expected, similar to that during inversion conditions. During periods of higher wind speeds and more well-defined flow regimes, there will be more rapid dilution of the plume and air-borne material will be more quickly carried away from the plant area. However, within a mile radius of the release point, most of the plume will be vertically contained within the valley depth (approximately 500 ft).
- 3. Synoptic patterns indicate that winds out over the river will blow down-river during most stable regimes. Consequently, a plume originating at the site under inversion conditions may be expected to spread out over the plant area, slowly moving out over the river with an eventual traverse down-river. Transport of air-borne material up-river during inversion conditions will be infrequent.
- 4. During unstable conditions, the path of any released material to the atmosphere will be dictated by the prevailing channeled wind flow of the valley and by the gradient flow at levels above the ridges.

In view of the preceding, it was decided to determine the DBA meteorology for the initial time period following the accident in a way that would include a realistic assessment of both horizontal and vertical dispersion. Using the seven horizontal stability classes (A-G) and seven vertical stability classes (A-G) and the corresponding Sy and Sz values as presented in Reference 12, a computer code was used to determine the combinations of vertical and horizontal stability classes and wind speeds which result in a calculated X/Q value which will not be exceeded more than five percent of the time including period of calm.

These calculations of X/Q do not include a building wake effect since the objective was to find the meteorological conditions of stability and wind speed upon which the building wake correction is normally imposed for the Design Basis Accident. Thus the following equation is used for delineation of the ordered values of X/Q and the equivalent stability and wind conditions:

(2.2-1)

$$X/Q = (\frac{1}{3.14S_yS_zu})$$

where:

 $S_y$  = horizontal diffusion parameter (m)

 $S_z$  = vertical diffusion parameter (m)

u = mean wind speed (m/sec)

For the 0-2 hour period following the accident, the DBA meteorology has been computed for a ground level release at the containment structure to a receptor at the nearest site boundary (610m). A very conservative analysis includes the total calms, both daytime and nighttime, as found by the less responsive Bendix-Friez speed sensors to meet the five percent criterion. On this basis, the total occurrence of calms is 2.4 percent. Thus, five percent less the 2.4 percent calms yields 2.6 percent, the percentage of time during which the design basis meteorological conditions may be exceeded. From Table 2.2-4, it is noted that 2.11 x  $10^{-3}$  sec/m<sup>3</sup> is the X/Q exceeded 2.6 percent of the time; thus the equivalent design basis meteorological conditions corresponding to this value at 610 meters are Pasquill stability class "F" and wind speed 0.64 m/sec.

A somewhat less conservative analysis would include only the 1.5 percent nighttime calms measured by the Bendix instrument. On this basis, the X/Q exceeded 3.5 percent of the time is  $1.83 \times 10^{-3} \text{ sec/m}^3$ ; the design basis meteorological conditions are "F" and 0.73 m/sec. Finally, a more realistic analysis would include only the calms found by the more responsive Packard-Bell wind sensors. Whether or not all such calms (0.25 percent) or only the nighttime calms (0.08 percent) are included, the resultant X/Q found from Table 2.2-4 is  $1.62 \times 10^{-3}$ ; the equivalent design basis meteorological conditions are stability class "F" and 0.84 m/sec wind speed. These latter values are included in Table 2.2-7 as being the recommended choice for the 0-2 hours periods with an invariant wind. If an independent evaluation of the above values is desired, see Appendix 2A which provides the summary of wind distribution by stability class and wind speed. This distribution is based on 50 foot wind data and 50 to 150 foot temperature data.

Now using the meteorological conditions of "F" stability conditions and wind speed 0.84 m/sec, the X/Q calculated from design basis accident meteorology at the nearest site boundary (610m) from the containment for the 0-2 hour period is computed from the following equation (including a building wake factor) to be equal to  $7.80 \times 10^{-4} \text{ sec/m}^3$ :

$$X/Q = (3.14S_yS_z + cA)u$$
 (2.2-2)

where:

X = concentration (units/m<sup>3</sup>)

- Q = source release rate (unit/sec)
- $S_y$  = horizontal diffusion parameter (m)
- $S_z$  = vertical diffusion parameter (m)
- u = mean wind speed (m/sec)
- A = cross-sectional area of containment  $(1,600 \text{ m}^2)$
- c = building shape factor = 0.5 (dimensionless)

For the period 2-24 hours following the start of a release, it is assumed that the wind direction varies over one sector under "F" stability conditions and 0.84 m/sec wind speed. Inasmuch as the longest observed on-site wind direction persistence under stable conditions ("F" stability) was one occurrence for 24 hours, this assumption is conservative.

For the period from 24-96 hours, it is assumed that the mean wind direction is varying within the sector of interest 50 percent of the time. During this time, the stability is assumed to be "D" with a 2.0 m/sec wind speed and "F" with a 0.9 m/sec wind speed.

For the period from 4-30 days, meteorological conditions characteristic of the lowest dispersion have been chosen. These conditions, and those for the other time periods, are also presented in Table 2.2-5.

The results of the calculations for the four time periods comprising the 30 day model are shown in Figure 2A.2-12 which presents curves of X/Q versus distance. If an independent evaluation of the above results is desired, see Appendix 2A which provides the pertinent data.

In support of a re-analysis performed on the design basis loss-of-coolant accident (LOCA) in 1983, the X/Q values for the DBA meteorology were re-determined using the guidance and formulae of Regulatory Guide 1.145.<sup>(14)(15)</sup> The analyses were performed on hourly averaged meteorological data collected during the period from January 1 to December 31, 1982. The data recoverability for this period was 94.3 percent. As a result of these X/Q analyses, the maximum sector 0.5 percent X/Q value was determined to be more limiting than the 5 percent site X/Q value. Table 2.2-11 tabulates the values used in the re-analysis of the design basis LOCA.

In 1996, short-term diffusion estimates were re-calculated using the USNRC computer code PAVAN<sup>(15)</sup>. Input data were hourly meteorological observations collected by the onsite meteorological monitoring program between 0000 1/1/86 and 2300 12/31/95. The 0.5% sector dependent and the 5% sector independent values defined in Regulatory Guide 1.145<sup>(14)</sup> were determined and are tabulated in Tables 2.2-11a and 2.2-11b. Data recoverability during this ten year period was 99.6%. The minimum recoverability for any year in this period was 99%. This re-analysis indicated a maximum 0-2 hour exclusion area boundary 0.5% value of 1.04E-3 sec/m<sup>3</sup> (NW sector). This value is 17% more restrictive than the value determined in 1983. As such, the values in Tables 2.2-11a and 2.2-11b will be used for radiological consequence analyses performed subsequent to 1996.

# 2.2.4.1 Main Control Room Short-Term Diffusion Estimates

The original licensing basis control room atmospheric dispersion factor (X/Q) values were calculated for both Units 1 and 2 using the methodology described by Murphy and Campe. Releases were postulated from each of the identified release points. The X/Q values were calculated to encompass 95 percent of the meteorological conditions (i.e., that are exceeded for only 5 percent of the meteorological conditions). Stability class G was assumed for conservatism. Adjustments for occupancy were included.

In 1991, the X/Q values for the control room were re-analyzed using a newer methodology outlined in NUREG/CR-5055. The updated X/Qs did not include adjustments for occupancy.
In NUREG/CR-5055, Ramsdell considered the methodology of Murphy-Campe and proposed new methodologies to improve the predictive capabilities of calculations of atmospheric dispersion in the presence of building wakes. NUREG/CR-5055 reported on the results of seven field experiments that showed that the Murphy-Campe methodology accounted for little of the variability in concentrations affected by wakes. An empirical model was proposed that showed a significant improvement in predicting centerline concentrations. The model, using multiple-variable linear regression, rotates downwind distance, building wakes distributes effluents entering the wake more widely than normal atmospheric diffusion, it was recommended that relatively wide wind-direction sectors (perhaps as wide as 90 degrees) be used in applying the methodology to evaluating concentrations affected by these wakes.

In reports published subsequent to NUREG/CR-5055, Ramsdell generalized the statistical model into one that had comparable accuracy but had its basis in the physical mechanisms of importance. The concentrations near the source were seen to be directly related to wind speed, rather than the inverse relationship of previous models.

For Beaver Valley, Halliburton NUS Environmental Corporation adapted the work of Ramsdell to the site terrain, plant configuration, and site meteorology. As the releases at Beaver Valley are low velocity releases, all releases were treated as ground level releases that are fully entrained in the building wake. For short-term averaging periods of eight hours or less, the methodology assumed that if the wind direction is within 30 degrees to either side of a line (effective centerline width of 60 degrees) between release point and control room intake, the plume centerline passes over the control room intake. For longer term averaging periods (e.g., 8-24, 24-96, 96-720 hours) a Gaussian distribution normal to the centerline is assumed.

On-site meteorological data for the 5-year period of 1986-1990 were applied along with the physical parameters appropriate for each release point. Only 1 percent of the individual hourly data contained any missing data. A sensitivity analysis of the input parameters was performed indicating acceptable model performance.<sup>(17,18)</sup>

As part of the plant modifications associated with containment conversion, replacement steam generators and core power uprate, the control room X/Q values were re-calculated using the latest version of the "Atmospheric Relative Concentrations in Building Wakes" (ARCON96) methodology. The control room X/Q values applicable to release points associated with an accident at BVPS-1 or BVPS-2, are presented in Table 2.2-12A and 2.2-12B, respectively. The Emergency Response Facility (ERF) X/Q values for the environmental release paths associated with the Loss-Of-Coolant Accident are also provided. The X/Q values for all of the release-receptor combinations utilized to develop the post-accident control room operator occupancy doses are summarized in Table 2.2-12A. The X/Q values for all of the release-receptor combinations associated with BVPS-2 accidents addressed in Table 2.2-12B are taken into consideration when the dose consequences of the event is established based on an analysis that is bounding for both units. Occupancy factors are not included.

Input data consist of hourly on-site meteorological data, release characteristics (e.g., release height and stack flow rate), the cross-sectional building area affecting the release, and receptor information (e.g., distance and direction from the release to the control room air intake and intake height). All input data for the ARCON96 runs were developed in accordance with draft NRC guidance on control room habitability assessments; Draft Regulatory Guide DG-1111, "Atmospheric Relative Concentrations for Control Room Habitability Assessments at Nuclear Power Plants," December 2001.

The ARCON96 methodology has the ability to evaluate ground-level, vent, and elevated stack releases and treats building wake effects and stable plume meander effects when applicable. This methodology is also able to evaluate diffuse and area source releases using the virtual point source technique, wherein initial values of the dispersion coefficients are assigned based on the size of the diffuse or area source. The various averaging period X/Q values are calculated directly from running averages of the hourly X/Q values.

A continuous temporally representative 5-year period of hourly average data from the BVPS meteorological tower (i.e., January 1, 1990 through December 31, 1994) is used in this calculation. Each hour of data, at a minimum, must have a validated wind speed and direction at the 10-meter level and a temperature difference between the 45- and 10-meter levels. The BVPS meteorological measurement program meets the requirements of RG 1.23 and Regulatory Position C.1.1 of RG 1.145 and is described in detail in Chapter 2.2.3.

All releases are conservatively treated as ground-level as there are no releases at this site that are high enough to escape the aerodynamic effects of the plant buildings (i.e., 2.5 times Containment Building height). The applicable structure relative to building wake effects on the releases is based on release/receptor orientation. The distances from the Unit 1 containment building edge to the receptors are determined from the closest edge of the containment building. The release elevations are set equal to the receptor elevations in cases where the releases are not from a clearly defined point, such as the containment edge releases. Where both the release and receptor are not clearly defined points, both elevations are set equal to grade elevation.

Only the containment edge release is considered to be a diffuse source as the release is from the entire containment surface. Diffuse source treatment allows the calculation of initial values of the dispersion coefficients. These values are determined by the height and width of the containment building divided by a factor of six based on the draft NRC guidance on control room habitability assessments. All other releases are conservatively treated as point sources.

The ARCON96 default wind direction range of 90°, centered on the direction that transports the gaseous effluents from the release points to the receptors, is used in the calculation along with values for surface roughness length (i.e., 0.20 meter) and sector averaging constant (4.3) based on draft NRC guidance.

The control room air intake X/Q values are representative of the worst case X/Q values for control room unfiltered in-leakage purposes since the distances and directions from the release points to these receptors are very similar.

Control room tracer gas tests have indicated that a potential source of unfiltered inleakage into the control room during the post accident pressurization mode are the normal operation dampers associated with the control room ventilation system to which it is reasonable to assign the same X/Q as that of the Control Room air intake. The other source of inleakage is potentially that associated with ingress/egress and leakage via door seals. This inleakage is assigned to the door leading into the control room that is considered the point of primary access. This door is located in between the BVPS-1 and BVPS-2 control room air intakes and is located close enough to the referenced air intakes to allow the assumption that the X/Q associated with this source of inleakage would be reasonably similar to that associated with the air intakes.

The X/Q values at the ERF edge closest to Containment is conservatively assumed to be representative of the post-accident X/Q values to the Emergency Response Facility which includes the Technical Support Center (TSC) and the Emergency Operations Facility (EOF).

## 2.2.5 Annual Average Release Meteorology

The annual average X/Q for an elevated release is calculated according to the following equation:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 8 & \frac{2}{3.14} \\ \hline 3.14D \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 7 & \frac{F_{i}f_{i}U_{i}}{S_{zi}e\frac{-(Z-h)^{2}}{2S_{zi}^{2}}} + e\frac{-(Z+h)^{2}}{2S_{zi}^{2}} \end{bmatrix}$$
(2.2-3)

where:	X	=	distance, m
	Ui	=	average reciprocal wind speed for sector of interest, sec per m
	Szi	=	vertical diffusion parameter for stability class i, m
	Fi	=	fraction of time stability class i occurs
	h	=	height of stack, m
	Z	=	vertical height above valley floor, m
	fi	=	fraction of time wind direction is in sector of interest for stability class i

In the calculation of X/Q,  $S_{zi}$  has been estimated from Pasquill stability curves;<sup>(12)</sup>  $F_i f_i$  is based on the categorization of temperature difference discussed in Appendix 2A. (The value of  $S_z$  for G stability is defined as the  $S_z$  for class F, divided by SQRT [2.5].)

The release of normal process gas is from a vent 522 ft (158 m) above the valley floor. Although it is possible that the process gas exit velocity and the buoyant cooling tower plume would cause the process gas plume to become more elevated than the release height, for a conservative estimate of the highest annual average X/Q, no plume rise is assumed. Thus, for a release height of 158 m, the highest annual average X/Q is  $1.42 \times 10^{-6} \text{ sec/m}^3$  for a receptor located 2,000 m southeast of the containment structure at an elevation 158 m above the valley floor. In addition, a X/Q of approximately the same magnitude (1.3 x  $10^{-6} \text{ sec/m}^3$ ) was calculated for a receptor located 1,300 m southeast of the containment structure at an elevation of 158 m.

Table 2.2-7 provides calculated atmospheric dispersion factors (X/Q) for an elevated (158 meters) release at the outer boundary of the low population zone for periods of 0-8 and 8-24 hours, 1-4 days, and 4-30 days and at the exclusion area boundary for a 0-2 hour period. Also Table 2.2-8 provides calculated atmospheric dispersion factors (X/Q) for a ground level release at the outer boundary of the low population zone for periods of 0-8 and 8-24 hours, 1-4 days and 4-30 days.

Table 2.2-9 provides calculated annual average atmospheric diffusion factors (X/Q) for an elevated (158 meters) release for 16 radial sectors out to 50 miles using site meteorological data. Figure 2.2-10 shows the X/Q isopleths (similar to Figure 2A.2-13) for a 158 meter release.

Table 2.2-10 provides calculated annual average atmospheric diffusion factors (X/Q) for a ground level release for 16 radial sectors out to 50 miles using site meteorological data.

Figure 2A.2-13 presents isopleths of ground level annual average X/Q for release from the 158 m vent. WINDVANE computer outputs giving the raw data from which the above calculations are made are provided in Appendix 2A.2.

# References for Section 2.2

- 1. D. H. Pack, C. R. Hosler, and T. B. Harris, <u>A Meteorological Survey of the PWR Site at</u> <u>Shippingport, Pennsylvania</u>, Office of Meteorological Research, U. S. Weather Bureau, Washington, D.C. (December 1957).
- 2. D. H. Pack, et. al., <u>An Investigation of the Three Dimensional Wind Structure Near</u> <u>Shippingport, Pennsylvania</u>, Office of Meteorological Research, U. S. Weather Bureau, Washington, D. C. (August 1956).
- 3. <u>Local Climatological Data and Summaries for Pittsburgh and Pennsylvania</u>, U. S. Weather Bureau Publications.
- 4. H. C. S. Thom, <u>New Distribution of Extreme Winds in the United States</u>, ASCE Environmental Engineering Conference, Dallas, Texas (February 1967).
- 5. P. O. Huss, "Relation Between Gusts and Average Wind Speeds", DGAI Report No. 140 (1946).
- 6. G. W. Cry, <u>Tropical Cyclones of the North Atlantic Ocean</u>, Technical Paper No. 55, U. S. Weather Bureau (1965).
- 7. <u>Storm Data</u>, National Weather Records Center, Asheville, North Carolina.
- 8. H. C. S. Thom, "Tornado Probabilities", <u>Monthly Weather Review</u>, pp. 730-736 (October-December 1963).
- 9. L. V. Wolford, <u>Tornado Occurrences in the United States</u>, Technical Paper No. 20, U. S. Weather Bureau, Washington, D. C. (Rev. 1960).
- 10. E. M. Brooks, "Tornadoes and Related Phenomena", <u>Compendium of Meteorology</u>, Boston, Massachusetts (1951).
- C. R. Hosler, D. H. Pack, and T. B. Harris, <u>Meteorological Investigations of Diffusion in a</u> <u>Valley at Shippingport</u>, <u>Pennsylvania</u>, Office of Meteorological Research, U. S. Weather Bureau, Washington, D. C. (April 1959).
- 12. D. H. Slade, <u>Meteorology and Atomic Energy</u>, pp. 408-409.
- 13. NRC Regulatory Guide 1.23, "Onsite Meteorological Programs", Nuclear Regulatory Commission (February 17, 1972).
- 14. Regulatory Guide 1.145, "Atmospheric Dispersion Models for Potential Accident Consequence Assessments at Nuclear Power Plants", Nuclear Regulatory Commission (November 1982).
- 15. USNRC NUREG/CR-2858, "PAVAN: An Atmospheric Dispersion Program for Evaluating Design Basis Accidental Releases of Radioactive Materials from Nuclear Power Stations", Pacific Northwest Laboratory (November 1982).
- 16. Deleted by Revision 23

## References for Section 2.2 (CONT'D)

- 17. Halliburton NUS Environmental Corporation, Control Room X/Q Values for the Beaver Valley Power Station (1991).
- 18. J. V. Ramsdell, Atmospheric Diffusion for Control Room Habitability Assessments, NUREG/CR-5055 (1988).
- 19. Deleted by Revision 23
- 20. Deleted by Revision 23
- Ramsdell, J. V., Jr. and C. A. Simonen, "Atmospheric Relative Concentrations in Building Wakes." Prepared by Pacific Northwest Laboratory for the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, PNL-10521, NUREG/CR-6331, Rev. 1, May 1997.
- 22. U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Office of Nuclear Regulatory Research, Draft Regulatory Guide DG-1111, "Atmospheric Relative Concentrations for Control Room Habitability Assessments at Nuclear Power Plants," December 2001.
- 23. Deleted by Revision 23

# 2.3 HYDROLOGY

## 2.3.1 <u>Surface Water Hydrology</u>

The BVPS-1 is located on the Ohio River at mile 34.8; that is, 3.1 miles downstream from Montgomery Lock and Dam and 19.6 miles upstream from New Cumberland Lock and Dam. The drainage area above the site is 23,000 sq miles.

## 2.3.1.1 River Flow

The river flow is regulated by several reservoirs on the Allegheny and Monongahela Rivers and their tributaries. Among these, the Allegheny and Conemaugh Reservoirs are the most important. The flow frequency information is based on a January, 1970 study made by the Pittsburgh District of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers aimed at determining the effects of the reservoirs as if they had been in operation over the period of record. As a result of that study, a drought frequency curve was developed by the Corps of Engineers showing the percent of time any river discharge would be equalled or exceeded. This curve is shown in Figure 2.3-1.

## 2.3.1.2 River Stage

The river stage at the power station site is not determined by river flow only, since the operating rules of the New Cumberland Dam gates are such that the stage is maintained at El. 664.5 for a river flow range up to about 20,000 cfs, as shown in the flow-stage relationship curve of Figure 2.3-2.

Flood stage profiles have been developed by the Corps of Engineers for the Ohio River reach between Montgomery and New Cumberland Dams, including the effects of all the flood control reservoirs upstream from the site. The following tabulation indicates the characteristic flood stages at the BVPS-1 site, as defined by the Corps of Engineers:

- 1. Ordinary High Water El. 678.5
- 2. Standard Project Flood El. 705.0
- 3. Probable Maximum Flood El. 730.0

## 2.3.2 <u>Groundwater Hydrology</u>

2.3.2.1 Description and Onsite Conditions

## 2.3.2.1.1 Aquifers

The regional and local groundwater conditions and geology are discussed in Appendix 2B, Geological Considerations Influencing the Proposed Beaver Valley Power Station (Rand, J.R. and Mayrose, P.J., 1968). These general studies have been supplemented by additional data which were obtained from observation during excavation, well measurements, soil and rock seep localities, and survey of groundwater users.

The site is located within the Allegheny Mountains section of the Appalachian Plateaus physiographic province which is characterized by relatively flat upland plateaus with deeply dissected river valleys.

#### **BVPS UFSAR UNIT 1**

The general geology of the area is described in Section 2.4 and Appendix 2B. Briefly, the power station site is located within the bedrock valley of the Ohio River on an alluvial terrace along the south side of the channel. Bedrock under the site consists of horizontally bedded shales, with occasional sandstone and a few small coal seams, all of Pennsylvania age. One thin limestone member, the Vanport limestone, crops out in the valley wall above the elevation of bedrock under the station. The power station is located approximately 600 ft north of the south bedrock wall of the valley. At the power station site, bedrock is at approximately EI. 630 ft and drops only slightly toward the north where is underlies the river. It is overlain by a terrace of granular material which extends to approximately EI. 735 ft at the power station site. The northerly portion of this terrace was eroded subsequent to its placement and replaced by recent deposits of the river in two low level terraces. These younger terraces are silts and clays overlying the sands and gravels which in turn rest directly on the bedrock. The sands and gravels of the terrace form the only significant aquifers of the area.

The Ohio River at this location is controlled by a system of locks and dams for navigation purposes. The navigation pool at the site is normally held at El. 664.5 ft.

The upland surface, in the vicinity of the BVPS-1 is above El. 1,100 ft. The groundwater in the bedrock underlying the upland surface occurs in joints and occasional permeable sandstone beds. Migration takes place along bedding and nearly vertical joint planes and along weathered zones. Water well records indicate that normal groundwater flow potential in these rocks ranges from less than 1 to about 10 gallons per minute for each well with 2 to 4 gallons per minute as average. Sixteen seeps were observed to originate from bedrock along the rock wall of the valley above the terrace during a survey undertaken June 13 to June 16, 1972; all but one seep was less than 1 to 2 gallons per minute. The remaining seep at El. 900 ft, 4,000 ft southeast of the station, flowed at 4 to 5 gallons per minute along shale joints overlying a confined sandstone bed.

The regional groundwater map Figure 2.3-3 indicates the groundwater occurs under hydrostatic conditions with the phreatic surface having a contour approximating the land surface, but of subdued relief. The topographic divides along the ridge crests also mark the local groundwater basin divides. Groundwater levels under the upland surface lie at depths of 10 to 50 ft below surface, averaging 30 ft. The phreatic surface has a gradient of 50 percent on steep hillsides, 25-30 percent on gentler hillsides, and 15 percent or less along tributary streams. In all areas, the groundwater flows downslope and eventually enters the terrace upstream of the plant site or enters the river, downstream of the site. Groundwater migration in the bedrock appears to be constant and slow. Because of the low permeability of the rocks, recharge from rock to the terrace gravels is negligible. There are no known aquifers in the bedrock under the site.

## 2.3.2.1.2 Site Condition

The station is located on a system of terraces along the south side of the river. The terrace on which the station is located is about 4,000 ft long and 1,800 ft wide at its widest point. Downstream of the station, the terrace pinches out against the steep bedrock valley wall. To the northeast, it is limited by a buried bedrock spur which extends northwesterly almost to the river's edge at a point about 2,500 ft upstream of the station.

The soils of the terrace are predominantly sands and gravels except for the younger deposits near the river. The permeable gravels crop out in the river. Groundwater under the terrace is interconnected with the river. Observations during construction showed that groundwater level elevations are very close to river level at normal pool and respond very quickly with changes in river level as the river rises in flood.

Recharge to the groundwaters of the terrace in the site area is primarily from precipitation on the immediate area. Assuming an infiltration of about 35 percent which would be expected for these soils, topography, and climatic conditions, this would amount to an average infiltration of about 12 inches of water per year which is about 900 gallons per day per acre. Additional recharge occurs during periods of rising river level as the groundwater rises. This again is discharged as the river falls. Under normal river conditions, the groundwater levels under the terrace on which the station is located slope very gently towards the northwest as shown by the groundwater contours on Figure 2.3-3.

## 2.3.2.2 Usage

Two wells, in the terrace gravels, were drilled to supply cooling water (and augment water supplies) to the Shippingport Atomic Power Station (now decommissioned). They are located relatively close to the river as shown on Figure 2.3-3. A temporary well was drilled to provide water for sanitary uses and construction uses during the construction of the BVPS-1. Production is less than 50 gpm. This will be retained in service for similar purposes for BVPS-2. An additional temporary well will be installed about 1,000 ft upstream of the station to supply water to a concrete mixing plant during construction of BVPS-2. There are no municipal groundwater supplies located in this terrace. Two wells were drilled for the Bruce Mansfield Fossil Fuel Power Plant about 6,000 ft upstream of the station at the location shown on Figure 2.3-3. These wells are close to the river. As indicated, they are upstream of the buried bedrock nose. Consequently, they are effectively isolated from the groundwaters under the station and probably will be recharged largely by infiltration from the river.

There are approximately 48 domestic wells located upstream of the station as shown in Figure 2.3-3. All but three of these are located on or upstream of the buried bedrock nose and are thus isolated from the groundwaters under the station. The nearest domestic well is approximately 2,300 ft upstream of the plant. Groundwater level in this well was found at El. 681 ft, 15 ft above groundwater level in the station area at the time of observation.

Bedrock wells in the upland area all serve domestic purposes. Yield of all of these is very low and all terminate at elevations well above yard elevation at the station site.

There are no known plans for other future developments upstream of the station. Accordingly, maintenance of existing groundwater gradient is anticipated.

The hydraulic gradient in the terrace gravels along a northwest- southeast line along the cooling tower centerline varies from 8.6 percent near the toe of the bedrock scarp to about 0.1 to 0.2 percent in the power station and cooling tower foundation area. The coefficient of permeability is 0.2 to 0.46 ft per minute based on pumping tests from two wells developed for the Shippingport Atomic Power Station. For these gradients and coefficients of permeability, the velocity towards the river would be about 0.3 to 1.5 ft per day at the station.

Groundwater incursion, caused by excessive pumping on site, would not affect any domestic or industrial supplies because they all lie upstream and upgradient of the station site. Use of groundwater on the site is not expected to deplete regional or local supplies because of the alluvium which is part of the Ohio River groundwater regimen, which recharges the system.

## 2.3.2.3 Accidental Effects

As previously discussed, all groundwater passing under the power station site moves into the Ohio River, which acts as a natural barrier to the migration of groundwater contaminants. Groundwater migration is effectively blocked to the southwest where the alluvium pinches out against a bedrock cut scarp covered by relatively impervious colluvium just above river grade. The vent and drain system collects potentially radioactive fluids that could accidentally spill from various systems as described in UFSAR Section 9.7. Even if it were postulated that a spill to ground could occur, the volume of water and low flow rates in the alluvium below the plant site indicate that should liquid waste enter the groundwater, it would be diluted and slowly transported into the river. The time required to reach the river after a pollutant spill at the reactor probably would be between 620 days and 3,000 days, based on a range of gradients of 0.1 to 0.2 ft per 100 ft and a permeability coefficient range of 0.2 to 0.46 ft per minute. This migration rate of 1.7 to 8.2 years assumes steady conditions and an unchanged phreatic surface. Actually, one or more floods could be expected in this period; however, since the alluvium below the site is part of the Ohio River regimen, rising groundwater levels would correspond to rising river level. Therefore, the flood waters would tend to dilute any spilled pollutants and the diluted materials would then be discharged into the river as the river level fell.

Migration of contaminants upstream to domestic water supplies could not occur since such wells are upgradient from the station area.

#### 2.3.2.4 Monitoring

The vent and drain system collects potentially radioactive fluids that could accidentally spill from various systems as described in UFSAR Section 9.7. Accordingly, there is no hazard of a spill to groundwater. Under these circumstances, monitoring of groundwater to protect users is not considered necessary and will not be provided.

#### 2.3.3 Floods and Dam Failure Upstream

The station has the ability to achieve a safe shutdown condition, through the use of design features and procedural controls, before the maximum level of the Ohio River Probable Maximum Flood occurs. All Category I structures are designed for the buoyancy and hydrostatic pressures associated with this flood level. These flood conditions are discussed in the report dated January, 1970 from the Corps of Engineers. The Corps of Engineers concludes that the most critical conditions believed possible would result from the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF).

The development of the PMF is not detailed here. A general outline of its development is given in Attachment 2.3A. Information pertaining to further details of river hydrology may be obtainable from the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Pittsburgh District Office.

Coincident wind wave activity is discussed in Section 2.3.8. The PMF developed by the Corps is considered by them to be a one in a geologic era event and, as such, is extremely conservative without wave activity.

Potential dam failures are also discussed in general terms in Attachment 2.3A. Further details may be obtainable from the Corps.

Ice is not believed to be of concern here because lock and dam control systems have opened this part of the river to heavy amounts of ship and barge traffic year round.

The Corps of Engineers initially set a level of 707.2 ft for the Standard Project Flood. This level was used for initial station design. Subsequently, the analysis by the Corps of Engineers in 1970 revised the Standard Project Flood level downward to 705 ft. No portion of the station has been redesigned just to take advantage of this reduced level. However, portions of the station designed after the latter date, or which required a redesign for other reasons after that date, are designed for a Standard Project Flood of 705 ft. The emergency diesel generators are located at El. 735.5 ft. The containment is waterproofed generally to El. 730.0 ft, and is unaffected by the Probable Maximum Flood. The basement of the service building is at El. 713.5 ft; however, the structure is waterproofed and reinforced so that it is unaffected by floods to El. 730.0 ft. The duration of the Probable Maximum Flood above El. 728.0 ft is about 18 hr, which is insufficient time for soil permeability to provide hydraulic uplift above EI. 728.0 ft. The service building is therefore designed for an uplift equivalent to a flood reaching EI. 728.0 ft, but to prevent entry of water up to El. 730.0 ft. The turbine building, which contains no equipment or piping credited in accident analyses or meeting the definition of Category I in UFSAR Appendix A.1 (although some equipment may have been procured to that standard), is allowed to flood at water levels above the Standard Project Flood in order to reduce the weight of concrete slab which otherwise would be required to prevent flotation. The portion of the auxiliary building basement which houses safety-related equipment required for safe shutdown (charging pumps) is protected against flooding to EI. 730.0 ft. The remainder of the basement is allowed to flood in order to eliminate hydraulic uplift.

The portion of the screenwell which houses the safety-related river water pumps and enginedriven fire pump is designed to accommodate a flood to El. 730.0 ft, and operation of the pumps is unaffected by the flood.

New fuel is stored in racks in the fuel storage building well above the Probable Maximum Flood level. The bottom of the spent fuel storage basin is at El. 727.3 ft, but the structure is designed so as to be unaffected by the flood.

The recurrence frequency of the Standard Project Flood is estimated by the Corps of Engineers to be once in 1,000 to 2,000 yr. The Corps of Engineers considers the Probable Maximum Flood to be so far beyond reasonable projection limits that it might be termed a geologic era event. However, the unit will be able to achieve a safe shutdown condition prior to such a flood affecting any safety-related equipment.

## 2.3.4 Failure of Downstream Dam Gates and Low Flow

The Pittsburgh District of the Corps of Engineers indicates (Attachments 2.3B and 2.3C) that for catastrophic failure of the New Cumberland Dam coincident with minimum flow in the river, the river would revert to an open channel flow condition and the water surface at the intake for the BVPS-1 would therefore drop to a minimum of El. 648.6 ft. The pit floor of the Beaver Valley screenwell is at El. 640.0 ft so that a water depth of 8.6 ft in the screenwell is ensured even for this water extreme condition. This is adequate to supply the required emergency river water flow to meet station safety related system requirements. The limiting credible dam failure is the loss of a single lock gate or tainter gate as described in Attachments 2.3B and 2.3C.

Channel diversions are not discussed. Information on river cutoffs and subsidence may be obtainable from the Corps.

Information on future probable minimum flow conditions may be obtainable from the Corps.

# 2.3.5 Environmental Acceptance of Effluents

Under normal operating conditions the expected radioactive releases are far below the standards specified in 10CFR20. The effects of these releases are discussed in Section 3.1.7 of the Environmental Report for BVPS-1 and Appendix 11B of the Updated FSAR. The design bases for effluent facilities are described in Sections 2.2.4 and 11.2. Sections 2.1.3 and 2.1.4 discuss surface and groundwater use. A discussion of accidents and their associated radioactive discharges takes place in Section 6 of the Environmental Report for BVPS-2. The BVPS-2 report discusses the total effect of both stations and is therefore, conservative when considering BVPS-1 alone.

# 2.3.6 Factors Affecting PMF Analysis

The Technical Report, Attachment 2.3A, discusses the results of the analysis for determining the standard project and probable maximum flood waters at the BVPS-1 site. This analysis requires establishing three key parameters; the drainage area, rainfall estimate and roughness coefficients for the runoff analyses.

## Drainage Area

Figure 2.3-4 depicts the drainage area subdivisions for which hydrographs have been prepared. Each numbered area represents an uncontrolled area and each shaded area is controlled by a dam, as named. All the dams with the exception of Meander and Chautauqua are operated by the Corps of Engineers. The different routing reaches used in the PMF analysis are indicated by letters. A tabulation of the drainage values is included in Table 2.3-1. Table 2.3-2 provides a tabulation of the hourly unit hydrographic values and Muskingum routing coefficients for the identified drainage areas of Figure 2.3-4.

## Rainfall

The rainfall used in estimating the PMF is discussed in Attachment 2.3A.

Since the PMF is a summer type storm it would be most likely to occur during a period when rainfall is normal or below, antecedent stream flow would also be low and infiltration loss to runoff high. The infiltration rates computed for the high intensity storm of August 3, 1964, which occurred over the French Creek basin, were used in the Probable Maximum Precipitation (PMP) computations. This storm possessed typical antecedent characteristics under which the PMP storm is generated. These infiltration rates were applied to several high intensity summer storms that occurred in or near the Stonewall Jackson Lake area, and the losses were found to be in close agreement to the actual losses. The infiltration rates used for the PMF are shown in Figure 2.3-15.

Curves for rainfall-excess plotted against precipitation for six- hour periods, contained in "Interim Report on Storms in the Kansas City District", Appendix C, U. S. Army Corps of Engineers, Kansas City Engineer District, May-June 1951, were considered suitable for use in the Standard Project Flood study. These curves, shown in Figure 2.3-16, take into account the probable variation in rainfall over a six-hour period.

#### **Roughness Coefficient**

The roughness coefficients were developed using the floods of record. A cross section of the site was drawn and the energy gradient was determined from the flood profiles. A value for "n" in the Manning equation was then computed. The analysis was made at two different sites in the vicinity of Shippingport with a resulting "n" value of 0.035.

#### Analysis Methodology

Locations of the flood control projects in effect in 1972 above the BVPS-1 site are shown in Figure 2.3-5. Pertinent data relative to these projects is listed on Table 2.3-5. Detailed information is available in the extracts from Reference 17 which are presented as part of Amendment 2 of the Beaver Valley Power Station Unit 2 PSAR (Docket No. 30-412). The distances from Shippingport to the dam sites is presented in Table 2.3-3.

Figure 2.3-6 shows a cross section of the Ohio River at the Shippingport intake. The contours used to estimate the Standard Project Flood and the Probable Maximum Flood may be developed from Figures 2.3-7, 2.3-8, 2.3-9, 2.3-10, 2.3-11, 2.3-12, and 2.3-13. The El. 740 ft and 760 ft contour lines were taken from the 7.5 minute Midland and Hookstown USGS Quadrangles. A plan view of BVPS-1 showing the containment, turbine building, and other structures is shown in Figure 1.2-1. Elevation views of the containment are shown in Figures 5.1-5, 5.1-6 and 5.1-7. Figure 2.3-14 provides a drawing showing historic high water marks.

After the flow hydrograph for the probable maximum flood was computed, a stage-discharge relationship was developed which would accommodate this flow while maintaining all of the hydrologic characteristics. These characteristics require that the valley storage reflect inflow and outflow into any reach and that the stage-discharge relationship adequately represent the computed flows.

When analyzing a particular reach, the valley storage was the average volume within that reach as defined by an average of the upstream and downstream stages. Stage capacity relationships for these reaches had been developed from which a height was determined which would equal the maximum volume stored within that reach representing the difference between the inflow and outflow. A water surface profile was established from these computations and is shown in Figure 2.3-17. The slope of this profile was then inserted into Manning's equation along with the other known values to compute a discharge. This value is then checked against the probable maximum flood peak to satisfy all of the requirements.

The validity of the runoff model used to estimate the Probable Maximum Flood can be demonstrated by Figure 2.3-18 and Table 2.3-4. Figure 2.3-18 shows a comparison of actual and reproduced Ohio River flow rate at the Dashields Lock and Dam during the October 1954 flood. Table 2.3-4 shows one page of the flood forecast.

#### 2.3.7 Seismically-Induced Flood Potential

# Removed in Accordance with RIS 2015-17



Rev. 19















## 2.3.8 <u>Wind-Generated Waves Concurrent with Floods</u>

.

· · ·

1

An analysis of the wind-generated wave activity that might occur coincidentally with the worst flood level estimated at the site (PMF or seismically-induced flood) was performed.

.

The usual analytical practice has been to assume overland sustained wind speeds of approximately 40 miles an hour from the critical direction with respect to safety-related plant facilities which may be affected, in lieu of estimates of worst historical sustained overland wind speeds at the plant site.

Analytical techniques for such a wave analysis as are discussed in Corps of Engineers Engineer Technical Letter (ETL) 1110-2-8, dated August 1, 1966, and U.S. Army Coastal Engineering Research Center Technical Report No. 4, Shore Protection, Planning and Design, Third Edition, 1966, are generally employed to make estimates of "significant and maximum" wave heights and static and dynamic effects therefrom.

The analysis includes estimates of wave heights and periods, estimates of the static and dynamic consequences of such wave action, and provides assurance of the ability of safety-related structures, systems and components necessary for safe plant shutdown to resist such effects.

Extensive studies have established the relationships among meteorological factors, wind velocities at the air-water interface, and wave generation together with the limits on wave growth as they apply to the open ocean<sup>(8)</sup>. Rigorous mathematical development of wave generation theories for open water  $exist^{(9)}(10)$ . A more limited body of work has established that, for practical purposes, most of the relations which obtain for the ocean apply with suitable restrictions to smaller bodies of water such as bays, lakes, and rivers<sup>(11)</sup>(12). Waves generated on flowing streams are modified, but the mechanism of their generation is not essentially different from that of waves generated on statistically still water. The modifications have been investigated theoretically<sup>(13)</sup>. For application of the body of our knowledge of wave generation to rivers, it is necessary to consider a number of circumstances that are not pertinent to the ocean. They include the configuration of the river and its surrounding topography together with the roughness and the effects these may have on the wind field. The geometry of the river with its bends and varying depths must also be taken into account since they may dissipate the wave energy concentrations by absorption or by refraction.

## 2.3.8.1 Characteristics of Waves on a River

#### The Wave Spectrum

It is customary to characterize a wind-generated wave field by its energy spectrum. The energy spectrum is associated with the square of the heights of the waves. In general, the wave spectrum is broad-band, but not "white". The broader the band, the more irregular and "confused" are the wave heights, lengths, and periods. At the other extreme, the waves corresponding to a pure line spectrum - the narrowest conceivable narrow-band spectrum - would have the regularity of a pure sinusoid. The wave spectrum for a river is similar to that for the open ocean after certain filters have been applied.

- 1. Significant wave height (Hs): The significant wave height is the arithmetic mean of the heights of the one-third highest waves in a train of waves. It is thus a statistical description of the wave heights which concentrates on the higher waves.
- 2. Maximum wave height (Hmax): As usually used, "maximum" in this sense is also a statistic, one which concentrates even more on unusually high waves. It is defined as the arithmetic mean of the heights of the highest one percent of the waves present. Hmax is approximately 1.67 Hs.

- 3. Wave period corresponding to Hs (Ts): The period for the significant waves is also a statistic. It is the average time interval between passage of the wave crests whose heights were used to construct the average, Hs.
- 4. Wave length (L): Wave length is generally estimated from wave period. In deep water, where the water depth is greater than one-half the wave length, one uses the approximation:

$$L = 5.12 T^2$$
 (2.3-5)

where: T = seconds

L = feet.

5. Wave steepness (H/L): The wave steepness is defined as the ratio of the wave height to the wave length. Waves for which H/L > 1/17 are theoretically unstable and will break. Thus H/L = 0.143 is an upper bound on wave height for any given length. In reality, with heavy storm conditions, waves will break much sooner and wave steepness as great as the theoretical maximum are for the longer (and higher) waves.

## Wind Velocity, Duration, and Wave Height

If the wind velocity over a given fetch were to remain constant for a sufficiently long time, the waves would grow until their energy content and distribution by wave-number and frequency reached a statistically steady-state limit. This is the wave spectrum corresponding to the fully aroused sea. For deep water the spectral form and its relation to fetch, wind speed, and wind direction with its consequent implications for wave heights and periods may be considered as well established<sup>(8)(9)(14)</sup>. For rivers, with their universal meanders, it is always the limited fetch which imposes the most stringent limitation on the full development of the fully aroused spectrum. The effect is that of a high-pass filter with an extremely sharp cut-off. Long waves, those which can attain the greatest heights before becoming unstable, cannot be excited in the limited distances available. When this is considered together with the functional form of the spectrum at high frequencies (an f to the -5 power dependence) it is easy to see that most of the energy in the wave system is concentrated at frequencies just above the cut-off. In rivers one has, in effect, a very narrow-band spectrum. Thus, the waves which appear on rivers are far lower, shorter, and more regular than those which would be generated in the open sea by winds of the same force. They will show much less variability than the corresponding ocean waves.

## The Effective Fetch

Since the river is not straight, but rather a series of reaches connected by bends, and since the width of the river is always small compared with the lengths of its reaches, a severe limitation is placed on wave heights which can be generated. A method for evaluating the effect of a narrow channel has been proposed by Saville<sup>(15)</sup> and used successfully in a number of studies<sup>(8)(11)</sup>.

#### The Effect of Meanders Where the Direction Between Reaches Alters by Less Than 45 Degrees

In general, surface winds follow river valleys. However, the waves they generate in a reach run directly before the wind and do not follow the bends. Thus, at each bend the waves tend to run ashore, a tendency reinforced by refraction over the shallow water along the banks. Waves which go ashore are in part broken up and their energy absorbed, and in part, they are reflected. For these reasons, only a part of the wave energy makes it around the bend and is available to the wind for further growth. In a sense, the wind must begin building the wave energy anew at the head of each reach, although not from the zero levels appropriate to undisturbed water. An over estimate of the wave conditions can be found by considering each reach separately and assuming that no substantial energy loss occurs at the bends. Once an estimate of the wave energy, E ( $ft^2$ ), is made for a point of interest, the significant wave height may be found from Hs = 2.83 E.

# The Effects of River Currents

The river current may be either following (in the same direction as the wind) or opposed (in the opposite direction from the wind). A following current increases the wave lengths and decreases the wave heights (and the steepnesses) while an opposed current decreases the wave lengths and increases the wave heights (and the steepnesses). In either case, the wave periods are unaltered. The size of these modifications is a function of the ratio of the speed of the current (U) to the wave celerity in still water (c). Bigelow and Edmondson<sup>(13)</sup> studies the effects of following and opposed currents. A summary of their results is shown in Table 2.3-7.

# 2.3.8.2 Computation of Wave Parameters for the River

## Wind Velocity and Duration

Over land, maximum sustained wind speeds of 40 mph may be taken. The two critical wind directions for the point of interest are east and north. For an east wind, the current would be following, while for a north wind it would be opposed. Of the two, only winds from the east need be considered seriously since the fetch available to a north wind is severely limited. With wind speeds of this magnitude, a duration of about two hours would be enough to bring the waves to their maximum development in the limited fetches available. It has been assumed that these winds will coincide with the worst flood level to be expected at the power station site.

## Water Depth and Effective Fetch

For the flood stage assumed that the power station site would be at EI. 730.0 ft. This is 65 ft above normal water level. The mean depth and width of the river under these conditions would be approximately 80 ft and 0.5 mi, respectively. The anticipated river current would be in excess of 6 ft per second. The fetch for an east wind would be the 10 mile section of the river between the Monaca-Rochester Bridge and Shippingport. This section of the river consists of four straight reaches separated by more or less gentle bends as shown in Figure 2.3-22. On the average, each reach is 2.5 miles long. For a narrow channel, the wind cannot generate waves over the full range of direction available to it as in open water, in other words, the width of the fetch places restrictions on the total amount of energy transferred from wind to water until the fetch width exceeds twice the fetch length. For a conservative estimation, the effective fetch in each reach of the river is computed by assuming the wind transfer energy to the water surface in the direction of the wind and in all directions within 20 degrees on either side of the wind direction. The definition sketch of the effective fetch computation is also shown in Figure 2.3-23.

Feff =  $\Sigma Xi \cos \alpha / \Sigma \cos \alpha = 1.5 \text{ mi}$  (2.3-6)

#### Total Energy and Significant Wave Height

From the established relations for significant wave height for a 40 mph wind and a fetch of 1.5 mile Hs = 2.1 ft. This corresponds to a total energy, E = 0.55 sq. ft and the two are related by:

$$Hs = 2.83\sqrt{E}$$
 (2.3-7)

The wind would transfer energy in wave form to the water surface proportional to 0.55 sq ft within each 2.5 mile reach. The wave energy developed within each reach would be partially lost at each bend, only part being transmitted to the next reach. If we make the extreme assumption that only 10% of the wave energy is lost at bends and by refraction over the entire 10 mile section of the river, then the E-value at the power station site would be 2.0 sq ft and the corresponding significant wave height would be 4.0 ft. From the Fetch Graph by Pierson, Neuman, and James shown in Figure 2.3-23, the appropriate corresponding wave period is 4.0 second. The wave length from L =  $5.12 \text{ T}^2$  is 82 ft. Thus, with an average water depth of 80 ft, over most of the river the waves will be in deep water.

#### The Effect of River Currents

The celerity of a four-second wave in still water is:

$$c = 5.12 T = 20.5 \text{ ft/second}$$
 (2.3-8)

From Table 2.3-7, a following current greater than 5 ft/sec (U/c = 5/20.5 = 0.25) would give a wave height ratio (RH) of 0.76 and a wave length ratio (RL) of 1.43. Applying these modifications, one has for the east wind:

Hs = (RH)H = 0.76 x 4 = 3.0 ft and L = (RL)L = 1.43 x 82 = 120 ft with T = 4.0 sec.

The maximum wave height in this case is:

Hmax = 5.0 ft.

A north wind results in a less serious case. The reach to the north of the power plant site is roughly 2.5 miles long and is terminated by a bend of nearly 90 degrees. Thus, the E-value to be expected from north winds is 0.55 sq ft and the corresponding significant height, were there no opposing current, would be:

Hs = 2.83 
$$\sqrt{E}$$
 = 2.1 ft. (2.3-9)

Waves from the north will be much shorter than those from the east, 2 second and 40 ft. The celerity would be c = 20 ft/second. With U = 5, U/c = -5/20 = -0.25 and, from Table 2.3-7, RH = 2.35 and RL = 0.43. Thus:

and

HS = (RH)H = 2.35 x 2.1 = 4.9 ft L = (RL)L = 0.43 x 40 = 17.2 ft

The corresponding steepness would be:

H/L = 4.9/17.2 = 0.285, (2.3-10)

a value far in excess of the maximum possible steepness of 0.143. As a result, these waves never arrive at the power plant site. With the north wind and the opposing current the entire downstream reach would be a smother of torn water and foam, but compared with the east wind and following current, little wave action would reach the site.

#### 2.3.8.3 Computation of Wave Forces on a Vertical Wall

Using a wave height of 5 ft (Hmax) and an unbroken wave since the water depth at the structure is greater than one and a half times the values of Hmax, the Sainflow method<sup>(8)</sup> for the determination of pressure due to unbroken waves was used. We have:

and	ho = (3.14 H <sup>2</sup> /L) coth [2 (3.14) d/L]	(2.3-11)		
anu	P1 = WH/cosh [2 (3.14) d/L]	(2.3-12)		
where:	d = depth from stillwater level			
	H = height of original free wave			
	L = length of wave			
	W = weight per cu ft of water			

- P1 = pressure the Clapotis adds to the stillwater pressure
- ho = height of orbital center (or mean level) above still water level

The maximum over-pressure due to wave action is thus 360 lbs/sq ft at the still water level.

#### 2.3.8.4 Evaluation

An evaluation of the static and dynamic consequences of wave action has shown that there will be no loss of ability to maintain a safe shutdown condition, with coincident wave action with the PMF. The forces involved will not cause failure of the safety-related portions of the intake structure. The ventilation air intakes on the intake structure are located at El. 737 ft to allow for the 6.7 ft runup above the standing water level of 730 ft associated with the 5 ft maximum wave. Portable ventilation exhaust chimneys will be available for attachment to the ventilating exhaust slots inside the intake structure to protect against the 5 ft wave and associated runup. All safety-related structures and equipment are protected to El. 730 ft. The intake structure is the only safety-related structure which will be subjected to the effects of coincident waves and associated run up.

The safety-related facilities at the intake structure, including the portable ventilation exhaust chimneys and the ventilation air intakes, are designed for the static and dynamic effects of postulated wave action, including waterborne missiles and wave splash. In addition to the static equivalent loading resulting from wave and splash loading, the ventilation exhaust stacks can withstand a postulated waterborne missile consisting of a 4 inch x 12 inch by 12 ft long wood plank, weighing 200 lb, or a 55 gallon drum weighing 512 lb, striking at a velocity of 36 fps within a range of  $\pm 20$  deg to the direction of the river flow. No benefit from the surrounding steel superstructure and siding was considered in the evaluation of the ventilation exhaust chimneys. Permanent safety related structures are protected against tornado generated missiles which are more limiting than the postulated waterbound missile.

## 2.3.9 Potential Ice Jam Flooding or Blockage

Formation of ice jams on the Ohio River is an almost unknown phenomenon. A significant occurrence of memory in the plant vicinity was in 1936, and that was under circumstances which would not be repeated today. Additional information from the Corps of Engineers is presented in Attachment 2.3F. At that time, all of the nonadjustable wicket-type gates on an old navigation dam were dropped for fear they would be taken out by a large ice flow coming down from the Monongahela River. This resulted in a very low pool with ice grounding on a sand bar and the formation of an ice jam about six miles above Shippingport. All of the old dams in this reach of the river have been removed, and the New Cumberland Dam now regulates the pool in the plant vicinity. This new dam is equipped with tainter gates, some of which are lowered to pass ice runs and then raised to maintain the normal navigation pool.

Normally, ice jams form at obstructions and irregularities such as bridge piers, islands, sharp bends, and at the upstream edge of a reach of solid ice. None of these conditions exist right at the intake structure, and there is no reason to believe that the intake would ever be blocked by an ice jam.

The Shippingport Bridge is located about 1000 ft upstream of the intake. The three pointed piers in the river supporting this structure do not form a significant channel obstruction, hence there is no reason to conclude that an ice jam would form there.

In general, the worst type of ice jam is a dry one which is formed by ice blocks completely plugging the river section down to the channel bottom. The water level behind the jam increases rapidly until the head and/or more ice flow destroys the plug.

The case of dry ice jam formation behind a solid ice sheet has been investigated by Mathieu and Michel<sup>(16).</sup> They have concluded that the size of ice block for this situation must equal or exceed three-quarters the channel depth. For this case, with channel depths which range from 20 to 30 ft, ice blocks of 15 to 23 ft across would be required to start a dry jam. According to observations made by operating personnel at the Shippingport Station, ice flows of 6 to 8 hours duration have occurred every few years at the site, and the maximum block size is about 8 to 10 feet across by 1 foot thick, i.e., about half the minimum size required for starting a dry jam.

Other factors which tend to rule out the possibility of ice jam formation in this area are the heavy barge traffic which keeps the river open year-round and the mitigating effect of warm water discharges from industry upstream.

Blockage of the intake by accumulation of floating ice on the racks and screens is not expected to occur since the intake openings are protection from ice and trash by a curtain wall extending 5 feet below normal pool elevation of 664.5 ft. Ice cover on the Ohio River generally does not present a great hazard to river structures or navigation. Although freezing will occur during protracted periods having temperature below 20 F, an appreciable ice cover will not develop until occurrence of several days with a minimum temperature of 10 F or less.

#### 2.3.10 Storm Drainage

Section 2.2.2.3, Climatological Averages, and Section 2.2.2.4, Climatological Extremes, (Tables 2.2-1 and 2.2-2, respectively) show both the 97 year average monthly precipitation figures and the 97 year maximum daily and monthly precipitation figures. From Table 2.2-2, the maximum 24 hr precipitation between 1870 and 1967 was 4.08 inches. From Table 2.2-1, the highest monthly average amount of precipitation between the same 97 years was 3.91 inches.

The roof and yard storm drainage systems are designed for a rainfall intensity as shown in Figure 2.3-24 which is extracted from Technical Paper No. 25, Rainfall Intensity - Duration - Frequency Curves, U.S. Department of Commerce, Weather Bureau. The design rainfall used to calculate drainage capacity has an intensity of 4 inches per hr for a statistical duration of ten minutes and a frequency of five years. Figure 2.3-24 shows that rainfall intensities higher than 4 inches per hr may be obtained at longer frequencies with longer or shorter duration. This increase in rainfall intensity over the design intensity produces a buildup of water level on areas being drained. Conservatively assuming that the capacity of the drainage system does not increase with water level buildup, Figure 2.3-24 shows that even for rainfall intensities greater than design, the water buildup is less than 1 inch.

The Probable Maximum Precipitation (PMP) as described in Reference 17, is less than the designed roof drainage capacity. There are a minimum of two roof drains for every roof and as many as 6 roof drains for large roofs. All drains are fitted with screens to prevent clogging of drain lines. The roof screens are inspected periodically and no buildup of water is expected.

All structures containing safety-related systems are protected against tornado winds and missiles and are constructed with two feet thick heavily reinforced concrete roof slabs capable of storing water to the height of their parapets.

Those structures such as the service building and intake structure, which have steel superstructure above the missile protected areas, have roofs constructed of 20 gage, 1 1/2 inch steel decking supported on steel framing. These roofs are capable of holding the full weight of the Probable Maximum Precipitation, as shown by Reference 17, as 13 inches of rainfall in 72 hr, assuming all drains completely plugged, utilizing design stresses of the decking and framing to 0.9 yield.

Prior to full buildup of the water, water would leak through roof openings. Critical equipment located below these areas are set on pads raised above the floor surface. The volume of water that may find its way below the roof is small and the dispersion area great, thereby no buildup above the "housekeeping" pads is probable. During this phenomenon, the plant would be shutting down since this precipitation is associated with the Probable Maximum Flood.

The roofs can safely store the full quantity of water associated with the worst storm based on a 100 year return period as shown in Figure 2.3-24 without any threat of water leaking below.

The roofs of all structures are generally inspected on a routine basis, ensuring that the screened roof drains are clean and in satisfactory condition. Any material on the roofs not secured will be removed or repaired, thereby eliminating the possibility of external plugging. The screening will eliminate the possibility of internal plugging of the lines.

It has been previously stated that all roofs located over Category I components can safely store a minimum of 13 inches of rainfall. In fact, with the exception of a portion of the service building roof, the roofs can safely withstand ponding of water up to their parapet tops. The accumulation incurred by the rainfall given indicates the maximum buildup of water that may be expected would be less than 6 inches.

In the case of the portion of service building roof area over the office and air conditioning rooms, even if it was assumed that only two of the four area roof drains were capable of passing water, the total accumulation would be less than 13 inches.

In order for this roof to also provide full storage to the parapets, only a 7.5 percent increase in minimum yield strength of the deck material need be assumed. Even if this roof is assumed to fail, detrimental effects are anticipated since any water deposited in the office and air conditioning areas would run out to the ground level below. In this situation, only minor seepage to the switchgear area would occur through the stairway in the clean shop.

All roof and surface drainage around the site passes on directly to the storm drainage system which slopes northward, as shown in Figure 2.3-25, until it discharges into the Ohio River at the intake structure. The site grade of El. 735 ft essentially forms a plateau surrounded on three sides by lower ground; to the north by the lower plant level at El. 705 ft (north of the turbine building) and thereon sloping to the Ohio River (pool level El. 664 ft); to the east by sloping ground to Peggs Run and to the south by a gully formed by the New Cumberland Pennsylvania Railroad. The west end of the plant borders on the former Shippingport Atomic Station site which has a similar site grade of El. 735 ft and the same topographical features to the north and south as for BVPS-1 and sloping ground to the Ohio River to its west.

For rainfall intensities greater than the 4 inches per hr used for the design of the yard drainage some puddling will occur. However, since the site pitches through natural drainage lines, to the Ohio River and Peggs Run, surface drainage will aid the yard storm drainage system in minimizing the buildup of water to less than a few inches.

## 2.3.11 Low River Flow

A low flow frequency curve for the Ohio River at Shippingport is shown in Figure 2.3-1. This curve represents the lowest continuous seven day mean flows that would occur. It is based on a statistical analysis of historical flows during the past 44 years (1929-1973) as modified by the present reservoir system. An instantaneous low flow could be slightly lower, but with the large impoundments behind the locks and dams, the seven day flow could be provided continuously by temporarily drawing on the river storage when needed.

The lowest flow of record occurred during the extreme drought of 1930. A minimum of 1,250 cfs flowed past Shippingport in August of that year. Since that time eight reservoirs with low flow augmentation capabilities have been constructed. The lowest flow that would have occurred in 1930 with the contemporary reservoir system in 4,000 cfs.

Several reservoirs in the authorized or planning stages (in 1973) would have a substantial influence on low flows. Included in this group are Stonewall Jackson, Rowlesburg, and St. Petersburg. Collectively, they would increase the minimum flow to approximately 6,000 cfs at Shippingport.

The revised minimum flow of 4,000 cfs, as discussed in Attachment 2.3C, results in a reduction of the minimum water surface elevation at the BVPS-1 site to El. 648.6 ft from the previous El. 649.0 ft.

By extrapolating an unregulated low-flow frequency for drought conditions, which may be characterized as the most severe reasonably possible at the plant site, an instantaneous low flow of about 800 cubic feet per second could occur. This condition was analyzed as discussed below.

Information on the regulation of the New Cumberland Pool during extreme low flow conditions was requested from the Pittsburgh District, Corps of Engineers (Attachments 2.3D and 2.3E).

At a flow of 800 cfs coincident with lock damage, which could reasonably be expected to occur, the pool would drop 1.8 ft to EI. 662.7 ft M.S.L.

The New Cumberland Pool is maintained at El. 664.5 ft through the use of locks, dams, and storage reservoirs in the river basin. Records indicate that this elevation can be maintained at flows up to 20,000 cfs.

Normal plant operation can be continued at river levels between EI. 695 ft and EI. 654 ft. Actions to protect safety related equipment are initiated at EI. 695 ft, as required by the Licensing Requirements Manual. At EI. 654 ft, the river water, raw water and fire water pumps still have adequate NPSH to meet design requirements as summarized below:

Pump	Minimum Submergence <u>Required (ft)</u>	Submergence at El. 654 (ft)
River water	4	12.7
Fire	1.6	10.4
Raw water	5	5

Since the raw water pumps minimum NPSH is reached at El. 654 ft, BVPS-1 shutdown will be initiated. The occurrence of river levels below El. 654 ft is highly improbable. Plant operation with river level below 654 ft is prohibited by plant Technical Specifications.

For safe shutdown, the ultimate heat sink (Ohio River) must supply only the river water system. The river water pump suction minimum submergence is discussed in Section 9.9.

At the minimum possible river elevation (648.6 ft), the river flow assumes open channel flow characteristics at the rate of 800 fps or 360,000 gpm. The river water system flow requirement to maintain safe shutdown is a maximum of 7500 gpm or 2.1 percent of flow available. Therefore, the Ohio River can easily meet the cooling water requirements of BVPS-1. Further, assuming that BVPS-2 requires the same amount of cooling water, less than 5 percent of flow available would be required to maintain safe shutdown of both nuclear power stations.

# References for Section 2.3

- P. J. Barosh, "Use of Seismic Intensity Data to Predict Effects of Earthquakes and Underground Nuclear Explosions in Various Geologic Settings", U.S. Geologic Survey Bulletin 1279, U.S. Government Printing Office, pp 12 (1969).
- 2. H. M. Westergaard, "Water Pressures on Dams During Earthquakes", Transactions of the American Society of Civil Engineers Vol. 98, pp 418-433.
- 3. N. N Ambraseys, and S. K. Sarma, "The Response of Earth Dams to Strong Earthquakes", Geotechnique Vol. 17, pp 181-213 (1967).
- 4. H. B. Speed, and I. M. Idriss, "Soil Moduli and Damping Factors for Dynamic Response Analysis", Report No. EERC 70-10, College of Engineering, University of California, Berkeley, California (December 1970).
- 5. A. W. Dawson, "LEASE II A Computerized System for the Analysis of Slope Stability", Thesis, Department of Civil Engineering, Massachusetts Institute of Technology.
- 6. Stone & Webster Engineering Corporation, "Report on Design and Stability of North Anna Dam", for Virginia Electric and Power Company (1971).
- H. B. Seed, and I. M. Idriss, "A Simplified Procedure for Evaluating Soil Liquefaction Potential", Report EERC-70-9, College of Engineering, University of California, Berkeley (November 1970).
- 8. "Shore Protection Planning and Design: Technical Report No. 4", U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Engineering Research Center, third edition (1966).
- 9. B. Kinsman, "Wind Waves", Prentice-Hall, Inc. (1965).
- 10. J. J. Stocker, "Water Waves", Interscience Publishers, Inc. (1957).
- 11. "Computation of Freeboard Allowances for Waves in Reservoirs", Engineer Technical Letter ETL 1110-2-8, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (August 1, 1966).
- 12. "Wave in Inland Reservoirs", Summary Report on CWI Projects CW-164 and CW-165, Technical Memorandum No. 132, Beach Erosion Board, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (November 1962).
- 13. H. B. Bigelow, and W. T. Edmondson, "Wind Waves at Sea Breakers and Surf", U.S. Navy Hydrographic Office, H. O. Pub. No. 602 (1947).
- 14. W. J. Pierson, G. Newmann, and R. W. James, "Practical Methods for Observing and Forecasting Ocean Waves by Means of Wave Spectra and Statistics", U.S. Navy Hydrographic Office, H.O. Pub. No. 603, (1955, reprinted 1960).
- 15. T. Saville, Jr., "The Effect of Fetch Width on Wave Generation", U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Beach Erosion Board, Tech. Memo No. 70 (December 1954).
- 16. B. Michel, "Winter Regime of Rivers and Lakes", CRREL, Hanover, H.H., p. 98, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (April 1971).

# References for Section 2.3 (CONT'D)

- 17. "Project Maps and Data Sheets Covering Authorized Project Volume 2 Reservoir", U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Pittsburgh District (June 1972).
- 18. "Standard Format and Content of Safety Analysis Reports for Nuclear Power Plants" (Revision 1) Nuclear Regulatory Commission (October 1972)

.

# ATTACHMENT 2.3A

# ANALYSIS OF FLOOD HEIGHTS

## OHIO RIVER AT SHIPPINGPORT, PA.

#### U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS, PITTSBURGH DISTRICT JANUARY, 1970

# <u>SCOPE</u>

The proposed Shippingport atomic energy plant site of the Duquesne Light Company is located on the left bank of the Ohio River, 35 miles below the head of the Ohio River at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

The total drainage area of the river at this site is 22,989 square miles. Thirteen Federal reservoirs control flood runoff from 7,648 square miles of this area. The remaining area is 15,341 square miles.

Five additional Federal reservoirs which will control 1,367 square miles or about 9% of the now uncontrolled area should be in operation within about five years.

Runoff from the 15,341 square miles below the existing dams will be virtually unaffected by any other structures during floods of maximum proportions.

The drainage area limits above the site are shown on Plate 1 as are the areas tributary to the 13 completed reservoirs and the five future reservoirs presently under construction or in an active status for near future construction.

## ACTUAL FLOODS OF RECORD

Actual flood records in the immediate vicinity of Mile 35.0 are only available since 1911. Comparable longer term records, however, have been obtained at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, 35 miles upstream and at Wheeling, West Virginia, about 52 miles downstream. The record at Pittsburgh dates back to 1762. Continuous records, however, did not begin until 1854, thus providing 116 years of records available for mathematical frequency analysis, but a record of 208 years for historical analysis.

Continuous records at Wheeling extend from 1838 to 1850 and from 1861 to date with 110 years of uninterrupted data and a historical period of 132 years.

Between 1937 and 1967, the flood control reservoirs were consecutively built and flood heights have been progressively reduced. An adjustment for reservoir reduction was required to place all floods of record in a natural or modified-by-reservoir status. Consequently, computations were made for reservoir storage impoundment and release for all floods since 1935, not only to determine the effect by completed reservoirs, but also to develop a relationship between natural and modified peak flood flow magnitude. The natural and modified peaks were used to compute the frequency of natural flooding and by relationship, the frequency of modified flooding.

These computations also showed how effective the reservoir system would have been on the March 1936 flood which was the highest of record. It attained an elevation of 703.1 feet at Mile 35 with a peak flow at 510,000 c.f.s.

This flood resulted from average runoff equal to 3.0 inches of precipitation from the whole basin. Maximum precipitation intensity occurred over the Conemaugh River basin in the contiguous areas now predominately controlled by reservoirs. The Conemaugh River is especially well situated near the center of the tributary area above Shippingport so that it was formerly a prime contributor to a great many of the District floods. Because the controlled areas were a source of much of the March 1936 flood runoff, the reduction they could have exerted was above average. The maximum computed reduced flood, therefore, was not the 1936 flood but that of December 1942. This maximum reduced flood flow at Mile 35.0 would be 390,000 c.f.s. having a corresponding elevation 692.9.

# HYDRAULIC CHARACTERISTICS

Analysis of the 1936 and subsequent floods throughout the basin, stream flow measurements, backwater studies, and detailed topographic maps of the navigable portions of the Allegheny, Monongahela, and Ohio Rivers have provided unit graph and flood routing data for use in determination of actual flood factors and development of theoretical flood hydrographs. Unit hydrographs for 61 drainage areas comprising a separation into significant portions of the total uncontrolled basin, and 13 unit graphs for the reservoir inflows have been developed for flood forecasting and reservoir operation. Flood wave routing coefficients for the Muskingum method have been developed for transposition of the unit graph flows downstream through the basin. Valley storage curves 30 to 40 feet above the maximum flood of record profile were determined to check routing values and flood storage volumes. The stage discharge relation curve for the Ohio River at Mile 35 and other critical locations used in the flood routing procedures have been developed by projection of the curves beyond the flood of record by use of established channel roughness, measured cross-sections, and slope values based on various elevations and the related valley storage between rating station reaches. The stage discharge relation for the Ohio River at Mile 35.0 is shown as Plate 2.

## STANDARD PROJECT FLOOD

Although the March 1936 flood is indicated to be the maximum for a period as long as 200 years, undoubtedly higher floods can occur. The Ohio River Standard Project Flood was developed to establish a plausible event in excess of the record. It was to be used for design of riverside structures where an extremely high degree of flood safety was advisable. Its storm rainfall values were those of an actual storm, over a further west location in the Ohio River Basin where rainfall intensities are greater due to closer proximity to the Gulf source of moisture. It was assumed that they could possibly have been more closely centered over this area. Total storm intensities used were as great as 10 inches over portions of the basin. All of the existing reservoirs were assumed to be in flood control operation during the storm. As in the 1936 storm, high intensities occurred over the Conemaugh Reservoir basin and this reservoir was filled by the time the flood had crested downstream. Spillway discharge from this reservoir and several others occurred on the flood recession. This flood has a computed peak flow of 630,000 c.f.s. at Shippingport with a maximum stage at elevation 705.0. This flow is about 60% greater than the maximum reduced flood and would appear to have only a one or two thousand to one change of occurring in any year.

#### DAM STABILITY

The chance of augmentation of flood flows by dam failure superimposes an extreme improbability on remote probability. All of the Pittsburgh District Corps of Engineers dams were designed for localized probable maximum storm runoff. They will not fail from overtopping especially from less intense rainfall of more generalized widespread storms such as the Standard Project Flood.

Military personnel also consider it highly improbable to critically breach these dams by sabotage, using conventional means or weapons, because of their mass. The most likely cause of their failure would be from a catastrophic event such as an atomic explosion or an earthquake in the immediate area coincidental with full or near full impoundment. The widespread destruction resulting from an atomic blast, or more significantly from an atomic attack of which it could be a part, could minimize the more local effects that might be caused by dam failure. The Pittsburgh District reservoirs whose failure would most likely have the greatest flooding effect at Shippingport function solely as flood control projects and consequently are usually at minimum storage. The decreased chance of destruction of these reservoirs when full compounds the improbability of flooding from this source.

At the World Conference of Earthquake Engineering in Chile, various charts and discussions indicated the improbability of dam failure from earthquakes in this area. Civil Engineering, October 1969, page 73, shows the seismic risk map presented at the conference. It indicates that this basin lies within a zone-one designation where earthquake damage can be only minor. Also presented at this conference was a paper that described an earthquake which produced horizontal cracks through a new 300-foot high concrete gravity dam at Koyna, India, in 1967. The shock was of high magnitude registering 6.5 on the Richter scale. Breaching did not occur (Civil Engineering, March 1969, page 83).

A more local example of the relation between stability of our gravity dams and earth shock was observed on 19 November 1969 at Bluestone Dam located in southeastern West Virginia. A tremor registered at 4.75 on the Richter scale occurred about 40 miles from the dam at 8 p.m. of this day. A thorough investigation at the dam showed no effect. Personnel on duty at the dam were not conscious of the tremor although people in nearby homes were alarmed at the vibration in these less substantial structures.

Even though breaching is believed to be improbable, especially coincidental with the peak of the Standard Project Flood, it was given consideration and a computation was made to show the effect of failure of the critically located Conemaugh Dam. The attendant wave from this failure would have raised the peak flow at Shippingport to 1,280,000 c.f.s. with a peak stage at elevation 725.2.

#### PROBABLE MAXIMUM FLOOD

Despite the extreme magnitude of such theoretical flood conditions, still more critical conditions are conceivable from the Probable Maximum Rainfall. Such a rainfall represents the culmination of combined critical meteorological factors. Meteorologists do not reasonably concur that more critical rainfall can be experienced. The flood runoff resulting from such rainfall, when compared to frequency projections developed by the accepted conventional computation methods, show this maximum event to be in excess of even extreme probability projections, indicating a frequency of once in a geologic age.
Although a probable maximum storm had not been previously developed for the tributary area upstream of Shippingport, a study of this type had been made for the Susquehanna River basin which is adjacent to this area and located to the east. This probable maximum precipitation was presented in Weather Bureau Hydrometeorological Report 40. Consultation with the Office of Chief of Engineers and the Weather Bureau Hydrometeorological Section confirmed the assumption that data in this report could be reasonably applied to the Pittsburgh area. This report presented a storm pattern in the form of isohyetal lines (contours of equal precipitation) developed for 24,100 square miles of drainage area in the Susquehanna basin above Harrisburg, Pennsylvania. This area is of about the same size as that above Shippingport.

Orientation of the storm pattern over the Pittsburgh District was performed by transposing it 2.5 deg longitude west and 0.8 deg latitude south. This was believed to be not only a logical transposition, but also one conducive to the peak runoff maximization. The isohyetal storm pattern is shown on Plate 1 with the values of intensity and time distribution of the isohyets tabulated on Plate 3. Both the pattern and table were obtained from Report No. 40.

Individual hydrographs for each of the 61 subareas in the basin and for the areas above the 13 reservoirs were developed from the unit graphs and the 6-hour rainfall values, applicable to the particular areas, modified by infiltration losses. These losses have been found applicable to storms of similar characteristics and seasonal occurrence in this area.

The uncontrolled area hydrographs routed to Shippingport resulted in a combined flood hydrograph of 1,430,000 c.f.s.

The reservoir inflow hydrographs were developed in a similar manner with unit graphs and the oriented rainfall values. In no case were these flood flows as great as the spillway design floods which were used to assure the safety of the dam against overtopping and failure. Reservoir storage during the early storm periods was sustained long enough to permit downstream passage of the flood peak before spillway discharge could appreciably add to its magnitude. Ultimate reservoir storage heights were below structural design levels.

Reservoir outflows were subsequently routed downstream through the basin and were combined with the uncontrolled flow hydrographs to form the probable maximum flood as modified by the 13 existing reservoirs.

This flood so developed has a maximum flow magnitude of 1,500,000 c.f.s. and would attain an elevation of 730.0 at Ohio River Mile 35. It is almost 4 times as great as the maximum reduced flood in our 200 years of record. The hydrograph of this flood is shown as Plate 4.

The mean velocity of the peak flood flow is estimated to be ten feet per second or about seven miles per hour. Bank velocities at the proposed structure should not exceed three miles per hour.

### DURATION OF INUNDATION

These floods would not only cause the river to rise to the high peak stages which have been discussed, but would subject the banks and contiguous structures to protracted durations of inundation.

Plate 5 presents stage-duration curves which show the length of time that various elevations would be equalled or exceeded during the Maximum Probable, Standard Project, and maximum actual reduced floods. The short duration of additional flooding caused by breaching of Conemaugh Dam during the Standard Project Flood can be readily observed.

### RESULTS AND CONCLUSIONS

- 1. The most critical conditions which we believe possible would result from the Probable Maximum Flood.
- 2. The Probable Maximum Flood would have a peak flow of 1,500,000 c.f.s. and attain an elevation of 730.0 at Mile 35.0.
- 3. Outflow from the flood control reservoirs would only contribute 70,000 c.f.s. to the flood peak. Reservoirs would operate according to their predetermined schedules and would be in no danger of failure as this flood is not as critical to them as results from their own design criteria.
- 4. Maximum scouring velocities at the structure should not exceed three miles per hour.
- 5. Failure of any of the flood control dams at any time and particularly coincidental with peak flood flow is not believed of practical consideration.
- 6. The probable maximum flow is 400 percent of the comparable maximum reduced flood in the 200-year period of record. Frequency computations which give consideration to the overall pattern of events place this flood as only a 100-year event. The same computations indicate the probable maximum value to be so far beyond reasonable projection limits it might be termed as a geologic era event.
- 7. The Ohio River Standard Project Flood at Mile 35.0 is 630,000 c.f.s. with a maximum elevation of 705.0. This flood has a computed frequency of about once in 1,000 to 2,000 years.
- 8. The Standard Project Flood augmented by breaching of the Conemaugh Dam (an event believed unlikely) is 1,280,000 c.f.s. with an elevation of 725.2 feet.

The studies have been of sufficient depth and detail to assure a degree of accuracy commensurate with the reliability of projections made.



Plate 1



Plate 2

	5	ters	۲ <b>۲</b>	×	~	a B	<b>B</b> 2	B.	B	<sup>C</sup> 2	°.	°0	a 	-
	x	z				II.	sohyet V	alues	(inches					
72 hours	23.0	19.9	19.6.	19.9	19.6	16,5	16.9	1.01	16.8	13.0	12.3	14.6	1.01	7.6
lst 6 hours	9.1	7.8	6.7	6.8	6.7	4.9	5.1	4.9	5.1	3.4	3.2	3.8	2.3	1.4
2nd 6 hours	3.0	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.2	1.9	1.8	2.1	1.5	1.2
3rd 6 hours	2.0	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.2	0.9
4th 6 hours	1.8	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.6	٤.1	1.2	1.4	1.0	0.8
* 2nd day	4.9	4.2	4.6	4.7	4.6	4.2	4.2	4.0	4.2	3.4	3.3	3.9	2.8	2.3
V 3rd day	2.2	1.9	2.1	2.1	2.1	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.5	1.4	1.7	1.2	1.0
Total area of Isohyet (sq. mi.)	10	10	114	87	124	654	471	859	196	3389	4645	1092	22,990	41,760
				ac ,				.						]

\*For successive 6-hr. values use 34, 28, 21, and 17% of 2nd day values

Wfor successive 6-hr. values use 29, 26, 23 and 22% of 3rd day values

Note: Same value for all M centers

ł

ł

Plate 3

2.3-35



Plate 4



Plate 5

Rev. 19

#### ATTACHMENT 2.3B



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY PITTSBURGH DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS FEDERAL BUILDING, 1000 LIBERTY AVENUE PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA 15222

ORPED-DN

26 August 1969

Mr. Robert P. Kitchell Engineer - Hydraulic Division Stone & Webster Engineering Corporation 225 Franklin Street Boston, Massachusetts 02107

Dear Mr. Kitchell:

Beaver Valley Power Station - Unit No. 1 J.O. NO. 11700 - O.F.E. NO. 5700 - C.O. NO. 3468; Duquesne Light Company

The information you requested in your letter of 25 July 1969 is furnished below.

The possibility of a complete failure of the New Cumberland Locks and Dam, in addition to the failure of all the gates that you mentioned in your letter, is conceivable only as a result of deliberate hostile action. The major part of the project, including the dam and lock sills, the dam piers and the lock walls, are of concrete gravity construction founded on sound rock. The entire structure is considered safe against earthquake as discussed in our letter of 16 December 1968 addressed to Mr. Robert J. McAllister of Duquesne Light Company.

In the event that a catastrophic failure would take place during a period when the record minimum river flow of 4,700 c.f.s. occurs, we estimate that the river would revert to an open channel flow condition. A minimum water surface elevation of 649.0 feet m.s.l. would result at the proposed Beaver Valley Power Station site.

The minimum water surface elevation of 649.0 would also apply during failure of all gates of the New Cumberland Dam. This supersedes the minimum water surface elevation of 647.0, furnished in our above mentioned letter, which inadequately represented the effect of channel control.

Inclosed are four drawings. One is a map showing the physical features of the New Cumberland Locks and Dam, one is a topographic map showing the contours of the surrounding ground and the elevations of the river bed recorded on the given dates, and two are plans of soundings of the upper and lower pools taken in September 1968.

Sincerely yours,

hiple

4 Incl As stated WAYNE (%. NICHOLS Colonel, Corps of Engineers District Engineer

#### ATTACHMENT 2.3C



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY PITTSBURGH DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS FEDERAL BUILDING, 1000 LIBERTY AVENUE PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA 15222

ORPED-C

29 March 1973

Mr. Robert J. McAllister Structural Engineer Duquesne Light Company 435 Sixth Avenue Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 15219

Dear Mr. McAllister:

Minimum River Flows at the Beaver Valley Power Station

We have made a reanalysis of low flows in the Ohio River. Computerized simulation models were developed to reproduce the hydrologic system of the Pittsburgh District. Included in this system were all of the reservoirs that normally augment low flows. The model was then used to simulate regulated stream flows for the period of record (1929-1966) according to the operating schedules adopted for each reservoir.

Results of these computer analyses show that, with the contemporary system of reservoirs, a minimum flow of 4000 c.f.s. would have occurred at Shippingport during the record drought of 1930. This value supersedes the minimum value of 4700 c.f.s. furnished several years ago. The corresponding minimum water surface elevation at the Beaver Valley Power Station site would be 648.6 instead of 649.0.

Sincerely,

DAN A. CONNER Major, Corps of Engineers Acting District Engineer

Copy furnished:

Mr. Richard C. Miller Hydraulic-Environmental Engineer Stone & Webster Engineering Corp. 225 Franklin Street Boston, Mass. 02107

#### ATTACHMENT 2.3D



STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORPORATION

Copy to: HAVan Wassen-4

BGFedderson GWDenny HWThomas DHArmstrong LPWilliams DCLumsden

JHGoldberg CAECarlson-3 LJAmorosi HSWhiting/Job Bk.\_\_\_\_\_ FS<u>estak</u>,Jr.

PD

EAZalgenas(Miss) RGPaine WGCulp RCMiller General Files DCSward

lir. Eugene Armocida
Department of the Army
U.S. Army Engineer District
Corps of Engineers
Federal Building
1000 Liberty Avenue
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 15222

October 2, 1973 J.O.No. 11700

Dear Sir:

BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION - UNIT NO. 1 J.O.NO. 11700 - O.F.E. NO. 8700 - C.O.HO. 3468 DUQUESNE LIGHT COMPANY NEW CUMBERLAND LOCK AND DAM

This is a request for information on the regulation of the New Cumberland pool during low flows in the Ohio River. This information will be used in the design of certain safety related equipment for the Beaver Valley Power Station.

We are concerned that during extreme low flow periods the pool level may drop below the minimum level required at the river water intake structure. If this is a possibility, it is necessary that the station be shut down before this occurs.

It is important then to obtain adequate notification of such an event together with a schedule defining the rate of drop of the pool level.

Specifically, we would like to know the following:

- In what way is notification of an expected drop in pool level made? How soon after an event is this notification made?
- For what reasons would the pool be lowered during low flow periods? Would lock activity have an affect on pool level during extreme low flow periods (e.g., 800 cfs)?



STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORPORATION

2

October 2, 1973

3. Is it reasonable to assume lock or gate damage during such periods?

4. At what rate would the pool level recede under either controlled gate opening or from damage? Assume damage as a result of the worst accident that could be reasonably postulated during this low flow condition.

We would appreciate any help you can give us in these areas.

Very truly yours,

R. C. Miller Senior Hydraulic-Environmental Engineer

DCS :wcs

#### ATTACHMENT 2.3E



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY PITTSBURGH DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS FEDERAL BUILDING, 1000 LIBERTY AVENUE PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA 15222

ORPED-O

1 November 1973

Mr. Richard C. Miller Senior Hydraulic-Environmental Engineer Stone & Webster Engineering Corporation P. O. Box 2325 Boston, Massachusetts 02107

Dear Mr. Miller:

Beaver Valley Power Station -Loss of Pool

In response to your letter of 2 October 1973, we are submitting the following information relative to the possibility of a drop in the New Cumberland normal pool level during extreme low flow conditions.

Should such an event occur or be anticipated, the Pittsburgh District Emergency Center will be alerted. The Center will then be responsible for directly notifying the Beaver Valley Power Station, landings, intakes and other interested parties affected by a drawdown in the pool. It will also notify the public through press releases to the various news media.

During any low flow period, navigation pools such as New Cumberland would not be intentionally lowered. Locking activities could be continued at normal rates without any drawdown of the pool, even if the flow was at the minimum rate of 800 c.f.s. stated in your letter.

The only lock or tainter gate damage reasonable to assume during a drought period would be the loss of a lock gate due to a navigation accident. Sabotage is not considered in this evaluation. Inclosed is a copy of a letter sent to Mr. Robert J. McAllister of Duquesne Light Company explaining the situations which could cause loss of pool and the resulting measures that could be taken to correct the problem. In that letter, a flow of 4,700 c.f.s. was used for the analysis. Loss of more than one gate was also discussed. It was assumed that any such incident would occur during a flood and that repairs would be made within two weeks. At that time the flow would be no less than 20,000 c.f.s. with a corresponding elevation of 654 feet above mean sea level (m.s.l.) at the plant. ORPED-O Mr. Richard C. Miller

#### 1 November 1973

Our present analysis considers an extreme drought with a flow of 800 c.f.s. Since the only damage that could reasonably be expected to occur with this flow is the loss of a lock gate, the bulkheads could be installed within four hours and there would be no further loss of pool. During these four hours of open lock flow, the pool would drop 1.8 feet to elevation 662.7 feet m.s.l.

Computations were made to evaluate the loss of a tainter gate or lock gate without placing the bulkheads, although we do not consider this a reasonable possibility. Since you are interested in the rate of fall to your critical elevation of 948.0 m.s.l., we have included Plate 1 showing the pool recession for these conditions.

Sincerely,

action ?

2 Incl As stated

N. G. DELBRIDGE Colonel, Corps of Engineers District Engineer



PLATE 1

# ATTACHMENT 2.3F

#### ICE JAM POTENTIAL - INFORMATION FROM THE PITTSBURGH DISTRICT, U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS

Cover on the Ohio River generally does not present a great hazard to river structures or navigation. Although freezing will occur during protracted periods having temperature below 20 F, an appreciable ice cover will not develop until occurrence of several days with a minimum temperature of 10 F or less.

Ice conditions at Shippingport have changed since construction of New Cumberland Dam in 1959. Prior to 1914 the river at this point flowed in its natural condition and was subject to the many factors which generate ice formation and ice gorging. Between 1914 and 1959, Dam 7 maintained a navigable pool. This was a wicket type dam. The wickets were lowered to the bottom of the river during periods of high river flow, and sometimes if severe ice conditions existed, the wickets would remain down even after flow had receded. At such times open river gorging conditions could develop. The worst gorge known in this reach of the river was of this type. It occurred in mid-February of 1936 when ice from the Monongahela River moved down into the Ohio and grounded on a shallow sand bar about 6 miles upstream of Shippingport. A subsequent general rise in the river system carried this gorge rapidly on downstream with little damage. Re-occurrence of such a gorge is now impossible as New Cumberland Dam maintains a depth of more than 20 feet of water over the restraining sand bar.

Most critical ice conditions since early 1900 occurred during the severe cold spells of January 1918 and January 1940. During these months ice cover persisted for two to three weeks and was reported to be as much as 6 inches to 8 inches thick. This ice deteriorated, was broken by rising river stages and was carried downstream without gorging in the same manner as generally occurred with less freezing.

Ice cover above the present gated dams on the Ohio River spans the river some distance above the gates. If this ice cover persists without thermal deterioration and breakage by river traffic, it will move downriver past the dams coincidental with the breakage and higher velocities created by a rise of about 3 to 6 feet in the upstream end of the pools. No gorging will occur.

Most critical ice conditions result from the passage of the ice running out the upper Allegheny River where annual winter temperatures are lower and ice formation is greater. These ice flows occur when there is flood runoff in the basin and an ice gorge is carried on the rising flood water prior to the flood crest. The most critical ice gorges moving through the Upper Ohio River in recent years occurred in December 1959 and March 1964. Many barges, towboats and other floating equipment broke loose during the 1964 flood and floated downstream, causing extensive impact damage. Critical damage from an ice gorge will result during passage of such gorges, but will not result from static ice conditions in the local area. Although the momentum of the ice pack moving at a velocity of about 8 miles per hour can exert a great horizontal pressure on a river side structure its impact on such structure is less than could be experienced by a floating river vessel.

# 2.4 GEOLOGY

Geology of the site and its environs has been investigated by Mr. John R. Rand, Consulting Geologist, and Mr. Paul J. Mayrose, Geologist, Stone & Webster Engineering Corporation. A copy of their report is included as Appendix 2B. Their findings are summarized below.

#### Bedrock Geology

The bedrock of the area consists of sedimentary formations of Pennsylvanian age, composed of shales and sandstone, with a few thin coal members and at least one thin limestone member. They are essentially flat-lying, with regional dips amounting from 15 to 20 ft to the mile. The shales underlying the site are hard and are moderate to thinly bedded. Primary compression wave velocities in this material were measured at 10,000 fps to 12,000 fps, with shear wave velocities of approximately 6,000 fps.

The shale is essentially undeformed and very nearly level in position. There are no known faults under the plant or in its immediate vicinity. The nearest known fault lies approximately 60 miles to the southeast and trends in a northeasterly direction tangentially away from the plant site.

The only commercial coal in the area is the Upper Freeport Seam, which is located about 150 ft above founding level of the power station. There has been no mining of coal beneath the power station site or its immediate area and none is anticipated, as such seams as exist at this location are very thin and discontinuous, and are not considered commercially mineable.

No gas or oil has been produced in the immediate vicinity of the site, nor is such production planned or anticipated. The salt beds of the Salina group of the Cayuga series underlie the area at about a 4,700 ft depth. There has been no mining of salt by any process under or in the vicinity of the station nor is any anticipated, since the beds are relatively thin and very deep, which makes production from them noncompetitive.

### Overburden Geology

The site lies within the bedrock valley of the Ohio River. This is a flat-bottomed, steep-walled valley constructed by erosion. The power station itself is located upon a terrace of alluvial gravels placed against the south bedrock valley wall, probably during the Pleistocene. This terrace was at one time much more extensive, but a portion of it along its north side was removed by erosion. Subsequent to this erosion, sand and gravels overlain by river clay and silts were placed over the surface of the rock and now form two benches or lower terraces between the high terrace and the river. Thus, the site consists of a high early terrace of granular material having a surface elevation of approximately El. 730 to El. 740 ft and to lower terraces consisting of recent river silts and clays underlain by sands and gravels.

The material of the older terrace on which the station is founded consists principally of sands and gravels with some cobbles and rock fragments and with some silt and clay intermingled. Distributed irregularly throughout the mass are occasional lenses of medium to fine, uniform sand. The upper portion of the terrace is sandier and somewhat looser than the great bulk of the terrace. These looser materials extend to a depth of about 10 to 20 ft below existing ground grade. The nuclear portion of the power station, including the containment structure, auxiliary building, fuel building, and main control area, are founded in the granular materials of the high terrace. Under most of the turbine room area, the granular materials of the older high terrace had been partially removed by erosion and covered over by more recent silts and clays. Prior to construction the silts and clays were excavated and replaced by compacted granular fill extending from the surface of the granular materials to the foundation level of the structure.

#### <u>Summary</u>

Geologic conditions at the site are relatively simple. The power station is founded upon a gravel terrace having a maximum thickness of about 100 ft. This terrace, in turn, rests directly upon Pennsylvanian age shales which form the bedrock of the area. These gravel materials, which are relatively dense and incompressible soils, form an adequate foundation for the power station. The bedrock is horizontally bedded shale of Pennsylvanian age. It is essentially undeformed, with regional dips of only 15 to 20 ft per mile. There has been no mining of coal, oil, gas or salt from beneath the area nor is any anticipated, since deposits of these materials that exist are not commercially mineable. There are no known faults under or near the site and none are anticipated. The nearest known fault lies approximately 60 miles to the southeast and has a course tangentially away from the power station.

# 2.5 SEISMOLOGY

Historical seismicity of the site area was investigated by Weston Geophysical Research Incorporated of Weston, Massachusetts, Reverend Daniel Linehan, Consultant. A copy of their report is included as Appendix 2C. Also, a detailed study was made of amplification of earthquake motion from the bedrock through the overburden to the foundations of the structures by Dr. R. V. Whitman of Massachusetts Institute of Technology. His report is included as Appendix 2D.

# 2.5.1 <u>Seismicity</u>

The area is quiet seismically. Historically, no earthquake of epicentral Intensity V, or greater, Modified Mercalli, has occurred within 80 miles of the site. The nearest earthquake of epicentral Intensity V, or greater, took place on June 27, 1906 at Fairport, Ohio (near Cleveland), 80 miles northwest of the site. Only one earthquake having an epicenter within 60 miles of the site has been reported. This earthquake reportedly took place at Sharon, Pennsylvania, approximately 40 miles north of the site, on August 17, 1873. Details are limited, but it is estimated that it had an epicentral intensity of Modified Mercalli III and certainly no more than IV.

The site has experienced vibratory ground motion as a result of distant earthquakes, most notably the 1812 earthquake at New Madrid, Missouri, and the 1886 earthquake at Charleston, South Carolina. It is estimated that the latter earthquake may have caused ground motions in the vicinity of the site with an intensity of Modified Mercalli IV in the upland areas and possibly as high as V along some of the river banks, where the structures were located on alluvial soils of relatively recent age. Probably the New Madrid, Missouri, earthquakes resulted in much the same level of motion at Pittsburgh and Shippingport areas. Data are fragmentary and uncertain. It is known, however, that the nearest significant damage from the New Madrid earthquakes was at Cincinnati, Ohio, approximately 330 miles from the epicenter and about 250 miles closer to the epicenter than the site. The Attica, New York area, 180 miles northeast of the site, experienced an earthquake of epicentral Intensity VIII Modified Mercalli on August 12, 1929, and two earthquakes of epicentral Intensity VI have also occurred in this Attica area. An earthquake of epicentral Intensity VII to VIII occurred near Anna, Ohio, on March 8, 1937, and three earthquakes of epicentral Intensity VII have occurred in this same area. Anna, Ohio, is approximately 200 miles west of the site. Earthquakes which occurred in the Attica, New York area and the Anna, Ohio area apparently were not perceptible at the site.

### 2.5.2 <u>Amplification Through Overburden</u>

Qualitatively, it has been realized for some time that earthquake motions in the bedrock are modified and frequently amplified in being transmitted through the overburden to structures. For example, in the Mexico City earthquake of 1957, structures within the city founded on deep soft alluvials were damaged, whereas structures located closer to the epicenter, but founded on rock, were left undamaged. In addition, selectivity of damage in relation to the character of the overburden deposit and the character of the structures has been noted. Thus, short, rigid structures have been observed to be more susceptible to damage if founded upon shallow soils or upon firm materials, whereas, long period, high structures are more susceptible to damage if founded upon softer, deeper deposits.

These latter conditions were especially notable in the Caracas earthquake of 1967, where damage was highly selective. Detailed analyses have indicated that, in all probability, damage was limited to structures where natural periods of the damaged structures coincided rather closely to natural periods of shear vibration in the overburden above the rock.

Quantitative procedures have only recently become available for analyzing the effects of the overburden material on amplification and on modification of the frequency distribution or spectral content of the earthquake waves transmitted from the rock. Basically, two different procedures have been developed: a continuous wave reflection and refraction procedure which has been developed by Matthiesen<sup>(1)</sup> and others at U.C.L.A.; and a model procedure in which the soil mass is assumed to be a system of discrete lumps separated by springs and dashpots to account for stiffness and damping, by Seed and Idriss<sup>(2)</sup> at the University of California. If the number of elements in the model procedure is taken very large, the expressions of the two approaches become identical, assuming that proper cognizance is taken of radiational losses at the rock-soil interface due to differential dynamic impedances between the two materials<sup>(3)</sup>. Assuming that the earthquake motion on rock exposed at the surface or very close to the surface can be defined, using these procedures the amplification within the soil or overburden column can be computed.

The amplification ratio expresses the ratio between the bedrock motion and the motion within the overburden; it can be computed readily using the continuous procedure for a steady state wave input. Earthquakes, however, are transient, rapidly varying events rather than steady state phenomena. Detailed analysis has indicated that amplification ratios based on the steady state conditions tend to be high at the fundamental period of the vibration of the soil column and at the second, third, and fourth modes of vibration of the soil column and slightly low between these modal points and at periods longer than the fundamental period of the soil column.

The transient effects can be investigated using the time-history records of actual individual earthquakes. Using these procedures, the structural response spectra for structures founded on overburden may be computed for a specific earthquake input to the base of the overburden using the modal technique, cognizance being taken of the effects of the differences in dynamic impedances between the soil and the overburden at the soil-rock interface. By making this analysis for several different earthquakes and for a reasonable range of soil conditions, it is possible to determine the envelope of response spectra for various structural periods. This has been done for the BVPS-1 site by Dr. R. V. Whitman. His report is included as Appendix 2D.

Analysis of the records of a number of strong earthquakes shows that the number of cycles of intense motion are quite limited. For example, the number of cycles in which the acceleration equaled or exceeded one-half the peak acceleration for several large earthquakes is as follows:

1.	Taff S69E	9
2.	1952 N21E	8
3.	El Centro NS	10
4.	1940 EW	12
5.	Olympia	3

6. 1949

7.	Golden Gate N10E	3
8.	1957 S80E	5
9.	Helena NS	5

Accordingly, the number of cycles of strong shaking to which structures may be subjected is conservatively estimated at 10.

Subsystems which are lightly damped may be excited by the earth- quake and continue to vibrate thus being exposed to several times this number of cycles of motion. Stress levels in subsystems were kept at or below elastic limits, and for the low numbers of cycles of motion expected fatigue would not control.

Earthquakes used for input were digitalized records of El Centro, Taft, and Golden Gate earthquakes, and an artificial earthquake generated by statistical techniques. For convenience, the response spectrum at two percent structural damping and five percent structural damping are determined for each earthquake and compared with the response spectrum for that earthquake at the corresponding damping as if the structure was founded upon bedrock.

Ratios of acceleration response spectra at bedrock and on the overburden may properly be considered the amplification ratio by which structural response spectra for earthquake motion in the rock should be multiplied to obtain suitable and usable spectra for structures founded upon the overburden. Values obtained in these analyses are shown in Figures 2D-7, 2D-8, 2D-9, 2D-10, and 2D-11.

It is noted that the envelope for the several earthquakes analyzed reaches a maximum ratio of about 3.5 between periods of approximately 0.3 seconds and 0.6 seconds, falling very rapidly to values slightly in excess of one for periods less than 0.3 seconds and to values of approximately 1.8 at 0.7 seconds and 1.0 at 1.5 seconds. This illustrates rather clearly the peaking of the amplification ratio in the vicinity of the fundamental period of the soil column.

### 2.5.3 <u>Seismic Design</u>

As previously indicated, the maximum historic earthquake in this area on firm ground on the uplands had an intensity of approximately Modified Mercalli IV. This was for a very distant earthquake for which the longer periods might well be expected to be dominant in the spectrum. The nearest area where earthquakes have occurred of epicentral Modified Mercalli V or greater is in the Cleveland area where four earthquakes of epicentral Modified Mercalli V intensity are recorded. Assuming for the Design Basis Earthquake (DBE) on bedrock, an Intensity of V or, at the most, low VI would seem to be extremely conservative for this site. Based on published correlations, as shown in Appendix 2C, between intensity and maximum ground acceleration, and from experience on other sites, it has been concluded that this intensity would correspond to a maximum acceleration on bedrock of approximately 0.035 g. Using an amplification ratio through the overburden of 3.5, this maximum acceleration would correspond to a maximum surface acceleration at the site of about 0.125 g for the DBE. The analysis thus indicates reasonable agreement with recommendations by Weston Geophysical Research.

Accordingly, the design is based on a DBE normalized to 0.125 g and for the Operational Basis Earthquake (OBE) normalized to 0.06 g. Analysis and design are based on response spectra as shown in Figure 2.5-1 and 2.5-2 for the DBE and OBE, respectively. Dynamic amplification factors used for these spectra are such as to give a maximum spectral acceleration of 0.44 g for two percent damping for the DBE with appropriate relative values for other amounts of damping. The spectra are flat from 2 to 5 Hz (0.2 to 0.5 second period) and reduce to an amplification ratio of unity for frequency exceeding 20 Hz. Seismic Category I structures, systems, and components which are designed to resist seismic forces are listed in Table B.1-1 of Appendix B.

Vertical accelerations are taken as two-thirds of horizontal acceleration. The response spectra shown in Figure 2.5-1 and 2.5-2 were the basis for the design of all ground supported structures, equipment, and piping prior to 1979.

As part of the reanalysis of Seismic Category I piping systems, the response spectra shown in Figures 2.5-4 and 2.5-5 were developed using Soil Structure Interaction Methodology. The licensee now considers that the SSI-ARS forms the present and future design basis of the plant.

Amplified response spectra are used for the design of equipment, piping, and instrumentation supported from structures (See Appendix B).

The structures, systems and components designated Seismic Category I as defined in Appendix B are designed for seismic loading as represented by the seismic response spectra. Horizontal and vertical loadings are applied simultaneously. The methods employed to obtain the shear moduli, G, at very small strains, of the soils supporting the structures of the station are determined primarily from direct field measurements of shear wave velocities (Appendix 2G). Under earthquake motion, shear moduli are reduced in accordance with the discussion and appropriate figures of Appendix 2D. Figure 2.5-3 shows values of G for structures founded on or in the upper terrace considering earthquake strains. Shown also in this figure are shear moduli computed from observations of settlement of the turbine room, Shippingport Power Station, for a period of two years. Observation of tests has shown the dynamic or very short time modulus to be about 1.5 to 2.0 times the static modulus. The range of these values are shown and agree very well with the data from seismic shear wave measurements. Average reduced shear moduli considering strains under seismic conditions for the structures at the site are as follows:

1.	Containment Structure	G = 22,000 psi
2.	Fuel Building, Auxiliary Building, and Other Near Surface Buildings	G = 17,000 psi
3.	Intake Structure	G = 17,000 psi

Shear moduli are incorporated in dynamic analyses using the Bycroft solution for dynamic response of a rigid cylindrical base supported on an elastic half space. In using this solution for a specific problem, consideration must be given to the effects of geometry and assumptions implicit in the solution which affect computation of the spring constants, virtual mass of soil moving with the base and scatter in experimental data.

# 2.5.3.1 Factors Affecting Spring Constant and Mass

Factors affecting spring constant and mass include embedment, effects of limited depth of elastic stratum and effects of actual contact pressure on the base of a structure as compared with distribution assumed in the Bycroft solution. Certain of these factors increase the stiffness and thus, increase the spring-mass ratio while others decrease it. Present technology does not afford definitive solutions.

However, the approximate range effect of each has been established. The elastic half space of the Bycroft solution is weightless and thus, the mass of the soil moving with the structure is ignored. For the containment structure, the virtual mass of soil is estimated not to exceed about 30 percent of the total rotary inertia for rocking and about 18 percent for swaying and may be somewhat less. Since the range of each factor and the effect on the spring-mass ratio are known, it is convenient in estimating the overall range of uncertainty to adjust each spring constant or mass by half the range for the selected factor and then add an uncertainty plus or minus to give the full range. This leads to the following:

	Range of Effect	<u>Equivalent</u>
Embedment	0 to +20%	1.1*(k1, k2-) ±10%
Limited Depth		
Swaying Rocking	0 to +20% 0 to +10%	1.1*(k1, k2-) ±10% 1.05*(k1, k2-) ±5%
Contact Pressure I	Distribution	
Swaying Rocking Virtual Mass (For F	0 to -15% 0 to -30% Reactor Containment)	0.92*(k1, k2-) ±8% 0.85*(k1, k2-) ±15%
Swaving	+10 to +18%	1.14*(M) ±4%

+15 to +30%

Rocking determines the fundamental and dominant mode of the containment structure. Accordingly, for this mode:

1.22\*(I0) ±8%

$$k/I\theta = 1.1*1.05*0.85*(k1, k2-)/(1.22*I\theta)\pm 20\%$$

$$= 0.8*(k1, k2-)/I\theta \pm 20\%$$
(2.5-1)

where k1, k2- are spring constants from the Bycroft solution. Since G (shear modulus) is linear in this solution, a G-equivalent may be computed and used directly in the Bycroft solution.

Then for the containment structure:

Rocking

G-equivalent = (0.8) (22,000) psi  $\pm 20\%$  (2.5-2)

## = 17,000 psi ±20%

Use G = 18,000 psi ±20%

For the fuel building, auxiliary building, and intake structure, similar factors may be applied, although the effect of limited soil depth is somewhat less and virtual mass effect somewhat larger.

### 2.5.3.2 Factors Affecting Observed Data

Factors affecting observed data include scatter in measurement of seismic velocities and in the strain reduction factor used in estimating the effects of seismic strains.

Seismic velocity records were reviewed and showed:

Elev. <u>(ft)</u>	Cs Avg, <u>(Ft/Second)</u>	Range in Cs (Ft/Second)	(From Avg)	Range in <u>Shear Modulus</u>
700-665	1,050	1,000 to 1,100	±5%	±11%
665-625	1,300	1,250 to 1,400	+7%, -4%	+16%, -8%

Scatter in the strain reduction factors is estimated to be  $\pm 20$  percent.

Combining the random variations by the root mean square gives a range of variation of  $\pm 31$  percent.

For conservatism, a range of  $\pm 1/3$  in the value of G is used.

Accordingly the following values of G-equivalent are used in analysis using the Bycroft solution:

1.	Containment Structure	18,000 psi ±33%
2.	Other Seismic Category I Structures	16,000 psi ±33%

# References for Section 2.5

- 1. R. B. Matthieson, and C. M. Duke, "Earthquake Amplification Spectra Obtained from Site Characteristics", American Society of Civil Engineers.
- 2. H. B. Seed, and I. M. Idriss, "Influence of Soil Conditions on Ground Motion During Earthquakes", American Society of Civil Engineers.
- 3. R. V. Whitman, and J. M. Roesset, "Report No. 5, Effect of Local Soil Conditions Upon Earthquake Damage; Theoretical Background for Amplification Studies," Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Research Report R 69-15, Soils Publication No. 231.

## 2.6 SOIL MECHANICS

## 2.6.1 Site Conditions

The site is located approximately 550 ft east, that is, upstream of the former Shippingport Power Station. The general site area was investigated for foundation conditions in 1954 for foundations for the Shippingport Power Station. The site occupies three terraces along the south side of the Ohio River. The southernmost terrace is the highest at about EI. 735 ft and is composed of granular soils. This is also the oldest terrace. Its northerly position was removed either partially or possibly completely to bedrock prior to emplacement of the intermediate and low terraces, the low terrace being the most recent. These lower terraces have cohesive soils near surface overlying granular soils.

Thirty-five dry sample borings were made for the Shippingport Power Station at locations as shown in Figure 2.6-1, under the direction of Stone & Webster Engineering Corporation, and detailed records of the borings and investigations were available for review. These original, rather widely spaced borings have been supplemented by 30 additional borings made specifically for the purpose of the Beaver Valley Power Station. These included 10 dry sample borings on the high terrace, in three of which attempts were made to obtain undisturbed samples with a Denison sampler. The remaining borings were located in the intermediate and low terrace materials, from which undisturbed samples of surface clays and silts were obtained for physical testing. The locations of these various borings are shown on Figure 2.6-1. A log for boring 101, which is typical of the containment structure, is shown in Figure 2.6-2. The Report on Foundations for the Shippingport Power Station, dated August 9, 1954, is included as Appendix 2E. Logs of all borings and results of soil tests made in these investigations are included in Appendixes 2F and 2H.

### 2.6.2 <u>Subsurface Conditions</u>

### 2.6.2.1 High Terrace

Ground surface in the area of the proposed station location is at approximately El. 735 ft. The ground underlying this portion of the site is an old, high level terrace of the Ohio River. It is composed of granular material, sands, and sands and gravels, containing variable amounts of cobbles and rock fragments. Some of the material has a silt or clay binder. However, no lenses of silt or clay were encountered in the boring operations and the granular soils extend to bedrock. In general, the materials of the terrace are pervious. There was a continuous loss of drilling water or drilling mud during the drilling operations. Blow counts in the standard penetration test indicated the upper 15 ft approximately of the terrace was looser than the deeper lying material and of somewhat finer grain size. Beginning at about the south side of the turbine building, this old terrace was either partially or completely removed by erosion in times past and two lower terraces consisting of silt and clay in their upper portions and sands and gravels below about El. 655 to 660 were emplaced by the river. These are in part overlain by granular fills placed for roads and railroads for construction access during construction of Shippingport Power Station.

Bedrock is horizontally bedded shale which was encountered at approximately EI. 635 ft. The surface of the bedrock under the station site and out under the river is nearly horizontal. Approximately 1,000 ft south of the station site is the true valley wall where the bedrock surface rises steeply to approximately EI. 1,000 ft. A typical subsurface profile section through the station site along an approximately north-south axis looking west is shown in Figure 2.6-3.

Similar foundation conditions exist under the Shippingport Power Station site. This station was founded directly upon the gravels of the high level terrace using mat type foundations. Settlements have been nominal and well within acceptable tolerances.

Profile drawings of all seismic Category I structures and buried river water lines showing subsurface materials to bedrock are included as Figure 2.6-15, 2.6-16, 2.6-17 and 2.6-18.

Attempts made in the investigation to secure undisturbed samples of the soils under the site by using 4 inch diameter Denison samplers were unsuccessful, probably because of difficulties with gravel and rock fragments contained throughout the gravel mass. Accordingly, all conclusions are based on behavior of the existing station and on the results of standard penetration tests made during these and the previous investigations. Plotted in Figure 2.6-4 are the results of standard penetration tests made for the borings located in the high terrace, both for these and for the previous investigations. In general, from the ground surface of the high terrace down to water level, increasing resistance values are shown ranging from approximately 15 near the surface, where the soils were somewhat looser, to approximately 20 at about El. 715 ft and then in a generally increasing trend to the groundwater level at El. 666 ft, where the median blow count is about 57. Approximately at the groundwater table there was a sudden reduction in driving resistance and then a gradual increase in resistance until bedrock was reached. The reason for this marked difference in driving resistance is not known.

There is no significant change in character of material above and below the groundwater table. A possible explanation is the fact that many of the soils contain a greater or lesser amount of silt and clay binder and, above the groundwater table, this material was in partially dry state and therefore, more resistant to deformation and to shear than if it were completely submerged. Ground water table at the time of these investigations was El. 666 ft, approximately 1 ft above river level. In general, the lower blow counts both above and below the groundwater table occurred in lenses of uniform, medium sands and the higher blow counts in the more gravelly materials.

### 2.6.2.2 Intermediate Terrace

The intermediate terrace ground surface, about El. 685 to 700 ft, is intermediate in age between the low and high terraces. The upper soils consist of medium clays which extend to about El. 660 ft. This terrace is overlain in part by fill placed in connection with construction of the Shippingport Power Station. It is underlain by sands and gravels which extend to bedrock.

The clay of this terrace north of the turbine building was sampled using 3 inch diameter thin wall samplers (Reference Borings 108 through 113). Quick shear tests made on essentially undisturbed samples of these clays showed shear strengths varying from about 800 to 1,250 psf, with some samples showing shear strengths in excess of 2,000 psf and one sample a shear strength of 500 psf. Stress strain curves from unconfined compression tests are included in Appendix 2F. For several of the samples, the soils were thoroughly remolded at constant water content, formed into cylinders and tested in unconfined compression. Quick shear strengths in the remolded state were about half that of the undisturbed state showing these soils to be of low sensitivity, having a sensitivity ratio of about 2. They are therefore, not susceptible to flow slides under dynamic loadings.

### 2.6.2.3 Low Terrace

The low terrace, ground level about EI. 675 ft, is the most recent. Near surface soils consist of soft clays and clayey silts, many showing some organic contents. Soil test data for these soils are shown in Appendix 2H for borings 304 through 310. Included are both unconfined compression tests and consolidated undrained triaxial tests. Quick shearing strengths of the cohesive members of these soils are quite low, ranging from 160 psf to 440 psf and averaging about 250 psf. These recent river silts and clays extend down to about EI. 655 ft where they are underlain by sands and gravels which extend to bedrock at about EI. 625 ft.

### 2.6.3 Foundation Design

# 2.6.3.1 Foundations

Approximate founding elevations of the more important structures of the station are shown in relation to the soil structure on Figure 2.6-3. The reactor containment structure is founded on a 10 ft thick reinforced concrete mat at approximately El. 681. ft.

This structure has a dead load weight of approximately 7,300 psf over the area of its mat. Relief of load due to excavation of material from the present ground grade of El. 735 ft to El. 681 ft amounts to approximately 6,500 psf. Thus the net added dead load of this structure over its area is only approximately 800 psf. The fuel building, auxiliary building and main control area in the service building are founded upon reinforced concrete mats at about El. 720 ft. As previously indicated, the upper portion of the high level terrace is somewhat lower in density than the remainder. These looser soils, where encountered below founding level, were removed and replaced to founding grade with select compacted granular fill. The dead load of the control area and auxiliary building is approximately 800 to 1,000 psf in excess of the weight of material excavated. These structures therefore, impose small additional loads upon the soil. The average load under the fuel building is approximately 4,000 psf and accordingly it imposes an added load on the soil of approximately 2,000 psf.

As indicated on the section, the surface of the old terrace gravels slopes downward under the turbine building. Surface soils are recent deposits of clay and silt and some fill which has been placed in this area. These were removed to the surface of the stable gravels and replaced with select compacted granular fill under the turbine room and transformers as shown in Figure 2.6-3. This fill material was compacted using heavy vibratory compactors to a minimum density of 95 percent of Modified Proctor, ASTM D1557. Maximum soil pressures for static loadings are 8,000 psf for foundations on granular soils at depths of 8 ft or more below surrounding grades. Under lateral loadings such as from wind and earthquake, toe pressure under combined dead loads and lateral loads is limited to 12,000 psf. These are conservative and safe values for granular materials of this character.

The Shippingport Power Station site and the Beaver Valley Power Station are both located on the same large continuous terrace on the left (south) bank of the Ohio River. The boring program for Shippingport, which was made under the direction of S&W, extended well upstream and downstream of the site and thus bracketed borings for the Beaver Valley Power Station. Soil types and penetration resistances were consistent between the two sets of borings (Refer to Figure 2.6-4 where data from both the Shippingport borings and Beaver Valley borings are plotted). This terrace is a single, continuous structure a11 of the same age and made of deposition. Since it is of fluvial origin, stratification and cross-bedding are to be anticipated and are indicated by the boring records. Thus while variations in character may occur in a few inches vertically and a few feet horizontally, it is statistically uniform over depths and lateral dimensions significant to the foundations of the structures. Maximum bearing values for foundations in the sand and gravel below EI. 715 ft at Shippingport and subject to groundwater levels were established at 8,000 psf for footings 8 ft or deeper below surrounding grade. Settlements have been small and performance completely satisfactory.

The natural draft cooling tower is located on the northeast corner of the site along the edge of the river. It is founded on well compacted granular fill placed to El. 700 ft. The soft, compressible silts, organic silts and clays were removed in this area to approximately El. 655 ft and/or the top of the lower gravels, prior to the placement of the structural fill under the tower. These precautions insured against any settlements or failure in the poorer soils. The structural fill for this purpose was compacted to 97 percent of a Standard Proctor Density Test, ASTM D698. In some areas surrounding the site, a nonstructural fill was used to fill in the recessed areas. These materials were compacted to 93 percent of a Standard Proctor Density Test. The embankment slope of this fill, exposed to the river, was provided with a concrete slope wall protection to El. 700 ft as a precaution against possible erosion by flooding in this area.

# 2.6.3.2 Settlement of Structures

The procedure for estimating settlements under the various structures is based on techniques developed in studies of the Alternating Gradient Synchrotron (AGS) at Brookhaven National Laboratory (BNL). Basically, the procedure is analogous to estimating displacements at the surface of an elastic mass due to an applied surface loading. Briefly, the additional stress of any element within the soil mass from the applied load is computed. The compression then of each such an element is equal to the increased stress times the height of the element divided by the modulus of deformation. The sum of the deformation of the elements from the bedrock surface to the founding level gives the total settlement at that point. Essentially, thus the modulus used corresponds to the modulus of deformation and designate it by the symbol M. It is not a coefficient of subgrade reaction. The observed settlements of the turbine room of the Shippingport Power Station, which is founded upon the same soils and at approximately the

same elevation as the containment structure and turbine building of the BVPS-1, provide an excellent large scale load test for determining the deformation modulus. Settlement plates were set under the Shippingport turbine room mat before starting to pour it. Extending up from each settlement plate was a rod which was isolated from the mat by a pipe sleeve. Initial settlement records were taken before the start of pouring the mat which began in September of 1955 and observations were continued on a more or less regular basis until August of 1957, approximately a year after all loads had been placed. Figure 2.6-5 shows the location of the settlement observation points under the Shippingport turbine room, mat and the observed settlements in December 1956, approximately 15 months after start of construction and in August of 1957, approximately 23 months after the start of construction of the mat. Very little settlement occurred between December, 1956 and August, 1957, indicating that both primary and secondary settlements were essentially complete at the time of the last settlement observation. Observations at the Brookhaven National Laboratory on the AGS and other structures and at Shippingport have indicated there is an immediate primary settlement followed by a secondary settlement of some duration even for sand soils.

It has been known for some time that the modulus of deformation of granular soils varies with the effective stress. The studies at BNL showed that approximately:

$$M = K \sqrt{Z + A}$$
 (2.6-1)

where:

Z = depth below surface (position down)

- K = a constant depending on soil properties
- A = a constant whose value is such that the resulting value of M is approximately 1.5 to 2.0 x 10<sup>(6)</sup> kips per sq ft at the surface

Using the observed long-term settlements at Shippingport, it is possible to compute the modulus of deformation "M" of the soils at Beaver Valley for long-term loadings. This is shown in Figure 2.6-6. Observations made during construction of the conjunction section at the AGS and observations on large scale loading tests at BNL on areas approximately 30 ft square shows that the modulus of deformation for a reloading cycle is approximately twice that of the initial loading. Further, the modulus for primary settlement, that is the settlement under very short time loadings as for dynamic loadings is approximately 1.5 to 2.0 times the modulus for long-term loadings.

Using these moduli and relations, average long-term settlements of the principal structures under static loadings have been computed as follows:

1.	Containment Structure	- 0.5 inches
2.	Auxiliary Building	- 0.25 inches
3.	Fuel Building	- 0.25 inches
4.	Main Control Area	- 0.2 inches

The granular soils as indicated by the grading curves contain some silt and clay binder. Such binder material provides a slight cohesive strength which greatly reduces the tendency of individual grains to shift under vibration. It may be noted that the generally higher "N" values in the penetration tests above the groundwater level have also been attributed to such slight cohesive bonds. Further above the water table, surface tension on small water films at points of contact provide additional bonds between grains, an additional factor in preventing densification under small vibrational motions. These effects have been clearly shown in laboratory tests of densification of somewhat silty sands by vibration<sup>(6)</sup>.

Considering these factors, it is concluded that settlements due to soil densification under the very small and short duration vibrations of the DBE will be negligible.

In addition to the static settlements, the containment structure would rock and vibrate up and down under earthquake loadings. Such motions under the DBE are estimated to be:

Verti	cal translation	<u>+</u> 0.12 inches
Rock	king at edge of mat	<u>+</u> 0.25 inches
Tota	I	<u>+</u> 0.37 inches
2.6.3.3	Bearing Values	

Foundations for all major structures are continuous mats of reinforced concrete founded on the denser undisturbed gravels or compacted granular fill. The containment structure is founded at EI. 680.9 ft on undisturbed gravel with excavation below EI. 715 ft made within a circular sheet piling cofferdam. The turbine building mat with bottom at approximate EI. 684 ft is located in part on undisturbed gravel and in part on compacted granular fill.

The other major structures and equipment are founded on the compacted granular fill as shown in Figure 2.7-1.

The allowable design bearing load for footings 8 ft or more below adjoining grade and mats under static loads only is 8 ksf. The total maximum allowable design load for combined static loads and dynamic loads resulting from wind, tornado or earthquake is 12 ksf.

Factors of safety for these bearing values for the reactor containment were computed in accordance with Terzaghi's procedures for shallow footings, since the containment diameter of 150 ft is large in relation to the depth of 54 ft of the founding level relative to surrounding grade. Computations were based on an estimated unit density above the water table of 120 pcf and below the water table of 65 pcf and angle of internal friction of 32. These values are reasonable and conservative. Factors of safety were computed on the conservative assumptions that local yielding could develop in the soil<sup>(12)</sup>.

Indicated factors of safety are as follows:

- 1. Groundwater Level (GWL) at EL. 666 ft (normal groundwater level)
  - a. Static loading 10
  - b. Dynamic loading 10

- 2. Groundwater Level (GWL) at El. 707 ft (Standard Project Flood used)
  - a. Static loading 10
  - b. Dynamic loading 9+

The method of computation and assumptions used are conservative, especially since the founding grade is only about 60 ft above the rock surface and friction at the rock-gravel interface results in additional lateral resistance to displacement of the soil under the mat in a bearing type failure.

### 2.6.4 Effects of Dynamic Loadings

### 2.6.4.1 General

The effects of dynamic loadings on structures of nuclear power stations resulting from earthquake are particularly significant and interesting. Among the factors which must be considered are the effects of vibration on shear strength of granular soil, lateral loadings on buried structures under earthquake conditions, and relative displacement between structures for the design of piping and to ensure that adequate rattle space is provided between structures. Shear moduli for the soils underlying the site for small displacements were determined by refraction seismic surveys by Weston Geophysical Engineers, Inc. Their results have been analyzed and detailed by Dr. Whitman (see Appendix 2D) who developed, as a portion of his analysis of the dynamic characteristics of the soils of the site, values for the shear moduli related to depth are shown in Figure 2.6-7. Also in the investigations, Dr. Whitman developed curves showing shear stress at various depths in the soil mass under earthquake for the average of the larger peaks and for the maximum pulse in the earthquake record.

The seismic studies by Weston Geophysical were made by crosshole, uphole, and downhole measurements in five drillholes located in the reactor area. P and S wave velocities were measured from direct arrival times. A copy of this report is included as Appendix 2G.

# 2.6.4.2 Liquefaction Potential

When subjected to cyclic shearing stresses or to vibration, granular soils tend to reduce in volume. The magnitude and rate of reduction in volume are dependent upon the looseness of the deposit (its density), the magnitude of the cyclic shearing forces, and the grading of the soil, especially the presence of clay or other cohesive materials. This reduction in volume can occur only as fast as fluids contained in the pore spaces between particles can be expelled from the soil mass. If the soil is totally saturated with an essentially incompressible fluid such as water, as is the case below the groundwater table, there is a temporary increase in pressure within the pore water and a decrease in the portion of the total load imposed upon the soil which is carried by the soil's structure, that is, by contact forces between individual grains. If a number of cycles of shearing load are applied relatively guickly compared with the time required for drainage to occur, the increase in pore water pressure may become a significant fraction of, approach, or become equal to the external loads on the soil mass with a corresponding decrease in intergranular pressures or forces. The shearing strength of granular soils is proportional to the contact between grains. Thus, the decrease in contact forces accompanying such a phenomenon results in a decrease of shearing strength of the soil mass. The number of cycles

of load required to result in a significant decrease in shearing strength of a given soil is dependent upon the magnitude of the shearing stresses in relation to the initial contact pressure between grains, which is termed the effective stress, and upon the relative density of the soil at the start of the loading.

In very loose granular soils (relative densities of the order of 30 percent) only a few cycles of loading may be required to cause a complete transfer of external loads from the soil structure to increased pressures in the pore water. In such loose soils, heavy vibrations or repeated cyclic shear loading may cause the individual soil grains to become completely separated from each other by films of water and the soil mass to behave as a dense liquid. This is true liquefaction.

Liquefaction as defined above cannot occur in soils of the medium dense to dense condition. After a number of cycles in such soils, shear loading results in an increase in pore water pressure which varies cyclically during the load cycle. If cyclic shear loads are continued for a sufficient length of time, pore water pressures will reach peak value momentarily during each cycle equal to the external loads on the soil. The number of cycles necessary for this to occur is dependent upon the relative intensity of the shearing stresses as compared with the initial effective stresses in the soil mass and upon the relative density of the soils. The point when pore water pressure first reaches equality with external loads on the soil mass has been termed by Seed<sup>(4)</sup> "initial liquefaction." As indicated above, pore water pressure does not remain constant throughout each cycle of loading, but reaches a momentary peak, and during the remainder of the cycle reduces to substantially lower values. During this momentary period of high excess pore pressure, there is a significant reduction in shearing strength. If the soil is under significant shearing stress, appreciable shear deformations may accumulate over a number of cycles of loading, however, as the soil distorts in shear, medium dense or dense granular soils dilate. This dilation causes an immediate reduction in pore water pressures<sup>(5)</sup>. True liquefaction in which the soil behaves as a heavy fluid with great deformations, however, cannot occur in medium dense or denser sands.

Accumulative deformations, as discussed above, are of particular interest in the area immediately below the founding level for structures, since this usually is a zone of relatively high shearing stress, and moderate deformations from place to place at such locations possibly would result in significant differential settlements within the structure. Momentary losses of shearing strength in localized zones or lenses in soil of somewhat less than average density located deep within the soil mass beneath the foundations of a structure would be of little significance, since shearing stresses in such zones are modest and only small deformations could occur, even in a number of cycles of loading.

Since the power station and its nuclear units are founded in granular soils, it is pertinent to study the safety against liquefaction of these soils beneath the station. Procedures for such analyses have been developed by Seed<sup>(3)</sup>. They require evaluating quantitatively:

- 1. The magnitude of the shearing stresses which may occur at varying depths in the soils beneath the proposed station due to earthquake.
- 2. The resistance of these granular soils to liquefaction, which may be expressed as the ratio of the cyclic shearing necessary to cause either initial liquefaction or a specific amount of deformation in the number of cycles estimated to occur in an earthquake of the intensity selected. For convenience, the cyclic shearing stress may be expressed as the ratio of actual shearing stress to effective stress in the soil mass.

The shearing stresses which may be expected under earthquakes may be computed from two different approaches. The first approach is to compute shears and distortions in the soil mass using a modal analysis technique from appropriate time-histories as shown in Appendix 2D. This is referred to as the DYALS program. Values for shearing stresses in the soil at Beaver Valley computed from this analysis for the high terrace for the DBE are shown in Figure 2.6-7.

The resistance to liquefaction is expressed in terms of the ratio of shearing stresses to vertical effective stress, t/Sv, at the elevation of interest. This ratio, for the soil only, is very close to the ratio for soil plus building loads where the weight of the structure equals or exceeds by a modest amount the weight of soil displaced by the structure. These conditions hold for the structures on the high terrace and t/Sv computed from Figure 2.6-7 may be used as one method of evaluating safety of structures in the high terrace against liquefaction.

The second approach is to compute the shear stress at any point as the shear at the base of a soil column necessary to accelerate the mass of soil and any superimposed structure to the average acceleration developed in the column during the earthquake considered. Factors of safety given later are based on this procedure since this method of analysis results in higher shearing stresses in the soil than the results from the DYALS program.

Thus the shear stress of any depth Z is computed from the relation:

$$t = (ALPHA) (M) (a)$$
 (2.6-2)

where:

M =

- a = maximum ground acceleration, single pulse peak
- ALPHA = ratio which gives average acceleration of mass above elevation considering the number of cycles of vibration to be expected and the reduction of acceleration with depth below surface, since at the soil rock interface the soil acceleration must be equal to the rock acceleration.

total mass above point considered including any superimposed structures

The number of cycles of significant motion in a number of earthquake records has been analyzed. Observation indicates maximum acceleration occurs as a single peak<sup>(13)</sup> (never appears more than once). Table 2.6-1 shows the number of cycles of motion in which an acceleration of half the peak was equalled or exceeded for a number of earthquake records. These were taken from accelerograms of the earthquakes listed. A decrease in acceleration to one-half the peak value corresponds approximately to a decrease of one order of intensity on the Modified Mercelli scale and, as a result, conservatively defines the number of cycles of significant motion.

For this site, the OBE is most probably characterized as a short local earthquake of Intensity IV or less. As indicated in Table 2.6-1, small sharp earthquakes or even greater intensity than anticipated here, such as Golden Gate '57 or Hollister, showed only a few cycles of significant motion. For the DBE, longer duration as well as large accelerations would be expected. Since even for great earthquakes such as El Centro '40 and Taft '52, which were much more intense than anticipated for the Design Basis Earthquake, there are only about 10 cycles of significant motion. Eight cycles for the DBE is reasonable and conservative and is used for the analysis of the hazards of liquefaction.

An ALPHA value of 1.0 assumes eight complete cycles of loading at the maximum surface ground acceleration throughout the entire depth of the overburden. As previously indicated, records show that maximum ground acceleration occurs only in a single pulse. All other peaks of acceleration are smaller and thus the average for eight complete cycles of loading must be less than 1.0. Further, the thickness of the overburden in the high level terrace, for which the dynamic analysis was made, is such that significant amplification of bedrock motion would be expected within the soil column. Acceleration immediately above the bedrock must be the same as that of the rock. Accordingly, accelerations in the soil column reduce with depth below the surface. Figure 2.6-8 shows the ratio of the average acceleration of the mass above the point considered for the single maximum peak to the surface maximum acceleration plotted against the depth below surface. This is from the dynamic analysis of soil amplification made for this site.

Evaluation of the vertical effective stress requires determination of the groundwater levels for various conditions. The soils beneath the site are pervious and groundwater levels in them are directly related to river level stages (Section 2.3.3). These may be summarized as follows:

1.	Normal river level (controlled by downstream dam)	El. 664.5 ft
2.	Ordinary high water level (recurrence frequence approximately 2 yr)	El. 678.5 ft
3.	Standard Project Flood (1,000 to 2,000 yr occurrence)	El. 705 ft
4.	Probable Maximum Flood (may be termed as a geologic era event)	El. 730 ft

The hydrograph of the Standard Project Flood is quite sharp, El. 705 ft being exceeded for only 3 days. The recurrence frequency of the DBE is estimated to be 10,000 yr. The probability of simultaneous occurrence of the DBE and a flood exceeding El. 705 ft is estimated to be less than  $1 \times 10^{-9}$ . The probability of simultaneous occurrence of the DBE and Probable Maximum Flood is so small as not to warrant evaluation of liquefaction potential under this assumed combination of circumstances.

Attempts to obtain undisturbed samples of the soils underlying the site suitable for dynamic triaxial tests were unsuccessful. Seed<sup>(3)</sup> has presented results of dynamic triaxial tests upon a sand considered extremely susceptible to liquefaction phenomenon. Figure 2.6-9 shows the relation between shearing stresses, expressed as a ratio of shear stress to effective stress, to the number of cycles necessary to cause initial liquefaction for this sand at various relative densities. These curves have been used for computing the factor of safety against initial liquefaction of the soils underlying the several structures which is taken as the cycle where the pore pressures first become equal to the test chamber pressure. This approach is conservative. The sand selected and tested by Seed was especially susceptible to liquefaction, whereas the materials underlying the site are much better graded. As indicated by the grading curves in Appendixes 2F and 2H, these soils contain a significant proportion of clay and silt binders which reduce their susceptibility to liquefaction. The effects of grading and silt and clay binders have been shown in studies by Lee<sup>(1)</sup>. The factors of safety have been computed for "initial liquefaction," whereas a number of additional cycles of loading would be required before significant distortion or deformations developed in the soil mass. In the computation, the factor

of safety is defined as the ratio of the shearing stress at a given effective stress necessary to cause "initial liquefaction" in eight cycles as compared to the shearing stress developed by the earthquake under the structure. This again is a conservative method of expression.

Relative densities for computations have been based on the median value of relative density for the soils as determined from the results of the standard penetration tests using the Gibbs and Holts<sup>(2)</sup> "average curve" for penetration resistance vs. relative density for the effective stresses existing at the time of these investigations. Effective stresses under the structures on the high terrace, reactor containment, fuel building, and office building in the soil at the depths of interest are substantially higher than effective stresses in the Gibbs and Holts tests. From experience, it is believed that for these large effective stresses, actual relative densities for the deeper soils of the high terrace are higher than values shown.

Relative densities as determined from the Standard Penetration Tests for the high terrace, intermediate terrace and low terrace are shown in Figure 2.6-10, 2.6-11 and 2.6-12, respectively. The penetration values indicate relative densities in the upper soils of the high level terrace (above El. 675 ft) of about 80 percent. Seven insitu samples were taken of these soils for field density measurement during excavation for the reactor and auxiliary building. Results are shown in Table 2.6-2. They indicate insitu densities of 80 percent to 90 percent, which compares favorably with the penetration test results.

These plots indicate median densities for the lower sands and gravels in the high terrace of about 60 percent relative density. During site excavating three small elongated lenses of fine sand were noted in the sands and gravels of the high terrace. These were small, 5 ft to 8 ft wide and 2 ft to 3 ft thick. They appeared to be small stream-cut channels which had filled with fine sand and a fine silt top. Because of their very limited extent, they are considered to not be significant as regards liquefaction hazard.

Relatively low blow counts were recorded in some locations under the intermediate and low terraces and accordingly a study was made to determine whether these indicated merely random and erratic variations, in which case the median values of density could be properly used for evaluation of liquefaction potential, or whether they represented continuous strata of loose materials which must be considered separately.

Comparison of "N" values in adjoining borings indicated no continuous loose stratum of significant extent. Thus boring 110 shows relatively low "N" values at about EI. 655 ft and 640 ft. Boring 20 shows low values at EI. 645 ft and EI. 632 ft. Boring 310 which is located between them shows no low values. Again, borings 112 and 111 show low values at about EI. 655 ft, but boring 8, between them shows appreciably higher "N" values at the same elevations. Accordingly, it was concluded that relative density would be defined by average values of penetration resistance.

A detailed analysis of liquefaction potential is given in Appendix 2H, computed for values of ALPHA = 0.72, 0.9, and 1.0. As previously indicated, an average value of ALPHA = 0.6 is correct for eight cycles of loading. Minimum factors of safety, assuming ALPHA = 1.0, are as follows:

	<u>GWL at El. 675 ft</u>	GWL at El. 705 ft Standard Project Design Flood
Containment Structure	2.1	1.7
Auxiliary Building	2.1	1.5
Fuel Building	2.1	1.8
Turbine Building	1.7	1.25
Transformer Area (Intermediate Terrace)	1.7	1.25

The indicated factors of safety are considered to be adequate to ensure a satisfactory level of safety for the following reasons. The probability of simultaneous occurrence of the peak or near-peak of the Standard Project Flood and the DBE is extremely small. These studies indicate no hazard of liquefaction under the containment structure, auxiliary building, fuel building, turbine building, or transformer area, especially considering the fact that the lowest factors of safety computed are about 1.25 for the turbine building for the very conservative assumptions of ALPHA = 1.0 and for simultaneous occurrence of the peak of the Standard Project Design Flood and the DBE.

The intake structure for the river water system (Section 9.9) is located along the edge of the river. The river water lines extend from the intake across the low level bench up over the stiff clays of the intermediate bench up to the station. Along the length of these lines all soft, compressible silts, organic silts and clays were removed to the top of the lower gravels. Vibroflotation was then used to compact the lower gravels, the density of these lower gravels after compaction as determined from the Standard Penetration Test is shown in Figure 2.6-13. As shown, the median relative density of these gravels after compaction was approximately 80 percent. These precautions ensure there can be no liquefaction in this area even when flooded. The river water pipes are founded in compacted select granular fill placed over the densified natural soils. Select fill for this purpose was compacted to 95 percent of Modified Proctor density ASTM 1557.

The vibroflotation compaction of the lower gravels underlying the river water intake pipe line was contracted to the Vibroflotation Foundation Company, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. Compaction to a minimum relative density of 75 percent was specified and achieved. The depth of penetration was to a minimum El. 630 ft and deeper as necessary to provide the required minimum density. Maximum penetration was to El. 620 ft or bedrock surface, whichever was shallower. Onsite inspection ensured penetration and compaction to the proper depths. The compaction pattern layout consisted of 121 penetrations spaced 7 ft center-to-center.

The general contractor cleared the site of top soil, trees, brush, and all other obstructions above and below grade before the start of vibroflotation. The area was excavated to granular material at approximately El. 655 ft. The area was then backfilled with select granular fill to establish a working grade at El. 659 ft. This fill material between working grade El. 659 ft and finish grade at El. 655 ft was used as backfill for the vibroflotation compaction work. The select granular fill consisted of well-graded sand and gravel with no more than 5 percent passing the No. 200 sieve and maximum particle size of 2 inches.
The vibroflot machine compacts by simultaneous vibration and saturation. The compactor vibrates granular soil with 10 ton (T) of centrifugal force. The vibrator itself weighs 2 T, is 17 inches in diameter, and 6 ft long. A follow-up pipe, which varies in length depending on compaction depth, is attached to the upper end of the vibrator. The compaction sequence has four basic steps:

- 1. The vibroflot is positioned over the spot to be compacted and its lower jet is opened full
- 2. Water is pumped in faster than it can drain away into the subsoil, which creates a momentary quick condition beneath the jet to permit the vibroflot to settle of its own weight and vibration
- 3. Water is switched from the lower to the top jets and the pressure is reduced enough to allow water to be returned to the surface, eliminating any arching of backfill material and facilitating the continuous feed of backfill
- 4. Compaction takes place during the 1 fpm lifts, which return the vibroflot to the surface.

First the vibrator is allowed to operate at the bottom of the crater. As the granular soil particles densify, they assume their most compact form. By raising the vibrator step-by-step and simultaneously backfilling, the entire depth of soil is compacted into a hard core. As the granular particles vibrate into a dense mass, the excess water floats the finest particles to the surface and washes them away. The surface was then compacted by a vibratory roller over which select granular fill was placed and compacted by vibration.

In coordination with the compaction program, relative densities of the materials were checked using standard penetration tests resulting from test borings. An earthboring contractor was employed to conduct standard penetration tests according to ASTM D1586, "Standard Methods for Penetration Tests and Split Barrel Sampling of Soils." This testing was done under the supervision of Stone & Webster engineers, who determined relative densities from these standard penetration tests by correlation with the Gibbs and Holtz plots. The results of these tests showed that the minimum relative density requirement of 75 percent was achieved throughout the compaction area.

2.6.4.3 Relative Displacements

Relative displacements between structures for determination of rattle space and for piping design have been estimated by computing the translation at the foundation of each structure using shear moduli under earthquake conditions as developed by Dr. Whitman in Appendix 2D, and then adding to these base translations additional translations or vertical motions, as appropriate, for the structural position of interest, resulting from flexure and rocking of the structure. Relative displacements were taken as the RMS of the displacements so computed plus orbital displacements due either to compression or shear waves as appropriate for the earthquake ground motion using a half-wavelength equal to the distance between centroids of the two structures. This approach is considered conservative. For the containment structure, which is the heaviest and has the largest rotations, the indicated values of vertical displacement at the outside edge of the mat from rotation are of the order of 1/4 inch for the DBE. Residual settlements from the DBE would be negligible. Relative displacements of structures due to

orbital ground motion from the DBE are shown in Figure 2.6-14. Values for the OBE may be taken as half of the values shown.

# 2.6.4.4 Lateral Soil Loads on Structures Below Grade

In order to describe the procedures used for analyzing the lateral soil loads on basement walls of Seismic Category I structures from earthquake, the procedure used for the containment structure is explained in detail.

Lateral loading on the containment structure was determined by computing the lateral resistance developed on the soil as the structure responds in flexure, translation, and rocking. In this analysis, the translational restraining force, which determines translational vibrational motion of the structure, has two components, a shear across the base of the structure and lateral soil pressures on the side wall of the containment structure developed by its displacement relative to its static state position.

The "spring constraint," that is, force per unit of lateral displacement by shear, for a circular rigid base on an elastic half space is given by Bycroft<sup>(14)</sup> as:

$$kx = \frac{32 (1-\mu) \text{ Gro}}{(7-8\mu)}$$
(2.6-3)

where:

G = shear modulus

ro = radius of base

 $\mu$  = Poisson's ratio

For usual values of  $\mu$ , this reduces approximately to:

$$kx = 5 \text{ Gro}$$
 (2.6-4)

In addition to the direct translational motion, the structure rocks and flexes. Since these several motions are coupled, the arithmetic sum of the maximum motion of translation, rotation, and flexure at any elevation above the base is taken as the displacement at that location of the structure from its static state position. Further, the soil adjoining is undergoing orbital particle motion. Relative orbital motion between structure and soil is a maximum for a ground frequency having a half-wavelength equal to the diameter of the structure and is then equal to the orbital displacement. Using this frequency, this maximum orbital ground displacement may be obtained from the ground motion spectrum. To compute the appropriate frequency, the shear wave velocity is used since the S wave displacements normally exceed P wave displacements. For the soil conditions at BVPS-1 and for the containment structure, the indicated orbital particle displacement is about 0.15 inch.

Total relative motion at any level is then taken as the RMS sum of the orbital motion plus the vibratory motion of the structure, considering translation, rotation, and flexure. The horizontal pressure on the side wall of the structure for a given relative displacement can be evaluated from the theories of horizontal subgrade reaction. From Terzaghi<sup>(15)</sup> the relation between horizontal deflection and pressure at any point is given by:

$$k_{h} = \frac{p}{Y_{h}}$$
(2.6-5)

where:

p = horizontal pressure at soil structure interface

 $Y_h$  = horizontal deflection of soil at interface

 $k_h$  = coefficient of horizontal subgrade reaction

further:  $k_{h} = N_{h} Z/B$  (2.6-6)

- where: N<sub>h</sub> = coefficient dependent upon physical properties of the soil
  - Z = depth below free surface of soil
  - B = width of loaded area, which may be taken as diameter of containment structure

For purposes of this analysis a value of  $N_h = 40$  tons per cu ft was selected from tables presented by Terzaghi. This value is appropriate to dense sand above the groundwater table. It is a conservative value since the higher the coefficient the stiffer the soil and the greater the loads imposed upon the side walls of the structure. In determining these pressures, the side wall of the structure was assumed to be rigid radially, since radial deflection of the side wall would reduce relative soil-structure deflections and thus the soil forces acting.

It should be noted that these forces, if included in the seismic loadings on the structure, would reduce the base shear and vertical bending stresses in the shell.

Accordingly, they are not included when computing such stresses in the shell and thereby, contribute to the conservatism of the design.

# 2.6.4.5 Slope Stability Analyses

Embankments have been constructed for the transformer area and adjacent to the intake piping for use as a construction laydown area, railroad approach, and access road to the site. The slopes have been analyzed under a number of conditions including the occurrence of a Design Basis Earthquake (0.125 g) after rapid drawdown from the Standard Projected Flood Water El. 705 ft. The analyses were first performed using a computer analysis where the failure surfaces are assumed to be arcs of circles, and the factor of safety is defined as the ratio of the moment of the available shearing forces on the trial failure surface to the net moment of the driving forces. The methods of analyses used were from both Bishop<sup>(7)</sup> and Fellenius<sup>(8)</sup>. In addition, noncircular slide surfaces have been analyzed using Morgenstern's procedures.<sup>(9)</sup>

The results of the analyses are indicated in Table 2.6-3, the location of sections analyzed being shown in Figure 2.6-1. Soil parameters used in these analyses were based on tests made on essentially undisturbed samples using unconfined compression and triaxials testing procedures as given in Appendix 2E and 2H.

As indicated in Table 2.6-3, factors of safety are adequate for the various conditions analyzed to ensure safety of the critical structures of the station. Even for the extremely unlikely coincidence of the DBE and simultaneous instantaneous drawdown from the standard project design flood, the computed single instantaneous peak factor of safety is 0.8. According to Newmarks<sup>(10)</sup> analysis, this would result in some very minor slumping. This condition, however, is for the construction laydown area and slumping or movement along this area would not affect safety of the station or river water system and therefore, is of no concern.

## 2.6.5 Placement of Structural Fills

All structural fills are required to be of granular materials placed to minimum densities of 95 percent of the maximum density obtained in the Modified Proctor Compaction test, ASTM-D1557-66. To ensure proper quality control, fill placement was done strictly in accord with Stone & Webster Quality Control Standards. A soils laboratory was set up at the site and staffed with experienced technicians. Field inspectors were assigned to the work to ensure that specified requirements for lift thickness, passes of compactors and types of compactors were met; that compaction was thorough and uniform over all areas; and that segregation was prevented. Control tests were run as necessary to verify compliance of material with specifications, and in place density tests run, as necessary, to verify compliance with compaction requirements. All records were thoroughly documented. In addition to the above an experienced soils engineer from the headquarters office visited the site at intervals to review procedures, tests results and records.

All tests were run in accordance with applicable ASTM procedures. In place density tests were run on the basis of a minimum of two tests per day and at a variable rate relative to the total quantity placed varying from about 1 test per 500 yd of material placed at the start of work to about 1 test per 1,500 yd of material placed after procedures had been established and personnel became experienced in behavior and characteristics of the material. The average was about 1 test per 1,200 yd of material placed.

## 2.6.6 <u>Summary</u>

The site of the station is underlain by approximately 100 ft of medium to dense sands and gravels laid in a high level terrace of the Ohio River. These are stable, relatively incompressible soils which provide a safe and adequate foundation for the power station. Settlements during construction were minor and settlements following operation will be negligible. The surface soils of the terrace are slightly looser than the deeper lying soils and these near surface soils were removed beneath the structures and replaced with densely compacted granular fill. The surface of the terrace has been eroded within the limits of the turbine building to below desired foundation grade. Clay soils in this region were removed and replaced under the turbine building and the transformers with densely compacted granular fill to afford a safe and adequate foundation for these structures. There is no hazard of liquefaction for the soils underlying the station under earthquake conditions.

Properties of the soil under dynamic loadings have been evaluated and proper cognizance taken of relative displacements between structures for piping design; the effects of earthquake loadings on lateral soil pressures on the containment structure and other earth retaining structures; and stability of slopes under earthquake and fluctuating water levels.

# References for Section 2.6

- 1. K. L. Lee, "Special Session on Soil Dynamics," VII International Conference on Soil Mechanics, Mexico City, (May, 1969).
- 2. H. J. Gibbs, and W. G. Holtz, "Research on Determining the Density of Sands by Spoon Penetration Testing," Fourth International Conference on Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering, Vol. I, Butterworths, London (1957).
- 3. H. B. Seed, and I. M. Idriss, "Niigata Earthquake Soil Liquefaction," <u>Journal Soil Mechanics</u> <u>and Foundation</u>, American Society of Civil Engineers (May 1967).
- 4. H. B. Seed, and L. K. Lee, "Liquefaction of Sands During Cyclic Loading," <u>Journal Soil</u> <u>Mechanics and Foundation</u>, American Society of Civil Engineers (November 1966).
- 5. G. Castro, "Liquefaction of Sands" Harvard Soil Mechanics Series No. 81 Pierce Hall, Harvard University, (January 1969).
- 6. B. B. Broms, "Proceedings Specialty Conference on Soil Dynamics," VII International Conference on Soil Mechanics, Mexico City (August 1969).
- 7. A. W. Bishop, "The Use of The Slip Circle in The Stability Analysis of Slopes," <u>Geotechnique</u>, Volume V (1955).
- 8. W. Fellenius, "Calculations of the Stability of Earth Dams," Trans. 2nd Congress on Large Dams (Washington) Volume 4, p. 445 (1936).
- 9. N. R. Morganstern, and V. E. Price, "The Analysis of the Stability of General Slip Surfaces." <u>Geotechnique</u>, Volume XV.
- 10. N. M. Newmark, "Effects of Earthquakes on Dams and Enbankments," Volume 15, pp. 139-160, Fifth Rankie Lecture (1964).
- 11. D. Taylor, Fundamentals of Soil Mechanics, T. Wiley (1948).
- 12. K. Terzaghi, <u>Theoretical Soil Mechanics</u>, John Wiley and Sons, N.Y. (1943).
- 13. N. H. Ambraseys, and S. K. Sarma, "Response of Dams to Strong Earthquakes," <u>Geotechnique</u> (September 1962).
- 14. G. N. Bycroft, "Forced Vibrations of a Rigid Circular Plate on Semi-infinite Elastic Space and on an Elastic Stratum," <u>Philosophical Transaction</u>, Royal Society, London Serie A, Vol. 248, pp. 327-368.
- 15. K. Terzaghi, "Evaluation of Coefficients of Subgrade Reaction" <u>Geotechnique</u>, Vol. 5, pp. 293-326 (1955).

## 2.7 SITE DESIGN DATA

## 2.7.1 Wind Loading

# 2.7.1.1 Seismic Category I Structures

The extreme mile wind at the site for the 100-year recurrent interval is predicted to be 84 mph in Table 2.2-3 of Section 2.2.2.5. Based on a gust factor of 1.3, the highest gust velocity for that wind is 110 mph. As noted in Section 2.2.2.5, the wind velocity values are conservative, due to the sheltered location of BVPS-1 site. From Figure 1(b) of Reference 2 the extreme mile wind velocity based on the 100 year recurrence interval is 80 mph, as determined from the isotach for the station location. As this value agrees essentially with the prediction in Section 2.2.2.5, the American Society of Civil Engineers (ASCE) paper is selected as the wind design basis. The maximum normal wind loading for Seismic Category I structures, based on this paper, the 100-year recurrence interval, and a shape factor of 1.3 (0.8 pressure + 0.5 vacuum) for typical rectangular buildings is as follows:

Height Zone (ft)_	Maximum Normal Wind Loading on Building Walls (psf)
0 - 50	21
51 - 150	30
151 - 400	40

Gust coefficients selected on the basis of structure widths are multiplied by the maximum normal wind loading to determine the design wind pressure. As gust factors apply to wind velocity, gust coefficients which apply to the wind loading vary as the square of the applicable gust factor. The gust factors determined from Reference 2 and the resultant gust coefficients are as follows:

Width of Structure (ft)	Gust Factor	Gust Coefficient
0 - 50	1.3	1.7
51 - 100	1.2	1.4
101 - 150	1.1	1.2
Greater than 150	1.0	1.0

Wind loads are reviewed to determine the effect of the pressure and vacuum effects. Average wind pressures on the windward wall are considered to be 0.8 and on the leeward wall -0.5 of the total wind force (1.3) on the rectangular buildings. Since wind forces normally load structures from either direction, the break- down of loads into pressure and vacuum components has very little significance on the design of the structure.

Where wind pressures on other than typical building walls are considered, the maximum normal wind loading is adjusted for the appropriate shape or drag factor given in Reference 2 provides the design wind pressure. Roofs are designed for a negative pressure of 1.25, the horizontal wind pressure of the height.

Design wind pressures are combined with live and dead loads and other special loadings related to the structure. Wind and earthquake loadings are not considered to apply at the same time. Structures designed for tornadoes are not checked for maximum wind pressures, as the tornado design causes maximum stress conditions.

# 2.7.1.2 Other Structures

Structures, other than Seismic Category I structures listed in Table B.1-1 in Appendix B and those designed for tornadoes listed in Section 2.7.2.2, are designed for wind loading based on Figure 1(a) of Reference 2 for the 50-year recurrence interval. The maximum normal wind pressures for various height zones above the ground, for other than Seismic Category I structures, based on the ASCE Paper and a shape factor of 1.3 are:

Height Zone (ft)	Maximum Normal Wind Loading on Building Walls (psf)
0 - 50	19
51 - 150	27
151 - 400	33
401 - 700	44

Gust coefficients, given in Section 2.7.1.1, are applied to the normal wind loading to provide the design wind pressure. When wind loadings on other than typical building walls are considered, the maximum normal wind loading is adjusted for the appropriate shape or drag factor.

Design of the structures other than the reactor containment is on a working stress basis. When wind is combined with dead, live and other related loads, the allowable design values are increased by 33 percent, provided the resultant section of the member is not less than that required for the combined dead and live loads alone.

# 2.7.2 Tornado Model

In Section 2.2, the probability of tornado occurrence at the site was determined to be once in 2,100 years, as a maximum. Tornado design, therefore, is necessary only for structures and systems required for safe and orderly shutdown of the reactor. These structures and systems are listed in Section 2.7.2.2.

The tornado model used for design has the following characteristics:

- 1. Rotational velocity 300 mph (30 ft above ground)
- 2. Translational velocity 60 mph
- 3. Pressure drop 3 psi in 3 seconds

The velocity profile of a typical tornado has wind speeds that vary throughout the tornado's radius relative to the height from the ground at the point considered. It is assumed, as a matter of simplicity, however, that the average wind speed of the design tornado model is the sum of the rotational and translational velocities, totaling 360 mph.

The most critical missile that might be associated with a tornado, is assumed to be a 35 ft long utility pole, 14 inches in diameter, weighing 50 lb per cu ft, and moving with a velocity of 150 mph.

2.7.2.1 Design Loading

The average wind velocity for the tornado model of 360 mph is converted to 330 psf by the formula

$$p = 0.00256v^2$$
 (2.7-1)

where: p = resulting pressure (psf)

v = wind velocity (mph).

This pressure is multiplied by applicable shape factors and drag coefficients,<sup>(2)(3)</sup> and applied to the silhouette of the structure.

The tornado wind loading on structures is taken as the loading combination of three factors:

- 1. Rotational velocity
- 2. Translational velocity
- 3. Atmospheric pressure drop.

The effects of the rotational velocity and atmospheric pressure drop loading factors are interrelated relative to the distance from the tornado center, as noted in Figure 2.7-2 and 2.7-3, according to the relationship:

$$V = \left[\frac{rg}{\rho}\frac{\delta p}{\delta r}\right]1/2$$
(2.7-2)

Where: V = wind speed - rotational

- r = distance from tornado center
- g = gravitational acceleration
- p = atmospheric pressure
- $\rho$  = air density

For analysis purposes, structures are assumed to be 350 ft from the tornado center. At this distance, the maximum rotational wind velocity of 300 mph will impact the structure. The corresponding pressure drop at the structure for this distance from the tornado center is seen to be 0.118 atmospheres (1.75 psi). The translational velocity of 60 mph, which is independent of the relationship to the tornado center, is added to the above loading conditions to provide the net effect on the structure from all three factors earlier described.

These results are considered conservative in that the force vectors of the rotational wind speed (300 mph) and the translational wind speed (60 mph) are considered to be additive. The combined dynamic pressure is multiplied by the shape coefficient applicable to the structure (generally 1.3). The combined pressure consists of 0.8 wind pressure on the windward side, 0.5 wind suction on the leeward wall and 0.7 wind suction on the side walls for the general case. These pressure contributions are then added algebraically to the pressure drop effect on the structure to obtain design loads.

The method used to combine the pressure differential and tornado wind forces on roofs and walls has been taken by superimposing the loads from Figures 2.7-2 and 2.7-4. This design mode is based on the pressure pattern shown in Reference 4. The Dallas tornado pressure pattern<sup>(4)</sup> was modified to fit the 3 psi requirement of the design tornado (Figure 2.7-3). The resultant cyclostrophic winds are shown in Figure 2.7-3. These winds were modified to fit the 300 mph maximum requirement of the design tornado (Figure 2.7-4).

The uplift on the roofs of the critical structures is based on a negative pressure differential of 3 psi less the dead load of the roof. A reduction of the full negative pressure differential is made when venting of the structures occurs during the time of the external pressure drop. The amount of reduction depends on the area of venting.

Two feet of reinforced concrete is generally provided to prevent perforation by the utility pole missile. When less thickness is required, the minimum depth of reinforced concrete is determined by the Modified Petry Formula<sup>(1)</sup>.

For the tornado wind pressure and vacuum loading, the allowable design stresses are allowed to reach 90 percent of the minimum yield point stress for reinforcing steel. The allowable design stresses for concrete with ultimate strength design are allowed to reach 75 percent of the ultimate stresses. For concrete with working stress design, the allowable design stresses are increased 66.7 percent over the allowable concrete compressive strength used for working stress design. Loading combinations, including those for tornadoes, are given in Section B.1.4.

## 2.7.2.2 Structures and Systems Requiring Protection

The following structures and systems are designed for wind pressure resulting from a hypothetical tornado and for the associated missile described in Section 2.7.2:

- 1. Structures
  - a. Reactor containment concrete structure, including access hatches and penetrations
  - b. Cable vault and cable tunnel
  - c. Pipe tunnel to containment from auxiliary building
  - d. Main steam valve area
  - e. Pump room below main steam valve area
  - f. Safeguards area (only portion surrounding former Post DBA Hydrogen Control | System)
  - g. Auxiliary building concrete structure below El. 752 ft-6 inches and for the protection of the following components above El. 752 ft-6 inches: Boric Acid Tanks, Volume Control Tanks, Boric Acid Transfer Pumps, Degasifier Vent Chillers, Component Cooling Surge Tank.
  - h. Fuel pool concrete structure (for horizontal missiles only)
  - i. Structure containing primary plant demineralized water storage tank
  - j. Control room
  - k. Emergency switchgear and relay room, including battery rooms
  - I. Air conditioning equipment room under control room
  - m. Diesel generator building
  - n. River water pumps and engine-driven fire pump portion of intake structure
  - o. Waste gas storage area
  - p. Seismic Category I components above El. 752 ft-6 inches.
- 2. Systems
  - a. Piping from main steam lines to turbine-driven steam generator auxiliary feedpump
  - b. Main steam piping from steam generators inside containment to the main steam trip and nonreturn valves outside the containment

- c. River water piping for equipment required to cool down the station
- d. Carbon dioxide fire protection system for engineered safety features equipment
- e. Piping, valves, and supports from primary plant demineralized water storage tank to steam generator auxiliary feedpumps
- f. Fuel oil piping, valves and supports for emergency diesel generators
- g. Electrical systems for fuel oil transfer pumps.

The fuel building, decontamination building, and turbine building superstructures are designed so that the steel framing will not collapse and endanger the structures or systems listed above.

The uppermost, heavily reinforced, concrete slabs of the auxiliary building, intake structure, and service building have been checked to accommodate a collapse of the light steel framed structures that exist above them and thereby, do not detrimentally affect the integrity of the Seismic Category I portions below. The layout of these structures are such that the collapse of this framing cannot detrimentally affect adjacent Seismic Category I structures.

Non-tornado designed structures are so positioned, both in relative location and stature, so that a collapse of one will not affect the functionability of safety-related equipment or structures to function.

The following systems and components are not protected by missile barriers:

- 1. Safety Injection System
  - a. Low head safety injection pumps and piping, valves
  - b. Supports within the safeguard area.
- 2. Containment Depressurization System
  - a. Refueling water storage tank
  - b. Chemical addition tank (retired in place)
  - c. All piping, valves, and supports associated with and connecting above components
  - d. Outside recirculation spray pumps, and piping, valves, and supports within the safeguards area.
- 3. Fuel Pool Cooling System Complete System
- 4. River Water System where discharge enters turbine building.
- 5. Fuel Handling System

- a. Movable platform with hoist in fuel building
- b. Fuel handling trolley in fuel building
- c. Fuel transfer tube with blind flange.
- 6. Ventilation and Air Conditioning
  - a. Supplementary Leak Collection and Release System
  - b. Ventilation vent stack.
- 7. Fuel Building Ventilation Exhaust Monitors.
- 8. Turbine Driven Aux Feedwater Pump steam exhaust stack above elevation 790 ft.

Missile protection is necessary for equipment and systems required for safe and orderly shutdown and maintaining safe shutdown. With the exception of the river water system, the systems or portions of systems listed above are not considered necessary to attain and maintain a cold safe shutdown condition and therefore, are not protected from tornado generated missiles.

Missile protection is not required for the river water system from where the discharge structure enters the turbine building for the reasons discussed in Section 9.9.3.

Portions of the service building where equipment essential to attaining and maintaining safe shutdown (with the exception of the main control room) are located below EI. 735 ft in a watertight and missile-proof concrete structure, capable of withstanding the collapse of the non-Category I portion of the service building structure (shop and lab area) above.

The main control room, which is located above El. 735 ft and over the east portion of the emergency switchgear and air-conditioning areas, is similarly protected by a missile-proof concrete structure designed for the collapse of the non-Category I portion of the service building structure (office area) above it.

Any missile generated by the "breakup" of a "nontornado" structure is not as severe as the most critical missile stated previously. Therefore, such a missile would be less of a hazard to the integrity of the tornado designed structures and protected equipment and systems. Typical details of removable slabs, hatch covers, and wall plates used in Category I structures are shown in Figure 2.7-5. Removable slabs or plugs protecting missile shielded enclosures are clamped or bolted back to the structure. These anchorages are capable of resisting suction loads as defined in Section 2.7.2.1. Block walls are designed to remain in place by transferring shear either horizontally or vertically depending on height and width ratio of wall. Typical details of block partitions are shown in Figure 2.7-6.

The turbine driven auxiliary feedwater pump (TDAFWP) exhaust stacks above elevation 790 feet are not enclosed by a tornado missile resistant structure. The exhaust stacks need not be protected from tornado missiles since the TDAFWP is not required for design basis accidents or other plant transients initiated by a tornado.

BVPS-1 has been engineered consistent with its PSAR commitments to provide tornado missile protection to only those engineered safety features necessary to effect and maintain a cold safe shutdown. The justification for this design is as follows. Tornado missile protection was provided where necessary to prevent the missile from causing a design basis accident; however, a tornado was not assumed to occur subsequent to a design basis accident.

# 2.7.2.3 Tornado Missile Barriers

The tornado generated telephone pole missile has a 14-inch diameter, 35 ft length, 50 lb per cu ft density, and a 150 mph velocity. The barrier thickness that is required to prevent perforation as calculated by utilizing the modified Petry Formula<sup>(1)</sup> is 13.0 inches. The Modified Petry Formula assumes an infinitely thick slab.

The Modified Petry Formula cannot be used to determine barrier thickness required to stop the missile and prevent spalling.

This thickness is determined as follows:

- 1. Determine penetration into an infinite barrier by Equations 4.1.14 and 4.1.15 from Reference 5.
- 2. Determine thickness of concrete to prevent spalling by Equation 31 from Reference 6.

The thickness calculated to stop the missile and prevent spalling from the above steps is 35.6 inches.

References 5 and 6 can also be used to determine the thickness required to just prevent perforation. This thickness, 20.7 inches, is calculated as follows:

- 1. Determine penetration into an infinite barrier by Equations 4.1.14 and 4.1.15 from Reference 5.
- 2. Determine thickness of concrete for the missile to just perforate by Equation 30 from Reference 6.

All the tornado missile barriers provided are at least 2 ft of concrete and therefore, are adequate to protect systems and components necessary for safe shutdown.

## 2.7.3 Flood-Water Loading

## 2.7.3.1 General

As concluded in Section 2.3, the following flood stages are possible at the Beaver Valley Power Station site:

- 1. Ordinary high water El. 678.5
- 2. Standard Project Flood El. 705.0
- 3. Probable Maximum Flood El. 730.0

As discussed in Section 2.3.3, portions of the station designed prior to January 23, 1970 are designed for a Standard Project Flood of El. 707.2 ft. Portions of the station designed or redesigned for other reasons after this date are designed for the 705 ft level given above.

All major buildings and structures except the turbine building, the intake structure, and the reactor containment structure are so located, or so constructed, as to be unaffected by the Standard Project Flood or lower flood stages. The turbine building, founded at approximately EI. 683 ft, is designed to withstand buoyancy and water pressure of the Standard Project Flood. It is likewise designed to be watertight and operative for that condition. The intake structure is also designed for the water pressure and buoyancy of the Standard Project Flood, assuming that one well is dry at that time. That portion of the Intake Structure housing the river water pumps and allowing for continuous operation of the river water system is designed for the water pressure, buoyant forces, and wave action associated with the PMF.

The containment structure is not only designed to be watertight against, and to withstand the buoyancy and water pressure of, the Standard Project Flood, but is also so designed for the Probable Maximum Flood. The emergency switchgear, relay, and battery rooms located in the service building and founded at approximately El. 710 ft and the river water pump and engine driven fire pump cubicles in the intake structure, being essential for orderly shutdown of the reactor, are designed to be sound and operative during the Probable Maximum Flood stage. The turbine building is designed to be flooded when the water stage exceeds the Standard Project Flood level.

#### 2.7.3.2 Structures and Systems Designed Against Flood Water Effects

All structures listed in Table B.1-1 and the equipment within these structures essential to attain a safe shutdown are designed against any adverse effects from the Standard Project Flood (SPF - El. 705 ft) and the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF - El. 730 ft).

#### 2.7.3.2.1 Reactor Containment

The reactor containment is the only structure with a mat elevation below the Standard Project Flood - El. 705 ft. The reactor containment is protected from the SPF by a waterproof membrane, as explained in Section 5.2.7.3.

#### 2.7.3.2.2 Intake Structure

The intake structure and the equipment housed within the intake structure incorporates various design considerations to withstand the adverse effects of flooding.

All equipment operating within the intake structure is protected from the SPF by placing the equipment on the operating floor located at El. 705 ft. Equipment required for a safe shutdown, such as the river water pumps, is protected by watertight concrete cubicle enclosures extending above the PMF elevation.

The design features of the sump pit, sump pump controls and power supply provided in the intake structure include a 12 inch by 12 inch by 12 inch deep sump pit, a 15 gpm 35 ft head sump pump controlled automatically from an integral float switch and connected to the emergency power source. The pumps discharge through check and gate valves to an elevation above 730 ft.

There are seven types of penetrations into the intake structure, all of which are sealed against water leakage during a PMF as described below:

- 1. VENTILATION OPENINGS: Air enters the compartments through concrete openings in the roof of the compartments. These openings extend to El. 737 ft with no penetrations below that level to prevent water entrance due to wave action coincident with the PMF. Air exits the compartments through an opening in the roof of the compartment at El. 730 ft. Gasketed seal plates are installed over half of the vent area, and 7 ft high steel box structures are installed over the other half. These are bolted to angles embedded in the concrete around the exit openings. This arrangement provides cubicle flood protection while maintaining air recirculation.
- 2. PUMP COLUMNS AND SHAFTS: All pump columns penetrate the compartment floor with a gasketed or 0-ring sealed double base plate assembly. The assembly consists of a pump base plate which is bolted onto a soleplate, grouted into the floor. A gasket or 0-ring prevents leakage between the two plates. All pumps have shaft seals where the shafts penetrate the pump column. The seals are designed for and normally operate at pressures in excess of that which will be experienced during a PMF; therefore, no inleakage will occur during a PMF.
- 3. PIPES: All pipes that penetrate the compartment floor or compartment walls are either fitted with a water stop or are sealed against inleakage.
- 4. VALVE STUFFING BOX FLOOR PENETRATIONS: There are two stuffing box/curb box assemblies which penetrate the compartment floor in B and C safety related pump cubicles. They were installed for possible future use as valve stem extensions but are unlikely to ever be used for such purpose. Closures are installed to prevent inleakage during times of high river flood level conditions. Removal of the closures at any time is controlled in accordance with Site programs for flood seals.
- 5. SLIDING STEEL CUBICLE FLOOD DOORS: These doors are 1 inch thick steel plate doors, sliding in an enclosed steel frame, which is embedded in the concrete opening, and supported by a track mounted above the door.

Positive sealing is provided by inflating a seal against ground metal contact surfaces by means of a charging air tank mounted on the wall inside the protected compartment. This tank is sized to provide a complete seal fill in addition to makeup for small leakages while in use during the PMF. Figures 2.7-7 and 2.7-8 provide locations and details of the flood door assembly.

The flood doors have been shop tested to leak less than 100 cc/hr and will be field tested to leak less than 0.5 cu ft per hr (0.063 gpm). All electrical panels are a minimum of 10 inches above the cubicle floor. Even if the inleakage exceeded ten times the maximum test rate, the water level in a 18.25 ft by 30.61 ft cubicle would be well below the ten inches elevation for the 70 hr duration of the PMF.

6. METAL SIDING: The metal siding used on the intake is similar to that used throughout the plant. The siding is box-rib sheet supported by subgirts attached to L2 liner panels. The liner panels are fastened to the structural girt framing system.

The metal insulated siding of the intake structure is not required to protect safe shutdown equipment in the pump cubicles from flood.

7. ELECTRICAL CABLES: Electrical cables enter the compartments through the floor and wall sleeves. The sleeves are cast in the concrete with water stops or seals to prevent inleakage around the sleeves.

Flood seal techniques and materials used for the pipe and electrical cable intake structure penetrations shall be qualification tested as described on Figure 2.7-19 to resist the static head of water due to the probable maximum flood.

The Probable Maximum Flood waters cannot enter the cubicles protecting the river water pumps. Normal entrances to the four cubicles at El. 705 ft are closed off by the sliding steel flood doors. Pipe and electrical penetrations in cubicle floors and walls are sealed. All hatches in the cubicle roof at El. 730 ft are sealed to preclude water from postulated waves from entering through the hatch joints.

Egress from the intake structure pump cubicles after pressurization of the flood door seals will be through the roof hatches which will be removed and replaced before flood water exceeds El. 705 ft. During a flood condition above El. 705 ft (maximum duration of about 100 hours) there will not be any access to the cubicles.

The air supply to the flood door seals is more than adequate to supply the seals for the duration of the PMF. In addition, sump pumps have been provided in each cubicle to remove small amounts of leakage into the pump cubicles. Finally, a single failure of any flood door during the flood will only affect one cubicle, and therefore adequate river water pump capability remains for plant cooling. For these reasons, no access to the intake structure is required during the PMF.

## 2.7.3.2.3 Turbine Building

Flooding of the turbine building will allow water to enter into the pipe tunnel and elevator and stair shafts (see Figure 2.7-9). The service building area below El. 730 ft is isolated from these flooded areas by the perimeter concrete walls of the service building. All construction joints below El. 730 ft are water stopped and all through electrical penetrations are sealed.

Flooding of the pipe tunnel will result in flooding of the pipe tunnel area of the main steam-cable vault structure, the northern portion of the safeguards structure, and the primary auxiliary building (excepting the charging pump cubicles).

Water cannot enter the cable tunnel since this area is isolated from the rest of the main steamcable vault area below El. 735 ft by concrete walls and is accessible only from the cable vault area at El. 735 ft.

## 2.7.3.2.4 Electrical Cable Protection

The cable tunnel is that portion of the service building allowing for transfer of cable from the cable vault structure to the cable tray area within the service building and is seismically designed as indicated in Table B.1-1.

The means for routing cable from the main portions of the plant to the intake structure is through cable ductlines extending from the high level terrace (EI. 735 ft) to the lower level terrace (EI. 675 ft) which is the ground elevation at the intake structure.

Figures 2.7-10, 2.7-11 and 2.7-12 show the cable duct from the plant to the intake structure including all manholes. The manholes are below PMF level and are allowed to flood. However, during normal river conditions, the manholes are dewatered to minimize cable exposure to significant moisture. See Table 16-1, item 11.

The protective measures to prevent flooding in areas where essential equipment for cold shutdown is located, will be duct or sleeve sealed. This sealing will be required where ductlines enter the intake structure and on the south end of the ductline at the service building.

The water barrier, where the cable tunnel, which is an extension of the ductline from the intake structure to the plant, interfaces with the service building, is shown in Section 1-1 of Figure 2.7-13.

All cables for 4 kV service, 480 V service, control and instrumentation for both primary and secondary plant use are of the same high quality construction. Each type of cable has been specified for use in wet and dry locations and will operate satisfactorily if submerged as proven by factory testing. The 4 kV power cable was submerged for a period of 24 hours before testing at the supplier's factory.

Where cables or conduits pass through penetrations into an area where safety-related equipment is located, and where these penetrations are below PMF level, sealing methods are implemented. These sealing procedures will make the penetrations leak resistant and will use materials which have been employed in the past, or newly developed methods.

The 5 kV cables installed in underground ductlines from the service building to the diesel generator building and to the intake structure are adequate for the intended service when these cables are operating under wet or dry conditions. The same qualification covers any splices. Wet conditions include immersion under water. The cable referred to above has an insulation thickness greater than that required by the Insulated Power Cable Engineers' Association<sup>(7)</sup>.

Duquesne Light Company has had several occasions whereby 5 kV cable raceways have been flooded with water and no failure has resulted. This was experienced at the Cheswick Power Station. The Brunot Island Station also has had high voltage cables completely submerged on several occasions, including the 1936 flood, without failures. The cable as selected is suitable for operation in a ductline under wet or dry conditions; wet conditions are considered with cables immersed in water. Cables will be proof-tested prior to initial energization, and no further periodic testing is contemplated unless the cable has been exposed to an abnormal condition.

# 2.7.3.2.5 Other Plant Areas and Equipment

Water from the PMF could enter a 4 inch shake space between the service building and the turbine building. The openings through the service building north wall have wall sleeves as shown in Figure 2.7-14. Details of closures are shown in Figures 2.7-15 and 2.7-16. Closures plates are shown in Figure 2.7-15 with sleeve details shown in Section "A-A". The seals for the 4 kV cable bus, Figure 2.7-16, are Nelson "Multi-Cable Transits" which are watertight.

Flood protected areas have been indicated on Figures 2.7-17, 2.7-18, and 2.7-19. Floors and walls within these areas are constructed with concrete. Penetrations, such as pipes, which enter these areas and are embedded in concrete, utilize water stops to prevent inleakage. All

penetrations which enter through the openings in the concrete are sealed after installation of the item. Where banks of wall sleeves for electrical cables enter protected areas, the sleeves are O-ring sealed to a galvanized steel plate. The plate is bolted and gasketed to the wall as shown on Figure 2.7-18. The cables are sealed within the sleeve. Flood seal techniques and materials used for the pipe and electrical cable penetrations shall be qualification tested as described on Figure 2.7-19 to resist the static head of water due to the probable maximum flood.

With the exception of pump shaft seals, all water barriers are in a static condition, do not contact rotating parts of equipment, and are not located in a hostile environment. Selected seal materials have a long life under these conditions, and degradation over the life of the plant, which would reduce their adequacy as a water barrier, is not expected. Pump shaft seals which are subject to wear will be replaced as required by operation or testing of these seals.

Flood penetration sealing methods that utilize high density cellular concrete as shown on Figure 2.7-19, were preoperationally tested to ensure that the techniques used are adequate. This was accomplished by simulating actual seal configurations and subjecting one side of the seal to a hydrostatic pressure of 125 percent of the PMF conditions. A leakage rate of 0.04 gpm was considered acceptable. This leak rate is based on the worst case which is the service building north wall containing approximately 200 penetrations. This ensures that the sump pump has a capacity with a minimum safety factor of 2 to 1.

All pumps in the intake structure are preoperationally and periodically operated during which their seals are checked for seal water leakage. Any abnormal seal water leakage would be noted during testing of the pumps and the seals would be repaired or replaced.

All flood protected areas have sumps or 12 inch high curbs along walls containing sealed penetrations. Any inleakage which would occur during a PMF would be collected in these areas. All sumps and curbs contain either a float-actuated sump pump or a level switch and transmitter with a control room alarm. Portable sump pumps are provided which can be used, wherever needed. Emergency power supply connections are located at each wall curb, and each permanent sump pump is connected to the emergency power supply.

The control room air conditioning room is protected from flooding by a manually-operated gate valve in series with a check valve in the six-inch drain line from the control room air conditioning room. The gate valve, labeled back water valve VGF-12D, is located in the turbine building at El. 698 ft-6 inch. This valve will be closed when river level reaches El. 695 ft. Since the turbine building does not begin flooding until the river reaches El. 707 ft-6 inch, there is adequate time to operate this valve prior to turbine building flooding when this valve would become inaccessible. During the PMF condition, this valve will not be operated, but will only be opened following the flooding event. Internal flood protection of the control room air conditioning room with the drain line gate valve closed is discussed in Section 9.7.2.

Each penetration with a flood seal shall receive a periodic visual inspection.

The charging pump cubicles are designed against ingress of water during a PMF. Any penetrations below El. 730 ft are sealed. The ventilation duct enters the charging pump cubicles with the bottom of the duct at El. 731 ft 9 inches. There is also a horizontal slot in the north wall of the charging pump cubicles through which piping passes. The bottom of the slot is at El. 730 ft 6 inches.

The charging pumps, Figures 2.7-20 and 2.7-21 (circled), are enclosed by walls that are missile-proof and are extended to EI. 730 ft-6 inches, which is 6 inches above the PMF level.

# 2.7.4 Soils Design Loading

The looser granular material above EI. 715 ft in the containment structure area and the silty sands and clays in the turbine building area were removed and replaced by compacted granular material (Section 2.6). The compacted granular fill is composed of selected sands and gravels and compacted in 6 inch layers to a minimum density of 95 percent as determined by modified compaction tests performed in accordance with ASTM D1557.

Foundations for all major structures are continuous mats of reinforced concrete founded on the denser undisturbed gravels or compacted granular fill. The containment structure is founded at El. 681 ft on undisturbed gravel and compacted granular material, with excavation below El. 715 ft made within a circular sheet piling cofferdam. The turbine building mat with bottom at approximately El. 683 ft is located in part on undisturbed, inplace gravel and in part on compacted granular fill.

The other major structures and equipment are founded on the inplace soil or compacted granular fill as shown in Figure 2.7-1.

The allowable design bearing load for footings and mats under static loads only is 8 ksf. The total maximum allowable design load for combined static loads and dynamic loads resulting from tornado or earthquake is 12 ksf.

As shown in Table 2.7-1, the removal of earth for structures founded below the original ground level substantially reduced the additive load on the soil. The additional building load placed on the soil for each structure, considering relief of load from excavation, is relatively small compared with the allowable static design load of 8 ksf. Settlement of the structure is expected to be similarly low. The relief of load is based on soil density of 120 pcf.

Tests shown in Table 2.6-2 indicate the density of in-place soils below El. 715 ft to vary with depth from approximately 130 to 140 pcf. The nominal density of compacted granular fill is 140 pcf.

The angle of friction and cohesive values of the in-place soil and compacted granular fill are as follows:

	Angle of Internal Friction, φ <u>(degrees)</u>	Cohesion Coefficient, C <u>(ksf)</u>
Sand and gravel (in-place)	34	0
Silty clay (in-place)	0	0.4
Compacted granular fill	38	0

# 2.7.5 <u>Site Design Considerations for Essential Lines</u>

Plot plans of the facility indicating and identifying all essential lines (cooling, power sensing and control) that pass between seismic Category I structures are shown in Figures 2.7-22, 2.7-23, 2.7-24 and 2.7-25. Essential cooling lines are shown in Figure 2.7-23. Leak collection ducting is shown in Figure 2.7-23. Instrument sensing lines are shown in Figure 2.7-24. Electrical cables are shown in Figure 2.7-25. Various measures have been taken to prevent the loss of those lines required to attain and maintain a safe shutdown due to seismic events, missiles from rotating equipment and tornadoes, fires, floods and the collapse of non-seismic Category I structures.

All essential lines shown between buildings have been seismically designed, which includes analysis for adverse building movement.

With the exception of (1) river water lines between the intake structure and the auxiliary building, (2) the demineralized water supply to the auxiliary feedwater pumps, (3) the refueling water storage tank supply to the quench spray and low head safety injection pumps, and (4) the diesel generator-switchgear cable ducts, essential lines pass directly from one seismic Category I structure to another seismic Category I structure, through, at most a 4-inch shake space. As such, these lines are not susceptible to loss due to seismic events, missiles from rotating equipment, tornadoes and the collapse of non-seismic Category I structures.

The measures taken to prevent the loss of the refueling water storage tank and associated lines are discussed in Section 6.4.2. The demineralized water supply lines are protected from missiles from rotating equipment, tornadoes and the collapse of non-seismic Category I structures as they are buried 5.5 ft below grade between the seismic Category I protected demineralized water storage tank and the cable vault area pipe tunnel. The river water lines between the intake structure and the auxiliary building are buried a minimum of 6 ft below grade, thereby protecting them from the aforementioned hazards. Similarly, the underground diesel generator-switchgear cable ducts are protected by burial a minimum of 5 ft below grade and concrete encased.

# References for Section 2.7

- 1. A. Amirikian, "Design of Protective Structures," NavDocks P-51, Bureau of Yards and Docks, Department of the Navy (August 1950).
- 2. "Wind Forces on Structures", <u>American Society of Civil Engineers Transactions</u>, Vol. 126, Part II, Paper No. 3269 (1961).
- 3. T. W. Singell, "Forces on Enclosed Structures", <u>Journal of the Structural Division</u>, American Society of Civil Engineers, (July 1958).
- 4. W. E. Hoecker "Three Dimensional Pressure Pattern of the Dallas Tornado and Some Resultant Indications", <u>Monthly Weather Review</u> (December 1961).
- 5. Amman and Whitney, "Industrial Engineering Study to Establish Safety Design Criteria for Use in Engineering of Explosive Facilities and Operations Wall Response" (April 1963).
- 6. R. Gwaltney, "Missle Generation in Light Water Cooled Power Reactor Plants", ORNL-NSIC-22 (September 1968).
- 7. Interim Standard No. 1 to JPCEA Publication No. S-68-516 (March 1971).

## 2.8 ENVIRONMENTAL RADIOLOGICAL MONITORING PROGRAM

## 2.8.1 <u>Technical Discussion</u>

The objectives of the environmental radiological monitoring program at the Beaver Valley Power Station are twofold: first, to establish the preoperational levels of radioactivity and radiation in the site environment against which potential operational contributions can be measured; and second, to verify the adequate control of the station's radioactive material releases.

The factors that have been considered in the development of the environmental radiological monitoring program include a review of the station environment, a review of the facility's radioactive waste processing systems, an evaluation of the radionuclides anticipated in the normal discharges, and those environmental media that could transport radioactivity. Environmental surveillance involves sampling and determining the radioactivity concentrations in environmental media that could transport radioactivity from its source, both before and after station startup.

The analysis and data interpretation required in the environmental radiological monitoring program includes various statistical procedures used in the laboratory and statistical techniques needed in the interpretation of data.

Alpha and beta measurements are obtained using a low background proportional counter. Specific gamma emitting radionuclides are determined by sodium iodide or gamma spectrometry detection systems.

In the interpretation of the data, various procedures are followed. Data are averaged and reported giving the average and range of the observed values. Where appropriate, the data are compiled according to a number of parameters to show any trends or relationships. Preoperational data will constitute the baseline to which operational data will be compared.

In the operational phase, data is compared to the baseline data to determine the influence of the plant on the environment and the resultant doses to the habitants of the area.

## 2.8.2 <u>Preoperational Surveillance</u>

The preoperational monitoring program (initiated in January of 1971) was conducted prior to station startup. The program documents seasonal variations in radioactivity as well as possible annual changes. The preoperational program was terminated prior to fuel load and replaced with the operational program.

The media sampled included air, river water, groundwater, drinking water, bottom sediments from the station intake, soil from the station periphery, milk, wildlife, and ambient radiation levels. Species of aquatic organisms that are eaten by man, specifically fish, were also sampled. Algae and other lower forms of aquatic organisms that are not directly a part of man's food chain or exposure route were not sampled, except as their reconcentration effectiveness that was reflected in edible fish of whose diet they may be a part.

The locations, sampling frequencies, and analyses are listed in Table 2.8-1. The number and location of samples was determined by considering the expected spatial distribution of station effluents and points where concentrations of effluents in the environment were expected to be greatest, site meteorological conditions, population distribution, and ease of access to the sampling station. During the preoperational program, the sampling frequency for each type of sample was fixed and was established on the basis of providing enough samples to yield statistically valid results and on the expected frequency of the operational phase of the environmental surveillance program.

#### 2.8.3 Operational Surveillance

The operational program was implemented prior to fuel loading. During operation of the station, the contributions of radioactive material to the environment from the station are due to controlled releases of radioactive gases, airborne particulates and liquids. Measurements of radioactivity in the air and water, therefore, serves as one of the earliest means of detecting changes in environmental radioactivity levels. The evaluation of appropriate environmental media and pathways by which radioactivity is transported through the environment take place in this program. The program is periodically reviewed to determine any changes that may be desirable in its content. Therefore, the extent of sampling may be adjusted if warranted.

The current environmental radiological monitoring program (REMP) requirements are documented in the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM). The ODCM contains the site number, sector, distance, sample point, description, sampling and collection frequency, analysis, and analysis frequency for various exposure pathways in the vicinity of the Beaver Valley Power Station (BVPS). These are the minimum requirements for the REMP program and may be supplemented with additional samples, increased collection frequency, and increased analysis requirements. Environmental sampling and analyses include air, water, milk, vegetation, river sediments, fish, soil, and ambient radiation levels in areas surrounding the site.

The results of the REMP program are documented and submitted to the NRC each year in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report.

# **BVPS UFSAR UNIT 1**

# TABLES FOR SECTION 2

#### DISTANCE AND DIRECTION FROM REACTOR TO POPULATION CENTERS HAVING MORE THAN ABOUT 20,000 INHABITANTS AND LOCATED WITHIN 50 MILES OF THE SITE<sup>(2)(3)(4)</sup>

Community	Distance <sup>(1)</sup> and Direction <u>From the Site (Miles)</u>	Population (1970 Census)
East Liverpool, Ohio	4.7 WNW	20,020
Aliquippa, Pa.	7.6 ESE	22,277
Weirton, West Va.	15.2 SSW	27,131
Steubenville, Ohio	19.4 SSW	30,771
Pittsburgh, Pa.	22.1 SE	520,117
New Castle, Pa.	24.8 NNE	38,559
Youngstown, Ohio	29.0 NNW	139,788
West Mifflin, Pa.	32.0 SE	28,070
Wilkinsburg, Pa.	32.0 ESE	26,780
McKeesport, Pa.	35.4 SE	37,977
Monroeville, Pa.	39.0 ESE	29,011
Wheeling, West Va.	39.5 SSW	48,188
Alliance, Ohio	39.2 NW	26,547
Sharon, Pa.	41.0 N	22,653
Warren, Ohio	44.5 NNW	63,494
Canton, Ohio	49.2 WNW	110,053

- (1) Distance to nearest boundary, in miles.
- (2) "Description of the Shippingport Atomic Power Station Site and Surrounding Area", WAPD-SC-547, Westinghouse Electric Corporation, (June, 1957).
- (3) "1970 Census of Population, Pennsylvania", Bureau of Census, Advance Report PC(VI)-40, U.S. Department of Commerce, (January, 1971).
- (4) "1970 Census of Population, Ohio", Bureau of Census, Advance Report PC(VI)-37, U.S. Department of Commerce, (January 1971).

# LOCAL POPULATION DISTRIBUTION

Radial Distance From Reactor, Miles	Total Estimated Population (1970 Estimates)
0-1	592
1-2	5,772
2-3	3,598
3-4	4,506
4-5	3,644
0-1	592
0-2	6,364
0-3	9,962
0-4	14,468
0-5	18,112

### PUBLIC FACILITIES AND INSTITUTIONS IN THE VICINITY OF BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION

		Fro	m BVPS	Average
Facility	Location	<u>Miles</u>	<b>Direction</b>	<b>Population</b>
<u>Hospitals</u>				
East Liverpool City Hospital	East Liverpool, Ohio	7	W	176 patients
Osteopathic Hospital	East Liverpool, Ohio	7	W	40
Aliquippa Hospital	Aliquippa, Pa.	7 3/4	E	160
Rochester General Hospital	Rochester, Pa.	10	NE	235
Prisons and Jails				
Midland Jail	Midland, Pa.	2	NW	<10
County Prison System	Beaver, Pa.	8	NE	арр. 40
Juvenille Detention Home	Brighton Township	8 1/2	NE	6
Schools				
Midland School District	Combined - Elementary Jr Sr. High School	1 2/3 1 1/3	NW NW	1,000 combined

# TABLE 2.1-3 (CONT'D)

# PUBLIC FACILITIES AND INSTITUTIONS IN THE VICINITY OF BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION

	Leastian	From	BVPS	Average
Facility	Location	<u>IVIIIes</u>	Direction	Population
Western Beaver School District	Fairview Elementary Snyder Elementary Login Elementary (Ohioview)	5 3 1/3 3 1/3	NNW N NE	492 309 117
	Jr Sr. High School (Snyder)	3 1/3	Ν	928
Green Turnpike School District	Hookstown Elem. Hookstown Kinder. Southside High School	3 3/4 3 3/4 3 3/4	S S S	645 95 610
Potter Township School District	Potter Township School	2 1/4	NNE	210
Raccoon Township School District	Raccoon Township School (Elementary)	3 2/3	ESE	327
East Liverpool City School District	Elementary Schools (4 buildings)			2,809
	Junior High School (2 buildings)	7	W	1,362
	High School			1,219
Beaver Local School District	Elementary Schools (2 buildings) Junior High School High School	10	NW	951 888

# TABLE 2.1-3 (CONT'D)

## PUBLIC FACILITIES AND INSTITUTIONS IN THE VICINITY OF BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION

<u>Facility</u>	Location	Fro <u>Miles</u>	m BVPS <u>Direction</u>	Average <u>Population</u>
Institutions				
Beaver County Hospital (old age home)	Brighton Township	8 1/2	NE	550
Parks				
Raccoon Creek St. Park	Hanover Township	8	S	
State Game Land No. 17	Ohioville Township	4	Ν	
Brady's Run Cty. Park	Brighton Township	9 1/2	NE	
Beaver Creek St. Park	Columbiana County	6 1/2	NNE	
Tomlinson Run St. Park	West Virginia	9	SW	

# MAJOR EMPLOYERS IN THE VICINITY OF THE BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION

Product			Miles and Direction	Numb Emplo	er of <sup>(1)</sup> ovees
<u>Type</u>	Company	Location	From Site	1960	1969
Steel	Jones & Laughlin Steel Company	Aliquippa	11 ESE	13,147	11,751
Steel	Crucible Steel Company	Midland	1 NW	6,492	5,745
Steel	Babcock and Wilcox Company	West Mayfield	13 NNE	4,078	5,480
Electrical	Westinghouse Electric Corporation	Borough Township	8 NE	1,960	2,920
Steel	U. S. Steel Corporation	Ambridge	12 ESE	2,670	2,569
Steel Pipe	Armco Steel Corporation	Ambridge	12 ESE	1,982	2,111
Zinc	St. Joseph Minerals Corporation	Potter Township	6 NE	1,151	1,442
Pottery	Homer Laughlin China Company	Newell, W. Va.	8 W	1,500	1,000 <sup>(2)</sup>
Plastics	Sinclair - Koppers Company	Potter Township	5 NE	1,087	991
Steel	E. W. Bliss Company	Midland	1 NW	300	352

<sup>(1)</sup>Source: Pennsylvania Department of Commerce

<sup>(2)</sup>East Liverpool Chamber of Commerce Estimate

# STATISTICS FOR MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES BEAVER COUNTY, 1969

Money Figures in Thousands of Dollars

Manufacturing Industries	Number of Establishments	Capital <u>Expenditures</u>	<u>Employment</u>	Wages and <u>Salaries</u>	Value of Production
Primary metal	23	\$58,090	29,233	\$261,353	\$1,082,924
Fabricated metal	25	1,694	4,761	37,954	137,919
Machinery	23	391	663	5,136	17,263
Electrical machinery	3	1,141	3,562	27,224	107,001
Stone, clay, glass	25	662	1,889	12,912	32,984
Chemicals	8	4,498	1,333	10,982	91,292
Food products	34	295	593	3,915	15,295
Printing products	<u>19</u>	106	342	2,230	5,278
Total all industries <sup>(1)</sup>	180	\$67,157	43,330	\$336,823	\$1,513,549

(1) Total includes minor industries which are not shown in table

Source: Pennsylvania Department of Commerce

# SOUTHWESTERN PENNSYLVANIA PROVISIONAL EMPLOYMENT FORECAST

# (Thousands of Employed Persons)

Industry Group	<u>1970</u>	<u>2000</u>	Percent Change <u>1970-2000</u>
MANUFACTURING	342.4	305.1	-11
Selected manufacturing groups			
Primary metals	138.4	98.1	-29
Fabricated metals & machinery	103.2	116.0	12
Stone, clay and glass	20.6	13.0	-37
Transportation equipment	13.3	20.0	50
Chemicals	9.7	10.0	3
NONMANUFACTURING	643.3	1089.9	69
Selected nonmanufacturing groups			
Services	196.5	446.0	127
Trade	190.5	295.0	55
Government	79.3	179.0	126
Construction	50.0	42.0	-16
Mining	10.7	3.0	-72
Agriculture	8.6	6.0	-30
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT	985.7	1395.0	+42

SOURCE: Provisional Employment and Population Forecasts, prepared by Southwestern Pennsylvania Regional Planning Commission June, 1968.

<u>Airport</u>	Distance (Miles) From Beaver Valley	Direction From Beaver Valley
Aliquippa Hopewell (c)	7.5	ESE
Herrom (c)	8.5	SSW
Beaver Co. (c)	10.5	NNE
Black Rock (c) (p)	11.0	NE
Johnston (c) (nf) (p)	12.0	W
Columbiana (c) (nf)	12.0	WNW
Greater Pittsburgh Inter- national Airport (c) (m)	15.0	SE

# TABLE 2.1-7 AIRPORTS IN VICINITY OF BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION

Key to abbreviations

c = Civil airport

p = Private airport

- nf = No facilities
- m = Military airport
- SOURCE: Sectional Aeronautical Chart, U. S. Coast and Goedetic Survey

# TABLE 2.1-8 BEAVER COUNTY AGRICULTURAL DATA

		<u>1965</u>	<u>1969</u>
Estimated Number of Farms		878	750
Acres Harvested Field and forage crops Vegetable crops		25,900 180	29,600 150
Livestock and Poultry on Farms All Cattle Hogs Sheep All chickens Average number of cows milked		13,200 1,800 2,700 116,000 4,800	12,500 1,700 1,800 115,000 4,300
Cash Receipts for Sale of Agricultural Crops Field crops Vegetables Forest products Fruits Horticulture specialties		\$ 153,000 63,000 19,000 127,000 <u>308,000</u>	\$ 374,000 107,000 54,000 88,000 <u>415,000</u>
Cash Receipts from Sale of Livestock Products Meat animals Dairy products Poultry products	Total	\$ 607,000 \$ 694,000 1,752,000 <u>606,000</u>	\$1,038,000 \$577,000 2,157,000 <u>637,000</u>
Government payments	Total	\$3,052,000 <u>95,000</u>	\$3,371,000 <u>111,000</u>
Total cash receipts and payments		\$3,817,000	\$4,520,000
Average cash receipts per farm		\$ 4,347	\$ 6,027

SOURCE: Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture

# PRINCIPAL AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS IN 1969

Acreage		Total
Harvested	<u>Yield</u> <sup>(1)</sup>	Production <sup>(1)</sup>
3,800	78B	296,400B
2,400	14.5T	34,800T
1,500	32B	48,000B
3,400	54B	184,000B
1,500	49B	73,000B
1,400	57T	8,000T
16,400	20T	32,300T
40	200 cwt	8,000 cwt
		44,400 43E
		1,300 42E
		3,000B
	Acreage <u>Harvested</u> 3,800 2,400 1,500 3,400 1,500 1,400 16,400 40	Acreage Harvested       Yield <sup>(1)</sup> 3,800       78B         2,400       14.5T         1,500       32B         3,400       54B         1,500       49B         1,400       57T         16,400       20T         40       200 cwt

Total acres harvested = 29,600

Vegetables ) Snap beans ) Cabbage ) Total acres harvested = 150 Corn ) Tomatoes )

(1) Key to Units

 B = Bushels
 T = Tons
 cwt = Hundredweight
 42E = 42 pound equivalent

SOURCE: Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture
### PRINCIPAL AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS IN 1969

#### PRODUCTS

#### Livestock and Livestock Products

#### Milk

Number of cows - 4,300 milk cows Milk yield - 8,900 lb/cow/yr Total milk produced - 38,270,000 lb

Livestock Inventory Cows - 5,100, 2 year or older Heifers - 3,600 Beef animals - 3,800 Hogs - 1,700 Sheep - 1,800

Poultry Inventory

Hens - 55,000 Pullets - 59,000 Other - 400 Farming chickens and turkeys - 50,000 Broilers - 11,000

#### Eggs

Number of layers - 101,000 Egg yield - 203 eggs/yr Total egg production - 20,500,000 eggs

SOURCE: Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture

# FISH POPULATION, OHIO RIVER, AT MONTGOMERY LOCK AND DAM (MILE POINT 31.7) FOR SEPTEMBER 19, 1968

Species	Number	<u>Weight, Ib</u>
Gizzard shad	79	13.27
Carp	146	78.79
Emerald shiner	7	0.01
Spotfin shiner	1	0.01
Sand shiner	4	0.01
Mimic shiner	19	0.01
Bluntnose minnow	6	0.01
Black bullhead	3	0.09
Yellow bullhead	117	1.87
Brown bullhead	85	11.24
Channel catfish	150	4.78
Golden redhorse	1	0.80
Pumpkinseed <sup>(1)</sup>	26	0.76
Bluegill <sup>(1)</sup>	25	0.28
Green sunfish <sup>(1)</sup>	21	0.41
Rock bass <sup>(1)</sup>	3	0.04
Largemouth bass <sup>(1)</sup>	2	0.90
Black crappie <sup>(1)</sup>	46	3.03
Walleye <sup>(1)</sup>	_1	0.60
Total - 19 species	742	116.86

(1) Game fish represent 6.02 lb or 5.15 percent of the total sample.

# FISHING AREAS IN VICINITY OF BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION

Name of Fishing Area	Distance and from B	Direction /PS	Fish Species Present <sup>(1)</sup>
Mill Creek	3	SW	t, s
Brady Run Lake	7-1/2	NE	lm, t, sf, b, s, cr, y, c, cc, w, bg
Raccoon State Park Lake	8	S	lm, w, y, cr, sf, b, s, c, t, bg, sm
Traverse Creek	8	S	t, s

(1) Species of fish are abbreviated.The following is the key to the abbreviations:

b	Bullhead	S	Sucker
bg	Bluegill	sf	Sunfish
С	Carp	t	Trout
сс	Channel catfish	W	Walleye
cr	Crappie	У	Yellow perch
lm	Largemouth bass		

SOURCE: Pennsylvania Fish Commission

# DOWNSTREAM POTABLE WATER INTAKES

Downstream		
Distance, Miles	Town	Population <sup>(1)</sup>
1.3	Midland, Pa.	5,271
5	East Liverpool, Ohio	20,020
7	Chester, West Va.	3,614
12	Wellsville, Ohio	5,891
24	Toronto, Ohio	7,705
27	Weirton, West Va.	27,131
30	Steubenville, Ohio	30,771
36	Mingo Junction, Ohio	5,278
52	Wheeling, West Va.	48,188
54	Martins Ferry, Ohio	10,757
59	Bellaire, Ohio	9,655

(1) Based on the 1970 Census

# AREA POPULATION-1970

Direction	0 to 1 Miles	1 to 2 Miles	2 to 3 Miles	3 to 4 Miles	4 to 5 Miles	5 to 10 Miles	10 to 20 Miles	20 to 30 Miles	30 to 40 Miles	40 to 50 Miles
	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>					
NNE	0	280	212	200	232	7,093	45,103	18,869	13,477	22,332
NE	148	136	400	856	296	20,795	26,384	13,020	17,322	9,341
ENE	84	80	164	200	124	12,697	19,181	19,899	44,868	27,699
E	8	52	428	488	132	8,080	35,547	53,100	111,349	52,407
ESE	32	200	136	304	276	7,726	51,692	585,196	469,216	109,040
SE	4	96	244	104	44	792	12,000	225,484	145,189	101,589
SSE	4	16	52	80	252	783	8,092	35,374	60,087	23,398
S	0	20	208	128	248	431	6,971	7,122	6,947	4,568
SSW	12	36	92	188	707	431	32,795	56,709	40,668	105,109
SW	0	48	406	216	156	4,004	19,954	20,442	12,263	10,474
WSW	0	8	188	96	80	7,145	6,075	5,354	5,802	11,188
W	0	12	48	72	60	23,651	8,132	4,254	14,645	19,751
WNW	16	24	12	310	520	5,717	4,462	8,862	37,052	105,073
NW	264	4,480	808	800	596	1,770	5,358	32,691	14,085	23,297
NNW	20	264	88	80	196	1,566	8,888	37,893	265,416	140,781
N	0	20	112	384	292	2,327	6,418	58,796	26,024	67,644

# AREA POPULATION ESTIMATE FOR 1980<sup>(1)</sup>

Direction	0 to 1 <u>Miles</u>	1 to 2 <u>Miles</u>	2 to 3 <u>Miles</u>	3 to 4 <u>Miles</u>	4 to 5 <u>Miles</u>	5 to 10 <u>Miles</u>	10 to 20 <u>Miles</u>	20 to 30 <u>Miles</u>	30 to 40 <u>Miles</u>	40 to 50 <u>Miles</u>
NNE	0	276	209	197	229	6,996	45,579	19,999	14,556	23,820
NE	146	134	395	844	292	20,512	26,508	13,948	19,106	10,276
ENE	83	79	162	197	122	12,524	19,468	21,948	49,490	30,552
E	8	51	422	481	130	7,970	35,485	54,112	112,587	54,175
ESE	32	197	134	300	272	7,621	52,276	594,510	476,134	108,669
SE	4	95	241	103	43	782	12,180	228,765	147,067	101,699
SSE	4	16	51	79	249	772	8,098	35,279	59,907	23,612
S	0	20	205	126	245	425	6,950	7,101	6,935	4,805
SSW	12	36	91	185	727	425	35,951	60,580	42,119	108,301
SW	0	47	400	213	154	4,196	21,139	21,246	12,972	10,952
WSW	0	8	185	95	79	7,888	6,469	5,582	6,188	12,152
W	0	12	47	71	59	25,390	8,723	4,534	15,602	21,847
WNW	16	24	12	306	513	6,128	4,784	9,499	40,639	117,838
NW	260	4,419	797	789	588	1,864	5,744	35,048	15,146	27,922
NNW	20	260	87	79	193	1,554	9,436	40,657	288,641	164,414
Ν	0	20	110	379	288	2,296	6,465	62,291	28,372	72,537

(1) Projected from 1970 Census data.

# AREA POPULATION ESTIMATE FOR 1990<sup>(1)</sup>

Direction	0 to 1 <u>Miles</u>	1 to 2 <u>Miles</u>	2 to 3 <u>Miles</u>	3 to 4 <u>Miles</u>	4 to 5 <u>Miles</u>	5 to 10 <u>Miles</u>	10 to 20 <u>Miles</u>	20 to 30 <u>Miles</u>	30 to 40 <u>Miles</u>	40 to 50 <u>Miles</u>
NNE	0	272	206	195	226	6,901	46,112	21,197	15,727	25,412
NE	144	132	389	833	288	20,223	26,681	14,974	21,074	11,306
ENE	82	78	160	195	121	12,354	19,808	24,209	54,587	33,699
E	8	51	416	475	128	7,862	35,429	55,162	113,892	56,138
ESE	31	195	132	296	269	7,517	52,874	604,004	483,156	108,302
SE	4	93	237	101	43	771	12,363	232,094	148,975	101,821
SSE	4	16	51	78	245	762	8,104	35,184	59,727	23,851
S	0	19	202	125	241	419	6,930	7,080	6,923	5,062
SSW	12	35	90	183	749	419	39,436	64,803	43,654	111,638
SW	0	47	395	210	152	4,400	22,412	22,081	13,725	11,462
WSW	0	8	183	93	78	8,708	6,892	5,820	6,599	13,202
W	0	12	47	70	58	27,259	9,356	4,833	16,625	24,174
WNW	16	23	12	302	506	6,570	5,128	10,181	44,594	132,217
NW	257	4,359	786	778	580	1,966	6,157	37,576	16,295	33,627
NNW	19	257	86	78	191	1,544	10,024	43,624	314,207	192,016
Ν	0	19	109	374	284	2,264	6,519	65,993	30,989	77,832

(1) Projected from 1970 Census data.

# AREA POPULATION ESTIMATE FOR 2000<sup>(1)</sup>

<u>Direction</u>	0 to 1 <u>Miles</u>	1 to 2 <u>Miles</u>	2 to 3 <u>Miles</u>	3 to 4 <u>Miles</u>	4 to 5 <u>Miles</u>	5 to 10 <u>Miles</u>	10 to 20 <u>Miles</u>	20 to 30 <u>Miles</u>	30 to 40 <u>Miles</u>	40 to 50 <u>Miles</u>
NNE	0	269	203	192	223	6,807	46,707	22,468	16,999	27,112
NE	142	131	384	822	284	19,958	26,906	16,109	23,245	12,441
ENE	81	77	157	192	119	12,186	20,204	26,702	60,210	37,170
E	8	50	411	468	127	7,755	35,381	56,252	115,266	58,319
ESE	31	192	131	292	265	7,415	53,487	613,682	490,284	107,936
SE	4	92	234	100	42	761	12,548	235,474	150,912	101,956
SSE	4	15	50	77	242	751	8,110	35,089	59,548	24,118
S	0	19	200	123	238	413	6,909	7,058	6,911	5,342
SSW	12	35	88	180	771	413	43,285	69,415	45,280	115,128
SW	0	46	390	207	150	4,616	23,781	22,949	14,526	12,007
WSW	0	8	180	92	77	9,614	7,348	6,068	7,039	14,344
W	0	12	46	69	58	29,266	10,035	5,152	17,721	26,757
WNW	15	23	12	298	499	7,043	5,497	10,912	48,954	148,432
NW	253	4,300	775	468	572	2,074	6,601	40,286	17,540	40,693
NNW	19	253	84	77	188	1,535	10,655	46,807	342,395	224,254
Ν	0	19	107	369	280	2,234	6,580	69,916	33,912	83,569

1. Projected from 1970 Census data.

# AREA POPULATION ESTIMATE FOR 2010<sup>(1)</sup>

Direction	0 to 1 <u>Miles</u>	1 to 2 <u>Miles</u>	2 to 3 <u>Miles</u>	3 to 4 <u>Miles</u>	4 to 5 <u>Miles</u>	5 to 10 <u>Miles</u>	10 to 20 <u>Miles</u>	20 to 30 <u>Miles</u>	30 to 40 <u>Miles</u>	40 to 50 <u>Miles</u>
NNE	0	265	201	189	220	6,175	47,365	23,815	18,380	28,930
NE	140	129	379	810	280	19,686	27,188	17,363	25,639	13,692
ENE	80	76	155	189	117	12,020	20,662	29,453	66,411	40,998
E	8	49	405	462	125	7,649	35,340	57,386	116,718	60,739
ESE	30	189	129	288	261	7,314	54,115	623,550	497,519	107,573
SE	4	91	231	98	42	750	12,736	238,905	152,879	102,104
SSE	4	15	49	76	239	741	8,117	34,994	59,369	24,415
S	0	19	197	121	235	408	6,888	7,037	6,899	5,646
SSW	11	34	87	178	794	408	47,539	74,458	47,007	118,783
SW	0	45	384	204	148	4,847	25,256	23,851	15,376	12,590
WSW	0	8	178	91	76	10,613	7,838	6,328	7,507	15,589
W	0	11	45	68	57	31,422	10,764	5,492	18,896	29,627
WNW	15	23	11	293	492	7,550	5,893	11,695	53,763	166,743
NW	250	4,241	765	757	564	2,192	7,076	43,192	18,893	49,472
NNW	19	250	83	76	186	1,526	11,334	50,222	373,523	261,905
Ν	0	19	106	364	276	2,203	6,650	74,073	37,183	89,791

1. Projected from 1970 Census data.

# AREA POPULATION ESTIMATE FOR 2020<sup>(1)</sup>

Direction	0 to 1 <u>Miles</u>	1 to 2 <u>Miles</u>	2 to 3 <u>Miles</u>	3 to 4 <u>Miles</u>	4 to 5 <u>Miles</u>	5 to 10 <u>Miles</u>	10 to 20 <u>Miles</u>	20 to 30 <u>Miles</u>	30 to 40 <u>Miles</u>	40 to 50 <u>Miles</u>
NNE	0	261	198	187	217	6.623	48.091	25.245	19.881	30.874
NE	138	127	374	799	276	19,419	27,533	18,750	28,280	15,072
ENE	78	75	153	187	116	11,857	21,189	32,486	73,251	45,221
E	7	49	400	456	123	7,545	35,306	58,566	118,253	63,422
ESE	30	187	127	284	258	7,214	54,758	633,615	504,863	107,212
SE	4	90	228	97	41	740	12,927	242,388	154,877	102,267
SSE	4	15	49	75	235	731	8,125	34,901	59,191	24,744
S	0	19	194	120	232	402	6,867	7,016	6,888	5,976
SSW	11	34	86	176	818	402	52,238	79,978	48,843	122,612
SW	0	45	379	202	146	5,092	26,845	24,790	16,281	13,215
WSW	0	7	176	90	75	11,717	8,366	6,600	8,007	16,944
W	0	11	45	67	56	33,738	11,547	5,855	20,155	32,815
WNW	15	22	11	289	486	8,093	6,318	12,535	49,070	187,451
NW	247	4,184	755	747	557	2,318	7,585	46,306	20,366	60,418
NNW	19	247	82	75	183	1,519	12,062	53,887	407,953	305,881
Ν	0	19	105	359	273	2,173	6,728	78,477	40,853	96,552

1. Projected from 1970 Census data.

# Table 2.1-14

# STANDARD GAS BASIS

<u>Service</u>	Operating <u>Pressure (psia)</u>	Design Pressure (psia)	Max Pressure (psia)	Location	Total Energy <u>Stored (Btu's)</u>
Nitrogen (Plant Heating)	2,490	2,490	4,000	S.E. Corner of Service Building	9.8X10 <sup>3</sup>
Propane Storage	189.7	264.7	264.7	South of Warehouse & North of Turbine Building	11.11X10 <sup>6</sup> 11.11X10 <sup>6</sup>
	189.7	264.7	264.7	75 feet south of the Alternate Intake Structure (4 mo./yr.)	36.64X10 <sup>7</sup>
Hydrogen Makeup	2,014.1	4,000	4,000	Storage Pad Adja- cent to South Cool- ant Recovery Tank Cubicle (BR-TK-4B)	3.26X10 <sup>4</sup>
Hydrogen for Turbine Generator	2,314.7	2,464.7	2,464.7	North of Turbine Building	3.75X10⁵

# STANDARD GAS BASIS

Service	Operating <u>Pressure (psia)</u>	Design Pressure (psia)	Max Pressure (psia)	Location	Total Energy <u>Stored (Btu's)</u>
Air Storage Diesel Generators	214.7	289.7	289.7	Diesel Generator Building	3.58X10⁴
CO <sub>2</sub> Storage	314.7	377.7	371.7	1 Unit East of Turbine Building	4.7X10 <sup>5</sup>
				1 Unit in Separate Structure Adjacent to Diesel Generator Building	9.4X10⁵

# PIPELINE LEAKAGE DETECTION AND ISOLATION

	Company <sup>1</sup>		Ashland Pipeline Co.	ļ	<u>Buckeye Pipeline Co.</u>		Laurel Pipeline Co.		Mobil Pipeline Co.		National Transit
1.	How is leak detected? (Pressure or level drop or visual indication on ground or in river.)	1.	Pressure drop and visual inspection of line on regular basis. Line is monitored continuously from Ashland, Ky. and East Sparta, Ohio. Volumetric metering also.	1.	Pressure drop and routine air patrol. Line is monitored continuously from Macungie, Pa. Main dispatch center also Midland, Pa. & Co.	1.	Pressure drop. Line is monitored continuously from Camp Hill, Pa. and Aliquippa Station, Beaver Co. Pa. Also Volumetric metering.	1.	Pressure drop. Volumetric metering and visual inspection (air patrol) line is monitored continuously from Plainfield, N.J.	1.	Pressure drop. Line is monitored continuously from Meadowlands, Pa.
2.	Who is to be notified to close isolation valves in leaking oil line on either side of the river?		Refer to Emergency Preparedness Plan Implementing Procedure 1.1		Refer to Emergency Preparedness Plan Implementing Procedure 1.1		Refer to Emergency Preparedness Plan Implementing Procedure 1.1		Refer to Emergency Preparedness Plan Implementing Procedure 1.1		Refer to Emergency Preparedness Plan Implementing Procedure 1.1
2a	a.Tanks on Midland side of river?			2a	Mobile Oil & Exxon Tanks supplied by Buckeye.			2a	a. Mobil Oil Tanks supplied by Mobil Pipeline Co.		
3.	How are valves closed local or remote?	3.	Both manual (local). (Nearest pumping stations for line isolation are Rogers, Ohio, and Freedom, Pa.)	3.	Both manual (local). (Nearest pumping stations for line isolation are Midland, Pa. and Coraopolis, Pa.)	3.	Both manual (local). (Nearest pumping stations for line isolation are Aliquippa, Pa. and Ellsworth, Ohio.)	3.	Valve on B.V. site is manual. Midland valve is remote. (Personnel located at Midland, Pa. and McKees Rocks, Pa. and Irwin, Pa.)	3.	Both manual (local). (Nearest pumping station for line isolation are Meadowlands, Pa.)

# PIPELINE LEAKAGE DETECTION AND ISOLATION

<u>Company</u> <sup>1</sup>	Ashland Pipeline Co.	Buckeye Pipeline Co.	Laurel Pipeline Co.	Mobil Pipeline Co.	National Transit
<ol> <li>How long will it take to close valves from time of notification?</li> </ol>	4. Approx. 1 hour.	4. Less than an hour.	4. Approx. 1 hour.	4. Within an hour.	4. Less than an hour.
<ol> <li>Is oil tank located southeast of bridge approach in use?</li> </ol>					5. No. No plans presently for future use.

Note: 1. Pipeline company at time of BVPS-1 licensing.

# MATERIALS UTILIZING CRUDE OIL AS THE DESIGN FLUID

### Type 304 Stainless Steel<sup>(1)</sup>

<u>Oil</u>	<u>Temperature, F</u>	Corrosion Rate (Mils/yr)*
West Texas and Michigan Crude	200 to 250	25
Carbon Steel <sup>(2)</sup>		
<u>Oil</u>	Temperature, F	Corrosion Rate (Mils/yr)*
Pennsylvania Crude Naptha Light Gas Oils Heavy Gas Oils Topped Crude	800 650 775 825 800	79 79 238 158 79
90-10 Copper Nickel <sup>(3)</sup>		
Oil	Temperature, F	Corrosion Rate (Mils/yr)*
West Texas Crude (with 0.1. w/o (Sulfur)	290 to 295	74

\* This corrosion rate was magnified since the crude oil pH was maintained at 7 to 8 with ammonia which is known to be deleterious to copper alloys.

<u>Bronze</u> Since bronze would be a poor technical-economic choice for the petroleum industry, data is lacking. However, its corrosion rate would approximate, but not exceed, that of carbon steel.

<u>Neoprene</u><sup>(4)</sup> Neoprene is nearly impervious to crude oils. Neoprene hose is standard dockside equipment for unloading ocean- going tankers carrying crude oils. The projected response of neoprene to crude oils is swelling over a 4 to 5 month period. The maximum swelling would be 15 percent in this period. Under the design accident duration of one hour, no measurable effect is to be expected<sup>(5)</sup>.

- (1) E. N. Skinner, et al., "High Temperature Corrosion in Refinery and Petrochemical Service," <u>Corrosion</u>, Vol 16, p. 85, (December, 1960).
- (2) Armstead, Jr., "Safety in Petroleum Refining and Related Industries," John G. Simmonds and Company, Inc., New York, N.Y., first edition, p. 277, (1950).

#### MATERIALS UTILIZING CRUDE OIL AS THE DESIGN FLUID

- (3) F. L. Laque, "Corrosion Resistance of Cupronickel Alloys Containing 10-30 Percent Nickel," <u>Corrosion</u>, Vol 10, p. 396, (November, 1954).
- (4) "Dupont Neoprene," E. I. Dupont, Engineering, Report A-33448, (revised November, 1969).
- (5) Personal Communication, Dupont Elastomer Chemical Department, 140 Federal Street, Boston, Mass.

# PEAK "SIDE-ON" OVERPRESSURES AND DYNAMIC PRESSURES

<u>Hazard</u>	Closest Safety-Related <u>Structure</u>	Distance, Ft	Peak Dynamic Pressure, <u>Psi</u>	Peak Overpressure Psi
Railway Explosion	Control Room	2,065	.007	.54
Gasoline Barge Explosion	Control Room	710	.0022	.29
Highway Explosion	Auxiliary Building	1,250	.011	.67

# CLIMATOLOGICAL AVERAGES<sup>(1)</sup>

<u>Month</u>	Temperature (F)	Precipitation (Inches)	Snowfall <u>(Inches)</u>	Average Number <u>Thunderstorms</u>
January	28.9	2.97	10.8	<1
February	29.2	2.19	10.5	<1
March	36.8	3.32	9.9	2
April	49.0	3.08	2.0	4
Мау	59.8	3.91	0.3	5
June	68.4	3.78	0.0	6
July	72.1	3.88	0.0	7
August	70.8	3.31	0.0	6
September	64.2	2.54	0.0	3
October	53.1	2.52	0.2	2
November	40.8	2.24	3.9	<1
December	30.7	2.40	8.4	<1
Annual	50.3	36.14	46.0	35

(1) Based on Pittsburgh data, 1870-1967

# CLIMATOLOGICAL EXTREMES (1870-1967)<sup>(1)</sup>

	Pittsburgh
Maximum Temperature, F	103 (July, 1936)
Minimum Temperature, F	-20 (Feb., 1899)
Maximum Monthly Precipitation, inches	10.25 (June, 1951)
Maximum 24-Hr Precipitation, inches	4.08 (Sept., 1876)
Minimum Monthly Precipitation, inches	0.06 (Oct., 1874)
Maximum Monthly Snowfall, inches	36.30 (Dec., 1890)
Maximum 24-Hr Snowfall, inches	17.50 (Nov., 1950)
Fastest Mile Wind, mph	58 (Feb., 1967)

(1) <u>Local Climatological Data and Summaries for Pittsburgh and Pennsylvania</u>, U. S. Weather Bureau Publications.

# EXTREME MILE WINDS

<u>Probability</u>	Wind Speed (mph)	Extreme Gusts (mph)	Recurrence Interval <u>Years</u>
0.50	48	63	2
0.10	62	81	10
0.04	70	91	25
0.02	76	99	50
0.01	84	110	100

# TABLE 2.2-4 JOINT FREQUENCY DATA

50 ft Level Wind Data

50 and 150 ft Level Temperature

Wind <u>Speed</u>	Horizontal <u>Stability</u>	Vertical <u>Stability</u>	<u>X/Q</u>	Frequency	<u>Cumulative</u>	Remarks
1.0	G	G		0.05	0.05	
1.0	F	G		0.21	0.26	
1.0	G	F		0.08	0.34	
2.0	G	G		0.0	0.34	
1.0	E	G		0.73	1.07	
1.0	F	F		0.17	1.24	
1.0	G	E		0.04	1.28	
1.0	D	G		0.69	1.97	
3.0	G	G		0.0	1.97	
2.0	F	G		0.59	2.56	
2.0	G	F		0.02	2.58	
1.0	G	D	0 11, 10-3	0.0	2.58	Lising all Dandiy salma
			2.11X10			offective E and 0.64
1.0	E	F		0.27	2.95	enective F and 0.04
1.0	E	Г С		0.27	2.00	
4.0	G	G F		0.0	2.00	
1.0	I	L	1 83v10 <sup>-3</sup>	0.00	5.20	Lising only Bendix nighttime
			1.00×10			calms effective E and 0.73
20	F	G		1 13	4 33	
1.0	C.	G		0.29	4.62	
1.0	0	0	1 62x10 <sup>-3</sup>	0.20	1.02	Using all P-Bell calms
			1.02/10			effective F and 0.84
1.0	D	F				
3.0	F	G				
3.0	G	F				
4.0	G	G				
2.0	F	F				
2.0	G	Е				

#### DESIGN BASIS ACCIDENT AND EXTENDED RELEASE METEOROLOGICAL CONDITIONS

<u>Period</u>	Pasquill <u>Class</u>	Mean Wind Speed <u>(m/second)</u>	<u>Fi*fi</u>	Wind <u>Direction</u>
0-2 hours	F	0.84	1.0	Invariant
2-24 hours	F	0.84	1.0	Sector Average
24-96 hours	D	2.0	0.25	Sector Average
	F	0.9	0.25	Sector Average
4 days	D	1.5	0.020	Sector Average
30 days	Е	1.0	0.020	Sector Average
	F	0.9	0.020	Sector Average
	G	1.4	0.025	Sector Average

# AVERAGE MONTHLY RELATIVE HUMIDITY (PERCENT) AND ABSOLUTE HUMIDITY (gm/m<sup>3</sup>) AT BEAVER VALLEY

# BASED ON SEPTEMBER 6, 1970 - SEPTEMBER 5, 1972 DATA

<u>Month</u>	Relative Humidity <u>(Percent)</u>	Absolute Humidity <u>(gm/m</u> ³)
January	89.0	3.1
February	77.3	2.6
March	44.2	2.3
April	56.9	4.7
Мау	70.4	8.4
June	80.4	14.2
July	76.3	14.6
August	77.7	13.5
September	81.4	13.6
October	78.9	9.2
November	74.5	5.5
December	62.8	3.8

# $\chi/Q~(SEC/M^3)$ FOR 158 METER RELEASE - BASED ON THE JOINT FREQUENCY OF BENDIX-FRIEZ 150 FOOT WIND DATA AND $\Delta T~(150'-50')$ TEMPERATURE DATA FOR THE PERIOD SEPTEMBER 5, 1970 - SEPTEMBER 4, 1971

Time Period	Exclusion Distance, Unit 1 - 610 meters		Exclusion Distance, Unit 2 - 456 meters				
0-2 hours	worst case	2.2 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>	worst case	2.5 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>			
	5% probability level	8.4 x 10 <sup>-7</sup>	5% probability level	1.5 x 10 <sup>-7</sup>			
	50% probability level	8.1 x 10 <sup>-27</sup>	50% probability level	8.7 x 10 <sup>-40</sup>			
	Outer Boundary of Low Population Zone (3.6 miles - 5,794 meters)						
0-8 hours	worst case	1.0 x 10⁻⁵					
	5% probability level	1.5 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>					
	50% probability level	1.3 x 10 <sup>-7</sup>					
	Outer Boundary of Low Population Zone (3.6 miles - 5,794 meters)						
8-24 hours	worst case	5.1 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>					
	5% probability level	7.5 x 10 <sup>-7</sup>					
	50% probability level	1.1 x 10 <sup>-7</sup>					

# TABLE 2.2-7 (CONT'D)

# $\chi$ /Q (SEC/M<sup>3</sup>) FOR 158 METER RELEASE - BASED ON THE JOINT FREQUENCY OF BENDIX-FRIEZ 150 FOOT WIND DATA AND $\Delta$ T (150'-50') TEMPERATURE DATA FOR THE PERIOD SEPTEMBER 5, 1970 - SEPTEMBER 4, 1971

Time Period	Exclusion Distance, Unit 1 - 610 meter	Exclusion Distance, Unit 2 - 456 meters	
	Outer Boundary of Low Population Z	)	
1-4 days	worst case	1.3 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>	
	5% probability level	6.3 x 10 <sup>-7</sup>	
	50% probability level	8.2 x 10 <sup>-8</sup>	
	Outer Boundary of Low Population Z	one (3.6 miles - 5,794 meters)	)
4-30 days	worst case	(1)	
	5% probability level	(1)	
	50% probability level	(1)	

(1) No consecutive observations of 624 hours (26 days); i.e., there was always a missing wind and/or temperature measurement in any 624 hour period.

#### χ/Q (SEC/M<sup>3</sup>) AT THE OUTER BOUNDARY OF THE LOW POPULATION ZONE (3.6 MILES - 5,794 METERS) FOR A GROUND LEVEL RELEASE - BASED ON THE JOINT FREQUENCY OF PACKARD BELL 50 FOOT WIND DATA AND ΔT (150'-50') TEMPERATURE DATA FOR THE PERIOD SEPTEMBER 5, 1970 - SEPTEMBER 4, 1971

_

(1) No consecutive observations of 624 hours (26 days); i.e., there was always a missing wind and/or temperature measurement in any 624 hour period.

#### **BVPS UFSAR UNIT 1**

#### **TABLE 2.2-9**

#### ANNUAL AVERAGE ATMOSPHERIC DIFFUSION FACTORS (X/Q) FOR A 158 METER RELEASE FOR 16 RADIAL SECTORS TO 50 MILES (USING SITE METEOROLOGICAL DATA)

\*\*\*\* ANNUAL AVERAGE \*\*\*\*

#### BEAVER VALLEY 50 FT WIND DATA - DELTA T - 9/5/70-9/5/71

#### \*\*CHI/Q FOR RELEASE HEIGHT OF \* 1.5800E+02 METERS \* (IN SEC PER CU METER)\*\*

DIST,M	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	Ν
2.0000E+02	8.9518E-13	6.8382E-13	4.0407E-13	3.7299E-14	1.9893E-13	1.8650E-13	1.3676E-13	6.9001E-20
4.0000E+02	6.9423E-09	5.2240E-09	3.0997E-09	3.5460E-10	1.5656E-09	1.4963E-09	1.0712E-09	3.1933E-11
6.0000E+02	1.0547E-08	6.5497E-09	4.1118E-09	1.7820E-09	2.9010E-09	3.3799E-09	1.9177E-09	7.5840E-10
8.0000E+02	9.1642E-09	4.4040E-09	3.0096E-09	3.5528E-09	4.0594E-09	5.9757E-09	2.8522E-09	2.6266E-09
1.2000E+03	7.4859E-09	4.4578E-09	2.7954E-09	5.5965E-09	7.2925E-09	1.2386E-08	5.8840E-09	7.0293E-09
1.6000E+03	6.4680E-09	5.2675E-09	3.0314E-09	6.0127E-09	8.8795E-09	1.5296E-08	7.4276E-09	9.0149E-09
2.4000E+03	5.3659E-09	6.0222E-09	3.4648E-09	6.0581E-09	1.0474E-08	1.6812E-08	8.5350E-09	9.7850E-09
3.2000E+03	5.7131E-09	7.1159E-09	4.5023E-09	7.0596E-09	1.2950E-08	1.8685E-08	9.8442E-09	1.0696E-08
4.0000E+03	7.1610E-09	8.6151E-09	6.0982E-09	8.9174E-09	1.5936E-08	2.0889E-08	1.1237E-08	1.2149E-08
4.8000E+03	9.1219E-09	1.0205E-08	7.9056E-09	1.1105E-08	1.8839E-08	2.2869E-08	1.2428E-08	1.3749E-08
5.6000E+03	1.1084E-08	1.1622E-08	9.5946E-09	1.3167E-08	2.1282E-08	2.4371E-08	1.3310E-08	1.5173E-08
6.4000E+03	1.2767E-08	1.2738E-08	1.0986E-08	1.4864E-08	2.3116E-08	2.5339E-08	1.3872E-08	1.6267E-08
7.2000E+03	1.4075E-08	1.3532E-08	1.2032E-08	1.6127E-08	2.4348E-08	2.5823E-08	1.4154E-08	1.7003E-08
8.0000E+03	1.5020E-08	1.4040E-08	1.2755E-08	1.6984E-08	2.5060E-08	2.5911E-08	1.4212E-08	1.7418E-08
8.8000E+03	1.5653E-08	1.4315E-08	1.3206E-08	1.7499E-08	2.5357E-08	2.5700E-08	1.4101E-08	1.7571E-08
9.6000E+03	1.6038E-08	1.4411E-08	1.3442E-08	1.7742E-08	2.5338E-08	2.5272E-08	1.3870E-08	1.7521E-08
1.0400E+04	1.6231E-08	1.4376E-08	1.3514E-08	1.7778E-08	2.5088E-08	2.4695E-08	1.3558E-08	1.7323E-08
1.1200E+04	1.6281E-08	1.4245E-08	1.3463E-08	1.7661E-08	2.4674E-08	2.4022E-08	1.3192E-08	1.7020E-08
1.2000E+04	1.6225E-08	1.4048E-08	1.3323E-08	1.7433E-08	2.4147E-08	2.3290E-08	1.2795E-08	1.6644E-08
1.2800E+04	1.6092E-08	1.3807E-08	1.3120E-08	1.7127E-08	2.3547E-08	2.2529E-08	1.2382E-08	1.6222E-08
1.4400E+04	1.5679E-08	1.3246E-08	1.2599E-08	1.6376E-08	2.2237E-08	2.0994E-08	1.1549E-08	1.5307E-08
1.5200E+04	1.5427E-08	1.2947E-08	1.2305E-08	1.5963E-08	2.1562E-08	2.0244E-08	1.1142E-08	1.4839E-08
1.6000E+04	1.5157E-08	1.2645E-08	1.2003E-08	1.5540E-08	2.0890E-08	1.9515E-08	1.0747E-08	1.4374E-08
1.6800E+04	1.4877E-08	1.2343E-08	1.1696E-08	1.5115E-08	2.0229E-08	1.8811E-08	1.0365E-08	1.3917E-08
1.7600E+04	1.4592E-08	1.2044E-08	1.1389E-08	1.4693E-08	1.9584E-08	1.8135E-08	9.9991E-09	1.3471E-08
1.8400E+04	1.4304E-08	1.1751E-08	1.1086E-08	1.4277E-08	1.8959E-08	1.7489E-08	9.6485E-09	1.3040E-08
1.9200E+04	1.4017E-08	1.1465E-08	1.0789E-08	1.3871E-08	1.8355E-08	1.6871E-08	9.3139E-09	1.2624E-08
2.0000E+04	1.3733E-08	1.1186E-08	1.0499E-08	1.3476E-08	1.7773E-08	1.6283E-08	8.9949E-09	1.2223E-08
2.0800E+04	1.3453E-08	1.0916E-08	1.0217E-08	1.3093E-08	1.7215E-08	1.5723E-08	8.6913E-09	1.1839E-08
2.1600E+04	1.3177E-08	1.0654E-08	9.9435E-09	1.2724E-08	1.6681E-08	1.5191E-08	8.4025E-09	1.1471E-08
2.2400E+04	1.2908E-08	1.0401E-08	9.6795E-09	1.2368E-08	1.6169E-08	1.4685E-08	8.1280E-09	1.1119E-08
2.3200E+04	1.2645E-08	1.0156E-08	9.4248E-09	1.2025E-08	1.5680E-08	1.4204E-08	7.8670E-09	1.0783E-08
2.4000E+04	1.2388E-08	9.9198E-09	9.1793E-09	1.1696E-08	1.5213E-08	1.3747E-08	7.6189E-09	1.0461E-08
5.0000E+04	7.0631E-09	5.3909E-09	4.6866E-09	5.8137E-09	7.2415E-09	6.2755E-09	3.5289E-09	4.9821E-09
1.0000E+05	3.6104E-09	2.7118E-09	2.3273E-09	2.8635E-09	3.5021E-09	2.9750E-09	1.6804E-09	2.4105E-09

Rev. 19

#### **BVPS UFSAR UNIT 1**

#### TABLE 2.2-9 (CONT'D)

#### ANNUAL AVERAGE ATMOSPHERIC DIFFUSION FACTORS (X/Q) FOR A 158 METER RELEASE FOR 16 RADIAL SECTORS TO 50 MILES (USING SITE METEOROLOGICAL DATA)

#### \*\*\*\* ANNUAL AVERAGE \*\*\*\*

#### BEAVER VALLEY 50 FT WIND DATA - DELTA T - 9/5/70-9/5/71

#### \*\*CHI/Q FOR RELEASE HEIGHT OF \* 1.5800E+02 METERS \* (IN SEC PER CU METER)\*\*

DIST,M	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S
2.0000E+02	4.6624E-14	1.2433E-13	4.9732E-13	3.1083E-13	3.7299E-14	7.4598E-13	6.2165E-14	7.5841E-13
4.0000E+02	4.3094E-10	9.4988E-10	3.8222E-09	2.3746E-09	2.9517E-10	5.7498E-09	4.7497E-10	5.7939E-09
6.0000E+02	1.9807E-09	1.2558E-09	5.2408E-09	3.0240E-09	6.0098E-10	8.0839E-09	6.7214E-10	7.2293E-09
8.0000E+02	3.9089E-09	1.4766E-09	4.3795E-09	2.4889E-09	1.0915E-09	6.1487E-09	1.1986E-09	4.5216E-09
1.2000E+03	6.2659E-09	3.5975E-09	5.3566E-09	4.0372E-09	2.5425E-09	4.3303E-09	3.6907E-09	3.4556E-09
1.6000E+03	6.7599E-09	4.8710E-09	6.1880E-09	5.2443E-09	3.3068E-09	3.7093E-09	5.0254E-09	3.8441E-09
2.4000E+03	6.4382E-09	5.6266E-09	6.6114E-09	6.2513E-09	4.1644E-09	3.7281E-09	5.4307E-09	5.1007E-09
3.2000E+03	6.5724E-09	6.2353E-09	7.2414E-09	7.4556E-09	5.7487E-09	5.3044E-09	6.1866E-09	7.4698E-09
4.0000E+03	7.0587E-09	6.8415E-09	8.0722E-09	8.9303E-09	8.1635E-09	8.1862E-09	8.1167E-09	1.0747E-08
4.8000E+03	7.6161E-09	7.3283E-09	8.8733E-09	1.0396E-08	1.0921E-08	1.1670E-08	1.0725E-08	1.4323E-08
5.6000E+03	8.0914E-09	7.6557E-09	9.5165E-09	1.1646E-08	1.3518E-08	1.5047E-08	1.3368E-08	1.7616E-08
6.4000E+03	8.4249E-09	7.8281E-09	9.9585E-09	1.2589E-08	1.5674E-08	1.7914E-08	1.5659E-08	2.0321E-08
7.2000E+03	8.6112E-09	7.8699E-09	1.0207E-08	1.3221E-08	1.7308E-08	2.0138E-08	1.7458E-08	2.2362E-08
8.0000E+03	8.6694E-09	7.8109E-09	1.0294E-08	1.3582E-08	1.8451E-08	2.1744E-08	1.8766E-08	2.3795E-08
8.8000E+03	8.6262E-09	7.6789E-09	1.0254E-08	1.3725E-08	1.9177E-08	2.2819E-08	1.9647E-08	2.4722E-08
9.6000E+03	8.5076E-09	7.4970E-09	1.0122E-08	1.3703E-08	1.9571E-08	2.3467E-08	2.0181E-08	2.5252E-08
1.0400E+04	8.3356E-09	7.2830E-09	9.9238E-09	1.3558E-08	1.9709E-08	2.3783E-08	2.0445E-08	2.5480E-08
1.1200E+04	8.1277E-09	7.0502E-09	9.6822E-09	1.3326E-08	1.9656E-08	2.3849E-08	2.0504E-08	2.5485E-08
1.2000E+04	7.8972E-09	6.8083E-09	9.4132E-09	1.3036E-08	1.9464E-08	2.3729E-08	2.0411E-08	2.5326E-08
1.2800E+04	7.6540E-09	6.5640E-09	9.1287E-09	1.2707E-08	1.9171E-08	2.3475E-08	2.0207E-08	2.5051E-08
1.4400E+04	7.1566E-09	6.0857E-09	8.5456E-09	1.1991E-08	1.8401E-08	2.2707E-08	1.9587E-08	2.4282E-08
1.5200E+04	6.9110E-09	5.8568E-09	8.2575E-09	1.1623E-08	1.7963E-08	2.2245E-08	1.9211E-08	2.3833E-08
1.6000E+04	6.6712E-09	5.6367E-09	7.9760E-09	1.1258E-08	1.7509E-08	2.1756E-08	1.8813E-08	2.3361E-08
1.6800E+04	6.4388E-09	5.4260E-09	7.7031E-09	1.0898E-08	1.7048E-08	2.1250E-08	1.8400E-08	2.2877E-08
1.7600E+04	6.2148E-09	5.2250E-09	7.4400E-09	1.0548E-08	1.6587E-08	2.0738E-08	1.7981E-08	2.2388E-08
1.8400E+04	5.9997E-09	5.0338E-09	7.1873E-09	1.0208E-08	1.6130E-08	2.0227E-08	1.7562E-08	2.1899E-08
1.9200E+04	5.7939E-09	4.8521E-09	6.9453E-09	9.8802E-09	1.5682E-08	1.9720E-08	1.7145E-08	2.1416E-08
2.0000E+04	5.5972E-09	4.6797E-09	6.7140E-09	9.5648E-09	1.5244E-08	1.9222E-08	1.6735E-08	2.0940E-08
2.0800E+04	5.4097E-09	4.5163E-09	6.4934E-09	9.2623E-09	1.4819E-08	1.8734E-08	1.6333E-08	2.0474E-08
2.1600E+04	5.2311E-09	4.3613E-09	6.2831E-09	8.9725E-09	1.4408E-08	1.8259E-08	1.5941E-08	2.0018E-08
2.2400E+04	5.0611E-09	4.2144E-09	6.0828E-09	8.6953E-09	1.4010E-08	1.7798E-08	1.5559E-08	1.9574E-08
2.3200E+04	4.8992E-09	4.0752E-09	5.8921E-09	8.4304E-09	1.3626E-08	1.7352E-08	1.5188E-08	1.9143E-08
2.4000E+04	4.7452E-09	3.9432E-09	5.7105E-09	8.1774E-09	1.3257E-08	1.6920E-08	1.4829E-08	1.8724E-08
5.0000E+04	2.1955E-09	1.8013E-09	2.6790E-09	8.8750E-09	6.6111E-09	8.8011E-09	7.9118E-09	1.0379E-08
1.0000E+05	1.0479E-09	8.5105E-10	1.2841E-09	1.8716E-09	3.2649E-09	4.4041E-09	3.9855E-09	5.2641E-09

#### ANNUAL AVERAGE ATMOSPHERIC DIFFUSION FACTORS (X/Q) FOR A GROUND-LEVEL RELEASE FOR 16 RADIAL SECTORS TO 50 MILES (USING SITE METEOROLOGICAL DATA)

\*\*\*\* ANNUAL AVERAGE \*\*\*\*

BEAVER VALLEY 50 FT WIND DATA - DELTA T - 9/5/70-9/5/71

\*\*CHI/Q FOR RELEASE HEIGHT OF \* 0.

METERS \* (IN SEC PER CU METER)\*\*

DIST,M	NNE	NE	ENE	E	ESE	SE	SSE	S
2.0000E+02	2.8208E-05	2.4146E-05	3.6584E-05	5.4822E-05	1.0961E-04	1.4967E-04	1.6045E-04	2.8848E-04
4.0000E+02	7.5850E-06	6.5078E-06	9.8500E-06	1.4778E-05	2.9626E-05	4.0457E-05	4.3496E-05	7.8513E-05
6.0000E+02	3.6260E-06	3.1193E-06	4.7192E-06	7.0892E-06	1.4270E-05	1.9504E-05	2.1047E-05	3.8181E-05
8.0000E+02	2.1942E-06	1.8929E-06	2.8635E-06	4.3068E-06	8.7093E-06	1.1919E-05	1.2913E-05	2.3552E-05
1.2000E+03	1.1243E-06	9.7350E-07	1.4741E-06	2.2234E-06	4.5341E-06	6.2179E-06	6.7779E-06	1.2465E-05
1.6000E+03	7.0618E-07	6.1221E-07	9.2831E-07	1.4036E-06	2.8776E-06	3.9490E-06	4.3182E-06	7.9749E-06
2.4000E+03	3.6746E-07	3.1912E-07	4.8489E-07	7.3570E-07	1.5195E-06	2.0873E-06	2.2927E-06	4.2596E-06
3.2000E+03	2.3164E-07	2.0142E-07	3.0651E-07	4.6619E-07	9.6801E-07	1.3305E-06	1.4662E-06	2.7359E-06
4.0000E+03	1.6219E-07	1.4116E-07	2.1508E-07	3.2776E-07	6.8343E-07	9.3979E-07	1.0382E-06	1.9440E-06
4.8000E+03	1.2137E-07	1.0571E-07	1.6123E-07	2.4609E-07	5.1491E-07	7.0828E-07	7.8411E-07	1.4724E-06
5.6000E+03	9.5079E-08	8.2857E-08	1.2649E-07	1.9333E-07	4.0573E-07	5.5823E-07	6.1913E-07	1.1654E-06
6.4000E+03	7.7023E-08	6.7154E-08	1.0260E-07	1.5701E-07	3.3037E-07	4.5462E-07	5.0503E-07	9.5269E-07
7.2000E+03	6.4014E-08	5.5834E-08	8.5362E-08	1.3078E-07	2.7583E-07	3.7961E-07	4.2232E-07	7.9822E-07
8.0000E+03	5.4288E-08	4.7366E-08	7.2463E-08	1.1114E-07	2.3490E-07	3.2330E-07	3.6015E-07	6.8191E-07
8.8000E+03	4.6797E-08	4.0842E-08	6.2520E-08	9.5980E-08	2.0326E-07	2.7977E-07	3.1203E-07	5.9178E-07
9.6000E+03	4.0887E-08	3.5693E-08	5.4669E-08	8.4003E-08	1.7822E-07	2.4531E-07	2.7391E-07	5.2027E-07
1.0400E+04	3.6130E-08	3.1548E-08	4.8345E-08	7.4350E-08	1.5801E-07	2.1749E-07	2.4311E-07	4.6241E-07
1.1200E+04	3.2236E-08	2.8153E-08	4.3164E-08	6.6436E-08	1.4142E-07	1.9465E-07	2.1779E-07	4.1481E-07
1.2000E+04	2.9001E-08	2.5333E-08	3.8858E-08	5.9856E-08	1.2760E-07	1.7563E-07	1.9670E-07	3.7511E-07
1.2800E+04	2.6280E-08	2.2960E-08	3.5234E-08	5.4314E-08	1.1595E-07	1.5959E-07	1.7890E-07	3.4157E-07
1.4400E+04	2.1980E-08	1.9208E-08	2.9502E-08	4.5542E-08	9.7487E-08	1.3416E-07	1.5064E-07	2.8827E-07
1.5200E+04	2.0259E-08	1.7707E-08	2.7206E-08	4.2028E-08	9.0076E-08	1.2395E-07	1.3929E-07	2.6683E-07
1.6000E+04	1.8757E-08	1.6396E-08	2.5202E-08	3.8958E-08	8.3597E-08	1.1502E-07	1.2936E-07	2.4806E-07
1.6800E+04	1.7438E-08	1.5245E-08	2.3440E-08	3.6257E-08	7.7893E-08	1.0717E-07	1.2061E-07	2.3152E-07
1.7600E+04	1.6271E-08	1.4226E-08	2.1881E-08	3.3868E-08	7.2841E-08	1.0020E-07	1.1286E-07	2.1684E-07
1.8400E+04	1.5233E-08	1.3320E-08	2.0495E-08	3.1741E-08	6.8341E-08	9.4004E-08	1.0595E-07	2.0376E-07
1.9200E+04	1.4305E-08	1.2510E-08	1.9254E-08	2.9838E-08	6.4312E-08	8.8452E-08	9.9763E-08	1.9203E-07
2.0000E+04	1.3471E-08	1.1782E-08	1.8140E-08	2.8128E-08	6.0689E-08	8.3458E-08	9.4193E-08	1.8147E-07
2.0800E+04	1.2720E-08	1.1125E-08	1.7135E-08	2.6585E-08	5.7415E-08	7.8947E-08	8.9159E-08	1.7192E-07
2.1600E+04	1.2038E-08	1.0531E-08	1.6223E-08	2.5185E-08	5.4446E-08	7.4855E-08	8.4592E-08	1.6325E-07
2.2400E+04	1.1419E-08	9.9897E-09	1.5395E-08	2.3913E-08	5.1744E-08	7.1130E-08	8.0432E-08	1.5535E-07
2.3200E+04	1.0854E-08	9.4963E-09	1.4639E-08	2.2751E-08	4.9275E-08	6.7727E-08	7.6632E-08	1.4812E-07
2.4000E+04	1.0338E-08	9.0447E-09	1.3946E-08	2.1687E-08	4.7013E-08	6.4609E-08	7.3147E-08	1.4150E-07
5.0000E+04	3.8458E-09	3.3701E-09	5.2337E-09	8.2663E-09	1.8337E-08	2.5054E-08	2.8817E-08	5.6914E-08
1.0000E+05	1.8501E-09	1.6249E-09	2.5464E-09	4.1266E-09	9.4466E-09	1.2729E-08	1.4995E-08	3.0538E-08

Rev. 19

#### **BVPS UFSAR UNIT 1**

# TABLE 2.2-10 (CONT'D)

#### ANNUAL AVERAGE ATMOSPHERIC DIFFUSION FACTORS (X/Q) FOR A GROUND-LEVEL RELEASE FOR 16 RADIAL SECTORS TO 50 MILES (USING SITE METEOROLOGICAL DATA)

#### \*\*\*\* ANNUAL AVERAGE \*\*\*\*

#### BEAVER VALLEY 50 FT WIND DATA - DELTA T - 9/5/70-9/5/71

#### \*\*CHI/Q FOR RELEASE HEIGHT OF \* 0.

#### METERS \* (IN SEC PER CU METER)\*\*

DIST,M	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	N
2.0000E+02	3.0612E-04	2.0734E-04	8.5251E-05	8.2270E-05	9.2738E-05	7.8633E-05	4.6946E-05	6.3337E-05
4.0000E+02	8.3571E-05	5.6574E-05	2.3073E-05	2.2171E-05	2.4959E-05	2.1156E-05	1.2651E-05	1.7037E-05
6.0000E+02	4.0789E-05	2.7588E-05	1.1137E-05	1.0640E-05	1.1948E-05	1.0115E-05	6.0633E-06	8.1500E-06
8.0000E+02	2.5258E-05	1.7066E-05	6.8147E-06	6.4686E-06	7.2407E-06	6.1210E-06	3.6791E-06	4.9358E-06
1.2000E+03	1.3451E-05	9.0731E-06	3.5615E-06	3.3449E-06	3.7221E-06	3.1352E-06	1.8930E-06	2.5343E-06
1.6000E+03	8.6388E-06	5.8208E-06	2.2640E-06	2.1138E-06	2.3435E-06	1.9684E-06	1.1913E-06	1.5945E-06
2.4000E+03	4.6396E-06	3.1215E-06	1.1983E-06	1.1093E-06	1.2234E-06	1.0236E-06	6.2155E-07	8.3152E-07
8.2000E+03	2.9919E-06	2.0108E-06	7.6467E-07	7.0347E-07	7.7290E-07	6.4492E-07	3.9254E-07	5.2493E-07
4.0000E+03	2.1327E-06	1.4322E-06	5.4057E-07	4.9486E-07	5.4206E-07	4.5136E-07	2.7525E-07	3.6794E-07
4.8000E+03	1.6197E-06	1.0869E-06	4.0772E-07	3.7169E-07	4.0613E-07	3.3761E-07	2.0620E-07	2.7555E-07
5.6000E+03	1.2851E-06	8.6188E-07	3.2156E-07	2.9210E-07	3.1848E-07	2.6437E-07	1.6168E-07	2.1599E-07
6.4000E+03	1.0527E-06	7.0569E-07	2.6204E-07	2.3728E-07	2.5821E-07	2.1409E-07	1.3108E-07	1.7506E-07
7.2000E+03	8.8372E-07	5.9213E-07	2.1893E-07	1.9768E-07	2.1476E-07	1.7787E-07	1.0901E-07	1.4555E-07
8.0000E+03	7.5629E-07	5.0653E-07	1.8655E-07	1.6801E-07	1.8224E-07	1.5079E-07	9.2500E-08	1.2348E-07
8.8000E+03	6.5740E-07	4.4014E-07	1.6152E-07	1.4511E-07	1.5717E-07	1.2994E-07	7.9777E-08	1.0647E-07
9.6000E+03	5.7885E-07	3.8741E-07	1.4169E-07	1.2702E-07	1.3739E-07	1.1350E-07	6.9734E-08	9.3045E-08
1.0400E+04	5.1522E-07	3.4472E-07	1.2568E-07	1.1243E-07	1.2146E-07	1.0027E-07	6.1647E-08	8.2237E-08
1.1200E+04	4.6283E-07	3.0957E-07	1.1253E-07	1.0046E-07	1.0841E-07	8.9434E-08	5.5024E-08	7.3386E-08
1.2000E+04	4.1908E-07	2.8023E-07	1.0158E-07	9.0514E-08	9.7566E-08	8.0438E-08	4.9520E-08	6.6032E-08
1.2800E+04	3.8210E-07	2.5543E-07	9.2338E-08	8.2134E-08	8.8441E-08	7.2874E-08	4.4889E-08	5.9846E-08
1.4400E+04	3.2324E-07	2.1598E-07	7.7684E-08	6.8866E-08	7.4011E-08	6.0920E-08	3.7565E-08	5.0064E-08
1.5200E+04	2.9954E-07	2.0009E-07	7.1801E-08	6.3549E-08	6.8235E-08	5.6138E-08	3.4634E-08	4.6149E-08
1.6000E+04	2.7878E-07	1.8618E-07	6.6655E-08	5.8904E-08	6.3192E-08	5.1966E-08	3.2075E-08	4.2732E-08
1.6800E+04	2.6046E-07	1.7391E-07	6.2124E-08	5.4818E-08	5.8759E-08	4.8300E-08	2.9825E-08	3.9728E-08
1.7600E+04	2.4421E-07	1.6302E-07	5.8110E-08	5.1201E-08	5.4838E-08	4.5058E-08	2.7836E-08	3.7071E-08
1.8400E+04	2.2970E-07	1.5331E-07	5.4533E-08	4.7982E-08	5.1350E-08	4.2176E-08	2.6066E-08	3.4709E-08
1.9200E+04	2.1669E-07	1.4460E-07	5.1331E-08	4.5102E-08	4.8231E-08	3.9599E-08	2.4483E-08	3.2596E-08
2.0000E+04	2.0498E-07	1.3675E-07	4.8449E-08	4.2514E-08	4.5429E-08	3.7285E-08	2.3061E-08	3.0698E-08
2.0800E+04	1.9437E-07	1.2966E-07	4.5846E-08	4.0176E-08	4.2901E-08	3.5198E-08	2.1779E-08	2.8986E-08
2.1600E+04	1.8474E-07	1.2321E-07	4.3484E-08	3.8058E-08	4.0611E-08	3.3308E-08	2.0616E-08	2.7435E-08
2.2400E+04	1.7596E-07	1.1734E-07	4.1334E-08	3.6131E-08	3.8528E-08	3.1589E-08	1.9560E-08	2.6024E-08
2.3200E+04	1.6793E-07	1.1196E-07	3.9369E-08	3.4371E-08	3.6627E-08	3.0022E-08	1.8595E-08	2.4737E-08
2.4000E+04	1.6057E-07	1.0703E-07	3.7569E-08	3.2760E-08	3.4888E-08	2.8587E-08	1.7713E-08	2.3560E-08
5.0000E+04	6.6152E-08	4.3921E-08	1.4708E-08	1.2415E-08	1.3008E-08	1.0593E-08	6.6148E-09	8.7552E-09
1.0000E+05	3.6797E-08	2.4312E-08	7.6013E-09	6.1002E-09	6.2529E-09	5.0719E-09	3.1966E-09	4.1852E-09

# Design Basis LOCA X/Q Values

# (sec/m<sup>3</sup>)

	Exclusion Are 610 m	ea Boundary eters	Low Popu 3.6	lation Zone miles
	0.5%	50%	0.5%	50%
0-2 hours	8.9 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>	6.3 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>	9.5 x 10⁻⁵	7.9 x 10⁻⁵
0-8 hours	-	-	4.2 x 10⁻⁵	3.6 x 10 <sup>-5</sup>
0-24 hours	-	-	2.7 x 10⁵	2.4 x 10⁻⁵
0-31 days	-	-	6.8 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>	6.6 x 10⁻ <sup>6</sup>

Note: Appendix 2A and Table 2.2-11 values were used for analyses performed prior to 1996. The values in Tables 2.2-11a and 2.2-11b will be used for radiological consequence analyses performed subsequent to 1996.

# TABLE 2.2-11a

# 0.5% Accident Analysis 0- to 2-Hour X/Q Values at the Exclusion Area Boundary (1/1/86 - 12/31/95)

Downwind	Downwind	Sector X/Q
Sector	Distance (m)	(sec/m <sup>3</sup> )
N	610	5.41E-4
NNE	610	3.31E-4
NE	610	2.11E-4
ENE	610	1.84E-4
E	610	1.85E-4
ESE	610	2.01E-4
SE	610	1.86E-4
SSE	610	1.92E-4
S	610	2.08E-4
SSW	610	2.36E-4
SW	610	3.17E-4
WSW	610	3.93E-4
W	610	5.67E-4
WNW	610	8.00E-4
NW	610	1.04E-3
NNW	610	7.35E-4
Maximum Value (NW)		1.04E-3
5% Site Value		6.09E-4

#### Notes:

- 1. The data above were generated in 1996. Appendix 2A and Table 2.2-11 values were used for analyses performed prior to 1996.
- 2. Ref: ERS-SFL-96-021 r0, 1996

### TABLE 2.2-11b

# 0.5% Accident Analysis X/Q Values for Various Time Periods at the Low Population Zone Boundary (1/1/86 - 12/31/95)

Downwind Sector	Distance	0.2 Hrs		sec/m <sup>3</sup>	1.4  days	4.30 dave
360101	(11)	0-21115	0-01115	0-241115	1-4 uays	4-30 uays
N	5794	5.22E-5	2.42E-5	1.64E-5	7.12E-6	2.14E-6
NNE	5794	2.79E-5	1.33E-5	9.16E-6	4.09E-6	1.29E-6
NE	5794	1.66E-5	8.16E-6	5.72E-6	2.65E-6	8.76E-7
ENE	5794	1.40E-5	7.50E-6	5.49E-6	2.80E-6	1.06E-6
Е	5794	1.32E-5	6.52E-6	4.59E-6	2.14E-6	7.17E-7
ESE	5794	1.28E-5	6.16E-6	4.27E-6	1.93E-6	6.19E-7
SE	5794	1.45E-5	6.95E-6	4.81E-6	2.17E-6	6.92E-7
SSE	5794	1.47E-5	6.80E-6	4.62E-6	2.00E-6	5.99E-7
S	5794	1.64E-5	7.51E-6	5.09E-6	2.18E-6	6.48E-7
SSW	5794	1.88E-5	8.68E-6	5.90E-6	2.55E-6	7.65E-7
SW	5794	2.80E-5	1.30E-5	8.83E-6	3.83E-6	1.15E-6
WSW	5794	4.22E-5	1.99E-5	1.37E-5	6.08E-6	1.89E-6
W	5794	6.41E-5	3.00E-5	2.06E-5	9.03E-6	2.77E-6
WNW	5794	9.06E-5	4.58E-5	3.26E-5	1.56E-5	5.38E-6
NW	5794	1.18E-4	6.04E-5	4.33E-5	2.10E-5	7.44E-6
NNW	5794	8.32E-5	3.94E-5	2.71E-5	1.21E-5	3.78E-6
Max. Valı	ue (NW)	1.18E-4	6.04E-5	4.33E-5	2.10E-5	7.44E-6
5% Site \	/alue	6.68E-5	3.77E-5	2.83E-5	1.52E-5	6.23E-6

#### Notes:

- 1. The data above were generated in 1996. Appendix 2A and Table 2.2-11 values were used for analyses performed prior to 1996.
- 2. Ref: ERS-SFL-96-021 r0, 1996

# TABLE 2.2-12A

# BVPS-1 ON-SITE ATMOSPHERIC DISPERSION FACTORS (SEC/M<sup>3</sup>) - ARCON96 Methodology

Release	Receptor	0-2 hr	2-8 hr	8-24 hr	1-4 d	4-30 d
U1 Containment Edge	BVPS-1 CR Intake	7.48E-04	5.77E-04	2.53E-04	2.00E-04	1.78E-04
U1 Containment Top	BVPS-1 CR Intake	8.16E-04	5.78E-04	2.27E-04	1.71E-04	1.47E-04
U1 Ventilation Vent	BVPS-1 CR Intake	4.75E-03	3.66E-03	1.43E-03	1.02E-03	8.84E-04
U1 RWST Vent	BVPS-1 CR Intake	7.34E-04	6.17E-04	2.54E-04	1.96E-04	1.57E-04
U1 MS Relief Valves	BVPS-1 CR Intake	1.24E-03	9.94E-04	4.08E-04	3.03E-04	2.51E-04
U1 MSL (break)/AEJ	BVPS-1 CR Intake	1.05E-02	7.72E-03	3.01E-03	2.14E-03	2.00E-03
U1 Gaseous Waste Storage Vault	BVPS-1 CR Intake	1.40E-03	8.78E-04	3.16E-04	2.93E-04	2.62E-04
U1 Containment Equipment Hatch	BVPS-1 CR Intake	6.25E-04	4.23E-04	1.76E-04	1.27E-04	1.11E-04
U1 Cooling Tower	BVPS-1 CR Intake	1.19E-04	8.79E-05	3.41E-05	2.76E-05	2.09E-05
U1 Containment Edge	BVPS-2 CR Intake	4.88E-04	4.07E-04	1.79E-04	1.41E-04	1.22E-04
U1 Containment Top	BVPS-2 CR Intake	5.93E-04	4.63E-04	1.84E-04	1.34E-04	1.16E-04
U1 Ventilation Vent	BVPS-2 CR Intake	2.00E-03	1.62E-03	6.76E-04	5.05E-04	4.06E-04
U1 RWST Vent	BVPS-2 CR Intake	4.76E-04	4.10E-04	1.70E-04	1.33E-04	1.07E-04
U1 MS Relief Valves	BVPS-2 CR Intake	7.46E-04	6.31E-04	2.62E-04	1.98E-04	1.62E-04
U1 MSL (break)/AEJ	BVPS-2 CR Intake	4.24E-03	3.87E-03	1.69E-03	1.18E-03	1.06E-03
U1 Gaseous Waste Storage Vault	BVPS-2 CR Intake	1.42E-03	8.19E-04	3.38E-04	2.78E-04	2.49E-04
U1 Containment Equipment Hatch	BVPS-2 CR Intake	4.48E-04	3.33E-04	1.36E-04	1.02E-04	8.70E-05
U1 Cooling Tower	BVPS-2 CR Intake	1.33E-04	9.49E-05	3.61E-05	2.87E-05	2.25E-05
U1 Containment Edge	BVPS-2 Aux. Bldg. NW Corner	3.34E-04	2.85E-04	1.23E-04	9.62E-05	8.37E-05
U1 Containment Top	BVPS-2 Aux. Bldg. NW Corner	4.37E-04	3.41E-04	1.39E-04	1.02E-04	8.79E-05
U1 RWST Vent	BVPS-2 Aux. Bldg. NW Corner	3.23E-04	2.83E-04	1.18E-04	9.32E-05	7.52E-05
U1 Cooling Tower	BVPS-2 Aux. Bldg. NW Corner	1.57E-04	1.12E-04	4.13E-05	3.35E-05	2.60E-05
U1 Containment Edge	BVPS-1 Service Bldg.	1.90E-03	1.57E-03	4.54E-04	5.08E-04	4.55E-04
U1 Containment Top	BVPS-1 Service Bldg.	1.64E-03	8.59E-04	3.35E-04	2.71E-04	2.29E-04
U1 RWST Vent	BVPS-1 Service Bldg.	2.37E-03	1.88E-03	7.58E-04	5.71E-04	4.48E-04

# TABLE 2.2-12A (CONT'D)

# BVPS-1 ON-SITE ATMOSPHERIC DISPERSION FACTORS (SEC/M<sup>3</sup>) - ARCON96 Methodology

Release	Receptor	0-2 hr	2-8 hr	8-24 hr	1-4 d	4-30 d
U1 Cooling Tower	BVPS-1 Service Bldg.	1.09E-04	8.10E-05	3.28E-05	2.65E-05	1.92E-05
U1 Containment Edge	ERF Intake	4.53E-05	2.97E-05	1.41E-05	1.23E-05	1.09E-05
U1 Containment Top	ERF Intake	4.57E-05	3.74E-05	1.50E-05	1.44E-05	1.23E-05
U1 RWST Vent	ERF Intake	4.53E-05	2.87E-05	1.39E-05	1.21E-05	1.05E-05
U1 Cooling Tower	ERF Intake	5.75E-05	4.97E-05	2.31E-05	1.80E-05	1.66E-05
U1 Containment Edge	ERF Edge Closest to Cont.	4.70E-05	3.16E-05	1.54E-05	1.32E-05	1.14E-05
U1 Containment Top	ERF Edge Closest to Cont.	5.00E-05	3.94E-05	1.62E-05	1.52E-05	1.30E-05
U1 RWST Vent	ERF Edge Closest to Cont.	4.54E-05	3.14E-05	1.50E-05	1.29E-05	1.13E-05
U1 Cooling Tower	ERF Edge Closest to Cont.	7.67E-05	6.28E-05	3.10E-05	2.36E-05	2.17E-05

Notes:

- 1. Table 2.2-12 provides the main control room X/Q information for the Waste Gas System Rupture and the Fuel Handling Accident
- Table 2.2-12B provides the main control room X/Q information for all of the release-receptor combinations associated with BVPS-2 accidents. The BVPS-2 accident X/Q values are taken into consideration when the dose consequences of the event are established based on an analysis that is bounding for both units.
- 3. Occupancy factors are not addressed in these values.
- 4. The Control Room In-leakage X/Q values can be represented by the Control Room air intake X/Q values. The higher values from among the Unit 1 and Unit 2 Control Room Intake X/Qs are conservatively used for this purpose.

# TABLE 2.2-12B

# BVPS-2 ON-SITE ATMOSPHERIC DISPERSION FACTORS (SEC/M<sup>3</sup>) - ARCON96 Methodology

Release	Receptor	0-2 hr	2-8 hr	8-24 hr	1-4 d	4-30 d
U1 Containment Edge	BVPS-1 CR Intake	3.19E-04	2.38E-04	1.06E-04	8.08E-05	6.19E-05
U 2 Containment Top	BVPS-1 CR Intake	3.83E-04	3.10E-04	1.34E-04	9.83E-05	6.65E-05
U 2 Ventilation Vent	BVPS-1 CR Intake	5.32E-04	3.89E-04	1.75E-04	1.30E-04	9.02E-05
U 2 RWST Vent	BVPS-1 CR Intake	1.70E-04	1.30E-04	5.56E-05	4.40E-05	3.31E-05
U 2 MS Relief Valves	BVPS-1 CR Intake	3.33E-04	2.38E-04	1.09E-04	7.88E-05	5.66E-05
U 2 MSL (break)/AEJ	BVPS-1 CR Intake	6.21E-04	4.87E-04	2.30E-04	1.65E-04	1.10E-04
U 2 Gaseous Waste Storage Vault	BVPS-1 CR Intake	7.71E-04	4.90E-04	2.26E-04	1.76E-04	1.31E-04
U 2 Containment Equipment Hatch	BVPS-1 CR Intake	2.47E-04	1.69E-04	7.94E-05	6.05E-05	4.56E-05
U 2 Contain. Edge	BVPS-2 CR Intake	4.82E-04	3.59E-04	1.55E-04	1.21E-04	9.18E-05
U 2 Containment Top	BVPS-2 CR Intake	5.56E-04	4.45E-04	1.91E-04	1.39E-04	9.35E-05
U 2 Ventilation Vent	BVPS-2 CR Intake	9.39E-04	6.69E-04	3.08E-04	2.23E-04	1.54E-04
U 2 RWST Vent	BVPS-2 CR Intake	2.18E-04	1.58E-04	7.31E-05	5.53E-05	4.12E-05
U 2 MS Relief Valves	BVPS-2 CR Intake	5.01E-04	3.58E-04	1.61E-04	1.19E-04	8.32E-05
U 2 MSL (break)/AEJ	BVPS-2 CR Intake	1.03E-03	7.84E-04	3.57E-04	2.64E-04	1.86E-04
U 2 Gaseous Waste Storage Vault	BVPS-2 CR Intake	1.55E-03	9.04E-04	4.08E-04	3.30E-04	2.45E-04
U 2 Containment Equipment Hatch	BVPS-2 CR Intake	3.45E-04	2.23E-04	1.06E-04	8.29E-05	6.14E-05
U 2 Contain. Edge	BVPS-2 Aux. Bldg. NW Corner	9.12E-04	7.13E-04	3.05E-04	2.35E-04	1.79E-04
U 2 Containment Top	BVPS-2 Aux. Bldg. NW Corner	1.14E-03	8.87E-04	3.83E-04	2.74E-04	1.83E-04
U 2 RWST Vent	BVPS-2 Aux. Bldg. NW Corner	3.19E-04	2.25E-04	1.06E-04	7.95E-05	5.84E-05
U 2 Contain. Edge	BVPS-1 Service Bldg.	1.96E-04	1.54E-04	6.37E-05	5.05E-05	3.89E-05
U 2 Containment Top	BVPS-1 Service Bldg.	2.46E-04	2.07E-04	8.84E-05	6.56E-05	4.49E-05
U 2 RWST Vent	BVPS-1 Service Bldg.	1.24E-04	9.81E-05	4.10E-05	3.24E-05	2.51E-05
# TABLE 2.2-12B (CONT'D)

# BVPS-2 ON-SITE ATMOSPHERIC DISPERSION FACTORS (SEC/M<sup>3</sup>) - ARCON96 Methodology

Release	Receptor	0-2 hr	2-8 hr	8-24 hr	1-4 d	4-30 d
U 2 Contain. Edge	ERF Intake	6.02E-05	4.67E-05	2.22E-05	1.78E-05	1.59E-05
U 2 Containment Top	ERF Intake	6.16E-05	5.36E-05	2.42E-05	2.08E-05	1.81E-05
U 2 RWST Vent	ERF Intake	7.28E-05	6.58E-05	3.01E-05	2.31E-05	2.08E-05
U 2 Contain. Edge	ERF Edge Closest to Containment	6.72E-05	5.69E-05	2.65E-05	2.13E-05	1.89E-05
U 2 Containment Top	ERF Edge Closest to Containment	7.22E-05	6.43E-05	2.96E-05	2.48E-05	2.15E-05
U 2 RWST Vent	ERF Edge Closest to Containment	9.42E-05	8.37E-05	3.81E-05	2.97E-05	2.58E-05

#### Notes:

- 1. The X/Q values presented above are for all of the release-receptor combinations associated with BVPS-2 accidents. These X/Q values are taken into consideration when the dose consequences of the event are established based on an analysis that is bounding for both units.
- 2. Occupancy factors are not addressed in these values.
- 3. The Control Room In-leakage X/Q values can be represented by the Control Room air intake X/Q values. The higher values from among the Unit 1 and Unit 2 Control Room Intake X/Qs are conservatively used for this purpose.

# TABLE 2.3-1

# DRAINAGE AREA VALUES<sup>(1)</sup>

	Area		Area		Area
Unit	In	Unit	In		In
Drainage	Square	Drainage	Square		Square
Area	Miles	Area	Miles	<u>Dam</u>	Miles
1	290	35	119	Berlin	249
2	332	36	180	Chautauqua	194
3	136	37	74	Conemaugh	1,351
4	321	38	458	Crooked Creek	277
5	205	39	382	East Branch	72.4
6	222	40	121	Kinzua	2,180
7	576	41	94	Kirwin	80.5
8	230	42	295	Loyalhanna	290
9	166	43	389	Mahoning	340
10	303	44	145	Meander	84
11	350	45	267	Milton	27
12	234	46	257	Mosquito	97.4
13	501	47	504	Shenango	589
14	144	48	242	Tionesta	478
15	738	49	120	Tygart	1,184
16	329	50	203	Youghogheny	434
17	199	51	239		
18	443	52	304		
19	137	53	398		
20	184	54	356		
21	498	55	118		
22	384	56	178		
23	121	57	505		
24	125	58	149		
25	129	59	409		
26	116	60	124		
27	330	61	667		
28	214				
29	504				
30	254				
31	200				
32	241				
33	227				
34	354				

(1) Refer to Figure 2.3-4 for map of unit drainage areas.

# TABLE 2.3-2

																		REC	1, LN	80
	00	50	100	160	240	300	390	480	600	730	870	1090	1300	1510	1650	1770		REC	2, LN	80
	1840	1900	1940	1980	2010	2030	2060	2070	2080	2090	2100	2110	2120	2130	2140	2150		REC	3, LN	80
	2150	2160	2160	2170	2170	2170	2175	2175	2180	2180	2185	2185	2185	2185	2180	2180		REC	4, LN	80
AREA	2175	2170	2165	2160	2150	2140	2130	2120	2110	2095	2080	2065	2050	2030	2010	1990		REC	5, LN	80
1	1970	1945	1920	1895	1870	1845	1820	1795	1770	1745	1720	1690	1660	1625	1590	1555	HOURLY UNIT	REC	6, LN	80
	1520	1485	1450	1420	1390	1360	1330	1295	1260	1230	1200	1170	1140	1110	1080	1050	HYDROGRAPH VALUES	REC	7, LN	80
	1020	990	960	930	900	870	840	815	790	765	740	715	690	665	640	615		REC	8, LN	80
	590	565	540	520	500	475	450	430	410	390	370	355	340	320	300	285		REC	9, LN	80
	270	255	240	225	210	195	180	165	150	140	130	120	110	100	90	80		REC	10, LN	80
	70	60	50	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	05	00					REC	11, LN	80
	k = 6.0	x = 0.0				6	6	MUSKIN	GUM RO	UTING C	OEFFICI	ENTS (K	IS IN HF	RS)				REC	12, LN	80
	REACH: 140	AREA	1 TO 2	STA. AA	2			PLUS NU	JMBER C	OF ITERA	TIONS P	ER REÀ	СН	,				REC	13, LN	80
	00	20	50	110	140	240	330	610	1100	1720	2430	3080	3480	3630	3680	3690		REC	14, LN	80
	3700	3690	3680	3670	3660	3650	3630	3610	3580	3550	3510	3480	3440	3390	3340	3290		REC	15, LN	80
	3240	3170	3110	3040	2970	2890	2820	2750	2680	2600	2530	2460	2390	2310	2240	2180		REC	16, LN	80
AREA	2120	2060	2000	1950	1900	1860	1820	1785	1750	1720	1690	1665	1640	1615	1590	1570		REC	17, LN	80
2	1550	1530	1510	1485	1460	1440	1420	1405	1390	1375	1360	1345	1330	1320	1310	1200		REC	18, LN	80
	1290	1285	1280	1270	1260	1245	1230	1215	1200	1185	1170	1145	1120	1095	1070	1040		REC	19, LN	80
	1010	980	950	915	880	845	810	775	740	710	680	650	620	590	560	525		REC	20, LN	80
	500	475	450	425	400	375	350	325	300	280	260	240	220	200	180	160		REC	21, LN	80
	140	125	110	95	80	70	60	45	30	20	10	00						REC	22, LN	80
	RUSSEL	.L																REC	23, LN	80
	2.0	)	0.1	RFACH	STA	ΑΑ ΤΟ 5	STA AB											REC	24, LN	80
	95	i	2		2													REC	25, LN	80
	00	40	90	190	320	530	1180	2170	3650	4620	5280	5610	5730	5730	5360	5270		REC	26, LN	80
AREA 3	4550	2960	2490	2040	1750	1520	1380	1220	1110	1040	970	905	840	810	780	750		REC	27, LN	80
	720	700	680	660	640	625	610	595	580	560	540	525	510	500	490	475		REC	28, LN	80

# TABLE 2.3-2 (CONT'D)

	460	440	420	410	400	390	380	365	350	335	320	305	290	280	270	260	REC	29, LN	80
	250	240	230	220	210	200	190	180	170	160	150	140	130	120	110	105	REC	30, LN	80
	100	95	90	85	80	70	60	50	40	30	20	15	10	05	00		REC	31, LN	80
	WARRE	EN, PA.															REC	32, LN	80
	6.	0	0.2	- REAC	H STA	AB TO S	TA AC										REC	33, LN	80
	15	2															REC	34, LN	80
	00	240	480	1020	2520	4040	4760	5400	5820	6090	6110	5820	5500	5210	5000	4810	REC	35, LN	80
	4640	4480	4290	4030	3760	3440	3140	2990	2810	2690	2580	2460	2380	2350	2360	2370	REC	36, LN	80
	2390	2410	2430	2450	2460	2470	2470	2460	2440	2410	2380	2330	2280	2220	2160	2100	REC	37, LN	80
	2040	1980	1920	1860	1800	1745	1690	1635	1580	1530	1480	1430	1380	1335	1290	1240	REC	38, LN	80
ARFA	1190	1145	1100	1055	1010	965	920	890	860	825	790	755	720	695	670	640	REC	39, LN	80
4	610	590	570	545	520	500	480	460	440	420	400	385	370	355	340	325	REC	40, LN	80
	310	300	290	280	270	260	250	240	230	220	210	205	200	190	180	170	REC	41, LN	80
	160	150	140	130	125	120	115	110	105	100	95	90	90	90	85	80	REC	42, LN	80
	75	70	65	60	60	60	55	50	45	40	35	30	30	30	25	20	REC	43, LN	80
	20	20	15	10	10	10	05	00									REC	44, LN	80
	6.	0	0.4 -	REACH:	AREA 4	TO STA	. AC										REC	45, LN	80
	94	4	3		2												REC	46, LN	80
	00	20	120	320	740	1670	3150	5500	6750	7950	8850	9650	9810	9810	9500	7900	REC	47, LN	80
AREA	6350	4600	3700	3130	2750	2410	2080	1830	1620	1500	1350	1240	1110	990	910	820	REC	48, LN	80
5	730	670	610	560	530	490	460	420	400	390	380	360	340	320	310	300	RED	49, LN	80
	300	295	290	280	270	260	250	235	220	215	210	205	200	195	190	185	REC	50, LN	80
	180	165	150	140	130	120	110	105	100	95	90	85	80	75	70	65	REC	51, LN	80
	60	55	50	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	05	05	00			REC	52, LN	80
	WEST H	HICKORY	r														REC	53, LN	80
	8.	0	0.2	- REA	ACH: ST	А АС ТО	STA. AF										REC	54, LN	80
	9	7															REC	55, LN	80
	00	360	710	1070	1490	1890	2160	2330	2500	2620	2720	2810	2880	2940	3000	3050	REC	56, LN	80

# TABLE 2.3-2 (CONT'D)

	HOURL	Y UNI	<u>t hydf</u>	ROGRA	HIC VA	ALUES	AND M	USKIN	GUM F		G COE	FFICIE	NTS						
	3110	3170	3220	3300	3370	3420	3490	3520	3570	3580	3570	3510	3430	3310	3220	3100	REC	57, LN	80
	2990	2830	2700	2570	2460	2330	2220	2090	1980	1880	1780	1680	1580	1500	1420	1340	REC	58, LN	80
	1260	1190	1120	1060	1000	950	900	850	800	760	720	680	640	605	570	540	REC	59, LN	80
AREA 6	510	485	460	430	400	380	360	340	320	305	290	275	260	240	220	205	REC	60, LN	80
	190	175	160	145	130	120	110	100	90	80	70	55	40	30	10	05	REC	61, LN	80
	00																REC	62, LN	80
	5.	0	0.1		NO. (	OF ITERA	ATIONS										REC	63, LN	80
	5.	8	0.0			2											REC	64, LN	80
	5.	5	0.0			2	REAC	CHES: A	REA 6 T	O STA. A	D						REC	65, LN	80
	5.	0	0.2														REC	66, LN	80
	3.	0	0.4														REC	67, LN	80
	16	4	2		2												REC	68, LN	80
	00	20	60	100	120	190	280	400	700	1290	1920	2440	3050	3750	4450	5070	REC	69, LN	80
	5460	5860	6160	6310	6390	6400	6350	6210	6080	5930	5840	5780	5710	5700	5690	5680	REC	70, LN	80
AREA	5690	5670	5640	5610	5590	5520	5490	5390	5290	5210	5120	5020	4920	4830	4720	4610	REC	71, LN	80
7	4510	4410	4320	4210	4110	4020	3940	3860	3790	3710	3640	3600	3530	3490	3420	3390	REC	72, LN	80
	3340	3300	3250	3200	3180	3120	3100	3060	3020	2990	2910	2880	2800	2710	2640	2590	REC	73, LN	80
	2500	2410	2320	2270	2190	2100	2010	1930	1850	1780	1690	1600	1510	1450	1380	1200	REC	74, LN	80
	1230	1170	1100	1040	1000	930	900	840	800	770	730	700	650	610	590	560	REC	75, LN	80
	530	500	490	450	420	400	390	360	330	310	300	290	280	260	250	230	REC	76, LN	80
	210	205	200	195	190	180	160	150	145	140	130	120	110	105	100	95	REC	77, LN	80
	95	90	85	80	75	70	60	50	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	REC	78, LN	80
	05	05	05	00													REC	79, LN	80
	MEADV	ILLE			NO.	OF ITEF	RATIONS										REC	80, LN	80
	7.	0	0.0			2											REC	81, LN	80
	6.	0	0.1				RE	ACHES:	STA. AI	D TO STA	A. AE						REC	82, LN	80
	12	3	2														REC	83, LN	80
	00	05	10	20	30	40	70	130	230	480	820	1360	1900	2620	3210	3830	REC	84, LN	80

3 of 22

Rev. 19

# TABLE 2.3-2 (CONT'D)

	4280	4710	4900	5080	5170	5220	5230	5210	5160	5020	4900	4730	4580	4360	4180	3890	RE	C 85, LN	I 80
	3620	3230	2840	2550	2220	2010	1850	1700	1570	1440	1370	1290	1210	1150	1090	1045	RE	C 86, LN	I 80
ARFA	1000	955	910	880	850	820	790	765	740	715	690	665	640	615	590	570	RE	C 87, LN	I 80
8	550	535	520	500	480	455	430	415	400	385	370	355	340	330	320	310	RE	C 88, LN	I 80
	300	290	280	270	260	250	240	230	220	210	200	190	180	170	160	150	RE	C 89, LN	80
	140	135	130	125	120	115	110	105	100	95	90	85	80	75	70	65	RE	C 90, LN	I 80
	60	50	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	05	00						RE	C 91, LN	I 80
	4.0	0	0.2 -	REACH	: STA. A	E TO ST	A. AF										RE	C 92, LN	80
	12	1															RE	C 93, LN	80
	00	90	240	550	1380	2270	2880	3460	3770	4180	4710	5370	5380	4940	4560	4070	RE	C 94, LN	I 80
	3460	2910	2410	2140	1960	1770	1650	1560	1480	1400	1320	1255	1190	1115	1060	1015	RE	C 95, LN	I 80
AREA	970	930	890	855	820	790	760	730	700	680	660	640	620	600	580	565	RE	C 96, LN	I 80
9	550	535	520	510	500	490	480	465	450	435	420	405	390	380	370	360	RE	C 97, LN	I 80
	350	340	330	320	310	305	300	295	290	285	280	270	260	250	240	230	RE	C 98, LN	I 80
	220	215	210	205	200	195	190	185	180	170	160	150	140	135	130	125	RE	C 99, LN	I 80
	120	115	110	105	100	95	90	85	80	75	70	65	60	55	50	45	RE	C 100, LN	I 80
	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	05	00								RE	C 101, LN	I 80
	4.0	D	0.4 -	REACH:	AREA 9	O TO STA	. AF										RE	C 102, LN	I 80
	16	1															RE	C 103, LN	80
	00	430	910	1570	2270	3120	3890	4290	4520	4870	5350	6350	6940	7390	7450	7240	RE	C 104, LN	I 80
	6600	6050	5610	5150	4660	4330	4260	4190	4130	4050	3970	3830	3700	3520	3350	3160	RE	C 105, LN	I 80
	2970	2770	2600	2415	2230	2070	1910	1770	1630	1515	1400	1300	1200	1115	1030	915	RE	C 106, LN	I 80
	800	755	710	675	640	615	590	570	550	530	510	495	480	465	450	435	RE	C 107, LN	I 80
AREA	420	405	390	380	370	360	350	335	320	310	300	295	290	280	270	260	RE	C 108, LN	I 80
10	250	240	230	220	210	205	200	195	190	185	180	175	170	160	150	145	RE	C 109, LN	I 80
	140	135	130	125	120	115	110	105	100	95	90	90	90	90	90	85	RE	C 110, LN	I 80
	80	80	80	80	80	75	70	70	70	70	70	65	60	60	60	60	RE	C 111, LN	I 80
	60	55	50	50	50	50	50	45	40	40	40	40	40	35	30	30	RE	C 112, LN	I 80

# TABLE 2.3-2 (CONT'D)

	30	30	30	25	20	20	20	20	20	15	10	10	10	10	10	05	REC	113, LN	80
	00																REC	114, LN	80
	1.	0	0.2	- REACH	: AREA	10 TO ST	TA. AF										REC	115, LN	80
	19	93	5		2												REC	116, LN	80
	00	10	70	180	290	530	900	1470	2220	3340	5950	8720	9060	9090	9020	8880	REC	117, LN	80
	8600	8280	7950	7530	7200	6810	6390	6000	5590	5280	4840	4460	4130	3810	3500	3220	REC	118, LN	80
	2960	2670	2450	2270	2110	1960	1810	1680	1570	1440	1370	1290	1210	1150	1090	1050	REC	119, LN	80
	1010	970	930	900	870	840	810	780	750	725	700	680	660	640	620	605	REC	120, LN	80
AREA	590	575	560	545	530	515	500	490	480	475	470	465	460	455	450	445	REC	121, LN	80
11	440	435	430	425	420	415	410	405	400	395	390	385	380	375	370	365	REC	112, LN	80
	360	355	350	345	340	334	330	325	320	315	310	310	310	305	300	300	REC	123, LN	80
	300	295	290	285	280	275	270	265	260	255	250	245	240	235	230	225	REC	124, LN	80
	220	215	210	205	200	200	200	195	190	190	190	185	180	180	180	175	REC	125, LN	80
	170	165	160	155	150	145	140	135	130	125	120	120	120	115	110	110	REC	126, LN	80
	110	105	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	95	90	90	90	85	80	80	REC	127, LN	80
	80	75	70	65	60	55	50	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	05	REC	128, LN	80
	00																REC	129, LN	80
	FRANK	LIN															REC	130, LN	80
	6.	0	0.4	- REACH	: STA. A	F TO ST	A. AI										REC	131, LN	80
	13	33															REC	132, LN	80
	00	380	710	1270	1650	2260	2930	3830	4600	5290	6020	6430	6470	6210	5570	4940	REC	133, LN	80
	4480	4060	3790	3480	3250	3020	2870	2690	2560	2410	2290	2180	2080	1995	1910	1840	REC	134, LN	80
	1770	1705	1640	1595	1550	1495	1440	1395	1350	1305	1260	1220	1180	1140	1100	1060	REC	135, LN	80
AREA	1020	975	970	935	900	870	840	815	790	765	740	715	690	665	640	615	REC	136, LN	80
12	590	570	550	530	510	495	480	465	450	435	420	410	400	390	380	370	REC	137, LN	80
	360	350	340	330	320	310	300	290	280	270	260	250	240	230	220	210	REC	138, LN	80
	200	195	190	185	180	175	170	160	150	140	130	125	120	115	110	105	REC	139, LN	80
	100	95	90	85	80	75	70	65	60	55	50	45	40	35	30	25	REC	140, LN	80

# TABLE 2.3-2 (CONT'D)

# HOURLY UNIT HYDROGRAHIC VALUES AND MUSKINGUM ROUTING COEFFICIENTS

	20	15	10	05	00												REC	141, LN	80
	4.	0	0.4		NC	). OF ITE 2	RATIONS	S REACH	I ARFA	12 TO S	ta ag						REC	142, LN	80
	17	0	2			-											REC	143, LN	80
	00	90	150	260	360	540	770	1250	2130	3170	4130	5260	6200	6960	7490	7950	REC	144, LN	80
	8310	8620	8800	8890	8870	8700	8430	7960	7600	7210	6910	6520	6160	5710	5430	5100	REC	145,LN	80
	4860	4520	4310	4040	3840	3620	3460	3250	3110	2940	2820	2690	2600	2490	2400	2300	REC	146, LN	80
	2220	2160	2110	2040	2000	1960	1940	1900	1860	1810	1800	1760	1730	1700	1670	1630	REC	147, LN	80
	1600	1580	1540	1520	1500	1480	1440	1420	1400	1380	1360	1330	1310	1290	1280	1260	REC	148, LN	80
AREA 13	1240	1220	1200	1190	1180	1160	1140	1130	1110	1100	1090	1050	1030	1010	990	980	REC	149, LN	80
	950	940	930	900	890	880	860	840	830	800	790	780	770	750	730	710	REC	150, LN	80
	700	690	680	670	650	630	610	600	590	580	560	540	525	510	505	500	REC	151, LN	80
	485	470	455	440	425	410	405	400	390	380	360	340	330	320	310	300	REC	152, LN	80
	290	280	270	260	245	230	215	200	195	190	175	160	145	130	120	110	REC	153, LN	80
	100	95	80	70	55	40	30	20	10	00							REC	154, LN	80
	4.	0	0.4	- REAC	H: STA.	AG TO S	STA. AH										REC	155, LN	80
	13	37	2														REC	156, LN	80
	00	20	90	180	290	410	620	880	1240	1850	3040	5260	5990	5730	5270	4560	REC	157, LN	80
	4000	3430	2990	2680	2420	2210	2010	1840	1700	1560	1450	1330	1260	1175	1090	1010	REC	158, LN	80
	930	870	810	755	700	660	620	590	560	535	510	490	470	450	430	415	REC	159, LN	80
AREA	400	390	380	365	350	340	330	320	310	305	300	295	290	280	270	260	REC	160, LN	80
14	250	245	240	235	230	225	220	215	210	205	200	200	200	195	190	190	REC	161, LN	80
	190	185	180	180	180	175	170	165	160	155	150	145	140	135	130	125	REC	162, LN	80
	120	120	120	115	110	110	110	110	110	105	100	100	100	100	100	100	REC	163, LN	80
	100	100	100	100	100	95	90	85	80	75	70	65	60	55	50	45	REC	164, LN	80
	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	05	00								REC	165, LN	80
	4	5.0	0.4														REC	166, LN	80
		186	3		2	- REAC	H: STA.	AH TO S	STA. AI								REC	167, LN	80
	00	230	590	1100	1690	2540	4030	6240	9480	14500	17660	20090	20320	20270	19630	17720	REC	168, LN	80

AREA

AREA 14

Rev. 19

# TABLE 2.3-2 (CONT'D)

	16100	14890	13590	12400	11310	0330	9390	8430	7630	6970	6520	6110	5720	5390	5100	4850	REC	169, LN	80
	4650	4460	4270	4095	3920	3790	3660	3535	3410	3305	3200	3095	3010	2920	2830	2750	REC	170, LN	80
	2670	2590	2510	2445	2380	2310	2240	2185	2130	2075	2020	1970	1920	1870	1820	1775	REC	171, LN	80
ARFA	1730	1685	1640	1605	1570	1535	1500	1470	1440	1410	1380	1350	1320	1295	1270	1245	REC	172, LN	80
15	1220	1200	1180	1160	1140	1120	1100	1085	1070	1055	1040	1025	1010	1005	980	960	REC	173, LN	80
	940	925	910	895	880	865	850	835	820	805	790	775	760	745	730	715	REC	174, LN	80
	700	685	670	655	640	620	610	600	590	580	570	560	550	540	530	520	REC	175, LN	80
	510	500	485	470	455	440	430	420	410	400	390	380	370	360	350	340	REC	176, LN	80
	330	320	310	300	290	280	270	260	250	240	230	220	215	210	205	200	REC	177, LN	80
	195	190	180	170	160	150	140	130	120	110	100	90	80	70	60	50	REC	178, LN	80
	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	05	00							REC	179, LN	80
	PARKE	R															REC	180, LN	80
	4.	2	0.4	- REAC	H: STA.	AI TO S	TA. AK										REC	181, LN	80
	15	59															REC	182, LN	80
	00	180	370	750	1350	2250	3050	4050	4800	5750	6330	6640	6670	6540	6290	5870	REC	183, LN	80
	5340	4750	4290	3960	3730	3580	3420	3300	3200	3110	3010	2910	2820	2750	2690	2610	REC	184, LN	80
AREA	2540	2480	2400	2350	2300	2250	2190	2140	2090	2030	1990	1940	1900	1850	1800	1780	REC	185, LN	80
16	1720	1690	1650	1610	1580	1540	1500	1480	1430	1400	1380	1340	1300	1280	1240	1210	REC	186, LN	80
	1190	1160	1120	1100	1090	1060	1020	1000	990	970	940	910	900	880	840	820	REC	187, LN	80
	800	790	780	760	740	710	700	680	670	650	630	610	600	590	570	550	REC	188, LN	80
	520	510	500	490	480	470	460	430	410	400	390	380	370	360	350	340	REC	189, LN	80
	320	310	300	290	280	270	260	250	240	230	220	215	210	205	200	195	REC	190, LN	80
	190	185	180	170	160	155	150	145	140	130	120	115	110	105	100	95	REC	191, LN	80
	90	85	80	70	60	50	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	05	00		REC	192, LN	80
	8.	0	0.0	REACH	: AREA	16 TO S <sup>-</sup>	TA. AJ										REC	193, LN	80
	12	21	2														REC	194, LN	80
	00	40	110	200	310	480	690	1080	1490	2090	2750	3940	5060	5760	5860	5600	REC	195, LN	80
	5220	4720	4320	3990	3700	3400	3190	2980	2780	2610	2460	2310	2180	2030	1920	1815	REC	196, LN	80

# TABLE 2.3-2 (CONT'D)

	HOURL	<u>Y UNI</u>	<u>T HYDF</u>	ROGRA	HIC VA	ALUES	AND N	IUSKIN	GUM F	ROUTIN	G COE	FFICIE	NTS						
	1710	1615	1520	1450	1380	1310	1240	1185	1130	1095	1060	1025	990	955	920	895	REC	197, LN	80
	870	840	810	790	770	745	720	700	680	660	640	620	600	585	570	555	REC	198, LN	80
	540	520	500	490	480	465	450	435	420	405	390	380	370	360	350	335	REC	199, LN	80
AREA 17	320	310	300	290	280	270	260	250	240	230	220	210	200	195	190	185	REC	200, LN	80
	180	170	160	150	140	130	120	110	100	95	90	85	80	70	60	50	REC	201, LN	80
	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	05	00								REC	202, LN	80
	5.	0	0.3	REA	CH: ST	A. AJ TO	AK										REC	203, LN	80
	17	'5	3		2												REC	204, LN	80
	00	1000	1840	2890	3990	5260	6680	8400	9840	11040	12150	12790	12860	12770	11640	9780	REC	205, LN	80
	8260	7010	6185	5430	4900	4500	4170	3910	3650	3430	3260	3080	2940	2790	2690	2560	REC	206, LN	80
	2450	2340	2235	2140	2040	1975	1910	1830	1755	1700	1640	1590	1540	1495	1450	1410	REC	207, LN	80
AREA	1370	1340	1310	1275	1245	1210	1180	1160	1130	1110	1080	1060	1030	1010	990	970	REC	208, LN	80
18	950	930	910	890	870	850	840	820	810	790	775	760	745	735	720	710	REC	209, LN	80
	700	690	680	670	660	650	640	630	620	615	610	605	600	595	590	585	REC	210, LN	80
	580	575	570	560	550	540	530	525	520	515	510	505	500	490	480	470	REC	211, LN	80
	460	450	440	430	420	410	400	390	380	375	370	365	360	355	350	340	REC	212, LN	80
	330	320	310	305	300	295	290	285	280	270	260	255	250	240	230	220	REC	213, LN	80
	210	205	200	195	190	185	180	170	160	150	140	130	120	115	110	105	REC	214, LN	80
	100	95	90	85	80	75	70	60	50	40	30	25	20	10	0		REC	215, LN	80
	LOCK 7	,ALLY.															REC	216, LN	80
	3.	3	0.2	REACH	: STA. A	AK TO AL											REC	217, LN	80
	10	)1															REC	218, LN	80
	00	220	430	710	1010	1360	1730	2150	2670	3340	4380	4490	4470	4310	4090	3850	REC	219, LN	80
	3590	3320	3080	2810	2560	2290	2050	1790	1590	1410	1290	1190	1090	1025	960	895	REC	220, LN	80
AREA	830	770	710	665	620	585	550	515	480	450	420	395	370	350	330	315	REC	221, LN	80
19	300	290	280	275	270	265	260	250	240	230	220	215	210	205	200	195	REC	222, LN	80
	190	180	170	160	150	140	130	120	110	105	100	100	100	95	90	90	REC	223, LN	80
	90	85	80	80	80	75	70	65	60	55	50	45	40	35	30	25	REC	224, LN	80

# TABLE 2.3-2 (CONT'D)

# HOURLY UNIT HYDROGRAHIC VALUES AND MUSKINGUM ROUTING COEFFICIENTS

	20	15	10	05	00												REC	225, LN	80
	0.	8	0.2			REACH:	AREA 1	9 TO STA	A. AL								REC	226, LN	80
	12	.7															REC	227, LN	80
	00	220	420	760	1240	1970	2720	3780	5380	5860	6170	6180	5990	5590	5270	4630	REC	228, LN	80
	4050	3580	3210	2880	2570	2330	2100	1910	1750	1600	1490	1385	1280	1195	1110	1055	REC	229, LN	80
AREA	1000	960	920	885	850	815	780	745	710	690	670	640	610	585	560	535	REC	230, LN	80
20	510	490	470	450	430	410	390	375	360	345	330	315	300	290	280	270	REC	231, LN	80
	260	250	240	230	220	215	210	205	200	195	190	185	180	175	170	165	REC	232, LN	80
	160	155	150	145	140	135	130	125	120	115	110	105	100	100	100	100	REC	233, LN	80
	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	95	90	85	80	75	70	70	70	65	REC	234, LN	80
	60	55	50	50	50	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	05	00		REC	235, LN	80
	5.	3	0.2		RE	EACH: A	REA 20 1	O STA.	AL								REC	236, LN	80
	15	5	4														REC	237, LN	80
	00	120	350	630	1050	1680	2520	3810	5500	6380	7020	7400	7430	7210	6760	6040	REC	238, LN	80
	5330	4570	3910	3270	2850	2400	2020	1710	1500	1320	1210	1110	1020	960	900	845	REC	239, LN	80
AREA	790	740	690	650	610	580	550	525	500	480	460	454	430	415	400	390	REC	240, LN	80
21	380	370	360	350	340	330	320	315	310	305	300	295	290	290	290	285	REC	241, LN	80
	280	280	280	275	270	270	270	265	260	260	260	255	250	250	250	245	REC	242, LN	80
	240	240	240	235	230	230	230	225	220	220	220	215	210	210	210	205	REC	243, LN	80
	200	200	200	195	190	190	190	185	180	180	180	175	170	165	160	155	REC	244, LN	80
	150	145	140	135	130	130	130	125	120	120	120	115	110	110	110	105	REC	245, LN	80
	100	100	100	95	90	90	90	85	80	80	80	75	70	65	60	55	REC	246, LN	80
	50	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	05	00						REC	247, LN	80
	LOCK 4	,ALLY.															REC	248, LN	80
	6.	8	0.1		REAC	H: STA.	AL TO S	TA. OA									REC	249, LN	80
	94	4															REC	250, LN	80
	00	140	260	450	610	910	1201	1880	2500	3080	3490	3870	4300	4740	5100	5570	REC	251, LN	80
	5950	6380	6610	6830	7000	7370	7400	7520	7560	7550	7520	7430	7300	7150	6850	6630	REC	252, LN	80

9 of 22

80

REC 253, LN 80

REC 254, LN

2290

590

# TABLE 2.3-2 (CONT'D)

	HOURI	LY UNI	t hydf	ROGRA	HIC VA	ALUES	AND M	USKIN	GUM R		G COE	FFICIE	NTS		
	6350	6140	5830	5580	5340	5060	4770	4520	4220	3990	3670	3380	3090	2740	2520
	2130	1980	1800	1670	1530	1420	1310	1210	1120	1050	960	880	790	710	620
- •	510	480	410	375	340	310	280	250	220	200	180	160	140	130	120

AREA	510	480	410	375	340	310	280	250	220	200	180	160	140	130	120	115	REC	255, LN	80
22	110	105	100	95	90	85	80	70	60	45	30	10	05	00			REC	256, LN	80
	CLARK	SBURG															REC	257, LN	80
		5.0	0.4	RF		RFA 22 1		МА									REC	258, LN	80
		81															REC	259, LN	80
	00	80	130	230	320	470	610	830	1050	1390	1610	1840	2060	2270	2490	2590	REC	260, LN	80
AREA	2670	2710	2710	2700	2640	2600	2520	2440	2350	2260	2150	2030	1920	1820	1730	1620	REC	261, LN	80
23	1560	1480	1390	1310	1220	1140	1070	1000	950	880	810	760	710	660	610	570	REC	262, LN	80
	520	490	450	420	390	360	330	315	300	280	260	235	210	205	200	175	REC	263, LN	80
	150	135	120	110	100	90	80	65	50	40	30	25	20	15	10	05	REC	264, LN	80
	00																REC	265, LN	80
	4.	5	0.4.	R	EACH:	AREA 23	TO STA	MA									REC	266, LN	80
	62	2															REC	267, LN	80
	00	140	290	480	680	1020	1380	1780	2130	2420	2700	2980	3260	3350	3500	3640	REC	268, LN	80
	3780	3900	3930	3900	3780	3600	3460	3270	3040	2800	2600	2360	2160	1900	1680	1430	REC	269, LN	80
AREA 24	1280	1040	910	750	630	560	510	450	410	360	340	310	290	260	230	210	REC	270, LN	80
	190	175	160	130	110	100	90	80	60	40	20	10	05	00			REC	271, LN	80
	1.	5	0.4	RE	ACH: A	REA 24 1	O STA. I	МА									REC	272, LN	80
	8	5	4		2												REC	273, LN	80
	00	50	120	300	900	1720	3000	4000	4450	4850	5100	5140	5000	4760	4440	4000	REC	274, LN	80
	3690	3230	2940	2540	2240	1930	1690	1430	1260	1030	970	760	660	590	520	480	REC	275, LN	80
AREA 25	420	400	390	360	350	335	320	315	310	305	300	295	290	275	260	250	REC	276, LN	80
	240	235	230	220	210	205	200	195	190	180	170	165	160	150	140	135	REC	277, LN	80
	130	120	110	105	100	95	90	85	80	75	70	60	50	20	30	25	REC	278, LN	80
	20	15	10	05	00												REC	279, LN	80
	ENTER	PRISE															REC	280, LN	80

# TABLE 2.3-2 (CONT'D)

	2.	8	0.4														REG	281, LN	80
	85	5	1	REACH	I: STA. N	IA. TO S	TA. MB										RE	282, LN	80
	00	10	30	90	200	670	1870	2430	2850	3080	3250	3370	3490	3590	3660	3670	REG	283, LN	80
	3660	3620	3550	3420	3230	2970	2630	2180	1740	1330	1060	910	800	710	630	560	REG	284, LN	80
	510	470	440	410	380	360	340	320	300	285	270	255	240	230	220	210	RE	285, LN	80
26	200	190	180	170	160	150	140	135	130	125	120	115	110	105	100	95	REG	286, LN	80
	90	85	80	75	70	65	60	55	50	45	45	40	40	35	30	25	REG	287, LN	80
	20	15	10	05	00												RE	288, LN	80
	10	9		3	2												REG	289, LN	80
	00	160	320	540	830	1240	1880	3630	6140	8530	8980	9030	8950	8690	8400	7910	RE	290, LN	80
	7450	6820	6170	5680	5350	5080	4920	4780	4600	4410	4250	4030	3830	3620	3460	3280	RE	291, LN	80
	3110	2970	2830	2690	2560	2435	2310	2205	2100	2005	1910	1815	1720	1640	1560	1475	RE	292, LN	80
AREA	1390	1310	1230	1160	1090	1035	980	930	880	835	790	750	710	675	640	615	REG	293, LN	80
27	590	565	540	520	500	485	470	455	440	425	410	395	380	365	350	335	REG	294, LN	80
	320	310	300	290	280	265	250	235	220	210	200	190	180	170	160	150	REG	295, LN	80
	140	130	120	105	90	75	60	50	40	30	20	10	00				RE	296, LN	80
	LOCK 1	5,MON.															REG	297, LN	80
	6.4	4	0.2														REG	298, LN	80
	14	8		REAC	H: STA.	MB TO S	STA. MD										REG	299, LN	80
	00	280	530	850	1210	1730	2320	3500	4240	4740	4790	4800	4790	4700	4690	4340	REG	300, LN	80
	4030	3760	3540	3320	3130	2960	2800	2640	2510	2370	2240	2110	2000	1890	1780	1670	REG	301, LN	80
	1580	1500	1420	1340	1270	1210	1160	1105	1050	1015	980	940	900	870	840	815	REG	302, LN	80
	790	765	740	720	700	680	660	640	605	590	575	560	550	540	530	520	REG	303, LN	80
AREA 28	505	490	475	460	445	430	420	410	400	390	380	370	360	350	340	330	REG	304, LN	80
20	320	310	305	300	290	280	270	260	255	250	245	240	230	220	215	210	REG	305, LN	80
	205	200	195	190	185	180	175	170	165	160	155	150	145	140	135	130	REG	306, LN	80
	125	120	115	110	105	100	100	100	95	90	85	80	75	70	65	60	REG	307, LN	80
	60	60	55	50	45	40	40	40	35	30	25	20	20	20	15	10	REG	308, LN	80

# TABLE 2.3-2 (CONT'D)

	10	10	05	00													R	EC	309, LN	80
	2.0	0	0.4		REAC	H: ARE	а 28 то s	STA. MK									RE	EC	310, LN	80
	10	9	2														R	EC	311, LN	80
	00	240	500	880	1340	2270	4650	8730	10700	11530	11570	11480	11090	10600	10140	9650	R	EC	312, LN	80
	9240	8800	8380	7990	7600	7185	6770	6385	6000	5660	5320	5050	4780	4570	4360	4165	RE	EC	313, LN	80
ARFA	3970	3815	3660	3545	3430	3345	3260	3190	3120	3060	3000	2940	2880	2820	2760	2700	RE	EC	314, LN	80
29	2640	2580	2520	2460	2400	2345	2290	2235	2180	2125	2070	2015	1960	1910	1860	1810	RE	EC	315, LN	80
	1750	1700	1650	1600	1550	1500	1450	1400	1350	1305	1260	1215	1170	1120	1070	1025	R	EC	316, LN	80
	980	935	890	845	800	760	720	675	630	585	540	505	470	430	390	355	R	EC	317, LN	80
	320	285	250	220	190	160	130	110	90	65	40	20	00				RE	EC	318, LN	80
	PARSO	NS															R	EC	319, LN	80
	8.0	0	0.3	RE	ACH: S	ТА. МК Т	O STA. N	ИС									R	EC	320, LN	80
	6	1	2														RI	EC	321, LN	80
	00	110	230	420	600	840	1140	1700	3950	6630	8470	10180	11820	12180	12100	11640	R	EC	322, LN	80
	10710	9290	8000	6830	5960	5160	4440	3700	3150	2640	2240	1870	1590	1310	1160	1020	RE	EC	323, LN	80
AREA 30	930	860	790	730	670	615	560	515	470	430	390	355	320	295	270	245	RE	EC	324, LN	80
	220	195	170	145	120	105	90	75	60	45	30	15	00				RE	EC	325, LN	80
	ROWLE	SBURG															RE	EC	326, LN	80
	5.0	0	0.4	REA	ACH: ST	A. MC TO	O STA. M	D									R	EC	327, LN	80
	9	5															R	EC	328, LN	80
	00	40	110	370	800	1430	2240	3510	4690	5360	5810	6000	5970	5820	5680	5460	RE	EC	329, LN	80
	5250	4990	4730	4430	4140	3820	3550	3230	2930	2620	2360	2120	1950	1800	1670	1540	RE	EC	330, LN	80
AREA 31	1440	1320	1270	1195	1120	1060	1000	950	900	850	800	760	720	685	650	620	RE	EC	331, LN	80
	590	560	530	505	480	460	440	420	400	380	360	340	320	305	290	275	RE	EC	332, LN	80
	260	245	230	220	210	200	190	180	170	160	150	140	130	120	110	105	RE	EC	333, LN	80
	100	95	90	80	70	60	50	40	30	25	20	15	10	05	00		RE	EC	334, LN	80
	2.0	6	0.4	R	EACH: /	AREA 31	TO STA	MD									RE	EC	335, LN	80
	59	9	3														R	EC	336, LN	80

# TABLE 2.3-2 (CONT'D)

	00	100	200	330	510	780	1270	2630	4480	7850	12250	12890	12490	11620	10780	9630	REC	337 I N	80
AREA 32	8780	7940	7160	6400	5690	4920	4210	3590	3000	2460	2000	1550	1200	970	770	610	REC	338, LN	80
02	500	420	360	315	270	240	210	195	180	170	160	150	140	130	120	115	REC	339, LN	80
	110	100	90	80	70	55	40	30	20	10	00						REC	340, LN	80
	LAKE L	YNN						_									REC	341, LN	80
	2.	0	0.2	REA	ACH: ST	A. MD TO	D STA. M	E									REC	342, LN	80
	8	9															REC	343, LN	80
	00	90	200	390	640	1140	1670	2230	2690	3290	3680	4100	4420	4820	5080	5390	REC	344, LN	80
	5590	5810	5960	6110	6210	6300	6300	6170	6010	5740	5460	5030	4580	3940	3360	2620	REC	345, LN	80
AREA	2060	1730	1510	1320	1180	1050	950	850	790	710	680	620	600	530	500	480	REC	346, LN	80
00	450	410	390	360	340	310	300	280	270	240	220	210	200	190	180	170	REC	347, LN	80
	160	145	130	125	120	115	110	105	100	95	90	80	70	60	50	45	REC	348, LN	80
	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	05	00								REC	349, LN	80
	1.	5	0.2	RE	EACH: A	REA 33 1	TO STA.	ME									REC	350, LN	80
	8	1	4		2												REC	351, LN	80
	00	950	1900	3010	4150	5300	6570	7810	8930	10300	11200	12120	12900	12900	12340	11340	REC	352, LN	80
ARFA	10250	9300	8360	7170	6250	5180	4560	4130	3700	3370	3100	2790	2570	2410	2230	2100	REC	353, LN	80
34	2000	1910	1820	1750	1680	1600	1510	1430	1380	1300	1250	1200	1140	1100	1050	1000	REC	354, LN	80
	980	940	900	865	830	805	780	740	700	675	650	620	590	550	510	480	REC	355, LN	80
	450	425	400	370	340	315	290	245	210	190	170	135	100	70	40	10	REC	356, LN	80
	00																REC	357. LN	80
	LOCK 7	.MON.					DATION	•									REC	358. LN	80
		л	0.2		NC	2. OF 11	RATION	S	REAC	H: STA.	ME TO S	TA. MF					PEC	350 I N	80
	4.	4	0.2			-											REC	559, LIN	00
	6	2															REC	360, LN	80
	00	110	340	780	1170	1770	2280	2720	3060	3370	3700	3980	4090	4130	4100	3950	REC	361, LN	80
AREA	3710	3430	3160	2860	2550	2240	1970	1760	1530	1320	1180	1050	950	870	790	730	REC	362, LN	80
35	670	625	580	545	510	475	440	415	390	365	340	315	290	265	240	220	REC	363, LN	80
	200	185	170	150	130	110	90	75	60	45	30	20	10	00			REC	364, LN	80

# TABLE 2.3-2 (CONT'D)

	5.	0	0.4	RE	ACH: AR	EA 35 TO	O STA. M	F									REC	365, LN	80
	8	4															REC	366, LN	80
	00	50	120	750	1450	2250	3200	4200	5500	5825	5990	5960	5890	5780	5680	5550	REC	367, LN	80
AREA	5380	5210	5000	4740	4360	3800	3400	2840	2050	1580	1400	1250	1100	1010	925	850	REC	368, LN	80
36	780	725	670	625	580	550	520	500	475	450	430	410	390	370	350	330	REC	369, LN	80
	320	300	280	270	255	240	225	210	200	180	175	165	150	140	130	120	REC	370, LN	80
	110	100	90	80	75	70	65	60	50	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	REC	371, LN	80
	10	05	05	00													REC	372, LN	80
	4.	9	0.4	RE	ACH: AR	EA 36 T	O STA. M	F									REC	373, LN	80
	8	2															REC	374, LN	80
	00	90	270	540	810	1130	1450	1850	2240	2370	2390	2380	2340	2290	2240	2170	REC	375, LN	80
	2070	1930	1800	1640	1460	1260	1070	880	750	640	580	530	480	450	420	395	REC	376, LN	80
	370	350	330	315	300	285	270	260	250	240	230	210	200	190	180	170	REC	377, LN	80
AREA 37	160	150	145	140	130	120	115	110	105	100	95	90	85	80	75	70	REC	378, LN	80
	65	60	55	50	50	50	45	40	35	30	25	20	20	20	15	10	REC	379, LN	80
	05	00															REC	380, LN	80
	2.	8	0.4	R	EACH: A	REA 37	TO STA. I	MF									REC	381, LN	80
	83	3	5		2												REC	382, LN	80
	00	370	750	1160	1590	2100	2700	3330	3990	5070	6530	8640	10750	12410	13130	13380	REC	383, LN	80
		13350	13190	12660	11620 10790	9970	9290	8700	8100	7490	7020	6510	6090	5680	5320	4940	REC	384, LN	80
AREA 38	4660	4350	4060	3810	3590	3330	3140	2935	2730	2555	2380	2240	2100	1975	1850	1750	REC	385, LN	80
	1650	1555	1460	1385	1310	1220	1130	1065	990	920	850	775	700	640	580	525	REC	386, LN	80
	470	430	390	355	320	280	240	215	190	165	140	115	90	70	50	35	REC	387, LN	80
	20	10	00														REC	388, LN	80
	LOCK 4	.MON.															REC	389, LN	80
	6.	0	0.1	REAC	H: STA.	MF TO S	STA. MJ										REC	390, LN	80
	9	3															REC	391, LN	80
	00	130	670	2630	4600	7250	10060	12870	14000	14310	14280	13890	13310	12660	11970	11100	REC	392, LN	80

# TABLE 2.3-2 (CONT'D)

	HOURI	<u>_Y UNI</u>	<u>T HYDF</u>	ROGRA	HIC VA	ALUES	AND N	IUSKIN	GUM F	<u>ROUTIN</u>	G COE	FFICIE	<u>ENTS</u>						
	10240	9120	8070	7250	6240	5310	4720	4140	3500	3080	2760	2450	2200	1970	1790	1660	REC	393, LN	80
	1520	1400	1310	1210	1130	1070	1010	960	910	865	820	775	730	695	660	625	REC	394, LN	80
AREA 39	590	560	530	505	480	455	430	410	390	370	350	330	310	295	280	265	REC	395, LN	80
	250	235	220	205	190	180	170	160	150	140	130	120	110	105	100	95	REC	396, LN	80
	90	80	70	60	50	40	30	25	20	15	10	05	00				REC	397, LN	80
	4.	0	0.4	RE	ACH: A	REA 39 1	O STA.	MG									REC	398, LN	80
	7	1	1														REC	399, LN	80
	00	180	410	740	1030	1390	1780	2280	2810	3280	3590	3720	3660	3380	3110	2840	REC	400, LN	80
	2540	2360	2250	2150	2060	1980	1910	1840	1750	1670	1590	1500	1420	1320	1240	1150	REC	401, LN	80
AREA 40	1060	970	900	840	780	725	670	625	580	540	500	470	440	415	390	365	REC	402, LN	80
	340	320	300	285	270	250	230	210	190	175	160	145	130	115	100	85	REC	403, LN	80
	70	60	50	40	30	15	00										REC	404, LN	80
	3	6	;	3	2												REC	405, LN	80
	00	70	170	400	880	1600	2380	3340	4070	5170	5960	5980	5160	4160	3460	2910	REC	406, LN	80
AREA 41	2490	2100	1800	1510	1270	1060	850	690	540	410	320	260	200	150	110	80	REC	407, LN	80
	50	30	10	00													REC	408, LN	80
	CONFL	UENCE															REC	409, LN	80
	3.	0	0.2	R	EACH: \$	STA. MG	TO STA	. MH									REC	410, LN	80
	7	8	2		2												REC	411, LN	80
	00	410	640	1190	1780	2600	3370	4790	8150	15700	16600	16200	12500	9600	7850	6300	REC	412, LN	80
AREA	5650	5020	4700	4310	4000	3730	3490	3310	3130	2940	2810	2610	2480	2320	2210	2080	REC	413, LN	80
42	1980	1850	1740	1650	1550	1500	1400	1340	1290	1210	1140	1090	1010	960	900	850	REC	414, LN	80
	790	740	700	680	620	590	540	500	480	430	400	390	340	300	280	240	REC	415, LN	80
	200	190	180	150	120	100	90	70	50	40	20	10	05	00			REC	416, LN	00
	CON	NELLSV	ILLE														REC	417, LN	80
	7.	7	0.3		REAC	H: STA.	мн то s	STA. MI									REC	418, LN	80
	8	4	2		2												REC	419, LN	80
AREA 43	00	160	400	750	1040	1590	2140	3080	4210	5580	7830	10590	12430	13440	13600	13330	REC	420, LN	80

# TABLE 2.3-2 (CONT'D)

	12610	11450	10170	9100	8080	7270	6580	6010	5450	5110	4730	4340	4020	3750	3440	3210	REC	421, LN	80
	2980	2810	2600	2460	2320	2190	2060	1970	1880	1810	1740	1670	1600	1535	1470	1410	REC	422, LN	80
	1350	1290	1230	1170	1110	1055	1000	955	910	865	820	770	720	670	620	575	REC	423, LN	80
	530	495	460	430	400	375	330	300	270	245	220	190	160	135	110	85	REC	424, LN	80
	60	35	10	00													REC	425, LN	80
	SUTHE	RSVILLE	Ē														REC	426, LN	80
	4.	0	0.1	REA	ACH: ST	A. MI TO	STA. MJ	I									REC	427, LN	80
	10	5	1														REC	428, LN	80
	00	330	840	1450	2100	3000	3870	4620	5020	5230	5280	5180	4830	4370	3950	3520	REC	429, LN	80
	3030	2640	2320	2060	1810	1610	1450	1310	1220	1130	1070	1000	950	900	850	815	REC	430, LN	80
AREA 44	780	740	700	670	640	615	590	565	540	520	500	485	470	455	440	425	REC	431, LN	80
	410	395	380	365	350	335	320	310	300	290	280	265	250	240	230	220	REC	432, LN	80
	210	205	200	195	190	185	180	170	160	150	140	135	130	120	110	105	REC	433, LN	80
	100	95	90	85	80	75	70	65	60	55	50	45	40	35	30	25	REC	434, LN	80
	20	20	20	15	10	10	10	05	00								REC	435, LN	80
	83	3	4		2												REC	436, LN	80
	00	530	1280	2250	3320	4570	5970	8030	10510	12600	13920	15190	16000	16100	15720	14810	REC	437, LN	80
	13790	12260	11050	9880	8810	7840	6900	6030	5320	4520	3940	3450	2970	2660	2340	2060	REC	438, LN	80
AREA 45	1820	1630	1440	1305	1170	1060	950	870	790	725	660	600	540	495	450	420	REC	439, LN	80
	390	355	320	295	270	250	230	220	210	200	190	180	170	160	150	140	REC	440, LN	80
	130	120	110	105	100	90	80	70	60	50	40	35	30	25	20	15	REC	441, LN	80
	10	05	00														REC	442, LN	80
	LOCK 2	, MON.															REC	443, LN	80
	4.	0	0.1	REA	CH: STA	. MJ TO	STA. OA										REC	444, LN	80
	97	7															REC	445, LN	80
	00	390	800	1390	2170	2950	3630	4460	5080	5720	6370	7090	7620	7690	7600	7410	REC	446, LN	80
	7130	6850	6500	6110	5700	5250	4820	4450	4040	3670	3300	2990	2650	2330	2040	1780	REC	447, LN	80
AREA 46	1530	1380	1220	1110	1010	955	900	855	810	780	750	720	690	660	630	600	REC	448, LN	80

# TABLE 2.3-2 (CONT'D)

	570	550	530	510	490	470	450	430	410	395	380	365	350	335	320	305	REC	449, LN	80
	290	280	270	260	250	240	230	220	210	205	200	195	190	185	180	175	REC	450, LN	80
	170	160	150	140	130	120	110	100	90	80	70	60	50	40	30	15	REC	451, LN	80
	00																REC	452, LN	80
	2.	6	0.1	REA	CH: ARE	A 46 TO	STA. OA	<b>\</b>									REC	453, LN	80
	6	1	4		2												REC	454, LN	80
	00	290	690	1360	2120	3450	5230	8720	11530	14930	18270	21410	24380	26330	26320	22720	REC	455, LN	80
AREA 47	19650	15900	12170	9620	8340	7400	6590	5930	5360	4880	4420	4040	3620	3250	2940	2660	REC	456, LN	80
	2380	2130	1880	1710	1540	1380	1220	1075	930	815	700	610	520	455	390	350	REC	457, LN	80
	310	270	230	200	170	140	110	90	70	50	30	15	00				REC	458, LN	80
	DASHIE	LDS															REC	459, LN	80
	3.	7	0.1	REA	ACH: ST	A. OA TC	STA. O	В									REC	460, LN	80
	11	8			2												REC	461, LN	80
	00	30	60	100	140	260	350	490	620	790	930	1100	1320	1540	1720	1910	REC	462, LN	80
AREA 48	2100	2350	2510	2750	2940	3140	3290	3470	3540	3620	3700	3740	3790	3800	3810	3830	REC	463, LN	80
	3830	3820	3810	3790	3740	3680	3600	3500	3380	3290	3150	3060	2960	2840	2720	2610	REC	464, LN	80
	2480	2390	2250	2140	2010	1900	1770	1660	1540	1420	1320	1220	1140	1050	960	890	REC	465, LN	80
	810	750	700	650	600	560	510	500	480	450	410	400	380	340	320	310	REC	466, LN	80
	300	290	260	240	230	210	200	200	190	180	170	160	150	140	130	125	REC	467, LN	80
	120	110	105	100	100	95	90	80	70	65	60	50	40	35	30	25	REC	468, LN	80
	20	15	10	05	05	00											REC	469, LN	80
	WARRE	EN,OHIC	)														REC	470, LN	80
	6.	0	0.2		No. Ol	F ITERAT 2	FIONS	R	EACH: A	REA 48 T	O STA.E	BA					REC	471, LN	80
	97	7	2		2												REC	472, LN	80
	00	180	350	850	1730	3050	3840	4150	4310	4390	4350	4090	3740	3350	2970	2600	REC	473, LN	80
	2280	2020	1820	1550	1330	1200	1100	1010	950	900	860	810	790	750	710	690	REC	474, LN	80
AREA 49	640	620	600	590	560	510	500	480	440	420	400	390	370	340	310	300	REC	475, LN	80
	290	275	260	240	220	210	200	190	180	165	150	135	120	115	110	100	REC	476, LN	80

# TABLE 2.3-2 (CONT'D)

# HOURLY UNIT HYDROGRAHIC VALUES AND MUSKINGUM ROUTING COEFFICIENTS

	95	90	85	80	75	70	65	60	55	50	50	50	50	50	45	40	REC	477, LN	80
	35	30	25	20	20	20	15	15	15	10	10	10	05	05	05	05	REC	478, LN	80
	00																REC	479, LN	80
	YOUNG	STOWN															REC	480, LN	80
	4.	0	0.2		NO. O	F ITERA 2	TIONS	RE	EACH: S	TA. BA T	O STA. E	BB					REC	481, LN	80
	12	20	1														REC	482, LN	80
	00	160	340	530	720	950	1200	1500	1740	2120	2300	2460	2560	2630	2710	2780	REC	483, LN	80
	2790	2810	2820	2830	2830	2810	2810	2790	2740	2700	2680	2610	2560	2500	2460	2400	REC	484, LN	80
AREA 50	2340	2290	2230	2170	2110	2060	2000	1910	1860	1800	1750	1700	1640	1590	1520	1480	REC	485, LN	80
	1410	1380	1320	1290	1220	1190	1140	1100	1050	1010	990	940	900	860	820	800	REC	486, LN	80
	760	720	700	660	630	600	580	560	530	500	490	480	460	430	410	400	REC	487, LN	80
	390	370	350	330	320	310	300	290	270	250	240	230	220	210	200	190	REC	488, LN	80
	180	160	140	130	120	110	100	95	90	85	80	70	60	50	40	35	REC	489, LN	80
	30	25	20	15	10	10	05	00									REC	490, LN	80
	11	3	2	2	2												REC	491, LN	80
	00	260	520	880	1150	1520	1890	2300	2730	3290	3860	4510	5000	5440	5550	5590	REC	492, LN	80
	5580	5380	4900	4590	4360	4100	3810	3560	3320	2680	2480	2320	2160	2020	1890	1790	REC	493, LN	80
AREA 51	1690	1600	1520	1450	1380	1350	1280	1180	1090	1050	1010	970	930	900	870	835	REC	494, LN	80
	800	765	730	705	680	655	630	605	580	555	530	510	490	470	450	430	REC	495, LN	80
	410	395	380	365	350	335	320	305	290	280	270	260	250	235	220	210	REC	496, LN	80
	200	195	190	180	170	160	150	140	130	125	120	115	110	105	100	95	REC	497, LN	80
	90	85	80	75	70	60	50	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	05	REC	498, LN	80
	00																REC	499, LN	80
	NEW C	ASTLE															REC	500, LN	80
	3.	0	0.2	REA	ACH: AR	EAS 50 /	AND 51 T	O STA. I	BB								REC	501, LN	80
	12	27	3														REC	502, LN	80
	00	90	180	300	470	760	1300	2020	2930	4550	5840	6680	7230	7570	7560	7380	REC	503, LN	80
AREA 52	7140	6760	6330	5810	5380	4920	4590	4310	4070	3840	3680	3520	3370	3240	3110	2990	REC	504, LN	80

18 of 22

# TABLE 2.3-2 (CONT'D)

	2890	2780	2670	2560	2450	2375	2280	2185	2090	2005	1920	1845	1770	1700	1630	1570	RE	C 505, LN	I 80
	1510	1450	1390	1335	1280	1230	1180	1130	1080	1035	990	950	910	870	830	795	RE	C 506, LN	80
	760	730	700	670	640	615	590	570	550	530	510	495	480	465	450	435	RE	C 507, LN	I 80
	420	405	390	375	360	345	330	320	310	300	290	280	270	260	250	240	RE	C 508, LN	I 80
	230	220	210	205	200	190	180	170	160	150	140	130	120	115	110	105	RE	C 509, LN	I 80
	100	95	90	85	80	75	70	60	50	40	30	20	10	05	00		RE	C 510, LN	I 80
	3.	0	0.	2	REACH	: STA. E	B TO ST	A. BC									RE	C 511, LN	I 80
	14	4					2.00.										RE	C 512, LN	I 80
	00	100	200	380	670	1300	2400	3650	3980	4130	4280	4390	4560	4910	5180	5280	RE	C 513, LN	80
	5270	5130	4940	4780	4610	4480	4390	4390	4410	4490	4600	4790	4810	4790	4730	4640	RE	C 514, LN	80
ARFA	4550	4450	4360	4230	4140	4050	3940	3820	3730	3600	3480	3330	3210	3100	2850	2690	RE	C 515, LN	I 80
53	2600	2500	2400	2300	2210	2120	2030	1940	1860	1770	1700	1610	1530	1490	1430	1400	RE	C 516, LN	80
	1350	1300	1280	1230	1210	1190	1170	1150	1110	1100	1080	1040	1010	1000	980	960	RE	C 517, LN	80
	930	910	900	870	850	810	800	780	760	730	710	700	690	660	650	620	RE	C 518, LN	80
	610	600	590	570	560	540	520	500	500	480	470	430	420	410	400	390	RE	C 519, LN	I 80
	370	350	320	300	290	280	260	250	240	230	210	200	190	170	150	140	RE	C 520, LN	I 80
	130	110	100	100	95	90	80	70	60	50	40	30	20	10	05	00	RE	C 521, LN	I 80
	3.	0	0.	4	REACH	: AREA	53 TO SI	ΓΑ. BC									RE	C 522, LN	I 80
	12	6															RE	C 523, LN	I 80
	00	00	100	200	360	520	800	1150	1550	2000	2410	2820	3290	3680	4070	4380	RE	C 524, LN	I 80
	4690	5000	5300	5520	5710	5830	5930	5990	6000	5980	5900	5800	5680	5550	5410	5270	RE	C 525, LN	I 80
AREA 54	5140	5000	4830	4680	4500	4310	4120	3940	3790	3620	3450	3300	3120	2970	2790	2680	RE	C 526, LN	80
•	2520	2410	2300	2200	2090	2000	1900	1810	1710	1620	1560	1500	1410	1360	1280	1200	RE	C 527, LN	I 80
	1150	1100	1020	980	910	880	810	780	730	700	660	620	590	560	520	500	RE	C 528, LN	I 80
	480	440	410	400	380	340	310	300	290	280	270	240	210	200	200	190	RE	C 529, LN	I 80
	180	150	140	120	110	105	105	100	95	90	85	80	75	70	65	60	RE	C 530, LN	I 80
	55	50	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	05	05	05	00			RE	C 531, LN	80
	4.	0	0.4	REA	ACH: AR	EA 54 TO	STA. B	С									RE	C 532, LN	I 80

# TABLE 2.3-2 (CONT'D)

	<u>HOURI</u>		<u>t hydf</u>	ROGRA	HIC VA	ALUES	AND M	<b>IUSKIN</b>	GUM F		G COE	FFICIE	ENTS				REC	533, LN	80
	00	220	430	770	1150	1610	2200	3270	4200	5060	5760	6120	5780	5450	5070	4480	REC	534, LN	80
	3910	3100	2640	2220	1900	1600	1390	1190	1010	870	720	620	520	460	400	350	REC	535, LN	80
AREA 55	300	255	210	180	150	120	90	65	40	20	00						REC	536, LN	80
	BEAVE	R FALLS															REC	537, LN	80
	2.	1	0.1	REA	ACH: ST	A. BC TC	STA. O	В									REC	538, LN	80
	7	1															REC	539, LN	80
	00	220	490	810	1210	1670	2150	2680	3140	3650	4200	4770	5310	5870	6190	6320	REC	540, LN	80
	6260	6000	5700	5420	5060	4650	4280	3770	3300	2850	2440	2170	1820	1570	1370	1210	REC	541, LN	80
AREA 56	1070	940	830	740	660	600	540	505	470	430	390	355	320	290	260	235	REC	542, LN	80
	210	195	180	160	140	125	110	100	90	80	70	60	50	45	40	35	REC	543, LN	80
	30	25	20	15	10	05	00										REC	544, LN	80
	0.	5	0.1		3	R	REACH:	AREA 56	TO STA.	OB							REC	545, LN	80
	4.	5	0.0														REC	546, LN	80
	13	5															REC	547, LN	80
	00	30	80	170	210	620	970	1440	1930	2530	3220	4250	5730	7000	8260	9580	REC	548, LN	80
	10170	10380	10000	9380	8920	8530	8130	7770	7540	7450	7510	7980	8380	8350	7990	7570	REC	549, LN	80
	7220	6830	6500	6270	5850	5490	5160	4820	4510	4220	3960	3710	3490	3290	3090	2910	REC	550, LN	80
AREA 57	2760	2600	2450	2310	2180	2040	1960	1870	1790	1710	1650	1590	1540	1490	1440	1400	REC	551, LN	80
	1360	1320	1280	1240	1200	1160	1120	1085	1050	1020	990	960	930	900	870	845	REC	552, LN	80
	820	795	770	745	720	695	670	645	620	600	580	560	540	520	500	485	REC	553, LN	80
	470	455	440	425	410	395	380	365	350	335	320	310	300	290	280	270	REC	554, LN	80
	260	245	230	220	210	190	180	170	160	150	140	130	120	110	100	90	REC	555, LN	80
	80	65	50	35	20	10	00										REC	556, LN	80
	3.	8	0.0	REA	ACH: AR	EA 57 TO	O STA. C	B									REC	557, LN	80
	10	)5															REC	558, LN	80
	00	40	90	140	200	260	320	390	490	690	1120	1670	2130	2500	2770	2990	REC	559, LN	80
AREA 58	3210	3400	3430	3380	3320	3320	3350	3410	3540	3760	3880	3810	3440	2920	2460	2060	REC	560, LN	80

#### TABLE 2.3-2 (CONT'D)

#### HOURLY UNIT HYDROGRAHIC VALUES AND MUSKINGUM ROUTING COEFFICIENTS REC 561. LN 562, LN REC REC 563, LN 564, LN REC REC 565, LN 0.5 0.0 REC 566, LN REACH: AREA 58 TO STA. OB 567. LN REC 14100 11050 REC 568, LN 569, LN REC AREA REC 570, LN REC 571, LN REC 572, LN NEW CUMBERLAND REC 573, LN REACH: STA. OB TO STA. OC 6.6 0.0 REC 574, LN REC 575, LN REC 576, LN 577. LN REC REC 578, LN AREA REC 579. LN REC 580, LN REC 581, LN 2.4 0.1 REACH: AREA 60 TO STA. OC REC 582, LN REC 583. LN REC 584, LN AREA 585, LN REC REC 586. LN 587, LN REC REC 588, LN

# Rev. 19

# TABLE 2.3-2 (CONT'D)

HOURLY	UNIT HYDR	OGRAHIC \	ALUES A	ND MUSH	KINGUM F	ROUTING	COEFFICI	ENTS

430	410	400	390	360	335	310	290	270	245	220	210	200	190	180	160	REC	589, LN	80
140	125	110	100	90	75	60	45	30	25	20	10	00				REC	590, LN	80
WHEELI	NG															REC	591, LN	80

# **TABLE 2.3-3**

# DISTANCES FROM SHIPPINGPORT TO DAM SITES

<u>Dam</u>	Distance from Shippingport in miles
Union City	231
Chautauqua	258.8
Kinzua	233
Tionesta	188.5
East Branch	225.3
Mahoning	112.4
Crooked Creek	82.4
Conemaugh	99.6
Loyalhanna	96.8
Youghiogheny	125.6
Tygart	186.3
Shenango	87.0
Meander Creek	65.3
Mosquito Creek	75.8
Milton	94.4
Kirwin	97.5

# **TABLE 2.3-4**

#### FLOOD FORECAST FOR DASHIELDS BEGINNING ON 10/15/1954

<u>Day</u>	Time	Increase in Predicted Flow CFS
15	6 12 18 24	47. 1,463. 22,381. 111,396.
16	6 12 18 24	212,113. 275,696. 317,480. 321,660.
17	6 12 18 24	294,720. 248,305. 198,122. 154,732.
18	6 12 18 24	122,149. 98,827. 81,785. 68,974.

TABLE 2.3-5

# DAMS ABOVE BVPS SITE - PERTINENT DATA



#### TABLE 2.3-5 (CONT'D)

#### DAMS ABOVE BVPS SITE - PERTINENT DATA

# Removed in Accordance with RIS 2015-17

#### **TABLE 2.3-6**

#### ANALYSIS OF LIQUEFACTION POTENTIAL KINZUA DAM ABUTMENT SECTION

Elevation	Mass Above, Psf	Aavg (Peak)	S, Psf = 0.65.M.Aavg	<u>, Psf</u>	<u>S/</u>	0.65	Factor of Safety
<u>At Center - I</u>	DBE Plus 25-Yr Flood						
1210	22,700	0.15 g	2,200	22,700	0.097	0.21	2.2
1200	24,090	0.15 g	2,350	23,450	0.10	0.21	2.1
1180	26,870	0.14 g	2,440	24,950	0.098	0.21	2.1
1160	29,650	0.13 g	2,520	27,450	0.092	0.21	2.3
1140	32,430	0.12 g	2,530	28,950	0.088	0.21	2.4
1120	35,210	0.11 g	2,520	30,450	0.083	0.21	2.6
<u>At Toe - DB</u>	E Plus 25-Yr Flood						
1210	4,170	0.11 g	300	4,170	0.072	0.21	2.9
1200	5,560	0.11 g	395	4,920	0.081	0.21	2.6
1180	8,340	0.10 g	540	6,420	0.084	0.21	2.5
1160	11,120	0.09 g	650	7,920	0.082	0.21	2.6
1140	13,900	0.08 g	720	9,420	0.077	0.21	2.7
1120	16,680	0.07 g	760	10,920	0.070	0.21	3.0
<u>At Center - H</u>	Historic Earthquake Plus Sta	ndard Project Flood					
1240	18,700	0.04 g	490	18,700	0.026	0.21	8.0
1220	21,580	0.04 g	565	20,200	0.028	0.21	7.5
1200	24,360	0.04 g	630	21,700	0.029	0.21	7.2
1180	27,140	0.035 g	620	23,200	0.027	0.21	7.8
1160	29,920	0.032 g	620	24,700	0.025	0.21	8.4
1140	32,700	0.03 g	640	26,200	0.024	0.21	8.7
1120	35,480	0.0275 g	630	27,700	0.023	0.21	9.1

NOTE: / from triaxial tests by Seed on Sacramento River sand, as shown on Figure 2.6-9, for relative density of 60%.

Number of cycles of loading - 10

# TABLE 2.3-7

# RATIOS BETWEEN THE HEIGHTS, LENGTHS AND STEEPNESS OF WAVES AND IN CURRENTS OF DIFFERENT RELATIVE VELOCITIES

# (Based on a theoretical study made at the Scripps Institution of Oceanography)

#### Ratio Between Current Velocity and Wave Velocity in Still Water

Ratio Between Wave Characteristics in Current and in Still Water	tio Between Wave aracteristics in rrent and in Still ater Contrary Currents						Following Currents					
U/C	-0.25	-0.20	-0.15	-0.10	-0.05	+0.05	+0.10	+0.15	+0.20	+0.25		
Height	2.35	1.75	1.39	1.21	1.08	0.93	0.87	0.82	0.79	0.76		
Length	.43	.52	.67	.79	.90	1.08	1.19	1.26	1.36	1.43		
Steepness	5.49	3.40	2.07	1.53	1.21	.86	.73	.65	.58	.53		

# TABLE 2.6-1

#### NUMBER OF CYCLES IN WHICH ACCELERATION EQUALS OR EXCEEDS ONE-HALF THE PEAK ACCELERATION FOR DIRECTION RECORDED

Earthquake Record	Number of Cycles of <u>Significant Motion</u>
Taft '52 S69E	9
Taft '52 N21E	9
El Centro '40 NS	10
El Centro '40 EW	12
Golden Gate '57 NE	3
Golden Gate S80E	5
Olympia '49 S86W	7
Helena '35 NS	5
Helena '35 EW	5
Eureka N79E	4
Eureka NIIW	7
Parkfield Site 2	2
Parkfield Site 5 - N5W	1
Parkfield Site 5 - N85E	1
Hollister	3

#### **TABLE 2.6-2**

#### RELATIVE DENSITIES AND RELATED SOIL PROPERTIES FOR SOILS UNDERLYING BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION SITE VIBRATORY COMPACTION TESTS AT 1 PSI FOR 8 MIN

				~ . ~		Natural				Natural Dry		_	
				Grain Size A	nalysis,	Wet	Minimum	Maximu	m Density,	Density,	Relative	Loc	ation
Test	Depth,	Elevation,		% Passin	g	Density (PCF)	Density,	P	PCF	PCF	Density,	North	East
<u>No.</u>	<u>Ft</u>	<u>Ft</u>	Description of Soils	<u>No. 200 Mesh</u>	<u>D60/D10</u>	(In-Place)	PCF	VIB	Field*1	(In-Place)	<u>% *4</u>	Coordinates	Coordinates
1	25.0	710.0	Medium brown coarse sand slightly silty, some gravel	1	50.0	129.0	112.0	136.8	139.3	120.6	87	3710	7500
2	35.0	700.0	Fine to medium brown sand, some coarse sand and gravel, trace of clay and silt	1	42.5	139.8	117.4	134.3	141.4	131.3	92	3799	7550
3	40.0	695.0	Same as Test 2 with large pieces of broken gravel	2	44.0	141.3	115.0	134.9	141.4	132.9	94	3751	7600
4 *2	45.0	690.0	Same as Test 1	2	89.0	131.7	120.0	128.4	141.4	123.7	87.5	3730	7575
5	47.5	687.5	Same as Test 2	1	47.5	138.5	115.4	134.5	141.4	129.6	91	3730	7588
6	49.8	685.2	Same as Test	1	50.0	136.6	116.8	133.9	143.7	130.0	92	3691	7550
7	52.5	682.5	Fine to medium gravel and sand slightly silty, some large gravel	1	29.0	143.9	116.4	134.7	143.7	136.5	95	3782	7550

Maximum densities were obtained both by laboratory (ASTM D2049-64T), and field compaction using a vibratory compactor.

\*1 Field in-place density tests were performed in area soils during the reactor containment excavation.
\*2 Test No. 4 was performed using the Bureau of Reclamation Procedure for determining minimum and maximum densities

\*3 Field compaction tests were not available for this material (soil was excavated and wasted)

\*4 Relative density was calculated using measured natural (in-place) and field compacted densities

#### TABLE 2.6-3

#### RESULTS OF STABILITY ANALYSES FOR NATURAL AND DESIGN CONDITIONS

Stability Analyses Plan:	<u>As-built C</u>	<u>Conditions</u>	As-built ( with DB	Conditions E = 0.125	As-built C with F Flood	Conditions Project <u>El. 707'</u>	As-built C with Rapid from P Flood	onditions Drawdown Project Level	As-built with Rapic from Pro Level with	Conditions d Drawdown oject Flood DBE = 0.125	As-built Conditions with Rapid Drawdown Level with DBE = 0.125 Morgenstern Analysis
	*F	**B	F	В	F	В	F	В	F	В	
Section as shown on figure											
Section E 8100 TO N 4825 E 8550	2.136	2.702	1.741	1.777	1.273	1.204			0.974	0.982	0.975
Section N 7550 (Proposed fill river side of turbine building)	2.73	2.61	2.36	2.29	1.781	1.701	1.771	1.70	1.431	1.492	1.310

Note: Many circles where analyzed; tabulated values indicate lowest factor of safety obtained for particular section under listed condition.

For combined static and earthquake loading indicated factor of safety is instantaneous single peak value. Value of less than 1.0 indicates some distortion might occur at section considered.

\*F - Indicates Fellenius Method of Analyses

\*\*B - Indicates Bishops Simplified Method of Analyses (Side forces used in calculations)

# TABLE 2.7-1

# ADDITIVE BUILDING LOADING

<u>Structure</u>	Nominal El. Of Base of Founda- tion (ft)	Approximate El. Of Original Ground (ft)	Approximate Structure Dead Wt (ksf)	Removed Soil Load <u>(ksf)</u>	Addi- tional Bldg. Load <u>(ksf)</u>
Containment Structure	681	735	7.3	6.5	0.8
Fuel Building	720	735	4.0	1.8	2.2
Auxiliary Building	714	735	4.0	2.5	1.5
Turbine Building	683	715	4.0	4.2	-0.2
Service Building					
Switchgear Room	711	732	4.0	2.5	1.5
High Part of Building	730	730	1.0	-	1.0

# TABLE 2.8-1

#### PREOPERATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL RADIOLOGICAL MONITORING PROGRAM FOR THE BEAVER VALLEY STATION<sup>(3)</sup>

#### SAMPLING DESCRIPTION

#### SAMPLING FREQUENCY

Type of Sample	Sample <u>Point</u>	Sampling Point Description	Pre-Operational Program	Analysis	<u>Remarks</u>
Surface Water	49 <sup>(4)</sup> 2 3 4 5	Upstream Side Montgomery Dam Station discharge Shippingport station discharge Midland water plant (raw water) East Liverpool water plant (raw water)	Monthly com- posite of weekly samples	Gross beta (suspended and dissolved) tritium	Gamma Spectrum when gross beta >10pCi/1,periodic gross alpha
Drinking Water	4 5	Midland water plant (treated water) East Liverpool water plant (treated water)	Weekly com- posite of daily samples	Gross beta (suspended and dissolved) tritium	Gamma Spectrum when gross beta >10pCi/1,periodic gross alpha
Fish (any avail- able species	2	In or near station discharge	Quarterly	Gross beta Potassium-40 gamma spectrum Sr-90 (bone)	
Bottom Sediments	49 <sup>(4)</sup> 2 50 4	Upstream Side Montgomery Dam near mile 31 In or near station discharge Upstream Side New Cumberland Dam near mile 54 Midland Water intake near mile 36	Quarterly	Gross beta Potassium-40 gamma spectrum	

#### TABLE 2.8-1 (CONT'D)

#### PREOPERATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL RADIOLOGICAL MONITORING PROGRAM FOR THE BEAVER VALLEY STATION<sup>(3)</sup>(CONT'D)

#### SAMPLING DESCRIPTION

#### SAMPLING FREQUENCY

	Sample		Pre-Operational			
Type of Sample	Point	Sampling Point Description	Program	Analysis	<u>Remarks</u>	
Well Water	6,7	2 wells near Shippingport discharge	Quarterly	Gross beta (suspended	Gamma Spectrum when gross beta	
	8	Spring southwest of site		and dissolved)	>10pCi/1,periodic	
	9	On-site well		tritium	gross alpha	
	10,11	2 wells in Shippingport, Pa				
	12	Spring in Shippingport, Pa				
	13	Wells at Meyers Dairy Farm				
	14	Hookstown, Pa				
	15	Georgetown, Pa				
Soil	16,17	2 east of site	Quarterly	Gross beta		
	18,19	2 west of site	-	Potassium-40		
	20,21	2 north of site		gamma spectrum		
	22,23	2 south of site		Sr-89 Sr-90		
Wildlife (rabbit)	24	On-site	Quarterly	I-131 in thyroid gamma spectrum on flesh Sr-89,90 in bone		
			(2)	,		
Milk	25 Searight Dairy 26 Hobbs Dairy		Monthly <sup>(2)</sup> (weekly at	I-131	I-131 only on weekly samples	
	27	Brunton Dairy	sample pt.	Cs-137		
	28	Sherman Dairy	13)	Sr-90		
### TABLE 2.8-1 (CONT'D)

## PREOPERATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL RADIOLOGICAL MONITORING PROGRAM FOR THE BEAVER VALLEY STATION<sup>(3)</sup>(CONT'D)

# SAMPLING DESCRIPTION

# SAMPLING FREQUENCY

Type of Sample	Sample <u>Point</u>	Sampling Point Description	Pre-Operational Program	Analysis	<u>Remarks</u>
Milk (Conťd)	29 13	Nichols Dairy Meyers Dairy		Sr-89 Ba-140 La-140 Elemental Ca	
Air Particulates	30 31 32 51 46 28 13 29 47 48 <sup>(4)</sup>	On-site east <sup>(1)</sup> On-site west <sup>(1)</sup> Midland, Pa Aliquippa, Pa Industry, Pa Sherman Dairy Meyers Dairy Nichols Dairy (Beaver) East Liverpool, Ohio Weirton, West Virginia	Weekly	Gross Beta I-131 on charcoal only	Periodic gross alpha, gamma spectrum if gross beta >10pCi/m <sup>3</sup> Composited for each station monthly for gamma spectrum analysis
Gamma Dosimeters (3 sets each location)	33-44 10 45 30 31 32 14 15 51 46	Site periphery Shippingport, Pa Mount Pleasant Church On-site east On-site west Midland, Pa Hookstown, Pa Georgetown, Pa Aliquippa, Pa Industry, Pa	Monthly Quarterly Annual	Beta and gamma dose	

### TABLE 2.8-1 (CONT'D)

## PREOPERATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL RADIOLOGICAL MONITORING PROGRAM FOR THE BEAVER VALLEY STATION<sup>(3)</sup>(CONT'D)

# SAMPLING DESCRIPTION

### SAMPLING FREQUENCY

	Sample		Pre-Operational		
Type of Sample	<u>Point</u>	Sampling Point Description	Program	Analysis	<u>Remarks</u>
Gamma Dosimeters	28	Sherman Dairy			
(3 sets each	13	Meyers Dairy			
location) (Cont'd)	29	Nichols Dairy (Beaver)			
	47	East Liverpool. Ohio			
	48 <sup>(4)</sup>	Weirton, West Virginia			
Vegetation and	25	Searight Dairy	Quarterly	Beta, Sr-89	Vegetation
Food Crops	26	Hobbs Dairy	-	Sr-90	during growing
	27	Brunton Dairy		gamma	season, silage
	28	Sherman Dairy		spectrum	and supplemental
	29	Nichols Dairy		-1	feed
	13	Mevers Dairy			
		Fruit and vegetables	Fruit at	Sr-89, Sr-90	
		(within 5 miles of plant	harvest.	gamma	
		if available)	vegetables	spectrum	
		,	during growing		
			season		

# **BVPS UFSAR UNIT 1**

# TABLE 2.8-1 (CONT'D)

### PREOPERATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL RADIOLOGICAL MONITORING PROGRAM FOR THE BEAVER VALLEY STATION<sup>(3)</sup>(CONT'D)

- (1) On site stations to be relocated elsewhere on site due to interference with future construction.
- (2) The weekly sampling will be instituted at all dairies if I-131 is detected in any milk sample orif I-131 is detected in the weekly airborne particulate samples. Sampling will continue at the weekly level until I-131 levels drop below minimum detectable concentrations associated with this program.
- (3) Revised environmental monitoring program, Beaver Valley Power Station, Unit 1, Final Environmental Statement, App. B.
- (4) Control point location.





FIGURE 2-1-2 AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT





FIG. 2.1-4 POPULATION DISTRIBUTION 0-5 MILES BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION

UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



Miles	5-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50
1960	138,000	310,000	1,301,000	1,241,000	840,000
1970	135,500	324,000	1,254,000	1,238,000	852,000
1990	154,000	373,000	1,359,000	1,368,000	1,012,000

FIGURE 2.1-5 POPULATION DISTRIBUTION 5-50 MILES BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



AREA HIGHWAY MAP BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT-NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



FIGURE 2-1-8 NORMAL RIVER CHANNEL SH 1 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT





FIGURE 2-1-10 NORMAL RIVER CHANNEL SH 3 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



# Removed in Accordance with RIS 2015-17

FIGURE 2.1-12 PIPELINE LOCATION BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



# BARGE CHARACTERISTICS

.

TYPE	BARGE DESCRIPTION		SIZE	DRAFT	CAPACITY	DISPLACEMENT
I	JUMBO SIZE CARGO-TRANSIENT		290' x 50'	9'	3000T	3900T
Π	COAL BARGES - MOORED UPST	REAM	175'x 26'	9'	900T	1050T
					*DISPLACEM	ENT T = 2240LB.
1	POSTULATED IMPACT CRITERIA	BASIS				
	FLOOD BELOW EL. 705 FT.					
	I. TYPE A BARGE-DISP	LAÇEM	IENT 3900	т		
	2. CRITICAL IMPACT L	EVEL	-EL. 690 F	т.		
	3. RIVER VELOCITY AT	BANK-	- V = 4.4 FT	./SEC.	OR 3 M.P.H.	
	4. CRITICAL BLOW ON	INTAKE	E			
	UPSTREAM WALL-	FULL	IMPACT ( I	TEM B		
	FRONT CURTAIN WA	NLL-GL	ANCINGIM	PACT AT	20 (ITEM A)	)
	FLOOD ABOVE EL.705 FT.					
	I. TYPE B BARGE-DISP	LACEM	ENT 1050	т		
	2. CRITICAL IMPACT LI	EVEL-	EL.725 FT.			
	3. RIVER VELOCITY AT	BANK	-V=2.5FT -	SEC O	R 1.7 M PH	
	4. CRITICAL BLOW ON	INTAK	L INDACT / !!	FEM ON		
	UPSIREAM WALL-	PULL	IMPAGE (I		T 00° (ITEN C	• •
	FRONT CURTAIN W	ALL-GI	LANCINGIN	APACTA	120 (ITEMO	, ,
					EL.730	
·	OUMP.		PUMP			•
	STRUCTURE	5	STRUCTURE		e	
						EL.705
						B
Ŀ			FL 675			Ð • ·
			77785			
==		1	/////	//////////////////////////////////////		
		- \	l l	1		J
	===		\	i		
ļ	20		$\mathbf{A}$	Ĺ		
		ICAL)	L			R
					EAST ELEV	ATION
		~			OF INTA	KE
1.				AR	ROW AND	DESIGNATE
J-4	A			P	DINT OF BARG	SE IMPACT
	D C B					
F	PLANOFINTAKE					
•						
				c	1CHDE 2 1-1/	L
				B	ARGE IMPACT	CRITERIA

BARGE IMPACT CRITERIA BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



FIGURE 2-2-1 TOPOGRAPHIC CROSS SECTIONS SH 1 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



FIGURE 2-2-2 TOPOGRAPHIC CROSS SECTIONS SH 2 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



1/2

HORIZONTAL SCALE-MILES



FIGURE 2-2-4 TOPOGRAPHIC CROSS SECTIONS SH 4 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



REV. 0 (1/82) STREAM ן ו300 1100 FEET 900 700 500 - 1 FIGURE 2.2-5 TOPOGRAPHIC CROSS SECTIONS SH 5

BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

CENTERLINE OF SITE EAST. SOUTH.EAST WEST NORTH WEST 1500 STREAM 1300 TOP OF COOLING TOWER  $\mathcal{M}$ 1100 BOUNDARY FEET CENTERLINE OF CENTERLINE OF EL. 885 TOP OF CONTAINMENT 900 RIVER EDGE EDGE EDGE EDGE SITE EL 730 700 EDGE CENTERLINE OF ISLAND BOUNDARY-

RIVER

WNW

ESE

HORIZONTAL SCALE-MILES

1/2

- 5MILES

500



FIGURE 2-2-6 TOPOGRAPHIC CROSS SECTIONS SH 6 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

5 MILES



.



















FIGURE 2-3-5 INDEX MAP FLOOD CONTROL PROJECTS BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT





FIGURE 2-3-7 OHIO RIVER (MILE 30.9 TO MILE 53.7) TOPOGRAPHY SH 1 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT





BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT





FIGURE 2.3-10 OHIO RIVER (MILE 30.9 TO MILE 53.7) TOPOGRAPHY SH 4 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT





U.S. ARMY 178.84 178.84 178.84 OHIO RIVER MILE 30.9 TO MILE 53.7 TOPOGRAPHY SCALE MAD NIZZ SHEE Ŋ. the I there ----FLE O-LNG-AI6/5 5 FIGURE 2.3-11 OHIO RIVER (MILE 30.9 TO MILE 53.7) TOPOGRAPHY SH 5 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT




BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

N.S. Ambrid Highwy ĕ 3 6396- Ed Der 63 PRIER T a 5 Edst (U.S. Ro. ° ∃E 60 ... ۴Ę ومح 50 30-25-ΈL 2 20 -50 700 15 -45 | ₩ - 45 MARCH 1936 FLOD 5 1342 FLOOD 10474 - FLOOD (100 YBAR) 20 POOL 694.0 15 15-683.00-0. 674 6 ------- 25 40 -673-00-0 20 0.32.34 (Gan. - E.M.) 12 30 52 90 11111111111111111111 1E 0. 666.06 E 15 NORMAL POOL 664 - 10 Ę, 653 62 -E 0. 652.50 - 2 15 LO. 616.7 \_ HE. 647.2 NORMAL POOL 694.0 U.6. 633.9 630  $\sim \sim$ \۸ RIGHT BANK n<del>a Coonty,Oi</del> Beaver County, Pa. <del>, Coonty.</del> Allegheny County B. Beaver County, Pa: Hancock County, W. Va. LEFT BAN 3 EDGE WORTH GCHESTER - EAST ROCHESTER - FREEDOM ECONOM CONWAY BADEN BEAVER GLENFI EMPIRE EAST LIVERPOOL TRATTO WELLSVILLE WIDLAN TOFONT LASGON BANK SOUTH LEETSDALE NEIGHTS CO. CHESTER MAKEES WEIRTON LEFT BANK 28 26 24 22 20 18 16 DISTANCE IN MILES BELOW HEAD OF OHIO RIVER AT PITTSBURGH 38 *4*8 42 32 36 34 32 30 16 2 .36 RACED 62 30 34.4 OHIO RIVER

REV. 0 (1/82)





FIGURE 2.3-14 HISTORIC HIGH WATER MARKS BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



## OHIO RIVER PROJECT FLOOD STUDY INFILTRATION INDICES AND BASE FLOWS

## INFILTRATION INDICES

REV. 0 (1/82) INFILTRATION (INCHES PER INDICES HOUR) 2 3 6 HOUR PRECIPITATION IN INCHES RAINFALL EXCESS CURVES FIGURE 2-3-15 PRECIPITATION VS. EXCESS BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

BASE FLOWS IN C.F.S.													
STATION	DRAINAGE AREA SQ. MI.	JAN. JULY	FEB. MAR. JUNE	APR. May	SEPT. OCT. Nov.	AUG. DEC.	STATION	DRAINAGE AREA SQ. ML	JAN. JULY	FEB. MAR. JUNE	APR. MAY	SEPT. OCT. NOV.	AUG. Dec.
PITTSBURGH, PA.	19,100	7,800	8,900	10,000	5,600	6,700	MAYSVILLE, KY.	70,130	26,600	30,000	34,000	19,000	22,600
WELLSVILLE, O.	2 3,500	9,300	10,700	12,000	6,700	8,000	CINCINNATI, O.	76,580	29,000	33,000	37,000	20,600	24,600
WHEELING, W.VA.	2 4,6 60	10,000	11,500	13,000	7,400	8,700	LOUISVILLE, KY.	91,170	32,700	38,000	43,000	24,000	28,600
ST. MARYS, W.VA.	26,850	11,000	12,400	14,000	8.000	9,400	EVANSVILLE, IND.	107,050	38,000	43,500	49,000	27,000	32,600
POMEROY, O.	40,500	15,400	18,700	21,000	11,700	14,000	GOLCONDA, ILL.	143,660	51,000	59,000	65,000	36,000	43,300
HUNTINGTON, W.VA.	5 5,600	22,000	25,000	28,000	15,600	18,700	METROPOLIS, ILL.	202,760	70,000	80,000	90,000	50,000	60,000





BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

FIGURE 2-3-18 OHIO RIVER AT DASHIELDS LOCKS & DAM COMPARISON OF ACTUAL AND REPRODUCED OCTOBER 1954 FLOODS BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

FLOW BASE

20

19

REPRODUCED FLOW FOR AREAS BELOW DAMSITES, COMBINED AND ROUTED TO DASHIELDS C FLOW AT DAMSITES ROUTED TO DASHIELDS

OCTOBER 1954

18

17

8

4

0

11

15

16

FLOW IN 10000 C.F.S.

36

32



ACTUAL DASHIELDS FLOW

## Removed in Accordance with RIS 2015-17

FIGURE 2-3-19

## KINZUA DAM - TYPICAL CROSS SECTION BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

0.5 6"-HORIZONTAL ACCELERATION OF SLIDE BLOCK-9 0.4 0.3 GH=0.27g 0.2 0.1 0.0 5.0 4.0 2.0 0.0 0.6 0.8 1.0 1.5 FACTOR OF SAFETY

FROM NORTH ANNA DAM STUDIES

<b></b>	STA.28+70	UPSTREAM
	STA. 28+70	DOWNSTREAM
· <b>•</b> ·•	STA. 22+00	UPSTREAM
	STA. 22+00	DOWNSTREAM

FIGURE 2-3-20 HORIZONTAL ACCELERATION OF SLIDE BLOCK VERSUS FACTOR OF SAFETY BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

FOR KINZUA DAM

DOWNSTREAM



FIGURE 2-3-21 RELATIVE DENSITY FROM STANDARD PENETRATION TESTS BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT





F F B

REV. 0 (1/82)

FIGURE 2-3-23 FETCH GRAPH BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT





REV. 0 (1/82) SCALE-FEET FIGURE 2-3-25 SITE DRAINAGE AND TOPOGRAPHICAL FEATURES BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



FIGURE 2-5-1 RESPONSE SPECTRA DBE BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT





FIGURE 2-5-3 SHEAR MODULI BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

3





FIGURE 2.5-5 RESPONSE SPECTRA 0.069 OBE (BASED ON SOIL-STRUCTURE INTERACTION METHODOLOGY) BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



REV. 0 (1/82) FIGURE 2-6-1 BORING LOCATION PLAN BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

DUQUESNE LIGHT COMPANY SH\_\_\_ 07\_\_\_ SITE BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION - UNIT NO. 10ATE 4-20-68 J.O. NO. 11700 BORING NO. 101 TYPE OF BORING DELVE/ SORE LOCATION \_SHIPPINGPORT. PENNSYLVANIA GROUND ELEV. 735.4 DRILLED BY RAYMOND INT'L. INC. LOGGED BY B.B. H.S. DATE DRILLED 3-15-68 SUMMARY OF BORING . GRAPHIC SAMPLE LOG TYPE BLOWS And GRAPHIC TYPE BLOWS LABORATORY OR SEOLOGIST'S ELEV. DRILLER'S DESCRIPTION DESCRIPTION BORING NO. 101 GROUND BL. 735.4 PILL-SLAB, CLAY, GRAVEL ÷+++ FINE SAND, TRACE OF CLAY AND COARSE SAND AND SMALL GRAVEL, MEDIUM BROWN 881 13 BROWN FINE MEDIUM SANDJ TRACE OF CLAY, DAMP 230 /0/ MEDIUM SAND, SOME CLAY AND GRAVEL, WELL GRADED, SUBROUNDED, MEDIUM BROWN 182 8 .90 <u>ر</u>، ۵ 0.00 **m**3 BROWN CLAYEY FINE, MEDIUM, COARSE SAND AND GRAVEL SAME AS 382. HORE GRAVEL 17 720 0/0 34 15 SAME AS 883 0% 6 0 335 37 SAME AS SST 00 710 0 40 SAME AS SS3 886 0 00 0/ 6 887 42 SAME AS SE3 BROWN FINE, COARSE SAND AND GRAVEL, TRACE OF CLAY COMPACT DAMP 0 700 SAME AS SS3, BUT SMALLER GRAVEL 8.8.R 15 .ه シ 0 **S**9 27 SAME AS SSP ۵ 0 9 0 SSIO 51 SAME AS SS8 690 ده. ص Q, <u>,</u> SAME AS SSE SS11 37 Q 000 **SS1**2 SAME AS SS8 157





0 40 SCALE - FEET





SHIPPINGPORT

HIGH TERRACE BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

FIGURE 2.6-4 STANDARD PENETRATION TEST RESULTS -

BORINGS-BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION **⊡** - 114 Ø - 116 **)** - 107 • - 101 • - 102 **A** - 103

- 104

**@** - 106

🖬 - 115

**A** - 105





NOTES:

- INDICATES LOCATION OF SETTLEMENT POINT.

NUMBERS SHOWN BESIDE SETTLEMENT POINT DENOTE SETTLEMENT IN FEET.

CONSTRUCTION OF TURBINE ROOM BEGAN IN SEPT, 1955. TOP NUMBER INDICATES SETTLEMENT IN FEET RECORDED IN DECEMBER, 1956.

LOWER NUMBER IN PARENTHESIS INDICATES SETTLEMENT RECORDED IN AUGUST, 1957.

FIGURE 2-6-5 RECORDED SETTLEMENTS OF TURBINE ROOM IN THE SHIPPINGPORT ATOMIC POWER STATION BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



FIGURE 2.6-6 MODULUS OF FOUNDATION DEFORMATION BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



COMPUTED SINGLE PEAK VALUES OF ALPHA

Z DEPTH	$\frac{Z'-Z}{Z'}$	-SINGLE PEAK DYALS	SHEAR STRESS FOR t= axm	ALPHA <u>Single peak</u>
20	.81	200	300	0.667
40	62	370	600	0.62
60	41	520	900	0.58
80	.23	660	1,200	0.55
100	.05	7 30	1,500	0.49

Z'=105' (735 to 630 AT REACTOR) = DEPTH OF OVERBURDEN d= MAX SURF. ACCELERATION-SINGLE PEAK= 0.125g



FIGURE 2.6-8 VARIATION OF ALPHA WITH DEPTH BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



FIGURE 2-6-10 CORRELATION OF BLOW COUNT AND RELATIVE DENSITY FOR SAND & GRAVEL BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT









N VALUE-BLOWS/FOOT 100 120 140 40 80 0 20 60 I 2 3 VERTICAL EFFECTIVE STRESS KIP/SQ FT AT TIME OF BORING INVESTIGATION C 0 . 0 0 0 C • 4 -0 Θ Ο 0 0 5 0 •0 20 D 0 0 0 0 đ ۲ Ð • 6 7 20% 40% 60% 70% 80% 90% 30% 50% 8 9 10 LEGEND O SHIPPINGPORT BORINGS • BEAVER VALLEY BORINGS

> FIGURE 2-6-12 CORRELATION OF BLOW COUNT AND RELATIVE DENSITY FOR LOW LEVEN BENCH BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



FIGURE 2-6-13 RELATIVE DENSITY FROM STANDARD PENETRATION TESTS ALONG CIRCULATING WATER LINES AFTER DENSIFICATION BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



FIGURE 2.6-14 TOTAL RELATIVE DISPLACEMENT IN INCHES FOR DESIGN BASIS EARTHQUAKE BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



HORIZONTAL SCALE - FEET

REV. 0 (1/82) (116) DECONTAMINATION BUILDING FUEL BUILDING SELECT COMPACTED FILL YAY AY AYAYA

> FIGURE 2-6-17 SOIL PROFILE - CONTAINMENT, DECONTAMINATION AND FUEL BUILDINGS BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT


BEDROCK

- NOTES: I BORINGS 521, 538, 544, £ 550 WERE TAKEN AFTER VIBROFLOTATION PROGRAM.
- 2 NORMAL GROUNDWATER APPROX. ELEV. 665.0 NEAR RIVER RISING GRADUALLY TO APPROX. ELEV. 668.0 IN PLANT AREA.

0 50 100 150 HORIZONTAL SCALE - FEET





UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



DISTANCE FROM TORNADO CENTER (FT)

BASED ON NORMALIZATION OF THE APRIL 2, 1957 DALLES TORNADO TO DESIGN TORNADO SIZE AND INTENSITY

I ATMOSPHERE = 14.7 LB/IN= 1013.25 MILLIBARS

FIGURE 2-7-2 GROUND LEVEL PRESSURE VARIATION BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT







REV. 0 (1/82)



HEAD SUPPORT DETAIL



ROUGHEN FL. SLAB PRIOR TO INSTALL. OF BLOCK WALL. TYPICAL REINFORCING DETAIL, ELEVATION



DOVETAIL ANCHORS 12 GA. 3/4" x 5 1/2" CORRUGATED ONE ANCHOR PER 12" OF WALL THICK. SPACED  $\hat{\varpi}$ 8" OR 16" VERT. DEPENDING ON DESIGN.

TYPICAL REINFORCING DETAIL, PLAN

FIGURE 2.7-6 TYPICAL DETAIL BLOCK WALL BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT





## Removed in Accordance with RIS 2015-17

FIGURE 2-7-9

### STATION ARRANGEMENT - EL. 713'-6" BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT











1





REV. 0 (1/82)

NOTES 1. FOR GENERAL NOTES ( REFERENCES RE- 31A 2 SEE, 37H FCR WALL & FLOOR SLEEVES

FIGURE 2.7-14 (RE-37E, REV. 7) CONDUIT SLEEVES & OPENINGS SERVICE BUILDING BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

### Security-Related Information Figure Withheld Under 10 CFR 2.390

REV. 0 (1/82)

FIGURE 2.7-15 (RE-38M, REV. 3) WATERPROOFING PLATES SERVICE BUILDING BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



FIGURE 2.7-16 (RE-38H, REV. 2) CABLE BUS INSTALLATION DETAILS BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

#### REV. 0 (1/82)

TURBINE BLOG MAL

- BATTERT I GO
- 2. LINE THE & DIEG BIT

### Removed in Accordance with RIS 2015-17

FIGURE 2.7-17

PENETRATION SEALS ELEV. 713'-6'

BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO.1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



# Removed in Accordance with RIS 2015-17

. .

.

FIGURE 2.7-18 PENETRATION SEALS ELEV. 735'-6"









ms\ul\re8378b8.dgn

·····

.....









#### APPENDIX 2A

#### THE METEOROLOGICAL PROGRAM

Prepared for

#### DUQUESNE LIGHT COMPANY

Prepared by

ENVIRONMENTAL SAFEGUARDS DIVISION

NUS CORPORATION

ROCKVILLE, MARYLAND

Appendix 2A includes the first annual and second annual reports of the meteorological program at the Beaver Valley Power Station which began in September of 1969. The first annual report, Appendix 2A.1, summarizes the meteorological data collected over a year period from September 5, 1969 to September 9, 1970, while the second annual report, Appendix 2A.2, summarizes the meteorological data collected over a year period from September 5, 1971. Both sets of data were analyzed to develop parameters appropriate to dispersion estimates for the design basis accident and for evaluation of the average dispersion conditions which would govern normal gaseous releases from the Beaver Valley Power Station.

The design basis accident meteorological conditions obtained by analysis of the first year of

data were Pasquill Type "F" and 0.9 m/sec wind speed while the design basis accident

meteorological conditions obtained by analysis of the second year data were Pasquill Type "F"

and 0.84 m/sec wind speed.

The First and Second Annual Meteorological Reports were retyped/reformatted as part of the update of the FSAR.

Appendix 2A.3 contains the current report for the Meteorological Program.

#### APPENDIX 2A.1

#### FIRST ANNUAL REPORT THE METEOROLOGICAL PROGRAM

#### AT THE

BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION

September 5, 1969 - September 5, 1970

Report Date: September, 1971

Prepared for

#### DUQUESNE LIGHT COMPANY

Prepared by

ENVIRONMENTAL SAFEGUARDS DIVISION NUS CORPORATION

#### ROCKVILLE, MARYLAND

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

		<u>Page</u>
I.	INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY	2A.1-5
II.	SITE METEOROLOGICAL PROGRAM	2A.1-5
111.	DATA REDUCTION	2A.1-6
IV.	SITE METEOROLOGICAL DATA ANALYSIS	2A.1-7
	A. Wind Roses and Speeds	2A.1-7
	B. Atmospheric Stability	2A.1-7
	C. Lapse Rate Stability Classification	2A.1-9
V.	DETERMINATION OF DESIGN BASIS ACCIDENT METEOROLOGICAL CONDITIONS	2A.1-9
VI.	ANNUAL AVERAGE RELEASE METEOROLOGY	2A.1-10
	REFERENCES	2A.1-12
	APPENDIX - STABILITY AND WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION SUMMARIES	2A.1-21

#### LIST OF TABLES

	Table	<u>Page</u>
2A.1-1	SUMMARY OF DATA COLLECTION September 5, 1969 - September 5, 1970	2A.1-13
2A.1-2	AVERAGE WIND SPEED SUMMARY	2A.1-14
2A.1-3	STABILITY CATEGORIES	2A.1-15
2A.1-4	STABILITY DISTRIBUTION BASED ON WIND VARIANCE	2A.1-16
2A.1-5	OCEAN BREEZE AND DRY GULCH STABILITY CLASSIFICATION	2A.1-17
2A.1-6	NATIONAL REACTOR TESTING STATION STABILITY CLASSIFICATION	2A.1-18
2A.1-7	CLASSIFICATION OF PASQUILL STABILITY CLASS BASED ON LAPSE RATE	2A.1-19
2A.1-8	JOINT FREQUENCY DATA September 5, 1969 - September 5, 1970	2A.1-20

#### LIST OF FIGURES

<u>Figure</u>	Title
2A.1-1	SITE PLAN
2A.1-2	GROSS WIND ROSE - SEASON 1 - 50 FOOT LEVEL
2A.1-3	GROSS WIND ROSE - SEASON 2 - 50 FOOT LEVEL
2A.1-4	GROSS WIND ROSE - SEASON 3 - 50 FOOT LEVEL
2A.1-5	GROSS WIND ROSE - SEASON 4 - 50 FOOT LEVEL
2A.1-6	GROSS WIND ROSE - ANNUAL AVERAGE - 50 FOOT LEVEL
2A.1-7	GROSS WIND ROSE - ANNUAL AVERAGE - 150 FOOT LEVEL
2A.1-8	WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION
2A.1-9	ESTIMATION OF $\sigma_{\theta}$ FROM WIND DIRECTION RANGE
2A.1-10	ANNUAL AVERAGE χ/Qs

#### I. INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY

This report summarizes meteorological data collected at the Beaver Valley site over a year period extending from September 5, 1969 through September 5, 1970. The data were analyzed to develop parameters appropriate to dispersion estimates for the design basis accident and for evaluation of the average dispersion conditions which would govern normal gaseous releases from the Beaver Valley Power Station.

#### II. SITE METEOROLOGICAL PROGRAM

On April 19, 1969, the following equipment was installed on the Beaver Valley meteorological tower:

Bendix-Friez aerovanes with six-bladed propellers at the 50-and 150-foot levels and Bendix-Friez recorders

Packard-Bell wind sensors (Model WS-101), at the 50-foot level and Esterline Angus recorders

NUS Wind Variance Computer.

Due to a delay in vendor deliver, the Bristol temperature system, consisting of resistance temperature bulbs with Packard-Bell aspirated shields at the 50- and 150-foot levels, and multipoint Bristol recorder, was not installed until September 5, 1969. At this time, the Foxboro dew cell was also installed. All meteorological sensors were placed on booms on a tower located approximately 250 meters from the center of the reactor building for the Beaver Valley Station. This location assured good exposure for the wind sensors. Figure 2A.1-1 shows the approximate location of the meteorological tower relative to the containment building, though most of the indicated trees have since been cleared.

The particular Bendix-Friez wind system chosen is rugged, yet has the lowest threshold, approximately two miles-per-hour, of any such equipment. The supplementary Packard-Bell wind system with a threshold of 0.7 miles-per-hour was particularly intended to help analyze wind and temperature statistics under low wind speed conditions.

Due to the delay in installation of temperature sensors, data and analyses are being reported for the time period September 5, 1969 through September 5, 1970. The recovery rate of the site data for these 52 weeks is presented in Table 2A.1-1, and is considered satisfactory for an accurate representation of the site conditions.

Instrument performance was generally satisfactory during the one-year period from September 5, 1969 to September 5, 1970. The only significant instrument problem was the incorrect factory calibration of the Packard-Bell wind speed system. As a result, the Packard-Bell instruments yielded anomalously low wind speeds, when compared with the Bendix-Friez instruments known to be in correct calibration. During the winter, a few days of Packard-Bell data were lost when the sensors "froze". Most of the data loss from the Packard-Bell instruments resulted from short-term "painting" of the wind recorded. Unfortunately, this occurrence is inherent in the Packard-Bell and other sensors which have a significant "dead-band".

Operation of the Bendix-Friez instruments was quite good. The only malfunction occurred with the 150-foot recorder, which encountered difficulty with the pen-switching mechanism for a one-week period. Otherwise, the loss of Bendix data occurred solely from short-term inking problems and in transmittal to NUS Corporation from the site. No malfunctions with the Bristol temperature system were observed; the only data loss resulted from occasional inking difficulties.

The Foxboro dew cell was installed to gather data in support of the cooling towers; reduction of the dew cell data has not been completed at this time.

#### III. DATA REDUCTION

Data records from the wind sensors and the temperature and dew cell recorders were forwarded to NUS for reduction and analysis. Wind data were obtained both from the strip charts and the Variance Computer; however, because of greater data availability from the former, as well as possible questions as to interpretation of the latter, primary reliance has been placed in the report upon the strip chart data.

Wind records were examined and hourly data extracted representing wind speed and direction averages and wind direction range. Range was determined from the two second-most extreme gusts. These data were taken for the two levels of Bendix-Friez sensors and the Packard-Bell equipment at the 50-foot level. Temperature measurements for the 50- and the 150-foot levels were recorded hourly, as were dew point data for the 50-foot level.

The data were entered on punched cards and processed to yield the data summaries presented and discussed in a later section.

#### IV. SITE METEOROLOGICAL DATA ANALYSIS

#### A. <u>Wind Roses and Speeds</u>

Based on Bendix-Friez data from the 50-foot level, Figures 2A.1-2, 2A.1-3, 2A.1-4, 2A.1-5, and 2A.1-6 show the distribution of wind directions for four seasons and the annual distribution. It is noted that in spring the winds from the northwest quadrant prevail. In summer, the wind directions from south-southeast to south-southwest predominate, along with a secondary maximum of winds from northwest. A season of transition, autumn, shows relatively high frequencies of winds from the west, west-northwest, and northwest, with a secondary maximum of winds from the south. This pattern of prevailing winds probably reflects both the large-scale wind flow from the meteorological pressure systems and the local channeling effect of the valley. During the winter, winds from the northwest quadrant are dominant; the effect of the valley in channeling is evident in the high frequencies of winds from the north-northwest and northwest. As a result of the seasonal patterns, the annual wind roses exhibit a high frequency of winds from the northwest quadrant and from southerly directions. A similar distribution of wind directions, shown in Figure 2A.1-7, is found with the 150-foot wind sensors.

Table 2A.1-2 shows the seasonal and annual distribution of wind speeds for both the 50-foot and 150-foot levels, based on the Bendix-Friez data. Speeds are determined over 15-minute averaging periods. It is noted that the season of highest wind speed is winter; whereas, the lowest wind speeds occur in summer. The average annual value of 5.5 miles-per-hour at the 50-foot level is higher than the 3-mile-per-hour value found by the Weather Bureau during the two-year site meteorological program conducted in Shippingport from 1955 through 1957. The annual figure of 2.5 percent "calm" found by the Beaver Valley meteorological program compares with 8.5 percent found by the Weather Bureau from 1955 to 1957. About two-thirds of the calms noted by the applicant occurred during the night; thus, if daytime calms are excluded, the overall frequency of calms is only 1.6 percent of all observations. The overall occurrence of calms as measured by the Packard-Bell instrument is only 0.4 percent. It is expected that the frequency of calms would be less as measured by the Packard-Bell than with the Bendix instrument because of the lower threshold and greater sensitivity of the Packard-Bell instrument. For these reasons, it was suspected that the Packard-Bell wind instruments yielded an annual average wind speed of 4.5 miles-per-hour, a value lower than the 5.6 miles-per-hour average found with the Bendix-Friez. During a preventive maintenance and instrument calibration trip, it was found that the Packard-Bell wind sensors and translator has been incorrectly calibrated at the factory, which led to these lower wind speeds. At that time, the Packard-Bell equipment was properly calibrated. The Bendix-Friez instrumentation remained in correct calibration during the complete period. Figure 2A.1-8 shows the wind speed distribution at the Beaver Valley site, based on the Bendix instrument. The median wind speed is noted to be 4.7 miles-per-hour; thus, when the median is compared to the mean wind speed, it is obvious that the distribution of the wind speeds is somewhat skewed toward the lower values.

#### B. <u>Atmospheric Stability</u>

In the context of this report, atmospheric stability refers to the degree of turbulence present in the atmosphere. An "unstable" atmosphere is turbulent and results in good diffusion of waste gases injected into the atmosphere, whereas, a "stable" atmosphere is relatively nonturbulent and results in poor diffusion. "Neutral" stability refers to an intermediate condition.

Two basic methods of inferring atmospheric dispersion capability are generally available; the first is based on wind fluctuations; the second on temperature lapse rate. The first method uses a sensitive wind vane, preferably one which is free to move in both vertical and horizontal directions (a "bivane") to measure fluctuations in wind direction in both planes, thus providing a measure of  $\sigma\theta$  and  $\sigma\psi$ , the standard deviations of horizontal and vertical wind direction fluctuations, respectively. However, bivanes are not sufficiently rugged to provide the reliable data recovery over long time periods necessary for long-term diffusion climatology programs. Several systems have been developed which determine the horizontal variance ( $\sigma\theta^2$ ) from standard (horizontal only) wind direction sensors, and which can be related to atmospheric stability.

The second method is the classical categorization of atmospheric stability based on vertical temperature structure, from which inferences of vertical diffusivity can be made. This method, of course, does not indicate diffusivity directly, nor does it account for differences in turbulence that may be introduced by surface roughness features.

In view of the availability of both horizontal wind fluctuations, vertical temperature difference data, and the significance of dispersion conditions in the design basis accident considerations, both measures of atmospheric stability were combined to provide the best estimates of horizontal and vertical plume dispersion.

Using the 50-foot level Bendix-Friez data, horizontal stability based on seven classes of  $\sigma\theta$  was determined, according to the classification scheme in Table 2A.1-3, from the range in horizontal wind direction over a 15-minute time period, based on methods presented by Slade<sup>(1)</sup> using the "second gust" range described earlier. This procedure is illustrated (in Figure 2A.1-9) for some typical atmospheric conditions (arrows indicate the range of wind direction). If winds are "calm" or "non-steady", then the occurrence is classified as Pasquill B stability during the day, and Pasquill E at night, as suggested by Slade<sup>(2)</sup>.

Values of  $\sigma\theta$  from the Bendix-Friez instrumentation can be questioned as to whether they are representative of the real wind fluctuations. This was tested by comparing  $\sigma\theta$  values determined by the Bendix-Friez sensor with those from the more sensitive Packard-Bell sensor at the same level. Table 2A.1-4 shows that when using a sampling time of 15 minutes, the distributions of horizontal stability classes estimated from both Bendix-Friez and Packard-Bell data at the 50-foot level agree very closely for all stability categories. Therefore, the horizontal variance data based on Bendix-Friez wind observations are felt to be representative of actual atmospheric conditions.

To determine the joint frequency distribution of vertical temperature difference and horizontal variance, all individual 15-minute time periods for which wind speed,  $\sigma\theta$ , and temperature difference data were available were processed by the NUS computer code, AMET, which computes the joint frequency of  $\sigma\theta$  and temperature classes for given wind speed groups and for all wind speeds. Six wind speed groups were enumerated: Class 1 includes all wind speeds greater than or equal to 0.5 miles-per-hour and less than 1.5 miles-per-hour; Classes 2, 3, 4, and 5 are defined analogously for 2, 3, 4, and 5-miles-per-hour mean values; Class 6 includes all wind speeds greater than 5.5 miles-per-hour. Calms are not treated in the AMET code, but, as mentioned previously, occurred only in 2.5 percent of the observations by the Bendix-Friez sensor and 0.4 percent by the Packard-Bell unit. Computer summary pages of this joint frequency distribution listing are attached as an appendix to this report.
### C. <u>Lapse Rate Stability Classification</u>

In order to determine the dispersion parameters for the two-hour design basis accident, meteorological conditions are chosen for which calculated doses would not be exceeded more than 5 percent of the time. In order to select these based jointly on  $\sigma\theta$  and lapse rate, vertical dispersion parameters are needed based on temperature difference corresponding to those established using the horizontal variance classification presented above. Seventeen vertical temperature difference classes were arbitrarily defined for the purpose of categorizing these observations.

In order to classify vertical dispersion parameters based on the lapse rate, a number of references in the literature were examined, including the stability classification defined for Cape Kennedy and Vandenberg Air Force Base and presented in Table 2A.1-5<sup>(3)</sup>. The most complete vertical stability classification system found in the literature is that used at the National Reactor Testing Station<sup>(4)</sup> as presented in Table 2A.1-6. It was noted that none of these classification systems define a "G" stability, however. Therefore, in the lapse rate stability classification system chosen, the "G" interval has been defined in accordance with the range of a "large inversion", as presented by Holland in <u>Meteorology and Atomic Energy<sup>(5)</sup></u>. The ranges used are presented in Table 2A.1-7.

# V. DETERMINATION OF DESIGN BASIS ACCIDENT METEOROLOGICAL CONDITIONS

Using the seven horizontal stability classes (A-G) and seven vertical stability classes (A-G) and the corresponding  $\sigma_y$  and  $\sigma_z$  values, as presented in <u>Meteorology and Atomic Energy</u><sup>(6),</sup> a computer code was used to determine the combinations of vertical and horizontal stability classes and wind speeds which result in a calculated  $\chi/Q$  value larger than any designated value at the site boundary distance of 610 meters. These 23 possible conditions are shown in Table 2A.1-8 ranked in order from the highest to the lowest values of  $\chi/Q$ . These calculations of  $\chi/Q$  do not include a building wake effect, since the objective was to find the meteorological conditions of stability and wind speed upon which the building wake correction is normally imposed for the design basis accident.

Due to the somewhat lower wind speeds, the 50-foot wind data are more conservative than those measured at the 150-foot level and the former were, therefore, used with the temperature difference measurements. A conservative analysis also includes the total calms, both daytime and nighttime, as found by the less responsive Bendix-Friez speed sensors to meet the 5 percent criterion. On this basis, the total occurrence of calms is 2.5 percent. If the joint frequency data in Table 2A.1-8 are examined, for a  $\chi$ /Q value equalled or exceeded 2.5 percent of the time (5 percent less 2.5 percent calm), a value of 1.5 x 10<sup>-3</sup> sec/m<sup>3</sup> is obtained. Thus, F and 0.9 m per sec are the appropriate design basis accident meteorological conditions for the period of the accident on this conservative basis.

### VI. ANNUAL AVERAGE RELEASE METEOROLOGY

The annual average  $\chi/Q$  for an elevated release is calculated according to the following equation:

$$\chi/Q = \left(\frac{2}{\pi}\right)^{1/2} \quad \frac{8}{\pi} \frac{1}{x} \sum_{i=1}^{7} \frac{F_{i} f_{i}}{\sigma_{z_{i}} u_{i}} \left[\exp\frac{-(Z-H)^{2}}{2\sigma_{z_{i}} 2} + \exp\frac{-(Z+H)^{2}}{2\sigma_{z_{i}} 2}\right]$$

Where:

- $\chi$  = distance (m)
- I/u<sub>i</sub> = average reciprocal wind speed for sector of interest, sec per m<sup>3</sup>
- $\sigma_z$  = vertical diffusion parameter for stability class i (m) i
- F<sub>i</sub> = fraction of time stability class i occurs
- H = height of stack (m)
- z = vertical height above valley floor(m)
- f<sub>i</sub> = fraction of time wind direction is in sector of interest for stability class i

In calculating  $\chi/Q$ ,  $\sigma_{z_{i}}$  has been estimated from Pasquill stability curves<sup>(7)</sup>; (F<sub>i</sub>) (f<sub>i</sub>) is based on the categorization of temperature difference previously discussed and found in Table 2A.1-7. (The value of  $\sigma_z$  for G stability is defined as the  $\sigma_z$  for Class F, divided by (2.5)<sup>1/2</sup>.

For an elevated release of normal process gases, the highest ground level annual average  $\chi/Q$  occurs at a distance of 2500 feet from the reactor centerline, at an elevation of 47 meters above the valley floor. This  $\chi/Q$  is equal to 1.0 x 10<sup>-5</sup> sec per m<sup>3</sup>. At the nearest site boundaries, each of which is 610 meters from the reactor containment, the annual average ground level  $\chi/Qs$  for an elevated release are as follows:

Northeast boundary	1.3 x 10 <sup>-7</sup> sec/m <sup>3</sup>
East-northeast boundary	1.1 x 10 <sup>-7</sup> sec/m <sup>3</sup>
East-southeast boundary	2.0 x 10 <sup>-7</sup> sec/m <sup>3</sup>

WINDVANE computer outputs giving the raw data from which these calculations are made are given in the appendix to this report.

It should be noted that the  $\chi/Qs$  at the nearest site boundaries are all less than the  $\chi/Q$  at the 2500-foot point. Figure 2A.1-10 contains isopleths of the ground level annual average  $\chi/Q$  for an elevated release.

### References

- 1. Slade, D. H., <u>Meteorology and Atomic Energy</u>, United States Atomic Energy Commission, Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, Springfield, Virginia, 1968, p. 47.
- 2. Slade. D. H., "Dispersion Estimates from Pollutant Releases of a Few Seconds to 8 Hours in Duration", U.S. Weather Bureau, Washington, DC, 1965, p. 15.
- Haugen, D. A. and J. J. Fuquay, <u>The Ocean Breeze and Dry Gulch Diffusion Programs</u>, Vol. I, USAEC Report HW-78435 (Report AFCRL-63-791 (I)), Air Force Cambridge Research Laboratories and Hanford Atomic Products Operation, 1963.
- 4. Start, George E. and Markee, Earl H., "Relative Dose Factors from Long-Period Point Source Emissions of Atmospheric Pollutants", <u>Proceedings USAEC Meteorological Information Meeting</u>, 1967, p. 63.
- 5. United States Department of Commerce Weather Bureau, <u>Meteorology and Atomic Energy</u>, 1955, p. 54.
- 6. Slade, D. H., <u>Meteorology and Atomic Energy</u>, pp. 408-409.
- 7. <u>Ibid</u>., p. 409.

### TABLES FOR APPENDIX 2A.1

### TABLE 2A.1-1

### SUMMARY OF DATA COLLECTION September 5, 1969 September 5, 1970

Instrument	Level	Recovery Rate <u>(%)</u>
BendixFriez	50 feet	85
BendixFriez	150 feet	80
PackardBell	50 feet	75
Bristol Temperature	50 feet	98
Bristol Temperature	150 feet	98

### AVERAGE WIND SPEED SUMMARY (mph)

	Bendix 50 foot	Bendix 150 foot
Spring	5.7	6.4
Summer	4.2	4.1*
Fall	5.4	6.4
Winter	7.2	7.9
	- 0	
Annual Average	5.6	

\* It is doubtful that the average wind speed at 150 foot is actually lower than that for the 50 foot level during summer; rather it is believed that, within the accuracy of the calculations, there is no significant difference between the two levels.

### STABILITY CATEGORIES

Stability Type	Range of <u>Standard Deviation</u>	Turbulence Type
A = Extremely Unstable	$\sigma\theta \geq \textbf{22.5}^\circ$	High Atmospheric Turbulence
B = Unstable	22.5 > $\sigma\theta \ge 17.5$	High Atmospheric Turbulence
C = Slightly Unstable	$17.5 > \sigma\theta \ge 12.5$	High Atmospheric Turbulence
D = Neutral	12.5 > $\sigma\theta \ge 7.5$	Moderate Atmos- pheric Turbulence
E = Slightly Stable	$7.5 > \sigma \theta \ge 3.8$	Low Atmospheric Turbulence
F = Stable	$3.8 > \sigma \theta \ge 1.3$	Low Atmospheric Turbulence
G = Extremely Stable	<del>σθ</del> < 1.3	Low Atmospheric Turbulence

### STABILITY DISTRIBUTION BASED ON WIND VARIANCE

	Loval	$\sigma \theta$ Class											
<u>Instrument</u>	<u>(ft)</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u> % Of To	<u>D</u> otal Obse	<u>E</u> rvations	<u> </u>	G					
BendixFriez	50	13.2	14.5	28.3	30.2	11.7	1.9	0.2					
	150	9.3	12.5	25.2	36.8	14.0	2.0	0.1					
PackardBell	50	12.6	14.6	27.5	34.5	9.8	0.9	0.0					

### OCEAN BREEZE AND DRY GULCH STABILITY CLASSIFICATION

WT = temperature at 54 ft. minus temperature at 6 ft.

Category	Range of Vertical <u>Temperature Difference (F)</u>
Very Unstable	WT <u>F</u> -3.0 F
Moderately Unstable	-3.0 F WT <u>F</u> 0.0 F
Moderately Stable	0 F WT <u>F</u> 3.0 F
Very Stable	WT J 3.0 F

### NATIONAL REACTOR TESTING STATION STABILITY CLASSIFICATION

Category	Range of Vertical <u>Temperature Gradient (F/100 Ft</u> )
А	-1.1 or less
В	-0.5 to -1.0
С	-0.1 to -0.4
D	0.0 to 0.4
E	0.5 to 1.0
F	1.1 or greater

### CLASSIFICATION OF PASQUILL STABILITY CLASS BASED ON LAPSE RATE

Category	Range of Vertical <u>Temperature Gradient (F/1000 ft.)</u>
A Very Unstable	WT F -16
B Moderately Unstable	-16 <u>F</u> WT F -13
C Slightly Unstable	-13 <u>F</u> WT F -7
D Neutral	-7 <u>F</u> WTF-1
E Slightly Stable	-1 <u>F</u> WTF11
F Moderately Stable	11 <u>F</u> WT F 20
G Very Stable	WT <u>J</u> 20

### JOINT FREQUENCY DATA Sept. 5, 1969 - Sept. 5, 1970

### 50 Ft. Level Wind Data

50 & 150 Ft. Level Temp.

Site Boundary: 610 Meters

				"Effective F"		Cum.
Wind Speed	Ordered	Condition	γ/Q	& Wind Speed	Frequency	Frequency
(m/sec)	<u>Horiz.</u>	Vert.	<u>(sec/m<sup>3</sup>)</u>	(m/sec)	%	%
0.45	G	G	7.5 x 10⁻³	0.18	.01	.01
0.45	F	G			.08	.09
0.45	G	F			.02	.11
0.90	G	G			.05	.16
0.45	Ē	G			.18	.34
0.45	F	F			.08	.42
0.45	G	Е			.05	.47
0.45	D	G	2.5 x 10⁻³	0.52	.25	.72
1.35	G	G			0.00	.72
0.90	F	G			.18	.90
0.90	G	F			.03	.93
0.45	G	D			.00	.93
0.45	Е	F			.18	1.11
1.80	G	G			.00	1.11
0.45	F	Е			.24	1.35
0.90	Е	G			.67	2.02
0.45	С	G			.11	2.13
0.45	D	F			.20	2.33
1.35	F	G			.07	2.40
1.35	G	F			.00	2.40
2.25	G	G			.00	2.40
0.90	F	F			.21	2.61
0.90	G	Е	1.5 x 10⁻³	0.90	.00	2.61
			1.3 x 10⁻²	1.00		

**BVPS UFSAR UNIT 1** 

APPENDIX -

STABILITY AND WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION

SUMMARIES

SEASON INDEX=1 13 MO. DATA

HOURLY TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY INDEX DISTRIBUTION

Hour		In Percent of Total OBS								In Percent of Hourly OBS						
Index	: 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4		5	6	7	
1 2 3	0.00 .05 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 05	.22 .11 0.00	2.76 2.81 3 14	.60 .54 27	.70 .76 81	0.00 1.27 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 1.27	5.06 2.53 0.00	64.5 65.8 73.4	56 32 12	13.92 12.66 6.33	16.46 17.72 18.99	2 2
4 5	.05 .05	0.00	.05 .11	0.00	2.81 2.76	.49 .60	.92 .60	1.25 1.27	0.00	1.25 2.53	0.00 3.80	65.0 64.5	00 56	11.25 13.92	21.25 13.92	2
6 7	0.00 .11	0.00 .05	0.00 0.00	.16 .11	2.92 3.03	.43 .49	.76 .38	0.00 2.60	0.00 1.30	0.00 0.00	3.80 2.60	68.3 72.7	35 73	10.13 11.69	17.72 9.09	2
8 9	.11 .05	0.00 .22	.05 0.00	.38 .54	3.08 2.92	.22 .05	.32 .22	2.60 1.35	0.00 5.41	1.30 0.00	9.09 13.51	74.0 72.9	)3 97	5.19 1.35	7.79 5.41	9 1
10 11	.05 0.00	.05 .05	.05 0.00	.54 .65	3.03 3.08	.05 .05	.11 .11	1.39 0.00	1.39 1.37	1.39 0.00	13.89 16.44	77.7 78.0	78 )8	1.39 1.37	2.78 2.74	3 4
12 13	.05 0.00	0.00 .05	.16 .22	.49 .65	3.35 3.19	0.00	0.00	1.33 0.00	0.00	4.00 5.26	12.00 15.79	82.6 77.6	65 63	0.00	0.00	)
14 15	0.00	0.00	.27 .38	.76 .81	3.14 2.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.49 9.09	18.18 19.48	75.3 68.8	32 33	0.00	0.00	2
10 17 19	0.00	0.00	.27 .16	.05 .87 54	3.08 3.14 3.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 0.00	6.49 3.90 5.10	15.58 20.78	74.0	32 52	0.00	0.00	2
19 20	0.00	0.00	0.00 11	.34 .49 27	3.55 3.57 3.30	0.00 27	.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	11.69	85.7 78 2	71 71	0.00	2.60 6.42	) ) 1
20 21 22	0.00	0.00	.05	.16	2.87 2.60	.43 43	.70	0.00	0.00	1.28	3.85	67.9 63 1	95 16	10.26	16.67 21.05	7
23 24	.05 0.00	0.00 0.00	.05 .05	.05 .05	2.81 2.81	.27 .43	.92 .87	1.30 0.00	0.00 0.00	1.30 1.28	1.30 1.28	67.5 66.6	53 57	6.49 10.26	22.08 20.5	3 1
TEMP.	LAPSE RAT	E STABILI	TY INDEX		UTION	(IN PER 6	CENT O	F TOTAL	OBS.)							
maox	.70	.65	2.27	8.82	72.46	5.6	3 9.·	42								
AVERA Index	GE WIND SI	PEED FOF 2	R EACH TE 3	EMP. LAP 4	SE RAT	TE STAE 6	BILITY IN	DEX (IN 7	MPH)							
Speed	4.8	4.8	7.3	6.9	6.3	2.6	6 2	.8								
WIND F Index	ROSE FOR E	EACH TEM	P. LAPSE E	RATE ST ESE	ABILIT SE	Y INDEX SSE	(IN PEF S	RCENT C SSW	OF EACH SW	INDEX T WSW	OTAL) W	WNW	NW	NNW	Ν	Calm
1 2	0.00 0. 0.00 0.	00 23.08 00 8.33	3 15.38 3 0.00	7.69 0.00	7.69 0.00	0.00 16.67	7.69	7.69	7.69 0.00	0.00	7.69 0.00	15.38 0.00	0.00	0.00 16.67	0.00 0.00	0.00 41.67
3 4 5	2.38 0. 5.52 2.	45 5.52	3 4.76 2 3.68	7.14 4.29 7.77	2.38	7.14 4.91	11.90 3.68	11.90	4.76	4.76 2.45	9.52 5.52	4.76 13.50	19.05 21.47	7.14 7.98	0.00	0.00
5	Z MM . 3	90 Z.9	i 100/	1 1 1	1.11	5.13	.3.90	2.09	Z 09	371	0 Ö.	14 00	14.00	5.45	0.5 N	2 n.9

SEASON INDEX=1 13 MO. DATA TOTAL NO. OF OBS = 1848							1	DUQUES	SNE - BE	AVER V	ALLEY ·	- (9/5/69	- 9/5/70)	REL. H	T 150 FT		
GROSS Speed	6 WIND I NNE 2.87 5.2	ROSE (I NE 3.08 5.3	N PERCE ENE 2.92 5.4	ENT OF E 5.68 5.2	TOTAL ( ESE 7.20 5.3	(OBS) SE 7.79 4.6	SSE 4.55 3.3	S 5.95 3.2	SSW 5.41 3.0	SW 4.76 2.9	WSW 3.52 3.8	W 5.95 5.0	WNW 12.50 8.5	NW 13.31 9.2	NNW 4.98 8.6	N 7.31 6.8	Calm 2.22 0.0
TEMP. Index 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	LAPSE I NNE 0.00 1.89 16.98 75.47 1.89 3.77	RATE S NE 0.00 0.00 7.02 92.98 0.00 0.00	TABILITY ENE 5.56 1.85 16.67 72.22 0.00 1.85	Y INDEX E 1.90 0.00 1.90 5.71 87.62 .95 1.90	DISTRIE ESE .75 0.00 2.26 5.26 78.20 4.51 9.02	BUTION I SE .69 0.00 .69 6.25 72.22 9.72 10.42	FOR EA0 SSE 0.00 2.38 3.57 9.52 59.52 14.29 10.71	CH WINE S .91 4.55 5.45 48.18 13.64 26.36	DIREC SSW 1.00 0.00 5.00 3.00 36.00 19.00 36.00	TION (IN SW 1.14 0.00 2.27 2.27 40.91 17.05 36.36	V PERCE WSW 0.00 3.08 6.15 66.15 9.23 15.38	ENT OF I W .91 0.00 3.64 8.18 70.91 7.27 9.09	DIRECTI WNW .87 0.00 .87 9.52 84.42 1.30 3.03	ON TOT NW 0.00 .41 3.25 14.23 79.27 1.22 1.63	AL) NNW 0.00 2.17 3.26 14.13 79.35 0.00 1.09	N 0.00 0.00 12.59 82.96 1.48 2.96	Calm 0.00 12.20 0.00 0.00 87.80 0.00 0.00
TEMP. Index 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	LAPSE I NNE 0.00 0.00 .05 .49 2.16 .05 .11	RATE S NE 0.00 0.00 0.00 .22 2.87 0.00 0.00	TABILITY ENE .16 .05 .05 .49 2.11 0.00 .05	Y INDEX E .11 0.00 .11 .32 4.98 .05 .11	DISTRIE ESE .05 0.00 .16 .38 5.63 .32 .65	BUTION I SE .05 .00 .05 .49 5.63 .76 .81	N PERC SSE 0.00 .11 .16 .43 2.71 .65 .49	ENT OF S .05 .27 .32 2.87 .81 1.57	TOTAL SSW .05 0.00 .27 .16 1.95 1.03 1.95	OBS. SW .05 0.00 .11 1.95 .81 1.73	WSW 0.00 .00 .11 .22 2.33 .32 .54	W .05 0.00 .22 .49 4.22 .43 .54	WNW .11 0.00 .11 1.19 10.55 .16 .38	NW 0.00 .05 .43 1.89 10.55 .16 .22	NNW 0.00 .11 .16 .70 3.95 0.00 .05	N 0.00 0.00 .92 6.06 .11 .22	Calm 0.00 .27 0.00 0.00 1.95 0.00 0.00
AVERA Index 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	GE WIN NNE 0.00 13.00 4.81 3.41 1.00 6.00	D SPEE NE 0.00 0.00 4.28 3.83 0.00 0.00	D (INVE) ENE 3.16 6.00 9.00 4.97 3.94 0.00 5.00	RSE WE 4.50 0.00 5.00 4.75 4.09 2.00 1.33	IGHTED ESE 5.00 0.00 5.11 5.21 4.22 2.57 1.90	9) BY IND SE 3.00 0.00 10.00 2.99 3.34 2.55 3.35	DEX AND SSE 0.00 5.83 6.90 3.60 2.06 2.18 1.86	DIRECT S 4.00 5.00 4.99 5.01 2.33 1.88 2.00	FION (IN SSW 1.00 0.00 3.87 2.67 2.34 1.93 2.37	MPH) SW 1.00 0.00 1.33 1.67 2.25 1.91 2.23	WSW 0.00 6.46 3.31 3.01 2.88 1.18	W 4.00 0.00 4.57 6.44 3.64 2.46 1.58	WNW 11.00 0.00 14.48 5.52 6.63 3.00 2.67	NW 0.00 14.00 8.19 7.66 6.89 1.00 1.60	NNW 0.00 9.10 7.46 6.17 6.16 0.00 2.00	N 0.00 0.00 6.05 5.05 1.75 1.89	
(AVERA 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	AGE INV 0.00 0.00 .08 .21 .29 1.00 .17	ERSE S 0.00 0.00 0.00 .23 .26 0.00 0.00	SPEED) .32 .17 .11 .20 .25 0.00 .20	.22 0.00 .20 .21 .24 .50 .75	.20 0.00 .20 .19 .24 .39 .53	.33 0.00 .10 .33 .30 .39 .30	0.00 .17 .14 .28 .49 .46 .54	.25 .20 .20 .43 .53 .50	1.00 0.00 .26 .38 .43 .52 .42	1.00 0.00 .75 .60 .44 .52 .45	0.00 0.00 .15 .30 .33 .35 .85	.25 0.00 .22 .16 .27 .41 .63	.09 0.00 .07 .18 .15 .33 .37	0.00 .07 .12 .13 .15 1.00 .63	0.00 .11 .13 .16 .16 0.00 .50	0.00 0.00 .17 .20 .57 .53	

SEASON INDEX=2 13 MO. DATA

1 DUQUESNE - BEAVER VALLEY - (9/5/69 - 9/5/70) REL. HT 150 FT.

HOURLY TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY INDEX DISTRIBUTION

Hour			In Per	In Percent of Hourly OBS												
Index	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		1	2	3	4		5	6	7
1	.07	0.00	0.00	.13	1.52	.92	1.58	3 1 0 0	.56	0.00	0.00	3.13	35. 35.	94 2	1.88	37.50
2	0.00	0.00	0.00	.13	1.90	1.12	1.06	; 0 ; 0	.00	0.00	0.00	1 56	5 40. 5 45	31 2	0.00 8.13	25.44
4	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.91	1.52	.79	, O	.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	) 45.	31 3	5.94	18.75
5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.05	1.58	.59	) Õ	.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	48.	44 3	7.50	14.06
6	0.00	0.00	0.00	.07	2.31	1.06	.79	) 0	.00	0.00	0.00	1.56	<b>5</b> 54.	69 2	5.00	18.75
7	0.00	0.00	0.00	.20	2.51	.92	.59	0	.00	0.00	0.00	4.69	<u> </u>	38 2	1.88	14.06
8	0.00	0.00	0.00	.53	3.17	.40	.07	0	.00	0.00	0.00	12.70	) 76.	19	9.52	1.59
10	0.00	.80	.40	1.25	1.58	0.00	0.00		.00	20.97	9.68	30.65	0 38. 0 21	/1 15	0.00	0.00
10	.07	.33 07	.73	2 18	1.20	0.00	0.00	, i ) 0	.04	0.20	16.03	40.90	S 31. S 27	15 42	0.00	0.00
12	0.00	20	1 19	1.91	53	.07	0.00	, 0 , 0	00	5.00	30.00	48.32	27.	33	1.67	1 67
13	.07	.07	.92	2.05	.92	0.00	0.00	) 1	.64	1.64	22.95	50.82	2 22.	95	0.00	0.00
14	.07	.33	1.32	2.05	.26	0.00	0.00	) 1	.64	8.20	32.79	50.82	2 6.	56	0.00	0.00
15	.07	.20	1.25	1.91	.53	0.00	.07	' 1	.64	4.92	31.15	47.54	4 13.	11	0.00	1.64
16	0.00	.07	1.39	1.98	.79	0.00	0.00	) 0	.00	1.56	32.81	46.88	<u> </u>	75	0.00	0.00
1/	0.00	.07	1.06	2.38	.73	0.00	0.00		.00	1.56	25.00	56.25	o 17.	19	0.00	0.00
10	0.00	.07	.40	2.38	1.20	.07	0.00		.00	1.50	10.94	20.20 75 31	D 29. 1 53	09 13	1.50	0.00
20	0.00	0.00	0.00	59	3.04	26	0.00	, 0 3 0	.00	0.00	0.00	14 OF	5 33. 5 71	88	6 25	7.81
21	0.00	0.00	0.00	.26	1.85	.66	1.45	š õ	.00	0.00	0.00	6.25	5 43.	75 1	5.63	34.38
22	0.00	0.00	0.00	.13	1.91	.73	1.45	5 0	.00	0.00	0.00	3.13	3 45.	31 1	7.19	34.38
23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.65	1.12	1.45	50	.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	) 39.	06 2	6.56	34.38
24	0.00	0.00	0.00	.07	1.72	1.06	1.39	9 0	.00	0.00	0.00	1.56	6 40.	63 2	5.00	32.81
								τοτλι								
I CIVIF. I Index	LAFSER/ 1		_וו ז ווא⊔⊏ 2		5			IUTAL	063.)							
much	33	2 24	944	23 83	38 75	12 74	12 <sup>'</sup> 6	7								
	.00		0.11	20.00	00.10			•								
AVERA	GE WIND	SPEED FC	R EACH	FEMP. LAF	PSE RAT	E STABI	LITY IND	EX (IN I	MPH)							
Index	1	2	3	4	5	6	7									
Speed	4.4	2.3	5.8	5.3	3.7	3.1	3.1									
											τοται )					
Index	NNE	NE EN	E E	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W W	WNW	NW	NNW	Ν	Calm
1	0.00	0.00 0.	0 0.00	0.00	0.00	20.00	0.00	20.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	20.00	20.00	0.00	20.00	0.00
2	0.00	2.94 11.	76 11.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.94	0.00	0.00	2.94	5.88	2.94	5.88	2.94	50.00
3	7.69	7.69 13.	29 6.29	4.90	5.59	1.40	3.50	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	6.29	16.78	12.59	2.80	0.00
4	6.37	7.20 3.	60 4.71	4.71	5.54	3.05	3.05	2.77	5.26	3.32	7.20	8.31	19.67	6.37	8.86	0.00
5	<b>3.5</b> 8	1.87 1.		3./5	8.35 3.62	10.56	13.97	9.20	5.28	5.45 5.19	4.60	8.01 50	8.35 52	3.41	3.75	5.62
7	.52		00 .52 00 0.00	uz 13	3.03	0.29 3.13	24.07 15.63	50 52	10.13	2.10	2.59	.52	.52	.52	0.00	0.00

SEASON INDEX=2 13 MO. DATA TOTAL NO. OF OBS = 1515							1	DUQUE	SNE - BE	AVER V	ALLEY ·	- (9/5/69	- 9/5/70)	REL. H	T 150 FT		
GROSS Speed	WIND F NNE 3.70 5.3	ROSE (II NE 3.23 5.0	N PERCI ENE 2.84 4.5	ENT OF E 3.23 3.5	TOTAL ( ESE 3.50 3.4	OBS) SE 6.01 4.0	SSE 6.47 3.6	S 11.62 3.1	SSW 15.38 3.1	SW 8.32 2.8	WSW 4.16 3.0	W 4.29 4.2	WNW 5.94 5.8	NW 9.70 7.0	NNW 4.29 6.4	N 4.03 5.0	Calm 3.30 0.0
TEMP. Index 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	LAPSE F NNE 0.00 19.64 41.07 37.50 1.79 0.00	RATE ST NE 0.00 2.04 22.45 53.06 22.45 0.00 0.00	ABILITY ENE 0.00 9.30 44.19 30.23 16.28 0.00 0.00	Y INDEX E 0.00 8.16 18.37 34.69 36.73 2.04 0.00	DISTRIE ESE 0.00 13.21 32.08 41.51 1.89 11.32	BUTION I SE 0.00 8.79 21.98 53.85 7.69 7.69	FOR EAC SSE 1.02 0.00 2.04 11.22 63.27 16.33 6.12	CH WINE S 0.00 2.84 6.25 46.59 27.27 17.05	DIREC SSW .43 .43 1.72 4.29 23.18 28.33 41.63	TION (IN SW 0.00 3.17 15.08 24.60 27.78 29.37	VERCE WSW 0.00 6.35 19.05 50.79 15.87 7.94	ENT OF I W 0.00 1.54 6.15 40.00 41.54 7.69 3.08	DIRECTI WNW 1.11 2.22 10.00 33.33 52.22 1.11 0.00	ON TOT NW .68 .68 16.33 48.30 33.33 .68 0.00	AL) NNW 0.00 3.08 27.69 35.38 30.77 1.54 1.54	N 1.64 1.64 6.56 52.46 36.07 0.00 1.64	Calm 0.00 34.00 0.00 0.00 66.00 0.00 0.00
TEMP. Index 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	LAPSE F NNE 0.00 0.00 .73 1.52 1.39 .07 0.00	RATE ST NE 0.00 .07 .73 1.72 .73 0.00 0.00	TABILITY ENE 0.00 .26 1.25 .86 .46 0.00 0.00	Y INDEX E 0.00 .26 .59 1.12 1.19 .07 0.00	DISTRIE ESE 0.00 0.00 .46 1.12 1.45 .07 .40	BUTION I SE 0.00 0.00 .53 1.32 3.23 .46 .46	N PERC SSE .07 0.00 .13 .73 4.09 1.06 .40	ENT OF S 0.00 .33 .73 5.41 3.17 1.98	TOTAL SSW .07 .26 .66 3.56 4.36 6.40	OBS. SW 0.00 .26 1.25 2.05 2.31 2.44	WSW 0.00 .26 .79 2.11 .66 .33	W 0.00 .07 .26 1.72 1.78 .33 .13	WNW .07 .13 .59 1.98 3.10 .07 0.00	NW .07 1.58 4.69 3.23 .07 0.00	NNW 0.00 .13 1.19 1.52 1.32 .07 .07	N .07 .26 2.11 1.45 0.00 .07	Calm 0.00 1.12 0.00 0.00 2.18 0.00 0.00
AVERA Index 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	GE WIN NNE 0.00 5.12 4.15 4.20 2.00 0.00	D SPEE NE 0.00 10.00 4.26 4.21 3.39 0.00 0.00	D (INVE ENE 0.00 4.10 4.51 3.48 2.01 0.00 0.00	RSE WE 0.00 5.51 3.80 2.37 2.17 2.00 0.00	IGHTED ESE 0.00 4.02 2.67 2.11 2.00 2.86	) BY IND SE 0.00 5.24 3.57 2.62 3.02 3.50	EX AND SSE 12.00 0.00 3.43 5.14 2.42 2.58 1.85	DIRECT S 0.00 4.48 3.24 2.37 2.75 2.74	TION (IN SSW 2.00 5.00 4.44 2.86 2.54 2.71 2.58	MPH) SW 0.00 4.00 2.70 1.92 2.19 2.23	WSW 0.00 3.69 2.75 2.52 1.86 2.86	W 0.00 2.00 5.05 3.30 3.49 2.73 1.71	WNW 3.00 1.33 7.32 5.47 3.83 3.00 0.00	NW 4.00 5.56 5.81 4.97 7.00 0.00	NNW 0.00 4.20 4.33 5.12 3.18 15.00 5.00	N 1.00 2.00 3.12 3.99 3.06 0.00 7.00	
(AVERA 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	AGE INV 0.00 0.00 .20 .24 .24 .50 0.00	ERSE S 0.00 .10 .23 .24 .29 0.00 0.00	PEED) 0.00 .24 .22 .29 .50 0.00 0.00	0.00 .18 .26 .42 .46 .50 0.00	0.00 0.00 .25 .37 .47 .50 .35	0.00 0.00 .19 .28 .38 .33 .29	.08 0.00 .29 .19 .41 .39 .54	0.00 0.00 .22 .31 .42 .36 .36	.50 .20 .35 .39 .37 .39	0.00 0.00 .25 .37 .52 .46 .45	0.00 0.00 .27 .36 .40 .54 .35	0.00 .50 .20 .30 .29 .37 .58	.33 .75 .14 .18 .26 .33 0.00	.25 .25 .18 .17 .20 .14 0.00	0.00 .24 .23 .20 .31 .07 .20	1.00 .50 .32 .25 .33 0.00 .14	

SEASON INDEX=3

1 DUQUESNE - BEAVER VALLEY - (9/5/69 - 9/5/70) REL. HT 150 FT.

HOURLY TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY INDEX DISTRIBUTION

Hour			lr	n Perce	ent of Tota	al OBS						In Per	cent of H	lourly OB	BS		
Index	1	2		3	4	5	6	7		1	2	3	4	Í E	5	6	7
1	0.00	0.00	0.	.00	.10	2.61	1.08	.4	1 C	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.44	4 62.	20 25	5.61	9.76
2	0.00	0.00	0.	.00	.05	2.77	.67	.7	7 0	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.20	) 65.	06 15	5.66	18.07
3	0.00	0.00	0.	.00	.10	2.77	.87	.5	1 0	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.41	65.	06 20	).48	12.05
4	0.00	0.00	0.	.00	.10	2.56	1.08	.5		0.00	0.00	0.00	2.41	1 60. C4	24 25	5.30	12.05
5	0.00	0.00	0.	10	.05	2.12	.//	.0		00.00	0.00	0.00	1.22	2 04.	03 10 51 1/	5.29	
7	0.00	0.00	0	00	0.00	2.92	.01	.4		00.00	0.00	2.44	2.44	+ 09. ) 71	60 10	+.03	8.64
8	0.00	0.00	0.	05	31	2.87	.02	.0	5 0	0.00	0.00	1 23	7 41	1 69	14 16	5.05	6 17
9	0.00	.41	0.	.00	.20	3.38	.05	.1	$\dot{D}$	0.00	9.88	0.00	4.94	1 81.	48	1.23	2.47
10	.05	.20		.10	.77	2.77	.05	.0	5 1	.28	5.13	2.56	19.23	69.	23 '	1.28	1.28
11	0.00	.31		.20	.77	2.72	0.00	.1	) 0	0.00	7.50	5.00	18.75	5 66.	25 (	0.00	2.50
12	.05	.10		.10	.87	2.72	0.00	.0	51	.32	2.63	2.63	22.37	7 69.	74 (	0.00	1.32
13	.05	.05		.20	.92	2.77	0.00	0.0	) 1	.28	1.28	5.13	23.08	<u> </u>	23 (	0.00	0.00
14	0.00	0.00		.10	1.69	2.36	0.00	0.0	0 0	0.00	0.00	2.47	40.74	4 56.	79 (	0.00	0.00
15	0.00	0.00		.36	1.13	2.56	.10	0.0		0.00	0.00	8.64	27.16	5 61.		2.47	0.00
10	.05	.10		.05 10	1.18	2.11	0.00	0.0	) ( ) (	0.00	2.47	1.23	28.40	00.	67 ( 67 (	J.UU 2 4 7	0.00
18	0.00	0.00		10	.92	2.11	.10	0.0		0.00	0.17	2.47	15 38	2 00.	07 4	2.47	5.13
19	0.00	0.00	0	00	05	2.52	41	1 0	2 0	00	0.00	0.00	1 20	) 65	06 06	9.60	24 10
20	0.00	0.00		.05	.10	2.46	.56	1.0	2 ŭ	).00	0.00	1.22	2.44	1 58.	54 13	3.41	24.39
21	0.00	0.00	0.	.00	.05	2.61	.51	1.1	3 Ö	00.0	0.00	0.00	1.19	60.	71 1 <sup>2</sup>	1.90	26.19
22	0.00	0.00	0.	.00	.20	2.15	.87	1.0	20	00.0	0.00	0.00	4.82	2 50.	60 20	).48	24.10
23	0.00	.05	0.	.00	.05	2.51	.61	1.0	B 0	0.00	1.19	0.00	1.19	58.	32 14	1.29	25.00
24	0.00	0.00	0.	.00	.15	2.56	.72	.8	7 C	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.57	<b>7</b> 59.	52 16	5.66	20.24
			עדו ווכ		חוסדפוס				тота								
I EIVIP.		1 E STAD 2				0110N (			IUTAL	. 065.)							
Index	20	1 4 9	1	5 54	10 50	64 96	10 71	10 6	30								
	.20	1.45		.04	10.00	04.00	10.7	10.0									
AVERA	GE WIND	SPEED F	OR EA	АСН ТЕ	EMP. LAF	SE RAT	E STABI	LITY IND	EX (IN	MPH)							
Index	1	2		3	4	5	6	7	``	,							
Speed	9.8	.3	6	5.0	7.6	5.8	3.6	3.3	3								
					<b>D I T D I</b>												
WIND F			EMP. L		RAIES	ABILITY						IOIAL)	\A/NI\A/			N	Colm
							00E	0.00	0.00	500	25.00	25.00		25.00	25 00		
2	0.00	0.00	0.00	3 4 5	0.00	0.00	3 45	0.00	0.00	0.00	23.00	23.00	0.00	23.00	23.00	0.00	89.66
3	6.67 1	3.33	3.33	6 67	6.67	6.67	23.33	0.00	3.33	0.00	3 33	3.33	6.67	3.33	10.00	3.33	00.00
4	2.44	2.93	4.39	2.44	6.83	7.80	2.93	3.41	1.95	2.44	3.90	8.78	16.59	17.56	10.24	5.37	0.00
5	1.58	1.42	1.34	2.76	4.73	5.99	7.57	9.15	3.94	3.23	5.13	14.27	13.49	8.75	4.81	7.18	4.65
6	.96	0.00	.48	3.35	6.70	12.44	16.75	22.97	15.31	6.70	2.39	5.26	2.87	.96	1.44	1.44	0.00
7	.48	.48	1.45	3.38	6.28	6.76	14.98	24.15	22.71	13.53	1.93	.97	1.45	.48	.48	.48	0.00

SEASON INDEX=3 13 MO. DATA TOTAL NO. OF OBS = 1952							1	DUQUES	SNE - BE	AVER V	ALLEY ·	- (9/5/69	- 9/5/70)	REL. H	IT 150 FT	<b>-</b> .	
GROSS Speed	WIND   NNE 1.54 5.1	ROSE (II NE 1.49 4.7	N PERCE ENE 1.59 4.8	ENT OF E 2.92 3.8	TOTAL ( ESE 5.28 4.2	OBS) SE 6.86 4.6	SSE 9.02 3.7	S 11.32 3.6	SSW 6.86 3.1	SW 4.51 2.9	WSW 4.35 3.9	W 10.96 6.6	WNW 11.07 9.0	NW 7.79 10.4	NNW 4.61 8.8	N 5.48 6.4	Calm 4.35 0.0
TEMP.   Index 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	LAPSE NNE 0.00 0.00 6.67 16.67 66.67 6.67 3.33	RATE ST NE 0.00 13.79 20.69 62.07 0.00 3.45	ABILITY ENE 0.00 0.00 3.23 29.03 54.84 3.23 9.68	Y INDEX E 0.00 1.75 3.51 8.77 61.40 12.28 12.28	DISTRIE ESE 0.00 1.94 13.59 58.25 13.59 12.62	BUTION F SE 0.00 0.00 1.49 11.94 56.72 19.40 10.45	FOR EA0 SSE 0.00 .57 3.98 3.41 54.55 19.89 17.61	CH WINE S 0.00 0.00 3.17 52.49 21.72 22.62	DIREC SSW 0.00 0.00 .75 2.99 37.31 23.88 35.07	TION (IN SW 0.00 0.00 5.68 46.59 15.91 31.82	V PERCE WSW 1.18 1.18 1.18 9.41 76.47 5.88 4.71	ENT OF I W .47 0.00 .47 8.41 84.58 5.14 .93	DIRECTI WNW 0.00 0.00 .93 15.74 79.17 2.78 1.39	ON TOT NW .66 0.00 .66 23.68 73.03 1.32 .66	AL) NNW 1.11 0.00 3.33 23.33 67.78 3.33 1.11	N 0.00 .93 10.28 85.05 2.80 .93	Calm 0.00 30.59 0.00 0.00 69.41 0.00 0.00
TEMP. 1 Index 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	LAPSE   NNE 0.00 0.00 .10 .26 1.02 .10 .05	RATE ST NE 0.00 0.00 .20 .31 .92 0.00 .05	ABILITY ENE 0.00 0.00 .05 .46 .87 .05 .15	Y INDEX E 0.00 .05 .10 .26 1.79 .36 .36	DISTRIE ESE 0.00 0.00 .10 .72 3.07 .72 .67	BUTION I SE 0.00 0.00 .10 .82 3.89 1.33 .72	N PERC SSE 0.00 .05 .36 .31 4.92 1.79 1.59	ENT OF S 0.00 0.00 .36 5.94 2.46 2.56	TOTAL SSW 0.00 0.00 .05 .20 2.56 1.64 2.41	OBS. SW 0.00 0.00 .26 2.10 .72 1.43	WSW .05 .05 .41 3.33 .26 .20	W .05 0.00 .05 .92 9.27 .56 .10	WNW 0.00 .10 1.74 8.76 .31 .15	NW .05 0.00 .05 1.84 5.69 .10 .05	NNW .05 0.00 .15 1.08 3.13 .15 .05	N 0.00 .05 .56 4.66 .15 .05	Calm 0.00 1.33 0.00 0.00 3.02 0.00 0.00
AVERA Index 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	GE WIN NNE 0.00 3.00 3.28 2.97 3.11 8.00	D SPEE NE 0.00 5.33 5.14 3.26 0.00 5.00	D (INVE ENE 0.00 6.00 4.42 3.31 4.00 3.60	RSE WE 0.00 6.00 3.43 4.47 2.86 3.44 3.11	IGHTED ESE 0.00 0.00 5.09 4.95 3.14 2.85 3.25	) BY IND SE 0.00 1.71 4.11 3.52 2.76 2.49	DEX AND SSE 0.00 2.00 4.89 5.88 2.53 3.26 2.94	DIRECT S 0.00 0.00 2.88 2.64 2.92 3.23	FION (IN SSW 0.00 0.00 7.00 5.27 2.22 2.13 2.33	MPH) SW 0.00 0.00 2.94 2.29 1.89 2.17	WSW 5.00 2.00 2.00 4.29 2.80 2.26 1.85	W 12.00 0.00 4.00 5.07 4.71 3.76 5.45	WNW 0.00 7.06 7.25 6.37 4.62 5.53	NW 6.00 0.00 14.00 9.45 7.41 9.26 7.00	NNW 16.00 0.00 8.18 7.57 6.73 10.00 8.00	N 0.00 7.00 4.99 4.74 3.18 2.00	
(AVERA 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	AGE INV 0.00 0.00 .33 .31 .34 .32 .13	/ERSE S 0.00 0.00 .19 .19 .31 0.00 .20	PEED) 0.00 0.00 .17 .23 .30 .25 .28	0.00 .17 .29 .22 .35 .29 .32	0.00 0.00 .20 .32 .35 .31	0.00 0.00 .58 .24 .28 .36 .40	0.00 .50 .20 .17 .39 .31 .34	0.00 0.00 .35 .38 .34 .31	0.00 0.00 .14 .19 .45 .47 .43	0.00 0.00 .34 .44 .53 .46	.20 .50 .23 .36 .44 .54	.08 0.00 .25 .20 .21 .27 .18	0.00 0.00 .14 .14 .16 .22 .18	.17 0.00 .07 .11 .13 .11 .14	.06 0.00 .12 .13 .15 .10 .13	0.00 0.00 .14 .20 .21 .31 .50	

SEASON INDEX=4

1 DUQUESNE - BEAVER VALLEY - (9/5/69 - 9/5/70) REL. HT 150 FT.

HOURLY TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY INDEX DISTRIBUTION

Hour			In Per	cent of Tot	al OBS						In Per	cent of H	lourly Ol	BS		
Index	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		1	2	3	4	į	5	6	7
1	0.00	0.00	0.00	.05	3.35	.52	.31	0	.00	0.00	0.00	1.23	3 79.	01 12	2.35	7.41
2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.62	.37	.26	0	.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	) 85.	19 8	8.64	6.17
3	0.00	0.00	0.00	.05	3.41	.26	.47	0	.00	0.00	0.00	1.25	5 81.	25 6	6.25	11.25
4	0.00	0.00	0.00	.10	3.30	.42	.37	0	.00	0.00	0.00	2.50	) 78.	75 10	0.00	8.75
5	0.00	0.00	0.00	.16	3.67	.10	.26	0	.00	0.00	0.00	3.75	5 87.	50 2	2.50	6.25
6	0.00	0.00	0.00	.10	3.25	.58	.21	0	.00	0.00	0.00	2.53	3 /8.	48 1	3.92	5.06
(	0.00	0.00	0.00	.10	3.51	.21	.21	0	.00	0.00	0.00	2.60	) 87.	01 5	5.19	5.19
ð	0.00	0.00	.05	.16	3.51	.10	.10	0	.00	0.00	1.33	4.00	J 89.	33 A	2.07	2.07
10	0.00	. 10	0.00	. 10	3.30	CU.	. 10	0	.00	2.03	0.00	3.90	0 09. 1 06	47 40 (	1.32	2.03
10	.05	0.00	.05	.31	3.35	0.00	0.00	1	.30 32	0.00	1.30	0.1	1 00. S 84	49 ( 21 (	0.00	2.70
12	0.00	0.00	0.00	.52	3.55	0.00	0.00		.52	1 27	0.00	20.26	5 75	21 ( 05 <sup>(</sup>	2.53	0.00
13	0.00	0.00	0.00	.07	3 56	0.00	0.00	1	.00	0.00	0.00	11 30	2 70. 2 86	08 0	2.00	1 27
14	0.00	0.00	0.00	.47	3.30	0.00	0.00	0	00	0.00	0.00	21.25	5 78	75 (	0.00	0.00
15	0.00	.05	.05	.58	3.56	0.00	0.00	ŏ	.00	1.23	1.23	13.58	83.	95 (	0.00	0.00
16	0.00	.05	0.00	.42	3.77	0.00	0.00	Õ	.00	1.23	0.00	9.88	88.	89 (	0.00	0.00
17	0.00	.05	.05	.21	3.88	.05	0.00	0	.00	1.23	1.23	4.94	4 91.	36	1.23	0.00
18	0.00	0.00	0.00	.05	3.62	.31	.26	0	.00	0.00	0.00	1.23	3 85.	19	7.41	6.17
19	0.00	0.00	0.00	.10	3.25	.42	.47	0	.00	0.00	0.00	2.47	7 76.	54 9	9.88	11.11
20	0.00	0.00	0.00	.16	3.30	.37	.42	0	.00	0.00	0.00	3.70	) 77.	78 8	8.64	9.88
21	.05	0.00	0.00	.05	3.56	.26	.31	1	.23	0.00	0.00	1.23	3 83.	95 6	6.17	7.41
22	0.00	0.00	0.00	.05	3.41	.52	.26	0	.00	0.00	0.00	1.23	3 80.	25 12	2.35	6.17
23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.46	.52	.31	0	.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	J 80.	49 12	2.20	7.32
24	0.00	0.00	0.00	.10	3.35	.52	.20	0	.00	0.00	0.00	2.47	/ /9.	01 14	2.35	6.17
		ΔΤΕ ΩΤΔΒΙ						τοται	OBS )							
Index	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	IOIAL	000.)							
macx	21	31	26	5 66	83 07	5 71	4 7	7								
			0	0.00	00.01	0.7 1										
AVERA	GE WIND	SPEED FO	OR EACH	TEMP. LA	PSE RAT	E STABIL	ITY IND	EX (IN I	MPH)							
Index	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	•	,							
Speed	4.5	2.0	9.0	10.3	7.4	3.5	3.6									
											TOT					
WIND F								ENIO			IOTAL)	\A/NI\A/			N	Colm
						33E 25.00	25.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		25 00				
2	0.00	0.00 25			0.00	25.00	25.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	25.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	83.30
3	20.00	0.00 0			0.00	0.00	20.00	0.00	20.00	20.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	20.00	0.00	00.00
4	.93	.93 4	.63 3.7	) 1.85	3.70	.93	0.00	0.00	93	2.78	6.48	21.30	30.56	18.52	2.78	0.00
5	1.39	.57 1	.58 3.4	6.69	4.29	3.72	3.72	3.22	3.09	4.10	11.29	24,73	17.85	5.05	5.11	.13
ē	0.00	0.00	.92 1.8	3 8.26	17.43	15.60	28.44	12.84	5.50	.92	3.67	1.83	1.83	.92	0.00	0.00
7	1.10	0.00 0	.00 7.6	9 12.09	12.09	16.48	15.38	18.68	3.30	2.20	3.30	5.49	2.20	0.00	0.00	0.0

SEASON INDEX=4 13 MO. DATA TOTAL NO. OF OBS = 1908							1	DUQUES	SNE - BE	AVER V	ALLEY	- (9/5/69	- 9/5/70)	REL. H	T 150 FT		
GROSS Speed	WIND   NNE 1.31 6.1	ROSE (II NE .52 5.0	N PERCE ENE 1.68 3.8	ENT OF E 3.56 4.1	TOTAL ( ESE 6.71 5.2	OBS) SE 5.35 4.2	SSE 4.87 3.3	S 5.56 3.2	SSW 4.30 3.4	SW 3.14 3.6	WSW 3.77 4.4	W 10.12 6.0	WNW 22.22 9.2	NW 16.77 11.4	NNW 5.35 10.9	N 4.40 8.0	Calm .37 0.0
TEMP.   Index 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	LAPSE NNE 0.00 0.00 4.00 4.00 88.00 0.00 4.00	RATE ST NE 0.00 0.00 10.00 90.00 0.00 0.00	ABILITY ENE 3.13 0.00 0.00 15.63 78.13 3.13 0.00	Y INDEX E 0.00 0.00 5.88 80.88 2.94 10.29	DISTRIE ESE 0.00 0.00 1.56 82.81 7.03 8.59	BUTION F SE 0.00 0.00 0.00 3.92 66.67 18.63 10.78	FOR EAC SSE 1.08 0.00 0.00 1.08 63.44 18.28 16.13	CH WINE S .94 0.00 .94 0.00 55.66 29.25 13.21	DIREC SSW 0.00 0.00 0.00 62.20 17.07 20.73	TION (IN SW 0.00 1.67 1.67 81.67 10.00 5.00	I PERCE WSW 0.00 1.39 4.17 90.28 1.39 2.78	ENT OF E W 0.00 0.00 3.63 92.75 2.07 1.55	DIRECTI WNW .24 .24 0.00 5.42 92.45 .47 1.18	ON TOT NW 0.00 0.00 10.31 88.44 .62 .62	AL) NNW 0.00 .98 19.61 78.43 .98 0.00	N 0.00 0.00 3.57 96.43 0.00 0.00	Calm 0.00 71.43 0.00 0.00 28.57 0.00 0.00
TEMP. 1 Index 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	LAPSE   NNE 0.00 0.00 .05 .05 1.15 0.00 .05	RATE ST NE 0.00 0.00 0.00 .05 .47 0.00 0.00	ABILITY ENE .05 0.00 .26 1.31 .05 0.00	Y INDEX E 0.00 0.00 .21 2.88 .10 .37	DISTRIE ESE 0.00 0.00 0.00 .10 5.56 .47 .58	BUTION I SE 0.00 0.00 0.00 .21 3.56 1.00 .58	N PERC SSE .05 0.00 0.00 .05 3.09 .89 .79	ENT OF S .05 0.00 .05 0.00 3.09 1.62 .73	TOTAL SSW 0.00 0.00 0.00 2.67 .73 .89	OBS. SW 0.00 0.00 .05 2.57 .31 .16	WSW 0.00 .05 .16 3.41 .05 .10	W 0.00 0.00 .37 9.38 .21 .16	WNW .05 .05 0.00 1.21 20.55 .10 .26	NW 0.00 0.00 1.73 14.83 .10 .10	NNW 0.00 0.05 1.05 4.19 .05 0.00	N 0.00 0.00 .16 4.25 0.00 0.00	Calm 0.00 .26 0.00 0.00 .10 0.00 0.00
AVERA Index 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	GE WIN NNE 0.00 12.00 1.00 3.14 0.00 2.00	D SPEE NE 0.00 0.00 6.00 4.54 0.00 0.00	D (INVE ENE 4.00 0.00 3.75 2.67 1.00 0.00	RSE WE 0.00 0.00 0.00 3.12 3.48 2.40 2.56	IGHTED ESE 0.00 0.00 0.00 6.00 3.24 2.93 4.13	) BY IND SE 0.00 0.00 7.16 2.78 2.86 2.66	EX AND SSE 6.00 0.00 0.00 3.00 2.74 2.03 2.28	DIRECT S 3.00 0.00 4.00 0.00 2.83 2.34 2.60	TION (IN SSW 0.00 0.00 0.00 2.69 2.48 2.91	MPH) SW 0.00 7.00 7.00 2.55 2.79 1.89	WSW 0.00 8.00 5.68 3.59 3.00 3.75	W 0.00 0.00 5.51 4.33 4.75 2.57	WNW 5.00 12.00 0.00 10.16 7.27 7.50 3.70	NW 0.00 0.00 11.64 8.83 10.00 1.85	NNW 0.00 14.00 9.48 8.33 13.00 0.00	N 0.00 0.00 7.58 5.20 0.00 0.00	
(AVERA 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	AGE INV 0.00 0.00 .08 1.00 .32 0.00 .50	ZERSE S 0.00 0.00 0.00 .17 .22 0.00 0.00	PEED) .25 0.00 0.00 .27 .37 1.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 .32 .29 .42 .39	0.00 0.00 0.00 .17 .31 .34 .24	0.00 0.00 .14 .36 .35 .38	.17 0.00 0.00 .33 .36 .49 .44	.33 0.00 .25 0.00 .35 .43 .38	0.00 0.00 0.00 .37 .40 .34	0.00 0.00 .14 .14 .39 .36 .53	0.00 0.00 .13 .18 .28 .33 .27	0.00 0.00 .18 .23 .21 .39	.20 .08 0.00 .10 .14 .13 .27	0.00 0.00 .09 .11 .10 .54	0.00 0.00 .07 .11 .12 .08 0.00	0.00 0.00 .13 .19 0.00 0.00	

ANNUAL AVERAGE

1 DUQUESNE - BEAVER VALLEY - (9/5/69 - 9/5/70) REL. HT 150 FT.

HOURLY TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY INDEX DISTRIBUTION

Hour			In Per	cent of Tot	al OBS						In Pere	cent of H	lourly OE	3S		
Index	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		1	2	3	4	5	5	6	7
1	.01	0.00	0.00	.12	2.62	.78	.7	1	.33	0.00	0.00	2.94	61.	76 18	3.30	16.66
2	.01	0.00	0.00	.07	2.84	.65	.6	3	.33	0.00	0.00	1.63	<u> </u>	78 1	5.31	15.96
3	0.00	0.00	.01	.06	2.85	.62	.69	90	0.00	0.00	.33	1.31	67.	32 14	4.71	16.34
4	.01	0.00	.01	.06	2.69	.84	.64	1	.33	0.00	.33	1.30	) 63.	19 19	9.87	14.98
5	.01	0.00	.03	.10	2.84	.12	.5.	5 1 0	.33	0.00	.00	2.30	01.	ZI I. 40 1/		12.40
0	0.00	0.00	.03	.11	2.00	CO.	.04	+ U 7	67	0.00		2.03	00.	4Z I: 24 1.	0.40 1 20	12.03
8	.03	0.00	0.00	.10	3.16	.00	.0	, A	68	0.00	1 01	2.0-	77	03 8	+.30 R 45	9.03 4 73
9	.01	.37	.08	.50	2.94	.00	.1	1	.34	9.22	2.05	12.29	72	35	1.02	2.73
10	.06	.14	.21	.78	2.67	.03	.0	7 1	.40	3.51	5.26	19.65	67.	72	.70	1.75
11	.01	.11	.21	.97	2.64	.03	.0	5	.34	2.75	5.15	24.05	5 65.	64	.69	1.37
12	.03	.08	.32	.98	2.53	.04	.0:	3	.69	2.07	7.93	24.48	63.	10 <sup>-</sup>	1.03	.69
13	.04	.04	.30	.97	2.70	0.00	.0	1 1	.02	1.02	7.48	23.81	66.	33 (	0.00	.34
14	.01	.07	.37	1.32	2.37	0.00	0.0	)	.33	1.67	9.03	31.77	57.	19 (	0.00	0.00
15	.03	.07	.47	1.07	2.48	.03	.0	1	.67	1.67	11.33	25.60	5 59.	66	.67	.33
10	.01	.10	.37	1.01	2.70	0.00	0.00		.33	2.31	8.91	24.08	04.	30 ( 02	J.00	0.00
18	0.00	.10	.30	1.02	2.73	.04	0.00		00	2.31	1.20	24.42	2 00. 8 60	02	.99 3.67	3.00
19	0.00	0.00	.10	.02	2.07	22	. 14	3 0	00	0.00		13.00	1 70	82	5.25	10 16
20	0.00	0.00	.04	.26	3.02	.37	.5	3 Ö	0.00	0.00	.98	6.23	3 71.	48 8	3.85	12.46
21	.01	0.00	.01	.12	2.77	.46	.8	7	.33	0.00	.33	2.93	65.	15 10	0.75	20.52
22	.01	0.00	0.00	.14	2.55	.64	.8	7	.33	0.00	0.00	3.29	60.	53 1	5.13	20.72
23	.01	.01	.01	.03	2.66	.61	.9	1	.33	.33	.33	.65	5 62.	54 1 <sub>4</sub>	4.33	21.50
24	0.00	0.00	.01	.10	2.66	.66	.8	20	0.00	0.00	.33	2.28	<b>62</b> .	54 1	5.64	19.22
				יוסדפוס ע				τοται								
I EIVIP. L	APSE R/ 1							IUIAL	OBS.)							
INUEX	36	1 12	3 05	11 59	66 16	8 53	a'	a								
	.50	1.12	5.05	11.55	00.10	0.55	5.	13								
AVERAG	GE WIND	SPEED FO	R EACH	TEMP. LA	PSE RAT	E STABIL	ITY IND	EX (IN	MPH)							
Index	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	,	,							
Speed	5.5	1.9	6.2	6.8	6.2	3.3	3.2	2								
	~~~ ~~~															
WIND R	OSE FOF		MP. LAPS	ERAIES	IABILITY	INDEX (		SENT O			IOIAL)	\ A / N I\ A /			N	O a las
			E E 29 760		3 25	33E 7 60	5 7 60	7 60	3 95	2 25	7 60	15 20			1N 2.95	
2	0.00	1.00 15.	17 61	7 0.00	0.00	3 70	1.09	1 23	0.00	1.00	1.09	3 70	2 47	J.05 1 Q1	1 23	65.43
3	6.82	6.82 9.	55 59'	1 5 4 5	5.00	5 45	5.00	4 55	3 18	3 64	4 09	5.91	15.00	11 36	2 27	0.00
4	4.54	4.42 4.3	30 3.82	2 4.78	5.85	3.11	2.87	2.03	3.23	3.23	7.17	13.02	20.91	9.20	7.53	0.00
5	2.16	1.90 1.8	34 4.18	3 6.11	6.21	5.59	6.49	4.00	3.29	4.29	9.73	16.84	13.35	4.90	6.40	2.72
6	.65	0.00 .3	32 1.79	9 4.87	10.71	12.99	23.05	21.27	11.36	3.57	4.55	1.95	1.30	.81	.81	0.00
7	60	15 6	50 24 <sup>.</sup>	1 6.33	7 08	9 1 9	18 52	29.67	15.06	3 16	2 56	2 26	1 05	45	90	0.00

ANNUAL AVERAGE 13 MO. DATA TOTAL NO. OF OBS = 7223							1	DUQUE	SNE - BE	AVER V	ALLEY ·	- (9/5/69	- 9/5/70)	REL. H	T 150 FT		
GROSS Speed	WIND F NNE 2.27 5.4	ROSE (II NE 2.01 5.1	N PERCE ENE 2.22 4.7	ENT OF E 3.86 4.3	TOTAL ( ESE 5.77 4.8	OBS) SE 6.52 4.4	SSE 6.24 3.5	S 8.49 3.3	SSW 7.60 3.1	SW 5.01 3.0	WSW 3.95 3.8	W 8.06 5.8	WNW 13.30 8.7	NW 11.98 9.9	NNW 4.83 8.9	N 5.36 6.7	Calm 2.53 0.0
TEMP. I Index 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	LAPSE F NNE 0.00 9.15 23.17 62.80 2.44 2.44	RATE ST NE 0.00 .69 10.34 25.52 62.76 0.00 .69	ABILITY ENE 2.50 3.13 13.12 22.50 55.00 1.25 2.50	Y INDEX E .72 1.79 4.66 11.47 71.68 3.94 5.73	DISTRIE ESE .24 0.00 2.88 9.59 70.02 7.19 10.07	BUTION I SE .21 0.00 2.34 10.40 63.06 14.01 9.98	FOR EA SE .44 .67 2.66 5.76 59.20 17.74 13.53	CH WINE S .33 .16 1.79 3.92 50.57 23.16 20.07	DIREC SSW .36 .18 1.82 3.10 34.79 23.86 35.88	TION (IN SW .28 0.00 1.93 7.46 43.37 19.34 27.62	PERCE WSW .35 2.81 9.47 71.93 7.72 7.37	ENT OF I W .34 .17 1.55 10.31 79.90 4.81 2.92	DIRECTI WNW .42 .31 1.35 11.34 83.77 1.25 1.56	ON TOT NW .23 .23 3.82 20.23 73.76 .92 .81	AL) NNW 29 1.15 7.16 22.06 67.05 1.43 .86	N .26 1.29 16.28 79.06 1.29 1.55	Calm 0.00 28.96 0.00 0.00 71.04 0.00 0.00
TEMP. I Index 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	LAPSE F NNE 0.00 0.00 .21 .53 1.43 .06 .06	RATE ST NE 0.00 .01 .21 1.26 0.00 .01	ABILITY ENE .06 .07 .29 .50 1.22 .03 .06	Y INDEX E .03 .07 .18 .44 2.77 .15 .22	DISTRIE ESE .01 0.00 .17 .55 4.04 .42 .58	BUTION I SE .01 0.00 .15 .68 4.11 .91 .65	N PERC SSE .03 .04 .17 .36 3.70 1.11 .84	ENT OF S .03 .01 .15 .33 4.29 1.97 1.70	TOTAL SSW .03 .01 .14 .24 2.64 1.81 2.73	OBS. SW .01 0.00 .10 .37 2.17 .97 1.38	WSW .01 .11 .37 2.84 .30 .29	W .03 .01 .12 .83 6.44 .39 .24	WNW .06 .04 1.51 11.14 .17 .21	NW .03 .46 2.42 8.83 .11 .10	NNW .01 .06 .35 1.07 3.24 .07 .04	N .01 .07 .87 4.24 .07 .08	Calm 0.00 .73 0.00 0.00 1.80 0.00 0.00
AVERA Index 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	GE WIN NNE 0.00 5.04 3.82 3.38 1.87 4.17	D SPEE NE 0.00 10.00 4.50 4.38 3.70 0.00 5.00	D (INVEI ENE 3.33 4.38 4.68 4.04 3.16 1.60 3.87	RSE WE 4.50 5.60 3.88 2.95 3.40 2.84 2.47	IGHTED ESE 5.00 0.00 4.41 3.68 3.36 2.77 2.79	) BY IND SE 3.00 0.00 3.94 3.75 3.10 2.76 2.89	EX AND SSE 8.00 3.56 4.90 4.55 2.44 2.60 2.42	DIRECT S 3.43 5.00 4.64 3.42 2.54 2.57 2.66	FION (IN SSW 1.33 5.00 4.28 3.16 2.44 2.39 2.50	MPH) SW 1.00 2.65 2.68 2.26 2.10 2.20	WSW 5.00 2.00 3.96 3.39 3.00 2.20 1.62	W 6.00 2.00 4.69 4.26 4.27 3.16 1.88	WNW 5.59 1.89 7.88 6.64 6.57 4.14 3.32	NW 4.80 6.22 6.15 7.47 7.49 2.25 1.88	NNW 16.00 5.75 5.01 6.71 6.36 11.27 3.64	N 1.00 2.00 3.51 4.69 4.77 2.40 2.18	
(AVERA 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	AGE INV 0.00 0.00 .20 .26 .30 .54 .24	ERSE S 0.00 .10 .22 .23 .27 0.00 29	PEED) .30 .23 .21 .25 .32 .63 26	.22 .18 .26 .34 .29 .35 41	.20 0.00 .23 .27 .30 .36 .36	.33 0.00 .25 .27 .32 .36 .35	.12 .28 .20 .22 .41 .39 .41	.29 .20 .22 .29 .39 .39 .38	.75 .20 .23 .32 .41 .42 .40	1.00 0.00 .38 .37 .44 .48 .45	.20 .50 .25 .30 .33 .45 .62	.17 .50 .21 .23 .23 .32 53	.18 .53 .13 .15 .15 .24 .30	.21 .16 .13 .13 .44 53	.06 .17 .20 .15 .16 .09 .27	1.00 .50 .29 .21 .21 .42 .46	

### ANNUAL AVERAGE 13 MO. DATA

1 DUQUESNE - BEAVER VALLEY - (9/5/69 - 9/5/70) REL. HT 150 FT.

CHI/Q FOR RELEASE HEIGHT OF 4.7000E+01 METERS (IN SEC PER CU METER)

DIST, M	NNE	NE	ENE	E	ESE	SE	SSE	S
2.0000E+02	4.2793E-09	6.0607E-09	6.0743E-08	3.0882E-08	1.0551E-08	1.5073E-08	2.2502E-08	2.5287E-08
4.0000E+02	5.8457E-08	6.3189E-08	1.2081E-07	9.0736E-08	6.0165E-08	6.6807E-08	6.6273E-08	5.9663E-08
6.0000E+02	1.0968E-07	1.0436E-07	1.4372E-07	1.4875E-07	1.4408E-07	1.6246E-07	1.3591E-07	1.4336E-07
8.0000E+02	1.5374E-07	1.3687E-07	1.6823E-07	2.2400E-07	2.6337E-07	2.9622E-07	2.7423E-07	3.0335E-07
1.2000E+03	1.8422E-07	1.5645E-07	1.8150E-07	2.9293E-07	3.8486E-07	4.3294E-07	4.3565E-07	4.9215E-07
1.6000E+03	1.7542E-07	1.4612E-07	1.6749E-07	2.8920E-07	3.9410E-07	4.4658E-07	4.6362E-07	5.3189E-07
2.4000E+03	1.3765E-07	1.1212E-07	1.2832E-07	2.3425E-07	3.3041E-07	3.8166E-07	4.0841E-07	4.8230E-07
3.2000E+03	1.0591E-07	8.4984E-08	9.7661E-08	1.8287E-07	2.6302E-07	3.0914E-07	3.3620E-07	4.0644E-07
4.0000E+03	8.3330E-08	6.6099E-08	7.6324E-08	1.4521E-07	2.1179E-07	2.5237E-07	2.7750E-07	3.4183E-07
4.8000E+03	6.7294E-08	5.2885E-08	6.1352E-08	1.1813E-07	1.7424E-07	2.0984E-07	2.3274E-07	2.9118E-07
5.6000E+03	5.5626E-08	4.3374E-08	5.0542E-08	9.8305E-08	1.4640E-07	1.7775E-07	1.9860E-07	2.5182E-07
6.4000E+03	4.6897E-08	3.6322E-08	4.2502E-08	8.3414E-08	1.2529E-07	1.5307E-07	1.7214E-07	2.2085E-07
7.2000E+03	4.0198E-08	3.0950E-08	3.6358E-08	7.1950E-08	1.0891E-07	1.3371E-07	1.5125E-07	1.9607E-07
8.0000E+03	3.4939E-08	2.6760E-08	3.1552E-08	6.2922E-08	9.5917E-08	1.1821E-07	1.3443E-07	1.7590E-07
8.8000E+03	3.0729E-08	2.3424E-08	2.7715E-08	5.5672E-08	8.5415E-08	1.0558E-07	1.2066E-07	1.5921E-07
9.6000E+03	2.7302E-08	2.0722E-08	2.4599E-08	4.9748E-08	7.6781E-08	9.5129E-08	1.0922E-07	1.4519E-07
1.0400E+04	2.4469E-08	1.8500E-08	2.2028E-08	4.4835E-08	6.9578E-08	8.6366E-08	9.9572E-08	1.3327E-07
1.1200E+04	2.2098E-08	1.6647E-08	1.9879E-08	4.0707E-08	6.3491E-08	7.8929E-08	9.1349E-08	1.2302E-07
1.2000E+04	2.0091E-08	1.5085E-08	1.8063E-08	3.7197E-08	5.8289E-08	7.2550E-08	8.4266E-08	1.1412E-07
1.2800E+04	1.8374E-08	1.3754E-08	1.6511E-08	3.4184E-08	5.3799E-08	6.7028E-08	7.8109E-08	1.0632E-07
1.4400E+04	1.5604E-08	1.1617E-08	1.4010E-08	2.9292E-08	4.6461E-08	5.7969E-08	6.7952E-08	9.3331E-08
1.5200E+04	1.4475E-08	1.0750E-08	1.2992E-08	2.7286E-08	4.3431E-08	5.4217E-08	6.3722E-08	8.7867E-08
1.6000E+04	1.3479E-08	9.9875E-09	1.2095E-08	2.5511E-08	4.0736E-08	5.0875E-08	5.9943E-08	8.2956E-08
1.6800E+04	1.2596E-08	9.3130E-09	1.1300E-08	2.3929E-08	3.8327E-08	4.7884E-08	5.6548E-08	7.8521E-08
1.7600E+04	1.1808E-08	8.7129E-09	1.0591E-08	2.2513E-08	3.6163E-08	4.5192E-08	5.3485E-08	7.4498E-08
1.8400E+04	1.1102E-08	8.1763E-09	9.9558E-09	2.1239E-08	3.4208E-08	4.2759E-08	5.0708E-08	7.0835E-08
1.9200E+04	1.0467E-08	7.6943E-09	9.3841E-09	2.0088E-08	3.2436E-08	4.0551E-08	4.8181E-08	6.7485E-08
2.0000E+04	9.8918E-09	7.2594E-09	8.8673E-09	1.9044E-08	3.0822E-08	3.8540E-08	4.5873E-08	6.4413E-08
2.0800E+04	9.3701E-09	6.8655E-09	8.3984E-09	1.8093E-08	2.9348E-08	3.6701E-08	4.3757E-08	6.1587E-08
2.1600E+04	8.8948E-09	6.5074E-09	7.9714E-09	1.7223E-08	2.7997E-08	3.5015E-08	4.1813E-08	5.8978E-08
2.2400E+04	8.4605E-09	6.1807E-09	7.5813E-09	1.6426E-08	2.6754E-08	3.3463E-08	4.0020E-08	5.6564E-08
2.3200E+04	8.0622E-09	5.8817E-09	7.2237E-09	1.5693E-08	2.5609E-08	3.2032E-08	3.8362E-08	5.4325E-08
2.4000E+04	7.6961E-09	5.6073E-09	6.8949E-09	1.5018E-08	2.4549E-08	3.0708E-08	3.6826E-08	5.2243E-08
5.0000E+04	2.9337E-09	2.0910E-09	2.6241E-09	5.9722E-09	1.0044E-08	1.2558E-08	1.5382E-08	2.2399E-08
1.0000E+05	1.3610E-09	9.6914E-10	1.2134E-09	2.7577E-09	4.6229E-09	5.8092E-09	7.0962E-09	1.0243E-08

### ANNUAL AVERAGE 13 MO. DATA

1 DUQUESNE - BEAVER VALLEY - (9/5/69 - 9/5/70) REL. HT 150 FT.

CHI/Q FOR RELEASE HEIGHT OF 4.7000E+01 METERS (IN SEC PER CU METER)

DIST, M	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	N
2.0000E+02	5.5631E-08	3.6960E-08	1.5877E-08	2.0158E-08	4.6173E-08	2.5611E-08	1.8083E-08	4.1553E-08
4.0000E+02	7.0732E-08	7.0347E-08	5.5429E-08	6.6166E-08	9.4125E-08	1.2751E-07	1.0491E-07	6.8222E-08
6.0000E+02	1.1481E-07	1.3367E-07	1.1485E-07	1.6964E-07	2.0138E-07	2.5035E-07	1.5705E-07	1.3843E-07
8.0000E+02	2.1204E-07	2.2716E-07	2.0577E-07	3.2198E-07	3.6891E-07	3.7406E-07	2.0121E-07	2.3066E-07
1.2000E+03	3.3066E-07	3.2518E-07	3.0038E-07	4.7718E-07	5.3890E-07	4.7159E-07	2.2887E-07	3.1501E-07
1.6000E+03	3.5978E-07	3.3847E-07	3.0836E-07	4.8888E-07	5.4822E-07	4.5682E-07	2.1409E-07	3.1345E-07
2.4000E+03	3.3618E-07	2.9850E-07	2.5985E-07	4.0767E-07	4.5163E-07	3.6248E-07	1.6493E-07	2.5386E-07
3.2000E+03	2.9153E-07	2.4923E-07	2.0771E-07	3.2239E-07	3.5347E-07	2.7965E-07	1.2540E-07	1.9740E-07
4.0000E+03	2.5165E-07	2.0918E-07	1.6781E-07	2.5788E-07	2.8025E-07	2.2014E-07	9.7786E-08	1.5601E-07
4.8000E+03	2.1978E-07	1.7858E-07	1.3845E-07	2.1076E-07	2.2725E-07	1.7777E-07	7.8409E-08	1.2629E-07
5.6000E+03	1.9472E-07	1.5518E-07	1.1661E-07	1.7590E-07	1.8833E-07	1.4693E-07	6.4437E-08	1.0455E-07
6.4000E+03	1.7479E-07	1.3697E-07	1.0002E-07	1.4953E-07	1.5907E-07	1.2388E-07	5.4061E-08	8.8242E-08
7.2000E+03	1.5864E-07	1.2248E-07	8.7106E-08	1.2912E-07	1.3654E-07	1.0619E-07	4.6146E-08	7.5712E-08
8.0000E+03	1.4528E-07	1.1070E-07	7.6849E-08	1.1298E-07	1.1882E-07	9.2318E-08	3.9965E-08	6.5867E-08
8.8000E+03	1.3402E-07	1.0095E-07	6.8541E-08	9.9988E-08	1.0461E-07	8.1217E-08	3.5039E-08	5.7982E-08
9.6000E+03	1.2438E-07	9.2733E-08	6.1700E-08	8.9348E-08	9.3032E-08	7.2182E-08	3.1043E-08	5.1559E-08
1.0400E+04	1.1602E-07	8.5713E-08	5.5984E-08	8.0509E-08	8.3456E-08	6.4718E-08	2.7753E-08	4.6249E-08
1.1200E+04	1.0868E-07	7.9643E-08	5.1146E-08	7.3074E-08	7.5433E-08	5.8472E-08	2.5007E-08	4.1801E-08
1.2000E+04	1.0219E-07	7.4338E-08	4.7006E-08	6.6749E-08	6.8637E-08	5.3183E-08	2.2689E-08	3.8035E-08
1.2800E+04	9.6385E-08	6.9661E-08	4.3429E-08	6.1315E-08	6.2821E-08	4.8660E-08	2.0712E-08	3.4812E-08
1.4400E+04	8.6457E-08	6.1789E-08	3.7570E-08	5.2492E-08	5.3429E-08	4.1361E-08	1.7533E-08	2.9608E-08
1.5200E+04	8.2174E-08	5.8445E-08	3.5147E-08	4.8874E-08	4.9598E-08	3.8385E-08	1.6241E-08	2.7486E-08
1.6000E+04	7.8265E-08	5.5420E-08	3.2990E-08	4.5671E-08	4.6218E-08	3.5761E-08	1.5104E-08	2.5613E-08
1.6800E+04	7.4683E-08	5.2671E-08	3.1060E-08	4.2820E-08	4.3219E-08	3.3432E-08	1.4096E-08	2.3951E-08
1.7600E+04	7.1389E-08	5.0163E-08	2.9324E-08	4.0267E-08	4.0542E-08	3.1354E-08	1.3200E-08	2.2468E-08
1.8400E+04	6.8351E-08	4.7866E-08	2.7755E-08	3.7972E-08	3.8141E-08	2.9492E-08	1.2397E-08	2.1138E-08
1.9200E+04	6.5540E-08	4.5754E-08	2.6331E-08	3.5898E-08	3.5979E-08	2.7814E-08	1.1676E-08	1.9940E-08
2.0000E+04	6.2932E-08	4.3807E-08	2.5033E-08	3.4017E-08	3.4023E-08	2.6297E-08	1.1024E-08	1.8856E-08
2.0800E+04	6.0507E-08	4.2007E-08	2.3847E-08	3.2305E-08	3.2247E-08	2.4919E-08	1.0434E-08	1.7872E-08
2.1600E+04	5.8247E-08	4.0338E-08	2.2760E-08	3.0741E-08	3.0629E-08	2.3664E-08	9.8961E-09	1.6975E-08
2.2400E+04	5.6136E-08	3.8786E-08	2.1759E-08	2.9307E-08	2.9149E-08	2.2516E-08	9.4055E-09	1.6154E-08
2.3200E+04	5.4160E-08	3.7341E-08	2.0835E-08	2.7989E-08	2.7792E-08	2.1464E-08	8.9562E-09	1.5402E-08
2.4000E+04	5.2307E-08	3.5991E-08	1.9980E-08	2.6775E-08	2.6543E-08	2.0496E-08	8.5435E-09	1.4710E-08
5.0000E+04	2.3832E-08	1.5941E-08	8.2209E-09	1.0597E-08	1.0244E-08	7.8656E-09	3.2203E-09	5.6684E-09
1.0000E+05	1.0607E-08	7.1459E-09	3.7809E-09	4.9392E-09	4.8080E-09	3.6504E-09	1.4924E-09	2.6437E-09

BVPS-1-UPDATED FSAR Rev. 0 (1/82)



Figure 1 - SITE PLAN

### 2A.1-21

1000 2000

0

3000

4000

BVPS-1-UPDATED FSAR

Rev. 0 (1/82)



BVPS-1-UPDATED FSAR Rev. u (1/82)



2A.1-23

BVPS-1-UPDATED FSAR Rev. 0 (1/82)





.

BVPS-1-UPDATED FSAR Rev. 0 (1/82)



2A.1-25

BVPS-1-UPDATED FSAR Rev. 3 (1/82)

.



BVPS-1-UPDATED FSAR Rev. u (1/82)

.



150 FT. LEVEL

# WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION



.....





Rev. 0 (1/82)





ESTIMATION OF S FROM WIND DIRECTION RANGE

2A.1-29



X/Q : sec/m<sup>3</sup> Release Height : 47 m

Fig. 10 ANNUAL AVERAGE X/Q s BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION

### APPENDIX 2A.2

### SECOND ANNUAL REPORT

### THE METEOROLOGICAL PROGRAM

### <u>AT THE</u>

### **BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION**

September 5, 1970 - September 5, 1971

Report Date: April, 1972

Prepared for

DUQUESNE LIGHT COMPANY

Prepared by

ENVIRONMENTAL SAFEGUARDS DIVISION

NUS CORPORATION

### ROCKVILLE, MARYLAND

2A.2-**1**
# TABLE OF CONTENTS

			PAGE			
I.	INTRO	INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY				
II.	SITE I	METEOROLOGICAL PROGRAM	2A.2-5			
III.	DATA	REDUCTION	2A.2-6			
IV.	SITE I	METEOROLOGICAL DATA ANALYSIS	2A.2-6			
	Α.	Wind Roses and Speeds	2A.2-6			
	В.	Dew Point Data	2A.2-8			
	C.	Atmospheric Stability	2A.2-8			
	D.	Lapse Rate Stability Classification	2A-2.9			
V.	DETE EXTE	RMINATION OF DESIGN BASIS ACCIDENT AND NDED RELEASE METEOROLOGICAL CONDITIONS	2A.2-9			
	A.	Design Basis Accident Meteorology for Unit 1	2A-2.10			
	В.	Design Basis Accident Meteorology for Unit 2	2A.2-12			
VI.	ANNU	JAL AVERAGE RELEASE METEOROLOGY	2A.2-12			
	REFE	RENCES	2A.2-14			
	APPE	NDIX - WINDVANE COMPUTER OUTPUTS	2A.2-26			

# LIST OF TABLES

	<u>Table</u>	<u>Page</u>
2A.2-1	SUMMARY OF DATA COLLECTION September 5, 1970 - September 5, 1971	2A.2-15
2A.2-2	AVERAGE WIND SPEED SUMMARY	2A.2-16
2A.2-3	GREATER PITTSBURGH AIRPORT WIND SPEEDS	2A.2-17
2A.2-4	WIND SPEEDS VERSUS DIRECTION	2A.2-18
2A.2-5	QUANTITATIVE COMPARATIVE EFFECT OF SITE BUILDING UPON REDUCING WIND SPEEDS AT TWO LEVELS	2A-2.19
2A.2-6	STABILITY CATEGORIES	2A.2-20
2A.2-7	OCEAN BREEZE AND DRY GULCH STABILITY CLASSIFICATION	2A-2.21
2A.2-8	NATIONAL REACTOR TESTING STATION STABILITY CLASSIFICATION	2A.2-22
2A.2-9	CLASSIFICATION OF PASQUILL STABILITY CLASS BASED ON LAPSE TIME	2A.2-23
2A.2-10	JOINT FREQUENCY DATA	2A.2-24
2A.2-11	DESIGN BASIS ACCIDENT AND EXTENDED RELEASE METEOROLOGICAL CONDITIONS	2A.2-25

# LIST OF FIGURES

- Figure <u>Title</u>
- 2A.2-1 SITE PLAN
- 2A.2-2 GROSS WIND ROSE SEASON 1 50 FOOT LEVEL
- 2A.2-3 GROSS WIND ROSE SEASON 2 50 FOOT LEVEL
- 2A.2-4 GROSS WIND ROSE SEASON 3 50 FOOT LEVEL
- 2A.2-5 GROSS WIND ROSE SEASON 4 50 FOOT LEVEL
- 2A.2-6 GROSS WIND ROSE ANNUAL AVERAGE 50 FOOT LEVEL
- 2A.2-7 GROSS WIND ROSE ANNUAL AVERAGE 150 FOOT LEVEL
- 2A.2-8 WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION
- 2A.1-9 PERSISTENCE WIND ROSE
- 2A.2-10 WIND DIRECTIONAL PERSISTENCE PROBABILITY
- **2A.2-11** ESTIMATION OF  $S_{\theta}$  FROM WIND DIRECTION RANGE
- 2A.2-12 BEAVER VALLEY ACCIDENT AND EXTENDED RELEASE DILUTION FACTORS
- 2A.2-13 ANNUAL AVERAGE  $\chi$ /Qs

#### I. INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY

This second annual report summarizes meteorological data collected at the Beaver Valley site over a year period extending from September 5, 1970 through September 5, 1971. The data was analyzed to develop parameters appropriate to dispersion estimates for the design basis accident, and for evaluation of the average dispersion conditions which would govern normal gaseous releases from the Beaver Valley Power Station.

#### II. SITE METEOROLOGICAL PROGRAM

On April 19, 1969, the following equipment was installed on the Beaver Valley meteorological tower:

Bendix-Friez aerovanes with six-bladed propellers at the 50 and 150 foot levels and Bendix-Friez recorders

Packard-Bell wind sensors (Models WS-101), at the 50 foot level and Esterline Angus recorders

NUS Wind Variance Computer

Due to a delay in vendor delivery, the Bristol temperature system, consisting of resistance temperature bulbs with Packard-Bell aspirated shields at the 50 and 150 foot levels, and multipoint Bristol recorder, was not installed until September 5, 1969. At this time, the Foxboro dew cell was also installed. All meteorological sensors were placed on booms on a tower located approximately 250 meters from the center of the Unit 1 containment structure. Although this location originally assured good exposure for the wind sensors the erection of offices, buildings and warehouses in the vicinity of the tower may have affected the wind speed data during the period September 5, 1970 through the present. An analysis of this question is presented in the section, "Site Meteorological Data Analysis". Figure 2A.1-1 shows the approximate location of the meteorological tower relative to the containment structure, though most of the indicated trees have since been cleared as construction has proceeded.

The particular Bendix-Friez wind system chosen is rugged, yet has the lowest threshold, approximately 2 mph, of any such equipment. The supplementary Packard-Bell wind system with a threshold of 0.7 mph was particularly intended to help analyze wind and temperature statistics under low wind speed conditions.

The recovery rate of the site data for these 52 weeks is presented in Table 2A.2-1, and is considered satisfactory for an accurate representation of the site conditions.

Instrument performance was generally satisfactory during the one year period from September 5, 1970 to September 5, 1971. The primary instrument problems were with wind speed and direction transmitter of the Packard-Bell wind speed system whose respective failures resulted in a considerable amount of down time while replacement components were ordered.

Other data loss from the Packard-Bell instrument resulted from the short-term "painting" of the wind recorder. Unfortunately, this characteristic is inherent in the Packard-Bell and other sensors which have a significant "dead band."

Operation of the Bendix-Friez instruments was quite good. The only malfunction occurred with the 150 foot recorder. Otherwise, the loss of Bendix data occurred solely from short-term inking problems, and in transmittal to NUS Corporation from the site. No malfunctions with the Bristol temperature system were observed; the only data loss resulted from occasional inking difficulties.

The Foxboro dew cell was installed to gather data in support of the cooling towers; reduction of the dew cell data has shown that good dew-point data is available from April 2, 1970 through the remainder of this report period. Prior to April 1970 it appears that the dust from the construction site and corrosion interfered with the proper operation of the lithium chloride solution; the problem was solved by having a local representative of NUS Corporation clean the sensor on a weekly basis.

#### III. DATA REDUCTION

Data records from the wind sensors and the temperature and dew cell recorders were forwarded to NUS for reduction and analysis. Wind data were obtained both from the strip charts and the Variance Computer; however, in order to be consistent with analyses presented in the first annual report,<sup>(1)</sup> the results presented in this report are based upon the strip chart data.

Wind records were examined and hourly data extracted representing wind speed and direction averages and wind direction range. Range was determined from the two second-most extreme gusts. This data was taken for the two levels of Bendix-Friez sensors and the Packard-Bell equipment at the 50 foot level. Temperature measurements for the 50 and 150 foot levels were recorded hourly, as were dew point data for the 50 foot level.

The data was entered on punched cards and processed to yield the data summaries presented and discussed in the following sections.

## IV. SITE METEOROLOGICAL DATA ANALYSIS

#### A. <u>Wind Roses and Speeds</u>

Based on Bendix-Friex data from the 50 foot level, Figures 2A.2-2, 2A.2-3, 2A.2-4, 2A.2-5, and 2A.2-6. show the distribution of wind directions for the four seasons (Season 1: March through May, Season 2: June through August, Season 3: September through November, and Season 4: December through February) and the annual distribution. It is noted that in spring the winds from the northwest quadrant prevail. In summer, the wind directions from south-southeast to south-southwest predominate, along with a secondary maximum of winds from west-northwest. A season of transition, autumn, shows relatively high frequencies of winds from the south to southeast with a secondary maximum of winds from northwest. This pattern of prevailing winds probably reflects both the large scale wind flow from meteorological pressure systems. During the winter, winds from the northwest quadrant are dominant; the effect of the valley in channeling is evident in the high frequencies of winds from the north-northwest. As a result of the seasonal patterns, the annual wind roses exhibit a high frequency of winds from the northwest quadrant and from southerly directions. The distribution of wind directions at the 150 foot level, shown in Figure 2A.2-7, is somewhat more uniform, though still with prevailing winds from the northwest quadrant.

Table 2A.2-2 shows the seasonal and annual average wind speeds for the 50 foot level based on both the Bendix-Friez and Packard-Bell data and the 150 foot level based on the Bendix data; these values are compared with those found previously. Speeds are determined over 15 minute averaging periods. It is noted that the season of highest wind speed is winter; whereas, the lowest wind speeds occur in summer. The average annual value of 4.7 mph at the 50 foot level is higher than the 3 mph value found by the Weather Bureau during the two-year site meteorological program conducted in Shippingport from 1955-1957 but lower than the annual average wind speed 5.5 mph found by the Bendix instruments during the previous year. The annual figure of 2.4 percent "calm" found by the Beaver Valley meteorological program compares with 8.5 percent found by the Weather Bureau from 1955-1957 and 2.5 percent noted during first year of the Beaver Valley meteorological program. Again, about two-thirds of the calms noted by the applicant occurred during the night; thus, if daytime calms are excluded, the overall frequency of calms is only 1.5 percent of all observations. The overall occurrence of calms as measured by the Packard-Bell instrument is only 2.5 percent. It is expected that the frequency of calms would be less as measured by the Packard-Bell than with the Bendix instrument because of the lower threshold and greater sensitivity of the Packard-Bell instrument.

The somewhat lower average wind speed found at both the 50 and 150 foot levels during the period 1970-1971 compared to the period 1969-1970 was noted and investigated. Inasmuch as there was considerable construction activity upon the site, including 15-20 feet high urrounding the meteorological tower, it was decided to investigate whether or not this reduction in wind speed was likely to be attributable to the construction.

The wind directions which were thought to be potentially affected by the presence of these temporary structures in the vicinity of the meteorological tower were from the north-northwest, northeast, southeast, south, southwest, west-southwest, west, west-northwest, northwest and north-northwest. Before performing a detailed analysis, however, it was decided to ascertain whether the wind speed reduction could be attributed to natural yearly variations of the synoptic meteorology. Thus in Table 2A.2-3 the average monthly wind speeds at Greater Pittsburgh Airport are presented from September 1969 through August 1971. It can be concluded that seasonally, as well as monthly, the gradient wind speeds were not lower during the period September 1970-August 1971 compared to September 1969-August 1970, with the exception of the summer season. However, this season will not be included in subsequent analysis inasmuch as substantial building construction around the meteorological tower during the summer of 1970 and the objective is to compare the seasonal winds before and after this period. Thus in comparing the gradient wind speeds during fall 1969 and fall 1970, and winter 1970 and winter 1971 and spring 1970 and 1971, there was no naturally occurring wind speed reduction during these periods at Greater Pittsburgh Airport.

Thus it would appear that site construction of buildings and alteration of air flows has resulted in somewhat lower site wind speeds. Such an effect would be expected to be more prominent with respect to the 50 foot wind measurements than with respect to the 150 foot wind measurements. This appears to be the case in examining the gross seasonal average wind speeds but is further examined qualitatively at both levels by comparing the number of the ten wind directions (defined above) which have seasonally reduced wind speeds during the period September 1970-August 1971 compared to the period September 1969-August 1970. The seasonal wind speeds for each wind direction for both the 50 and 150 foot levels are presented in Table 2A.2-4 for these time periods. From this data the number of wind directions having || higher, lower or similar wind speeds in the year following the building erection is compiled in Table 2A.2-5 for both the 50 and 150 foot levels. It is apparent that the effect is more || pronounced at the lower level.

Figure 2A.2-8 shows the wind speed distribution at the Beaver Valley site based on the Bendix instrument at the 50 foot level. The median wind speeds are noted to be 3.7 and 4.7 mph, respectively; thus when the medians are compared to the mean wind speeds, it is obvious that the distribution of wind speeds is somewhat skewed towards the lower values.

The longest observed wind directional persistence was for 24 hours from the north under slightly stable conditions. A persistence wind rose is presented in Figure 2A.2-9; a persistence probability plot is presented in Figure 2A.2-10.

#### B. <u>Dew Point Data</u>

As mentioned previously, essentially 100 percent dew point data recovery has been obtained since April 1, 1969, through the date of issue of this report, (April 1972). Thus approximately one year of site dew point is available for subsequent cooling tower effects analyses. Throughout the period a considerable amount of quality control was applied to the field data collection; the NUS representative who cleaned the dew cell data on a weekly basis also measured the ambient dew point temperature by using a sling psychrometer and the appropriate psychometric charts; the Foxboro dew cell values on the chart were almost always within 1.0 of the measured psychometric values.

A comparison of dew point data taken at Greater Pittsburgh Airport with that taken at the Beaver Valley site shows that the dew points recorded on site are generally about 4 higher than those at the airport.

#### C. <u>Atmospheric Stability</u>

In the context of this report, atmospheric stability refers to the degree of turbulence present in the atmosphere. An "unstable" atmosphere is turbulent and results in good diffusion of waste gases injected into the atmosphere, whereas a "stable" atmosphere is relatively non-turbulent and results in poor diffusion. "Neutral" stability refers to an intermediate condition.

Two basic methods of inferring atmospheric dispersion capability are generally available; the first is based on wind fluctuations; the second on temperature lapse rate. The first method uses a sensitive wind vane, preferably one which is free to move in both vertical and horizontal directions (a "bivane") to measure fluctuations in the wind direction in both planes, thus providing a measure of S $\theta$  and S $\emptyset$ , the standard deviations of horizontal and vertical wind direction fluctuations, respectively. However, bivanes are not sufficiently rugged to provide the reliable data recovery over long time periods necessary for long-term diffusion climatology programs. Several systems have been developed which determine the horizontal variance (S $\theta$ )<sup>2</sup> from standard (horizontal only) wind direction sensors, and which can be related to atmospheric stability.

The second method is the classical categorization of atmospheric stability based on vertical temperature structure, from which inferences of vertical diffusivity can be made. This method of course does not indicate diffusivity directly, nor does it account for differences in turbulence that may be introduced by surface roughness features.

In view of the availability of both horizontal wind fluctuations, and vertical temperature difference data, and the significance of dispersion conditions in the design basis accident considerations, both measures of atmospheric stability were combined to provide the best estimates of horizontal and vertical plume dispersion.

Using the 50 foot level Bendix-Friez data, horizontal stability based on seven classes of S $\theta$  was determined, according to the classification scheme in Table 2A.2-6, from the range in horizontal wind direction over a 15 minute time period, based on methods presented by Slade<sup>(2)</sup> using the "second gust" range described earlier. This procedure is illustrated in Figure 2A.2-11 for some typical atmospheric conditions (arrows indicate the range of wind direction). If winds are "calm" or "non-steady" then the occurrence is classified as Pasquill B stability during the day and Pasquill E at night, as suggested by Slade.<sup>(3)</sup>

To determine the joint frequency distribution of vertical temperature difference and horizontal variance all individual 15 minute time periods for which wind speed, S $\theta$ , and temperature difference data were available were processed by the NUS computer code AMET which computes the joint frequency of S $\theta$  and temperature classes for given wind speed groups and for all wind speeds. Nine wind speed groups were defined as listed and tabulated in the Appendix. Calms are not treated in the AMET code but as mentioned previously, occurred in 2.4 percent of the observations by the Bendix-Friez sensor and 0.25 percent by the Packard-Bell unit.

#### D. Lapse Rate Stability Classification

In order to determine the dispersion parameters for the 2-hour design basis accident, meteorological conditions are chosen for which calculated doses would not be exceeded more than 5 percent of the time. In order to select these based jointly on S $\theta$  and lapse rate, vertical dispersion parameters are needed based on temperature difference corresponding to those established using the horizontal variance classification presented above. Seventeen vertical temperature difference classes were arbitrarily defined for the purpose of categorizing these observations.

In order to classify vertical dispersion parameters based on the lapse rate, a number of references in the literature were examined including the stability classification defined for Cape Kennedy and Vandenberg Air Force Base and presented in Table 2A.2-7<sup>(4)</sup>. The most complete vertical stability classification system found in the literature is that used at the National Reactor Testing Station<sup>(5)</sup> as presented in Table 2A.2-8. It was noted that none of these classification systems define a "G" stability, however.

Therefore, in the lapse rate stability classification system chosen, the "G" interval has been defined in accordance with the range of a "large inversion," as presented by Holland in <u>Meteorology and Atomic Energy</u>.<sup>(6)</sup> The ranges used are presented in Table 2A.2-9.

#### V. DETERMINATION OF DESIGN BASIS ACCIDENT AND EXTENDED RELEASE METEOROLOGICAL CONDITIONS

Using the seven horizontal stability classes (A-G) and seven vertical stability classes (A-G) and the corresponding Sy and Sz values as presented in <u>Meteorology and Atomic</u> Energy<sup>(7)</sup>, a computer code was used to determine the combinations of vertical and horizontal stability classes and wind speeds which result in a calculated  $\chi/Q$  value such that its frequency when added to the frequency of calms (2.4 percent) would not occur more than 5 percent of the time at the site boundary. These calculations of  $\chi/Q$  do not include a building wake effect since the objective was to find the meteorological conditions of stability and wind speed upon which the building wake correction is normally imposed, for the design basis accident. Thus the following equation is used for determination of the ordered values of  $\chi/Q$  and the equivalent stability and wind speed conditions:

 $\chi/Q = I/(3.14*SY*SZ*u)$ (1)

#### A. Design Basis Accident Meteorology for Unit 1

For unit number one, for the 0-2 hour period following the accident the design basis accident meteorology has been computed for a ground level release at the containment to a receptor at the nearest site boundary, 610 meters. A very conservative analysis includes the total calms, both daytime and nighttime, as found by the less responsive Bendix-Friez speed sensors to meet the 5 percent criterion. On this basis, the total occurrence of calms is 2.4 percent. Thus 5 percent less the 2.4 percent calms yields 2.6 percent, the percentage of time during which the design basis meteorological conditions may be exceeded. Thus from Table 2A.2-10, Joint Frequency Data, it is noted that 2.11 x  $10^{-3}$  sec/m<sup>3</sup> is the  $\chi$ /Q exceeded 2.6 percent of the time; thus the equivalent design basis meteorological conditions corresponding to this value at 610 meters are Pasquill stability class "F" and wind speed 0.64 m/sec.

A somewhat less conservative analysis would include only the 1.5 percent nighttime calms measured by the Bendix instrument; on this basis the  $\chi/Q$  exceeded 3.5 percent of the time is  $1.83 \times 10^{-3} \text{ sec/m}^3$ ; the design basis meteorological conditions are "F" and 0.73 m/sec. Finally, a more realistic analysis would include only the calms found by the more responsive Packard-Bell wind sensors. Whether or not all such calms (20 percent) or only the nighttime calms (.08 percent) are included, the resultant found from Table 2A.2-10 is  $1.62 \times 10^{-3} \text{ sec/m}^3$ ; the equivalent design basis meteorological conditions are stability class "F" and 0.84 m/sec. These latter values are included in Table 2A.2-11, Design Basis Accident and Extended Release Meteorological Conditions, as being the recommended choice for the 0-2 hour period with an invariant wind.

Now using the meteorological conditions of "F" and wind speed 0.84 m/sec the design basis accident meteorology  $\chi/Q$  at the nearest site boundary, 610 m for the 0-2 hour period is computed from the following equation (including a building wake factor) to be equal to 7.8 x 10<sup>-4</sup> sec/m<sup>3</sup>:

$$\chi/Q = 1/((3.14*Sy*Sz + C*A)*u)$$
(2)

where:

 $\chi$  = concentration (units/m<sup>3</sup>)

Q = source release rate (units/sec)

Sy = horizontal diffusion parameter (m)

Sz = vertical diffusion parameter (m)

u = mean wind speed (m/sec)

A = cross-sectional area of containment  $(1600m^2)$ 

C = building shape factor = 0.5 (dimensionless)

For the period 2-24 hr following the start of a release, it is assumed that the wind direction varies over one sector under "F" stability and 0.84 m/sec wind speed. Inasmuch as the longest observed onsite persistence under stable conditions ("F" stability) was one occurrence for 24 hours, this assumption is conservative.

For the remaining time periods, it is noted that the assumed extended meteorological conditions are the same as presented in the Unit 1 FSAR based upon the 1969-1970 meteorological data. Thus, for the period from 24 - 96 hours, it is assumed that the mean wind direction is varying within the one sector of interest 50 percent of the time. During this time, the stability is assumed to be "D" with a 2.0 m/sec wind speed and "F" and a 0.9 m/sec wind speed.

For the period from 4 to 30 days, meteorological conditions typical of the worst season have been chosen. These conditions, and those for the other time periods, are also presented in Table 2A.2-11.

In addition to these assumed ground level design basis meteorological conditions, it is necessary to postulate for Unit 1 the design basis accident meteorology for the situation of an elevated release (47 m) from the top of the containment building to a receptor located upon a 47 m hill 760 m to the southeast of the containment. As discussed previously, it is necessary to find the  $\chi/Q$  exceeded only five percent of the time.

The diffusion equation for the situation in which the receptor is on the plume centerline at the same elevation as the release is as follows:

$$\chi/Q = [1/(2^*3.14^*Sy^*Sz^*u)]^*(1+exp(-0.5^*\frac{(Z+H)}{Sz}^*2))$$
 (3)

where all terms are as previously defined and Z = height above ground of the receptor = H = 47 m.

As the equation stands, it is rather difficult to develop a simple calculational technique to determine the  $\chi/Q$  which is exceeded only 5 percent of the time, and the corresponding equivalent design basis meteorological conditions. However, by inspection it will be noted that equation (1) is a good approximation to equation (3). That is, in very unstable conditions, equation (3) becomes equal to equation (1) and under very stable conditions equation (3) overestimates equation (1) by a factor of 2. Therefore, in order to simplify the calculational technique, equation (1) was used to determine the design basis meteorological conditions, exactly as before.

Thus again for a very conservative analysis including total calms, both daytime and nighttime measured by the less responsive instrument, the design basis meteorological conditions are "F" stability and 0.64 m/sec. Similarly, for a somewhat less conservative analysis including only the nighttime calms measured by the Bendix instrument, the design basis meteorological conditions are "F" and 0.73 m/sec. Finally for a more realistic analysis including only the calms found by the more responsive Packard-Bell instrument, the design basis meteorological conditions are stability "F" and 0.84 m/sec.

Using the design basis meteorological conditions stability class "F" and wind speed equal to 0.84 m/sec, the  $\chi/Q$  for the elevated release to the elevated receptor is approximated by equation (1) without credit for a building wake effect and is equal to 1.1 x 10<sup>-3</sup> sec/m<sup>3</sup> at a distance of 760 m southeast of the reactor containment for the 0 - 2 hour period. The design basis accident meteorology for the other time periods is the same as before.

#### B. <u>Design Basis Accident Meteorology for Unit 2</u>

As was the case for Unit 1, it is necessary to present design basis accident meteorology for Unit 2 by postulating both a ground level release to a ground level receptor at the nearest site boundary 456 m northeast of the site boundary and an elevated release from the top of the containment (47 m) to a receptor at an elevation of 47 m on a hill located 610 m southeast of the Unit 2 containment.

Such an analysis is exactly the same as for Unit 1; thus, the design basis meteorological conditions are stability class "F" and wind speed 0.84 m/sec. Therefore, upon using equation (2) to calculate the design basis  $\chi/Q$  for the 0 - 2 hour period following the accident for a ground level release to a ground level receptor at the nearest site boundary 456 m from the containment, the  $\chi/Q$  is equal to 9.4 x 10<sup>-4</sup> sec/m<sup>3</sup>. Using stability class "F" and 0.84 m/sec, the  $\chi/Q$  from an elevated release of 47 m to an elevated receptor of 47 m located 610 m southeast of the containment is approximated by equation (1) and is equal to 1.6 x 10<sup>-3</sup> sec/m<sup>3</sup>.

The accident meteorology for both release cases for other time periods is the same as presented for Unit 1. The results of the calculations for the four time periods comprising the 30-day model are shown in Figure 2A.2-12 with curves of  $\chi/Q$  versus distance.

#### VI. ANNUAL AVERAGE RELEASE METEOROLOGY

The annual average  $\chi/Q$  for an elevated release is calculated according to the following equation:

$$\begin{split} \chi/\mathsf{Q} &= (((2/3.14)^{**}0.5)^{*8}/(3.14^{*}\mathsf{D}))^{*}[\mathsf{SUM}, \mathsf{i}, \mathsf{1}, \mathsf{7} ((\mathsf{Fi}^{*}\mathsf{fi}^{*}\mathsf{U}\mathsf{i})/\\ (\mathsf{Sz}\mathsf{i})^{*}(\mathsf{EXP}((-(\mathsf{Z}\text{-}\mathsf{h})^{**}2)/(2^{*}\mathsf{Sz}\mathsf{i}^{**}2)))\\ &+\mathsf{EXP}((-(\mathsf{Z}\text{+}\mathsf{h})^{**}2)/(2^{*}\mathsf{Sz}\mathsf{i}^{**}2)))] \end{split}$$

where:

- $\chi$  = distance (m)
- Ui = average reciprocal wind speed for sector of interest, sec per m<sup>3</sup>
- Szi = vertical diffusion parameter for stability class i (m)
- Fi = fraction of time stability class i occurs
- h = height of stack (m)
- Z = vertical height above valley floor (m)
- fi = fraction of time wind direction is in sector of interest for stability class i

In the calculation of  $\chi/Q$ , Szi has been estimated from Pasquill stability curves<sup>(17)</sup>; Fi\*fi is based on the categorization of temperature difference previously discussed and found in Table 2A.2-9. (The value of Sz for G stability is defined as the Sz for class F, divided by SQRT (2.5)).

The release of normal process gas is from a vent 522 ft (158 m) above the valley floor. Although it is possible that the process gas exit velocity and the buoyant cooling tower plume would cause the process gas plume to become more elevated than the release height, for a conservative estimate of the highest annual average  $\chi/Q$ , no plume rise is assumed. Thus for a release height of 158 m, the highest annual average  $\chi/Q$  is 1.42 x 10<sup>-6</sup> sec/m<sup>3</sup> for a receptor located 2,000 m southeast of the containment structure at an elevation 158 m above the valley floor. In addition, a  $\chi/Q$  of approximately the same magnitude (1.3 x 10<sup>-6</sup> sec/m<sup>3</sup>) was calculated for a receptor located 1,300 m southeast of the containment structure at an elevation of 158 m.

Figure 2A.2-13 contains isopleths of ground level annual average  $\chi/Q$  for release from the 158 m vent. WINDVANE computer outputs giving the raw data from which the above calculations are made are provided in the Appendix.

## References

- 1. Muschett, F. Douglas, "Annual Report The Meteorological Program at the Beaver Valley Nuclear Power Station Site, September 5, 1969 September 5, 1970", Prepared for Duquesne Light Company, NUS-737, December, 1970.
- 2. Slade, D. H., <u>Meteorology and Atomic Energy</u>, United States Atomic Energy Commission, Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, Springfield, Virginia, 1968, p. 47.
- 3. Slade, D. H., "Dispersion Estimates From Pollutant Releases of a Few Seconds to 8 Hours in Duration", U.S. Weather Bureau, Washington, D. C., 1965, p. 15.
- Haugen, D. A. and J. J. Fuquay, <u>The Ocean Breeze and Dry Gulch Diffusion Programs</u>, Vol. I. USAEC Report HW-78435 (Report AFCRL-63-791 (I)), Air Force Cambridge Research Laboratories and Hanford Atomic Products Operation, 1963.
- 5. Start, George E. and Markee, Earl H., "Relative Dose Factors from Long-Period Point Source Emissions of Atmospheric Pollutants", <u>Proceedings USAEC Meteorological Information Meeting</u>, 1967, p. 63.
- 6. United States Department of Commerce Weather Bureau, <u>Meteorology and Atomic</u> <u>Energy</u>, 1955, p. 54.
- 7. Slade, D. H., ed <u>Meteorology and Atomic Energy</u>, pp. 408-409.
- 8. <u>Ibid</u>., p. 409.
- 9. NUS Corporation, "Plume Dispersion Study and Evaluation of Ambient Air Quality Impact of the Cheswick Power Station", NUS-872 (In Preparation).

# TABLES FOR APPENDIX 2A.2

# TABLE 2A.2-1

# SUMMARY OF DATA COLLECTION September 5, 1970 - September 5, 1971

Instrument	Level	Recovery Rate (percent)
Bendix-Friez	50 ft	94
Bendix-Friez	150 ft	83
Packard-Bell	50 ft	67
Bristol Temperature	50 ft	96
Bristol Temperature	150 ft	99

#### AVERAGE WIND SPEED SUMMARY (mph)

	<u>Bendix</u> 1969-1970	<u>50-foot</u> 1970-1971	<u>Bendix</u> 1969-1970 1	<u>150-foot</u> 970-1971	Packard-Bell 50-foot 1970-1971
Spring	5.7	5.1	6.4	7.4	4.0
Summer	4.2	3.3	4.1*	2.8	2.4
Fall	5.4	4.3	6.4	5.1	4.8
Winter	7.2	6.0	7.9	7.4	6.0
Annual Average	5.6	4.7	6.2	5.7	4.3

\*It is doubtful that the average wind speed at 150 feet is actually lower than that for the 50-foot level during summer 1970; rather it is believed that, within the accuracy of the calculations, there is no significant difference between the two levels.

# GREATER PITTSBURGH AIRPORT WIND SPEEDS (mph)

	<u>1969</u>	<u>1970</u>	<u>1971</u>
September	7.4	8.2	
October	9.3	8.3	
November	10.5	10.3	
December	10.9	11.0	
January		10.8	11.9
February		11.5	12.1
March		10.4	12.4
April		10.9	11.2
Мау		9.3	9.1
June		8.3	7.0
July		7.6	7.0
August		7.2	6.7

# WIND SPEEDS VERSUS DIRECTION

# 50-Foot Level

(Number of Observations)	(2111) Spring <u>1971</u>	(1949) Spring <u>1970</u>	(2149) Winter <u>1970-71</u>	(1898) Winter <u>1969-70</u>	(1795) Fall <u>1970</u>	(1934) Fall <u>1969</u>
Wind Direction						
NNE NE SE SW WSW WSW W WNW NW NW NNW NNW	4.6 3.6 3.7 2.8 2.3 2.2 2.9 4.9 6.9 8.4 8.8 6.6	5.5 5.2 4.6 3.2 2.9 3.8 5.1 8.5 9.0 8.4 6.8	3.6 3.3 3.2 3.2 2.4 2.8 2.5 4.5 7.5 9.6 10.3 6.6	6.6 5.0 4.1 4.5 3.3 3.7 4.4 6.2 9.2 11.4 11.0 8.0	4.5 3.0 2.9 3.6 2.9 2.9 3.2 4.3 6.2 8.4 7.8 6.1	$5.0 \\ 4.8 \\ 3.8 \\ 4.6 \\ 3.7 \\ 3.0 \\ 4.1 \\ 6.6 \\ 9.0 \\ 10.5 \\ 8.6 \\ 6.5 \\ \end{cases}$
		150-Fc	oot Level			
(Number of Observations)	(1763) Spring <u>1971</u>	(1810) Spring <u>1970</u>	(2061) Winter <u>1970-71</u>	(1843) Winter <u>1969-70</u>	(1386) Fall <u>1970</u>	(1813) Fall <u>1969</u>
Wind Direction						
NNE NE SE SSW WSW WSW WSW WNW NW NW NW	7.0 4.8 5.0 3.9 3.0 5.1 4.8 5.8 9.6 10.3 11.5 9.2	5.7 5.7 4.5 4.6 5.0 6.4 8.2 9.8 8.0 7.2 7.0 5.0	2.8 4.4 4.6 3.4 4.1 4.2 5.7 9.3 12.7 10.7 6.1	4.2 4.8 4.6 3.7 5.2 6.7 9.3 11.7 11.8 10.9 8.5 5.4	7.3 5.1 3.9 3.2 4.6 4.1 4.6 4.2 8.1 8.1 7.9 7.1	5.5 5.0 4.7 4.8 4.7 7.2 8.9 10.2 9.4 8.4 6.2 6.0

#### QUANTITATIVE COMPARATIVE EFFECT OF SITE BUILDING UPON REDUCING WIND SPEEDS AT THE TWO LEVELS

	No. Higher* in Following Year	No. Lower± in Following Year	No. Equal° in Following Year	
50'	0	9	1	
			Fa	all
150'	2	6	2	
50'	0	10	0	
			Wi	inter
150'	3	6	1	
50'	1	8	1	
			Sp	orina
150'	5	5	0	0

- \* Number of wind directions with higher winds for given season after building erection compared to before.
- ± Number of wind directions with lower average speeds for given season after building erection compared to before.
- Number of wind directions with equal average wind speeds for given season after building erection compared to before.

# STABILITY CATEGORIES

<u>Stability Type</u>	Range of Standard Deviation	Turbulence Type
A = Extremely Unstable	$\sigma_{\theta}$ 22.5	High Atmospheric Turbulence
B = Unstable	$22.5 > \sigma_{\theta} \!\geq\! 17.5$	High Atmospheric Turbulence
C = Slightly Unstable	$17.5 > \sigma_{\theta} \! \geq \! 12.5$	High Atmospheric Turbulence
D = Neutral	$12.5 > \sigma_{\theta} \ge 7.5$	Moderate Atmospheric Turbulence
E = Slightly Stable	$7.5 > \sigma_{\theta} \geq 3.8$	Low Atmospheric Turbulence
F = Stable	$3.8 > \sigma_{\theta} \ge 1.3$	Low Atmospheric Turbulence
G = Extremely Stable	$\sigma_{ heta}$ < 1.3	Low Atmospheric Turbulence

# OCEAN BREEZE AND DRY GULCH STABILITY CLASSIFICATION<sup>(4)</sup>

# T = temperature at 54 ft minus temperature at 6 ft

Category	Range of Vertical Temperature Difference (-F)
Very Unstable	$T \leq -3.0 F$
Moderately Unstable	$-3.0 < T \le 0.0 \text{ F}$
Moderately Stable	$0 < T \leq 3.0 F$
Very Stable	T > 3.0 F

# NATIONAL REACTOR TESTING STATION STABILITY CLASSIFICATION

Category	Range of Vertical Temperature Gradient (F/100 Ft)
A	-1.1 or less
В	-0.5 to -1.0
С	-0.1 to -0.4
D	0.0 to 0.4
E	0.5 to 1.0
F	1.1 or greater

### CLASSIFICATION OF PASQUILL STABILITY CLASS BASED ON LAPSE RATE

Category	Range of Vertical Temperature <u>Gradient (F/1000 ft)</u>
A - Very Unstable	T < -16
B - Moderately Unstable	-16 ≤ T < -13
C - Slightly Unstable	-13 ≤ T < -7
D - Neutral	- 7 ≤ T <  -1
E - Slightly Stable	- 1 ≤ T < 11
F - Moderately Stable	11 ≤ T < 20
G - Very Stable	T ≥ 20

# JOINT FREQUENCY DATA

Ordered	Wind	Horiz.	Vert. Stability	Unit 1		
Condition	Speed	Stability		<u>χ</u> /Q	Freq.	Cumulative
1	10	G	G		05	05
2	1.0	F	G		21	26
3	1.0	G	F		.08	.34
4	2.0	G	Ğ		0	.34
5	1.0	E	G		.73	1.07
6	1.0	F	F		.17	1.24
7	1.0	G	Е		.04	1.28
8	1.0	D	G		.69	1.97
9	3.0	G	G		0	1.97
10	2.0	F	G		.59	2.56
11	2.0	G	F		.02	2.58
12	1.0	G	D	•	0	2.58
				*2.11 x 10 <sup>-3</sup>		
13	1.0	E	F		.27	2.85
14	4.0	G	G		0	2.85
15	1.0	F	E		.35	3.20
				**1.83 x 103		
16	2.0	E	G		1.13	4.33
17	1.0	С	G		.29	4.62
				***1.62 x 103		
18	1.0	D	F			
19	3.0	F	G			
20	3.0	G	F			
21	4.0	G	G			
22	2.0	F	F			
23	2.0	G	E			

\*using all Bendix calms; effective F and 0.64 \*\*using only Bendix nighttime calms; effective F and 0.73 \*\*\*using all PBell calms; effective and 0.84

### DESIGN BASIS ACCIDENT AND EXTENDED RELEASE METEOROLOGICAL CONDITIONS

Period	Pasquill Class	Mean Wind Speed (m/sec)	Fi*fi	Wind Direction	
0 - 24 hours	F	0.9	1.0	Invariant	
2 - 24 hours	F	0.9	1.0	Sector Average	
24 - 96 hours	D	2.0	0.25	Sector Average	
	F	0.9	0.25	Sector Average	
4 days	D	1.5	0.020	Sector Average	
30 days	Е	1.0	0.020	Sector Average	
	F	0.9	0.020	Sector Average	
	G	1.4	0.025	Sector Average	

# APPENDIX -

# WINDVANE COMPUTER OUTPUTS

#### 24 HOUR SUMMARY OF WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION

DUQUESNE, BEAVER VALLEY, 50 FT. BENDIX, 9/5/70-9/5/71

TOTAL NUMBER OF READINGS 8.183E + 03

TOTAL NUMBER OF READINGS WITHOUT CALMS 7.989E + 03

#### WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION, PERCENT

CALM	1 TO 2	3 TO 4	5 TO 6	7 TO 8	9 TO 11	12 TO 14	15 TO 18	19 TO 23	GT 23
2.37	33.07	25.65	14.73	9.96	8.05	4.02	1.58	.40	.17

SUMMED OVER ALL DIRECTIONS WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT)

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G
CALM	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1 TO 2	.18	.09	.66	2.45	17.70	6.40	6.40
3 TO 4	.11	.13	1.06	3.48	14.27	2.85	4.37
5 TO 6	.11	.16	1.13	3.15	9.60	.45	.48
7 TO 8	.01	.03	.61	3.05	6.22	.11	.16
9 TO 11	.03	.04	.36	2.34	5.28	.09	.11
12 TO 14	0.00	0.00	.14	1.40	2.53	.04	.01
15 TO 18	0.00	.01	.06	.51	1.03	0.00	0.00
19 TO 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	.16	.25	0.00	0.00
GT 23	0.00	0.00	.01	.05	.11	0.00	0.00

# SUMMED OVER ALL TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITIES WIND SPEED VERSUS DIRECTION (IN PERCENT)

	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	Ν
CALM	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1 TO 2	.65	.63	.90	1.30	2.17	3.23	3.54	5.65	5.18	3.62	1.85	1.48	.96	.81	.75	1.15
3 TO 4	.61	.56	.68	1.15	2.04	2.14	1.50	2.74	3.33	1.46	1.33	2.05	2.58	1.78	1.05	1.26
5 TO 6	.45	.39	.50	.69	1.28	.99	.31	.51	.23	.46	.49	1.41	2.99	2.17	.69	1.53
7 TO 8	.36	.15	.16	.18	.41	.43	.26	.09	.09	.19	.14	.53	2.45	2.47	.89	1.41
9 TO 11	.18	.04	.01	.03	.08	.10	.18	.05	0.00	.04	.01	.30	1.56	3.19	1.45	1.04
12 TO 14	.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	.03	.03	.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.06	.55	1.68	1.26	.44
15 TO 18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.04	.21	.79	.53	.05
19 TO 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.11	.19	.11	0.00
GT 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.04	.13	.01	0.00

#### **BVPS UFSAR UNIT 1**

#### DUQUESNE, BEAVER VALLEY, 50 FT. BENDIX, 9/5/70-9/5/71

WIND SPEED VERSUS DIRECTION (IN PERCENT)     NNE   NE   ENE   E   ESE   SE   SSE   SSW   SW   WSW   W   WNW   NW     1   TO   2   0.00   0.00   .03   .01   0.00   .03   0.00   .03   .04   .03   .01   0.00   .01     3   TO   4   0.00   0.00   .01   .01   0.00   0.00   .01   .03   .01   .03   .01   0.00   .01   .03     5   TO   6   0.00   .03   0.00   0.00   .01   .01   0.00   .01   .01   0.00   .01   .03   .01   .03   .00   .01   0.00     7   TO   8   .01   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00	NNW   N     0.00   0.00     0.00   0.00     .03   0.00     0.00   0.00     0.00   0.00     0.00   0.00     0.00   0.00     0.00   0.00     0.00   0.00     0.00   0.00     0.00   0.00     0.00   0.00
NNE   NE   ENE   E   ESE   SE   SSE   S   SSW   WW   WWW   NW     1   TO   2   0.00   0.00   .03   .01   0.00   .03   0.00   .03   .04   .03   .01   0.00   .01     3   TO   4   0.00   0.00   .01   .01   0.00   0.00   .01   .03   .01   .03   .01   0.00   .01   0.00     5   TO   6   0.00   .03   0.00   0.00   .01   .01   .03   .00   0.00   .01   0.00     7   TO   8   .01   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00 <t< td=""><td>NNW   N     0.00   0.00     0.00   0.00     .03   0.00     0.00   0.00     0.00   0.00     0.00   0.00     0.00   0.00     0.00   0.00     0.00   0.00     0.00   0.00     0.00   0.00     0.00   0.00</td></t<>	NNW   N     0.00   0.00     0.00   0.00     .03   0.00     0.00   0.00     0.00   0.00     0.00   0.00     0.00   0.00     0.00   0.00     0.00   0.00     0.00   0.00     0.00   0.00     0.00   0.00
5 TO 6 0.00 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 .01 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   7 TO 8 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
7 10 8 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	$\begin{array}{cccc} 0.00 & 0.00 \\ 0.00 & 0.00 \\ 0.00 & 0.00 \\ 0.00 & 0.00 \\ 0.00 & 0.00 \\ 0.00 & 0.00 \\ 0.00 & 0.00 \end{array}$
12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
15 TO 18 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	0.00 0.00
NNE NE ENE E ESE SE SSE S SSW SW WSW W WNW NW	NNW N
1 TO 2 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .03 0.00 0.03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.00	0.00 .01
3 10 4 .03 0.00 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .01 0.00 .01 .04 0.00 .01 5 TO 6 .01 0.00 .01 0.00 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00	.01 0.00
7 TO 8 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	0.00 .01
9 TO 11 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	.01 0.00
12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	0.00 0.00
19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	0.00 0.00
GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	0.00 0.00
WIND SPEED VERSUS DIRECTION (IN PERCENT)	
NNE NE ENE E ESE SE SSE S SSW SW WSW W WNW NW	NNW N
1 10 2 .04 .05 .06 .05 .01 .01 .08 .04 .06 .05 .03 .04 .01 .05 3 TO 4 .05 .05 .03 .04 .05 .01 .05 .05 .04 .04 .04 .06 .11 .19	.03 .06
5 TO 6 .05 .06 .04 .08 .06 .03 .03 .01 0.00 .09 .04 .05 .21 .23	.09 .08
7 TO 8 .05 .01 .04 .03 .04 .04 .01 0.00 0.00 .04 .03 0.00 .09 .15	.05 .05
12 TO 14 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.	.04 .06
15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	.03 0.00
19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	
TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS D	0.00 0.00
WIND SPEED VERSUS DIRECTION (IN PERCENT)	
NNE NE ENE E ESE SE SSE S SSW SW WSW W WNW NW 1 TO 2 15 21 18 23 16 15 09 30 16 16 09 11 05 15	NNW N
3 TO 4 .10 .11 .23 .15 .16 .11 .11 .19 .05 .25 .20 .19 .59 .48	.34 .23
5 TO 6 .13 .11 .19 .19 .09 .06 .03 .14 .06 .15 .14 .31 .55 .54	.21 .26
7 10 8 .15 .09 .05 .08 .13 .09 .08 .01 .01 .05 .05 .08 .80 .79 9 TO 11 06 01 01 01 03 01 03 0.00 0.00 0.00 01 08 36 95	.25 .30
12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	.49 .15
15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	.14 0.00
GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	.00 0.00

DUQUESNE, BEAVER VALLEY, 50 FT. BENDIX, 9/5/70-9/5/71

					TEN	MP. LAP	SE RAT	E STAB	ILITY CL	ASS E						
				v	VIND SF	PEED VE	ERSUS D	DIRECTI	ON (IN F	PERCEN	T)					
	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SŚW	SW	ŴSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	N
1 TO 2	.43	.30	.55	.88	1.51	2.04	2.05	2.38	1.68	1.18	1.14	1.01	.70	.53	.51	.81
3 TO 4	.40	.39	.35	.85	1.36	1.49	.75	.89	.50	.58	.95	1.59	1.80	1.05	.45	.86
5 TO 6	.19	.15	.24	.33	1.04	.83	.24	.26	.05	.21	.26	.93	2.07	1.33	.33	1.16
7 TO 8	.15	.05	.08	.08	.25	.30	.16	.06	.04	.08	.06	.43	1.54	1.46	.55	.94
9 TO 11	.08	0.00	0.00	.01	.04	.06	.13	.03	0.00	.04	0.00	.20	1.14	2.05	.90	.61
12 TO 14	.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	.03	0.00	.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.03	.33	1.09	.75	.26
15 TO 18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.04	.11	.46	.36	.05
19 TO 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.09	.11	.05	0.00
GT 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.11	0.00	0.00

#### TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS F WIND SPEED VERSUS DIRECTION (IN PERCENT)

				•							,					
	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SŚW	SW	ŴSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	Ν
1 TO 2	.01	.04	.06	.04	.23	.66	.79	1.59	1.30	.81	.35	.23	.14	.01	.05	.09
3 TO 4	.01	.01	.01	.08	.21	.31	.38	.66	.64	.14	.08	.11	.06	.04	.08	.04
5 TO 6	.03	.01	.03	.05	.01	.05	.01	.04	.01	0.00	.03	.08	.05	.01	.03	.03
7 TO 8	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.01	0.00	.03	.03	.05
9 TO 11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.01	.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.01	.01	0.00	.03	.01
12 TO 14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.01	.01	0.00	0.00
15 TO 18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
19 TO 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
GT 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

# TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS G

					v							1)					
		NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SŚW	SW	ŴSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	Ν
1 TO	2	.01	.03	.03	.10	.25	.31	.54	1.31	1.92	1.39	.24	.09	.05	.06	.05	.03
3 TO	4	.03	0.00	.04	.03	.25	.21	.21	.94	2.07	.45	.03	.06	0.00	.01	.03	.03
5 TO	6	.05	.03	0.00	.05	.06	.03	0.00	.05	.06	.01	.03	.03	.08	.01	0.00	0.00
7 TO	8	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.01	.01	.04	.03	0.00	.01	.03	.03	.01	0.00
9 TO 1	11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.01	.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.01	.03	.03	.03
12 TO 1	14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
15 TO 1	18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
19 TO 2	23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
GT 2	23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

#### DUQUESNE, BEAVER VALLEY, 50 FT. BENDIX, 9/5/70-9/5/71 DIRECTION NNE WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) А В С D Е F G 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 CALM .04 .15 TO 2 0.00 .01 .43 1 .01 .01 .05 .40 3 ΤO 4 0.00 .03 .10 .01 .03 .13 .19 5 TO 6 0.00 .01 .05 .03 .05 7 ΤO 8 .01 0.00 .05 .15 .15 0.00 0.00 9 TO 11 0.00 .01 .03 .06 .08 0.00 0.00 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 .03 0.00 0.00 .01 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 DIRECTION NE WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) В F Α С D Е G 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 CALM TO 2 1 0.00 0.00 .05 .21 .30 .04 .03 ΤО 4 .39 0.00 3 0.00 0.00 .05 .11 .01 5 7 .03 ΤO 6 .03 0.00 .06 .15 .11 .01 .01 ΤO 8 0.00 0.00 .09 .05 0.00 0.00 9 TO 11 0.00 0.00 .03 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 DIRECTION ENE WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) С D F G А В Е CALM 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 TO 2 .03 0.00 .06 .18 .55 .06 .03 1 .35 .24 .03 .23 3 то 4 .01 .01 .01 .04 5 .19 0.00 ΤО 6 0.00 .01 .04 .03 7 ΤО 8 0.00 0.00 .04 .05 .08 0.00 0.00 TO 11 0.00 0.00 9 0.00 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 DIRECTION E WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) В С D Е F А G 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 CALM TO 2 .01 0.00 .05 .23 .88 .04 .10 1 3 ΤO 4 .01 0.00 .04 .15 .85 .08 .03 5 .08 .33 ΤO 6 0.00 0.00 .19 .05 .05 0.00 7 ΤO .08 0.00 8 0.00 0.00 .03 .08 TO 11 9 0.00 0.00 0.00 .01 .01 0.00 0.00 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00

#### DUQUESNE, BEAVER VALLEY, 50 FT. BENDIX, 9/5/70-9/5/71 DIRECTION ESE WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) А В С D Е F G 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 CALM 0.00 0.00 .01 .16 TO 2 0.00 1.51 .23 .25 1 .21 .25 3 ΤO 4 0.00 0.00 .05 .16 1.36 5 ΤO 6 0.00 .01 .06 .09 1.04 .01 .06 7 ΤO 8 0.00 0.00 .04 .13 .25 0.00 0.00 9 TO 11 .04 0.00 0.00 .03 0.00 0.00 .01 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 DIRECTION SE WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) В F А С D Е G 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 CALM TO 2 1 .03 .03 .01 .15 2.04 .66 .31 .21 ΤО 4 0.00 3 0.00 .01 .11 1.49 .31 5 7 ΤO 6 0.00 0.00 .03 .06 .83 .05 .03 ΤO 8 0.00 0.00 .04 .09 .30 0.00 0.00 9 TO 11 0.00 0.00 .01 .01 .06 .01 0.00 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 DIRECTION SSE WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) С D F G Α В Е CALM 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 TO 2 0.00 0.00 .08 .09 2.05 .79 .54 1 .21 0.00 0.00 .05 .11 3 TO 4 .75 .38 5 .03 ΤО 6 .01 0.00 .03 .24 .01 0.00 7 ΤО 8 0.00 0.00 .01 .08 .16 0.00 .01 TO 11 0.00 9 0.00 0.00 .03 .13 .01 .01 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .03 .01 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 DIRECTION S WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) В С D Е F А G 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 CALM TO 2 .03 0.00 .04 .30 2.38 1.59 1.31 1 .19 3 ΤO 4 .01 0.00 .05 .89 .65 .94 5 .26 ΤO 6 .01 0.00 .01 .14 .04 .05 7 ΤO 0.00 8 0.00 0.00 0.00 .01 .06 .01 TO 11 9 0.00 0.00 .01 0.00 .03 0.00 .01 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00

#### DUQUESNE, BEAVER VALLEY, 50 FT. BENDIX, 9/5/70-9/5/71 DIRECTION SSW WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) В С D Е F G Α 0.00 CALM 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 1 TO 2 .04 .03 .06 .16 1.68 1.30 1.92 .03 3 TO 4 .01 .04 .05 .50 .64 2.07 5 TO 6 0.00 .05 .03 .01 .06 .01 .06 .04 7 ΤО 8 0.00 0.00 0.00 .01 0.00 .04 9 TO 11 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 DIRECTION SW WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) В С D Е F G А 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 CALM TO 2 .03 0.00 .05 1.18 .81 1.39 1 .16 3 ΤO 4 .01 0.00 .04 .25 .58 .14 .45 .21 0.00 5 ТΟ 0.00 0.00 .09 .15 6 .01 7 ΤO .04 .08 8 0.00 .05 0.00 .03 0.00 9 TO 11 .04 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 DIRECTION WSW WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) F А В С D Е G 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 CALM 1 TO 2 .01 0.00 .03 .09 1.14 .35 .24 .04 .95 TO 4 .01 .20 .03 3 .03 .08 5 TO 6 0.00 0.00 .04 .14 .26 .03 .03 7 TO 8 0.00 0.00 .03 .05 .06 0.00 0.00 9 TO 11 0.00 0.00 0.00 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 DIRECTION W WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) А В С D Е F G CALM 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .23 1 TO 2 0.00 .04 .11 0.00 1.01 .09 3 TO 4 0.00 .04 .06 1.59 .11 .06 .19 .03 5 TO 6 0.00 .05 .31 .93 .08 .03 7 TO 8 0.00 0.00 0.00 .08 .43 .01 .01 9 TO 11 .20 .01 0.00 0.00 .08 .01 0.00 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 .04 .03 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .04 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00

# DUQUESNE, BEAVER VALLEY, 50 FT. BENDIX, 9/5/70-9/5/71

WIND SPEE			US TEMP.	LAPSE RATE	STABILIT	Y CLASS (I	N PERCENT)
CALM	0 00	0.00	0 00	0.00	0 00	ດົດດ	0.00
1 TO 2	0.00	.01	.01	.05	.70	.14	.05
3 TO 4	.01	0.00	.11	.59	1.80	.06	0.00
5 TO 6	.01	.03	.21	.55	2.07	.05	.08
7 TO 8	0.00	0.00	.09	.80	1.54	0.00	.03
9 TO 11	0.00	0.00	.04	.36	1.14	.01	.01
12 TO 14	0.00	0.00	.04	.16	.33	.01	.01
15 TO 18	0.00	0.00	.03	.08	.11	0.00	0.00
19 TO 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	.03	.09	0.00	0.00
GT 23	0.00	0.00	.01		0.00	0.00	0.00
WIND SPEEL	ISTRIO C	BUTION VERS		LAPSE RATE		Y CLASS (I	
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
CALM	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1 TO 2	.01	0.00	.05	.15	.53	.01	.06
3 TO 4	0.00	.01	.19	.48	1.05	.04	.01
5 TO 6	0.00	.05	.23	.54	1.33	.01	.01
7 TO 8	0.00	.01	.15	.79	1.46	.03	.03
9 TO 11	0.00	.01	.15	.95	2.05	0.00	.03
12 TO 14	0.00	0.00	.04	.54	1.09	.01	0.00
15 IO 18	0.00	.01	.01	.30	.46	0.00	0.00
19 TO 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	.08	.11	0.00	0.00
GT 23	0.00	0.00			. ! !	0.00	0.00
WIND SPEED	D DISTRI	<b>BUTION VERS</b>	US TEMP.	LAPSE RATE	STABILIT	Y CLASS (I	N PERCENT)
	A	В	C	D	E	F	G
CALM	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1 TO 2	0.00	0.00	.03	.11	.51	.05	.05
3 TO 4	0.00	.01	.15	.34	.45	.08	.03
5 TO 6	.03	.01	.09	.21	.33	.03	0.00
7 10 8	0.00	0.00	.05	.25	.55	.03	.01
9 10 11	0.00	.01	.04	.45	.90	.03	.03
12 TO 14	0.00	0.00	.03	.49	.75	0.00	0.00
10 TO 10	0.00	0.00	.03	. 14	.30	0.00	0.00
GT 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0120	0.00	0.00	DIRECT		0.00	0.00	0.00
WIND SPEED	D DISTRI	<b>BUTION VERS</b>	US TEMP.	LAPSE RATE	STABILIT	Y CLASS (I	N PERCENT)
_	A	В	С	D	E	F	G
CALM	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1 TO 2	0.00	.01	.06	.15	.81	.09	.03
3 TO 4	0.00	0.00	.11	.23	.86	.04	.03
5 TO 6	0.00	0.00	.08	.26	1.16	.03	0.00
/ 10 8	0.00	.01	.05	.36	.94	.05	0.00
9 10 11	0.00	0.00	.06	.33	.61	.01	.03
12 TO 14	0.00	0.00	.03	.15	.20	0.00	0.00
10 10 10 10 TO 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	CU.	0.00	0.00
CT 22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

DAYTIME (9AM-8PM) SUMMARY OF WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION

BEAVER VALLEY 150 FT WIND DATA - DELTA T - 9/5/70-9/5/71

TOTAL NUMBER OF READINGS 3.522E+43

TOTAL NUMBER OF READINGS WITHOUT CALMS 3.475E+03

#### **BVPS UFSAR UNIT 1**

		W	/IND SPEED	DISTRIBUT	FION, PERCI	ENT			
CALM	1 TO 2	3 TO 4	5 TO 6 7	TO 8 9 T	O 11 12 T	0 14 15	TO 18	19 TO 23	GT 23
1.33	13.86	18.09	18.03 1	5.02 16	6.64 8	.18	5.54	2.92	.40
		SUMMED			19				
WIND SPE	ED DISTRI	BUTION VER	SUS TEMP.	LAPSE RAT	TE STABILIT	Y CLASS (	IN PERC	ENT)	
	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	,	
CALM	0.00	0.00	.06	.09	.65	.20	.3	4	
1 TO 2	.09	.09	.62	2.53	7.75	1.28	1.5	0	
3 TO 4	.20	.26	1.11	3.78	11.16	.85	.7	4	
5 <u>TO</u> 6	.17	.23	1.39	5.34	9.97	.48	.4	5	
7 10 8	.14	.14	1.76	5.14	7.50	.11	.2	3	
9 10 11	.09	.09	1.76	5.74	8.80	.14	.0	3	
12 10 14	.03	.09	.34	3.21	4.40	.09	.0	3	
15 10 18	0.00	0.00	.45	2.70	2.36	.03	0.0	0	
19 IO 23	0.00	.03	.26	1.16	1.48	0.00	0.0	0	
GT 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	.20	.20	0.00	0.0	0	

# SUMMED OVER ALL TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITIES WIND SPEED VERSUS DIRECTION (IN PERCENT)

				-							,					
	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	Ν
1 TO 2 3 TO 4 5 TO 6 7 TO 8 9 TO 11 12 TO 14 15 TO 18	.68 .57 .68 .77 .74 .54 .20	.40 .45 .97 .54 .43 0.00 0.00	.74 .62 .91 .31 .43 .17 0.00	1.45 1.73 1.45 .91 .51 0.00 0.00	.94 1.65 1.48 .65 .60 .06	.94 .82 .45 .43 .40 .03 0.00	.85 .80 .34 .11 .09 .06	.88 1.02 .40 .37 .28 .17 0.00	.74 .80 .54 .31 .51 .06 0.00	.77 1.11 .94 .48 .45 .06 0.00	.82 1.05 1.50 .74 .71 .03 .03	1.48 2.27 1.70 2.27 1.50 .26 .14	.82 2.04 2.95 2.73 3.29 2.02 1.33	.65 1.62 2.07 2.30 3.61 2.19 1.79	.88 .80 .85 .82 1.53 1.56 1.16	.82 .74 .80 1.28 1.53 .97 .77
GT 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.08 .06	1.28	.17	0.00

Rev. 19

BEAVER VALLEY 150 FT WIND DATA - DELTA T - 9/5/70-9/5/71

TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS A WIND SPEED VERSUS DIRECTION (IN PERCENT)

1 TO 2 3 TO 4 5 TO 6 7 TO 8 9 TO 11 12 TO 14 15 TO 18 19 TO 23 GT 23	NNE 0.00 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	NE 0.00 .03 0.00 .06 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	ENE 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	E .06 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	ESE 0.00 .03 0.00 0.00 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00	SE .03 .03 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	SSE 0.00 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	SSW 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.03 0.00 0.00 0.0	SW 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.	WSW 0.00 0.00 0.03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	W 0.00 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	WNW 0.00 .06 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	NW 0.00 0.00 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	NNW 0.00 .03 0.00 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	N 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.
1 TO 2 3 TO 4 5 TO 6 7 TO 8 9 TO 11 12 TO 14 15 TO 18	NNE 0.00 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	NE 0.00 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	ENE 0.00 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	E 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .03 0.00 0.00	VIND SI ESE 0.00 0.00 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	VIP. LAP PEED VI SE 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	SE RAT ERSUS SSE .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	E STAB DIRECT S 0.00 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	ILITY CL ION (IN SSW 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	ASS B PERCEN SW 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	NT) WSW 0.00 0.00 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	W 0.00 .06 0.00 0.00 .03 0.00 0.00	WNW .03 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	NW .03 .03 .09 .03 .03 0.00	NNW 0.00 .06 .03 0.00 .03 0.00	N 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .03 0.00
19 TO 23 GT 23 1 TO 2 3 TO 4 5 TO 6 7 TO 8 9 TO 11	0.00 0.00 NNE .11 .03 .03 .09 .09	0.00 0.00 NE .06 0.00 .09 .09 .17	0.00 0.00 ENE .06 .09 .06 .03	0.00 0.00 E .09 .14 .11 .11	0.00 0.00 TEN VIND SF ESE .03 .11 .09 .06 0.00	0.00 0.00 MP. LAP PEED VI SE .03 .06 .03 .14 .06	0.00 0.00 SE RAT ERSUS SSE 0.00 .03 .03 0.00	0.00 0.00 E STAB DIRECT S 0.00 .03 .03 .03	0.00 0.00 ILITY CL ION (IN SSW 0.00 .09 .03 .03 .03	0.00 0.00 ASS C PERCEN SW 0.00 .03 .09 .09	0.00 0.00 VT) WSW 0.00 0.00 .06 .11 .11	0.00 0.00 W .09 .09 .06 .09 .06	0.00 0.00 WNW 0.00 .11 .34 .28 .37	0.00 0.00 NW 0.00 .20 .09 .37 .28	0.00 0.00 NNW .06 .09 .17 .11 .11	0.00 0.00 N .11 .09 .09 .11 .23
12 TO 14 15 TO 18 19 TO 23 GT 23 1 TO 2 3 TO 4 5 TO 6 7 TO 8 9 TO 11	.06 .06 0.00 0.00 NNE .23 .20 .14 .23 .17	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 NE .11 .20 .43 .26 .14	0.00 0.00 0.00 ENE .20 .11 .34 .06 .17	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 E .28 .28 .28 .20 .17 .14	0.00 0.00 0.00 TEN WIND SF ESE .20 .26 .28 .20 .21	0.00 0.00 0.00 MP. LAP PEED VI SE .11 .20 .09 .09 .06	0.00 0.00 0.00 SE RAT ERSUS SSE .06 .09 .09 .09 .06 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 E STAB DIRECT S .17 .11 .20 .11 .20 .11	0.00 0.00 0.00 ILITY CL ION (IN SSW .14 .20 .11 .14 .28	0.00 0.00 0.00 ASS D PERCEN SW .09 .17 .20 .20 .09	0.00 .03 0.00 0.00 VT) WSW .11 .17 .45 .26 .34	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .11 .20 .34 .62 .34	.06 .09 .03 0.00 WNW .09 .40 .94 1.05 1.22	.03 .09 .06 0.00 NW .23 .62 .97 .97 1.42	.20 .11 .14 0.00 NNW .20 .37 .34 .34 .34 .77	0.00 .09 .03 0.00 .20 .20 .23 .40 .37
12 TO 14 15 TO 18 19 TO 23 GT 23	.34 .06 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	.09 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	.06 .03 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	.03 0.00 0.00 0.00	.03 0.00 0.00 0.00	.03 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	.03 0.00 0.00 0.00	.06 .06 .03 0.00	.68 .71 .31 .06	.82 .94 .43 .03	.57 .57 .34 .11	.48 .34 .06 0.00

#### BEAVER VALLEY 150 FT WIND DATA - DELTA T - 9/5/70-9/5/71

				Ň		/P. LAP	SE RAT		ILITY CL		IT)					
	NNE	NE	ENE	E	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	wsw	W	WNW	NW	NNW	Ν
1 TO 2	.31	.20	.37	.82	.60	.43	.43	.40	.45	. <u>51</u>	.48	.82	.57	.34	.57	.45
3 10 4	.31	.17	.40	1.16	1.05	.45	.43	.74	.40	.77	.82	1.79	1.28	.74	.28	.37
5 10 6	.48	.43	.45	.94	1.05	.28	.14	.14	.31	.51	.85	1.22	1.48	.94	.28	.45
0 TO 11	.40 48	.14	.20	.04	.40 //3	.17	.03	.20	.11	26	.34 26	1.00	1.59	.02 1.85	.20	.//
12 TO 14	.40	0.00	.25	0.00	0.00	.20	.03	.17	03	.20	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	.02	45
15 TO 18	.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	.03	0.00	.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.09	.54	.77	.45	.34
19 TO 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.31	.80	.28	.09
GT 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.14	.06	0.00
					TEN		SE RAT	E STAR		ASS F						
				١			ERSUS	DIRECT	ION (IN	PERCEN	IT)					
	NNE	NE	ENE	E	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	ŴSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	Ν
1 TO 2	.03	.03	.09	.14	.06	.17	.11	.14	.06	.03	.11	.17	.06	.03	.03	.03
3 TO 4	0.00	.03	0.00	.14	.14	.09	.11	.03	.03	.06	0.00	.09	.09	.03	.03	0.00
5 10 6	0.00	0.00	0.00	.11	.03	.03	.06	0.00	0.00	.03	0.00	.03	.14	.03	0.00	.03
7 IU 8 0 TO 11	0.00	0.00	0.00	.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.03	.03	0.00
12 TO 14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.03	0.00	0.00
15 TO 18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.03	0.00
19 TO 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
GT 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
					TEN	/P. LAP	SE RAT	E STAB	ILITY CI	ASS G						
				N	VIND SF		ERSUS	DIRECT	ION (IN	PERCEN	IT)					
	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	ŴSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	Ν

	NNE	NE	ENE	E	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SVV	VVSVV	VV	VVINVV	INVV	NNVV	N
1 TO 2	0.00	0.00	.03	.06	.06	.17	.23	.17	.09	.14	.11	.28	.09	.03	.03	.03
3 TO 4	0.00	0.00	.03	.06	.06	0.00	.11	.09	.09	.09	.06	.06	.09	0.00	0.00	.03
5 TO 6	0.00	0.00	.03	.06	0.00	0.00	.03	.03	.09	.06	.09	.03	.03	.03	0.00	0.00
7 TO 8	0.00	0.00	0.00	.06	0.00	.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	.09	.03	.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
9 TO 11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
12 TO 14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
15 TO 18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
19 TO 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
GT 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

### BEAVER VALLEY 150 FT WIND DATA - DELTA T - 9/5/70-9/5/71

A   B   C   D   E   F   G     1   TO   2   0.00   0.00   .11   .23   .31   .03   0.00     5   TO   6   .03   0.00   .03   .14   .48   0.00   0.00     7   TO   8   0.00   0.00   .09   .23   .45   0.00   0.00     9   TO   14   0.00   0.00   .00   .00   0.00   .00   0.00   0.00   .00   .00   .00   0.00   .00   .00   .00   .00   .00   .00   .00   .00   .00   .00   .00   .00   .00   .00   .00   .00   .00   .00   .00   .00   .00   .00   .00   .00   .00   .00   .00   .00   .00   .00   .00   .00   .00   .00   .00   .00   .00   .00   .00   .00   .00   .00	WIND	) SPEED I	DISTRIBL	JTION VERSUS		CTION NNE LAPSE RATE ST		Y CLASS (IN PE	RCENT)
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			A	B	C	D	E	F	G
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1	TO 2	0.00	0.00	.11	.23	.31	.03	0.00
5   10   6   .03   0.00   103   .14   .48   0.00   0.00   9     7   TO   8   0.00   0.00   .09   .17   .48   0.00   0.00     12   TO   14   0.00   0.00   .06   .34   .14   0.00   0.00     15   TO   18   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00	3 -		0.00	.03	.03	.20	.31	0.00	0.00
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	5 7 -		.03	0.00	.03	.14	.48	0.00	0.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	ģ-	TO 11	0.00	0.00	.09	.23	.45	0.00	0.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	12	TO 14	0.00	0.00	.06	.34	.14	0.00	0.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	15	TO 18	0.00	0.00	.06	.06	.09	0.00	0.00
GT 23   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00     DIRECTION NE     WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT)     A   B   C   D   E   F   G     1   TO 2   0.00   0.00   .06   .11   .20   .03   0.00     3   TO 4   .03   .03   0.00   .20   .17   .03   0.00     5   TO 6   0.00   .03   .09   .43   .43   0.00   0.00     9   TO 1   0.00   0.00   .17   .14   .11   0.00   0.00     12   TO 14   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00     19   TO 23   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00     10   2   0.00   0.00   .00   0.00   0.00   0.00     DIRECTION E	19	TO 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DIRECTION NE     DIRECTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT)     A   B   C   D   E   F   G     1   TO 2   0.00   0.00   .06   .11   .20   .03   0.00     3   TO 4   .03   .03   0.00   .20   .17   .03   0.00     5   TO 6   0.00   .03   .09   .43   .43   0.00   0.00     7   TO 8   .06   0.00   .09   .26   .14   0.00   0.00     12   TO 14   0.00   0.00   .00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00     19   TO 23   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00     10   2   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00     12   TO 4   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00 <t< td=""><td>(</td><td>GT 23</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td></t<>	(	GT 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
A   B   C   D   E   F   G     1   TO   2   0.00   0.00   .06   .11   .20   .03   0.00     3   TO   4   .03   .03   0.00   .20   .17   .03   0.00     5   TO   6   0.00   .03   .09   .43   .43   0.00   0.00     9   TO 11   0.00   0.00   .17   .14   .11   0.00   0.00     12   TO 14   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00			וחוחדטור			CTION NE			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	WINL	SPEEDI				LAPSE RATE ST.			ERCENT)
1 10 2 0.00 0.00 11 1.00 0.00   3 10 4 0.00 0.00 17 0.03 0.00   5 TO 6 0.00 0.09 .26 .14 0.00 0.00   9 TO 1 0.00 0.00 .17 .14 .11 0.00 0.00   12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   10 TO 2 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.03 11 .40 0.00 0.03   3 TO 4	1 -	TO 2	0 00	0 00	06	11	20	г 03	0.00
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3 -	TO 4	.03	.03	0.00	.20	.17	.03	0.00
7 TO 8 .06 0.00 .09 .26 .14 0.00 0.00   9 TO 11 0.00 0.00 .17 .14 .11 0.00 0.00   12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   UND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) A B C C D E F G   1 TO 2 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.03 3 TO 4 0.00<	5 -	TO 6	0.00	.03	.09	.43	.43	0.00	0.00
9 TO 11 0.00 0.00 .17 .14 .11 0.00 0.00 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 DIRECTION ENE WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) A B C D E F G 1 TO 2 0.00 0.00 0.06 .20 .37 0.09 0.3 3 TO 4 0.00 0.00 0.06 .34 .45 0.00 0.3 5 TO 6 0.00 0.03 .06 .34 .45 0.00 0.3 7 TO 8 0.00 0.00 0.06 .20 0.00 0.03 7 TO 8 0.00 0.00 0.06 .20 0.00 0.00 9 TO 11 0.00 0.00 .03 .17 .23 0.00 0.00 12 TO 14 0.3 0.00 0.00 0.09 .06 0.00 0.00 12 TO 14 0.3 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	7	TO 8	.06	0.00	.09	.26	.14	0.00	0.00
12 10 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   DIRECTION ENE   WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT)   A B C D E F G   1 TO 2 0.00 0.00 .00 .03   3 TO 4 0.00 .09 .11 .40 0.00 .03   5 TO 6 0.00 .03 .06 .34 .45 0.00 .03   7 TO 8 0.00 0.00 .03 .17 .23 0.00 0.00   9 TO 14 .03 0.00 0.00 .09 .06 0.00 0.00   19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00	9	TO 11	0.00	0.00	.17	.14	.11	0.00	0.00
15 TO 16 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   DIRECTION ENE   WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT)   A B C D E F G   1 TO 2 0.00 0.00 .09 .11 .40 0.00 .03   3 TO 4 0.00 0.00 .06 .20 .37 .09 .03   5 TO 6 0.00 .03 .06 .34 .45 0.00 .03   7 TO 8 0.00 0.00 .09 .06 .00 0.00   9 TO 14 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   12 TO 14	12	IO 14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
IS TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.03 3 3 TO 4 0.00 0.00 0.03 0.01 1.1 .40 0.00 .03 3 5 TO 6 0.00 0.03 .06 .34 .45 0.00 .03 3 17 .23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	10	TO 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DIRECTION ENE   WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT)   A B C D E F G   1 TO 2 0.00 0.00 .06 .20 .37 .09 .03   3 TO 4 0.00 0.00 .09 .11 .40 0.00 .03   5 TO 6 0.00 .03 .06 .34 .45 0.00 .03   7 TO 8 0.00 0.00 .06 .20 0.00 0.00   9 TO 11 0.00 0.00 .06 .20 0.00 .03   7 TO 8 0.00 0.00 .06 .06 .20 0.00 0.00   9 TO 11 0.00 0.00 .03 .17 .23 0.00 0.00   12 TO 14 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 <t< td=""><td>(</td><td>GT 23</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td></t<>	(	GT 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT)     A   B   C   D   E   F   G     1   TO 2   0.00   0.00   .06   .20   .37   .09   .03     3   TO 4   0.00   0.00   .09   .11   .40   0.00   .03     5   TO 6   0.00   .03   .06   .34   .45   0.00   .03     7   TO 8   0.00   0.00   .06   .06   .20   0.00   0.00     9   TO 11   0.00   0.00   .03   .17   .23   0.00   0.00     12   TO 14   .03   0.00   0.00   .09   .06   0.00   0.00     15   TO 18   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00     19   TO 23   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00     GT 23   0.00   0.00		0. 20			DIRE	CTION ENE		0.00	
A   B   C   D   E   F   G     1   TO   2   0.00   0.00   .06   .20   .37   .09   .03     3   TO   4   0.00   0.00   .09   .11   .40   0.00   .03     5   TO   6   0.00   .03   .06   .34   .45   0.00   .03     7   TO   8   0.00   0.00   .06   .06   .20   0.00   0.00     9   TO   1   0.00   0.00   .03   .17   .23   0.00   0.00     12   TO   14   .03   0.00   0.00   .09   .06   0.00   0.00     15   TO   18   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00   0.00 </td <td>WIND</td> <td>) SPEED [</td> <td>DISTRIBL</td> <td>JTION VERSUS</td> <td>TEMP.</td> <td>LAPSE RATE ST.</td> <td>ABILIT</td> <td>Y CLASS (IN PE</td> <td>ERCENT)</td>	WIND	) SPEED [	DISTRIBL	JTION VERSUS	TEMP.	LAPSE RATE ST.	ABILIT	Y CLASS (IN PE	ERCENT)
1 TO 2 0.00 0.00 .06 .20 .37 .09 .03   3 TO 4 0.00 0.00 .09 .11 .40 0.00 .03   5 TO 6 0.00 .03 .06 .34 .45 0.00 .03   7 TO 8 0.00 0.00 .06 .06 .20 0.00 0.00   9 TO 1 0.00 0.06 .06 .20 0.00 0.00   9 TO 1 0.00 0.00 .03 .17 .23 0.00 0.00   12 TO 14 .03 0.00 0.00 .09 .06 0.00 0.00   15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 <td></td> <td></td> <td>А</td> <td>В</td> <td>С</td> <td>D</td> <td>Е</td> <td>FÌ</td> <td>G <sup>´</sup></td>			А	В	С	D	Е	FÌ	G <sup>´</sup>
3 IO 4 0.00 0.09 .11 .40 0.00 .03   5 TO 6 0.00 .03 .06 .34 .45 0.00 .03   7 TO 8 0.00 0.00 .06 .06 .20 0.00 0.00   9 TO 11 0.00 0.00 .03 .17 .23 0.00 0.00   12 TO 14 .03 0.00 0.00 .09 .06 0.00 0.00   12 TO 14 .03 0.00 0.00 .09 .06 0.00 0.00   15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   DIRECTION E WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT)	1	TO 2	0.00	0.00	.06	.20	.37	.09	.03
5 10 6 0.00 .03 .06 .34 .45 0.00 .03   7 TO 8 0.00 0.00 .06 .06 .20 0.00 0.00   9 TO 11 0.00 0.00 .03 .17 .23 0.00 0.00   12 TO 14 .03 0.00 0.00 .09 .06 0.00 0.00   15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   DIRECTION E WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT)	3 -		0.00	0.00	.09	.11	.40	0.00	.03
7 10 5 0.00 0.00 1.00 1.20 0.00 0.00   9 TO 11 0.00 0.00 .03 .17 .23 0.00 0.00   12 TO 14 .03 0.00 0.00 .09 .06 0.00 0.00   15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   DIRECTION E	5 -		0.00	.03	.06	.34	.45	0.00	.03
12 TO 14 .03 0.00 0.00 .09 .06 0.00 0.00   15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   DIRECTION E WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT)	ģ-	TO 11	0.00	0.00	.00	.00	.20	0.00	0.00
15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   DIRECTION E   WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT)	12	TO 14	.03	0.00	0.00	.09	.06	0.00	0.00
19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00   DIRECTION E   WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT)	15	TO 18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	19 -	TO 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DIRECTION E WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT)	(	GT 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT)					DIRE	CTION E			
	WIN	ND SPEEL	DISTRI	BUTION VERSU	JS IEM	P. LAPSE RATE S		TY CLASS (IN I	PERCENT)
	1 -		A 06	В 0.00		D 29	E 92	F 14	G
3 TO 4 0.00 0.00 0.09 28 1.16 14 06	3 -	TO 2	0.00	0.00	.09	.20	1 16	.14	.00
5 TO 6 0.00 0.00 .14 .20 .94 .11 .06	5 -	TO 6	0.00	0.00	.14	.20	.94	.11	.06
7 TO 8 0.00 0.00 .11 .17 .54 .03 .06	7 -	TO 8	0.00	0.00	.11	.17	.54	.03	.06
9 TO 11 0.00 .03 .11 .14 .20 .03 0.00	9 -	TO 11	0.00	.03	.11	.14	.20	.03	0.00
12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	12	TO 14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	15	IU 18 TO 22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	19	GT 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
### BEAVER VALLEY 150 FT WIND DATA - DELTA T - 9/5/70-9/5/71 DIRECTION ESE WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) А В С D Е F G 0.00 0.00 .03 .20 .60 .06 TO 2 .06 1 0.00 ΤO 4 .03 .11 .26 1.05 3 .14 .06 5 ΤO 6 0.00 .03 .09 .28 1.05 .03 0.00 7 .06 ΤO 8 0.00 0.00 .20 .40 0.00 0.00 9 TO 11 .03 0.00 0.00 .14 .43 0.00 0.00 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 .06 0.00 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .03 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 DIRECTION SE WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) В С D F А Е G .03 .17 TO 2 .03 0.00 .11 .43 .17 1 ΤO 4 0.00 .06 .45 0.00 3 .03 .20 .09 5 .28 ΤO 6 .03 0.00 .03 .09 .03 0.00 7 .09 TO 8 0.00 0.00 .14 .17 0.00 .03 9 TO 11 0.00 0.00 .06 .06 .28 0.00 0.00 .03 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 DIRECTION SSE WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) В F А С D Ε G 2 0.00 0.00 .43 .23 ΤО .03 .06 .11 1 0.00 3 ΤО 4 .03 .03 .09 .43 .11 .11 0.00 5 ΤO 6 0.00 .03 .09 .14 .06 .03 7 ΤO 8 0.00 0.00 .03 .06 .03 0.00 0.00 9 TO 11 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .09 .03 0.00 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .03 .06 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .06 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 DIRECTION S WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) В С D F А Е G .17 то 0.00 0.00 0.00 .40 .14 .17 1 2 .03 3 ΤO 4 0.00 .03 .03 .74 .09 .11 5 ΤO 6 0.00 0.00 .03 .20 .14 0.00 .03 7 ТΟ 8 0.00 0.00 .03 .11 .20 .03 0.00 9 TO 11 0.00 0.00 .03 .09 .17 0.00 0.00 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 .03 0.00 0.00 .14 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00

# BEAVER VALLEY 150 FT WIND DATA - DELTA T - 9/5/70-9/5/71

WIND SPEED	DISTRIBU		S TEMP. L	APSE RATE S	TABILITY	CLASS (IN	PERCENT)
1 TO 2	A 0.00	в 0.00	0.00	.14	۲ 45.	г .06	.09
3 TO 4	0.00	0.00	.09	.20	.40	.03	.09
5 IU 6 7 TO 8	0.00	0.00	.03 03	.11 14	.31	0.00	.09
9 TO 11	.03	0.00	.03	.28	.17	0.00	0.00
12 TO 14	0.00	0.00	0.00	.03	.03	0.00	0.00
15 IO 18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
GT 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
			DIRECT	ION SW			
WIND SPEED	DISTRIBU	TION VERSU	S TEMP. L	APSE RATE S		CLASS (IN	PERCENT)
1 TO 2	0.00	0.00	0.00	.09	.51	.03	.14
3 TO 4	0.00	0.00	.03	.17	.77	.06	.09
5 TO 6	.06	0.00	.09	.20	.51	.03	.06
7 TO 8 9 TO 11	0.00	.03	.06	.20	.11	0.00	.09
12 TO 14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.03	0.00	.03
15 TO 18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
19 TO 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
GT 23	0.00	0.00	DIRECT	ION WSW	0.00	0.00	0.00
WIND SPEED	DISTRIBU	TION VERSU	S TEMP. L	APSE RATE S	TABILITY	CLASS (IN	PERCENT)
1 TO 2	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
1 10 2 3 TO 4	0.00	0.00	0.00	.11 17	.48 82	0.00	.11
5 TO 6	.03	.03	.06	.45	.85	0.00	.00
7 TO 8	0.00	0.00	.11	.26	.34	0.00	.03
9 IO 11	0.00	0.00	.11	.34	.26	0.00	0.00
12 TO 14 15 TO 18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
19 TO 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
GT 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	DISTRIBU		DIRECT	ION W APSE RATE S		CLASS (IN	
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
1 TO 2	0.00	0.00	.09	.11	.82	.17	.28
3 IO 4 5 TO 6	0.00	.06	.09	.20	1.79	.09	.06
7 TO 8	0.00	0.00	.00	.62	1.53	0.00	.03
9 TO 11	0.00	.03	.06	.34	1.08	0.00	0.00
12 TO 14	0.00	0.00	0.00	.06	.17	.03	0.00
19 TO 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	.00	0.09	0.00	0.00
GT 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
BEAVER VA	LLEY 150	FT WIND DAT	A - DELTA	T - 9/5/70-9/5	/71		
WIND SPEED	DISTRIBU	TION VERSU	DIRECT S TEMP, L	TON WNW APSE RATE S	TABILITY	CLASS (IN	PERCENT)
	A	В	C	D	E	F	G
1 TO 2	0.00	.03	0.00	.09	.57	.06	.09
3 IU 4 5 TO 6	.06	.03	.11 3⊿	.40 07	1.28	.09 17	.09 03
7 TO 8	0.00	0.00	.28	1.05	1.39	0.00	0.00
9 TO 11	0.00	0.00	.37	1.22	1.68	.03	0.00
12 TO 14	0.00	0.00	.06	.68	1.28	0.00	0.00
19 TO 23	0.00	.03	.09	.71	.34	0.00	0.00
GT 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	.06	0.00	0.00	0.00
			DIRECT	ION NW			

WIND SPEED	) DISTRIBU	TION VERSU	S TEMP. L/	APSE RATE S	TABILITY	CLASS (IN	PERCENT)
	A	В	С	D	Е	F	G
1 TO 2	0.00	.03	0.00	.23	.34	.03	.03
3 TO 4	0.00	.03	.20	.62	.74	.03	0.00
5 TO 6	0.00	.03	.09	.97	.94	.03	.03
7 TO 8	.03	.09	.37	.97	.82	.03	0.00
9 TO 11	0.00	.03	.28	1.42	1.85	.03	0.00
12 TO 14	0.00	.03	.03	.82	1.28	.03	0.00
15 TO 18	0.00	0.00	.09	.94	.77	0.00	0.00
19 TO 23	0.00	0.00	.06	.43	.80	0.00	0.00
GT 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	.03	.14	0.00	0.00
			DIRECT	FION NNW			
WIND SPEED	DISTRIBU	TION VERSU	S TEMP. L/	APSE RATE S	TABILITY	CLASS (IN	PERCENT)
	Α	В	С	D	E	FÌ	G
1 TO 2	0.00	0.00	.06	.20	.57	.03	.03
3 TO 4	.03	0.00	.09	.37	.28	.03	0.00
5 TO 6	0.00	.06	.17	.34	.28	0.00	0.00
7 TO 8	.03	.03	.11	.34	.28	.03	0.00
9 TO 11	.03	0.00	.11	.77	.62	0.00	0.00
12 TO 14	0.00	.03	.20	.57	.74	.03	0.00
15 TO 18	0.00	0.00	.11	.57	.45	.03	0.00
19 TO 23	0.00	0.00	.14	.34	.28	0.00	0.00
GT 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	.11	.06	0.00	0.00
			DIRECT	ΓΙΟΝ Ν			
WIND SPEED	) DISTRIBU	TION VERSU	S TEMP. L/	APSE RATE S	TABILITY	CLASS (IN	PERCENT)
	A	В	С	D	E	F	G
1 TO 2	0.00	0.00	.11	.20	.45	.03	.03
3 TO 4	0.00	.06	.09	.20	.37	0.00	.03
5 TO 6	0.00	0.00	.09	.23	.45	.03	0.00
7 TO 8	0.00	0.00	.11	.40	.77	0.00	0.00
9 TO 11	0.00	0.00	.23	.37	.91	.03	0.00
12 TO 14	0.00	.03	0.00	.48	.45	0.00	0.00
15 TO 18	0.00	0.00	.09	.34	.34	0.00	0.00
19 TO 23	0.00	0.00	.03	.06	.09	0.00	0.00
GT 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

### TABLE RESPONSE 2.5-1 (CONT'D)

### NIGHTTIME (9PM-8AM) SUMMARY OF WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION

### BEAVER VALLEY 150 FT WIND DATA - DELTA T - 9/5/70-9/5/71

TOTAL NUMBER OF READINGS 3.693E + 03

## TOTAL NUMBER OF READINGS WITHOUT CALMS 3.538E + 03

### WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION, PERCENT

CALM	1 TO 2	3 TO 4	5 TO 6	7 TO 8	9 TO 11	12 TO 14	15 TO 18	19 TO 23	GT 23
4.20	33.12	23.50	14.05	9.31	6.99	4.20	3.11	1.27	.24

### SUMMED OVER ALL DIRECTIONS

### WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT)

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G
CALM	.03	.03	0.00	.03	.92	.97	2.22
1 TO 2	.08	0.00	.11	.27	12.78	8.56	11.32
3 TO 4	.03	.03	0.00	.27	13.30	5.36	4.52
5 TO 6	0.00	0.00	0.00	.24	10.59	1.81	1.41
7 TO 8	.05	.03	0.00	.22	8.04	.57	.41
9 TO 11	.03	0.00	0.00	.49	6.26	.14	.08
12 TO 14	0.00	0.00	0.00	.51	3.68	0.00	0.00
15 TO 18	0.00	0.00	0.00	.41	2.71	0.00	0.00
19 TO 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	.32	.95	0.00	0.00
GT 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	.08	.16	0.00	0.00

### SUMMED OVER ALL TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITIES WIND SPEED VERSUS DIRECTION (IN PERCENT)

	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	Ν
1 TO 2	.54	.32	.65	1.68	2.36	3.47	4.20	3.09	1.98	1.90	1.62	4.14	2.17	2.52	1.19	1.30
3 TO 4	.43	.41	.54	2.30	3.44	2.65	2.06	2.25	1.03	.84	1.11	2.17	1.92	.97	.65	.73
5 TO 6	.43	.22	.30	2.52	1.68	.65	.43	.43	.41	.65	.76	1.84	1.79	.51	.43	1.00
7 TO 8	.46	.11	.05	.89	.92	.14	.27	.11	.05	.24	.46	1.25	2.19	.81	.41	.95
9 TO 11	.11	.03	0.00	.16	.14	.05	.08	.05	.08	.08	.08	.76	2.36	1.30	.57	1.14
12 TO 14	.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.03	.11	1.76	1.52	.41	.24
15 TO 18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.03	0.00	1.14	1.44	.35	.16
19 TO 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.19	.84	.22	.03
GT 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.14	.08	.03

**BVPS UFSAR UNIT 1** 

BEAVER VALLEY	150 FT.	. WIND DATA -	DELTA T -	- 9/5/70-9/5/7 <sup>-</sup>

ELTA T - 9/5/70-9/5/71 TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS A

					/VIND SI	2EED VI	ERSUS	DIRECT	ION (IN I	PERCEN	<b>1</b> 1)					
1 TO 2 3 TO 4 5 TO 6 7 TO 8 9 TO 11 12 TO 14 15 TO 18 19 TO 23	NNE 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	NE 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	ENE 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	E 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.	ESE 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	SE 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	SSE 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	S .03 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	SSW 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	SW 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.	WSW 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	W .05 0.00 .05 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00	WNW 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	NW 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.	NNW 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	N 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
GT 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 TEN	0.00 //P. LAP	0.00 SE RAT	0.00 E STAB	0.00 ILITY CL	ASS B	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
				١	NIND SI	PEED VI	ERSUS	DIRECT	ION (IN	PERCEN	NT)					
1 TO 2 3 TO 4 5 TO 6 7 TO 8 9 TO 11 12 TO 14 15 TO 18 19 TO 23 GT 23	NNE 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	NE 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.	ENE 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	E 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.	ESE 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	SE 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.	SSE 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	S 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.	SSW 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	SW 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.	WSW 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	W 0.00 0.00 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	WNW 0.00 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	NW 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.	NNW 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	N 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.
01 20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	TEN	MP. LAP	SE RAT	E STAB	ILITY CL	ASS C	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
				_ \	WIND SI	PEED VI	ERSUS	DIRECT	ION (IN	PERCEN	NT)					
1 TO 2 3 TO 4 5 TO 6 7 TO 8 9 TO 11 12 TO 14 15 TO 18 19 TO 23 GT 23	NNE 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	NE 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.	ENE 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	E 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.	ESE .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	SE .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	SSE .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	S 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.	SSW .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	SW 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.	WSW 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	W 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.	WNW 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	NW 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.	NNW 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	N 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.
				1		NP. LAP PEED VI	SE RAT		ILITY CL	ASS D PERCEN	JT)					
1 TO 2 3 TO 4 5 TO 6 7 TO 8 9 TO 11 12 TO 14 15 TO 18 19 TO 23 GT 23	NNE 0.00 .03 0.00 0.00 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00	NE 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.	ENE 0.00 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	E .03 .05 0.00 .05 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	ESE .08 .03 .05 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	SE 0.00 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	SSE .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	S 0.00 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	SSW .05 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	SW 0.00 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	WSW 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	W .03 0.00 .05 0.00 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.	WNW 0.00 .05 .03 .08 .11 .19 .08 .08 0.00	NW 0.00 0.00 .03 .19 .24 .24 .16 .05	NNW 0.00 0.05 0.3 03 05 05 08 0.00	N .05 .03 0.00 .08 .03 .03 .03 0.00 .03

BEAVER VALLEY 150 FT. WIND DATA - DELTA T - 9/5/70-9/5/71

					TEN	ЛР. LAP	SE RAT	E STAB	ILITY CL	ASS E						
				۱	NIND SP	PEED VI	ERSUS	DIRECT	ION (IN I	PERCEN	JT)					
	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	ŴSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	N
1 TO 2	.32	.22	.30	1.03	1.33	1.98	1.52	1.00	.43	.65	.60	1.49	.60	.35	.43	.54
3 TO 4	.35	.32	.49	1.79	2.06	1.52	.81	.41	.46	.32	.62	1.30	1.38	.41	.46	.60
5 TO 6	.41	.16	.30	1.81	1.00	.49	.35	.11	.22	.51	.60	1.41	1.60	.41	.32	.89
7 TO 8	.46	.08	.05	.54	.76	.11	.24	.11	.03	.22	.38	1.03	2.06	.79	.38	.81
9 TO 11	.08	.03	0.00	.11	.14	.05	.08	.05	.08	.08	.08	.57	2.25	1.11	.49	1.06
12 TO 14	.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.03	.11	1.57	1.27	.38	.22
15 TO 18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.03	0.00	1.06	1.19	.30	.14
19 TO 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.11	.68	.14	.03
GT 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.08	.08	0.00

### TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS F WIND SPEED VERSUS DIRECTION (IN PERCENT)

											•••					
	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	ŴSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	N
1 TO 2	.14	.05	.14	.38	.43	.97	1.41	1.06	.46	.41	.35	.87	.68	.73	.22	.27
3 TO 4	.05	.03	.03	.24	1.06	.70	.51	.73	.30	.24	.22	.49	.30	.30	.08	.08
5 TO 6	0.00	.03	0.00	.38	.54	.05	.03	.11	.05	.08	.08	.24	.03	.08	.03	.08
7 TO 8	0.00	.03	0.00	.16	.08	.03	.03	0.00	.03	0.00	.05	.08	.03	0.00	0.00	.05
9 TO 11	.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	.03
12 TO 14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
15 TO 18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
19 TO 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
GT 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

### TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS G WIND SPEED VERSUS DIRECTION (IN PERCENT)

											• • • •					
	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	ŴSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	Ν
1 TO 2	.08	.05	.22	.24	.49	.49	1.22	1.00	1.00	.84	.68	1.71	.89	1.44	.54	.43
3 TO 4	0.00	.05	0.00	.24	.30	.41	.73	1.06	.27	.24	.27	.38	.16	.27	.11	.03
5 TO 6	.03	.03	0.00	.27	.08	.11	.05	.22	.14	.05	.08	.14	.14	.03	.03	.03
7 TO 8	0.00	0.00	0.00	.19	.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.03	.03	.05	.03	0.00	0.00	0.00
9 TO 11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	.03
12 TO 14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
15 TO 18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
19 TO 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
GT 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

### BEAVER VALLEY 150 FT. WIND DATA - DELTA T - 9/5/70-9/5/71 DIRECTION NNE WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) В С D F А Е G 0.00 .32 ΤO 2 0.00 0.00 0.00 .14 1 .08 3 ΤО 4 0.00 0.00 0.00 .03 .35 .05 0.00 5 ΤO .41 6 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .03 7 ТО 8 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .46 0.00 9 TO 11 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .08 .03 0.00 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .03 .05 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 DIRECTION NE WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) В D С Е F А G 0.00 TO 2 0.00 0.00 0.00 .22 .05 .05 1 0.00 .32 3 TO 4 0.00 0.00 0.00 .03 .05 5 ΤO 6 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .16 .03 .03 7 TO 8 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .08 .03 0.00 TO 11 9 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .03 0.00 0.00 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 DIRECTION ENE WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) В D E .30 F G .22 А С .14 1 ΤO 2 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .03 .49 .03 0.00 3 то 4 0.00 0.00 5 .30 то 6 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 7 TO 8 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .05 0.00 9 TO 11 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 DIRECTION E WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) А В С D Е F G 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.03 .38 .24 ΤО 2 .03 1 .24 .27 3 ΤО 4 0.00 0.00 0.00 .03 1.79 .24 .38 5 TO 6 0.00 0.00 0.00 .05 1.81 7 TO 8 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .54 .16 .19 0.00 9 TO 11 0.00 .05 0.00 0.00 0.00 .11 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00

### BEAVER VALLEY 150 FT WIND DATA - DELTA T - 9/5/70-9/5/71 DIRECTION ESE WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) В С D F А Е G .03 1.33 ΤO 2 0.00 0.00 .08 .43 .49 1 3 ΤО 4 0.00 0.00 0.00 .03 2.06 1.06 .30 5 ΤO 6 0.00 0.00 0.00 .05 1.00 .54 .08 0.00 7 ТО 8 0.00 0.00 0.00 .76 .08 .08 9 TO 11 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .14 0.00 0.00 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .05 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 DIRECTION SE WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) В С D Е F А G 0.00 TO 2 0.00 .03 0.00 1.98 .97 .49 1 0.00 3 TO 4 0.00 0.00 .03 1.52 .70 .41 5 ΤO 6 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .49 .05 .11 7 TO 8 .11 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .03 0.00 TO 11 9 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .05 0.00 0.00 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 DIRECTION SSE WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) В С D Е F G Α 1.52 1.22 1 ΤO 2 0.00 0.00 .03 .03 1.41 .73 0.00 0.00 0.00 .81 .51 3 то 4 0.00 5 то 6 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .35 .03 .05 7 TO 8 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .24 .03 0.00 9 TO 11 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .08 0.00 0.00 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 DIRECTION S WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) А В С D Е F G 0.00 0.00 1.00 ΤО 2 .03 0.00 1.06 1.00 1 3 ΤО 4 .03 0.00 0.00 .03 .41 .73 1.06 .11 5 ТО 6 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .11 .22 7 TO 8 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .11 0.00 0.00 9 TO 11 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .05 0.00 0.00 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00

### BEAVER VALLEY 150 FT WIND DATA - DELTA T - 9/5/70-9/5/71 DIRECTION SSW WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) А В С D Е F G 0.00 0.00 .03 TO 2 .05 .43 .46 1.00 1 4 0.00 0.00 .46 .30 ΤO 0.00 0.00 .27 3 5 .22 ΤO 6 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .05 .14 7 ΤO 8 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .03 0.00 .03 TO 11 9 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .08 0.00 0.00 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 DIRECTION SW WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) D В С F Α Е G 0.00 0.00 TO 2 0.00 0.00 .65 .41 .84 1 .32 TO 4 0.00 0.00 0.00 .03 .24 .24 3 5 0.00 .08 TO 6 0.00 0.00 0.00 .51 .05 7 0.00 0.00 .22 TO 8 0.00 0.00 0.00 .03 9 TO 11 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .08 0.00 0.00 0.00 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 DIRECTION WSW WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) В D Α С E F G 2 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .35 ΤO .60 .68 1 .22 3 ΤO 4 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .62 .27 5 ΤO 6 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .60 .08 .08 7 ΤO 8 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .38 .05 .03 9 TO 11 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .08 0.00 0.00 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .03 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .03 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 DIRECTION W WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) В С D Е F А G 1.49 TO 2 .05 0.00 0.00 .03 .87 1.71 1 3 TO 4 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.30 .49 .38 5 то 6 0.00 0.00 0.00 .05 1.41 .24 .14 7 ΤO 8 .05 .03 0.00 0.00 1.03 .08 .05 TO 11 0.00 9 .03 0.00 .03 .05 .57 .08 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .11 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 BEAVER VALLEY 150 FT WIND DATA - DELTA T - 9/5/70-9/5/71 DIRECTION WNW WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) В F А С D Е G ΤO 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .60 .68 .89 1 2 3 ТО 4 0.00 .03 0.00 .05 1.38 .30 .16 5 TO 6 0.00 0.00 0.00 .03 1.60 .03 .14 0.00 7 TO 8 0.00 0.00 .08 2.06 .03 .03 9 TO 11 0.00 0.00 0.00 2.25 0.00 0.00 .11 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 .19 1.57 0.00 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 .08 1.06 0.00 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 .08 .11 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 DIRECTION NW

WIND SPEED	DISTRIBU	TION VERSU	S TEMP. LA	PSE RATE S	STABILITY	CLASS (IN	PERCENT)	
1 TO 2 3 TO 4 5 TO 6 7 TO 8	A 0.00 0.00 0.00	B 0.00 0.00 0.00	C 0.00 0.00 0.00	D 0.00 0.00 0.00 03	E .35 .41 .41 79	F .73 .30 .08	G 1.44 .27 .03 0.00	
9 TO 11 12 TO 14 15 TO 18 19 TO 23	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	.03 .19 .24 .24 .16	1.11 1.27 1.19 68	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	
GT 23	0.00	0.00	0.00 0.00	.05	.08	0.00	0.00	
WIND SPEED	DISTRIBU A	ITION VERSU	S TEMP. LA	PSE RATE S	TABILITY ( E	CLASS (IN F	PERCENT) G	
1 TO 2 3 TO 4 5 TO 6 7 TO 8 9 TO 11 12 TO 14 15 TO 18 19 TO 23 GT 23	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	$\begin{array}{c} 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\$	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	0.00 0.00 .05 .03 .08 .03 .05 .08 0.00	.43 .46 .32 .38 .49 .38 .30 .14 .08	.22 .08 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	.54 .11 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	
WIND SPEED			S TEMP. LA	PSE RATE S	STABILITY	CLASS (IN	PERCENT)	
1 TO 2 3 TO 4 5 TO 6 7 TO 8 9 TO 11 12 TO 14 15 TO 18 19 TO 23 GT 23	A 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.	В 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	05 .03 0.00 .08 .03 .03 0.03 0.00 .03	E .54 .60 .89 .81 1.06 .22 .14 .03 0.00	F .08 .08 .05 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	.43 .03 .03 0.00 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	
24 HOUR S	UMMARY	OF WIND SPE	ED DISTRI	BUTION				
BEA	AVER VALL	.EY 150 FT W	IND DATA -	DELTA T - 9	/5/70-9/5/71			
TOTAL NU	MBER OF F	READINGS		7.215	E + 03			
TOTAL NU	MBER OF F	READINGS WI	THOUT CA	LMS 7.013	E + 03			
CALM 2.80	1 TO 2 3 23.71	WIN 3 TO 4 5 T 20.86 15.	D SPEED D O 6 7 TC 99 12.1	ISTRIBUTIO 8 9 TO 1 0 11.70	N, PERCEN 1 12 TO 6.14	IT 14 15 TC 4 4.3	0 18 19 TO 23 0 2.08	GT 23 .32
WIND SPEE			IMED OVER JS TEMP. L	ALL DIREC	TIONS STABILITY	CLASS (IN	I PERCENT)	
CALM 1 TO 2 3 TO 4 5 TO 6 7 TO 8 9 TO 11 12 TO 14 15 TO 18 19 TO 23 GT 23	A .01 .08 .11 .08 .10 .06 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00	B .01 .04 .14 .11 .08 .04 .04 0.00 .01 0.00	C .03 .36 .54 .68 .86 .86 .17 .22 .12 0.00	D .06 1.37 1.98 2.73 2.62 3.05 1.83 1.52 .73 .14	E .79 10.33 12.25 10.28 7.78 7.50 4.03 2.54 1.21 .18	F .60 5.00 3.16 1.16 .35 .14 .04 .01 0.00 0.00	G 1.30 6.53 2.67 .94 .32 .06 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00	

SUMMED OVER ALL TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITIES FION (IN PERCENT)

WIND SPEED VERSUS DIRECTION (IN PER	CEN
-------------------------------------	-----

	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	Ν
1 TO 2	.61	.36	.69	1.57	1.66	2.23	2.56	2.01	1.37	1.34	1.23	2.84	1.51	1.61	1.04	1.07
3 TO 4	.50	.43	.58	2.02	2.56	1.76	1.44	1.65	.91	.97	1.08	2.22	1.98	1.29	.72	.73
5 TO 6	.55	.58	.60	2.00	1.58	.55	.39	.42	.47	.79	1.12	1.77	2.36	1.28	.64	.90
7 TO 8	.61	.32	.18	.90	.79	.28	.19	.24	.18	.36	.60	1.75	2.45	1.54	.61	1.11
9 TO 11	.42	.22	.21	.33	.36	.22	.10	.17	.29	.26	.39	1.12	2.81	2.43	1.04	1.33
12 TO 14	.30	0.00	.08	0.00	.06	.01	.04	.08	.03	.03	.03	.18	1.88	1.84	.97	.60
15 TO 18	.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	.03	0.00	.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	.03	.07	1.23	1.61	.75	.46
19 TO 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.01	.43	1.05	.49	.10
GT 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.03	.15	.12	.01

BEAVER VALLEY 150 FT WIND DATA - DELTA T - 9/5/70-9/5/71

				1							IT)					
1 TO 2 3 TO 4 5 TO 6 7 TO 8 9 TO 11 12 TO 14 15 TO 18 19 TO 23 GT 23	NNE 0.00 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	NE 0.00 .01 0.00 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	ENE 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	E .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	ESE 0.00 .01 0.00 0.00 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00	SE .01 .01 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	SSE 0.00 0.01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	S .01 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	SSW 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	PERCEN SW 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	WSW 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	W .03 0.00 .01 .03 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	WNW 0.00 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	NW 0.00 0.00 0.00 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	NNW 0.00 .01 0.00 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	N 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.
					TEN	MP. LAP	SE RAT	E STAB	ILITY CL	ASS B	· <b>-</b> `					
1 TO 2 3 TO 4 5 TO 6 7 TO 8 9 TO 11 12 TO 14 15 TO 18 19 TO 23 GT 23	NNE 0.00 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	NE 0.00 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	ENE 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	E 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00	WIND SI ESE 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	SE 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.	=RSUS SSE .01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	DIRECT S 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	ION (IN SSW 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	PERCEN SW 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	II) WSW 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	W 0.00 .03 0.00 .01 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.	WNW .01 .03 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .01 0.00	NW .01 .01 .01 .01 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00	NNW 0.00 .03 .01 0.00 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00	N 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00
				١	TEN NIND SI	/IP. LAP PEED VI	SE RAT ERSUS	E STAB DIRECT	ILITY CL ION (IN	.ASS C PERCEN	IT)					
1 TO 2 3 TO 4 5 TO 6 7 TO 8 9 TO 11 12 TO 14 15 TO 18 19 TO 23 GT 23	NNE .06 .01 .04 .04 .03 .03 0.00 0.00	NE .03 0.00 .04 .04 .08 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	ENE .03 .04 .03 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	E .04 .07 .06 .06 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	ESE .03 .06 .04 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	SE .03 .03 .01 .07 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	SSE .01 .01 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 .01 .01 .01 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	SSW .01 .04 .01 .01 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	SW 0.00 .01 .04 .03 .04 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	WSW 0.00 0.00 .03 .06 .06 0.00 .01 0.00 0.00	W .04 .03 .04 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	WNW 0.00 .06 .17 .14 .18 .03 .04 .01 0.00	NW 0.00 .10 .04 .18 .14 .01 .04 .03 0.00	NNW .03 .04 .08 .06 .06 .10 .06 .07 0.00	N .06 .04 .04 .06 .11 0.00 .04 .01 0.00
				v	TEN VIND SF	/IP. LAP PEED VE	SE RAT RSUS I	E STAB	ILITY CL ON (IN F	ASS D PERCEN	T)					
1 TO 2 3 TO 4 5 TO 6 7 TO 8 9 TO 11 12 TO 14 15 TO 18 19 TO 23 GT 23	NNE .11 .07 .11 .08 .18 .03 0.00 0.00	NE .06 .10 .21 .07 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	ENE .10 .07 .17 .03 .08 .04 0.00 0.00 0.00	E .15 .15 .12 .08 .10 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	ESE .14 .14 .17 .10 .07 .03 .01 0.00 0.00	SE .06 .11 .04 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	SSE .04 .04 .03 0.00 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00	S .08 .07 .10 .06 .04 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00	SSW .10 .06 .07 .14 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00	SW .04 .10 .10 .04 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	WSW .06 .08 .22 .12 .17 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00	W .07 .10 .30 .30 .03 .03 .01 0.00	WNW .04 .22 .47 .55 .65 .43 .39 .19 .03	NW .11 .30 .47 .79 .53 .58 .29 .04	NNW .10 .18 .19 .18 .42 .29 .30 .21 .06	N .12 .11 .24 .19 .25 .18 .03 .01

## **BVPS UFSAR UNIT 1**

### BEAVER VALLEY 150 FT. WIND DATA - DELTA T - 9/5/70-9/5/71

				,			SE RAT	E STAB	ILITY CL	ASS E	IT)					
1 TO 2 3 TO 4 5 TO 6 7 TO 8 9 TO 11 12 TO 14 15 TO 18 19 TO 23 GT 23	NNE .32 .33 .44 .46 .28 .10 .04 0.00 0.00	NE .21 .25 .29 .11 .07 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	ENE .33 .44 .37 .12 .11 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00	E .93 1.48 1.39 .54 .15 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	ESE .97 1.57 1.03 .58 .28 .03 .01 0.00 0.00	SE 1.22 1.00 .39 .14 .17 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00	SSE .98 .62 .25 .14 .08 .03 .03 0.00 0.00	S .71 .57 .12 .15 .11 .07 0.00 0.00 0.00	SSW .44 .43 .26 .07 .12 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00	SW .58 .54 .51 .17 .17 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00	WSW .54 .72 .72 .36 .17 .01 .01 0.00 0.00	W 1.16 1.54 1.32 1.28 .82 .14 .04 0.00 0.00	WNW .58 1.33 1.54 1.73 1.97 1.43 .80 .21 0.00	NW .35 .57 .67 .80 1.47 1.28 .98 .73 .11	NNW .50 .37 .30 .33 .55 .55 .37 .21 .07	N .50 .49 .68 .79 .98 .33 .24 .06 0.00
				,		MP. LAP	SE RAT	E STAB	ILITY CL	ASS F	I <b>T</b> \					
	NNE	NE	ENE	E	ESE	SE	SSE	S	ION (IN SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	Ν
1 TO 2 3 TO 4	.08	.04	.11	.26 19	.25 61	.58 40	.78 32	.61 39	.26	.22	.24	.53 29	.37 19	.39 17	.12	.15
5 TO 6	0.00	.00	0.00	.25	.29	.04	.02	.06	.03	.06	.04	.14	.08	.06	.00	.04
7 IO 8 9 TO 11	0.00 .01	.01 0.00	0.00 0.00	.10 .01	.04 0.00	.01 0.00	.01 .01	.01 0.00	.01 0.00	0.00 0.00	.03 0.00	.04 .04	.01 .01	.01 .01	.01 0.00	.03
12 TO 14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.01	0.00	.01	.01	0.00
19 TO 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
GT 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
					TEN	MP. LAP	SE RAT	E STAB	ILITY CL	ASS G						
	NNF	NF	FNF	F \	VIND SI ESE	SE VI	ERSUS SSF	DIRECT	ION (IN SSW		II) WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	N
1 TO 2	.04	.03	.12	.15	.28	.33	.73	.60	.55	.50	.40	1.01	.50	.75	.29	.24
3 TO 4 5 TO 6	0.00	.03	.01 .01	.15 .17	.18 .04	.21 .06	.43	.58 .12	.18 .11	.17 .06	.17 .08	.22	.12 .08	.14 .03	.06 .01	.03
7 TO 8	0.00	0.00	0.00	.12	.04	.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	.06	.03	.04	.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
9 TO 11 12 TO 14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.01 .01	0.00	.03 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	.01 0.00
15 TO 18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
GT 23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

### BEAVER VALLEY 150 FT. WIND DATA - DELTA T - 9/5/70-9/5/71 DIRECTION NNE WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) В С D F А Е G .32 2 0.00 0.00 .06 .11 .08 1 ΤO .04 3 ΤO 4 0.00 .01 .33 0.00 .01 .11 .03 5 ΤO .01 6 0.00 .01 .07 .44 0.00 .01 7 TO 8 0.00 0.00 .04 .11 .46 0.00 0.00 9 TO 11 0.00 0.00 .04 .08 .28 0.00 .01 12 TO 14 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .18 .10 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 .03 .03 0.00 .04 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 DIRECTION NE WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) D В С Е F А G TO 2 0.00 0.00 .03 .06 .21 .04 .03 1 .25 3 ΤO 4 .01 .01 0.00 .10 .03 .03 5 ΤO 6 0.00 .01 .04 .21 .29 .01 .01 7 ΤО 0.00 8 .03 .04 .12 .11 .01 0.00 TO 11 9 0.00 0.00 .08 .07 .07 0.00 0.00 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 DIRECTION ENE WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) В С D Е F Α G .33 .11 1 ΤO 2 0.00 0.00 .03 .10 .12 .04 .44 3 ΤO 4 0.00 0.00 .07 .01 .01 5 .03 .37 ΤO 6 .17 0.00 0.00 .01 .01 7 ΤО 8 0.00 0.00 .03 .03 .12 0.00 0.00 .11 9 TO 11 0.00 0.00 .01 .08 0.00 0.00 12 TO 14 .01 0.00 0.00 .04 .03 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 DIRECTION E WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) А В С D Е F G .93 .26 ΤO 2 .03 0.00 1 .04 .15 .15 3 ΤO 4 0.00 .04 .19 0.00 .15 1.48 .15 5 TO 6 0.00 0.00 .07 .12 1.39 .25 .17 7 TO 8 0.00 0.00 .06 .08 .54 .10 .12 0.00 9 TO 11 0.00 .01 .06 .10 .15 .01 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00

### BEAVER VALLEY 150 FT WIND DATA - DELTA T - 9/5/70-9/5/71 DIRECTION ESE WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) В D А С Е F G .14 ΤO 0.00 0.00 .03 .97 .25 .28 1 2 .14 3 ΤO 4 .01 0.00 .06 1.57 .61 .18 5 ΤO 0.00 .01 .04 1.03 .29 .04 6 .17 7 ΤО 0.00 .03 .58 .04 8 0.00 .10 .04 9 TO 11 .01 0.00 0.00 .07 .28 0.00 0.00 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 .03 .03 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 .01 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 DIRECTION SE WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) В D Е F А С G 1.22 .01 0.00 .03 .58 ΤO 2 .06 .33 1 4 .03 .21 ΤO .01 0.00 .11 1.00 .40 3 .39 5 .01 ΤO 6 .01 0.00 .04 .04 .06 7 TO 8 0.00 0.00 .07 .04 .14 .01 .01 9 TO 11 0.00 0.00 .03 .03 .17 0.00 0.00 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .01 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 DIRECTION SSE WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) С D А В Е F G 0.00 .78 TO 2 .01 .01 .04 .98 .73 1 3 ΤO 4 .01 0.00 .01 .04 .62 .32 .43 5 то 6 0.00 0.00 .01 .04 .25 .04 .04 7 TO 8 0.00 0.00 .01 .03 .14 .01 0.00 9 TO 11 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .08 0.00 .01 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 .01 .03 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .03 0.00 0.00 19 TO 23 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 DIRECTION S WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) E .71 Α В С D F G .08 ΤO 2 .01 0.00 0.00 .61 .60 1 3 ΤО .01 .57 4 .01 .01 .07 .39 .58 5 ΤО 0.00 0.00 .01 .12 6 .10 .06 .12 7 ΤO 8 0.00 0.00 .01 .06 .15 .01 0.00 .04 .11 9 TO 11 0.00 0.00 .01 0.00 0.00 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 .01 .07 0.00 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00

BEAVER VALLEY 150 FT WIND DATA - DELTA T - 9/5/70-9/5/71

### DIRECTION SSW WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) В С D F А Е G .26 2 0.00 0.00 .01 .55 1 ΤO .10 .44 3 ΤO 4 0.00 0.00 .04 .43 .17 .10 .18 5 ΤO 0.00 6 0.00 .01 .26 .06 .03 .11 7 TO 0.00 8 .01 0.00 .01 .07 .07 .01 9 TO 11 .01 0.00 .01 .14 .12 0.00 0.00 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .01 .01 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 DIRECTION SW WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) D В С Е F А G TO 2 0.00 0.00 0.00 .04 .58 .22 .50 1 .10 .15 .17 .54 3 ΤO 4 0.00 0.00 .01 .10 5 ΤO 6 .03 0.00 .04 .51 .06 .06 7 ΤО .03 8 0.00 .01 .10 .17 0.00 .06 TO 11 9 0.00 0.00 .04 .04 .17 0.00 .01 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .01 0.00 .01 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 DIRECTION WSW WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) В E .54 С D F G Α .24 1 ΤO 2 0.00 0.00 0.00 .06 .40 0.00 0.00 .08 .72 3 ΤO 4 0.00 .11 .17 5 ΤO 6 .03 .22 .72 .08 .01 .01 .04 .12 7 ΤО 8 0.00 0.00 .06 .36 .03 .03 .17 9 TO 11 0.00 0.00 .06 .17 0.00 0.00 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 .01 .01 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 .01 0.00 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 DIRECTION W WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) А В С D Е F G 0.00 .53 ΤO 2 .03 .04 .07 1 1.16 1.01 .04 3 ΤO 4 0.00 .29 .22 .03 .10 1.54 5 TO 6 .01 0.00 .03 .19 1.32 .14 .08 7 TO 8 .03 .01 .04 .30 1.28 .04 .04 .03 9 TO 11 .01 .01 .18 .82 .04 .03 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 0.00 .03 .14 .01 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 0.00 .03 .04 0.00 0.00 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 .01 0.00 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00

### BEAVER VALLEY 150 FT WIND DATA - DELTA T - 9/5/70-9/5/71 DIRECTION WNW WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) А В С D Е F G 0.00 .58 .37 .01 0.00 .04 .50 TO 2 1 4 .06 .22 .19 ΤO .03 .03 1.33 3 .12 5 ΤO 6 0.00 .01 .17 .47 1.54 .08 .08 7 ΤO 8 0.00 0.00 .55 1.73 .01 .14 .01 9 TO 11 0.00 0.00 .18 .65 1.97 .01 0.00 12 TO 14 0.00 0.00 .03 .43 1.43 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 .39 .80 0.00 0.00 .04 .19 19 TO 23 0.00 .01 .01 .21 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 .03 0.00 0.00 0.00 DIRECTION NW WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) В С D F А Е G TO 2 0.00 .01 0.00 .11 .35 .39 .75 1 .10 ΤO 4 0.00 .01 .30 .57 .17 3 .14 5 ΤO 6 0.00 .01 .04 .47 .67 .06 .03 7 .18 .04 .49 ТО 8 .01 .80 .01 0.00 9 TO 11 0.00 .01 .14 .79 .01 0.00 1.47 12 TO 14 .01 0.00 .01 .53 1.28 .01 0.00 .98 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 .04 .58 0.00 0.00 .29 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 .03 .73 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .04 .11 0.00 DIRECTION NNW WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) В D F А С Ε G 2 0.00 .03 .50 .12 .29 1 ТΟ 0.00 .10 3 ΤО 4 .01 0.00 .04 .18 .37 .06 .06 5 ΤO 6 0.00 .03 .08 .19 .30 .01 .01 7 ΤO 8 .01 .01 .06 .18 .33 .01 0.00 9 TO 11 .01 0.00 .06 .42 .55 0.00 0.00 .29 .55 12 TO 14 0.00 .01 .10 .01 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 .06 .37 0.00 0.00 .30 .01 19 TO 23 0.00 .21 0.00 0.00 0.00 .07 .21 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 .06 .07 0.00 0.00 DIRECTION N WIND SPEED DISTRIBUTION VERSUS TEMP. LAPSE RATE STABILITY CLASS (IN PERCENT) В С D F А Е G .12 .50 TO 2 0.00 0.00 .06 .15 .24 1 3 ΤO 4 0.00 .03 .04 .49 .04 .03 .11 5 ΤO 6 0.00 0.00 .04 .68 .06 .11 .01 7 ΤO 8 0.00 0.00 .06 .24 .79 .03 0.00 TO 11 .98 9 0.00 0.00 .19 .11 .03 .01 12 TO 14 0.00 .01 0.00 .25 .33 0.00 0.00 0.00 15 TO 18 0.00 0.00 .04 .18 .24 0.00 19 TO 23 0.00 0.00 .01 .03 .06 0.00 0.00 GT 23 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 .01

BVPS-1-UPDATED FSAR Rev. 0 (1/82)



	Sc	ale in Fe	et	
0	1000	2000	3000	4000

Figure 1 - SITE PLAN

BVPS-1-UPDATED FSAR Rev. 0 (1/82)



FIGURE 2 GROSS WIND ROSE - BEAVER VALLEY SITE 50 ft Level SEASON I



FIGURE 3 GROSS WIND ROSE - BEAVER VALLEY SITE 50 ft. Level SEASON 2

•

BVPS-1-UPDATED FSAR Rev. 0 (1/82)



FIGURE 4 GROSS WIND ROSE - BEAVER VALLEY SITE 50ft. Level SEASON 3

2A.2-31

. . ..







FIGURE 6 GROSS WIND ROSE - BEAVER VALLEY SITE 50 ft. Level ANNUAL AVERAGE

## 2A.2-33



FIGURE 7 GROSS WIND ROSE - BEAVER VALLEY SITE 150ft Level ANNUAL AVERAGE

2A.2-34







٠



Figure 9 PERSISTENCE WIND ROSE Beaver Valley Power Station





BVPS-1-UPDATED FSAR

Rev. 0 (1/82)



FIGURE II ESTIMATION OF SØ FROM WIND DIRECTION RANGE







X/Q : sec/m<sup>-3</sup> Release Height: 158 m

FIGURE 13 ANNUAL AVERAGE X/Qs

## APPENDIX 2A.3

## <u> 1980 REPORT -</u>

## THE METEOROLOGICAL PROGRAM

## <u>AT THE</u>

## BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION

Appendix 2A.3 is a copy of the Annual Report for the Beaver Valley Meteorological Program for January 1, 1980 - December 31, 1980. This report has been retyped and reformatted as part of the Updated FSAR.

NUS-3835

ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE BEAVER VALLEY METEOROLOGICAL PROGRAM FOR JANUARY 1, 1980 - DECEMBER 31, 1980

> Prepared for Duquesne Light Company

> > by . Roger W. Brode

> > > June 1981

Environmental Services Division NUS Corporation 4 Research Place Rockville, Maryland

Approved: Stone Jal President & General Manager VÍc

Approved:

Ronald R. Stoner Manager Meteorological Programs

.

## Table of Contents

			<u>Page</u>
I.	Introduction		2A.3-1
II.	System Description		2A.3-2
III.	Meteorological Data	2A.3-6	
IV.	Meteorological Data	2A.3-7	
V.	Representativeness	2A.3-8	
	References		2A.3-12
	Appendix A -	Monthly and Annual Joint Frequency Distribution of $\Delta T(150ft-35ft)$ and 35-ft wind data (January 1, 1980 - December 31, 1980)	
	Appendix B -	Monthly and Annual Joint Frequency Distribution of $\Delta T(150ft-35ft)$ and 35-ft wind data (January 1, 1976 - December 31, 1980)	
	Appendix C -	Monthly and Annual Joint Frequency Distribution of $\Delta T(500 ft-35 ft)$ and 500-ft wind data (January 1, 1980 - December 31, 1980)	
	Appendix D -	Monthly and Annual Joint Frequency Distribution of $\Delta T$ (500ft-35ft) and 500-ft wind data (January 1, 1976 - December 31, 1980)	

## List of Tables

Table	
<u>Number</u>	<u>Title</u>
2A.3-1	Meteorological System Equipment Specifications for Beaver Valley
2A.3-2	Monthly and Annual Meteorological Data Recovery for Beaver Valley
2A.3-3	Monthly and Annual Joint Recovery of $\Delta T$ and Winds
2A.3-4	Monthly and Annual Average Wind Speeds (mph) for Beaver Valley and Pittsburgh (NWS) for 1980 and 1976 to 1980
2A.3-5	Annual Average Wind Speeds (mph) for Beaver Valley and Pittsburgh (NWS) for 1976 to 1980
2A.3-6	Monthly and Annual Stability Class Distributions for Beaver Valley Based on $\Delta T(150 \text{ft}-35 \text{ft})$ for 1980
2A.3-7	Monthly and Annual Stability Class Distributions for Beaver Valley Based on $\Delta T(500 \text{ft}-35 \text{ft})$ for 1980
2A.3-8	Monthly and Annual Stability Class Distributions for Beaver Valley Based on $\Delta T(150 \text{ft}-35 \text{ft})$ for 1976 to 1980
2A.3-9	Monthly and Annual Stability Class Distributions for Beaver Balley Based on $\Delta T(500 \text{ft}-35 \text{ft})$ for 1976 to 1980
2A.3-10	Comparison of Annual Stability Class Distributions for Beaver Valley for 1976 to 1980
2A.3-11	Comparison of Annual Stability Class Distributions for Pittsburgh for 1976 to 1980
2A.3-12	Comparison of Monthly Mean, Average Daily Maximum and Average Daily Minimum Temperature Data for Beaver Valley and Pittsburgh (January 1, 1980 - December 31, 1980)
2A.3-13	Comparison of Monthly mean Average Daily Maximum and Average Daily Minimum Temperature Data for Beaver Valley and Pittsburgh (January 1, 1976 - December 31, 1980)
2A.3-14	Annual Diurnal Temperature and Atmospheric Water Vapor Data for Beaver Valley for 1980
2A.3-15	Annual Diurnal Temperature and Atmospheric Water Vapor Data for Beaver Valley for 1976 to 1980
2A.3-16	Comparison of Monthly and Annual Averages of Dew Point and Relative Humidity Data for Veaver Valley and Pittsburgh
2A.3-17	Monthly and Annual Precipitation Data for Beaver Valley and Pittsburgh

## List of Figures

Figure <u>Number</u>	Title
2A.3-1	Location of 500 ft Meteorological Tower
2A.3-2	Beaver Valley 35-ft Monthly wind Roses for January, February, March, and April (1980 and 1976-1980)
2A.3-3	Beaver Valley 35-ft Monthly Wind Roses for May, June, July, and August (1980 and 1976 - 1980)
2A.3-4	Beaver Valley 35-ft Mothly Wind Roses for September, October, November, and December (1980 and 1976 - 1980)
2A.3-5	Beaver Valley 150-ft Monthly Wind Roses for January, February, March, and April (1980 and 1976 - 1980)
2A.3-6	Beaver Valley 150-ft Monthly Wind Roses for May, June, July, and August (1980 and 1976 - 1980)
2A.3-7	Beaver Valley 150-ft Monthly Wind Roses for September, October, November, and December (1980 and 1976 - 1980)
2A.3-8	Beaver Valley 500-ft Montly Wind Roses for January, February, March, and April (1980 and 1976 - 1980)
2A.3-9	Beaver Valley 500-ft Monthly Wind Roses for May, June, July, and August (1980 and 1976 - 1980)
2A.3-10	Beaver Valley 500-ft Monthly Wind Roses for September, October, November, and December (1980 and 1976 - 1980)
2A.3-11	Beaver Valley 35-ft, 150-ft, and 500-ft Annual Wind Roses (1980 and 1976 - 1980)
2A.3-12	Pittsburgh Monthly Wind Roses for January, February, March, and April (1980 and 1976 - 1980)
2A.3-13	Pittsburgh Monthly Wind Roses for May, June, July, and August (1980 and 1976 - 1980)
2A.3-14	Pittsburgh MOnthly Wind Roses for September, October, November, and December (1980 and 1976 - 1980)
2A.3-15	Pittsburgh Annual Wlind Roses (1980 and 1976 - 1980)
2A.3-16	Monthly Average Wind Speeds for 1980
2A.3-17	Monthly Average Wind Speeeds 1976 to 1980
2A.3-18	Annual Average Wind Speeds for BVPS, 1976 to 1980
2A.3-19	35-ft Wind Direction Persistence for BVPS
2A.3-20	150-ft Wind Direction Persistence for BVPS
2A.3-21	500-ft Wind Direction Persistence for BVPS
2A.3-22	Annual Stability Class Distributions for BVPS
2A.3-23	Annual Stability Class Distributions for BVPS
2A.3-24	Annual Stability Class Distributions for Pittsburgh
2A.3-25	Monthly Average Temperatures for Beaver Valley and Pittsburgh
2A.3-26	Monthly Average Precipitation Data, Beaver Valley and Pittsburgh

## I. INTRODUCTION

Meteorological data collected on a 500-ft tower at the Beaver Valley Power Station for the period January 1, 1980 - December 31, 1980 have been reviewed for validity and analyzed. Onsite meteorological data were reviewed to determine the degree of agreement with previous data collected onsite for the period January 1, 1976 - December 1979<sup>(1,2,3)</sup> and with concurrent National Weather Service (NWS) data for Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.<sup>(4,5)</sup> Onsite data were also compared to climatological normals based on NWS data for Greater Pittsburgh International Airport to help determine the climatic representativeness of the data. The current meteorological program complies with Regulatory Guide 1.23 of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC), Onsite Meteorological Programs.<sup>(6)</sup>
# **II. SYSTEM DESCRIPTION**

The present onsite meteorological program began effectively on January 1, 1976. The 500-ft guyed meteorological tower is located approximately 3600 ft northeast of Beaver Valley Unit 1, as shown in Figure 2A.3-1. The base of the tower is at approximately 730 ft MSL. The meteorological data monitoring system consists of three levels of instrumentation on the 500-ft guyed tower. Wind speed and direction measurements are made at elevations of 35-, 150-, and 500-ft. Ambient temperature and dew point measurements are made at the 35-ft level. Temperature differential measurements are made between 35-ft and 150-ft ( $\Delta$ T(150ft-35ft)) and 35-ft and 500-ft ( $\Delta$ T(500ft-35ft)). Precipitation data are obtained from a ground-level rain gauge located near the base of the tower.

The 500-ft guyed tower is situated on a relatively flat plot of land in the Ohio River Valley and is enclosed by a fence. The area immediately surrounding the tower is currently being used as a laydown area for construction equipment and parts. The ground surface in the immediate area is composed of slag and dirt.

The data recording and signal conditioning equipment were maintained in three separate locations until May 1980. The signal conditioning equipment is located in an environmentally-controlled trailer located near the base of the meteorological tower, within the enclosed fenced area. Strip chart recorders and TermiNet are located in the Beaver Valley Unit 1 control room. On August 15, 1979, a set of strip chart recorders was installed in the meteorological shelter located near the base of the tower. The PDP8 digital computer originally located in the Duquesne Light Company (DLC) offices in downtown Pittsburgh was moved to the meteorological equipment trailer at the monitoring site in May 1980.

Analog data are telemetered directly to the Unit 1 control room charts. Before May 1, 1980, digital data were transmitted via microwave telemetry to the computer in Pittsburgh where averages were processed at 15-minute intervals. After May 1980, the computer was hard-wired to the meteorological sensors.

The 15-minute averages are telemetered to the Beaver Valley Plant site, where they are outputted on the TermiNet in the control room, and are transmitted via dialable telecommunications to NUS, Rockville, Maryland, to be examined daily for any anomalous conditions or instrumentation problems. The analog data are examined on a weekly basis for any anomalous conditions that might appear in the data.

Onsite meteorological instrumentation on the 500-ft guyed tower at the Beaver Valley Site includes:

# A. <u>Wind Instrumentation</u>

Climet wind direction and speed sensors at the 35-ft, 150-ft and 500-ft levels.

# B. <u>Temperature Instrumentation</u>

- 1. Rosemont RTB's at the 35-ft, 150-ft and 500-ft levels.
- 2. Endevco signal conditioners.
- 3. Geotech aspirated solar radiation shields to house the RTB's at the 35-ft, 150-ft and 500-ft levels.

# C. <u>Dew Point Instrumentation</u>

One Cambridge System dew point measuring unit at the 35-ft level.

# D. <u>Precipitation Instrumentation</u>

One Belfort tipping bucket rain gauge at the surface near the tower.

# E. <u>Recorders</u>

- 1. Three Leeds and Northrup analog strip chart recorders, located in the Beaver Valley Unit 1 control room, that record wind direction and wind speed at each level.
- 2. One multipoint Leeds and Northrup recorder located in the Beaver Valley Unit 1 control room that records temperature at 35-ft, temperature differential between the 150-ft and 35-ft level ( $\Delta$ T(150ft-35ft)), and between the 500-ft and 35-ft levels ( $\Delta$ T(500ft-35ft)), precipitation data, and dew point data.
- 3. Three Esterline-Angus analog strip chart recorders located in the meteorological shelter that record wind direction and wind speed at each level.
- 4. One multipoint Esterline-Angus recorder located in the meteorological shelter that records temperature at 35-ft, temperature differential between the 150-ft and 35-ft levels (ΔT(150ft-35ft)), and between the 500-ft and 35-ft levels (ΔT(500ft-35ft)), precipitation data, and dew point data.
- F. <u>Computer</u>
  - 1. One Digital Equipment Corporation PDP8/E 12 bit mini-computer.
  - 2. One Climet Digital Clock.

The specifications for the above equipment are summarized in Table 2A.3-1.

The shelter housing the signal conditioning equipment is located approximately 10 ft east of the base of the tower. The dimensions of the shelter are approximately 8 ft wide, 16 ft long, and 9 ft high. It is not expected that the trailer shelter will affect meteorological measurements.

An automated tipping bucket rain gauge is located approximately 20 ft west of the tower and approximately 30 ft west of the shelter. It is not anticipated that the tower or the shelter will affect precipitation measurements.

The meteorological instrumentation at Beaver Valley is calibrated quarterly. System surveillance includes daily checks of the system by onsite personnel, computer calibration on a real-time basis, and computer annunciation of any malfunctions every 15 minutes. As soon as a malfunction is detected, field maintenance personnel are dispatched to correct the problem.

#### III. METEOROLOGICAL DATA REDUCTION

The meteorological data acquisition system consists of a computerized data processing system which collects and reduces data on a real-time basis. The average wind direction, wind speed,  $\Delta T$ , ambient temperature, dew point, and total precipitation are determined for four 15-minute periods each hour. The sampling rate for each parameter for each level is approximately four times per second. Standard statistical equations are used to compute the 15-minute average values from the instantaneous samples. The standard deviation of the wind direction is calculated every 15 minutes with 10-second smoothing of the instantaneous wind direction. Prior to the computer relocation in May 1980, all digital data were transmitted daily via a dialable telecommunications link to NUS as 15-minute averages where they were reviewed for validity, and where hourly averages centered on the hour were computed. For the remainder of the year digital data in the form of 15-minute averages from the teletype printer output were transmitted weekly to NUS where 15-minute values ending on the hour were manually key punched for use in preparing data summaries.

The meteorological data acquisition system also includes an analog system as a backup to the digital system. On August 15, 1979, the Esterline-Angus recorders located in the meteorological shelter replaced the Leeds and Northrup recorders as the analog backup system. Data from the analog system are utilized to supplement digital data for the 'key' parameters, 35- and 500-ft winds,  $\Delta T(150ft-35ft)$  and  $\Delta T(500ft-35ft)$ , to maintain recovery rates greater than the 90 percent required by Regulatory Guide 1.23. Data recovery rates of 80 percent are maintained for the 'non-key' parameters, ambient temperature, dew point, and 150-ft winds. Because the representativeness of precipitation data can be greatly affected by minor data losses, such as telemetry drifts and trips (see References 2 and 3), analog precipitation data were used to supplement the digital data during the 1980 data period. When necessary to supplement digital data, the strip chart data are manually reduced to obtain hourly averages centered on the hour for wind speed and direction, and temperature differential ( $\Delta T$ ) data. The standard deviation of the wind direction fluctuations ( $\sigma\theta$ ) is determined from analog data based on the procedure of Reference 6 and classified according to Reference 5. Atmospheric stability, based on the temperature differential, is classified according to Reference 5.

#### IV. METEOROLOGICAL DATA RECOVERY

Monthly and annual meteorological data recovery rates for 35-, 150-, and 500-ft wind,  $\Delta T(150ft-35ft)$ ),  $\Delta T(500ft-35ft)$ , 35-ft ambient temperature, 35-ft dew point temperature, and precipitation are provided in Table 2A.3-2 for the period January 1, 1980 - December 31, 1980. Table 2A.3-3 provides the monthly and annual data recovery rates for the joint 35-ft wind and  $\Delta T(150ft-35ft)$  and joint 500-ft wind and  $\Delta T(500ft-35ft)$ . The data recovery as provided in Table 2A.3-3 is based on the combined digital and analog data which were used to compile the joint frequency distribution tables for input to the Beaver Valley NRC Regulatory Guide 1.21 analysis. With few exceptions, the monthly recovery rate of the safety-related parameters, 35- and 500-ft winds,  $\Delta T(150ft-35ft)$  and  $\Delta T(500ft-35ft)$ , exceeded the minimum 90% required by Regulatory Guide 1.23.

Losses of digital data before May 1980 were due mainly to noise or drift in the telemetry links resulting in invalid digital data. Other significant losses of digital data occurred in May due to computer downtime associated with relocation of the computer to the meteorological trailer, and in October due to a failure of the air conditioner unit in the trailer. Losses of analog data from the Esterline-Angus recorders were due mainly to chart jamming and to malfunctions of the printhead on the multi-point recorder.

Low recovery of 35-ft wind data in April 1980 was due to a malfunction of the bearings on the wind speed sensor. Low recoveries of 35-ft wind data and  $\Delta T$  (500ft-35ft) data in October 1980 were due to loss of digital data during the air conditioner failure mentioned above and chart jamming on the 35-ft wind and multipoint recorders. Loss of analog  $\Delta T$ (500ft-35ft) data also occurred due to darkening of the thermal sensitive chart paper on the multi-point recorder because of the high temperatures in the shelter during the air conditioner outage.

Low recovery of precipitation data in February 1980 was due primarily to computer downtime resulting in the loss of about five days of digital data, and a malfunction of the multipoint recorder printhead. Low recovery of precipitation data in October 1980 was due primarily to computer downtime associated with the air conditioner outage and to darkening of the multipoint chart paper during the air conditioner outage mentioned above.

Data recoveries in Tables 2A.3-2 and 2A.3-3 represent combined digital data and Esterline-Angus analog data used to prepare the summaries in this report. Analog data from the Leeds & Northrup recorders were also used to supplement the data during the computer relocation in May and the air conditioner outage in October.

#### 2A.3-7

# V. REPRESENTATIVENESS OF ONSITE METEOROLOGICAL DATA

# A. <u>Wind Direction and Wind Speed</u>

Monthly and annual wind roses for the 35-, 150-, and 500-ft levels, for the period January 1, 1980 - December 31, 1980 and January 1, 1976 - December 31, 1980, are presented in Figures 2A.3-2, 2A.3-3, 2A.3-4, 2A.3-5, 2A.3-6, 2A.3-7, 2A.3-8, 2A.3-9, 2A.3-10, and 2A.3-11. The annual wind roses for 1980 exhibit similar wind frequency distributions to the wind roses for the five year composite data period. Additional 35-ft and 500-ft wind data for 1980 and 1976-1980 are provided in Appendices A and B in the form of joint frequency distribution (JFD) tables of 35-ft wind speed and wind direction by  $\Delta$ T(150ft-35ft) stability class, and in Appendices C and D in the form of JFDs of 500-ft wind speed and wind direction by  $\Delta$ T(500ft-35ft) stability class.

Winds at the 35-ft level for 1980 are primarily from the west-southwest and southwest and from the eastsoutheast and southeast. The easterly wind directions are associated with low mean wind speeds and are the result of the nighttime drainage flow down the valley sides. Winds at the 150-ft level exhibit peak frequencies for winds from the west and from the northeast. The northeasterly winds are associated with the turning down-river of the cold-air drainage flow from the valley sides. The 500-ft onsite wind data indicate that the winds are primarily from the west through southwest directions and are not influenced by the valley circulation.

Figures 2A.3-12, 2A.3-13, 2A.3-14, and 2A.3-15 present monthly and annual wind roses of NWS data for Pittsburgh for the periods of January 1, 1980-December 31, 1980, and January 1, 1976-December 31, 1980. The distributions for the two periods are similar. Further comparisons of these periods with the onsite distribution at the 500-ft level shows that they are similar, indicating that the onsite data is representative of regional conditions. The differences between Pittsburgh wind data and the 35-ft and 150-ft Beaver Valley wind data are attributable to the differences in topography between the two sites, specifically the valley circulation described by the onsite data above.

Monthly mean wind speeds for onsite data for the period January 1, 1980-December 31, 1980 are presented in Table 2A.3-4 along with five-year composite values and concurrent NWS data for Pittsburgh. The 1980 data are also presented in Figure 2A.3-16 and the 1976-1980 data are presented in Figure 2A.3-17. The mean annual wind speeds for 1976, 1977, 1978, 1979 and 1980 for onsite and Pittsburgh data are presented in Table 2A.3-5 and in Figure 2A.3-18. Onsite wind speed data at the 500-ft level, which is effectively removed from the valley circulation, averages about 1 mph higher than the wind speed at Pittsburgh. Variations between onsite data and Pittsburgh data are primarily due to the differences in exposure of the wind instruments.

The mean annual wind speed for the 1980 data period was 4.0 mph at the 35-ft level, 6.3 mph at the 150-ft level, and 9.5 mph at the 500-ft level. These data agree well with the onsite data for the five-year composite period, 1976-1980, with reported annual average wind speeds of 4.1 mph at the 35-ft level, 6.6 mph at the 150-ft level, and 10.0 mph at the 500-ft level.

The frequency of calms for the 1980 data period was 1.6 percent at the 35-ft level, 0.6 percent at the 150-ft level, and 0.3 percent at the 500-ft level. The frequency of calms recorded at Pittsburgh was higher than Beaver Valley, 7.8 percent for 1980, due to the higher threshold of the wind speed instrumentation employed at NWS airport stations (1.1 mph). Both onsite and Pittsburgh frequencies of calms for 1980 were slightly higher than the 1976-1980 composite values. Monthly and annual frequencies of calms are provided with the wind roses in Figures 2A.3-2, 2A.3-3, 2A.3-4, 2A.3-5, 2A.3-6, 2A.3-7, 2A.3-8, 2A.3-9, 2A.3-10, 2A.3-11, 2A.3-12, 2A.3-13, 2A.3-14, and 2A.3-15.

Wind direction persistence is defined as the number of hours of continuous airflow within a 22 1/2 degree sector. For computation purposes, calms are considered a direction category. Wind direction persistence probabilities for Beaver Valley 35-ft, 150-ft and 500-ft data are presented in Figures 2A.3-19, 2A.3-20 and 2A.3-21, respectively, for 1980 and 1976-1980 data periods. For all three levels, the 1980 data show about a 10-hour shorter duration of wind direction persistence at the 0.01 percent level than the 1976-1980 data period. The maximum persistence periods for 1980 were 17 hours for a WSW wind at the 35-ft level, 20 hours for a WSW wind at the 150-ft level, and 23 hours for a SW wind at the 500-ft level.

#### B. <u>Atmospheric Stability</u>

Monthly and annual frequency distributions of onsite  $\Delta T(150ft-35ft)$  and  $\Delta T(500 \text{ ft}-35ft)$  stability classes for Beaver Valley are presented in Tables 2A.3-6 and 2A.3-7 for the period January 1, 1980 -December 31, 1980 and Tables 2A.3-8 and 2A.3-9 for the five-year composite period. Annual frequency distributions of  $\Delta T(150ft-35ft)$  and  $\Delta T(500ft-35ft)$  stability classes for 1976, 1977, 1978, 1979 and 1980, are presented in Table 2A.3-10. Interannual comparisons of stability class distributions are also presented in Figure 2A.3-22 for  $\Delta T(150ft-35ft)$  and Figure 2A.3-23 for  $\Delta T(500ft-35ft)$ . The annual stability distributions for 1980 agree well with earlier data periods for both levels of  $\Delta T$ . Additional data on atmospheric stability for 1980 and for 1976-1980 are provided in Appendices A and B in the form of joint frequency distribution (JFD) tables of 35-ft wind speed and wind direction by  $\Delta T(150ft-35ft)$  stability class, and in Appendices C and D in the form of JFDs of 500-ft wind speed and wind direction by  $\Delta T(500ft-35ft)$  stability class.

Table 2A.3-11 presents annual stability class frequency distributions for Pittsburgh (NWS) for 1976, 1977, 1978, 1979, 1980 and for the period January 1976 to December 1980. The Pittsburgh stability distributions are also presented in Figure 2A.3-24. Stability classes for the Pittsburgh data were determined by the Pasquill-Turner method<sup>(8)</sup> which uses wind speed, cloud cover and radiation intensity data to classify atmospheric stability. The distributions for 1980 shows good agreement with data for previous years. Differences between these distributions and the onsite distributions presented in Tables 2A.3-6, 2A.3-7, 2A.3-8 and 2A.3-9 and Figures 2A.3-22 and 2A.3-23 are attributed to the different methods used to determine atmospheric stability.

# C. <u>Ambient Temperature</u>

Monthly and annual mean, average daily maximum and average daily minimum ambient temperature data for Beaver Valley and Pittsburgh (NWS) for 1980 are presented in Table 2A.3-12. Also included in Table 2A.3-12 are the climatological normal (1941-1970) temperature data for Pittsburgh. Table 2A.3-13 presents monthly and annual temperature data for Beaver Valley and Pittsburgh for the five-year composite period 1976-1980. The monthly mean temperature data are also presented in Figure 2A.3-25. Monthly temperature data for Beaver Valley agrees well with concurrent data for Pittsburgh. The 1980 data also show good agreement with the five-year composite data. The annual average temperature at Beaver Valley for 1980 was 49.4°F. The highest temperature recorded onsite during 1980 was 94.4°F and the lowest recorded was -0.8°F.

Diurnal temperature data for Beaver Valley are provided in Table 2A.3-14 for the 1980 period and in Table 2A.3-15 for the five-year composite period 1976-1980.

# D. <u>Dew Point and Relative Humidity</u>

Monthly and annual averages of dew point and relative humidity for Beaver Valley and Pittsburgh (NWS) for 1980 and 1976-1980 are presented in Table 2A.3-16. Agreement between onsite and offsite atmospheric water vapor data is good. Dew point and relative humidity are generally somewhat higher onsite than at Pittsburgh. This is probably due to the effect of the valley location on the onsite data. Agreement between the data periods is good. Diurnal water vapor data for Beaver Valley are provided in Table 2A.3-14 for the 1980 period and in Table 2A.3-15 for the five-year composite period 1976-1980.

# E. <u>Precipitation</u>

Table 2A.3-17 presents monthly and annual totals and maximum 24-hour precipitation for Beaver Valley and Pittsburgh (NWS). The monthly totals for Beaver Valley and Pittsburgh for 1980 are also presented in Figure 2A.3-26 together with the normal values for Pittsburgh. Total precipitation recorded during the period January 1, 1980-December 31, 1980 was 30.06 inches at Beaver Valley and 39.46 inches at Pittsburgh. This compares with a normal total for Pittsburgh of 36.23 inches based on the 1941 to 1970 period of record. The maximum 24-hour precipitation during 1980 was 1.47 inches at Beaver Valley and 2.27 inches at Pittsburgh. Beaver Valley precipitation totals are less than Pittsburgh for every month except February, August and September. This is attributed primarily to data loss on the Beaver Valley system for reasons discussed in Section IV. A comparison of major precipitation events reported in the Pittsburgh LCDs (Reference 4) with precipitation values recorded onsite shows that major discrepancies are largely associated with periods of missing onsite data. Lower onsite precipitation totals during winter months may also be due to the heater in the tipping-bucket rain gauge causing evaporation of some of the frozen precipitation captured in the gauge before it falls through the funnel and activates the measuring device. For these reasons, the onsite data are not considered representative of total annual precipitation occurring at the site. However, data for individual precipitation events, where available, are representative of the site for those events.

# REFERENCES

- 1. "Annual Meteorological Report for the Beaver Valley Meteorological Program for January 1, 1977-December 31, 1977, "NUS-3174, NUS Corporation, Rockville, Maryland (June 1978).
- 2. "Annual Meteorological Report for the Beaver Valley Meteorological Program for January 1, 1978-December 31, 1978, "NUS-3394, NUS Corporation, Rockville, Maryland (June 1979).
- 3. "Annual Meteorological Report for the Beaver Valley Meteorological Program for January 1, 1979 -December 31, 1979, "NUS-3563, NUS Corporation, Rockville, Maryland (February 1981).
- 4. "Local Climatological Data, 1980, Greater Pittsburgh International Airport." NOAA, EDS, National Climatic Center, Asheville, North Carolina.
- 5. Surface Observations for Greater Pittsburgh International Airport, January 1976 to December 1980, National Weather Service TDF-14. NOAA, EDS, National Climatic Center, Asheville, North Carolina.
- NRC Regulatory Guide 1.23, "Onsite Meteorological Programs," Nuclear Regulatory Commission (Issued February 17, 1972).
- Slade, David H.J. "Dispersion Estimates from Pollutant Releases of a Few Seconds to 8 Hours in Duration," U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, D.C. (August 1965).
- 8. Turner, D.B. "A Diffusion Model for an Urban Area," <u>J. Of Appl. Met.</u>, <u>3</u>, pp. 83-91 (February 1964).

# TABLES FOR APPENDIX 2A.3

# **TABLE 2A.3-1**

# METEOROLOGICAL SYSTEM EQUIPMENT SPECIFICATIONS FOR BEAVER VALLEY (January 1, 1980 - December 31, 1980)

Instrument	<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Model</u>		Level	<u>Specifications</u>
Wind Speed-Direction (WS/WD)	Climet	Wind Direction 012-10 Wind Speed WS-011-1	ו WD-	35 ft 150 ft 500 ft	Threshold 0.75 mph Accuracy <u>+</u> 3° for direction Threshold 0.6 mph Accuracy <u>+</u> 1% of the wind speed reading or 0.2 mph, whichever is greater.
		Translator 025	-2		
Temperature	Endevco GEOTECH Rosemont	4470.114 Universal Sig. Cond 4473.2 Conditioner M327 Aspirate 104MB12AD0 four wire RTB	er- RTB ors CA	$\begin{array}{l} T_{35ft} \\ \Delta T_{150\text{-}35ft} \\ \Delta T_{500\text{-}35ft} \end{array}$	T accuracy <u>+</u> 1°F $\Delta$ T accuracy <u>+</u> .18°F (T=-20°F to 100°F, $\Delta$ T <sub>150</sub> = -4.0° to +8.0°F) $\Delta$ T <sub>500</sub> = -6.0° to +12.0°F)
Precipitation	Belfort	5-405 Rain Gauge Ground		Ground	Accuracy <u>+</u> 2% for 1 in/hr
Dew Point	Cambridge	Dew Measuring 110S-M	Point Set	35 ft	Accuracy <u>+</u> 0.5°F
Multipoint Recorder $(T_{35ft}, \Delta T_{150-35ft}, \Delta T_{150-35ft$	Leeds and Northrup	Speedomax W	,		Accuracy <u>+</u> 0.3% of full scale
Precip., Dew Point	Esterline-Angus	Speed Servo II			Accuracy <u>+</u> 0.35% of full scale
Strip Recorders (3 ea.) (ws/wd)	Leeds and Northrup	Speedomax W	//L		Accuracy <u>+</u> 0.3% of full scale wd = 0 to 540° ws = 0 to 50 mph
	Esterline-Angus	Speed Servo II			Accuracy $\pm 0.35\%$ of full scale wd = 0 to 540° ws = 0 to 50 mph
Mini-Computer	Digital Equipment Corporation	PDP8/E Analog to Converter	ADO1 Digital		Accuracy of converter is 0.1% full scale
Digital Clock	Climet	Model 0180			Line frequency

# **TABLE 2A.3-2**

# Monthly and Annual Meteorological Data Recovery for Beaver Valley (January 1, 1980-December 31, 1980) (%)

	35-ft	150-ft	500-ft			35-ft Ambient	35-ft Dew	
	<u>Winds</u>	<u>Winds</u>	<u>Winds</u>	<u>∆T(150ft-35ft)</u>	<u>∆T(500ft-35ft)</u>	<u>Temperature</u>	Point	Precipitation
January	97	94	94	91	95	94	97	97
February	98	81	94	97	98	81	82	78
March	99	96	99	95	95	94	94	97
April	85	97	98	96	94	92	90	97
May	99	99	99	92	92	92	88	87
June	97	94	96	93	93	93	93	93
July	94	93	94	94	92	94	94	95
August	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97
September	93	89	93	93	93	89	83	87
October	88	99	99	92	88	81	94	63
November	96	92	96	94	93	96	95	97
December	99	94	94	91	94	93	92	94
Annual	95	94	96	94	94	91	92	90

Note: Data recovery for wind is based on the joint availability of valid wind speed and wind direction data.

Rev. 22

# TABLE 2A.3-3 Monthly and Annual Joint Recovery (%) of ∆T and Winds (January 1, 1980-December 31, 1980)

	Joint	Joint
	$\Delta T$ (150ft-35ft) and 35-ft Wind	$\Delta T$ (500ft-35ft) and 500-ft Wind
January	91	91
February	96	94
March	95	95
April	82	94
Мау	92	91
June	93	93
July	94	91
August	97	97
September	93	93
October	82	88
November	93	93
December	91	94
Annual	92	93

# TABLE 2A.3-4

# Monthly and Annual Average Wind Speed (mph) For Beaver Valley and Pittsburgh (NWS)

		35-ft	Bea	500-ft	Pittsburgh			
	1980	1976-1980	1980	1976-1980	1980	1976-1980	1980	1976-1980
January	4.5	5.3	7.2	8.4	10.3	11.5	8.8	10.8
February	4.6	4.7	7.1	7.7	10.2	11.0	8.6	10.0
March	4.7	4.9	7.9	8.2	11.5	11.8	9.9	10.6
April	4.2	4.5	6.7	7.2	10.1	10.5	8.6	9.7
Мау	3.8	3.6	5.7	5.8	8.6	9.1	8.0	8.3
June	3.6	3.6	5.9	5.6	8.7	8.8	8.6	8.0
July	2.9	3.3	4.4	5.2	7.2	7.8	7.6	7.3
August	2.9	3.0	4.5	4.8	7.3	7.7	6.3	6.4
September	3.1	3.0	4.8	5.1	7.8	8.2	6.0	6.5
October	4.4	3.9	7.2	6.5	10.9	10.4	8.1	8.7
November	4.6	4.5	7.3	7.1	11.2	10.9	8.8	9.2
December	4.2	5.0	6.6	7.7	9.9	11.8	9.0	10.4
Annual	4.0	4.1	6.3	6.6	9.5	10.0	8.2	8.8

Note: Pittsburgh 1980 and 1976-1980 data are based on hourly observations from TDF-14 data tapes.<sup>(4)</sup>

# TABLE 2A.3-5

# Annual Average Wind Speeds (mph) for Beaver Valley and Pittsburgh for 1976 to 1980

	35-ft	Beaver Valley 150-ft	∍y 500-ft		
1976	4.2	6.9	10.3	9.5	
1977	4.4	7.2	10.8	9.1	
1978	4.0	6.4	9.6	8.7	
1979	4.0	6.4	9.7	8.5	
1980	4.0	6.3	9.5	8.2	
1976-1980	4.1	6.6	10.0	8.8	

# TABLE 2A.3-6 Monthly and Annual Stability Class Distributions For Beaver Valley Based on $\Delta$ T(150ft-35ft) (January 1, 1980-December 31, 1980) (%)

				Stability Cla	SS		
	A	В	С	D	E	F	G
January	2.94	1.62	2.79	62.94	18.82	7.94	2.94
February	4.77	4.32	5.07	61.70	9.69	5.81	8.64
March	13.46	3.26	4.96	39.24	19.12	7.37	12.61
April	17.52	3.23	2.55	29.59	16.33	11.22	19.56
May	27.31	3.08	3.96	18.36	17.91	8.37	21.00
June	29.10	3.88	3.28	19.70	14.93	16.72	12.39
July	23.35	3.30	3.87	22.21	19.91	18.62	8.74
August	21.28	4.31	3.89	19.33	30.46	18.92	1.81
September	21.73	3.27	3.13	20.09	16.82	21.28	13.69
October	14.64	2.63	4.44	33.06	14.64	14.14	16.45
November	9.99	3.58	4.62	39.64	15.95	11.33	14.90
December	5.64	2.97	4.30	50.15	18.84	8.61	9.50
<u>Annual</u>	16.01	3.30	3.92	34.64	17.91	12.55	11.67

# TABLE 2A.3-7 Monthly and Annual Stability Class Distributions For Beaver Valley Based on $\Delta$ T(500ft-35ft) (January 1, 1980-December 31, 1980) (%)

	Stability Class									
	А	В	С	Ď	E	F	G			
January	0.00	0.00	0.00	77.56	19.17	3.27	0.00			
February	0.00	0.00	0.77	77.64	12.86	6.89	1.84			
March	0.14	1.14	2.28	66.15	18.35	9.53	2.42			
April	0.00	0.44	2.81	56.95	21.30	14.35	4.14			
May	0.74	3.54	4.28	43.36	24.63	19.32	4.13			
June	1.05	4.20	9.15	41.08	24.44	18.44	1.65			
July	0.15	1.32	7.94	43.24	29.71	17.50	0.15			
August	0.00	0.70	3.06	48.40	38.80	9.04	0.00			
September	0.30	1.19	5.95	43.75	30.51	18.15	0.15			
October	0.61	2.15	3.23	54.38	24.88	12.29	2.46			
November	0.00	0.00	0.30	66.22	19.22	12.91	1.35			
December	0.00	0.00	0.86	66.62	22.21	10.17	0.14			
<u>Annual</u>	0.25	1.22	3.38	57.07	23.93	12.64	1.52			

# TABLE 2A.3-8 Monthly and Annual Stability Class Distributions For Beaver Valley Based on $\Delta$ T(150ft-35ft) (January 1, 1976-December 31, 1980) (%)

	Stability Class									
	A	В	С	Ď	E	F	G			
January	3.09	1.66	2.71	58.02	21.23	7.04	6.25			
February	6.39	2.76	3.65	46.22	19.03	8.42	13.53			
March	14.64	2.37	3.73	36.90	21.14	8.55	12.68			
April	20.88	2.96	3.32	27.90	17.01	10.09	17.84			
May	23.90	2.95	3.94	23.60	17.35	11.46	16.81			
June	29.29	3.21	3.85	19.54	16.21	14.39	13.51			
July	27.28	2.43	2.61	19.21	19.60	17.84	11.03			
August	23.96	2.78	2.43	17.86	24.99	19.24	8.73			
September	21.34	2.32	2.79	18.67	21.78	18.17	14.93			
October	9.62	2.84	3.72	32.31	21.95	12.55	17.02			
November	5.08	2.01	3.26	44.08	22.30	10.25	13.02			
December	3.20	1.83	2.49	50.88	22.70	9.04	9.85			
Annual	15.90	2.51	3.20	32.65	20.46	12.34	12.92			

# TABLE 2A.3-9 Monthly and Annual Stability Class Distributions For Beaver Valley Based on $\Delta$ T(500ft-35ft) (January 1, 1976-December 31, 1980) (%)

	Stability Class									
	А	В	С	Ď	E	F	G			
January	0.00	0.00	0.00	78.96	15.83	4.56	0.62			
February	0.13	0.03	0.63	67.93	20.25	10.06	0.97			
March	0.09	0.84	2.49	63.62	19.42	10.58	2.97			
April	0.00	1.30	4.77	54.56	20.64	15.62	3.10			
May	0.81	2.55	5.63	46.93	22.67	17.34	4.07			
June	1.69	3.87	7.61	40.24	26.24	19.24	1.12			
July	1.57	3.33	5.70	42.99	30.26	15.78	0.37			
August	1.22	2.47	3.86	44.07	34.67	13.69	0.03			
September	1.05	2.15	4.09	42.58	31.76	18.08	0.30			
October	0.12	0.53	1.44	54.06	26.97	15.19	1.68			
November	0.00	0.00	0.29	66.40	20.19	11.40	1.72			
December	0.00	0.00	0.29	68.17	21.92	8.57	1.05			
<u>Annual</u>	0.57	1.45	3.13	55.44	24.42	13.48	1.51			

# TABLE 2A.3-10 Comparison of Annual Stability Class Distributions for Beaver Valley for 1976 to 1980

(%)

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G
∆T(150ft-35ft)							
1976	20.42	2.35	2.92	27.53	21.03	12.35	13.50
1977	16.49	2.85	3.39	30.73	20.35	11.68	14.52
1978	16.33	2.13	2.71	33.56	20.76	12.82	11.70
1979	11.31	2.44	3.39	36.01	21.76	12.08	13.01
1980	16.01	3.30	3.92	34.64	17.91	12.55	11.67
1976-1980	15.90	2.51	3.20	32.65	20.46	12.34	12.92
∆T(500ft-35ft)							
1976	0.61	1.80	5.91	52.04	24.37	13.00	2.25
1977	0.38	1.20	3.76	53.32	25.07	16.01	0.26
1978	1.35	2.15	3.44	54.37	24.51	12.59	1.60
1979	0.10	0.53	1.39	59.18	24.32	12.92	1.57
1980	0.25	1.22	3.38	57.07	23.93	12.64	1.52
1976-1980	0.57	1.45	3.13	55.44	24.42	13.48	1.51

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G
1976	0.42	3.79	9.02	62.53	9.13	9.87	5.24
1977	0.66	4.81	9.94	59.95	8.94	9.38	6.31
1978	0.43	4.35	10.16	60.45	8.04	9.50	7.08
1979	0.54	4.42	10.29	59.36	9.75	9.71	5.94
1980	0.43	4.75	10.90	57.32	9.78	10.55	6.27
1976-1980	0.49	4.47	10.01	60.01	9.19	9.75	6.09

# TABLE 2A.3-11 Comparison of Annual Stability Class Distributions for Beaver Valley for 1976 to 1980<sup>(5,8)</sup> (%)

# TABLE 2A.3-12 Comparison of Monthly Mean, Average Daily Maximum and Average Daily Minimum Temperature Data for Beaver Valley and Pittsburgh (January 1, 1980-December 31, 1980)

# (°F)

		Monthly Mea	in	Average Daily Maximum			Average Daily Minimum		
	Beaver	-		Beaver			Beaver		
	Valley	Pittsburgh	Normal*	Valley	Pittsburgh	Normal*	Valley	Pittsburgh	Normal*
January	28.3	27.3	28.1	33.9	33.1	35.3	21.7	20.6	20.8
February	25.0	24.1	29.3	31.5	31.3	37.3	19.1	17.1	21.3
March	35.9	35.6	38.1	44.7	44.1	47.2	27.0	26.9	29.0
April	48.0	48.5	50.2	58.5	57.7	60.9	36.9	38.4	39.4
May	59.7	60.8	59.8	71.3	70.3	70.8	48.0	49.8	48.7
June	64.9	66.7	68.6	76.6	77.5	79.5	52.5	54.9	57.7
July	72.0	74.5	71.9	82.9	85.2	82.5	61.7	64.7	61.3
August	72.5	73.5	70.2	81.9	83.2	80.9	65.4	65.8	59.4
September	64.9	67.0	63.8	76.0	78.0	74.9	54.8	56.2	52.7
October	49.4	49.2	53.2	57.5	58.2	63.9	39.5	40.4	42.4
November	39.8	38.7	41.3	47.4	45.6	49.3	31.6	31.1	33.3
December	29.3	29.2	30.5	37.1	35.7	37.3	21.7	21.5	23.6
Annual	49.4	49.7	50.4	58.6	58.4	60.0	40.3	40.7	40.8

\* Based on NWS data for Pittsburgh for the period 1941-1970. Note: Pittsburgh 1980 data are based on hourly observations from TDF-14 data tapes.<sup>(5)</sup>

# TABLE 2A.3-13 Comparison of Monthly Mean, Average Daily Maximum and Average Daily Minimum Temperature Data for Beaver Valley and Pittsburgh (January 1, 1976-December 31, 1980)

(°F)

	Monthly Mean		Ave N	erage Daily Iaximum	Average Daily Minimum		
	Beaver		Beaver		Beaver		
	Valley	Pittsburgh	Valley	Pittsburgh	Valley	Pittsburgh	
January	21.7	21.4	28.4	27.9	14.8	13.7	
February	26.2	25.2	33.9	33.5	17.8	17.1	
March	40.4	40.7	50.2	50.4	30.4	30.8	
April	48.9	50.0	60.0	60.5	37.4	38.9	
May	58.9	60.0	70.2	70.5	47.1	48.4	
June	66.2	67.4	77.3	78.0	54.8	56.1	
July	70.7	71.3	80.7	81.3	61.0	61.5	
August	69.7	69.4	79.3	78.8	60.8	60.5	
September	63.3	64.0	74.1	74.3	53.9	54.1	
October	49.0	49.1	58.2	58.1	40.1	40.2	
November	41.0	40.8	49.4	48.7	33.0	32.3	
December	30.5	30.5	38.1	37.8	22.8	22.1	
Annual	49.0	49.2	58.5	58.4	39.6	39.7	

Note: Pittsburgh data are based on hourly observations from TDF-14 data tapes.<sup>(5)</sup>

#### TABLE 2A.3-14 ANNUAL DIURNAL TEMPERATURE AND ATMOSPHERIC WATER VAPOR DATA FOR BEAVER VALLEY (January 1, 1980 - December 31, 1980)

35.0 FEET LEVEL TEMPERATURE DEW POINT **RELATIVE HUM** ABSOLUTE HUM WET BULB NUMBER NUMBER NUMBER NUMBER NUMBER OBS (DEG F) OBS (DEG F) OBS (%) OBS (GM/M3) OBS (DEG F) HOUR 342 44.7 348 340 87.1 340 340 1 41.0 8.4 43.3 2 341 44.2 40.6 340 87.5 340 8.3 340 42.8 346 3 340 43.7 344 40.2 338 87.7 338 8.2 338 42.4 339 338 338 338 4 43.4 344 40.1 88.2 8.1 42.2 5 339 43.2 311 305 88.3 305 8.3 42.6 40.5 305 6 340 43.1 340 39.6 333 88.4 333 8.0 333 41.8 339 44.0 307 302 302 302 7 39.4 86.4 8.1 41.9 83.5 8 336 45.6 341 40.6 333 333 8.3 333 43.4 9 331 337 40.8 329 76.9 329 8.3 329 44.6 48.1 324 310 10 321 51.0 40.8 69.3 310 8.3 310 46.4 322 53.2 338 320 320 320 11 40.3 64.6 8.1 47.0 12 323 322 322 322 54.9 339 40.1 61.1 8.1 47.8 13 320 56.2 336 317 58.4 317 8.1 317 48.4 40.0 323 57.3 320 320 320 14 336 39.9 56.6 8.0 48.9 15 325 336 322 322 322 57.7 55.8 8.0 40.0 49.1 328 331 339 328 16 57.6 40.3 56.8 8.1 328 49.2 334 56.4 310 300 60.0 300 8.5 17 41.4 300 49.2 18 338 54.9 344 41.5 334 334 8.6 334 48.4 64.1 19 339 52.3 308 302 69.7 302 8.6 302 46.7 41.0 50.0 347 339 339 8.9 20 340 339 42.3 76.6 46.6 340 346 338 338 338 21 48.4 42.1 80.4 8.8 45.8 22 340 47.0 336 42.0 330 83.0 330 8.7 330 45.1 23 340 46.2 345 338 338 338 41.4 84.3 8.6 44.3 24 343 45.2 347 41.2 341 86.2 341 341 8.5 43.7 Hourly Mean 49.4 40.7 75.2 8.3 45.5 Avg Daily Max 58.6 46.8 95.0 10.0 50.7 Avg Daily Min 40.3 35.4 51.2 6.9 39.3 Absolute Max 94.4 77.3 100.0 22.8 80.7 Absolute Min -3.8 -7.9 19.0 0.9 -1.2 Total OBS 8026 8049 7819 7819 7819

# TABLE 2A.3-15 ANNUAL DIURNAL TEMPERATURE AND ATMOSPHERIC WATER VAPOR DATA FOR BEAVER VALLEY (January 1, 1976, Decomber 31, 1980)

(January 1, 1976 - December 31, 1980)

HOUR	<u>TEMPER</u> NUMBER <u>OBS</u> 1704		<u>DEW I</u> NUMBER	POINT	RELATI	VE HUM	ABSOLU	JTE HUM	WFT	BULB
HOUR	NUMBER <u>OBS</u> 1704		NUMBER							
HOUR	<u>OBS</u> 1704				NUMBER		NUMBER		NUMBER	
	1704		OBS	<u>(DEG F)</u>	OBS	<u>(%)</u>	OBS	<u>(GM/M3)</u>	OBS	<u>(DEG F)</u>
1		44.4	1709	40.4	1666	84.8	1666	8.1	1666	42.9
2	1698	43.9	1710	40.1	1669	85.5	1669	8.0	1669	42.5
3	1698	43.5	1693	40.0	1652	86.1	1652	8.0	1652	42.3
4	1709	43.0	1664	40.3	1626	86.8	1626	8.0	1626	42.4
5	1697	42.8	1658	39.8	1621	86.8	1621	7.9	1621	42.0
6	1692	42.9	1695	39.5	1656	86.9	1656	7.9	1656	41.7
7	1683	43.7	1675	39.7	1629	85.1	1629	7.9	1629	42.0
8	1683	45.4	1694	40.2	1646	81.3	1646	8.1	1646	43.2
9	1650	48.0	1687	40.3	1625	74.4	1625	8.0	1625	44.5
10	1607	50.7	1643	40.1	1570	67.7	1570	7.9	1570	45.7
11	1571	52.8	1643	39.8	1532	62.5	1532	7.8	1532	46.5
12	1568	54.4	1671	39.8	1537	59.1	1537	7.7	1537	47.2
13	1549	55.9	1655	39.6	1515	56.7	1515	7.7	1515	47.9
14	1604	56.7	1666	39.7	1572	55.4	1572	7.7	1572	48.4
15	1622	56.9	1652	39.6	1576	54.8	1576	7.7	1576	48.4
16	1635	56.6	1631	40.4	1555	55.6	1555	7.9	1555	49.0
17	1660	55.8	1642	40.6	1580	57.9	1580	8.0	1580	48.6
18	1667	54.1	1692	40.9	1628	62.5	1628	8.1	1628	47.8
19	1665	51.7	1669	41.4	1599	68.6	1599	8.3	1599	46.7
20	1677	49.4	1699	41.7	1636	74.9	1636	8.5	1636	46.0
21	1681	47.8	1715	41.4	1654	78.3	1654	8.4	1654	45.1
22	1694	46.6	1705	41.2	1656	80.7	1656	8.3	1656	44.4
23	1699	45.7	1704	40.7	1657	82.1	1657	8.2	1657	43.7
24	1700	45.0	1713	40.5	1667	83.6	1667	8.1	1667	43.2
Hourly I	Mean	49.0		40.3		73.6		8.0		45.0
Avg Da	ily Max	58.5		45.9		93.1		9.6		50.3
Avg Da	ily Min	39.6		34.6		50.3		6.6		38.6
Absolut	e Max	94.4		78.5		100.0		23.8		80.7
Absolut	e Min	-15.0		-22.0		19.0		0.4		-15.6
Total										
OBS	39819		40285		38724		38724		38724	

#### TABLE 2A.3-16

# COMPARISON OF MONTHLY AND ANNUAL AVERAGES OF DEW POINT AND RELATIVE HUMIDITY DATA FOR BEAVER VALLEY AND PITTSBURGH

	Mean Dew Point (°F)				Mean Relative Humidity (%)			
	Beaver Beaver				Beaver	Beaver		
	Valley	Pittsburgh	Valley	Pittsburgh	Valley	Pittsburgh	Valley	Pittsburgh
	1980	1980	1976-1980	1976-1980	1980	1980	1976-1980	1976-1980
January	19.5	14.2	14.4	12.8	71.5	58.7	72.8	69.9
February	15.1	10.8	16.4	14.7	67.7	58.1	67.2	62.7
March	25.9	25.0	27.8	26.7	69.7	67.8	64.1	60.5
April	37.2	35.1	36.0	34.5	69.7	63.6	65.7	59.2
May	48.7	47.0	47.8	45.5	73.1	64.5	71.8	62.4
June	55.0	52.8	56.7	53.4	74.7	64.3	74.9	63.5
July	64.8	63.0	63.1	60.4	81.0	70.2	79.5	70.6
August	67.8	66.0	63.7	61.1	86.5	79.2	83.0	76.3
September	58.3	55.9	56.4	54.6	80.8	69.8	80.3	73.7
October	40.8	37.3	41.0	39.4	75.7	65.7	76.6	71.5
November	30.5	27.7	32.3	30.6	73.2	67.1	73.7	69.1
December	22.9	20.7	22.1	20.3	77.3	71.7	71.8	67.1
Annual	40.7	38.1	40.3	38.0	75.2	66.8	73.6	67.2

	Beav	ver Vallev 1980	Pitt	sburah 1980	Pittsburah Long Term		
	Total Precipitation	Greatest Precipitation In 24 hours	Total Precipitation	Greatest Precipitation In 24 hours	Normal Total <sup>(a)</sup>	Maximum Monthly <sup>(b)</sup>	Minimum Monthly <sup>(b)</sup>
January	0.82	0.60	1.56	0.52	2.79	6.25	1.06
February	1.70	1.00	1.32	0.58	2.35	5.98	0.51
March	2.90	1.02	5.65	1.17	3.60	6.10	1.14
April	1.07	0.46	2.94	0.97	3.40	7.61	0.48
May	3.53	1.17	4.32	2.05	3.63	6.36	1.21
June	4.15	1.16	4.34	1.03	3.48	5.08	0.90
July	3.82	0.96	6.76	2.27	3.84	7.43	1.82
August	8.02	1.47	5.10	1.43	3.15	7.56	0.78
September	1.36	0.50	1.29	0.32	2.52	5.42	0.74
October	1.01	0.47	2.42	1.36	2.52	8.20	0.16
November	1.27	0.38	2.38	0.88	2.47	4.70	0.90
December	0.41	0.12	1.38	0.36	2.48	5.24	0.40
Annual	30.06	1.47	39.46	2.27	36.23	8.20	0.16

#### TABLE 2A.3-17 MONTHLY AND ANNUAL PRECIPITATION DATA FOR BEAVER VALLEY AND PITTSBURGH (INCHES)

<sup>(a)</sup> Based on NWS data for Pittsburgh for the period of 1941-1970.
 <sup>(b)</sup> Based on NWS data for Pittsburgh for the period of 1953-1980.



FIGURE 1 LOCATION OF 500 FT. METEOROLOGICAL TOWER



FIGURE 2

BEAVER VALLEY 35-FT MONTHLY WIND ROSES FOR JANUARY, FEBRUARY, MARCH, AND APRIL (1980 and 1976-1980)

:3

.

2



namewanan werkan ta RENTERNE KREJARARAN IR SANARAN INANA JABAT IKI ANA INA Manazara MERKEN WERD I RETU UMU PRO

a a

1

ł.

1

FIGURE 3

.

BEAVER VALLEY 35-F1 MONTHLY WIND ROSESFOR MAY, JUNE, JULY, AND AUGUST (1980 and 1976-1980)

34

I.



SWARZANNE WINDER GEREINEN FREULENDE UPERGENIE STABILIEFE GEASSIFICATION. GEREERE MERGE WINDE SEELE EMIENRE BEAVER VALLEY 35-FT MONTHLY WIND ROSES FOR SEPTEMBER, OCTOBER, NOVEMBER, AND DECEMBER (1980 and 1976-1980)



JANUARY (1980)

5

ă.



JANUARY (1976-1980)

- Alle

FEBRUARY (1980)

FEBRUARY (1976-1980)

 $\label{eq:second} \begin{array}{l} \text{second} \quad \text{sec$ 

MARCH (1980)



MARCH (1976-1980)

APRIL (1980)

APRIL (1976-1980)

FIGURE 5

EFAVER VALLEY 150-F1 MONTHLY WIND ROSES FOR JANUARY, FEBRUARY, MARCH, AND APRIL (1980 and 1976-1980) 34





FIGURE 6

BEAVER VALLEY 150 FT MONTHLY WIND ROSES FOR MAY, JUNE, JULY, AND AUGUST (1980 and 1976-1980)

47



SEPTEMBER (1976- 1980)

2

OCTOBER (1976-1980)

FIGURE 7

BEAVER VALLEY 150-FT MONTHLY WIND ROSES FOR SEPTEMBER, OCTOBER, NOVEMBER, AND DECEMBER (1980 and 1976-1980)

4.

TRANSFORM AND A REPORT OF A way we the All in All in a state of the state



JANUARY (1976-1980)

FEBRUARY (1976-1980)

WIND DIRECTION FREDUENCY (PERCENT) STAFILITY CLASSIFICATION ATTET MEAN WIND SPEED (M)/HR)

MARCH (1976-1980)

- 2N

×.

APRIL (1976-1980)

FIGURE 8

BEAVER VALLEY 500 FT MONTHLY WIND ROSES FOR JANUARY, FEBRUARY, MARCH, AND APRIL (1980 and 1976-1980)

39


GTELTE MEAN AND TREAD AND HAD

ΞŢ.

MAY (1976- 1980)

ģ.

ź

JUNE (1976-1980)

....

JULY (1976-1980)

#### FIGURE 9

BEAVERVALLEY 500-FT MONTHLY WIND ROSES FOR MAY, JUNF, JULY, AND AUGUST (1980 and 1976–1980)

10

AUGUST (1976-1980)



AUGUST (1980)



MAY (1980)









SEPTEMBER (1976-1980)

OCTOBER (1976-1980)



1.00

NOVEMBER (1976-1980)

NOVEMBER (1980)



. . . . .



DECEMBER (1980)

DECEMBER (1976-1980)

FIGURE 10

BEAVER VALLEY 500-FT MONTHLY WIND ROSES FOR SEPTEMBER, OCTOBER, NOVEMBER, AND DECEMBE (1980 and 1976-1980)

41

WIND DIRECTION FREQUENCY (PERCENT) STABLETY CLASSIFICATION



FIGURE 11

BEAVER VALLEY 35- FT, 150-FT, AND 500 ANNUAL WIND ROSES (1980 and 1976-1980)

SEXERCISE AN OPEN OF A PROVIDENCE OF A PROVIDENCE OF A PROVIDENCE OF A PROVIDENCE AND A PROVIDENCE OF A PRO

.

5

2

1

1

ł.

1

¢

4.1



.

.

.

ł

.





FIGURE 12

PITTSBURGH MONTHLY WIND ROSES FOR JANUARY, FEBRUARY, MARCH, AND APR (1980 and 1976-1980)

APRIL (1980)

SERVICE A SUCCESSION FROM THE REPORT OF ENDER SUCCESSION OF A THERE AN WARD REPORTED AND





MAY (1976-1980)

JUNE (1976-1980)

second A second second



JULY (1976-1980)



AUGUST (1976-1980)

AUGUST (1980)

FIGURE 13

#### PITTSBURGH MONTHLY WIND ROSES FOR MAY, JUNF, JULY, AND AUGUST (1980 and 1976–1980)





.



OCTOBER (1980)



NOVEMBER (1980)



NOVEMBER (1976-1980)



DECEMBER (1980)



DECEMBER (1976-1980)

FIGURE 14

PITTSBURGH MONTHLY WIND ROSES FOR SEPTEMBER, OCTOBER, NOVEMBER, AND DECEMBEI (1980 and 1976- 1980)

45

8

SEPTEMBER (1976-1980)

OCTOBER (1976-1980)

MMXXXXX WEND DEFECTION EREDOTES STREETWIST TABELINE AS STREET.







1976-1980

ాహాహార్యాల్ సినిమార్ అంది. రాజులు కార్లు కార్లు కార్లు ప్రస్తున్న కార్లి సినిమాలు గ్రామంలో సౌకర్యం సౌకర్యం సౌకర మారార్ సౌకర్యం స

### $(g_{ij})_{ij} = g_{ij} = (M_{ij}, M_{ij})_{ij} = (g_{ij}, M_{ij})_{ij} = (g_$

.

#### FIGURE 15

ļ

#### PITTSBURGH ANNUAL WIND ROSES (1980 and 1976-1980)









.

ы



ក្ន





សួ





ភ ភ



ż



.

### APPENDIX A

Monthly and Annual Joint Frequency Distribution of  $\Delta T(150 \text{ft}-35 \text{ft})$  and 35-ft Wind Data (January 1, 1980 - December 31, 1980)

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

### JANUARY

### STABILITY CLASS A

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	4	0	0	8
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	2	3	0	11
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	6	3	0	20

STABILITY CLASS B

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
_	ĊALM																	0
	0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	1	1	0	7
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	4
	12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	5	3	1	1	0	11

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

JANUARY

### STABILITY CLASS C

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
ĊALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	2	3	2	0	14
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	0	0	4
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	3	5	2	0	19

### STABILITY CLASS D

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	7	9	25	18	12	8	3	1	2	4	1	4	6	9	12	3	124
3.50 - 7.49	6	3	4	0	1	1	0	2	2	19	34	39	36	30	35	9	221
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	12	31	19	9	0	1	73
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	1	0	0	0	10
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	13	12	29	18	13	9	3	3	4	24	47	83	62	48	47	13	428

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

JANUARY

### STABILITY CLASS E

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	1
0.75 - 3.49	3	8	19	7	8	3	12	4	7	5	3	4	1	3	2	2	91
3.50 - 7.49	0	5	4	0	0	0	0	1	8	8	2	0	0	0	1	1	30
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	1	0	0	0	5
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	3	13	23	7	8	3	12	5	15	15	7	4	3	3	3	3	128

### STABILITY CLASS F

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	1	2	3	6	7	5	15	7	2	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	51
3.50 - 7.49	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	1	3	3	6	7	5	15	7	3	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	54

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

JANUARY

### STABILITY CLASS G

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	2	0	3	1	2	5	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	15
3.50 - 7.49	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	1	3	0	3	1	2	5	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	20

### STABILITY CLASS ALL

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																		
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
_	CALM	_																1	
	0.75 - 3.49	11	19	50	31	31	17	32	17	12	11	5	8	8	12	14	5	283	
	3.50 - 7.49	6	10	9	1	3	2	0	3	14	28	37	45	43	38	39	10	288	
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	14	35	28	13	3	1	97	
	12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	2	0	0	0	11	
	18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	TOTAL	17	29	59	32	34	19	32	20	26	42	56	97	81	63	56	16	680	

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

JANUARY

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 744

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 680

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 64

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 91.4%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 4.7 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

### PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G
2.94	1.62	2.79	62.94	18.82	7.94	2.94

### DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

A B C D E F G	N 0 0 13 3 1	NNE 0 0 12 13 3 1	NE 0 1 29 23 3	ENE 1 0 18 7 6 0	E 1 2 13 8 7 3	ESE 0 1 9 3 5	SE 0 0 3 12 15 2	SSE 0 0 3 5 7 5	S 0 0 4 15 3 4	SSW 0 0 24 15 2 1	SW 0 1 47 7 1 0	WSW 0 5 5 83 4 0	W 9 3 62 3 1 0	WNW 6 1 5 48 3 0	NW 3 1 2 47 3 0	NNW 0 0 13 3 0	CALM 0 0 0 1 0
G Total	0 17	29	3 59	0 32	3 34	19	2 32	5 20	4 26	42	0 56	97	0 81	63	56	0 16	1

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

### FEBRUARY

### STABILITY CLASS A

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	3	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	5	1	1	4	20
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	2	1	12
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	3	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	14	1	3	5	32

### STABILITY CLASS B

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
_	CALM	_																0
	0.75 - 3.49	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
	3.50 - 7.49	2	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	4	5	3	0	21
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	2	0	0	5
	12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	2	1	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	6	7	3	0	29

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

### FEBRUARY

#### STABILITY CLASS C

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	2	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
3.50 - 7.49	2	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	1	4	5	2	23
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	1	0	5
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	2	4	0	4	0	0	0	1	0	1	4	5	1	4	6	2	34

### STABILITY CLASS D

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	6	7	20	23	7	3	1	0	3	1	1	5	14	15	14	12	132
3.50 - 7.49	13	1	1	5	0	0	0	0	3	9	32	36	41	35	32	13	221
7.50 - 12.49	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	12	18	6	9	2	3	57
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	4
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	21	8	21	28	7	3	1	0	6	15	45	62	62	59	48	28	414

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

### FEBRUARY

### STABILITY CLASS E

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	4	5	9	2	3	2	4	2	4	1	2	1	2	1	1	43
3.50 - 7.49	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	7	7	1	0	1	0	0	20
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	1	5	6	9	2	3	2	4	3	11	9	3	2	3	1	1	65

### STABILITY CLASS F

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	1	1	0	2	6	3	8	4	4	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	33
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	6
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	1	1	0	2	6	3	8	4	8	2	1	0	3	0	0	0	39

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

### FEBRUARY

#### STABILITY CLASS G

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
ĊALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	8	22	14	5	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	50
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	8
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	8	22	14	12	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	58

### STABILITY CLASS ALL

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																		
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
_	CALM	_																0	
	0.75 - 3.49	7	15	27	37	15	17	33	23	14	7	3	7	17	17	15	13	267	
	3.50 - 7.49	21	4	3	8	2	0	0	0	15	17	45	46	52	46	41	19	319	
	7.50 - 12.49	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	16	20	18	11	5	4	81	
	12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	4	
	18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
_	TOTAL	30	19	30	45	17	17	33	23	29	29	64	76	88	74	61	36	671	

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

FEBRUARY

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 696

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 671

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 25

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 96.4%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 4.6 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

### PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G
4.77	4.32	5.07	61.70	9.69	5.81	8.64

### DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

A B C D E F G	N 3 2 21 1 1 0	NNE 0 1 4 8 5 1 0	NE 0 3 0 21 6 0 0	ENE 1 4 28 9 2 0	E 1 0 7 2 6 0	ESE 0 0 3 3 3 8	SE 0 0 1 2 8 22	SSE 0 1 0 4 4 14	S 0 0 6 3 8 12	SSW 0 1 15 11 2 0	SW 2 1 45 9 1 2	WSW 2 4 5 62 3 0 0	W 14 6 1 62 2 3 0	WNW 1 7 4 59 3 0 0	NW 3 6 48 1 0 0	NNW 5 2 28 1 0 0	CALM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Total	30	19	30	45	17	17	33	23	29	29	64	76	88	74	61	36	0

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

MARCH

### STABILITY CLASS A

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
3.50 - 7.49	7	4	5	6	2	6	3	3	3	2	0	3	7	0	0	1	52
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	8	11	11	2	0	36
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	3
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	7	4	5	6	2	8	4	4	3	4	2	12	20	11	2	1	95

### STABILITY CLASS B

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2
3.50 - 7.49	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	2	3	1	1	1	0	15
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	0	5
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	5	3	2	2	3	0	23

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

MARCH

### STABILITY CLASS C

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
ĊALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	1	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	10
3.50 - 7.49	1	1	2	0	2	0	0	1	0	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	13
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	3	2	4	0	0	11
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	2	4	4	0	2	0	0	1	1	2	5	5	3	5	1	0	35

### STABILITY CLASS D

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																		
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
_	CALM	_																0	
	0.75 - 3.49	9	12	5	8	4	2	3	1	0	0	1	2	1	3	3	7	61	
	3.50 - 7.49	20	1	0	8	10	3	2	3	2	9	11	9	9	18	26	7	138	
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	13	21	14	18	0	72	
	12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	3	0	0	6	
	18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
-	TOTAL	29	13	5	16	14	5	5	4	2	11	17	25	32	38	47	14	277	1

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

### MARCH

### STABILITY CLASS E

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
ĊALM																	2
0.75 - 3.49	3	10	18	25	9	6	6	4	2	0	1	2	5	2	0	4	97
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	1	9	4	0	0	0	2	6	4	6	0	2	0	0	34
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	2
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	3	10	19	34	13	6	6	4	4	7	5	8	6	4	0	4	135

### STABILITY CLASS F

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	1
0.75 - 3.49	0	1	2	8	6	4	12	8	3	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	48
3.50 - 7.49	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	2	2	8	6	4	12	8	3	3	1	0	0	0	1	1	52

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

MARCH

### STABILITY CLASS G

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
ĊALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	5	3	12	14	33	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	86
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	5	3	12	14	33	17	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	89

### STABILITY CLASS ALL

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																		
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
_	CALM	_																3	
	0.75 - 3.49	13	26	32	45	31	28	55	30	5	1	5	4	7	6	6	14	308	
	3.50 - 7.49	28	9	10	23	18	9	5	8	12	21	19	23	17	21	27	8	258	
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	8	24	36	30	22	0	126	
	12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	3	3	0	0	11	
	18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
-	TOTAL	41	35	42	68	49	37	60	38	18	27	35	53	63	60	55	22	706	

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

MARCH

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 744

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 706

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 38

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 94.9%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 4.7 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

### PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G
13.46	3.26	4.96	39.24	19.12	7.37	12.61

### DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

A B C D E F	N 7 2 29 3 0	NNE 4 2 4 13 10 2	NE 5 2 4 5 19 2	ENE 6 1 0 16 34 8	E 2 0 2 14 13 6	ESE 8 0 5 6 4	SE 4 0 5 6 12	SSE 4 0 1 4 4 8	S 3 1 2 4 3	SSW 4 0 2 11 7 3	SW 2 5 5 17 5 17	WSW 12 3 25 8 0	W 20 2 3 32 6 0	WNW 11 2 5 38 4 0	NW 2 3 1 47 0 1	NNW 1 0 14 4 1	CALM 0 0 0 2 1
G	Ő	Ō	5	3	12	14	33	17	2	0	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	1	2	Ö
Total	41	35	42	68	49	37	60	38	18	27	35	53	63	60	55	22	3

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

APRIL

### STABILITY CLASS A

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	2	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	0	9
3.50 - 7.49	9	7	1	0	2	1	4	1	0	4	4	12	12	6	1	1	65
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	6	6	8	2	1	29
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	11	8	2	1	2	1	4	1	0	5	9	18	19	15	5	2	103

### STABILITY CLASS B

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM	-																0
	0.75 - 3.49	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	5
	3.50 - 7.49	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	2	1	0	8
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	2	1	0	0	0	6
	12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	4	5	1	2	1	0	19

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

APRIL

### STABILITY CLASS C

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
ĊALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	2	0	6
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	6
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	3
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	3	4	0	2	1	15

### STABILITY CLASS D

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	1	6	4	5	1	0	2	0	0	3	4	3	7	4	7	1	48
3.50 - 7.49	7	2	0	0	3	3	1	1	1	8	12	17	4	2	7	2	70
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	21	25	2	1	1	0	52
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	4
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	8	8	4	5	4	3	3	1	1	13	37	49	13	7	15	3	174
BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

APRIL

## STABILITY CLASS E

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	3	2	13	3	8	7	2	5	7	0	5	3	3	2	3	3	69
3.50 - 7.49	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	0	1	4	6	2	1	1	0	1	25
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	4	3	15	5	9	8	3	5	8	4	11	7	4	3	3	4	96

#### STABILITY CLASS F

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	2	0	1	5	4	6	15	16	6	6	0	2	0	0	0	0	63
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	3
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	2	0	1	5	4	6	15	16	7	6	1	3	0	0	0	0	66

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

APRIL

## STABILITY CLASS G

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	N	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	1
0.75 - 3.49	0	2	1	2	10	14	42	36	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	112
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	2	1	2	10	14	42	36	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	115

### STABILITY CLASS ALL

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																1
0.75 - 3.49	8	12	21	17	24	27	61	57	18	9	12	9	12	7	14	4	312
3.50 - 7.49	17	11	3	2	6	5	6	3	6	16	24	36	19	11	9	5	179
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	28	36	10	9	3	1	92
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	4
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	25	23	24	19	30	32	67	60	24	30	64	85	41	27	26	10	588

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

APRIL

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 720

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 588

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 132

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 81.7%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 4.2 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

## PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G
17.52	3.23	2.55	29.59	16.33	11.22	19.56

## DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

A B C D E F	N 11 0 8 4 2	NNE 8 1 1 8 3 0	NE 2 1 0 4 15 1	ENE 1 0 5 5 5	E 2 1 0 4 9 4	ESE 1 0 3 8 6	SE 4 0 3 3 15	SSE 1 0 1 5 16	S 0 1 1 8 7	SSW 5 2 0 13 4 6	SW 9 4 2 37 11 1	WSW 18 5 3 49 7 3	W 19 1 4 13 4 0	WNW 15 2 0 7 3 0	NW 5 1 2 15 3 0	NNW 2 0 1 3 4 0	CALM 0 0 0 0 0
G	Ő	2	1	2	10	14	42	36	7	0	Ö	0	Ö	0	Ö	0	1
Total	25	23	24	19	30	32	67	60	24	30	64	85	41	27	26	10	1

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

MAY

## STABILITY CLASS A

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	7
3.50 - 7.49	25	13	6	1	1	0	0	0	2	6	12	13	26	20	11	14	150
7.50 - 12.49	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	7	6	3	3	1	28
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	30	15	6	1	1	0	0	0	2	6	18	20	33	23	15	16	186

### STABILITY CLASS B

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																		
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
	CALM																	0	
	0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	1	1	0	6	
	3.50 - 7.49	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	1	3	3	0	12	
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	
	12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	
	18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
-	TOTAL	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	6	4	1	4	4	0	21	

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

MAY

## STABILITY CLASS C

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
ĊALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	9
3.50 - 7.49	1	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	3	1	0	2	14
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	4
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	1	2	0	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	6	8	1	0	3	27

### STABILITY CLASS D

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

0 <u>TAL</u> 0 1
0 1
1
6
8
6
0
0
5
0 0 5

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

MAY

#### STABILITY CLASS E

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																1
0.75 - 3.49	6	5	4	4	2	5	6	7	17	6	10	2	2	3	2	5	86
3.50 - 7.49	4	2	0	2	0	0	1	0	5	5	9	3	3	0	0	1	35
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	10	7	4	6	2	5	7	7	22	11	19	5	5	3	2	6	122

#### STABILITY CLASS F

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM																	1
	0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	1	8	18	9	10	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	51
	3.50 - 7.49	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
-	ΤΟΤΑΙ	1	0	0	0	1	8	18	9	11	4	1	1	1	0	1	0	57

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

MAY

## STABILITY CLASS G

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	1
0.75 - 3.49	0	1	1	4	4	13	48	51	14	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	137
3.50 - 7.49	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	2	1	4	4	13	48	53	16	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	143

### STABILITY CLASS ALL

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
_	CALM	_																3
	0.75 - 3.49	15	14	10	13	9	27	72	69	46	11	20	15	16	6	7	7	357
	3.50 - 7.49	34	19	6	7	6	1	2	2	11	17	32	29	34	27	19	21	267
	7.50 - 12.49	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	19	10	3	3	1	52
	12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
	18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	TOTAL	52	34	16	20	15	28	74	71	57	28	65	64	60	36	29	29	681

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

MAY

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 744

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 681

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 63

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 91.5%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 3.7 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

## PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G
27.31	3.08	3.96	18.36	17.91	8.37	21.00

## DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

A B C D E F G	N 30 1 10 10 1 0	NNE 15 1 2 7 7 0 2	NE 6 0 5 4 0 1	ENE 1 2 7 6 0 4	E 1 3 4 2 1 4	ESE 0 0 2 5 8 13	SE 0 0 1 7 18 48	SSE 0 0 2 7 9 53	S 2 0 6 22 11 16	SSW 6 1 6 11 4 0	SW 18 6 1 19 19 1 1	WSW 20 4 6 28 5 1 0	W 33 1 8 12 5 1 0	WNW 23 4 1 5 3 0 0	NW 15 4 0 7 2 1 0	NNW 16 3 4 6 0 0	CALM 0 0 0 1 1 1
Total	52	- 34	16	20	15	28	74	71	57	28	65	64	60	36	29	29	3

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

JUNE

## STABILITY CLASS A

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	2	2	1	0	0	1	2	4	5	3	0	1	4	5	3	3	36
3.50 - 7.49	6	3	0	1	2	1	2	1	8	12	11	15	15	14	19	22	132
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	5	5	4	7	1	0	27
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	8	5	1	1	2	2	4	5	13	20	16	21	23	26	23	25	195

### STABILITY CLASS B

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	6
3.50 - 7.49	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	5	1	1	3	1	16
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	4
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	4	9	2	1	4	2	26

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

JUNE

## STABILITY CLASS C

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	1	0	0	1	1	9
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	3	0	0	1	1	10
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	9	4	0	0	2	2	22

### STABILITY CLASS D

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	-																3
0.75 - 3.49	8	7	2	2	0	0	1	2	1	3	4	6	1	1	5	6	49
3.50 - 7.49	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	11	11	5	3	7	10	59
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	7	8	1	3	0	0	20
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	11	7	2	2	0	0	1	2	1	13	22	26	7	7	12	16	132

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

JUNE

## STABILITY CLASS E

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	2
0.75 - 3.49	4	1	3	4	9	2	4	7	14	8	3	2	1	2	6	8	78
3.50 - 7.49	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	5	4	1	3	0	0	20
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	5	1	3	4	9	2	4	7	14	14	8	6	2	5	6	8	100

#### STABILITY CLASS F

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	11
0.75 - 3.49	0	2	1	4	4	14	26	26	11	2	1	0	0	0	0	2	93
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	8
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	2	1	4	4	14	26	26	12	9	1	0	0	0	0	2	112

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

JUNE

## STABILITY CLASS G

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	6
0.75 - 3.49	1	0	1	0	1	5	51	12	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	77
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	1	0	1	0	1	5	51	12	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	83

### STABILITY CLASS ALL

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
_	CALM	_																22
	0.75 - 3.49	16	12	9	11	14	22	85	51	37	17	9	10	6	8	15	20	342
	3.50 - 7.49	12	3	0	1	2	1	2	1	9	36	34	36	22	21	30	34	244
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	17	19	6	10	2	1	61
	12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
	18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	28	15	9	12	16	23	87	52	46	59	60	66	34	39	47	55	670

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

JUNE

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 720

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 670

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 50

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 93.1%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 3.6 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

## PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G
29.10	3.88	3.28	19.70	14.93	16.72	12.39

## DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

A B C D E F	N 8 1 11 5 0	NNE 5 0 7 1 2	NE 1 0 2 3 1	ENE 1 0 1 2 4 4	E 2 0 0 9 4	ESE 2 0 0 2 14	SE 4 0 1 4 26	SSE 5 0 2 7 26	S 13 1 0 1 14 12	SSW 20 0 2 13 14 9	SW 16 4 9 22 8 1	WSW 21 9 4 26 6 0	W 23 2 0 7 2 0	WNW 26 1 0 7 5 0	NW 23 4 2 12 6 0	NNW 25 2 16 8 2	CALM 0 0 3 2 11
G	1	Ō	1	0	1	5	51	12	5	1	Ö	0	Ő	0	Ő	Ō	6
Total	28	15	9	12	16	23	87	52	46	59	60	66	34	39	47	55	22

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

JULY

## STABILITY CLASS A

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	7	3	2	0	4	3	4	3	3	1	0	3	0	5	2	3	43
3.50 - 7.49	10	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	4	10	16	28	19	7	3	6	108
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	2	5	1	0	0	0	11
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	17	4	3	0	5	4	5	3	8	13	18	37	20	12	5	9	163

### STABILITY CLASS B

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	1	1	0	1	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	2	0	1	0	0	11
3.50 - 7.49	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	4	0	0	0	3	12
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	4	1	0	1	2	0	1	0	2	1	1	6	0	1	0	3	23

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

JULY

## STABILITY CLASS C

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	1	3	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	10
3.50 - 7.49	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	4	0	1	0	4	15
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	2	1	3	2	2	0	0	0	2	0	2	7	0	1	1	4	27

## STABILITY CLASS D

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																2
0.75 - 3.49	7	9	5	8	9	1	6	1	11	8	2	0	8	5	8	7	95
3.50 - 7.49	3	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	5	12	17	4	3	4	2	53
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	5
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	10	9	6	8	9	2	6	2	11	14	16	18	13	8	12	9	155

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

JULY

## STABILITY CLASS E

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	2
0.75 - 3.49	3	1	3	6	5	11	20	22	22	9	2	1	5	2	0	8	120
3.50 - 7.49	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	6	0	1	1	0	1	16
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	3	2	3	6	5	11	20	22	24	14	8	1	6	3	0	9	139

### STABILITY CLASS F

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	5
0.75 - 3.49	1	0	6	3	10	21	45	23	8	3	0	0	1	0	0	1	122
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	1	0	6	3	10	21	45	23	9	5	0	0	1	0	0	1	130

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

JULY

## STABILITY CLASS G

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	E	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	2
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	2	3	7	37	7	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	59
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	2	3	7	37	7	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	61

### STABILITY CLASS ALL

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	E	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																11
0.75 - 3.49	19	15	19	22	35	43	113	56	47	22	5	7	14	13	11	19	460
3.50 - 7.49	18	2	2	0	1	2	1	1	10	22	36	53	24	12	7	16	207
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	4	8	2	0	0	0	19
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	37	17	21	22	36	45	114	57	58	48	45	69	40	25	18	35	698

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

JULY

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 744

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 698

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 46

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 93.8%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 2.9 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

## PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G
23.35	3.30	3.87	22.21	19.91	18.62	8.74

## DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

A B C D E F	N 17 4 2 10 3 1	NNE 4 1 9 2 0	NE 3 0 3 6 3 6	ENE 0 1 2 8 6 3	E 5 2 9 5 10	ESE 4 0 2 11 21	SE 5 1 0 6 20 45	SSE 3 0 2 22 23	S 8 2 11 24 9	SSW 13 1 0 14 14 5	SW 18 1 2 16 8 0	WSW 37 6 7 18 1 0	W 20 0 13 6 1	WNW 12 1 8 3 0	NW 5 0 1 12 0 0	NNW 9 3 4 9 9	CALM 0 0 2 2 5
G	0	0	0	2	3	7	37	7	2	1	0	0	Ö	0	0 0	Ö	2
Total	37	17	21	22	36	45	114	57	58	48	45	69	40	25	18	35	11

## AUGUST

## STABILITY CLASS A

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

	SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
	CALM	_																0
	0.75 - 3.49	5	1	1	1	0	5	1	4	3	2	1	4	0	2	0	6	36
	3.50 - 7.49	6	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	7	26	33	13	1	5	2	97
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	8	1	0	0	0	20
	12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	TOTAL	11	3	1	2	0	5	2	4	3	9	38	45	14	3	5	8	153

## STABILITY CLASS B

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	-																0
0.75 - 3.49	2	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	2	0	1	11
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	4	7	2	0	1	0	18
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	2	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	4	6	8	2	2	1	1	31

## AUGUST

## STABILITY CLASS C

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
 CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	2	1	0	2	1	0	2	0	12
3.50 - 7.49	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	6	1	2	0	0	13
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	3
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 TOTAL	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	3	2	3	9	2	2	2	0	28

## STABILITY CLASS D

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	-																3
0.75 - 3.49	6	5	17	4	5	1	3	3	2	3	7	6	7	4	1	6	80
3.50 - 7.49	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	15	22	3	1	1	2	52
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	4
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	8	5	17	4	5	1	3	3	3	8	26	28	10	5	2	8	139

## AUGUST

## STABILITY CLASS E

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	26
0.75 - 3.49	2	11	12	14	17	21	14	23	17	15	3	1	6	4	6	8	174
3.50 - 7.49	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	7	7	1	0	0	0	0	17
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	2
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	2	12	12	14	17	21	14	23	18	22	10	3	6	5	6	8	219

## STABILITY CLASS F

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	29
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	1	7	13	11	50	13	7	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	107
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	1	7	13	11	50	13	7	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	136

## AUGUST

## STABILITY CLASS G

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	2
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	2	6	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	2	6	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13

## STABILITY CLASS ALL

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	_																60
0.75 - 3.49	15	18	32	28	36	40	75	48	32	25	13	13	14	12	9	21	431
3.50 - 7.49	9	3	0	1	0	0	1	0	3	24	53	69	19	4	7	4	197
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	11	1	1	0	0	31
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ΤΟΤΑΙ	24	21	32	29	36	40	76	48	35	49	84	93	34	17	16	25	719

Rev. 22

PROGRAM: JFD REVISION: 4P BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

AUGUST

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 744

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 719

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 25

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 96.6%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 2.9 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

## PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G
21.28	4.31	3.89	19.33	30.46	18.92	1.81

## DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WS W	W	WN W	NW	NNW	CALM
А	11	3	1	2	0	5	2	4	3	9	38	45	14	3	5	8	0
В	2	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	4	6	8	2	2	1	1	0
С	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	3	2	3	9	2	2	2	0	0
D	8	5	17	4	5	1	3	3	3	8	26	28	10	5	2	8	3
E	2	12	12	14	17	21	14	23	18	22	10	3	6	5	6	8	26
F	0	0	1	7	13	11	50	13	7	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	29
G	0	0	0	0	0	2	6	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Total	24	21	32	29	36	40	76	48	35	49	84	93	34	17	16	25	60

## SEPTEMBER

## STABILITY CLASS A

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	8	0	0	1	0	2	1	2	5	3	2	1	2	4	1	4	36
3.50 - 7.49	16	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	11	12	19	6	10	6	7	94
7.50 - 12.49	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	3	2	3	0	0	16
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	25	2	0	1	0	2	1	4	8	14	21	23	10	17	7	11	146

## STABILITY CLASS B

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	-																0
0.75 - 3.49	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	3	0	1	8
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	4	2	1	1	0	11
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	3
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	4	6	2	4	1	1	22

## SEPTEMBER

## STABILITY CLASS C

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	-																0
0.75 - 3.49	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	1	1	8
3.50 - 7.49	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	1	0	0	1	11
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	4	1	2	1	2	21

## STABILITY CLASS D

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	_																1
0.75 - 3.49	9	4	5	1	0	2	2	4	5	3	4	3	2	1	7	8	60
3.50 - 7.49	7	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	7	22	4	7	5	5	3	64
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	6	1	0	1	0	10
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	16	6	6	1	0	2	2	4	6	10	28	13	10	6	13	11	135

## SEPTEMBER

## STABILITY CLASS E

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	3
0.75 - 3.49	6	3	7	9	5	15	9	7	8	7	2	0	0	1	2	2	83
3.50 - 7.49	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	6	6	1	0	0	0	27
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	6	4	8	9	5	15	9	7	8	19	8	6	1	1	2	2	113

## STABILITY CLASS F

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	4
0.75 - 3.49	0	2	2	4	13	23	57	23	10	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	136
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	2	2	4	13	23	57	23	12	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	143

## SEPTEMBER

## STABILITY CLASS G

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	3
0.75 - 3.49	0	1	2	1	3	20	36	20	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	87
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	1	2	1	3	20	36	20	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	92

## STABILITY CLASS ALL

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	_																11
0.75 - 3.49	25	11	17	16	21	62	105	56	33	15	11	4	4	11	11	16	418
3.50 - 7.49	24	7	2	0	0	0	0	2	8	33	45	35	17	16	12	11	212
7.50 - 12.49	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	13	3	3	1	0	31
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ΤΟΤΑΙ	50	18	19	16	21	62	105	58	41	48	66	52	24	30	24	27	672

Rev. 22

PROGRAM: JFD REVISION: 4P BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

SEPTEMBER

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 720

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 672

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 48

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 93.3%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 3.1 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

## PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G
21.73	3.27	3.13	20.09	16.82	21.28	13.69

## DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WS W	W	WN W	NW	NNW	CALM
А	25	2	0	1	0	2	1	4	8	14	21	23	10	17	7	11	0
В	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	4	6	2	4	1	1	0
С	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	4	1	2	1	2	0
D	16	6	6	1	0	2	2	4	6	10	28	13	10	6	13	11	1
E	6	4	8	9	5	15	9	7	8	19	8	6	1	1	2	2	3
F	0	2	2	4	13	23	57	23	12	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
G	0	1	2	1	3	20	36	20	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Total	50	18	19	16	21	62	105	58	41	48	66	52	24	30	24	27	11

## OCTOBER

## STABILITY CLASS A

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	-																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	5
3.50 - 7.49	7	4	4	2	3	2	2	1	0	7	5	5	4	0	2	4	52
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	11	11	3	0	0	31
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	7	4	5	2	3	2	2	3	0	8	11	16	16	3	2	5	89

## STABILITY CLASS B

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
3.50 - 7.49	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	3	1	1	0	0	9
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	1	0	0	0	5
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	2	6	2	1	0	0	16

## OCTOBER

## STABILITY CLASS C

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5
3.50 - 7.49	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	4	4	0	1	0	17
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	0	0	0	5
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	3	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	5	8	0	1	1	27

## STABILITY CLASS D

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	-																2
0.75 - 3.49	3	1	5	5	4	3	1	0	3	3	4	0	3	2	2	0	39
3.50 - 7.49	4	0	0	1	1	2	0	0	2	1	17	20	20	4	8	6	86
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	35	25	0	2	0	66
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	3	0	0	0	8
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	7	1	5	6	5	5	1	0	5	4	25	60	51	6	12	6	201

## OCTOBER

## STABILITY CLASS E

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	5	2	4	3	8	6	7	6	9	6	2	0	0	1	1	1	61
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	1	0	2	0	1	0	2	4	12	4	0	0	0	0	26
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	5	2	5	3	10	6	8	6	11	11	15	4	0	1	1	1	89

## STABILITY CLASS F

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	2	1	0	6	5	14	18	23	5	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	76
3.50 - 7.49	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	10
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	3	2	0	6	5	14	18	23	11	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	86

## OCTOBER

## STABILITY CLASS G

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	1	6	35	35	9	9	2	0	0	1	1	0	0	99
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	1	6	35	35	9	10	2	0	0	1	1	0	0	100

## STABILITY CLASS ALL

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	_																2
0.75 - 3.49	10	6	10	16	23	59	62	40	27	12	8	0	4	4	3	3	287
3.50 - 7.49	16	5	5	3	6	4	3	1	11	19	37	36	29	5	11	10	201
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	11	50	41	3	2	0	109
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	4	0	0	0	9
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	26	11	15	19	29	63	65	41	38	33	56	91	78	12	16	13	608

OCTOBER

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 744

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 608

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 136

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 81.7%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 4.5 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

## PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G
14.64	2.63	4.44	33.06	14.64	14.14	16.45

## DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WS W	W	WN W	NW	NNW	CALM
А	7	4	5	2	3	2	2	3	0	8	11	16	16	3	2	5	0
В	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	2	6	2	1	0	0	0
С	3	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	5	8	0	1	1	0
D	7	1	5	6	5	5	1	0	5	4	25	60	51	6	12	6	2
E	5	2	5	3	10	6	8	6	11	11	15	4	0	1	1	1	0
F	3	2	0	6	5	14	18	23	11	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
G	0	0	0	1	6	35	35	9	10	2	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
Total	26	11	15	19	29	63	65	41	38	33	56	91	78	12	16	13	2

## NOVEMBER

## STABILITY CLASS A

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	1	1	0	7
3.50 - 7.49	6	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	3	5	7	4	9	2	44
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	5	1	6	0	1	16
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	6	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	6	8	11	8	11	10	3	67

## STABILITY CLASS B

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	-																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	3	0	1	3	0	11
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	6	2	2	1	0	13
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	9	2	3	4	0	24

## NOVEMBER

## STABILITY CLASS C

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	4
3.50 - 7.49	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	2	3	3	1	15
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	1	2	3	0	12
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	7	4	5	6	1	31

## STABILITY CLASS D

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	6	14	10	5	0	0	1	1	3	1	1	0	2	7	7	10	68
3.50 - 7.49	14	7	1	5	0	0	0	0	2	6	7	14	7	19	51	12	145
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	9	22	4	3	12	0	52
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	20	21	11	10	0	0	1	1	5	9	17	37	13	29	70	22	266

## NOVEMBER

## STABILITY CLASS E

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	-																3
0.75 - 3.49	2	5	9	2	6	4	2	4	1	3	1	1	2	3	0	1	46
3.50 - 7.49	0	1	0	8	0	0	0	0	1	4	9	14	2	0	1	0	40
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	6	5	5	0	1	0	18
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	2	6	9	10	6	4	2	4	2	8	16	20	9	3	2	1	107

## STABILITY CLASS F

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	1
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	6	7	8	12	15	7	2	5	1	0	1	0	0	0	64
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	11
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	6	7	8	12	15	7	7	9	3	0	1	0	0	0	76
# NOVEMBER

# STABILITY CLASS G

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
 CALM	-																1
0.75 - 3.49	0	1	0	4	6	15	36	21	3	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	89
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	4	1	0	0	1	0	0	10
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	1	0	5	6	15	36	21	6	6	1	0	0	2	0	0	100

# STABILITY CLASS ALL

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	5
0.75 - 3.49	9	22	25	18	20	31	54	33	9	12	5	3	6	12	8	11	278
3.50 - 7.49	21	10	1	14	0	0	0	0	12	25	26	39	18	28	67	15	276
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	21	41	13	13	17	1	111
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	30	32	26	32	20	31	54	33	21	42	52	84	37	53	92	27	671

NOVEMBER

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 720

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 671

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 49

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 93.2%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 4.5 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

# PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

					A 9.99	B 3.58	8	C 4.62	D 39.64	E 15	<u>=</u> .95	F 11.33	G 14.	; 90			
						DISTF	RIBUTIO	ON OF W	/IND DI	RECTIO	N VS S	TABILIT	Y				
	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WS W	W	WN W	NW	NNW	CALM
A	6	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	6	8	11	8	11	10	3	0
В	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	9	2	3	4	0	0
Ç	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ō	1	.4	7	4	5	_6	1	0
D	20	21	11	10	0	0	1	1	5	9	17	37	13	29	70	22	0
E	2	6	9	10	6	4	2	4	2	8	16	20	9	3	2	1	3
F	0	0	6	7	8	12	15	7	7	9	3	0	1	0	0	0	1
G	0	1	0	5	6	15	36	21	6	6	1	0	0	2	0	Ō	1
Total	30	32	26	32	20	31	54	33	21	42	52	84	37	53	92	27	5

# DECEMBER

# STABILITY CLASS A

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	-																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
3.50 - 7.49	2	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	11	4	6	3	31
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	4
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	2	0	0	0	3	1	2	0	0	1	0	2	12	5	7	3	38

# STABILITY CLASS B

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	7
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	4	1	1	1	11
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	1	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	4	2	3	2	20

# DECEMBER

# STABILITY CLASS C

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	1	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	3	12
3.50 - 7.49	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	4	1	12
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	2	5
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	2	4	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	3	0	7	6	29

# STABILITY CLASS D

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	_																3
0.75 - 3.49	11	12	37	15	1	1	3	2	4	8	4	2	1	1	4	5	111
3.50 - 7.49	20	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	15	18	18	16	11	19	13	136
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	21	12	19	9	4	2	78
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	6	0	1	0	10
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	31	14	37	15	1	1	3	2	8	34	43	35	42	21	28	20	338

# DECEMBER

# STABILITY CLASS E

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	5
0.75 - 3.49	5	5	11	8	17	6	2	5	4	4	5	3	3	1	3	1	83
3.50 - 7.49	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	9	7	3	0	0	0	3	29
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	2	0	0	0	0	10
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	7	6	11	8	17	6	2	5	8	13	20	8	3	1	3	4	127

# STABILITY CLASS F

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	-																4
0.75 - 3.49	0	3	1	3	5	6	6	7	3	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	37
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	12	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	17
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	3	1	3	5	6	6	8	15	4	2	1	0	0	0	0	58

# DECEMBER

# STABILITY CLASS G

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	1
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	5	3	5	11	20	9	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	60
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	5	3	5	11	20	9	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	64

# STABILITY CLASS ALL

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	13
0.75 - 3.49	17	21	58	31	31	24	33	23	16	13	12	6	5	3	9	11	313
3.50 - 7.49	25	6	0	1	2	1	0	1	23	29	26	26	32	16	30	21	239
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	29	15	21	10	8	5	99
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	6	0	1	0	10
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	42	27	58	32	33	25	33	24	39	53	67	50	64	29	48	37	674

DECEMBER

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 744

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 674

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 70

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 90.6%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 4.3 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

# PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G
5.64	2.97	4.30	50.15	18.84	8.61	9.50

# DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WS W	W	WN W	NW	NNW	CALM
A B	2 0 2	00	0 1 2	0 2 1	3 2 0	1 0	2 0	0 0	0 0	1 0 1	0 1	2 3	12 4 2	5	7 3 7	3 2 6	0 0
D E F	2 31 7 0	4 14 6 3	37 11 1	15 8 3	1 17 5	0 1 6 6	0 3 2 6	2 5 8	0 8 8 15	34 13 4	43 20 2	35 8 1	42 3 0	21 1 0	28 3 0	20 4 0	0 3 5 4
G	Õ	Ő	5	3	5	11	20	9	8	Ó	ō	Ó	Ö	Ö	Õ	2	1
Total	42	27	58	32	33	25	33	24	39	53	67	50	64	29	48	37	13

## ANNUAL

## STABILITY CLASS A

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	26	9	6	3	6	13	11	16	16	10	7	10	8	18	10	18	187
3.50 - 7.49	97	38	17	13	14	12	13	8	21	65	91	136	128	71	63	66	853
7.50 - 12.49	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	11	44	59	59	44	14	4	241
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	0	0	0	6
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	127	48	23	16	20	25	24	24	38	86	143	207	198	133	87	88	1287

# STABILITY CLASS B

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	4	4	6	5	5	1	3	0	4	0	11	4	0	8	3	3	61
3.50 - 7.49	8	4	3	2	1	1	0	0	4	11	17	42	18	17	18	5	151
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	8	21	9	5	4	1	51
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	12	8	9	7	6	2	3	0	8	14	37	68	27	30	25	9	265

## ANNUAL

## STABILITY CLASS C

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	5	13	10	11	3	0	1	3	3	2	4	6	8	3	8	6	86
3.50 - 7.49	13	8	2	1	7	0	0	2	4	10	20	35	17	14	16	13	162
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	14	20	12	8	7	3	66
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	18	21	12	12	10	0	1	5	8	13	39	61	37	25	31	22	315

# STABILITY CLASS D

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	-																14
0.75 - 3.49	80	91	140	97	45	22	26	17	39	41	37	41	61	54	72	65	928
3.50 - 7.49	102	20	8	23	17	11	4	7	19	95	200	215	153	134	200	83	1291
7.50 - 12.49	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	25	104	181	101	48	40	6	507
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	27	12	3	1	0	44
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ΤΟΤΑΙ	184	111	148	120	62	33	30	24	58	161	342	464	327	239	313	154	2784

# ANNUAL

# STABILITY CLASS E

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	_																45
0.75 - 3.49	42	57	108	94	96	89	86	98	110	67	38	21	29	26	26	44	1031
3.50 - 7.49	9	14	10	21	7	1	3	1	27	76	80	44	9	8	2	7	319
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	18	10	8	1	1	0	44
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	51	71	118	115	103	90	89	99	137	149	136	75	47	35	29	51	1440

# STABILITY CLASS F

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	56
0.75 - 3.49	7	12	23	55	82	127	285	166	71	28	9	4	6	0	2	4	881
3.50 - 7.49	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	34	26	4	1	1	0	0	0	72
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	9	15	23	55	82	127	285	167	105	54	13	5	7	0	2	4	1009

## ANNUAL

# STABILITY CLASS G

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
 CALM																	17
0.75 - 3.49	1	5	17	20	53	145	368	203	53	7	2	0	1	2	1	4	882
3.50 - 7.49	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	3	25	4	2	0	0	1	0	0	39
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 TOTAL	1	7	18	21	53	145	368	206	78	11	4	0	1	3	1	4	938

# STABILITY CLASS ALL

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	132
0.75 - 3.49	165	191	310	285	290	397	780	503	296	155	108	86	113	111	122	144	4056
3.50 - 7.49	231	89	41	61	46	25	20	22	134	287	414	473	326	245	299	174	2887
7.50 - 12.49	6	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	46	188	291	189	106	66	14	909
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	30	16	3	1	0	54
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	402	281	351	346	336	422	800	525	432	488	714	880	644	465	488	332	8038

Rev. 22

PROGRAM: JFD **REVISION: 4P** BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

ANNUAL

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 8784

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 8038

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 746

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 91.5%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 4.0 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

# PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

					A 16.01	В 3.3	0	C 3.92	D 34.64	E 4 17	<u>=</u> .91	F 12.55	G 11.0	67			
						DIST	RIBUTIO	ON OF V	VIND DI	RECTIO	N VS S	TABILIT	Y				
	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WS W	W	WN W	NW	NNW	CALM
A B C D E F G	127 12 18 184 51 9 1	48 8 21 111 71 15 7	23 9 12 148 118 23 18	16 7 12 120 115 55 21	20 6 10 62 103 82 53	25 2 33 90 127 145	24 3 1 30 89 285 368	24 0 5 24 99 167 206	38 8 58 137 105 78	86 14 13 161 149 54 11	143 37 39 342 136 13 4	207 68 61 464 75 5 0	198 27 37 327 47 7 1	133 30 25 239 35 0 3	87 25 31 313 29 2 1	88 9 22 154 51 4 4	0 0 14 45 56 17
Total	402	281	351	346	336	422	800	525	432	488	714	880	644	465	488	332	132

# APPENDIX B

Monthly and Annual Joint Frequency Distribution of  $\Delta T(150 \text{ft}-35 \text{ft})$  and 35-ft Wind Data (January 1, 1976 - December 31, 1980)

#### JANUARY

## STABILITY CLASS A

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
-																2
0	3	2	1	1	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	15
0	2	2	6	1	0	2	1	0	3	4	8	7	5	2	0	43
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	7	16	4	3	0	33
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	4
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	5	4	7	2	2	4	2	1	3	7	18	26	9	5	0	97
	N 0 0 0 0 0 1 1	N NNE 0 3 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 5	N         NNE         NE           0         3         2           0         2         2           0         0         0           0         0         0           0         0         0           0         0         0           1         0         0	N         NNE         NE         ENE           0         3         2         1           0         2         2         6           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           1         0         0         0           1         5         4         7	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E           0         3         2         1         1           0         2         2         6         1           0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0           1         0         0         0         0           1         5         4         7         2	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE           0         3         2         1         1         2           0         2         2         6         1         0           0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0           1         0         0         0         0         0           1         5         4         7         2         2	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE           0         3         2         1         1         2         2           0         2         2         6         1         0         2           0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0           1         0         0         0         0         0         0           1         5         4         7         2         2         4	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE           0         3         2         1         1         2         2         1           0         2         2         6         1         0         2         1           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0 <td< td=""><td>N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S           0         3         2         1         1         2         2         1         1           0         2         2         6         1         0         2         1         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           1         5         4         7         2         2         4         2         1</td><td>N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW           0         3         2         1         1         2         2         1         1         0           0         2         2         6         1         0         2         1         0         3           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           1         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         &lt;</td><td>N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW           0         3         2         1         1         2         2         1         1         0         0           0         2         2         6         1         0         2         1         0         3         4           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         4           0         0         0         0         0         0         3         4           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         4           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         4           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         4           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0</td><td>N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW           0         3         2         1         1         2         2         1         1         0         0         0           0         2         2         6         1         0         2         1         0         3         4         8           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         7           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         7           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         7           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         7           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         7           1         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0</td><td>N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW         W           0         3         2         1         1         2         2         1         1         0         0         0         2           0         2         2         6         1         0         2         1         0         3         4         8         7           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         7         16           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         1           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         1           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         1           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0</td><td>N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW         W         WNW           0         3         2         1         1         2         2         1         1         0         0         0         2         0           0         2         2         6         1         0         2         1         0         3         4         8         7         5           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         7         16         4           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         1         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0</td><td>N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW         W         WNW         NW           0         3         2         1         1         2         2         1         1         0         0         0         2         0         0           0         2         2         6         1         0         2         1         0         3         4         8         7         5         2           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         7         16         4         3           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0</td><td>N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW         W         WNW         NW         NNW           0         3         2         1         1         2         2         1         1         0         0         0         2         0         0         0           0         2         2         6         1         0         2         1         0         3         4         8         7         5         2         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0</td></td<>	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S           0         3         2         1         1         2         2         1         1           0         2         2         6         1         0         2         1         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           1         5         4         7         2         2         4         2         1	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW           0         3         2         1         1         2         2         1         1         0           0         2         2         6         1         0         2         1         0         3           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           1         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         <	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW           0         3         2         1         1         2         2         1         1         0         0           0         2         2         6         1         0         2         1         0         3         4           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         4           0         0         0         0         0         0         3         4           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         4           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         4           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         4           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW           0         3         2         1         1         2         2         1         1         0         0         0           0         2         2         6         1         0         2         1         0         3         4         8           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         7           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         7           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         7           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         7           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         7           1         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW         W           0         3         2         1         1         2         2         1         1         0         0         0         2           0         2         2         6         1         0         2         1         0         3         4         8         7           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         7         16           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         1           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         1           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         1           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW         W         WNW           0         3         2         1         1         2         2         1         1         0         0         0         2         0           0         2         2         6         1         0         2         1         0         3         4         8         7         5           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         7         16         4           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         1         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW         W         WNW         NW           0         3         2         1         1         2         2         1         1         0         0         0         2         0         0           0         2         2         6         1         0         2         1         0         3         4         8         7         5         2           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         7         16         4         3           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW         W         WNW         NW         NNW           0         3         2         1         1         2         2         1         1         0         0         0         2         0         0         0           0         2         2         6         1         0         2         1         0         3         4         8         7         5         2         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0

## STABILITY CLASS B

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	-																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2
3.50 - 7.49	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	4	2	2	2	1	16
7.50 - 12.49	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	9	7	4	1	1	0	25
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	5	0	1	0	9
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	3	11	13	12	3	4	1	52

## JANUARY

# STABILITY CLASS C

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

# JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	-																1
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	2	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	8
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	1	4	3	0	0	0	1	1	2	6	9	3	5	1	36
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	7	10	10	4	1	0	33
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	1	0	0	0	7
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	3	5	4	0	1	1	1	2	11	22	20	7	6	1	85

# STABILITY CLASS D

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																		
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
	CALM																	1	
	0.75 - 3.49	32	46	77	59	47	19	8	13	18	19	12	13	16	23	23	20	445	
	3.50 - 7.49	23	11	32	22	2	2	0	3	23	49	135	206	115	59	77	33	792	
	7.50 - 12.49	1	0	3	2	1	0	0	0	2	11	92	254	109	31	13	1	519	
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	39	4	1	0	0	55	
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	3	0	0	0	0	8	
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
_	TOTAL	56	57	112	83	50	21	8	16	43	79	255	515	244	114	113	54	1820	

#### JANUARY

## STABILITY CLASS E

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																11
0.75 - 3.49	20	31	56	39	40	23	28	22	22	22	9	9	3	11	6	10	351
3.50 - 7.49	4	12	21	21	1	0	0	3	26	44	49	15	7	5	4	3	215
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	5	3	0	0	0	0	1	6	28	29	5	0	0	0	77
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	6	1	0	0	0	11
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	24	43	82	63	41	23	28	25	49	73	90	59	16	16	10	13	666

## STABILITY CLASS F

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	-																6
0.75 - 3.49	3	9	18	20	38	17	30	25	11	4	2	2	3	0	0	3	185
3.50 - 7.49	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	9	9	3	1	0	0	0	0	27
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	6	11	18	20	38	17	30	25	20	13	6	5	3	0	0	3	221

#### JANUARY

## STABILITY CLASS G

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

# JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																6
0.75 - 3.49	1	2	5	9	20	19	57	51	10	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	176
3.50 - 7.49	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 > 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 TOTAL	1	3	6	10	20	19	57	51	21	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	196

## STABILITY CLASS ALL

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																		
	(MPH)	N	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
_	CALM																	27	
	0.75 - 3.49	56	91	160	129	147	80	126	113	63	47	23	26	25	34	29	33	1182	
	3.50 - 7.49	30	29	57	54	7	3	2	7	70	108	194	240	140	74	90	38	1143	
	7.50 - 12.49	0	1	8	5	1	0	0	0	4	19	140	308	144	40	18	1	689	
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	55	12	1	1	0	87	
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	3	0	0	0	0	9	
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	TOTAL	86	121	225	188	155	83	128	120	137	175	380	632	321	149	138	72	3137	1

JANUARY

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA TBETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEETWIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEETWIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 3720

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 3137

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 583

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 84.3%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 5.2 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

#### PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	E	F	G
3.09	1.66	2.71	58.02	21.23	7.04	6.25

## DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	CALM
А	0	5	4	7	2	2	4	2	1	3	7	18	26	9	5	0	2
В	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	3	11	13	12	3	4	1	0
С	0	0	3	5	4	0	1	1	1	2	11	22	20	7	6	1	1
D	55	57	112	83	50	21	8	16	43	79	255	515	244	114	113	54	1
E	24	43	82	63	41	23	28	25	49	73	90	59	16	16	10	13	11
F	6	11	18	20	38	17	30	25	20	13	6	5	3	Ō	0	3	6
G	1	3	6	10	20	19	57	51	21	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
Total	86	121	225	188	155	83	128	120	137	175	380	632	321	149	138	72	27

#### FEBRUARY

## STABILITY CLASS A

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	1	1	6	2	0	1	2	0	0	1	2	0	2	1	1	0	20
3.50 - 7.49	8	3	5	12	4	0	2	0	5	5	7	23	29	18	12	4	137
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	4	22	6	4	1	40
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	4
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	9	4	11	14	4	1	4	0	5	6	12	28	55	26	17	5	201
3.50 - 7.49 7.50 - 12.49 12.50 -18.49 18.50 -23.99 > 23.99 TOTAL	8 0 0 0 0 9	3 0 0 0 0 4	5 0 0 0 0 11	12 0 0 0 0 14	4 0 0 0 0 4	0 0 0 0 0 1	2 0 0 0 0 4	0 0 0 0 0	5 0 0 0 0 5	5 0 0 0 0 6	7 3 0 0 0 12	23 4 1 0 28	29 22 2 0 0 55	18 6 1 0 0 26	12 4 0 0 0 17	4 1 0 0 0 5	137 40 4 0 0 201

## STABILITY CLASS B

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	7
3.50 - 7.49	3	0	4	3	2	1	1	0	0	1	3	14	6	9	6	1	54
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	5	11	5	1	0	26
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	3	2	7	3	2	1	1	0	0	3	6	19	17	14	7	2	87

## FEBRUARY

## STABILITY CLASS C

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM	-																0
	0.75 - 3.49	0	2	1	4	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	2	15
	3.50 - 7.49	6	3	2	6	0	0	0	1	1	2	3	11	17	9	9	3	73
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	3	9	2	1	1	27
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
-	TOTAL	6	5	3	10	0	0	2	2	1	3	14	16	26	11	10	6	115

## STABILITY CLASS D

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																		
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	E	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
_	CALM																	0	
	0.75 - 3.49	29	25	44	54	18	5	8	6	5	7	14	19	25	33	22	25	339	
	3.50 - 7.49	53	25	22	34	2	0	2	2	7	37	84	115	122	115	131	51	802	
	7.50 - 12.49	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	77	98	54	22	12	7	297	
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	10	1	0	0	0	17	
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	TOTAL	85	51	68	88	20	5	10	8	12	65	181	242	202	170	165	83	1455	Ĩ

## FEBRUARY

## STABILITY CLASS E

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
 (MPH)	N	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
 CALM	_																2
0.75 - 3.49	12	21	32	38	26	21	16	9	15	10	16	9	10	8	12	14	269
3.50 - 7.49	6	9	15	10	1	0	0	1	9	36	68	42	11	12	14	11	245
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	10	44	17	4	1	2	0	81
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 TOTAL	18	30	48	49	28	21	16	10	24	56	129	69	25	21	28	25	599

## STABILITY CLASS F

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	-																4
0.75 - 3.49	5	6	16	26	23	18	34	30	16	6	2	2	4	0	0	1	189
3.50 - 7.49	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	26	11	18	3	1	0	2	0	65
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	7
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	6	6	17	27	23	18	35	31	42	18	25	5	5	0	2	1	265

#### FEBRUARY

## STABILITY CLASS G

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																14
0.75 - 3.49	3	8	14	14	37	36	112	89	26	11	3	2	0	1	2	2	360
3.50 - 7.49	0	2	2	2	1	1	0	4	22	10	2	3	0	0	0	0	49
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 > 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 TOTAL	3	10	16	16	38	37	112	93	48	22	7	5	0	1	2	2	426

## STABILITY CLASS ALL

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

# JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																		
 (MPH)	N	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
CALM	_																20	
0.75 - 3.49	50	65	116	138	104	81	174	135	62	35	39	34	41	43	37	45	1199	
3.50 - 7.49	77	42	51	68	10	2	5	9	70	102	185	211	185	163	174	70	1425	
7.50 - 12.49	3	1	3	1	1	0	1	0	0	36	143	127	100	36	20	9	481	
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	12	3	1	0	0	23	
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
TOTAL	130	109	170	207	115	83	180	144	132	173	374	384	330	243	231	124	3148	

Rev. 22

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980

SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

FEBRUARY

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA TBETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEETWIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEETWIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 3408

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 3148

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 260

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 92.4%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 4.6 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

# PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G
6.39	2.76	3.65	46.22	19.03	8.42	13.53

# DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	CALM
А	9	4	11	14	4	1	4	0	5	6	12	28	55	26	17	5	0
В	3	2	7	3	2	1	1	0	0	3	6	19	17	14	7	2	0
С	6	5	3	10	0	0	2	2	1	3	14	16	26	11	10	6	0
D	85	51	68	88	20	5	10	8	12	65	181	242	202	170	165	83	0
Е	18	30	48	49	28	21	16	10	24	56	129	69	25	21	28	25	2
F	6	6	17	27	23	18	35	31	42	18	25	5	5	0	2	1	4
G	3	10	16	16	38	37	112	93	48	22	7	5	0	1	2	2	14
Total	130	108	170	207	115	83	180	144	132	173	374	384	330	243	231	124	20

MARCH

## STABILITY CLASS A

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	5	0	1	1	4	2	2	1	0	2	2	0	0	3	2	25
3.50 - 7.49	33	19	16	11	10	19	21	15	9	13	18	28	37	19	7	9	284
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	6	14	26	36	44	27	13	2	172
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	7	2	2	0	0	0	14
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	33	24	16	12	11	23	24	20	16	30	53	68	83	46	23	13	495

#### STABILITY CLASS B

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	-																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	9
3.50 - 7.49	3	3	3	1	0	0	2	2	4	1	8	5	4	3	3	1	43
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	5	8	6	3	2	0	27
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	3	3	4	3	0	0	3	3	4	3	15	14	10	7	6	2	80

MARCH

# STABILITY CLASS C

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

# JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
-																1
2	3	3	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	3	1	1	2	0	18
3	5	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	7	6	2	3	5	2	52
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	7	10	10	13	8	0	1	51
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	4
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	8	6	3	2	3	3	3	4	9	21	19	17	12	7	3	126
	N 2 3 0 0 0 0 5	N NNE 2 3 3 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5 8	N NNE NE 2 3 3 3 5 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5 8 6	N         NNE         NE         ENE           2         3         3         0           3         5         3         3           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           5         8         6         3	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E           2         3         3         0         0           3         5         3         3         2           0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0           5         8         6         3         2	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE           2         3         3         0         0         1           3         5         3         3         2         2           0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0           5         8         6         3         2         3	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE           2         3         3         0         0         1         1           3         5         3         3         2         2         2           0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0           5         8         6         3         2         3         3	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE           2         3         3         0         0         1         1         0           3         5         3         3         2         2         2         2           0         0         0         0         0         1         1         0           3         5         3         3         2         2         2         2           0         0         0         0         0         1         1         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         1         1         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0 <td< td=""><td>N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S           2         3         3         0         0         1         1         0         0           3         5         3         3         2         2         2         2         3           0         0         0         0         0         0         1         1           0         0         0         0         0         0         1         1           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         <td< td=""><td>N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW           2         3         3         0         0         1         1         0         0         0           3         5         3         3         2         2         2         2         3         2           0         0         0         0         0         1         1         7           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         &lt;</td><td>N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW           2         3         3         0         0         1         1         0         0         0         1           3         5         3         3         2         2         2         2         3         2         7           0         0         0         0         0         0         1         1         7         10           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         3         3         2         7         10         0         3         3         3         1         7         10         0         0         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         4         9         21</td><td>N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW           2         3         3         0         0         1         1         0         0         0         1         3           3         5         3         3         2         2         2         2         3         2         7         6           0         0         0         0         0         0         1         1         7         10         10           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0</td><td>N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW         W           2         3         3         0         0         1         1         0         0         0         1         3         1           3         5         3         3         2         2         2         2         3         2         7         6         2           0         0         0         0         0         0         1         1         7         10         10         13           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         1         1         7         10         10         13           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         1         1         7         10         10         13           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0<td>N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW         W         WNW           2         3         3         0         0         1         1         0         0         0         1         3         1         1           3         5         3         3         2         2         2         2         3         2         7         6         2         3           0         0         0         0         0         0         1         1         7         10         10         13         8           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         1         0         0         0         1         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1</td><td>N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW         W         WNW         NW           2         3         3         0         0         1         1         0         0         0         1         3         1         1         2           3         5         3         3         2         2         2         2         3         2         7         6         2         3         5           0         0         0         0         0         1         1         7         10         10         13         8         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0</td><td>N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW         W         WNW         NW         NNW           2         3         3         0         0         1         1         0         0         0         1         3         1         1         2         0           3         5         3         3         2         2         2         2         3         2         7         6         2         3         5         2           0         0         0         0         0         1         1         7         10         10         13         8         0         1           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0</td></td></td<></td></td<>	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S           2         3         3         0         0         1         1         0         0           3         5         3         3         2         2         2         2         3           0         0         0         0         0         0         1         1           0         0         0         0         0         0         1         1           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0 <td< td=""><td>N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW           2         3         3         0         0         1         1         0         0         0           3         5         3         3         2         2         2         2         3         2           0         0         0         0         0         1         1         7           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         &lt;</td><td>N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW           2         3         3         0         0         1         1         0         0         0         1           3         5         3         3         2         2         2         2         3         2         7           0         0         0         0         0         0         1         1         7         10           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         3         3         2         7         10         0         3         3         3         1         7         10         0         0         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         4         9         21</td><td>N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW           2         3         3         0         0         1         1         0         0         0         1         3           3         5         3         3         2         2         2         2         3         2         7         6           0         0         0         0         0         0         1         1         7         10         10           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0</td><td>N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW         W           2         3         3         0         0         1         1         0         0         0         1         3         1           3         5         3         3         2         2         2         2         3         2         7         6         2           0         0         0         0         0         0         1         1         7         10         10         13           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         1         1         7         10         10         13           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         1         1         7         10         10         13           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0<td>N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW         W         WNW           2         3         3         0         0         1         1         0         0         0         1         3         1         1           3         5         3         3         2         2         2         2         3         2         7         6         2         3           0         0         0         0         0         0         1         1         7         10         10         13         8           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         1         0         0         0         1         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1</td><td>N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW         W         WNW         NW           2         3         3         0         0         1         1         0         0         0         1         3         1         1         2           3         5         3         3         2         2         2         2         3         2         7         6         2         3         5           0         0         0         0         0         1         1         7         10         10         13         8         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0</td><td>N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW         W         WNW         NW         NNW           2         3         3         0         0         1         1         0         0         0         1         3         1         1         2         0           3         5         3         3         2         2         2         2         3         2         7         6         2         3         5         2           0         0         0         0         0         1         1         7         10         10         13         8         0         1           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0</td></td></td<>	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW           2         3         3         0         0         1         1         0         0         0           3         5         3         3         2         2         2         2         3         2           0         0         0         0         0         1         1         7           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         <	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW           2         3         3         0         0         1         1         0         0         0         1           3         5         3         3         2         2         2         2         3         2         7           0         0         0         0         0         0         1         1         7         10           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         3         3         2         7         10         0         3         3         3         1         7         10         0         0         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         4         9         21	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW           2         3         3         0         0         1         1         0         0         0         1         3           3         5         3         3         2         2         2         2         3         2         7         6           0         0         0         0         0         0         1         1         7         10         10           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         3         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW         W           2         3         3         0         0         1         1         0         0         0         1         3         1           3         5         3         3         2         2         2         2         3         2         7         6         2           0         0         0         0         0         0         1         1         7         10         10         13           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         1         1         7         10         10         13           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         1         1         7         10         10         13           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0 <td>N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW         W         WNW           2         3         3         0         0         1         1         0         0         0         1         3         1         1           3         5         3         3         2         2         2         2         3         2         7         6         2         3           0         0         0         0         0         0         1         1         7         10         10         13         8           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         1         0         0         0         1         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1</td> <td>N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW         W         WNW         NW           2         3         3         0         0         1         1         0         0         0         1         3         1         1         2           3         5         3         3         2         2         2         2         3         2         7         6         2         3         5           0         0         0         0         0         1         1         7         10         10         13         8         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0</td> <td>N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW         W         WNW         NW         NNW           2         3         3         0         0         1         1         0         0         0         1         3         1         1         2         0           3         5         3         3         2         2         2         2         3         2         7         6         2         3         5         2           0         0         0         0         0         1         1         7         10         10         13         8         0         1           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0</td>	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW         W         WNW           2         3         3         0         0         1         1         0         0         0         1         3         1         1           3         5         3         3         2         2         2         2         3         2         7         6         2         3           0         0         0         0         0         0         1         1         7         10         10         13         8           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         1         0         0         0         1         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW         W         WNW         NW           2         3         3         0         0         1         1         0         0         0         1         3         1         1         2           3         5         3         3         2         2         2         2         3         2         7         6         2         3         5           0         0         0         0         0         1         1         7         10         10         13         8         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW         W         WNW         NW         NNW           2         3         3         0         0         1         1         0         0         0         1         3         1         1         2         0           3         5         3         3         2         2         2         2         3         2         7         6         2         3         5         2           0         0         0         0         0         1         1         7         10         10         13         8         0         1           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0

## STABILITY CLASS D

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																		
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	E	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
_	CALM																	4	
	0.75 - 3.49	21	22	33	36	15	9	9	5	5	5	7	6	10	16	10	24	233	
	3.50 - 7.49	54	15	26	43	19	6	6	4	10	37	64	61	82	59	90	41	617	
	7.50 - 12.49	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	11	25	82	67	80	32	37	5	343	
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	14	20	2	8	1	0	51	
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	TOTAL	77	38	59	79	34	15	16	9	26	73	167	154	174	115	138	70	1248	

#### MARCH

## STABILITY CLASS E

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
 CALM	_																8
0.75 - 3.49	17	24	60	66	42	17	17	13	26	6	7	11	16	10	14	10	356
3.50 - 7.49	6	6	21	46	20	2	5	6	24	43	41	29	13	9	15	7	293
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	9	23	7	8	2	0	0	53
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	5
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 > 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 TOTAL	23	30	81	112	62	20	22	19	53	58	76	47	37	21	29	17	715

# STABILITY CLASS F

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																		
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
CALM	-																8	
0.75 - 3.49	3	8	8	29	34	42	54	23	21	5	6	2	0	0	2	2	239	
3.50 - 7.49	0	2	3	2	0	0	1	2	11	10	8	1	0	0	0	0	40	
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
TOTAL	3	10	11	31	34	42	55	25	32	15	15	3	1	0	2	2	289	

MARCH

## STABILITY CLASS G

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

# JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	-																19
0.75 - 3.49	3	6	19	33	48	84	111	54	16	4	5	0	4	0	3	2	392
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	1	9	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	18
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	3	6	19	37	48	84	111	55	25	6	7	0	4	0	3	2	429

## STABILITY CLASS ALL

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																		
	(MPH)	N	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
_	CALM	_																40	
	0.75 - 3.49	46	68	124	167	140	157	194	98	69	20	29	25	31	28	35	41	1272	
	3.50 - 7.49	99	50	72	110	51	29	37	32	70	108	148	130	138	93	120	60	1347	
	7.50 - 12.49	2	1	0	0	0	1	3	4	21	57	147	128	152	72	52	8	648	
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	30	22	5	8	1	0	75	
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	TOTAL	147	119	196	277	191	187	234	134	160	194	354	305	326	201	208	109	3382	

MARCH

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA TBETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEETWIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEETWIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 3720

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 3382

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 338

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 90.9%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 4.9 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

#### PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	E	F	G
14.64	2.37	3.73	36.90	21.14	8.55	12.68

#### DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	CALM
А	33	24	16	12	11	23	24	20	16	30	53	68	83	46	23	13	0
В	3	3	4	3	0	0	3	3	4	3	15	14	10	7	6	2	0
С	5	8	6	3	2	3	3	3	4	9	21	19	17	12	7	3	1
D	77	39	59	79	34	15	16	9	26	73	167	154	174	115	138	70	4
Е	23	30	81	112	62	20	22	19	53	58	76	47	37	21	29	17	8
F	3	10	11	31	34	42	55	25	32	15	15	3	1	0	2	2	8
G	3	5	19	37	48	84	111	55	25	6	7	0	4	0	3	2	19
Total	147	119	146	277	191	187	234	134	160	194	354	305	326	201	208	109	40

APRIL

#### STABILITY CLASS A

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	4	3	2	2	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	5	4	3	4	34
3.50 - 7.49	50	34	15	12	13	2	7	3	7	11	38	59	66	42	34	47	440
7.50 - 12.49	17	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	45	28	27	23	15	19	183
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	10	10	2	0	0	27
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	71	40	18	14	13	2	7	4	8	17	90	99	109	71	52	70	685

#### STABILITY CLASS B

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	1	0	3	2	1	2	1	0	1	1	2	1	0	1	0	1	17
3.50 - 7.49	6	3	3	2	0	0	1	0	0	3	4	6	4	6	7	9	54
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	7	4	4	1	2	0	22
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	0	4
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	7	3	6	4	1	2	2	0	1	8	15	12	8	9	9	10	97

APRIL

## STABILITY CLASS C

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	1	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	2	1	3	3	0	18
3.50 - 7.49	12	1	1	3	2	1	0	1	2	2	3	5	9	7	17	8	74
7.50 - 12.49	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	3	4	1	0	3	15
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 > 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 TOTAL	14	2	4	4	2	1	0	1	2	5	7	10	15	11	20	11	109

#### STABILITY CLASS D

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																		
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
CALM																	2	
0.75 - 3.49	13	17	22	17	13	3	9	3	10	11	9	15	16	11	27	10	206	
3.50 - 7.49	52	14	11	29	30	7	8	3	4	26	57	45	24	53	84	43	490	
7.50 - 12.49	3	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	7	61	50	25	25	13	3	190	
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	18	3	0	0	0	25	
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
TOTAL	68	31	33	47	45	10	17	6	14	44	132	128	69	89	124	56	915	Ĩ

Rev. 22

2A.3B-**17** 

APRIL

## STABILITY CLASS E

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																2
0.75 - 3.49	15	21	46	31	37	25	17	21	16	16	12	8	12	17	11	15	320
3.50 - 7.49	15	10	11	17	7	6	4	2	19	22	22	11	5	12	9	8	180
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	8	15	13	5	3	2	0	48
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	3	1	0	0	8
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	30	31	57	48	44	31	21	23	37	47	51	33	25	33	22	23	558

## STABILITY CLASS F

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																5
0.75 - 3.49	7	2	13	37	40	43	48	46	25	18	6	4	1	1	2	4	297
3.50 - 7.49	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	11	9	2	2	0	1	0	0	27
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	7	3	14	37	40	43	48	46	36	28	9	6	1	2	2	4	331

APRIL

# STABILITY CLASS G

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
_	CALM	_																40
	0.75 - 3.49	2	5	7	17	45	81	204	139	23	5	1	1	1	0	0	1	532
	3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	8	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	13
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	TOTAL	2	5	7	18	45	81	204	141	31	7	1	1	1	0	0	1	585

#### STABILITY CLASS ALL

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T	BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET
WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET	
WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH	

# JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

	SPEED																		
_	(MPH)	N	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
_	CALM	_																49	
	0.75 - 3.49	43	49	96	107	136	154	279	210	76	53	34	33	36	37	46	35	1424	
	3.50 - 7.49	135	63	42	64	52	16	20	11	51	75	126	128	108	121	151	115	1278	
	7.50 - 12.49	21	3	1	1	2	0	0	0	2	27	130	98	65	53	32	25	460	
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	14	30	17	4	0	0	66	
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	3	
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	TOTAL	199	115	139	172	190	170	299	221	129	156	305	289	228	215	229	175	3280	

Rev. 22

PROGRAM: JFD REVISION: 4P

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

APRIL

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA TBETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEETWIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEETWIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 3600

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 3280

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 320

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 91.1%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 4.4 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

#### PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	E	F	G
20.88	2.96	3.32	27.90	17.01	10.09	17.84

## DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	CALM
А	71	40	19	14	13	2	7	4	8	17	90	99	109	71	52	70	0
В	7	3	6	4	1	2	2	0	1	8	15	12	8	9	9	10	0
С	14	2	4	4	2	1	0	1	2	5	7	10	15	11	20	11	0
D	68	31	33	47	45	10	17	6	14	44	132	128	69	89	124	56	2
E	30	31	57	48	44	31	21	23	37	47	51	33	25	33	22	23	2
F	7	3	14	37	40	43	48	46	36	28	9	6	1	2	2	4	5
G	2	5	7	18	45	81	204	141	31	7	1	1	1	0	0	1	40
Total	199	115	139	172	190	170	299	221	129	156	305	289	228	215	229	175	49

MAY

#### STABILITY CLASS A

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																1
0.75 - 3.49	6	8	3	4	5	5	6	4	10	2	6	2	8	7	8	5	89
3.50 - 7.49	83	26	26	16	12	6	5	10	27	33	60	49	73	45	33	45	549
7.50 - 12.49	12	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	4	12	37	21	22	9	19	11	150
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	1	0	0	0	6
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	101	35	29	20	19	11	11	14	41	47	105	75	104	61	60	61	795

## STABILITY CLASS B

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	-																0
0.75 - 3.49	3	2	2	0	0	1	1	1	2	0	4	1	0	2	3	1	23
3.50 - 7.49	4	3	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	3	15	4	7	6	3	9	58
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	3	1	3	0	1	16
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	7	5	3	1	2	1	1	1	2	3	27	9	8	11	6	11	98

MAY

# STABILITY CLASS C

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	2	5	3	5	3	1	2	0	1	0	0	2	3	4	4	2	37
3.50 - 7.49	11	0	1	1	4	0	0	0	2	6	7	13	10	7	5	8	75
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	6	2	7	1	0	1	18
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 > 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	13	5	4	6	7	1	2	0	3	7	14	17	20	12	9	11	131

#### STABILITY CLASS D

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																		
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
_	CALM																	1	
	0.75 - 3.49	28	25	50	33	17	15	11	10	17	19	25	21	26	15	18	16	346	
	3.50 - 7.49	31	10	1	22	10	4	3	3	12	38	75	53	21	31	33	39	386	
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	17	16	7	0	3	2	50	
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	TOTAL	59	35	51	55	27	19	14	13	30	61	118	91	54	46	54	57	785	Ĩ

MAY

## STABILITY CLASS E

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																8
0.75 - 3.49	20	29	59	45	57	34	27	29	42	30	17	7	14	9	14	13	446
3.50 - 7.49	8	4	2	9	2	1	2	0	12	31	27	10	5	0	2	4	119
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	4
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	28	33	61	54	59	35	29	29	54	61	46	19	19	9	16	17	577

## STABILITY CLASS F

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																		
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
CALM	_																13	
0.75 - 3.49	4	7	10	23	53	73	75	44	31	8	3	2	1	0	4	2	340	
3.50 - 7.49	1	0	1	1	1	2	0	0	6	9	5	1	1	0	0	0	28	
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
TOTAL	5	7	11	24	54	75	75	44	37	17	8	3	2	0	4	2	381	Ì
MAY

### STABILITY CLASS G

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM	-																8
	0.75 - 3.49	5	5	7	14	38	137	214	89	21	3	5	0	0	1	1	1	541
	3.50 - 7.49	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	6	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	10
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	TOTAL	5	6	7	14	38	137	214	91	27	4	5	0	0	1	1	1	559

#### STABILITY CLASS ALL

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																		
	(MPH)	N	NNE	NE	ENE	E	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
	CALM	_																31	
	0.75 - 3.49	68	81	134	124	173	266	336	177	124	62	60	35	52	38	52	40	1822	
	3.50 - 7.49	138	44	32	50	31	13	10	15	65	121	189	130	117	89	76	105	1225	
	7.50 - 12.49	12	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	5	17	70	44	37	13	22	15	238	
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	5	1	0	0	0	10	
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
_	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	TOTAL	218	126	166	174	206	279	346	192	194	200	323	214	207	140	150	160	3326	Ì

PROGRAM: JFD REVISION: 4P

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

MAY

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 3720

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 3326

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 394

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 89.4%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 3.5 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

#### PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	E	F	G
23.90	2.95	3.94	23.60	17.35	11.46	16.81

### DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	CALM
A	101	35	29	20	19	11	11	14	41	47	105	75	104	61	60	61	1
В	7	5	3	1	2	1	1	1	2	3	27	9	8	11	6	11	0
С	13	5	4	6	7	1	2	0	3	7	14	17	20	12	9	11	0
D	59	36	51	55	27	19	14	13	30	61	118	91	54	46	54	57	1
E	28	33	61	54	59	35	29	29	54	61	46	19	19	9	16	17	8
F	5	7	11	24	54	75	75	44	37	17	8	3	2	Ō	4	2	13
G	5	5	7	14	38	137	214	91	27	4	5	Ō	0	1	1	1	8
Total	218	126	166	174	206	279	346	192	194	200	323	214	207	140	150	160	31

JUNE

### STABILITY CLASS A

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	8	11	15	6	8	6	13	9	17	9	6	5	10	8	11	11	153
3.50 - 7.49	52	17	19	13	8	2	5	15	52	53	89	72	62	48	49	75	631
7.50 - 12.49	1	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	19	63	26	26	14	11	8	173
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	7	1	0	0	0	10
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	61	32	35	19	16	8	18	24	69	81	160	110	99	70	71	94	967

### STABILITY CLASS B

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	-																1
0.75 - 3.49	0	2	2	3	2	0	0	1	3	1	3	6	5	1	1	3	33
3.50 - 7.49	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	18	15	3	5	8	3	61
7.50 - 12.49	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	4	2	0	0	0	11
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	5	2	2	3	2	0	0	1	4	6	24	25	10	6	9	6	106

JUNE

# STABILITY CLASS C

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	4	1	4	3	1	0	2	0	3	1	0	3	0	3	2	4	31
3.50 - 7.49	13	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	3	9	24	9	2	1	7	6	77
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	7	0	0	1	1	19
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 > 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	17	2	5	3	1	0	2	1	6	10	34	19	2	4	10	11	127

### STABILITY CLASS D

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																		
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
CALM																	5	
0.75 - 3.49	39	27	20	19	10	11	11	13	23	23	13	17	7	12	22	26	293	
3.50 - 7.49	25	3	2	0	1	0	1	3	22	46	56	31	22	23	30	28	293	
7.50 - 12.49	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	21	19	5	3	0	0	53	
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
TOTAL	65	30	22	19	11	11	12	16	45	73	90	68	34	38	52	54	645	

Rev. 22

JUNE

### STABILITY CLASS E

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SSE S SSW SW WSW W WNW NW NNW	TOTAL
	5
28 50 38 14 5 9 4 12 18	402
0 14 44 28 10 4 10 4 3	122
0 0 0 3 0 1 0 0 2	6
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0
28 64 82 45 15 14 14 16 23	535
-	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

### STABILITY CLASS F

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM	-																26
	0.75 - 3.49	1	10	11	26	52	93	109	73	40	6	2	2	1	1	1	4	432
	3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	17
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	TOTAL	1	10	11	26	52	93	109	73	48	15	2	2	1	1	1	4	475

JUNE

# STABILITY CLASS G

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																12
0.75 - 3.49	3	2	7	9	18	100	199	62	22	5	0	2	1	1	0	1	432
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 TOTAL	3	2	7	9	18	100	199	63	23	5	0	2	1	1	0	1	446

### STABILITY CLASS ALL

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T	BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET
WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET	
WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH	

	SPEED																		
	(MPH)	N	NNE	NE	ENE	E	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
_	CALM																	49	
	0.75 - 3.49	75	74	86	102	142	248	365	186	158	83	38	40	33	30	49	67	1776	
	3.50 - 7.49	98	21	23	13	9	2	6	20	101	165	215	137	93	87	98	115	1203	
	7.50 - 12.49	3	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	100	56	34	17	12	11	262	
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	8	1	0	0	0	11	
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
_	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
_	TOTAL	176	99	110	115	151	250	371	206	259	272	355	241	161	134	159	193	3301	

PROGRAM: JFD REVISION: 4P

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

JUNE

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA TBETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEETWIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEETWIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 3600

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 3301

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 299

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 91.7%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 3.6 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

### PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	E	F	G
29.29	3.21	3.85	19.54	16.21	14.39	13.51

### DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	CALM
А	61	32	35	19	16	8	18	24	69	81	160	110	99	70	71	94	0
В	5	2	2	3	2	0	0	1	4	6	24	25	10	6	9	6	1
С	17	2	5	3	1	0	2	1	6	10	34	19	2	4	10	11	0
D	65	30	22	19	11	11	12	16	45	73	90	68	34	38	52	54	5
Е	24	21	28	36	51	38	31	28	64	82	45	15	14	14	16	23	5
F	1	10	11	26	52	93	109	73	48	15	2	2	1	1	1	4	26
G	3	2	7	9	18	100	199	63	23	5	0	2	1	1	0	1	12
Total	176	99	110	115	151	250	371	206	259	272	355	241	161	134	159	193	49

JULY

# STABILITY CLASS A

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	25	13	15	11	12	9	12	14	16	5	7	8	13	16	10	10	196
3.50 - 7.49	86	18	7	3	8	1	3	5	35	70	109	84	70	35	35	51	620
7.50 - 12.49	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	18	47	28	12	2	1	1	111
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	3
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	112	31	22	14	20	10	15	19	52	93	163	122	96	53	46	62	930

### STABILITY CLASS B

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

# JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	6	2	2	2	2	0	1	1	1	0	1	3	1	2	0	2	26
3.50 - 7.49	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	14	8	9	4	1	4	8	54
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	3
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	11	2	2	2	2	0	1	1	2	14	10	12	6	3	5	10	83

Rev. 22

JULY

# STABILITY CLASS C

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	4	1	4	3	3	0	0	0	1	2	1	3	1	0	2	1	26
3.50 - 7.49	11	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	7	9	7	1	4	10	55
7.50 - 12.49	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	0	0	0	0	8
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 > 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 TOTAL	15	3	4	3	3	0	0	0	4	4	10	17	8	1	6	11	89

### STABILITY CLASS D

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
_	CALM																	2
	0.75 - 3.49	33	30	30	32	17	5	12	14	21	20	13	14	16	16	18	28	319
	3.50 - 7.49	20	5	1	0	0	2	0	1	6	54	71	61	18	11	17	14	281
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1`	32	17	3	0	0	0	53
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	53	35	31	32	17	7	12	15	27	75	116	92	37	27	35	42	655

JULY

### STABILITY CLASS E

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

# JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																12
0.75 - 3.49	23	17	32	52	50	46	53	72	81	35	24	14	15	8	5	19	546
3.50 - 7.49	4	1	2	0	0	1	0	2	23	24	29	6	10	1	1	2	106
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	4
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	27	18	34	52	50	47	53	74	104	60	56	20	25	9	6	21	668

### STABILITY CLASS F

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																9
0.75 - 3.49	4	9	10	22	61	127	191	91	40	18	1	2	1	0	0	2	579
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	9	6	3	0	0	1	0	0	20
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	4	9	10	22	61	127	191	92	49	24	4	2	1	1	0	2	608

JULY

# STABILITY CLASS G

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

# JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM	_																7
	0.75 - 3.49	1	1	1	4	21	76	175	56	26	3	0	0	0	0	1	1	366
	3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	1	1	1	4	21	76	175	57	28	3	0	0	0	0	1	1	376

### STABILITY CLASS ALL

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T	BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET
WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET	
WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH	

# JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																30
0.75 - 3.49	96	73	94	126	166	263	444	248	186	83	47	44	47	42	36	63	2058
3.50 - 7.49	126	25	10	3	8	4	3	10	79	170	227	169	109	50	61	85	1139
7.50 - 12.49	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	20	85	50	16	2	2	1	179
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	3
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	223	99	104	129	174	267	447	258	266	273	359	265	173	94	99	149	3409

Rev. 22

PROGRAM: JFD REVISION: 4P

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

JULY

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA TBETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEETWIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEETWIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 3720

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 3409

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 311

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 91.6%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 3.3 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

### PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	E	F	G
27.28	2.43	2.61	19.21	19.60	17.84	11.03

### DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	CALM
А	112	31	22	14	20	10	16	19	52	93	163	122	96	53	46	62	0
В	11	2	2	2	2	0	1	1	2	14	10	12	6	3	5	10	0
С	15	3	4	3	3	0	0	0	4	4	10	17	8	1	6	11	0
D	53	35	31	32	17	7	12	15	27	75	116	92	37	27	35	42	2
Е	27	18	34	52	58	47	53	74	104	68	56	20	25	9	6	21	12
F	4	9	10	22	61	127	191	82	49	24	4	2	1	1	0	2	9
G	1	1	1	4	21	76	175	57	28	3	0	0	0	0	1	1	7
Total	223	99	104	129	174	267	447	258	266	273	359	265	173	94	99	149	30

PROGRAM: JFD REVISION: 4P BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

### AUGUST

### STABILITY CLASS A

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	N	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																1
0.75 - 3.49	21	6	15	11	12	11	5	11	14	6	7	10	11	8	13	19	180
3.50 - 7.49	58	31	10	12	7	2	1	1	12	47	119	114	62	15	23	29	5
																	43
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	51	42	9	2	0	0	113
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	79	37	25	23	19	13	6	12	26	62	177	166	82	25	36	48	837

### STABILITY CLASS B

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	4	2	3	1	1	3	3	0	1	1	2	1	0	2	0	3	27
3.50 - 7.49	6	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	13	15	6	0	3	5	60
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	2	0	0	0	0	10
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	10	4	3	1	1	3	3	0	1	11	23	18	6	2	3	8	97

Rev. 22

DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

AUGUST

### STABILITY CLASS C

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	3	4	2	2	4	0	0	4	2	1	2	3	4	1	3	2	37
3.50 - 7.49	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	5	12	7	6	3	1	3	42
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	6
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 TOTAL	5	4	2	2	4	0	0	4	5	6	18	12	10	4	4	5	85

### STABILITY CLASS D

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
_	CALM																	8
	0.75 - 3.49	32	31	45	25	20	10	11	11	19	16	20	15	21	18	8	22	324
	3.50 - 7.49	19	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	37	74	58	27	12	9	14	262
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	21	6	0	0	0	0	30
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	51	32	45	25	20	10	11	12	29	56	115	79	48	30	17	36	624

### AUGUST

### STABILITY CLASS E

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

# JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																43
0.75 - 3.49	19	42	57	35	71	76	69	78	82	48	20	7	16	8	16	17	661
3.50 - 7.49	8	4	1	0	0	0	0	1	23	63	35	10	5	1	4	6	161
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	1	0	1	0	1	8
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 TOTAL	27	46	58	35	71	76	69	79	105	112	59	18	21	10	20	24	873

### STABILITY CLASS F

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																		
_	(MPH)	N	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
	CALM	-																65	
	0.75 - 3.49	4	3	4	25	72	155	201	63	43	10	3	0	0	0	1	4	588	
	3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	11	4	1	0	0	1	0	0	19	
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	TOTAL	4	3	4	25	72	155	201	65	54	14	4	0	0	1	1	4	672	Ì

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

### AUGUST

### STABILITY CLASS G

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																28
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	2	2	14	69	121	47	15	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	273
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 TOTAL	0	0	2	2	14	69	121	47	18	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	305

#### STABILITY CLASS ALL

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																		
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
	CALM	_																145	
	0.75 - 3.49	83	88	128	101	194	324	410	214	176	83	55	36	52	37	42	67	2090	
	3.50 - 7.49	93	38	11	12	7	2	1	5	62	167	254	204	106	32	40	57	1091	
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	88	53	9	3	0	1	167	
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
_	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
_	TOTAL	176	126	139	113	201	326	411	219	238	263	397	293	167	72	82	125	3493	

AUGUST

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA TBETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEETWIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEETWIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 3720

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 3493

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 227

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 93.9%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 3.0 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

### PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	E	F	G
23.96	2.78	2.43	17.86	24.99	19.24	8.73

### DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	CALM
А	79	37	25	23	19	13	6	12	26	62	177	166	82	25	36	48	1
В	10	4	3	1	1	3	3	0	1	11	23	18	6	2	3	8	0
С	5	4	2	2	4	0	0	4	5	6	18	12	10	4	4	5	0
D	51	32	45	25	20	10	11	12	29	56	115	79	48	30	17	36	8
Е	27	46	58	35	71	76	69	79	105	112	59	18	21	10	20	24	43
F	4	3	4	25	72	155	201	65	54	14	4	Ō	0	1	1	4	65
G	0	0	2	2	14	69	121	47	18	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	28
Total	176	126	139	113	201	326	411	219	238	263	397	293	167	72	82	125	145

# SEPTEMBER

### STABILITY CLASS A

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																2
0.75 - 3.49	21	9	10	4	9	10	7	8	8	8	9	8	12	8	4	13	148
3.50 - 7.49	73	18	6	6	8	7	4	6	31	37	67	100	37	30	20	42	492
7.50 - 12.49	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	26	30	16	6	0	1	85
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	96	27	16	10	17	17	11	14	40	48	103	138	65	44	24	56	726

### STABILITY CLASS B

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	2	4	2	2	1	0	0	0	1	3	3	0	2	3	1	1	25
3.50 - 7.49	6	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	7	3	9	5	2	2	2	40
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	5	0	0	0	0	14
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	8	5	2	2	1	1	0	1	2	10	15	14	7	5	3	3	79

# SEPTEMBER

# STABILITY CLASS C

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

# JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	5	3	3	1	1	1	0	0	3	0	4	2	2	3	3	1	32
3.50 - 7.49	7	4	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	4	9	10	7	3	3	5	54
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	5	1	0	0	0	9
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 > 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	12	7	4	1	2	1	0	0	3	4	16	17	10	6	6	6	95

### STABILITY CLASS D

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T	BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET
WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET	
WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH	

SPEED																		
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	E	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
 CALM																	3	
0.75 - 3.49	43	32	38	24	10	9	13	12	23	18	14	11	15	27	15	18	322	
3.50 - 7.49	28	11	2	0	0	1	0	0	7	14	73	53	29	10	21	27	276	
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	13	13	2	0	2	0	34	
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
TOTAL	71	43	40	24	10	10	13	12	30	36	100	77	46	37	38	45	635	Ì

# SEPTEMBER

# STABILITY CLASS E

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

# JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

	SPEED																	
_	(MPH)	N	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM																	27
	0.75 - 3.49	31	25	65	63	45	59	45	55	54	35	30	10	16	9	15	14	571
	3.50 - 7.49	5	3	2	0	2	1	0	1	11	40	33	20	7	3	7	3	138
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	6
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	36	28	67	63	47	60	45	56	65	76	65	31	24	12	22	17	741

### STABILITY CLASS F

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																27
0.75 - 3.49	6	8	15	25	79	134	149	83	46	15	3	1	0	0	0	2	566
3.50 - 7.49	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	8	7	7	0	0	0	0	0	25
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	6	9	15	25	79	134	149	85	54	22	10	1	0	0	0	2	618

# SEPTEMBER

# STABILITY CLASS G

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

# JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																23
0.75 - 3.49	1	1	4	12	33	139	192	63	27	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	476
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	9
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 TOTAL	1	1	4	12	33	139	193	65	30	5	1	0	1	0	0	0	508

# STABILITY CLASS ALL

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T	BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET
WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET	
WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH	

# JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	N	NNE	NE	ENE	E	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	80
0.75 - 3.49	109	82	137	131	178	352	406	221	162	82	63	32	48	50	38	49	2140
3.50 - 7.49	119	38	11	6	11	10	5	12	61	111	193	192	85	48	53	79	1034
7.50 - 12.49	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	8	53	54	20	6	2	1	147
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	230	120	148	137	189	362	411	233	224	201	310	278	153	104	93	129	3402

Rev. 22

SEPTEMBER

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA TBETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEETWIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEETWIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 3680

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 3402

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 198

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 94.5%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 3.0 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

### PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	E	F	G
21.34	2.32	2.79	18.67	21.78	18.17	14.93

### DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	CALM
А	96	27	16	10	17	17	11	14	40	48	103	138	65	44	24	56	0
В	8	5	2	2	1	1	0	1	2	10	15	14	7	5	3	3	0
С	12	7	4	1	2	1	0	0	3	4	16	17	10	6	6	6	0
D	71	43	40	24	10	10	13	12	30	36	100	77	46	37	38	45	3
Е	36	28	67	63	47	60	45	56	65	76	65	31	24	12	22	17	27
F	6	9	15	25	79	134	149	85	54	22	10	1	0	0	0	2	27
G	1	1	4	12	33	139	193	65	30	5	1	0	1	0	0	0	23
Total	230	120	148	137	189	362	411	233	224	201	310	278	153	104	93	129	80

# ION: 4P

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

# OCTOBER

# STABILITY CLASS A

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

# JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	1	2	4	6	4	2	2	3	2	0	3	2	2	2	2	3	40
3.50 - 7.49	20	9	8	6	14	9	8	3	12	16	13	26	13	15	7	11	190
7.50 - 12.49	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	12	30	20	7	0	0	74
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	4
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	24	11	12	12	18	11	10	6	14	18	28	61	36	24	9	14	308

### STABILITY CLASS B

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	1	0	0	2	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	2	0	12
3.50 - 7.49	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	2	17	5	10	2	1	47
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	8	12	6	2	0	0	32
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	3	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	4	7	11	29	11	13	4	1	91

# OCTOBER

# STABILITY CLASS C

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

# JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM	-																0
	0.75 - 3.49	2	3	0	3	1	0	0	0	1	2	1	1	0	1	0	3	18
	3.50 - 7.49	6	0	3	0	1	1	1	0	1	10	4	18	8	5	5	3	66
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	11	10	7	1	1	0	32
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	8	3	3	3	2	1	1	0	2	15	18	29	15	7	6	6	119

### STABILITY CLASS D

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																		
 (MPH)	N	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
 CALM																	12	
0.75 - 3.49	24	32	26	24	21	11	10	6	14	16	11	7	17	13	17	13	262	
3.50 - 7.49	53	10	2	1	3	3	2	4	18	31	70	91	75	58	60	42	523	
7.50 - 12.49	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	53	104	47	6	3	1	229	
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	3	0	0	0	9	
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
TOTAL	81	42	28	25	24	14	12	10	33	57	135	207	142	77	80	56	1035	

# BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2

DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

# OCTOBER

# STABILITY CLASS E

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

# JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	16
0.75 - 3.49	21	22	51	34	54	41	41	30	57	33	16	4	12	11	9	13	449
3.50 - 7.49	3	6	4	1	9	2	2	1	28	50	42	20	14	15	6	5	208
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	15	6	2	1	2	0	30
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	24	28	55	35	63	43	43	31	85	87	73	30	28	27	17	18	703

# STABILITY CLASS F

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																17
0.75 - 3.49	8	7	10	23	61	69	73	49	35	11	6	2	0	0	0	3	357
3.50 - 7.49	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	13	5	2	1	0	0	0	0	28
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	10	8	10	23	61	69	73	53	48	16	8	3	0	0	0	3	402

# OCTOBER

### STABILITY CLASS G

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM	_																9
	0.75 - 3.49	0	3	7	28	53	152	182	65	24	3	1	2	1	1	0	1	523
	3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	9	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	13
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	TOTAL	0	3	7	28	53	152	183	67	33	3	2	2	1	1	0	1	545

### STABILITY CLASS ALL

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																		
	(MPH)	N	NNE	NE	ENE	E	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
	CALM	_																54	
	0.75 - 3.49	57	69	98	120	195	276	309	154	134	65	39	18	32	29	30	36	1661	
	3.50 - 7.49	86	27	18	8	27	15	14	14	84	115	134	173	115	103	80	62	1075	
	7.50 - 12.49	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	22	99	162	82	17	6	1	397	
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	8	4	0	0	0	16	
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
_	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	TOTAL	150	96	116	128	222	291	323	168	219	203	275	361	233	149	116	99	3203	Ì

OCTOBER

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA TBETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEETWIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEETWIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 3720

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 3203

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 517

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 86.1%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 3.9 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

### PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G
9.62	2.84	3.72	32.31	21.95	12.55	17.02

# DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	CALM
А	24	11	12	12	18	11	10	6	14	18	28	61	36	24	9	14	0
В	3	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	4	7	11	29	11	13	4	1	0
С	8	3	3	3	2	1	1	0	2	15	18	29	15	7	6	6	0
D	81	42	28	25	24	14	12	10	33	57	135	207	142	77	80	56	12
E	24	28	55	35	63	43	43	31	85	87	73	30	28	27	17	18	16
F	10	8	10	23	61	69	73	53	48	16	8	3	0	0	0	3	17
G	0	3	7	28	53	152	183	67	33	3	2	2	1	1	0	1	9
Total	150	95	116	128	222	291	323	168	219	203	275	361	233	149	116	99	54

### NOVEMBER

# STABILITY CLASS A

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

# JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

OTAL
0
11
121
35
0
0
0
167
_

### STABILITY CLASS B

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
-	CALM	_																0
	0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	3.50 - 7.49	0	2	0	1	2	1	0	1	1	2	5	10	3	4	6	0	38
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	9	6	3	1	0	25
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	0	2	0	2	3	1	0	1	1	4	10	19	9	7	7	0	66

### NOVEMBER

# STABILITY CLASS C

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

# JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM	-																0
	0.75 - 3.49	2	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	0	0	0	12
	3.50 - 7.49	2	0	1	0	4	1	1	0	3	3	10	9	11	6	6	1	58
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	12	9	8	3	3	0	37
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	4	1	1	2	5	1	1	0	3	5	23	20	22	9	9	1	107

### STABILITY CLASS D

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																		
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	E	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
_	CALM																	2	
	0.75 - 3.49	25	49	64	63	31	15	12	12	12	11	11	11	13	19	18	25	391	
	3.50 - 7.49	22	15	12	31	17	2	3	3	13	52	67	94	98	82	113	26	650	
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	28	78	141	97	18	16	1	384	
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	14	3	0	0	0	22	
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	TOTAL	47	64	76	94	48	17	15	15	30	92	160	260	211	119	147	52	1449	

### NOVEMBER

# STABILITY CLASS E

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

# JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
_																11
9	28	49	72	45	28	28	25	28	26	9	7	9	9	8	8	388
1	4	8	33	4	6	9	3	24	55	64	29	9	4	7	2	262
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14	29	19	7	0	1	0	70
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	32	57	105	49	34	37	28	52	95	102	57	25	13	16	10	733
_	N 9 1 0 0 0 0 10	N NNE 9 28 1 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 10 32	N NNE NE 9 28 49 1 4 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 10 32 57	N         NNE         NE         ENE           9         28         49         72           1         4         8         33           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           10         32         57         105	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E           9         28         49         72         45           1         4         8         33         4           0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0           10         32         57         105         49	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE           9         28         49         72         45         28           1         4         8         33         4         6           0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0           10         32         57         105         49         34	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE           9         28         49         72         45         28         28           1         4         8         33         4         6         9           0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0           10         32         57         105         49         34         37	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE           9         28         49         72         45         28         28         25           1         4         8         33         4         6         9         3           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           10         32         57         105         49         34         37         28	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S           9         28         49         72         45         28         28         25         28           1         4         8         33         4         6         9         3         24           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW           9         28         49         72         45         28         28         25         28         26           1         4         8         33         4         6         9         3         24         55           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         14           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0 </td <td>N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW           9         28         49         72         45         28         28         25         28         26         9           1         4         8         33         4         6         9         3         24         55         64           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         14         29           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0</td> <td>N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW           9         28         49         72         45         28         28         25         28         26         9         7           1         4         8         33         4         6         9         3         24         55         64         29           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         14         29         19           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         2           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         2           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         2         19           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         2         2           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         2           0         0         0         0         0         0</td> <td>N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW         W           9         28         49         72         45         28         28         25         28         26         9         7         9           1         4         8         33         4         6         9         3         24         55         64         29         9           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         14         29         19         7           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         2         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         2         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0</td> <td>N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW         W         WNW           9         28         49         72         45         28         28         25         28         26         9         7         9         9           1         4         8         33         4         6         9         3         24         55         64         29         9         4           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         14         29         19         7         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         2         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0</td> <td>N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW         W         WNW         NW           9         28         49         72         45         28         28         25         28         26         9         7         9         9         8           1         4         8         33         4         6         9         3         24         55         64         29         9         4         7           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         14         29         19         7         0         1           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         1           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0</td> <td>N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW         W         WNW         NW         NNW           9         28         49         72         45         28         25         28         26         9         7         9         9         8         8           1         4         8         33         4         6         9         3         24         55         64         29         9         4         7         2           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         14         29         19         7         0         1         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0</td>	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW           9         28         49         72         45         28         28         25         28         26         9           1         4         8         33         4         6         9         3         24         55         64           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         14         29           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW           9         28         49         72         45         28         28         25         28         26         9         7           1         4         8         33         4         6         9         3         24         55         64         29           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         14         29         19           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         2           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         2           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         2         19           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         2         2           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         2           0         0         0         0         0         0	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW         W           9         28         49         72         45         28         28         25         28         26         9         7         9           1         4         8         33         4         6         9         3         24         55         64         29         9           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         14         29         19         7           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         2         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         2         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW         W         WNW           9         28         49         72         45         28         28         25         28         26         9         7         9         9           1         4         8         33         4         6         9         3         24         55         64         29         9         4           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         14         29         19         7         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         2         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW         W         WNW         NW           9         28         49         72         45         28         28         25         28         26         9         7         9         9         8           1         4         8         33         4         6         9         3         24         55         64         29         9         4         7           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         14         29         19         7         0         1           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         1           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW         W         WNW         NW         NNW           9         28         49         72         45         28         25         28         26         9         7         9         9         8         8           1         4         8         33         4         6         9         3         24         55         64         29         9         4         7         2           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         14         29         19         7         0         1         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0

### STABILITY CLASS F

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																		
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
CALM	_																8	
0.75 - 3.49	3	1	17	20	27	55	68	42	24	9	5	2	2	1	0	0	276	
3.50 - 7.49	0	1	0	0	2	0	1	0	27	11	7	1	1	0	0	1	52	
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
TOTAL	3	2	17	20	29	55	69	42	51	20	13	3	3	1	0	1	337	Ĩ

### BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

### NOVEMBER

# STABILITY CLASS G

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

# JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM	_																4
	0.75 - 3.49	1	4	5	17	31	71	166	74	16	6	0	0	0	3	0	0	394
	3.50 - 7.49	0	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	17	5	1	0	1	1	0	0	30
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	TOTAL	1	6	5	18	31	72	166	75	33	11	1	0	1	4	0	0	428

### STABILITY CLASS ALL

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																		
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
CALM																	25	
0.75 - 3.49	40	84	136	175	136	169	274	153	82	53	29	23	27	34	27	33	1475	
3.50 - 7.49	32	27	27	77	38	13	19	17	89	135	158	156	140	106	145	32	1211	
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	46	127	189	125	33	22	2	552	
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	16	3	0	0	0	24	
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
 > 23.99	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
TOTAL	73	111	163	252	174	182	293	170	179	235	318	384	295	173	194	67	3287	Ī

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

NOVEMBER

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA TBETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEETWIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEETWIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 3600

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 3287

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 313

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 91.3%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 4.4 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

### PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	E	F	G
5.08	2.01	3.26	44.08	22.30	10.25	13.02

# DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	CALM
А	7	4	7	11	9	2	5	9	9	8	9	25	24	20	15	3	0
В	0	2	0	2	3	1	0	1	1	4	10	19	9	7	7	0	0
С	4	1	1	2	5	1	1	0	3	5	23	20	22	9	9	1	0
D	47	64	76	94	48	17	15	15	30	92	160	260	211	119	147	52	2
Е	10	32	57	105	49	34	37	28	52	95	102	57	25	13	16	10	11
F	3	2	17	20	29	55	69	42	51	20	13	3	3	1	0	1	8
G	1	6	6	18	31	72	166	75	33	11	1	0	1	4	0	0	4
Total	72	111	163	252	174	182	293	170	179	235	318	384	295	173	194	67	25

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

### DECEMBER

### STABILITY CLASS A

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
_	CALM	_																0
	0.75 - 3.49	0	0	1	1	3	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8
	3.50 - 7.49	5	4	0	4	3	1	0	0	2	4	3	4	17	6	6	5	64
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	11	8	3	0	34
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	5	4	1	5	6	1	2	0	3	4	6	14	28	14	9	5	107

### STABILITY CLASS B

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
_	CALM	_																0
	0.75 - 3.49	2	0	2	2	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	1	15
	3.50 - 7.49	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	2	2	0	5	8	2	4	2	31
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	1	1	2	3	1	1	13
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	TOTAL	3	1	2	3	5	0	1	1	2	6	2	6	12	6	7	4	61

### DECEMBER

# STABILITY CLASS C

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

# JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	-																0
0.75 - 3.49	2	1	3	1	1	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	1	0	1	4	17
3.50 - 7.49	2	4	2	0	0	1	0	1	2	3	3	3	4	3	4	4	36
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	11	4	4	3	28
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	2
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	4	5	5	1	1	1	0	2	2	5	6	6	17	8	9	11	83

### STABILITY CLASS D

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	3
0.75 - 3.49	26	33	71	54	15	6	11	10	19	17	12	13	9	13	14	13	336
3.50 - 7.49	45	17	6	3	9	2	2	5	26	79	133	148	90	66	70	31	732
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	39	114	169	155	47	32	4	562
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	28	28	3	1	0	64
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	71	50	77	57	24	8	13	15	47	136	262	359	283	129	117	48	1699

### DECEMBER

# STABILITY CLASS E

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

# JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	E	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																6
0.75 - 3.49	16	24	71	50	42	23	14	23	33	22	16	8	6	6	12	4	370
3.50 - 7.49	5	10	6	14	7	2	1	4	34	86	77	24	15	7	10	5	307
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	37	16	5	1	2	0	68
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	2	0	0	0	7
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	21	34	77	64	49	25	15	27	69	113	130	53	28	14	24	9	758

### STABILITY CLASS F

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																8
0.75 - 3.49	3	10	16	26	42	41	55	30	16	6	3	2	1	0	1	1	253
3.50 - 7.49	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	20	10	3	2	0	0	0	0	39
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	5	10	17	26	42	41	55	31	36	16	6	6	1	0	1	1	302

### DECEMBER

### STABILITY CLASS G

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

# JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	E	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
_																3
3	5	17	22	49	69	78	38	20	2	4	0	0	0	1	3	311
0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	5	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	15
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	5	17	25	49	69	78	38	25	9	4	0	0	0	1	3	329
	N 3 0 0 0 0 0 3	N NNE 3 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 5	N NNE NE 3 5 17 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 5 17	N         NNE         NE         ENE           3         5         17         22           0         0         0         3           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           3         5         17         25	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E           3         5         17         22         49           0         0         0         3         0           0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           3         5         17         25         49         49	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE           3         5         17         22         49         69           0         0         0         3         0         0           0         0         0         3         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0           3         5         17         25         49         69	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE           3         5         17         22         49         69         78           0         0         0         3         0         0         0           0         0         0         3         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0           3         5         17         25         49         69         78	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE           3         5         17         22         49         69         78         38           0         0         0         3         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S           3         5         17         22         49         69         78         38         20           0         0         0         3         0         0         0         5           0         0         0         0         0         0         5         0         0         0         5           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         5         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW           3         5         17         22         49         69         78         38         20         2           0         0         0         3         0         0         0         5         7           0         0         0         0         0         0         5         7           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW           3         5         17         22         49         69         78         38         20         2         4           0         0         0         3         0         0         0         5         7         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         5         7         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW           3         5         17         22         49         69         78         38         20         2         4         0           0         0         0         3         0         0         0         5         7         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW         W           3         5         17         22         49         69         78         38         20         2         4         0         0           0         0         0         3         0         0         0         5         7         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW         W         WNW           3         5         17         22         49         69         78         38         20         2         4         0         0         0           0         0         0         3         0         0         0         5         7         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0 <td>N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW         W         WNW         NW           3         5         17         22         49         69         78         38         20         2         4         0         0         0         1           0         0         0         3         0         0         0         5         7         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0<!--</td--><td>N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW         W         WNW         NW         NNW           3         5         17         22         49         69         78         38         20         2         4         0         0         0         1         3           0         0         0         3         0         0         0         5         7         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0</td></td>	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW         W         WNW         NW           3         5         17         22         49         69         78         38         20         2         4         0         0         0         1           0         0         0         3         0         0         0         5         7         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0 </td <td>N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW         W         WNW         NW         NNW           3         5         17         22         49         69         78         38         20         2         4         0         0         0         1         3           0         0         0         3         0         0         0         5         7         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0</td>	N         NNE         NE         ENE         E         ESE         SE         SSE         S         SSW         SW         WSW         W         WNW         NW         NNW           3         5         17         22         49         69         78         38         20         2         4         0         0         0         1         3           0         0         0         3         0         0         0         5         7         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0

### STABILITY CLASS ALL

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																		
	(MPH)	N	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
	CALM	_																20	
	0.75 - 3.49	52	73	181	156	156	139	160	102	89	49	36	23	17	20	31	26	1310	
	3.50 - 7.49	60	36	15	25	20	6	4	12	91	191	219	186	134	84	94	47	1224	
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	48	158	200	184	63	42	8	707	
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	34	33	4	1	0	76	
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	
_	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	TOTAL	112	109	196	181	176	145	164	114	184	289	416	444	369	171	168	81	3339	
Rev. 22

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

DECEMBER

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 3720

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 3339

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 381

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 89.8%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 5.1 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

# PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G
3.20	1.83	2.49	50.88	22.70	9.04	9.85

# DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	CALM
А	5	4	1	5	6	1	2	0	3	4	6	14	28	14	9	5	0
В	3	1	2	3	5	0	1	1	2	6	2	6	12	6	7	4	0
С	4	5	5	1	1	1	0	2	2	5	6	6	17	8	9	11	0
D	71	50	77	57	24	8	13	15	47	136	262	359	283	129	117	48	3
Е	21	34	77	64	49	25	15	27	69	113	130	53	28	14	24	9	6
F	5	10	17	26	42	41	55	31	36	16	6	6	1	0	1	1	8
G	3	5	17	25	49	69	78	38	25	9	4	0	0	0	1	3	3
Total	112	109	196	181	176	145	164	114	184	289	416	444	369	171	168	81	20

# ANNUAL

# STABILITY CLASS A

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	N	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																4
0.75 - 3.49	87	62	74	49	55	50	53	53	73	33	46	40	65	56	56	67	919
3.50 - 7.49	475	184	120	112	97	51	63	68	196	299	531	580	490	287	241	320	4114
7.50 - 12.49	36	8	2	0	2	0	1	3	15	82	319	272	232	117	70	44	1203
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	17	32	19	3	0	0	74
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	598	254	196	161	154	101	117	124	284	417	913	924	807	463	367	431	6315

#### STABILITY CLASS B

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

# JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

	SPEED																		
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
_	CALM																	1	
	0.75 - 3.49	19	14	20	17	13	7	7	5	11	6	20	13	9	14	10	14	199	
	3.50 - 7.49	40	17	12	9	7	4	5	5	13	52	80	113	57	50	50	42	556	
	7.50 - 12.49	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	20	65	60	43	21	9	2	224	
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	4	7	1	1	0	17	
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	TOTAL	60	32	32	26	20	11	13	10	25	78	169	190	116	86	70	58	997	Ì

Rev. 22

# ANNUAL

# STABILITY CLASS C

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	2
0.75 - 3.49	27	25	28	26	16	3	8	7	11	9	13	25	16	16	20	19	269
3.50 - 7.49	75	19	16	17	17	6	4	6	24	49	91	106	92	51	71	54	698
7.50 - 12.49	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	16	79	69	70	24	11	10	283
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	9	4	4	1	0	0	19
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	103	45	44	43	33	9	12	14	36	75	192	204	182	92	102	83	1271

#### STABILITY CLASS D

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																	
_	(MPH)	N	NNE	NE	ENE	E	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM																	43
	0.75 - 3.49	345	369	520	440	234	118	125	115	186	182	161	162	191	216	212	240	3816
	3.50 - 7.49	425	137	117	185	83	29	27	32	158	500	959	1016	723	579	735	389	6104
	7.50 - 12.49	13	2	5	3	3	0	1	0	22	157	661	954	584	184	131	24	2744
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	44	136	44	12	2	0	246
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	4	2	0	0	0	12
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	783	508	642	628	330	147	153	147	366	847	1831	2272	1544	991	1080	653	12965

# ANNUAL

# STABILITY CLASS E

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																151
0.75 - 3.49	223	305	605	561	560	431	386	405	506	321	190	99	138	110	134	155	5129
3.50 - 7.49	69	69	94	151	53	21	23	24	247	538	515	226	105	79	83	59	2356
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	6	4	1	1	0	0	8	59	205	111	38	9	9	3	454
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	12	15	6	1	0	0	35
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	292	374	705	716	614	453	409	429	761	920	922	451	287	199	226	217	8126

#### STABILITY CLASS F

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T	BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET
WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET	
WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH	

	SPEED																	
_	(MPH)	N	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM																	196
	0.75 - 3.49	51	80	148	302	582	867	1087	599	348	116	42	23	14	3	11	28	4301
	3.50 - 7.49	9	8	7	4	3	2	2	13	159	100	59	12	3	3	2	1	387
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	9	3	1	0	0	0	16
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	60	88	155	306	585	869	1096	612	507	218	110	39	18	6	13	29	4901

# ANNUAL

# STABILITY CLASS G

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

# JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 35.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																173
0.75 - 3.49	23	42	95	181	407	1033	1811	827	246	48	20	7	8	7	9	12	4776
3.50 - 7.49	0	6	3	12	1	2	2	16	96	30	7	3	1	1	0	0	180
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	23	48	98	193	408	1035	1813	843	342	79	29	10	9	8	9	12	5132

# STABILITY CLASS ALL

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T	BETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEET
WIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEET	
WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH	

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	570
0.75 - 3.49	775	697	1490	1576	1867	2509	3477	2011	1381	715	492	369	441	422	452	535	19409
3.50 - 7.49	1043	440	369	490	271	115	126	164	893	1568	2242	2056	1471	1050	1182	865	14395
7.50 - 12.49	51	12	13	7	6	1	4	4	47	337	1340	1469	968	355	230	83	4927
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	86	192	80	18	3	0	392
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	6	4	3	0	0	0	14
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	1919	1349	1872	2073	2144	2625	3607	2179	2321	2634	4166	4090	2963	1845	1867	1483	39707

PROGRAM: JFD REVISION: 4P

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-35 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

ANNUAL

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA TBETWEEN 150.0 AND 35.0 FEETWIND MEASURED AT: 35.0 FEETWIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 43848

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 39707

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 4141

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 90.6%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 4.1 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

#### PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	E	F	G
15.90	2.51	3.20	32.65	20.46	12.34	12.92

#### DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	CALM
А	598	254	196	161	154	101	117	124	284	417	913	924	807	463	367	431	4
В	60	32	32	26	20	11	13	10	25	78	169	190	116	86	70	58	1
С	103	45	44	43	33	9	12	14	36	75	192	204	182	92	102	83	2
D	783	509	642	628	330	147	153	147	366	847	1831	2272	1544	991	1080	653	43
Е	292	374	705	716	614	453	409	429	761	920	922	451	287	199	226	217	151
F	60	83	155	306	585	869	1090	612	507	218	110	39	18	6	13	29	196
G	23	48	88	193	408	1035	1813	843	342	79	29	10	9	8	9	12	173
Total	1919	1349	1872	2073	2144	2625	3607	2179	2321	2634	4166	4090	2963	1845	1867	1483	570

# APPENDIX C

Monthly and Annual Joint Frequency Distribution of  $\Delta T(500ft-35ft)$  and 500-ft Wind Data (January 1, 1980 - December 31, 1980)

JANUARY

# STABILITY CLASS A

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

# JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM	_																0
	0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### STABILITY CLASS B

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM	-																0
	0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

JANUARY

#### STABILITY CLASS C

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM	-																0
	0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### STABILITY CLASS D

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																		
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
_	CALM																	1	
	0.75 - 3.49	5	2	1	4	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	2	2	1	3	26	
	3.50 - 7.49	3	3	7	13	8	13	1	1	4	0	7	11	8	4	11	8	102	
	7.50 - 12.49	19	7	8	17	0	7	5	11	3	10	15	28	39	23	26	12	230	
	12.50 -18.49	1	0	3	0	0	0	3	0	4	2	7	24	30	18	9	0	101	
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	4	8	18	11	0	0	45	
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	10	4	0	0	0	17	
	TOTAL	28	12	19	34	9	20	10	13	12	20	33	82	101	58	47	23	522	

JANUARY

# STABILITY CLASS E

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

# JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	-																0
0.75 - 3.49	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	2	10
3.50 - 7.49	3	0	2	1	7	8	7	0	2	1	2	1	4	5	1	0	44
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	1	5	5	3	18	2	1	0	3	9	6	3	1	1	58
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	4	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	12
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 TOTAL	4	0	3	7	12	12	25	9	9	3	7	12	11	9	3	3	129

# STABILITY CLASS F

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
3.50 - 7.49	1	0	3	2	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9
7.50 - 12.49	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	10
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	2	0	3	3	0	0	4	5	2	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	22

JANUARY

# STABILITY CLASS G

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM	-																0
	0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### STABILITY CLASS ALL

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

# JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																		
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
CALM																	1	
0.75 - 3.49	6	2	1	5	1	0	1	2	3	2	0	2	2	3	2	5	37	
3.50 - 7.49	7	3	12	16	15	21	9	2	7	1	9	12	12	9	12	8	155	
7.50 - 12.49	20	7	9	23	5	10	25	17	4	10	18	38	45	26	28	13	298	
12.50 -18.49	1	0	3	0	0	1	4	3	8	3	9	25	31	18	9	0	115	
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	5	4	8	18	11	0	0	50	
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	10	4	0	0	0	17	
TOTAL	34	12	25	44	21	32	39	27	23	24	40	95	112	67	51	26	673	

2A.3C-4

PROGRAM: JFD REVISION: 4P

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

JANUARY

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 744

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 673

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 71

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 90.5%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 10.5 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

# PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	E	F	G
0.00	0.00	0.00	77.56	19.17	3.27	0.00

#### DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	CALM
A	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
В	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
С	0	0	0	0	0	Ō	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D	28	12	19	34	9	20	10	13	12	20	33	82	101	58	47	23	1
E	4	0	3	7	12	12	25	9	9	3	7	12	11	9	3	3	0
F	2	0	3	3	0	0	4	5	2	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
G	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	34	12	25	44	21	32	39	27	23	24	40	95	112	67	51	26	1

# FEBRUARY

# STABILITY CLASS A

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM	_																0
	0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### STABILITY CLASS B

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM	-																0
	0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

# FEBRUARY

## STABILITY CLASS C

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	3
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 TOTAL	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	5

#### STABILITY CLASS D

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																		
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
_	CALM	_																0	
	0.75 - 3.49	1	2	0	2	2	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	10	
	3.50 - 7.49	9	4	12	16	17	1	1	2	1	0	8	7	7	3	7	10	105	
	7.50 - 12.49	8	0	3	16	9	3	0	0	4	6	28	25	29	44	30	18	223	
	12.50 -18.49	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	2	25	15	44	31	15	8	146	
	18.50 -23.99	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	6	1	9	0	0	20	
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	3	
	TOTAL	22	6	15	36	29	4	2	3	6	8	64	54	82	88	52	36	507	

# FEBRUARY

# STABILITY CLASS E

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	3
3.50 - 7.49	0	2	5	5	0	0	2	0	1	2	2	3	5	3	0	1	31
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	1	1	0	3	1	2	0	5	4	7	10	3	5	0	42
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	1	0	1	0	8
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 TOTAL	0	2	7	6	0	3	3	2	1	8	8	15	16	6	6	1	84

#### STABILITY CLASS F

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	-																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	3
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	2	1	3	0	0	0	0	10
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	0	6	2	7	2	0	1	0	0	25
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	1	0	0	0	0	7
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	2	8	0	7	4	16	7	0	1	0	0	45

# FEBRUARY

## STABILITY CLASS G

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

# JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	-																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	7	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	11
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	7	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	12

#### STABILITY CLASS ALL

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																		
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
CALM																	0	
0.75 - 3.49	1	2	1	2	2	0	1	1	0	1	3	2	0	0	0	0	16	
3.50 - 7.49	9	6	17	21	17	1	6	2	3	5	11	13	12	6	7	11	147	
7.50 - 12.49	8	0	4	17	10	8	9	2	17	14	39	34	40	48	35	18	303	
12.50 -18.49	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	2	33	20	47	32	16	8	164	
18.50 -23.99	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	6	1	9	0	0	20	
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	3	
TOTAL	22	8	22	42	30	9	16	5	21	22	88	76	101	96	58	37	653	Ĩ

PROGRAM: JFD REVISION: 4P

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

FEBRUARY

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 696

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 653

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 43

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 93.8%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 10.2 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

# PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	E	F	G
0.00	0.00	0.77	77.64	12.86	6.89	1.84

#### DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	CALM
А	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
В	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
С	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0
D	22	6	15	36	29	4	2	3	6	8	64	54	82	88	52	36	0
Е	0	2	7	6	0	3	3	2	1	8	8	15	16	6	6	1	0
F	0	0	0	0	0	2	8	0	7	4	16	7	0	1	0	0	0
G	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	7	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fotal	22	8	22	42	30	9	16	5	21	22	88	76	101	96	58	37	0

MARCH

# STABILITY CLASS A

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

# JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM	-																0
	0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	TOTAL	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

# STABILITY CLASS B

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	1	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	1	1	2	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8

MARCH

# STABILITY CLASS C

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

# JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	-																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
7.50 - 12.49	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	9
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	3
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 > 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 TOTAL	4	0	1	1	0	3	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	0	2	16

#### STABILITY CLASS D

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																		
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
CALM																	0	
0.75 - 3.49	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	2	0	0	9	
3.50 - 7.49	11	8	11	6	6	6	8	4	2	1	5	4	3	3	5	7	90	
7.50 - 12.49	21	6	1	5	15	5	7	10	7	11	9	5	10	10	15	7	144	
12.50 -18.49	0	2	0	6	8	15	8	4	7	2	16	17	22	24	18	0	149	
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	20	14	3	0	44	
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	20	0	0	29	
TOTAL	33	16	13	17	31	27	23	19	18	15	32	28	65	73	41	14	465	Ī

MARCH

# STABILITY CLASS E

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

# JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	6
3.50 - 7.49	0	2	1	3	5	10	6	7	5	1	2	3	3	0	2	1	51
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	5	3	2	5	9	10	3	1	6	3	1	0	1	49
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	4	4	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	18
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	5
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 TOTAL	0	2	2	9	9	13	19	22	19	5	5	12	7	1	2	2	129

# STABILITY CLASS F

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	1	6	3	4	1	1	5	1	6	5	0	0	0	0	33
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	1	6	0	4	1	1	3	1	6	0	1	1	0	0	25
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	1	2	12	3	8	2	5	9	5	13	5	1	1	0	0	67

MARCH

# STABILITY CLASS G

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM	-																0
	0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
_	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	TOTAL	0	0	0	4	2	0	1	2	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	17

#### STABILITY CLASS ALL

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																		
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
CALM																	0	
0.75 - 3.49	1	1	2	1	2	1	0	1	2	0	3	1	1	2	0	0	18	
3.50 - 7.49	11	10	13	19	16	25	16	12	12	3	13	12	6	3	7	8	186	
7.50 - 12.49	25	6	4	16	21	13	13	21	24	18	16	11	15	12	15	10	240	
12.50 -18.49	0	2	0	8	8	15	14	12	11	7	17	19	23	26	18	0	180	
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	1	1	3	2	1	2	1	2	20	14	3	0	50	
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	20	0	0	29	
TOTAL	37	19	19	44	48	55	46	48	50	30	50	45	74	77	43	18	703	Ì

PROGRAM: JFD REVISION: 4P

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

MARCH

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 744

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 703

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 41

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 94.5%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 11.4 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

#### PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	E	F	G
0.14	1.14	2.28	66.15	18.35	9.53	2.42

#### DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	CALM
А	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
В	0	0	1	1	2	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
С	4	0	1	1	0	3	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	0	2	0
D	33	16	13	17	31	27	23	19	18	15	32	28	65	73	41	14	0
Е	0	2	2	9	9	13	19	22	19	5	5	12	7	1	2	2	0
F	0	1	2	12	3	8	2	5	9	5	13	5	1	1	0	0	0
G	0	0	0	4	2	0	1	2	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	37	19	19	44	48	55	46	48	50	30	50	45	74	77	43	18	0

APRIL

# STABILITY CLASS A

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

# JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM	-																0
	0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

# STABILITY CLASS B

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM	-																0
	0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	7.50 - 12.49	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	TOTAL	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3

APRIL

# STABILITY CLASS C

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	3
7.50 - 12.49	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	5
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	2	0	6
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	5
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 TOTAL	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	3	7	3	0	19

#### STABILITY CLASS D

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																		
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
CALM	_																0	
0.75 - 3.49	2	0	3	0	1	1	0	2	2	3	1	3	1	1	1	4	25	
3.50 - 7.49	6	4	9	5	1	6	3	0	0	4	4	13	6	5	2	3	71	
7.50 - 12.49	7	7	2	2	1	1	1	4	2	9	23	16	4	5	12	11	107	
12.50 -18.49	3	0	0	3	6	0	2	1	4	19	15	25	15	16	11	2	122	
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	2	6	6	1	1	4	9	12	9	4	1	0	55	
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	5	
TOTAL	18	11	14	10	11	14	14	8	9	39	52	71	35	32	27	20	385	

APRIL

# STABILITY CLASS E

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	1	0	2	1	3	1	4	0	0	0	4	2	1	1	2	0	22
3.50 - 7.49	5	1	2	2	6	4	4	4	2	4	7	3	4	1	2	2	53
7.50 - 12.49	1	4	2	3	0	1	5	0	5	2	5	5	6	2	1	3	45
12.50 -18.49	1	0	0	2	0	2	5	3	5	0	0	2	2	1	0	0	23
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
 > 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	8	5	6	8	9	8	18	7	12	7	16	12	13	5	5	5	144

#### STABILITY CLASS F

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM																	0
	0.75 - 3.49	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	2	0	4	2	1	2	0	1	2	19
	3.50 - 7.49	4	1	4	7	4	5	0	2	1	4	5	5	5	3	2	3	55
	7.50 - 12.49	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	2	5	2	0	0	1	15
	12.50 -18.49	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	8
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	7	2	5	9	4	5	4	6	3	10	9	12	9	3	3	6	97

APRIL

# STABILITY CLASS G

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	-																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	6	1	0	2	0	0	12
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	9
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	5	2	1	10	3	0	2	0	0	28

#### STABILITY CLASS ALL

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																		
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
_	CALM																	0	
	0.75 - 3.49	4	1	6	2	4	2	5	4	2	7	9	6	4	2	4	6	68	
	3.50 - 7.49	15	6	15	14	11	15	7	6	5	13	23	22	17	11	6	8	194	
	7.50 - 12.49	13	11	6	6	2	2	10	8	7	11	32	28	13	7	13	15	184	
	12.50 -18.49	5	0	0	5	6	2	11	7	11	21	15	29	17	20	13	2	164	
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	2	6	6	1	1	5	9	12	9	8	2	0	61	
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	5	
	TOTAL	37	18	27	27	25	27	41	26	26	57	88	99	60	49	38	31	676	

PROGRAM: JFD REVISION: 4P

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

APRIL

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 720

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 676

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 44

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 93.9%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 10.1 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

# PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	E	F	G
0.00	0.44	2.81	56.95	21.30	14.35	4.14

#### DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	CALM
А	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
В	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
С	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	3	7	3	0	0
D	18	11	14	10	11	14	14	8	9	39	52	71	35	32	27	20	0
Е	8	5	6	8	9	8	18	7	12	7	16	12	13	5	5	5	0
F	7	2	5	9	4	5	4	6	3	10	9	12	9	3	3	6	0
G	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	5	2	1	10	3	0	2	0	0	0
Total	37	18	27	27	25	27	41	26	26	57	88	99	60	49	38	31	0

MAY

# STABILITY CLASS A

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	-																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
12.50 -18.49	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 > 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 TOTAL	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5

#### STABILITY CLASS B

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
7.50 - 12.49	4	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	1	0	2	2	17
12.50 -18.49	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	9	1	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	1	0	2	2	24

MAY

# STABILITY CLASS C

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	9
7.50 - 12.49	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	5	3	3	1	18
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 TOTAL	5	0	2	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	2	1	7	4	0	2	29

#### STABILITY CLASS D

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	3	4	5	0	1	19
3.50 - 7.49	5	1	3	10	3	3	0	4	4	6	9	11	9	4	14	10	96
7.50 - 12.49	9	1	0	4	1	3	6	2	6	5	5	4	14	16	7	7	90
12.50 -18.49	2	0	0	0	0	6	3	0	0	7	25	7	9	9	3	2	73
18.50 -23.99	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	3	1	6	1	0	0	16
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	19	3	4	15	5	12	10	6	10	20	43	26	42	35	24	20	294

MAY

# STABILITY CLASS E

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM	_																0
	0.75 - 3.49	4	1	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	4	3	2	0	22
	3.50 - 7.49	4	5	6	6	4	4	1	0	5	1	5	13	11	8	5	3	81
	7.50 - 12.49	3	2	0	3	3	2	1	2	2	1	1	6	6	0	4	4	40
	12.50 -18.49	3	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	4	8	2	1	0	0	0	21
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	TOTAL	14	9	6	12	8	7	4	2	9	6	15	24	22	11	11	7	167

#### STABILITY CLASS F

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	1	1	1	2	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	2	1	1	0	13
3.50 - 7.49	5	2	3	3	6	0	0	0	3	4	4	6	14	12	11	3	76
7.50 - 12.49	0	1	2	2	3	1	0	4	2	1	5	3	5	4	4	1	38
12.50 -18.49	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	6	4	7	8	9	1	1	5	6	5	10	11	21	17	16	4	131

MAY

# STABILITY CLASS G

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	4
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	5
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	3	6	4	0	0	0	17
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 > 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 TOTAL	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	5	1	0	4	7	5	1	1	1	28

# STABILITY CLASS ALL

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																		
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
CALM																	0	
0.75 - 3.49	5	3	3	7	2	0	1	0	1	1	3	7	10	9	4	2	58	
3.50 - 7.49	17	8	13	20	14	8	2	4	13	11	19	32	35	26	30	17	269	
7.50 - 12.49	19	4	7	10	7	6	7	13	10	8	15	22	35	23	20	16	222	
12.50 -18.49	11	3	1	1	0	7	4	1	0	11	34	10	12	9	3	2	109	
18.50 -23.99	3	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	2	1	3	1	6	1	0	0	20	
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
TOTAL	55	18	24	38	23	21	16	19	26	32	74	72	98	68	57	37	678	

PROGRAM: JFD REVISION: 4P

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

MAY

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 744

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 678

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 66

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 91.1%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 8.5 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

#### PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	E	F	G
0.74	3.54	4.28	43.36	24.63	19.32	4.13

#### DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	CALM
А	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
В	9	1	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	1	0	2	2	0
С	5	0	2	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	2	1	7	4	3	2	0
D	19	3	4	15	5	12	10	6	10	20	43	26	42	35	24	20	0
Е	14	9	6	12	8	7	4	2	9	6	15	24	22	11	11	7	0
F	6	4	7	8	9	1	1	5	6	5	10	11	21	17	16	4	0
G	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	5	1	0	4	7	5	1	1	1	0
Total	55	18	24	38	23	21	16	19	26	32	74	72	98	68	57	37	0

JUNE

# STABILITY CLASS A

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM	-																0
	0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	7

#### STABILITY CLASS B

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	-																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	2	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	9
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	2	3	2	1	13
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	3
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	1	0	2	2	1	2	3	1	0	1	3	7	2	3	28

JUNE

# STABILITY CLASS C

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

# JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	-																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	2	3	0	2	2	2	4	4	1	23
7.50 - 12.49	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	3	0	1	1	4	3	4	3	23
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	3	0	7
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	3	3	0	0	8
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 TOTAL	2	0	0	1	0	0	3	3	6	2	4	4	10	11	11	4	61

#### STABILITY CLASS D

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																		
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
CALM	_																0	
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	2	2	2	2	4	0	0	16	
3.50 - 7.49	4	0	0	0	0	1	2	6	7	6	4	11	6	2	4	9	62	
7.50 - 12.49	9	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	6	14	10	10	4	7	9	11	82	
12.50 -18.49	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	13	21	19	8	10	13	7	95	
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	1	4	3	4	1	0	17	
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	
TOTAL	15	0	1	1	2	1	3	8	15	38	39	46	23	28	27	27	274	Ì

JUNE

# STABILITY CLASS E

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																1
0.75 - 3.49	2	1	0	1	4	4	4	0	1	2	6	2	2	2	1	1	33
3.50 - 7.49	0	1	3	1	1	2	7	1	3	2	6	6	10	2	2	4	51
7.50 - 12.49	5	0	1	0	2	1	1	0	1	3	11	7	6	2	2	0	42
12.50 -18.49	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	8	5	7	2	1	7	0	35
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 TOTAL	10	3	4	2	7	7	12	2	5	15	29	22	20	7	12	5	163

#### STABILITY CLASS F

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	5
0.75 - 3.49	3	1	1	2	7	2	2	4	1	1	7	4	7	1	3	2	48
3.50 - 7.49	1	3	3	5	7	5	3	6	2	1	3	3	7	1	1	1	52
7.50 - 12.49	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	1	1	8	1	0	0	16
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	5	4	4	7	14	7	8	10	3	3	12	8	23	3	4	3	123

JUNE

# STABILITY CLASS G

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM	-																0
	0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
	3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	3	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	11

# STABILITY CLASS ALL

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																		
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
CALM																	6	
0.75 - 3.49	5	2	3	4	14	6	6	5	3	5	15	8	11	7	4	3	101	
3.50 - 7.49	5	4	6	7	9	9	17	19	18	9	15	23	26	9	11	16	203	
7.50 - 12.49	17	0	1	0	4	4	6	3	12	20	24	19	24	16	17	15	182	
12.50 -18.49	5	1	0	0	0	0	2	2	1	22	28	26	12	14	23	8	144	
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	2	5	6	10	1	0	29	
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	
TOTAL	32	7	10	11	27	19	31	29	35	60	85	81	79	57	56	42	667	
BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

JUNE

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 720

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 667

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 53

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 92.6%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 8.7 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

#### PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	E	F	G
1.05	4.20	9.15	41.08	24.44	18.44	1.65

	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	CALM
А	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
В	0	0	1	0	2	2	1	2	3	1	0	1	3	7	2	3	0
С	2	0	0	1	0	0	3	3	6	2	4	4	10	11	11	4	0
D	15	0	1	1	2	1	3	8	15	38	39	46	23	28	27	27	0
Е	10	3	4	2	7	7	12	2	5	15	29	22	20	7	12	5	1
F	5	4	4	7	14	7	8	10	3	3	12	8	23	3	4	3	5
G	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	3	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fotal	32	7	10	11	27	19	31	29	35	60	85	81	79	57	56	42	6

JULY

# STABILITY CLASS A

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM	_																0
	0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	7.50 - 12.49	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	TOTAL	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

#### STABILITY CLASS B

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	-																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4
7.50 - 12.49	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	4	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	9

JULY

## STABILITY CLASS C

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM	-																0
	0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
	3.50 - 7.49	4	1	0	2	0	1	4	1	2	3	3	4	2	1	1	3	32
	7.50 - 12.49	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	4	2	4	3	1	0	0	17
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	TOTAL	6	1	0	2	1	1	4	2	3	9	6	8	5	2	1	3	54

#### STABILITY CLASS D

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																		
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
CALM	_																0	
0.75 - 3.49	1	2	4	1	0	2	1	2	2	1	3	2	5	2	1	2	31	
3.50 - 7.49	8	2	3	2	3	2	4	4	6	5	14	15	7	9	3	9	96	
7.50 - 12.49	9	0	0	1	1	1	4	7	4	15	27	19	10	9	6	9	122	
12.50 -18.49	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	3	1	16	5	3	1	2	1	37	
18.50 -23.99	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	8	
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
TOTAL	19	5	7	4	4	5	13	14	17	23	60	41	27	22	12	21	294	Ì

JULY

# STABILITY CLASS E

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	-																1
0.75 - 3.49	3	1	2	2	1	2	2	3	5	1	3	2	14	8	1	2	52
3.50 - 7.49	2	1	7	4	4	4	2	3	5	7	7	8	12	5	0	1	72
7.50 - 12.49	3	0	1	0	0	0	3	2	2	12	11	6	4	4	1	0	49
12.50 -18.49	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	2	8	7	1	0	0	1	2	25
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
TOTAL	9	2	10	7	6	7	7	9	15	28	29	17	30	17	3	5	202

#### STABILITY CLASS F

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	-																2
0.75 - 3.49	3	1	0	4	7	2	0	2	4	2	6	5	9	2	4	2	53
3.50 - 7.49	5	1	0	1	2	1	0	2	2	5	2	6	2	9	2	3	43
7.50 - 12.49	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	3	6	2	1	0	0	1	1	17
12.50 -18.49	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	4
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	10	2	0	5	9	4	1	4	10	14	11	12	11	11	7	6	119

JULY

# STABILITY CLASS G

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM	-																0
	0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1

#### STABILITY CLASS ALL

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																		
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
CALM																	3	
0.75 - 3.49	7	4	6	7	9	6	3	7	12	4	12	9	28	12	6	6	138	
3.50 - 7.49	20	5	10	9	9	8	10	11	16	20	26	33	23	25	6	17	248	
7.50 - 12.49	18	1	1	1	1	3	8	10	9	37	42	30	17	14	8	11	211	
12.50 -18.49	3	0	0	1	1	0	3	2	6	12	25	6	3	1	3	3	69	
18.50 -23.99	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	3	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	10	
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	
TOTAL	48	11	17	18	20	18	25	30	46	74	106	78	73	53	23	37	680	

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

JULY

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 744

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 680

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 64

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 91.4%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 7.2 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

#### PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	E	F	G
0.15	1.32	7.94	43.24	29.71	17.50	0.15

	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	CALM
А	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
В	4	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
С	6	1	0	2	1	1	4	2	3	9	6	8	5	2	1	3	0
D	19	5	7	4	4	5	13	14	17	23	60	41	27	22	12	21	0
Е	9	2	10	7	6	7	7	9	15	28	29	17	30	17	3	5	1
F	10	2	0	5	9	4	1	4	10	14	11	12	11	11	7	6	2
G	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Fotal	48	11	17	18	20	18	25	30	46	74	106	78	73	53	23	37	3

AUGUST

## STABILITY CLASS A

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM	-																0
	0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### STABILITY CLASS B

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	0	1	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	1	2	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5

AUGUST

## STABILITY CLASS C

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
3.50 - 7.49	0	1	0	2	0	0	1	1	2	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	11
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	8
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	1	1	0	2	1	1	3	1	2	1	4	3	1	1	0	0	22

#### STABILITY CLASS D

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																		
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
CALM	_																0	
0.75 - 3.49	3	2	0	1	6	4	3	3	4	3	1	2	2	2	2	3	41	
3.50 - 7.49	3	3	0	2	5	7	3	6	8	7	16	27	4	3	3	6	103	
7.50 - 12.49	7	1	0	0	3	3	2	1	1	14	45	29	8	9	3	7	133	
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	11	29	9	12	1	0	1	64	
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	7	
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
TOTAL	13	6	0	3	14	14	8	10	15	39	93	67	26	15	8	17	348	

AUGUST

# STABILITY CLASS E

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	-																2
0.75 - 3.49	5	3	3	6	8	6	3	5	4	6	7	6	3	5	5	2	77
3.50 - 7.49	5	2	8	6	2	11	3	3	9	11	21	15	6	4	0	3	109
7.50 - 12.49	2	0	0	2	1	3	0	1	4	20	16	6	8	1	4	4	72
12.50 -18.49	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	5	5	0	1	0	0	3	17
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	14	5	11	14	11	21	6	9	17	43	50	27	18	10	9	12	279

## STABILITY CLASS F

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																2
0.75 - 3.49	2	5	2	1	0	1	0	1	2	3	6	5	2	1	1	0	32
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	6	7	5	1	0	1	0	24
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	2	5	4	1	0	1	0	2	7	12	13	10	3	1	2	0	65

AUGUST

# STABILITY CLASS G

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	-																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### STABILITY CLASS ALL

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																		
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
CALM																	4	
0.75 - 3.49	11	10	5	8	14	12	6	9	10	12	14	13	7	8	8	5	152	
3.50 - 7.49	8	7	12	10	7	18	8	11	20	24	44	49	12	8	4	9	251	
7.50 - 12.49	9	1	0	2	5	7	4	2	8	37	64	36	16	10	7	11	219	
12.50 -18.49	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	17	35	9	13	1	0	4	84	
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	3	0	0	0	0	0	9	
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
TOTAL	30	18	17	20	26	38	18	22	41	95	160	107	48	27	19	29	719	Ĩ

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

AUGUST

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 744

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 719

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 25

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 96.6%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 7.3 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

## PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	E	F	G
0.00	0.70	3.06	48.40	38.80	9.04	0.00

	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	CALM
А	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
В	0	1	2	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
С	1	1	0	2	1	1	3	1	2	1	4	3	1	1	0	0	0
D	13	6	0	3	14	14	8	10	15	39	93	67	26	15	8	17	0
Е	14	5	11	14	11	21	6	9	17	43	50	27	18	10	9	12	2
F	2	5	4	1	0	1	0	2	7	12	13	10	3	1	2	0	2
G	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	30	18	17	20	26	38	18	22	41	95	160	107	48	27	19	29	4

# SEPTEMBER

# STABILITY CLASS A

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.50 - 12.49	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2

#### STABILITY CLASS B

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	-																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
3.50 - 7.49	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	4
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	3
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	8

# SEPTEMBER

## STABILITY CLASS C

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	-																0
0.75 - 3.49	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	1	1	3	5	2	1	1	0	20
7.50 - 12.49	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	4	1	1	1	3	13
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	4	0	0	5
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 TOTAL	2	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	2	1	5	9	3	7	2	3	40

#### STABILITY CLASS D

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																		
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
	CALM																	0	
	0.75 - 3.49	3	3	1	1	3	2	1	0	1	0	3	3	6	1	2	3	33	
	3.50 - 7.49	8	2	1	0	5	3	5	1	6	3	10	10	4	3	3	4	68	
	7.50 - 12.49	18	0	2	0	0	1	2	3	8	17	16	9	6	4	12	11	109	
	12.50 -18.49	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	16	22	8	11	7	4	2	76	
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	2	1	0	0	1	7	
_	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	
_	TOTAL	30	7	4	1	8	6	8	4	20	36	52	32	28	16	21	21	294	

# SEPTEMBER

## STABILITY CLASS E

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																3
0.75 - 3.49	1	2	2	3	6	2	3	2	1	1	2	2	11	3	2	1	44
3.50 - 7.49	2	4	3	10	1	6	3	1	4	7	10	11	7	7	4	2	82
7.50 - 12.49	5	1	0	0	0	0	1	4	4	6	15	3	1	0	1	4	45
12.50 -18.49	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	4	11	6	2	0	0	0	2	31
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 TOTAL	11	7	5	13	7	9	7	9	13	25	33	18	19	10	7	9	205

## STABILITY CLASS F

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	-																4
0.75 - 3.49	3	1	3	2	4	3	1	2	1	1	3	4	5	3	7	0	43
3.50 - 7.49	1	2	5	5	1	8	3	2	0	2	8	6	5	1	0	0	49
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	1	4	5	6	0	0	0	0	4	24
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	4	3	10	8	5	11	5	5	5	10	17	10	10	4	7	4	122

## SEPTEMBER

#### STABILITY CLASS G

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM	-																0
	0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

#### STABILITY CLASS ALL

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																		
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
CALM																	7	
0.75 - 3.49	8	6	6	6	13	8	5	4	3	2	8	9	22	8	11	5	124	
3.50 - 7.49	12	9	9	15	7	18	13	8	12	13	31	33	18	12	8	6	224	
7.50 - 12.49	25	1	4	1	0	1	4	9	17	28	38	16	8	6	14	23	195	
12.50 -18.49	4	2	0	0	0	1	0	2	7	29	29	10	11	11	4	4	114	
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	2	1	0	0	1	7	
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	
TOTAL	49	18	19	22	20	28	22	23	41	72	107	70	60	38	37	39	672	

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

SEPTEMBER

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 720

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 672

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 48

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 93.3%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 7.8 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

## PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	E	F	G
0.30	1.19	5.95	43.75	30.51	18.15	0.15

	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	CALM
А	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
В	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	0
С	2	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	2	1	5	9	3	7	2	3	0
D	30	7	4	1	8	6	8	4	20	36	52	32	28	16	21	21	0
Е	11	7	5	13	7	9	7	9	13	25	33	18	19	10	7	9	3
F	4	3	10	8	5	11	5	5	5	10	17	10	10	4	7	4	4
G	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	49	18	19	22	20	28	22	23	41	72	107	70	60	38	37	39	7

OCTOBER

# STABILITY CLASS A

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM	_																0
	0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	7.50 - 12.49	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	TOTAL	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4

#### STABILITY CLASS B

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3
7.50 - 12.49	2	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	9
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	4	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	3	1	0	1	0	0	0	14

# OCTOBER

## STABILITY CLASS C

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

#### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
7.50 - 12.49	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	3	3	0	0	0	13
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	6
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 TOTAL	2	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	2	6	3	3	0	0	1	21

#### STABILITY CLASS D

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																		
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
CALM	-																0	
0.75 - 3.49	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	9	
3.50 - 7.49	2	1	1	5	6	0	5	3	6	3	6	2	5	2	0	5	52	
7.50 - 12.49	3	1	0	4	5	1	3	2	5	9	26	23	9	7	4	12	114	
12.50 -18.49	2	2	0	2	0	2	2	0	0	4	11	31	42	16	3	0	117	
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	1	3	1	13	14	10	0	0	46	
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	5	10	0	0	0	16	
TOTAL	8	4	1	11	12	7	12	7	12	21	45	74	80	35	7	18	354	Ì

# OCTOBER

## STABILITY CLASS E

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM	-																0
	0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	3	1	0	1	7
	3.50 - 7.49	1	2	4	3	0	1	0	1	1	1	11	6	14	1	2	0	48
	7.50 - 12.49	3	1	0	3	10	1	3	1	4	4	11	12	10	0	3	3	69
	12.50 -18.49	1	1	1	1	3	1	0	1	3	2	12	4	1	1	0	0	32
	18.50 -23.99	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	6
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	TOTAL	5	5	5	7	13	3	3	3	9	7	39	23	28	3	5	4	162

## STABILITY CLASS F

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	3	1	2	1	0	0	11
3.50 - 7.49	3	1	4	7	0	0	0	0	4	3	11	1	1	2	2	1	40
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	2	2	1	0	0	0	5	2	2	1	3	0	1	0	19
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	4	3	0	0	0	0	0	10
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	4	1	6	9	1	0	0	2	12	10	19	3	6	3	3	1	80

OCTOBER

## STABILITY CLASS G

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	3	0	0	0	0	0	9
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	6	4	0	0	0	0	0	16

#### STABILITY CLASS ALL

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																		
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
CALM																	0	
0.75 - 3.49	2	0	0	0	1	2	0	4	0	2	6	2	5	2	0	2	28	
3.50 - 7.49	8	4	10	15	6	1	5	4	13	11	31	9	21	5	4	7	154	
7.50 - 12.49	11	3	3	12	16	2	7	3	18	21	42	39	25	7	8	15	232	
12.50 -18.49	3	3	2	3	3	6	2	1	6	11	30	35	43	17	3	0	168	
18.50 -23.99	0	1	0	0	0	3	2	0	2	3	5	13	14	10	0	0	53	
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	5	10	0	0	0	16	
TOTAL	24	11	15	30	26	14	16	12	39	49	114	103	118	41	15	24	651	

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

OCTOBER

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 744

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 651

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 93

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 87.5%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 11.2 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

#### PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	E	F	G
0.61	2.15	3.23	54.38	24.88	12.29	2.46

	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	CALM
А	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
В	4	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	3	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
С	2	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	2	6	3	3	0	0	1	0
D	8	4	1	11	12	7	12	7	12	21	45	74	80	35	7	18	0
Е	5	5	5	7	13	3	3	3	9	7	39	23	28	3	5	4	0
F	4	1	6	9	1	0	0	2	12	10	19	3	6	3	3	1	0
G	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	6	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	24	11	15	30	26	14	16	12	39	49	114	103	118	41	15	24	0

## NOVEMBER

## STABILITY CLASS A

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM	_																0
	0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### STABILITY CLASS B

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	-																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

## NOVEMBER

## STABILITY CLASS C

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2

#### STABILITY CLASS D

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																		
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
CALM																	0	
0.75 - 3.49	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	5	
3.50 - 7.49	9	4	5	5	4	2	1	1	1	4	6	5	6	1	4	7	65	
7.50 - 12.49	24	5	5	4	8	1	0	0	6	6	10	2	11	19	39	23	163	
12.50 -18.49	2	2	0	0	6	3	0	0	0	13	36	18	25	28	30	5	168	
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	7	11	11	5	1	0	37	
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	3	
TOTAL	35	12	10	9	19	7	1	1	7	25	59	37	56	53	74	36	441	Ĩ

## NOVEMBER

## STABILITY CLASS E

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	-																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	2	0	0	1	1	2	1	1	0	12
3.50 - 7.49	0	2	1	2	1	1	3	5	5	2	3	7	8	2	1	0	43
7.50 - 12.49	1	0	1	10	1	1	1	2	3	2	1	5	14	1	0	0	43
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	5	1	6	3	6	1	0	0	24
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	1	0	0	0	5
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
TOTAL	1	3	2	13	4	3	5	9	13	6	14	16	32	5	2	0	128

#### STABILITY CLASS F

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	-																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	6
3.50 - 7.49	0	1	1	0	0	2	7	5	9	1	11	4	2	0	0	0	43
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	3	1	1	7	7	2	2	4	1	1	0	0	0	29
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	2	0	1	0	0	0	6
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	1	1	3	1	4	15	15	12	5	19	5	4	0	1	0	86

## NOVEMBER

## STABILITY CLASS G

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	6
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	9

#### STABILITY CLASS ALL

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																		
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
_	CALM																	0	
	0.75 - 3.49	0	2	0	1	2	2	2	5	0	0	1	1	3	1	2	1	23	
	3.50 - 7.49	9	7	7	7	5	5	11	12	15	7	20	16	16	3	5	7	152	
	7.50 - 12.49	25	5	6	17	10	3	8	10	11	11	15	8	27	20	39	24	239	
	12.50 -18.49	2	2	0	0	7	4	0	0	6	20	46	21	32	29	30	5	204	
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	12	11	12	5	1	0	44	
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	4	
	TOTAL	36	16	13	25	24	14	21	27	32	41	94	58	93	58	77	37	666	

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

NOVEMBER

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 720

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 666

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 54

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 92.5%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 11.1 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

## PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	E	F	G
0.00	0.00	0.30	66.22	19.22	12.91	1.35

	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	CALM
А	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
В	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
С	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
D	35	12	10	9	19	7	1	1	7	25	59	37	56	53	74	36	0
Е	1	3	2	13	4	3	5	9	13	6	14	16	32	5	2	0	0
F	0	1	1	3	1	4	15	15	12	5	19	5	4	0	1	0	0
G	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fotal	36	16	13	25	24	14	21	27	32	41	94	58	93	58	77	37	0

## DECEMBER

## STABILITY CLASS A

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM	_																0
	0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### STABILITY CLASS B

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	-																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Rev. 22

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

## DECEMBER

## STABILITY CLASS C

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	-																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 TOTAL	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	6

#### STABILITY CLASS D

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	1	4	5	2	2	6	0	3	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	26
3.50 - 7.49	6	1	3	19	16	11	5	1	5	3	6	11	6	1	3	11	108
7.50 - 12.49	20	2	1	6	8	6	0	2	4	5	14	16	22	12	17	20	155
12.50 -18.49	9	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	17	24	12	26	14	12	8	125
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	10	3	10	8	1	1	35
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	12	3	0	0	16
TOTAL	36	8	9	27	26	23	5	6	12	27	55	43	76	38	34	40	465

## DECEMBER

## STABILITY CLASS E

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	-																4
0.75 - 3.49	1	1	3	0	2	1	2	2	2	2	0	0	1	4	2	0	23
3.50 - 7.49	1	2	2	3	9	9	3	5	7	4	2	1	1	0	2	1	52
7.50 - 12.49	2	0	0	2	1	1	2	1	7	8	15	6	14	0	0	0	59
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	7	3	1	4	0	0	0	17
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	4	3	5	5	12	11	7	8	18	21	20	8	20	4	4	1	155

#### STABILITY CLASS F

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	-																1
0.75 - 3.49	0	1	0	1	3	0	2	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	13
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	4	6	11	3	2	5	2	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	37
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	5	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	14
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	6
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	1	4	8	15	4	6	7	10	7	6	1	0	0	0	1	71

## DECEMBER

#### STABILITY CLASS G

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	-																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 > 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

#### STABILITY CLASS ALL

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																		
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
CALM																	5	
0.75 - 3.49	2	6	8	3	7	7	4	6	4	2	3	1	1	4	3	1	62	
3.50 - 7.49	7	3	9	28	39	23	10	11	14	11	9	12	7	1	5	12	201	
7.50 - 12.49	22	2	1	9	10	8	3	4	16	15	31	22	37	12	17	20	229	
12.50 -18.49	9	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	7	25	29	13	31	14	12	8	150	
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	10	3	10	8	1	1	35	
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	12	3	0	0	16	
TOTAL	40	12	18	40	56	38	18	21	41	55	82	52	98	42	38	42	698	

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

DECEMBER

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 744

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 698

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 46

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 93.8%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 9.9 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

## PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	E	F	G
0.00	0.00	0.86	66.62	22.21	10.17	0.14

	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	CALM
А	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
В	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
С	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0
D	36	8	9	27	26	23	5	6	12	27	55	43	76	38	34	40	0
Е	4	3	5	5	12	11	7	8	18	21	20	8	20	4	4	1	4
F	0	1	4	8	15	4	6	7	10	7	6	1	0	0	0	1	1
G	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fotal	40	12	18	40	56	38	18	21	41	55	82	52	98	42	38	42	5

ANNUAL

## STABILITY CLASS A

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.50 - 12.49	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	11
12.50 -18.49	2	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	8
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 TOTAL	4	2	2	1	1	4	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	20

#### STABILITY CLASS B

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
3.50 - 7.49	5	2	2	1	1	3	2	2	4	0	0	2	2	0	0	2	28
7.50 - 12.49	10	1	7	2	3	5	1	2	1	5	0	3	3	4	4	5	56
12.50 -18.49	4	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	9
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	4
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	19	4	10	4	4	9	3	4	5	5	1	5	5	8	4	9	99

ANNUAL

## STABILITY CLASS C

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

## JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	6
3.50 - 7.49	6	2	2	5	4	5	11	7	1	4	11	14	9	8	6	6	108
7.50 - 12.49	17	0	2	1	3	0	3	3	8	7	11	13	21	8	8	10	111
12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	4	4	7	1	6	11	5	0	37
18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	3	7	1	0	13
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	25	2	4	7	8	8	14	10	13	16	29	29	39	35	20	16	275

#### STABILITY CLASS D

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																	
_	(MPH)	N	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM	_																1
	0.75 - 3.49	18	17	17	13	20	18	7	15	12	12	15	17	24	19	8	18	250
	3.50 - 7.49	74	33	55	83	74	55	38	33	50	42	95	127	71	40	59	89	1018
	7.50 - 12.49	154	30	22	59	52	32	30	43	56	121	228	186	166	165	180	148	1672
	12.50 -18.49	25	9	3	13	21	26	22	6	26	107	247	190	247	175	120	36	1273
	18.50 -23.99	5	1	0	0	3	9	10	2	9	25	41	61	95	67	7	2	337
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	4	1	20	38	27	0	0	92
	TOTAL	276	90	97	168	170	140	109	99	153	311	627	601	641	493	374	293	4643

Rev. 22

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

ANNUAL

# STABILITY CLASS E

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

#### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																11
0.75 - 3.49	18	10	14	19	27	17	19	16	14	14	26	21	41	29	17	9	311
3.50 - 7.49	23	24	44	46	40	60	41	30	49	43	78	77	85	38	21	18	717
7.50 - 12.49	25	8	7	34	26	18	41	26	43	66	94	78	88	17	22	20	613
12.50 -18.49	14	3	1	4	5	8	12	15	29	46	57	29	20	4	9	7	263
18.50 -23.99	0	1	0	0	0	1	3	4	5	5	9	1	1	0	0	0	30
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2
TOTAL	80	46	66	103	98	104	116	91	140	174	265	206	236	88	69	54	1947

#### STABILITY CLASS F

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																	
_	(MPH)	N	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
_	CALM																	14
	0.75 - 3.49	14	12	8	13	21	9	8	17	12	12	33	23	29	9	18	7	245
	3.50 - 7.49	20	11	30	42	34	28	20	25	31	33	58	44	37	28	19	11	471
	7.50 - 12.49	4	1	7	17	6	10	23	19	33	24	37	15	20	7	7	7	237
	12.50 -18.49	2	0	1	1	0	0	3	4	10	17	15	3	2	0	0	0	58
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	40	24	46	73	61	47	54	66	86	86	145	85	88	44	44	25	1028

Rev. 22

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

ANNUAL

# STABILITY CLASS G

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

#### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
_	CALM	_																0
	0.75 - 3.49	0	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	1	1	10
	3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	4	2	1	2	5	6	6	9	2	1	4	0	0	42
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	9	15	7	6	8	4	0	0	0	54
	12.50 -18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	4	1	6	3	0	0	0	0	0	17
	18.50 -23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	TOTAL	0	0	1	5	4	1	11	18	23	19	21	10	5	4	1	1	124

#### STABILITY CLASS ALL

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM																	26
	0.75 - 3.49	52	39	41	46	71	46	34	48	40	38	77	61	94	58	44	36	825
	3.50 - 7.49	128	72	133	181	155	152	114	102	148	128	251	266	205	118	105	126	2384
	7.50 - 12.49	212	41	46	114	91	67	104	102	153	230	376	303	302	201	221	191	2754
	12.50 -18.49	47	14	6	20	26	37	41	30	66	180	330	223	275	192	134	44	1665
	18.50 -23.99	5	2	0	0	3	11	14	7	14	31	52	63	99	77	8	2	388
_	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	4	2	20	39	27	0	0	94
_	TOTAL	444	168	226	361	346	313	309	289	421	611	1088	936	1014	673	512	399	8136

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/80 - 12/31/80

ANNUAL

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 8784

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 8136

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 648

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 92.6%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 9.5 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

## PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G
0.25	1.22	3.38	57.07	23.93	12.64	1.52

	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	CALM
А	4	2	2	1	1	4	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0
В	19	4	10	4	4	9	3	4	5	5	1	5	5	8	4	9	0
С	25	2	4	7	8	8	14	10	13	16	29	29	39	35	20	16	0
D	276	90	97	168	170	140	109	99	153	311	627	601	641	493	374	293	1
Е	80	46	66	103	98	104	116	91	140	174	265	206	236	88	69	54	11
F	40	24	46	73	61	47	54	66	86	86	145	85	88	44	44	25	14
G	0	0	1	5	4	1	11	18	23	19	21	10	5	4	1	1	0
Total	444	168	226	361	346	313	309	289	421	611	1088	936	1014	673	512	399	26
### APPENDIX D

Monthly and Annual Joint Frequency Distribution of  $\Delta T(500ft-35ft)$  and 500-ft Wind Data (January 1, 1976 - December 31, 1980) BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

#### JANUARY

#### STABILITY CLASS A

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

#### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### STABILITY CLASS B

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
_	ĊALM																	0
	0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

JANUARY

#### STABILITY CLASS C

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

#### STABILITY CLASS D

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
_	CALM	_																2
	0.75 - 3.49	11	5	7	7	6	7	7	8	4	4	3	3	2	2	5	3	84
	3.50 - 7.49	12	12	15	48	35	41	26	17	28	12	41	25	19	12	24	22	389
	7.50 - 12.49	36	18	44	45	15	24	9	19	14	20	76	159	100	64	61	34	738
	12.50 - 18.49	3	0	24	11	12	3	3	1	22	12	122	194	204	59	34	5	709
	18.50 - 23.99	0	0	2	4	0	0	0	0	1	5	34	83	92	27	1	0	249
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	28	50	27	5	0	0	114
	TOTAL	62	35	92	115	68	75	45	45	69	57	304	514	444	169	125	64	2285

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

JANUARY

#### STABILITY CLASS E

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	5	2	3	4	3	2	3	6	5	3	3	1	3	4	3	4	54
3.50 - 7.49	11	0	6	12	16	12	19	6	24	12	19	12	7	7	1	3	167
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	3	18	12	9	28	15	10	8	22	21	13	5	1	2	167
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	1	3	5	1	6	8	6	12	5	5	0	1	0	53
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	3	1	2	1	2	2	0	0	0	15
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
TOTAL	16	2	12	35	38	29	52	36	48	31	57	41	30	16	6	9	458

#### STABILITY CLASS F

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	1	1	4	1	2	3	0	3	2	4	1	3	0	1	1	27
3.50 - 7.49	2	1	3	5	2	2	4	9	6	4	8	9	6	1	0	0	62
7.50 - 12.49	1	0	0	4	0	0	3	5	6	3	0	4	9	1	1	0	37
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	6
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	3	2	4	13	3	4	11	15	15	11	12	15	19	2	2	1	132

#### BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

JANUARY

#### STABILITY CLASS G

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	6
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	6	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	12
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	3	6	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	18

#### STABILITY CLASS ALL

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																2
0.75 - 3.49	16	8	11	15	12	11	14	15	12	10	10	6	8	6	9	8	171
3.50 - 7.49	25	13	24	65	54	55	50	34	64	30	69	46	32	20	25	25	631
7.50 - 12.49	37	18	47	67	27	33	40	39	30	31	98	184	122	70	63	36	942
12.50 - 18.49	3	0	24	12	15	8	5	8	30	20	134	200	210	59	35	5	768
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	2	4	3	1	0	3	2	7	35	85	94	27	1	0	264
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	4	28	50	27	5	0	0	116
TOTAL	81	39	108	163	112	108	110	99	138	102	374	571	493	187	133	74	2894

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

JANUARY

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 3720

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 2894

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 826

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 77.8%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 11.5 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

### PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G
0.00	0.00	0.03	78.96	15.83	4.56	0.62

### DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

A B C D E F	N 0 0 62 16 3	NNE 0 0 35 2 2	NE 0 0 92 12 4	ENE 0 0 115 35 13	E 0 0 68 38 3	ESE 0 0 75 29 4	SE 0 0 45 52 11	SSE 0 0 45 36 15	S 0 0 69 48 15	SSW 0 0 57 31 11	SW 0 0 304 57 12	WSW 0 0 514 41 15	W 0 0 444 30 19	WNW 0 0 169 16 2	NW 0 0 125 6 2	NNW 0 0 64 9 1	CALM 0 0 2 0 0
Ġ	0	Ő	0	0	2	0	2	3	6	3	1	1	0	Ō	Ő	Ö	Ö
Total	81	39	108	163	112	108	110	99	138	102	374	571	493	187	133	74	2

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

FEBRUARY

#### STABILITY CLASS A

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
ĊALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4

#### STABILITY CLASS B

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

#### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	CALM																	0
	0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
-	ΤΟΤΑΙ	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

Rev. 22

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

FEBRUARY

#### STABILITY CLASS C

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
ĊALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	0	0	9
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	1	0	5
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	1	2	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	3	1	0	19

#### STABILITY CLASS D

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
_	CALM	_																0
	0.75 - 3.49	6	6	3	4	6	6	2	3	4	2	2	3	6	3	2	10	68
	3.50 - 7.49	27	9	34	37	33	11	7	12	8	8	41	32	20	11	36	37	363
	7.50 - 12.49	61	13	21	25	19	14	1	3	14	21	76	86	122	118	122	62	778
	12.50 - 18.49	12	3	16	11	2	0	1	2	2	27	111	81	162	101	36	15	582
	18.50 - 23.99	2	0	7	1	0	0	1	0	0	11	48	40	50	27	1	0	188
	> 23.99	0	0	5	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	4	12	29	7	0	0	61
_	TOTAL	108	31	86	79	60	32	13	20	28	70	282	254	389	267	197	124	2040

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

FEBRUARY

#### STABILITY CLASS E

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																1
0.75 - 3.49	3	5	8	0	5	3	2	1	2	4	2	5	4	3	2	5	54
3.50 - 7.49	13	12	13	14	15	11	10	3	3	6	6	13	18	12	3	17	169
7.50 - 12.49	13	1	2	5	18	13	9	12	18	16	13	30	41	12	14	6	223
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	1	1	1	1	5	0	6	19	31	25	17	6	4	0	117
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	2	20	8	7	0	0	0	40
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	4
TOTAL	29	18	24	20	39	29	29	16	29	47	72	82	89	33	23	28	608

#### STABILITY CLASS F

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
_	CALM	_																1
	0.75 - 3.49	4	3	4	4	6	3	1	5	3	3	9	9	4	3	1	2	64
	3.50 - 7.49	7	2	5	6	11	10	6	9	10	5	6	6	6	3	3	4	99
	7.50 - 12.49	0	0	1	1	1	9	8	3	14	23	15	6	4	1	1	0	87
	12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	1	17	17	5	1	0	1	0	46
	18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	5
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	TOTAL	11	5	10	11	18	25	18	17	28	49	49	26	15	7	6	6	302

#### BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

FEBRUARY

#### STABILITY CLASS G

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	7	7	1	0	0	0	0	0	20
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	3
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	2	7	13	2	0	0	0	0	0	29

#### STABILITY CLASS ALL

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	_																2
0.75 - 3.49	13	14	15	8	17	13	5	9	9	9	13	17	14	9	5	17	187
3.50 - 7.49	47	23	53	58	60	33	23	24	21	23	53	51	44	26	42	58	639
7.50 - 12.49	74	14	29	32	41	36	23	18	53	67	105	122	170	133	137	68	1122
12.50 - 18.49	12	3	17	12	3	4	7	2	9	65	160	111	183	108	42	15	753
18.50 - 23.99	2	0	7	1	0	1	5	2	0	14	70	48	57	27	1	0	235
> 23.99	0	0	5	1	0	1	2	0	0	1	4	13	31	7	0	0	65
TOTAL	148	54	126	112	121	88	65	55	92	179	405	362	499	310	227	158	3003

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

FEBRUARY

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 3408

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 3003

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 405

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 88.1%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 10.9 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

### PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G
0.13	0.03	0.63	67.93	20.25	10.06	0.97

### DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

A	N	NNE	NE	ENE	E	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	CALM
B	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
C	0	0	1	2	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	3	1	0	0
D	108	31	86	79	60	32	13	20	28	70	282	254	389	267	197	124	0
E	29	18	24	20	39	29	29	16	29	47	72	82	89	33	23	28	0
F	11	5	10	11	18	25	18	17	28	49	49	26	15	7	6	6	1
G	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	2	7	13	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	148	54	126	112	121	88	65	55	92	179	405	362	499	310	227	158	2

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

MARCH

#### STABILITY CLASS A

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
ĊALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3

#### STABILITY CLASS B

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																		
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
CALM																	0	
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3.50 - 7.49	2	1	1	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	
7.50 - 12.49	1	0	1	0	2	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	11	
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	1	1	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	7	
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	
TOTAL	3	1	3	1	2	8	6	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	28	

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

MARCH

#### STABILITY CLASS C

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	5	1	0	0	1	9	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	21
7.50 - 12.49	5	1	1	0	0	3	2	0	0	1	0	0	5	3	2	5	28
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	2	1	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	2	5	4	2	0	20
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	2	2	0	10
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	4
TOTAL	10	2	3	1	1	12	8	1	0	1	0	3	19	10	6	6	83

#### STABILITY CLASS D

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																		
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
_	CALM	_																1	
	0.75 - 3.49	3	2	6	6	6	2	1	1	6	3	5	3	3	8	4	3	62	
	3.50 - 7.49	34	17	23	21	32	23	24	10	10	5	13	19	18	11	22	28	310	
	7.50 - 12.49	55	15	14	45	58	15	30	21	22	35	62	48	64	69	68	37	658	
	12.50 - 18.49	2	7	8	17	14	31	34	12	19	49	84	126	150	100	53	11	717	
	18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	1	5	12	6	13	15	26	38	94	32	9	1	252	
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	7	10	19	47	30	6	0	123	
	TOTAL	94	41	51	89	111	76	103	50	72	114	200	253	376	250	162	80	2123	

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

MARCH

#### STABILITY CLASS E

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

#### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	E	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	1	1	5	4	7	5	3	3	3	6	5	5	8	3	3	0	62
3.50 - 7.49	1	16	12	8	13	21	14	11	14	5	11	8	14	6	14	6	174
7.50 - 12.49	1	0	6	16	17	17	18	19	22	17	11	22	20	15	7	4	212
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	2	1	1	15	21	15	23	25	24	16	8	4	1	0	156
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	3	11	2	5	5	12	2	1	0	0	0	41
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	3
TOTAL	3	17	25	29	38	61	67	50	67	60	63	53	51	28	26	10	648

#### STABILITY CLASS F

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	1
0.75 - 3.49	2	2	4	3	2	3	5	3	3	4	4	0	2	0	3	3	43
3.50 - 7.49	5	6	13	12	7	25	16	8	10	4	17	9	4	3	5	2	146
7.50 - 12.49	2	2	8	17	7	15	4	4	14	14	10	0	4	6	3	2	112
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	4	3	5	10	21	2	0	0	0	0	0	45
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	9	10	25	32	16	48	33	20	37	43	33	9	10	9	11	7	353

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

MARCH

#### STABILITY CLASS G

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	2	3	5	1	2	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	2	1	0	19
3.50 - 7.49	1	2	5	6	6	1	0	0	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	27
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	1	3	1	0	1	10	7	3	2	0	0	0	1	29
12.50 - 18.49	1	0	0	0	2	3	0	1	2	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	21
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	3
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	2	4	8	12	12	7	1	3	15	22	6	2	0	2	1	2	99

#### STABILITY CLASS ALL

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																		
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
_	CALM	_																2	
	0.75 - 3.49	6	7	18	18	15	12	9	8	12	14	15	8	13	13	11	6	186	
	3.50 - 7.49	48	43	54	47	59	82	58	29	37	15	42	36	37	20	41	38	686	
	7.50 - 12.49	64	18	30	79	88	56	56	45	68	74	86	72	93	93	80	50	1052	
	12.50 - 18.49	3	7	13	20	17	54	65	34	54	107	110	144	164	108	56	11	967	
	18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	1	9	29	8	18	21	39	41	101	34	11	1	313	
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	9	10	19	51	31	7	0	131	
_	TOTAL	121	75	115	164	181	213	219	124	191	240	302	320	459	299	206	106	3337	

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

MARCH

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 3720

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 3337

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 383

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 89.7%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 11.7 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

### PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G
0.09	0.84	2.49	63.62	19.42	10.58	2.97

### DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

ABCDE	N 0 3 10 94 3	NNE 0 1 2 41 17	NE 0 3 51 25	ENE 0 1 89 29	E 1 2 1 111 38	ESE 1 12 76 61	SE 1 6 8 103 67	SSE 0 1 50 50	S 0 0 72 67	SSW 0 1 114 60	SW 0 0 200 63	WSW 0 3 253 53	W 0 19 376 51	WNW 0 10 250 28	NW 0 6 162 26	NNW 0 1 6 80 10	CALM 0 0 1 0
F G	9 2	10 4	25 8	32 12	16 12	48 7	33 1	20 3	37 15	43 22	33 6	9 2	10 0	9 2	11 1	7 2	1 0
Total	121	75	115	164	181	213	219	124	191	240	302	320	459	299	206	106	2

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

APRIL

#### STABILITY CLASS A

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### STABILITY CLASS B

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
ĊALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2
7.50 - 12.49	5	2	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	5	3	1	2	25
12.50 - 18.49	2	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	2	0	1	13
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	7	3	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	11	5	1	5	42

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

APRIL

### STABILITY CLASS C

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	2
3.50 - 7.49	7	2	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	5	2	4	1	27
7.50 - 12.49	14	1	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	6	13	4	10	10	65
12.50 - 18.49	7	0	0	3	0	2	0	0	0	1	1	3	6	8	6	8	45
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	8	2	1	12
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	3
TOTAL	28	3	4	5	2	3	0	0	0	3	2	10	27	25	22	20	154

#### STABILITY CLASS D

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																		
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
	CALM	_																1	
	0.75 - 3.49	4	4	4	2	3	2	1	3	5	4	3	6	6	1	6	8	62	
	3.50 - 7.49	25	19	41	9	7	7	14	6	12	17	24	30	21	17	31	16	296	
	7.50 - 12.49	76	31	6	13	25	20	9	10	10	27	52	37	41	61	95	74	587	
	12.50 - 18.49	32	6	0	11	17	22	23	7	6	33	62	71	71	100	69	35	565	
	18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	2	2	15	11	5	4	6	28	33	53	26	4	4	193	
	> 23.99	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	1	1	1	2	11	24	10	2	0	56	
_	TOTAL	137	61	51	37	54	67	60	32	38	88	171	188	216	215	207	137	1760	

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

APRIL

### STABILITY CLASS E

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

#### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																3
0.75 - 3.49	4	0	9	5	9	5	8	1	1	4	7	3	4	2	5	5	72
3.50 - 7.49	20	17	12	15	22	19	15	11	17	8	13	15	17	13	9	9	232
7.50 - 12.49	13	10	5	13	18	8	12	12	15	12	19	14	26	18	11	19	225
12.50 - 18.49	5	2	0	4	4	4	14	6	12	9	7	22	11	5	5	4	114
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	5	3	1	0	0	18
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2
TOTAL	42	29	27	38	53	36	49	30	45	35	52	59	62	39	30	37	666

#### STABILITY CLASS F

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
_	CALM	_																2
	0.75 - 3.49	6	4	7	6	8	2	5	2	9	8	8	5	10	5	6	6	97
	3.50 - 7.49	9	12	22	18	18	12	6	12	13	10	11	22	28	13	14	7	227
	7.50 - 12.49	4	4	5	10	7	6	6	4	3	6	15	30	20	12	3	5	140
	12.50 - 18.49	1	0	2	0	0	0	2	3	4	5	6	5	3	1	1	2	35
	18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	20	20	36	34	33	20	20	21	29	29	42	62	61	31	24	20	504

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

APRIL

#### STABILITY CLASS G

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
ĊALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	1	5	2	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	2	16
3.50 - 7.49	0	1	6	7	0	0	1	0	3	2	10	11	1	3	0	0	45
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	3	5	11	7	0	0	0	31
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	6
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	1	6	8	7	1	2	6	5	3	5	21	22	8	3	0	2	100

#### STABILITY CLASS ALL

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																		
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
_	CALM	_																6	
	0.75 - 3.49	15	13	23	13	21	11	14	6	15	16	21	14	21	9	17	21	250	
	3.50 - 7.49	61	51	83	49	48	38	36	29	45	38	59	79	73	48	58	34	829	
	7.50 - 12.49	112	48	20	38	52	35	29	29	28	49	93	100	112	98	120	110	1073	
	12.50 - 18.49	47	9	2	20	21	28	42	18	22	48	77	101	96	116	81	50	778	
	18.50 - 23.99	0	0	1	3	2	15	12	5	4	8	37	38	57	35	6	6	229	
	> 23.99	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	1	1	1	3	11	26	12	2	0	61	
_	TOTAL	235	122	129	123	144	128	135	88	115	160	290	343	385	318	284	221	3226	

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

APRIL

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 3600

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 3226

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 374

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 89.6%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 10.4 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

### PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G
0.00	1.30	4.77	54.56	20.64	15.62	3.10

#### DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

ABCDEFG	N 0 7 28 137 42 20 1	NNE 0 3 61 29 20 6	NE 0 3 4 51 27 36 8	ENE 0 2 5 37 38 34 7	E 0 1 2 54 53 33 1	ESE 0 3 67 36 20 2	SE 0 0 60 49 20 6	SSE 0 0 32 30 21 5	S 0 0 38 45 29 3	SSW 0 3 88 35 29 5	SW 0 2 171 52 42 21	WSW 0 2 10 188 59 62 22	W 0 11 27 216 62 61 8	WNW 0 5 25 215 39 31 3	NW 0 1 22 207 30 24 0	NNW 0 5 20 137 37 20 2	CALM 0 0 1 3 2 0
G	1	6	8	7	1	2	6	5	3	5	21	22	8	3	0	2	0
Total	235	122	129	123	144	128	135	88	115	160	290	343	385	318	284	221	6

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

MAY

#### STABILITY CLASS A

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.50 - 12.49	2	0	2	3	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	2	16
12.50 - 18.49	2	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	11
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	4	1	2	3	5	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	1	5	0	2	27

#### STABILITY CLASS B

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
3.50 - 7.49	2	0	1	1	2	1	2	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	13
7.50 - 12.49	7	3	5	3	0	1	3	3	0	3	0	5	6	2	3	3	47
12.50 - 18.49	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	5	1	21
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2
TOTAL	15	4	7	5	3	3	6	5	2	3	1	5	7	6	9	4	85

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

MAY

#### STABILITY CLASS C

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	3
3.50 - 7.49	7	3	6	2	5	4	3	0	1	2	4	2	6	4	0	2	51
7.50 - 12.49	13	2	3	3	2	3	3	4	2	3	6	4	12	9	7	3	79
12.50 - 18.49	2	0	1	0	1	0	2	0	0	1	4	6	6	5	8	11	47
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	3	0	0	6
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	2
TOTAL	23	5	10	5	8	7	8	4	3	6	15	13	27	22	15	17	188

#### STABILITY CLASS D

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																		
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
CALM	_																0	
0.75 - 3.49	5	9	8	6	7	3	3	2	3	2	6	6	8	7	3	3	81	
3.50 - 7.49	22	18	22	32	17	23	11	14	16	21	42	42	31	22	39	24	396	
7.50 - 12.49	52	16	20	22	23	21	28	14	23	41	68	54	39	55	63	50	589	
12.50 - 18.49	19	5	7	7	10	15	19	8	8	21	72	59	63	38	41	27	419	
18.50 - 23.99	3	0	0	0	4	1	1	1	1	4	16	2	18	12	2	2	67	
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	3	6	2	0	0	15	
TOTAL	101	48	57	67	61	63	62	39	52	89	207	166	165	136	148	106	1567	

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

MAY

#### STABILITY CLASS E

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	13	4	1	5	8	8	3	5	6	3	2	7	8	7	4	3	87
3.50 - 7.49	16	22	21	21	22	18	13	10	19	13	18	30	21	18	10	6	278
7.50 - 12.49	12	6	15	22	9	12	13	12	13	18	23	16	25	14	17	12	239
12.50 - 18.49	8	7	3	0	0	3	17	8	9	18	32	11	13	0	1	4	134
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	6	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	18
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
TOTAL	49	39	40	48	39	41	52	35	53	52	79	67	67	39	32	25	757

#### STABILITY CLASS F

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM	_																2
0.75 - 3.49	5	5	9	7	7	5	8	4	7	1	4	6	7	7	11	7	100
3.50 - 7.49	15	13	19	24	26	13	9	12	15	11	24	24	35	28	20	9	297
7.50 - 12.49	1	3	5	14	6	10	11	10	6	20	16	7	9	9	8	2	137
12.50 - 18.49	1	0	1	2	1	1	9	2	2	9	7	1	1	1	2	1	41
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	22	21	34	47	40	29	38	29	30	41	51	38	52	45	41	19	579

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

MAY

#### STABILITY CLASS G

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
ĊALM																	1
0.75 - 3.49	2	0	5	10	2	0	3	1	3	2	2	1	3	1	3	2	40
3.50 - 7.49	2	3	3	2	5	8	7	3	4	2	6	5	3	3	1	2	59
7.50 - 12.49	0	2	1	0	1	1	0	4	1	7	3	6	4	0	1	1	32
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	4	5	9	12	8	9	10	9	8	11	14	12	10	4	5	5	136

#### STABILITY CLASS ALL

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																		
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
	CALM	_																3	
	0.75 - 3.49	26	18	23	28	24	16	17	12	19	8	14	20	27	22	22	16	312	
	3.50 - 7.49	64	59	72	82	77	67	45	41	56	49	95	103	96	75	70	43	1094	
	7.50 - 12.49	87	32	51	67	43	48	59	48	45	92	116	92	96	91	99	73	1139	
	12.50 - 18.49	38	14	13	10	16	20	48	19	22	49	117	77	84	48	57	44	676	
	18.50 - 23.99	3	0	0	0	4	1	8	2	7	4	22	4	20	16	2	2	95	
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	5	6	5	0	0	20	
_	TOTAL	218	123	159	187	164	152	177	122	150	202	367	301	329	257	250	178	3339	

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

MAY

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 3720

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 3339

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 381

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 89.8%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 9.0 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

### PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G
0.81	2.55	5.63	46.93	22.67	17.34	4.07

#### DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

А	N 4	NNE 1	NE 2	ENE 3	E 5	ESE 0	SE 1	SSE 1	S 2	SSW 0	SW 0	WSW 0	W 1	WNW 5	NW 0	NNW 2	CALM 0
В	15	4	7	5	3	3	6	5	2	3	1	5	7	6	9	4	Ō
С	23	5	10	5	8	7	8	4	3	6	15	13	27	22	15	17	0
D	101	48	57	67	61	63	62	39	52	89	207	166	165	136	148	106	0
Е	49	39	40	48	39	41	52	35	53	52	79	67	67	39	32	25	0
F	22	21	34	47	40	29	38	29	30	41	51	38	52	45	41	19	2
G	4	5	9	12	8	9	10	9	8	11	14	12	10	4	5	5	1
Total	218	123	159	187	164	152	177	122	150	202	367	301	329	257	250	178	3

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

JUNE

#### STABILITY CLASS A

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

#### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	7
7.50 - 12.49	5	1	0	1	1	3	2	2	3	3	0	2	2	1	5	3	34
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	3	1	1	0	0	1	2	2	0	12
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	8	1	1	1	1	4	3	5	5	5	0	2	3	3	8	3	53

#### STABILITY CLASS B

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
 CALM	-																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
3.50 - 7.49	4	1	3	2	3	1	1	3	2	0	1	2	2	0	0	2	27
7.50 - 12.49	3	0	1	9	7	3	2	4	4	5	3	5	3	9	6	5	69
12.50 - 18.49	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	3	2	0	1	3	0	1	16
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	3	0	0	7
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
 TOTAL	8	1	5	11	10	4	3	9	9	8	8	9	7	15	6	8	121

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

JUNE

#### STABILITY CLASS C

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																-	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
3.50 - 7.49	1	0	3	1	1	1	5	3	9	1	3	3	8	7	6	2	54
7.50 - 12.49	7	3	1	5	4	0	1	5	9	6	8	11	13	9	12	12	106
12.50 - 18.49	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	7	4	7	2	9	3	42
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	3	5	7	5	1	0	23
> 23.99	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	4	0	0	1	0	12
TOTAL	10	5	4	6	5	1	6	8	21	15	25	27	36	23	29	17	238

#### STABILITY CLASS D

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																		
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
CALM	_																0	
0.75 - 3.49	3	0	3	4	4	1	4	1	3	3	6	6	8	6	3	2	57	
3.50 - 7.49	11	14	16	10	7	8	12	16	18	27	25	32	32	15	24	29	296	
7.50 - 12.49	43	9	5	9	12	3	5	17	41	56	69	49	25	30	53	59	485	
12.50 - 18.49	15	1	1	0	1	1	3	7	22	45	80	47	35	23	41	23	345	
18.50 - 23.99	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	13	7	12	10	6	3	64	
> 23.99	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	3	2	1	0	1	12	
TOTAL	74	24	25	23	24	13	24	41	87	141	196	144	114	85	127	117	1259	

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

JUNE

#### STABILITY CLASS E

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

#### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	4
0.75 - 3.49	6	6	9	3	9	17	12	8	4	6	12	4	14	5	5	3	123
3.50 - 7.49	10	12	15	13	14	22	16	17	25	25	20	19	38	21	11	15	293
7.50 - 12.49	17	5	4	5	6	5	9	6	20	44	40	30	22	12	9	10	244
12.50 - 18.49	5	4	0	0	0	1	2	6	25	32	25	18	7	1	16	4	146
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	3	4	0	1	0	0	1	11
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	38	27	28	21	29	45	40	37	75	110	101	71	82	39	41	33	821

#### STABILITY CLASS F

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																	
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
_	CALM	_																10
	0.75 - 3.49	7	6	6	9	26	7	4	8	10	9	11	17	22	8	9	7	166
	3.50 - 7.49	12	10	11	17	23	12	6	15	17	22	29	36	48	20	15	6	299
	7.50 - 12.49	3	3	1	1	1	4	6	3	8	20	16	15	11	1	2	3	98
	12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	3	4	9	6	0	1	0	0	1	28
	18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	22	19	18	27	51	24	18	29	39	60	62	68	83	29	26	17	602

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

JUNE

#### STABILITY CLASS G

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	1
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	1	0	2	1	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	6	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	16
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	7
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	1	1	4	3	8	8	5	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	35

#### STABILITY CLASS ALL

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																		
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
_	CALM	_																15	
	0.75 - 3.49	16	12	20	16	41	26	23	17	18	18	29	27	45	19	17	12	356	
	3.50 - 7.49	41	37	49	44	49	45	42	60	75	76	80	92	128	63	57	54	992	
	7.50 - 12.49	78	21	12	30	32	19	26	38	86	135	137	112	76	62	87	92	1043	
	12.50 - 18.49	23	6	1	0	2	4	10	22	57	95	120	69	52	31	68	32	592	
	18.50 - 23.99	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	5	13	21	14	22	18	7	4	106	
	> 23.99	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	8	7	2	1	1	1	25	
	TOTAL	160	77	82	90	124	94	102	137	241	340	395	321	325	194	237	195	3129	

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

JUNE

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 3600

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 3129

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 471

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 86.9%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 8.9 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

### PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G
1.69	3.87	7.61	40.24	26.24	19.24	1.12

#### DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

ABCDE	N 8 10 74 38	NNE 1 5 24 27	NE 1 5 4 25 28	ENE 1 11 6 23 21	E 10 5 24 29	ESE 4 1 13 45	SE 3 6 24 40	SSE 5 9 8 41 37	S 9 21 87 75	SSW 5 15 141 110	SW 0 25 196 101	WSW 2 9 27 144 71	W 3 36 114 82	WNW 3 15 23 85 39	NW 8 29 127 41	NNW 3 17 117 33	CALM 0 0 0 4
F G	22 0	19 0	18 1	27 1	51 4	24 3	18 8	29 8	39 5	60 1	62 3	68 0	83 0	29 0	26 0	17 0	10 1
Total	160	77	82	90	124	94	102	137	241	340	395	321	325	194	237	195	15

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

JULY

#### STABILITY CLASS A

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
ĊALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
3.50 - 7.49	2	1	3	1	1	0	1	0	2	1	0	2	4	0	1	0	19
7.50 - 12.49	3	3	1	3	0	1	0	1	5	2	3	3	0	0	0	2	27
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	4
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	5	4	5	4	1	1	1	1	8	5	4	5	4	0	1	2	51

#### STABILITY CLASS B

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
3.50 - 7.49	2	0	3	1	3	0	1	3	1	2	3	0	1	0	1	3	24
7.50 - 12.49	8	1	1	1	0	2	0	1	7	4	10	7	4	0	5	1	52
12.50 - 18.49	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	3	4	0	8	2	0	26
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	2	0	5
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	16	1	4	2	3	2	1	5	8	10	17	12	5	8	10	4	108

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

JULY

#### STABILITY CLASS C

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
ĊALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
3.50 - 7.49	10	5	1	3	3	2	5	2	7	3	8	9	6	3	3	5	75
7.50 - 12.49	6	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	8	12	12	11	8	6	6	2	75
12.50 - 18.49	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	6	6	3	3	2	1	30
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	3
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	18	6	2	4	4	2	5	4	17	20	26	27	17	14	11	8	185

#### STABILITY CLASS D

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																		
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
	CALM	_																2	
	0.75 - 3.49	11	5	9	12	6	7	6	3	2	5	8	11	11	7	8	4	115	
	3.50 - 7.49	34	16	17	12	11	8	9	12	21	18	39	62	29	32	24	33	377	
	7.50 - 12.49	60	5	14	16	32	6	6	8	33	81	78	68	61	28	41	55	592	
	12.50 - 18.49	7	1	1	2	0	0	3	1	9	32	71	55	45	22	9	18	276	
	18.50 - 23.99	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	1	6	8	4	4	1	1	31	
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	
_	TOTAL	112	29	41	42	49	21	25	24	68	137	203	204	151	93	83	111	1395	

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

JULY

#### STABILITY CLASS E

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

#### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
ĊALM	-																1
0.75 - 3.49	8	9	12	13	6	9	4	10	23	7	17	11	27	14	12	8	190
3.50 - 7.49	19	13	24	17	11	12	19	12	23	27	36	56	63	33	18	9	392
7.50 - 12.49	20	4	5	5	2	0	6	4	25	51	51	31	34	16	10	15	279
12.50 - 18.49	6	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	7	40	24	7	9	4	5	6	111
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	3	0	1	0	0	0	8
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
TOTAL	53	26	41	36	20	22	29	27	79	127	132	105	134	67	45	38	982

#### STABILITY CLASS F

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
CALM																	6
0.75 - 3.49	11	7	10	11	17	9	8	9	12	12	17	22	21	7	11	11	195
3.50 - 7.49	15	13	7	8	10	3	7	10	14	21	21	26	24	21	7	11	218
7.50 - 12.49	6	1	0	1	0	2	3	1	5	10	7	4	14	8	7	6	75
12.50 - 18.49	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	4	2	4	0	0	1	3	1	18
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	34	21	17	20	27	14	19	20	35	45	49	52	59	37	28	29	512

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

JULY

### STABILITY CLASS G

## STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

### JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED																	
(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL
ĊALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	5
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 TOTAL	0	0	0	0	2	1	2	1	3	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	12

#### STABILITY CLASS ALL

# STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

	SPEED																		
	(MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW	TOTAL	
	CALM	_																9	
	0.75 - 3.49	31	21	32	36	32	26	19	22	38	26	42	44	59	28	31	23	510	
	3.50 - 7.49	82	48	55	42	39	25	43	40	70	72	107	155	127	90	54	61	1110	
	7.50 - 12.49	103	14	22	27	34	11	15	17	84	160	161	124	121	58	69	81	1101	
	12.50 - 18.49	22	2	1	3	1	0	4	3	22	84	109	72	57	38	21	26	465	
	18.50 - 23.99	0	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	4	4	10	10	5	6	3	1	47	
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	3	
_	TOTAL	238	87	110	108	106	63	82	82	218	346	431	405	370	220	178	192	3245	

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

JULY

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 3720

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 3245

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 475

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 87.2%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 7.8 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

### PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G
1.57	3.33	5.70	42.99	30.26	15.78	0.37

#### DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

A B C D	N 5 16 18 112	NNE 4 1 6 29	NE 5 4 2 41	ENE 4 2 4 42	E 1 3 4 49	ESE 1 2 2 21	SE 1 5 25	SSE 1 5 4 24	S 8 17 68	SSW 5 10 20 137	SW 4 17 26 203	WSW 5 12 27 204	W 4 5 17 151	WNW 0 8 14 93	NW 1 10 11 83	NNW 2 4 8 111	CALM 0 0 2
E F G	53 34 0	26 21 0	41 17 0	36 20 0	20 27 2	22 14 1	29 19 2	27 20 1	79 35 3	127 45 2	132 49 0	105 52 0	134 59 0	67 37 1	45 28 0	38 29 0	1 6 0
Total	238	87	110	108	106	63	82	82	218	346	431	405	370	220	178	192	9
PROGRAM: JFD REVISION: 4P

BEAVER VALLEY JFD-500 FOOT LEVEL FOR CY1976 TO 1980 SITE IDENTIFIER: LBV2 DATA PERIOD EXAMINED: 1/1/76 - 12/31/80

AUGUST

### STABILITY CLASS A

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	1	2	0	2	1	1	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	11
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	1	6	4	3	0	0	5	5	1	1	0	0	0	0	26
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	0	0	5
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	1	2	1	8	5	4	0	0	7	6	2	3	3	0	0	0	42

### STABILITY CLASS B

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	-																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	1	3	3	2	2	0	2	0	0	0	2	6	1	0	1	2	25
7.50 - 12.49	3	3	3	3	1	2	0	0	0	10	9	6	3	4	0	0	47
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	3	2	2	1	0	13
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ΤΟΤΑΙ	4	6	6	5	3	2	2	0	0	12	14	15	6	6	2	2	85

### AUGUST

### STABILITY CLASS C

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
3.50 - 7.49	2	1	1	4	2	4	1	1	3	2	3	7	9	1	3	3	47
7.50 - 12.49	1	1	1	1	2	1	2	0	5	8	13	11	0	1	4	2	53
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	10	5	2	5	1	0	29
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	4	2	3	7	4	6	3	1	9	14	26	23	11	7	8	5	133

# STABILITY CLASS D

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	-																2
0.75 - 3.49	7	8	7	13	15	9	10	10	12	8	8	6	4	9	9	9	144
3.50 - 7.49	28	18	13	27	24	19	11	14	24	28	50	60	24	19	21	27	407
7.50 - 12.49	52	27	21	9	9	8	9	5	21	65	131	104	65	36	45	32	639
12.50 - 18.49	6	5	4	0	0	1	3	2	3	39	140	48	32	11	9	8	311
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	5	3	1	0	1	0	15
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
TOTAL	93	58	45	49	48	37	33	31	61	144	335	221	126	75	85	76	1519

### AUGUST

### STABILITY CLASS E

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	-																3
0.75 - 3.49	20	13	18	18	19	13	7	18	20	13	20	30	28	18	17	13	285
3.50 - 7.49	15	12	40	34	18	22	23	20	28	36	57	50	56	33	10	9	463
7.50 - 12.49	16	5	6	6	13	5	5	5	31	70	41	31	31	6	11	9	291
12.50 - 18.49	7	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	16	39	55	3	6	1	5	10	144
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	4	0	0	0	1	0	8
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
TOTAL	58	30	64	58	50	42	35	43	96	160	177	114	121	58	45	41	1195

# STABILITY CLASS F

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	3
0.75 - 3.49	7	10	9	12	15	5	2	6	8	12	13	17	22	9	10	9	166
3.50 - 7.49	12	11	10	11	21	9	11	4	4	19	30	22	14	17	8	4	207
7.50 - 12.49	5	3	0	2	3	5	2	0	13	15	17	0	2	2	3	3	75
12.50 - 18.49	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	7	8	0	0	0	0	0	21
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ΤΟΤΑΙ	25	24	19	25	39	19	15	10	30	53	68	39	38	28	21	16	472

### AUGUST

# STABILITY CLASS G

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

# STABILITY CLASS ALL

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	_																8
0.75 - 3.49	35	31	34	44	49	28	20	34	41	33	41	53	54	36	36	31	600
3.50 - 7.49	59	47	67	80	68	55	48	39	61	86	143	145	104	70	43	45	1160
7.50 - 12.49	77	39	32	27	32	24	18	10	75	173	212	153	101	49	63	46	1131
12.50 - 18.49	14	5	5	1	0	3	3	2	24	91	216	61	45	19	16	18	523
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	6	9	3	1	0	2	0	23
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	2
TOTAL	185	122	138	152	149	110	89	85	203	389	622	415	305	174	161	140	3447

AUGUST

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 3720

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 3447

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 273

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 92.7%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 7.7 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

# PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G
1.22	2.47	3.86	44.07	34.67	13.69	0.03

# DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WS W	W	WN W	NW	NNW	CALM
A	1	2	1	8	5	4	0	0	7	6	2	3	3	0	0	0	0
B	4	6	6	5	3	2	2	0	0	12	14	15	6	6	2	2	0
C	4	2	3	7	4	6	3	1	9	14	26	23	11	7	8	5	0
D	93	58	45	49	48	37	33	31	61	144	335	221	126	75	85	76	2
E	58	30	64	58	50	42	35	43	96	160	177	114	121	58	45	41	3
F	25	24	19	25	39	19	15	10	30	53	68	39	38	28	21	16	3
G	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	185	122	138	152	149	110	89	85	203	389	622	415	305	174	161	140	8

# SEPTEMBER

### STABILITY CLASS A

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
3.50 - 7.49	1	0	0	0	2	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	8
7.50 - 12.49	8	0	0	0	2	2	0	2	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	1	19
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	7
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	9	0	0	0	4	7	2	3	0	0	0	5	3	0	0	2	35

# STABILITY CLASS B

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
3.50 - 7.49	4	2	1	1	4	1	1	1	4	0	1	4	0	1	2	1	28
7.50 - 12.49	8	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	5	3	2	2	0	2	27
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	4	7	0	0	0	15
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 TOTAL	12	3	2	2	4	2	1	3	6	0	7	11	10	3	2	4	72

Rev. 22

# SEPTEMBER

### STABILITY CLASS C

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	5
3.50 - 7.49	4	1	4	1	0	3	2	3	3	2	6	8	3	6	2	3	51
7.50 - 12.49	3	0	5	3	1	1	2	1	2	3	9	13	9	2	2	7	63
12.50 - 18.49	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	4	2	2	5	1	1	17
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	9	1	9	4	1	4	5	4	6	5	19	23	16	14	5	12	137

# STABILITY CLASS D

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	12	8	8	6	8	5	4	0	2	2	9	7	12	5	4	7	99
3.50 - 7.49	24	17	20	7	13	21	19	5	19	21	40	41	27	16	19	28	337
7.50 - 12.49	56	21	10	18	29	16	17	14	28	50	74	76	63	33	61	61	627
12.50 - 18.49	10	10	9	3	6	2	7	8	17	31	64	33	55	29	20	10	314
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	4	1	8	7	11	3	2	3	41
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	2	0	0	7
TOTAL	102	56	48	34	56	44	48	27	70	105	195	164	173	88	106	109	1425

### SEPTEMBER

### STABILITY CLASS E

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	5
0.75 - 3.49	10	9	11	10	14	14	10	11	9	13	13	11	23	10	3	3	174
3.50 - 7.49	14	22	33	38	29	22	17	13	17	16	42	36	45	19	10	7	386
7.50 - 12.49	10	7	15	10	7	5	19	19	18	38	67	44	27	9	8	15	318
12.50 - 18.49	7	3	0	0	0	4	15	16	10	33	51	25	4	5	1	2	176
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	10
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	41	41	59	58	50	45	65	59	54	102	175	118	99	43	22	27	1063

# STABILITY CLASS F

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	7
0.75 - 3.49	9	10	10	12	10	5	8	4	9	7	11	16	15	12	15	5	158
3.50 - 7.49	6	5	24	39	11	19	17	10	13	15	55	48	20	7	10	5	304
7.50 - 12.49	3	2	4	5	5	1	4	4	18	17	13	3	13	1	2	5	100
12.50 - 18.49	1	0	0	1	0	1	6	2	1	10	4	1	3	3	0	0	33
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	19	17	38	57	26	26	36	21	41	49	84	68	51	23	27	15	605

# SEPTEMBER

### STABILITY CLASS G

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	2	6
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	4
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	2	10

# STABILITY CLASS ALL

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	_																12
0.75 - 3.49	32	27	29	28	32	25	23	16	20	22	33	34	51	29	24	19	444
3.50 - 7.49	53	47	82	86	59	69	57	35	56	64	144	138	95	49	43	45	1112
7.50 - 12.49	88	31	35	37	44	26	42	41	66	108	168	141	116	47	73	91	1154
12.50 - 18.49	19	13	9	4	6	8	29	28	31	74	124	68	72	42	22	13	562
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	1	0	0	0	6	1	4	3	11	9	13	3	2	3	56
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	2	0	0	7
TOTAL	192	118	156	155	141	128	157	121	177	261	480	390	352	172	164	171	3347

SEPTEMBER

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 3600

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 3347

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 253

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 93.0%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 8.3 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

# PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G
1.05	2.15	4.09	42.58	31.76	18.08	0.30

# DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WS W	W	WN W	NW	NNW	CALM
A B	9 12	0 3	0 2	0 2	4 4	7 2	2 1	3 3	0 6	0	0 7	5 11	3 10	03	0 2	2 4	0
C D F	9 102 41	1 56 41	9 48 59	4 34 58	1 56 50	4 44 45	5 48 65	4 27 59	6 70 54	5 105 102	19 195 175	23 164 118	16 173 99	14 88 43	5 106 22	12 109 27	0 0 5
F G	19 0	17 0	38 0	57 0	26 0	26 0	36 0	21 4	41 0	49 0	84 0	68 1	51 0	23 1	27 2	15 2	7 0
Total	192	118	156	155	141	128	157	121	177	261	480	390	352	172	164	171	12

# OCTOBER

# STABILITY CLASS A

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	-																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.50 - 12.49	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4

# STABILITY CLASS B

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3
7.50 - 12.49	2	1	1	3	0	1	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	12
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	4	1	1	3	0	2	2	0	0	3	1	0	1	0	0	0	18

### OCTOBER

### STABILITY CLASS C

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	1	0	1	0	1	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	10
7.50 - 12.49	2	0	0	2	2	2	4	1	0	1	3	3	3	1	1	0	25
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	1	3	3	0	0	1	3	0	1	0	0	0	12
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
 TOTAL	3	0	1	2	4	6	10	1	0	2	6	3	5	3	2	1	49

# STABILITY CLASS D

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	3	5	5	3	2	4	1	3	1	2	4	2	1	2	1	6	45
3.50 - 7.49	29	19	26	19	19	4	12	14	18	17	23	20	19	13	14	16	282
7.50 - 12.49	56	20	9	21	18	10	12	18	31	35	103	64	74	64	38	48	621
12.50 - 18.49	24	13	4	4	0	6	14	20	23	45	118	134	156	99	35	13	708
18.50 - 23.99	0	2	0	0	0	4	6	2	1	5	20	29	56	23	3	1	152
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	10	13	1	0	0	28
TOTAL	112	59	44	47	39	28	46	58	74	105	269	259	319	202	91	84	1836

### OCTOBER

### STABILITY CLASS E

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

	SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
_	CALM	-																4
	0.75 - 3.49	2	7	4	7	5	5	3	7	10	2	6	9	12	12	3	3	97
	3.50 - 7.49	13	16	22	13	22	7	13	24	23	7	41	30	42	15	7	10	305
	7.50 - 12.49	14	9	4	23	27	10	15	14	23	22	46	29	37	16	9	8	306
	12.50 - 18.49	6	1	1	1	6	8	13	8	8	32	58	19	9	12	2	1	185
	18.50 - 23.99	0	1	0	0	0	0	6	2	1	1	7	0	3	1	0	0	22
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	TOTAL	35	34	31	44	60	30	50	55	65	65	158	87	103	56	21	22	916

# STABILITY CLASS F

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	2
0.75 - 3.49	1	1	2	2	2	2	5	12	1	5	10	5	8	2	2	0	60
3.50 - 7.49	13	6	19	22	11	8	9	16	22	26	47	10	10	6	5	6	236
7.50 - 12.49	2	3	17	15	8	9	9	11	17	20	24	3	11	0	4	1	154
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	2	3	3	3	11	17	22	0	0	0	0	0	61
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	16	10	38	39	23	22	28	43	51	68	103	18	29	8	11	7	516

# OCTOBER

# STABILITY CLASS G

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	6
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	1	0	1	4	4	6	7	4	0	0	1	0	0	28
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	5	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	18
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	5
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	1	0	1	7	8	14	12	13	0	0	1	0	0	57

# STABILITY CLASS ALL

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	_																2
0.75 - 3.49	6	13	11	12	9	11	9	22	15	10	22	16	21	16	6	9	208
3.50 - 7.49	58	41	68	55	53	21	41	58	69	57	115	60	72	36	27	33	864
7.50 - 12.49	77	33	31	65	55	32	42	48	76	85	180	99	125	81	52	57	1138
12.50 - 18.49	30	14	6	5	9	21	36	31	42	95	205	153	166	111	37	14	975
18.50 - 23.99	0	3	0	0	0	5	14	5	2	6	27	29	60	24	3	1	179
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	1	10	13	2	0	0	30
TOTAL	171	104	116	137	126	90	143	165	204	255	550	367	457	270	125	114	3396

OCTOBER

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 3720

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 3396

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 324

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 91.3%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 10.5 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

# PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G
0.12	0.53	1.44	54.06	26.97	15.19	1.68

# DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WS W	W	WN W	NW	NNW	CALM
А	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
В	4	1	1	3	0	2	2	0	0	3	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
С	3	0	1	2	4	6	10	1	0	2	6	3	5	3	2	1	0
D	112	59	44	47	39	28	46	58	74	105	269	259	319	202	91	84	0
E	35	34	31	44	60	30	50	55	65	65	158	87	103	56	21	22	0
F	16	10	38	39	23	22	28	43	51	68	103	18	29	8	11	7	2
G	0	0	0	1	0	1	7	8	14	12	13	0	0	1	0	0	0
Total	171	104	116	137	126	90	143	165	204	255	550	367	457	270	125	114	2

# NOVEMBER

### STABILITY CLASS A

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	-																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

### STABILITY CLASS B

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

### NOVEMBER

### STABILITY CLASS C

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	-																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	7
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	1	1	1	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	9

# STABILITY CLASS D

### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED NNE NE Е ESE SE SSE S SS WSW NW NN (MPH) Ν ENE SW W WN TOTA W W W L CALM 0.75 - 3.493.50 - 7.49 7.50 - 12.49 12.50 - 18.49 18.50 - 23.99 > 23.99 TOTAL 

### NOVEMBER

### STABILITY CLASS E

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	-																2
0.75 - 3.49	5	2	4	6	3	2	3	6	1	2	8	3	11	3	9	2	70
3.50 - 7.49	3	7	8	12	15	15	8	14	13	7	11	19	25	10	6	6	179
7.50 - 12.49	4	1	5	22	13	13	11	9	18	26	30	23	27	11	2	4	219
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	1	2	19	7	7	11	11	49	13	13	2	0	0	135
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	4	6	0	0	5	7	2	1	0	0	0	25
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2
TOTAL	12	10	17	41	33	53	36	36	43	51	105	60	78	26	17	12	632

# STABILITY CLASS F

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	-																1
0.75 - 3.49	1	0	3	3	1	5	7	7	4	1	4	7	8	4	7	0	62
3.50 - 7.49	2	2	8	7	9	7	12	12	18	16	24	15	20	7	0	0	159
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	1	4	5	1	9	17	8	11	21	10	8	7	2	0	104
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	2	6	7	3	3	1	0	0	27
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	4
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	3	2	12	14	15	13	30	40	33	34	58	35	39	19	9	0	357

### NOVEMBER

### STABILITY CLASS G

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS	SW	WSW	W	WN	NW	NN	TOTA
										W				W		W	L
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	) 1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	2	3	1	0	1	0	13
3.50 - 7.49	90	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	5	8	5	1	2	0	0	27
7.50 - 12.49	90	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	6
12.50 - 18.49	90	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	8
18.50 - 23.99	9 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	5	5	13	14	8	2	2	1	0	54

# STABILITY CLASS ALL

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	3
0.75 - 3.49	16	9	18	19	13	11	12	18	7	7	15	16	24	8	18	8	219
3.50 - 7.49	27	36	51	68	39	45	33	39	46	38	59	65	72	37	28	19	702
7.50 - 12.49	44	22	24	65	83	38	41	50	47	93	108	78	109	99	83	37	1021
12.50 - 18.49	2	2	4	9	31	37	21	26	28	84	206	126	193	93	50	5	917
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	6	12	6	4	16	35	59	77	25	1	0	241
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	7	12	5	0	0	28
TOTAL	89	69	97	161	166	137	120	139	132	238	426	351	487	267	180	69	3131

NOVEMBER

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 3600

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 3131

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 469

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 87.0%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 10.9 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

# PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G
0.00	0.00	0.29	66.40	20.19	11.40	1.72

# DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WS W	W	WN W	NW	NNW	CALM
A B	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0
D E	0 73 12	0 56 10	1 67 17	1 105 41	1 116 33	0 71 53	3 50 36	0 58 36	1 50 43	0 140 51	0 249 105	0 248 60	1 367 78	0 220 26	0 153 17	1 56 12	0 0 2
F G	3 1	2 1	12 0	14 0	15 1	13 0	30 1	40 5	33 5	34 13	58 14	35 8	39 2	19 2	9 1	0 0	1 0
Total	89	69	97	161	166	137	120	139	132	238	426	351	487	267	180	69	3

# DECEMBER

### STABILITY CLASS A

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

# STABILITY CLASS B

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	-																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

### DECEMBER

### STABILITY CLASS C

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	-																0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	5
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	9

# STABILITY CLASS D

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	-																0
0.75 - 3.49	3	4	8	3	3	7	3	5	2	3	3	2	1	2	1	0	50
3.50 - 7.49	18	9	16	35	37	20	18	8	9	12	38	21	21	5	12	24	303
7.50 - 12.49	46	8	7	22	31	20	11	20	51	43	81	95	87	48	57	47	674
12.50 - 18.49	13	2	0	3	3	6	2	5	18	84	164	111	173	59	40	12	695
18.50 - 23.99	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	6	13	38	42	100	43	6	1	251
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	22	63	20	0	0	111
ΤΟΤΑΙ	80	24	31	63	74	53	34	39	86	156	329	293	445	177	116	84	2084

# DECEMBER

### STABILITY CLASS E

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

	SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
_	CALM																	4
	0.75 - 3.49	2	2	5	0	3	6	3	5	5	3	1	2	3	4	2	3	49
	3.50 - 7.49	1	5	5	4	30	19	18	24	22	10	15	8	4	1	3	2	171
	7.50 - 12.49	2	0	3	15	21	31	20	31	36	40	41	32	23	2	3	1	301
	12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	12	47	49	11	8	0	0	0	133
	18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	6	1	0	0	1	0	10
	> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
_	TOTAL	5	7	13	19	54	56	45	63	75	103	112	54	38	7	9	6	670

# STABILITY CLASS F

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	1
0.75 - 3.49	2	1	2	1	5	0	3	3	2	0	6	1	1	1	0	1	29
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	7	20	16	3	6	12	11	10	7	3	0	4	1	0	100
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	5	5	5	6	11	30	18	18	3	0	0	0	0	101
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	0	6	10	9	0	0	0	0	0	30
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	2	1	9	26	26	11	17	26	49	39	40	7	1	5	1	1	262

# DECEMBER

# STABILITY CLASS G

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
3.50 - 7.49	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	5	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	8
7.50 - 12.49	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	5	5	0	0	0	0	0	13
12.50 - 18.49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	6	1	0	0	0	0	0	8
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	8	13	7	0	0	0	0	0	32

# STABILITY CLASS ALL

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	5
0.75 - 3.49	7	7	15	4	11	13	9	13	10	8	10	5	5	7	3	4	131
3.50 - 7.49	19	14	28	61	87	42	42	44	47	32	62	32	25	10	16	26	587
7.50 - 12.49	48	8	10	45	58	56	37	62	118	106	145	130	111	50	60	48	1092
12.50 - 18.49	13	2	0	3	3	9	7	8	37	147	223	122	182	59	40	12	867
18.50 - 23.99	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	6	15	44	43	100	43	7	1	262
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	5	22	63	20	0	0	113
TOTAL	87	32	53	113	159	120	96	128	218	311	489	354	486	189	126	91	3057

DECEMBER

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 3720

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 3057

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 663

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 82.2%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 11.8 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

# PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G
0.00	0.00	0.29	68.17	21.92	8.57	1.05

# DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WS W	W	WN W	NW	NNW	CALM
А	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
В	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
С	0	0	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0
D	80	24	31	63	74	53	34	39	86	156	329	293	445	177	116	84	0
E	5	7	13	19	54	56	45	63	75	103	112	54	38	7	9	6	4
F	2	1	9	26	26	11	17	26	49	39	40	7	1	5	1	1	1
G	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	8	13	7	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	87	32	53	113	159	120	96	128	218	311	489	354	486	189	126	91	5

### ANNUAL

# STABILITY CLASS A

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	0
0.75 - 3.49	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
3.50 - 7.49	7	3	4	3	4	4	2	0	5	3	1	2	4	0	2	1	45
7.50 - 12.49	19	4	8	14	10	10	3	6	13	10	4	8	5	3	5	8	130
12.50 - 18.49	2	1	1	0	3	3	3	4	4	3	1	5	5	5	2	0	42
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	28	8	14	17	17	18	8	10	22	16	6	15	14	8	9	9	219

# STABILITY CLASS B

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	_																0
0.75 - 3.49	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	5
3.50 - 7.49	17	7	12	7	14	6	8	9	8	2	8	12	6	1	4	9	130
7.50 - 12.49	37	11	16	20	11	14	8	9	11	25	29	28	23	20	15	14	291
12.50 - 18.49	14	2	2	4	1	2	5	4	6	8	10	11	17	16	8	3	113
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	3	3	4	2	1	17
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	0	0	4
TOTAL	69	20	32	31	26	23	21	22	25	36	50	54	50	43	30	28	560

### ANNUAL

# STABILITY CLASS C

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	-																0
0.75 - 3.49	3	0	0	1	1	2	1	0	2	0	0	0	4	2	0	2	18
3.50 - 7.49	37	13	19	13	19	25	22	9	23	11	26	30	38	24	19	18	346
7.50 - 12.49	51	8	15	21	16	11	15	13	27	35	51	59	68	37	44	42	513
12.50 - 18.49	14	2	4	5	2	5	10	1	4	17	35	28	36	33	30	24	250
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	4	7	17	20	5	1	56
> 23.99	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	5	4	5	1	0	22
TOTAL	105	24	38	40	38	43	48	23	57	66	120	129	167	121	99	87	1205

# STABILITY CLASS D

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	8
0.75 - 3.49	77	62	79	76	74	57	43	43	46	41	58	58	66	53	47	61	941
3.50 - 7.49	286	195	278	386	250	208	176	139	194	196	392	410	287	191	288	297	4093
7.50 - 12.49	633	204	188	283	335	181	157	171	308	528	925	885	814	687	783	591	7673
12.50 - 18.49	145	55	78	77	94	105	123	88	163	480	1236	1069	1323	731	437	182	6386
18.50 - 23.99	6	5	10	7	7	27	38	21	40	85	268	349	567	232	37	16	1715
> 23.99	1	1	5	1	0	2	6	2	4	16	61	137	228	83	8	1	556
TOTAL	1148	522	638	750	760	580	543	464	755	1346	2940	2908	3285	1977	1600	1148	21372

### ANNUAL

# STABILITY CLASS E

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
 CALM	-																23
0.75 - 3.49	79	60	89	75	91	89	61	81	89	66	96	91	145	85	68	52	1317
3.50 - 7.49	136	154	211	201	227	200	185	165	228	172	289	296	350	188	102	99	3203
7.50 - 12.49	122	48	73	160	163	128	165	158	249	362	404	323	326	136	102	105	3024
12.50 - 18.49	44	17	7	10	18	62	98	76	147	311	417	175	110	40	41	31	1604
18.50 - 23.99	0	1	1	1	3	10	37	7	16	27	75	24	19	2	2	1	226
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	5	2	2	4	0	2	0	19
 TOTAL	381	280	381	447	503	489	549	487	729	943	1283	911	954	451	317	288	9416

### STABILITY CLASS F

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM	-																36
0.75 - 3.49	55	50	67	74	100	48	59	63	71	64	101	106	123	58	76	52	1167
3.50 - 7.49	98	81	148	189	165	123	109	129	153	163	279	230	215	130	88	54	2354
7.50 - 12.49	27	21	42	79	48	67	71	73	142	177	172	85	105	48	36	27	1220
12.50 - 18.49	6	0	3	3	4	16	31	23	50	115	92	16	13	7	7	5	391
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	1	13	3	1	2	7	0	1	0	0	0	28
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	186	152	260	345	317	255	283	291	417	521	651	437	457	243	207	138	5196

### ANNUAL

# STABILITY CLASS G

#### STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION IN HOURS AT 500.00 FEET

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WN W	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	2
0.75 - 3.49	4	8	11	15	11	6	10	5	8	10	10	5	4	4	7	6	124
3.50 - 7.49	3	6	14	18	13	11	16	21	36	23	33	22	5	10	1	3	235
7.50 - 12.49	0	2	1	2	6	3	9	15	26	36	24	19	11	0	1	2	157
12.50 - 18.49	1	0	0	0	2	3	7	5	4	25	10	0	0	0	0	0	57
18.50 - 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	8
> 23.99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	8	16	26	35	32	23	43	48	74	95	81	46	20	14	9	11	583

# STABILITY CLASS ALL

SPEED (MPH)	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SS W	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NN W	TOTA L
CALM																	69
0.75 - 3.49	219	180	249	241	277	203	174	192	216	181	265	260	342	202	199	174	3574
3.50 - 7.49	584	459	686	737	692	577	518	472	647	570	1028	1002	905	544	504	481	10406
7.50 - 12.49	889	298	343	579	589	414	428	445	776	1173	1609	1407	1352	931	986	789	13008
12.50 - 18.49	226	77	95	99	124	196	277	201	378	959	1801	1304	1504	832	525	245	8843
18.50 - 23.99	6	6	11	8	10	39	89	33	58	117	360	383	607	258	46	19	2050
> 23.99	1	2	5	1	1	2	9	2	4	23	68	144	237	90	11	1	601
TOTAL	1925	1022	1389	1665	1693	1431	1495	1345	2079	3023	5131	4500	4947	2857	2271	1709	38551

ANNUAL

STABILITY BASED ON: DELTA T BETWEEN 500.0 AND 35.0 FEET WIND MEASURED AT: 500.0 FEET WIND THRESHOLD AT: 0.75 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 43848

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALID OBSERVATIONS: 38551

TOTAL NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS: 5297

PERCENT DATA RECOVERY FOR THIS PERIOD: 87.9%

MEAN WIND SPEED FOR THIS PERIOD: 9.9 MPH

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS WITH BACKUP DATA: 0

### PERCENTAGE OCCURRENCE OF STABILITY CLASSES

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G
0.57	1.45	3.13	55.44	24.42	13.48	1.51

### DISTRIBUTION OF WIND DIRECTION VS STABILITY

	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WS W	W	WN W	NW	NNW	CALM
А	28	8	14	17	17	18	8	10	22	16	6	15	14	8	9	9	0
В	69	20	32	31	26	23	21	22	25	36	50	54	50	43	30	28	0
С	105	24	38	40	38	43	48	23	57	66	120	129	167	121	99	87	0
D	1148	522	638	750	760	580	543	464	755	1346	2940	2908	3285	1977	1600	1148	8
E	381	280	381	447	503	489	549	487	729	943	1283	911	954	451	317	288	23
F	186	152	260	345	317	255	283	291	417	521	651	437	457	243	207	138	36
G	8	16	26	35	32	23	43	48	74	95	81	46	20	14	9	11	2
Total	1925	1022	1389	1665	1693	1431	1495	1345	2079	3023	5131	4500	4947	2857	2271	1709	69

# APPENDIX 2B

# GEOLOGICAL CONSIDERATIONS

# Influencing the Proposed

# BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION

Shippingport, Beaver County, Pennsylvania

June 3, 1968

John R. Rand Consulting Geologist Little Flying Point Freeport, Maine

Paul J. Mayrose Stone & Webster Engineering Corporation 225 Franklin Street Boston, Massachusetts Appendix 2B was retyped/reformatted as part of the Update of the FSAR.

Stone & Webster Engineering Corporation 225 Franklin Street Boston, Massachusetts 02107

June 3, 1968

Gentlemen:

In accordance with your request, we have investigated the geology of an area within several miles of Shippingport Borough, Beaver County, Pennsylvania, where Duquesne Liqht Company proposes to construct a second atomic power plant and allied facilities immediately adjacent to the present Shippingport Nuclear Power Station.

Our investigations conclude that,

1. The proposed power plant will be constructed on a 100 foot thick terrace of unconsolidated stratified sand and gravel outwash of medium to high density and low compressibility. These valley-fill gravels exhibit moderate to high permeability, and they drain freely.

2. The valley-fill gravels in which the plant is to be built will not be subject to excessive settlement under heavy loading.

3. Bedrock underlying the 100-foot thick gravel terrace in the plant area is characterized by flat-lying unmetamorphosed sedimentary rocks predominantly consisting of shales and sandstones. Several thin coal seams and occasional thin limestone units are interbedded in the sedimentary sequence.

4. While the Upper Freeport coal seam is mined in the general plant area at an elevation about 200 feet higher than that of the plant, no coal seams underlying the plant elevation have been mined in the area, and none is of sufficient thickness, quality or lateral continuity to merit commercial development.

5. Other mineral resources in Beaver County which lie at elevations below that of the plant include oil, gas, rock salt and limestone. None of these commodities has been exploited at depth beneath the plant, and none is inferred to be of commercial potential for future development.

6. The plant is to be built in an area of tectonic stability, and no faults are known or inferred to have occurred within many tens of miles of the plant area.

7. Groundwater in the plant area occurs in both bedrock and valley-fill gravels. In bedrock, groundwater flow is normally less than 10 gallons per minute. In the gravels, groundwater flow ranges to more than 1000 gallons per minute. Most public and industrial water supplies along the Ohio River in Beaver County are drawn from valley-fill gravels. Groundwater migration in bedrock is from the upland areas downward toward the Ohio River; migration in gravels is downstream to the west.

8. The proposed plant is located on a gravel terrace well isolated from other more heavily populated terraces by the open flow of the Ohio River, and no migration of potential contaminants from the plant through the ground to municipal or industrial water supplies is to be expected.

It is our opinion based on currently available information that the proposed new plant is favorably situated geologically, and that no unusual design, construction or maintenance techniques should be required because of geologic features.

Yours very truly,

(Originally signed by)

Paul J. Mayrose Stone & Webster Engineering Corporation 225 Franklin Street Boston, Massachusetts (Originally signed by)

John R. Rand Consulting Geologist Little Flying Point Freeport, Maine

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUC	TION		2B-7
BEDROCK	GEOL	<u>OGY</u>	2B-8
Α.	Lith	ologies	2B-9
	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	Conemaugh Formation - Pennsylvanian Allegheny Formation - Pennsylvanian Pottsville Formation - Pennsylvanian Pocono Formation - Mississippian Chemung Formation - Upper Devonian Oriskany Formation - Lower Devonian Cayuga Series - Upper Silurian	2B-9 2B-9 2B-10 2B-10 2B-10 2B-10 2B-10
В.	Stru	ucture	2B-11
	1. 2.	Folding Faulting	2B-11 2B-11
C.	Wea	athering	2B-11
VALLEY-FI	LL DEF	POSITS	2B-11
GROUNDW	ATER		2B-12
A. B.	Bed Gro	Irock Groundwater undwater in Valley-Fill Deposits	2B-12 2B-14
REFEREN	CES		2B-16

# LIST OF FIGURES

<u>Figure</u>	<u>Title</u>
2B-1	Generalized Stratigraphic Section
2B-2	Borings Location Plan, Plant Area
2B-3	Typical Cross Section, Valley-Fill Deposits
2B-4	Generalized Bedrock and Surficial Geology
### **INTRODUCTION**

It is proposed by Duquesne Light Company to construct a second atomic power plant, the Beaver Valley Power Station, and allied service facilities immediately adjacent to the present Shippingport Nuclear Power Station on the south shore of the Ohio River at Shippingport Borough, central Beaver County, Pennsylvania.

Discontinuously during the period of February 15 to May 10, 1968, we have conducted field reconnaissance and technical literature surveys relating to the geology and groundwater characteristics of the general plant area; and have studied records of 28 borings put down in 1954 and 16 borings put down in March-April, 1968, in the immediate location of the proposed new power plant.

Our analysis of available geologic information indicates that the proposed new power plant will be constructed on a 100-foot thick terrace of unconsolidated stratified sand and gravel which lies in the bedrock trough of the Ohio River. A detailed analysis of the soil conditions in the terrace will be presented by Stone & Webster Engineering Corporation in a separate report.

Immediately underlying the plant site, the deposits consist principally of poorly-sorted, mediumbrown sands with gravel, occasional cobbles and angular sandstone fragments. There are infrequent layers of medium-grained brown sand, and the silt-clay content of the sand is variable. Standard penetration tests in this material were in the range of 10 to 50 blows per foot, with the majority falling in the 20-40 blows-per-foot category. These sands and gravels are moderately to highly permeable. Considering their gradation and the relatively low groundwater level, they are unlikely to be subject to liquefaction. They are of such density that excessive settlement will not occur under loading.

In the portion of the area subject to flooding by the Ohio River, the sands and gravels are overlain by a layer of brown silty clay about 30 feet deep. Blow counts in the clay are low, averaging about one blow per foot. It appears that the river has eroded the sand and gravel, the older material, and has partially replaced the eroded material locally with silt deposited during flood stages. The silt appears to be unsuitable foundation material for heavy structures.

Bedrock underlying the project area, and forming the hills which rise to an elevation of about 1100 feet adjacent to the plant to the north and south of the Ohio River valley, is characterized by sandstones and shales of Pennsylvanian age, interbedded with several thin coal seams and occasional thin limestone beds. Structurally, the sedimentary formations in central Beaver County are very nearly horizontal, and are not metamorphosed. No faults are known or inferred to occur within many tens of miles of the project area.

The only comercial coal seam in the area is the Upper Freeport seam which lies at elevation 900 feet, approximately 150 feet above the plant elevation. Coal seams underlying the plant are too thin or discontinuous to be of commercial value, and no coal seam has been mined in the area at an elevation below that of the plant. Relatively minor oil production has been realized within about 3 miles of the plant site, drawing from the Berea sandstone member of the Pocono formation of Mississippian age. This unit lies some 750 feet below the land surface and is not inferred to have commercial potential for oil or gas in the immediate plant area.

Groundwater occurs in large volume in the stratified gravels in the Ohio River valley, and is drawn heavily for municipal and industrial use at various places along the river upstream from the plant site. Well yields in valley-fill gravels commonly range from 500 to 1000 gallons per minute, and pumping tests indicate that recharge of gravel waters is supplied directly and rapidly by inflow of river water filtered through the gravels. Groundwater migrates downstream through the gravels, and where these gravels form thin remnant veneers against bedrock valley walls, groundwater flows directly outward from the gravels into the river water.

Groundwater occurs in bedrock in joints in shales and in joints and permeable lithologies in sandstone. Water well records indicate that normal groundwater flow potential in these rocks is less than 10 gallons per minute, with only occasional wells yielding up to 60 gallons per minute. Limestone beds and coal seams also have been found occasionally to produce comparable volumes of water. Because the plant is located on thick and very permeable gravels which interconnect freely with the Ohio River, potential contaminants from the plant would migrate away from bedrock through the gravels and into the open water of the river.

### BEDROCK GEOLOGY

Bedrock geology in the area of the proposed power facility is characterized by a sequence of flat-lying sedimentary rocks, predominantly shales and sandstone, of Pennsylvanian age. Five thin coal seams are interbedded in the sedimentary sequence at elevations higher than the plant site, and at least six thin seams underlie the plant at depths ranging from about 100 feet to 400 feet. No coal seam underlying the plant has been mined in the area, and none is believed to be of sufficient thickness, lateral continuity, or quality to merit future consideration for commercial development. A single thin limestone bed is inter-preted from regional studies to underlie the plant elevation by about 75 feet, cropping out against valley-fill gravels to the south of the plant site. Since there is no detailed deep drill-hole information available for the immediate vicinity of the power plant site, the following lithologic data are generalized and have been assembled from regional information.

## A. <u>Lithologies</u> (See Figure 2B-1)

Lithologic characterics of the sedimentary rocks in Beaver County are known to vary considerably from place to place, and Figure 2B-1 and the following written descriptions represent only a broad approximation of the stratigraphic sequence in the plant area.

### 1. <u>Conemaugh Formation - Pennsylvanian</u>

The Conemaugh formation in the plant area lies above the Upper Freeport coal seam at elevation 900 feet, and forms hilltops along the Ohio River and underlies the broad dissected uplands away from the river to the north and to the south of the plant. The formation in the plant area is predominantly shaley. Because the Conemaugh lies more than 150 feet above the power plant elevation, it does not influence engineering or maintenance considerations with respect to new construction.

### 2. <u>Allegheny Formation - Pennsylvanian</u>

The Allegheny formation is estimated from regional studies to be about 350 feet thick in the plant area, consisting of about two-thirds shale and one-third sandstone, with seven interbedded coal seams and associated underclays, and a thin bed of fossiliferous Vanport limestone. The Upper Freeport coal seam, at elevation 900 feet, is mined commercially in the vicinity of the plant. Only the lower 175-foot section of the Allegheny formation, underlying the Lower Kittanning coal seam, lies below the power plant elevation. No coal seam has been mined in the plant area at elevations below that of the plant, and no seam is considered to have commercial potential at elevations below that of the plant.

The Lower Kittanning coal seam lies at about elevation 725 feet in the plant area. This is approximately ground surface elevation at the plant site. Where seen in Haden Run, about 1 mile to the northeast of the plant site, the coal is only about 1 foot thick and of no commercial value. Underlying the Lower Kittanning seam, the Allegheny formation is predominantly flat-lying shale or sandy shale interbedded with the Vanport limestone, the Clarion and Brookville coal seams, and probably a thin sandstone bed.

The Vanport limestone is reported to range in thickness from a few feet up to about 20 feet in the general area, and where thickest is interbedded with calcareous shale beds. The Vanport has not been encountered in shallow test borings in the plant area; if it exists, it may be expected to crop out against valley-fill gravels well beneath surface to the south of the plant.

The Vanport limestone is quarried and mined commercially in northern Beaver County, but not in the plant area. It is reported to be a hard, brittle rock which breaks with an irregular fracture. While the nature and thickness of the Vanport in the plant area are not known; the unit is normally made up of competent rock not notably subject to groundwater solution.

The Clarion and Brookville coal seams are considered to be too thin and discontinuous in central Beaver County to be any commercial interest. The Clarion seam is reported to be 6 to 12 inches thick near Beaver Falls, about 10 miles northeast of the plant site, and elsewhere is very thin or absent.

# 3. <u>Pottsville Formation - Pennsylvanian</u>

The Pottsville formation is reported to be on the order of 250 feet thick in Beaver County, made up of about equal parts of shale and sandstone, and interbedded with 4 or 5 thin coal seams. None of the coal seams is of commercial interest in the plant area.

The Pottsville sandstones are described as normally quite massive, hard and light colored, and usually coarse-grained or conglomeratic. Locally the sandstones are reported to become thin-bedded and shaley.

The Pottsville is estimated to lie at a depth of from 170 to 420 feet below the plant area, and is not considered to be of material influence in plant design or other considerations.

## 4. <u>Pocono Formation - Mississippian</u>

The Pocono formation in Beaver County is reported to be on the order of 500 feet in thickness, more than 80% made up of shale, sandy shale or shaley sandstone. At the base of the Pocono formation, estimated to underlie the plant area by some 750 feet, the Berea sandstone is a minor oil producing horizon at Hookstown, 3 to 4 miles southwest of the plant site; and at Smith's Ferry, 4 miles west northwest of the plant site. Regional test drilling suggests that the Berea sandstone will not be productive of oil or gas beneath the immediate plant area.

## 5. <u>Chemung Formation - Upper Devonian</u>

The Chemung formation, lying more than 800 feet below the plant site, is composed of shale with thin sandstone or siltstone interbeds. The rocks in this formation are not considered to influence plant design or maintenance considerations.

# 6. <u>Oriskany Formation - Lower Devonian</u>

Underlying Beaver County by about 4500 feet, (not shown on Figure 2B-1) the Oriskany sandstone has locally been found to be an important gas producer. The nearest gas production in the general plant area is about 8 miles north northwest of the plant site, at the South Beaver pool. No gas production potential is known or inferred for the immediate plant area.

# 7. <u>Cayuga Series - Upper Silurian</u>

Underlying the Oriskany formation by some 250 feet, the Salina group of the Cayuga Series contains rock salt in beds ranging in thickness from less than 5 feet to nearly 200 feet in parts of western Pennsylvania, with groups of salt beds ranging up to 1200 feet in total thickness locally. The uppermost salt bed occurs at a depth of about 4700 feet below the plant site.

The combined thickness of salt beds immediately beneath the plant site is probably not more than 100 feet, and the thickest single bed may be on the order of 20 to 40 feet thick. Salt has not been recovered by mining or solution extraction in the plant area, and the presence of salt beds at great depth below the project area is not considered to be of material importance to project considerations.

### B. <u>Structure</u>

## 1. <u>Folding</u>

The sedimentary rocks in Beaver County are generally flat-lying, with a slight regional dip to the south or southeast of about 15 to 20 feet per mile. Locally, very small flexures interrupt this broad flat structure, and wide northeast-trending anticlines and synclines of low amplitude are superimposed on the gentle regional structure. For practical purposes, rocks in the plant area may be considered to be essentially horizontal.

## 2. <u>Faulting</u>

No faults are reported or inferred to occur in the bedrock in the plant area. Structurecontour maps constructed on the Oriskany formation at a depth of some 4500 feet below the plant site show a uniformly gently-dipping structure, comparable to that of the surface formation, extending for at least 20 miles from the plant site. The surface of the Precambrian crystalline basement, about 10,500 feet below the plant site, also generally parallels that of the over- lying Paleozoic sedimentary rocks, with a dip of about 100 feet to the mile to the southeast. The nearest known faulting appears to have occurred on the order of 60 miles southeast of the plant site, and strikes northeasterly tangentially away from the plant area.

### C. <u>Weathering</u>

Borings put down at the plant site in March-April, 1968, show only slight weathering in the shales underlying the valley-fill alluvial gravels in the project area. The depth of weathering is variable but has not been found to extend more than 6 feet below the rock surface. In all cases, the weathering is slight and is characterized mainly by the tendency of the shale to separate easily along bedding planes, and to separate into small (0.5 to 4 inch) pieces. Core recovery was in the 85% to 100% range, approaching 100% at depths of 10 to 20 feet below the rock surface. Occasionally, the weathered zone contains rock which is slightly softer than the underlying fresh bedrock.

### VALLEY-FILL DEPOSITS

The proposed new power plant facility is to be built on uncon-solidated granular deposits which lie in the bedrock trough of the Ohio River. Figure 2B-1 shows a generalized section of the river valley at the plant site (note vertical exaggeration of I0x). Figures 2B-2 and 2B-3 show respectively the locations of 1954 and 1968 test borings in the project area, and a typical cross-section of the valley-fill deposits derived from these test borings.

In general, the unconsolidated deposits in the Ohio River valley in the plant area are made up of stratified sand and gravel outwash derived from the melting of glacial ice at the end of Pleistocene time, overlain locally by thin deposits of mud, silt, and sand deposited by flood water on the Ohio River and tributary streams.

Test borings show the total thickness of the valley-fill deposits to be 90 to 100 feet in the plant area, from approximately elevation 735 to 635 feet. The major portion of the terrace in the plant area is made up of variably silty or clayey poorly sorted sands and gravels. These sands and gravels contain cobbles and angular fragments of rock which appear to have been plucked from bedrock by glacial ice and subsequently deposited at the site by the waters of the Ohio River.

The valley-fill deposits show only the crudest stratification. Samples from the borings show only three clearly-defined layers of material: A) a 10-20 foot thick layer of gray sand, gravel, and rock fragments immediately overlying the shale bedrock; B) an 80-90 foot layer of brown sand, gravel and cobbles overlying the basal gray material, forming the highest level of the terrace; and C) a 20-30 foot layer of brown silty clay which has been deposited by the Ohio River in Recent geologic time. The brown sands and gravels were partially eroded away along the river bank at some time after deposition, and the eroded portion has subse- quently been partially refilled with the silty clay during flood stages of the river.

The sand-gravel deposits show poorly-defined layers or lenses of relatively clean sand with occasional silt and clay streaks. Deposition of sand layers was too discontinuous to permit meaningful correlation of individual beds from borehole to borehole.

The valley-filled deposits of sand and gravel are of medium to high density and low compressibility, and they drain freely. It would appear that heavy structures founded in these materials will not be subject to excessive settlement. Further, considering their gradations and the low groundwater levels, these soils will not be subject to liquefaction during earth- quakes.

### GROUNDWATER

In the project area, groundwater in bedrock migrates downward from the upland areas and outward into the granular valley-fill deposits bordering the Ohio River. Groundwater in the valley- fill deposits migrates downstream to the westward. Figure 2B-4 shows the aerial relationships of the plant location to the upland bedrock areas and lowland valley-fill deposits.

Downstream from the plant site groundwater in valley-fill deposits moves outward into the open flow of the river where the valley-fill deposits have been eroded away to a thin veneer south of Phillis Island. The river itself prevents waters from beneath the plant area from entering the valley-fill deposits beneath the City of Midland or the Town of Georgetown.

### A. <u>Bedrock Groundwater</u>

Because of the large-volume availability of groundwater in the valley-fill gravels lying in the troughs of the major river and stream valleys in Beaver County, groundwater in bedrock aquifers is generally sought primarily for small-consumption domestic use in upland areas away from major streams.

In 1966, the Pennsylvania Bureau of Topographic and Geologic Survey, Department of Internal Affairs, initiated a statutory water well reporting system, whereby water well drillers were licensed and were required to report results of all wells drilled. From June 1, 1966, through March 14, 1968, 180 "Water Well Completion Reports" for Beaver County have been received by the Geologic Survey at Harrisburg, and 161 reports contain sufficient information to use in analyzing bedrock groundwater flow characteristics.

Of the usable reports, 94 described wells completed in shale; 58 in sandstone; 6 in limestone; and 3 in coal seams. None of these wells was in the immediate vicinity of the power plant site. Most were drilled in eastern Beaver County, in the Aliquippa area, 7 to 10 miles east of the plant site. Several were drilled near Hookstown, 3 to 6 miles south and southeast of the plant site. Although well collar elevations are not reported, it appears that all wells drilled since 1966 were bottomed at elevations above that of the power plant site.

The 3 coal wells yielded I/2, 3, and 50 gallons per minute, and the waters were high in iron. Normally, drillers case off water encountered in coal seams because of the poor quality of these waters. The 6 limestone wells yielded an average of 26 gallons per minute, with a range of from 1/2 to 10 gallons per minute for 5 wells, and with one well reporting 132 gallons per minute. Limestone is not normally a good producer of water in Beaver County, and is not specifically sought by the drillers. An abandoned well in Midland, a little under 2 miles northwest of the plant site, was reported to have been drilled in Vanport limestone in 1920 for use in ice-making. No yield data are available, but it probably was a low-yield well since a 5 horse- power plunger pump was used to recover water from the well.

The most useful information for purposes of this study is taken from the shale and sandstone well records. Sandstones are the more porous and permeable rocks, but grain size and sorting and degree of cementing appears to vary widely and rapidly from place to place, and no sandstone unit is considered uniformly to be an important aquifer throughout the area. Most shale wells are considered to derive water from joints, joint sets or bedding plane channelways, and occasionally may actually draw from thin sandstone units or sandy shales not detected as such by the driller.

The following table compares yields from shale and sandstone wells, and shows generally that sandstone wells yield appreciably more water than shale wells.

	No. of		Wells Yielding			
	Wells	Yield Range	<u>&lt;2 1/2 GPM</u>	<u>&lt;5 GPM</u>	<u>&lt;10 GPM</u>	
Shale Wells	94	0 to 30 GPM	45%	60%	86%	
Sandstone Wells	58	1/2 to 60 GPM	33%	55%	71%	

Only 14% of the shale wells yielded 10 GPM or more, while 29% of the sandstone wells yielded 10 GPM or more.

There is a definite decline in yield, or in groundwater flow, with depth. It appears likely that there is normally an insigni- ficant flow potential in bedrock at depths greater than a few hundred feet below the plant, as indicated by the following table:

TABLE:	Decrease	in	Well	Yield	with	Depth

	Shale H	loles	Sandstone Holes		
<u>Hole Depth</u>	No. of Holes	<u>Ave. GPM</u>	No. of Holes	<u>Ave. GPM</u>	
0.1 501	0	10	0	45	
$0 \text{ to } 50^{\circ}$	3	13	3	15	
51 to 100'	32	5	26	11	
101 to 150'	29	5	15	8	
151 to 200'	16	2	11	5	
201 to 250'	5	2	1	2	
251 to 300'	4	1	2	2	
301 to 350'	2	2	-	-	
351 to 400'	1	2	-	-	
401 to 450'	1	0	-	-	
451 to 500'	1	0	-	-	

It should be pointed out that in the course of drilling most of the shale holes encountered one or more sandstones beds which were not found by the driller to be water-bearing.

In 5 shale holes, ranging in depth from 161 to 500 feet, no usable volume of water was encountered. Some one dozen wells reported in the Hookstown area, 3 to 5 miles southwest of the plant site, encountered water in shale or sandstone at depths of from 60 to 150 feet, with yields ranging from 1/2 to 10 gallons per minute. These wells all bottomed above plant elevation.

It does not appear likely that potential contaminants from the power plant could migrate into bedrock groundwater passages, or that movement of groundwater in bedrock is sufficiently extensive to transport such contaminants appreciable distances. Groundwater migration in bedrock in upland areas in the vicinity of the plant will migrate toward the river valleys and down the hillside slopes into the valley-fill deposits adjacent to the Ohio River.

### B. <u>Groundwater in Unconsolidated Valley-Fill Deposits</u>

Most of the municipal and other public water supplies along the Ohio River within a few miles of the plant site are derived either directly from the river or are from wells and well fields in the stratified glacial outwash deposits in the river valley. Beneath the active river bed near the plant, the major part of the outwash gravels originally deposited in the river's bedrock trough have been removed by subsequent river erosion, and the gravels are only about 30 feet thick in this area. The bedrock surface is estimated to lie at about elevation 617 feet beneath the river bed opposite the plant site, and appears to slope downstream at about 0.6 feet per mile. Groundwater migration in the gravels is also downstream to the west.

Underlying the flat terraces along the sides of the river valley, as beneath the Crucible Steel Company plant at Midland one mile downstream and across the river from the plant site, stratified gravels approach 120 feet in thickness, and are overlain by 30 to 40 feet of Recent silts and clays.

The terrace gravels in the Ohio River valley in the area of the plant site yield large quantities of groundwater. Van Tuyl and Klein (1951) report on eleven wells (most are 12-inch in diameter) in gravels along the Ohio River from Beaver for 9 miles downstream to Midland, with yields ranging from 195 to 1380 gallons per minute, and averaging 765 gallons per minute. The well in Midland in this series is a 10-inch well 1 mile west north-west of the power plant site, drawing water from gravel at an elevation of about 660 feet. Water in the well was tested in 1941 and showed:

1.	Iron (Fe)	0.1 PPM
2.	Sulfite (SO <sub>3</sub> )	54 PPM
3.	Chloride (CI)	49 PPM
4.	Free CO <sub>2</sub>	17 PPM
5.	Hardness (as CaCO <sub>3</sub> )	334 PPM
6.	рН	7.4
7.	Temperature	53 F
8.	Yield	195 GPM

Pumping tests on gravel wells at various locations along the Ohio River indicate that groundwater recharge in gravels derives principally and rapidly from river inflow into and through the gravels.

The plant site is located on an isolated terrace remnant (see Figure 2B-4) which interconnects only at depth beneath the Ohio River with other terraces at the communities of Industry, upstream, and Midland and Georgetown, downstream.

Midland has by far the largest population to be served, and in 1948 was reported to use Ohio River water directly for its public water supply, after chemical and filtration cleaning. The river itself forms a natural barrier against migration of potential contaminants from the power plant site into the Midland system. Industry cannot be affected by the plant because river and groundwater flow is downstream from the plant, away from the village. Within one-half mile downstream from the plant site, the valley-fill gravel terrace on which the plant will be situated pinches to a thin veneer against the bedrock wall of the Ohio River trough, effectively blocking groundwater migration in the gravels from moving into the gravel terrace 3 miles to the west at Georgetown. It does not appear, accordingly, that a potential water supply contamination problem exists in the proposed power plant area.

## References

Ashley, G. H. and others (1928) Bituminous coal fields of Pennsylvania. Pennsylvania Geological Survey, Fourth Series, Bulletin M6, Parts I, II, III; Harrisburg.

Beck, M. E. and R. E. Mattick (1964) Interpretation of an Aeromagnetic survey in western Pennsylvania and parts of eastern Ohio, northern West Virginia, and western Maryland. Pennsylvania Topographic and Geologic Survey Information Circular 52; Harrisburg.

Cate, A. S. (1962) Subsurface structure of the Plateau region of north-central and western Pennsylvania on top of the Oriskany formation. Pennsylvania Topographic and Geologic Survey (Revision of Plate 3, Bulletin G27; 1953); Harrisburg.

Fettke, C. R. (1941) Subsurface sections across western Pennsylvania. Pennsylvania Topographic and Geologic Survey Progress Report 127; Harrisburg.

Fettke, C. R. (1950) Summarized records of deep wells in Pennsylvania. Pennsylvania Topographic and Geologic Survey Bulletin M31; Harrisburg.

Fettke, C. R. (1954) Structure-contour maps of the Plateau region of north-central and western Pennsylvania. Pennsylvania Topographic and Geologic Survey Bulletin G27; Harrisburg.

Fettke, C. R. (1955) Preliminary Report: Occurrence of rock salt in Pennsylvania. Pennsylvania Topographic and Geologic Survey; Harrisburg (Map with text on back).

Fettke, C. R. (1956) Summarized records of deep wells in Pennsylvania, 1950-1954. Pennsylvania Topographic and Geologic Survey Bulletin M39; Harrisburg.

Gray, C. and Other (1960) Geologic map of Pennsylvania. Pennsylvania Topographic and Geologic Survey, Scale 1:250,000; Harrisburg.

Leggette, R. M. (1936) Ground water in northwestern Pennsylvania. Pennsylvania Topographic and Geologic Survey Bulletin W3; Harrisburg.

Lytle, W. S. and L. A. Heeren (1964) Maps of the oil and gas fields, natural gas pipelines, and oil pipelines of Pennsylvania. Pennsylvania Topographic and Geologic Survey Map No. 3; Harrisburg.

Noecker, M., D. W. Greenman and H. H. Beamer (1954) Water resources of the Pittsburgh area, Pennsylvania. U. S. Geological Survey Circular 315; Washington.

### References (Cont'd)

Patterson, E. D. (1963) Coal resources of Beaver County, Pennsylvania. U.S. Geological Survey Bulletin 1143-A; Washington.

Poth, C. W. (1962) The occurrence of brine in western Pennsylvania. Pennsylvania Topographic and Geologic Survey Bulletin M47; Harrisburg.

Van Tuyl, D. W. and N. H. Klein (1951) Groundwater resources of Beaver County, Pennsylvania. Pennsylvania Topographic and Geologic Survey Bulletin W9, Harrisburg.

Water Well Completion Reports (1966-1968) Card file records of water wells drilled in Beaver County, Pennsylvania. Pennsylvania Topographic and Geologic Survey; Harrisburg.

Woolsey, L. H. (1905) Beaver Folio, Pennsylvania. U.S. Geological Survey Geologic Folio; Washington.

Woolsey, L. H. (1906) Economic geology of the Beaver quadrangle, Pennsylvania. U.S. Geological Survey Bulletin, 286; Washington.









# APPENDIX 2C

# SEISMICITY ANALYSIS

# BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION

# of the

# DUQUESNE LIGHT COMPANY

# SHIPPINGPORT, PENNSYLVANIA

Prepared for

STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORPORATION

Prepared by

# WESTON GEOPHYSICAL RESEARCH, INC.

# WESTON, MASSACHUSETTS

The Weston Geophysical Engineers Inc. report was retyped/reformatted as part of the Update of the FSAR.

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Introduction	2C-5
Seismicity	2C-5
Geologic and Tectonic Setting	2C-6
Regional Seismicity	2C-6
Local Seismic Activity	2C-6
Earthquake Affects at the Site	2C-7
Operational Earthquake	2C-7
Design Earthquake	2C-8
References	2C-9
Bibliography	2C-10
Appendix to 2C	2C-13

# LIST OF FIGURES

<u>Figure</u>	Title				
2C-1	Earthquake Intensity - Acceleration Relationships				
2C-2	Modified Mercalli Intensity Scale Approximate Relationship with Magnitude, Ground Acceleration and Rossi-Forel Intensity Scale				
2C-3	Tectonic Map				
2C-4	Compilation of Earthquakes Western Pennsylvania & Ohio Area				
2C-5	Compilation of Earthquakes Western Pennsylvania -Eastern Ohio				
2C-6	Earthquake Intensity Attenuation Northeastern United States				
2C-7	Isoseismal Map Charleston, So. Carolina Earthquake of August 31, 1886 - Weston Geophysical Research, Inc.				
2C-8	Isoseismal Map Earthquake of March 1, 1925				
2C-9	Isoseismal Map Earthquake of November 1, 1935				
2C-10	Anna Ohio Earthquake				
2C-11	Isoseismal Map Earthquake of September 5, 1944				

### **INTRODUCTION**

A seismicity study of the Beaver Valley Power Station was performed under the direction and guidance of Stone & Webster Engineering Corporation.

The purpose of the seismicity study is the determination of the "operational" and "design" earthquakes to be used in the engineering design of the plant.

A seismic field investigation was conducted by Weston Geophysical Engineers, Inc. The results of the field measurements and the soils amplification curves constructed from field data were used as a guide in performing this seismicity analysis.

Reverend Daniel Linehan, S. J., Director of Weston Observatory, was retained as the chief consultant for the seismicity study by Weston Geophysical Research, Inc.

### <u>SEISMICITY</u>

The seismicity of an area is a function of the time and areal distribution of earthquake epicenters and the strength of focal depth and relation to regional tectonic features of the earthquake. The purpose of this seismicity analysis is the evaluation of earthquakes which have been recorded historically and instrumentally in order to determine the "operational" and "design" earthquakes that might affect the site of the power station.

There are two measures of the strength of an earthquake, magnitude and intensity. The magnitude of an earthquake is determined from the records of calibrated seismographs and yields an approximation of the amount of energy released by the earthquake (Richter, 1958). The intensity of an earthquake is a measure of the earthquake's affect on both buildings and people. The intensity depends upon the strength of the earthquake, the depth of focus, the foundation conditions of the structures affected, the design and quality of construction of these structures, as well as an accurate and complete record of human observations.

Important in the prediction of an intensity at some distance from an earthquake epicenter is the attenuation of the earthquake force with distance. This attenuation is governed by the local and regional geologic environment and depth of focus.

Several relationships of intensity to ground acceleration have been proposed. These are shown in Figure 2C-1. All of these relationships are based on data in active earthquake areas where such data is readily available. These areas are not typical of all geologic environments or types of construction; in many cases they are not representative of other areas. In the United States most of the data that is used for the empirical relationship of earthquake intensity versus acceleration is from the California area.

Although it is convenient for the engineer to use accelerations or particle velocities in relationship to a predicted earthquake intensity, the earthquake relationship to damage of the structure and its components is dependent upon other factors such as time duration and frequency content of the earthquake energy to arrive at the site under consideration.

An approximate relationship between the Modified Mercalli Intensity Scale currently used in the United States and Europe, the earlier Rossi-Forel Intensity Scale, magnitude, and ground acceleration is shown on Figure 2C-2. It should be mentioned that any relationship given between intensity and/or magnitude and ground acceleration should be applied with great caution, since soils and structure conditions vary considerably. The prediction of the effects of ground acceleration or particle velocity from an earthquake should be the combined effort of an engineer familiar with the dynamics of structures, a person knowledgeable in soils mechanics, a seismologist, and a geologist.

### GEOLOGIC AND TECTONIC SETTING

The Beaver Valley Power Station is located in an unglaciated area on sand and gravel deposits along the Ohio River, west of Pittsburgh and a few miles east of the Pennsylvania - Ohio line. Physiographically, the site is located in the Appalachian Plateau Province. The bedrock in the area is the Allegheny formation of Pennsylvanian Age. It consists of approximately two-thirds shale and one-third sandstone with several interbedded coal seams and a thin bed of fossiliferous Vanport limestone.

Structurally, the bedrock is generally flat lying. It has a regional dip of approximately 15 to 20 feet per mile to the south and southeast with a low amplitude anticlines and synclines. The regional dip and structure were imposed by orogenic movements which formed the Appalachian Mountains, 100 miles southeast of the site, at the close of the Paleozoic Era (approximately 225 million years ago). There are no known faults in the site area; the nearest area of considerable faulting is in the Appalachian Mountain region. A Regional Tectonic Map is shown on Figure 2C-3.

### REGIONAL SEISMICITY

The site is located in an inactive seismic area. No earthquake of Intensity V (M.M.) or greater has occurred within 80 miles of the site (see Figure 2C-4). The nearest earthquake of Intensity V or greater (M.M.) took place at Fairport, Ohio near Cleveland, 80 miles northwest of the site. It occurred on June 27, 1906. The nearest areas of repetitive seismic activity to the site are Fairport - Cleveland, Ohio area, the Attica, New York area, and the Anna, Ohio area. The activity in the Fairport - Cleveland, Ohio area has been minor. The largest earthquakes associated with this area are of Intensity V (M.M.). The Attica, New York area, 180 miles northeast of the site, experienced an earthquake of Intensity VIII (M.M.) (August 12, 1929) and two earthquakes of Intensity VI (M.M.). In the Anna, Ohio area, approximately 200 miles west of the site, one earthquake of Intensity VII - VIII (M.M.) (March 8, 1937) and three earthquakes of Intensity VII (M.M.) have occurred.

### LOCAL SEISMIC ACTIVITY

Only one earthquake has been reported as having its epicenter within 60 miles of the site (see Figure 2C-5). This earthquake reportedly took place at Sharon, Pennsylvania, approximately 40 miles north of the site, on August 17, 1873. Rockwood reports that the earthquake lasted ten seconds but gives no other details (Rockwood, 1874). Since Rockwood's reports of other earthquakes usually include the degree of motion which was felt, this earthquake is interpreted as being slight, probably of Intensity III (M.M.) and certainly no greater than Intensity IV (M.M.).

## EARTHQUAKE EFFECTS AT THE SITE

There have been very few earthquakes which have been felt at the site. The only earthquake effects at the site have been from large, distant events. Isoseismal information indicates that the strongest earthquakes from the Attica, New York, and the Anna, Ohio areas were barely perceptible at the site. The Attica earthquake of August 12, 1929 was felt with Intensity IV (M.M.) (windows rattled) at New Castle, 25 miles north of the site, and at Butler, 35 miles northeast of the site. It was felt only slightly at Pittsburgh which is 25 miles southeast of the site (United States Earthquakes, 1929). The maximum estimated intensity at the site is III (M.M.).

An isoseismal map prepared by Westland and Heinrich (1940) for the Anna, Ohio earthquake of March 8, 1937, shows that Shippingport is at the eastern limit of the area of perceptibility. The intensity at the site as determined from the isoseismal map was Intensity II (M.M.). Canadian and northeastern United States earthquakes which have affected the site area include the St. Lawrence River Valley earthquake of March 1, 1925 with an epicentral Intensity VII (M.M.), the Timiskaming, Canada earthquake of November 1, 1935, epicentral Intensity VII (M.M.), and the Cornwall-Massena earthquake of September 5, 1944, epicentral intensity VII (M.M.). The maximum result of these earthquakes at the site area was an estimated Intensity of II to III.

It appears that the earthquake which has most affected the site area was the Charleston, South Caroline earthquake of August 31, 1886, which had an epicentral Intensity of IX-X (M.M.). Dutton's isoseismal map indicates a Rossi-Forel Intensity of approximately IV which would correspond to a Modified Mercalli Intensity of a middle IV at the site area. Descriptions contained in Dutton's article indicate intensities may have been slightly higher, possibly as high as low Intensity V along the rivers. However, the descriptions contained in articles are somewhat suspect, especially at a distance of 565 miles from the earthquake epicenter.

It is possible that the New Madrid, Missouri earthquakes of 1811 and 1812 may have had intensities similar to those of the Charleston earthquake in the site area. Fuller (1912) reports that the earthquake "was severe at Pittsburgh being greater than any previously experienced. Many persons left their houses." The nearest significant damage from the New Madrid earthquake was at Cincinnati, Ohio, approximately 330 miles from the epicenter or about 250 miles closer to the epicenter than Shippingport.

#### **OPERATIONAL EARTHQUAKE**

Considering attenuation data shown in Figure 2C-6 of the north-eastern United States area, an "operational" acceleration value of 5% of gravity would correspond to an Intensity of high V to low VI for the site area. Working backwards to the nearest areas of activity, we would have an Intensity of VIII-IX in the Cleveland, Ohio area or an Intensity X in the Anna, Ohio or Attica, New York areas. Since none of these areas have displayed any intensities this high, it would appear that an "operational" acceleration of .05g is conservative.

### **DESIGN EARTHQUAKE**

It has been a practice in the past to use a maximum earthquake for design of critical structures in the nuclear power plant complex. This earthquake design must be such as to assure safe shutdown of the plant. In areas of known seismicity, the selection of the "design" earthquake usually has been made on the basis of selecting the largest earthquake which has occurred along the fault at its nearest point to the nuclear power plant site. This application is valid in an area where faults can be associated with earthquake activity such as the St. Lawrence River Valley and areas of California. In lieu of a known fault system to guide the seismologist in the selection of a "design" earthquake, the selection of such a quake must be made on some other basis. One such basis is a simple doubling of "operational" earthquake acceleration or the selecting of an earthquake one intensity higher than the "operational base" intensity. At this particular site, this procedure would result in a "design" acceleration of 10% of gravity corresponding to a high Intensity VI or a low Intensity VII which is about two intensities higher than the intensity estimated from historical data at the site area.

Considering the minor seismicity of this area such a procedure is considered conservative. Accordingly, a "design" earthquake of 0.10g Modified Mercalli Intensity is recommended.

# References

Dutton, Capt. Clarence F. "The Charleston Earthquake of August 31, 1886." <u>United States</u> <u>Geological Survey, Ninth Annual Report</u>, p. 209-528 (1887-1888).

Eppley, R. A. "Stronger Earthquakes of the United States (Exclusive of California and Western Nevada)." <u>Earthquake History of the United States</u>, Washington: Government Printing Office (1965).

Fuller, M. L. "The New Madrid Earthquake." <u>United States Geological Survey Bulletin 494</u>, Washington: Government Printing Office (1912).

Richter, Charles. <u>Elementary Seismology</u>. San Francisco: W. H. Freeman Company (1958).

Rockwood, C. G., Jr. "Notices of Recent Earthquakes." <u>American Journal of Science and Arts</u>, Third Series, Vol 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 12, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25, 27, 32, 1872 through 1887.

Smith, W. E. T. "Earthquakes of Eastern Canada and Adjacent Areas, 1534-1927." <u>Canada:</u> <u>Department of Mines and Technical Surveys, Dominion Observatories</u>, Vol. XXVI, No. 5 (1962).

United States Department of Commerce, Coast and Geodetic Survey, <u>United States</u> <u>Earthquakes</u>, 1928-1965, Washington: Government Printing Office.

Westland, A. J., S. J., and R. R. Heinrich. "A Macroscopic Study of the Ohio Earthquakes of March, 1937." <u>Bulletin of the Seismological Society of America</u>, Vol. 30, No. 3, p. 251-260 (1940).

## Bibliography

Bradley, E. A., S. J, and T. J. Bennett. "Earthquake History of Ohio." <u>Bulletin of the</u> <u>Seismological Society of America</u>, Vol. 55, No. 4, 1965, p. 745-752.

Cancani, A. "Sur l'Emploi d'une Double Échelle Sismique des Intensities, Empirique et Absolue." <u>Gerlands Beitr. z. Geophys. Erganzungsband II</u>, 1904, p. 281-283.

Dutton, Capt. Clarence E. "The Charleston Earthquake of August 31, 1886." <u>United States</u> <u>Geological Survey, Ninth Annual Report</u>, 1887-1888, p. 209-528.

Eiby, G. A. "The Assessment of Earthquake Felt Intensities." <u>Proceedings of the Third World</u> <u>Conference on Earthquake Engineering, Vol. 1, New Zealand: 1965</u>.

Eppley, R. A. "Stronger Earthquakes of the United States (Exclusive of California and Western Nevada)." <u>Earthquake History of the United States</u>, Washington: Government Printing Office, 1965.

Fuller, M. L. "The New Madrid Earthquake." <u>United States Geological Survey Bulletin 494</u>, Washington: Government Printing Office, 1912.

Gutenberg, B. and C. F. Richter. "Earthquake Magnitude, Intensity, Energy, and Acceleration." <u>Bulletin of the Seismological Society of America</u>, Vol. 32, 1942, p. 163-191.

Gutenberg, B. and C. F. Richter. "Earthquake Magnitude, Intensity, Energy, and Acceleration." <u>Bulletin of the Seismological Society of America</u>, Vol. 46, 1956, p. 105-145.

Hershberger, J. "A Comparison of Earthquake Acceleration With Intensity Ratings." <u>Bulletin of the Seismological Society of America</u>, Vol. 46, 1956, p. 317.

Housner, G. W. "Spectrum Intensities of Strong-Motion Earthquakes." <u>Proceedings of the</u> <u>Symposium on Earthquake and Blast Effects on Structures</u>, Los Angeles, Earthquake Engineering Research Institute and University of California, 1952.

Ishimoto, M. "Échelle d'Intensité Séismique et Acceleration Maxima." <u>Bulletin of the Earthquake</u> <u>Research Institute</u>, Tokyo, Vol. 10, 1932 p. 613-626.

Kawasumi, H. "Measures of Earthquake Danger and Expectancy of Maximum Intensity Throughout Japan as Inferred from the Seismic Activity in Historical Times." <u>Bulletin of the</u> <u>Earthquake Research Institute</u>, Tokyo, Vol. 29, 1951, p. 469-481.

## Bibliography (Con'd)

Kershner, Jefferson K. "An Earthquake in Pennsylvania." <u>Science</u>, Vol. XIII, No. 322, 1889.

Landsberg, H. "The Clover Creek Earthquake of July 15, 1938." <u>Bulletin of the Seismological</u> <u>Society of America</u>, Vol. 28, No. 4, 1938.

Medvedev, S., W. Sponheuer, and V. Kárník. "Seismische Skala." <u>Inst. fur Bodendynamik und</u> <u>Erdbebenforschung</u>, Jena, 1963, p. 6.

Neumann, F. and H. O. Wood. "Modified Mercalli Intensity Scale, 1931." <u>Bulletin of the</u> <u>Seismological Society of America</u>, Vol. 21, No. 4, 1931, p. 277-283.

Draft New Zealand Standard By-Law. D7547, p. 12.

Peterschmitt, E. "Sur la Variation de l'Intensite Macroseismique avec la Distance Epicentrale," Trav. Sci. Bur. Cent. Int. Seism. Ser. A Fasc. 8, 1951, p. 183-208.

Rand, J. R. and P. J. Mayrose. "Geologic Considerations Influencing the Proposed Beaver Valley Atomic Power Plant Expansion." Draft of report submitted to Stone & Webster Engineering Corporation, March 26, 1968.

Reid, H. F. Earthquake Data Published in American Yearbook. 1910 through 1917.

Reid, H. R. Unpublished Records Including Card Index and Newspaper Clippings on File at United States Coast and Geodetic Survey, Washington, D.C.

Richter, Charles, Elementary Seismology. San Francisco: W. H. Freeman Company, 1958.

Rockwood, C. G., Jr., "Notices of Recent Earthquakes." <u>American Journal of Science and Arts</u>, Third Series, Vol. 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 12, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25, 27, 29, 32, 1872 through 1887.

Savarensky, E. F. and D. P. Kirnos. "Elementy Seismologii i Seismometrii." Gos. Izdat. Tekh.-Teoret. Lit., Moscow, 2nd ed., 543 pp., 1955. See p. 24.

Smith, W. E. T. "Earthquakes of Eastern Canada and Adjacent Areas, 1534-1927." <u>Canada:</u> <u>Department of Mines and Technical Surveys, Dominion Observatories</u>, Vol. XXVI, No. 5, 1962.

Smith, W. E. T. "Earthquakes of Eastern Canada and Adjacent Areas, 1928-1959." <u>Canada:</u> <u>Department of Mines and Technical Surveys, Dominion Observatories</u>, Vol. XXXII, No. 3, 1966.

Stone, R. W. "Earthquake, September 5, 1944, Felt in Pennsylvania." <u>Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Department of Internal Affairs</u>, Vol. 12, No. 11.

United States Atomic Energy Commission, Division of Technical Information, <u>Nuclear Reactors</u> and <u>Earthquakes</u> TID 7024, Washington: 1963.

United States Department of Commerce, Coast and Geodetic Survey, <u>Quarterly Seismological</u> <u>Report</u>, 1925-1927.

## Bibliography (Con'd)

United States Department of Commerce, Coast and Geodetic Survey, <u>United States</u> <u>Earthquakes</u>, 1928-1965, Washington: Government Printing Office.

United States Department of Commerce, Coast and Geodetic Survey, "The Western Ohio Earthquake of September 20, 1931." <u>Earthquake Notes</u>, Vol. 3, No. 3, 1931, p. 6-8.

United States Weather Bureau. "United States Seismological Reports." <u>Monthly Weather</u> <u>Review</u>, October 1914 to June 1924, Washington: Government Printing Office.

Van Tuyl, D. W. and N. H. Klein. "Ground Water Resources of Beaver County, Pennsylvania. <u>Pennsylvania Geological Survey</u>, Fourth Series, Bulletin W9, 1951.

Westland, A. J., S. J., and R. R. Heinrich. "A Macroscopic Study of the Ohio Earthquakes of March, 1937." <u>Bulletin of the Seismological Society of America</u>, Vol. 30, No. 3, 1940, p. 251-260.

Woolsey, L. H. Geologic Atlas of the United States, Beaver Folio, Pennsylvania, No. 134. Engraved and Printed by United States Geological Survey, Washington, D.C.

APPENDIX to 2C EARTHQUAKES WHICH HAVE AFFECTED THE BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION SHIPPINGPORT, PENNSYLVANIA

### The Earthquake of 1811 and 1812 (36.6°N, 89.6°W - Intensity XII)

The New Madrid Missouri earthquakes of December 16, 1811, January 23, 1812, and February 7, 1812 were each felt over most of the eastern two-thirds of the United States, an affected area of at least two million square miles. Topographic changes including uplifts, landslides and fissures took place over an area of 30,000 to 50,000 square miles, principally along the Mississippi and Ohio Rivers. The Nuclear Power Plant Site is located about 585 miles from the epicenter. The nearest report of significant damage from these earthquakes came from the Cincinnati, Ohio area, about 330 miles from the epicenter and 250 miles from the site. In the Cincinnati area, the tops of chimneys were thrown down and some walls were cracked; a probable Intensity of VI, perhaps low VII, when considering the type and quality of construction and the foundation conditions. Fuller (1912) reports that "the earthquake was severe at Pittsburgh, being greater than any previously experienced. Many persons left their houses." Eppley (1965) reports that the earthquake was "strongly felt in Butler County, Pennsylvania." Butler, in the center of Butler County, is about 35 miles east-northeast of the site. Based upon the available data and intensity attenuation characteristics, the intensity at the site is estimated at low to middle V.

### The Earthquake of August 31, 1886 (32.9°N, 80.0°W - Intensity IX-X)

This earthquake was felt over a two million square mile area of eastern United States. In the epicentral area, located a few miles north and west of Charleston, South Carolina, chimneys and fireplaces collapsed, railroad tracks were bent and laterally displaced, and fissures occurred in the ground with ejection of some water, sand, and mud. The area within 100 miles of the epicenter was strongly affected with damage to plaster and chimneys. C. E. Dutton (1886-1887) conducted a thorough investigation of the effects of this earthquake in the epicentral area and throughout the eastern United States. Dutton prepared an isoseismal map which showed a Rossi-Forel Intensity of V in the vicinity of the site (see Figure 2C-7). A Rossi-Forel Intensity V is equivalent to a Modified Mercalli Intensity of middle IV (see Figure 2C-2 of text). Reports from Pittsburgh and other towns in the site area indicate a similar intensity except along and near the rivers where somewhat stronger effects were noted. In towns located along rivers, dishes were thrown from shelves and clocks were stopped; an approximate intensity of low V (M.M). The site, located adjacent to the Ohio River, may have experienced a similar intensity.

### The Earthquake of February 10, 1914 (45.0°N, 76.9°W - Intensity VII - Magnitude 5.5)

The epicenter was located about 25 miles west Lanark, Ontario. The quake was felt over a 200,000 square mile area including New England, New York State, and Pennsylvania. Cities and towns located at similar distances from the epicenter (345 miles) experienced intensities of III to IV. A similar intensity is estimated at the site area (Smith, 1962; Eppley, 1965).

### The Earthquake of February 28, 1925 (47.6°N, 70.1°W - Intensity IX - Magnitude 7.0)

The epicenter was located in the St. Lawrence River Valley northeast of Quebec City, a distance of 700 miles from the site. The quake was felt over an area of approximately two million miles, extending south to Virginia and west to the Mississippi River. Important damage was confined to a narrow belt along the St. Lawrence River Valley. Isoseismals prepared by the Dominion Observatory and the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey (see Figure 2C-8) show that the estimated intensity at the site was II.

Other earthquakes of Intensity IX and X have originated in the St. Lawrence River Valley near the epicenter of the February 28, 1925 earthquake. Nearly all of these earthquakes took place during colonial times when reporting of earthquakes effects may be accurate in some cases and inaccurate and exaggerated in others. Based on attenuation data and the effects of the February 28, 1925 earthquake, it is estimated that some of these historical earthquakes may have had an intensity of III in the site area.

### The Earthquake of August 12, 1929 (42.9°N, 78.3°W - Intensity VIII - Magnitude 5.8)

The quake was centered near Attica, New York, about 180 miles northeast of the site. The quake was felt over a 100,000 square mile area of the northeastern United States and Ontario, Canada, extending from Cleveland, Ohio and Port Huron, Michigan on the west; to Montreal and the Connecticut River Valley on the east. The maximum intensity of VIII was confined to the eastern part of the city of Attica and the immediate area to the east, where many chimneys were thrown down and some buildings were structurally damaged. Intensity VI or greater was noted at Batavia, Dale, East Bethany, Johnsonburg, Warsaw, and Wyoming, New York. All of these localities are within ten miles of the epicenter.

In the vicinity of the site, intensities ranged from IV at New Castle (25 miles north) and Butler (35 miles northeast) where windows rattled, to III at Pittsburgh (25 miles southeast) where the earthquake was only slightly felt. Similar intensities are estimated for the site. (United States Earthquakes, 1929).

### The Earthquake of November 1, 1935 (46.8°N, 79.1°W - Intensity VII - Magnitude 6.25)

The epicenter was located about 425 miles north of the site near Timiskaming Station, Quebec, where some damage was reported. The quake was felt over a one million square mile area of the north-eastern United States and eastern Canada. The quake was felt as far south as Virginia and Kentucky and as far west as Wisconsin. Damage in the epicentral region was relatively small when compared to the large area affected. Isoseismals prepared by the Dominion Observatory of Canada and the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey (see Figure 2C-9) show that the intensity in the vicinity of the site was III.

#### The Earthquake of March 8, 1937 (40.6°N, 84.0°W - Intensity VII-VIII)

This earthquake occurred in western Ohio in the vicinity of Anna where walls of brick buildings cracked, chimneys were thrown down and furniture was upset. The earthquake was felt over a 150,000 square mile area including all of Ohio, most of Indiana and adjacent areas of Michigan, Kentucky, West Virginia, and south-eastern Ontario, Canada. The site is located at the eastern limit of the perceptible area and may possibly have experienced an intensity of II. (Westland and Heinrich, 1940) (See Figure 2C-10)

#### The Earthquake of September 4, 1944 (44.95°N, 74.9°W - Intensity VIII - Magnitude 5.9)

The epicenter was located in the vicinity of Massena, New York and Cornwall, Ontario, about 405 miles northeast of the site. Damage was estimated at two million dollars. The quake was felt over an estimated area of 175,000 square miles. Isoseismals prepared by the Dominion Observatory of Canada (see Figure 2C-11) show that the area of damage (Intensity VI or greater) was elongated along the St. Lawrence River Valley. The isoseismals show that the intensity in the vicinity of the site was II.



		R	ΕV.	0 (1
NUSSI - FUREL INTENSITY SCALE		ABRIDGED Modified Mercalli Intensity Scale	MAGNITUDE (RICHTER SCALE)	GROUND ACCELERATION IN g'S
I	I	Not felt except by a very few under especially favourable circumstances.	13	
Π	п	Felt only by a few persons at rest, especially on upper floors of buildings. Delicately suspended objects may swing.	3-1	
ш	ш	Felt quite noticeably indoors, aspecially on upper floors of buildings, but many people do not rec- ognise it as an earthquake. Standing motor cars		
IV.	IV	During the day felt indoors by many, outdoors by sation like heavy truck striking building. Bland- few. At night some awakened. Dishes, windows, doors disturbed; walls make creaking sound. Sen-	•	2
X X	¥	Felt by nearly everyone; many awakened. Some Disturbance of tress, poles and other tall objects dishes, windows, etc., broken; a few instances of cracked plaster; unstable objects overturned.		-
VII	VI VI	Felt by all; many frightened and run outdoors. Some heavy furniture moved; a few instances of fallen plaster or damaged chimneys. Damage slight.	»   · · · ·	
VIII	VI	Everybody runs outdoors. Damage negligible in buildings of good design and construction; alight to moderate in well-built ordinary structures; some chimneys broken. Noticed by persons driving motor cars.	•	
IX	VIII	Damage slight in specially designed structures; considerable in ordinary substantial buildings with partial collapse; great in poorly built struc- tures. Panel walls thrown out of frame structures.		
	IX	Damage considerable in specially designed partial collapse. Buildings shifted off foundations. structures; well designed frame structures thrown out of plumb; great in substantial buildings, with pipes broken.	],	5-1
I	x	Some well-built wooden structures destroyed; bent. Landslides considerable from river banks most masonry and frame structures destroyed and steep slopes. Shifted and and mud. Water with foundations, ground badly cracked, Rails splashed (alopped) over banks.		

Modified Mercalli Intensity Scale and relationship with Rossi-Forel Scale after Wood and Neumann, 1931 (Modified Mercalli Intensities XI and XII not included).

Magnitude and acceleration values taken from Nuclear Reactors and Earthquakes, TID-7024, United States Atomic Energy Commission.

> FIGURE 2C-2 MODIFIED MERCALLI INTENSITY SCALE APPROXIMATE RELATIONSHIP WITH MAGNITUDE, GROUND ACCELERATION AND ROSSI-FOREL INTENSITY SCALE BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT







COMPILATION OF EARTHQUAKES WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA EASTERN OHIO WESTON GEOPHYSICAL RESEARCH, INC. BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

10 20 MI. -1

•  $\nabla$  or greater as noted

0 Altoona REV. 0 (1/82)

ŧ








REV. 0 (1/82)

ISOSEISMAL MAP OF THE EARTHQUAKE OF MARCH 8TH. 1937. ROMAN NUMERALS INDICATE INTENSITIES ON THE WOOD NEUMANN SCALE



0	25	50		100	150
	Ľ	-			
5	CAI	ΕE	-	MIL	ES

FIGURE 2C-10 ANNA OHIO EARTHQUAKE BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. : UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



FIGURE 2C-11 ISOSEISMAL MAP EARTHQUAKE OF SEPTEMBER 5, 1944 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

## APPENDIX 2D

# EFFECT OF LOCAL SOIL CONDITIONS UPON SEISMIC THREAT TO

## BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION

Prepared for

# DUQUESNE LIGHT COMPANY

Prepared by

ROBERT V. WHITMAN

The R. V. Whitman report was retyped/reformatted as part of the Update of the FSAR.

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

		<u>Page</u>
1.	Introduction	2D-5
2.	Methods of Estimating Effect of Local Soil Conditions	2D-5
3.	Soil Properties	2D-6
4.	Results	2D-7
5.	Recommended Response Spectra	2D-8
	REFERENCES	2D-9

#### LIST OF FIGURES

<u>Figure</u>	Title		
2D-1	Computing Ratio of Response Spectra		
2D-2	Measured and Computed Values of Shear Wave Velocity		
2D-3	Properties Used for Analysis		
2D-4	Ratio of Response Spectra at 40 Foot Depth to Response Spectra for Bedrock		
2D-5	Effective Shear Wave Velocity and Shear Modulus Applicable for Computed Average Peak Strain		
2D-6	Computed Shear Stress as Function of Depth		
2D-7	Ratio of Response Spectra El Centro 1940 N-S Earthquake Record		
2D-8	Ratio of Response Spectra Taft Earthquake N69W Record		
2D-9	Ratio of Response Spectra Golden Gate Park Earthquake Record		
2D-10	Ratio of Response Spectra 10 Seconds of Stationary Random Process		
2D-11	Recommended Ratio of Response Spectra		

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

The seismicity study for the proposed Beaver Valley Power Station has indicated that earthquakes of interest cause different intensities of ground motion in the uplands and lowlands of the region.

For the uplands, where structures would be founded on firm shale encountered at shallow depth, the maximum credible seismic threat (design basis earthquake) is a Modified Mercalli intensity  $V^+$  or  $VI^-$ . The corresponding maximum ground acceleration is 0.035g, and the appropriate corresponding response spectra are Housner's average smoothed curves (AEC TID -7024) normalized to this acceleration.

The proposed power station will actually be founded upon a gravel terrace along the Ohio River. This report considers the seismic threat appropriate for such foundation conditions.

#### 2. <u>METHODS FOR ESTIMATING EFFECT OF LOCAL SOIL CONDITIONS</u>

Recently, several methods have been developed for computing the possible modifying effect of local soil conditions upon earthquake ground motions. These include a continuous wave reflection and refraction procedure developed by workers at U.C.L.A. (Ref. 1) and a lumped mass-spring method of analysis used by Professor Seed of Berkeley (Ref. 2). These procedures are described in detail in the report "Effect of Local Soil Conditions upon the Seismic Threat to Nuclear Power Plants" by the Consultant (Ref. 3). For comparable assumptions regarding the input and for comparable forms of output, both procedures give the same result.

Reference 3 also discusses the relative advantages of the two procedures with regard to specific types of problems. It is recommended that response spectra for facilities founded upon soil be obtained by multiplying the response spectra suitable for firm ground by a quantity called the ratio of response spectra. The appropriate ratio of response spectra is most conveniently determined using the lumped mass-spring method of analysis, with modal superposition. This involves (see Figure 2D-1):

- 1. Selecting suitable time-histories of acceleration as input to the bottom of the soil profile, and computing for several values of structural damping the response spectra corresponding to each of these input ground motions.
- 2. Computing the time-history of acceleration at the top of the soil, or at various levels within the soil, corresponding to each of these input ground motions.
- 3. Computing for several values of structural damping the response spectra for each of these computed time-histories of acceleration at the top of or within the soil.
- 4. Dividing each response spectrum from step 3 by the corresponding response spectrum for step 1, to obtain the ratio of response spectra.

For these calculations, it is necessary to select suitable values for the stiffness and internal damping of the soil, and an additional amount of damping to account for the energy which escapes back into the firm ground as the overlying soil vibrates. Since, as will be seen in Section 3, the soil properties depend upon strain, a trial-and-error approach is necessary until the average of the peak strains computed during the analysis are consistent with the soil properties used as input to the analysis.

#### 3. <u>SOIL PROPERTIES</u>

Shear wave velocities as determined from surface and cross bore-hole field investigations by Weston Geophysical Engineering Co.are shown in Figure 2D-2.

Also shown in this figure are shear wave velocities computedusing the following equations derived from laboratory studies by Hardin and Richart (Refs. 4, 5):

G = 
$$1230 \frac{(3-e)^2}{1+e} \overline{\sigma}_0^{1/2}$$
 G,  $\overline{\sigma}_0$  in psi

G

=14,760 
$$\frac{(3-e)^2}{1+e} \overline{\sigma}_0^{1/2}$$
 G,  $\overline{\sigma}_0$  in psf (2D-1)

$$C_s = 87.2 \frac{3-e}{\sqrt{G_s + Se}} \frac{-1/4}{\sigma_o}; \overline{\sigma}_o \text{ in psf, } C_S \text{ in ft/sec.}$$
 (2D-2)

where:

= shear modulus

$$\overline{\sigma}_{0}$$
 = average principal effective stress

- C<sub>S</sub> = shear wave velocity
- G<sub>S</sub> = specific gravity of mineral particles
- S = degree of saturation

Two different assumptions were made concerning the total unit weight  $\Upsilon_t$  of the soil and the specific gravity  $G_s$  and corresponding values of e were derived. It was assumed that:

$$\overline{\sigma}_0 = \overline{\sigma}_v$$

where:  $\sigma_v$  = the vertical effective stress

With this information the shear wave velocity was computed from Eq. 2D-2, and the results are also plotted in Figure 2D-2. The various assumptions concerning unit weight, etc., led to only a small spread in computed values of wave velocity.

There is good agreement between the velocities measured insitu and those computed from the empirical equation. This agreement leads to considerable confidence in the values for seismic shear wave velocity. The values of seismic shear wave velocity finally selected for the analysis are shown in the upper diagram of Figure 2D-3.

The results in Figure 2D-2 and the upper part of Figure 2D-3 are applicable for very small strains. Since soil is a non-linear material, the value of wave velocity which should be used in an analysis must be adjusted taking into consideration the actual magnitude of strain to be expected. The middle diagram in Figure 2D-3 shows the relationship between effective shear wave velocity and shear strain. This relationship was derived by the consultant, based upon a review of the results of many dynamic, repeated loading tests upon granular soils.

The internal damping of soil is also a function of the level of strain, as indicated by the lower diagram in Figure 2D-3. Damping is expressed as the ratio of the actual damping to the critical damping. The curve in this diagram also is based upon a review of the results of many dynamic, repeated loading tests on granular soils.

The additional damping to account for the energy which escapes from the soil back into the rock is computed by methods described in Reference 3. This additional damping depends primarily upon the ratio of the average effective wave velocity in the soil to the wave velocity in the rock. For purposes of determining this additional damping, the rock was assumed to have a unit weight of 160 pcf and a shear wave velocity of 6000 fps.

#### 4. <u>RESULTS</u>

The most appropriate calculated values for the ratio of response spectra are given in Figure 2D-4. For this analysis, the soil was represented by 22 masses and springs, and the first three modes were retained for the calculation. These results were computed using as input the 1952 Taft accelerogram, N69W component, normalized to a peak acceleration of 0.035g. The effective wave velocity, determined after several trials, is given in Figure 2D-5. The corresponding average peak strains ranged from  $1 \times 10^{-4}$  in/in to  $1.45 \times 10^{-4}$  in/in, except for values as low as  $0.6 \times 10^{-4}$  in/in very near to ground surface. For these strains, the average internal damping of the soil was 5.6%. The additional damping term, computed as described in Reference 3, was 7% for the first mode, 2.6% for the 2nd mode, and 1.6% for the 3rd mode. Thus the total damping was 12.6% in the first mode, etc. The peak shear stresses, and the average of the 10 largest peaks of shear stress, are plotted vs. depth in Figure 2D-6. The peak surface acceleration was computed to be 0.098g.

Figure 2D-4 is based upon the computed motions at a depth of 40 feet below the surface of the soil; that is, approximately at the founding level for the reactor containment structure. Since the mass and flexibility of the containment structure are roughly the same as the mass and flexibility of the soil replaced by the structure, the motions computed at this depth give the best estimate for the input to the structure.

The curves in Figure 2D-4 show a peak ratio of about 3.5 at a period of about 0.45 seconds. That is to say, a structure with a natural period of 0.45 seconds founded in the soil would experience accelerations 3.5 times greater than the same structure founded directly upon firm ground. This amplification effect occurs when the natural period of the structure coincides with the natural period of the stratum of soil. However, the ampli-fication is much less for structures having natural periods different from the natural period of the soil.

A special set of calculations were made to determine whether the ratio of response spectra is dependent upon the assumed transient motion. The results of these calculations are given in Figures 2D-7, 2D-8, 2D-9, and 2D-10. (The soil profile used for these preliminary calculations differed slightly, primarily by having more damping, from that leading to the results in Figure 2D-4, but the conclusion is still valid.) It may be seen that the results, especially the peak amplification, are for all practical purposes independent of the assumed input transient motion.

Several other calculations were made using different assumed soil properties, to determine the possible range of the natural period of the soil. The range was from about 0.3 seconds to about 0.6 seconds.

#### 5. <u>RECOMMENDED RESPONSE SPECTRA</u>

Based upon a study of all these results, it is recommended that response spectra for design of the Beaver Valley Power Station be obtained by multiplying Housner's smoothed average curves normalized to 0.035g by the ratio of response spectra given in Figure 2D-11.

It would be conservative to multiply by 3.5 over the entire range of periods, and hence to simply use Housner's curves normalized to  $3.5 \times 0.035$ g = 0.121g, or, say, to 0.125g.

#### References

- 1. N.C. Donovan, and R.B. Matthiesen, "Effects of Site Conditions on Ground Motions During Earthquakes," State-of-the-Art Symposium, Earthquake Engineering of Buildings, San Francisco (1968).
- 2. H.B. Seed, and I.M. Idriss, "The Influence of Soil Conditions on Ground Motions During Earthquakes," Proc. ASCE, Soil Mechanics Journal (in publication) (1968).
- 3. R.V. Whitman, "Effect of Local Soil Conditions upon the Seismic Threat to Nuclear Power Plants," Report to Stone & Webster Engineering Corporation (1968).
- 4. B.O. Hardin, and F.E. Richart, "Elastic Wave Velocities in Granular Soils," Proc. ASCE, Vol. 89, No. SM1, pp. 33-65 (1963).
- 5. B.O. Hardin, and W.L. Black, "Vibration Modulus of Normally Consolidated Clay," Proc. ASCE, Vol. 94, No. SM2, pp. 353-369 (1968).









REV. 0 (1/82) EFFECTIVE SHEAR WAVE VELOCITY-FT/SEC 800 1000 600 С 200 400 10 20 30 ş 40 DEPTH-FEET Т Ċs õ0 l 60 G Ŷ 70 80 90 1 100 110 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 0 i SHEAR MODULUS psf x 10-6 FIGURE 2D-5 EFFECTIVE SHEAR WAVE VELOCITY AND SHEAR MODULUS APPLICABLE FOR COMPUTED AVERAGE PEAK STRAIN BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT













# APPENDIX 2E

# REPORT ON

## SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS - SHIPPINGPORT SITE

## Prepared for

### DUQUESNE LIGHT COMPANY

Prepared by

STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORPORATION

The Stone & Webster Engineering Corporation Report was retyped/reformatted as part of the Update of the FSAR.

# STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORPORATION

#### 225 FRANKLIN STREET BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS 02107

August 9, 1954

NEW YORK BOSTON CHICAGO GARDEN CITY HOUSTON LOS ANGELES SAN FRANCISCO DESIGN CONSTRUCTION REPORTS APPRAISALS EXAMINATIONS CONSULTING ENGINEERING

Mr. C. T. Sinclair, Vice President, Duquesne Light Company, 435 Sixth Avenue, Pittsburgh 19, Pennsylvania.

Dear Sir:

In accordance with your authorization of April 29, 1954, we have carried out investigations of subsurface conditions at the Shippingport Site of the Duquesne Light Company in order to determine the general soil profiles and significant variations therein, and to establish the general type of foundations and appropriate soil values which would be suitable for these conditions.

A total of 28 borings were made, the logs being shown in the attached report. They show that the site may be divided into three provinces, each with its characteristic soil profile. Immediately to the north of the New Cumberland and Pittsburgh Railway Co. right of way is a high level terrace, called Area A, composed of sand and sand and gravel. This terrace slopes gently toward the Ohio River and the top is about 70 to 90 ft above normal pool level. The upper 10 to 20 ft of material in this area is composed principally of medium sands, and the underlying materials down to the bedrock are sands and gravels of medium density.

Immediately north of Area A is a lower terrace with a surface about 20 ft above normal pool level; this will be called Area B. It is believed that this area was originally occupied by terrace deposits of sand and gravel similar to that of Area A to an elevation well above the level of the present ground. This sand and gravel was eroded by the Ohio River to a depth of 20 to 30 ft and replaced to present ground level by silts, clays and very fine sands. These recent deposits are variable in character, strength and depth. Underlying them and extending to the bedrock are sand and gravel.

Sloping downward from the edge of Area B to the Ohio River, and varying in width from approximately 110 ft at the westerly end of the site to about 440 ft near the easterly end, is an area which has been subject to erosion and redeposition within a very recent geological time; this will be termed Area C. Surface soils in this area, to a depth of about 15 ft, consist of silt and clay with some sand members. These deposits contain considerable organic matter and are soft and highly compressible. Underlying them and extending down to the bedrock is sand and gravel.

Bedrock throughout the site is a gray, thinly bedded shale with occasional sandy shale or sandstone members. It is horizontally bedded and in general shows only a small amount of weathering along its surface.

In Area A, structures may be founded either in the surface sands or in the underlying sand and gravel. The surface deposits of silt, clay and fine silty sands blanketing Area B are not considered satisfactory for the support of major structures such as the reactor or the turbine building. Foundations for such structures should be carried through these soils to the underlying sand and gravel. This may be done by dropping the footings, by using short piles, or by removing the unsatisfactory material and replacing it with carefully compacted fill. Fill may be placed over Area B to provide yard area above flood levels adjacent to the station; and small structures not subject to distress from moderate settlement such as switchgear, transformers and transmission towers may be found on the surface soils of Area B. The surface soils of Area C are not suitable for the support of structures or equipment. Foundations in this area should be carried through the surface deposits to the underlying sands and gravel or to the bedrock. Bearing values for footings on sand and for sand and gravel throughout the site are given in graphical form in the attached report.

Studies of flood grades made by your organization indicate that under extreme conditions flood waters may rise to about 20 ft above the ground level of Area B. Thorough consideration and care must be given to the problem of erosion or undermining of foundations of structures located in Area B or C or in the bank between Areas A and B. The brush, grass and trees that blanket portions of the site afford considerable protection against erosion, and these should not be disturbed or destroyed except where unavoidable.

The site is located in a seismically stable area and a review of the earthquake history of the United States, dating back to the 18th Century, indicates that no earthquakes of sufficient intensity to be felt have epicentered near the Pittsburgh area. Considering the stable character of the soil underlying the site, and this freedom from seismic shocks, it is our opinion that it is not necessary to design structures or equipment for seismic resistance.

Samples of soil recovered from the site were analyzed by The Thompson & Lichtner Co., Inc. to determine whether the ground water contained material deleterious to concrete or which would result in accelerated corrosion of steel. Their report indicated that the ground waters are nearly neutral and are low in dissolved solids with insignificant amounts of compounds which would attack either steel or concrete.

The borings of this investigation developed general soil conditions over the site. Significant variations from the subsurface profiles shown in this report are believed improbable. However, after the plant layout has been established, additional borings should be taken at the location of the major elements of the proposed station to determine with greater accuracy the grades of the bearing strata under the important structures.

For greater detail and for the reasoning which supports the findings, you are referred to the following pages of this report.

Yours very truly,

(Originally signed by)

F. W. Argue Engineering Manager

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
Scope and Purpose	2E-8
Subsurface Structure	2E-8
Support of Structures	2E-10
Access Bridge	2E-12
Mining	2E-12
Erosion	2E-12
Seismicity	2E-12
Ground Water	2E-13
Further Investigations	2E-13
Analysis of Soils - The Thompson & Lichtner Co., Inc.	2E-14

### LIST OF FIGURES

Figure	Title
2E-1	Boring Plan
2E-2	Boring Logs 1 Through 4
2E-3	Boring Logs 5 Through 8
2E-4	Boring Logs 9 Through 12
2E-5	Boring Logs 13 Through 16
2E-6	Boring Logs 17 Through 20
2E-7	Boring Logs 21 Through 24
2E-8	Boring Logs 25 Through 28
2E-9	Soil Profile - Section "A-A"
2E-10	Soil Profile - Section "B-B"
2E-11	Soil Profile - Section "C-C"
2E-12	Soil Profile - Section "D-D"
2E-13	Unconfined Compression Tests
2E-14	Bearing Values for Square or Rectangular Footings

#### SCOPE AND PURPOSE

This report presents the findings of investigations made of the subsurface conditions at the Shippingport site of the Duquesne Light Company. The purpose of these studies was as follows:

- 1. To determine general soil profiles over the area considered.
- 2. To establish significant variations in these soil profiles.
- 3. To establish general types of foundations which would be suitable for the structures considered and appropriate soil loading values.

#### SUBSURFACE STRUCTURE

A total of 28 borings were made. The locations are shown on the Boring Plan, Figure 2E-1, attached. The logs of each of these borings as classified by the driller, and as classified in the Stone & Webster Engineering Corporation Soils Laboratory, and based on the samples submitted, are shown on Figures 2E-2, 2E-3, 2E-4, 2E-5, 2E-6, 2E-7 and 2E-8. On the basis of these borings, approximate soil profiles have been prepared and are shown on Figure 2E-9, 2E-10, 2E-11 and 2E-12. These profiles are, of necessity, accurate only at the boring locations, but show, based upon geological reasoning, the probable conditions between borings. Investigations were limited to the portion of the site lying between the New Cumberland & Pittsburgh Railway Co. right of way and the Ohio River.

The borings indicate that the site may be divided into three distinct provinces, each with its own typical soil stratification. The boundaries of each province are marked by slopes or changes in slope. At the southerly portion of the site, immediately to the north of the railroad, is a relatively high bench with ground surface varying between approximately El. 730 and El. 750, which for convenience will be called Area A. It slopes gently to the north and to the west, but all portions are well above extreme floodwater of the Ohio River. The soils of Area A are terrace deposits of sand, and sand and gravel laid down by the Ohio River, probably at the close of the last glacial period. The top 10 or 20 ft are generally finer than the lower lying material, being composed principally of medium sands with occasional gravel, and the top few feet of this material are very silty. This sand is of a medium loose density judging from the blows required to drive the sampling spoon. There are some apparent variations in density which would be typical of river deposited materials.

Underlying these sands and extending downward to the bedrock are sands and gravels. As is characteristic of river deposited materials, these are locally variable in character and density, and range from medium sands with occasional gravel to well graded material ranging from silt sizes through heavy gravel. Variations in density were noted. Based upon the blows required to drive the sampling spoon, and from previous studies made of similar deposits, it is believed these sands and gravels are generally of about medium density, although some members may be medium loose and others quite dense.

Area A ends abruptly in a steep bank which runs essentially parallel to the Ohio River. Immediately north of it lies a low terrace which will be called Area B. The surface of this area is nearly level, with the river edge slightly higher than the middle portion. The surface elevation varies from approximately El. 685 to El. 688. It is believed that this area was originally occupied by terrace deposits which extended well above the level of the present ground. These were eroded by the Ohio River to a depth of 20 to 30 ft below present ground level and replaced to ground level with more recent deposits of silt, clay and very fine sand. These recent deposits are variable in character and in depth.

Blanketing the surface of Area B are a series of clays. At some locations these clay deposits, for example, borings 2 and 14, extend downward to the underlying sand and gravel. At others, for example, boring 8, they merge to fine, brown, silty sands which then extend down to the sand and gravel. These clays vary erratically in strength, but generally the upper portions have been strengthened and preconsolidated drying, which also altered the color from its original gray when first laid down to its present brown. The deeper lying clay members are generally gray in color and are soft, but occasional stiffer brown clays were found at depth. The variations in shear strength are shown in the results of unconfined compression tests made upon relatively undisturbed samples of these clay soils recovered from borings 21 and 22 which are shown in graphical from on Figure 2E-13. The quick shearing strength of clay at rupture is approximately equal to half the unit compressive stress at failure of samples tested in unconfined compression.

Underlying these surface deposits and extending downward to the bedrock are silty sands and gravels of the same character as those found in Area A. The top of this sand and gravel stratum apparently slopes gently downward toward the north, and in the westerly portion of the site, as at boring 14, it slopes toward the west also.

Immediately along the Ohio River, and extending back from the edge of the water at normal pool level about 110 ft near the westerly end of the site to about 440 ft near the easterly end, is an area which has been subject to erosion and redeposition within very recent geological time, this will be called Area C. Surface soils in this area, to a depth of about 15 ft, consist of soft recent deposits, usually of silt or clay grain sizes, but frequently including loosely deposited fine sands. These soils which contain considerable organic matter are termed organic silts on the soil profiles and are low in shearing strength, as shown by the results of unconfined compression tests made on samples from boring 20, Figure 2E-13; they are very compressible. Underlying these recent surface deposits and extending down to bedrock are sands and gravels typical of those found underlying Areas A and B.

Bedrock throughout the site is a hard, gray, thinly bedded shale with occasional sandy shale or sandstone members. This material is horizontally bedded. It shows a small amount of weathering at its surface, generally only about a foot being of a character which could be removed with a chopping bit. It was core bored at a number of locations and recovery as shown on the attached logs was generally good to excellent. The surface of the shale sloped to the north and east.

#### SUPPORT OF STRUCTURES

Foundation conditions in Area A are generally excellent. Structures may be founded either in the surface sands or upon the underlying denser sand and gravel. However, since the surface materials are somewhat looser than the deeper lying materials and consequently will compress slightly more under load, the foundations of any individual structure should be placed wholly in one stratum or in the other, or provision made by means of slip joints or other structural discontinuities for slight differential settlement between the portions of the structure founded on the higher lying sand.

The surface silts, silty clays and fine loose silty sands found blanketing Area B are not considered satisfactory for the support of the reactor or the turbine building and foundations for these major structures should be carried through these soils to the underlying sand and gravel.

This may be accomplished by dropping the footings to these soils by using short piles driven to the underlying sand and gravel or by removing the unsatisfactory material and replacing it with carefully compacted fill.

Piles used for this purpose should be of a displacement type such as concrete or creosoted wood. Compacted fill used for the support of structures or equipment may be granulated slag, sand, or sand and gravel excavated from the high terrace. It should be compacted into place under careful control of moisture, lift thickness and compactive effort. The top edge of compacted fills should start not less than 5 ft outside the edge of the outside line of footings or mats. The bottom edge should be outside a line sloping one vertical on two horizontal and passing through the top edge of the fill.

The surface materials are satisfactory for the support of yard fill placed over Area B for access to the station or of small structures not susceptible to distress or damage from moderate settlements.

The very recent alluviums along the bank of the Ohio, shown generally as organic silts on the boring logs and soil profiles, are extremely compressible. Accordingly, any structure founded in or above these silts would be subject to excessive settlements. Examination of the surface profile, and of trees growing in this area, indicates that these organic silts are still consolidating, and there may be localized slippage toward the river. Foundations of all structures located in Area C should be carried to the underlying sands and gravel or to the bedrock.

Determination of the angle of internal friction of undisturbed deposits of sand and gravel is extremely difficult. Undisturbed sampling of such deposits is virtually impossible, and it is equally impossible to reproduce in the laboratory test specimens of the same density and particle orientation as exist in nature. Also because of the erratic variations in density and character in river deposits, values may vary appreciably within a single stratum. The range is not large and the angle of internal friction of such soils can be estimated with reasonable accuracy by trained observers. From examination of samples recovered and similar soils exposed in nearby excavations, it is recommended that the angle of internal friction of the higher lying sands in Area A be assumed to be about 32 deg and that of the sand and gravel about 34 deg.

The bearing value of soil to be used for the design of footings may be limited either by the shearing strength or by settlement. The unit soil pressure imposed must be kept below that which would cause a sudden shearing rupture of the soil mass under the footing. Consideration must also be given to the elastic and inelastic deformations of the soil under load, which may limit bearing value in order to prevent undesirably large settlement of the individual footings.

For soils such as uniform clay, in which the modulus of elasticity is approximately constant, settlement of individual footings is roughly proportional to the unit bearing value and the width of the footing. This is not the case for footings on sand or gravel. For such soils the settlement increased with the unit soil pressure, but it is virtually independent of footing width. This is because the modulus of elasticity of granular materials is roughly proportional to the minor principal stress. Thus while the soil is stressed to a greater depth under a large footing than under a small one, the modulus of elasticity of the soil under the large footing is proportionally greater, and for the same unit soil pressure the settlement of both large and small footings will be about the same.

The bearing value for footings on granular soil, as limited by shearing strength, is a function of the angle of internal friction of the soil, the unit weight of the soil, the depth of the footing below surrounding areas, and the footing widths. While for granular soils the angle of internal friction does not change with saturation, the unit weight of the soil is decreased by buoyancy below the ground water level. Consequently, footings located near or below ground water level must be more lightly loaded than footings well above ground water level, in order to have the same factor of safety against rupture of the soil mass.

These factors having been considered, graphs have been prepared and are given on Figure 2E-14, showing recommended bearing values for use with footings of various sizes located at various depths below the surrounding ground for the sand and sand and gravel. These curves have been prepared for the loose sands near the surface in Area A, and also for the sand and gravel underlying the entire site for conditions of ground water level well below the footing and for ground water level near, or above, footing grade. In using these graphs it should be noted that the depth of the footing should be measured as the vertical distance between the bottom of the footing and the lowest ground surface within about 3 1/2 times the width of the footing measured from the footing's edge. In this connection, interior basement floors, which consist essentially of a slab on fill, should be considered as a free ground surface.

The bearing values of footings located upon clay, when limited by the shearing strength of the soil, are independent of footing width and increase very slightly with increased depth of the footing below surrounding ground surface. Footings located in the surface clays or clayey silts blanketing Area B may be loaded to not exceeding 3,000 psf.

These surface clays are silty and have a crumbly structure. In periods of wet weather they may be rather easily disturbed and will readily become muddy. Accordingly, it is suggested that after each footing is fine graded a seal of concrete about 2 in. thick be placed to serve as a support for placing reinforcement. Such a seal mat should not be required for footings in sand or sand and gravel.
## ACCESS BRIDGE

The access bridge over the New Cumberland and Pittsburgh Railway will be located in Area A. This structure may be founded upon spread footings in the sand, or sand and gravel. The railroad is presently single track. However, that it may be widened to two or more tracks must be considered. Footings located below track level may be designed at bearing values in accordance with Figure 2E-14. Footings at the bridge abutments should be carried to such a grade that they will not be undermined or disturbed by future track widening. They should be located not less than 4 ft below a line sloping one vertical on two horizontal which passes just below but does not intersect the line of excavation. When so located they may be loaded to not more than 4,000 psf, total of dead plus live load. These footings should be protected against erosion or washing by rain waters, and the road drainage system of the access bridge must be arranged so that the water collected does not discharge on the slope near these footings.

### <u>MINING</u>

It is understood that coal measures underlying the site are so deep that mining would not be economical, and that there are no old mines or workings underlying the site.

### **EROSION**

Studies by the Duquesne Light Company indicate the 1936 flood reached E1. 703 at the Shippingport site. This is not considered the probable maximum flood on the Ohio River. Studies by the Pittsburgh District of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers are based on a design flood, assuming maximum effective usage of presently constructed dams, which would reach approximately EI. 700.5 at the site. Area B will be flooded at frequent intervals, and under extreme conditions flood water may rise to about 20 ft above the present ground level. The surface soils and the underlying sands and gravels could be eroded by such flood flows, and careful consideration must be given to protective measures to insure the safety of the foundations of structures erected on, or immediately adjacent, to Area B.

It should be noted that the organic silts of Area C tend to be unstable and could be quickly eroded, which would expose the underlying sand and gravel to erosion. Protection of foundations of structures located in this area will be essential.

Brush, grass and trees all afford considerable protection against erosion and these should not be disturbed or destroyed, except where unavoidable. Care should be taken in laying out construction facilities to keep disturbance and damage of the natural cover to a minimum.

### <u>SEISMICITY</u>

The site is located in a stable area free from seismic shocks. Heck<sup>1</sup> lists only five earthquakes of sufficient intensity to be noticeable epicentering in Pennsylvania, together with a few other quakes epicentering in the Appalachian system just to the north and south of Pennsylvania. All of the quakes listed epicentered in the Appalachian area or along its eastern flank at a considerable distance from the Pittsburgh area. While the early records which date back to the 18th and early 19th centuries are rather inconclusive, it would appear that none of the quakes were of sufficient intensity to damage even the masonry structures prevalent through the area.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Heck, N. H., Earthquake History of the United States: U.S. Coast & Geodetic Survey Special Publication No. 149.

It should be noted that masonry structures, particularly of the type frequently constructed before 1900, are extremely susceptible to damage, even from earthquakes which would in no way affect a modern framed structure. All of these quakes were of very small areal extent, and it is doubtful that any of them were felt in an area in excess of about 5,000 sq miles. The record indicates no earthquakes epicentering in Western Pennsylvania or in the eastern portion of Ohio. It is possible that a few strong earthquakes epicentering in distant regions, such as the New Madrid, Missouri earthquake of December 1811, and January and February, 1812, or some of the earthquakes originating along the southern border of the Laurentian Shield were felt slightly in the Pittsburgh area.

Considering the stable character of the soils underlying the site, and the extreme improbability of an earthquake, of even slightly damaging intensity, occurring during the life of the station, it is not necessary to design structures or equipment on this site for seismic resistance.

### GROUND WATER

Six representative samples of soil were submitted to The Thompson & Lichtner Co., Inc. for analysis of the ground water. A copy of their report is attached. Their studies show the ground water at this site to be nearly neutral, pH ranging from 6.8 to 7.1, and to be low in dissolved solids, with insignificant amounts of compounds deleterious to steel or concrete. These test data indicate there should be a minimum of deterioration of concrete and the corrosive effects on steel should be limited to that resulting from the usual moisture conditions or electrolysis by ground currents in the vicinity.

The ground water level as measured in an old well, located approximately as shown on Figure 2E-1, was El. 663.1 on June 23, 1954. River level on this date was El. 663.6.

### FURTHER INVESTIGATIONS

The borings made in this study were deliberately widely spaced in order to develop the general soil conditions over the entire site. The soil profile disclosed by the borings agrees with the profile anticipated from general geologic history and surface examination. While significant variations from the profiles shown are improbable, it is considered prudent engineering to have additional borings taken when plant layout is decided upon. These borings should be taken adjacent to the power station and screen well in order to establish, with greater accuracy, the bearing strata under these important structures.

# THE THOMPSON & LICHTNER CO. INC.

July 19, 1954

ANALYSIS OF SOILS

J.O. 9147

Test Number: Q 558 Date Received: 6-24-54 Source: Submitted by you, reference your letter dated June 22, 1954 Sample: Six sealed jar samples of soils identified as follows: A -Duquesne Light Co., Shippingport Light Sta. O.F.E. 4939, Hole #19, 6-9-54 @ 85', 20 blows per foot, damp silt and sand medium Hole #6, 6-11-54 @ 85', 28 blows per foot, damp brown sand Вand gravel Hole #23, 6-15-54 @ 20', 26 blows per foot, damp brown silty C sand and small gravel Hole #II, 5-25-54 @ 30', 10 blows per foot, wet brown sand and D gravel E -Hole #19, 6-10-54 @ 95', 25 blows per foot, wet silt, sand, some shale and small gravel, thin layers of silt and sand medium with soft layers. F -Hole #28, 6-17-54 @ 35', 3 blows per foot, wet silt, sand and medium gravel, medium with soft layers Test Procedure: Standard AOAC Methods Results: The following data has been received:

## THE THOMPSON & LICHTNER CO. INC.

### All analyses on the air-dry sample basis

Sample PH	<u>A</u> 7.6	<u>B</u> 7.7	<u>C</u> 6.9	<u>D</u> 6.8	<u>E</u> 7.1	<u>F</u> 7.5
Sulphates, as Na <sub>2</sub> S0 <sub>4</sub> %	.015	.020	.005	.018	.005	.013
Chlorides, as Na Cl %	Trace	Trace	Trace	Trace	Trace	.0003
Carbonates, as Na <sub>2</sub> C0 <sub>3</sub> %	Trace	Trace	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

The tests made on these soils show nothing of a chemical nature which would be deleterious to buried concrete or steel. The pH reactions are all substantially neutral, indicating absence of acid or alkali. The total soluble salts are in no case higher than 200 parts per million (.02%) due probably to an insignificant amount of gypsum.

This soil should present a minimum of deterioration to concrete, and the corrosive effect on steel would be limited to the usual moisture conditions, or electrolysis by ground currents in the vicinity.

In our opinion, no encasement of steel is required in strata represented by the soils tested.

Very truly yours,

## THE THOMPSON & LICHTNER CO., INC.

(Originally signed by)

G. E. Jacobs

GEJ:C







△ Number of Blows of 140 Weight

Falling 30" Required to Drive 2"0.0 Spoon 12 Inches

\* Casing Sample

### REV. 0 (1/82)





A Number of blows of 140 Weight falling 30" required to drive 2"0.0. Spoon 12 inches \* Casing Sample

DUQUESNE LIGHT COMPANY FITTSBURG , PENNSYLVANIA STONE & WEBSTER I NGINEERING CORPORATION JULY 1954

### REV. 0 (1/82)

FIGURE 2E-3 BORING LOGS 5 THROUGH 8 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



△ Number of blows of 140<sup>®</sup> Weight Falling 30" required to drive 2"0.0. Spoo 12 inches

\* Casing Sample





1

Driller's Classification Stone & Webster	Driller's Classification	Stone & Webster	Driller's Classification	Stone & Webster Soil Lab. Class,
Ground Surface Soil Lab. Class.	Ground Surface	504 / 60. CM55.	El. 751.5'	A
El. 748.0'	Top soil - Loo se 749.5'	Brown Sandy Sill-Small Cravel	Sandy Top soil 750.5'	9 Brown Silty Sand
Silty Brown Soil & Sand Loose 743.0	Silt, Sand, Few Stones Some G.	28 Brown Silb Sand Some Gravel	Sand Silt Stone . Traces of Clay	+ Brown Silly Sand Some Clay & Stone
Sill, Sand, Gravel, Fragments of all Gravel & Silty Sand Shale, Traces of Clay Medium	with Soft Layers 739.5	* Brown Fine Silty Sand Few Graver	7.38.0' 22	5 Brown Silly Sand & Gravel Loose
739.07 Med. Brown Sand Round Loose	Brown Silly Sandwith Few	Gravel Lonse We = 13.4%	Brown Sand with Few Small	6 Brown Med Fine Sand
Brown Sand C. Few Assorted Gravel Med. with Soft Lauers B Med. Sand Silty with Few Gravel		Gravel Loose	Gravel-Soft with Med Layers	R Brown Wall Graded Silks and
724.0' Holl (inside a Stadi Grand Med Sharp	Brown Sand & Small Gravel Soft	* (Iravel Loose * Brown Sand (Gravel Some Silt	727 5	S Drown wen of aleu sing sand
• 15 Wert Di Ster Sand E Consid, Cravel	Heavy & Med. Gravel with Sorte	26 Sand & Gravel	Brown Sandwith Few Large & Med	6 Brown Silty Sand & Gravel
Sharp Clean	Sand Med.with Solt Layers 7/6.5	ZI Sand & Gravel	Gravel Med. With Soft Layers 714.5'	15 Brown Silty Sind & Gravel
Heavy & Med. Gravel & Sand	Heavy Gravel with Little Sand	74 Sand & Gravel	Heavy & Med. Gravel with Some	23 Med. Fine Sand & Gravel
	Heavy Gravel Silt & Sand	38 Sand & Gravel Some Silt	Brown Sand Med. with Soft Layers	43 WellGraded Sand & Gravel
and Keavy Cravel	Med. with Hard Layers 700.5'	48 Sand & Ciravel Some Silt	701.5'	120 Well Graded Sand & Gravel
Brown Sand, Gravel, Heavy Med. Sub-angular Gravel, Very (And Single Sub-angular			Heavy & Med. Grave/with Some	37 Fine Sand & Gravel Some Stone
695 01 Well Graded Sand [Few SmallGrave]	18	}	Brown Sand & Stone-Med. with Hard Layers 691.5'	54 Fine Sand CGravel Some Silt
Brown Sand Compact 50 Med. Fine Sand Few Grave/			Silt, Sand, Med. Gravel & Stone,	44 Silty Sand & Gravel
683.0' Well Graded Silty Sand & Gravel			With Hard Layers 682.5	9 Brown Silt Trace Sand & Clay w 203
Brown Sand & Gravel. Some Clau - Well Graded Silty Sand & Gravel			Silt shale Stone Traces of (Jaw Sand	31 Silty Fine Sand & Gravel
672.0			Med. with Hard Layers 672.0' Brown Sand-Med. 671.5'	32 Silty Med Fine Brown Sand
Brown Clay & Gravel, Some Sand 2 30 Firm Clayey Sand & Some Shaley Gravel			Silt Shale Stone, Inaces of Clay & Sand - Med with Hard Layers 667.5	20 (51
Compact 28 Very Silly Sand & Gravel			Sill & Sand Med. 666.5	14 S.M. Brown Same & Canad
66/. 0' 199			Silt, Sand, Some Shale & Small Gravel, Thin Layers of Silt & Sand-	24 XITY Drown Sand & Urever
Preces Stone - Compact 34 Med Fine Silty Sand & Coarse Gravel			Med. with Soft Layers	Bh
G32.0			Silt, Heavy Stone, Sand, Few Gravel	84 Sully Sand & Graver Some Stone
Brown Fine Sand Medium			Soft Gray Shale Recov. 58%	45 No Sample
			644.0	
Brown Sand's Clay, Some Gravel 52 Well Graded Sand's Gravel 634.0' and Sharp			Vark Ciray Shale Recov. 78 %	
Brown Sand & Clay, Some Gravel (7/37) Well Graded Sand & Gravel Coal Particles 630.0 , Sharp Some Coal			6 J <del>T</del> .U	Ú/
Dark Gray Shale-Soft Good Area 21 Gray Clay & Shale			—/9	) Br
Dark Gray Shale -Hard				Gr
618.0 <sup>1</sup>			_	
-//			BORING	LOGS
A Number of Blows of 140 Weight Fulling 30			DUQUESNE LIGI	YT COMPANY PENNISYI VANIA
* Casing Sample			STONE & WEBSTER ENGIN	EERING CORPORATION 154

:



FIGURE 2E-6 BORING LOGS 17 THROUGH 20 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



A Number of Blows of 140 " Weight Falling 30" Required to Drive 2" O.D. Spoon 12 Inches

\* Casing Sample

REV. 0 (1/82)



-- 24 --

BORING LOGS SHIPPINGPORT SITE DUQUESNE LIGHT COMPANY PITTSBURGH PENNSYLVANIA STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORPORATION JULY, 1954

FIGURE 2E-7 BORING LOGS 21 THROUGH 24 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



\_\_\_\_\_









ł



.

1



BEARING VALUES FOR SQUARE OR RECTANGULAR FOOTINGS SHIPPINGPORT SITE DUQUESNE LIGHT COMPANY PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORPORATION JULY, 1954

FIGURE 2E-14 BEARING VALUES FOR SQUARE OR **RECTANGULAR FOOTINGS** BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

# APPENDIX 2F

# BORING LOGS AND CALCULATION SHEETS

Prepared for

# DUQUESNE LIGHT COMPANY

Prepared by

# STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORPORTION

BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS

# LIST OF FIGURES

<u>Figure</u>	Title
2F-1	Boring Log 101
2F-2	Boring Log 102
2F-3	Boring Log 103
2F-4	Boring Log 104
2F-5	Boring Log 105
2F-6	Boring Log 106
2F-7	Boring Log 107
2F-8	Boring Log 108
2F-9	Boring Log 109
2F-10	Boring Log 110
2F-11	Boring Log 111
2F-12	Boring Log 112
2F-13	Boring Log 113
2F-14	Boring Log 114
2F-15	Boring Log 115
2F-16	Boring Log 116
2F-17	Boring Log 117
2F-18	Unconfined Compression Test Boring 109 - Test No. 109-3N
2F-19	Compressive Stress vs. Strain - Test No. 109-3N
2F-20	Unconfined Compression Test Boring 109 - Test No. 109-6N
2F-21	Unconfined Compression Test Boring 109 - Test No. 109-6R

Rev. 20

## LIST OF FIGURES (CONT'D)

<u>Figure</u>	Title
2F-22	Compressive Stress vs. Strain - Test No. 109-6 (N&R)
2F-23	Unconfined Compression Test Boring 109 - Test No. 109-7N
2F-24	Unconfined Compression Test Boring 109 - Test No. 109-7R
2F-25	Compressive Stress vs. Strain - Test No. 109-7 (N&R)
2F-26	Unconfined Compression Test Boring 109 - Test No. 109-9N
2F-27	Compressive Stress vs. Strain - Test No. 109-9N
2F-28	Unconfined Compression Test Boring 110 - Test No. 110-2N
2F-29	Unconfined Compression Test Boring 110 - Test No. 110-2R
2F-30	Compressive Stress vs. Strain - Test No. 110-2 (N&R)
2F-31	Unconfined Compression Test Boring 110 - Test No. 110-6N
2F-32	Unconfined Compression Test Boring 110 - Test No. 110-6R
2F-33	Compressive Stress vs. Strain - Test No. 110-6 (N&R)
2F-34	Unconfined Compression Test Boring 110 - Test No. 110-9N
2F-35	Unconfined Compression Test Boring 110 - Test No. 110-9R
2F-36	Compressive Stress vs. Strain - Test No. 110-9 (N&R)
2F-37	Unconfined Compression Test Boring 110 - Test No. 110-11N
2F-38	Compressive Stress vs. Strain - Test No. 110-11N
2F-39	Unconfined Compression Test Boring 111 - Test No. 111-1N
2F-40	Unconfined Compression Test Boring 111 - Test No. 111-1R
2F-41	Compressive Stress vs. Strain - Test No. 111-1 (N&R)
2F-42	Unconfined Compression Test Boring 111 - Test No. 111-2N
2F-43	Unconfined Compression Test Boring 111 - Test No. 111-2R
2F-44	Compressive Stress vs. Strain - Test No. 11-2 (N&R)

2F-3

# LIST OF FIGURES (CONT'D)

<u>Figure</u>	Title
2F-45	Unconfined Compression Test Boring 111 - Test No. 111-2AN
2F-46	Unconfined Compression Test Boring 111 - Test No. 111-2AR
2F-47	Compressive Stress vs. Strain - Test No. 111-2A (N&R)
2F-48	Unconfined Compression Test Boring 117 - Test No. 117-2N
2F-49	Compressive Stress vs. Strain - Test No. 117-2N
2F-50	Unconfined Compression Test Boring 117 - Test No. 117-5N
2F-51	Compressive Stress vs. Strain - Test No. 117-5N
2F-52	Unconfined Compression Test Boring 117 - Test No. 117-10N
2F-53	Compressive Stress vs. Strain - Test No. 117-10N
2F-54	Grain Size - Test No. B101-SS2
2F-55	Grain Size - Test No. B101-SS4
2F-56	Grain Size - Test No. B101-SS6
2F-57	Grain Size - Test No. B101-SS7
2F-58	Grain Size - Test No. B101-SS8
2F-59	Grain Size - Test No. B101-SS10
2F-60	Grain Size - Test No. B101-SS12
2F-61	Grain Size - Test No. B101-SS13
2F-62	Grain Size - Test No. B101-SS17
2F-63	Grain Size - Test No. B101-SS19
2F-64	Grain Size - Test No. B101-SS22
2F-65	Grain Size - Test No. B103-SS12
2F-66	Grain Size - Test No. B103-SS14
2F-67	Grain Size - Test No. B103-SS17

# LIST OF FIGURES (CONT'D)

Figure	Title
2F-68	Grain Size - Test No. B103-SS24
2F-69	Grain Size - Test No. B104-SS4
2F-70	Grain Size - Test No. B104-SS6
2F-71	Grain Size - Test No. B104-SS7
2F-72	Grain Size - Test No. B104-SS8
2F-73	Grain Size - Test No. B104-SS11
2F-74	Grain Size - Test No. B104-SS12
2F-75	Grain Size - Test No. B104-SS13
2F-76	Grain Size - Test No. B104-SS18
2F-77	Grain Size - Test No. B104-SS20
2F-78	Grain Size - Test No. B104-SS21
2F-79	Grain Size - Test No. B108-SS2
2F-80	Grain Size - Test No. B108-SS4
2F-81	Grain Size - Test No. B108-SS5
2F-82	Grain Size - Test No. B108-SS6
2F-83	Grain Size - Test No. B108-SS7
2F-84	Grain Size - Test No. B108-SS9
2F-85	Grain Size - Test No. B108-SS10
2F-86	Grain Size - Test No. B108-SS12
2F-87	Grain Size - Test No. B108-SS13
2F-88	Grain Size - Test No. B108-SS14
2F-89	Grain Size - Test No. B108-SS15
2F-90	Grain Size - Test No. B108-ST2

# LIST OF FIGURES (CONT'D)

<u>Figure</u>	Title
2F-91	Grain Size - Test No. B108-ST4
2F-92	Grain Size - Test No. B108-ST6
2F-93	Grain Size - Test No. 109-9
2F-94	Grain Size - Test No. B115-SS22
2F-95	Grain Size - Test No. B115-SS32
2F-96	Grain Size - Test No. B117-ST15



## FIGURE 2F-1 BORING LOG 101 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

20-	68	10. NO. 11700 BORING NO. 101
_ <u>PE</u>	NUNSYT NED TH	WANTA GROUND ELEV. 735.4"
		LABORATORY ON GEOLOGIST'S
NT 1	D)	
		UNIFORM SOUND DARK GRAY SHALE
		108'.7"-112'5" RECOVERY IN PIECES
		0.3-1.3" PARTINGS ON POLIATION. FOLIATION HORIZONTAL OR ALMOST
		112'.5"-118.7 SAME BUT BREAKS IN 1"-4"
		PIECES, TWO THIN (1/2") COAL SEANS SMOOTH PEELING
		-
		118.7-123.7" SAME BUT BREAKS TO 6" PIECES
		-
		_
		SAME ROCK ON PARTINGS TRACES OF SHEETS TRAVES OF "
		PLANTS AND FINE DISSEMINATED PYRITE FILKS. WATER LEVELS AT 20'10" AT CON-
-	•	PLETON OF BURING
		-
		-
		-
		-
		_
		-
		_
		-
		-
		-
		-
		-
		-
		-
		_
		-
		-
		L
_		BORING LOG 101 (CONTIN)
	BEA	VER VALLEY POWER STATION - UNIT NO. 1
		SHIPPINGPORT, PENNSYLVANIA
-	e+	DUQUESNE LIGHT COMPANY
· · ·	31	11700-SSK-2C

REV. 0 (1/82)

\$H\_3 or\_3

		DU QUE	SNE L	IGHT C	PARY	5H_1 0F_1				וונ	PESIE	8.1 GB T (	CUD NY	SH 2 OF		م		DUQUE	SNE LI	.CI!!! C	CHPA	ľ
	VER VALLEY POWER STATION	- UNIT I	10. 1	DATE	/20/6h	10 No 11700 BOBINE No 102	SITE	JEA 7	ER VALLEY POWER STATION	- <u>.</u> 901	: FC. 1		<u>2 60</u>	J.O. NO. 11/00 BORING NO. 102	SITEB	SAVER VALLEY POWER STAT	TON - UN		. 1	TE 4/	20/68	,
TYPE OF	BORING DRIVE CORE LOC	ATION	SUIPP	DATE .	, PENNS	SYLVANIA GROUND ELEV. 734-61	TYPE	or	BORING DRIVE CULE LOCA		JULTE	GIORT,	PERMUY	GROUND ELEV. 734.8"	TYPE	OF BORING DRIVE/CORE	LOCATION	SHI	PPINCP	ORT,	PERNS	5
ATE D	RILLED		ORILL	ED BY	RAYMOND	D INT'L. INC. LOGGED BY P. ERUKI & M.S.	DATE	DR	ILLED 1/19/00		DRILL	ED BY	CHERREN	THTTL. INC. LOGGED BY F. KRCKI & K.S.	DATE	DRILLED _ 3/19/68		DR	LLED	₫Y <u>A</u>	AYMON	j
UNMAA	ty of BORING						SOMM/	APCI	OF BORING							ARY OF BORING						
									· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1 44					T						
LEV.	DRILLER'S DESCRIPTION	LOG		HPLE TRUBER	1	LABORATORY ON SEDLOBIST'S DESCRIPTION	ELEV. FEET		ORILLER'S DESCRIPTION	LOG	-	BLOWS	1	LABORATORY OR GEOLOGIST'S DESCRIPTION	ELEV. FEET	DRILLER'S DESCRIPTION			SAMPL	.E.		
-			1		44	<b>I</b>	1	Τ		BOR	ING NO.	102 (0	CONT 'D)					BORIN	WC.	102 (/	CONT	
	GROUND EL. 734.81	B	ORING	#0.10	2	· · · ·	680 -	t		0		1	1 1				E	EI.	- T		T	•
1000	PROKEN STORE - FILL	•••			ТТ	CONCRETS SLAB AND FILL		-		0				4		4	E	誯,	x ,			
_		l, °	ļ					-		00	1				620 -	4	E	31				
-			\$51	15		MEDIUM TO COARSE SAND, TRACE OF CLAY,		<u>اي</u>	BOIUM COMPACT COARSE		S51	77		FINE TO MEDIUM SAND, TRACE OF CCARSE SAND AND GRAVEL, SOME CLAY AND STLT.			Ш	=				
/» ]		$^{\circ}$	]			(FILL)	1	Ĩ	DAMP)	6			1	NET CONTRACTOR STRANDADED TO ROOKDED.	1							
-		6					1 1	1		0				1	-	1	E	<b>⊒</b>   ∗	x   10	00\$		
-		0	ss?	15		FIGE TO MEDIUM SUND. TRACE OF COARSE	670 -	+		0	ssi)	24		SAME AS SSI2		HARD GRAY SHALE	E					
				1		SAND AND GRAVEL, SOME CLAY AND SILT, WELL GRADED, SUPROUNDED TO ROUNDED.		1		D.	1		72		- 1	4	E	3				
		จั	{			NEDIUM BROWN		1		6			Ŧ		610	]	Ē	H I	( 10	:0\$		
1		0	55.1			SANG AS 552. HIT DAMPED	1	1		0	SF14	28		SAME AS SS12			Ē	1				
720 -		٩,	Ľ,	.,			1   '	1		10	1					1	Ē					
-							•	+		0					-	1		∃I×	( 10	20%		
_		<b>°</b>	cel.				660 .	-			ent	1		5. NP 15 (\$1)	-		==	=I	_	$-\downarrow$		•
		6	334	29		0418 13 002				10	10017					J						
1	NEDIUM CONPACT COARSE BROWN SAND AND CRAVET	0					1			0				1	1 -							
-	(DAMP)	0				-	11.	1	DOSE FINE TO COARSE ROWN SAND & GRAVEL (WET)	• • ٥					600-	İ						
710 -		0	<b>S</b> S5	215		SAME AS SE2, BUT VITH LARGE PIECES OF BROKEN GRAVEL	4   •	-		0. 0	2				-							
		0				_	]   .	-		0	<b>SS</b> 16	31		FINE TO MEDIUN SAND, TRACE OF SILT	-	4						
							650			9	1	{										
1			5.56	115		SAME AS SS2	1 1	]		0			11	1								
-	•	ိ ၀				-	{   ·	1		0	8517	20		FIRE TO COARSE SAND, TRACE OF SILT & CLAT SONE SMALL GRAVEL, SUBROUNDED, WELL GRADE	-							
_		0				-	-	-		0	<b>58</b> 18	38		BROWN SANS SS1?		4						
- <b>o</b> o		0	887	.,,		SAMR AS SS2	]   .	╞		0	\$519	58		SAME AS \$517						1		
	•	۰,	· "							\≉`,	1											
1		0									,			1			1					
-		0		10		SAVE 45 552	1 1	1		°#	5820	31		SAME AS 5517 BUT WITH SMALL PIRCES OF		1						
-		0	<b></b>	1 .04			-	٩,	EDIUM COMPACT COARSE	0	]	1		WEATHERED SANDSTONE, BLITS-GRAY, BROWN AND ISOLATED ORANGE SPECKS								
_		0	1				-	-  :	ROWN SAND AND GRAVEL,	<b>#</b> 0												
404		2		-		S/ME 16 553		]"	INNITS (WHT)	0	89.21	30		SAME AS SS20 BUT WITH PIECES OR SPECKS			۱.					
- 070		5	a-59	2		um15 AD 304 -	1			2	1	1		OF DARK GRAY COAL								
-		00				-	1   -	1		038				1		ľ						
-		0	5510	380		SAME AS \$52	630 -	+		00	1000	0		SAME AS SS21								
-		0	1			-		-		0	10000	,,,,		-								
							] ] .			\$0						Į						
, Bo		0	5511	<b>a</b> .,		SAME AS S62	]	L		0	5523	150/3"		DARK GRAY SHALE THINLY LAMINATED 3"								
~~- -		Ť			1-1		1   -	Τ	HARD CRAY SHALE (DRY	Γ	T	T			1							
-						-		1			}			-	-							
			L			LI		L		1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				Ļ				$\square$		-
I. PIGUR	ES IN BLOW OR RECOVERY COLUMN 5 OF A 14018 HAMMER FALLING	DENOTE TH	E HUNDE	ER 07 D			BLO	NARES NARES ( VIE A	H BLOW OR RECOVERY COLUMN D W A 140 LB HANNER FALLING 2 00 SAMPLE SPOON 12" 0	ENOTE T 30 " REG	HE HUNDE NIMED TO STANCE	R OF			1. P16UR	IS IN BLOW OR RECOVERY COLU IS OF A 140 LB HANNER FALLE LA 2 DB SAME F SAME	NEN DENOTE NG 30 " R 2" DA TH'	THE HU EQUINED	10			
SHOW MECO	. N. 2. DO BANDYLE BPOON 12" N. FIGLNES SHOWN OPPOSITE ROC VERY IN NICHES AND PERCENT.	WI THE BIS	ENOTE	7 HE _			SHO	OVE	FIGURES SHOWN OPPOSITE ROCE	CONES	DENOTE	* _	<del>,</del>		RECO	N. FIGURES SHOWN OPPOBITE	ROCK CORE	DENOT	E THE	·		
1	MORATES LOCATION OF SAMPLES. MORATES LOCATION OF THE NATU		-	. [	FT	BORING LOS 102		140 140	ICATES LOCATION OF SAMPLES. ICATES LOCATION OF THE NATUR THE FIGURE IMPICATES THE THE					BORING LOG 102 (CONT'D)		INDICATES LOCATION OF SAMPLI MOICATES LOCATION OF THE N	ES. ATURAL MI		TER	.  •F	-	
TABL AFTE	E. THE FIGHTE HERCATES THE TH R COMPLETION OF BORING. MATURAL MONSTURE CONTING				11	BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION - UNIT NO. 1	A	TER NAT	COMPLETION OF BORING.		-	-		BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION - UNIT NO. 1	AF 16	A COMPLETION OF SORING.			(CEN TAM	.  †	$\exists$	
	RY WENNIT OF SOIL . PLASTIC LIMIT, & LIDING LIMIT,	1,- 119010	DITY INC	NEX .	1	SHIPPIN GPORT, PENN SYLVANIA	5	041Y	WENNIT OF SOLL. ASTIC LIMIT, & LIQUID LIMIT, ATTES SALIT SPONS & THEIR	1. LIQU		ex  -		SHIPPINGPORT, PERNSILVANIA	0 0 0	RY WEIGHT OF SOLL. PLASTIC LIMIT, & LIQUID LIM	17, 1,-LIG		INDE L	Ĥ		
8. 85 C	NINDTES SPLIT SPOON, ST DEN <sup>N 18</sup> MEAS SEA LEVEL	TES SHEL	FY TUBE	E.	2	DUQUESNE LIGHT COMPANY	7.041		" HEAN SEA LEVEL			2		STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORPORATION	7 DATU	M IS MEAN SEA LEVEL				2		
				l	Ħ	STUNE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORPORATION						1		11200-SSK- 3B						T.	크	
				1	100 J	11700-557-34							<u>1″  </u>		1					11	-	

T

ţ

	REV. 0 (1/82)
PARY 8H_3 er_3	<b>k</b>
0/68 40. Ho. 11700 BORING Ho. 102	
NOND INT'L. INC. LOGGED BY P. KRUKI 4 H.S.	
DESCRIPTION	
WT * D)	
111'-116' ROCK BREAKS IN .5"TO 1.5" ON POLIATION	
116'-121' BREAKS TO 6' TWO THIN SEARS OF COAL (.5") PRITIZZO. ALSO PREODENT TRACES OF SHELLS AND LEAVES OF PLANTS. ALSO ISOLATED MICACEOUS LATVERS (.5') POLIATION VISIELE AND HORIZOWTAL	
121-131' ONE PIECE OF CORE 4' LONG. ROCK IS SOUND THROUGHOUT ON THE WHOLE	
20° LENGTH WHICH HAS BEEN RECOVERED - 100≸	
1 1	
[ ] 1	
1	
i	
1 1 4	
BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION - UNIT NO. 1	
SHIPPINGPORT, PENNSYLVANIA	
STORE & WEBSTER ENGINEER BING COBOORATION	

FIGURE 2F-2 BORING LOG 102 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

DUQUESN'S LICHT COMPANY SH_ OF _ 1					.			NOURSHE L	IGHT COM	PANY SH_2 OF_1	DUQUESHE LIGHT CORPANY 8H 3 or					
			HEAV	ER VALLEY POWER STATT	N - UNIT NO.	lame la	/20/68			AVER VALLEY POWER STAT	ION - UNIT NO. 1 4/20/4					
IE 834 (PF or	AVER VALLEY POWER STATION -	UNIT NO. 1 TION SHIPP	DATE 1/2C/	66JO.NO.11700BORING NO INSYL74NIA GROUND FLEV. 735-1'		BORING DRIVE/CORE LO		- 'DATE -	PET. PENN		TYPE O	BORING DRIVE/CCRE	CATION SHIPPINGPORT, PENT	SYLVARIA GROUND ELEV. 735.1"		
TE O	DRILLED 4/8/68	DRILL	ED BY RAY	NCNU INT'L. INC. LOGGED BY E. BRIGHT, C. KUDITE	DATE DR	LLED 4/8/68	DRI	LLED BY	RAYMOND	INT'L. INC. LOGGED BY E. BRICHT, G.KUDITER	DATE C	DRILLED 4/8/68	DRILLED BY RATHON	D INT'L.INC. LOGGED BY B. BRIGHT, G.KU		
MMA R	RY OF BORING			<b>H</b> .3.	SUMMARY	OF BORING					SUMMA	RY OF BORING				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·															
LEV.	DRILLER'S DESCRIPTION	CRAPHIC SA	BLOWS	LABORATORY OF GEOLOGIST'S DESCRIPTION	ELEV. FEET	DRILLER'S	LOG	PE BLOWS		LABORATORY OF GEOLOGIST'S DESCRIPTION	ELEV. FEET	DRILLER'S DESCRIPTION	CRAPHIC SAMPLE	LABORATORY ON SEOLOGIST'S DESCRIPTION		
			R   RECOV.		┥┝━━┼╴		PORTNO N	C 103 (C						I. I		
-	GROUND EL. 735.1	BORING	10. 103		- 68r		Tell		TTT	T111			BORING NO. 1C3 (CONT'I	))		
~		00					D so	13 33		SHIME AS SS3			EITI			
	BROWN FINE, COARSE SAND AND GRAVEL	0 501	26	BOULDERS, BROWN TO RUSTY			00									
7		ر. ر <sup>۲</sup>					0						HX 50%	MEDIUM GRAY SHALE, HORIZONTAL FOLL		
30 +	BROWN FINE, MEDIUM SAND				1 1 1		A SS	14 36	<sub>Р.</sub>	A. SAME AS SS3	620 -			TRACE OF SHELLS AND PLANT LEAVES ON PARTINGS AND PYRITE FILMS. I SOLATI S. NOV SHILE SEAMS. AVERACE SPEED 9		
-		<b>1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1</b>		ANGULAR, REDIUN BROWN	+ $+$ $+$					4				FIRST 2' OF RECOVERY PARTINGS 0.5"		
1		4 – 1			- 670 - EA	RGE GRAVEL AND COARGE	õ							1201- NEDIUM SANDSTONS 2" SEAM		
	BROWN COARSE SAND AND	8			_    °		U SSI	15 17		SAME AS \$53		SHALE WITH SAND AND CL SBAMS	AY E			
1	GRAVEL	0 333		AND PIECES OF BROKEN BOULDER, WELL GRAVEL IND PIECES OF BROKEN BOULDER, WELL GRADED DIDANGTION OF STREAMINED					72							
-		°0]		SUBAR COLAN TO SUBROUNDED, REDICT BROWN	1   1		0		-				NX LOOS	LOWER INTERVAL PARTINGS TO 6" APPA		
∘∔		<b>9</b> SSL	9	P. A. SAME AS SS3	+ $+$ $+$	,	0			4	610 -			SHALE (NO EVIDENCE THAT LOSSES WEY SHALE)		
	MEDIUM TO DENSE BROWN	0 555	15	SAME AS SS3			.D <b>S</b> SI	6 18		SAME AS SS3				DARY GRAY THINLY - LAMINATED PAPER		
	NEDIUM TO COARSE SAND SMALL TO LARGE GRAVEL						0				1			SMALE, PLAT-LTING		
1		0			7 100 -		00			1	1		-			
+	LARGE GRAVEL AND BOULDER	SS6	12	SAME AS SS3	1   1		0 5S1	7 30	۳.	A. SAME AS SS3						
4		$\mathcal{D}$			4 $1$ $4$		00			-						
1		00					0		{		600 -					
ł		00					دن در در	8 27	<sup>*.</sup>	A. Salle AS 553						
1	LARGE CRAVEL	0 SS7	18	SAME AS SS3	1   1		-0			1						
+		0			- 650 - L	DIUM TO COARSE GRAV	I I ST	19 88\$		SAND-FINE TO MEDIUR, SOME SILT, SOME FINE						
ł		00				ND.				GRAVEL, POORLY GRADED, ROUNDED TO SUB-						
		SSA SSA	13	SAME AS SS3												
1	LARGE CRAVEL AND BOULDER	02			1-		ST	21 25\$		SAME AS ST19						
• 1		ို့ရ			1   1		Δ. SS	22 39		SAME AS 553, BUT MEDIUM GRAY	1					
-		0 559	33	SAME AS SS3	+ $ $ $+$					-						
		്ം			640		<b> </b> -1									
		00			HZ HZ	DIUK TO DERSE BROWN		23 20		NEDIUM TO COARSE SAND TRACE OF STUT						
1	GRAVEL AND SAND	SS1C	66	SAME AS SS)		D GREEN COARSE SAND ME SILT WITH ROCK FRAM NTS	с- <u>а</u>		<sup>r.</sup>	UNIFORM, SUBAN CULAR TO SUBROUND, MEDIUM						
1		0			┤│┤		$\vdash \neg$			1	1					
,		00					SS SS	24 33	þ.	A. SAME AS SS23 WITH SMALL GRAVEL, WELL -						
1		0 SS11	L.	SAME AS SS			۵.				1					
		0					$\vdash_{\neq} \downarrow$									
1		0					ss.	25 26	н	A SAME AS SS 24 WITH PIECES OF MEDIUK						
+		D 551 2	1.5	M. A. SAME AS SS3	1 1 1		.0			UNAT SHALE						
-		o			4 1 4		0				-					
1		0		<u>+ + - 1</u>	」 J J	SHALE (USET HOCK BIT)			$\uparrow \uparrow$							
1					1   1						1 1					
_ 				<u> </u>					II		L. Deut	ES IN BLOW OR RECOVERY COLUM	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	L		
BLOWS DRIVE	S OF A 140 LE HAMMER FALLING 30	A THE DISTANCE	0		BLOUS	OF A 140 LB HAMMER FALLING	30 REQUIRE	0 T0			BLOW SRIVE	A 2 " OB BAMPLE SPOON 12	0 30 " REQUIRED TO "OR THE DISTANCE			
RECOV	N. FIGURES SHOWN OPPOSITE ROCK	CONES DENOTE	тне Г		SHOWN. RECOVE	FIGURES MOWN OPPOSITE R RY IN INCHES AND PERCENT.	OCK COMES DEMO	יניאנ ר	1 1		2.	N. FIGURES BHOWN OPPOSITE F Very W Hiches and Percent. Indicates Location of Sample	IOCK CORES DENOTE THE			
TABLE	INDICATES LOCATION OF THE NATURE	AL GROUND WATE	A 4	BORING LOG 103	2. 11 INC 3. 27 INC TABLE.	THE FIGURE INDICATES THE	TURAL GROUND W	ATER 4	•	BORING LOG 103 (CONT'D)	3. 🐺 tABL	INDICATES LOCATION OF THE NA E. THE FIGURE INDICATES THE	THE OF REACHING (HOURS)	BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION - PUTT N		
AF TER	R COMPLETION OF BORING. NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT EXPRE		ENTAGE 3	SUIPPINCEDET DESIGNATION - UNIT NO. 1	4 7. NA	COMPLETION OF BORING. TURAL MOISTURE CONTENT EX	PRESSED AN A M	RCENTARE 3	3 BE	AVER VALLEY POWER STATION - UNIT NO. 1	4. ***	R COMPLETION OF BORING. NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT E: RY WEIGHT OF 504	CPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE	SHIPPINGPORT, PENNSYLVANIA		
	NT WENNT OF SOL Plastic Linht, & Liquid Linht. Hengtes Split Spoon. St Wimot			DUQUESNE LIGHT COMPANY	5 4 - PL	WEIGHT OF SOLL. ASTIC LIMIT, WE LIQUID LIMIT KOTES SPLIT SPOON. ST DE	F, 1, LIQUIDITY MOTES SHELBY	INDE X		DUGUESNE LIGHT COMPANY	5. 7, 1	PLASTIC LIMIT & LIQUID LIMI HENOTES SPLIT SPOON, ST DI	T, 1,-LIQUIDITY (NOEX	DUQUESNE LIGHT COHPANY		
алти 3. М.	M IN MEAN SEA LEVEL		2	STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORPORATION	7 DATUM P M.A	MEAN SEA LEVEL		2	2	STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORPORATION	7. 0470	MEAN SEA LEVEL	2	STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORPOR		
			1-	$\rightarrow$	1 1						1					

ŧ

REV. 0 (1/82)

FIGURE 2F-3 BORING LOG 103 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



T CO	10 ATY 5H 3 or 3
20/6	8 40. No. 11700 BORING No. 104
PROFIL: YMON	SYLVANIA GROUND ELEV. 735.1'
	LABORATORY ON GEOLOGIST'S DESCRIPTION
CONT	· D)
	1091.5"-114'.5% EBCOVERED'IF SMALL PIECES. MUDDY. SAMPLE RETAINER WAS DANAGED
	-
	1141.5"-115.5" RECOVERED IN PIECES 1"-4" . MOSTLY ON FOLIATION, HORIZOWTAL
	-
	4
	119'.5"-124'.5" BREAKS TO 1" ISOLATED SANDY LAYERS
	124'.5"-129'.5" RECOVERY IN PIECES 8"-12" ROCK IS SAME DARK GRAY SHALE WHICH BREAKS
	ISOLATED SANDY LAYERS. PYRITE AND ORGANIC FRAGMENTS ARE PRESENT (SHELLS AND LEAVES)
-	
	1
	-
	4
	BORING LOG 1C4 (CONT'D)
	BRAVER VALLEY POWER STATION - UNIT NO. 1
	SHIPPINGPORT, PROMISTLVANIA Dugueske light company
	STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORPORATION
11	11700-55K-5C
_	

FIGURE 2F-4 BORING LOG 104 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

TEM YPE C ATE	AVER VALLEY POWER STATI W BORING DRIVE/CORE LC DRILLED	DUQUESNE LIGHT CON ION - UNIT NO. 1 DATE 4-20- OCATION CHIPPINGPORT, PP DRILLED BY	GANY     SH 0F3       -68     J.O. NO. 119200     BORING NO. 105       CHINSYLVANIA     GROUND ELEV. 234.61       CHINSYLVANIA     GROUND ELEV. 234.61       CHINSYLVANIA     GROUND ELEV. 234.61       CHINSYLVANIA     GROUND ELEV. 234.61	SITE BEAVI TYPE OF B DATE ORI SUMMARY	ORING DRIVE/CORE LILED	DUQUESNE IGN - UNIT NG. <sup>1</sup> DATE OCATION <u>SHIPPINGPO</u> ORILLED 8	LIGHT COL 4-20-68 RT. PENNST RAYMOND	#AIY     \$H_2_0r_1	SITE TYPE DATE SUM	BEAVER VALLEY POVER STATION FOR BORING DRIVE/CORE LOC.	DU <u>i - UNIT RO.</u> ATION <u>SH</u> DRIL	LED BY	T COMPANY 20-68 J.O. NO. 1 PERNSLYVANIA WYHORD INT'L INC. L	SH 1 07 1 1700 BORING NO. 105 
LEV.	DRILLER'S DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC SAMPLE	LABORATORY OF GEOLOGIST'S DESCRIPTION	ELEV. FEET	DRILLER'S DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC SAMPLE LOG YYPE BLOW	<u>ا ا</u>	LABORATORY ON SEOLDSIST'S DESCRIPTION	ELEV	DRILLER'S	CRAPHIC TY	AMPLE BLOWS		ABORATORY OR GEOLOGIST'S DESCRIPTION
	GROUND EL. 734.6'	BORING NO. 105	FILL			BORING NO.	105(CONT')	5) 5ANE AS 555	650		BOR ING SS1	<b>R</b> O. 105 CC 7 143	SAND RESU	LITING FROM WEATHERED BANDSTONE ES OF LIGHT GRAY SANDSTONE
 30 -	LOOSE COARSE BROWN SAN AND GRAVEL (DAMP)	ND 0 551 18	MEDIUM TO COARSE SANT WITH COME SILT AND CRAVEL WELL CRADED, JUBANGULAR TO SUBROUND, MEDIUM BROWN	690 -		0 0 23 0 0 23 0 0 23		SAME AS \$35		CONPACT COARSE GRAY SANCE	0 0 551	3 83	SAME AS S	SS17 WITH LESS SAND
-		$\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 $	FIRE SAND WITH SOME MEDIUM SAND, SILTY, TRACE OF SMULL GRAVEL ROUNDED, SAND IS SUBANGULAR, UNIFORM, MEDIUM BROWN					- SANE AS 555 -		SANDSTONE (WET)	0 0 551 10	9 100	SAME AS S	- s18
.0  	SANDE GRAVEL, SOME SNAL BOULDERS (DAMP)		REDION TO COARSE SAND WITH GRAVEL AND BOULDERS, WEL GRADED, SUBANGULAR TO SUBROUNDED, LIGHT TO MEDIUM BROWN 	- 680 -		0 0 5511 36		54 ME AS \$\$5	630	- - -	0 0 0	80	SAME AS SS	S18 SOME GRAVEL PRESENT -
		0     24       0     555       555     35	HEDUIN SAND, TRACE OF SILT AND SMALL		DIUM COMPACT COARSE NOWN SAND AND GRAVEL NET)	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		5.4ME AS 5.85				. 44	MEDIUM SAN UNIPORM, S	ND TRACE OF SILT AND GRAVEL,
-	HEDION-COMPACT FIRE TO COARSE BROWN SAND WITH SOME GRAVEL (DAMP)	0 0 SS6 15	UNITED AND TIEGED OF DUULDERS, SAND IS UNITEDAN, SUBANGULAR, MEDIUM BROWN FINE TO NEDIUM SAND, TRACE OF SILT, UNIFORM, SUBANGULAR, MEDIUM BROWN	670 -		0. 0. 0.	72 .V	SAME AS 555 AND MORE GRAVEL	620	HARD GRAY SHALE (DRY)	MX	100\$	<b>112'3"-11</b> 7 0.5"-3"	7'3" - BREAKS IN PIECES
-		0 557 60	SAME AS SS6 AND PIECES OF BOULDERS AND - CRAVEL			0 5514 0 0	÷	SAME AS 535		HARD GRAY SHALE	хи	100\$	112* 3" -122'	']" BREAKS IN PIBCES 27-8"
-				660 -		0 <b>BS</b> 15 35 0		SAME AS SS5	610		<b>N</b> X	100\$	122'3"-127	
-				650 -		6 3 5516 28 0 0 0 0		SAME AS \$55		-	MX	100	127'3"-13 ROCK IS T BREAKING C SRELLS AND THIN LIGHT	2'3" BREAKS IN PIECES 2'-2" HE SAME DARK GAAY SHALE, ON FOLIATION WITH TRACES OF D PLANTS. VISIBLE ALSO SOME TER SANDY LAYERS.
-									600	-				
-										-				-
	MES IN BLOW ON RECOVERY COLUM FI OF A 140 LB HAMMER FALLIN I A 2 "OB SAMPLE SPOON 12 W. FNOMES SHOWN OPOSITE P OVERY IN HICKES AND PERCENT. MBCATES LOCATION OF BAMPLE" INDICATES LOCATION OF MAMPLE	NE DENOTE THE NUMBER OF 10 30 " REQUIRED TO 10 GR THE DISTANCE 10CE CORES DEMOTE THE 3. JURAL BROUND WATER 4	BORING LOG 105	I. PIGURES BLOWS C BRIVE A SHOWN, RECOVEN 2. INO 3. \$* INO 3. \$* INO	W BLOW OR RECOVERY COLU F A 140, B HAMMER FALL 2 GO SAMPLE SPOON 1: FIGURES SHOWN OPPOSITE ( T IN INCINES AND PERCENT. KATES LOCATION OF BAMPLI CATES LOCATION OF THE N.	MIN DENOTE THE HUMBER OF VG 30 " REQUIRED TO 2 OR THE DISTANCE ROCK CORES DENOTE THE 15. ATURAL GROUND WATER		BORING LOG 105(CONT.D)	L 71 Bi Si 2. 3	SURES IN BLOW OR RECOVERY COLUMN OWE OF A 140 LS HAMMER FALLING INVE A 2 OF SAMPLE SPOON 12° C GOMM, FIGHER SHOWN OFOSITE ROCK (COVERY IN INCHES AND PERCENT, INDICATES LOCATION OF THE NATURAL STATE SHORE COLORISON OF THE NATURAL	DENOTE THE NUM 30 " REQUIRED NO THE DISTANCI I CORES DENOTE	ER OF	BORIN	16 LOG <sup>105</sup> (CONT'D)
TABI AF T 0F 1 0F 1 0F 1	LE. THE PRUME INDICATES THE En Completion of Doring. Natural, moisture contest to Dry Weight of Doll. Plastic Limit, e. Ligurd Limit Denotes Brit spoon, st de Mean Sea Level.	TIME OF READING (HOURS)       XPREDED AS A PERCENTAGE       ST. 1. LIQUIDITY INDER       ENDTES BHEL BY TUBE.       2	BEAVER VALLEY ROWER STATION - UNIT NC. I SHIPFINGPORT, PENNSYLVARIA DUQUESNE LIGHT COMPANY STORF & WERSTER PROVIDE DUGL COMPARY (AU	ТАВLЕ. АРТЕК 4. Ф. * МАТ ОГ ОНУ 5. Ф. * РLI 6. 85 DEN 7. DATUM	THE FIGURE INDICATES THE COMPLETION OF BORING. URAL WOISTURE CONTERT E WEIGHT OF SCHL. ISTIC LINIT, W. LIQUID LIM OTES BPLIT SPOON, ST D <sup>13</sup> HEAN SEA LEVEL	TIME OF READING (HOURS) XPREBSED AS A PERCENTAGE IT, JLIQUIDITY INDEX ENGTES SHELOY TUBE.	3	EAVER VALLEY FOWER STATION - UNIT NG. 1 SHIPPINGFORT, PEINSYLWANIA DUQUESNE LIGHT COMPANY STONE & WEBSTER FNGINEFERING COMPORATION	7/ 4: 4: 0 5: 4: 6: 8: 7: 0:	THE FRUME HOLGATES THE TH THE COMPLETION OF BORHES. , HATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT EXPR 7 DRY MENNT OF SOIL. - Plastic Linit, & Louid Linit, 5 demotes Split Spoon, St Demo Atum IS MEAN SEA LEVEL	IL OF READING ESSED AT A PER 1, 'Liquidity I Tes Shelby Tu	ENTAGE 3 IDEX IE. 2	BEAVER VALLEY SHIPPIN DUQUE STONE 6 WEBS	POVER STATION - UNIT NO. 1 NGPORT, PENNSYLVANIA ESNE LIGHT COMPANY STER ENGINEERING CORPORATION
		72	11700-SSK-64				1	11700-SSK-68						11700-SSK-6 C

i

FIGURE 2F-5 BORING LOG 105 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

SH\_1 OF\_3 SH\_2 OF\_3 DUQUESNE LIGHT COMPANY DUQUESNE LIGHT COMPANY DU QUESNE LIGHT COM NIT NO. 1 DATE 4/20/68 J.O. NO. 11700 BORING NO. 106 N. SHIPPINGPORT, PENNSYLVANIA GROUND ELEV. 235.3' DRILLED BY RATHOND INT'L. INC. LOGGED BY <u>B. BRIGHT & N.S.</u> SITE BEAVER VALLET POWER STATION - UNIT NO. 1DATE 4/20/68 J.O. NO. 11700 Type of BORING DRIVE/CORE LOCATION SHIPPINGPORT, PERRSYLVANIA G NIT KO. 1DATE 4/20/68 J.O. NO. 1170C BORING NO. 106 SHIPPINGPORT, PERKSYLVAJIA GROUND ELEV. 735-3' ORHLED BY RATHOND INT'L. ING. LOGGED BY R. BRIGHT & N.S. SITE BEAVER VALLET POWER STATION - UNIT NO. 1 DATE 4/20/68 J.O. NO. 11700 SITE BRAVER VALLEY POWER STATION - UNIT NO. 10ATE - 4/20 TYPE OF BORING DRIVE/CORE LOCATION SHIPPINGPORT, PERM TYPE OF BORING DRIVE/CORE LOCATION SHIPPINGPORT, PENHSYLVANIA DATE DRILLED 1/28/68 DATE DRILLED . 3/29/68 DATE DRILLED 3/28/68 - ORILLED BY RATHO SUMMARY OF BORING UMMARY OF BORING ..... SUMMARY OF BORING LOS NUMER NEON LOS THE RECOV LABORATORY ON GEOLDGIST'S DESCRIPTION DRILLER'S ------ELEV. FEET ELEV. FEET BLEV. PEET DRILLER'S DESCRIPTION DRILLER'S DESCRIPTION BORING NO. 106 (CONT'D) 680 GROUND EL. 735.3 FILL - CRUSHED SLAG AND GRAVEL BORING NO. 106 (CO BORING 106 5 8512 39 SAND RESULTED FROM WEATHERING, SOME GRAVEL AND PIECES OF COARSE ROCK FILL 875 551 15 FINE SILTY SAND, UNIFORM, SUBANGULAR, MEDIUM BROWN BROWN FILE COARSE SAND AND GRAVEL, TRACE OF CLAY, COMPACT THE HEDITH SAID FINE SAND, SILTY WITH PRACHEMIS OF BOULDERS AND SOME GRAVEL, ROCK IS WEATHERED, BROWN AND LIGHT GRAY 730 \$\$13 85 620 -GRAT CLAYEY SHALE MEDIUM TO COARSE SAND, SOME SILT AND GRAVEL, SUBANGULAR (SAND), WELL GRADED, MEDIUM BROWN \$52 1005 670  $\land \circ$ SAME AS SS13 SS14 0  $\mathcal{A}_{0}$ 583 SAME AS SS2 0 720 5 5515 MEDIUM SAND, TRACE OF SILT AND GRAVEL, SUBROUNDED, UNIFORM, MEDIUM BROWN BROWN FINE COARSE SAND TRACE OF GRAVEL, WET 0 SAME AS SS2, GRAVEL IS NO STLY WEATHERED SANDSTONE 554 15 MEDIUM SAND, SOME SILT AND CLAY AND GRAVEL, POORLY GRADED, SUBROUNDED TO SUBANCULAR, NEDIUM BROWN SSI6 42 MONE FIFE-COARSE SAID BROWN FINE COARSE SAND AND GRAVEL, HOIST 0 **S**55 23 SANE AS SS2, AND BROKEN PIECES OF ROCK, RED TO DARK BROWN BROWN FINE MEDIUM SARD, 710 SS17 SAME AS SSI5, NORE SILTY WITHOUT GRAVEL 41 28 BROKEN, ANGULAR PIECES OF WEATHERED ROCK AND SAND, RESULTED FROM WEATHERING (NO ROUNDED NATERIAL) **SS6** 0 0 650 PIECES OF BROKEN ROCK, SAND FROM WEATHERED SANDSTONE, SUBROUNDED CRAVEL, MEDIUM GRAY SSIA 0 COMPACT GRAY SILTY FINE COARSE SAND AND GRAVEL, SANDSTONE PRACMENTS ٥ PINE SAND WITH SOME SILT AND TRACE OF COARSE SAND AND SNALL GRAVEL, SUBANGULAR, POORLY GRADED, MEDIUM BROWN 557 37 0 SAME AS SSIR WITHOUT GRAVEL, BLUE-GRAY 700 20 73 0 ssa 27 NEDIUM TO COARSE SAND, SOME SMALL GRAVEL SUBANGULAR, POORLY GRADED, MEDIUM BROWN 0 20 MEDIUM SAND, SILTY, ISOLATED SMALL GRAVEL UNIFORM, SUBANGULAR, BLUB-GRAY, ROCK IS WEATHERED 59 0 CRAY SILTY CLAY, SOME CRAVEL AND SANDSTONE FRACHENTS, DAMP SAND REGULTED FROM WEATHERING, SOME GRAVEL AND PIECES OF COARSE ROCK, INCLUSIONS OF COAL **S**\$9 42 RLUTE GRAY-SHALE, GANDY, WEATHERED DBILLED 1-UNSING NX BIT, GROUND CORE NOD BROKEN ROCK RECOVERED (CHANGED TO BX BIT) 85/6 DESTACT BECKE FIRE-CRABEL 690 0 **SS**10 SAME AS \$59, NO COAL INCLUSIONS DARK GRAY SHALE THINLY LAMINATED, BREAKS ON POLIATION, HORICONTAL AT 0.5"-2" -INTERVALS 41 92\$ 0 GRAY CLAYEY SHALE 630 ට 🛛 ss11 27 SAME AS SSIO TRACE OF GRAVIE, HDIST FILMS OF PYRITE, SHELLS AND LEAVES OF PLANTS. THIN SEANS OF COAL AND SANDY MEMBERS IN SHALE 955 Paunds N R.OD OR RECOVERT COLUMN DEMOTI THE INMERIE TO RECOVER IN INCOMENTALINE 30" RECOVERT INCOMENT BOTH A "2" A SUBJECT BODIN 12" OF ME BASTARD BODIN, FURNESS AND/OR DEPOSITE ACCE CORES DENOTE THE RECOVERT IN INCOMENT OF DATASELS.
BODCATES LOCATION OF DATASELS.
CONTROL ADDRESS.
CONTROL CONTENT CONTENT CONTENT AND A THE CONTENT AND AND A DORATION OF DATASELS.
CONTROL ADDRESS.
SO PLATTE LIBET, S. LOUID LIBET, S. LOUIDITY INDEX.
DATUM IN REAR SEA LEVEL предната в Върта се деботата зацине ви вот Т тих ничасто от вотот за 160 ка перената гарина ви вот Т тих ничасто от вотот 2 налата валота соотект та на вотота тих несточтата на соота за перената.
В ничастве цостата от вывъта такае тих защита ванита соотект в соотект на насточтата на соота от вывъта.
В ничастве цостата от вывъта такае тих защита нанастата на перената на соотект на насточтата на соота на тих на соота на соота на такае тих защита нанастата на соота на соота на ната соота на тих на соота на соота на соота на ната соота на соота на соота на соота на соота на соота на ната соота на соота на соота на соота на соота на соота на на со соота на соота на соота на соота на соота на соота на на со соота на соота на соота на соота на соота на на со соота на соота на соота на соота на соота на на со соота на соота на соота на соота на соота на на со соота на соота на соота на соота на соота на на соота на соота на соота на соота на соота на на соота на соота на соота на соота на соота на на соота на соота на соота на соота на соота на на соота на соота на соота на соота на соота на на соота на соота на соота на соота на на соота на соота на соота на соота на соота на на соота на соота на соота на соота на на соота на соота на соота на соота на соота на на соота на соота на соота на соота на соота на соота на на соота на соота на соота на соота на соота на на соота на на соота на соота на соота на соота на соота на соота на на соота на на соота на на соота на BORING LOG 106 (CONT'D) BORING LOG 106 BRAVER VALLEY POWER STATION - UNIT NO. 1 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION - UNIT NO. 1 SHIPPIEGPORT, PERSONANIA SHIPPIN GPORT, PRON STLVANIA DUQUESNE LIGHT COMPANY DUQUESSE LIGHT COMPANY MEAN SEA LEVEL MEAN SEA LEVEL STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORPORATION STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORPORATION M (168 1 1 Â Â 11700-SSK- 7B 11.700-SSR-7A

ALL A	#1#1
0/6	6 d.0 ma 11700 mail ins the 106
<u>n Sy</u>	INT'L INC. LOADER BYE MINT A N.S.
	LABORATORY OF SECLOSIST'S
#T '1	
	FLAS OF PYRITE, SHELLS AND LEAVES OF
	PLANTS. THIN SEAMS OF COAL AND SANDY MEMBERS IN SHALE
	-
	-
	ATTEACE APRO OF SK BIT. 3-5 HIE./69
	-
1	
	1
	-
	4
	4
	1
	-
	4
	1
	4
	4
1	_ I
Т	
].	BORING LOS 105 (CONT'D)
1	ANTIPPINGPORT, PROMISYLVANIA
7	DOGDINE LIGHT COMPANY
Ţ	
1	11700-SSK-7C

FIGURE 2F-6 BORING LOG 106 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

		0125	26 110	T. COMPAN	v	SH OF									SH OF
SITE B TYPE DATE SUMMA	EAVER VALLET FORES CALLON OF BORING DAIVE CIES COCA DRILLED 11/0////	TION	JO NO GROUND	BORING NO	SITE TRANSFER AND AN AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND								BORING NO		
ELEV FEET	DRILLERS DESCRIPTION	GPAPHIC 1 DG	SA MP	LE	LABOF - ' ORY CA	GEOLOGIST S PTION	E.E. 4187	DESCRI	ERS PTION	GRAPHIC L OG		PLE BLOWS		LABO	RATORY OF GEOLOGIST'S DESCRIPTION
·	SPOTNE ELL print	- <b>-</b>		. ,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					PCI	KORIS NA		10:34	1	4
_	MEDIOM O'MPAUT FINE PROWN GARL (DAMR)	Ì		1						<b>ы</b> . Э					
				<b>1</b> 7	FIND IN MEDICAL DANG. STEAN VIEW, TO LOOBLING PREAN	1947 B. (1970) (1970) 1880 - 1977 (1970) (1970) 1880 - 1977 (1970) (1970)	-	NEDJUM (USPA) Polyn (UN) AN Witchel Fin U	T DE ARQE 1 GRAVET ANGEDER	0 🗯 0 🗯 0	SC11	g		HEDJUN TO D. Dupangulas t Bnown, pibue Lndy traje of	ARGE JANO, LITTLE SILT, O SUBSCINDED, UNIFORM, MEDIU S OF PECKEM ROLF (SANDSTORE) OPAVEL
	MEDIUM UCMPAUT ICAROS Radio: Sado & Oran SL Lampa	5 1.5 9	5.31	11	FINE TO MEDIUM CANA, C OFAVEL OF COSTATIONAL DUDAMENDEL, ANISORA, S	TTLE SILT -NU BORE 3 JURANYI - TU BUCYKI NUWA	-				361.	۶		SOME SANCE AN AMOUNT OF P AND SAND FE WEATHERING,	RE GRAVEL WITH ERBEIDERABLE IEUER OF RECKEN SANGETORE Viele From Grinding And Yellak-Bravn
28 -		20	50 Y	45	PIEDLI OF NOMEN BODI Sand Due to Meatherig Ruyn Bo Miterial	 (Sabuchtine: - Nວ ; ຮາຍໄດຍໃຫ້ 		LEGGE REARDE AND GHUTEL V	SIAIWN SAND BRI METT		5513	21	, ? T . R	SKME AL 351 7	
-		<u> </u>	50%	25	SAME AS USY (WOD)		-			ې د د د	501+	÷		SHUE NS SSI ONTEGRE LAN	N WITH MORE ALMORIAL, MEDDIMM V
- ::-	10002 (UARNE BROWN SAND AND TRAVEC, IMET.		sor	ŕ	MEDIUM TO DOARDE JUN S.DURANE GRAVEL AND STORE - 7	, DIME STIT DON- LOME BROKEN DATE- NO ID DNOFITH,		KEDIOM (UMPA) MEDIOM (UMPA) METI	1 DOARBA 9 DN-VEN.	6 - 6 - 6 9 - 6 - 6 9 - 6 - 6	<b>3</b> 515	- 1		ETRS TO MEDIT ULAY, GRAVEL BOULDSRU LYER	'M SAND WITE SCHEIDDIT AB And Ti <u>b</u> ces of <b>Pruks</b> Didk (ban)
-		5 1 2 4 3 4	124	5 <b>7</b>	UL PAR GUY AR CU - 20166 UN PUECH , WET VERY COARGE SAND AL- STLTY, SCHE JHALL PO- POERLY CRADEN, STRAN VEGRLY CRADEN, STRAN	RE DELIVITION AND BAALL ORAVEL DELICE SENSER A DIL DELICE SENSER ADIL		SHEADT CLARS AN 105 YEL SH PRAMERIC TR MOLET	E 1877 (JUNI) Ngtine Georgiciay		<b>35</b> 14	11:		FLEARES OF CO OF STLTY SAN BROWN , RUSTY	ARSE ROUD. EMENTED IN A NATH D. PARTLY WEATHERSD SANUUT N
- 73	MEDICIM SUMPACT OF AROS		537	33	KEDIUM TO DCARGE LAN. GRAVEL, WELL DRADED, JURGUNDED, DEDITO FR	, DOME DILT AND T TIFUNGTORET. DATE	-				\$517	)< -}		SAMS AU 2017. Ortheoradus: Of	- HUME-GRAY, JOME IN LITE NAVEL
-	SHOWN SAVE AND DHAVEL TABT:	) 	20	5°	SAME AU US7		-	euni gram dra	£ (DAMP)		00155 08174	1007 1072		SAME AS SSIE SHALE SAME AS SS E. TESS TH IN LAMINATED. I TREATS ON FCI	, NE URANDE, SCHE DAUF ING , DARE GRAY GELLE GROUPD, DARE GRAY DELLE, THILS PULIATION HERIZONTAL, BOG LATIUN
- 690 -		د د د	55-	42	JAMS AS SUZ, PERCENTA	NA 103 U CREASED					N/	107\$		021.971 - 1 <b>4</b>	-}" INTEPYALS
-		0 0 6 =				-	-				N>	100		971+1521 - 2	ust interval::
-	MEDIUM COMPACT FINS TO COARSE BROWN SAND VITH TRACES OF GRAVEL (MET)		5317	25	MEDICH TO DRARUE SAN DILANGELAR TI URPERIN MEDICH PROMI		())- -	HARD (PAY DR			NO	1: ~\$		1020-1020 -	n+-4^ INTÊRVALĴ
e⊢t - -							-				NX	18,25		ICPI-1121 - PILNE OF PYR CLNEY MEMFER MET AT LSOLA SFEEN OF NA	9-F" INTERVALU ITE, TLANT LEAVEL, MURR UNE LEALE AUGUSTO ARE FED INTERVALD, AVERAUE NET F-LUNIVOTEU CONCERN
NGU R Di Div Silon	RES IN BLOW OR RECOVERT CULUM D IS OF A [ - ', LB HANMET FAL, N; '' f A [ OD SAMPLE SPOON [ ]" O IN FIGURES SNOW OPPOSITE ROCK VERT IN UNDES AND REFEI	ENCTE THE REQUE R THE DIS CORES DE	NUMB( 9 RED TO TANCE NOTE THE	L.	1 1		L FIGU BLOF DRIVI SHCF 91.C	HES IN BLC+ OF PEC PS OF A	0484" COLUMN 0 MMER FALLING E SPLON 1 " 0 DPHUS-TE POCH HEP.EN1.	P THE DIT	E NUMBER		1	1	
2 INDEXISTICS CONTINUES OF THE ANALYSIS (ADDAL) WATER A BORING LOG								INDICATES LUTATION INDICATES CENTON E THE FOURE AND NATURAL NOISTURE RY WEIGHT OF SOIL PLAST & I MIT	TH SANDLES OF THE NATUR SCATS THE NATUR SCATS THE TIM HOREG CONTENT EXPRI-	AL SROOM E OF ALA SSED AS	0 #411#	NTAGE	, ,	BORING DEAT ER VALUET PO SHIPPIN OPO P	LOG IT CORTAN
5 ., 6 35 7 DAT	PLASTIC CINIT, & LIQU'D LIMIT, DENCTES SPLIT SPOON, ST DENDI IN IS MEAN SEA LEVEL	I, LIQU.J ES SHEL®	,::::ND€# ▼ TUBE	2	STRUCEUNE 11060 UK	PD. 57	6 55 I	DENOTES SPLIT SPO M & MOAD DEA 1	ON, ST DENO	is shell	1081	2		JUQUESNE	LIGHT COMPANY
				1	SIGNE & WEBSTER ENGINE	INING COMPORATION						р Г	:		112 Tastaria

FIGURE 2F-7 BORING LOG 107 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



FIGURE 2F-8 BORING LOG 108 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

			n bonet n <b>e</b>	PANY SH OF	<u> </u>		DUQUE	SNE LIG	HT COMPANY SH 2 OF 2
SITE	EAVER VALLEY POWER STATION OF BORING DRIVE/2008LOCA DRILLED RY OF BORING	- INIT NC.1 TIONSHIFF DRILLI	DATE LECTOR R INGTOPT, FEN ED BY BAYMON	JO.NO. 21700 BORING NO. 304 NOVENTA GROUND ELEV (2014) 3 INT'LL TH'L LOGGED BY S.FRIML & M.C.	SITE BU TYPE C DATE SUMMA	CAVER VALLEY POWER STATION OF BORING DRIVE/CORE LOCA DRILLED <u>V/68</u> RY OF BORING	- UNIT NO.1 DATE	L-20-6	66     JO NO. 11700     BORING NO 109       ENKSTLVANIA     GROUND ELEV     690.4*       IND INT'L, INC. LOGGED BY F.KRUTI & M.S.
	······································								
ELEV FEET	DRILLER'S DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC SAI	APLE	LABORATORY ON GEOLOGIST'S DESCRIPTION	ELEV FEET	DRILLER'S DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC SAMPLE	#S	LABORATORY ON GEOLOGIST'S DESCRIPTION
	GROUND SL. 690.61	BCRING NO.	100						
1.86	DARK BROWN LOAM (DAHP)	Ĩ		1	-		BORING NO	. 109 (C	
-		551 571	7 1005	MEDIUM SIIT, PLASTIC TO STIFF, TRACE OF - RCOTS, BROWN SOFT, PLASTIC CIITY GLAY, BROWN	630 -		୍ତି <b>S</b> 38	56	NEDIUM TO COARSE SAND, UNIPORM, TRACE OF SILT AND SOME SMALL GRAVEL, NEDIUM GRAY
_		57.2	1005	CLAY-MEDIUM STIFF, LEAN, STITY, TAACE Finf Sand, Uniform, Rhown, low Sensitivity	-	COMPACT COARSE GRAY SAND AND GRAVEL (WET)	ິດ 0 ເອັ້ອ ເອັ້ອ	12	SAME AS SS8 WITH MORE GRAVEL
6PC -	SOFT BROWN SAKD & CLAY	51 1	1005 1.6 A15	SAME AS ST-2 W1 = 15.6 - Wp 19.7 SAME AS ST-2	-		්ර . යුතු \$\$10 100 . රු. ව.	5"	PIBCES OF ROCK
-	(DAMP)	ST5 ST4	79 <b>5</b> 26.6	SAME AS ST-2 W1 = 42.3 - 4, = 20.8 SAME AS ST-2	620		NX C	58	70'-HEDIUM SANDSTONE 2" SEAM DARK GRAY SHALE, POLIATION HORIZONTAL,
		st	್	LOUT SAMPLE	-				AD PYRITE PILMS, AT 71' 6"-71'10" BROKEN INTERVAL 0-5"-1" PARTINGS 1"-3" (69'4"-74')
- 170		ST7 STA	67\$ 25.5	SAME AS ST-2 $W_1$ 36.0 - $W_p = 18.7$ CLAY-SOFT, LEAN, WITH PINE SAND, SILTY, -	-		HX 10	ox	SAME AS ABOVE, PARTINGS 1" -4" (74 44" -79 44")
-		579	יזג אוי ע_	UNIFORM, BROWN, LOW SPASITIVITY SIMILAR TO ST-8, BUT SOME LEAVES AND GRASS	610 _	CORED HARD CRAY SHALE	Hx 9	85	80.5'-81' DARK GRAY THINLY-LANIMATED PAPER SHALE, PLAT-LYINC AVERAGE ADVANCING SPEED 8-10 HIM/PT BI CORE AVENANCING SPEED 8-10 HIM/PT BI CORE AVENANCING SPEED 8-10 HIM/PT
-		5710	B3≴ 26.1 B3≴	SAME AS ST-2	-				COTTACT LINESTONE 1/2" SEAM COTTACT LINE BETWEEN THE UPPER DARK GRAY SHALE AND THE LOWER CARBONACEDUS SHALE, POLINITION VARIES THROUGH CORES (NAXIMUM SIZE) TO 9"
		ST1 ?	74 17	SAND-FINE, WITH FINE TO HILDING SALVEL SALT, REAL ALX, BATTALLY CRADED, ROUND- DO TO SUMMYNDER, SAND AND GRAVEL, SILTY,	-		NX 10	o≰	AT 83,27. COAL I/A" SEAM CARBENACEOUS SHALE, COMPACT, 20" INITIAL DIPS, MAXIMUM SIZE 16", ISOLATED LIGHTER LATERS 1" THICK B4.2"-85°CL293TON SUMDERCLAY) WITH DISTUR
-		00		WELL CRADED, SUBANQULAR TO SUBROINCED, LIGHT TO MEDIUM BROWN	600 -				BD LAYERING AND SLICKINSIDED SURFACES 85'-89.2'CLAYSTONE (UNDERCLAY) WITH RELATIVELY UNDISTURED FLAT-LYING LAYERING
-		0 0 0	23	SAME AS SS?	-			i	
- 650 -	LOOSE COARSE BROWN SAND & GRAVEL (WET)	∆ ⊘ ∎ <sup>SS¹</sup>	17	SAME AS \$52	-	x.			
-		0		-	-				
-		4 0	9	SAME AS SS2, LOOSE					
640 <del>-</del>		0 0 0 0	13	SAME AS 885 -	-				
-		0 0 857	18	SAME AS SS5					
-		0			-	-			
I PISU BLOW CBIVE SHOW	NES IN BLOW OR RECOVERY COLUMN D IS OF A 14C LB NAMMER FALLING 3 E A 2 " OB SAMPLE SPOON 12 " OM	ENOTE THE HUMBE T REQUIRED TO THE DISTANCE CORES DENOTE T	 R of HE		t FIGU BLO DRIV SHO	RES IN BLOW OR RECOVERY COLUMN ( SS OF A140 LB HAMMER FALLING E A 2 00 SAMPLE SPOON 12 0 N. FIGURES SHOWN OPPOSITE ROCS	DENOTE THE NUMBER OF 30 " REQUIRED TO 30 THE DISTANCE 4 CORES DENOTE THE		
2. 8 3. 51 TABL AFTE	WERV IN INCHES AND PERCENT. INDICATES LOCATION OF SAMPLES. INDICATES LOCATION OF THE NATUR. 2. THE PIRURE INDICATES THE TIME EN COMPLETION OF BORING.	AL GROUND WATER DF READING (H	Dual ()	BORING LOG 109	AECI 2. ₩ 3. ₽ <sup>3</sup> AFT	JULIN' IN INTURES AND PERCENT. INDICATES LOCATION OF SAMPLES REDICATES LOCATION OF THE NATUR LC THE FIGURE INDICATES THE TIM EN COMPLETION OF BORING NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT	TAL SMOUND WATER		BORING LOG 109 (CONT'D) BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION - UNIT NO. 1
6 8, 3 4, 6 85 7 041,	MALUMAL BOOSTUME CONTENT EXPRE BMY WEIGHT OF BOIL. PLASTIC LIGHT, 4 LIQUID LIMIT, DEMOTES SPLIT SPOON, 37 DEMOT ME 16 MEAN SEA LEVEL	BRED AB A MERCEI I.: LIQUID:TY IND ES SHELBY TUBE	2 Z	SHIPPINGPORT, PENNSYLVANIA	4 4 4 OF 9. 4, - 6. 85 7 DAT	NY WERNT OF SOL. PLASTIC LIMIT, BLIQUO LIMIT, DENOTES SPLIT SPOON, ST DENO UM IS NEAN SEA LEVEL	IL LIQUIDITY INDER	2	SHI PPINGPORT, PENNSYLVANIA DUQUESNE LIGHT COMPARY STONE & WERSTER ENGINE FRING CORPORATION
				11200-SST-104				1 1.1	11700-SSX-10B

FIGURE 2F-9 BORING LOG 109 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

REV. 0 (1/82)

ţ

			30,04	915 LI	ант са	MPANY	SH OF				20	201 <b>8</b> 5N	L 10H	T COMP	SH	2 of
BITE DATE	DEAVER VALLEY POVER STATION DF BORING DRIVE/CORE LOCA DRILLED 4/68	- UNT	T NO.1 SRIPPI	DATE_ NGFORT	4-20-6 , PENN RAYMON	SYL VA	JO.NO. 11700 BORING NO	SITE SUMMA	EAVER VALLEY FOMER STATION OF BORING DRIVE/CORE LOC DRILLED 4765 RY OF BORING	ATION	NC.1 C SHJ DRILLE	ATE PPINGE D BY	-20-6 087, 147H0N	PENNSY	JO NO. <u>11 TU</u> BORING NO TVANIA GROUND ELEV <u>669</u> <u>1. INC.</u> LOGGED BY F.KRUKI S.N.S	1' 
		L	544	PLE	T.					Lanner	SA M	PLE		П		
FEET	DESCRIPTION	LOG	want a	RECOV	n		DESCRIPTION	FEET	DESCRIPTION	L 06	1 4 4 9 10.0000 ( P	RE COV			DESCRIPTION	
	CROUMD EL.689.1	:	BORING	NO. 11	0			.		BORIN	G NG. 1	10 (0	NT'D	) 1r		
	DARK BROWN LOAM	<u></u>		Γ		<b></b>				2	553	6			SAME AS SS2, LOCSE	
		$\mathbb{V}$	1						]	0						
			\$51	10			CLAYEY SILT, TRACE OF FINE SAND, MEDIUM			0						
-		1	STI	100\$			AS ST1	ESC		0	SSL	16		s	SAME AS SS2	
-	1		ST2	100\$	72.3		45 ST1			0						
80 -	1		ST 3	100\$			AS ST1	-								
-	FIRM BROWN SAND AND CLAY		ST4	925	24.8		AS ST1, SOFT AND PLASTIC	-			\$S1	25			CSTLY GRAVEL, (WASHED PINE SAND)	
-			ST5	1005				-	AND GRAVEL (WET)	0.0						
-	-		-				4	<u>қ</u> чс -		0	\$56	ş		6	SAME AS SS5, VERY LOOSE	
-	-		576	71 <b>≴</b>			AS STI-			0	1					
570-	4		-					-		0 0						
-	1		STE	96%	7.9		AS ST4 AND SOME FINE SAND	-		٩	<b>\$</b> 5	41			R RECOVERY	
_		1	519	92%	Ż		AS STR	-		0.	\$57	31		6	SAME AS SS2	
-		1	STIC	975			LS STR	630		0						
	]	0	sт	05			IO RECOVERY		]	0	<b>55</b> 8	28		F	INE AS SS2	
		[]	ST11	94\$			NS 576			0						
io -	HEDIUM-COMPACT COARSE BROWN SAND AND GRAVEL	0	552	59			CEDITON TO COARSE SAND WITH SOME SHALL GRAVEL AND TRACE OF SILT, FOCH TO WELL CRADED SUBBOUND NETWIN BOAR			0						
-	4	0.0	2				STREED, SUBROUND, REJUN BROWN	-	1	0	SS9	56		<b>B</b>	AME AS SS2	
-		ţ.	1	-			1	-	HARD GRAY SHALK		\$510	100/2.		┝╌╄	EDION CRAY SHALE, THINLY LANINATE	<u>p</u>
-	1							•~					ļ			
-	4	1					-	-								
-	ł						4	-								
-	4						-		4							
	4						-	-								
-	-						-									
_																
-	]	1							]							
-							-	-								
-																
1160 81,01	MES IN BLOW ON RECOVERY COLUMN D US OF A 140 L9 HANNER FALLING 3 16 A 2 TOO SAMPLE PROON 12" OF IN CHARTE MOUNT OPPOSITE BOCK	ENOTE T O " MEG THE D		1 • 07	1	1		r, Figu BLO DRV SHO	MES IN BLOW OF RECOVERY COLUMN IS OF A 14028 HAMMER FALLING E A 2 " OB SAMPLE BROON 12" IN. FIGURES SHOWN OPPOSITE ROC	DENOTE THE 30" REQU OR THE DIS	E HUNDER IRED TO TANCE EROTE TO	of	<b>L</b>	4		
2.	DYERT IN INCHES AND PERCENT. NUDICATES LOCATION OF SAMPLES NUDCATES LOCATION OF THE NATION			Ī.		1	BORING LOG 110	2 8 3 84	NEAT IN INCIDES AND PERCENT INDICATES LOCATION OF SAMPLES INDICATES LOCATION OF THE NATU		D MATER			ł	BORING LOG 110 (CONT'D)	
TA0	LE THE FIGURE INDICATES THE TIME EN COMPLETION OF CORING	E OF AE			<u> </u>	BE	AVER VALLEY POWER STATION - UNIT NO. 1	TA0	E THE FIGURE INDICATES THE TO EN COMPLETION OF BORING NATURAL BOISTURE CONTENT EXPE	NE OF REA	A PERCEN	1450 -		BEAV	VER VALLEY POWER STATION - UNIT NO	. 1
	PLASTIC LINT, & LIQUE LINT,	- nea AS	DITT 180		°		SHIPPINGPORT, PENKSYLVANIA	3		1		.	_	}	SHIPPINGPORT, PENNSYLVARIA Duguesne light company	
8. 88 7 847	DEROTES SPLIT SPOON, ST DEROT VM IS MEAN SEA LEVEL	E 5 5HC	UT TUBE	ŀ	2	st	DUQUESHE LIGHT COMPANY ONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORPORATION	7 041	HEAN SEA LEVEL			2	,	STO		ATION
				ſ	• <u>; &gt;r</u> =	1	A 11700-554-114					ĩ	1.1	1	11700-55 -1 18	

FIGURE 2F-10 BORING LOG 110 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

			DUQUES			ANY SH_1 OF_2	DUQUESNE LIGHT COMPANY SH 2 OF 2							
SITE BE TYPE O	AVER VALLEY POWER STATION		NC.1 DA		- 20 - 68		SITE BI	BORING DRIVE/CORE LOC		NO.1 D	ATE 4-20	-68 PENNS1		
DATE SUMMA	RY OF BORING	0			AKI NON .	THE DECEMBER OF A LOOP CHARTE	SUMMA	RY OF BORING	(					
ELEV FEET	DRILLER'S DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC L OG	SAMP VyPE	LE	ŕ	LA BORATORY OF GEOLOGIST'S DESCRIPTION	ELEV FEET	DRILLER'S DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC LOG	SA MI	PLE BLOWS RECOV		LABORATORY OF GEOLOGIST'S DESCRIPTION	
	GROUND EL. 690.01		BORING	NO.1	11									
///									1.0.			T.		
-						-	1   -		0				-	
-	BROWN CLAY					-	1   -		0	ss≁	23		SAME AS SS4	
-			st	0≰		NO RECOVERY	-		0					
-			ST 1	100\$	22.2	SILTY CLAY, TRACE OF FIRE SARD, HEDITUR	600 -		0				-	
680 -			ST	<b>∞</b> ≰		NO RECOVERY	-		0	SS7	19		SAME AS SS4	
			st	~	Ì				0				-	
		A								ss8	26		MEDIUM TO COARSE SARD. SILTY. SOME SMALL.	
			512	1005	25.4	SARE AS 511, 30F1		DEND AND UNAVAL, COAMSE	0.				GRAVEL, SUBROUNDED, WELL GRADED-COMPACT-	
		H.	57	o <b>⊀</b>		NO RECOVERY			0.					
-				Č			630 -			659	51		- SAMR AS SSR MEDTIM GRAY	
670 -	BROWN SANDY CLAY	A	ST 3	83≰		SAME AS ST2	-		.0,					
-			st-	175	32,3	SAME AS STO	-		0				-	
-		A	_		Å	-	-		0	6510	6C/7"		SAME AS SS9, WITH PLECES OF SANDSTONE (BOULDERS)	
_			51	<b>"</b>		-	-		0.0				-	
			552			VERY FINE SAND, SILTY TRACE OF GRAVEL, UNIFORM, SUBROUNDED, NEDIUM BROWN	670 -		. 0	5311	70/2"		HEDIUM DO BARK GRAY BEALE. ROCK SURFACE PARTLY SOFT	
	GRAY SANDY SILT		ST 5	92%		SAME AS SS2		GRAT SHALL, REPOSAL					_	
000 -		0	s <b>s</b> 3	13		FINE TO MEDIUM SAND, SILTY, TRACE OF								
-	SAND AND GRAVES.	0.0				BROWN								
		0				-	-						-	
-		0	ss4	9		LOOSE SANDY CRAVEL	-						-	
		0				-	-						-	
650 -		00				SAMP AS SSL							-	
	SAND		337	17		SAND AD SST							-	
						<u>+-11</u>	1   _						-	
							] ] _							
			l											
						-	1   -							
						-	1   -						-	
						-	-						-	
						-	-					Į	-	
-							-						-	
								L				1		
I. FIGUR	ES IN BLOW ON RECOVERY COLUMN   S OF A 14OLS HANNER FALLING ] A 2 " OF SAMPLE SPOOL? " C A FAMILES MOUNT GAPOILS AND	С 10 1 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	NUMBER I	o <b>f</b>			I. FIGU BL.OT DRIV	NES MI BLOW OR NECOVERY COLUMN IS OF A 140 LE MAMMER FALLINE . L A 2" OD BAMPLE SPOCH 12" IN. FIGUREE GHOWN OPPOSITE ROC	DENOTE TH 30 " MEQU OR THE DIS K CORES DI	E NUMBER INED TO TANCE ENGTE TH	or			
2.	VERY IN INCIDES AND PERCENT. NORATES LOCATION OF SAMPLES					BORING LOG	2 .	WERT IN INCHES AND PERCENT. INDEATES LOCATION OF SAMPLES.			[]		BORING LOG 111 (CORT 15)	
TABL 47 TE	THE FIGURE INDICATES THE TIN	BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION - UNIT NO. 1	TABL	E. THE FINANE INDICATES THE TH	WE OF REA	D-180 (HDL	•••   <del> </del>		MEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION - UNIT NO. 1					
	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT EXPR Ry Weight of Schl. Plastic Light, W. Liquid Light,			× 3		SHIPPIN GPORT, PERNSYLVANIA		NAISTAL BOISTUNE CORTENT EXPR NY WEIGHT OF SOL PLASTIC LIBIT, N. LIQUO LIBIT,	1 LIQUID		×  3		SHIPPIN GPORT, PENNSYLVANIA	
0. 85 1 7 DATU	ENDTES SPLIT SPOON, ST DEND <sup>N 18</sup> NEAN SEA LEVEL	TE'S BHELDY	TUBE	2		DUQUESNE LIGHT COMPANY	7 DAT	DENOTES BALLT SPOON, ST DENO 18 18 HEAN SEA LEVEL	ITES SHELT	N TUBE	2		DUQUESIE LIGHT COMPANY	
l				1	1211 Aul	11200-558-124					12	1	4.11700-55X-12B	
				11		نتــــته						<u> </u>		

i

FIGURE 2F-11 BORING LOG 111 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



FIGURE 2F-12 BORING LOG 112 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT
		D	UQUESNE	LICHT	сокр	YKA	SH 1_ OF 2		······································			n qrisov	£ 119⊧	T COMPANY SH OF
SITE TYPE C DATE SUMMA	SEAVER VALLEY POVER STATI M BORING <u>DRIVE/CORE</u> LOC DRILLED <u>4/8/69</u> RY OF BORING	AT ION	T NO.1 SHIPP DRILLE	DATE IN GPOF	720/6	H NSYLVA	JO NO. 1700 BORING NO 113 MIA GROUND ELEV 212.9' 	SITE J TYPE DATE SUMMA	BEAVER VALLEY ICVEN STATION OF BORINGDRIVE/CONE LOCA DRILLED 4/8/66	- UNIT	NO.1 SHIPI DRILL	DATE INGECT	- 20-48 17, PEN RAYMON	JO NO. 11770 BORING NO. 113 INSTLVANIE GROUND ELEV. 717-37 D INTTL-INC. LOGGED BY F.KMINI & M.J.
									Y				T	····
ELEV FEET	DRILLER'S DESCRIPTION	CRAPHIC LOG	TYPE	AL CONS			LABORATORY ON GEOLOGIST'S DESCRIPTION	ELEV FEET	DRILLER'S DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC LOG	SA I	AFCOV		LABORATORY De GEOLOGIST'S DESCRIPTION
_	GROUTHD ML. 712.9'	в	ORING N	0. 113	3			660.		BOF	ING NO	. :13	( CONT	
		777	1							0				
-	YERY SOFT BROWN SANDY		.ss)				SILTY CLAY WITH PLANT ROOTS, PLASTIC,				SS	1.8		LOST SAMPLE
10 -			\$ <b>\$</b> 2	41			SOFT, SLIGHT FIRE SAND, MEDIUM BROWN ~ MEDIUM SAND, SILTY, SOME GRAVEL, POORLY			0 3	\$\$12	11		SAME AS SS)
-	1	0					GRADED, COMPACT, SUBARGULAR, MEDIUM - BROWE		LOOSE COARGE BROWN SAND	0. I	Ss! }	13		SAME AS SS3
-	1	a ,					1		JUND SRAVEL (VET)	÷.,				
-		٥	\$53	15			MEDIUM TO COARSE SAND AND SKALL AND TADION GRAVEL. SLICHT BILL, WELL CRADED,	690		د. .ر.				
-		0					SUBANGULAR, NÉDIUM BROWN ~	-	1	Δ	SS14	18		SAME AS SS3
- 00	HEDJUH-COMPACT COARSE	0					-		4	. 0.				-
-		0	]	10			Jane av 30)		1	.0.				-
-	-	1.40					+	.	4	0.	SS15	17		SAME AS SS3
-	4	0	585	70			NECOVERY IS RESIDUAL SAND, UNIFORM	640	4					
-	4	0					(GRINDING AND WEATHERING OF BOULDERS) AND PINCES OF BROKEN ROCK (GANDSTONE) COARSE POORLY GRADED, LIGHT TO NEDIUM BROWN			0	\$516	6.2		EAME AS SED CONDACT
6 <b>9</b> 0 -	4	°.					-		-	$\sigma$	00.0	.,		
_			856	18			SAME AS SS)	-	COMPACT COARSE BROWN SAND	· 0				-
-		1.0	]				4		-	·0·	SS17	90		SANCE AS SS16
_		0						630		<i>⊙∙</i> 0.				-
_		0	6-57	79			SAME. AS 555 AND SOME SMALL GRAVEL			0				
<b>R</b> o .	]									0	\$518	51		TAME AS \$516
										. 0				
			858	23			54NE 43 553		HARD GRAY SHALE (DRY)	E	S\$19	1 00 / 2'		BROKEN PIECES OF DARK GRAY SHALE, HARD AND COMPACT
-	1	0					-		1		N'Y	0.75		
-	HEDIUN-COMPACT FIRE TO	0						620	1			748		HORIZONTAL, TRACK OF LEAVES, THIN PYRITE
~	TRACE OF GRAVEL (VET)		539	28			VERT FIRE SILTY MARD AND SORE COARSE SAND UNIPORN, SUBAR CULAR, MEDIUK BROWN	-	CORED HARD GRAY SHALE					95.4' MEDIUM SANDSTONE 2" SBAM
,70 -		1.0	1				-	-			кх	90 <b>\$</b>		95'-100' BREAKS 1"-6" (BETWEER 95'-96' A HORE SANDY INTERVAL)
-	4	0	<b>58</b> 10	17	72		8ANB 48 553		1	E				-
-	LOOSE COARSE BROWN SAND AND GRAVIE. (WET)	0.			Įŧ		-	· · ·	4					-
-	4	0					4	61C .	-	E	их	10:5		104105- DARK GRAY THINLY-LAMINATED
-	4		8511	14	ł		SAME 45 853	.	-	E				100'-105' PARTINGS TO 16"
<b>66</b> 0		- A	' <b> </b>		_		<b></b> //		4	目	N X	005		106.5' FINE LINESTONE 1/2" SEAM 107.5'-107.9'CARBONACEOUS SHALE 1/4" COAL AT 107.6'
-	4							-	-					105'-107.6' PARTINGS TO 14" 107.9'-108.3' CARBONACEOUS SRALE WITH 20~
-							-			+				DISTORED LATERING UNDERGASTORD
												<u> </u>		
8.01 98.01 98.01	MES IN BLOW ON RECOVERY COLUMN INS OF A 14O LB HAMMER FALLING E A 2 "OD SAMPLE SPOON 12" NH. FIGLIES MOWIN OPPOSITE RO	DENOTE TO 30 " RED OR THE DO	NE NUMBER UNED TO STANCE DENOTE TO	• •7				Pigu BL Of Dhiv Shor	MES IN BLOW ON BECOVERY COLUMN C WS OF A 140 LB HAWNER FALLING 3 (E A 2 "OD SAMPLE SFOON 12 0 WR. FROMES SHOWN OPPOSITE ROCH	DENOTE TH 30 " REQU IP THE DIS C CORES O	E NUMBE MED TO TANCE INGTE T	• of		
2. 📲 1. 🐺	INVERT HE INCHES AND PERCENT. INDICATES LOCATION OF SAMPLES. RE-CATES LOCATION OF THE NATI			[	F	1	BORING LOG 183	2. <b>1</b> 3. <del>1</del>	INDICATES LOCATION OF SAMPLES MDICATES LOCATION OF SAMPLES MDICATES LOCATION OF THE HATUR		-		F	BORING LOG 113 (CONT'D)
TADI APT	LE. THE FIGURE INDICATES THE T ER COMPLETION OF BORING. Ratural monsture content exp		A PERCEN	TAGE	,	88	AVER VALLET POWER STATION - UNIT BO. 1 SHIPPINGPORT DEPRESSIVANTA	4 TA	LE. THE FIGURE HOLLATES THE THE ER COMPLETION OF BORING - NATURAL BOSTURE CONTENT EXPRI-	E 9560 AB -	PERCEI	TAR	,	BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION . UNIT NO. 1
3 m, 1	UNY WENNY OF SOLL. PLASTIC LIMIT, & LIQUID LIMIT, BENOTES SPLIT BOOM, ST DEM	J. LIQUI DTES SHEL	0177 WD0	*	-	1	DU QUESSE LI GET COMPANY	9 4, 1 6 83	DRY WEIGHT OF SOLL. PLASTIC LIMIT & LIQUID LIMIT DENOTES SPLIT SPOON, ST DENOT	IL LIBUID				SHIPPINGPONT, PENNSYLVANIA Duquesne light company
7 0471	NU IS REAR SEA LEVEL			ļ	1 5 16 6	9T		7 041	WEAR SEA LEVEL			1		STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORPORATION
1				ľ	121	1	A 11 700 SOT 114						1.1	11700-SSX-148

FIGURE 2F-13 BORING LOG 113 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



FIGURE 2F-14 BORING LOG 114 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

		DUQ	URSNELIC	HT COMPA	JY SH 1 OF 1		<del></del>	]		T CONPARY SH 2 OF 3		STOR SCOOL		000038	LIGHT	JIPANY SH.3.
ITE M	TAYER VALLEY POWER STATION	- UNIT NO. 1	DATE 4/20	/68	J.O. NO. 11700 BORING NO. 115	SITE BE	AVER VALLEY POWER STATIC	N - UNIT NO. 1	DATE _4-20-0	58 J.O. NO. 11700 BORING NO. 115	SITE	BRAVER VALLET POWER STA	100 - UNIT 1	10.1 DATE	4-20-68	J.O. No 11700 BORING No
YPE OF	BORING DRIVE/CORE LOCA	TIONS	HIPPIN GPO	RT, PROF	SYLVARIA GROUND ELEV. 735-5	TYPE O	BORINGORIVE/CORE LO	CATION SHIPPI	NGPORT, PER	SYLVANIA GROUND ELEV. 735.5'	TYPE	OF BORING DELVE/CORE		GEL PPTH	PORT, P	BELTANIA GROUND ELEV. 735.5'
ATE C	DRILLED 4/12/68	DRILLI			LOGGED BY COMPATING & HOL	DATE D	RILLED <u>4/12/68</u>		D BY RAYNO	D THT LINC. LOGGED SWOMMUDILES & N.S.		DRILLED	DI	RILLED &	RATHOND	INT'L INC. LOSSED BY VINDETTINE & R
			4 m F 1				<u></u>	1 1 345								
LEV.	DRILLER'S	LOG	R. Bes		LABORATORY OF SEOLOGIST'S DESCRIPTION	ELEV.	DRILLER'S DESCRIPTION	LOG	BLOWS	LABORATORY ON BEOLOGIST'S DESCRIPTION	FEET	DRILLER'S	LOB	THE BUSH	-	LABORATORY OR SEOLOGIST'S
			THECON.						<u>MCCQV, I I</u>				<u>1</u>	WHERE ! HECH	<u> </u>	
_	GROUND III. 735.5'	BOR	ING NO. 1	15	4	680		BURLING		1·····		-	B	DRING NO.	115 (0001	(D)
777		0. SS1	16		FIRE TO NEDIUM SAID. SILTY, SOME SHALL			5S16	76	SAME AS SS11		TO LG. GRAVEL AND BOUL	AR ST	8837 19	TT	
٦	SAND AND GRAVEL	0			GRAVIEL, POORLY GRADED, SUBROUNDED, NEDIUM BROWN			0				SHALE				
-		0			· •			O, S\$17	58	M.A. SAME AS SS11 -		1				
730-		- 0	10		SAME AS SST WITH PIRCES OF BOTTIDER TO			. ∆. ∎ ssi 8	18	SAME AS SSI		-		<b>X</b> 10	*	DEDIUM GRAY SHALE, HORI 200 TAL FOLLI
		· 0,			GRAVEL			Ó.			620	CITED SHALE	EH			INGS AND ALSO FIRITE FILMS.
		a				670			70	SAME AS SS11						THUM 1"-4" TO 115'8"
1		0 483	14	P(. A.	SAME AS SS1, WITHOUT GRAVEL	070 -		0		-		1		NX 100	*	115'8"-118" PARTINGS 1"-++ 118"-120'8" PARTINGS TO 6"
	ł	0					OF SILT WITH GRAVEL, SMA TO LARGE	LL 0 5520	26 72	- A. SAME AS SS11 -						119' MEDIUM SANDSTONE, 2" SEAM
J	1							4 SS21	5 목	SICHE AS \$511		-	11			1
		0 SS4	12		SAME AS SS1, WITH PIECES OF BOULDER AND			<u>م</u>								1
20-		- 2				1		S522	16	N. A. SAME AS SS11		1				1
-	ł					-				-	610	4				
			1 (		4			0.	27	SAME AS SS11		4				
		.0	10		SAME AS SSL	600		. Or 5524	15	SAME AS SSI !						
1	SHOWE, COARSE SAND TRACE	0						٥	-7			1				
4	TO LARGE					-		o 5825	20	SAME AS SS11 -		-				
10_		0		<b>.</b>				0		-		-				
		0	10		3478 #3 304			0	18	SAME AS SS11						1
1	1	0			1			· 0. 8527	26	SAME AS SS11		1				
4	4	. 0 \$\$7	15		SLINE AS 554	650 _		0		-		-				
_		0					DENSE GREEN, BAND, GRAV	B828	34	SANCE AS \$511		4				
		0					bottonia, anna orer		1.7							1
1	1	0			1	1		_0_		SUALL GRAVEL AND VEATERED SHALE, MEDIUM						
°0 -	1	538	27	H. A.	HEDIUTH TO COARSE SAID AND SMALL GRAVEL	-		\$\$30	23	A.A. MEDIUM TO COARSE SAED, TRACE OF SILT, ON-		1	11	Í		
_		· • · <b>·</b>			NED SOME SILT, WELL GRADED, SUBROTHDED, NEDITH BROWN		GREEN MEDIUM TO COARSE			-		4				
						640		<b>SS</b> 31	26	SAME AS 5530		]				
1	1	<b>0 3 3 9</b>	"		SARE 45 350					-		]				
4	1	5510	44		PIECES OF LIGHT GRAY VEATHERED SANDSHORE	1		↓	37			1				1
4	4	l⊷ T			AND SUBROUNDED GRAVEL AND SOME SUBROUNDED			0. \$\$33	28	SANG AS SS29 AND SOME COAL INCLUSIONS -		-				
•0-		<sup>0</sup> <b>551</b> 1	-0		MEDIUN SAND, TRACE OF SILT AND BROKEN BOULDER, UNIFORM, SOME GRAVEL, SUBAROULAB		GREEN FIRE TO COARSE SAND WITH GRAVEL AND RO	a je j				1				
-		0	64	<b>.</b>	REPLAY RECTAN		FRAGMENTS, SOME SILT	-0		Dana & 3027						
٦	1	0						SS 35	28	SAME AS \$530	.	1				
-	4	SS13 ا	41	M. 4.	SAME AS SS8	630 -		ā		-		4				
	]	<u> </u>						- O. SS 36	32	M.A. SAME AS \$\$30		4				
		<b>∆S</b> S14	95		SAKE AS SS11			1-1-								
	1	ss15	98		SAKE AS SS11	1				-		]				
680 -			+		↓//	-				-		4				
_	4									-		-		ļ		
neu	ALS IN BLOW OR MECOVERY COLUMN	SENOTE THE NUMBER	(# OF			1. Pisua	ES IN BLOW OR RECOVERY COLUMN	DENOTE THE HUNDER			1 1 2	WARS IN BLOW OR RECOVERY COLU	IN DENOTE THE			
	TO UP ALTO LE MAMMER FALLING IL A 2 " OG EAMPLE SPOOR 12" - DEL FIGURES SHOWE APPOSITE RAT	CONTENDINED TO THE DISTANCE CONTENDING					A 2 TOD SAMPLE SPOON 12	OF THE DISTANCE	-			WE A 2 OD SAMPLE BROOM 12	DE THE DIGTA	NICE		
HCC	OVERY IN INCIDES AND PERCENT. INDICATES LOCATION OF SAMPLES.		T		808186 1 00 115	2.	TERY IN INCHES AND PERCENT. INDICATES LOCATION OF SAMPLES			BORING LOG US(CONTIN)	2. 📕	OVERY IN INCHES AND PERCENT, INDICATES LOCATION OF SAMPLE	te.			
14.81 14.81	SENCATES LOCATION OF THE NATURE. THE FIGURE INDICATES THE TIL	IAL BROWND WATER	iourisi 4			3. UTABL	NDICATES LOCATION OF THE NAT . The Figure indicates the 1 . Completion of robing	URAL GROUND WATER	was)			- MUICATES LOCATION OF THE N BLE. THE FHURE INDICATES THE TER CONFLETION OF ADDIMA	TIME OF READ	CERLON PR		BRAVER VALLEY POWER STATION _ THITE
	TH COMPLETION OF BORING. MATURAL MOISTUNE CONTENT EXPR BRY WENNY OF SOLL.	E 8 360 AS A PERCE	1 TAK 3	"	SHIPPIN GPORT, PENN SYLVANIA	0.0	ATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT EXI	RESSED AS A PERCEN	174GE 3	BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATICH - UNIT NO. 1		- NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT E	XPRESSED AS A	PERCENTAGE	3	SELPPINOPORT, PINERSTLVARIA
	PLASTIC LINT, & LIGHT LINT, DENOTES BPLIT BROOM, ST DENO	IL LIQUIDITY HE Tet shelby tube		=	DUQUESNE LIGHT COMPANY	5. 4, - 1 6. 85 D	PLASTIC LINIT, & LIQUED LINIT ENGTES SPLIT SPOON, ST DEP	. 1. LIQUIDITT HON NOTES SHELBY TUBE.	"   ===	SHIPPINGPOHT, PERNSYLVANIA		- PLASTIC LIMIT, & LIQUID LIM Denotes split spgon, st d	T I LIQUIDIT	TUBE.		DUQUESEE LIGHT CONDANY
олт.	UM IS MEAN SRA LEVEL A. 4. INNCEANICAL ANALYAIS		2	51		7 DATU	" MEAN SEA LEVEL		ALL LLE	STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORPORATION	7.04	NEAR SEA LEVEL			- 	STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CONFOR
				<u></u>	Δ	1 0. 84	- RELHARICAL ARALYSIS			A	1				<u></u>	<b>A</b>

FIGURE 2F-15 BORING LOG 115 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

REV. 0 (1/82)

ŝ

		DUQ	UESNE LIGHT O	ONPARY SH OF		<u>+-</u>	DUQUE	SWE LIGHT	CONPARY 8H_2_ of _3			D	QUESINE L	IGAT C
HTE 🗶	AVER VALLEY POWER STATIO	H - UNIT NO.	1 DATE 4-20-	68 10. No. 11700 BORING No. 116	BITE	BEAVER VALLEY POWER STAT	ION - UNIT NO.1	ATE _4-20	-68 10. NO. 11700 BORING NO. 116	SITE	BRAVER VALLEY POWER STA	LIGH - UNIT M	DATE	<u> </u>
DATE D	BORING DELVE COLUS LOCA	ATION <u>SRIP</u>	LEO BY RAY	NONDINT'L.INC. LOSSED BY B.B. & M.S.	DATE	DRILLED 3-30-68	CATION DRILLE	D BY <u>RA</u>	TASYLVALLA GROUND ELEV. 734.6	DATE	DRILLED 3-30-68	DR	LLED D	Y RA
	AY OF BORING			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							ARY OF BORING			
ELEV.	DMILLER'S			LABORATORY OF SEOLOGIST'S	ELEV	ORILLER'S	BRAFTEC BAN		LABORATORY OF BEOLOGIST'S	ELEV.	DRILLER'S	mane	SAUPLE	ਜ
TET	GROUND EL. 734.6'	BORING M	0. 116	DESCRIPTION	FEET	DESCRIPTION	LOG MARKA	96 GBYL	DESCRIPTION		DESCRIPTION	L06 0		
A NUMBER OF STREET	and the second sec	B81	13	FINE TO MEDIUM SAND, TRACE OF SILT,	680		BORING NO	. 116 6097		{ }			23 1007	2
-				UNIFORM, SUBANGULAR TO SUBROUNDED, MEDIUM BROWN		-	Ŏ <sup>3512</sup>	68	SA MB 48 557	{ }	4		: 100\$	1
730 _	BROWN FINE COARSE SAND TRACE OF GRAVEL HOIST	•				-	0		-	620	4			
-		852	13	MEDION TO COASE SAND, TRACE OF SILT AND SMALL ORAVEL, INCLUSIONS OF COAL, UNIFORM, SUBROUNDED, MEDION BROWN		4	D 8513	27	SAME AS SS7 AND SOME COAL INCLUSIONS	{ }	4		100	*
-						4	$O_{\mathfrak{o}}$		-	{	GRAY SHALE			
-		Õ 🛤	68	PARTLY BROKER BOULDERS, TRACE OF SMALL	670	COMPACT BROWN FINE			-	1	4			
-		60		SAND (SANDSTONE) AND ALLUVIAL SAND		COARSE SAND AND GRAVEL,	0	<sup>52</sup> 7	64 MG A8 3613		4		X 100	1
720 -		0				4	0.0	Å		610	4			
-		00 554	83	SAME AS SS3, NO ROUNDED MATERIAL VISIBLE		4	00 <sub>8515</sub>	26	SAME AS SS13 WITH CONSIDERABLE HOULDERS ~		4			
-		l °Q				1	0				4		· 80	"
-		0 BS5	40	BROKEN LIGHT GRAY SANDETONE, LIGHT GRAY - RESIDUAL SAND, TRACE OF SMALL GRAVEL	660	1	0 8916		-		1		-	1
1		00		AND SOME ALLOWIAL GAND -	ļ	4	0				4			
10 -	CONTACT BROWN FINE,	0		-		1	္ပံု		-	600	1			
-	COARSE SAND AND GRAVEL, BOULDERS	0	5	MODIUM TO COARSE SAMD WITH SMALL GRAVEL AND SLIGHT SILT, WEATHERED, POORLY GRADED, SUBARGULAR: ISOLATED BROKER		4	6 6 6 8 8 17	49	PINE TO COARSE SAND, SILTY, SOME SMALL AND MEDIUM GRAVEL, WELL GRADED, SUB-		1			
- 1		20				1	0		DARK VALIGATED		1			
-			46	MEDIUM SILTY SAND, POORLY GRADED, WITH	650	BROWN FINE-MEDIUM SAND SOME SMALL GRAVEL, MOIS	0 o 1	40			1			
1		0		COARSE, REDION BROWN		1	0		-		4			
° 1		0		-		BRAY BINTY FIRE, MEDIOM	0		-		-			
1		00		NO ROUNDED PARTS MOSTLY RESIDUAL SAND		SAND FINE CRAVEL	00 <sup>is19</sup>	33	SAME AS SS17, MEDIUM GRAY		1			
1		0				1	0				1			
-1		O 659	40	FINE TO MEDIUN SAND, SLIGHT SILT, TRACE	640	•	0 	37	SAKE AS SS17, MEDIUM GRAY		1			
-		0		STONE) UMBIPORM SUBANGULAR, MEDIUM BROWN		1	0		-		1			
~ 1			79	MEDIUM SILTY SAND, UNIFORM, SUBANGULAR TO		1					1			
1		0		COARSE, MEDIUM BRÓWN -		GRAY FIRE COARSE SILTY	0 5521	79	FIRE TO COARSE SAND, SOME SILT AND GRAVEL, WITH WELL GRADED SUBANGULAR TO SUBNOUND, NEDIUM GRAV, IN THE LOWER		1			
-		0		1		DAND, SHALL GRAVE, WEI	0		LAYERS PIECES OF SHALE, BROKEN		-			
-		0 . <b>1</b> 511	58	SAME AS SS7	630	1	0 522	28			1			
. 1		O ه.ه				1	0		-					
~ 1						1	.0		1-1		]			
1						1					]			
1						]			-					
1. 716UR	ES IN OLOU OR RECOVERY COLUMN I B OF A 140 LB HANNER FALLING 3		10 DF		1. ne	UNES IN BLOW OR RECOVERY COLUMN WE OF A 1+0 LE MANMER FALLING	DENOTE THE HUMORN 30" REQUIRED TO	0/		1. PNL 81.0	MES IN BLOW DE RECOVERY COLLE NES OF A 140 B HAUMER FALLE		NOCE OF	
	A 2 00 BAMPLE SPOON 12" C A PRAMES BROWN GPOSITE AGG VERV IN INCHES AND PERCENT. INCOMPATION OF ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL AL	NI THE DISTANCE COMES DENOTE	יאב ר <u>ד</u> י			THE C THE AND PLE BOOM 12 THE FIGURES MOUTH DEPOSITE IC CVERT IN INCHES AND PERCENT. Nocates location of same for	UNI THE DENGTE TH ICK COMES DENGTE TH	' <u></u>			THE C WE CARE STORES STORES WE FIGURES SHOW IN OPPOSITE OVERY IN INCHES AND PERCENT. NORCATES LOCATION OF DAMMAN	UN THE DISTAN ROCK COMES DENO: LL.	र्त्त गलाः 	r <del></del>
	NUMBER LECATION OF THE RATURE L. THE FIGURE MERCATES THE THE E. CHIEF FIGURE MERCATES THE THE	AL BROUND WAT		BORING LOG 116		BUDICATES LOCATION OF THE HAT BLE. THE FIGURE INDICATES THE T TER COMPLETION OF BORISS	URAL GROUND WATER	na  4	BORING LOG 116 (CONT'D) BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION - INTT NO		MANGATES LOCATION OF THE M LE. THE FRURE INDICATES THE ER COMPLETION OF MORING	ATURAL INCUMO IN TIME OF READING	ITER I (HOURS)	1
4. 4. 1	MATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT EXPR			SHIPPINGPORT, PENNSYLVANIA		- RATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT EXI ORY MEIGHT OF SOIL. - PLASTIC LIMIT, & LIQUID LIMIT	PRESSED AS A PERCEN		SHIPPINCPORT, PENNSYLVANIA	4 4 4 67 5 4	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT E DRY WEIGHT OF BOIL. PLASTIC LIMIT, T. LIQUID LIM	XPRESSED AS A PE	HER TARE	3
8. 85 8 7 04Tu	ENOTES SPLIT BROOM, ST DEND N 18 NRAT SKA LEVICL	TER BHELDY TU	2	DUQUESKE LIGHT COMPANY	6. 80 7. 041	DEMOTES SPLIT SPOON, ST BET	NOTE'S SHELBY TUBE	2	DUQUESKE LIGHT OCHPARY	6. 80 7. DAT	DEMOTES SPLIT MOON, ST C	CHOTES SHELEY T		2
			THE REAL	11700-SSK-174				MP.C.G					ľ	710

т со	NPANY 8H 3 or 3	
<u>-20-</u> 1, P	68 40 NO. 11700 BORING No. 116	
RAY	MUNDINT . LINC. LOGED BY E.B. & M.S.	
_		
-	LABORATORY ON SEOLOGIST'S	┨
	DESCRIPTION	
	DARK GRAY SHALE, THINLY LANIRATED	
	DARI GAY AGULT REFUTED OF ROLLITION BRIDGAL, MOTT E DENEMO FIRITI; AD DEVEL FRANKEN OF ATTENS DEVEL FRANKEN AT 1-3- ITENALS LOWER 2 ROCK IS SOTEN, MODY (WAITEREED)	s
	115-120 PTBCBB 2"-10", 41 1181 MEDEDM Sundstore 2" Seam	
	120-125 PARTING TO 114-	
	128 'DARK GRAY THIRLY LANTHATED PAPER SHALE, FLAT LIING 128 (5' FINE LINGSTONE 1/2" SEAM 125-130'LOST 1' OF CORE BECAUGE OF SLIP- PIRG THE CORE CATCHED.	
		1
		1
		1
	-	1
		1
		1
	-	1
		1
	-	1
	-	1
	-	1
Ì	-	1
		1
	-	1
	-	1
	-	ł
		<b>1</b>
	-	ł
	-	+
	BORING LOS 116 (CONT'D)	1
	BRAVER VALLEY POWER STATION - UNIT NO. 1	
	SHIPPINGPORT, PENNSYLVANIA Digineste i loht company	
TQ		
1	11700-SSK-17C	J

FIGURE 2F-16 BORING LOG 116 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



FIGURE 2F-17 BORING LOG 117 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

						REV. 0 (1/82)
CLIENT CUQUESN INIT. LTH 2.8 VISUAL CLASSIFIC	ATICN BROWN	JC In Silty Clay	8 SITE BEAVER VALLE IT. DIA 1.4	Y	J.∎0. R0P [1 S&MP	NO 11700 NG 109 LF ST3
CATE 7/10/68		TE	ST BY KLP		TEST	H 7 FT. NO 109-3N
						SKETCH
WATER CONTENT						
SPECIMEN LOCATION CONTAINER NG WT CONTAINER + WET WT CONTAINER + DRY WT WATER WT CONTAINER WT DRY SOIL	SDIL (G) SCIL (G) (G) (G) (G)	TOF 111 42.20 37.40 4.80 11.70 25.70		MIDDLE 110 47.50 41.50 6.00 11.40 30.10	BCTT0 112 37.00 32.60 4.40 11.40 21.20	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~
WATER CONTENT	PERCENT	18.68		19.93	20.75	
ELAPSED TIME (MINS)	VERT CIAL (IN)	AXTAL LOAD (LBS)	CORRECTED AREA (FT*+2)	GAGF RFADING (PSI)	STRAIN (PERCENT)	COMP. STRESS {LBS/FT**2}
1.00	C.C G.940 O.060 C.089 O.100 C.120 C.140 G.160 C.180 C.180 C.209	0.0 9.218 14.530 19.842 22.498 22.498 22.498 22.498 22.498 22.498 22.498 22.498	C.01069 C.01085 C.01092 0.01100 0.01169 0.01169 0.01125 C.01134 O.01142 C.01151	0.0 0.700 0.900 1.100 1.200 1.200 1.200 1.200 1.200 1.200	0.0 1.429 2.143 2.857 3.571 4.286 5.000 5.714 6.429 7.143	0.0 849.076 1330.084 1803.091 2029.418 2014.386 1999.353 1984.320 1969.288 1954.255
RATE O	F STRAIN IS	7.143(PERCENT/MIN)			MAX COMP STRES	55 2029-418
					FIGURE 21 UNCONFINI BORING 14 BEAVER VA	F-18 ED COMPRESSION TEST D9 - TEST NO- 109-3N ALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1

UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

. . .

CLIENT DUQUE SNF INIT. LTH 5.6		0.0.0111	JOB S INIT.	ITE BEAVER VALLEY DIA 2.9		J.N. 9.0R1 5.A.MD	NO 11700 NG 109 DIE ST6	REV. 0 (1/82)
VISUAL CLASSIFIC	TION	REDMM				DEPT	H 13-15 FT.	
DATE 8/1/69			TEST	BY KLP		TEST	. NO 109-6 N	
							60° A	SKETCH 60.
WATER CONTENT							<u> </u>	
SPECIMEN LOCATION			Т ОР 46	H0	TTOM 50			
WT CONTAINER + WET	SOL	(G)	153.90	116	.20			
WT CONTAINER + DRY	SOLE	(G)	131-80	97	•4			
WT WATER		(G)	22-10	18	10L 70		_	
WT CONTAINER		(G)	57 <u></u> 80	17	.70			
WI DRY SUIL		(6)	40.00		•••			
WATER CONTENT	PERCF	ΝT	23.02	23	•59			
		0144		CONSECTED AREA	GAGE READING	STRAIN	COMP. STR	- c c
(MINS)	VER 1	N)	(LBS)	(FT**2)	(PSI)	(PEPCENT)	UBS/FT**	2)
34 30	0.	c	C • 0	(.04276	0.C	2.0	e.t	
	<b>0.</b>	020	30.466	6.94291	1.500	0.357	719.944	
i	0.	040	54.371	0-04357	2.400	€.714	1262-436	
	0.	060	75.619	0.34322	3.200	1.071	1749.487	
	0.	080	96.867	0.04339	4.000	1.429	2232-936	
	C.	100	118.116	0.14354	4-800	1.736	2712.938	
	0.	120	136-708	2.04370	5.500	2.143	3129.559	
	е.	140	149.988	0.74396	6.000	2.500	3410.947	
	0.	160	165.925	0.04402	6.600	2.857	1769.459	(
	Ũ.	180	179.205	0.04418	7.100	3.214	4056-199	
	0.	200	187.173	0.04434	7+400	3. 271	4220-710	
	c.	220	195.141	3.04451	7.199	1.929	4344.207	
	υ.	240	203.109	0.04468	8.000	4.230	4041.395	
	0.	260	208.421	0.04484	7.200 P.500	4.543	4047.055	
	0.	280	210.389	0.04501	5+ 500 8- 600	5 357	4307.475	
	0.	300	214.045	0 94515	8 900	5 714	5/75.526	
	<u>o</u> .	320	2274 470	0.04932	9.00	5. 71	5044.940	- 1
	0.	340	227.017	0.04570	9.010	6.427	5625.185	
	G.	200	2270 670 220 670	0-04587	9.000	6.786	5716.605	
	0.	400	227.014	0.04605	8.900	7.143	4979.747	
	. U.	420	227.014	0.04623	8,900	7.500	4910.781	
	<u> </u>	460	224.357	4.04641	8,800	7.357	4334.596	
	0.		ととべきノン・		-			

RATE DE STRAIN IS 1.355 (PERCENT/MEN)

MAX COMP STRESS 5044.969

FIGURE 2F-20 UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST BORING 109 - TEST NO. 109-6N BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

	SPECIMEN LOG CONTAINER NU WT CONTAINER WT CONTAINER WT WATER WT CONTAINER WT DRY SOIL WATER CONTEN	ATION + WET SUIL (G) + DRY SOIL (G) (G) (G) (G) T PERCENT	MIDDLE 13 232:56 192:66 39:90 16:40 176:20 22:64					
					CAGE READING	516414	COMP. STRESS	
	(MINS)	(IN)	(LBS)	(F1**2)	(PSI)	(PERCENT)	(LRS/FT**2)	
	9.20	6.0	6.0	0 04276	C . G	0.0	0.0	
		0.03	0.219	0.04210	0.700	(.357	214.804	
		0.020	7.217	0.24307	0 300	1 714	337.375	
		0.040	19 9 ( )	0.04307	1 100	1.071	459 059	
		0.060	17.047	0.14322	1.100	1.474	579.856	
		0.080	23.134	0.04356	1 500	1 746	697 764	
		0.10	31.400	0.04.174	1.600	7 164	759 000	
		0.120	33.122	0.04374	1.800	2.143	474 341	
		0-146	38.434	0.04385	2.000	7 3 5 7	601 NO1	
		0-160	43.747	0.04402	2.000	2	1110 413	
		0.180	49.059	0.04415	2.200	3.714	1110.413	
		0.200	54.371	0.04434	2.410	3. 11	1220.107	
		0.270	59.683	0.04431	2.000	1.724	1/5/ 03/	
		0.240	54.995	0.04438	7.050	4.24	1567 847	
		0.260	10.307	J. 54454	3.100	5 0 30	1421 367	
		0.280	12.963	0.04519	3.300	5 357	1732 691	
		0.300	10.213	0.04918	3.600	5 71 /	10/1-660	
		0.320	80.241	0.04557	3.000	5 (7)	1957 721	
		0.340	00.044 01 Ete	0.04570	3,800	6- 420	2003 677	
		0. 160	1.JJJ	0.04587	6 000	6 786	2111.629	
		0.390	90.00/	0,04405	4.200	7 143	2211.894	
		0.400	102.100	0.04503	6 600	7 500	2125 271	
		0.420	113 804	0.04641	4.600	7. +57	2430.761	
		0.440	112.004	2 64459	4-600	8.214	2471.340	
		0.480	12.094	0 04677	4-900	8.571	2542.290	
		0.480	123 679	0.04695	5.000	4,920	2428.771	
		0.500	125+423	0.04714	5.100	9-746	2674-809	
		0.540	128.740	0.04732	5.200	9-643	2720.403	
		0.540	128.740	0.04751	5.200	10.000	2709-550	
		0.500	131.396	0.04770	5.300	10.357	2754 . 579	
		C. 209 C. 400	131.396	0.04789	5,300	16.714	2743.534	
		n. 420	131.394	0.94808	5.300	11. (71	2732.630	
		1. 44.C	136-052	0.049.28	5.400	11.429	2176.671 -	
1		0.660	134.052	0.34847	5.420	11.786	2765.475	
		6.880	134.052	0.14867	5-400	12.143	2754.279	
		0.700	134-052	0.04437	5-400	12.500	2743-193	
		0.100	134 (*52	0.04907	5.470	12. 157	2731.886	
		6 74.6	136.052	0.34327	5.40	13.214	2725.676	
		0.740	134.052	0.34947	5.400	13.571	27-9-494	
		0. 780	134.052	0.34955	5.400	13.929	2699.298	
		0.800	131.394	44394	5.300	14.286	2633.860	FIGURE 2E-21
		RATE OF STRAIN IS	1+553 (PEFCENT/MIN)			Max Cond Stress	2776.671	UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST BORING 109, TEST NO· 109-6R BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1
								UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

JOB SITE BEAVER VALLEY INIT. DIA: 2.8

TEST BY KLP

CLIENT DUQUESNE INTT-LTH 5.6 VISUAL CLASSIFICATION BROWN SILTY CLAY

DATE 8/1/69

WATER CONTENT

J.O. NG 11700 309195 169 SAMPLE STA DEPTH 13-15 FT TEST NU 109-6 R

SKETCH 65

REV. 0 (1/82)



DATE 6/13/68		TEST E	IY KLP			SKETCH	
WATER CONTENT	•	• •• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				$\bigcirc$	<b>x</b>
COST INC. "I OT AT LON		ŤŎP		BOTTOM			
CONTAINER NO		SED.		117 82-30		1	
WT CONTAINER + WE	Y SOIL IG)	206.30		68.30			1
NT WATER	(G)	30.90 94.20		13.00			
WT DRY SOIL	igi	112.10		55.30			
WATER CONTENT	PERCENT	27.56		25.32			
ELAPSED TIME	VERT DIAL	AXIAL LOAD	CORRECTED AR	EA GAGE READING	STRAIN (PERCENT)	COMP. STRESS (L95/FT++21	
(MINS)	(IN)	1051	(111-2)		• •	0.0	
	0.0	0.0	0.04276	0.0	0.357	0.0	
	0.040	1.781	0.04307	0.420	0.714	41.356	
	C.C60	4.703	0.04322	0.600	1.429	151.267	
	C.100	9.218	0.24354	0.700	1.786	211.724 271.73A	
	6.120	11.874	J.04370 2.04386	0. EVIT	2.500	391.927	
	C.160	16.655	0.04402	0,980	2.957	378.365	
	0.180	17.983	0.04434	1.100	3.571	447.458	
	C.220	21.170	n.04451	1.150	3.929	475.638 515.497	
	0.240	23.029	0.04484	1.240	4.643	549.102	
	0.280	25.154	0.04501	1.300	5.157	778.347 f03.775	
	C.300 0.320	28.341	0.04535	1.420	5.714	624.922	
	0.360	30.466	0.04570	1.500	6.786	710.461	
	0.380	33.122	0.04605	1.600	7.143	719.274	
	C .420	34,185	0,94623	1.680	7.857	759.528	
	0.460	35.778	0.04659	1.700	9-214 A.571	757 <b>.987</b> 770.677	
	0.480	36.044	0.04677 0.04695	1. 780	8.929	897.265	
	0.520	38.434	0.04714	1.800	9.286	815.349 828.996	
	0.540	39.231	0.04732	1. 980	10.000	853.671	
	0.580	41.091	0.04770	1.900	10.357	961.419 874.625	
	C-600	41.807 43.747	0.04808	2.000	11.071	979.793	
	ð.640	44.278	0.04928	2.020	11.429 11.786	917.143 924.403	
	C.660 C.680	44.809 45.871	0.04867	2.040	12.143	947.490	
	0.700	47.199	0.04887	2.130	12.500	999.791	
	0.720	49.059	0.04927	2.210	13.214	1071.774	
2	0.760	49.855	0.04947	2.230	13.571	1993,527	
	C.780 C.800	49.855	0.04989	2. 230	14.286	999.363	
	C.820	49.855	0,05010	2.230	14.643	1917.434	
	C.840 C.860	51.183	0.05052	2.280	15.357	1013.159	
	C.880	53.574	0.05073	2.379	15.714	1051.954	
	(.920	54.371	0.05117	2.400	14.429	1052.626	F160KE 21-23
	C.940	54.371	0.05139	2.400	10.186	1.11.00	UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST
							BORING 109 - TEST NO. 109-7N
	OC CTRAIN IS	1 ATO DERCENT/MINE			MAX COMP STR	ESS 1962.626	BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO
KAT	. U. 216414 13	ANDI MITCHELINI MINI					UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPO





FIGURE 2F-25 COMPRESSIVE STRESS VS STRAIN TEST NO. 109-7 (N&R) BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

CLIENT DUQUESN INIT+LTH 5.6 VISUAL CLASSIFIC	IE CATEON BROWN SE	JOB S INIT. LTY FINE SAND ,TRACE CL	ITE BEAVER VALLEY DIA 2.9 AY		J.C. BORIN SAMPL DEPTH	N) 11700 IG 109 E ST9 22-24 FT.
DATE 8/1/69		TEST	ЗҮ КСР		1r 21	NƏ 109-9 N 🖌
WATER CONTENT						600
SPECIMEN LOCATION		T 0P 26	4	0TT04 19	MEDDLE 36	
WT CONTAINER + WE	SOIL (G)	96.60	172	•90	179.80	( )
NT CONTAINER + DRY	SOIL (G)	81.20	142	• 30 60	149+80	
WT WATER	(G) (C)	15.40	16	•6Ú	16.70	
WT DRY SOIL	(G)	65.40	125	.70	133.1.)	
WATER CONTENT	PERCENT	23.55	24	.34	22.54	
ELAPSED TIME (MINS)	VERT DIAL (IN)	AXIAL LOAD (LOS)	CORRECTED AREA (FT*+2)	GAGE READING (PSI)	STRAIN (PERCENT)	COMP. STRESS (LBS/FT**2)
4 • 50	0.0	0.0	0.04276	e.C	n.•	C.C.
	0.020	1.257	0.04291	0.400	C • 357	29.126
	0.040	3.906	0.04307	6.500	6.714	30.692
	0.960	3.906	0.04322	0.500	1.071	91.366
	C.08C	6.562	0.04339	C.690	1.4/9	1 71 • 40 /
	0.100	9.218	U+J4274 0.04370	0. 800	2.143	271.739
	0-120	11-874	0.04396	0.900	2.500	331.307
	0.140	17-186	0.04402	1.000	2.857	39(1.433
	0.180	19.842	2.04418	1.100	3.214	449.115
	0.200	22.498	0.34434	1.200	3.571	507.354
	0.220	22.498	0.34451	1.200	3.929	505.475
	0.240	25.154	0.04468	1.300	4.285	543+049
	C.260	25.154	0.04484	1.300	4.643	558 947
	0+280	25.154	J-04501 0 34518	1. 520	5.357	615.532
	0.300	27.810	0.34515	1.400	5.714	613.210
	0.360	27.810	0.94552	1.470	6.071	61(887
	0.360	27.910	0.04570	1.400	6.429	608.564
	0.380	27.910	0.04597	1.400	6.786	666.241
	0.400	27.810	0.04605	1.400	7.143	603.919
	C.420	27.810	0.04623	1.400	7.500	601.596
	0.440	27-810	0.04641	1.400	7.857	599•275 457 047
	0.460	30.465	0.04659	1. 200	5.214	104.100
					MAX COMP STRE	\$\$ 653.963
RATE	UP STRAIN IS	1. 7301 PERSENTATION			FIGUR	E 2F-26
C217I					UNCON	FINED COMPRESSION TEST
ACEBACK FOLLOWS-	ROUTINE ISN	REG. 14 REG. 15	REG. O REG.	1	BORIN BEAVE	G 109 - TEST NO. 109-9N R VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO.



FIGURE 2F-27 COMPRESSIVE STRESS VS STRAIN TEST NO. 109-9N BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

CLIENT DUQUE	SNE	JOB S	LIE BEAVER VALLEY		J.O. BORI	ND 11700
INLL LIH 5.6		VEV SILT	UIA CEO		SAMP	LF ST2
VISUAL CLASSIF	ICATION BROWN CEP				DEPT	H 7-9 FT.
DATE 8/4/69		TEST	BY KLP		TEST	NO 110-2 N
						SKETCH
ATER CONTENT						55°
SPECIMEN LOCATIO	N	TOP	81	DITCM		LPI
ONTAINER NO		57	100	20		<b>-</b>
T CONTAINER + W	ET SOIL (G)	1 / 5.80	109	• CU • 40		
T CONTAINER + D	RY SOIL IGI	25 50	14	86		
NT WATER		17.10	16	8C		
I LUNIAINEK		133.20	17	.60		1
NI UKI SULL						74°
ATER CONTENT	PERCENT	19.14	19	• 07		
ELAPSED TIME	VERT DIAL	AXIAL LOAD	CORRECTED AREA	GAGE READING	STRAIN	COMP. STRESS
_(MINS)	(IN)	1LBSL	[F1##2]	<u> </u>		11357 - 1 ** 21
2.00 ~		<b>.</b> .	0 (14276	0.0	2.0	<b>n</b> , 0
	0_0	Q_Q	0 04291	0.700	0.357	214,804
1	0.020	7. CLO 22 498	0.04307	1.200	0.714	522.387
······································	C 060	41.091	6.94322	1.900	1.071	950.650
	C-080	67.651	0.04338	2,900	1.429	1555.489
	C-100	91.555	0.04354	3.800	1.786	2102.896
	0.120	123,428	0.04370	5.000	2.143	2824.641
	C.140	147.332	0.04386	5.900	2.500	3359.395
	C-160	139.364	0.04402	5.600	2.857	3166.061
	C.180	173.893	0.04418	6.900	3.214	3935.954
	C.200	173.893	0.04434	6,90	3.020	3797 558
	0.220	168.581	0.04431			
		-				1035 054
RATE	OF STRAIN IS	1.464(PEKLENI/MIN)			CAN COMP SIRT	
					FIGURE 2F-28 UNCONFINED C BORING 110 - BEAVER VALLE	OMPRESSION TEST TEST NO. 110-2N Y POWER STATION UNIT I

i . .

DATE 8/4/65 WATER CONTENT NQ WATER CON ELAPSED JIMEYI (MINS ) 3.70	IENI_SECIIU!  ERI_CIAL (IN) C.C	N	<u>CORRECTED AREA</u> (FT*#2)	GAGE_READING(PSI)	TES1 	COMP. STRESS (LSS/FT##2)
ELAPSED JIMEY	TENT_SECTIU	AXIAL_LOAD (LBS) 0. C	<u>CORRECTED_AREA</u> (FT**2)	GAGE_READING(PSI)	STRAIN (OEOCENT)	COMP. STRESS (L95/FT##2)
ATER CONTENT NQ HATER CON ELAPSED IIME (MINS 1 3.70	TENI SECIJU 	AXIAL LOAD (LBS)	<u>CORRECTED AREA</u> (FT**2)	GAGE_READING(PSI)	<u>STRAIN</u> ( 0EP CENT)	COMP. STRESS (L95/FT#+2)
NQ WATER CON	TENJ_SECIJU  ERT_CIAL (IN) C.C	AXJAL LOAD (LBS) 0. C	<u>CORRECTED AREA</u> (FT**2)	GAGE_READING(PSI)	STRAIN ( 0E0 CENT)	COMP. STRESS (L9S/FT##2)
ELAPSED_IIMEYI (MINS) 3.70	ERT_CIAL (IN) C.C	AXIAL_LOAD AXIAL_LOAD 	<u>CORRECTED AR EA</u> (FT**2)	GAGE_READING (PSI)	STRAIN ( 0E0 CENT)	COMP. STRESS (L9S/FT##2)
:LAPSED_IIMEYI (MINS 1 3.70	ERT_CIAL (IN) C.C	AXIAL_LOAD (LBS) O.C	<u>CORRECTED AREA</u> (FT**2)	GAGE_READING (PSI)	<u>STRAIN</u> ( 0E0 CENT)	<u>COMP. STRESS</u> (L9S/FT##2)
:LAPSED. I IME YI (MINS ) 3.70	ERT_CIAL (IN) C.C	AXIAL_LOAD (LBS) 0.0	<u>CORRECTED AREA</u> (FT**2)	GAGE_READING (PSI)	STRAIN ( OEP CENT)	<u>COMP. STRESS</u> (L95/FT#+2)
:LAPSED. J IME YI (MINS J 3.70	ERT_CIAL (IN) C.C	AXIAL_LOAD (LBS) 0.0	<u>CORRECTED AREA</u> (FT**2)	GAGE_READING (PSI)	STRAIN ( 0E0 CENT)	<u>COMP. STRESS</u> (L95/FT#+2)
LAPSED I IME VI (MINS) 3.70	ERT_CIAL (IN) C.C	AXIAL_LOAD (LBS) 0.0	<u>CORRECTED AREA</u> (FT**2)	GAGE READING (PSI)	STRAIN ( 0E0 CENT)	<u>COMP. STRESS</u> (L9S/FT##2)
LAPSED_IIMEYI (MINS) 3.70	ERT_CIAL (IN) C.C	AXIAL_LOAD(LBS)	<u>CORRECTED AREA</u> (FT**2)	GAGE READING (PSI)	STRAIN ( OEOCENT)	<u>COMP. STRESS</u> (LSS/FT##2)
ELAPSED I IME VI (MINS ) 3.70	ERT_CIAL (IN)	AXJAL_LOAD (LBS) O.C	<u>CORRECTED AREA</u> (FT**2)	<u>GAGE READING</u> (PSI)	STRAIN (OEDCENT)	<u>COMP. STRESS</u> (LSS/FT#+2)
ELAPSED_IIMEYI (MINS 1 3.70	ERT_CIAL (IN)	AXIAL LOAD (LBS) 0.0	<u>CORRECTED AREA</u> (FT**2)	<u>GAGE READING</u> (PSI)	<u>STRAIN</u> ( 0EPCENT)	<u>COMP. STRESS</u> (L95/FT#+2)
ELAPSED I IME VI (MINS) 3.70	ERT_CIAL (IN)	AXIAL_LOAD(LBS)	<u>CORRECTED AREA</u> (FT**2)	GAGE READING (PSI)	<u>STRAIN</u> ( 0EP CENT)	<u>COMP. STRESS</u> (LSS/F1#+2)
ELAPSED_IIMEVI (MINS) 3.70	ERT_CIAL (IN)	AXJAL_LOAD (LBS) O.C	<u>CORRECTED_AREA</u> (FT*#2)	GAGE READING (PSI)	STRAIN	COMP. STRESS (LSS/FT#+2)
ELAPSED_IIMEY (MINS) 3.70	ERT_CIAL (IN)	AXIAL LOAD (LBS) 0.0	<u>CORRECTED_AREA</u> (FT**2)	GAGE READING (PSI)	STRAIN ( OEDCENT)	<u>COMP. STRESS</u> (LSS/FT#+2)
ELAPSED_JIMEY (MINS) 3.70	ERT_CIAL(IN)	AXIAL LOAD (LBS) 0.C	<u>CORRECTED_AREA</u> (FT**2)	<u>CAGE READING</u> (PSI)	STRAIN (OEPCENT)	(195/FT#+2)
LAPSED. I IME y: (MINS I 3.70	(IN)	AXIAL (UAD (LBS) 0.C	(FT**2)	(PSI)	( PEPCENT)	(L95/FT##2)
(MINS) 	(IN) 0.0	(LBS) 	(FI##Z)	(PS17	(PEPLENI)	1637+1++21
3.70	0.0	0.0				
	0.0	0.0	0 0/ 77/			· ·
			0.04215	0.0	2.0	0.0
	C.020	22.498	0.04291	1.200	0.357	524.266
	0.040	35.778	C+04307	1.700	0.714	830.741
	0.060	49.059	0.04322	2,200	1,071	11 14 997
	0.080	59.683	C.04338	2.600	1.429	1375.808
	C.100	67.651	0.04354	2.900	1.786	1553,839
	n 120	AC. 931	3.04370	3.400	2.143	1852.106
	0.120	88,299	0.04386	3.700	2.500	2027.031
		04.867	0.04402	4.000	2.857	2200.625
	C.100	101.100	0-04418	4.200	3.214	2312.771
		110 149	XIZLAY	4.500	3.571	2493.925
	C.200	110.145	0.04461	4 600	1 070	2534.399
		112:004	0.04448	ILVVV	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	75.74 077
	0.240	112.804	U • 124400 0 · 04494	4.077	4.200	22/74711
	<u>C.260</u>	112.804	0.04501	4.000	4.043	2/17 176
	C.280	110.148	0.04591	4.500	5.000	2441.120
		107.492	0.04518	4+411	2.371	
		107.492	0.04518	4,400	5.357	2379,139
					THE COND STOL	
RATE OF S	STRAIN IS	1.448[PERCENT/MIN]			MAX COMP SIKE	ESS (724+277
					FIGURE 2F-29	1
					UNCONFINED C	OMPRESSION TEST
					BODINC 110 -	TECT MA. 110-28
					DUKING IIU	LEGI NUT IIV AN
					BEAVER VALLE	Y POWER STATION UNIT



FIGURE 2F-30 COMPRESSIVE STRESS VS STRAIN TEST NO- 110-2 (N&R) BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

CLIENT DUQUE	SNE	JOB S	ITE BEAVER VALLEY		J.C. 8081	ND 11700	REV. 0 (1	1/8
-INLLELIH SC VISUAL CLASSIF	ICATION BROWN ST	LTY CLAY	<u>917. <u>69</u></u>		SAMPI	LE ST6		Antipersonal sub-
			B.4. 44.2		DEPT	H 15-17 FT.		
DATE 8/4/69		TEST	HY KLP		TEST	NU 110-6N		
						SKE	тсн	
ATER CONTENT							5 6	
				DOTTON		FF	7	
PECIMEN LOCATIO	IN	TOP		BUITUM		N /	1	
ONTAINER NO		60		40				
IT CONTAINER + W	ET SCIL (G)	135.00	101	• 11/2 . 3()		VV	1	
I_CONTAINER_+_Q	KY_SCIL_(G)		<u>8 (</u> 14	•		·	f =	
IT WATER	(G)	∠L•fU 19 20	14	. 50				
U LUNIAINER		10.6V Q5 10	01 RA	.80				
11 DKT 2011	167	72010	00					
ATER CONTENT	PERCENT	22.82	20	. 49				
THEN CURLENT	- unwhitt							
				CACE DEAD INC	CTDAIN			
LAPSED TIME	VERT DIAL	AXIAL LOAD	LURRELIED AREA	GAUE READING	1 DEOLENIA 21 kulin	LUMP. STRESS		
(MUNS)	[IN]	<u></u>	(+!++2)	16211	UPERLENII	1102/114451		
6.20	<u> </u>	0.0	0.04276	0-0	0.0	0.0		
	<u>UeV</u>	22 600	0,04291	1.200	0.357	524.266		
	0.040	22+470 41 AQ1	0.04307	1.900	0.714	954.082		
	0.040	<u></u>	0.94322	2.600	1.071	1380.793		
	0-040	75-619	0.04338	3.200	1.429	1743.171		
	0_100	88.899	0.04354	3.700	1.786	2041.881		
	0-120	102.180	0.04370	4.200	2.143	2338.373		
	0.140	112.804	0.04386	4.600	2.500	2572.085		
	C.160	123.428	9.04402	5.000	2.957	2804.023		
	0.180	128.740	0.04418	5.200	3.214	2913.949		
	C.200	1 39, 364	0.04434	5.600	3.571			
	C.220	147.332	0.04451	5.900	3.929	3310-164		
	C.240	155.300	Q.Q4468	6.200	4.286			
	C.260	163.268	0.04484	6.500	4.043	3640+937		
	0.280	165.925	0.04501	<u> </u>	5 257	3007 509		
	C.300	176.549	0.04518	7 100	5.714	3051.417		
	<u>C.320</u>	<u>1/9+405</u>	VIV1232	7.200	<u>/•()7</u> 6.071	3994,793		
	0.340	107 173	0.04570	7.400	6 4 2 9	4095.846		
	<u>C: 160</u>	102 485	0.04587	7.600	6.786	4196.012		
	0.380	195.141	0.04605	7.700	7.143	4237,613		
	C. 420	200-453	0.04623	7.900	7.500	4336.223		
	0,440	200.453	0.04641	7.900	7.857	4319.480		
	C. 460	200.453	0.04659	7.900	8.214	4302.742		
	C. 480	200.453	0.04677	7.900	8.571	4285.996		
	0.500	192.485	0.94695	7.600	8.929	4099.551		
	0.520	195,141	0.04714	1.100	9.286	4139,820		
	0.540	197.797	0.04732	7.800	9.643	4179.645		
	0.560	192.485	0,04751	7.600	10.000	4051, 322		

RATE OF STRAIN IS 1.613(PERCENT/MIN)

MAX COMP STRESS 4336.223

FIGURE 2F-31 UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST BORING 110 - TEST NO. 110-6N BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

	ELCATECA BROWN SI	INL	I. DIA Z.8		BOR L SAMP	NG 119 LF 576	
VISUAL CLASSI		TES	T RY KLP		DEPT TEST	H 15-17 FT. NO 110-6 P	
DATE 874769						SKETCH	
WATER CONTENT				· · · · <del></del> · · · · ·		80. 7	
SPECIMEN LOCATIC	DN	HIDDLE				/ Y	
CONTAINER NO	HET SCIL IGI	191,90					
NJ_CONTAINER_4_0	DRY_SOIL_LG)	<u>162,10</u> 29,20				UT1	
MT CONTAINER	161	32.60		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
WI DRY SUIL	(6)						
WATER CONTENT	PERCENT	22.44					
ELAPSED TIME	VERT DIAL	AXIAL LOAD	CORRECTED AREA	GAGE READING	STPAIN	COMP. STRESS	
_[MINS]	[INL	(LBS)	(F1++2)		IPERCENTI _	1052413421	
	0.020	D_Q 11.874	0.04276	0.800	0.357	276.696	
	0.040	14.530	0.04307	0.900	2.714	337.375	
	0.060	17.186	0.04338	1.102	1.429	451.492	
	0.100	22.498	0.04354	1.209	1.786	516.750	
	0.140	30.466	0,04386	1.500	2.500	694.676	
<u> </u>	C.160	33.122	D:04418	1.700	3.214	809.823	
	£.200	41.091	0.04434	2.000	3.929	926.627	
	C.24Q		0.04468	2.120	4.286	1039-667	
	0.260	49.059	0.04484	2.200	5.000	1207.942	
	C.300	57.027	0.04518	2.500	5.357	1262.189	
	C.340	64.995	0.04552	2.800	6.071	1427.691	
	0.360	67+651	0.04587	3.100	6.785	1 590. 533	
	C. 400	75.619	0.04605	3.200	7.143	1693.257	
	0.420	83458T	0.04623	3.590	7.857	1821+197	
	C.460	86.243	0.04659	3.600	9.214	1900.876	
	C.500	94.211	0.04695	3.900	8.929	2906.517	
	0,520	99.523	0.04732	4.200	9.643	2159.155	
	0.560	104.936	0.04751	4.300	12.000	2253.448	
	0.580	112.804	0.04189	4.602	10.714	2355.389	
	0.620	115.460	0.04808 0.04828	4.800	11.429	2446.577	
	0.660	123.428	0.04847	5.001	11.786	2546.300	
	Q_680	128.740	0.04887	2± (24 5. 200	12500	2634.392	
·	C. 120	128.140	0.04907	5.200	13.214	2774.597	
	C.760	136.708	0.04947	5.520	13.571	2763,178	
	0.780	139.364	0.04968 0.04989	5.600 5.700	13.924	2846.824	
	C-820	147.332	0.05010	5.900	14.643	2941.000	
	G_860	147.332	0.05052	5.900	15.357	2916.390	
	C.880	149.988	0.05073	000.0	15,714	2996.942	
	C.900 C.920	152.644	0.05095	5.100	16.429	2993.293	FIGURE 2F-32
	0.940	155.300	0.05139	6.200	16.786	3019.261	UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST
·							BORING 110 - TEST NO. 110-6R



FIGURE 2F-33 COMPRESSIVE STRESS VS STRAIN TEST NO- 110-6 (N&R) BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

CLIENT DUQUE	SNE	JOB S	ITE BEAVER VALLEY		J.O. BOR	. NO 11700 REV	. 0 (1/82		
VISUAL CLASSIF	ICATION BROWN SA	NCY CLAYEY SILT				PLE ST9 TH 21-22 FT.			
DATE 8/4/69		TEST	BY KLP	TEST NO 110-9 N					
						SKETC	4		
							•		
WATER CONTENT						P			
SPECIMEN LOCATIO	DN .	TOP				200	fin and		
CONTAINER NO							les co		
WT CONTAINER + W	ET SOIL (G)	193.40					Inte		
NI_CONTAINER + Q	DRY SCIL (G)	<u>129±49</u>							
WT WATER	(G)	34.00							
WI CONTAINER	(6)	10.440							
WT DRY SOIL	(G)	143.00							
WATER CONTENT	PERCENT	23.78							
ELAPSED TIME	VERT DIAL	AXIAL LOAD	LURRECTED AREA	UAGE REAUING	STRAIN FREDCENTS	LUMP. SIKESS /195/57##23			
(MINS)		(185)	[F1 ##2]		LPCFLENII_				
2.70			0.04374	0.0	0 0	0 0			
	Q.C	0.0		YeV	0.357	157 011			
	0.020	6-562	0.04291	1 100	9-714	460.716			
	0.040	19-542	0.06322	1,200	1.071	520.508			
	0.060	22.498	0.04338	1.500	1.429	702-310			
		<u>JUs 400</u>	0.04354	1.600	1.786	760,771			
	C.100	33+122	0.04370	1.900	2.143	940.354			
	2.120	<u>91+V1L</u>	<u>YL'ZTL'Y</u>	2.200	2.500	1118.607			
	0.140	47.UD7 51 715	0,04402	2.300	2.857	1174.849			
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	0.04419	2,400	3.214	1230.648			
	C.180	24.3(i 64.37)	0.04434	2.400	3,571	1226.107			
			0.04451	2.400	3.929	1221.566			
	0.220	57 037	0.04468	2.500	4.286	1276.477			
	ke<40		0.04484	2.600	4.647	1330.945			
	0.200	59.683	0.04501	2.600	5.000	1325, 960			
	C 200	59,683	0.04518	2.600	5.357	1320.975			
	C 320	59.683	0.04535	2.690	5.714_	1315.992			
	¥1244		0.04552	2.600	6.071	1311.005			
	0.360	59.683	0.04570	2.600	6.429	1306.021			
	<u>Y1207</u>	59.683	0.04587	2.600	6.786	1301.036			
	r_400	59.683	0.04605	2.600	7.143	1296, 951			
RAT	E OF STRAIN IS	2.646(PERCENT/MIN)			MAX COMP STR	ESS 1330-945			
	· · · · · · ·				FIGURE	2F-34 Fined compression t	EST		
					BORING	110 - TEST NO. 11 Valley power stat	0-9N Ion Unit No.		
					UPDATE	D FINAL SAFETY ANA	LYSIS REPORT		

		كرون كثروريات ميريمينا باليريان بالتكرين والمرابع			والمراجع والمتحد فالمتحد والمتحد	
CLIENT DUQUESNE		JOB SITE BEAVER VALLEY		J.O. NO	0 11700	REV. 0 (1/82)
- INITE LTH 5.6	BROWN SANEY CLAYEY SIL	INILL UIA CAD		SAMPLE	ST9	
				DEPTH TEST N	21-22 FT,	_
CATE 8/4/69		IESI BY KLP		1031 18	U 119-9 K	
	the second se				SKETCH	
					P	-
					<u>/</u> ' )	-
SPECIMEN LOCATION		MIDDLE 52				
WT CONTAINER + WET SOIL	(G)	184.20			Ľ.	°∽
NT CONTAINER + DRY SCIL	(G) /ri	<u>149.00</u> 35.20				-
WI WALER WT CONTAINER	(G)	17.70				-
WT DRY SOIL	(G)	131.30				
WATER CONTENT PERCENT	Ţ	26.81				
			CACE READING	CTRAIN	TOMO STOPS	_
ELAPSED TIME VERT C	DIAL AXIAL LUAU	(FT++2)		(PERCENT)	(L95/FT++2)	
4.90	0.0	0.04276	0.0	0.0	0.0	
0.0	20 0.0	0.04291	0.300	0.714	2.0	_
0.0	60 0.0	0.04322	0.300	1.071	0.0	
0_0	80 1.250	Q_Q4338 0.04354	0.400	1.786	29.708	-
Qal	20 1.250	0.74370	C. 400	2,143	28.624	
0.1	40 1.250	0.04386	0.400	2.500 2.857	28.500 88.735	
<u> </u>	60 <u>Je 700</u> RD <u>Je 700</u>	0.94418	0.509	3.214	88.409	-
C.2	CD 3.906	0.04434	<u></u>	3,571	88.092	-
C-2	20 3.906	0.04451	0.600	<u> </u>	146.992	_
C.2	60 6.562	0.04484	0.690	4.643	146.334	
<u> </u>	80 6.562	0+04501	0.600	5.357	294.025	-
G_3	20 9.218	0.04535	9.700	5.714	203.255	
C.3	40 9.218	0.04552	0.700	6.071	202.445	
C.3	80 11.874	0.04587	2.800	6.786	258.845	-
0.4	00 11.874	0,04605	0.800	7.143	257.853 256.861	-
U_4 C_4	20 E1.074	Q. Q4641	2.900	7.857	313_174	-
0.4	60 14.530	0.04659	0.900	8.214	311.890	
<u>\$.4</u>	80 14.230	0.04695	1.060 51.460	8,929	366.031	-
0.5	20 17.186	0.04714	1.000	9.286	364, 596	-
0.5	40 19.842	0-04732	1.100	9.643	419.295	
	60 19.842	0.04770	1.100	10.357	415.970	-
Q.6	0019.842_	0.04799	1,100	10.714	414.313	-
0.6 0.6	20 19.992 20 19.842	0.04828	1.100	11.429	410.999	
C-6	19.842	0.04847	1.100	11.786	409.341	
	22+ 498	0.04887	1.200	12.500	460.377	-
Q_1	22.498_	0.04907	1.200	12.857	- 458.498	
0.7	22.498	0.04927	1.200	13.214	456.619 454.740	
C.7	180 22.498	0.04968	1.200	13.929	452.861	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
G. 8	25.154	0.04989	1.300	14.296	594.222	FIGURE 2F-35
						UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST
					504 727	BORING 110 - TEST NO. 110-9R
RATE OF STRAT	IN IS 2.915(PERCENT/	<u>41N1</u>		MAX LUFP SIKES:	274+666	BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1
						UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



					J. Q. N	0 11700	REV. O (1/82)
CLIENT DOUVESNE		1NIT. 0			BORING	110	
VICHAL CLASSIFICA	TION BROWN SELTY	SAND WITH CLAY LAYERS			SAMPLE	ST11	
VISUAL CLASSIFICA	Brown Sterr	SHID ATT DET ETER			DEPTH	27-28.5	FT.
DATE 8/5/69		TEST BY	' KLP		TEST	0 110-11	N
• · · · -							
						1	SKETCH
WATER CONTENT							
		ŤOĐ	в		MIDDIE		Jand
SPECIMEN LUCATION		24		67	56		
UNIAINER NU	5011 101	163.30	127	.60	180.70	1	Clay
UT CONTAINER + DRY		135.00	109	. 30	148.00		
HT UATED		28.30	18	. 30	32.70	/	Said
		16.70	17	.60	17.50		Jana
	16)	118.30	91	.70	130.50		
W DR JUIC	101						
WATER CONTENT	PERCENT	23.92	19	.96	25.06		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
				CACE READING	CTD A LN	COND 67.0	
ELAPSED TIME	VERT DIAL	AXIAL LOAD	LURRELIED AREA	GAGE READING	JIKALN LOEDCENT)	LUMP: SIN	233
(MINS)	(IN)	(185)	(11 **2)	(PS[]	TPERCENTI	1105/11+4	
4.10			0.01376	0.0	0.0		
	0.0	0.0	0.04276	0.0	0.357	152 911	
	0.020	0.562	0.04291	0.800	0.714	775 704	
	0.040	11.874	0.04307	1 100		450 050	
	0.060	19.842	0.04322	1. 200	1.071	570 854	
	0.080	25,154	0.04330	1.300	1 704	740 771	
	0.100	33.122	0.04374	1.000	1.700	100.111	
	0.120	38.434	0.04370	1.000	2 500	007 694	
	0.140	43.747	0.04306	2.000	2.000	777+704	
	0.160	49.059	0.04402	2 200	2.214	1170 530	
	0.180	51.715	0.04410	2.300	3.571	1276 107	
	0.200	54.371	0.04434	2.400	1 010	1220.107	
	0.220	57.027		2.500	3.727	1201+270	
	0.240	59.683	0.04468	2.000	4.200	1335.969	
	0.280	59.683	0.04501	2.000	5.000	1323.900	
	0.300	59.683	0.04710	2.000	2+27 f	1116 000	
	0.320	59.683	0.04737	2.000	7.714	1313 005	
	0.340	59.683	0.0/570	2.000	0.0T	1311+003	
	0.360	57.027	0.04570	2.700	0.427	1247 134	
	0.380	57.027	0.04587		0./00	1100 604	
	0+400	54.371	0.04605	2.400	1.143	1110 400	
	0.420	51.715	U .U 402 3	2.500	1.200	1110-048	

RATE OF STRAIN IS 1.829(PERCENT/MIN)

MAX COMP STRESS 1335.929

FIGURE 2F-37 UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST BORING 110 - TEST NO. 110-11N BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



CLIENT EUGLI INIT. LTH	ESNE 5+6		DH SITE BEAVER VALLEY NIT+ DIA 2+9		J.D. N BOR1NG SANDIE	0 11700 111 571		REV. 0 (1/8
VISUAL CLASSI	FILATION BROWN SIL				DFPTH	7 FT.		
CATE 7/12/6	8	т	EST BY KLP		1151 1	IP 111-1N		
						SKETCH	100	
ATER CONTENT							M 65	
PECIMEN LOCATIO ONTAINER NC T CONTAINER + T CONTAINER + T WATER T CONTAINER T CONTAINER T DRY SOIL	ON WET SCIL (G) DRY SCIL (G) (G) (G)	ro 10 63.1 53.1 10.0 _ 11.4 41.7	P P P 6	41DDLF 175 1.17 4.99 5.20 1.40 3.50	807 104 107 52.00 45.20 6.80 11.40 33.80	$\mathbb{Z}$		
ATER CONFENT	PEPCENT	23.9	<b>e</b> 20	5.3A	21.12			
LAPSED TIME	VERT DIAL (IN)	ÁXIAL LOAD (L85)	CORRECTED AREA (FT##2)	GAGE READING	STRAJN (PERCENT)	COMP. STRESS [LPS/FT++2]		
9.70	0.0	0.0	0.04776	<b></b>	d.n	2.0		
	C.C20 C.040	0.0 1.250	0.04291 0.04307	1.40)	(.714	29,022		
	C.060	3.906	0.94322	0.500	1.071	90.366		
	0.080	6.562	E.74339 E.74354	0.600 0.730	1.429	151.267		
	C.120	13.202	0.04370	0.850	2.143	372.129		
	0.140	17.186	0.044596	1.000	2.500	391.859		
	C.169	20.639	0.04419	1.200	3.214	519.234		
	C.200	26.482	n.24434	1.350	3.571	597.198		
	C.220	30. 466	0.04451	1.500	3.920	684.498 741.406		
	2.260	35.770	0.04484	1.700	4.643	T9 7. ATO		
	C.280	37.638	0-04501	1.770	5.000	836.188		
	C.300 C.320	39.102	0.04518	1.050	5.714	935.318		
	C.340	45.075	0.94557	2.050	5.071	990.117		
	C.360	49.059	0.9457C 0.94587	2,200	6.470	1073.535		
	0.380	53.043	1.04605	2.350	7.143	1151.857		
	C.420	34.371	0.04623	2.400	7.500	1176.154		
	C.440	58.355	0-04659	2.550	8.214	1231.096		
	C.480	59.683	0.04677	2.600	8.571	1276.112		
	0.500	62.339	0.04695	2.700	8.929 9.784	1 327, 696		
	C.520	63.667	0.04/14	2. 100	9.543	1373.407		
	C.560	67.651	0.04751	2.900	10.000	1 42 3. 891		
	G.589	68.979	9.04770	2.050	10.357	1446.072		
	C.620	10.307	0.04429	3.000	11.071	1452.168		
	C.640	70.307	0.04828	3.000	11 . 4 29	1456.296		
	C.667	70.307	0.04847	3.100	11.786	1450.474		
	C.080	75.619	0.14887	3. 200	12.500	1547.340		
	0.720	75.619	0.04907	3.200	12.857	1541.064		
	C.740	75.619	U=74927 D=04947	3.200	13.214	1578.432		
	0.780	75.619	C.049×8	3.20%	13.929	1522.116		
	C+870	76.416	0.05010	3.231	14.786	1531.772		
	1.820	12.619	0.05031	3,150	15.000	1476.770		
	C.860	74.291	0.15052	3.157	15.357	1470.555		
	0.886	75.000 75.419	0.15773	3 . 189 3 . 200	15./14	1484.221	ETCHDE 25-70	
	(.920	75.619	0.05117	3.200	16.429	1477.96	F160KC 27-39	ALAN TEST
	C.940	75.619	9-05139	3.200	16.786	1471.590	UNCONFINED COMPRES BORING 111 - TEST I	SIUN 1251 NO- 111-1N
RAT	TE OF STRÀIN IS 👘 1.	730IPERCENT/HINI			MAX COMP STRESS	1547.390	BEAVER VALLEY POWER UPDATED FINAL SAFET	E STATION UNIT NO TY ANALYSIS REPOR

CLIENT CUQUESNE INIT. LTH 5.6	JOB SITE BEAVER VALLEY INIT. DIA 2.9		J.O. BOR IN	NO 11709 G 111		REV. 0 (17)
VISUAL CLASSIFICATION BROWN SILTY CLAY			5 44 PL DEP TH	E STL 7 ET.		
GATE 7/12/68	TEST BY KLP		TEST	N0 111-18		
				V SKETCH		
WATER CONTENT				"To		
SPECIMEN LOCATION	10P B	109	COMPLET 13	$ \perp k \wedge ) $		
AT CONTAINER + WET SCIL (G)	30.80 60	30	1171.00	$( \land )$		
NT CONTAINER + DRY SCIL (G)	3,50 9	.00	208.00	( ` )		
AT CONTAINER (G)	11.50 [1	.30	16.00	$\sim$		
WT DRY SUIL (G)	15.80	1.00				
WATER CONTENT PERCENT	22.15 22	• 50	21.96			
FLAPSED TIME VERT CIAL AXIAL LOAD	CORRECTED AREA	GAGE READING	STRAIN	COMP. STRESS		
(MINS) (IN) (LBS)	(FT++2)	(PS1)	PERCENTI	(LAS/FT++2)		
10.00 C.9 0.0	0.04276	0.0	0.0	0.0		
0.0	0-04291	0.360	0.357	0.0		
C-04G 0-0 C-060 1-250	0.04301	0.400	1.071	28.917		
C.U8C 1.259	0-04338	0.400	1 - 429	28.813		
C.103 2.578	0.04354	0.450	1.786	59.211		
0.140 6.562	0.04386	0.600	2.500	149.623		
C.160 7.890	0.04402	0.650	2.857	179.245		
0.180 10.546 C.200 11.874	C. 04434	0.150	3.571	267.771		
G.220 14.530	0.04451	0.000	3.929	326.453		
0.240 17.186	0.04468	1.050	4.286	394.692		
0.280 21.170	0.04501	1.150	5.000	470. 334		
0.300 22.498	0.04518	1.200	5.357	497.959 554 645		
0.340 27.810	0.04552	1.400	6.071	610.887		
0.360 27.138	0-04570	1.450	6-429	637.625		
	0.04605	1.630	7.143	736.577		
C.420 35.778	0.04623	1.700	7.500	773.964		
C.440 38.434	0.04641	1.870	8.214	864.998		
G.480 42.419	0.04671	1.950	8.571	926.975		
C.500 43-747	2-04695 0-06714	2.000	9.785	984.409		
C.520 49.059	0.74732	2.200	9.643	1036.658		
C.560 50.918	0.04751	2.270	11.700	1071.693		
U+>80 >34+>74 C+600 54+902	0-04789	2.420	10.714	1146.376		
C.620 57.027	0.04808	2.500	11.071	1195.981		
C.640 59.683 C.660 67.339	C•94828 0-04847	2.600	11.726	1286.042		
0.680 64.198	0.04867	2.170	12.143	1 31 9. 036		
0.700 64.995	0.04687	2.800	12.500	1 32 9. 979		
G.740 70.307	0.04927	3.000	13.214	1 426. 935		
<u>C.760</u> 71.635	0.04947	3.050	13.571	1447.905		
0.780 72.963 0.800 74.291	0+04968 0-04989	3.190	14.286	1499.180		
<b>C.8</b> 20 76.947	0.95010	3.250	14.643	1535.994		
C-840 78-275	C.05031	3.300	15.000	1555.966		
C+850 80+931 C+850 83+587	0.05073	3.500	15.714	1647.598		
C.900 83.587	0.05095	3.500	16.071	1640.616	F16URE 2F-40	
C.920 83.587 C.940 86.243	0.05117	3.600	16.786	1678. 342	INCOMETNED COMPRES	SION TEST
					BODINC 111 _ TECT	NO. 111-18
					DOVING TIT - 1531	

ſ



FIGURE 2F-41 COMPRESSIVE STRESS VS STRAIN TEST NO. 111-1 (N&R) BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

PSF 5 Strees

CLIENT CUCU INIT. LIH 5	ESNE	Z ROL TINI	DIE BEAVER VALLEY		J.0. BDR1	NO 11700 NG 111	REV. 0 (1
VISUAL CLASSIF	ICATION BROWN SILT	Y CLAY	av Kip		SAHP DEPT TEST	LE ST2 H 14 FT+ ND 111-2N	
OW1F 1/12/68		1231				SKETCH	
WATER CONTENT							
SPECIMEN LÖCATIÖ CONTAINER NO WT CONTAINER + W WT CONTAINER + O WT MATER WT CONTAINER WT CONTAINER WT CONTAINER	N ET SCIL IG) AY SOIL (G) (G) (G) (G)	31001H 011 05-86 05-85 5-50 5-50 11-40 06-15	64. 54. 10. 11. 42.	10P 111 10 00 10 70 30	801104 112 77.90 65.20 12.70 11.40 53.80	70°	
WATER CONTENT	PERCENT	25.82	23.	. 83	23.61		
ELAPSEÖ TIME " (MENS)	VEPT CIAL (IN)	AXIÁL LOAD ILBSI	EURRECTED AREA (ft++2)	GAGE RÉADING (PSt)	STRAIN	COMP. STRESS (LRS/FT+2)	
	2.320     2.040     C.040     C.040     C.040     C.120     1.127     C.140     C.200     C.201     C.201     C.300     C.300     C.540     C.740     C.740	2.578 0.0 1.5.74 3.747 4.747 5.371 5.7651 7.5616 8.3537 9.555 9.787 9.742 10.2.190 10.7.422 112.804 115.404 127.412 13.395 13.4.052 13.4.052 13.6.708 14.504 15.2.644 15.2.80 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.2.84 15.	$\begin{array}{c} 0, 0.4291\\ 0, 0.4291\\ 0, 0.4376\\ 0, 0.4376\\ 0, 0.4376\\ 0, 0.4376\\ 0, 0.4376\\ 0, 0.4476\\ 0, 0.4476\\ 0, 0.4476\\ 0, 0.4476\\ 0, 0.4476\\ 0, 0.4476\\ 0, 0.4476\\ 0, 0.4476\\ 0, 0.4476\\ 0, 0.4476\\ 0, 0.4476\\ 0, 0.4476\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4477\\ 0, 0.4577\\ 0, 0.4577\\ 0, 0.4577\\ 0, 0.4577\\ 0, 0.5773\\ 0, 0.5117\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.5137\\ 0, 0.517\\ 0, 0.517\\ 0, 0.517\\ 0, 0.51$	∩.450   ∩.200   1.100   1.100   2.400   2.400   3.500   3.500   3.500   3.500   4.000   4.000   4.000   4.000   4.000   5.150   5.150   5.400   5.400   5.400   5.400   5.400   5.400   5.400   5.400   5.400   5.400   5.400   5.400   5.400   5.450   6.750   6.750   6.750   6.750   6.750   6.750   6.750   6.750   6.750   6.750   6.750   6.750   6.750   6.750   6.750   6.750   6.750   6.750   6.750   6.750   6.750   6.750   6.750   6.750   6.750	0.357 0.714 1.671 1.429 1.786 2.143 2.579 2.857 3.214 3.571 3.929 4.286 4.643 5.000 5.357 4.286 4.643 5.000 5.357 1.43 7.569 7.643 7.569 7.643 10.714 11.671 11.429 12.143 12.143 12.5551 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 13.571 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714 15.714	60, 172 9, 0 459, C59 732, 923 1074, 792 1244, 271 1542, 538 1177, 977 1871, 945 2064, 652 2176, 354 2977, 164 2177, 154 2197, 105 2506, 134 2692, 269 2798, 757 2793, 257 2793, 267 2793, 275 2793, 275 2793, 275 2795, 276 3193, 992 3178, 588 3134, 456 3235, 275 3352, 534 3352, 534 3355, 271 3453, 214 3453, 214 3454, 214	
RAT IHC2151 CCNVEPT - TRACEBACK FOLLOW	E OF STRAIN IS 1. Illegal decimal - rcutin <u>e is</u> n	TG71 PERCENT/HINI CHARACTER U REG. 14 REG. 15	REG. C REG.	I	MAX COMP STR	ESS 3476.809	FIGURE 2F-42
	HAIN .	000500CC 00050C60	09001051 0905004 F0001096 90966F1	9C FR			BORING 111 - TEST NO. 111-2N BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT
	4EDAR						HODATED ETNAL CAFETY ANALYCIC DE

I

INIT. LTH 5.6		- 5113V FLAV	INIT.	DIA 2+8		8/181 5/181 5/181	ING 111 PLE SI2		
ALZUNE CENSITEM	AILL BRUNT	SILIT CLAT				DEPI	TH 14 FT.		
DATE 7/12/68			TEST	EY KLP		163	F NO 111-28		
							SKETCH	600	
WATER CUNTERT			-				A	A	
SPECINEN LOCATION CONTAINER NO			10P	e	114	COMPLE 19	· 16		
WT CONTAINER + WE	SCIL (G)		54.0C	64	.40	1180-00	1 '	1	
WI LONIAINCH Y CH	(6)		8.40		9.90	223.01		1	
WT CONTAINER	(G) (G)	···· -	11.40	11	1.40 3.10	17.90_ 943.00			
MATER CONTENT	PERCENT		24.56	21	2.97	23. 33			
ELAPSEC TIPE (MINS)	VERT CIAL	AXIAL LOAD (LBS)		CORRECTED AREA IFT++21	GAGE READING (PSI)	STRAIN	COMP. STRESS (LBS/FT++2)		
7 • 1L	9.0	0 . D		0.04276	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	0.020	£.0 (.P		0.04291	0.300 0.350	C.357 C.714	0.0		
	C.06C	1.250		0.04322	0.410	1.071	28.917		
	C-CAO C 100	3.906		0.04338	0.500	1.429	90.040 120.216		
	9.123	6.562		0.04370	0.600	2.143	150.171		
	C-140	9.218		0.04386	0.710	2.500	210.184		
	0.160	11-974	-	0.04418	0.850	3.214	298.821		
	6.200	15.858		0.04434	0.950	3.571	357.615		
	0-220	18.514		0.04451	1.050	3.929	415.964		
	0.260	22.498		0.04484	1.200	4.643	501.717		
	C. 280	25.154		0.04501	L. 300	5.000	558.847		
	C. 320	29.138		9.04535	1.450	5.714	642.492		
	0.340	31.794		C.04552	1.550	6.071	698.402		
	0.380	37.106	-	0.04587	1.750	4.786	808.890		
	C. 400	37.106		0.04605	1.750	7.143	805.791		
	C.420 C.440	42.419		0.04641	2.000	7.857	942.677		
	C. 460	47.731		0.34659	2.150	8.214	1024.542		
	0.480	51.715		0,24677	2.300	8.5/1	11 75. 749		
	C. 52C	55.699		0.04714	2.450	9.286	1181.622		
	0.540	59.683		0.04732	2.600	9.643	1261-157		
	C.580	66.323		0.04770	2.850	10.357	1390.391		
	C+600	68.979		0.04789	2.950	10.714	1440.311		
	C.62C	71.635 74.291		0.04838 0.04828	3.150	11.429	1907. (86 1538. 819		
	0.660	76.947		0.04847	3.250	11.786	1587.408		
	C-680	75.603		C.04867	3.350	12.143	1635.553	-	
	6.720	84.915		0.04907	3.550	12.857	1730.512		
	C.740	86.243		0.04927	3.600	13.214	1750, 374		
	C. 780	91.555	-	0.04968	3.800	13.929	1842.893		
	C.800	94.211		0.04989	3.900	14.276	1988.497		
	5.820 5.840	96.867		0.05010	4.000	14.643	1933.638		
	C.860	103.508		0.05052	4.250	15.357	2948.895		
	C.810	103.509		0.05073	4.250	15.714	2040, 250		
	(.920	111.476		0.05117	4.550	16.429	2178.689	FIGURE 2F-43	
	C.940	115.460		0.05139	4.700	16.786	2246.911	UNCONFINED COMPRE	SSION TEST
	C+200	110.788		V.07101	<b>₹</b> •700	17.143	2 20 3. 147 1 -	BORING 111 - TEST	NO- 111-2R
PATE	OF STRAIN IS	1.767{PERCENT/#	1N)			MAX COMP STRE	55 2263.001	BEAVER VALLEY POW UPDATED FINAL SAF	ER STATION UNIT ETY ANALYSIS REF



FIGURE 2F-44 COMPRESSIVE STRESS VS STRAIN TEST NO: 11-2 (N&R) BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

CLIENT CUQLESNE	E	JOB S	ITE BEAVER VALLEY	1	J.D. NO	11700	1	REV. 0 (1/82)
INIT. LTH 2.0 VISUAL CLASS IF ICA	ATION BROWN	SILTY CLAY	, DIA 1.4		BORING	ST2A		
CATE 7/11/40		TECT	BY KLP		DEPTH TEST NO	15 FT. 1 111-24N		
LEIE (/11/CS		.231	· -			SKETCH		
WATER CONTENT						60 7 76	ζ0°	
SPECIPEN LCCATION		TOP		MIDDLE 102	80170H 103	£1\/1+		
WT CONTAINER + HET	SOIL (G)	32.20	:	32.20	41.00	1   X		
NT CONTAINER + CRY NT WATER	- SCIF (C)	28.40 3.80		4.00	5.50			
WT CONTAINER	(G) (C)	11.40 17-00	· ,	11.47	11.49 -76	"ty ver		
WI WAT SULL	107			23. 81	77 . 47	Y		
WATER CONTENT	PERLENI	22+35						
			C050-5770	CACE OF ADAMA	CT DA TH	COMP. STREET		
ELAPSED TINE (MINS) 4.CO	VERT CIAL	4 X I AL LOAD (LBS)	UFKELIED AREA (FT##2)	(PSI)	(PERCENT)	(LAS/FT++2)		
	C.C C.020	0.0 2.578	C.01069 0.01077	0.0	0.714	239.428		
. ···-	0.040	0.0	0.01085	0.200	1.429	0.0		
	C.080	22.498	0.01100	1.270	2.857	2044.451		
	C.100 C.120	29.138 33.122	0.01109 0.01117	1.450	3+271 4+286	2965.624		
	C.140	37.106	0.01125	1. 750	5.000	3297.545 3624.140		
	0.180	43,747	0.01142	2.000	6.429	3829.171		
	0.200	47.731	0.01151	2. 150	7.857	4228.582		
· · ·	C.240	51.715	0.01169	2.300	8.571 9.286	4422.961 4591.102		
	C.280	54.371	0.01188	2. 400	10.000	4577.465		
	C.300 C.320	57.027 58.355	0.01197	2.550	11.429	4834.898		
	0.340	59.683 50.4+3	0.01217	2.600	12.143	4905.055 4865.176		
	0.300	61.011	0.01237	2.650	13.571	4932.664		
	C.400	62.339	0.01258	2. 150	15.000	3062.324		
	0.440	63.667	0.01268	2. 750	15.714 16.429	5019.781 4977.242		
	0.480	64.995	0.01290	2. 890	17-143	5937,633		
	C.500 0.520	64.995	0.01301	2.800	18.571	4950.777	•	
	0.540	64.995	0.01324	2.800 2.800	19.286	490 F. 348 4863.922		
······································	0.510	64,995	0.01348	2.800	21.714	4 920. 492 6 77 7 - 046		
	C.600	64,995	0.01373	2. 800	22.143	4733.637	•	
	0.640	64.995 63-667	0.01386 0.01399	2.009 2.750	22-057 23.571	•690.207 4551.836		
	0.680	63.667	0.01412	2. 750	24-286	4509.297 4373,586		
	C.700 0.720	62.339 61.011	0.01425	2.650	25.714	4239.645		
· -	C.740	59,683 57_027	0.01453	2.600	26.429 27.143	4177.484 3886.587		
	C.783	57.027	C.01482	2. 500	27.857	3848.483 3721.645		
	C.8C0 C.820	55,699	0.91512	2. 450	29-286	3684.429	<del></del>	
	C.840	55.699	0.01527 0.01543	2.450	30.714	3647.213 3523.922		
	5.880	53.043	0.01559	2. 350	31.429	3402 <b>,498</b> 3366,966	FIGURE 2F-45	
	C.900 C.920	53.043	0.01592	2. 350	32.857	3331.524	UNCONFINED COMPRESS	SION TEST
							BORING 111 - TEST I	ND. 111-2AN
RATE	CF STRAIN IS	8.214(PERCENT/HIN)			MAX COMP STRESS	5062.324	BERVER VALLET FUNCA HDDATED ETMAN CAFFT	ANTERACIC DEDUDT
							UTDRIED FINNE SAFES	I NAMEIJIJ NECVAL
							المتكاف الكفاد المتكاون ومقتص والمتحدين المتحدين والمراجع	

CLIENT CUCLES INIT. LTM 2 VISUAL CLASSIFI	NE +8 CATION BROWN SIU	JOB S Init.	ITE BEAVER VALLEY DIA 1.4		J.O. NO BORING Sample	11703 111 ST24		REV. 0 (1/82
CATE 7/11/68	- ·	TEST	ВУ КЦР		DEPTH TEST NO	15 FT. 111-24R		
						SKETCH	100	
WATER CONTENT						$\bigcirc$	T so	
SPECIMEN LOCATION CONTAINER NC WT CONTAINER + WE WT CONTAINER + CR WT CONTAINER WT CONTAINER WT CONTAINER WT DRY SCIL	T SCIL (G) Y SCIL (G) (G) (G) (G)	4100LE 104 36-10 32-09 4-70 11-60 23-40	C 165 138 26 16 122	04PLE TE 16 •52 •70 •80 •50 •20		( )	- <b>L</b>	
WATER CENTENT	PEPCENT	23.04	21	• 93				
ELAPSEC TIME	VERT CIAL LINI	AXTAL LOAD (LOS)	LORRECTED AREA (FT++2)	GAGE READING (PSI)	STRAIN IPERCENTI	CDMP. STRESS (L95/FT##2)		
4400	€.0 06.20	0.0 0.1	C.01965 C.01977	r.c 1.350	0.0 0.714	0.0 0.0		
	0.040	1.250	0.01085	0.400	1.429	115.251		
	C.(89	2.234 9.218	0.01100	0.700	2.857	837.657		
	C+100	13.202	(.01109 C.01117	C.85G 1.000	3.571 4.296	1190.875		
	G.140	21.170	C.01125	1.150	5.000	1891.336		
	C.160 C.180	23.826	0.01134 0.01142	1. 410	6.429	2434.257		
	C.2C0	25.138	6.01151	1.450	7.143	2531.032		
	C.220 C.248	30.466	C. 01160	1.600	8.571	2832.834		
	0.260	34.450	C.01178 0.01198	1.650	9.286	2923.395 1894.124		
	C.3CC	38.434	0.01197	1.820	10.714	3210.113		
	C-320 0-340	39.762 41.091	0.01207 6.01217	1.850	11.429	3294.465		
	C.360	42.419	0.01227	1.957	12.857	3457.842 1516 868		
	C.389 C.4CO	43.141	6.91247	2.050	14.286	3614.118		
	C.420	46.403	6+01258 0-01268	2.100	15.000	3689.595 3658.591		
	C.460	49.059	0.01279	2. 200	16.429	3815.226		
	0.480	45.059	0.01290	2.200	17.857	3871.712		
	0.520	51.715	C.01313	2. 300	18.571	3939.201		
	0.540	51.715	0.01324	2.350	50.000	3969.476		
	C.580	54.371	0.01348	2.400	21, 629	4932.530		
		54.371	0+01373	2.400	22.143	3959.872		
	C. 640	54.371	0.01386 0.01399	2.400	22+857 23+571	3923.542 3897.213		
	C.680	54.371	C. 71412	2.400	24.286	3850.884		
	6.700	54.371	0.01425	2.499	25.7FC 25.714	3414.555 3778.226		
	C.749	54.371	0.21453	2.400	26.479	3741.897		
	C.760	54.371	0.01467	2.400	27.143 27.857	3759.862		
	6800	55.699	6.01497	7.450	28.571	3721.645		
	C.820 C.840	55.699 55.699	0.01512	2.450	30,000	3647.213		
	C.86C	55.699	0.01543	2.450	31.714	3679.995		
	C.#8C C.900	55.699	0.01575	2. 450	12.141	35 35 . 563		
	0.920	55.699	C. 01592	2.450	32.857 33.571	34 98.346 34 61.130	FIGURE 2F-46	
	(.560	55+899	C. 91677	2.450	34.286	3423,914	UNCONFINED COMPRES	SSION TEST
RATE	CF STRAIN IS	B.571 (PERCENT/MIN)			MAX COMP STRESS	49 32 - 530	BURING III - IEST BEAVER VALLEY POWE HEPDATED FINAL SAFE	R STATION UNIT NO. TY ANALYSIS REPORT



FIGURE 2F-47 COMPRESSIVE STRESS VS STRAIN TEST NO. 111-2A (N&R) BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

CLIENT DUGLES	SNE 5.6	JL N	8 SITE REAVER VALLEY 11. DIA 2.8		J.D. NO Boring	11709		REV. 0 (1/82)
VISUAL CLASSIF	ICATION BROWN SIL	Y (18Y		· ·		11.5 FT.		
DATE 7/5/6E		1				SKETCH		
WATER CENTENT						$\square$	2	
SPECIMEN LOCATION CONTAINER NO WT CONTAINER + WI WT CONTAINER + OF NT WATER NT CONTAINER WT DRY SOIL	N ET SCIL (G) RY SOIL (G) (G) (G) (G)	109 63.50 54.10 9.44 11.37 42.80	2 2 1 1	MIDDLE 108 3.80 1.60 2.20 1.50 2.10	COMPLETE 5 1351.00 1139.00 212.00 226.00 913.00	131		
WATER CONTENT	PERCENT	21.96	2	1.	23.22			
ELAPSED TIME (MINS)	VERT DIAL	AXIAL LOAD (LRS)	CORRECTED AREA	GAGE PEADING (PSI)	STRA (N ( PERCENT)	CD *P + STRESS (LBS/FT+*2)		
	$\begin{array}{c} 0.0\\ C. (20\\ C. 040\\ C. 066\\ C. (20\\ C. 066\\ C. (20\\ C. (20)\\ C. (20$	C.C 29,138 46,403 63,667 8C,931 92,883 1C6,164 119,444 127,412 136,708 146,004 155,300 165,925 172,565 180,533 187,173 199,829 196,469 205,765 207,093 216,389 221,701 227,014 227,014 227,014 225,670 234,982 246,230 256,230 256,230 256,230 256,886 261,198 264,198 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 268,182 26	0.04276 0.04271 0.04307 0.04322 0.04338 0.04354 0.04338 0.044354 0.044370 0.04418 0.044418 0.044418 0.044418 0.044418 0.04451 0.04451 0.04451 0.04451 0.04451 0.04535 0.04535 0.04552 0.04557 0.04557 0.04557 0.04659 0.04641 0.04659 0.04677 0.046751 0.046751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04675 0.04675 0.04675 0.04675 0.04675 0.04675 0.04675 0.04675 0.04675 0.04675 0.04675 0.04675 0.04675 0.04751 0.04675 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04675 0.04751 0.04675 0.04675 0.04751 0.04675 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.04751 0.047751 0.04751 0.04751 0.047751 0.0477 0.0468 0.0498 0.0498 0.0498 0.0498 0.04788 0.04788 0.0477 0.04987 0.0477 0.04987 0.0477 0.04987 0.0477 0.04987 0.0477 0.04987 0.0477 0.04987 0.0477 0.04987 0.0477 0.04987 0.0477 0.04987 0.0477 0.0477 0.04987 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.0477 0.04777 0.04777 0.05773 0.05773 0.05773 0.05773 0.05773 0.05773 0.05773 0.05773 0.05773 0.05773 0.05773 0.05773 0.05773 0	0   1.45n     2.10n   2.75n     3.400   3.85n     4.350   4.85n     5.150   5.910     5.851   6.200     6.610   6.85n     7.15n   7.40n     7.500   7.750     8.900   9.200     9.200   9.400     9.200   9.650     9.600   9.650     9.650   9.850     10.100   10.200     10.200   10.350     10.250   10.350     10.350   10.450     10.450   10.450     10.450   10.450	$\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ c \\ -357 \\ 0 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 2 \\ .786 \\ 2 \\ .500 \\ 2 \\ .857 \\ 3 \\ .214 \\ 3 \\ .500 \\ 2 \\ .857 \\ 3 \\ .214 \\ 3 \\ .571 \\ 3 \\ .929 \\ 4 \\ .643 \\ 5 \\ .577 \\ 5 \\ .514 \\ 6 \\ .716 \\ 6 \\ .716 \\ 6 \\ .716 \\ 6 \\ .716 \\ 6 \\ .716 \\ 6 \\ .716 \\ 6 \\ .716 \\ 6 \\ .716 \\ 6 \\ .716 \\ 6 \\ .716 \\ 6 \\ .716 \\ 6 \\ .716 \\ 6 \\ .716 \\ 6 \\ .716 \\ 6 \\ .716 \\ 6 \\ .716 \\ 6 \\ .716 \\ 6 \\ .716 \\ 6 \\ .716 \\ 6 \\ .716 \\ 6 \\ .716 \\ 6 \\ .716 \\ 6 \\ .716 \\ 6 \\ .716 \\ 6 \\ .716 \\ 6 \\ .716 \\ 6 \\ .716 \\ 6 \\ .716 \\ 6 \\ .716 \\ 6 \\ .716 \\ 6 \\ .716 \\ 6 \\ .757 \\ 1 \\ .757 \\ 1 \\ .757 \\ 1 \\ .716 \\ 1 \\ .757 \\ 1 \\ .716 \\ 1 \\ .757 \\ 1 \\ .716 \\ 1 \\ .757 \\ 1 \\ .716 \\ 1 \\ .757 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .757 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .757 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .757 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1 \\ .714 \\ 1$	0.0 6.78.998 1777.424 1472.966 1472.966 1472.966 2133.399 2472.568 2723.489 2474.532 3194.303 3292.521 3499.187 3714.025 3448.243 4010.856 4142.742 4195.676 4315.680 4502.695 4514.457 4699.031 4795.871 4795.871 4795.871 4795.871 4795.871 4795.871 4795.871 4795.871 4795.871 4795.871 4795.871 4795.871 4795.875 5117.785 5210.406 5217.957 5374.191 5384.027 5375.191 5384.027 5375.191 5384.027 5376.2402 5375.172 5362.402 5375.172 5362.402 5375.172 5362.102 5364.773 5402.383 5475.367 5379.570 5364.773 5402.383 5475.373.960 5340.725 5374.570 5364.773 5402.383 5475.3757 5374.570 5364.773 5402.383 5475.3757 5374.570 5286.172	FIGURE 2F-48 UNCONFINED COMPRES BORING 117 - TEST	SION TEST No. 117-2N
PATE	E CF STRAIN IS 3	•741 (PEPCENT/MIN)			MAX COMP STRESS	5406 . 2 34	BEAVER VALLEY POWER	R STATION UNIT NO. 1 TY ANALYSIS REPORT
REV. 0 (1/82)



						REV. 0 (1/8:
CLIENT CUQUESNE		JDB	SITE BEAVER VALLEY			10 11700
INIT. LTH 5.6 VISUAL CLASSIFICA	TICN BREAN SILTY	/ CLAY	I. UIA Z.O		SAMPLE	ST5
CATE 7/9/68		TEST	T BY KLP		TEST N	10 117-5N
ATCO CONTENT						SKEILA
ATER CUNTENT		top		- DTTOM		1 4 740
PECIMEN LOCATION		105		105	104	/~ / /////
ONTAINER NC		100	67	62.50		
IT CONTAINER + WEI	SCIL (G)		57	52.30		£30° 1 1 1
WT CONTAINER + DRY SOIL (G)		V0+0* 0Å0	ic	10.20		
IT WATER	(6)	11.40	17	1-40	11.67	
IT CONTAINER	167	37.40	40	3. 90	15.00	
IT DRY SUIL	167				-	
ATER CONTENT	PERCENT	25.67	24	•• 94	21.33	
LAPSED TIME	VERT CIAL	AXIAL LOAD	CORRECTED AREA	GAGE READING	STRAIN	COMP. STRESS
(MINS)	( EN )	(LBS)	{FT##2}	(PSI)	(PERCENT)	(LBS/FT*#2)
1.50					~ ~	
	0.0	0.0	0-04276	7,n		0.0 150 011
	C.020	6.562	0.94291	0.600	0.371	
	0.040	18.514	0.04597 0.04397	1.400	9.714	427001 745 202
	0.040	33.122		1.000	1 6 70	1120 000
	C.C.80	49.059	0.04358	2.000	1.44(9	11040-704
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	C.100	67.651	0.04374	2 470	2 1 4 3	1057.106
	0.120	80.931	0.04396	2.700	2.500	2027.031
	0.140	88.899	₽.04390 n.04402	2+100	2.857	2200-625
	0.160	56.857	U-044U2 0 04418	4.150	2.014	22 70 02 0
	C.180	100.851	0 04436	4.150	3,571	2274,288
	C.2CO	109.851	0.04451	4.200	3.929	2295.702
	0.220	102.150	0 04468	4.300	4-286	2346.620
	0.240	104.030	0-04484	4.300	4-643	2337.864
	C.260	104.030	0_04501	4.350	5.000	2358.612
	C.280	100.104	0-04518	4.350	5.357	2349.745
	0.300	106.164	0-04535	4.350	5.714	2340.878
	0.570	TAL 164	0-04552	4.350	6.071	2332.011
	0.340		••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••			
RATE CI	F STRAIN IS 4.	C48(PERCENT/MIN)	·		MAX COMP STRESS	\$ 2358.612
					ETCHDE 2E-	<b>EN</b>
					FIGURE 2F-2	
					UNCONFINED	COMPRESSION LEST
					BORING 117	- TEST NO. 117-5N
					REAVED VALL	EV DOWER STATION UNIT NO

UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

I

REV. 0 (1/82)



FIGURE NO. 2F-51 COMPRESSIVE STRESS VS STRAIN TEST NO. 117-5N BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

PSF Compressive Stress in

INIT. LTH 5.	.6 .4.1.1	. 1947 6 5111	JCB SI	TE PEAVER VALLEY DIA 2+9		J.C. N BORING Sample	0 11700 117 ST10		REV. 0 (1/82)
VISUAL CLASSIFIC						DEPTH	29 FT.		
EALE 1/2/66			TEST 8	4 K[D		14.71 4	() 117-(PN		
							SKETCH		
WATER CENTENT							$\hbar =$	7	
SPECIMEN LOCATION CONTAINER NO WT CONTAINER + WE WI CONTAINER + CR WI WITHATER WI CONTAINER	T SCIL (G) Y SCIL (G) (G) (G)		TCP 162 5%.40 44.90 97.40 11.40	8 64 17 11 52	01704 101 .70 .70 .70 .40	COMPLETE NONF	K/0 () ()		
WT CRY SEIL	(G)		32.07			34.0			
WATER CONTENT	PERCENT		33.4	33	• 62	3 4.0			
ELAPSED TIME -	VERT CIAL	A RIAL LOAC		CORRECTED AREA (FT++2)	GAGE READING (PSI)	STRAIN (PEPCENT)	COMP. STRESS [LAS/FT++2]		
5.50	2.2	0.0		0.04276	5.0	<b>0.</b> r	0.0		
	0.020	6.562		0.04291	C+600	0.357	152.911		
	C.040	17.186	-	0.04397	1.400	C.714	544+(46		
	C+060 C+080	27.510		0.04338	1,900	1.479	865.991		
	C.1CC	49.059		0.04354	2.20	1.796	1126.802		
	C. 12C	58.355		0.04370	2.557	2.143	1335.446		1
	0.140	66.323		0.04386	2.850	2.857	1517+257		
	C. 180	78.275		0.04418	3.300	3. 214	1771.709		
	6.200	80.931		(1.04434	3,410	3.571	1825.067		
	C.220	86.243		0.04451	3.607	3.929	1937.656		
	C. 240	90,227		0.044 84	3.900	4.643	2100.042		
	6.280	96.867		0.94591	4.000	5.000	21 52 . 0 92		
	- C. 300	99.523		0.04518	4.100	5.357	2272.178		
	C.320	102.180		0.04535	4.200	5.714	2253.031		
	C.346	104.836		0.04552	4.400	6.429	2352.205		
	C. 360	112.272		0.04587	4.597	6.786	2447.447		
	C.400	111.476		0.94695	4.550	7.143	2420.766		
	C.420	112.054		C.04623	4.600	7.5^0	2440.183		
	C.440	115.460		0.04641	4.700	8.214	2478.353		
	C.400	117.585		0.94677	4.780	8.571	2514.141		
	C. 500	119.444		0.04695	4.850	4.72.2	2543.918		
	Ú.520	119.975		0.04714	4.870	9.276	2545.212		
	0.540	121.569		0.04751	4,083	10.000	2586.664		
	C.580	122.897		0,04770	4,980	10.357	2576. 399		
	C.600	122.897		C.04799	4.98	16.714	2566.135		
	C.620	126.084		0.04808	5.100	11.671	2022+155		
-	<u>C.640</u>	126.084		0.04828	5,100	11.786	2601.094	E.	
	C.680	126.881		0.14867	5.130	12.143	2606.934		
	C.7(G	126.941		0.04887	5.130	12.500	2596.337		
	C.720	128.740		0.04977	5.200	12.857	2623.639		
	C. 740	131,396		0.04947	5.300	13.571	2555.809		
	C.780	131.396		0.94968	5.300	13.929	2644.835		
	C.800	131.396		0.04939	5,390	14.786	2633.860		
	C.820	133.255		E.05010	5.370	14+643	2079.999-		
	C.840	133.255		0.05052	5.370	15. 157	2637.749		
	C.88C	133.255		0.05073	5.370	15.714	2526.610		
	C.900	134.052		0.05095	5.400	16.071	2631+124	FIGURE 2E-52	
	C.920 C.940	135.380		0.05139	5.452	16.786	2634.572	HNCONEINER COMPACE	CLON TECT
	6.963	115.911		0.95161	5.470	17.143	2633.557	UNCONFINED CUMPRES	STON IESI
<b>₽</b> ∆ 1 E	CF STRAIN IS 3	. 1171PERCENT/M	EN J		-	NAX COMP STRESS	5. 2659,999	BORING 117 - TEST BEAVER VALLEY POWER UPDATED FINAL SAFE	NU: 117-10N R STATION UNIT NO. 1 TY ANALYSIS REPORT

REV. 0 (1/82)























TEST NO. BIDI \$319 CATE 6/6/68 LOCATION BEAVER VALLEY ELEV 645.00 TYPE MATERIAL BROWN FINE TO MEDIUM SAND.SLEGHT SILT CLIENT DUBUESME LIGHT CO JOB NO 11700 TAKEN BY RAYMOND TESTED BY RLP

FIGURE 2F-63 GRAIN SIZE TEST NO- BIOI-SSI9 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

































.














\*\*\*\*\* WE I GHT ... Ħ ╪╪╞╾╡ \*\*\*\*\* 60 H 70 ++ \*\*\* Ħ ¥ +++  $\mathbf{H}\mathbf{F}$ 80 +++ PASSING 50 ╫╫┼╂╂╴┨ 40 30 ## CENT ++--80 +++ 10 PER . .10 . 010 .00.0 100 10 1 GRAIN SIZE IN MILLIMETERS FINE COLTRE 7116 CONRINE NEDIUM FINES COBBLES **MRAVEL** BAND. 94 TE 8/4/65 TEST HO. \$180 \$813 LOCATION BEAVER VALLEY ELEV 834.59 TYPE NATERIAL BEAT FINE SAME WITH SILT AND BRAVEL JOB NO 11700 FIGURE 2F-87 CLIENT DUBUE ME LINIT CO GRAIN SIZE -----TESTES ST KLP TEST NO. B108-SS13 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

STONE AND WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORPORATION

SIEVE AMALTELS

. 23

TITT

ALEVE ALZE IN INCHES

180

NYDROMETER ANALYSIS

TITT

....

78

REV. 0 (1/82)







\_\_\_\_









BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

\_\_\_\_\_





## APPENDIX 2G

### SEISMIC VELOCITY MEASUREMENTS

for the

### BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION

of the

DUQUESNE LIGHT COMPANY

### SHIPPINGPORT, PENNSYLVANIA

Prepared for

STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORPORATION

Prepared by

WESTON GEOPHYSICAL ENGINEERS, INC.

WESTON, MASSACHUSETTS

The Weston Geophysical Engineers Inc. report was retyped/reformatted as part of the Update of the FSAR.

### WESTON GEOPHYSICAL ENGINEERS, INC. POST OFFICE BOX 306

WESTON, Massachusetts 02193 AREA CODE 617 899-0060



May 27, 1968

Stone & Webster Engineering Corporation 225 Franklin Street Boston, Massachusetts

Attention: Mr. William F. Swiger, Consulting Engineer

Gentlemen:

Seismic velocity measurements at the Beaver Valley Power Station of the Duquesne Light Company were made under the terms of your Purchase Order Number BV-5, Job Number 11700.

The scope of this study was outlined during conferences with your Mr. W. F. Swiger, Consulting Engineer and Mr. P. A. Wild, Senior Soils Engineer.

This report is a complete presentation of our findings.

Very truly yours,

WESTON GEOPHYSICAL ENGINEERS, INC.

(Originally signed by)

Vincent J. Murphy Vice President - Geophysicist

VJM:jh

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

Introduction	2G-6
Method of Measurement	2G-6
Results	2G-6

## LIST OF FIGURES

Figure	Title
2G-1a	Seismic Velocity Measurement, Sheet 1
2G-1b	Seismic Velocity Measurement, Sheet 2

### **INTRODUCTION**

A seismic field investigation program took place at the Beaver Valley Power Station during the period April 17 through 27, 1968.

This investigation consisted of the measurements of velocity values for "P" (longitudinal, compressional) waves and "S" (shear, transverse) waves in a series of boreholes and on the ground surface. These data would be used by the engineers for the foundation evaluations of subsurface materials and for soil dynamics considerations.

#### METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

Velocity values were measured in various direction by up-hole, down-hole, and cross-hole procedures. Vertically and horizontally oriented seismic wave detectors were used for all "S" wave measurements. A limited amount of seismic refraction survey investigation took place to verify the elevation of bedrock and to also determine velocity layering.

All data were photographically recorded with twelve-channel instrumentation and processed immediately for preliminary evaluation.

The pattern of holes for these measurements was established to provide different length of wave paths and different azimuths for measurements.

The positions of these holes are shown on the Plan Map which accompanies this report (the Plant Map was prepared from Stone & Webster Engineering Corporation drawing No. SK-11700-S-50). Lines of investigation for seismic refraction measurements and for surface shear wave measurements were oriented in a number of random directions in the vicinity of the boreholes; these lines are not shown on the Plan Map.

### <u>RESULTS</u>

On Figure 2G-1b of the drawings which accompany this report, we have noted "P" wave and "S" wave velocity values for the overburden materials and for bedrock.

The best quality filed recordings of "S" waves were recorded from cross-hole measurements. The velocity values are shown on Figure 2G-1b at elevations corresponding to the positions of cross-hole measurements.

No anomalous conditions, such as low velocity zones or layers, were disclosed during these measurements.









## APPENDIX 2H

### ADDITIONAL BORING

### AND SOIL TEST DATA

Prepared for

# DUQUESNE LIGHT COMPANY

Prepared by

## STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORPORATION

### BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS

The Stone & Webster Engineering Corporation report was retyped/ reformatted as part of the Update of the FSAR.

### APPENDIX 2H

### ADDITIONAL BORING AND SOIL TEST DATA

### 2H.1 <u>GENERAL</u>

This appendix furnishes additional information regarding foundations and soil conditions at the Beaver Valley Power Station.

The following material is included in this appendix:

Results of insitu density tests of sands and gravels as found during excavation for the auxiliary building and reactor containment structure.

Details of computations of liquefaction potential under the various structures and facilities.

Boring logs and soil tests as listed later.

Cross hole seismic test results.

Drawings showing location and critical slip circles for the stability analyses reported in Section 2.6.

Supplementary Shippingport site boring data and accompanying letter (borings were made to extend initial investigations for the Shippingport Power Station).

#### 2H.2 INSITU DENSITY TESTS

Seven insitu density tests were made during excavation for the containment structure and auxiliary building. These are shown in Table 2H-1. They indicate insitu relative densities of about 80 to 90 percent.

### 2H.3 LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS

Initial studies of liquefaction were made only for the high level terrace, El. 735. These studies were based on shear stresses in the soil mass developed from a modal dynamic analysis made to determine shear motion amplification in the soil column. The results are given in Figure 2.6-7. The indicated factors of safety were large, and no detailed analysis was made of the several structures since these weighed as much or more than the soil displaced and factors of safety against liquefaction under them would have been equal to or slightly higher than for the soil column.

Additional studies were then made using shear stresses computed from the acceleration for the DBE for the soil column. For this purpose the shear stress of any depth Z is computed from the relation:

### t = ALPHA \* M \* a

where:

M = total mass above point considered, including any superimposed structures

- a = maximum ground acceleration, single pulse peak, expressed as a fraction of acceleration due to gravity
- ALPHA = ratio which gives average acceleration of mass above elevation considered for the number of cycles of vibration used and the reduction of acceleration with depth below surface. Since at the soil rock interface the soil acceleration must be equal to the rock acceleration, values of ALPHA for the strong motion portion of recorded earthquake (5 to 8 cycles) generally have values of about 0.7 near the surface and reduce with depth below the surface.

Computations of factor of safety against liquefaction have been made for values of ALPEA of 0.72, 0.90, and 1.00.

Figure 2.6-4 shows a plot of penetration resistance against elevation for borings on the high level terrace at or above El. 735, from investigations for Beaver Valley and from earlier investigations for Shippingport. These data have been plotted in Figure 2H-1 for the high level terrace in the form of penetration resistance against effective vertical stress at the location of each sample when taken. Similar plots are shown in Figure 2H-2 for the borings on the intermediate terrace and in Figure 2H-3 for the borings along the low level terrace of El. 670680. These several plots indicate median densities for the lower sands and gravels of about 60 percent relative density.

Relatively low blow counts were recorded in some locations and accordingly a study was made to determine whether these indicated merely random and erratic variations, in which case the median values of density could be properly used for evaluation of liquefaction potential, or whether they represented continuous strata of loose materials which must be considered separately.

The penetration values indicate relative densities in the upper soils of the high level terrace (above El. 675) of about DR = 80. Seven insitu samples were taken of these soils for field density measurement during excavation for the reactor and auxiliary building. Results are shown in Table 2H-1. They indicate insitu densities of 80 to 90 percent, which compare favorably with the penetration test results.

Comparison of N values in adjoining borings indicated no continuous loose stratum of significant extent. Thus boring 110 shows relatively low N values at about E1. 655 and 640. Boring 20 shows low values at El. 645 and 632. Boring 310 which is located between them shows no low values. Again, borings 112 and 111 show low values at about El. 655 but boring 8, between them, shows appreciably higher N values at the same elevations. Accordingly, it was concluded that relative density would be defined by average values of penetration resistance.

During site excavation three small elongated lenses of fine sand were noted in the sands and gravels of the terrace. These were small, 5 ft to 8 ft wide and 2 ft to 3 ft thick. They appeared to be small stream cut channels which had filled with fine sand and a fine silt top. Because of their very limited extent they are considered to not be significant as regards liquefaction hazard.

To investigate density further, selected groups of borings were considered. Thus, for the area occupied by the turbine building and adjoining transformer terrace, borings, 8, 25, 108, 109, 111, and 112 were studied as shown in Figure 2H-4. For this purpose the samples were considered in two groups: those lying between El. 665 and 645 and from El. 645 to 630. There were some samples near and below El. 630 which showed very high densities. Ignoring these very high blow counts, the plots indicated median relative densities in this area as follows:

El. 665645	DR = 55 percent
El. 645630	DR = 55 percent

For the low level terrace, a study was made of borings 20, 21, 109, 110, 111 and 310. The results are plotted in Figure 2H-5. Median values of DR from this plot are about:

El. 665645 DR = 65 percent El. 645630 DR = 55 percent+

Accordingly, it was decided to use relative densities of 55 percent for analysis of the turbine building area, intermediate terrace, level and low level terrace at the foot of the slope from the intermediate terrace.

This review indicated that the values of relative density in the high level terrace used in earlier studies of this area were conservative. Accordingly, the same values have been used again including an assumed DR = 55 percent for soils above the GWL which is extremely conservative, since insitu tests show values of DR = 80 percent plus.

Results of this analysis are given in Table 2H-2 for the several structures for eight cycles of motion, for the several values of an ALPHA previously indicated and for a ground acceleration of 0.125 g. Analyses have been made for the normal flood, El. 675, which has a recurrence frequency of about 2 yr and for the Corps of Engineers of Pittsburgh District "Standard Project Flood," El. 705.0, which is estimated to have a recurrence frequency in excess of 1,000 yr. Minimum factors of safety, assuming ALPHA equals 1.0, found are as follows:

	GWL @ EL. 675 	GWL @ El. 705.0 F.S
Containment Structure	2.1	1.7
Auxiliary Building	2.1	1.5
Fuel Building	2.1	1.8
Turbine Room	1.7	1.25
Transformer Area		
(Intermediate Terrace)	1.7	1.25

Initially, once through condenser cooling was planned with circulating water supplied from an intake on the shore of the river near the upstream edge of the site. To minimize thermal discharge to the river, subsequently the decision was reached to install complete off-river cooling using a large cooling tower. Whereas with the original concept, the river water lines paralleled the circulating water pipes for a portion of their course and a joint intake structure was planned, with the new concept the river water lines cross the circulating water system at only one location and extend then straight to the river. The intake structure for the river water lines is supported on bedrock. The sands and gravels of the lower terrace over which the river intake lines pass have been recompacted to median relative densities exceeding 75 percent along the route of these pipe lines. Liquefaction of the sands and gravels along the route of these lines therefore is not a hazard.

The indicated factors of safety are considered to be adequate to ensure a satisfactory level of safety for the following reasons:

- It is assumed that the peak of the design flood and DBE occurs simultaneously. The design flood has a recurrence frequency of about 1,000 to 2,000 years and a very sharp peak of short duration. The recurrence frequency for the DBE is estimated to be longer than 10,000 years. The probability of simultaneous occurrences is less than 1 x 10<sup>-9</sup>.
- 2. The shearing stresses in this analysis have been computed from the expression

where:

- ALPHA = a factor which establishes approximate equivalence between transient shaking involving peaks of varying amplitude and a steady shaking in which all peaks have the same amplitude (ALPHA varies with number of peaks considered and with depth below surface.)
  - tz = shearing stress at depth z
  - M = total mass above depth z
  - Ap = peak acceleration at ground surface, expressed as a fraction of acceleration due to gravity

The minimum safety factor of 1.25 obtains for ALPHA equal to 1.0, which implies that all soil and structures above each elevation considered simultaneously experience the peak acceleration in the same direction and all eight cycles of motion are equal and equal the peak acceleration. As indicated in Figure 2H-6, ALPHA decreases rapidly with depth below surface and for the turbine building area for the critical depth, which is in the region of El. 630 to El. 650, the ratio of the peak acceleration at the centroid of the mass to the peak acceleration at ground surface is of the order of 0.6. Observed ratios of eight major peaks to maximum single peaks in available records indicate values of ALPHA recorded that are approximately equal to 0.75. These data indicate that actually ALPHA equals 0.5% for the critical depth.

3. Eight major cycles of shaking have been used in the analysis. This corresponds to a duration of intense motion of about 20 seconds. The DBE for this site has been established by Weston Geophysical Research, Inc.,(See Appendix 2C) as MM VI to VII, which is about two orders larger than the largest earthquake of record in the site area. Twenty seconds of intense motion with an average acceleration at the ground surface of 0.125g would correspond to a much larger and more intense earthquake than the postulated DBE.

It is concluded therefore that the computed factor of safety is adequate because:

- a) It assumes simultaneous occurrence of two improbable events.
- b) The earthquake motions assumed are very conservative.
- c) The method of calculation and the value of ALPHA used are extremely conservative. The probable value of ALPHA for the critical depth is of the order of 0.5, indicating a factor of safety against initial liquefaction (pore pressures first equal minor principal stress) of about 2.5.

The probability of simultaneous occurrence of the maximum DBE probable maximum flood to EI. 730.0 does not justify evaluation of the liquefaction potential under the aforementioned combination of conditions. Therefore, liquefaction under the DBE is not a hazard to any of the seismic Class I structures of the project discussed above.

#### 2H.4 MEASUREMENT OF SHEAR WAVE VELOCITY IN SOIL

Time distance plots of crosshole seismic tests made to determine shear wave velocities for these soils are shown in Figures 2H-7, 2H-8, and 2H-9.

#### 2H.5 DETAILS OF THE SLOPE STABILITY ANALYSES

A plan showing the location of the sections analyzed for stability of banks is shown in Figure 2H-10. Profiles and typical stability analysis results and slip circles are shown in Figures 2H-11, 2H-12 and 2H-13.

#### 2H.6 SUPPLEMENTARY SOIL TEST DATA

Additional boring logs and soil test data not included in Appendix 2E are included as follows:

Logs of Borings 301 through 310	Figures 2H-15, 2H-16, 2H-17, 2H-18, and 2H-19
Logs of Borings 401 through 404	Figures 2H-20 and 2H-21
Triaxial Test Data	Figures 2H-22, 2H-23, 2H-24, 2H-25, 2H-26,
	2H-27, 2H-28, 2H-29, 2H-30, 2H-31, 2H-32,
	2H-33, 2H-34, 2H-35, and 2H-36
Summary of Laboratory Test Data	Figures 2H-37 and 2H-38
Laboratory Test Procedures	Figure 2H-39

3, 2H-44,
9, 2H-50,
5, 2H-56,
61
5, 2H-66,
1, 2H-72,
7, 2H-78,
445-677

### 2H.7 SUPPLEMENTARY SHIPPINGPORT SITE BORINGS DATA

A letter, dated April 22, 1955, with Shippingport Atomic Power Station site boring data is included in the immediately following pages.

# **STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORPORATION**

49 FEDERAL STREET, BOSTON 7, MASSACHUSETTS



NEW YORK BOSTON CHICAGO HOUSTON PITTSBURGH LOS ANGELES SAN FRANCISCO

April 22, 1955

Mr. R. B. Horner, Chief Design Engineer, Duquesne Light Company, Sixth Avenue, Pittsburgh 19, Pennsylvania

EXECUTIVE J.O.No.9147 435

Dear Sir:

### ADDITIONAL BORINGS SHIPPINGPORT NUCLEAR POWER STATION

In accordance with your authorization of February 14, 1955, we have examined the samples taken in 18 additional borings made at the site of the proposed Shippingport Nuclear Power Station. Attached are prints of our drawings SK-42155-C1, SK-42155-C2, SK-42155-C3, SK-42155-C4 and SK-42155-C5, inclusive, showing the logs of these borings as prepared by the driller and the classification of the soil samples received in our Soils Laboratory. Also attached is a print of drawing SK-42155-C6 showing the location of the above borings.

The borings made adjacent to the proposed plant and along the intake and discharge tunnels agree both in character of soils found and, with one exception, in elevations at which changes of strata occur with the soil profiles prepared from the borings made in the initial investigation during the spring and summer of 1954. These additional borings allow more accurate determination of the elevation of the bearing stratum of sand and gravel and will be of use during the construction program. The exception was Boring F which showed the recent clay and silt deposits extending to a greater depth than had been anticipated from other borings. At this boring, the bearing stratum is about 8 ft lower than the original boring program had indicated. Since Boring G and H indicate that the top of the bearing stratum rises, it appears that this is a localized condition which probably originated from vagaries of the old river channel. In view of the excellent agreement between the soils found in these additional borings and those found in the preliminary investigation, there is no reason to modify or change our recommendations in our previous Report on Subsurface Conditions Shippingport Site dated August 9, 1954, concerning the foundations for the power station or its major auxiliaries in the area lying north of the railroad tracks.

#### April 22, 1955

On April 18, 1955, Mr. Conwell outlined by telephone the general features of the circulating water intake and discharge, and requested that we comment on the soil conditions along the route of these facilities. We understand that the intake probably will be a castinplace concrete tunnel having inside dimensions of approximately 8 ft by 8 ft, or equivalent precast concrete pipe, and that the general route of the intake and discharge lines will follow that shown on your drawing 4939-B39 dated January 27, 1955, and marked "Preliminary".

This tunnel will start from the intake structure which will be founded on sand and gravel and, consequently, will provide a relatively rigid support, cross the low lying soft compressible soils of Area C described in our report of August 9, 1954, and then cross the more stable soils of Area B to the power station. In Area C, the center line of the tunnel will be approximately EI. 674 which is about the level of present ground surface, and the tunnel will be covered by fill and riprap for erosion protection. In Area B, the area above the tunnel will not be filled, initially, except in the immediate vicinity of the power station. As the tunnel crosses Area B, the following conditions may be expected:

- Section 1. Tunnel buried in and underlain by clay silt soils of Area B without additional fill over it. Tunnel in operation weighs approximately the same as soil it displaces.
- Section 2. Tunnel buried in and underlain by clay silt soils of Area B. Area above tunnel filled to about Gr. 706.
- Section 3. Tunnel supported on and underlain by sand and gravel or by well compacted granular fill placed for the support of the turbine room. Area above tunnel filled to about Gr. 706.

Within Area B where no additional fill is placed above the tunnel, there should be practically no settlement since the tunnel will weigh essentially the same as the soil it displaces. Through Area C, however, the fill to be placed will cause considerable compression of the underlying soils. Accordingly, if the tunnel were founded directly on these soils, it would settle appreciably, while at the ends there would be substantially no settlement since one end terminates in a rigidly supported intake structure and the other enters the relatively stable soils of Area B. Therefore, founding directly upon the soil of Area C would result in severe and probably damaging differential settlements. Even if precast concrete pipe were used, which can accommodate some settlement by joint rotation, it appears probable that distortion near the ends of Area C would be more than the joints could accommodate and remain tight.

April 22, 1955

It is therefore recommended that, in Area C, the intake tunnel be supported upon a rigid foundation deriving its support from the underlying sands and gravels. Piles are suggested, and if used, should be conservatively loaded since compression of the soil under the weight of the fill would cause some additional load on them by dragdown. In computing the load on the piles, the weight of the soil over the tunnel within a trapezoid having a base equal to the width of the tunnel and sloping outward on both sides at two vertical to one horizontal should be used.

Through Area B, the intake will pass from a section of substantially no settlement, Section 1, through a section of appreciable settlement due to the weight of deep fill, Section 2, to a section of negligible settlement, Section 3. In Section 3, although considerable fill will be placed above it, the intake will be founded either directly on the sand and gravel stratum or on the northerly part of the dense, compact fill placed to sup-port the turbine room. Differential settlement between Section 2 and the adjoining sections would, therefore, occur if the tunnel were founded in the existing soils without special precautions. While only moderate settlements are anticipated, the differential settlements would probably be sufficient to crack a rigid tunnel founded directly in the soil. Because of the large amount of fill to be placed over the tunnels near the station, the use of piles for the support of the tunnels through this section to avoid differential settlement appears costly. It might be possible to excavate to stable sand and gravel through this section and backfill with well compacted fill. If this were done, the tunnel and its support would be appreciably more rigid than the surrounding soil. As shown on attached SK-42155-C7, because of soil arching, this would result in an extremely heavy load being placed on the tunnel. For design purposes, the tunnel should be considered as supporting the soil within a trapezoid having a base equal to the width of the tunnel and sides sloping out at two vertical to one horizontal. This requirement might result in an expensive section if a rigid tunnel were used.

A reinforced precast concrete pipe, such as Lock Joint Pipe, founded directly in these soils without piles or other special precaution, might accommodate by joint rotation such differential settlements as may reasonably be anticipated along this portion of the intake. Careful study would be required to determine whether joint rotation would result in leakage.

A properly stiffened circular steel pipe might have sufficient elasticity to adjust itself without damage to the differential settlements to be anticipated.

April 22, 1955

We have attempted to describe the several different loading and founding conditions along the route of the intake. We believe that further study and comparative estimates of alternative designs to meet these conditions will be required to determine a sound economic solution.

We shall be glad to assist you in such studies in any way you may request. Our present information is this matter is somewhat general and further data as to your requirements might modify the problem. To illustrate, we list the following:

Dimensions of the heavy fill to be placed north of the turbine room.

What consideration should be given to possible future extension northward of this fill beyond the limits planned initially?

Dimensions of the berm of compacted fill to be placed under the north side of the turbine room to replace compressible materials between the bottom of the foundation and the sand and gravel stratum.

Relation of contemplated future intake lines to the initial intake.

The same general soil conditions described for the intake apply to the discharge tunnel as it leaves the turbine room.

It is our understanding that consideration is being given to the use of an open flume for a portion of the discharge. The change from tunnel to open ditch or flume will be made at a drop structure. We anticipate this structure will be of concrete and that it will be relatively heavy and massive. We assume it will be founded upon the underlying sand and gravel, either directly, if the grades are suitable, or by using piles or excavating the compressible clay silts and replacing them with compacted, granular fill. In studying comparative economics of these various methods, it should be noted that the top of the bearing stratum is well below ground water level.

This open flume or canal would extend from approximately the location of Boring F through Borings G and H to the river. We estimate that, near Boring F, this canal will be approximately 30 ft deep in order to provide a water depth of 6 to 8 ft at normal pool level in the river. The lower members of the soil through which this canal will be excavated are relatively weak and, accordingly, the stability of the canal banks was investigated. Preliminary computations based on an assumed slope of sides of two horizontal to one vertical

April 22, 1955

indicated the banks should be stable under normal conditions. However, some difficulty may be expected with sloughing following periods of high water in the river, especially if the river level drops rapidly. Also, the soils are fine grained and weak and will be readily eroded, either by relatively high velocities in the discharge canal or, possibly, by erosion during flood stages of the Ohio River. Considering the relative grades of the discharge tunnel and the normal pool level of the Ohio River, we do not believe such sloughing as may occur would interfere with the operation of the plant. However, it would be well in laying out miscellaneous structures, roads and other facilities to keep these at a reasonable distance from the canal banks. We suggest a minimum distance of 100 ft.

As shown by Borings J and K, soil conditions at the site of the transmission substation are different from those at the power station site. This area is blanketed by a considerable depth of fine grained soils which probably originated as outwash deposits from the weathering of the hills just to the south. These consist of interbedded sandy silts and very fine silty sands, the upper few feet being predominantly clay of a medium-to-stiff consistency. While inorganic, these soils are loose and structures founded above them will be subject to slight-to-moderate settlements, depending upon the weight of the structure and the size of the area loaded. We consider them, however, satisfactory for the support of transmission towers, bus structures and transformers such as are usually placed in a transmission substation.

There is a 15 ft difference in ground elevation between Borings J and K, approximately 175 ft apart. At Boring K there is 8 ft of medium-to-stiff clay on the surface underlain by 9 ft of loose silts and sands. At Boring J the thickness of surface clay is 4 ft and the thickness of loose silts and sands has increased to 19 ft. We would prefer to have the foundations supported on the surface clay or in a moderate amount of well compacted fill above the clay. To accomplish this, we suggest that consideration be given to orienting the substation parallel to the ground contours to reduce the maximum difference in ground elevation as much as possible. We also suggest benching the area, using a minimum of excavation at the south side of each bench and building up the north side with compacted fill. This grading work should be done well in advance of the construction of foundations to permit time for the area to consolidate and come to equilibrium under the changed loading conditions.

We suggest that foundations be loaded to not exceeding 2,000 psf dead loads, and to not exceeding 2,500 psf dead plus live plus wind loads. Foundations of the substation and equip-ment may be placed in filled areas, assuming the fill is properly compacted to secure good density and that all rubbish, debris,

6.

April 22, 1955

brush and organic matter are stripped from the surface before placing the fill. We suggest using the same bearing for footings founded in this fill as are to be used in the natural soil.

Boring L, which is located approximately at the site of the 60,000 gal water tank, shows recent outwash deposits to a depth of about 4 ft, below which, 5 ft of coal blossom was found. This in turn was underlain by a very hard gray clay which the driller termed "fire clay". While the coal blossom was marked compact on the boring, we suggest that, if the tank is a tower supported structure, the tower legs be carried through it to the underlying compact clay. This material is hard and dry and it may be loaded 4 tons per sq ft. If a ground supported tank is contemplated, some other procedure may be desirable.

We are sending you eight copies of this letter with all attachments in order that you will have the necessary copies for distribution.

If you have further questions or if you wish additional copies of this letter or prints of these boring logs, please advise us.

Yours very truly,

(Originally signed by)

F. W. Argue, Engineering Manager

Enclosures



REV. 0 (1/82)




÷





i

Stone & Webster



BORING LOGS SHIPPINGPORT SITE DUQUESNE LIGHT COMPANY PTTSBURG, PENNSYLVANIA STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORPORATION APRIL 1955

SK-42155-C5 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



÷

BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



#### TABLES FOR APPENDIX 2H

#### Table 2H-1

### RELATIVE DENSITIES AND RELATED SOIL PROPERTIES FOR SOILS UNDERLYING BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION SITE VIBRATORY COMPACTION TESTS AT 1 PSI FOR 8 MIN

.....

				Grain Size	Analysis	Natural	Minimum	Maximu	m Density.	Dry Density.	Relative	Locat	on
Test <u>No.</u>	Depth, Ft	Elevation, Ft	Description of Soils	% Pas <u>No. 200 Mesh</u>	bing D60/D10	Density (PCF) (In-Place)	Density, PCF	VIB	PCF <u>Field</u> *	PCF (In-Place)	Density,☆ %	North Coordinates	East <u>Coordinates</u>
1	25.0	710.0	Medium brown coarse sand slightly silty, some gravel	1	50.0	129.0	112.0	136.8	139.3	120.6	87	3710	7500
2	35.0	700.0	Fine to medium brown sand, some coarse sand and gravel, trace of clay and silt	1	42.5	139.8	117.4	134.3	141.4	131.3	92	3799	7550
3	40.0	695.0	Same as Test 2 with large pieces of broken gravel	2	44.0	141.3	115.0	134.9	141.4	132.9	94	3751	7600
4**	45.0	690.0	Same as Test 1	2	89.0	131.7	120.0	128.4	141.4	123.7	87.5	3730	7575
5	47.5	687.5	Same as Test 2	1	47.5	138.5	115.4	134.5	141.4	129.6	91	3730	7588
6	49.8	685.2	Same as Test	1	50.0	136.6	116.8	133.9	143.7	130.0	92	3691	7550
7	52.5	682.5	Fine to medium gravel and sand slightly silty, some large gravel	1	29.0	143.9	116.4	134.7	143.7	136.5	95	3782	7550

Maximum densities were obtained both by laboratory (ASTM D2049-64T), and field compaction using a vibratory compactor.

\* Field in-place density tests were performed in area soils during the reactor containment excavation.

\*\* Test No. 4 was performed using the Bureau of Reclamation Procedure for determining minimum and maximum densities.

★ Relative density was calculated using measured natural (in-place) and field compacted densities.

## TABLE 2H-2

#### ANALYSIS OF LIQUEFACTION POTENTIAL

					ALPHA	= 0.72 at :	Surface			ALPHA =	= 0.90			ALPH	HA = 1.0	
Elev.	Total Mass, _psf_	σv	DR _ <u>%</u>	<u>ALPHA</u>	Shear Stress, t psf	t/ <del>.</del> V	t / <del>ठ</del>	<u>F.S.</u>	ALPHA	t <u>psf</u>	<u>t/</u> <del>o</del> <u>V</u>	<u>F.S.</u>	<u>ALPHA</u>	t psf	t/ <del>.</del> V	<u>F.S.</u>
REACT GWL	<u>OR</u> - 150 fT ø . = El. 675	Mat at El.	681 Ft-	-11 ln Avg	Load 7.5 ks	f										
675	8 320	8 320	55	0.72	750	0.090	0.29	32	0.90	940	0.113	2.6	1.0	1,040	0.124	2.3
665	9,520	8 920	55	0.72	860	0.096	0.29	3.0	0.90	1,080	0.121	2.4	1.0	1,200	0.134	2.2
655	10 720	9 520	60	0.72	980	0.103	0.32	3.2	0.90	1,220	0.128	2.5	1.0	1,360	0.143	2.2
645	11 920	10 120	60	0.72	1 070	0 106	0.32	3.0	0.90	1,340	0.132	2.4	1.0	1,480	0.146	2.2
635	13,120	10,720	60	0.72	1,180	0.110	0.32	2.9	0.90	1,480	0.138	2.3	1.0	1,640	0.153	2.1
GWL	= 707 (Corre:	sponds to	River D	esian Flood	- Recurrenc	e Frequer	ncv <1:1000 \	(r)								
675	8.320	6.360	55*	0.72	750	0.118	0.29	´2.5	0.90	940	0.148	2.0	1.0	1,040	0.164	1.8
665	9,520	6,960	55	0.72	860	0.124	0.29	2.3	0.90	1,080	0.153	1.9	1.0	1,200	0.172	1.7
655	10,720	7,560	60	0.72	980	0.130	0.32	2.4	0.90	1,220	0.162	2.0	1.0	1,360	0.180	1.8
645	11,920	8,160	60	0.72	1,070	0.131	0.32	2.4	0.90	1,340	0.164	2.0	1.0	1,480	0.182	1.8
635	13,120	8,760	60	0.72	1,180	0.134	0.32	2.4	0.90	1,480	0.168	1.9	1.0	1,640	0.186	1.7
AUXILI	ARY BUILDIN	<u>G</u> - Avg Lo	oad 2.4	ksf at Elev.	720											
695	5 400	5 400	55*	0.72	485	0.09	0.29	32	0.90	610	0.112	2.6	1.0	670	0.125	2.3
685	6,400	6 600	55*	0.72	590	0.00	0.29	3.2	0.90	740	0.112	2.6	1.0	820	0.125	2.3
675	7 800	7 800	55*	0.72	700	0.00	0.29	3.2	0.90	870	0.112	2.6	1.0	970	0.125	2.3
665	000,0	8 400	55*	0.72	810	0.006	0.29	3.0	0.90	1.015	0.120	2.4	1.0	1,120	0.134	2.2
655	10 200	9,000	60	0.72	920	0.000	0.32	3.1	0.90	1,150	0.127	2.5	1.0	1,280	0.142	2.2
645	11 400	9,600	60	0.72	1 030	0 107	0.32	3.0	0.90	1,290	0.134	2.4	1.0	1,430	0.148	2.2
635	12,600	10,200	60	0.72	1,140	0.111	0.32	2.9	0.90	1,420	0.138	2.3	1.0	1,580	0.154	2.1
For (	GWL = EI. 707	,														
695	5,400	4.680	55	0.72	485	0.104	0.29	2.78	0.90	610	0.130	2.2	1.0	670	0.143	2.0
685	6,600	5,280	55	0.72	590	0.112	0.29	2.58	0.90	740	0.140	2.1	1.0	820	0.155	1.9
675	7,800	5,880	55	0.72	700	0.119	0.29	2.44	0.90	870	0.147	1.96	1.0	970	0.165	1.7
665	9,000	6,480	55	0.72	810	0.125	0.29	2.32	0.90	1,015	0.157	1.85	1.0	1,120	0.173	1.7
655	10,200	7,080	55	0.72	920	0.130	0.29	2.2	0.90	1,150	0.164	1.77	1.0	1,280	0.181	1.6
645	11,400	7,680	55	0.72	1,030	0.134	0.29	2.16	0.90	1,290	0.167	1.73	1.0	1,430	0.186	1.6
635	12,600	8.280	55	0.72	1.140	0.138	0.29	2.1	0.90	1,420	0.172	1.68	1.0	1,580	0.191	1.5

\*DR = Relative Density - Assumed as 55% above El. 665 - Conservative since in situ tests Elev. 680 to 715 Avg 80% - 90% ALPHA = Ratio of average acceleration for 8 cycles at point considered to peak acceleration (single pulse) at surface

= Effective vertical stress at point considered V

 $\overline{\sigma}$ 

= Shear stress to cause INITIAL LIQUEFACTION in 8 cycles after SEED from tests on Sacramento River Sand No. 3 t/σ"

## **BVPS UFSAR UNIT 1**

## TABLE 2H-2 (CONT'D)

#### ANALYSIS OF LIQUEFACTION POTENTIAL

					ALPHA	= 0.7 <u>2</u> at	Surface			ALPHA	= 0.90			ALPH	IA = 1.0	
Elev.	Total Mass, _psf	<u><u></u> <u></u> <u></u> V</u>	DR <u>%</u>	ALPHA	Shear Stress, t psf	<u>t/</u> <del>ज</del>	t/ <del>ज</del> _!!!	<u>F.S.</u>	ALPHA	t <u>psf</u>	t/ <del>.</del> V	<u>F.S.</u>	ALPHA	t <u>psf</u>	t/ <del>.</del> V	<u>F.S.</u>
I	URBINE BUIL	. <u>DING</u> - Av	/g Load	3.6 ksf at E	l. 683.5 ft - S	elect Con	npacted to 68	30 - 675 ±	For Normal Flo	ood GWL =	River = El. 6	675.0 Ft				
675	4 620	4 620	55	0.72	415	0.00	0.20	3.0	0.90	520	0 113	2.56	1.0	580	0.126	2.3
6/5 665	4,620	4,020	55	0.72	415	0.09	0.29	3.0	0.90	655	0.125	2.3	1.0	730	0.139	2.1
000	5,620	5,220	55	0.72	525	0.10	0.29	2.9	0.30	790	0.136	21	1.0	880	0.150	1.9
645	8 220	6 4 2 0	55	0.72	740	0.105	0.29	2.00	0.50	925	0.144	2.0	1.0	1,030	0.160	1.8
635	0,220	7 020	55	0.72	850	0.113	0.23	2.02	0.00	1 060	0.150	1.9	1.0	1,180	0.168	1.7
Eor D	9,420 Project Design	Flood - Ele	JJ 207 1	0.72	000	0.121	0.25	2.40	0.50	1,000	0.100			,		
FULF	Tojeci Design		sv. 101.	0												
675	4 620	2 640	55	0.72	415	0 157	0.29	1 84	0.90	525	0.199	1.46	1.0	580	0.220	1.32
665	5,820	3 240	55	0.72	525	0.163	0.29	1.04	0.90	660	0.205	1.42	1.0	730	0.225	1.28
655	7 020	3 840	55	0.72	635	0.163	0.29	1.78	0.90	790	0.205	1.42	1.0	880	0.230	1.26
645	8 220	4 440	55	0.72	740	0.167	0.29	1.73	0.90	925	0.210	1.38	1.0	1,030	0.232	1.25
635	9 420	5 040	55	0.72	850	0.167	0.29	1 73	0.90	1.060	0.208	1.39	1.0	1,180	0.233	1.24
Trans	sformer Yard A	Area Grour	nd Surfa	ice = Elev. 7	706.0 Botto	om of Cla	y = El. 655±	Normal FI	ood = GWL = E	I. 675.0						
655	6 300	5 100	55	0.72	570	0 112	0.29	26	0.90	710	0.139	2.1	1.0	790	0.153	1.90
645	7 500	5 700	55	0.72	675	0.112	0.20	2.0	0.00	845	0.148	1.96	1.0	940	0.166	1.74
635	8 700	6 300	55	0.72	780	0.110	0.29	2 35	0.90	980	0.155	1.88	1.0	1,090	0.173	1.67
055	0,700	0,000	00	0.72	100	0.124	0.20	2.00	0.00							
For D	Design Flood to	o Elev. 707	7													
655	6,300	3,450	55	0.72	570	0.165	0.29	1.75	0.90	710	0.205	1.4	1.0	790	0.230	1.26
645	7,500	4,050	55	0.72	675	0.168	0.29	1.73	0.90	845	0.210	1.38	1.0	940	0.232	1.25
635	8,700	6,300	55	0.72	780	0.168	0.29	1.73	0.90	980	0.211	1.37	1.0	1,090	0.235	1.23
Fuel	Puilding Avg I	ood 4 75 l	kef at El	ov 715 0	(For Norma	I Elood El	ov 675 0)									
ESE	8 350	2020 4.751 8 350	55	0.72	750	0.00	0.20	3.0	0.90	940	0.112	2.6	1.0	1,040	0.125	2.3
675	9,550	9,550	55	0.72	860	0.03	0.20	3.0	0.90	1 075	0.112	2.6	1.0	1,190	0.125	2.3
665	10 750	10 150	55	0.72	965	0.09	0.29	29	0.90	1 210	0.119	2.4	1.0	1,340	0.132	2.2
655	11 950	10,150	55	0.72	1 075	0.033	0.29	2.5	0.90	1,210	0.125	2.3	1.0	1,490	0.138	2.1
645	13 150	11 350	55	0.72	1 180	0.10	0.20	2.5	0.00	1 475	0.130	2.2	1.0	1,640	0.144	2.0
635	14 350	11,000	55	0.72	1,100	0.104	0.29	2.5	0.90	1.610	0.135	2.1	1.0	1,790	0.150	1.9
055	14,000	11,550	55	0.72	1,200	0.100	0.25	2.0	0.00	.,	•••••					
For F	Project Design	Flood E	lev. 70	7.2						0.40	0.444	25	1.0	1 040	0 125	23
685	8,350	8,340	55	0.72	750	0.09	0.29	3.0	0.90	940	0.114	2.5	1.0	1 100	0.120	2.3
675	9,550	8,940	55	0.72	860	0.097	0.29	3.0	0.90	1,075	0.120	2.4	1.0	1,150	0.134	2.1
665	10,750	9,540	55	0.72	965	0.101	0.29	2.9	0.90	1,210	0.127	2.3	1.0	1,040	0.141	2.0
655	11,950	10,140	55	0.72	1,075	0.106	0.29	2.8	0.90	1,345	0.134	2.2	1.0	1,450	0.147	1.9
645	13,150	10,740	55	0.72	1,180	0.11	0.29	2.6	0.90	1,4/5	0.137	2.1	1.0	1,040	0.152	10
635	14 350	11 340	55	0.72	1 2 9 0	0 114	0.29	2.5	0.90	1,610	0.142	2.0	1.0	1,150	0.157	1.0









FIGURE 2H-4 BLOW COUNT VS. DEPTH BORINGS 8, 25, 108, 109, 111, 112 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

40 0 20 695 111 109 BORING NO 21 20 110 310 677.0 689.6 679.5 SURE EL. 684.0 690.0 690.6 685 BL OW COUNTS EL 665 19,20, 675 59,8, TO 645 10,26 10 13,9,15 23,17 23,28. 16 22 EL. 645 11,26 9,12 24,23 23,19,26 9,13,18 25,5, TO 630+ 31,18 5.7 41,31 665 F EL. 665-645 ZONE EL. 690 BORINGS: MEDIAN N=15 DR=55% EL. 680± BORINGS: MEDIAN N=23 DR=75% AVG.= 63% DR

EL. 645-630 ZONE

EL. 690' BORINGS' MEDIAN N=20 DR=60% EL. 680' BORINGS' MEDIAN N=13 DR=55% AVG=57% DR

#### LEGEND

© SHIPPINGPORT BORINGS NOS. 20, 21 BEAVER VALLEY BORINGS NOS. 109, 110, 411, 310



FIGURE 2H-5 BLOW COUNT VS- DEPTH BORINGS 20, 21, 109, 110, 111, 310 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

REV. 0 (1/82)

#### COMPUTED SINGLE PEAK VALUES OF ALPHA

z	z'~ z	-SINGLE PEAK	SHEAR STRESS	ALPHA
DEPTH	z	DYALS	FOR I= axm	SINGLE PEAK
20	.81	200	300	0.667
40	.62	370	600	0.62
60	41	520	900	0.58
80	.23	660	1,200	0.55
100	.05	7 30	1,500	0.49

#### $Z^{2}$ =105' (735 to 630 AT REACTOR) = DEPTH OF OVERBURDEN d= MAX SURF ACCELERATION-SINGLE PEAK= 0.125g

÷



FIGURE 2H-6 VARIATION OF ALPHA WITH DEPTH BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT







-----









#### THIS PAGE IS INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

FIGURE 2H-14 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

SITE_ TYPE DATE NOTES	DRILL	R VALLEY POHER STAT R WG DRIVE LO	TION - I	DUQU MIT MQ SHIPP OR HL	LED	LIGRI BI.J BY_P	COMPARY       SH OF	SITE TYPE DATE NOTE	BBA OF DRI S	VER VALLEY POVER STAT BORING DRIVE LO LLED JULY. 1969	CATH	DUQ - UNIT H DN SH DRH	UESNE D. 1 LPPING LED	LIGH	I.O. No
ELEV. C	PEE T	STRATA DESCRIPTION			-		LABORATORY OR BEOLOGIST'S DESCRIPTION	ELEV. FEET	DEPT	H STRATA DESCRIPTION	LOB	SAMPLE	a	TUT COTUT	LABORATORY OR BEOLOGIST'S DESCRIPTION
775	GROT	MD EL. 700.6'			01-30		STLT - SANDY, FTRM, BROWN				<u> </u>		<b>I</b>	- <b>J</b>	
-		DARK BROWN SANDY CLAY WITH SOME GRAVEL, COMPACT, NOIST	6 531 65 65 65 55 55 65 55 65	25 23 18 17			SAME AS ST1	700 - -	- GR	DARK BROWN SANDY CLAY WITH ROCK FRAGMENTS, COMPACT, DARF BROWN SANDY	2 2 7 7	BORTING         ST1       100         SS1       20         SS2       19         SS3       16	<u>10. 3</u> 0	22	SILT - SANDY, SOME FINE TO MEDIUM GRAVEL, TRAC OF CLAY, MEDIUM STIFF, BROWN SAME AS STI SILT - SOME CLAY, SOME MEDIUM GRAVEL AND FINE SAND, BROWN SAME AS STI
690- -		DARK BROME SANDY CLAY, STIFF	572 572 573	11 100 83			SAME AS SS3	-		CLAY WITH GRAY SLAG, COMPACT, DAMP		SS4 26 SS5 21 SS6 17			SILI - SOME CLAR, ORGANIC, SOME FIRE GRAVEL, MEDIUM SILFF, BROWN AND BLACK SAND - FINE, SILFY, SOME FINE GRAVEL, POORLY GRAI ROUNDED, BROWN SAME AS SS <sup>1</sup>
		DARK GRAY CLAY, TRACE OF WOOD, DARF TO WET DARK GRAY CLAY WITH LOOSE GRAVEL WET DARK GRAY SANDY CLAY WITH LOOSE	5 ST4	100 75 23		1 7	CLAY - FIRM, LEAN, ORGANIC, SILTY, UNIPORM, GRAY SAME AS ST4 SAME - MEDIUM, WITH ORGANIC SILT AND GRAVEL, POORLY GRADED. SUBROUMDED, GRAY - BROWN	690 -	4	DARK BROWN BANDY CLAY WITH SOME GRAVEL, SOFT, WET	0 0	SS7 11 ST2 100 ST3 79			GRAVEL - TING, SANDY, SLIT, RACE OF CLAI, FAIRL WELL GRADED, ROUNDED, BROWN SAME AS SS7 GRAVEL - MEDIUM, SANDY, SILTY, POORLY GRADED, SUBROUNDED, BROWN
		GRAVEL, WET DARK BROWN SAND AND COARSE GRAVEL SOME SILT, WET	2 0 0 0 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	25 36 36		÷	SAME AS SS6 GRAVEL - FINE AND MEDIUM, WITH SAND, TRACE OF SILT, FAIRLY WELL GRADED, ROUNDED TO SUBROUNDED BLACK SAME AS SS8		 		0 0	5T4 100 5T5 100		<del>*</del>	SAME AS ST3 SAME AS ST3 SAME AS ST3
		DARK BROWN COARSE SAND, SOME MEDIUM GRAVEL AND SILT, WET	5 SS 6 SS 6 SS 11 5 SS 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	25 43 56			SINILAR TO SSR, BUR MORE SAND SAND - MEDIUM AND COARSE, SILTY, SOME GRAVEL, UNIFORM, ROUNDED, DARK GRAY SAME AS SSL1 SAME AS SSL1	680 -		DARK BROWN COARSE SAMD AND GRAVEL, LITTLE SILT, LOOSE, WET	0 0 0	558 23 559 24 55 36			GRAVEL - MEDIUM, SAWDY, SILTY, ORGANIC, TRACE OF POORLY GRADED, SUBROUNDED, BROWN GRAVEL - MEDIUM, SANDY, FAIRLY WELL GRADED, SUBROUNDED, BLACK SAME AS SS9
670- -											а 6 6	SS 11 42 SS 12 25 SS 13 34			SAME AS SS9 SAME AS SS9 SAME AS SS9
4							-	670 -							
4							-	-							
-															
								-							
								-							
L FIGUR of 8 TO 8 81974 gg.00	NES IN S LOVIS OF DRIVE A ANCE S DTE THE	BLOW OR RECOVERY COLUMN F A 140 LB HAMMER FAG 2 " OD SAMPLE BPOOR NOWS. FIGURES SHOWN OF RECOVERY IN INCHES AN	N DENOTE LLING 30 12 TON POSITE AC	THE BUN REQUIT THE SCK CORE	NGER MED J			i. Fi Of TC Di	URES I BLOWS DRIVE STANCE	N BLOW OR RECOVERY COLUMN I OF A 140 LB HAMMER FAI I A 2 OO SAMPLE SPOON SHOWN - FURRE SHOWN OF THE RECOVERY IN INCHES AN	N DENG	TE THE NU 30 " REQU OR THE E ROCK CON CENT.	NDER IRED ES		
E. 8 J. ₽ TABL (HOV 4. ¥a <sup>+</sup> PERC 6. ¥p <sup>-</sup> 4. 58 - 7. 64¥4 REGI	BIBICAT HIDICAT LE. THE RATURA CENTAM PLASTIC BENGTE HID HO B DEN PVERY	TES LOCATION OF RAMPLE ES LOCATION OF THE MA : FREWE MONCATES THE TER COMPLETION OF BOO L. LOBOTTURE CONTENT C E DE GAT WEIGHT OF BO C. LINIT; W,-LIGMO LINIT B GATT BOOGS; DT-BES MEAN SEA LEVEL MEAN SEA LEVEL OTES ROCK GUALITE BO G' OR OVER, BUE TO BO	IS. TURAL GOV TUBE OV LING. KPRESDED IL. T;1,-LIN OTES SHE HDNATION NGR STRUC	NUMD NAT READING AS A HOITY N LOY TWO - % OF TUBE.	68 1081. 6.		BORING LOG 301 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION - UNIT NO. 1 SHIPPINGPORT, PENNSYLVANIA DUQUESNE LIGHT COMPANY STORE & VEDSTER COMMETERING CORPORATION	2. 8 3. 7 (H 4. W, 8. 8 7. 0 8. 8 7. 0 8. 0 7. 0 7. 0 7. 0 7. 0 7. 0 7. 0 7. 0 7	HD ( HD ( BLE. OURS) - NATL (RCENT - PLAS - PLAS - OEMO (TUB ) S COVER	CATES LOCATION OF SAMPLE LATES LOCATION OF SAMPLE THE FOUNE INDICATES THE AFTER COMPLETION OF BOR MAL MOISTURE CONTENT E AGE OF DRY WEIGHT OF BO ITTC LIMIT; WLIQUID LHIT JTES SALT SPOOR; ST-DEN MEAN SEA LEVEL MENDES ACCC GUALITY DES Y 4° ON OVER, GUE TO EC	18. TURAL TIME HIME XPMESS IL. T <sub>1</sub> I <sub>L</sub> = Oteo Homati DCK BT	AROUND WE OF READIN LED AS A LIQUIDITY SHELBY TU ON - % OF RUCTURE.	TER 6 	4	BORING LOG 302 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION - UNIT NO. 1 SHIPPINGPORT, PENNSYLVANIA DUQUESNE LIGHT COMPANY STOME 6. WEBSTER EMBINEERING CORPORATION

- É

REV. O (1/82)

ì

FIGURE 2H-15 BORING LOGS 301 AND 302 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

SITE TYPE DATE NOTES	BEAV OF BO DRILL S	IER VALLEY POWER ST DRING <u>DRIVE</u> L. LED <u>JULY, 1969</u>	ATION OCAT	- U	DUQU NIT N SHI DRIL	0. 1 PPING LED	LIC IPOR	HT C	UNPANY	303SIT 2'DAT NOT	E E ES	BEAVEN OF BOR DRILLE	A VALLEX POWER STA	DCAT	ion	DUQI IT_NI SHIPI DRIL	<u>JESNE</u> 2. 1 2. NGE L.ED	0RT. 90RT.	J.O. No.       11700       BORING No.       104        J.O. No.       11700       BORING No.       104         PENNSYLVANIA      GROUND ELEV.       675.3'         PENN_DRILLING       LOGGED BY B.7., Y.L.T.
ELEV FEET	DEPTH FEET	STRATA DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC LOG	SAW TYPE ARD NO	DA DA	0 01 07 11 10		ess [17 PW)	LABORATORY OR GEOLOGIST'S DESCRIPTION	ELEV	1	DEPTH FEE T	STRATA DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC L00	SAMP TYPE AND NO	E own con con	5 0++ 5 0+ 6 04	PRE 15 TEST	LABORATORY OR GEOLOGIST'S Description
//X/\ - -	GROUN	D EL. 696.0 DARK BROWN SANDY CLAY WITH SOME SMALL GRAVEL, DAMP	0/0/0/	BC ST1 ST2	PING 71 54	NO. 3	<u>103</u>	2	DILT - THACE OF GRAVEL,SLIGHTLY ORGANIC,M FIRM, BROWN HMILAR TO STL, BUT TRACE OF CLAY	D10M /77	-	GROUI	ID EL. 675.3' DARK BROWN SANDY SILT, DAMP		BORI STI I ST2 I		2. <u>3</u> 0	ו	SAND - MEDINM, SILTY, SOME ROCTS, UNIFORM, RCUMDED, PHOWN SILT - SANDY, SOME DECAYED VECETATION, FIRM, PHOWN
<b>6</b> 90 - -		DARK BROWN SANDY CLAY SLAG, SOME WOOD, DAMF, FILL DARK BROWN SANDY	1 10 x 1 1 1 0 1	ST3 ST4 ST5 ST6	100 3° 100 100				SAME AS DT2 SILT - CRGANIC, WITH GRAVEL, SOFT, BLACK "LAY - SOFT, LEAN, SILTY, SANDY, TRACE OF BROWN SIMILAR TO STS, BUT ALSD TRACE OF ORGANIC	- 670 			DARK BROWN SANDY CLAY, SOME WOOD, DARK BROWN AND GRAY SANDY CLAY, WET		ST3 ST4 ST5 ST6	00 00 50 00			SIMILAR TO ST2, BUT TRACE OF CLAV SAME AS ST3 SIMILAR TO ST2, BUT SOFTER SILT - DELINE, SANDY, WITH DECAYED VERSIATION
- 680 -		CLAY WITH SMALL GRAVEL THROUGHOUT DAMF DARK GRAY SANDY	10/0/0/0/0/	ST7 ST8 ST9 ST 10	100 100 100		Z		NAME AS STG SAME AS STG NAME AS STG	- 660			DARK GRAY, SOME BROWN SAND AND CLAY, WET	1.1.40	ST7 ST8 ST9	00 00 00		Ţ	SOFT, OMEY SAME AS STO SAME - MEDIUM, SILTY, WITH GRAVEL, SOME DRGA "CORLY CRADED, SUBROUNDED, GRAY-BROWN GRAVEL - FINE AND MEDIUM, SANDY, SILTY, WELL OR SUBROUNDED, BROWN
670 -		CLAY, SOME SMALL GRAVEL DARK BROWN SANDY CLAY, VERY STIFF, DAMP	0 0 0	ST 12 SS1 SS2	1 00 1 00 25			3 0 0	AME AS STG LAY - SOFT, LEAN, SILTY, INIFORM, BROWN RAVEL - FINS AND MEDITY, AND SAND, TRACE OF FAIRLY WELL GRADED, SUBROUNDED, FL AME AS SSI	SILT,659			DARK BROWN CDARSI SAND AND GRAVEL, SOME CLAY, WET	0 0 0 0	SS1 SS2 SS3 SS4 SS5	17 20 22 28 28			SAME AS STO SAME AS STO SIMILAR TO STO, HUT SOME ORGANIC, LESS GRAD SAME AS STO SAME AS STO
	-	DARK BROWN COARSE SAND AND GRAVEL, LITTLE SILT, LOOSE, WET		SS3 SS4 SS5 SS6 SS7	28 33 26 26 26			5 5 5 5 5 5	AME AS SSI AME AS SSI AME AS SSI AME AS SSI AME AS SSI				DARK HROWN COARSI SAND, FEW GRAVEL SOME CLAY, WET	0	SS6 SS7 SS8	18 16 13			SAME IS STO SAND - MEDIUM, SILTY,WITH MEDIUM SPAVEL, DO SPADED, ROUNDED, SHOWN SAND - MEDIUM, SOME SILT, TRACE OF FINE PRA UNIFORM, ROUNDED, BROWN
660 - - -										- 640									
-																			
1 Figi OF TO DIS DEN 2. 3. 2. 3. 2. 7. 4. 8. 8. 5. 7. 0AT 8. R 6. 8. 7. 0AT 8. 8. 8. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7	IURES IN 1 BLOWD O DRIVE A STANCE S INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT SLE THE JURSJ AF - NATURA RCENTAG - PLASTI - PLASTI - DENOTE TUM IS COVERY	L BLOW OR RECOVERY COLUM OF A 12-OB MAMME SPON A 2'OB SAMPLE SPON BHOWN. FIGURES SHOWN O BECOVERY IN HICHES A RECOVERY IN HICHES A TES LOCATION OF THEM E FIGURE INDICATES THE TES LOCATION OF THEM E OF OMPL WEIGHT OF SI C CHMIT 3W -LIGUID LIM ES SPLIT SPOON, ST-DEI WEAN SEA LEVYEL NOTES ROCK QUALITY DE 4'OR GYER, DUE TO M	IN DEN ILLING N 12 PPOSITI ND PE ES. ATURAL E TIME RING. EXPRES DIL IT; IL- NOTES SIGNAT	SED A	HE NUI 'REQUI THE CK CORI INO WA' IEAD INO NA DITY II DITY II S OF TURE	MOE R RED ES FER B NOE X.	4 3 2 1		BORING LOG 303 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION - HNIT I SHIPPINGPORT, PENNSYLVANIA DUQUESNE LIGHT COMMANY STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORPOR A1709-SSK-21	2. 2. 3. 5. 7. 7. 7. 7. 8. 7. 8. 7. 8. 7. 8. 7. 8. 7. 8. 7. 8. 7. 8. 7. 8. 7. 8. 7. 8. 7. 8. 7. 8. 7. 8. 7. 8. 7. 8. 7. 8. 7. 8. 7. 8. 7. 8. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7.	IGUIF O IGUIF O IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST ENCO IST IST ENCO IST IST ENCO IST IST IST IST IST IST IST IST	RES IN BI LOWS OF PRIVE A ANCE SH INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE INDIN	LOW OR RECOVERY COLUS A 140 LB HAMMER FA 2 TO SAMPLE SPOO OWN. FIGURES SIGWN C RECOVERY IN HIGHES A S LOCATION OF SAMPL 3 LOCATION OF SAMPL 3 LOCATION OF THE HA FIGURE INDICATES THE HOISTARE CONTENT I OF DRY WEIGHT OF S LIGHT; WLIGHUD LIM SPLIT SPOON; ST-DE WEAN SOC LEVIL TES ROCK QUALITY DE OR OVER, DUE TO R	IN DEF ILLING ILLING ILLING IND PE ES. ATURAN E TIME ATURAN E TIME ATURAN IT; IL- NOTES SIGNAT	NOTE T - 30 " OR TE ROCE CRCENT L GROU C OF R SSED A - LIQUII SHELI TION - BTRUCT	HE NUI REQUI THE K CORI EADINE B A HITY H Y TUE	NDEX	4	BORING LOG 304 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION - UNIT NG. SHIPPINGPORT, PENNSYLVANIA DUQUESNE LIGHT COMPANY STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORPORATION 11700-SSK- 22

1

# REV. 0 (1/82)

i

FIGURE 2H-16 BORING LOGS 303 AND 304 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

•

SITE_ TYPE DATE NOTES	BEAV	ER VALLEY POWER ST. Ring <u>Drive</u> Lo ED <u>July</u> 1969		- UN J N D <sup>4</sup>	T NO. UPPIN	1 SPORT.	PENNS PENNS	J.O. No. 11700 BORING VILVANIA GROUND ELEV. DRILLING LOGGED BY B.G.	Sn.⊥ 07 ⊥ No. <u>305</u> <u>671.2'</u> K.L.P.	SITE TYPE DATE NOTE	BEAVED OF BC DRILL S	NALLEY POWER STA RING <u>DRIVE</u> L ED JULY, 1969		DI UNIT 1 SH: DR	IQUESNE	ORT.	T COMPANY SH OF
ELEV. FEET	DEFTH FEET	STRATA DESCRIPTION	LOS E			ale Pile de Til Kot lar	•	LABORATORY OR GEOLOGIST'S DESCRIPTION		ELEV FELT	DEPTH FEET	STRATA DESCRIPTION	BRAPHIC LOB		Ci 54 Ci 97 Ei 944	PRE 31. TE 51 6 (6P E)	LABORATORY OR GEOLOGIST'S DESCRIPTION
_		ININ RI. 671.21	• <b>•</b> _	BORIN		305											······································
775 670-		DARK BROWN FINE SAND, DANP	51	1 100	Ż		SAN	D - FINE TO MEDIUM, SOME SILT , SUBROUNDED, BROWN T - SOFT SANDY BROWN	UNIFORM,	//7	GROU	DARK BROWN SILTY		1 1 00			SILT - CLAYEY, TRACE OF ROOTS, SOFT, HROWN
-		DARK BROWN WOOD SOME CLAY, DAMP DARK BROWN SANDY	51	3 100			SIL	T - SANDY, ORGANIC, SOFT, GRAY-B	RCWN	-		SAND, DAMP		1 00			SAND - FINE, SILTY, ORGANIC, UNIFORM, HOUNDEE BROWN SAME AS STI
		DARK BROWN AND GRAY FINE SAND,	57 51	4 2	5		SIL	T - SANDY, SOFT, BROWN				DARK GRAY AND BROWN FINE SAND	s s	13100 14100			SAME AS STI
-		DARK GRAY SILT,	Z 51	510		Ā	SIL	T - ORGANIC, WITH ROOTS, SANDY, BROWN	SOFT, GRAY-	-		DARK BROWN SANDY CLAY, SOFT, WET	ST	15 1 00			SIMILAR TO STI, BUT ALSO SANDY
60-		SAND, VERY SOFT, WET		100 7100			SAM	E AS ST5 1D - FINE TO COARSE, ORGANIC, SIL	TY, WITH	-		DARK BROWN AND	sı	r6 1 00		Ā	SILT - ORGANIC, SANDY, SOFT, BLACK SAND - FINE, ORGANIC, SILTY, UNIFORM, ROUNDED
]		DARK GRAY SAND, PEW GRAVEL, SOME	0 0 51	n 10	5		SIM	GRAVEL, FAIRLY WELL GRADED, BROWN AND BLACK MILAR TO ST7, BUT LESS ORGANIC, L	ESS GRADING	660.		DARK GRAY SILTY	S.	r7 100 r8 100			BLACK GRAVEL - MEDIUM,SILTY,CONSIDERABLE MEDIUM SAU TRACE OF CLAY, POORLY GPADED.SUBANG
4	Ì	CLAI, WEI	. 5	2 12			GRA SIM	VEL - FINE TO COARSE, SILTY, SAN GRADED, SUBROUNDED, BROWN GLAR TO SS2, BUT ALSO TRACE OF O	DY, WELL			DARK BROWN SAND FEW GRAVELS, WET	S.	51 17			BROWN SAME AS ST <sup>A</sup>
-		DARK BROWN MEDIUM SAND AND GRAVET	s: Si	-3   1- 54   1.9			SAN	D - MEDIUM, TRACE OF SILT, WITH SA FRAGMENTS, PARTIALLY GRADED, S BROWN	NDSTONE	-			o 55	52 21 53 17			SAME AS STA, WITH SOME COARSE GRAVEL GRAVEL - MEDIUM TO COARSE, CLAYEY, CONSIDERAI MEDIUM SAND, POORLY, GRADED SUBARCHT AT
650-		SOME CLAY, WET	o 55 0 55	5 28 6 22			SAM SIM	DE AS SS4 Allar to SS4, but more silt and g	RAVEL	-		DARK BROWN SAND AND GRAVEL SOME CLAY, WET	S	54 20			BROWN SAME AS SS3
			a s	7 30			SAM	1E AS 556		650-		(DAL) #01	2 55	55 25 56 33			SAME AS SS3 SAME AS SS3
-									4	-			0) S:	57 26 58 24			GRAVEL - FINE TO MEDIUM, SANDY, SOME BILT, FAIR WELL GRADED, ROUNDED, BROWN SAME AS SS?
-									-	-				1		+	
-									-								
-									-	.							
1									-	-							
]																	
4									4	-							
-									-	-							
-									4	-							
]										-							
-									4	-							
4									-	-							
I. FIBL OF I TO	MES N S BLOWS OF DRIVE A	LOW OR RECOVERY COLUMN A 14018 HANNER FAI 2 " OD SAMPLE SPOOR	H DENOT	E THE		<u>i</u>	1			L FII OF TC	DRIVE A	BLOW OR RECOVERY COLU F A 140 L6 HAMMER F A 2 "OO SAMPLE SPO	MN DENOT	E THE			
0EN 2. 8 3. 4	NDICAT	RECOVERY IN INCHES AN ES LOCATION OF SAMPLE ES LOCATION OF THE NA	TURAL B	NOUND	WATER	ſ	Η	BORING LOG 305		01 DE 2. ■ 3. ¥	NOTE THE MIDICAT	RECOVERY IN INCHES TES LOCATION OF SAMP TES LOCATION OF THE I	LND PERCI	ROUND	MATER	1	BORING LOG 306
TAB (HO) 4. W <sub>h</sub> - PER	LE THE URB) AFT - NATURA ICENTAGE	FIGURE INDICATES THE TER COMPLETION OF BOI L MOISTURE CONTENT E OF DRY WEIGHT OF SO	TIME O Rima. XPRESSE	F REA O AB	A	3		BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION Shippingport. Denusyi	- UNIT NO. 1	14 (14 4. W	BLE TH DURS) AF (- NATURA RCENTAB	E FIGURE INDICATES TO TER COMPLETION OF B AL MOISTURE CONTENT E OF DRY WEIGHT OF I	EL TIME O DRING. EXPRESSE IOIL	F READ		3	BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION - UNIT NO. SHIPPINGPORT, PENNSYLVANIA
6. 86 7. 0AT 8. 8.	- PLASTIC - DENOTE: UN 18	LIMIT; WLIQUID LIMI B SPLIT SPOON; ST - DEN MEAN SEA LEVEL DTES ROCK QUAL ITY ME	T; I, - LI Ютев ві Півнатіл	QUIDI1 4EL BT	TUDE			DUQUESNE LIGHT COMP.	CORPORATION	5. W. 6. US 7. DA	- PLASTI - DENOTE TUM IS	C LINIT; W LIQUID LII ES SPLIT SPOON; ST - DI MEAN SEA LEVEL	НТ; IL ~ LI INOTES SI Esismation	QUIDIT:	HIDEX. IUSE:	2	DUQUESNE LIGHT COMPANY STONE & WEDSTER ENGINEERING CORPORATION
REC	OVERY	OR OVER, DUE TO R	OCK STR	UCTUR	¢.	-	LA LA	11700-55K-23		h	COVERY	4" OR OVER, DUE TO	ROCK STR	UC TURE		<sup>2</sup>	24 A 11 700-SSK-24

ł

FIGURE 2H-17 BORING LOGS 305 AND 306 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

SITE_ TYPE DATE NOTES	BEAVE	R VALLEY POWER ST RING DRIVE L ED JULY, 1969	OCAT	UN ION	DUQU IT NO SHIP DRILI	ESNE 1 PINGE ED	LICH	HT COMPANY JO. NO BOR IN JO. NO BOR IN GROUND ELE RENN. DRILLING LOGGED BY B. G.	SH OF IG No307 V675. 0' , M. B. , K. L. <sup>p</sup> .	SITE TYPE DATE NOTE	DRII S	EAVER VALLEY POWE BORING DRIVE	R STATI LOCAT	<u>on - Un</u> ION <u>3</u> 1	T NO.	LIGH	T. COMPANY       SH. 1. OF        J.O. No11/200       BOR ING No308        BOR ING NoGROUND ELEV674.9'          PENNSYLVANIA      GROUND ELEV674.9'         PENN DRILLING      LOGGED BY B.G., Y.B., K.L.P.
ELEV. FELT	DEPTH FEET	STRATA DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC -	3.4 MP 1		0.P 07 0(09	PRC85 7E37	LABORATORY OR GEOLOGIST DESCRIPTION	······································	ELEV. FEET	DEPT FEET	H STRATA DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC LOG	SAMPLE TYPE BLOW	0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01		LABORATORY OR GEOLOGIST'S Description
7765	GRO	UND EL. 675.0'	 	B	ORING	<u>NO.</u>	307 I			/77		GROUND EL. 674.3		BORI	<u>yc no.</u>	30° T	
670-		DARK BROWN SANDY SILT, DAMP		ST 2 1 ST 3 1	00 00 00			SAME AS STI SIMILAR TO STI, BUT YORE CLAYEY		670-		DARK BROWN SAN Silt		ST: 100 ST2 100 ST3 67			SILT - CLAYEY, SOME ROOTS, FIRM, BROWN SILT - SOME CLAY AND FINE SAND, FIRM, BROWN SAME AS ST2
		• SEE BELOW		ST4 1 ST5	00 71		Ā	SAME AS ST3 SAME AS ST3	- -			DARK BROWN SAN CLAY, STIFF, I DARK GRAY MED	IDY DAMT	ST4 100		1 T	SAME AS ST? SAME AS ST? SAND - MEDIUM, SILTY, ORGANIC, UNIFORM, ROUNE
660		DARK GRAY CLAY, WET, SOME SAND DARK GRAY SANDY CLAY, FEW GRAVELS WET	1 A A A	ST7 1 SS1 2	00		-	SAME AS ST6 GRAVEL - FINE TO MEDIUM,CLAYEY, ME POORLY GRADED, SUBROUNDED	DIUM SAND,	660		DARK GRAY SANI AND GRAVEL, SO CLAY, WET	ME 0	SSI 28 SS2 23 SS3 27			BLACK GRAVEL - FINE TO MEDIUM, ORGANIC, SANDY, POORLY GRADED, SUBROUNDED, BLACK GRAVEL - FINE TO MEDIUM, ORGANIC, SANDY, TRACE C CLAY, POORLY GRADED, SUBANOULAR, BLACK GRAVEL - FINE TO MEDIUM, SANDY, POORLY GRADED,
		DARK BROWN MEDIU SAND AND GRAVEL, SOME CLAY, COMPACT, DAMP DARK BROWN AND GRAY SAND AND		SS2 SS3 SS4 SS5	32 38 34 +2			GRAVEL - FINE TO MEDIUM, SILTY, 4201 OF CLAY, FAIRLY WELL GRADE BROWN SAME AS SS2 SAME AS SS2 GRAVEL - FINE TO MEDIUM, SANDY, SILT CRADED, SUBANGULAR, BROWN	UM SAND, THACE D,SUBANGULAR, — 			DARK BROWN MEI Sand and grave Some clay, co	TACE	SS4 41 SS5 43 SS6 52			SUBROUNDED, BROWN SAME AS SS3 GRAVEL - FINE TO MEDIUM, SILT, MEDIUM SAND, TR. OF CLAY, POORLY CRADED, SUBROUNDED, BR SAME AS SS5
650-		COMPACT DARK BROWN FINE SAND, FEW GRAVELS LITTLE CLAY, LOOS		586 587 2	53 23			SAME AS SS5 GRAVEL - FINE TO MEDIUM, ORGANIC, SA CLAY, SILT, POORLY GRADED, S	NDY, TRACE OF UBANGULAR, BLACK	650							
		•DARK BROWN SILT CLAY, SOFT, LITTLE SAND, DAN	Υ						-								
									-								
-									-								
-									-								
									-								
	RES IN B BLOWS OF DRIVE A ANCE BU DTE THE	LOW OR RECOVERY COLU • A 140 LB HANNER F 2 "OD BANPLE SPOC OWN. FIGURES SHOWN RECOVERY IN INCHES J	MAL DEN ALLING DIS 12 OPPOSIT	OTE TH 30 " " OR T TE ROCI RCENT	E NUM REQUIA HE CORES	DER ED	L			FI Of Ti Di	GURES B BLOWS DRIVE FTANCE NOTE T	N BLOW OR RECOVERY C OF A 1 <sup>1</sup> +0LE HARMEI A 2 OD SAMPLE 3 HOWM. FIGURES SHO HE RECOVERY IN INCHE	OLUMN DEN FALLING IPOON 12 IN OPPOSI	NOTE THE 30" RE OR THE TE ROCK C	NUMBER QUIRED ORES		
2. 8 3. 7 1 (HOU 4. W <sub>A</sub> <sup>-</sup> PER 5. W <sub>P</sub> - 6. 88 - 7. DATE 8. R.	MDICAT INDICAT LE THE RS) AFT BATURAI CENTAGE PLASTIC DENOTEI JMI IS D = DEN	EB LOCATION OF SAMPI EB LOCATION OF THE M PIGURE INDICATES TH TER COMPLETION OF D I MOISTURE CONTENT OF DRY WEIGHT OF I LIMIT; WLIGUID LIN B SPLIT SPOOD; ST-DI MEAN SEA LEVEL DTES ROCK QUALITY D	LES IATURAL E TIME ORING. EXPRES IOIL AIT; 1 ENOTES ERMINAT	SROUN OF RE SED AL LIQUID SHELS	O WATI ADING L A ITY IN Y TUBI	ER DEX.	4	BORING LOG 307 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION - SHIPPINGPORT, PENNSYLV DUQUESNE LIGHT COMMA STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING	- UNIT NO. 1 /ANIA /NY CORPORATION	2. 8 3 7 4. W 5 8 6 8 7 D/ 8. R	INDIC INDIC DLE. T DURS) / - NATU RCENT/ - PLAB - DENO TUM IS 0.0 - D	ATES LOCATION OF SA ATES LOCATION OF TH HE FIGURE INDICATES ATER COMPLETION ON RAL MOISTURE CONTEN AGE OF DRY WEIGHT O TIC LINNIT; WLIQUID TES SPLIT SPOON; ST MEAN SEA LEVEL ENDTES ROCK QUALITY	MPLES. WE NATURAL THE TIME F BORING WT EXPRE F BOIL LIMIT; IL - DENOTES T DESIGNA	L GROUND OF READ SSED AS - LIQUIDIT SHELDY TION - %	WATER IN G A TINDEX TUBE	4 3 2	BORING LOG 308 HEAVER VALLEY POWSE STATION - UNIT NO. SHIPPINGPORT, PENNSYLVANIA DUQUESNE LIGHT COMPANY STOME & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORPORATION

1

FIGURE 2H-18 BORING LOGS 307 AND 308 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

SITE. TYPE DATE NOTE:	BEAN OF BO DRILL	VER VALLEY POWER S RING DRIVE L ED JULY, 1969	DUS TATION - UNIT OCATION ORI	NUESNE LIGH	T_COMPANY       SMOF        J.O. No.      BORING No.       302        JO. No.      BORING No.       302        BRINSTLYANIA      GROUND ELEV.       525.2'         CENN. DRILLING      LOGGED BY_B.G., Y.B.	SITE TYPE DATE NOTE	BEAN OF BO DRILL S	VER VALLEY POWER S DRING DRIVE L ED JULY, 1769	TATION -	DUQUESN UNIT_NO	ILIGH	AT_COMPANY       SHOF         J.O. No.          J.O. No.          BOR ING No.       310         .          PENNSYLVANIA          PENN. DRILLING       LOGGED BY       B.G., M.B.
ELEV. FEET	DEP TH FEE T	ETRATA DESCRIPTION	T SAMPLE		LABORATORY OR GEOLOGIST'S DESCRIPTION	ELEV. FEET	DEPTH FEET	STRATA DESCRIPTION	H B AM	PLE a Rome d	0.0 PRESS	LABORATORY OR GEDLOGIST'S DESCRIPTION
	GRC	DESCRIPTION DUND EL. 675.2'	EURING ST1 100 ST2 100 ST3 71 ST4 100 ST5 71 ST6 100 ST7 100 ST7 100 ST7 100 ST7 100 ST7 100 ST7 100 ST7 100 ST7 100 ST7 100 ST8 100 ST9 ST9 100 ST9 ST9 100 ST9 ST9 ST9 ST9 ST9 ST9 ST9 ST9 ST9 ST9		CLAY - SOFT, LEAN, SILTY, UNIFORM, BROWN SAME AS STI CLAY - SOFT, LEAN, SILTY, SOME FINE SAND, UNIFORM, BROWN SAND - FINE, SILTY, UNIFORM, ROUNDED, BROWN CLAY - SOFT, LEAN, ORGANIC, SILTY, SOME FINE SAND, UNIFORM, BROWN SILT - ORGANIC, SANDY, SOFT, BLACK SAND - FINE, ORGANIC, SILTY, UNIFORM, ROUNDED, BROWN SAND - MEDIUM, ORGANIC, SILTY, UNIFORM, ROUNDED, BROWN SAND - MEDIUM, ORGANIC, SILTY, SOME FINE CRAVEL, POORLY GRADED, ROUNDED, BROWN GRAVEL - WEDIUM, ORGANIC, SILTY, SOME FINE CRAVEL, POORLY GRADED, ROUNDED, BROWN GRAVEL - WEDIUM, ORGANIC, SILTY, SOME FINE GRAVEL, POORLY GRADED, ROUNDED, BROWN GRAVEL - WEDIUM, ORGANIC, SILTY, CONSIDERABLE WEDIUM GRAVEL - WEDIUM, ORGANIC, SILTY, CONSIDERABLE WEDIUM SAND, FAIRLY WELL GRADED, ROUNDED, BROWN GRAVEL - WEDIUM, ORGANIC, SILTY, CONSIDERABLE WEDIUM GRAVEL - WEDIUM, ORGANIC, SILTY, CONSIDERABLE MEDIUM SAND, FAIRLY WELL GRADED, ROUNDED, SAME AS SS4 SAME AS SS4 SAME AS SS4		GRO	DESCRIPTION ND_EL. 679.5' DARK BROWN SANDY CLAY, FEW SMALL GRAVEL, SOME WOO DAWP DARK BROWN SANDY CLAY, MOD BRICK FILL, HARD DARK BROWN SANDY CLAY, DAMP DARK BROWN SANDY SILT, WET DARK BROWN SANDY SILT, WET DARK BROWN SANDY SILT, WET	10     10       10     5T1       10     5T2       10     5T3       10     5T4       11     5T4       12     5T4       13     5T4       14     5T7       15     5T6       17     5T6       18     5T1       19     5T1       10     5T1       10     5T1       11     5T1       12     5T1       13     5T1       14     5T1       15     5T1       16     5T1       17     5T1       18     5T1       19     5T1       10     5T1       11     5T1       12     5T1       13     5T2       14     5T3       15     5T1       16     5T2       17     5T3       18     5T2       19     5T2       10     5T3       10     5T3	Alto   N     1000   1000     1000   1000     1000   1000     1000   1000     1000   1000     1000   1000     1000   1000     1000   1000     1000   1000     1000   1000     1000   1000     1000   1000     1000   1000     1000   1000     1200   1000     1200   1000     1200   1000     1200   1000     1200   1000     1200   1000     1200   1000     1200   1000     1200   1000     1200   1000     1200   1000     1200   1000     1200   1000     1200   1000     1200   1000     1200   1000     1200   1000     1200   1000     1200   1000     1200   1000     1200   1000     1200   1000     1200   1000     1200   1000     1200   1000  1		DESCRIPTION SILT - SANDY, CLAYEY, SLIGHT MEDIUM GRAVEL, MEDIUM STIFF, BROWN CLAY - MEDIUM STIFF, MEDIUM FAT, SILTY, FINE SA MEDIUM STIFF, MEDIUM FAT, SILTY, FINE SA UNIFORM, BROWN CLAY - MEDIUM STIFF, MEDIUM FAT, SILTY, UNIFORM BROWN CLAY - MEDIUM STIFF, MEDIUM FAT, SILTY, FINE SA UNIFORM, BROWN CLAY - MEDIUM STIFF, MEDIUM FAT, SILTY, FINE SA UNIFORM, BROWN CLAY - MEDIUM STIFF, FAT, SILT, UNIFORM, BROWN CLAY - SOFT, LEAN, CONSIDERABLE FINE SAND, SILT UNIFORM, BROWN SAME AS ST7 SILT - CLAYEY, CONSIDERABLE FINE SAND, MEDIUM STIFF, BROWN SAME AS ST10 SAME AS ST10 GRAVEL - MEDIUM SAND, POORLY GRADED, SUBROUNDEL BROWN SAME AS ST13 GRAVEL - FINE TO MEDIUM, SILTY, CONSIDERABLE MEDI SAME AS ST13 GRAVEL - FINE TO MEDIUM, SILTY, MEDIUM SAND, FATH WELL GRADED, ANGULAR, BROWN SAME AS ST13 GRAVEL - FINE TO MEDIUM, SILTY, MEDIUM SAND, FATH WELL GRADED, SUBROWN SAME AS ST13 GRAVEL - FINE TO MEDIUM, SILTY, MEDIUM SAND, FATH WELL GRADED, SUBROWN SAME AS ST13 GRAVEL - FINE TO MEDIUM, SILTY, MEDIUM SAND, FATH WELL GRADED, SUBROWN SAME AS ST13 GRAVEL - FINE TO MEDIUM, SILTY, MEDIUM SAND, FATH WELL GRADED, SUBRAWN
1					-	-						
(. Fia OF T0 DE 2. ■ 3. ↓ TAB (H0 4. ₩ <sub>2</sub> PE 8. ₩ <sub>2</sub> 6. 88 7. BAT 8. ₹. BAT	URES IN S BLOWS OF DRIVE A TANCE SH INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INDICATI INI	LOW OR RECOVERY COLLO 7 A 14°C LE MARMER FA 2 ° OD SAMPLE SPOC NOTIN FIGURES SHOWE OF RECOVERT IN INCRES A SE LOCATION OF SAMPLE SE LOCATION OF SAMPLE SE LOCATION OF SAMPLE SE LOCATION OF SAMPLE SE LOCATION OF SO FIGURE RIDCATE THE OF ORT WEIGHT OF S S FULT SPOON ST-OE GEN SEA LEVEL OTES ROCK QUALITY DE 5° OR OVER, DUE TO R	AL DEMOTE THE A LLLMM 30 "REG M 12 "OR THE MP PERCENT (A. AL AL AL AL AL ATURAL BROUND W ATURAL BROUND W ATURAL BROUND W ATURAL AL AL ATURAL BROUND W ANTES ANALAY T (BORK STRUCTURE COCK STRUCTURE	UMBER UNRD MES MATER 4 NOEX UBE 2 V	BORING LOG 309 BEAVER VALLEY FOWER STATION - UNIT NO. SHIPPINGPORT, PENNSYLVANIA DUQUESNE LIGHT COMPANY STOME & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORPORATION WALLEY 11 200-SSK-27	1. FIII 07 TC 01 02 3. 7 3. 7 4 4 7 4 7 6. 8 6 7 0 4 8 7 7 0 4 8 7 7 0 8 8 8 7 7 0 8 8 8 7 7 0 8 8 7 7 7 7	GURES IN SLOWS () STANCE : STANCE : INDICA : INDICA : INDICA : INDICA : INDICA : INDICA : INDICA : COUNTI TUBE : Q D DEI COVERY	BLOW OR RECOVERY COLL PF A 14 OLS HAMMER PA A 2 DO BAMMER PA BHOWN, FIGURES SHOWN I RECOVERY IN INCHES TES LOCATION OF BAMF TES LOCATION OF BAMF TES LOCATION OF BA FISURE RUDCATES TH E OF DUCATES A DISTINGT OF BA L MOISTURE CONFERT K OF DAT WEIGHT OF IN C LIMIT; WLIGUID LIN IS PRIJT SPOON; 3T - DI MEAN SEA LEVEL NOTES MOCK QUALITY D 4 OR OVER, DUE TO	NUM DENOTE (ALLING 3C ON 12 "OR AND PERCEN LES. NATURAL GRO- W TIME OF OR HMG EXPRESSED BOIL HIT; JL - LIQU ENOTES BHEL ESIGNATION ROCK STRUC	THE NUMBER "REQUIRED THE NCK CORES T UND WATER READING AS A IDITY INDED BY TUBE. - % OF TURE	4	BORING LOG 310 BEAVER VALLEY FOWER STATION - UNIT NO. 1 SHIPPINGPORT, PENNSYLVANIA DUQUESNE LIGHT COMPANY BTOME & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORPORATION 11700-SSK-2R

FIGURE 2H-19 BORING LOGS 309 AND 310 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

SITE TYPE DATE NOTE:	BLAVER VALLEY OF BORING <u>IR</u> Drilled <u>Nov.</u> S	PC ER UTATI 172 LOC -DEC.,	CATION	HIP DRIL	LED BY	J.O. No 	BORING GROUND ELEY	No	SITE TYPE DATE NOTE	OF BO	YALLEY POUTR 21 RING_02100L ED_0000-000,10	OCATION	UNIT DO UNIT DO UNIT DRILI	. 1 100P03 .ED 81	<u>, 1-10/-14</u> , <u>2-100</u>	J.O. No U.A.WI A RELEING	II'30 GROUND LOGGED BY	30RING No. 414 ELEV. 5/1.01 ALP,8H
ELEV FEET	DEPTH ST FEET DESCR	TATA IIP TION	U - SAL	DI DI NICOV		L.A.	IDRATORY UR GEOLOGIS''S DESCRIPTION		ELEV FEET	DEPTH FEET	STRATA DESCRIPTION	SA SA	MPLE t s.ows of secov		Τ		ABORATORY CR GEC DESCRIPTION	LOGISTS
7775	obernie er.		551	2	<u> </u>	laad - offis, dor			775					ас. У. У.	- 24 - <u>-</u>	an a sa Ay tao t	DINA CLIFY, Solita de Clade	kent ( 510 BM
-	SOPT BRO SAND WITT SILTY SAI BLACK, AI	N COARSE H ORGANIC ND; SOFT, ND WET	 -√-∎ 532 	17 15.0		EILT - ORGANIC, T	GATE OF TANLE TO Y TA	, : 22.			an an a sa sa sa	*			1. T	· 420	aan ah digi Md	R) S⊋l‴, showW
1 1			- <b>S</b> S 3	2		SIMILAR TO SER, B	ит Ацис Сриж Кости, К	9287 - JALU 				· · ·				RGADIC, -	алаат, мену со	ash, Black
1 1	COMPACT AND GRAVI SANDSTON	FRAY SAND EL, WITH E PIECES	0 0	39		BAND - MEDIUM, WI Bandstone Poorly gra	TH FINE TO MEDIUM GRA RAGMENTS, SOM SILT SED, SUBROUNDED, LIGH	AVEL AND - LENGED, HT BROWN -	-		DUPPACT PENDEND REY INDEND SAMUL HITH SUD- TOME FRACENT	0	•			- 105, AIT - 106, AIT - 106, AIT - 106, AIT	R SLIT AND SAN Alem, CUBROUND	DUTENE FRAMENTS 12, BROWN AND DR
			CS5			SAND - MEDIUM AND Clay, Poor Brown	COARSE,SILTY,SOME GRA Ly Graded, Subrounder	AVEL, TRACE OF D, JRAY-				. 53 0 . 0	51.			u 4¥		
			0 sse	26		SAND - FINE TO CC PARTIALLY BROWN	ARSE, VERY SILTY, SON GRADED, SUBANGULAR TO	ME GRAVEL, O SUBROUNDED,	-		LOOSE BROWN COARS	e E	5 20		9747 (	C - FINE AN GRADHD,	- MERINA, SAND Attroinder, S	Y, BILTY, PARTI ROWN
540 	SAND AND	GRAVEL	SS7	20		SIMILAR TO SS6, E	ut less silty	-	~40 <sup></sup>		SAND AND GRAVEL WITH SANDSTONE PIECES, WET	0 SS	7 19		SAME	45 SS*		
			• • • •	3 37		GRAVEL - FINE, SA ROUNDED,	NDY, SILTY, WELL-GRAD BROWN	DED, SUB	-			• •	9 26		SAME	AS SSÓ		
-530 	MEDIUM CO Brown Sai Gravel	DNPACT ID AND	•. SS9	25		SAND - COARSE, SC GRADED, SL	ME SILT AND GRAVEL, E BROUNDED, BROWN	PARTIALLY -			MEDIUM COMPACT BROWN COARSE SANI AND GRAVEL	o o o ss	<u>9</u> 24		SAND	- MEDIUM, S GRADED, S	OME SILT AND F UBROUNDED, BRO	INE GRAVEL, POO: WN
-			ss 10 ع	28		SAME AS \$59		-			COMPACT BROWN SAN AND GRAVEL WITH 3 IN. SAND LAYERS		0 70		SAME	AS SS9		
620-			<u> </u>	38		SAME AS SS9			520		GRAY CLAYEY		1 62		GRAVE	L - FINE AN WELL-GR	D MEDIUM, SAN ADED, SUBROUNI	Y, SILTY, FAIRL
1								-										
L. FIG OF TO DIS CEL E. B. TAN C. P. C. S. TAN C. P. C. C. S. C.	UNES IN BLOW ON PEC BLOWS OF A 140 LE DRIVE A 2 00 I TRACE BHOWS F.HUU NOTE THE RECOVERY MOICATES LOCATIO MOICATES LOCATIO MOICATES LOCATIO MOICATES LOCATIO MOICATES LOCATIO HENTER ESTADE OF DAT SECTOS SECTOS HENTER ESTADE SPLIT BP TWO ME MEAN SEA I - DENOTES CASI	INVERT COLUMN HAMMER FALL AMPLEE SPOON IES SHOWN OP IN NOCHES AND OF THE MANNES IN OF THE MANNES IN OF THE MANNES IN OF THE CONTENT EX EIGHT OF BOIN CONTENT	DENOTE LING 30 12 " OR POSITE RU O PERCEN D PERCEN UNAL ANC TIME OF ING. PRESSED L , 1 LIGN TTES SHE	THE NUE "REQUI THE DOCK CORE T READING AB A UNITY H LBY TUG	IBER RED S ER 4 S IDEX. E. 2	BORIN BEAVER VALLE SHIPPI DUQUE	G LOG 401 Y POWER STATION - UNI NGPORT, PENNSYLVANIA SNE LIGHT COMPANY INTER EMBINEERING CO	IT NU. 1	i Fig of TO Dif 2. 4 3. 7 1440 4. Wn PE 5. Wp 6. 88 7. DA	URES IN B BLOWS OF DRIVE A TANCE SI DOTE THE INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT INDICAT I	LOW OR RECOVERY COLL A 140LB HABMER ( $2^{-1}$ OD BARMLE STO GOW, FICURES SHOWN RECOVERY (H) INCHES EL LOCATION OF SAME EL LOCATION OF SAME L MOSTURE CONTENT OF DAY WENTY OF LINUT; WLIQUID LL BALLI SPOOR, ST-D EAN SEA LEVEL	IN DENOTE ALLING 30 OPPOSITE A AND PERCE LES. INTURAL OR DRING EXPRESSED IDIL INT; 5, - LIQ (NOTES SHI	THE NUM THE NUM THE REQUIT REQUIT NT OUND WAT READING AS A HUIDITY IN ELBY TUB	DER IED S ER DEX E	4	BORI PEAVER V Shi D Stone 6, 1	NG LOG 402 ALLEY POATE ST PFINGPORT, PED UQUESNE LIGHT FEOSTER ENGINE	ATION - DEFINE NSYLVANIA COMPANY ERING CORPORATIO

t

FIGURE 2H-20 BORING LOGS 401 AND 402 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

SITE . TYPE DATE NOTE:	DRILL	ER VALLEY POWER STA DRING DRIVE LC ED NOVDEC., 19	ITTON - UI	SHIP	D. 1 PINGPOR	T. PENNSY YPENN.	JO NO. 11700 BORIN UVANIA GROUND ELE SSILLING LOGGED BY KLP.	KG No. <u>403</u> V. ≦95.01 BG	SITE TYPE DATE NOTE	OF BOF DRILLE	R VALLEY POATE S RING <u>DRIVE</u> ED <u>NOVDSC., 1</u>	DCATION -	<u>EHIPP</u> ORIL	O. 1 INGPORT	Y PEINN	JO NO. 11700 BORING NO. 49 NSYLVANIA GROUND ELEV. 5544 N. DRILLING LOGGED BY YLP,F4
ELEV FEET	DEPTH FEET	BTRATA DESCRIPTION	UH BANG	LE 00 ECOV			LABORATORY OR GEOLOGIST DESCRIPTION	т' <b>з</b>	ELEV FEET	DEPTH FEET	STRATA DESCRIPTION	SA BHIC			T	LABORATORY OR GEOLOGIST'S Description
						·					GROUID EL.		BORIN	a no	- 27	
7755		DARK BROWN SILT, TRACE OF SMALL GRAVEL, SOFT, WET		2		SILT -	SANDY, SOME ROOTS AND CLAY L LOOSE, EROWN	ENCEO, VERY -	/77		COPT BROWN CARD WITH SOME FILM GRAVEL, MOIST	0. 0. - 0	21		SAN	NE - MINE, SILTY, WITH GRAVEL, ORGANIC, PD: GRADED, ROUNDED, SHOW:
680-			ss2	13		SILT -	SOME CLAY, FINE SAND, AND SO BROWN	NOTE, COMPACT,	- o~-		SOFT BROIN SILTY EAND, SIST DARK DRAY ORIANI SILTY CAND, ITH AFIECTET ST MODD,	ss; c v	217		SAN	HD - PINE, AND SILT, TRACE OF CLAY, SLIGHT Organic, uniform, gray and brown
н. – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – –		DARK BROWN SANDY	553	21		CIAY -	HARD, LEAN, VERY SILTY, UNIF SENSITIVITY ♥ <sub>0</sub> =22.47		-		STIPN REDISH- BROW CILTY CAND WITH TRACES OF DLAY AND OBGANIC WATTALAL COT	SS SS SS	3 10		311	LT - SUCE CLAY, COMPACT, BROWN Age52.00
670- -		SOFT, WET	SS4	14		SIMIL	R TO 303, BUT STIFF A <sub>n</sub> =02.8⊄	-	-170 <del>-</del>			SS <sup>2</sup>	10		SAT	E ໄດ້ S£3 ່ ໄ <sub>ດ</sub> ື່⊸ີ, ກ
			585 9/	15		same #	S 334 ¥ <sub>n</sub> =?9.5≴				DOFT BROWN SILTY FINE SAND, THI	555	5 3	Ÿ	311	LT - AND FIND SAMA, TRACE OF CLAY AND ROOTS LOUSE, BROXN
650- -		DARK BROWN SAND AND GRAVEL, SOME CLAY, LOOSE, WET	• • • • • •	16		SAND -	- FINE, WITH SILT AND GRAVEL, SUBROUNDED, GRAY	POCRLY GRADED,	ंज -			<b>-</b> 	( <i>4</i>		SIL	LT - AND FINE SAND, LOOSE, BROWN
1		DARK BROWN VERY COARSE SAND AND GRAVEL, SOME CLAY,	° • • • • •	37		SAND	MEDIUM, WITH GRAVEL, SILTY, SUBROUNDED, BROWN	POORLY GRADED, -				0 0 0	22		SAN	ND - FINE, AND SILT, WITH MEDIUM GRAVES AN LENSEN, POORLY GRADED, SUBROUNDED, BR
650 <b>-</b>		DARK GRAY SAND ANE GRAVEL, LITTLE CLAY, LITTLE SILT, WET	sse	14	° V -	GRAVE	L - FINE AND MEDIUM, SANDY SII GRADED, SUBROUNDED, DARK S	LTY, POORLY GRAY -	്ടത -		COMPACT EROIN Saito And Bravel	SS:	3.34		SAN	ND - YGDIUM, BILTY, WITH GRAVEL, POORLY GR SUBROUNDED, BROWN
11			<b>6</b> \$59	9		SAND	- MEDIUM, TRACE OF SILT AND FI UNIFORM, SUBROUNDED, BROUN	INE GRAVEL,	-			0 0 0	32		51.	HIAR TO SOR, BUT LESS SILT AND GRAVEL
540 <del>-</del>		SAND, LOOSE, SOME SMALL GRAVEL, WET	o ∎ <sup>SS</sup> 10	10		SAME	AS 559		< h <del>g</del> -		BROAN MEDIUM TO DOARSE SAND AITH SONT DRAVOL MEDIUM DOVPACT	0 0 0	940		SAN	VD - MEDIUW AND COARSE, AND GRAVEL, C. C. AND SANDETONE FRAGMENTE, PARTIALLY JR. CUBROUNDED, BROWN
1 1		DARK BROWN AND GRAY COARSE SAND AND MEDIUM GRAVEL, LOOSE, WET	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	14		GRAVE	L - FINE AND MEDIUM, SANDY, J STONE FRAGMENTS, FAIRLY AS SUBROUNDED, PROSN	ILTY, JOVE JAND- ELL-GRADED,	-		9305 SAMO AND BRAVEL (ITH DAND STONE PIECES	Ss 11	29	-	- 31%	CILAR TO SELC, BUT MORE SILTY
- 630-							-		- - -							
1 FIG OF TO DIS DE 2 0 3 7 TAB 4 Wo 4 PE( 5 Wp 6. 88 7 DAT	URES IN I BLOWS O ORIVE A TOANCE S NOTE THE INDICAT INDICAT BLE THE URB I AF - NATURA RCENTAG - DENOVE TUB IS	BLOW OR RECOVERY COLUB ST A $143$ LE MARMER FA A $7$ to same spool brown figures shown of the recovery in incress a tes location of same tes location of the hi tes location of the hi ter completion of so location of so the of days which of so te of days which of so te completion of so te of days which of so te cont test of so te cont test of so test of the test of test test of the test of test test of test of test of test of test test of test of test of test of test of test of test test of test of	IN DENOTE T ILLING 30 TO N 32 TOR PROSITE ROC NO PERCENT ES TIME OF A RING EXPRESSED A DIL IT, IL - LIQUI NOTES SHELL	HE NUE REQUI THE K CORE EADING SA A DITY H DITY H	ABER RED IS IS IFER NDEX	4	BORING LOG ESATTR VALLEY PROFESSION ANIPPIDERST, ETHOMA DU BRONG LINET NO RA STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING		1 FIG OF TO DEI 2 3 2 4 1 AI (HO 4 W <sub>n</sub> PE 5 W <sub>p</sub> 6 88 7 OA	URES IN BL BLOWS OF DRIVE A TANCE SHI INDICATE INDICATE INDICATE URS) AFTE CHATURAGE CENTAGE CENTAGE DENOTES	ON OR RECOVERY COLL A 1-2-15 HAMMER I OO SAMPLE SPOON NECOVERT IN INCHES 5 LOGATION OF SAMP 5 LOGATION OF SAMP 5 LOGATION OF SAMP 1007 LINE CONTENT OF DRY WEIGHT OF LINET, W_CLIQUIC LINET SPLIT SPOON, S1-D	JANN DENOTE ALLING - OI OPPOSITE R AND PERCER LES LATURAL GRI HE TIME OF ORING EXPRESSED SOIL NIT, 1, LIQ ENOTES SHE	THE NUM "REQUIN R THE OCK CORE AT DUND WAT READING AS A UIDITY IN	ABEA MED S S ER ADEX E	4	BORING LOG

1

FIGURE 2H-21 BORING LOGS 403 AND 404 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT











ge Beckler gemeinter wie die sie gemeinter gemeinter














.

. ••







												FILF	NO. 511
	PROJECT: <u>BEAVER</u> TABLE <u>1</u> SUN	MARY	OF L	ABORA	TOR	. TE	ST	RESI	ULTS	;	SH	DAT	ESEPE./1969
	IDENTIFICATION		TEST	P	ROPE	RTIE	5		TRIA	IAL T	ESTS		OTHER TESTS
RING MPLE	SOIL DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (FEET)	—	NAT WATER CONTENT (%)	LINI	BERG TS PL	UNIT WT (PCF)	TEST TYPE	AT F0	11.URE	σ <sub>1</sub> -σ <sub>3</sub> <sub>psi</sub>	AX) ₹ <sub>C</sub> pti	AND REMARKS
2/4	Brown Clayey SAND AND	17.0 col8.6	1				136						
	GRAVEL; Gravel sizes 2" to 2". Tube partially	17.1	W1.1	12.8									
	disturbed	17.3	W1.2	16.0									
4/4	Mottled brown to gray	5.0 top 7.2	2				58						
	CLAY-SILT AND sandy SILTS with layers of fine sand.	6.1	w2.1	41.7									
_ <u>`</u>	Many open vertical cracks,	7.2	W2.2	53.1									
	with ferruginous material.												
	Few decomposed twigs, roots and other organic debris.												
:/2	Buown to dark orth	4.2' #	3		İ —		83		t	•	1	1	
1	organic silty SANDS and	4,0'-		77.6			83	CU	11.2	60.7	11.9	7.6	* See plot
	sandy SILTS: stratified. Organic materials consist	4.3	w3.1	77.7						00.3	1	+	57012.04
	of partially decomposed	4.5	W3.2	23.6					<u> </u>		†	+	ilty-and 1
	(mat-like) with silt and	5.2'-	13.1	47 5	51	30						+	Organic
	fine sand, alternating with layers of silty sand	5.5	w1 1 2	58 6			9/	<b>C</b> 11	8.2		1.2		Evel of 87
	and/or sandy silt with fine-grained organic	5,5	134.4	10.0		30				5.30	13.	14.3	EV014.04
	particles throughout.	5.9	63.2	47.9	40	30		~	13.3				F
		3.9	T.J. 3	49.8			99			4.78	40.8	43.3	EV01.=12.04
<u>ذ/خ</u>	Mottled brown CLAY-SILT with fine sand: friable	10.0	4				83		7.0				
	with many open cracks	8,4	T4.L.1	67.0			88	CU	63	ó.8	11.	772	Evol.=2.6%
	(voids), most of which were partially cemented	8.7	T41.2	76.6			88	a	•••	6.3	14.	9 14.2	Evol.=6.0%
	with red ferruginous material. Occasional wood	<u>9.0</u>	W4.1	84.6	ļ				7.1				
	fragment in sample.	9.4	T41.3	69.2			94	CU		3.9	29.	42.2	Evol.=12.42
		9.5	<b>W</b> 4.2	79.6	<b> </b>			ļ	ļ		<b> </b>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
		9.6	14.1	73.0	83	44		1	ļ		<b> </b>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
9/4	Nottled brown CLAY-SILT	6.0-	5	ļ	ļ		76	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<b>_</b>
	stratified with thin sand		W5.1	54.4							<u> </u>	1	
	layers. Blocky structure, cracked and partially		W5.2	54.6	ļ		L	<b> </b>	<b> </b>		<b> </b>	<b>_</b>	ļ
	cemented with ferruginous		W5.3	60.7	ļ						<b></b>		ļ
	throughout sample,		w5.4	49.0				1			1		
			W5.5	43.7									1
			W5.6	49.0									
1/3	Mottled brown sandy,	11,0-	6		1		934						* Note void
	cleyey SILT, with few pebbles to 1". Semple	11.2	w6.1	24.6	1			Γ	1				description
	enclosed large void*	11.5	₩6.2	21.1	1			<b>—</b>	1		1		
	to 11.7' depth)	11.8-	7611	23.5	1		126	cu	2.3	4.5	15.	472	Evol.=0.5%
		11,8-	T6.1.2	23.6	1		126	au	3.7	4.4	2 25	7 13.6	Evol = 1 17
		12,1-	W6.3	22.8				1	1	<u> </u>	1		
		12.5	161.3	22.3	+		128	œ	51	2.4			Evol4.2%
		11.8-	16.1	23.1	43	24			L	3.4	<u>7 33.</u> 77	<u>941.</u> 5	1
		12.5	F	1	<u> </u>			1 r 1 ( 1 r 1 (	MMAR	∠n- Y OF	LAB	ORAT	ORY
								TE	ST R	ESUL	TS -	SHE	ET 1

REV. 0 (1/82)

	PROJECT BEAVE	R VALL	DE I	ABOR	ATIO ATOP	<b>N</b> У Т	EST	RES	ULTS		C 11 -	DAT	5 Sept. /1969
			TEST	P	ROPE	RTIE	s		TRIAXIA	L T	ESTS	EI	OTHER TEST
BORING	SOIL DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (FEET)	-	NAT WATER CONTENT (%)	ATTE	HAERG	UNIT WT (PCF)	TEST TYPE	AT FAIL	0HE 9	$\sigma_1 / \sigma_3 (M)$ $\sigma_1 - \sigma_3$ pai	AX) Tr psi	AND REMARKS
308/4	Mottled brown CLAY-SILT; friable with open cracks	6.0 - 8.0	7				85						
	(voids), most of which were partially cemented	6.8	L7.1	69.0	76	42							·
	material. Sample appears	6.9	W7.2	76.6									
	Layers include fine sand.	7.1	W7.3	63.7					17 0				
		7.2	T7.1.1	74.3	57	3/4	89	CU	17.0	2.10	11.3	7_0	Evol.=1.9
		7.5	TZ1.2	77.5			100	CU	12.6	5.77	17.7	14.2	Evol.=6.3
		7,5-	T7.1.3	79.3			98	ເມ	9.3	5.08	34,2	43.1	Evol19.
		7.9	W7.4	72.0									
310/11	Brown CLAYEY SILTS, CLAYEY SANDS and SANDY SILTS;	20 -	8	26.1	<u> </u>		109						
	stratified. Non-plastic layers of silty sand (1/8"	20.7	W8.2	27.2									
	to 1/4" thick) between layers of clayey silt and/ or clayer and of low to	22.0	W8.3	25.2									
	moderate plasticity. Layers distorted throughout (up- warped); sample disturbed.												
310/12	Brown sendy clayey SILT.	22 - 23	9				122						*Note - filled jet
	12" recovery includes 6" jet hole* washed into	22.5	W9.1	26.5									description
	sample (filled)												
310,	Brown CLAYEY SANDS and SILTY SANDS: appears to	<sup>2</sup> / <sub>26</sub> -	10				123						
	be stratified with pockets or lenses of	24.2	W10.1	24.1			130	cu	3.1	~	14.9	ó.7	Evol.=2.8
	clayey silt. Occasional vertical roots. Top and	24.5	W10.2	26.2					<u> </u>	<u>~</u>			
	bottom of tube disturbed remainder of tube	24.9	W10.3	27.1					4.3				
	descionante our stable	25.3	1012	25.1			128	cu	4.	13	27.0	142	Evol.=4.9
		25.2	21013	24.0			128	a	6.7	10	47.1	42,2	Evol.=8.2
		25.7	W10.5	23.6						**			
		25.3-	L10.1	25.2	28	18							

FIGURE 2H-38 SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS - SHEET 2 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

.

 مروحي والمتحد المتحد المراجع				
		APPENDIX A	APPENDIX B	REV. 0 (1/82)
			DUQUESNE LIGHT COMPANY	
		NOTATION	LABORATORY TRST PROCEDURES	
			LABORATORI TEST PROCEDURES	
			1. The following tests were performed in accordance with Test designations.	the noted ASTN
σ <sub>c</sub> , σ <sub>c</sub>	-	Total and Effective Cell Pressure		
σ,, σ,	-	Total and Effective Major Principal Stress	Liquid Limit D 423-66 Plantic Limit D 424-59	
σ <sub>3</sub> , σ <sub>3</sub>	-	Total and Effective Minor Principal Stress	2. Test Procedures for Triaxial Tests 2,1 Sample Preparation	
u	-	Pore Water Pressure	Soil samples were extruded from each Shelby Tube in	inch sections and nations. Water
u <sub>b</sub>	•	Back Pressure Used in Test	contents were determined from the trimmings adjacent to and specimen dimensions were verified. The trim and rem	the test specimen ainder of the tube
A	-	Skemptons A Parameter	samples were placed and sealed in moisture proof jars. 2.2 Consolidated Undrained Triaxial Tests	
£	-	Axial Strain	2.2.1 Test specimens were prepared as outlined abov 2.2.2 Each test specimen was placed on a previously	deaired triaxial
μ	-	Water Content	cell base and porous stone. Filter strips were placed i porous stone and at hexagonal points of the specimen.	a contact with the
$\mu_{i}$	-	Molded Water Content	2.2.3 Samples consolidated to approximately 7, 14, pressured under al psi to 2 psi effective stress to crea	and 42 psi were back te complete satur-
opt. w	-	Optimum Water Content in Compaction Test	ation of the sample. The back pressure generally used w and was arrived at in increments. During this period th	e change in axial
٤o	٠	Dry Densit;	dimension and volume of the sample was measured. The criticity increased such that the desired consolidation effective	stress was obtained
<sup>¥</sup> o،	-	Molded Dry Density	while maintaining the back pressure. The specimen was a under the effective stress for the test for 12 hours to	llowed to consolidate 24 hours. During the
k	•	Permeability	consolidation phase, readings of volume change versus to 2.2.4 The consolidation phase being complete, the consolidation	ell was then attached
L.L.	-	Liquid Limit	disconnected creating a closed system eliminating any fu	rther drainage. The
P.L.	-	Plastic Limit	response of this system was then checked to insure again leakage.	st entrapped air or
VU	•	Unconsolidated Undrained Triaxial Test	2.2.5 The response of the soil sample was then observe the cell pressure and measuring the increase in pore pre	sure. The specimens
CU	-	Consolidated Undrained Triaxial Test	were loaded under strain control conditions allowing no The strain rate was established from the observed rate of	f consolidation con-
Stress Path	-	$\frac{\sigma_1+\sigma_3}{2}$ , $\frac{\sigma_1-\sigma_3}{2}$	sidering both the rate of pore pressure buildup and time ation. Such considerations permitted change in the stra	for 90% consolid- in rates to take
		-	place after large initial increases in pore pressure bui completed.	ldup had been
			2.2.5 When failure* was reached, the sample was reached, the sample was reached and it's water control the entire sample weight was obtained and it's water control to the sample weight was obtained and it's water control to the sample weight was obtained and it's water control to the sample weight was obtained and it's water control to the sample weight was obtained and it's water control to the sample weight was obtained and it's water control to the sample weight was obtained and it's water control to the sample weight was obtained and it's water control to the sample weight was obtained and it's water control to the sample weight was obtained and it's water control to the sample weight was obtained and it's water control to the sample weight was obtained and it's water control to the sample weight was obtained and it's water control to the sample weight was obtained and it's water control to the sample weight was obtained and it's water control to the sample weight was obtained and it's water control to the sample weight was obtained and it's water control to the sample weight was obtained and it's water control to the sample weight was obtained and it's water control to the sample weight was obtained and it's water control to the sample weight was obtained and the sample weight was obtained and the sample weight was obtained and the sample weight was obtained and the sample weight was obtained and the sample weight was obtained and the sample weight was obtained and the sample weight was obtained and the sample weight was obtained and the sample weight was obtained and the sample weight was obtained and the sample weight was obtained and the sample weight was obtained and the sample weight was obtained and the sample weight was obtained and the sample weight was obtained and the sample weight was obtained and the sample weight was obtained and the sample weight was obtained and the sample weight was obtained and the sample weight was obtained and the sample weight was obtained and the sample weight was obta	tent determined.
			* (or 20% strain) FIGURE 2H-39 LABORATORY TEST BEAVER VALLEY P	PROCEDURES WER STATION UNIT NO. 1
			UPVAIED FINAL S	ILII AMALIJIJ KEPUNI

				REV. O	(1/82
CLIENT DUQUE SNE		JOB STIE B	EAVER VALLEY	J.O. NO 117C0	
INIT. LTH 5.6		INIT. DIA	2.8	BORING 301	
VISUAL CLASSIFICATION	BROWN SILTY C	LAY, SOME SAND LENSES		SAMPLE ST2	
		AND GRAVEL		DEPTH 9-11 FT.	
DATE 8/14/69		TEST BY M	B,KLP	TEST NO 301-2N	
WATER CONTENT				SKETCH	, 60°
SPECIMEN LOCATION		BOITOM	TOP		L
CONTAINER NO		36	67	$\gamma \rightarrow \gamma \rightarrow$	
WT CONTAINER + WET SOIL	(G)	137.8(	117.50		
WT CONTAINER + DRY SOIL	(G)	114.80	99.20		
NT WATER	(G)	23.00	18.30		
WT CONTAINER	(G)	16.70	17.60		
WT DRY SOIL	(G)	98.10	81.60		
WATER CONTENT PERCE	NT	23.45	22.43		

ELAPSED TIME	VERT DIAL	AKIAL LOAD	CORRECTED AREA	GAGE READING	STRAIN	COMP. STRESS
(MINS)	([N])	(185)	(FT ##2)	(PSI)	(PERCENT)	(L85/FT**2)
3.70			•••			
	C. 0	0.0	0.04276	0.0	0.0	0.0
	0.020	6.562	0.04291	0.610	0.357	152.911
	0.040	17.186	0.04307	1.000	6.714	399.046
	0.060	27.810	0.04322	1.400	1.071	643.406
	0.080	38.434	0.04338	1.800	1.429	885.991
	0.100	51.715	0.04354	2.300	1.786	1187.807
	0-120	59.683	0.04370	7.600	2.143	1365.838
	0.140	76.307	0.04386	3.000	2.500	1603.100
	0.160	75.619	0.04402	3.200	2.857	1717.907
	0.180	83.587	0.04418	3.500	3.214	1891.945
	0.200	88.899	0.04434	3.700	3.571	2004.756
	0-220	96.867	0.04451	4.000	3.929	2176.354
	0.240	99.523	0.04468	4.100	4.286	2227.715
	0.260	102.180	0.04484	4.200	4.643	2278.634
	0.280	107.492	0.04501	4 - 400	5.000	2388.117
	0.300	107.492	0.04518	4.400	5.357	2379.139
	0.320	107.492	0.04535	4.400	5.714	2370.161
	0.340	112.804	0.04552	4.600	6.071	2477.869
	0.360	107.492	0.04570	4.400	6.429	2352-205
	0.380	104.836	0.04587	4.300	6.786	2285.327
	0.400	102.180	0.04605	4.200	7.143	2218.894
	0.420	99.523	0.04623	4.100	7.500	2152.904

- -

RATE OF STRAIN IS 2.027 (PERCENT/MIN)

MAX COMP STRESS 2477.869

FIGURE 2H-40 UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST BORING 301 - TEST NO. 301 - 2N BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

REV. 0 (1/82) J-0. NO 11700 JOB SITE BEAVER VALLEY CLIENT DUQUESNE BORING 301 INIT. DIA 2.8 INIT. LTH 5.6 SAMPLE \$12 VISUAL CLASSIFICATION BROWN SILTY CLAY, SOME SAND LENSES DEPTH 9-11 FT. AND GRAVEL TEST NO 301-2R TEST BY MB, KLP DATE 8/14/65 SKETCH WATER CONTENT MIDDLE SPECIMEN LOCATION 24 CONTAINER NO 338.70 WT CONTAINER + WET SOIL (G) 289.10 WT CONTAINER + DRY SOIL (G) 49.60 (6) WT WATER 16.70 (G) WT CONTAINER 272.40 (G) WT DRY SOIL 18.21 WATER CONTENT PERCENT COMP. STRESS GAGE READING STRAIN CORRECTED AREA AXIAL LOAD VERT DIAL ELAPSED TIME (PERCENT) (LBS/FT##2) (PSI) {FT\*+2} (LBS) (IN) (MINS) 5.90 0.0 0.0 0\_0 0.04276 0.0 C.O 152.363 0.714 0.600 0.04307 6.562 0.040 273.721 1.429 0.800 0.04338 11-874 0.080 454.087 2.143 1.100 0.04370 19.842 0.120 571.452 2.857 1.300 0.04402 25.154 0.160 806.835 3.571 1.700 0.04434 35.778 0.200 1038.667 4.286 2.100 0.04468 46.403 0.240 1266.951 5.000 2.500 0.04501 57.027 C-280 1433.120 5.714 2.800 0.04535 64.995 0.320 1654.749 6.429 0.04570 3.200 0.360 75.619 1815.150 7.143 3.500 0.04605 C-400 83.587 2030.123 7.857

0.04641

0.04677

0-04714

0.04751

0.04789

0.04828

0.04867

0.04907

0.04947

0.04989

3.900

4.400

4.700

5-100

5.400

5.600

5-800

5-900

5.900

5.900

2.421(PERCENT/MIN) RATE OF STRAIN IS

0.440

C-480

C-520

0.560

0.600

0.640

C.680

0.720

0.760

0.800

94.211

107.492

115.460

126.084

134.052

139.364

144.676

147.332

147.332

147.332

.

3002.528 MAX COMP STRESS

8.571

9.286

10.000

10.714

11.429

12.143

12.857

13.571

14.286

FIGURE 2H-41 UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST BORING 301 - TEST NO 301 - 2R BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

2298.338

2449.422

2653.747

2799.064

2886.702

2972.566

3002.528

2977.917

2953.306



CLIENT DUQUE INIT. LTH 5-6	SNE	JOR INIT	SITE BEAVER VALLEY. DIA 2+8		J.O. Bori	ND 11700	REV. O	(
VISUAL CLASSIF	ICATION GRAY CLAY	REY ORG. SILT, TRACE OF			SA ME	PLE STS		
		SAND & GRAVE				11 15-17 FT.		
DATE 8/14/69		1521	BY MB. KLP		15.31			
						SKETCH		
WATER CONTENT								
COTCHEN COLLEG		80177.044		100		FA		
CONTAINER NO	N	13		16		/ /		
WT CONTAINER + W	ET SOLC (G)	127.00	176	.60				
WT CONTAINER + C	RY SOLL (G)	99.90	148	.80		/ 1		
WT WATER	(G)	27.20	27	.80		/1 2 7 1		
WT CONTAINER	(G)	16.00	16	.50				
WT DR'Y SO IL	(Ġ)	83.80	132	. 30				
WATER CONTENT	PERCENT	37 44	51	.01				
RATER CONTENT	r Engenn	52.40		• - •				
ELAPSED TIME	VERT DIAL	AXIAL LOAD	CORRECTED AREA	GAGE READING	STRAIN	COMP. STRESS		
(MINS)	EINI	(185)	(FT ++2)	{PS11	(PERCENT)	1LBS/FT++21		
5.00					• •	0.0		
	0.0	0.0	0.04276	0.0	0.357	214.804		
	0.020	7.210	0.04291	1.000	0.714	399.046		
	0.060	25-154	0-04322	1.300	1.071	581,957		
	0.080	30.466	0.04338	1.500	1.429	702.310		
	0.100	38.434	0.04354	1.800	1.786	882.781		
	0.120	43.747	0.04370	2.000	2.143	1001.138		
	0.140	51.715	0.04386	2.300	2.500	11/9.108		
	C.160	57.027	0.04402	2.500	2.077	1411.002		
	0.180	70 107	0.04410	3.000	3.571	1585.483		
	0.200	75.619	0.04451	3.200	3.929	1698.960		
	0.240	83.587	0.04468	3.500	4.286	1871.001		
	0.260	88.899	0.04484	3.700	4.643	1982.481		
	0.280	94.211	0.04501	3.900	5.000	2093.073		
	0.300	96.867	0.04518	4.000	5.551 5.714	2143.992		
	0.320	102.180	0.04555	4+200	5-714	2419.527		
	0.340	115.460	0-04570	4.700	6.429	2526.569		
	0.386	118.116	0.04587	4.800	6.786	2574.825		
	0.400	118.116	0.04605	4.800	7.143	2564.960		
	0.420	120.772	0.04623	4.900	7.500	2612.551		
	0.440	120.772	0.04641	4-900	7.857	2602.464		
	0.460	123.428	0.04659	5.000	8.214	2044.384		
	0.480	128.740	0.04677	5 200	8-929	2741.908		
	0.500	128.740	0.04714	5-200	9.286	2731.156		
	0.540	128.740	0.04732	5.200	9.643	2720.403		
	0.560	128.749	0.04751	5.200	10.000	2709.650		
	0.580	128.740	0.04770	5.200	10.357	2698.898		
	0.600	128.740	0.04789	5.200	10.714	26 88 . 1 45		
	0 4 20	128 740	0.04808	\$ 200	11.0/1	2011.393		

RATE OF STRAIN IS 2.214 (PERCENT/MIN)

MAX COMP STRESS 2752.661

FIGURE 2H-43 UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST BORING 301 - TEST NO- 301 - 5N BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

CLIENT DUQUESN	E	JOB S	TTE BEAVER VALLEY		J.O. BOR	NO 11700	REV. O
VISIAL CLASSIFIC	ATICN GRAV CLAY	EY DRG. SHIT. TRACE DE			SAM	PLE STS	
	ATTON ONAT CCA.	SAND & GRAVEL			DEP	TH 15-17 FT.	
CATE 8/14/65		TEST	BY MB, KLP		TEST	T NO 301-5R	
						SKE	ETCH
WATER CONTENT						F	7
SPECIMEN LOCATION		MIDDLE					1
CONTAINER NO		19					
WT CONTAINER + WET	SOIL (G)	287.20					1
WT CONTAINER + DRY	SOIL (G)	221.70					1
WT WATER	(6)	59.50				1, 5	111
WT CONTAINER	(G)	16.60					1
WT DRY SOIL	16)	211.10					
WATER CONTENT	PERCENT	28.19					
ELAPSED TIME	VERT DIAL	AXIAL LOAD	CORRECTED AREA	GAGE READING	STRAIN	COMP. STRESS	5
(MINS)	(IN)	(LBS)	(FT**2)	(PSI)	(PERCENT)	(LBS/FT**2)	
7.00							
	6.0	0.0	0.04276	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	C.040	9.218	0.04307	0.700	0.714	214.034	
	0.080	14.530	0.04338	0.900	1.429	334.948	
	C.120	17.186	0.04370	1.000	2.143	393.304	
	0.160	22.498	0.04402	1.200	2.857	511.113	
	0.200	27.810	0.04434	1.400	3.571	627.146	
	C.240	33.122	0.04468	1.600	4.286	741.406	
	C.280	38.434	0.04501	1.800	5.000	853.890	
	0.320	43.747	0.04535	2.000	5.714	964.600	
	0.360	49.059	0.04570	2.200	6.429	1073.535	
	0.400	57.027	0.04605	2.500	7.143	1238.373	
	C.440	64.995	0.04641	2.800	7.857	1400.549	
	C.480	70.307	0.04677	3.000	8.571	1503.273	
	C.520	75.619	0.04714	3.200	9.286	1604.222	
	0.560	78.275	0.04751	3.300	10.000	1647.493	
	C.600	83.587	0.04789	3.500	10.714	1745.337	
	C.640	86.243	0.04828	3.600	11.429	1786.390	
	C.680	88.899	0.04867	3.700	12.143	1826.555	
	C.720	91.555	0.04907	3.800	12.857	1865.833	
	0.760	96.867	0.04947	4.000	13.571	1957.909	
	C.800	102-180	0.04989	4.200	14.286	2048-210	
	C.840	102-180	0.05031	4.200	15.000	2031.142	
	0.880	107.492	0.05073	4.400	15.714	2118.780	

RATE OF STRAIN IS 2.347(PERCENT/MIN)

MAX COMP STRESS 2118.780

> FIGURE 2H-44 UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST BORING 301 - TEST NO. 301-5R BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



CLIENT DUQUESN INIT. LTH 5.6		90t INI INI SAVO AND CRAVEL	3 SITE BEAVER VALLEY 1. DIA 2.8		J.O. BORIN SAMPI	NO 11700 REV IG 302 F ST3	. 0
VISUAL CLASSIFI	CATION DRUMM SI	LIT SAND AND GRAVEL			DEPTH	15-17 FT.	
DATE 8713769		153	0 DT 90.KLP		12 31	SKETCH	
WATER CONTENT						Site iei	
SPECIMEN LOCATION	v	BOTTOM	TC	P	MIDDLE	(C-1)	
CONTAINER NO		48		13	19		
WT CONTAINER + WE	ET SOIL (G)	211-10	257	•70	237.10		1
HT CONTAINER + DP	(Y SOIL (G)	188.70	226	• 50	208.70		1
WT WATER	(G)	22-40	31	. 20	28.40		1
WT CONTAINER	(G)	32.70	16	. 40	10.00		
NE DRY SUIL	(6)	156.00	210	.10	192.10		
WATER CONTENT	PERCENT	14-36	14	. 85	14.78		
ELAPSED TIME	VERT OTAL	AXIAL LOAD	CORRECTED AREA	GAGE READING	STRAIN	COMP. STRESS	
( M INS ) 5+00	(1N)	(LBS)	(FT++2)	(PSI)	(PERCENT)	(LBS/FT**2)	
	0.0	0.0	0.04276	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	0.020	0.0	0.04291	0.300	0.357	0.0	
	0.040	1.250	0.04307	0.400	0.714	29.022	
	0.060	1.250	0.04322	0-400	1.071	28.917	
	0.080	3.906	0.04338	0.500	1.429	90-040	
	0.100	3.906	0.04354	0.500	1.786	89.714	
	0.120	0.002	0.04370	0.000	2.143	100.101	
	0.140	9.218	0.04403	0.700	2 857	210-104	
	0.100	7.218	0.04402	0.800	3.214	268-762	
	0.100	14 530	0.04415	0.900	3.571	327-667	
	0.220	17,186	0-04451	1.000	3.929	386-127	
	0.240	17.186	0.04468	1.000	4.286	384.692	
	0.260	19.842	0.04484	1.100	4.643	442.486	
	0.280	19.842	0.04501	1.100	5.000	440-829	
	0.300	22.498	0.04518	1.200	5.357	497.959	
	0.320	22.498	0.04535	1.200	5.714	496.080	
	0.340	22.498	0.04552	1.200	6.071	494.201	
	0.360	25.154	0.04570	1.300	6.429	550.443	
	0.380	25.154	0.04587	1.300	6.786	548.342	
	0.400	25.154	0.04605	1.300	7.143	546.241	
	0.420	25.154	0.04623	1.300	7.500	344.140	
	0.440	25.154	0.04641	1.300	7.857	542.039	
	0.460	25.154	0.04659	1.300	8.214	539.938	
	0.480	25,154	0.04677	1, 300	8.571	537.837	

.

RATE OF STRAIN IS 1.714(PERCENT/MIN)

MAX COMP STRESS 550.443

> FIGURE 2H-46 UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST BORING 302 - TEST NO. 302 - 3N BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



CLIENT DUQU	E SN F	J 69 C	ITE BEAVER VALLEY		J-D-	ND 11700	REV.
INIT. LTH 5.		INT. SAND AND CRAVEL	D[A 2.8		BORI SAHP	NG 302 21 F ST5	<b></b>
113040 0043310	I CHILDRI CHORN ST				DEPT	H 19-21 FT.	
DATE 8/15/69	ł	TEST	BY KLP		TEST	1 NO 302-5N	
						SKETCH	
WATER CONTENT							
SPECINEN LOCATIO	N	TOP	80	TTON	HIDDLE		7
CONTAINER NO		50	-0	46	58	111	
WT CONTAINER + W	ET SOIL (G)	206.40	212	•50	247.90	111	
WT CONTAINER + D	RY STIL (G)	182.00	188	.30	216-80	1	1
WI WALER	(G)	24.40	24	.20	31+10	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1
WT DRY SOIL	(6)	164.30	152	.50	200.20		
				-			
WATER CONTENT	PERCENT	14.85	15	.87	15-53		
ELAPSED TIME	VERT DIAL	AXIAL LOAD	CORRECTED AREA	GAGE READING	SIRAIN (PERCENT)	CUMP. STRESS	
6.00	e 1141	11037					
	0.0	C.C	0.04276	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	0.020	1.250	0.04291	0.400	0.357	29.126	
	0.040	1.250	0.04307	0.400	0.714	29.022	
	0.060	1.250	0.04322	0.400	1.670	28.917	
	0.080	3.906	0-04356	0.500	1.786	89.714	
	0.120	6.562	0.04370	0.600	2.143	150.171	
	0.140	6.562	0.04386	0.600	2.500	149.623	
	0.100	9.218	0-04402	0.700	2.857	209.414	
	0.180	9.218	0.04418	0.700	3.214	208.644	
	0.200	9-218	0.04434	0.700	3.571	201.815	
	0.240	11.874	0 04451	0.800	4. 286	265.787	
	0.260	11.874	0.04484	0.800	4.643	264.795	
	0.280	14.530	0.04501	0.900	5.000	322.812	
	0,300	14.530	0.04518	0.900	5.357	321.599	
	0.320	17.186	0.04535	1.000	5.714	378.950	
	0.340	17.104	0.04552	1.000	6.071	376-079	
	0-360	19-842	0.04587	1.100	6.786	432.543	
	C.400	19.842	0.04605	1.100	7.143	430.886	
	0.420	19.842	0.04623	1.100	7.500	429.228	
	0.440	19.842	0.04641	1.100	7.857	427.571	
	0.460	19.842	0-04659	1.100	8.214	425.914	
	C-480	22.498	0.04677	1.200	8+2/1	401.041	
	0,500	22.498	0.04714	1.200	9.286	477.289	
	0.540	22.498	0.04732	1.200	9.643	475.410	و
	0.560	22.498	0.04751	1.200	10.000	473.531	
	0.580	22.498	0.04770	1.200	10,357	471-652	
	0.600	22.49B	0.04789	1.200	10.714	469.773	

RATE OF STRAIN IS 1.786(PERCENT/MIN)

MAX COMP STRESS 481.047

FIGURE 2H-48 UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST BORING 302 - TEST NO- 302 - 5N BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



CLIENT DUQUE INIT. LTH 5.6	SNE	J OB	SITE BEAVER VALLEY		J+ 0+ B0R11	NO 11700	REV. O
VISUAL CLASSIF	ICATION BROWN SI	LTY SAND WITH GRAVEL			- SA MPI	LE \$15	
DATE 8/15/40					DEPTH	8-10 FT.	
DATE 0/15/84		115	BY KLP		TEST	NU 303-5N	
						SKET	гсн
WATER CONTENT							
SPECIMEN LOCATIO	N	τορ	80	TON	MIDDLE	$ \subset $	
CONTAINER NO		39		63	52		1 1
WT CONTAINER + W	ET SOIL (G)	245.60	16	7.40	337.50	/ (	
WT CONTAINER + D	RY STIL (G)	208.70	14	7.50	294.50	1. '	1
NT WATER	(6)	36.90	14	9.90	43.00		,
WT CONTAINER	(6)	16.40	1	3.50	17.70	( )	
WT DRY SOIL	(G)	192.30	12	.00	276.80		<u> </u>
WATER CONTENT	PERCENT	19.19	ì	5.43	15.53		
ELAPSED TIME (MINS) 6.10	VERT DIAL (INI	AXIAL LOAD (LBS)	CORRECTÊD ÂREA (FT#+2)	GAGE READING (PS1)	STRAIN (PERCENT)	COMP. STRESS (LBS/FT*+2)	
	0.0	0.0	0.04776	0.0		• •	
	0-020	1.250	0.04270	0.00	0.357	20 12(	
	0.040	1 250	0.04271	0.400	0.357	27.120	
	0.060	3.905	0.04327	0 500	0.114	29.027	
	0.080	6-562	0.04328	0.600	1.670	90.300	
	0.100	6-562	0.04354	0.000	1.706	150 710	
	0.120	9.218	0 04370	0.700	2.143	210 954	
	0.140	11.874	0.04386	0.800	2 500	270 744	
	0,160	11.874	0.04402	0.800	2.857	269.754	
	0.180	14.530	0.04418	0.900	3.214	328.880	
	0.200	17.186	0.04414	1,000	3, 571	387.561	
	0.220	17.186	0.04451	1.000	3,929	386, 127	
	0.240	19.842	0.04468	1-100	4.286	444.144	
	0.260	22.498	0.04484	1.200	4.643	501.717	
	0.280	22.498	0.04501	1.200	5.000	499.838	
	0.300	25.154	0.04518	1.300	5.357	556.746	
	0.320	25.154	0.04535	1-300	5.714	554.645	
	0.340	25.154	0.04552	1.300	6.071	552.544	
	0.360	25.154	0.04570	1.300	6.429	550.443	
	0-380	27.810	0.04587	1.400	6.786	606.241	
	0.400	27.810	0.04605	1. 400	7,143	603.919	
	0.420	27.810	0.04623	1-400	7.500	601.596	
	0.440	30-466	0.04641	1.500	7.857	656.507	
	0.460	30.466	0.04659	1.500	8.214	653.963	
	0-480	30.466	0.04677	1.500	8.571	651.418	
	0.500	30-466	0.04695	1.500	8.929	648.874	
	0.520	30.466	0.04714	1.500	9.286	646.329	
	0.540	30 466	A 7 A 7 3 3	1 200	074/3	443 794	

RATE OF STRAIN IS 1.5814 PERCENT/MINE

MAX COHP STRESS 656.507

FIGURE 21H-50 UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST BORING 303 - TEST NO. 303 - 5N BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

													REV	/. 0
										Te	st No.	303	-5N	
											TITI		++++	++++
	┝╋╋┿		-+								++++	+++-	+	
												-+-+-	- + -	
	++++	-+-+		++++							+++++		1111	
				╶╞╌╞╍╧╼╧╴		+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +							┊┿╼╌╄┙	
72		1444		، شیریند ایندور ا										
			• • •	i-	1-di		┨┽┥┿┽							
						<u>}</u> ++++		┝╺╼╼┿╼┝╼						1111
				-4 (mar.4									4	
						<mark>┟╷<del>┍</del>┍╸</mark>				FFFF	+			
			1.8.4.1	+++		╏┼┼┼┼								
64				ing and the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second s					1					I
			+	++		╏┽┦┼┷╴								
		1 F 1				++++	i							<u> </u>
					1		1 +							
				· · · ·	1.1.12	1								
56	<u> </u>	<u>T</u> - /	, <u>-</u> , <u>-</u> , <u>-</u> , <u>-</u> ,		<u>t</u>	<u>                                     </u>	1++::-		┝┿┿┿┿	<u> </u>	+	·····	- ·	
50			· · · · · ·	1+1-							-    -+ 			
	144						HH-			╊┝┥┯ <u></u> ┍┤			· · · · · · · ·	
					1	<u>↓</u>	<b>1</b>	·						
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			<b>1773</b> E	<u> </u> +		1-17-			┟┯┯┿		<b></b>	
•	<b>! : -</b> : :	· - ·•			1	<u></u> ++	t it il.	∦ 1. <b>1. 1.</b> 1 1. 1. −1. 1.		<u>↓·</u> ⊢ ↓ ···· -	- ) pad adam 		-	[]
48								1 -1 1						
	· • • • •				<b> </b>			1 ~ ~ ~			<mark>╞╪╪╪╧</mark>			
					1.1		[				┼┼┼┼			
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·												
		111											+++-	+ 1
7.0	· · !		·		╂┈╼┝╧		<u>+ · + ·</u>							
~0		·							÷					
		• • • •												
	F													
					1							+++		
						+++				++++				$\left\{ \div + \div \right\}$
32						1								
							<b>1</b>							
					1									
	<u> </u>							1						
24						+	1			·				
							<u> </u>							
	[]		<u>↓</u>		1		1		{	+	<u> </u>	<u>+</u> -		
			}	ļ		I			ł	+				
					1		1	Į. <u> </u>	[	Į				
16				•	1		1			11-1-		F		
				<u> </u>	<b></b>	<u>+</u>	<u> </u>			1			┠┾┿┿╧	
			t		1	<u>+</u>	1	1			<u></u>	<u></u>	t	
					<u> </u>	test.	1			1	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
						++++		╏╴┼┠┯	<u> </u> +					
~				F e =	e n	• / NI A -		1.1						
8			ļ	E 00	0 - 51	INA				F			+	
	<b></b>									+			+++	$\mathbf{H}$
					<u>∤ : : : :</u>	<u></u> ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓		1. · · · · · · · ·		<u>†</u>	[	ļ		
				╞╪╪╪╪	<b>1</b> + + + + + +	<del>≵!++</del> ∔		1.1.1		11	1	111	++++	
					┇┼┼┼┼	<u>╊</u> ╆╪╪╪╪	<u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u>		╏┾┿┾┼					╏┼┼┼┼┨
1	-	الم معرفية ال								1				
Ĺ		4	•	8		1	2		16	-	20		24	2
							STRA	AIN IN	% -	Teupe	он <b>г</b> т			
									F	19UKL	28-21 CIVE -	TDECC	VC CT	
									С! Т	UNFRED FST NO	3175 3 307 -	. 2M	10 01	NN 1 N
									1 D P	LUI NU	רט <i>ר</i> – איזונג/	ים הוט פיי שרו		
										LAVER 1	MLLLI	TONER	31411	
									110	DATEN	FINAL	SAFET	V ANAI	V 5 1 5 0

CLIENT DUQU INIT. LTH 5.6 VISUAL CLASSEF	SNE	JDB INIT ILTY CLAY	SITE BEAVER VALLEY • DIA 2.8		J. D. BDRIN SÅ MPL	NO 11700 G 303 E 3112			REV. U	
DATE 8713769		TEST	41X Y		JE ST DE PTH	22-24 FT. ND 303-12N SK	FTCH			
WATER CONTENT						-				
SPECIMEN EDEATIO CONTAINER ND WI CONTAINER + D WI WATER WI WATER WI DRY SULL	7 501L (G) 6y Soll (G) 1G) 1G)	109 60 249.30 200.10 49.20 18.20 161-90	242 198 44 10 181	801100 51 • 50 • 20 • 30 • 80 • 40	NIDDLE 49 262,90 213-40 49,50 32,60 180.80	(	$\left( \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right)$			
WATER CONTENT	PERCENT	27-05	21	• 42	27.38					
ELAPSED TIME	VERT DIAL (IN)	TATAL LOAD (LBS)	CURRECTED AREA (ft ++ 2)	GRGE READING (PS1)	STRAIN (PERCENT)	CDAP. STRES (LBS/FT++2)	s			
	0:070 0:040 0:040 0:050 0:160 0:170 0:140 0:140 0:140 0:710 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:2700 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:270 0:2700 0:2700 0:2700 0:2700 0:2700 0:2700 0:2700 0:2700 0:2700 0:2700 0:2700 0:2700 0:2700 0:2700 0:2700 0:2700 0:2700 0:2700 0:2700 0:2700 0:270000000000	1, 250 3, 906 5, 562 11, 874 14, 530 17, 186 22, 499 25, 154 27, 810 30, 466 31, 122 35, 778 36, 434 41, 091 43, 747 46, 403 49, 059 51, 715 54, 137 59, 683 62, 339 64, 995 67, 851 70, 307 72, 963 75, 619 78, 275 78, 299 81, 897 81, 899 81, 897 81, 8	0.04397 0.04307 0.04354 0.04354 0.04354 0.04356 0.04356 0.04451 0.04451 0.04451 0.04451 0.04451 0.04451 0.04451 0.04451 0.04451 0.04552 0.04570 0.04570 0.04575 0.04577 0.04605 0.04605 0.04605 0.04605 0.04605 0.04605 0.04605 0.04605 0.04605 0.04605 0.04605 0.04605 0.04605 0.04605 0.04605 0.04605 0.04677 0.04605 0.04710 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.04807 0.0407 0.0407 0.0407 0.0407	0.500 0.500 0.600 0.600 0.700 1.200 1.200 1.300 1.500 1.500 1.500 1.600 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 3.000 3.100 3.100 3.300 3.300 3.300 3.300 3.300 3.500 3.500 3.600 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.700 3.	$\begin{array}{c} 0.357\\ 0.714\\ 1.429\\ 1.786\\ 2.500\\ 2.8507\\ 3.7214\\ 3.927\\ 4.2863\\ 3.7214\\ 3.927\\ 4.2864\\ 5.000\\ 5.357\\ 5.714\\ 6.429\\ 6.786\\ 7.657\\ 7.657\\ 7.657\\ 1.657\\ 7.657\\ 1.657\\ 7.657\\ 1.657\\ 1.657\\ 1.657\\ 1.657\\ 1.657\\ 1.657\\ 1.657\\ 1.657\\ 1.657\\ 1.657\\ 1.657\\ 1.657\\ 1.657\\ 1.657\\ 1.657\\ 1.657\\ 1.657\\ 1.657\\ 1.657\\ 1.657\\ 1.657\\ 1.657\\ 1.657\\ 1.657\\ 1.657\\ 1.657\\ 1.657\\ 1.657\\ 1.657\\ 1.657\\ 1.657\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.577\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.571\\ 1.57$	27,126 90,692 151,815 273,721 333,734 393,304 512,992 571,452 529,469 687,042 744,172 800,858 857,100 912,899 964,600 1019,289 1073,535 1127,337 1180,690 1236,600 10332,902 1332,690 1332,902 1332,690 1332,902 1327,696 1332,902 1327,696 1332,902 1327,696 1332,902 1327,696 1332,902 1327,696 1332,902 1327,696 1332,902 1327,696 1332,902 1327,696 1332,902 1327,696 1332,902 1327,696 1332,902 1327,696 1332,902 1327,696 1332,902 1327,696 1332,902 1327,696 1332,902 1327,696 1332,500 1517,150 1517,150 1517,150 1517,150 150,730 150,730 150,730 1764,365	За :- 12 л/ (Солгъј)			
R≜	E OF STRAIN 13	1+865 (PERCEN1/MIN)			MAX COMP STRES	5 1789.36	5 FIG10	F 2H-52		

BORING 303 - TEST NO 303 - 12N BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

												REV.	0 (
									Te	st No.	30	3-121	1
<b>H</b>													
		LTIT						╪╪╪╪	╞╪╪╪╪╡	┥┽┿	┝┼┙┽╧		
, 144		•	 	دانطيو د ا منتقد مورد		╷╷╵┿┿┑ ╷╷╵┿┿┑							
۲ <u>۲</u>	1			-1-1-1-									<b>.</b>
	7								╞┿┝╕┿┤				
}	÷				╄╼╼╍┶┷ ┇╔┍┝┯╴	• ++++	┝╪╼╶╧═╧┙ ┍┱┑╋┲				E + r	1.17	
			╞┋╤╪┽╵		Fi±++						<u> </u>		
5			· · · · · ·					┝┿╍╼╼					····
		• · T	++++		╋╍┝╍┺╼┷╍ ┫╼╄╍╸╼╅╴┆			┝┝┿┥╄╴	╋╍╄╍╄╼╄╼┿╼ ┫╌┝╍╈╼┷╼┥╼┥				
}													
56		+			1	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++		┝╼╾┿╸┢╶┑╼ ┝╶╴┝╶╴╴	<u> </u> +++		i	+	V. 0 ( )
	4 • •						+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	┝╼╾┿╍┿╸┝╼ ┝╼╍┝╼ ╴╸┢╍╍╍┙				-	
										+ + + +			÷
				·			· · · · · · · · · · ·				REV. 0 (1/ 303-12N		
	<u> </u>			<del></del>	+ +	1			1.1-1 1			-	
40	· · · <del>· ·</del> · · · ·	· · ····					1211				t		
							· · · · · ·	+==	<u><u></u> ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓</u>		+		
			↓ <u> </u>			<b>}</b>							
			+++++										
.0											<u> </u>		
-		·					╽╌╴ <del>┙┍</del> ╶┥ ┝╶┿╍┯╍╌╴╷╴		<del>╏╶╻┊╞</del> ╸ ┨╶ <del>┨╶┨╶</del>				E
				ļ									
				[					H				<u> </u>
32									┟┿╍┿┥╴		<u> </u>	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	+
	+		÷		+	+							
				<u> </u>	<u> </u>	[						+	
	+	1				ţ			+	<u> </u>		+	1
, <b></b>	•  • -	1		1	1	İ	1					-	
<	1		<u> </u>										++++
		Ì				1	·		- <b> </b>	I	++	+	
	+	ļ	+	1	+		1789	PSF(	NATU	JRAL	) =		
			I				- C		1	·	<b>I</b>	+	
16	÷	ļ	+	<b></b>				┨╼╍╍╺╪	+	1	+	1	
		1	<u> </u>	1	+					<u> </u>		1	
		r	1			<u></u>						+	+
			<u></u>	1		<b> </b>				1	+		
8	+	1	+	1	<del>↓··</del>	1	+		+++				
	-7						+			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	Y												
					++++				+				
					<u>+++</u> ++		++++	1++++	-				
6	4	4	8		1	2		16		20		24	
					ę	STRAI	NIN 9	6					
								FIG Com TFS	URE 21 PRESSI	1-53 IVE ST 303 -	RESS	VS STR/	AIN
								125 8 E A UP D	VER VA	LLEY F	JZN POWER SAFETY	STATIO ( ANALY	N UNI

CLIENT DUQUESNE		JOB S Init.	ITE BEAVER VALLEY DIA 2+8		J.O. BORLI	NO 11700 NG 305	
VISUAL CLASSIFIC	ATION ORGANIC SA	ANDY SILT WITH TRACE OF (	CLAY		SAMPI	LE ST5 4 8-10 ET.	
DATE 8/18/69		TEST	BY MB		TEST	NO 305-5N	
						St	(ETCH
WATER CONTENT							
SPECIMEN LOCATION		BOTTOM	TO	P 43	MIDDLE		-1
WT CINTAINER + WET	5011 (6)	20 163 90	157	.90	287.60	1	
WT CONTAINER + DRY	SOI1 (G)	110-80	118	.70	218.50		, 1
WT WATER	(C)	53-10	39	. 70	69.10		· <b>{</b>
WT CONTAINER	(G)	16.60	18	.50	16.40	U U	· ]
WT DRY SOIL	(6)	94_20	100	.20	202.10		
WATER CONTENT	PERCENT	56.37	39	.12	34.19		
ELAPSED TIME	VERT DIAL	AXIAL LOAD	CORRECTED AREA	GAGE READING	STRAIN (PERCENT)	COMP. STRES {LBS/FT++2}	s
4-00		(L-3)					
	0.0	0.0	0.04276	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	0.020	0.0	0.04291	0.200	0 714	0.0	
	0.040	0.0	0.04337	0.400	1 071	28 917	
	0.000	1.220	0 0 4 3 2 2	0.500	1.429	90-040	
	0.000	3 006	0 04354	0.500	1.786	89-714	
	0.120	6 562	0-04370	0.600	2.143	150.171	
	0-140	9,218	0-04386	9.700	2.500	210-184	
	0.160	11.874	0-04402	0.800	2,857	269.754	
	0.180	14.530	0.04418	0.900	3.214	328-880	
	0.200	14.530	0.04434	0.900	3.571	327.667	
	0.220	17.186	0.04451	1.000	3.929	386.127	
	0.240	17.186	0.04468	1.000	4.286	384.692	
	0.260	19.842	0.04484	1.100	4,643	442.486	
	0.280	19.842	0.04501	1.100	5.000	440.829	
	0.300	22.498	0.04518	1.200	5.357	497.959 -	
	0.360	22.498	0.04570	1.200	6.429	492.322	
	0.380	22.498	0.04587	1.200	6.786	490.443	
	0.400	22.498	0.04605	1.200	7.143	488.563	
	C. 420	22.498	0.04623	1.200	7.500	486.684	
	0.440	22.498	0.04641	1.200	7.857	484.805	
	C. 46C	22.498	0.04659	1.200	8.214	482.926	
	0.480	22,498	0.04677	1.200	8.571	481.047	
	c. 500	22.498	0.04695	1.200	5.929	479.168	
	0.520	22.498	0.04714	1.200	9.286	477.289	

RATE OF STRAIN IS 2.321(PERCENT/MIN)

MAX COMP STRESS 497-959

FIGURE 2H-54 UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST BORING 301 - TEST NO- 305 - 5N BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

						L	
					Test No. 3	305 - 5 N	
							<u><u></u>    /u>
┝╪╪┝┿╎╁╂╇┸	<u>┣</u> ┇┥ <u>┝</u> ╋╋┾┾╄╤	<u>┣╪╪╪╪</u> ╋╪╧╧╧	┠ <u>┤</u> ┊╪╪╪╪╪╪╪╪ <b>┼</b>	<u>╪</u> ╪╪╪╋		<u></u>	
┟╋╋┽╋┿┿┿┿	<u>┟╞</u> ┽┽╡┼┼┼┼						
<u>                                     </u>					╺┼┫╽╧╞╤╋┝╴	t≓ ['ÆF	╎┼┿┿┥
Test No. 305-5N    2	• • • • •						
				╘╪╪╪╪┋	<mark>╽┽╻<mark>┠╞┉╼╎╴┶╸╉╶┿</mark> ┿╅╊┿┿┍╼┺╋╼┉</mark>	┿┝┥	<u>↓                                     </u>
			╽╷╪┽┽╞┿╧┯┯	╞╪╪╪╪╋╧╪	┟┽╏┊┽┽┾┾┾		<b> </b> ;
	╽╴╸┊┊┝╶╧╧╧	╏╵ <del>╧╹╧╋╪╋╧</del>	╏┿╪┾╪┟┊╪╪┾╸				
	<u>  - : : : : : = = = : :</u>	<mark>┟╌╌╴╴╴╸╡╴╴╸╸╴╴</mark>	<u>╶</u> ╪╤╛╏┼┼╪╄	<b>──</b>			
		╏╵╵╘╵ <del>╶┙┇╡┥┥</del> ╴	╽┈╻┍╴╞┟┿┽┽	┟╋╋			
	↓ ··· + • ↓ [········						
					<mark>┟╪╶┠</mark> ╪╼╌┲╼╌╊╤╸		
					┊╾╪╏┝╴╴╸╶╡╶╍	┥┑╏╌╎╴┠╌╎┷╎┷╡╼╸ ┍╼┷┯╼┠┷╍╍┯╍╍	
$\begin{array}{c} 4 \\ 56 \\ 40 \\ 40 \\ 32 \\ 24 \\ 24 \\ 24 \end{array}$							
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				┝╌┝╪┿┾╋┲┥╴	<u>┟</u> ┿ <u>┨</u> ┽┥╧┿╋╧╸		L
		<u> </u>  +-+			- http://		
	·						
					<mark>╞╺╕╋┝╼╴╵╴</mark> ╋┿╸ ╤╸╉┾╍┍┯┯╋		
				┝╵╍╸┿╊┿╆ ╷┽╸ <del>┥┠┥┿</del>	<mark>┶┿╉┾┿┽╀</mark> ┣┿╸ ╾┽┨╷┿┽┽╂┑╴	╪╤╍╏╧╤╪╪╴	<u></u>
	<mark>╞╶╌┍╌╅╶╡╶┍╼┿┿┿</mark>		+++	┝ <del>╺┿╸</del> ┽╋┿┿	┊┊╏╌┼┼┽┤╌╴		
		╏──╾┶┶┟╌╼┼┶					
	<u> </u>						t
					╧╧╋╧╧╋╧	┿╋┿╋┿╋┿┿┿╼╌	
				┝╼╼╴╾┵┣┷┶╸ ╺┥╺┵╿╉┿╍	<mark>╪╪┨┊┊╪╧┥</mark> ┯╴	┝┿┿ <b>┨</b> ┾┿┿┉┈	<u> </u>
			┨╺ <del>╺┶╺╕╍</del> ┠┝╾┿┽┿╸ ╡╶ <del>╶</del> ┯┿┑┠╺╺┿┯┽	┃ <del>╼┶╘┾╋┾╧</del> ┢ <del>┍╿┍┑</del>	╤╕╊┊┽╧┊╊┆╴	<del>╸╸╸╸</del> ╋╋╋	╏╧┊╡┥
		<mark>┃···→→→</mark> ┃ <del>↓</del> →→	┨╶╧╶╴╪╼╧╸╧╺ <b>╎╸╘╼╪</b> ╼┥╼╧╸ ╋╼╍╤╍╦╍╤╴╋╼╾┺╍┺╼┺┥	┝╺┙ <del>┥┥┥</del> ╋╋┿	<u>╸┊╏╌┊┷┊</u> ╡╌		
	1	<b>↓</b>					
	<b> </b>						
L							
	t	1					
	Į						
	+		1				
			t			╴╴╁┼┼┼┼	
<u> </u>	<u></u>	l					┟╺╌╌┤
	100.005	/					
	498855	INATURA					
<u>Line  </u>							
		╉ <del>┊╡╪╪╋╡</del> ╪╪╪╪	╏╌╡╌╡	┝╪╪╪╋┧╌╴		╒╪╪╉╉┊┤┆╧╴	
		<u><u><u></u></u></u>					
	4 8	1:	2 1	6	20	21.	
-	. •		STRAIN IN 9	6	*** ¥	£.44	
				FIGURE	2H-55		
				COMPRES	SSIVE STRES	S VS STRA	IN
				TEST NO	J. 305 - 5N		
				BEAVER	VALLEY POWA	ER SIATIO! Etv Amaivi	NII NU NII Cic Di
				498 PSF (NATURAL) 498 PSF (NATURAL) 498 PSF (NATURAL) 5 C RAIN IN 9	498 PSF (NATURAL) 498 PSF (NATURAL) 498 PSF (NATURAL) 5 4 8 12 16 STRAIN IN % FIGURE COMPRES TEST ME BEAVER	498 PSF (NATURAL) 498 PSF (NATURAL) 498 PSF (NATURAL) 54 8 12 16 20 STRAIN IN % FIGURE 2H-55 COMPRESSIVE STRESS TEST NO. 305 - SN BEAVER VALLEY PON UPDATED FINAL SAF	498 PSF (NATURAL) 498 PSF (NATURAL) 5 STRAIN IN % FIGURE 2H-55 COMPRESSIVE STRESS VS STRA TEST NO. 305 - 5M BEAVER VALUEY POWER STATU UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALUS

REV. 0 (1/82) J.O. NO 11700 JOB SITE BEAVER VALLEY CLIENT DUQUESNE BORING 306 INIT. DIA 2.8 INIT. LTH 5.6 SAMPLE ST2 VISUAL CLASSIFICATION BROWN SILTY SAND WITH ORGANIC MATTER DEPTH 2-4 FT. TEST NO 306-2N TEST BY MB DATE 8/19/69 SKETCH 60° WATER CONTENT MIDDLE TOP BOTTOM SPECIMEN LOCATION 24 CONTAINER NO 67 36 172.20 165.70 187.40 WT CONTAINER + WET SOIL (G) 112.70 111.60 119.30 WT CONTAINER + DRY SOIL (G) 60.60 53,00 (G) 68.10 WT WATER 16.70 16.70 17.60 (G) WT CONTAINER 94.90 96.00 101.70 (G) WT DRY SOIL 63.86 55.21 66.96 WATER CONTENT PERCENT GAGE READING STRAIN COMP. STRESS CORRECTED AREA AXIAL LOAD VERT DIAL ELAPSED TIME (PERCENT) (LBS/FT\*\*2) (PSI) (FT##2) (MINS) (IN) (L8S) 3.00 0\_0 0.0 0.0 0.04276 0.0 0.0 0.357 0.0 0.04291 0.100 6.0 0.020 0.300 0.714 0.0 0.04307 C.040 0.0 1.071 28.917 0.400 0.04322 0.060 1.250 90.040 1.429 0.04338 0.500 3.906 0.080 211.724 1.784 0.04354 0.700 9.218 0.100 271-738 0.04370 0.800 2.143 0.120 11.874 270.746 0.04386 0.800 2.500 11.874 C. 140 330.094 0.04402 0.900 2.857 0.160 14.530 388.998 0.04418 1.000 3.214 17.186 0.180 387.563 0.04434 1.000 3.571 17.186 0.200 445.801 1.100 3.929 0.04451 19.842 0.220 444.144 1.100 4.286 0-04468 19.842 0.240 442.486 1.100 4.643 0.04484 0.260 19.842 440.829 1.100 5.000 0.04501 19.842 0.280 445.801 MAX COMP STRESS RATE OF STRAIN IS 1.667(PERCENT/MIN)

> FIGURE 2H-56 UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST BORING 306 - TEST NO 306 - 2N BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

														REV	. 0 (	1/82)
											Ter	it No.	306	-2N		
						ŦŦŦ										
														╷╵┷╴┢╴┝┥ ┍╼╌╌╸┥┥		
											<u><u><u>+</u>+</u>++</u>		╺╋╍╇╍╇╼┶╺ ╾╢╺╅╸ ╼╢╼╎╾┥╸			
	72			l									1-1-1	H-i-i-		
															: :I.	
										╪╪╪╞╂						
	64		1			- مود : منه . - بر منه - بر مار - بر منه - بر	┇ <del>╡╸╞╶╞╺┝</del> ┥┥┥┥┥┥	╵┿┿┿┿ ╺┿┿┿┥		┿╋╋╋ ┿┥┿┿╋			╺╴┨╍┿╍╪╴┇			
		•••	Ţ.	}+-+++-: 		· · · · · · · · ·										
		•				1:15	1				17FF	++				
	56		+ •									·			} · · · - • - ∳	
										· • • • • • •						
					+							+++++			· · · ·	
(0	48											·-+-	-	-		
×10																
SF																
z	40															
SS						·										
STRI																1
Ш,	32						+++++	· · · · · · · ·								
SSIV							<b> </b>	<u>+</u>								
ъж Б										·						
WO	24															1
			+					+								
									+							3
	16			ļ- <u>-</u> -	1											
	10		=													
			<u> </u>						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							1
	e e															
	0		4	46 PS	F (NA	TUR	ΔI) [					ii			1	3
			2			First in the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second sec	<u> </u>									
	i	õ		4	8		1	2		16		20		24		28
							5	IRAIN	IN 70	FI CO TE BE	GURE 2 MPRESS ST NO- Aver V DATED	H-57 IVE S 306 Alley FINAL	T <b>RESS</b> - 2N POWER SAFET	VS STF STATI Y ANAL	RAIN Ón Uni YSIS R	T NO. 1 EPORT
L										والمحادث والمحادث المحاد		in the su				

REV. 0 (1/82) J.O. NO 11700 JOB SITE BEAVER VALLEY CLIENT DUQUESNE BORING 307 INIT. DIA 2.8 INIT. LTH 5.6 SAMPLE ST3 VISUAL CLASSIFICATION BROWN CLAYEY SILT WITH FINE SAND DEPTH 4-6 FT. TEST NO 307-3N TEST BY MB DATE 8/19/69 SKETCH 60° WATER CONTENT TOP MIDDLE BOTTOM SPECIMEN LOCATION 58 39 33 CONTAINER NO 146.60 WT CONTAINER + WET SOIL (G) 149.60 129.90 88.40 WT CONTAINER + DRY SOIL (G) 91.50 80.20 58.20 49.70 58.10 (G) WT WATER 16.60 16.40 16.00 (G) WT CONTAINER 71.80 63.80 75.50 WT DRY SOIL (G) 77.90 81.06 76.95 PERCENT WATER CONTENT GAGE READING STRAIN COMP. STRESS CORRECTED AREA VERT DIAL AXIAL LOAD ELAPSED TIME (LBS/FT##2) (PERCENT) (FT\*\*2) (PS1) (IN) (LBS) (MINS) 1.60 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.04276 C. 0 0.0 0.04291 0.200 0.357 0.0 0.020 0.0 0.400 0.714 29.022 0.04307 C.040 1-250 1.071 336.162 0.04322 0.900 0.060 14.530 1.300 1.429 579.856 0.04338 25.154 0.080 1.786 760.771 1.600 0.04354 C.100 33.122 879.571 1.800 2.143 0.04370 0:120 38.434 MAX COMP STRESS 879.571 RATE OF STRAIN IS 1.339(PERCENT/MIN) FIGURE 2H-58 UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST BORING 307 - TEST NO- 307 - 3N BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1

UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT



....

REV. 0 (1/82)

CLIENT DUQUESI INIT.LTH 5.6 VISUAL CLASSIFI	NE Cation dark grga	JOB INIT NIC SILTY SAND	SITE BEAVER VALLEY • DIA 2.8		J+0+ BOR1 SAMP DEPT	ND 11700 NG 307 PLE ST7 H 12-14 FT.
DATE 8/19/69		TEST	8Y MB		TE ST	ND 307-7N
						SKETCH
WATER CONTENT						
SPECIMEN LOCATION		MIDDLE		TOP		6097
CONTAINER NO		52		48		
AT CONTAINER + WE	T SOIL (G)	188.70	271	•70		
T CONTAINER + DR	Y SOIL (G)	158,60	188	.10		
NT WATER	(G)	30.10	83	.60	-	
AT CONTAINER	(6)	17.70	32	.70		
IT DRY SOIL	(G)	140.90	155	.40		
ATER CONTENT	PERCENT	21.36	53	.80		
ELAPSED TIME	VERT DIAL	AXIAL LOAD	CORRECTED AREA	GAGE READING	STRAIN	COMP. STRESS
(MINS) 2.30	(IN)	(LBS)	{FT**2)	(PSI)	(PERCENT)	(LBS/FT**2)
	0.0	G.O	0.04276	C.O	0.0	0.0
	0.020	C.C	0.04291	C.100	C. 357	0.0
	0.040	C.0	0.04307	0.200	6.714	0.0
	0.060	0.0	0.04322	0.300	1.071	0.0
	0.080	<b>C</b> •0	0.04338	0.300	1.429	0.0
	0.100	1.250	0.04354	0.400	1.786	28.708
	(1,120	1.250	0.04370	C.400	2.143	28.604
	0.140	3.906	0.04386	0.500	Z.500	89.061
	0.160	3.906	0.04402	C.500	2.857	88.735
	C. 180	6.562	0.04418	0.600	3.214	148-527
	6.200	9.218	0.04434	0.700	3.571	207.875
	C. 220	11.874	0.04451	0.800	3.929	266.779
	6-24(	11.874	0.04468	C. 800	4.286	265.787
	0.26(	14.530	0.04484	0.900	4.643	324.026
	0.280	14.530	0.04501	0.900	5.000	322.912
RATE	OF STRAIN IS	2.1741 PERCENT/MEN]			MAX COMP STRE	324.026
					FIGURE 2H-60	ADDESSION TEST
					BORING 307 - " BEAVER VALLEY	TEST NO. 307 - 7N POWER STATION UNIT SAFETY ANALYSIS REP

Test No. 307-7N														REV	• 0		
2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4											Te	st No.	307	-7N			
2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	1					HIH	HH			ĤŦŦ		THT		HHH	TH-		
2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4		┍╪╪╪╪	┝┿ <del>┥┥</del> ┿ ┝┯┯┯┾╵		╞╪╪╪╪			╅┿┿┙									
2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4															┽┽┿		
22 46 46 46 46 46 47 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48											╏╡╡┼┼┼┼┤	┝ <del>╏╻┥╺┝╺╄</del> ╼	┝ <del>╞╺┨╺╵</del> ╴	┠╎ <del>╷╷┍</del>	REV. 0		
A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	72			<u> </u>							╏┥┥┥┥	┝┽┼┾┥╸					
22 36 37 38 39 30 30 30 32 32 34 45 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 5						1					┼┼┼┼┤	┝╪┼┼╪					
A 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7		<u> </u>			┟┿╌┝╍╕╾┿╍ ┝╺┷╌╷╍╈╼┥		╪╪┼┼	<b>│</b> │ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓		┝┼┼╀┼							
16 16 16 16 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10			*			I im	titt	1+++						1111			
2 3 4 4 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7											<u>╊</u> ╋╋╋╪╪╪	╞╪╪┼╧	╞┿┾╬	╡ <u>┥┿</u> ┽╹╎			
6 30 32 34 34 34 4 56 32 4 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57	64				┝ <u>┥</u> ╷╧╼╴ ┥╷┝╼╼╼		<del>╡</del> ╪┼╪╴	╋ <del>╺╧╺┢╍╞╸╧╺</del>	┝╍┿╼┿╼┿╼┿	┝╈┿╪					-+		
6 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7				r			++++										
6 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7				****			++++							REV. 0 ( 07-7N			
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10						1 14	<u>I</u> H					<del> </del>	┟┼┼┼┼				
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	72 64 56 48 32 24 16 8		+++				· []			┟┽┿┟┽╸			┟╌╎╌┥╼┝╌┙╴				
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10				·			╺╁┼┼┼			╅┽┿┾	╉╢┥┿┽┥	┝╺┝╍┥╼╿╌╇╼ ┝╶┿╍┽┥╋		REV.0    7-7N    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1    1			
6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7					┝╵╍┶┿╸	ð <sub>man</sub> ð <sub>s</sub> in í fræð A san junna <del>y</del> Í A		╏┿┾╼┤	╽╎╧╪╤╴		╪╒╡╪╪						
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10							+++++		+++		1 + + + +						
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10							++++				++++						
20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	48								↓			┝┝┿╧┿	┠╺┥╼┥╸ ┫╾╵╴╼┽╾┥╺				
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10					+	+ ·	+++++			┠ <sub>┝┯╼</sub> ╞┿ ┝ <sub>┍</sub> ┿┿┿	╏┧╞┷┼╵	┝┾┽┽╪	╞┼┿┾┷				
20 32 32 4 32 4 PSF(NATURAL) 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5							┼┼┽┽	╏╶┼┼┿╸		│ <del>╷</del> ╋╪┽	┇┇┇╡						
20 32 32 32 32 4 5 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5								╏┼┽┿╴	$\mp = \mp$			++++					
22 24 25 26 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37							++++							7-7N			
22 22 22 22 24 32 4 32 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	40							-ttij.			┫┿┼┦┿┤		╏┼┼┼┼	▋┊┼┼╤┨			
24 24 24 32 4 32 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5											┨╇╀┾┼		<u><u></u></u>		++++		
22 22 22 16 3 3 2 4 P SF(NATURAL) 3 2 4 P SF(NATURAL) 5 TRAIN IN % FIGURE 2H-61 COMPRESSIVE STRESS VS STRAIN TEST NO. 307 - 7N BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UN UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS							┿┥┿┿				++++						
22 22 22 22 24 32 32 4 32 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5									┠┙┯┼┿	$\overline{+++}$							
22 14 15 16 16 17 18 12 16 16 17 16 17 16 17 16 17 16 17 16 17 16 17 16 17 16 17 16 17 16 17 16 17 16 17 16 17 16 17 16 17 16 17 16 17 16 17 16 17 16 17 16 17 17 16 17 17 16 17 17 16 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	32	F															
22 16 16 3 24 PSF(NATURAL) 4 8 12 16 20 24 STRAIN IN % FIGURE 2H-61 COMPRESSIVE STRESS VS STRAIN TEST NO. 307 - 7N BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UN UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS																	
22 16 3 324 PSF(NATURAL) 4 8 12 16 20 24 STRAIN IN % FIGURE 2H-61 COMPRESSIVE STRESS VS STRAIN TEST NO- 307 - 7N BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UN UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS								··· ·	<u>+</u>								
224 16 3 324 PSF(NATURAL) 4 8 12 16 20 24 STRAIN IN % FIGURE 2H-61 COMPRESSIVE STRESS VS STRAIM TEST NO- 307 - 7N BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UN UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS								<b>_</b>	<u>+</u>		1						
16 3 324 PSF(NATURAL) 3 324 PSF(NATURAL) 4 8 12 16 20 24 STRAIN IN % FIGURE 2H-61 COMPRESSIVE STRESS VS STRAIN TEST NO- 307 - 7N BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UN UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS	31							1									
16 324 PSF(NATURAL) 4 3 12 16 20 24 STRAIN IN % FIGURE 2H-61 COMPRESSIVE STRESS VS STRAIN TEST NO. 307 - 7N BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UN UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS	£.4					· · · ·		<u></u>							7 N		
16 324 PSF(NATURAL) 4 8 12 16 20 24 STRAIN IN % FIGURE 2H-61 COMPRESSIVE STRESS VS STRAIN TEST NO- 307 - 7N BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UN UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS								<u> </u>				[	ţ		STRAIN TATION UNIT		
16 324 PSF(NATURAL) 4 8 12 16 20 24 STRAIN IN % FIGURE 2H-61 COMPRESSIVE STRESS VS STRAIN TEST NO- 307 - 7N BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UN UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS								<b> </b>	+					Z4 Z2 VS STRAIN STATION UNITY ANALYSIS R			
16 324 PSF(NATURAL) 4 8 12 16 20 24 STRAIN IN % FIGURE 2H-61 COMPRESSIVE STRESS VS STRAIN TEST NO- 307 - 7N BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UN UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS											1:11						
324 PSF(NATURAL) 324 PSF(NATURAL) 4 8 12 16 20 24 STRAIN IN % FIGURE 2H-61 COMPRESSIVE STRESS VS STRAIN TEST NO- 307 - 7N BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UN UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS	16																
324 PSF(NATURAL) 324 PSF(NATURAL) 4 8 12 16 20 24 STRAIN IN % FIGURE 2H-61 COMPRESSIVE STRESS VS STRAIN TEST NO- 307 - 7N BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UN UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			+	<u></u>	+	REV. 0			
324 PSF(NATURAL) 324 PSF(NATURAL) 4 8 12 16 20 24 STRAIN IN % FIGURE 2H-61 COMPRESSIVE STRESS VS STRAIN TEST NO- 307 - 7N BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UN UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS			<u> </u>					<b>†</b>			+		<u> </u>	1			
324 PSF(NATURAL) 324 PSF(NATURAL) 4 8 12 16 20 24 STRAIN IN % FIGURE 2H-61 COMPRESSIVE STRESS VS STRAIN TEST NO- 307 - 7N BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UN UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS																	
324 PSF(NATURAL) 324 PSF(NATURAL) 4 8 12 16 20 24 STRAIN IN % FIGURE 2H-61 COMPRESSIVE STRESS VS STRAIN TEST NO- 307 - 7N BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UN UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS	2	1						litti									
324 PSF(NATURAL) 4 8 12 16 20 24 STRAIN IN % FIGURE 2H-61 COMPRESSIVE STRESS VS STRAIN TEST NO- 307 - 7N BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UN UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS	0														++++		
4 8 12 16 20 24 STRAIN IN % FIGURE 2H-61 COMPRESSIVE STRESS VS STRAIN TEST NO. 307 - 7N BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UN UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS			<u>⊨</u> 32	24 P S	F(NA	TUR	AL)	++									
G 4 8 12 16 20 24 STRAIN IN % FIGURE 2H-61 COMPRESSIVE STRESS VS STRAIN TEST NO- 307 - 7N BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UN UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS								<del>Ti i i</del>		++++	+		$\downarrow$	╞╤╤╡	++++		
C 4 8 12 16 20 24 STRAIN IN % FIGURE 2H-61 COMPRESSIVE STRESS VS STRAIN TEST NO• 307 - 7N BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UN UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS							++++			<u>₽</u> <u>₽</u> <u>₽</u> <u>₽</u>		┠┙┿╤┿	┠┼┼┼		111		
STRAIN IN % FIGURE 2H-61 COMPRESSIVE STRESS VS STRAIN TEST NO• 307 - 7N BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UN UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS	ļ										1		11111				
FIGURE 2H-61 COMPRESSIVE STRESS VS STRAIN TEST NO• 307 - 7N BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UN UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS	C	,	4	•	8		1	Z STRA	IN IN	16 %	:	20		24			
COMPRESSIVE STRESS VS STRAIN TEST NO• 307 - 7N BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UN UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS										FI	GURE 2	H-61		W0			
BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UN UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS										U T	MPRESS	175 S	IKESS - 71	A2 21K	A1 <b>N</b>		
UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS										10 8 F	AVER V	ALLEY	POWER	STATIO	מו אכ		
										UP	DATED	FINAL	SAFET	Y ANAL	YSIS		



÷








- 6



















UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT





WT. RETAINED ON PAN

WASHING LOSS

FAN TOTAL

TOTAL

UNIFORMITY COEFFICIENT (080/019)#

PER CENT PASSING 200 SIEVE 41-4

---

FIGURE 2H-77 GRAIN SIZE - TEST NO. 307 - 7 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

1.7

121.2

122.9

296.8







GRAIN SIZE - TEST NU- 309 - 5 BEAVER VALLEY POWER STATION UNIT NO. 1 UPDATED FINAL SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT

\_\_\_\_\_

