

Hematite Decommissioning Project	Procedure: HDP-PR-FSS-701, Final Status Survey Plan Development		
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**APPENDIX P-3
FSS PLAN**

Survey Area: LSA 08 **Description:** Central Open Land Area (Tc-99 SEA)
Survey Unit: 10 **Description:** Class 1 "Area 6"; Eastern half of Building 230 Concrete Pad

Overview: The Survey Unit (SU) identified as LSA 08-10 has been prepared for Final Status Survey (FSS) by the Hematite Decommissioning Project (HDP). This appendix provides an overview of the proposed FSS implementation as well as general and specific instructions for the technicians responsible for performing the FSS.

- **Data Quality Objectives**

1. Personnel performing FSS duties meet the qualifications listed in HDP-PR-HP-102, *Health Physics Technician Training* and have received training and instruction commensurate with their duties. The RSO has approved all FSS personnel to perform work associated with their individual roles and responsibilities. Training records are documented in accordance with HDP-PR-GM-020, *Training Material Development and Documentation of Training*.
2. All HDP FSS procedures ("700 series") have been reviewed, revised, and validated in order to ensure performance of actual FSS work activities reflect the requirements detailed in the individual FSS Procedures and the HDP Decommissioning Plan.
3. All FSS instrumentation has undergone a receipt inspection by HDP QA personnel, is within current calibration, and is determined to be functioning within acceptable ranges based on initial set-up and daily source checks in accordance with HDP-PR-HP-411, *Radiological Instrumentation*. Prior to field use, HP technicians will confirm that environmental conditions (e.g. operating temperature range, no standing water) are acceptable for use of FSS instrumentation.

- **Location**

LSA 08-10 is designated **Class 1** and consists primarily of the eastern half of the Building 230 concrete pad and the grassy area between the pad and the railroad tracks. The SU is located within HDP work "Area 6". This SU is partially located within the Technetium (Tc) Surrogate Evaluation Area (SEA); therefore the Tc-99 SEA DCGLs were used only for Scan MDC calculations where the inferred Tc-99 DCGL for U-235 is 1.2 pCi/g. The surrogate DCGL for U-235 was used for the calculation of Scan MDC only. Laboratory analysis for Tc-99 will be performed on all final status survey samples and as such, the adjusted U-235 DCGL values will not be used to demonstrate compliance with the final status survey dose criteria. The two-dimensional areal extent of LSA 08-010 is 1,152 m² upon which the systematic sampling grid is based. Although a Class 1 SU, LSA 08-10 is unexcavated. The interior surface area (three-dimensional) of Survey Unit LSA 08-10 is 1,162 m², est.



Hematite Decommissioning Project
HDP Satellite Site View: Area 6 in Red Outline
LSA 08-10 in Red Crosshatching

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- **Background**

Remedial excavation was not necessary or performed within LSA 08-10. This SU was designated Class 1 due to its proximity to the former Leach field and the presence of a potentially contaminated section of sanitary wastewater treatment plant (SWTP) piping which traverses the SU at a depth of approximately 8 ft bgs. This section of SWTP piping will undergo a separate FSS as a Piping Survey Area identified as PSA 02-01. The concrete pad which covers a significant portion of LSA 08-10 will undergo a separate FSS as a Building Survey Area identified as BSA 04-07.

LSA 08-10 was subject to final Remedial Action Support Surveys (RASS) during October and early November 2015. RASS of the grassy area included 100% gamma walkover survey (GWS) and systematic (8-point grid) sampling. RASS of the concrete pad included a 100% scan, eleven systematic direct measurements, three biased direct measurements, and swipes for removable activity at all direct measurement locations.

The LSA 08-10 land area was not subject to NCS controls.

Within LSA 08-10 there were two abandoned hybrid monitoring wells: LF-08 and LF-09. LF-08 was abandoned prior to 2011, while LF-09 was abandoned in 2012. These two hybrid wells had water sample results that exceeded the BTV for Uranium or the MDC+Error for Tc-99. Therefore, four investigational borings were performed around each of these wells. No boring soil sample, out of 67, exceeded a SOF of 1 using the Uniform DCGLs. No LF-09 well abandonment soil cuttings samples exceeded a SOF of 1 as compared to the Uniform Stratum DCGLs. No cuttings samples were collected from LF-08 since it was abandoned prior to 2011.

- **Criteria**

All FSS analytical results for samples collected within LSA 08-10 will be evaluated against the Uniform Stratum DCGLs. FSS sampling is implemented using the Three-Layer CSM, however analytical results will be conservatively evaluated using the Uniform Stratum DCGLs. Three-Layer CSM DCGLs may be utilized for FSS data evaluation if necessary.

Radionuclide	Three - Layer DCGL _w Values (pCi/g) ^b			Uniform Stratum (pCi/g)
	Surface Stratum	Root Stratum	Excavation Stratum	
Radium-226+C ^d	N/A	N/A	N/A	195.4
Technetium-99	N/A	N/A	N/A	51.6
Thorium-232+C ^d	N/A	N/A	N/A	168.8
Uranium-234	N/A	N/A	N/A	25.1
Uranium-235+D ^c	N/A	N/A	N/A	2.0
Uranium-238+D ^c	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.9

^a Table adapted from HDP FSS Procedure HDP-PR-FSS-701 *Final Status Survey Plan Development*, Revision 10, November 2015.

^b The reported DCGL_ws are the activities for the parent radionuclide as specified and were calculated to account for the dose contribution from insignificant radionuclides.

^c+D indicates the DCGL_w includes short-lived (half-life ≤ 6 mo.) decay products.

^d+C indicates the DCGL_w includes all radionuclides in the associated decay chain.

- **Implementation**

As a Class 1 SU, LSA 08-10 will undergo a 100% gamma walkover survey (GWS) using an uncollimated 2" x 2" sodium iodide (NaI) detector. As no remedial excavation was performed, there are no sidewalls.

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Based on a statistical evaluation of the RASS dataset, a minimum sample size of eight (8) FSS locations was required, and an 8-point systematic sampling grid was designed. A total of eight (8) surface stratum samples, eight (8) root stratum composite samples, and eight (8) excavation stratum grab samples will be collected. Those systematic locations which fall on the concrete pad will require removal of the concrete at those points for sampling access.

Consideration of residual Tc-99 "hot spots":

Previous characterization data collected prior to remediation indicated that there were no samples exceeding the Uniform Stratum DCGL for Tc-99 in LSA 08-10, with a maximum result of 10.9 pCi/g in the root stratum at a depth of 5.0 ft bgs (see sample "SS-GA-003-SV" from Hematite *Radiological Characterization Report*, Westinghouse 2009). During the hybrid well investigation in July 2013, a boring sample from location LF08-W produced a Tc-99 concentration of 12.1 pCi/g at the depth interval of 4' – 8' bgs. The maximum final RASS result for Tc-99 in the SU was 2.34 pCi/g. Since no characterization, hybrid well investigation, or RASS sample exceeded the Tc-99 Uniform DCGL of 25.1 pCi/g, the 8-point systematic grid is sufficient to address any potential remaining areas of elevated Tc-99.

Supplemental Sidewall Sampling:

As no remedial excavation was performed, there are no sidewalls.

Biased samples may be collected after a statistical review (e.g. greater than 3σ above mean) of the entire GWS dataset based upon the professional judgment of the FSS Supervisor.

A minimum of one QC duplicate per SU (or 5% of the total number of samples) will be collected. Since the total number of samples collected is expected to be between 25 and 40, two QC duplicate samples will be collected.

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FSS IMPLEMENTATION SUMMARY TABLE

Gamma Walkover Survey (GWS):		
Scan Coverage	100% exposed surfaces;	
Scan MDC	44.9 pCi/g total Uranium (based on a 12,000 cpm background); 0.95 pCi/g Th-232; 1.32 pCi/g Ra-226*	
Investigation Action Level (IAL)	4,000 net cpm **	
Systematic Sampling Locations:		
Depth	Number of Sample	Comments These samples will be taken on a random-start systematic grid. ***Excavation stratum samples to be analyzed only if the overlying root stratum exceeds a SOF of 0.5
0 – 15 cm (Surface)	8	
15 cm – 1.5 m (Root)	8	
> 1.5m (Excavation)	8***	
Biased Survey/Sampling Locations:		
Biased samples may be collected during GWS at the discretion of the HP Technician, after statistical analysis of the survey data, or at the direction of the FSS Supervisor.		
Sidewall Sampling Locations:		
Not applicable.		
Instrumentation:		
Ludlum 2221 with 44-10 (2x2 NaI) detector; with collimation for investigations	Used for GWS and to obtain static count rates at biased measurement locations.	
*Values based on information provided in HDP-TBD-FSS-002, "Evaluation and Documentation of the Scanning Minimum Detectable Concentrations (MDC) for Final Status Surveys (FSS). The Scan MDC for total Uranium reflects a conservative assumption of 4% enrichment. The actual RASS enrichment (3.2%) would result in Scan MDC values slightly less than those calculated for FSS planning purposes.		
**IAL is the net count per minute (ncpm) equivalent of an activity concentration less than the Uniform Stratum DCGLw derived from the technical bases presented in HEM-MEMO-15-021 and HDP-TBD-FSS-003 "Modeling and Calculation of Investigative Action Levels for Final Status Soil Survey Units", Westinghouse, March 2015.		

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General Instructions:

1. Summarize daily work activities on the log sheets provided in Appendix P-6. Provide a description of site conditions (including the condition of isolation controls), samples collected and the status of gamma walkover surveys for every shift that involves work in this survey unit. Document the surveyor name and instrumentation used for each GWS event (i.e., data file) in Appendix P-6 for reporting traceability. In the event that a situation arises where the survey instructions cannot be followed as written, stop work and contact the FSS Supervisor for resolution. All changes to the survey instructions shall be approved by the RSO before continuing work and be documented in the FSS Field Log.
2. In accordance with HDP-PR-FSS-701, *Final Status Survey Plan Development (Sec. 8.4.2)*, documentation of activities performed, equipment used, and potential safety hazards that may be encountered during the performance of characterization activities (along with associated controls) will be documented using the FSS Daily Task Briefing log sheet.
3. Verify that isolation controls established in accordance with HDP-PR-HP-602 are in place prior to the start of FSS. Ensure isolation controls include, as necessary, the use of “wattles”, a berm, or trenching to minimize the potential for contaminated soils and water from surrounding areas to cross the boundary of this unit.
4. Perform daily pre and post QC source checks in accordance with HDP-PR-HP-416.
5. A gamma walkover survey (GWS) will be performed using a 2”x2” NaI (TI) detector. Move the survey probe in a serpentine pattern approximately 6-inches off-set from centerline to the body (e.g., “shoulder-to-shoulder”) with the probe as close to the surface as possible; maintaining the detector as close as possible to the surface (nominally 1”, but not to exceed 3-in. distance from the surface). The meter will be moved at a speed of approximately 0.3 meter (or 1.0 feet) per second or less. The gamma walkover survey will cover the percentage of the exposed surface areas within the area of interest as indicated in the table above. Notify the FSS Supervisor of any areas, conditions or constraints where surveying (or subsequent sampling) may not be possible. Document the conditions and any resolutions in the FSS Field Log.
6. A GPS system and data logger should be interfaced with the meter. The downloaded information will then be used to prepare maps illustrating relative count rates and to perform statistical analysis of the data. If a GPS data logging system is not available, contact the FSS Supervisor to determine specific instructions for performing and documenting gamma walkover surveys.
7. LSA 08-10 is a Class 1 Survey Unit. Each sample location will be selected systematically and have associated GPS coordinates specified. In the case of inaccessible sampling locations, additional sample coordinates may be generated with the FSS Supervisor’s and RSO’s approval in order to identify an acceptable sampling location. Any adjustments to sampling locations will be documented in the FSS Field Log, new sample location coordinates will be recorded, and the FSS Supervisor will be notified.
8. A map of the survey unit showing predetermined sample locations with associated GPS coordinates will be generated. A copy of the sample map and survey locations will be attached to the survey instruction.
9. At each systematic soil sampling location, a composite soil sample will be collected from each location and depth as determined after the completion of excavation (and will be provided in Appendix P-4). The systematic sample locations will include eight (8) samples taken at a depth of 0 – 15 cm (surface), eight (8) samples collected at a depth of 15 cm – 1.5 m (root), and eight (8) samples collected at a depth of 1.5 m to 1.65 m (excavation).
10. Biased soil sampling locations may be determined at the discretion of the HP Technician during the performance of the GWS. Biased soil sampling locations may also be determined at the discretion of the FSS Supervisor based on statistical analysis of the survey/sampling data or process/historical knowledge of the area. Biased soil samples will be collected in a manner similar to systematic soil sampling locations. Radiological Engineer and/or

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the HP Technician will log the reason for collection of biased samples in the Field Log sheet and record the location of biased samples on Appendix P-4 of this survey instruction.

NOTE: If trash, waste, or other non-native materials are observed during sample collection, stop sampling activities and notify HP Supervision (or Radiological Engineering) before collecting samples at any sample location in the unit.

11. Supplemental Sidewall Sampling: As there was no remedial excavation within the SU, this requirement is not applicable.
12. All samples collected as part of this survey will be analyzed at an off-site laboratory by gamma spectroscopy for radium, thorium, and uranium, and ICP-MS for Tc-99.

Specific Instructions:

NOTE: Unless otherwise indicated, the performance of these specific instructions is the responsibility of the HP Technician.

Before Beginning Work

1. **Rad. Engineer/HP Technician:** Verify, each shift, that isolation controls, established in accordance with HDP-PR-HP-602, are in place prior to the start of FSS using the Daily Task Briefing log sheet.
2. **Rad. Engineering/HP Technician:** Prior to gamma walkover survey in the area to be surveyed, walk the area looking specifically for any debris material (e.g. asphalt, plastic, concrete, etc.) that may indicate further remediation efforts are necessary.
3. **Rad. Engineer/HP Technician:** Perform a daily task-specific briefing; documenting the attendants, planned work activities, anticipated hazards, and controls on the FSS Daily Task Briefing log sheet.

NOTE: If soil sampling to a depth greater than one foot is required, ensure HDP Safety & Health is aware of the activity, an Excavation Permit (Form HDP-PR-EHS-021-1) has been performed for the work area, and underground utilities have been identified and marked.

Gamma Walkover Surveys (GWS)

1. Establish a general area background, in accordance with HDP-PR-FSS-711. Use this background level in conjunction with the Investigation Action Level (IAL) of 4,000 net counts per minute as a field guide to pause and, if necessary, flag locations for possible biased sampling (see following Steps 2 and 3 below for details).
2. Perform a gamma walkover of the survey unit holding the probe as close to the surface as possible (nominally 1", but not to exceed 3"), in accordance with HDP-PR-FSS-711.
 - a. Look and/or listen for elevated count rates and then pause to determine locations that exhibit anomalous readings (e.g., count rates that exceed the IAL for this unit).
 - b. Mark the location(s) exhibiting anomalous readings to facilitate possible future investigations (for example, use a flag, stake, or other marking resistant to anticipated environmental conditions).
3. At each location where anomalous readings occur, perform a more detailed point survey of the area. Pause and place the survey probe as close as possible to the surface to define and record the total count rate associated with the area of interest on the Field Log.

NOTE: If field conditions limit the ability to perform contact readings, collect readings as close as practical. Contact the FSS Supervisor (or Radiological Engineering) regarding the issue for each location. The FSS Technician, FSS Supervisor, and/or Radiological Engineer will log the issue (and resolution) for each location in the FSS Field Log and on applicable

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HDP survey forms.

4. GPS (and associated data logger) is the preferred method for performing GWS.

When a GPS and data logger is used, download and provide the survey data to a GIS Specialist.

- a. **GIS Specialist:** Provide colorimetric maps indicating survey coverage and measurements exceeding the IAL and send the survey data to the FSS Supervisor.
- b. **FSS Supervisor:** Provide statistical analysis to determine population characteristics of the survey data set and identify any areas requiring additional surveys or sampling. Contact FSS Technician to mark additional locations requiring survey or sampling.

If a GPS and data logger cannot be used to perform GWS in any portion of this survey unit, the FSS Technician will contact the FSS Supervisor and RSO to determine compensatory survey methods. The FSS Supervisor will log the compensatory methods in the FSS Survey Log.

Download the survey data at the end of each shift. To minimize data loss, periodically save the GWS data set to an external backup drive.

Soil Sampling

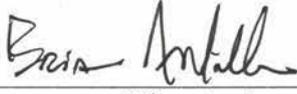
1. Collect soil samples in accordance with HDP-PR-FSS-711 at locations identified in Appendix P-4. Note that additional biased sampling locations may also be listed as determined by the GWS or as determined by the FSS Supervisor.
2. Collect a minimum of one duplicate sample for every 20 samples. A minimum of one duplicate sample is required for each survey unit. Two duplicate samples will be required for LSA 08-10.
3. Collect and homogenize the entire volume from the specified depth interval prior to containerizing the sample. When collecting the composite samples, vegetation and native debris/rocks with a diameter greater than 1 inch should be discarded.

NOTE: If a discrete source of radiation (e.g., a fuel pellet) is discovered during the performance of sampling activities, contact the FSS Supervisor who will then notify the RSO. Pause any additional characterization work in the immediate area and use a plastic bag to contain the material. Label the plastic bag per HDP-PR-HP-201, Section 8.2 "Labeling Radioactive Material" and transfer the material from the survey unit for controlled storage in the Building 230 Sample Cage via physical turnover to the shift Sample Custodian.

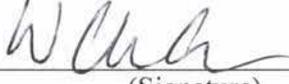
4. Monitor the count rates observed at all exposed surfaces within close proximity (e.g., 2 meter diameter) of each biased sampling location, as practical. Note any accessibility issues and discuss compensatory measures with supervision.
 - a. Inform the FSS Supervisor of the results obtained from monitoring the locations of biased sampling to receive instructions for further investigation or the need for additional excavation.
5. Collect bias samples from the surface to a depth of 6 inches.
6. Collection of supplemental sidewall samples is not required for this SU.
7. Monitor the count rates within the depression created by the collection of biased soil samples.
8. Obtain and record the count rate on contact with features other than soil within the excavation. (e.g., native rock). Record the nature and extent of features other than soil found within the excavation in the FSS Survey Log and contact the FSS Supervisor to determine additional characterization methods, if necessary.
9. Submit samples for analysis to TestAmerica following sample chain of custody requirements contained in HDP-Quality Record

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PR-QA-006.

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**APPENDIX P-1
FINAL STATUS SURVEY SAMPLING PLAN DEVELOPMENT CHECKLIST FOR
SOIL SURVEY UNITS**

Survey Area: LSA 08 **Description:** Open Land Area, Tc-99 SEA

Survey Unit: 10 **Description:** Class 1 Central Open Land Area in "Area 6"

1. Verify Survey Unit Isolation & Control

Survey Unit properly isolated and/or controlled (indicated by outlining the area with green rope and posting the appropriate signage) as required by HDP-PR-HP-602, *Data Package Development and Isolation and Control Measures to Support Final Status Survey?* Yes No

(If "No", discontinue survey design until area turnover requirements have been met.)

2. Evaluate Final Remedial Action Support Survey (RASS) Data

a. Number of RASS Samples = 8

b. Record analytical results and summary statistics for each RASS sample.

	U-234 (pCi/g)	U-235 (pCi/g)	U-238 (pCi/g)	Tc-99 (pCi/g)	Th-232 (pCi/g)	Ra-226 (pCi/g)
Minimum	0.582	0.032	0.207	0.329	0 (< BKG)	0 (< BKG)
Maximum	3.567	0.197	0.888	2.340	0.000	0.000
Mean	2.334	0.128	0.659	1.098	0.000	0.000
Median	2.125	0.116	0.719	1.095	0.000	0.000
Standard Deviation	0.992	0.055	0.218	0.579	0.000	0.000
# of Samples	8	8	8	8	8	8

c. Are all RASS results less, or equal to the appropriate DCGL_w from Appendix A of HDP-PR-FSS-701? Yes No

d. If "No", have remaining locations of elevated concentration been evaluated? N/A Yes No
(If "No", discontinue survey design until investigation is complete.)

e. Have elevated areas identified by gamma walkover surveys been investigated? N/A Yes No
(If "No", then terminate survey design and perform additional investigation and repeat the planning process.)

f. Are the Initial Characterization and RASS data sufficient to support FSS Design? Yes No
(If "No", terminate survey design, perform additional characterization or remediation and repeat the planning process.)

3. Define the Survey Unit Classification

Write a short description of the survey unit based on historical use and remedial activities:

The LSA 08-10 survey unit (SU) is classified as MARSSIM Class 1. LSA 08-10 is located in the central open land area of the HDP site. The planar area of this SU is 1,152 m². This SU along with LSA 08-06 and LSA 08-11 are collectively referred to as "Area 6" for the purposes of remediation planning and work sequencing. The concrete pad overlying a portion of the LSA will be surveyed as BSA 04-07. The buried

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SWTP piping will be surveyed as PSA 02-01.

Classification: 1 Survey Unit Area (m²): 1,152

- a. Has the Classification changed from the Initial Classification as indicated in DP Ch. 14 Table 14-16 and Figures 14-14 through 14-17? Yes No
(If "Yes", then include a copy of Appendix P-5, *Survey Unit Classification Change Form*.)
- b. Is the Survey Unit area less than the maximum size for the Classification? Yes No
(If "No", then terminate survey design and evaluate dividing the survey unit into multiple survey units.)

4. Define the Surrogate Evaluation Area (SEA)

Select the appropriate SEA as input to calculating scan sensitivity and variability in the RASS SOF.

Plant Soils SEA Tc-99 SEA Burial Pit SEA

5. Define Final Survey Unit Conditions

- No Excavations, Paved/Partially Paved or Excavated but not Backfilled
- Excavated and to be Backfilled
- Excavated and Backfilled

Note: If a portion of a Survey Unit is paved, then Surface Soil Stratum begins at the bottom of the paved surface and extends 15 cm from that point below grade. The lower depth of the Root Stratum remains at 1.5 m below grade. The pavement is then treated as a separate structural Survey Unit within the Survey Area.

6. Define the Type of FSS Samples and Measurements

Select the appropriate types of samples and measurements for FSS of this Survey Unit that corresponds to the final condition and survey classification of the Survey Unit.

Not Excavated, Paved/Partially Paved or
Excavated but not Backfilled:

Excavated and to be Backfilled:

- Surface Soil (<15cm) Samples.
- Surface Soil Samples taken from any remaining surface soil Stratum and Root Stratum Soil Samples taken at the same locations as Surface Samples, composited over the entire root stratum.
- Root Stratum Soil Samples composited from 15cm to 1.5m.
- Root Stratum Soil Samples composited from exposed grade to 1.5m and Deep Stratum Soil Samples taken at the same locations as Root Samples of the top 15cm of the Deep Stratum.

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- Deep Stratum Soil Samples of the top 15 cm of the Deep Stratum. Deep Stratum Soil Samples of the top 15 cm of the exposed Deep Stratum.

Note: If the SOF of the Root Stratum sample exceeds 0.5, a composite sample is collect from 1.5 meters to an appropriate depth (Deep Stratum).

Excavated and Backfilled

- Core through backfill layer to the lowest point where remediation occurred and composite a sample from a coring that extends one meter deeper than the lowest point where remediation occurred.

7. Define Derived Concentration Guideline Levels (DCGL)

Select the appropriate DCGL for each Radionuclide of Concern (ROC) based on the corresponding SEA and the Uniform Conceptual Site Model (CSM).

- If Tc-99 was measured during the characterization/RASS survey, then the “Measure Tc-99” DCGLs will be used from Appendix A of HDP-PR-FSS-701.
- If Tc-99 was not measured in the characterization/RASS survey, then the modified U-235 DCGL (“Infer Tc-99”) will be used from Appendix A HDP-PR-FSS-701.

	Surface Stratum (pCi/g)	Root Stratum (pCi/g)	Deep Stratum ¹ (pCi/g)	Uniform (pCi/g)
U-234	N/A	N/A	N/A	195.4
U-235	N/A	N/A	N/A	51.6
U-238	N/A	N/A	N/A	168.8
Tc-99	N/A	N/A	N/A	25.1
Th-232 + C	N/A	N/A	N/A	2.0
Ra-226 + C	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.9

1. The Deep Stratum DCGLs correspond to the Excavation Scenario DCGL from Appendix A of HDP-PR-FSS-701.

8. Determine the Number of Samples in the Statistical Survey Population

Note: The statistical survey population is routinely derived based on the Uniform DCGL.

- Alternatively, if the Survey Unit excavation extends into multiple CSMs (e.g. surface, root & deep), then the DCGL(s) from the most limiting strata can be used with the equations below; OR
- If the excavation significantly extends into the Deep Stratum, then the alternate approach presented in Step 8.2.5 of HDP-PR-FSS-701 may be used for determining the mean SOF and weighted standard deviation that accounts for the reduced dose from the deeper surface, i.e., by weighting the Root Stratum and Excavation DCGL_w values.
- The values used in determining the following (SOF_{mean} and σ_{SOF}) can be found in the tables from Section 2b and Section 7.

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- a. Record the average Uranium enrichment for the survey unit using the enrichment determined for each individual sample.

Average Enrichment (%) = 3.2

Note: The Activity Fractions (f) for each radionuclide corresponding to the mean enrichment used in the following calculations is obtained from Appendix G of HDP-PR-FSS-701.

If the Uniform DCGL is not used, and the excavation extends into multiple CSMs (e.g. surface, root & deep), then the most conservative DCGLs should be used in the following calculation.

- b. Determine a $DCGL_W$ for Total Uranium using the equation from Step 8.2.6b of HDP-PR-FSS-701.

$DCGL_{W_{TotU}}$ for Total Uranium = 25.0 pCi/g

- c. Identify the Radiological Instrument that will be used for scanning.

2"x 2" NaI Detector FIDLER NaI Detector Other _____

- d. Determine the Scan MDC for the selected instrument using the equation in Step 8.2.6d of HDP-PR-FSS-701 or the calculations presented in the Open Land Area Gamma Scan MDCs section in Chapter 14 of the DP.

MDC_{scan} for Total Uranium = 44.9 pCi/g

10. Determine the Scan MDC for Th-232 and Ra-226

- a. Select the appropriate $DCGL_W$ for Th-232 and Ra-226 corresponding to the soil strata that will be exposed at the time of FSS and the SEA where the survey unit is located.

Th-232 $DCGL_W$ = 2.0 pCi/g Ra-226 $DCGL_W$ = 1.9 pCi/g

Note: If the Uniform DCGL is not used, and the excavation extends into multiple CSMs (e.g. surface, root & deep), then the most conservative DCGL for the strata should be used. With RSO concurrence, the alternate approach as presented in DP Ch. 14, Section 14.4.3.1.10 may be used in lieu of using the most conservative.

- b. Determine the Scan MDC for the selected instrument

Note: HDP-TBD-FSS-002 documents the calculated MDC_{scan} of 0.87 pCi/g for Th-232 and 1.21 pCi/g for Ra-226 when using a 2"x 2" NaI detector with a background of 10,000 cpm. If a different background is indicated, see Appendix C of HDP-TBD-FSS-002 for the appropriate MDC_{scan} .

Note: If the selected instrument is not a 2"x 2" NaI detector, then the MDC_{scan} can be determined in accordance with the Open Land Area Gamma Scan MDCs section in DP Ch. 14.

MDC_{scan} for Th-232 = 0.95 pCi/g MDC_{scan} for Ra-226 = 1.32 pCi/g

Note: If a value is not applicable, mark as N/A.

**APPENDIX P-1
FINAL STATUS SURVEY SAMPLING PLAN DEVELOPMENT CHECKLIST FOR
SOIL SURVEY UNITS**

11. Adjust the Statistical Sample Population Size (N/2) for Scan MDC

- a. Is the Scan MDC for the selected instrument less than the $DCGL_W$ that was determined for Total Uranium? (compare values from Step 9b and 9d) Yes No

Class 2 and 3 survey units - If "Yes", then proceed to Step 12, if "No", then contact the RSO for direction as to changing parameters for scanning such as scanning speed, detector distance, different instrumentation, etc.

Class 1 survey units, proceed to the next step.

- b. Divide the total area of the survey unit by the Number of Samples (N/2) determined in Step 8f to determine the area bounded by the statistical sample population.

Area Bounded by the Statistical Sample Population (A_{SU}) = 144.0 m²

URANIUM

- c. Was the Scan MDC for the selected instrument less than the $DCGL_W$ that was determined for Total Uranium in Step 11.a? NA Yes No

(If "Yes", then proceed to Step 12, if "No", then proceed to the next step).

- d. Using the Area Factors in Appendix H of HDP-PR-FSS-701 and using the equation from Step 8.2.8d of HDP-PR-FSS-701, determine a Total Uranium AF for each listed area using the Activity Fractions (f) for each radionuclide that corresponds to the mean enrichment from Appendix G of HDP-PR-FSS-701.

Area (m ²)	153,375	10,000	3,000	1,000	300	100	30	10	3	1
AF _{TotalU}	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	2.0	2.7	3.6	5.2	10.6	22.6

Note: The AFs for the Uniform Stratum will generally be used. The RSO may approve use of AFs from the Surface, Root or Deep CSMs, or the Excavation Scenario.

- e. Find the Area Factor (AF_{TotalU}) determined in the previous step that corresponds to the area bounded by the statistical sample population (A_{SU}).

AF_{TotalU} for the Bounded Area (A_{SU}) = 2.0

- f. Multiply the $DCGL_W$ determined for Total Uranium by the Area Factor (AF_{TotalU}) to derive a $DCGL_{EMC}$ for Total Uranium.

$DCGL_{EMC}$ for Total Uranium = 50.5 pCi/g

- g. Is the MDC_{scan} for the selected instrument less than the $DCGL_{EMC}$ that was determined for Total Uranium? NA Yes No

(If "Yes", then proceed to Step 11k, if "No", then proceed to the next step.)

**APPENDIX P-1
FINAL STATUS SURVEY SAMPLING PLAN DEVELOPMENT CHECKLIST FOR
SOIL SURVEY UNITS**

- h. Determine a new AF (AF_{EMC}) corresponding to the MDC_{scan} for the selected instrument by dividing the MDC_{scan} by the $DCGL_W$.

AF_{EMC} for $U_{total} = NA$

- i. Find the Area (A') that corresponds to the Area Factor (AF_{EMC}).

A' for $U_{total} = NA$

- j. Determine an Adjusted Number of Samples (N_{EMC}) for the statistical sample population size that corresponds to the bounded A_{EMC} using the equation from Step 8.2.7j of HDP-PR-FSS-701.

N_{EMC} corresponding to A' for $U_{total} = NA$

TECHNETIUM (Tc-99)

- k. Determine if the maximum reasonable result for Tc-99 from previous Characterization or RASS remaining within the area is greater than the $DCGL_W$ for the appropriate CSM and SEA?

N/A Yes No

(If "No", then proceed to Step 12, if "Yes", then proceed to the next step.)

- l. Determine the area per sample station needed to account for potential Tc-99 hotspots by dividing the highest Tc-99 result obtained by the Tc-99 $DCGL_W$ for the appropriate CSM and compare that value to the Area Factor Tables in Appendix H.

A' for potential Tc-99 hotspots = NA

- m. Determine the number of samples needed by dividing the A_{SU} by the A' for potential Tc-99 hotspots determined in Step 11l.

N corresponding to A' for potential Tc-99 hotspots = NA

12. Determine the Grid Spacing

- a. Larger of $N/2$ from Step 8f, the maximum value of N_{EMC} from Step 11j, or N corresponding to A' for potential Tc-99 hotspots from Step 11m.

$N/2, N_{EMC}[max],$ or N corresponding to the potential Tc-99 hotspot = 8

- b. Is the Survey Unit a Class 3 Survey Unit?

Yes No

(If "Yes", then continue to Step 13, if "No", then proceed to the next step).

- c. Determine Grid Spacing (L) using the equation from Step 8.2.9 of HDP-PR-FSS-701.

Grid Spacing (L) for Survey Unit = 12.8 m

13. Generate a Survey Map

- a. Assign a unique identification number to each sample in the statistical sample population using the guidance and direction provided in Appendix M of HDP-PR-FSS-701.

**APPENDIX P-1
FINAL STATUS SURVEY SAMPLING PLAN DEVELOPMENT CHECKLIST FOR
SOIL SURVEY UNITS**

- b. Generate a graphic representation of the Survey Unit with dimensions and boundaries corresponding to the established reference coordinate system in accordance with Step 8.2.10 of HDP-PR-FSS-701.
- c. Using the reference coordinate system, ascertain coordinates for each sample location.
- d. Designate sample locations, and location coordinates on Appendix P-4, *FSS Sample & Measurement Locations & Coordinates* and attach a copy of that form to the FSSP.
- e. Attach a copy of the developed Survey Map with sample locations to the FSSP.

14. QC, Biased & Discretionary Samples

- a. Randomly choose 5% of the statistical sample population as QC samples in accordance with HDP-PR-FSS-703, *Final Status Survey Quality Control*.
- b. Designate QC sample locations, and location coordinates on attached Appendix P-4, *FSS Sample & Measurement Locations & Coordinates*.
- c. Designate if any biased samples will be taken at the discretion of the HP Staff designing the survey and the basis for taking them. Necessary biased samples will be explained on Appendix P-3, *FSS Sampling Plan*.
- d. Using the reference coordinate system, determine coordinates for each biased sample location.
- e. Designate biased sample locations, and location coordinates on attached Appendix P-4, *FSS Sample & Measurement Locations & Coordinates*.
- f. Include discretionary sidewall samples as applicable using guidance in Step 8.2.11. Are discretionary sidewall samples required? N/A Yes No
(If “No”, then proceed to Step 15, if “Yes”, then proceed to the next step.)
- g. Determine the number of samples to be collected based on the sidewall surface area compared to the two dimensional systematic surface area.

Number of discretionary sidewall samples = 0 (maximum); may be reduced with FSS Supervisor approval if the actual sidewall surface area is significantly less than the CAD-calculated theoretical maximum.
- h. Any discretionary sidewall samples will be taken at randomly chosen location(s) of the sidewall(s) (i.e., not based on radiological scans) selected at the discretion of the Health Physics Technician performing soil sampling. Necessary sidewall samples will be explained on Appendix P-3, *FSS Sampling Plan*.

**APPENDIX P-1
FINAL STATUS SURVEY SAMPLING PLAN DEVELOPMENT CHECKLIST FOR
SOIL SURVEY UNITS**

15. Scan Coverage

- a. The Survey Unit is: Class 1 Class 2 Class 3
- b. Based on the Survey Unit Classification, the scan coverage in this Survey Unit is;
 100% Scan Coverage of exposed soil _____% Scan Coverage of exposed soil
- c. Designate any specific scan locations, as determined necessary, on Appendix P-3, *FSS Sampling Plan*.

16. Investigation Levels

- a. The Survey Unit is: Class 3
- 1) Scan Investigation Levels are set at: NA cpm
- 2) Sample Investigation Levels are set at 50% of the DCGL_w when expressed as the SOF.
- b. The Survey Unit is: Class 2
- 1) Scan Investigation Levels are set at: NA cpm
- 2) Sample Investigation Levels are set at the DCGL_w when expressed as the SOF.
- c. The Survey Unit is: Class 1
- 1) Scan Investigation Levels are set at: 4,000 net cpm
- 2) Sample Investigation Levels are set at the DCGL_w when expressed as the SOF.

17. Attachments

Attach a copy of completed forms as appropriate:

- Appendix P-3, *FSS Survey Sampling Plan*,
- Appendix P-4, *FSS Sample & Measurement Locations & Coordinates*
- Appendix P-5, *FSS Unit Classification Change Form*
- Appendix P-6, *FSS Field Log*
- Survey Unit Figure
- Other:

18. FSSP Development Checklist Approval

Prepared by:

Ellen C. Jakub
(Print Name)


(Signature)

12/8/15
(Date)

Peer Reviewed by:

Brian A. Miller
(Print Name)


(Signature)

12/8/15
(Date)

Approved by (RSO):

W. Clark Evers
(Print Name)


(Signature)

12/8/15
(Date)

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**APPENDIX P-4
FSS SAMPLE & MEASUREMENT LOCATIONS & COORDINATES**

Survey Area:	LSA 08	Description:	Tc-99 SEA Open Land Area
Survey Unit:	10	Description:	Central Open Land Area in "Area 6"
Survey Type:	FSS	Classification:	Class 1

Measurement or Sample ID	Surface or CSM	Type	Start Elevation*	End Elevation*	Northing** (Y Axis)	Easting** (X Axis)	Remarks / Notes
L08-10-01-T-S-S-00	Uniform	S	435.0	434.5	864491.0	827118.0	Surface 6-inch grab
L08-10-02-T-R-S-00	Uniform	S	434.5	430.1	864491.0	827118.0	Root 4.4-ft composite
L08-10-03-T-E-S-00	Uniform	S	430.1	429.6	864491.0	827118.0	Excavation 6-inch grab
L08-10-04-T-S-S-00	Uniform	S	435.5	435.0	864491.0	827160.0	Surface 6-inch grab
L08-10-05-T-R-S-00	Uniform	S	435.0	430.6	864491.0	827160.0	Root 4.4-ft composite
L08-10-06-T-E-S-00	Uniform	S	430.6	430.1	864491.0	827160.0	Excavation 6-inch grab
L08-10-07-T-S-S-00	Uniform	S	433.6	433.1	864491.0	827202.0	Surface 6-inch grab
L08-10-08-T-R-S-00	Uniform	S	433.1	428.7	864491.0	827202.0	Root 4.4-ft composite
L08-10-09-T-E-S-00	Uniform	S	428.7	428.2	864491.0	827202.0	Excavation 6-inch grab
L08-10-10-T-S-S-00	Uniform	S	435.5	435.0	864455.0	827139.0	Surface 6-inch grab
L08-10-11-T-R-S-00	Uniform	S	435.0	430.6	864455.0	827139.0	Root 4.4-ft composite
L08-10-12-T-E-S-00	Uniform	S	430.6	430.1	864455.0	827139.0	Excavation 6-inch grab
L08-10-13-T-S-S-00	Uniform	S	432.3	431.8	864455.0	827181.0	Surface 6-inch grab
L08-10-14-T-R-S-00	Uniform	S	431.8	427.4	864455.0	827181.0	Root 4.4-ft composite
L08-10-15-T-E-S-00	Uniform	S	427.4	426.9	864455.0	827181.0	Excavation 6-inch grab
L08-10-16-T-S-S-00	Uniform	S	436.2	435.7	864418.0	827118.0	Surface 6-inch grab
L08-10-17-T-R-S-00	Uniform	S	435.7	431.3	864418.0	827118.0	Root 4.4-ft composite
L08-10-18-T-E-S-00	Uniform	S	431.3	430.8	864418.0	827118.0	Excavation 6-inch grab
L08-10-19-T-S-S-00	Uniform	S	432.5	432.0	864418.0	827160.0	Surface 6-inch grab
L08-10-20-T-R-S-00	Uniform	S	432.0	427.6	864418.0	827160.0	Root 4.4-ft composite
L08-10-21-T-E-S-00	Uniform	S	427.6	427.1	864418.0	827160.0	Excavation 6-inch grab
L08-10-22-T-S-S-00	Uniform	S	432.8	432.3	864382.0	827139.0	Surface 6-inch grab
L08-10-23-T-R-S-00	Uniform	S	432.3	427.9	864382.0	827139.0	Root 4.4-ft composite
L08-10-24-T-E-S-00	Uniform	S	427.9	427.4	864382.0	827139.0	Excavation 6-inch grab
L08-10-05-T-R-Q-00	Uniform	Q	435.0	430.6	864491.0	827160.0	Surface 6-inch grab
L08-10-16-T-S-Q-00	Uniform	Q	436.2	435.7	864418.0	827118.0	Root 4.4-ft composite
L08-010-25-T-X-B-00	Uniform	B	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	Bias sample may be taken after evaluation of GWS data (e.g., data > 3σ over the mean of the walkover data).

Samples highlighted in red will be collected and archived; radiological analyses performed only if overlying root sample has a SOF >0.5.

*Elevations are in feet above mean sea level.
 ** Missouri - East State Plane Coordinates [North American Datum (NAD) 1983] (Open Land Area) OR
 Distance in feet from lower left corner of the surface (Structures); each surface has its own (X,Y) = (0,0); OR
 For piping the distance from the beginning of the survey unit.
 Surface: Floor = F; Wall = W; Ceiling = C; Roof = R
 CSM: Three-Layer (Surface-Root-Deep) or Uniform
 Type: Systematic = S, Biased = B, QC =Q; Investigation = I

LSA 08-10 Systematic Sample Locations



Hematite Decommissioning Project

Sample ID	Start Depth (inches)	End Depth (inches)	Northing (feet)	Easting (feet)
L08-10-01-T-S-S-00	0	6	864491	827118
L08-10-02-T-R-S-00	6	59	864491	827118
L08-10-03-T-R-S-00	59	65	864491	827118
L08-10-04-T-S-S-00	0	6	864491	827160
L08-10-05-T-R-S-00	6	59	864491	827160
L08-10-06-T-E-S-00	59	65	864491	827160
L08-10-07-T-S-S-00	0	6	864491	827202
L08-10-08-T-R-S-00	6	59	864491	827202
L08-10-09-T-E-S-00	59	65	864491	827202
L08-10-10-T-S-S-00	0	6	864455	827139
L08-10-11-T-R-S-00	6	59	864455	827139
L08-10-12-T-E-S-00	59	65	864455	827139
L08-10-13-T-S-S-00	0	6	864455	827181
L08-10-14-T-R-S-00	6	59	864455	827181
L08-10-15-T-E-S-00	59	65	864455	827181
L08-10-16-T-S-S-00	0	6	864418	827118
L08-10-17-T-R-S-00	6	59	864418	827118
L08-10-18-T-E-S-00	59	65	864418	827118
L08-10-19-T-S-S-00	0	6	864418	827160
L08-10-20-T-R-S-00	6	59	864418	827160
L08-10-21-T-E-S-00	59	65	864418	827160
L08-10-22-T-S-S-00	0	6	864382	827139
L08-10-23-T-R-S-00	6	59	864382	827139
L08-10-24-T-E-S-00	59	65	864382	827139
L08-10-05-T-R-Q-00	6	59	864491	827160
L08-10-16-T-S-Q-00	0	6	864418	827118

L08-10-01-T-S-S-00 L08-10-04-T-S-S-00 L08-10-07-T-S-S-00
 L08-10-02-T-R-S-00 L08-10-05-T-R-S-00 L08-10-08-T-R-S-00
 L08-10-03-T-R-S-00 L08-10-06-T-E-S-00 L08-10-09-T-E-S-00

LSA 08-10
 1152 m² Planar Area

L08-10-10-T-S-S-00 L08-10-13-T-S-S-00
 L08-10-11-T-R-S-00 L08-10-14-T-R-S-00
 L08-10-12-T-E-S-00 L08-10-15-T-E-S-00

L08-10-16-T-S-S-00 L08-10-19-T-S-S-00
 L08-10-17-T-R-S-00 L08-10-20-T-R-S-00
 L08-10-18-T-E-S-00 L08-10-21-T-E-S-00

L08-10-22-T-S-S-00
 L08-10-23-T-R-S-00
 L08-10-24-T-E-S-00

