•																	
NRC FOR	4 366				U.S.	NUCLE	AR R	EGULATOR	RY COM	ISSION			APPROVED BY EXP I	ONB NO. RES 5/31	315(/95	0-010	4
	LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER)								ESTIMATED BURDEN PER RESPONSE TO COMPLY WITH THIS INFORMATION COLLECTION REQUEST: 50.0 HRS. FORWARD COMMENTS REGARDING BURDEN ESTIMATE TO THE INFORMATION AND RECORDS MANAGEMENT BRANCH (MNBB 7714), U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION, WASHINGTON, DC 20555-0001, AND TO THE PAPERWORK REDUCTION PROJECT (3150-0104), OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET, WASHINGTON, DC 20503.								
FACILITY NAME (1) Dresden Nuclear Power Station, Unit 3							DOC	ÆT	NUMBER (2) 05000249			1	PAGE (3) OF 6				
TITLE (4	4) Isol	atio	ı C	onder	nser Group V	' Isol	at	ion Du	ie to	Spur	iou	зF	low Spikes	8			
EVEN	T DATE	(5)			LER NUMBER (6))		REPOR	RT DATE	(7)	T		OTHER FACIL	ITIES IN	/OL VE	Ð (8) .
MONTH	DAY	YEAR	Y	EAR	SEQUENTIAL NUMBER	REVISI NUMBE	ON R	MONTH	DAY	YEAR	FACILITY NAME None				DOCKET NUMBER		
01	17	93		93 -	003	03		05	30	95	FACI	ACILITY NAME			DOCKET NUMBER		
OPERATING THIS REPORT IS SUBMITTED PURSUANT				TO THE	REQUIR	ENENTS	OF 10) CF	R §: (Check c	one or mo	re)	(11)					
NODE	(9)			20.2	201(Ь)			20.2203(a)(3)(i)					50.73(a)(2)(i	ii)		73.7	l(b)
POM	ER		7	20.2	03(a)(1)			20.2203(a)(3)(ii)			X	50.73(a)(2)(i	v)		73.7	l(c)	
LEVEL	(10)	000		20.2	203(a)(2)(i)	(a)(2)(i)			20.2203(a)(4)				50.73(a)(2)(v)		OTHER		
				20.2	2203(a)(2)(ii)			50.36(c)(1)			•		50.73(a)(2)(vii)		(Specify in Abstract below and in Text		
				20.2	203(a)(2)(iii)			50.36(c)(2)				50.73(a)(2)(viii)(A)		iii)(A)			below
				20.2	2203(a)(2)(iv)			50.73(a)(2)(i)					50.73(a)(2)(v	iii)(B)	NRC	For	366A)
				20.2	203(a)(2)(v)			50.73(a)(2)(ii)					50.73(a)(2)(x)				
						LICENSE	EE C	ONTACT F	FOR THI	S LER	(12)						
NAME						•							TELEPHONE NUM	BER (Inc	lude	Area	Code)
	Gera	1d Co	pop	er						Ext.	. 22	70	(81	5) 942 [.]	-293	20	
	.			COMP	LETE ONE LINE FO	REACH	COM	PONENT I	FAILURE	DESCR	BED	IN 1	HIS REPORT (1	3)			
CAUSE	SYST	EM	COMP	ONENT	MANUFACTURER	REPORT	TABL	.E 5	CAUSE		SYSTEM		COMPONENT MANUFA		CTURER REPORTA		REPORTABLE TO NPRDS
				-	-												
			SUF	PLENE	TAL REPORT EXPE	CTED (14	4)				<u> </u>	F	PECTED	MONTH		DAY	YEAR
YES (1f	yes, co	mplete	EXP	ECTED	SUBMISSION DATE).			t 0			SUBMISSION DATE (15)					
							<u> </u>										

ABSTRACT (Limit to 1400 spaces, i.e., approximately 15 single-spaced typewritten lines) (16)

On January 17, 1993, at 0111 hours, with Unit 3 in shutdown with all control rods inserted, an unplanned Primary Containment Group V isolation occurred. All of the Isolation Condenser isolation valves automatically responded as required. The system was walked down following the event, and no line breaks, open fuses, or electrical problems were found. Calibration checks were performed, and all setpoints were verified to be within tolerance. The Group V Primary Containment Isolation signal was reset after it was determined to be spurious.

The cause of this event appears to be a flow spike in the annubar flow element. Procedural changes were made identifying the specific isolation condenser isolation valve opening/closing sequence for startup/shutdown to minimize any pressure spikes sensed by the isolation condenser high flow isolation on the condensate return side flow transmitter. A similar event was reported by LER 90-004/050249.

i i i		
9506140427 PDR ADDCK S	950606 05000249 PDR	

· · · ·

NRC FORN 366A (5-92)	U.S. NUCLEAR RE	GULATORY COMMISSION		APPROVED BY C EXPIRE	MB NO. 315 S 5/31/95	0-0104
LI	CENSEE EVENT REPORT (LE TEXT CONTINUATION	ZR)	ESTIMAT THIS II FORWARD THE IN (MNBB 7 WASHING REDUCTI MANAGEM	TED BURDEN PER NFORMATION COLLE COMMENTS REGA FORMATION AND F FORMATION AND F FORMATION AND F TOM, DC 20555-0 ION PROJECT (MENT AND BUDGET,	RESPONSE ECTION REGL RDING BURD RECORDS MAI EAR REGULAT 001, AND T (3150-0104) WASHINGTON	TO COMPLY WITH JEST: 50.0 HRS. EN ESTIMATE TO MAGEMENT BRANCH ORY COMMISSION, O THE PAPERWORK O THE PAPERWORK O FFICE OF J. DC 20503.
	FACILITY NAME (1)	DOCKET NUMBER (2)		LER KUMBER (6))	PAGE (3)
Duesden Nuele	on Deven Chation Whit 2	05000249	YEAR	SEQUENTIAL NUMBER	REVISION NUMBER	2 07 6
Dresden Nucle	Iclear Power Station, Unit 3	05000249	93	003	03	2 OF 6

TEXT (If more space is required, use additional copies of NRC Form 366A) (17)

PLANT AND SYSTEM IDENTIFICATION:

General Electric-Boiling Water Reactor-2527 MWt rated core thermal power. Energy Industry Identification System (EIIS) codes are identified in the text as [XX]. Nuclear Tracking System (NTS) tracking code numbers are identified in the text as (XXX-XXX-XX-XXXXX)

EVENT IDENTIFICATION:

Isolation Condenser Group V Isolation Due to Spurious Flow Spikes

A. PLANT CONDITIONS PRIOR TO EVENT:

Unit: 3Event Date: 01/17/93Event Time: 0111Reactor Mode: NMode Name: ShutdownPower Level: 0%Reactor Coolant System Pressure: 0 psig

B. DESCRIPTION OF EVENT:

On January 17, 1993, at 0111 hours, with Unit 3 in shutdown with all control rods inserted, an unplanned Primary Containment Group V isolation occurred. All of the Isolation Condenser [BL] isolation valves automatically responded as required. The system was walked down following the event, and no line breaks, open fuses, or electrical problems were found. Calibration checks were performed, and all setpoints were verified to be within tolerance. The Group V Primary Containment Isolation signal was reset after it was determined to be spurious.

The cause of this event appears to be a flow spike in the annubar flow element.

C. CAUSE OF EVENT:

This report is being submitted in accordance with 10CFR50.73(a)(2)(iv), which requires the reporting of any event or condition that results in the manual or automatic actuation of any Engineered Safety Feature (ESF).

An engineering evaluation of the instrumentation and isolation logic for the Isolation Condenser was performed to determine the root cause of the spurious Group V isolations that have been occurring.

During a unit shutdown and start-up, process pressure transients are present at the location of the condensate return side flow element due to the operation of other systems that interconnect with the Isolation Condenser condensate return piping. As the reactor proceeds into the shutdown conditions, the Recirculation pumps are set to minimum speed (28%). Then, when the Recirculation loop temperature drops below 350 degrees F, the Shutdown Cooling pump interlocks clear and the pump(s) may be started. Finally, as reactor pressure drops below 90 psig, the Auxiliary Reactor Water Cleanup pump is started and the Main Reactor Water Cleanup pump is secured. This sequence of operations continually adds more and more induced pressure transients at the location of the condensate return side flow element. In effect, with each system that is added, the

And States of P

NRC FORM 366A (5-92)	U.S. NUCLEAR RE	APPROVED BY CMB NO. 3150-0104 EXPIRES 5/31/95							
licensee ev Text c	ENT REPORT (LE ONTINUATION	REPORT (LER) INUATION			ESTIMATED BURDEN PER RESPONSE TO COMPLY THIS INFORMATION COLLECTION REQUEST: 50.0 FORWARD COMMENTS REGARDING BURDEN ESTIMATE THE INFORMATION AND RECORDS MANAGEMENT BR (MNBB 7714), U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISS WASHINGTON, DC 20555-0001, AND TO THE PAPER REDUCTION PROJECT (3150-0104), OFFICE MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET, WASHINGTON, DC 20503.				
FACILITY NAME	(1)	DOCKET NUMBER (2)	LER NUMBER (6) PAGE (
		05000240	YEAR	SEQUENTIAL	REVISION NUMBER	3 07 6			
Dresden Nuclear Power Sta	ation, unit 3	05000249	93	003	03	3 01 0			

process noise that is being sensed by the flow instrumentation approaches the value of the instrument trip setpoint. Based on the engineering evaluation, it was concluded that the root cause of the Group V isolations is that the combination of the instrument errors in the conservative direction along with the transient pressure effects of the interconnected systems produce an undesirable small steady state operating margin. This significantly increases the likelihood of generating a spurious Group V isolation signal.

D. SAFETY ANALYSIS:

The purpose of the Isolation Condenser is to control reactor pressure and/or remove decay heat from the reactor inventory during periods when the normal heat sink is unavailable. An automatic initiation occurs when reactor pressure is sustained at greater than or equal to 1070 psig for 15 seconds. The Isolation Condenser can also be manually initiated. Since Unit 3 was in the cold shutdown mode and reactor pressure was less than 150 psig, operability of the Isolation Condenser was not required.

Technical Specification Table 3.5.E.2 allows the Isolation Condenser to be inoperable for up to seven days provided that all active components of the High Pressure Coolant Injection (HPCI) [BJ] system remain operable. Had this event occurred at power, the consequences of a postulated accident would have been mitigated by the HPCI or Automatic Depressurization [SB] system in conjunction with the Low Pressure Coolant Injection [BO] and Core Spray [BM] systems. The safety significance of this event was considered to be minimal.

E. CORRECTIVE ACTIONS:

Nuclear Fuel Services (NFS) identified that certain operations and accident conditions can be envisioned where it would be possible for the annubar to experience temperatures on the order of 575 degrees F and recommended that no changes be made to the use of a conservative assumption of the annubar calibration temperature (575 degrees F). This recommendation was transmitted to site system engineering by letter to Mr. Frank Spangenberg dated March 22, 1995, NFS-BSA:95-019, Subject: Dresden Isolation Condenser Temperature and Group V Isolation Time Delay Concerns. To improve the performance of the Group V isolation system on both Units 2 and 3, procedural changes were made identifying the specific isolation condenser isolation valve opening/closing sequence in procedures DGP 1-1, "Unit 2(3) Normal Startup", DGP 1-S1, "Unit 2(3) Master Startup Checklist", and DGP 2-1, "Unit 2(3) Normal Unit Shutdown" for startup/shutdown to minimize any pressure spikes sensed by the isolation condenser high flow isolation - condensate return side flow transmitter. In addition, the System Engineer, with assistance from the Mechanical Maintenance Department, will inspect and tighten any loose U-bolts that connect the Isolation Condenser instrument lines to their supports during the next refuel outage on each unit, D3R13 and D2R14 (237-225-90-00302).

NRC FORM 366A (5-92)	U.S. NUCLEAR	APPROVED BY ONB NO. 3150-0104 EXPIRES 5/31/95					
	LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (I TEXT CONTINUATION	LER)	ESTIMATED BURDEN PER RESPONSE TO COMPLY WIT THIS INFORMATION COLLECTION REQUEST: 50.0 HRS FORWARD COMMENTS REGARDING BURDEN ESTIMATE T THE INFORMATION AND RECORDS MANAGEMENT BRANG (MNBB 7714), U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSIO WASHINGTON, DC 20555-0001, AND TO THE PAPERWOM REDUCTION PROJECT (3150-0104), OFFICE (MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET, WASHINGTON, DC 20503.				
	FACILITY NAME (1)	DOCKET NUMBER (2)	LER HUMBER (6) PAGE (3)				
		05000240	YEAR	SEQUENTIAL NUMBER	REVISION NUMBER		
Dresden Nuc	tear rower Station, Unit 3	05000249	93	003	03	4 UF 0	

TEXT (<u>if more space is required</u>, use additional copies of NRC Form 366A) (17)

F. PREVIOUS OCCURRENCES:

LER/Docket Numbers

90-004/050249

<u>Title</u>

Spurious Group V Primary Containment Isolation While Shutdown Due to Design Deficiency.

On February 12, 1990 with Unit 3 in cold shutdown, the Control Room received alarm H-2 on Panel 903-3, Isolation Condenser Line Break (Group V Isolation). The root cause of this event is unknown.

Spurious Group V Primary Containment Isolation While Shutdown Due to Design Deficiency

On May 6, 1989, at 1443 hours, with Unit 3 in cold shutdown and reactor water level at 35 inches, a Group V Primary Containment Isolation occurred. The cause of the event was believed to be differential pressure spikes and/or noise generated by an annubar flow instrument that was installed on the Isolation Condenser condensate return line during the 1985 Unit 3 refueling outage. As corrective action, a modification to install a time delay with a more accurate time delay scale was initiated.

Manual Reactor Scram Due to Reactor Feedwater System Oscillations During Unit Shutdown Due to Failure of Air Operated Containment Isolation Valve AO3-1601-63 to Close During Surveillance Testing.

On August 7, 1987, a spurious Group V Primary Containment Isolation occurred while the Isolation Condenser was in use following a manual scram. The spurious isolation was reset and the Isolation Condenser was restarted satisfactorily.

Plant Shutdown Due to Inoperable High Pressure Coolant Injection and Isolation Condenser Systems.

On September 5, 1987, with Unit 3 at 6% rated thermal power, a special test of the isolation condenser was being performed in order to pinpoint the cause of a previous spurious isolation condenser isolation as reported by LER #87-13 on Docket #050249. While performing this testing at 0320 hours, the isolation condenser spuriously isolated due to differential pressure signals generated by an annubar flow sensing instrument located on the isolation condenser condensate return line.

89-003/050249

87-013/050249

87-014/050249

NRC FORM 366A (5-92)	U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION (5-92) LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER) TEXT CONTINUATION					APPROVED BY ONB HD. 3150-0104 EXPIRES 5/31/95 ESTIMATED BURDEN PER RESPONSE TO COMPLY WITH THIS INFORMATION COLLECTION REQUEST: 50.0 HRS. FORWARD COMMENTS REGARDING BURDEN ESTIMATE TO THE INFORMATION AND RECORDS MANAGEMENT BRANCH (MNBB 7714), U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION, WASHINGTON, DC 20555-0001, AND TO THE PAPERWORK REDUCTION PROJECT (3150-0104), OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET, WASHINGTON, DC 20503.					
	FACILITY NAME (1)	DOCKET	NUMBER (2)		LER HUMBER	(6)	PAGE (3)			
				00040	YEAR	SEQUENTIA NUMBER	L REVISION				
Dresden Nuc	iclear power station, unit 3			05000249		003	03	5.08 6			

TEXT (If more space is required, use additional copies of NRC Form 366A) (17)

86-108/050249

On October 14, 1986, Unit 3 was shutdown and the reactor vessel was depressurized several hours after a reactor scram. At 2050 hours, a Group V (isolation condenser) containment isolation signal was received in the Control Room. The cause of the spurious isolation condenser isolation was determined by testing in 1987 to be differential pressure spikes and/or noise generated by an annubar flow instrument installed on the isolation condenser condensate return line during the 1985 refueling outage.

86-020/050249

92-045/050237

93-011/050249

Spurious Group V Containment Isolation Due to Design Deficiency.

On November 13, 1986, Unit 3 was shutdown and the reactor vessel was depressurized several hours after a reactor scram. At 2140 hours, a Group V (isolation condenser) containment isolation signal was received. The cause of the spurious isolation condenser isolation was determined by testing in 1987 to be differential pressure spikes and/or noise generated by an annubar flow instrument installed on the isolation condenser condensate return line during the 1985 refueling outage.

Isolation Condenser Group V Isolation Due to Spurious Flow Spikes.

On December 17, 1992 at 1232 hours with Unit 2 in cold shutdown with all control rods inserted, an unplanned Primary Containment Group V isolation occurred while opening the inboard Isolation Condenser isolation valve MO2-1301-4, in preparation for reactor startup per Dresden Operating Procedure (DOP) 1300-1, Standby Operation of the Isolation Condenser System. The root cause was concluded to be a combination of the condensate return line differential pressure flow instruments being set in the conservative direction along with the transient pressure effects of the interconnected systems produce an undesirable small steady state operating margin.

Spurious Group V Primary Containment Isolation While Shutdown Due to Spurious Flow Spikes.

On April 21, 1993 with Unit 3 in cold shutdown, a spurious Group V Primary Containment isolation occurred during the MO3-1301-3 valve VOTES testing. The root cause appears to be a flow spike in the Isolation Condenser condensate return line when the MO3-1301-3 valve was manually cracked open for VOTES testing.

NRC FORM 366A	U.S. NUCLEAR R	APPROVED BY ONB NO. 3150-0104 Expires 5/31/95				
	LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (L) TEXT CONTINUATION	ESTIMATED BURDEN PER RESPONSE TO COMPLY WITH THIS INFORMATION COLLECTION REQUEST: 50.0 KRS. FORWARD COMMENTS REGARDING BURDEN ESTIMATE TO THE INFORMATION AND RECORDS MANAGEMENT BRANCH (MNBB 7714), U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION, WASHINGTON, DC 20555-0001, AND TO THE PAPERWORK REDUCTION PROJECT (3150-0104), OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET. WASHINGTON, DC 20503.				
	FACILITY NAME (1)	DOCKET NUMBER (2)	LER NUMBER (6) PAGE (3)			
Drosdon Nu	close Dever Station Unit 2	05000249	YEAR	SEQUENTIAL NUMBER	REVISION NUMBER	6 OF 6
Dresden Nu	clear rower station, unit 5	03000249	93	003	03	0000

TEXT (If more space is required, use additional copies of NRC Form 366A) (17)

93-012/050249

Spurious Group V Primary Containment Isolation While Shutdown Due to Spurious Flow Spikes.

On July 10, 1993 with Unit 3 in the shutdown mode, a spurious Group V (Isolation Condenser Line Break) Primary Containment Isolation occurred. A preliminary engineering evaluation determined the root cause to be a spurious flow spike caused by operation of systems required to bring the unit to cold shutdown and overconservatism in the flow switch setpoint.

94-029/050237

Spurious Group V Isolation Due to Pressure Spike When Opening the Isolation Condenser Reactor Inlet Isolation Valve.

On November 26, 1994 with Unit 2 in the startup mode at 2% rated power, a spurious Group V isolation signal was received when Motor Operated Valve (MOV) 2-1301-4 was being opened per Dresden General Procedure (DGP) 1-1, Unit 2(3) Normal Unit Startup. The cause of the spurious isolation was attributed to a pressure transient which occurred when the MOV 2-1301-4 valve was opened.

G. COMPONENT FAILURE DATA:

As no component failure occurred, this section is not applicable and an NPRDS data search was not performed.