

Westinghouse Non-Proprietary Class 3



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Our ref: HEM-17-16
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Subject: Westinghouse Hematite Decommissioning Project - Request for NRC Review of Final Status Survey Final Report Volume 3, Chapter 9, Survey Area Release Record for Land Survey Area 12, Survey Units 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, and 09, Revision 1 (License No. SNM-00033, Docket No. 070-00036)

The purpose of this letter is to provide for the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) review of the FSS overview document Final Status Survey Final Report Volume 3, Chapter 9, Survey Area Release Record for Land Survey Area 12, Survey Units 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, and 09 (LSA 12-03 through LSA 12-09), Revision 1.

The NRC provided feedback during recurring weekly publicly noticed teleconferences in regards to the application of the WRS Test when applied to the Three Stratum approach. Westinghouse and the NRC discussed the path forward and resolution of the NRC comments. As such, Revision 3 to FSSFR Volume 3 Chapter 1 implemented the resolution of the comments {ML17046A005}. Revision 1 of FSSFR Volume 3, Chapter 9 implements Revision 3 to FSSFR Volume 3 Chapter 1 within the release record.

Attachment 1 contains Final Status Survey Final Report Volume 3, Chapter 9, Revision 1, with a CD containing the revised Appendices. Attachment 2 contains a Track Change version of Final Status Survey Final Report Volume 3, Chapter 9, Revision 1, for ease of review.

Please contact me at 314-810-3353, should you have questions or need additional information.

Sincerely,

Kenneth E. Pallagi
Licensing Manager,
Hematite Decommissioning Project

NMSS 20

- Attachment: 1) Final Status Survey Final Report Volume 3, Chapter 9, Survey Area Release Record for Land Survey Area 12, Survey Units 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, and 09, (LSA 12-03 through LSA 12-09) (HDP-RPT-FSS-211) with a CD containing Appendices
- 2) Final Status Survey Final Report Volume 3, Chapter 9, Survey Area Release Record for Land Survey Area 12, Survey Units 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, and 09, (LSA 12-03 through LSA 12-09) Track Change Version

cc: J. W. Smetanka, Westinghouse
M. R. Meyer, NRC/DUWP/MDB
J. A. Smith, NRC/DUWP/MDB

Attachment 1

Final Status Survey Final Report Volume 3, Chapter 9

**Survey Area Release Record for Land Survey Area 12,
Survey Units 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, and 09, Revision 1
with a CD containing Appendices**

Westinghouse Electric Company LLC, Hematite Decommissioning Project

Docket No. 070-00036



Final Status Survey Report

Hematite Decommissioning Project

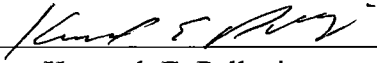
Final Status Survey Final Report Volume 3, Chapter 9

TITLE: Survey Area Release Record for Land Survey Area
12, Survey Units 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, and 09
(LSA 12-03 through 12-09)

REVISION: 1

EFFECTIVE DATE: MAR 01 2017

Approvals:

Author:  03-01-2017
Kenneth E. Pallagi Date

Owner/Manager:  3/1/17
W. Clark Evers Date

Revision No. Effect. Date	Revision
0 01/03/2017	Revision 0 is the initial issuance of the Survey Area Release Record for Land Survey Area 12, Survey Units 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, and 09.
1 See Cover Page	The NRC provided feedback during recurring weekly publicly noticed teleconferences in regards to the application of the WRS Test when applied to the Three Stratum approach. Westinghouse and the NRC discussed the path forward and resolution of the NRC comments. Revision 3 to FSSFR Volume 3 Chapter 1 implemented the resolution of the comments. Revision 1 of this Survey Area Release Record implements Revision 3 to FSSFR Volume 3 Chapter 1 within this report.

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LIST OF ACRONYMS AND SYMBOLS

ALARA	As Low As Reasonably Achievable
bgs	below ground surface
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
cm	centimeter(s)
cpm	count(s) per minute
CSM	Conceptual Site Model
DCGL	Derived Concentration Guideline Level
DCGL _w	DCGL for average concentrations over a survey unit, used with statistical tests. ("W" suffix denotes "Wilcoxon")
DGPS	Digital Global Positioning System
DP	Hematite Decommissioning Plan
DQO	Data Quality Observation
EMC	Elevated Measurement Comparison
EPA	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
ft	foot (feet)
FSS	Final Status Survey
FSSFR	Final Status Survey Final Report
gcpm	gross count(s) per minute
GIS	Graphical Information Software
GPS	Global Positioning System
GWS	Gamma Walkover Survey
HDP	Hematite Decommissioning Project
HP	Health Physics
HRCR	Hematite Radiological Characterization Report
I & C	Isolation and Control
IAL	Investigation Action Level
LSA	Land Survey Area
m	meter(s)
m ²	square meter(s)
MARSSIM	Multi-Agency Radiation Survey and Site Investigation Manual
MCL	Maximum Concentration Limit
MDC	Minimum Detectable Concentration
mrem	milliroentgen equivalent man
NAD	North American Datum
NaI	Sodium Iodide
nepm	net count(s) per minute
NCS	Nuclear Criticality Safety
NRC	U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
pCi/g	picocurie(s) per gram
QC	Quality Control
Ra	Radium
RASS	Remedial Action Support Survey
RSO	Radiation Safety Officer
SOF	Sum of Fractions

SU	Survey Unit
Tc	Technetium
Th	Thorium
U	Uranium
WRS	Wilcoxon Rank Sum
yr	year

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This Survey Area Release Record (SARR) presents the results of the final status radiological surveys of the Hematite Decommissioning Project (HDP) Land Survey Area (LSA) 12, Survey Unit (SU) 03 (LSA 12-03), SU 04 (LSA 12-04), SU 05 (LSA 12-05), SU 06 (LSA 12-06), SU 07 (LSA 12-07), SU 08 (LSA 12-08), and SU 09 (LSA 12-09). As provided in Final Status Survey Final Report (FSSFR), Volume 1, Chapter 1, Section 7.0 {ML15257A307}, the final report summary, FSSFR Volume 7, *Final Status Survey Final Report*, will be submitted at the conclusion of the post-remediation groundwater monitoring period. FSSFR Volume 7 will be submitted to demonstrate that the site has met the requirements for unrestricted release consistent with the requirements of the Title 10 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 20 Subpart E, "Criteria for License Termination."

LSA 12-03 through LSA 12-07 were designated as Multi-Agency Radiation Survey and Site Investigation Manual (MARSSIM) Class 1 SUs as presented in Table 14-16 of the HDP Decommissioning Plan (DP) {ML092330123}. The Class 1 designation for LSA 12-03 through LSA 12-07 remained in effect throughout remediation of the site and Final Status Survey (FSS). SUs LSA 12-08 and LSA 12-09 were created from a portion of the land area initially identified as LSA 12-02 a Class 2 SU. SUs LSA 12-08 and LSA 12-09 were designated as Class 1 SUs upon establishment of the SU boundaries. For all LSA 12 SUs the evaluation of analytical results against the Derived Concentration Guideline Levels (DCGL) for the Uniform Stratum Conceptual Site Model (CSM) was the selected approach. The objective of the FSS for all SUs was to obtain and document measurement results, analytical data, and other supporting information in order to demonstrate that after completion of operations the residual radioactivity levels in the LSA 12-03 through LSA 12-09 SUs are below the applicable Uniform Stratum DCGLs and therefore the land area of these SUs meet the criteria for unrestricted release.

The Uniform Stratum CSM assumes residual radioactivity is uniformly distributed over the entire depth profile of the SU from ground surface to 6.7 meter (m) below ground surface (bgs). As described in FSSFR Volume 3, Chapter 1, 6.2.1, *Systematic Soil Sampling*, systematic soil samples were obtained at depths dependent upon the systematic soil sample location.

This SARR was prepared as described in FSSFR Volume 3, Chapter 1, Section 7.0, *Survey Area Release Record Organization*, as implemented by FSS procedure HDP-PR-FSS-722.

1.0 REPORT BACKGROUND

As a result of the U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) feedback regarding the submittal of the FSSFR, Westinghouse and the NRC agreed that Westinghouse would develop an outline presenting the format and content of FSS documents required for NRC review. Westinghouse provided the outline to the NRC for discussion during the August 19, 2015, publicly noticed teleconference and the format was agreed upon {ML15238B032}.

FSSFR Volume 3, Chapter 1, Revision 3, *Land Survey Areas (LSA) Overview* provides the information common to land survey areas. This report, FSSFR Volume 3, Chapter 9, Revision 1, builds upon the general information provided in FSSFR Volume 3, Chapter 1, Revision 3.

2.0 HDP SITE, LSA AND SURVEY UNIT DESCRIPTIONS

2.1 HDP Site Description

A general description of the HDP site is given in FSSFR Volume 1, Chapter 1.

2.2 LSA Configuration

The DP Chapter 14 and DP Figure 14-14 provided the conceptual approach for the configuration of LSAs and the SUs within a LSA. Figure 2-1 indicates the LSA configurations for the HDP site.

The DP stated that it was expected that the conceptual boundaries of the SUs would be altered based on the actual configuration and condition of the SU at the time of survey design. As expected, it was necessary to modify the boundary of SUs within LSA 12 to facilitate the remediation process. Although a number of the SU boundaries within LSA 12 were modified, the boundary of LSA 12 remained unchanged.

LSA 12 encompasses the entire "East Reuse Soil Laydown Area" footprint within the Central Tract. LSA 12 consists of SUs LSA 12-01 through LSA 12-09.

2.2.1 LSA 12 SU Configuration Change

The expansion in the number of SUs within LSA 12 by the reduction in size of LSA 12-02 was due in part to the processing and storage of reuse soil. As site remediation operations generated more than the anticipated volume of reuse soil it became necessary to expand the Class 1 storage area portion of LSA 12.

The initial configuration change transferred a portion of LSA 12-02, a Class 2 SU, to create LSA 12-08, a Class 1 SU. Subsequently LSA 12-08 was divided into LSA 12-08 and LSA 12-09 to ensure compliance with the DP Class 1 SU size requirement.

To support the remediation plans described in the DP, although radiological characterization of the land indicated it was radiologically non-impacted, SUs were developed based upon future use (reuse soil laydown area). All SUs within LSA 12 that were initially classified as Class 1 (LSA 12-03 through LSA 12-07) remained classified as Class 1 SUs. SUs LSA 12-01 and 12-02 were initially classified as MARSSIM Class 2 and remained Class 2 SUs. The portion of LSA 12-02 that became LSA 12-08 and LSA 12-09 had the classification raised to MARSSIM Class 1 SUs, thereby ensuring compliance with the DP. Figure 2-2 provides the Final Configuration of Land Survey Area 12 and Survey Units. Figure 2-3 provides the Final Configuration of Land Survey Areas and Survey Units.

2.3 LSA 12-03 through LSA 12-09 Survey Unit Description and Configuration

The land area that is LSA 12-03 through LSA 12-09, prior to and during site operations was woodlands (see Figure 2-4) and not associated with or impacted by any site operations. There were no structures, piping, spent limestone or groundwater monitoring wells within the SUs. As a function of preparation for remediation operations, trees and vegetation were removed from

LSA 12-03 through LSA 12-09 and the area was graded to create the material laydown area for the reuse soil to be generated (see Figure 2-5).

As all reuse soil that was placed in LSA 12-03 through LSA 12-09 was subsequently removed and used as backfill in site excavations, remediation was not necessary in LSA 12-03 through LSA 12-09 to prepare the area for FSS. As such no excavations were performed to remove reuse or any native soil. The final surface of the SUs that was subject to FSS was the native soil.

Upon completion of the removal of all reuse soil, in its final configuration as prepared for FSS, the two dimensional surface area of each SU is listed below:

Table 2-1
LSA 12 Class 1 SU Surface Areas

LSA 12-03	LSA 12-04	LSA 12-05	LSA 12-06	LSA 12-07	LSA 12-08	LSA 12-09
1,982 m ²	1,960 m ²	2,001 m ²	1,994 m ²	1,996 m ²	1,995 m ²	1,747 m ²

Figure 2-1
HDP Land Survey Areas



Figure 2-2
Final Configuration of Land Survey Area 12 and Survey Units

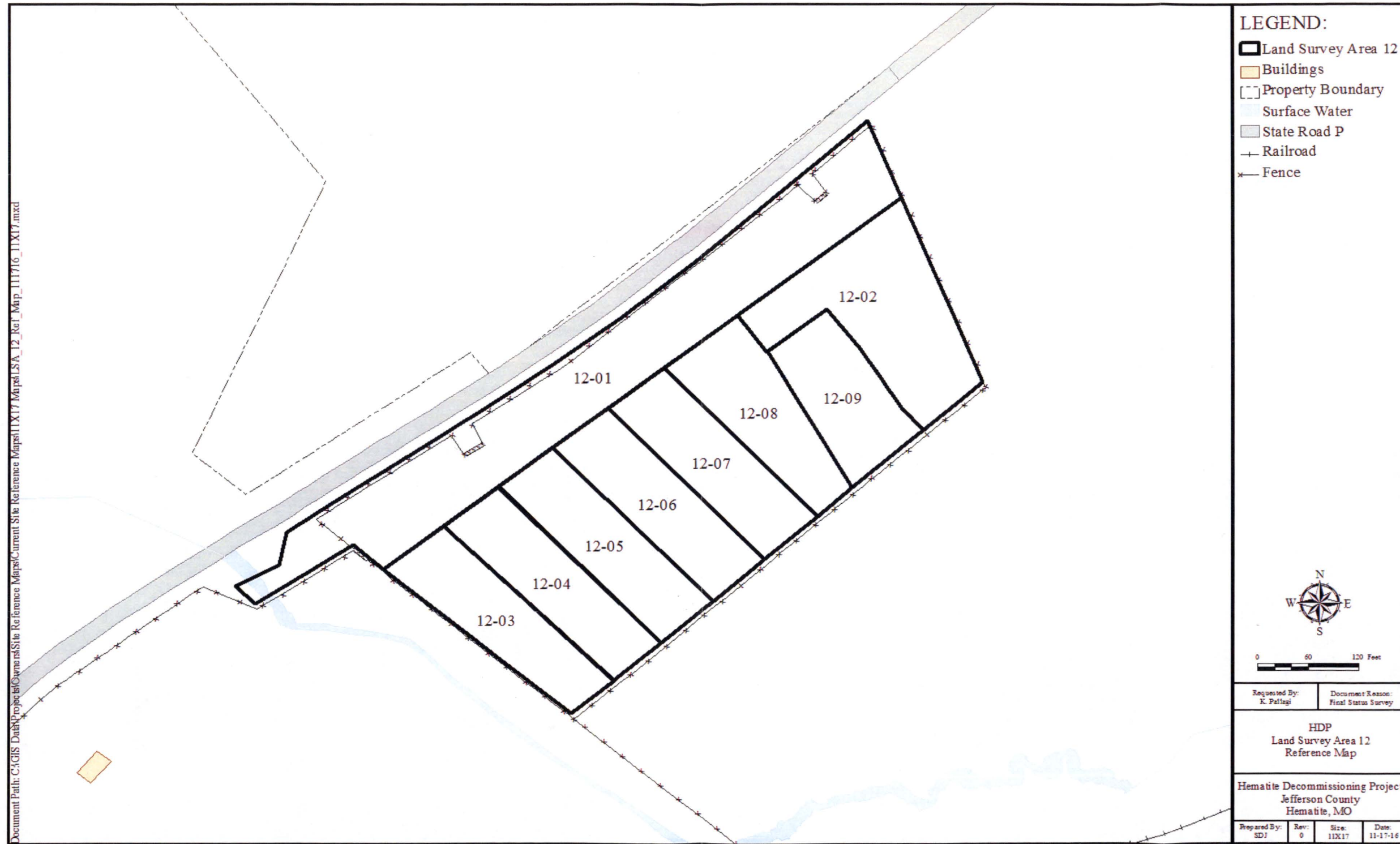


Figure 2-3
Final Configuration of Land Survey Areas and Survey Units

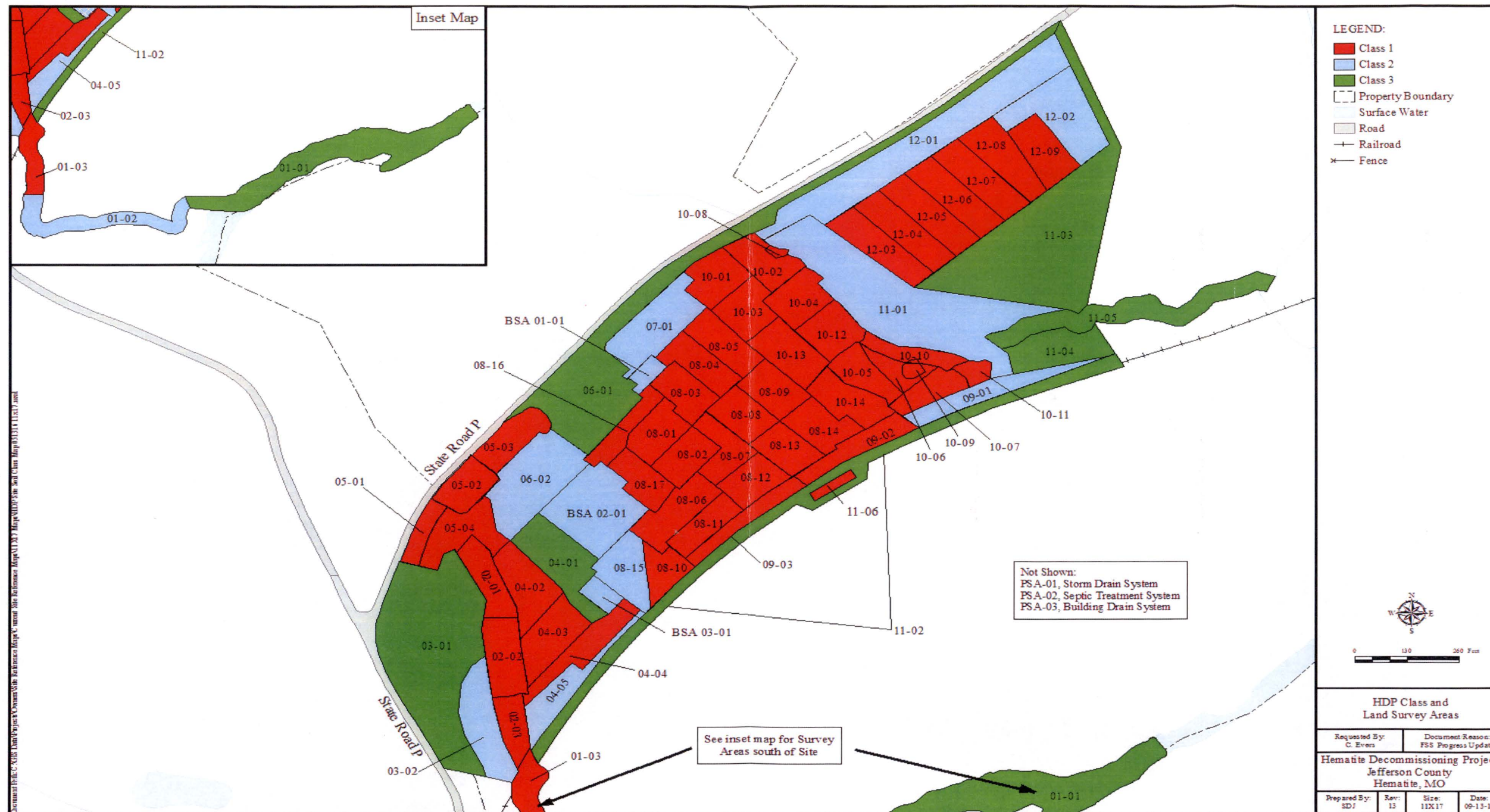
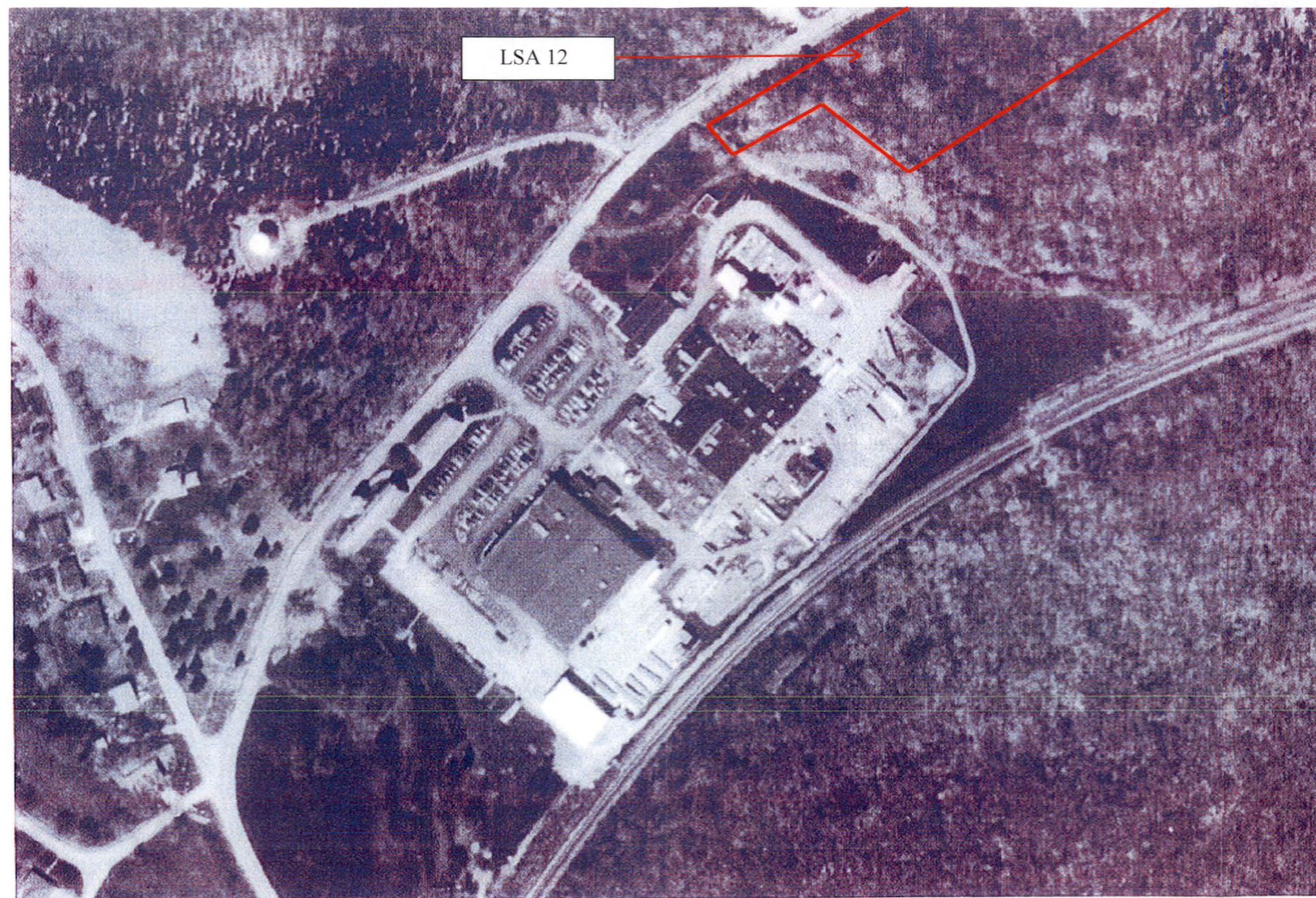


Figure 2-4
Hematite Site Aerial Photograph – 04/02/1998
(Indicating General Location of LSA 12)



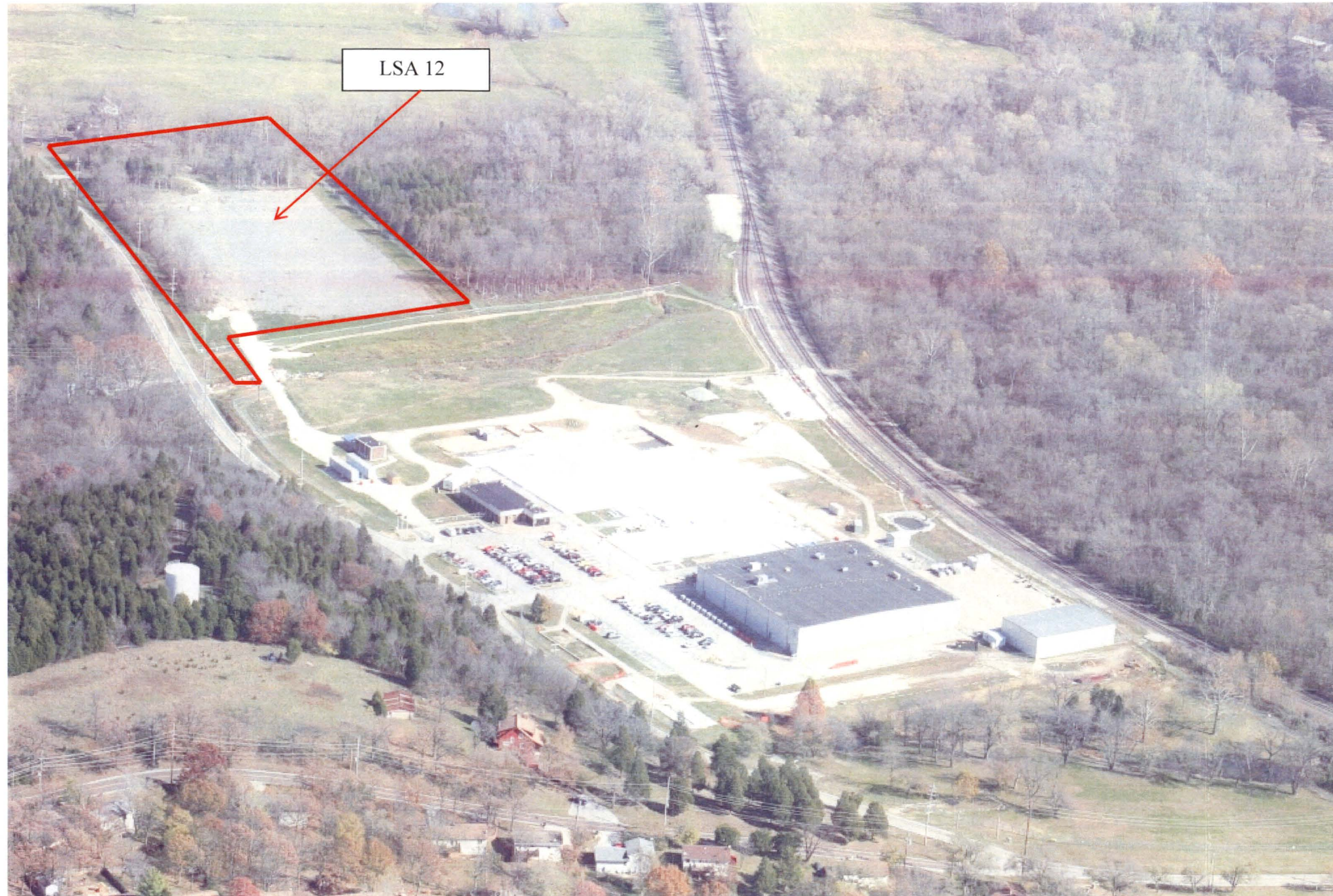
Westinghouse Electric Company
Hematite Plant - Festus, MO
4/2/1998
Photo Source: Surdex Corp.



100 0 100 Feet



Figure 2-5
Hematite Site Aerial Photograph – Circa 2011



3.0 HISTORY OF OPERATIONS

A discussion of site historical operations prior to the decommissioning phase of the HDP is presented in the FSSFR Volume 1, Chapter 1, Section 3.0, *Site Historical Operations*.

A detailed discussion of the historical background information related to the general remediation process is presented in the FSSFR Volume 3, Chapter 1, Section 2.1.1, *Remediation and Excavation*.

A detailed discussion of the historical background information related to reuse soils is presented in the FSSFR Volume 2, Chapter 1, Section 2.1, *History and Development of the Reuse Soil Stockpiles*.

3.1 Potential Radioactive Materials in LSA 12-03 through LSA 12-09

Potential radioactive materials within LSA 12-03 through LSA 12-09 resulted from placement of potential reuse soil into the SUs for the purpose of long term reuse soil storage. During the time of reuse soil handling at HDP, Reuse Stockpiles 1 through 7, and Reuse Stockpile 9 were stored within the “East Reuse Soil Laydown Area”.

No remedial actions were necessary within LSA 12, and no historical site operations ever occurred within this area. The LSA 12 area only became potentially impacted as a result of the long term storage of potential reuse material.

Figure 3-1
Reuse Soil Stockpile Operations – 07/2013



3.1.1 ISO-Pacific S3 Soil Sorting System Operations

As described in FSSFR Volume 2, Chapter 1, Section 2.1.1 {ML16152A752}, to address the issue of identification of fuel pellet fragments in reuse soil, Westinghouse evaluated options to address the issue and selected the ISO-Pacific S3 Soil Sorting System. As reuse soil was stored in LSA 12-03 through LSA 12-09 there was a potential for a fuel pellet fragment to be transferred into the area.

The ISO-Pacific S3 Soil Sorting System operations, the removal of all reuse soil from the East Reuse Soil Laydown Area, and the subsequent 100% Gamma Walkover Survey (GWS) of SUs during FSS LSA 12-03 through LSA 12-09, collectively demonstrate that the probability of a fuel pellet fragment remaining in a SU is exceedingly small.

3.2 Reuse Soil Disposition and Characterization

Prior to remediation and removal of contaminated soil and other waste materials within the Burial Pit Area and other areas designated to undergo remediation, overburden soils which exhibited characteristics suitable for potential reuse as onsite backfill material were removed, segregated, and subjected to reuse soil criteria requirements.

As LSA 12 was not designated for and did not require remediation there were no reuse soils generated by remediation excavation within the LSA 12 area. However it is noted that during movement of reuse stockpiles during the ISO-Pacific S3 Soil Sorting System sorting operations that a small quantity of the surface of the overburden from the LSA 12 land area was most likely removed and deposited into Reuse Stockpile 9 as a result of the creation of the stockpile. Global Positioning System (GPS) measurements in LSA 12 did not indicate a discernable change in surface elevation.

A detailed discussion of reuse soils, including general description, segregation, surveys, ISO-Pacific S3 sorting technology and operations, and technical requirements may be found in the FSSFR Volume 2, Chapter 1, *Reuse Soil and Off-site Borrow Material Overview* {ML16152A752}.

3.3 Remedial Action Support Surveys (RASS) Phase of LSA 12-03 through LSA 12-09

The sections below provide a discussion of the various elements of the RASS phase of LSA 12-03 through LSA 12-09 necessary to prepare the SUs for FSS.

3.3.1 Remedial Actions

No remedial actions were performed within the LSA 12 area. After all reuse soil was removed from the area, the area was prepared for Final RASS and FSS.

3.3.2 In Process Remedial Action Support Surveys

In process RASS was not required within LSA 12 since no remediation was performed.

3.3.3 Nuclear Criticality Safety (NCS) Borings

NCS Borings were not required within LSA 12 as the area was never subject to NCS controls.

3.3.4 Groundwater Monitoring Wells

A detailed discussion of history, purpose, use, issues, and results of the groundwater monitoring wells at HDP is presented in the FSSFR Volume 6, Chapter 1.

During the history of site operations and remediation no groundwater monitoring wells were located within the boundary limits of LSA 12-03 through 12-09.

3.3.5 Subterranean Piping

Preliminary remediation planning activities indicated that no subterranean process piping should be encountered in LSA 12-03 through LSA 12-09. During reuse stockpile operations within LSA 12-03 through LSA 12-09 no subterranean process piping was encountered.

As no buried piping remains under the footprint of LSA 12-03 through LSA 12-09 there is no dose contribution from this pathway.

3.3.6 Characterization History

The LSA 12 area was not impacted by historic site operations, was previously covered by a heavily wooded area, and identified as a non-impacted area in the Historical Site Assessment.

Although the LSA 12 area was considered a non-impacted area, it was determined that the area would be potentially impacted by future site operations and therefore the LSA 12 area was identified for FSS purposes in the DP. During the remediation planning process this area was identified as a potential reuse soil staging area. Brush clearing operations in 2011 removed a majority of the trees and brush from the landscape.

As a non-impacted area during site operations there were no characterization core bores performed within the LSA 12 area. FSS Planning was based on the information collected in the Final RASS.

3.3.7 Remedial Action Support Survey for FSS Design

The RASS was conducted within LSA 12, 1) to determine when a SU had been adequately prepared for FSS, and 2) to provide updated estimates of the parameters to be used for planning the FSS. Upon the removal of all reuse soil from the survey unit and prior to implementation of FSS activities, a final RASS was performed to validate the status of the SU prior to implementing Isolation and Control (I & C) postings. The I & C posting for LSA 12-03 through LSA 12-09 was completed on April of 2016. Figure 3-2 is a photograph which shows LSA 12-03 through LSA 12-09 ready for the final RASS.

Figure 3-2
LSA 12-03 through LSA 12-09 Prepared for RASS FSS Design



The RASS included a GWS, systematic surface sample collection based on a sixteen (16) point triangular grid, and biased surface sampling. Since LSA 12-03 through 12-09 were immediately adjacent to each other, and were similar, one Final RASS survey was performed over all the SU's concurrently. The Final RASS results were used to develop the FSS Plan for each SU. The Final RASS systematic sample results used to develop the FSS sampling grid are summarized in Table 3-1 below:

Table 3-1
Summary of Final RASS Results for LSA 12-03 through LSA 12-09

LSA	Ra-226 (net)		Tc-99		Th-232 (net)		U-234		U-235		U-238	
	Mean	Max	Mean	Max	Mean	Max	Mean	Max	Mean	Max	Mean	Max
12-03 through 12-09	0.00	0.00	0.53	2.42	0.03	0.21	5.24	9.95	0.29	0.55	1.48	2.30
DCGL ³	1.9		25.1		2.0		195.4		51.6		168.8	

Notes:

1. All units are in picocuries per gram (pCi/g)
2. Results reflect net concentrations after subtraction of background (Ra-226 bkg = 0.9 pCi/g; Th-232 bkg = 1.0 pCi/g).
3. Uniform Stratum DCGLs (From Table 4-1)

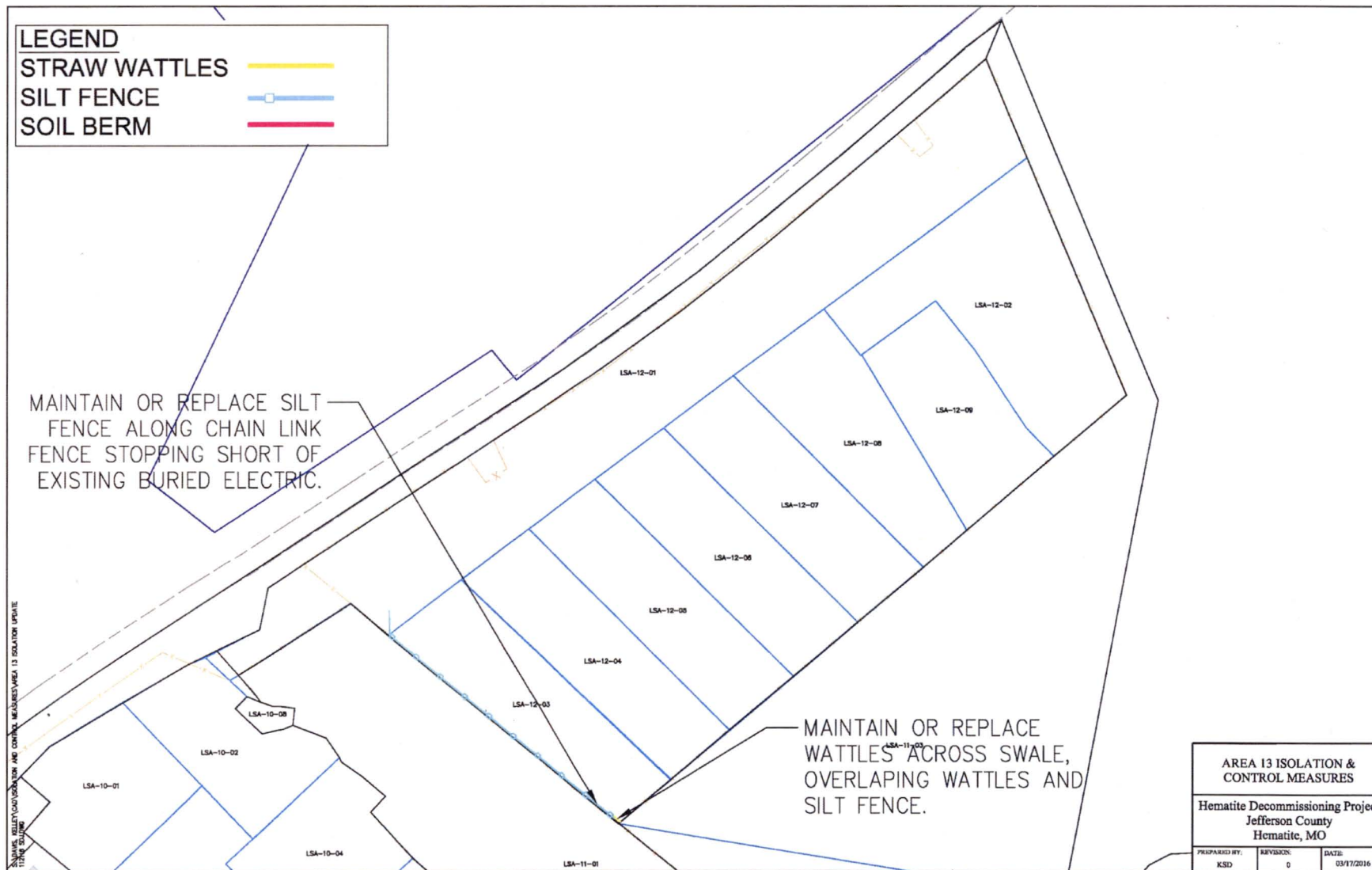
All Final RASS systematic sample and biased sample results were less than the appropriate DCGL_w (Uniform Stratum) and the Final RASS data set was considered sufficient to support FSS design.

3.3.8 Isolation and Control

As directed by HDP-PR-HP-602, *Data Package Development and Isolation and Control Measures to Support Final Status Survey*, in April of 2016, LSA 12-03 through LSA 12-09 were isolated and controlled in accordance with Work Package HDP-WP-ENG-803, *Isolation and Control Measures*, (See Figure 3-3) Isolation and control measures included silt fence, straw wattle, and soil berms between these SUs and the adjacent remediation area to ensure that cross-contamination of these LSAs undergoing FSS did not occur.

The administrative control of multiple postings labeled "Contact Health Physics Prior to Entry" were installed around the entire perimeter of the SUs prior to FSS field activities to prevent inadvertent entry by site personnel. LSA 12-03 through LSA 12-09 are located within the fenced security perimeter of the HDP which therefore prevents access by the general public.

Figure 3-3
Isolation and Control of Area Containing LSA 12-03 through LSA 12-09



3.3.9 Surveillance Following FSS

Following the completion of a FSS, the DP requires continued surveillance to minimize the potential to re-contaminate a SU (e.g., surface water transport of potentially contaminated sediment or a soil pile that was not present during FSS). The surveillance included the routine visual inspection of the integrity of the I & C measures implemented for LSA 12-03 through LSA 12-09. If a SU is suspected of having been re-contaminated then an investigation survey will be performed to reconfirm the FSS survey validity.

During the timeframe since the completion of FSS field activities to the date of completion of all physical work at HDP and project demobilization, LSA 12-03 through LSA 12-09 did not evidence an event that would cause them to be suspect and thus require investigation.

3.3.10 Backfill of Survey Units

No backfill was required for LSA 12-03 through LSA 12-09.

3.3.11 Groundwater Monitoring

In response to NRC RAI Chapter 3-4, during the review and approval process for the DP, Westinghouse documented in letter HEM-11-96 {ML111880290} the revised text of DP Section 14.5.1 to be as follows:

“Post-remediation monitoring wells will be sampled quarterly after the completion of remediation until license termination. The data collected will be used to confirm that the sum of the annual dose from groundwater for all the radionuclides does not exceed the EPA Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) of 4 millirem/year. Separately, the sum of the dose from all residual sources remaining after remediation, including soil and groundwater pathways, will be confirmed to result in an annual dose that does not exceed 25 millirem/year.”

As stated in the Executive Summary section, the exposure results of this report will be combined with the dose attributed to groundwater to demonstrate that the site has met the requirements for unrestricted release consistent with the requirements of the Title 10 CFR 20 Subpart E, "Criteria for License Termination." As such, for the purpose of this report, groundwater will be assigned a conservative SOF of 0.16 which equates to 4 mrem/yr until such time that the post-remediation groundwater sampling has been completed and reported as part of FSSFR Volume 6, Chapter 7, *Post-remediation Groundwater Monitoring Summary*. The final dose for LSA 12-03 through LSA 12-09 will be reported in FSSFR Volume 7, reflecting the updated results of the post-remediation groundwater monitoring.

4.0 LSA RELEASE CRITERIA

As the release criteria for all LSA SUs is common, FSSFR Volume 3, Chapter 1, Section 3.0, *Release Criteria*, provides a detailed discussion on the release criteria that is applicable to LSA 12-03 through LSA 12-09. Table 4-1 provides the applicable DCGLs.

Table 4-1
Adjusted Soil DCGL_w's by CSM^a

Radionuclide	Three Layer Approach DCGL _w Values (pCi/g) ^b			Uniform Stratum (pCi/g)
	Surface Stratum	Root Stratum	Excavation Scenario	
Radium-226+C ^d	5.0	2.1	5.4	1.9
Technetium-99	151.0	30.1	74.0	25.1
Thorium-232+C ^d	4.7	2.0	5.2	2.0
Uranium-234	508.5	235.6	872.4	195.4
Uranium-235+D ^c	102.3	64.1	208.1	51.6
Uranium-238+D ^c	297.6	183.3	551.1	168.8

^aTable as presented in FSSFR Volume 3, Chapter 1.

^bThe reported DCGL_w's are the activities for the parent radionuclide and were calculated to account for the dose contribution from insignificant radionuclides.

^c+D indicates the DCGL_w includes short-lived (half-life ≤ 6 mo.) decay products.

^d+C indicates the DCGL_w includes all radionuclides in the associated decay chain.

5.0 FINAL STATUS SURVEY DESIGN LSA 12-03

This section of the report describes the method for determining the number of samples required for the FSS of LSA 12-03 as well as summarizing the applicable requirements of the FSS Plan. These include the DCGL_w, scan survey coverage, and Investigation Action Levels (IAL). The radiological instrumentation used in the FSS of LSA 12-03 and the detection sensitivities are also discussed.

5.1 FSS Plan Design Requirements

FSS Plan requirements for LSA 12-03 were driven by the type (Open Land) and Class (Class 1) of the SU and developed in accordance with HDP procedure, HDP-PR-FSS-701, Revision 10, *Final Status Survey Plan Development*, November 2015.

5.1.1 Surrogate Evaluation Areas

A discussion of Surrogate Evaluation Areas is given in the FSSFR Volume 3, Chapter 1, Section 5.0, *Final Status Survey Design*.

5.1.2 DCGL_w

During the FSS design process a review was performed of the RASS data for LSA 12-03. The RASS data was used as confirmation that no known areas of residual radioactivity remained within the SU that exceeded the Uniform Stratum DCGL_w. Therefore the Uniform Stratum DCGL_w was selected for use in demonstrating compliance with the release criteria.

5.1.3 GWS Coverage

As a Class 1 SU, LSA 12-03 was required to undergo a 100% GWS.

5.1.4 Instrumentation

Radiological instrumentation selected for performance of GWS within LSA 12-03 was the Ludlum 44-10 2" x 2" sodium iodide (NaI) detectors, coupled to a Ludlum 2221 scaler-ratemeter.

5.1.5 Scan Minimum Detectable Concentration (MDC)

Scan MDCs for LSA 12-03 were calculated in accordance with HDP-PR-FSS-701, Revision 10, *Final Status Survey Plan Development* and HDP-TBD-FSS-002, Revision 3, *Evaluation and Documentation of the Scanning Minimum Detectable Concentrations (MDC) for Final Status Surveys (FSS)*. As background levels were approximately 9,000 counts per minute (cpm) within LSA 12-03, the scan minimal detection concentration (MDC) calculation for total uranium given in HDP-PR-FSS-701, *Final Status Survey Plan Development*, Step 8.2.6.d, was applied:

$$\text{Scan MDC}_{(\text{total uranium})} = \frac{1}{\left(\left(\frac{f_{U-234}}{3471 \text{ pCi/g}} \right) + \left(\frac{f_{U-235}}{2.2 \text{ pCi/g}} \right) + \left(\frac{f_{U-238}}{29.0 \text{ pCi/g}} \right) \right)}$$

Equation 5-1

To determine isotopic Uranium fractions HDP-PR-FSS-701, Revision 10, *Final Status Survey Plan Development* assumes that the average LSA enrichment is 4% or less. Based on the systematically collected RASS samples in LSA 12-03, the average enrichment for the SU was 2.96%. All other Scan MDC parameters agreed upon between Westinghouse and the NRC were applied (e.g. use of a 2 in air gap, scan rate of 1 ft/sec, 0.75 surveyor efficiency), therefore no subsequent changes to the calculated Scan MDCs need to be made.

Prospectively calculated Scan MDCs for 2" x 2" NaI detectors that were used in LSA 12-03 are shown below:

Table 5-1
Scan MDCs for 2" x 2" NaI detector, 9,000 cpm background: LSA 12-03

	Scan MDC (Total U)	DCGLw (Total U)	Scan MDC (Ra-226)	DCGLw* (Ra-226)	Scan MDC (Th-232)	DCGLw* (Th-232)
LSA 12-03	38.8	50.9	1.14	2.8	0.82	3.0

*DCGLw includes background concentrations of 0.9 pCi/g for Ra-226 (no ingrowth) and 1.0 pCi/g for Th-232. DCGLw values are based on the Uniform Stratum release criteria.

The values in Table 5-1 reflect those presented in the FSS Plans prepared for the SU prior to FSS.

5.1.6 Investigation Action Level

FSSFR Volume 3, Chapter 1, Section 6.1.3, *Investigation Action Level (IAL)*, provides a discussion in regards to the IAL. The basis of the IAL is detailed in HDP memorandum, HEM-15-MEMO-021 "*Evaluation of the Scan IAL for Class 1 areas at the Westinghouse Hematite*

Site". The IAL used during the GWS of LSA 12-03 was established at 4,000 net counts per minute (ncpm).

5.1.7 LSA 12-03 FSS Design Summary

The FSS Plans for LSA 12-03 can be found in Appendix H. Table 5-2 presents an overall FSS design and implementation summary for LSA 12-03.

**Table 5-2
FSS Design Summary for LSA 12-03**

Gamma Walkover Survey (GWS):		
Scan Coverage	100% exposed soil and rock	
Scan MDC	38.8 pCi/g total Uranium (based on a 9,000 cpm background); 0.82 pCi/g Th-232; 1.14 pCi/g Ra-226*	
Investigation Action Level (IAL)	4,000 net cpm **	
Systematic Sampling Locations:		
Depth	Number of Sample	Comments
0 – 15 cm (Surface)	8	These samples will be taken on a random-start systematic grid.
15 cm – 1.5 m (Root)	8	
> 1.5m (Excavation)	8	
Biased Survey/Sampling Locations:		
Biased samples may be collected during GWS at the discretion of the HP Technician, after statistical analysis of the survey data, or at the direction of the RSO or Radiological Engineering.		
Sidewall Sampling Locations:		
A minimum of one (1) discretionary sidewall sample will be collected based on the following definition of "sidewall": sidewall candidates for sampling must be vertical or near vertical (> 45° angle) and at least 12" in height.		
Instrumentation:		
Ludlum 2221 with 44-10 (2x2 NaI) detector; with collimation for investigations	Used for GWS and to obtain static count rates at biased measurement locations.	
*Values based on information provided in HDP-TBD-FSS-002, <i>"Evaluation and Documentation of the Scanning Minimum Detectable Concentrations (MDC) for Final Status Surveys (FSS)</i> . The Scan MDC for total Uranium reflects a conservative assumption of 4% enrichment. The actual RASS enrichment (2.0%) would result in Scan MDC values slightly less than those calculated for FSS planning purposes.		
**IAL is the net count per minute (ncpm) equivalent of an activity concentration less than the Uniform Stratum DCGLw derived from the technical bases presented in HEM-MEMO-15-021 and HDP-TBD-FSS-003 <i>"Modeling and Calculation of Investigative Action Levels for Final Status Soil Survey Units"</i> , Westinghouse, March 2015.		

6.0 FINAL STATUS SURVEY IMPLEMENTATION LSA 12-03

FSS was performed in accordance with procedure HDP-PR-FSS-711, *Final Status Surveys and Sampling of Soil and Sediment*.

6.1 Gamma Walkover Survey

6.1.1 Instrumentation

The selected instrumentation to perform the GWS in LSA 12-03 was a 2" x 2" NaI detector in combination with a Ludlum 2221 rate meter. Each NaI instrumentation set was interfaced with a Trimble DGPS (Digital Global Positioning System) and handheld data logger.

Prior to the first field use of the GWS instrumentation, initial set-ups were performed. Also, daily pre- and post-use source checks were performed for each day that GWS was performed within the SU. Initial set-ups, daily source checks, and control charting were performed according to the requirements of HDP-PR-HP-416, *Operation of the Ludlum 2221 for Final Status Survey*.

6.1.2 GWS Performance

All GWS measurements on the excavation floor and sidewalls collected with the NaI detector(s) were connected to a Trimble DGPS and with a hand-held data logger. The logging frequency in the survey unit was 1 GWS measurement per second. Each gross gamma measurement is correlated to a set of coordinates based on the Missouri East State Plane, NAD 1983.

The GWS requirements involved moving the NaI detector in a side-to-side fashion no faster than 1 foot per second while holding the probe as close as possible to the excavation surface (nominally 1", but not to exceed 3"). At the same time, the technician was required to slowly advance, causing the detector to trace out a serpentine path over the excavation surface.

FSS Technicians performing GWS in LSA 12-03 used the 4,000 ncpm IAL as a field guide to know when to slow or pause the GWS for more deliberate investigation. If during the GWS, audible count rates noticeably increase above the general area average (i.e., > minimum detectable count rate), FSS Technicians were required to pause momentarily and observe count rates. If sustained count rates approached the IAL, further focused investigation was conducted within the locally elevated area.

To use the IAL effectively, FSS Technicians first determined the local background count rate before starting the GWS. Although the ambient gamma level may vary across the SU due to the geometry and relative distance from contaminated materials in nearby remedial excavations, the average background rate (measured at waist level) within the LSA ranged between 9,000 and 10,000 gross counts per minute (gcpm). Therefore, at locations where the 2" x 2" NaI detector measurements exceeded 13,000 to 14,000 gcpm, FSS Technicians slowed or paused the GWS for more careful investigation of the small areas of elevated activity before deciding if "flagging" a point for potential biased sampling was warranted.

Hard to reach areas, and non-typical areas were surveyed manually as necessary in order to assess the potential for an area of elevated residual activity over 100% of the exposed ground surface.

After the GWS survey was complete, the GPS/GWS data was reviewed by Radiological Engineering and the Health Physics (HP) Technician performing the survey to determine if possible areas of elevated residual activity remained within the SU that required biased sample investigation. Areas that were flagged by the HP Technician were considered, as well as a statistical evaluation of the GWS data set. The statistical evaluation determined the mean count rate and standard deviation associated with the GWS and then could be used to identify any areas that exceeded 3 standard deviations above the mean. The number of biased samples to be collected and the locations are based on flagged locations exceeding the IAL, the statistical evaluation of the GWS data set, and the professional judgment of Radiological Engineering.

6.2 Soil Sampling

6.2.1 Systematic Soil Sampling Summary

Table 6-1 provides a summary of systematic sampling by stratum for LSA 12-03.

Table 6-1
Systematic Sampling Summary by Stratum for LSA 12-03

LSA	SU Area, planar (m ²)	Systematic			QC
		Surface	Root	Deep (Excavation)	
12-03	1,982	8	8	8*	2

*Excavation samples were collected and archived, analysis only required if an overlying Root sample exceeds a 0.5 SOF

6.2.2 Systematic Sampling LSA 12-03

Within LSA 12-03, there were 8 systematic locations in which the surface stratum [0 – 15 centimeters (cm)] was sampled in the SU. The underlying root stratum was sampled at all 8 locations. Excavation stratum samples were collected and archived, but were not required to be analyzed since no root stratum sample exceeded a 0.5 Uniform SOF.

Given a planar area of 1,982 m² for LSA 12-03 and an eight - point systematic triangular grid, the point-to-point distance within each row was 16.9 m with spacing of 14.6 m between each of the parallel grid rows within the SU.

While there were eight (8) systematic locations on the LSA 12-03 sampling grid, a total of eighteen (18) samples were collected and analyzed at these locations, including:

- Eight (8) samples collected and analyzed within the surface stratum
- Eight (8) samples collected and analyzed within the root stratum
- Zero (0) samples analyzed within the excavation, or “deep” stratum
- Two (2) Quality Control (QC) field replicate

Figure 6-1 presents the map of the eight systematic sample locations which were sampled within LSA 12-03. The inset table notes the location coordinates (Missouri East, North American Datum (NAD) 1983) and collection intervals for each systematic location.

Figure 6-1
LSA 12-03 Systematic Soil Sample Locations

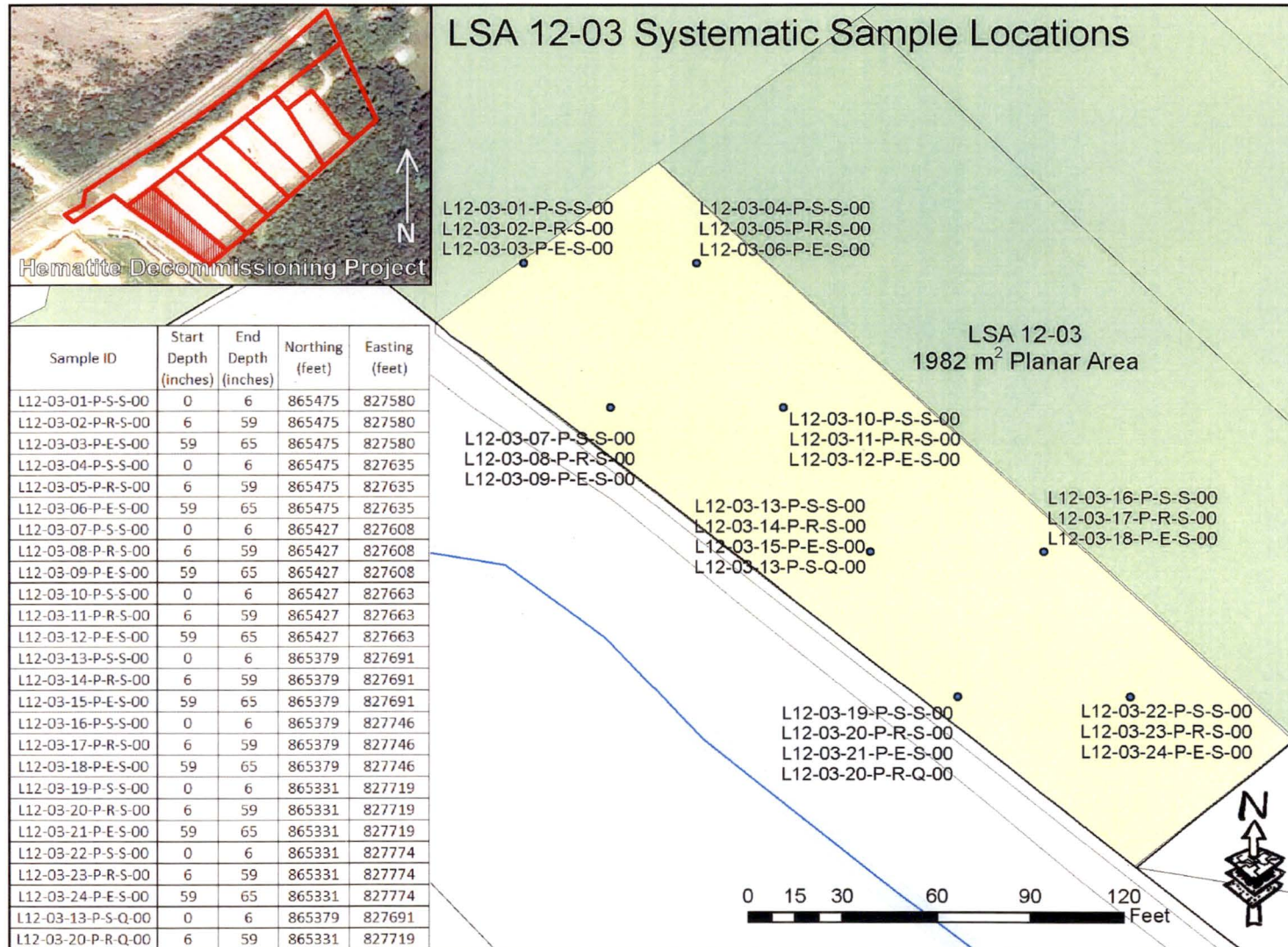


Figure 6-2 below presents a tabular listing of all FSS samples collected within LSA 12-03 with associated IDs, sample types, collection intervals, coordinates, and notes.

Figure 6-2
FSS Sample Locations and Coordinates for LSA 12-03

Hematite Decommissioning Project	Procedure: HDP-PR-FSS-701, Final Status Survey Plan Development		
	Revision: 10	Appendix P-4, Page 1 of 1	

APPENDIX P-4

FSS SAMPLE & MEASUREMENT LOCATIONS & COORDINATES

Survey Area:	<u>LSA 12</u>	Description:	<u>Burial Pits Open Land Area</u>
Survey Unit:	<u>03</u>	Description:	<u>South Eastern Survey Unit in "Area 9"</u>
Survey Type:	<u>FSS</u>	Classification:	<u>Class 1</u>

Measurement or Sample ID	Surface or CSM	Type	Start Elevation*	End Elevation*	Northing** (Y Axis)	Easting** (X Axis)	Remarks / Notes
L12-03-01-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	428.2	427.7	865475	827580	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-03-02-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	427.7	423.3	865475	827580	Root 59-inch composite
L12-03-04-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	430.0	429.5	865475	827635	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-03-05-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	429.5	425.1	865475	827635	Root 59-inch composite
L12-03-07-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	427.6	427.1	865427	827608	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-03-08-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	427.1	422.7	865427	827608	Root 59-inch composite
L12-03-10-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	430.1	429.6	865427	827663	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-03-11-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	429.6	425.1	865427	827663	Root 59-inch composite
L12-03-13-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	429.2	428.7	865379	827691	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-03-14-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	428.7	424.3	865379	827691	Root 59-inch composite
L12-03-16-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	430.1	429.6	865379	827746	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-03-17-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	429.6	425.1	865379	827746	Root 59-inch composite
L12-03-19-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	428.7	428.2	865331	827719	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-03-20-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	428.2	423.8	865331	827719	Root 59-inch composite
L12-03-22-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	430.0	429.5	865331	827774	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-03-23-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	429.5	425.1	865331	827774	Root 59-inch composite
L12-03-13-P-S-Q-00	Uniform	Q	429.2	428.7	865379	827691	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-03-20-P-R-Q-00	Uniform	Q	428.2	423.8	865331	827719	Root 59-inch composite
L12-03-25-P-S-B-00	Uniform	B	430.0	429.5	865441.8	827667.4	Biased 6-inch grab
L12-03-26-P-S-B-00	Uniform	B	430.0	429.5	865304.7	827779.9	Biased 6-inch grab

Green shaded samples are the samples at each sample location, for use in WRS Test.

*Elevations are in feet above mean sea level.

** Missouri - East State Plane Coordinates [North American Datum (NAD) 1983]

Surface: Floor = F; Wall = W; Ceiling = C; Roof = R

CSM: Three-Layer (Surface-Root-Excavation) or Uniform DCGLs used

Type: Systematic = S, Biased = B; QC = Q; Investigation = I

6.3 Biased Soil Sampling

As discussed in FSSFR Volume 3, Chapter 1, Section 6.1.3, there are three key methods for identifying areas for biased soil sampling, the IAL, the Z-score of the FSS GWS, and the professional judgment of the HP Staff. For LSA 12-03 two (2) biased sample locations were selected within the SU based on the evaluation of the GWS survey data and HP Technician professional judgment. These biased locations represented the two maximum GWS measurements encountered within the SU. Biased samples are collected at the prescribed location to a depth of 6 inches below the exposed ground surface.

6.4 Judgmental/Sidewall Sampling for Tc-99

As an un-excavated SU, no Tc-99 sidewall sampling was necessary for LSA 12-03.

6.5 Quality Control Soil Sampling

Two QC field duplicate sample point were randomly selected and collected at systematic locations L12-03-13 and L12-03-20 for LSA 12-03.

7.0 FINAL STATUS SURVEY RESULTS LSA 12-03

7.1 Gamma Walkover Survey

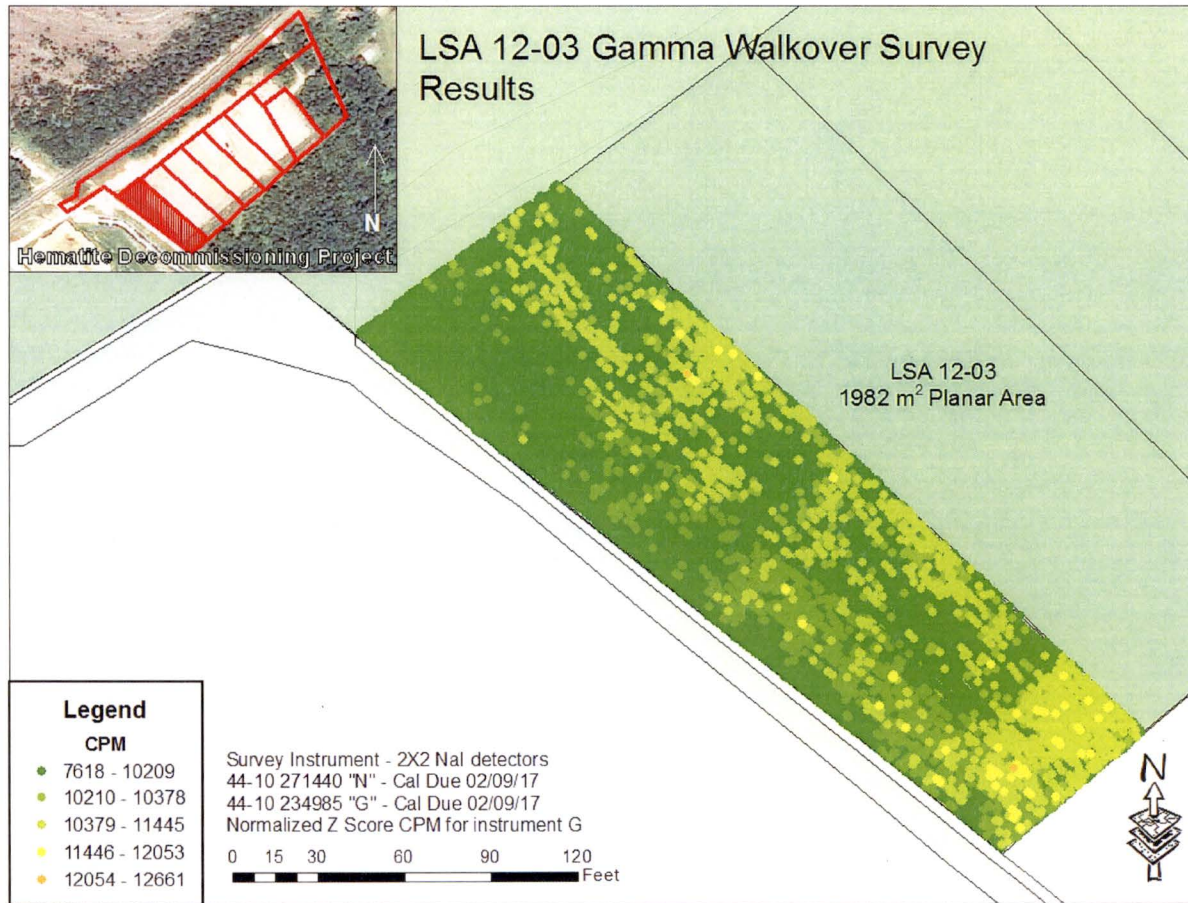
Post-processed GPS coordinate data is accurate to within ± 0.1 m for the handheld GPS models used during the GWS. The GWS maps are plotted and presented in a 2-D format. When multiple data points are collected at the same GPS location during the walkover, the most elevated radiological measurements are plotted "on top" (e.g. if any sidewalls featured more elevated readings than the floor directly below, the sidewall radiological measurements would overlie the lower floor readings).

GWS measurements were collected in LSA 12-03 between May 6, 2016, and May 15, 2016.

7.1.1 GWS Results for LSA 12-03

For LSA 12-03, GWS count rates ranged between 7,618 gcpm and 12,661 gcpm, with a mean count rate of 9,621 gcpm. The median count rate was 10,140 gcpm and the standard deviation was 608 cpm. Figure 7-1 below presents a map of the complete GWS data set.

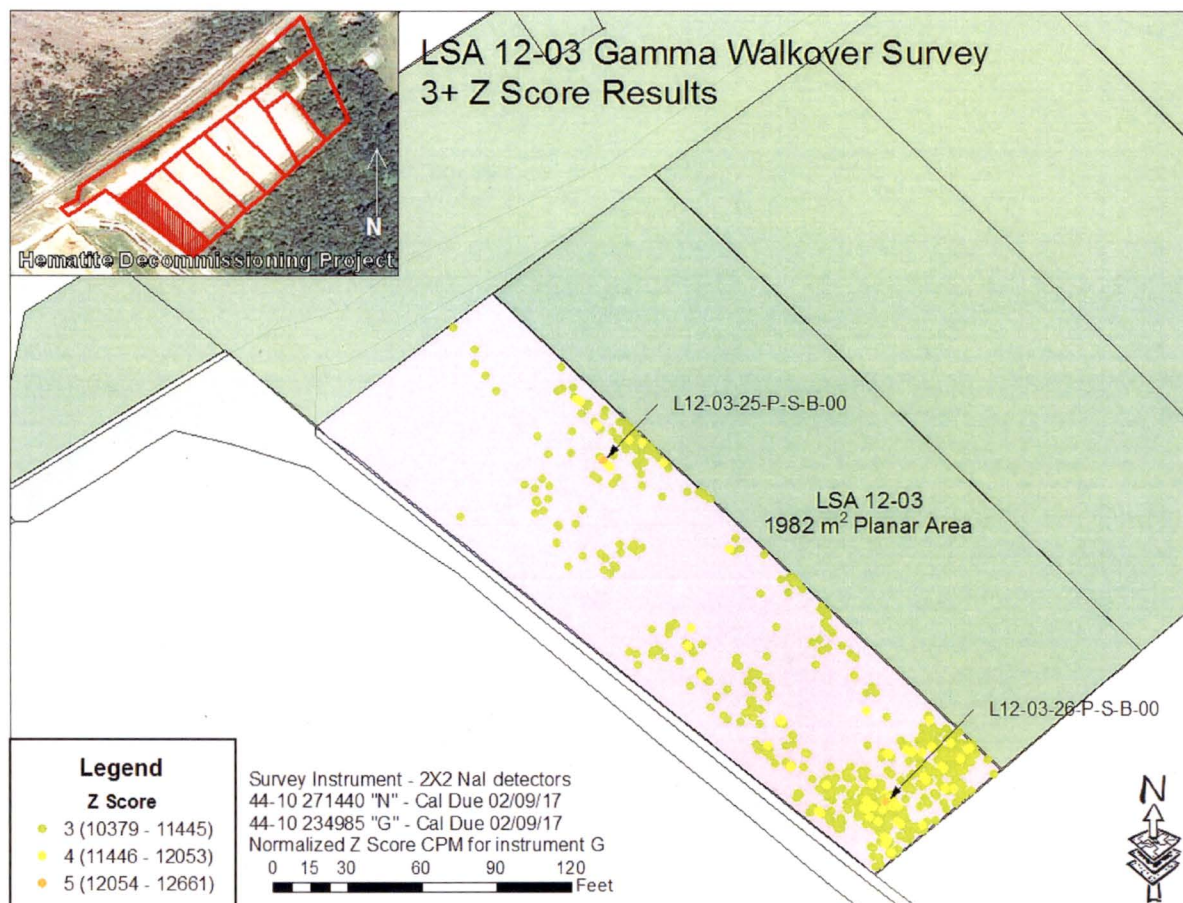
Figure 7-1
Colorimetric GWS Plot for LSA 12-03



An evaluation of the entire GWS data set was performed to evaluate those small areas of elevated activity which exceeded three (3) standard deviations above the GWS mean measurement, (i.e., "+3 Z-score"). Two locations, L12-03-25 and L12-03-26, were selected for biased sample collection. These biased locations represented the maximum GWS measurements encountered within the SU.

Figure 7-2 below presents a map of the +3 Z-score GWS measurements within LSA 12-03, including the selected biased sampling locations (ID: L12-03-25-P-S-B-00 and L12-03-26-P-S-B-00).

Figure 7-2
Colorimetric GWS Plot for LSA 12-03 (Measurements > Z-score of 3)



All GWS data collected in LSA 12-03 was datalogged and post-processed in Graphical Information Software (GIS).

7.1.2 GWS Coverage Results LSA 12-03

FSSFR Volume 3, Chapter 1, Section 6.1.4, *Exposed Surfaces versus Accessible Surfaces*, provides a discussion and the criteria for evaluating the GWS coverage of a SU during FSS.

The post survey processing of the GPS data indicated that although 100% of accessible areas underwent GWS the GWS covered 99.63% of the SU (see Table 7-1). As the evaluation indicates that the GPS coverage exceeded 95% with no readings approaching or exceeding the IAL of 4,000 net cpm in the vicinity of any apparent GPS coverage gaps, the GWS coverage for the SU has been evaluated to meet the intent of the "100% GWS coverage" requirement.

Table 7-1
GWS Gap Analysis LSA 12-03

	Total SU Pixels	GWS Gap Pixels	Gap Percentage	GWS Coverage	MARSSIM Class
LSA 12-03	153,373	574	0.37	99.63	1

7.2 Soil Sample Results LSA 12-03

Appendix A presents the analytical results and associated statistics for all FSS surface samples collected within LSA 12-03.

7.2.1 Surface Soil Sample Results LSA 12-03

There were eight systematic samples collected within the surface stratum (0 – 15 cm) of LSA 12-03. Additionally one QC sample and two biased samples were collected in the topmost layer of soil. The maximum Uniform SOF result for the surface samples was 0.22.

7.2.2 Subsurface Soil Sample Results LSA 12-03

There were eight systematic locations within LSA 12-03 where root stratum composite sampling was necessary. The root stratum zone is between 0.15 and 1.50 m below final grade surface. At each of the eight root stratum composite sampling locations, the top six inches (1.50 – 1.65 m below final grade surface) of the underlying excavation stratum was also collected and archived, however these excavation samples were not required to be analyzed as no overlying root stratum sample exceeded a 0.5 SOF. The maximum SOF result of the subsurface samples collected in LSA 12-03 was 0.33.

7.2.3 WRS Evaluation

Per Step 7.8.3 of HDP-PR-FSS-721 *Final Status Survey Data Evaluation*, the Wilcoxon Rank Sum (WRS) statistical test was not required for LSA 12-03 since the difference between the maximum SU data set gross SOF and the minimum background area SOF was less than one using the Uniform Stratum criteria. However, for illustrative purposes, the WRS evaluation was still performed for LSA 12-03. All systematically collected samples regardless of depth are used to perform the WRS Test, however biased and QC sample results are not utilized in the WRS Test. The 16 systematically collected samples in LSA 12-03 were ranked against the adjusted activity concentrations of the 32 samples collected within the Background Reference Area. The SU passed the WRS Test since the ranked sum of the reference area ranks, or test statistic W_R , (1040) was greater than the critical value (860) for the test. As such, the null hypothesis that the SU average concentration is greater than the $DCGL_W$ was rejected. The WRS evaluation is also included in Appendix A.

7.2.4 Graphical Data Review LSA 12-03

Table 7-2 below presents summary results for the all systematically collected samples (includes surface, and root, but not biased or QC samples) collected within LSA 12-03, and the associated

SOF when compared to the Uniform Stratum DCGL_{ws}. The arithmetic average concentration resulted in a SOF of 0.08.

Table 7-2
LSA 12-03 FSS Sample Data Summary and Calculated SOF Values (Systematic)

Statistic	Ra-226 DCGL = 1.9 BKG = 1.07 (pCi/g)	Tc-99 DCGL = 25.1 (pCi/g)	Th-232 DCGL = 2.0 BKG = 1.0 (pCi/g)	U-234 DCGL=195.4 (pCi/g)	U-235 DCGL=51.6 (pCi/g)	U-238 DCGL=168.8 (pCi/g)	Sample SOF (Uniform DCGL)
Average	0.054	0.195	0.057	1.841	0.060	1.064	0.08
Minimum	0.00 (<BKG)	0.07	0.00 (<BKG)	0.194	-0.131	0.492	0.01
Maximum	0.270	0.450	0.350	4.858	0.268	1.470	-0.33

Notes:

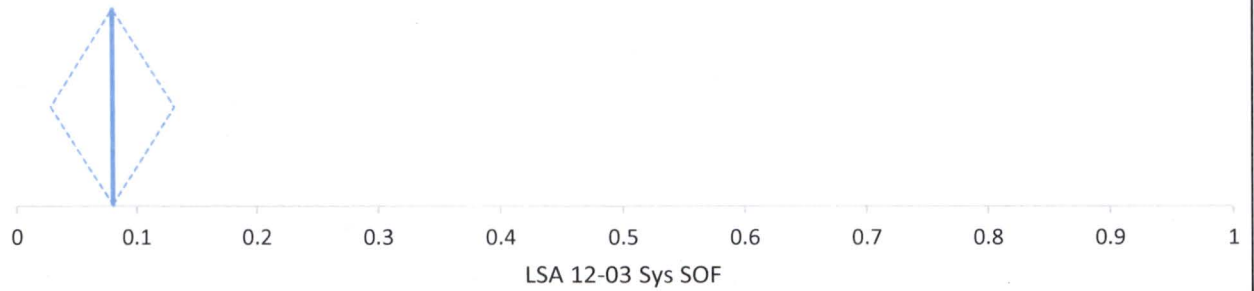
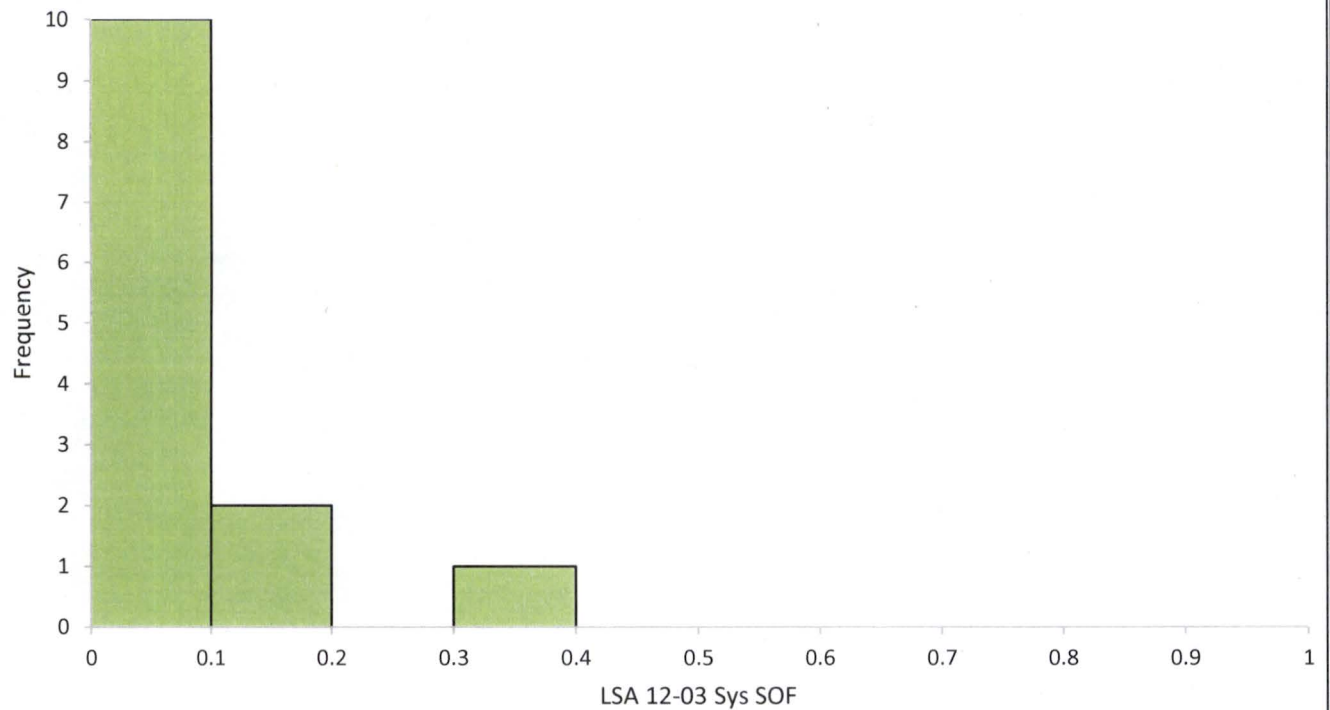
1. Ra-226 and Th-232 background activities subtracted prior to calculating SOF value. Ra-226 background without ingrowth = 0.9 pCi/g; Ra-226 background with ingrowth = 1.07 pCi/g. Negative SOF components are set to zero in SOF calculation.
2. Average SOF for data set calculated using average radionuclide concentrations.
3. U-234 values are inferred from the U-235/U-238 ratio.

Section 8.2.2.2 of MARSSIM recommends a graphical review of FSS analytical data, to include at a minimum, a posting plot and a histogram. A frequency plot, or histogram, is a useful tool for examining the general shape of a data distribution. This plot is a bar chart of the number of data points within a certain range of values. The frequency plot will reveal any obvious departures from symmetry, such as skewness or bimodality (two peaks), in the data distribution for the survey unit. The presence of two peaks in the survey unit frequency plot may indicate the existence of isolated areas of residual radioactivity.

Figure 7-3 presents the overall statistical metrics for the SOF parameter for the 16 systematically collected samples from LSA 12-03. The top graph is a histogram and line plot of the SOF for the systematic data population for LSA 12-03. The middle graph presents the mean SOF (0.08 as indicated by the blue vertical line) of the sample population and the 95% confidence interval of the mean SOF represented by the blue diamond which is 0.03 to 0.13. The 97.75% confidence interval based on the median (0.05) of the sample results is 0.02 to 0.12. The bottom two charts present the various statistical metrics of the LSA 12-03 SOF data set, including the mean, median, standard deviation, minimum, maximum, confidence intervals, etc.

Figure 7-3 exhibits no unusual symmetry or bimodality concerns for the LSA 12-03 data associated with the systematically collected measurement locations.

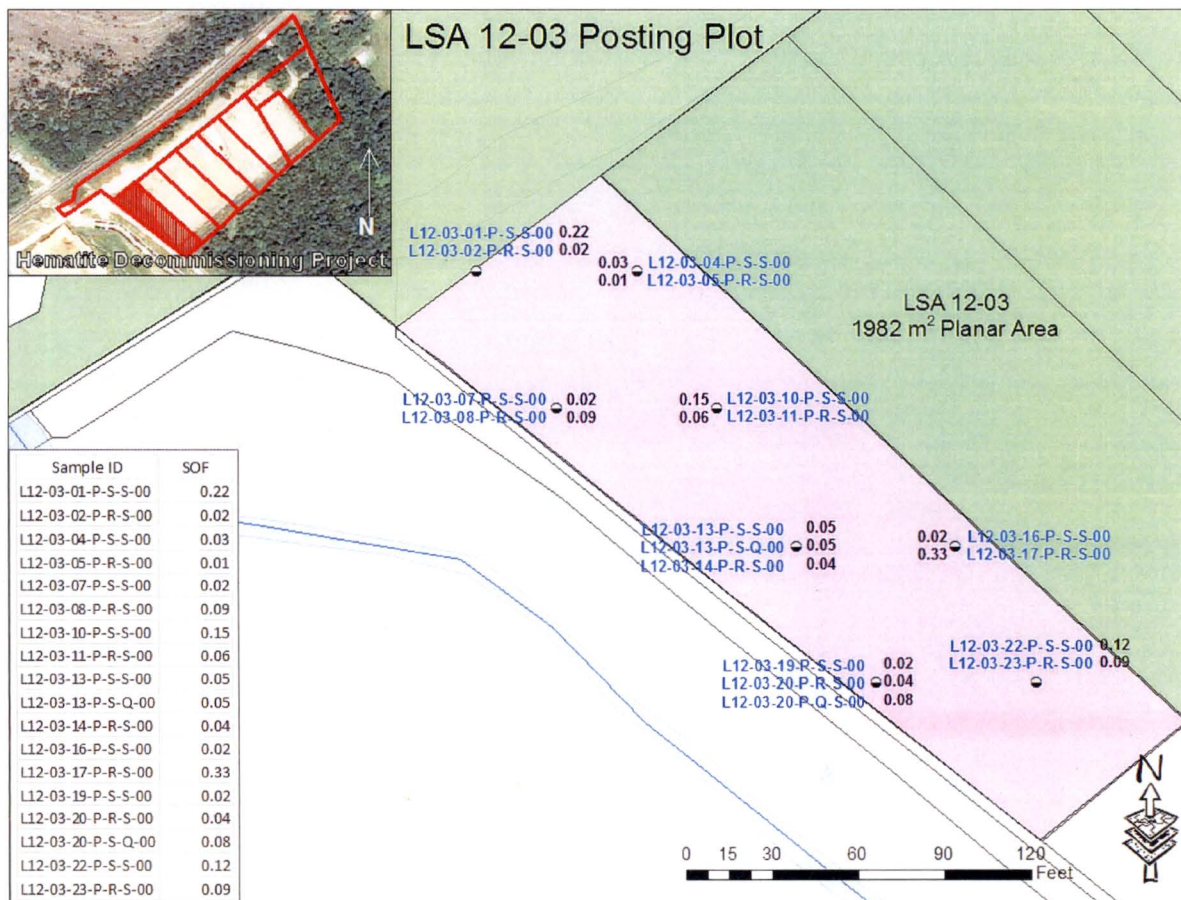
Figure 7-3
Graphic Statistical Summary for LSA 12-03 (SOF parameter)



N	13							
	Mean	95% CI		Mean SE	SD	Variance	Skewness	Kurtosis
LSA 12-03 Sys SOF	0.08	0.03	to 0.13	0.024	0.09	0.01	2.3	6.01
	Minimum	1st quartile	Median	97.75% CI		3rd quartile	Maximum	IQR
LSA 12-03 Sys SOF	0.01	0.02	0.05	0.02	to 0.12	0.10	0.3	0.08

A posting plot is simply a map of the SU with the data values (in this case the SOF values for each systematically collected sample) entered at the measurement locations. This potentially reveals heterogeneities in the data – especially possible patches of elevated residual radioactivity. The posting plot for LSA 12-03 is presented below in Figure 7-4. Figure 7-4 shows no unusual patterns in the data.

Figure 7-4
Posting Plot for LSA 12-03 Systematic Measurement Locations



Appendix A to this report presents the complete analytical data set (in Microsoft Excel format) used to derive the summary statistics presented in Table 7-2, Figure 7-3, and Figure 7-4 above. A summary of the analytical data is presented in Table 7-3 below. Appendix O to this report presents the TestAmerica Analytical Laboratory soil sample reports.

**Table 7-3
Final Status Survey Analytical Data: LSA 12-03**

Sample ID	Sample Depth (ft)	Type (Systematic, Bias, QC)	TestAmerica Analytical Results																								Enr.	SOF						
			Ra-226						Tc-99					Th-232					Inferred U-234				U-235						U-238					
			Result	Uncertainty	MDC	Qualifier	Net Result*	Corrected Result	Result	Corrected Result	Uncertainty	MDC	Qualifier	Result	Uncertainty	MDC	Qualifier	Net Result**	Corrected Result	Result	Uncertainty	MDC	Qualifier	Result	Uncertainty	MDC			Qualifier	Result	Uncertainty	MDC	Qualifier	Result
L12-03-01-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	1.330	0.205	0.084	N/A	0.260	0.260	0.450	0.450	0.094	0.247	N/A	1.060	0.197	0.133	N/A	0.060	0.060	3.972	NA	NA	NA	0.216	0.208	0.259	U	1.470	0.678	1.020	N/A	2.3	0.22	
L12-03-02-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	1.050	0.145	0.061	N/A	-0.020	0.000	0.093	0.093	0.032	0.252	U	1.000	0.152	0.112	N/A	0.000	0.000	1.421	NA	NA	NA	0.073	0.282	0.468	U	0.981	0.494	0.764	N/A	1.2	0.02	
L12-03-04-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	0.900	0.153	0.079	N/A	-0.170	0.000	0.405	0.405	0.108	0.232	N/A	1.010	0.190	0.129	N/A	0.010	0.010	0.194	NA	NA	NA	0.004	0.374	0.625	U	0.904	0.355	0.918	U	0.1	0.03	
L12-03-05-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	0.957	0.132	0.059	N/A	-0.113	0.000	0.007	0.007	0.075	0.234	U	0.935	0.143	0.082	N/A	-0.065	0.000	1.210	NA	NA	NA	0.000	0.116	0.517	U	1.210	0.674	0.833	N/A	0.7	0.01	
L12-03-07-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	1.060	0.159	0.072	N/A	-0.010	0.000	0.273	0.273	0.094	0.233	N/A	0.977	0.179	0.151	N/A	-0.023	0.000	1.503	NA	NA	NA	0.082	0.189	0.315	U	0.492	0.238	1.160	U	2.6	0.02	
L12-03-08-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	1.180	0.184	0.088	N/A	0.110	0.110	0.007	0.007	0.044	0.242	U	1.050	0.211	0.139	N/A	0.050	0.050	0.367	NA	NA	NA	0.008	0.068	0.687	U	1.350	0.652	0.991	N/A	0.1	0.09	
L12-03-10-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	1.130	0.160	0.075	N/A	0.060	0.060	0.366	0.366	0.154	0.246	N/A	1.180	0.175	0.130	N/A	0.180	0.180	1.210	NA	NA	NA	-0.131	0.613	0.549	U	1.210	0.534	0.810	N/A	0.7	0.15	
L12-03-11-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	1.090	0.176	0.082	N/A	0.020	0.020	0.231	0.231	0.083	0.246	U	1.020	0.188	0.101	N/A	0.020	0.020	3.383	NA	NA	NA	0.184	0.148	0.200	U	1.240	0.596	0.907	N/A	2.3	0.06	
L12-03-13-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	1.070	0.147	0.056	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.394	0.394	0.053	0.233	N/A	0.898	0.141	0.089	N/A	-0.102	0.000	4.858	NA	NA	NA	0.268	0.150	0.183	N/A	1.140	0.307	0.739	N/A	3.6	0.05	
L12-03-14-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	1.070	0.168	0.081	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.161	0.161	0.041	0.237	U	1.040	0.202	0.128	N/A	0.040	0.040	1.429	NA	NA	NA	0.074	0.129	0.658	U	0.954	0.357	0.829	N/A	1.2	0.04	
L12-03-16-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	1.060	0.146	0.061	N/A	-0.010	0.000	0.031	0.031	0.083	0.236	U	1.020	0.155	0.109	N/A	0.020	0.020	0.805	NA	NA	NA	-0.126	0.176	0.536	U	0.805	0.476	0.746	N/A	0.7	0.02	
L12-03-17-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	1.340	0.202	0.078	N/A	0.270	0.270	0.081	0.081	0.062	0.239	U	1.350	0.253	0.117	N/A	0.350	0.350	0.833	NA	NA	NA	-0.123	0.297	0.680	U	0.833	0.346	0.981	U	0.7	0.33	
L12-03-19-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	0.853	0.122	0.052	N/A	-0.217	0.000	0.230	0.230	0.040	0.221	N/A	0.902	0.140	0.094	N/A	-0.098	0.000	1.166	NA	NA	NA	0.060	0.123	0.306	U	0.850	0.258	0.646	N/A	1.1	0.02	
L12-03-20-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	1.040	0.152	0.078	N/A	-0.030	0.000	0.058	0.058	0.065	0.231	U	1.040	0.182	0.153	N/A	0.040	0.040	1.567	NA	NA	NA	0.083	0.225	0.375	U	0.880	0.521	0.814	N/A	1.5	0.04	
L12-03-22-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	1.110	0.156	0.069	N/A	0.040	0.040	0.268	0.268	0.040	0.239	N/A	1.140	0.185	0.089	N/A	0.140	0.140	1.842	NA	NA	NA	0.094	0.192	0.513	U	1.440	0.536	0.796	N/A	1.1	0.12	
L12-03-23-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	1.180	0.191	0.099	N/A	0.110	0.110	0.064	0.064	0.056	0.227	U	0.916	0.230	0.155	N/A	-0.084	0.000	3.700	NA	NA	NA	0.202	0.171	0.238	U	1.260	0.639	0.981	N/A	2.5	0.09	
L12-03-13-P-S-Q-00	0.00	Q	1.070	0.161	0.070	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.560	0.560	0.176	0.227	N/A	0.954	0.172	0.107	N/A	-0.046	0.000	3.622	NA	NA	NA	0.196	0.120	0.169	N/A	1.470	0.579	0.856	N/A	2.1	0.05	
L12-03-20-P-R-Q-00	0.50	Q	0.866	0.144	0.078	N/A	-0.204	0.000	0.061	0.061	0.044	0.244	U	1.120	0.217	0.135	N/A	0.120	0.120	1.395	NA	NA	NA	0.069	0.274	0.458	U	1.250	0.589	0.894	N/A	0.9	0.08	
L12-03-25-P-S-B-00	0.00	B	0.828	0.147	0.084	N/A	-0.242	0.000	0.636	0.636	0.129	0.234	N/A	1.110	0.183	0.142	N/A	0.110	0.110	3.083	NA	NA	NA	0.168	0.161	0.213	U	1.070	0.346	0.867	N/A	2.4	0.11	
L12-03-26-P-S-B-00	0.00	B	1.080	0.160	0.067	N/A	0.010	0.010	0.320	0.320	0.067	0.225	N/A	1.140	0.223	0.121	N/A	0.140	0.140	6.703	NA	NA	NA	0.370	0.166	0.190	N/A	1.460	0.550	0.801	N/A	3.8	0.14	
Systematic Minimum			0.000						0.007					0.000					0.194				-0.131				0.492				1.6	0.01		
Systematic Maximum			0.270						0.450					0.350					4.858				0.268				1.470					0.33		
Systematic Mean			0.054						0.195					0.057					1.841				0.060				1.064					0.08		
Systematic Median			0.000						0.196					0.020					1.425				0.074				1.061					0.05		
Systematic Standard Deviation			0.091						0.153					0.094					1.372				0.121				0.268					0.09		
			With ingrowth, use Ra226 bkg = 1.07											Th232 bkg = 1.0																				

NOTES:

Gross results in units of pCi/g.

* Background with ingrowth (1.07 pCi/g) subtracted from gross result.

**Background (1.0 pCi/g) subtracted from gross result.

U Qualifier: Result is less than the sample detection limit.

All uncertainty values are reported at the 2-sigma confidence level.

7.2.5 Biased Soil Sample Result LSA 12-03

Two (2) biased samples were collected from LSA 12-03. The sample collected at location L12-03-26 represented the maximum GWS measurement (12,661 gcpm) within the SU, and had a result of 0.14 Uniform SOF.

7.2.6 Quality Control Soil Sample Result LSA 12-03

Two QC field duplicate sample points were randomly selected for LSA 12-03 which were collected at systematic locations L12-03-13 and L12-03-20.

For the 18 samples (i.e., 16 systematic + 2 biased) collected within LSA 12-03, two field duplicate samples were collected. This frequency equates to 11.1%, (i.e. 2/18). Form HDP-PR-FSS-703-1 documents that the duplicate sample result comparison with the partner's sample results that all comparison criteria were less than the calculated warning limits (see Figure 7-5 below).

Figure 7-5
Form HDP-PR-FSS-703-1 Field Duplicate Sample Assessment LSA 12-03 (1 of 2)

Hematite Decommissioning Project	Procedure: HDP-PR-FSS-703, Final Status Survey Quality Control											
								Revision: 2	Page 1 of 1			
FORM HDP-PR-FSS-703-1 FIELD DUPLICATE SAMPLE ASSESSMENT												
Survey Unit No.:	LSA 12-03				Survey Unit Description:	Class 1 Laydown Land Area in "Area 13"						
Sample ID	Field Duplicate Sample ID	Radionuclide	Sample (pCi/g)		Field Duplicate Sample (pCi/g)		Average Activity (\bar{x}) (pCi/g)	Nuclide DCGL (pCi/g)	Statistic ²	Warning Limit	Control Limit	Statistic Exceeds Limit? (Y/N)
			Activity (x_i)	MDC	Activity (\bar{x}_i)	MDC						
L12-03-13-P-S-S-00	L12-03-13-P-S-Q-00	Ra-226	1.07	0.0557	1.07	0.0703	1.070	1.9	0	0.269	0.403	N
L12-03-13-P-S-S-00	L12-03-13-P-S-Q-00	Tc-99	0.394	0.233	0.56	0.227	0.477	25.1	0.166	3.552	5.321	N
L12-03-13-P-S-S-00	L12-03-13-P-S-Q-00	Th-232	0.898	0.0889	0.954	0.107	0.926	2.0	0.056	0.283	0.424	N
L12-03-13-P-S-S-00	L12-03-13-P-S-Q-00	U-234 ¹	4.858	N/A	3.622	N/A	4.240	195.4	1.236	27.649	41.425	N
L12-03-13-P-S-S-00	L12-03-13-P-S-Q-00	U-235	0.268	0.183	0.196	0.169	0.232	51.6	0.072	7.301	10.939	N
L12-03-13-P-S-S-00	L12-03-13-P-S-Q-00	U-238	1.14	0.739	1.47	0.856	1.305	168.8	0.330	23.885	35.786	N
<p>Comments:</p> <p>1. U-234 is inferred, no MDC available.</p> <p>2. Duplicate assessment is not necessary if the result of either sample is < MDC.</p>												
Performed by: <i>Thomas Yordy</i>						Reviewed by: <i>W. Clark Evers</i>						
Date: <i>11-23-16</i>						Date: <i>11/23/16</i>						
Quality Record												

**Figure 7-5
Form HDP-PR-FSS-703-1 Field Duplicate Sample Assessment LSA 12-03 (2 of 2)**

Hematite Decommissioning Project	Procedure: HDP-PR-FSS-703, Final Status Survey Quality Control		
		Revision: 2	Page 1 of 1

**FORM HDP-PR-FSS-703-1
FIELD DUPLICATE SAMPLE ASSESSMENT**

Survey Unit No.:		Survey Unit Description: Class I Laydown Land Area in "Area 13"										
Sample ID	Field Duplicate Sample ID	Radionuclide	Sample (pCi/g)		Field Duplicate Sample (pCi/g)		Average Activity (\bar{x}) (pCi/g)	Nuclide DCGL (pCi/g)	Statistic ²	Warning Limit	Control Limit	Statistic Exceeds Limit? (Y/N)
			Activity (x_i)	MDC	Activity (x_i)	MDC						
L12-03-20-P-R-S-00	L12-03-20-P-R-Q-00	Ra-226	1.04	0.0783	0.866	0.0782	0.953	1.9	0.174	0.269	0.403	N
L12-03-20-P-R-S-00	L12-03-20-P-R-Q-00	Tc-99	0.0577	0.231	0.0609	0.244	0.059	25.1	NA	3.552	5.321	NA
L12-03-20-P-R-S-00	L12-03-20-P-R-Q-00	Th-232	1.04	0.153	1.12	0.135	1.080	2.0	0.080	0.283	0.424	N
L12-03-20-P-R-S-00	L12-03-20-P-R-Q-00	U-234 ¹	1.567	N/A	1.395	N/A	1.481	195.4	0.171	27.649	41.425	N
L12-03-20-P-R-S-00	L12-03-20-P-R-Q-00	U-235	0.0827	0.375	0.0692	0.458	0.076	51.6	NA	7.301	10.939	NA
L12-03-20-P-R-S-00	L12-03-20-P-R-Q-00	U-238	0.88	0.814	1.25	0.894	1.065	168.8	0.370	23.885	35.786	N

Comments:

- U-234 is inferred, no MDC available.
- Duplicate assessment is not necessary if the result of either sample is < MDC.

Performed by:

Thomas Yearby

Reviewed by:

W. Clark Evans / W. Clark

Date:

11-23-16

Date:

11/23/16

Quality Record

7.3 Tc-99 Hot Spot Assessment LSA 12-03

There is no historical sampling data available for this area since it was always considered a non-impacted area prior to the storage of potential reuse soils within the LSA. As a previously non-impacted area there is no history of a Tc-99 sample result ever exceeding the Tc-99 Uniform DCGL_w, as only potential reuse soil was placed within the LSA. The highest Tc-99 sample result collected from both Final RASS and FSS was 2.42 pCi/g. Therefore there is no concern for a potential Tc-99 hot spot exceeding the DCGL_w of 25.1, and there is no reason to perform a Tc-99 hot spot assessment.

8.0 ALARA EVALUATION LSA 12-03

All samples collected within LSA 12-03 were evaluated against the Uniform Stratum DCGL_w. For LSA 12-03 no sample result exceeded a SOF of 1.0. The average SOF result, based on all systematically collected samples, was 0.08 for LSA 12-03. The average SOF equates to residual activity contributions from the survey unit area of 2.0 mrem/yr for LSA 12-03. Groundwater Monitoring Well data provided in FSSFR Volume 6, Chapters 2 and 3 {ML16287A528}, and Chapter 4 {ML16342B552}, indicate that the groundwater dose contribution will be a fraction of the MCLs. Nevertheless, a maximum groundwater contribution assumption of 4.0 mrem/yr based upon the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) MCLs will be added to the total estimated dose for LSA 12-03. Adding these dose contributions together, the total estimated dose for LSA 12-03 is 6 mrem/yr.

Since the estimated Total Effective Dose Equivalent is well below the regulatory release criterion of 25 mrem/yr, the conclusion of the ALARA evaluation is that the FSS of LSA 12-03 was successful and that there would be no discernable benefit to the health and safety of the public in attempting to further reduce the results of FSS by performing remediation of LSA 12-03.

9.0 FSS PLAN DEVIATIONS LSA 12-03

9.1 Remedial Actions during FSS

There was no remedial action after FSS in LSA 12-03.

9.2 Adjustments to Scan MDC Calculations

Scan MDCs for LSA 12-03 were calculated in accordance with HDP-PR-FSS-701, Revision 10, *Final Status Survey Plan Development* and HDP-TBD- FSS-002, Revision 3, *Evaluation and Documentation of the Scanning Minimum Detectable Concentrations (MDC) for Final Status Surveys (FSS)*. The assumed LSA background count rate of 9,000 cpm was applied to determine the prospective Scan MDCs, and the actual mean count rate from the FSS survey was 9,621 cpm. Therefore the calculated Scan MDCs are appropriate, and no adjustments need to be made.

10.0 DATA QUALITY ASSESSMENT

The Data Quality Objective (DQO) process is thoroughly integrated within the DP and Hematite FSS procedures. The steps of the DQO process are presented in Volume 3, Chapter 1, Section 4.0 of the FSSFR and correspond to the DQO steps described in Chapter 14, Section 4.2.1 of the DP. The HDP DQO process reflects the recommendations given in MARSSIM, Chapter 2, Figure 2-2.

10.1 Data Quality Assessment for LSA 12-03

The Data Quality Assessment of the survey methodology, sampling and sample analysis results, and the Quality Control sampling and analysis results to ascertain the validity of the conclusion for LSA 12-03 (see Figure 10-1) provides the following:

- The field and laboratory instruments utilized were capable of detecting activity at an MDC less than the appropriate investigation level, and were verified to be operable prior to and after use in accordance with HDP-PR-HP-416 (*Operation of the Ludlum 2221 for Final Status Survey*).
- The calibration of all instruments that were used to measure or analyze data was current at the time of use and the calibrations of the instruments were performed using a NIST traceable source. The instruments used were successfully source checked prior to and after use.
- The systematic samples that were collected (on a random-start triangular grid) and the gamma scan surveys that were conducted were performed in accordance with procedure HDP-PR-FSS-711, *Final Status Surveys and Sampling of Soil and Sediment*.
- All samples sent for analysis at the approved offsite laboratory (TestAmerica) were tracked on a chain of custody form in accordance with HDP-PR-QA-006, *Chain of Custody*.
- Quality Control sample results were verified to meet the acceptance criteria as specified in HDP-PR-FSS-703, *Final Status Survey Quality Control*.
- LSA 12-03 survey and sample results were independently reviewed and validated in accordance with HDP-PR-FSS-721 *Final Status Survey Data Validation*.
- The WRS Test is not necessary when the difference between the maximum survey unit data set measurement SOF and the minimum background area measurement SOF is less than or equal to one. For LSA 12-03, no individual gross SOF result in the FSS data set exceeded the SOF of the minimum background reference area measurement by more than one using the Uniform Stratum criteria. Therefore, the WRS Test was not required for LSA 12-03. However, the WRS Test was still performed for illustrative purposes. Since the test statistic, WR (1040) exceeded the critical value (860), the FSS data set passed the WRS Test and the null hypothesis was rejected. The WRS Test worksheet is presented in Appendix A.
- Two biased soil samples were collected from the locations of the highest gamma count rate within the SU, with a maximum result of 0.14 Uniform SOF.

- The maximum SOF result for all surface samples within LSA 12-03 was 0.22. The maximum SOF result for all subsurface samples within LSA 12-03 was 0.33. The average SOF result for all systematically collected samples within LSA 12-03 was 0.08, with an upper 95% confidence level (UCL_{mean} 0.95) of 0.13.
- No FSS sample result in LSA 12-03 exceeded a SOF of 1.0 as compared to the Uniform Stratum criteria, therefore an elevated measurement comparison (EMC) or supplemental investigations was not required. For the same reason, no comparisons to the alternate "Three-Layer" multi-CSM (i.e. Surface, Root and Excavation) DCGLs were necessary.
- A retrospective sampling frequency evaluation was performed to determine if sufficient statistical power exists to reject the null hypothesis based on the total number (8) of systematic samples actually collected within LSA 12-03. The successful result of the retrospective power evaluation presented in Table 10-1 for LSA 12-03 indicates that the minimum number of samples required (8) for the WRS Test were equal to the number of sampling locations actually collected within LSA 12-03. The methodology used for the retrospective sampling frequency evaluation is similar to the prospective sample size determination performed during FSS Plan Development except that actual FSS sample results and statistics are used in the sample size verification. Specifically, the mean and standard deviation of the eight LSA surface samples (i.e., the WRS Test sample data set) are used to derive the relative shift for each LSA. Given the HDP Type I and Type II errors of 0.05 and 0.10, respectively, the calculated relative shift is then correlated to a minimum sample size number as provided in Table 5-1 of MARSSIM.
- HDP staff ensured that a visual inspection of the SU configuration and of the Isolation & Control measures were performed periodically, and confirmed that there were no instances of potential cross contamination from weather events until the FSS of all remaining areas at HDP were completed.

Table 10-1
Retrospective Sample Size Verification for LSA 12-03

Uniform DCGL Criteria Evaluation	
N/2 Value Verification	
Isotope(s)	SOF (Ra/Tc/Th/Iso U)
St. Dev.	0.09
DCGL _{SOF}	1
LBGR (Mean)	0.08
Shift	0.92
Relative Shift (Δ/σ)	10.59
MARSSIM Table 5.1 (P_r)	1.000000
N	12
N + 20%	14.4
N/2	8
FSS N/2	8
Verification Check	SUFFICIENT MEASUREMENTS
<p>"N/2" Corresponds to the number of survey unit measurement locations required for the WRS Test</p>	

MARSSIM Table 5.1

Δ/σ	P_r
0.1	0.528182
0.2	0.556223
0.3	0.583985
0.4	0.611335
0.5	0.638143
0.6	0.664290
0.7	0.689665
0.8	0.714167
0.9	0.737710
1.0	0.760217
1.1	0.781627
1.2	0.801892
1.3	0.820978
1.4	0.838864
1.5	0.855541
1.6	0.871014
1.7	0.885299
1.8	0.898420
1.9	0.910413
2.0	0.921319
2.25	0.944167
2.5	0.961428
2.75	0.974067
3.0	0.983039
3.5	0.993329
4.0	0.997658
4.01	1.000000

MARSSIM Table 5.2, $\alpha = 0.05$, $\beta = 0.10$

α (or β)	$Z_{1-\alpha}$ (or $Z_{1-\beta}$)
0.005	2.576
0.01	2.326
0.015	2.241
0.025	1.960
0.05	1.645
0.10	1.282
0.15	1.036
0.2	0.842
0.25	0.674
0.30	0.524

α
 β

**Figure 10-1
Data Evaluation Checklists prepared for LSA 12-03 (page 1 of 2)**

Hematite Decommissioning Project	Procedure: HDP-PR-FSS-721, Final Status Survey Data Evaluation		
		Revision: 10	Appendix G-1, Page 1 of 2

**APPENDIX G-1
FINAL STATUS SURVEY DATA QUALITY OBJECTIVES REVIEW CHECKLIST**

Survey Area: LSA 12 **Description:** Laydown Area, Plant Soils SEA
Survey Unit: 03 **Description:** Class 1 Laydown Land Area in "Area 13"

1. Have all measurements and/or analysis results that will be subjected to data analysis for FSS been individually reviewed and validated in accordance with Section 8.1 of this procedure? Yes No
2. Have all systematic measurements and/or samples been taken or acquired at the locations specified in the FSSP and the FSS Sample Instructions? Yes No
3. Have all scans surveys been performed of the areas specified as required in the FSSP and the FSS Sample Instructions? Yes No
4. Have all biased measurements and/or samples been taken or acquired at the locations specified in the FSSP & the FSS Sample Instructions? Yes No NA
5. Have duplicate and/or split samples or measurements been taken or acquired at each location designated as a QC sample? Yes No NA
6. Were the instruments used to measure or analyze the survey data capable of detecting the ROCs or gross activity at a MDC less than the appropriate investigation level? Yes No
7. Was the calibration of all instruments that were used to measure or analyze data, current at the time of use and were those calibrations performed using a NIST traceable source? Yes No
8. Were the instruments successfully response-checked before use and, where required, after use on the day the data was measured? Yes No
9. Do the samples match those identified on the chain of custody? Yes No NA
10. Do the QC Sample Results meet the acceptance criteria as specified in HDP-PR-FSS-703, Final Status Survey Quality Control? Yes No
11. Are all Laboratory QC parameters within acceptable limits? Yes No

If "No" was the response to any of the questions above, then document the discrepancy as well as any corrective actions that were taken to resolve the discrepancy.

Comments: N/A

Figure 10-1
Data Evaluation Checklists prepared for LSA 12-03 (page 2 of 2)

Hematite Decommissioning Project	Procedure: HDP-PR-FSS-721, Final Status Survey Data Evaluation		
		Revision: 10	Appendix G-1, Page 2 of 2
APPENDIX G-1 FINAL STATUS SURVEY DATA QUALITY OBJECTIVES REVIEW CHECKLIST			
Survey Area:	<u>LSA 12</u>	Description:	<u>Laydown Area, Plant Soils SEA</u>
Survey Unit:	<u>03</u>	Description:	<u>Class 1 Laydown Land Area in "Area 13"</u>
Discrepancy:	<u>N/A</u>		
<hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/>			
Corrective Actions Taken:	<u>N/A</u>		
<hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/>			
11. Have the corrective actions resolved the discrepancy with the data?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>	NA <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
a. If "No", then forward this form to the RSO.			
12. The following questions will be answered by the RSO.			
a. If the answer to question 11 was "No", then is the affected data still valid?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>	NA <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
b. If "No", then are the existing valid measurements or samples sufficient to demonstrate compliance for the survey unit?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>	NA <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
c. If "No", then direct the acquisition of additional measurements or samples as necessary to demonstrate compliance for the survey unit.			
Prepared by (HP Staff):	<u>Thomas Yarity</u> (Print Name)	<u>[Signature]</u> (Signature)	<u>11-23-16</u> (Date)
Approved by (RSO):	<u>W. Clark Evans</u> (Print Name)	<u>W. Clark Evans</u> (Signature)	<u>11/23/16</u> (Date)
Quality Record			

11.0 CONCLUSION LSA 12-03

An adequate quantity and quality of radiological surveys and samples, as well as the corresponding laboratory analysis has been performed, evaluated and documented to demonstrate that the dose associated with all sources within SU LSA 12-03 does not to exceed the dose criterion for unrestricted release in accordance with 10 CFR 20.1402.

**Table 11-1
LSA 12-03 SOF and Dose Summation**

	AVE. SU SOIL RADIOACTIVITY	ELEVATED AREA CONTRIBUTION	GROUND WATER	BURIED PIPING	REUSE SOIL	TOTAL
SOF	0.08	N/A	0.16	N/A	N/A	0.24
DOSE	2.0 mrem/year	N/A	4.0 mrem/year	N/A	N/A	6.0 mrem/year

12.0 FINAL STATUS SURVEY DESIGN LSA 12-04

This section of the report describes the method for determining the number of samples required for the FSS of LSA 12-04 as well as summarizing the applicable requirements of the FSS Plan. These include the DCGL_w, scan survey coverage, and IAL. The radiological instrumentation used in the FSS of LSA 12-04 and their detection sensitivities are also discussed.

12.1 FSS Plan Design Requirements

FSS Plan requirements for LSA 12-04 were driven by the type (Open Land) and Class (Class 1) of the SU and developed in accordance with HDP procedure, HDP-PR-FSS-701, Revision 10, *Final Status Survey Plan Development*, November 2015.

12.1.1 Surrogate Evaluation Areas

A discussion of Surrogate Evaluation Areas is given in the FSSFR Volume 3, Chapter 1, Section 5.0, *Final Status Survey Design*.

12.1.2 DCGL_w

During the FSS design process a review was performed of the RASS data for LSA 12-04. The RASS data was used as confirmation that no known areas of residual radioactivity remained within the SU that exceeded the Uniform Stratum DCGL_w. Therefore the Uniform Stratum DCGL_w was selected for use in demonstrating compliance with the release criteria.

12.1.3 GWS Coverage

As a Class 1 SU, LSA 12-04 was required to undergo a 100% GWS.

12.1.4 Instrumentation

Radiological instrumentation selected for performance of GWS within LSA 12-04 was the Ludlum 44-10 2" x 2" NaI detectors, coupled to a Ludlum 2221 scaler-ratemeter.

12.1.5 Scan Minimum Detectable Concentration

Scan MDCs for LSA 12-04 were calculated in accordance with HDP-PR-FSS-701, Revision 10, *Final Status Survey Plan Development* and HDP-TBD- FSS-002, Revision 3, *Evaluation and Documentation of the Scanning Minimum Detectable Concentrations (MDC) for Final Status Surveys (FSS)*. As background levels were approximately 10,000 cpm within LSA 12-04, the scan MDC calculation for total uranium given in HDP-PR-FSS-701, *Final Status Survey Plan Development*, Step 8.2.6.d, was applied:

$$\text{Scan MDC}_{(\text{total uranium})} = \frac{1}{\left(\left(\frac{f_{U-234}}{3659 \text{ pCi/g}} \right) + \left(\frac{f_{U-235}}{2.32 \text{ pCi/g}} \right) + \left(\frac{f_{U-238}}{30.6 \text{ pCi/g}} \right) \right)}$$

Equation 12-1

To determine isotopic Uranium fractions HDP-PR-FSS-701, Revision 10, *Final Status Survey Plan Development* assumes that the average LSA enrichment is 4% or less. Based on the systematically collected RASS samples in LSA 12-04, the average enrichment for the SU was 2.96%. All other Scan MDC parameters agreed upon between Westinghouse and the NRC were applied (e.g. use of a 2 in air gap, scan rate of 1 ft/sec, 0.75 surveyor efficiency), therefore no subsequent changes to the calculated Scan MDCs need to be made.

Prospectively calculated Scan MDCs for 2" x 2" NaI detectors that were used in LSA 12-04 are shown below:

Table 12-1
Scan MDCs for 2" x 2" NaI detector, 10,000 cpm background: LSA 12-04

	Scan MDC (Total U)	DCGLw (Total U)	Scan MDC (Ra-226)	DCGLw* (Ra-226)	Scan MDC (Th-232)	DCGLw* (Th-232)
LSA 12-04	40.9	46.6	0.87	2.8	1.21	3.0

*DCGL_w includes background concentrations of 0.9 pCi/g for Ra-226 (no ingrowth) and 1.0 pCi/g for Th-232. DCGL_w values are based on the Uniform Stratum release criteria.

The values in Table 12-1 reflect those presented in the FSS Plan prepared for the SU prior to FSS.

12.1.6 Investigation Action Level

FSSFR Volume 3, Chapter 1, Section 6.1.3, *Investigation Action Level (IAL)*, provides a discussion in regards to the IAL. The basis of the IAL is detailed in HDP memorandum, HEM-15-MEMO-021 "*Evaluation of the Scan IAL for Class 1 areas at the Westinghouse Hematite Site*". The IAL used during the GWS of LSA 12-04 was established at 4,000 ncpm.

12.1.7 LSA 12-04 FSS Design Summary

The FSS Plan for LSA 12-04 can be found in Appendix I. Table 12-2 presents an overall FSS design and implementation summary for LSA 12-04.

Table 12-2
FSS Design Summary for LSA 12-04

Gamma Walkover Survey (GWS):		
Scan Coverage	100% exposed soil and rock	
Scan MDC	40.9 pCi/g total Uranium (based on a 10,000 cpm background); 0.87 pCi/g Th-232; 1.21 pCi/g Ra-226*	
Investigation Action Level (IAL)	4,000 net cpm **	
Systematic Sampling Locations:		
Depth	Number of Sample	Comments
0 – 15 cm (Surface)	8	
15 cm – 1.5 m (Root)	8	
> 1.5m (Excavation)	8	
These samples will be taken on a random-start systematic grid.		
Biased Survey/Sampling Locations:		
Biased samples may be collected during GWS at the discretion of the HP Technician, after statistical analysis of the survey data, or at the direction of the RSO or Radiological Engineering.		
Sidewall Sampling Locations:		
A minimum of one (1) discretionary sidewall sample will be collected based on the following definition of “sidewall”: sidewall candidates for sampling must be vertical or near vertical (> 45° angle) and at least 12” in height.		
Instrumentation:		
Ludlum 2221 with 44-10 (2x2 NaI) detector; with collimation for investigations	Used for GWS and to obtain static count rates at biased measurement locations.	
*Values based on information provided in HDP-TBD-FSS-002, “ <i>Evaluation and Documentation of the Scanning Minimum Detectable Concentrations (MDC) for Final Status Surveys (FSS)</i> ”. The Scan MDC for total Uranium reflects a conservative assumption of 4% enrichment. The actual RASS enrichment (2.0%) would result in Scan MDC values slightly less than those calculated for FSS planning purposes.		
**IAL is the net count per minute (ncpm) equivalent of an activity concentration less than the Uniform Stratum DCGLw derived from the technical bases presented in HEM-MEMO-15-021 and HDP-TBD-FSS-003 “ <i>Modeling and Calculation of Investigative Action Levels for Final Status Soil Survey Units</i> ”, Westinghouse, March 2015.		

13.0 FINAL STATUS SURVEY IMPLEMENTATION LSA 12-04

FSS was performed in accordance with procedure HDP-PR-FSS-711, *Final Status Surveys and Sampling of Soil and Sediment*.

13.1 Gamma Walkover Survey

13.1.1 Instrumentation

The selected instrumentation to perform the GWS in LSA 12-04 was a 2” x 2” NaI detector in combination with a Ludlum 2221 rate meter. Each NaI instrumentation set was interfaced with a Trimble DGPS and handheld data logger.

Prior to the first field use of the GWS instrumentation, initial set-ups were performed. Also, daily pre- and post-use source checks were performed for each day that GWS was performed within the SU. Initial set-ups, daily source checks, and control charting were performed according to the requirements of HDP-PR-HP-416, *Operation of the Ludlum 2221 for Final Status Survey*.

13.1.2 GWS Performance

All GWS measurements on the excavation floor and sidewalls collected with the NaI detector(s) were connected to a Trimble DGPS and with a hand-held data logger. The logging frequency in the SU was one (1) GWS measurement per second. Each gross gamma measurement is correlated to a set of coordinates based on the Missouri East State Plane, NAD 1983.

The GWS requirements involved moving the NaI detector in a side-to-side fashion no faster than 1 foot per second while holding the probe as close as possible to the excavation surface (nominally 1", but not to exceed 3"). At the same time, the technician was required to slowly advance, causing the detector to trace out a serpentine path over the excavation surface.

FSS Technicians performing GWS in LSA 12-04 used the 4,000 ncpm IAL as a field guide to know when to slow or pause the GWS for more deliberate investigation. If during the GWS, audible count rates noticeably increase above the general area average (i.e., > minimum detectable count rate), FSS Technicians were required to pause momentarily and observe count rates. If sustained count rates approached the IAL, further focused investigation was conducted within the locally elevated area.

To use the IAL effectively, FSS Technicians first determined the local background count rate before starting the GWS. Although the ambient gamma level may vary across the SU due to excavation geometry and relative distance from contaminated materials in nearby remedial excavations, the average background rate (measured at waist level) within the LSA ranged between 10,000 and 11,000 gcpm. Therefore, at locations where the 2" x 2" NaI detector measurements exceeded 14,000 to 15,000 gcpm, FSS Technicians slowed or paused the GWS for more careful investigation of the small areas of elevated activity before deciding if "flagging" a point for potential biased sampling was warranted.

Hard to reach areas, and non-typical areas were surveyed manually as necessary in order to assess the potential for an area of elevated residual activity over 100% of the exposed excavation surface.

After the GWS survey was complete, the GPS/GWS data was reviewed by Radiological Engineering and the Health Physics Technician performing the survey to determine if possible areas of elevated residual activity remained within the SU that required biased sample investigation. Areas that were flagged by the HP Technician were considered, as well as a statistical evaluation of the GWS data set. The statistical evaluation determined the mean count rate and standard deviation associated with the GWS and then could be used to identify any areas that exceeded 3 standard deviations above the mean. The number of biased samples to be collected and the locations are based on flagged locations exceeding the IAL, the statistical evaluation of the GWS data set, and the professional judgment of Radiological Engineering.

13.2 Soil Sampling

13.2.1 Systematic Soil Sampling Summary

Table 13-1 provides a summary of systematic sampling by stratum for LSA 12-04.

**Table 13-1
Systematic Sampling Summary by Stratum for LSA 12-04**

LSA	SU Area, planar (m ²)	Systematic			QC
		Surface	Root	Deep (Excavation)	
12-04	1,960	8	8	8*	2

*Excavation samples were collected and archived, analysis only required if an overlying Root sample exceeds a 0.5 SOF

13.2.2 Systematic Sampling LSA 12-04

Within LSA 12-04, there were 8 systematic locations in which the surface stratum (0 – 15 cm) was sampled in the SU. The underlying root stratum was sampled at all 8 locations. Excavation stratum samples were collected and archived, but were not required to be analyzed since no root stratum sample exceeded a 0.5 Uniform SOF.

Given a planar area of 1,960 m² for LSA 12-04 and an eight - point systematic triangular grid, the point-to-point distance within each row was 16.8 m with spacing of 14.5 m between each of the parallel grid rows within the SU.

While there were eight (8) systematic locations on the LSA 12-04 sampling grid, a total of eighteen (18) samples were collected and analyzed at these locations, including:

- Eight (8) samples collected and analyzed within the surface stratum
- Eight (8) samples collected and analyzed within the root stratum
- Zero (0) samples analyzed within the excavation, or “deep” stratum
- Two (2) QC field replicate

Figure 13-1 presents the map of the nine systematic sample locations which were sampled within LSA 12-04. The inset table notes the location coordinates (Missouri East, NAD 1983) and collection intervals for each systematic location.

Figure 13-1
LSA 12-04 Systematic Soil Sample Locations

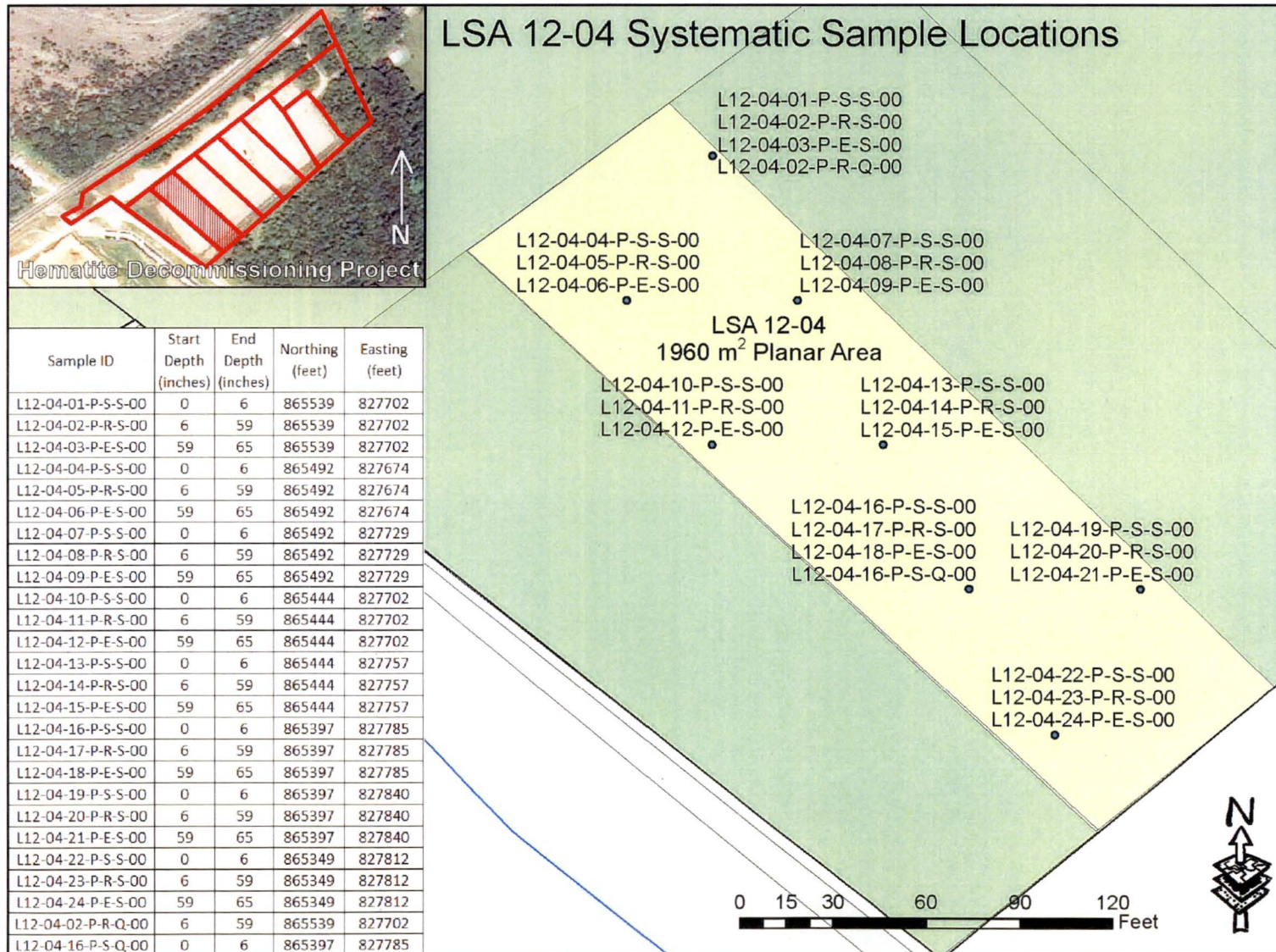


Figure 13-2 below presents a tabular listing of all FSS samples collected within LSA 12-04 with associated IDs, sample types, collection intervals, coordinates, and notes.

**Figure 13-2
FSS Sample Locations and Coordinates for LSA 12-04**

Hematite Decommissioning Project	Procedure: HDP-PR-FSS-701, Final Status Survey Plan Development		
		Revision: 10	Appendix P-4, Page 1 of 1

APPENDIX P-4

FSS SAMPLE & MEASUREMENT LOCATIONS & COORDINATES

Survey Area:	LSA 12	Description:	Laydown Area, Plant Soils SEA
Survey Unit:	04	Description:	Class 1 Laydown Land Area in "Area 13"
Survey Type:	FSS	Classification:	Class 1

Measurement or Sample ID	Surface or CSM	Type	Start Elevation*	End Elevation*	Northing** (Y Axis)	Easting** (X Axis)	Remarks / Notes
L12-04-01-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	433.0	432.5	865539	827702	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-04-02-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	432.5	428.1	865539	827702	Root 59-inch composite
L12-04-04-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	431.3	430.8	865492	827674	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-04-05-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	430.8	426.3	865492	827674	Root 59-inch composite
L12-04-07-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	431.7	431.2	865492	827729	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-04-08-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	431.2	426.8	865492	827729	Root 59-inch composite
L12-04-10-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	431.2	430.7	865444	827702	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-04-11-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	430.7	426.3	865444	827702	Root 59-inch composite
L12-04-13-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	430.8	430.3	865444	827757	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-04-14-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	430.3	425.9	865444	827757	Root 59-inch composite
L12-04-16-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	430.3	429.8	865397	827785	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-04-17-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	429.8	425.4	865397	827785	Root 59-inch composite
L12-04-19-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	431.4	430.9	865397	827840	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-04-20-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	430.9	426.5	865397	827840	Root 59-inch composite
L12-04-22-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	430.5	430.0	865349	827812	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-04-23-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	430.0	425.6	865349	827812	Root 59-inch composite
L12-04-02-P-R-Q-00	Uniform	Q	432.5	428.1	865539	827702	Root 59-inch composite
L12-04-16-P-S-Q-00	Uniform	Q	430.3	429.8	865397	827785	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-04-25-P-S-B-00	Uniform	B	428.0	427.5	865345.0	827819.0	Biased 6-inch grab

Green shaded samples are the samples at each sample location, for use in WRS Test.

*Elevations are in feet above mean sea level.

** Missouri - East State Plane Coordinates [North American Datum (NAD) 1983]

Surface: Floor = F; Wall = W; Ceiling = C; Roof = R

CSM: Three-Layer (Surface-Root-Excavation) or Uniform DCGLs used

Type: Systematic = S, Biased = B; QC = Q; Investigation = I

Quality Record

13.3 Biased Soil Sampling

As discussed in FSSFR Volume 3, Chapter 1, Section 6.1.3, there are three key methods for identifying areas for biased soil sampling, the IAL, the Z-score of the FSS GWS, and the professional judgment of the HP Staff. For LSA 12-04 one (1) biased sample location was selected within the SU based on the evaluation of the GWS survey data and HP Technician professional judgment. This biased location represented the maximum GWS measurement encountered within the SU. Biased samples are collected at the prescribed location to a depth of 6 inches below the exposed ground surface.

13.4 Judgmental/Sidewall Sampling for Tc-99

As an un-excavated SU, no Tc-99 sidewall sampling was necessary for LSA 12-04.

13.5 Quality Control Soil Sampling

Two QC field duplicate sample point were randomly selected and collected at systematic location L12-04-02 and L12-04-16 for LSA 12-04.

14.0 FINAL STATUS SURVEY RESULTS LSA 12-04

14.1 Gamma Walkover Survey

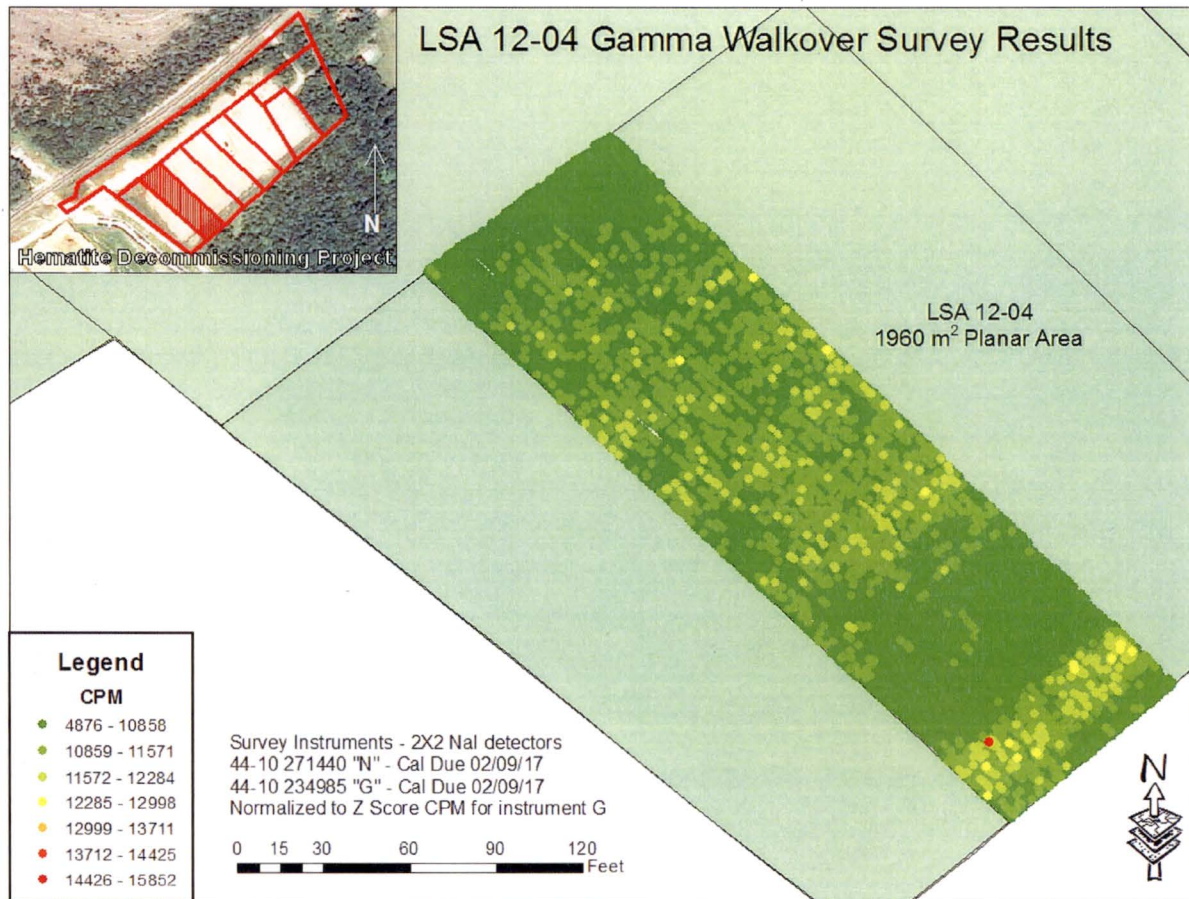
Post-processed GPS coordinate data is accurate to within ± 0.1 m for the handheld GPS models used during the GWS. The GWS maps are plotted and presented in a 2-D format. When multiple data points are collected at the same GPS location during the walkover, the most elevated radiological measurements are plotted "on top" (e.g. if any sidewalls featured more elevated readings than the floor directly below, the sidewall radiological measurements would overlie the lower floor readings).

GWS measurements were collected in LSA 12-04 between May 6, 2016, and May 15, 2016.

14.1.1 GWS Results for LSA 12-04

For LSA 12-04, GWS count rates ranged between 4,876 gcpm and 15,852 gcpm, with a mean count rate of 10,144 gcpm. The median count rate was 10,364 gcpm with a standard deviation of 713 cpm. Figure 14-1 below presents a map of the complete GWS data set.

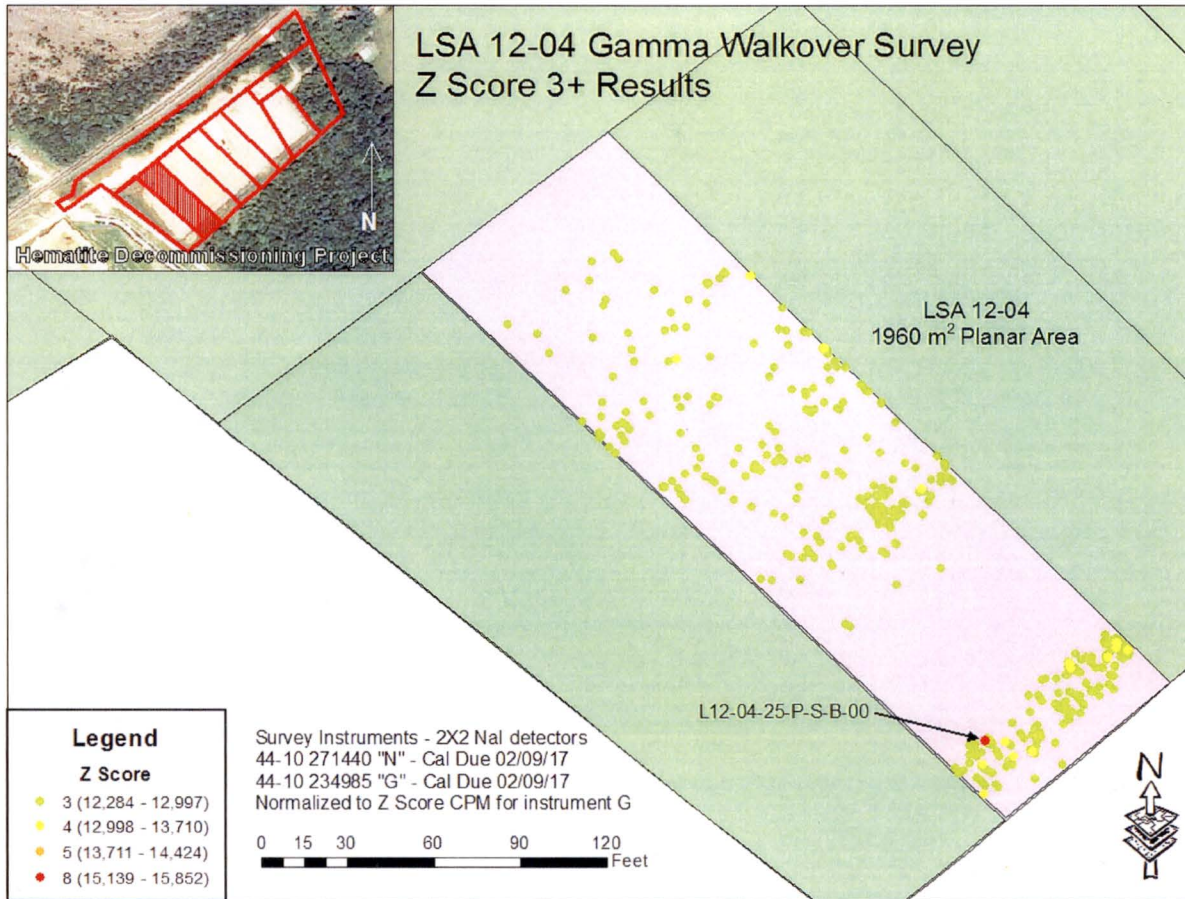
Figure 14-1
Colorimetric GWS Plot for LSA 12-04



An evaluation of the entire GWS data set was performed to evaluate those small areas of elevated activity which exceeded both the IAL (> 4000 ncpm) and three (3) standard deviations above the GWS mean measurement, (i.e., "+3 Z-score"). One location (L12-04-25) was selected for biased sample collection. The sample collected at location L12-04-25 represented the maximum GWS measurement (15,852 gcpm) within the SU.

Figure 14-2 presents a map of the +3 Z-score GWS measurements within LSA 12-04, including the selected biased sampling location.

Figure 14-2
Colorimetric GWS Plot for LSA 12-04 (Measurements > Z-score of 3)



All GWS data collected in LSA 12-04 was datalogged and post-processed in GIS software.

14.1.2 GWS Coverage Results LSA 12-04

FSSFR Volume 3, Chapter 1, Section 6.1.4, *Exposed Surfaces versus Accessible Surfaces*, provides a discussion and the criteria for evaluating the GWS coverage of a SU during FSS.

The post survey processing of the GPS data indicated that although 100% of accessible areas underwent GWS the GWS covered 99.79% of the SU (see Table 14-1). As the evaluation indicates that the GPS coverage exceeded 95% with no readings approaching or exceeding the IAL of 4,000 net cpm in the vicinity of any apparent GPS coverage gaps, the GWS coverage for the SU has been evaluated to meet the intent of the "100% GWS coverage" requirement.

Table 14-1
GWS Gap Analysis LSA 10-04

	Total SU Pixels	GWS Gap Pixels	Gap Percentage	GWS Coverage	MARSSIM Class
LSA 12-04	152,548	321	0.21	99.79	1

14.2 Soil Sample Results LSA 12-04

Appendix B presents the analytical results and associated statistics for all FSS samples collected within LSA 12-04.

14.2.1 Surface Soil Sample Results LSA 12-04

There were eight systematic samples collected within the surface stratum (0 – 15 cm) of LSA 12-04. Additionally there was one biased and one QC sample collected in the topmost layer of soil. The maximum Uniform SOF result for the surface samples was 0.20.

14.2.2 Subsurface Soil Sample Results LSA 12-04

There were eight systematic locations within LSA 12-04 where root stratum composite sampling was necessary. The root stratum zone is between 0.15 and 1.50 m below final grade surface. At each of the eight root stratum composite sampling locations, the top six inches (1.50 – 1.65 m below final grade surface) of the underlying excavation stratum was also collected and archived, however these excavation samples were not required to be analyzed as no overlying root stratum sample exceeded a 0.5 SOF. The maximum SOF result of the subsurface samples collected in LSA 12-04 was 0.21.

14.2.3 WRS Evaluation

Per Step 7.8.3 of HDP-PR-FSS-721 *Final Status Survey Data Evaluation*, the Wilcoxon Rank Sum (WRS) statistical test was not required for LSA 12-04 since the difference between the maximum SU data set gross SOF and the minimum background area SOF was less than one using the Uniform Stratum criteria. However, for illustrative purposes, the WRS evaluation was still performed for LSA 12-04. All systematically collected samples regardless of depth are used to perform the WRS Test, however biased and QC sample results are not utilized in the WRS Test. The 16 systematically collected samples in LSA 12-04 were ranked against the adjusted activity concentrations of the 32 samples collected within the Background Reference Area. The SU passed the WRS Test since the ranked sum of the reference area ranks, or test statistic W_R , (1040) was greater than the critical value (860) for the test. As such, the null hypothesis that the SU average concentration is greater than the $DCGL_w$ was rejected. The WRS evaluation is also included in Appendix B.

14.2.4 Graphical Data Review LSA 12-04

Table 14-2 below presents summary results for the all systematically collected samples (includes surface, and root, but not biased or QC samples) collected within LSA 12-04, and the associated SOF when compared to the Uniform Stratum $DCGL_{ws}$. The arithmetic average concentration resulted in a SOF of 0.09.

Table 14-2
LSA 12-04 FSS Sample Data Summary and Calculated SOF Values (Systematic)

Statistic	Ra-226 DCGL = 1.9 BKG = 1.07 (pCi/g)	Tc-99 DCGL = 25.1 (pCi/g)	Th-232 DCGL = 2.0 BKG = 1.0 (pCi/g)	U-234 DCGL=195.4 (pCi/g)	U-235 DCGL=51.6 (pCi/g)	U-238 DCGL=168.8 (pCi/g)	Sample SOF (Uniform DCGL)
Average	0.033	0.185	0.091	1.968	0.062	1.212	0.09
Minimum	0.00 (<BKG)	0.00 (NEG)	0.00 (<BKG)	0.545	-0.129	0.545	0.02
Maximum	0.250	0.716	0.290	6.545	0.360	1.790	0.21

Notes:

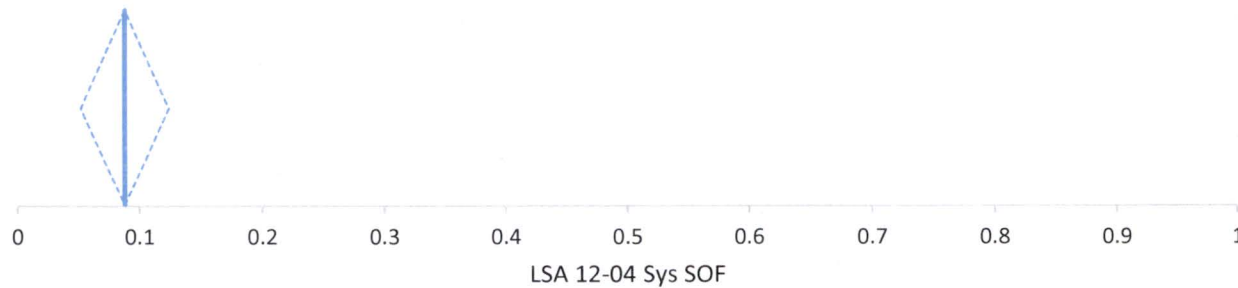
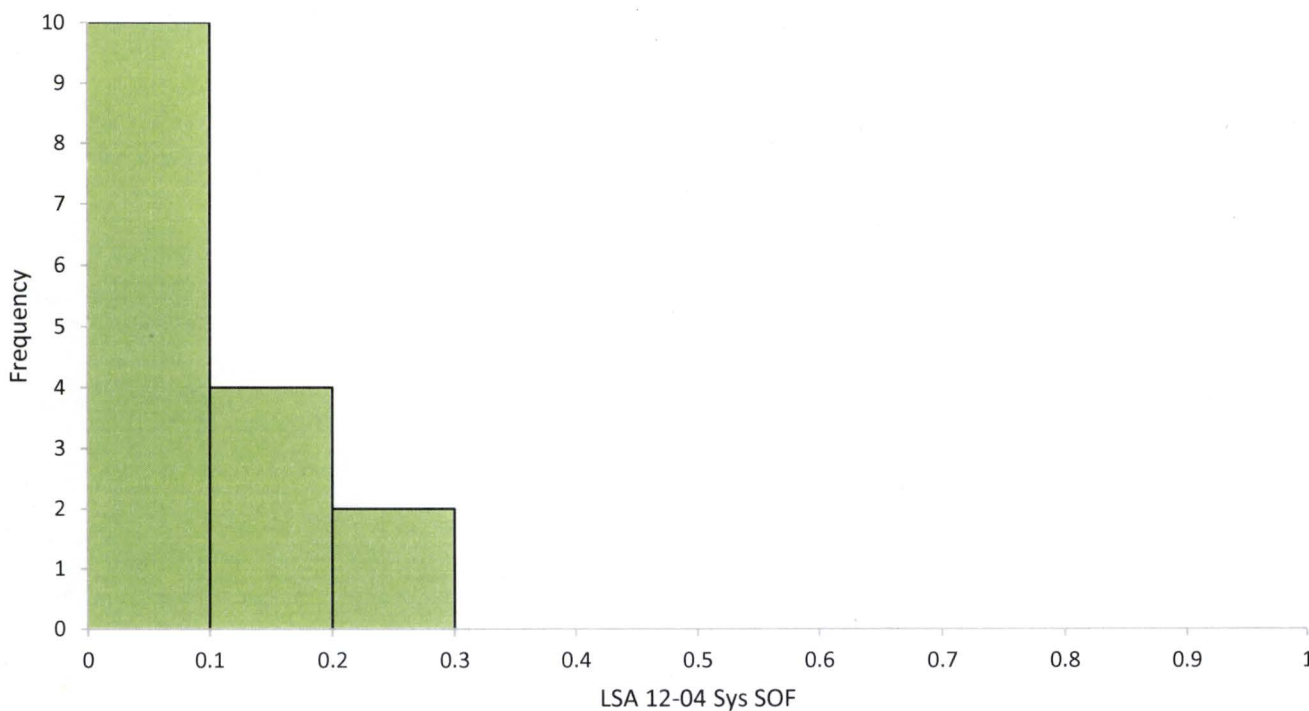
1. Ra-226 and Th-232 background activities subtracted prior to calculating SOF value. Ra-226 background without ingrowth = 0.9 pCi/g; Ra-226 background with ingrowth = 1.07 pCi/g. Negative SOF components are set to zero in SOF calculation.
2. Average SOF for data set calculated using average radionuclide concentrations.
3. U-234 values are inferred from the U-235/U-238 ratio.

Section 8.2.2.2 of MARSSIM recommends a graphical review of FSS analytical data, to include at a minimum, a posting plot and a histogram. A frequency plot, or histogram, is a useful tool for examining the general shape of a data distribution. This plot is a bar chart of the number of data points within a certain range of values. The frequency plot will reveal any obvious departures from symmetry, such as skewness or bimodality (two peaks), in the data distribution for the survey unit. The presence of two peaks in the survey unit frequency plot may indicate the existence of isolated areas of residual radioactivity.

Figure 14-3 presents the overall statistical metrics for the SOF parameter for the 16 systematically collected samples from LSA 12-04. The top graph is a histogram and line plot of the SOF for the systematic data population for LSA 12-04. The middle graph presents the mean SOF (0.09) as indicated by the blue vertical line of the sample population and the 95% confidence interval of the mean SOF represented by the blue diamond which is 0.05 to 0.12. The 97.87% confidence interval based on the median (0.08) of the sample results is 0.02 to 0.15. The bottom two charts present the various statistical metrics of the LSA 12-04 SOF data set, including the mean, median, standard deviation, minimum, maximum, confidence intervals, etc.

Figure 14-3 exhibits no unusual symmetry or bimodality concerns for the LSA 12-04 data associated with the systematically collected measurement locations.

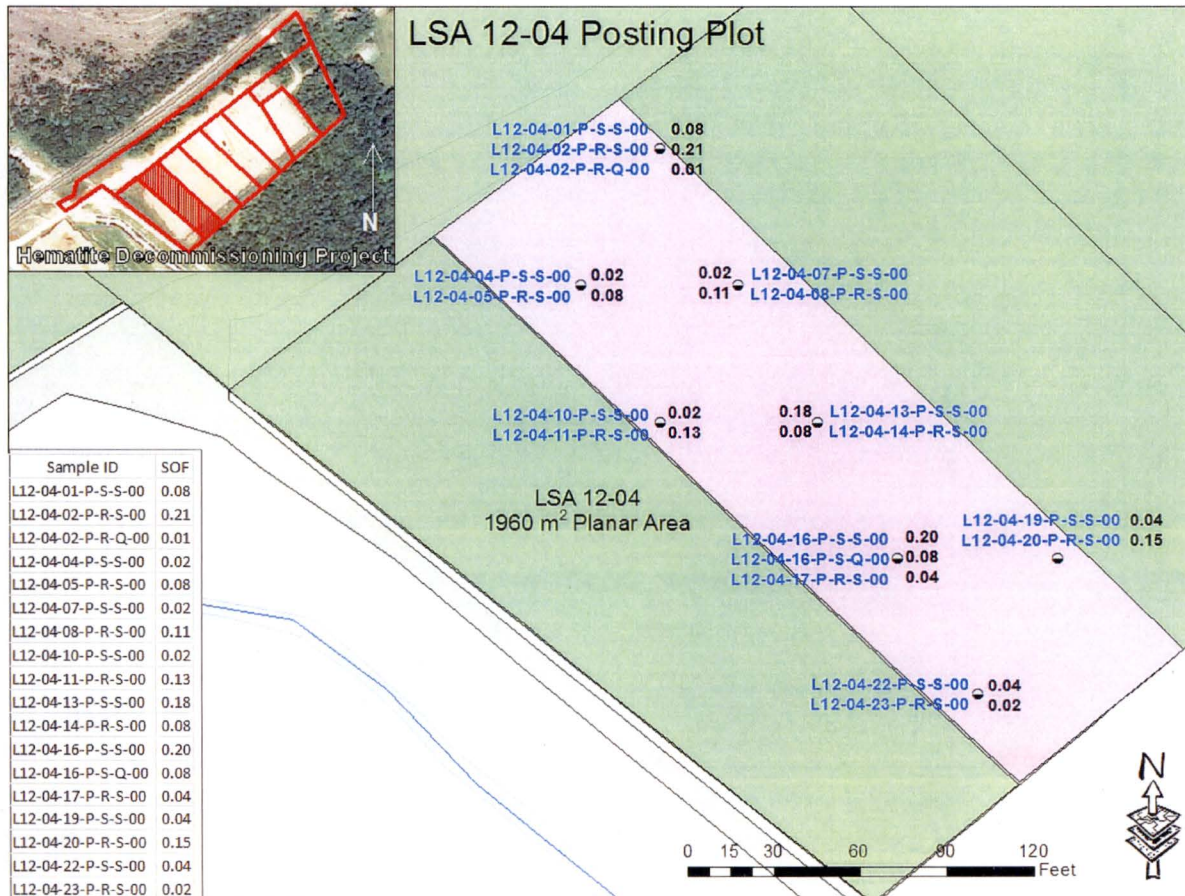
Figure 14-3
Graphic Statistical Summary for LSA 12-04 (SOF parameter)



N	16							
	Mean	95% CI		Mean SE	SD	Variance	Skewness	Kurtosis
LSA 12-04 Sys SOF	0.09	0.05 to 0.12		0.017	0.07	0.00	0.6	-1.02
	Minimum	1st quartile	Median	97.87% CI		3rd quartile	Maximum	IQR
LSA 12-04 Sys SOF	0.02	0.03	0.08	0.02 to 0.15		0.14	0.2	0.11

A posting plot is simply a map of the SU with the data values (in this case the SOF values for each systematically collected sample) entered at the measurement locations. This potentially reveals heterogeneities in the data – especially possible patches of elevated residual radioactivity. The posting plot for LSA 12-04 is presented below in Figure 14-4. Figure 14-4 shows no unusual patterns in the data.

Figure 14-4
Posting Plot for LSA 12-04 Systematic Measurement Locations



Appendix B to this report presents the complete analytical data set (in Microsoft Excel format) used to derive the summary statistics presented in Table 14-2, Figure 14-3, and Figure 14-4 above. A summary of the analytical data is presented in Table 14-3 below. Appendix P to this report presents the Test America Analytical Laboratory soil sample reports.

Table 14-3
Final Status Survey Analytical Data: LSA 12-04

Sample ID	Sample Depth (ft)	Type (Systematic, Bias, QC)	TestAmerica Analytical Results																								Enr.	SOF						
			Ra-226						Tc-99					Th-232					Inferred U-234				U-235						U-238					
			Result	Uncertainty	MDC	Qualifier	Net Result*	Corrected Result	Result	Corrected Result	Uncertainty	MDC	Qualifier	Result	Uncertainty	MDC	Qualifier	Net Result**	Corrected Result	Result	Uncertainty	MDC	Qualifier	Result	Uncertainty	MDC			Qualifier	Result	Uncertainty	MDC	Qualifier	Result
L12-04-01-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	1.16	0.178	0.0868	N/A	0.090	0.090	0.323	0.323	0.127	0.226	N/A	0.949	0.196	0.121	N/A	-0.051	0.000	2.091	NA	NA	NA	0.112	0.223	0.377	U	0.973	0.317	0.853	N/A	1.8	0.08	
L12-04-02-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	1.18	0.153	0.0512	N/A	0.110	0.110	-0.0217	0.000	0.037	0.241	U	1.26	0.2	0.0975	N/A	0.260	0.260	2.045	NA	NA	NA	0.11	0.138	0.19	U	0.9	0.484	0.756	N/A	1.9	0.21	
L12-04-04-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	0.965	0.146	0.0649	N/A	-0.105	0.000	0.061	0.061	0.016	0.226	U	1.01	0.17	0.0977	N/A	0.010	0.010	0.979	NA	NA	NA	-0.008	0.197	0.591	U	0.979	0.334	0.873	N/A	0.7	0.02	
L12-04-05-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	0.97	0.137	0.0598	N/A	-0.100	0.000	0.276	0.276	0.058	0.247	N/A	1.03	0.152	0.0785	N/A	0.030	0.030	6.545	NA	NA	NA	0.36	0.158	0.18	N/A	1.79	0.51	0.706	N/A	3.1	0.08	
L12-04-07-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	1.02	0.139	0.0676	N/A	-0.050	0.000	0.0677	0.068	0.058	0.233	U	0.99	0.153	0.111	N/A	-0.010	0.000	1.343	NA	NA	NA	0.0653	0.16	0.511	U	1.37	0.533	0.795	N/A	0.8	0.02	
L12-04-08-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	0.984	0.141	0.0674	N/A	-0.086	0.000	0.716	0.716	0.102	0.234	N/A	1.16	0.194	0.0949	N/A	0.160	0.160	0.545	NA	NA	NA	-0.097	0.221	0.409	U	0.545	0.242	1.21	U	0.7	0.11	
L12-04-10-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	0.999	0.15	0.0637	N/A	-0.071	0.000	0.0167	0.017	0.016	0.238	U	0.961	0.174	0.106	N/A	-0.039	0.000	2.097	NA	NA	NA	0.107	0.209	0.581	U	1.57	0.735	0.893	N/A	1.1	0.02	
L12-04-11-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	1.04	0.154	0.0765	N/A	-0.030	0.000	0.0976	0.098	0.125	0.244	U	1.22	0.19	0.126	N/A	0.220	0.220	1.520	NA	NA	NA	-0.129	0.191	0.561	U	1.52	0.551	0.815	N/A	0.7	0.13	
L12-04-13-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	1.32	0.203	0.0954	N/A	0.250	0.250	0.166	0.166	0.058	0.234	U	1.05	0.178	0.157	N/A	0.050	0.050	2.409	NA	NA	NA	0.13	0.122	0.198	U	1.03	0.373	1	N/A	2.0	0.18	
L12-04-14-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	0.996	0.131	0.0566	N/A	-0.074	0.000	0.0116	0.012	0.014	0.232	U	1.11	0.158	0.0891	N/A	0.110	0.110	2.184	NA	NA	NA	0.11	0.207	0.471	U	1.7	0.682	0.78	N/A	1.0	0.08	
L12-04-16-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	1.14	0.157	0.0568	N/A	0.070	0.070	-0.0023	0.000	0.109	0.228	U	1.29	0.221	0.103	N/A	0.290	0.290	2.136	NA	NA	NA	0.112	0.199	0.369	U	1.26	0.504	0.751	N/A	1.4	0.20	
L12-04-17-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	0.972	0.131	0.0648	N/A	-0.098	0.000	0.0996	0.100	0.057	0.226	U	1.04	0.159	0.117	N/A	0.040	0.040	1.350	NA	NA	NA	-0.02	0.0402	0.518	U	1.35	0.743	0.862	N/A	0.7	0.04	
L12-04-19-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	1.04	0.162	0.0812	N/A	-0.030	0.000	0.395	0.395	0.174	0.228	N/A	0.984	0.187	0.119	N/A	-0.016	0.000	2.155	NA	NA	NA	0.113	0.186	0.211	U	1.28	0.585	0.886	N/A	1.4	0.04	
L12-04-20-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	1.06	0.163	0.0725	N/A	-0.010	0.000	0.0228	0.023	0.074	0.228	U	1.28	0.223	0.12	N/A	0.280	0.280	1.280	NA	NA	NA	-0.122	0.197	0.628	U	1.28	0.571	0.864	N/A	0.7	0.15	
L12-04-22-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	0.809	0.13	0.0717	N/A	-0.261	0.000	0.595	0.595	0.237	0.317	N/A	0.925	0.155	0.0881	N/A	-0.075	0.000	1.293	NA	NA	NA	0.0673	0.161	0.529	U	0.832	0.299	0.763	N/A	1.3	0.04	
L12-04-23-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	0.891	0.14	0.0673	N/A	-0.179	0.000	0.118	0.118	0.019	0.236	U	0.993	0.167	0.118	N/A	-0.007	0.000	1.515	NA	NA	NA	0.0781	0.22	0.367	U	1.01	0.522	0.804	N/A	1.2	0.02	
L12-04-02-P-R-Q-00	0.50	Q	0.861	0.134	0.0788	N/A	-0.209	0.000	0.0725	0.073	0.058	0.242	U	0.937	0.172	0.122	N/A	-0.063	0.000	1.190	NA	NA	NA	-0.134	0.2	0.642	U	1.19	0.561	0.855	N/A	0.7	0.01	
L12-04-16-P-S-Q-00	0.00	Q	1.14	0.166	0.0803	N/A	0.070	0.070	0.0072	0.007	0.011	0.239	U	1.08	0.171	0.111	N/A	0.080	0.080	0.702	NA	NA	NA	0.0387	0.0599	0.547	U	0.164	0.775	1.29	U	3.6	0.08	
L12-04-25-P-S-B-00	0.00	B	0.869	0.142	0.076	N/A	-0.201	0.000	0.287	0.287	0.139	0.234	N/A	0.848	0.149	0.113	N/A	-0.152	0.000	1.855	NA	NA	NA	0.097	0.097	0.608	U	1.200	0.574	0.878	N/A	1.3	0.03	
Systematic Minimum			0.000						0.000					0.000					0.545				-0.129				0.545				1.4	0.02		
Systematic Maximum			0.250						0.716					0.290					6.545				0.360				1.790				Average Enrichment (%)	0.21		
Systematic Mean			0.033						0.185					0.091					1.968				0.062				1.212					0.09		
Systematic Median			0.000						0.099					0.035					1.783				0.093				1.270					0.08		
Systematic Standard Deviation			0.069						0.220					0.113					1.327				0.120				0.339					0.07		
			With ingrowth, use Ra226 bkg = 1.07											Th232 bkg = 1.0																				

NOTES:

Gross results in units of pCi/g.

* Background with ingrowth (1.07 pCi/g) subtracted from gross result.

**Background (1.0 pCi/g) subtracted from gross result.

U Qualifier: Result is less than the sample detection limit.

14.2.5 Biased Soil Sample Result LSA 12-04

One (1) biased sample was collected from LSA 12-04. The sample collected at location L12-04-25 represented the maximum GWS measurement (15,852 gcpm) within the SU, and had a result of 0.03 Uniform SOF.

14.2.6 Quality Control Soil Sample Result LSA 12-04

Two QC field duplicate sample points were randomly selected for LSA 12-04 which were collected at systematic locations L12-04-02 and L12-032-16.

For the 17 samples (i.e., 16 systematic + 1 biased) collected within LSA 12-04, two field duplicate samples were collected. This frequency equates to 11.8%, (i.e. 2/17). Form HDP-PR-FSS-703-1 documents that the duplicate sample result comparison with the partner's sample results that all comparison criteria were less than the calculated warning limits (see Figure 14-5 below).

The statistical assessment of the Laboratory QC sample results indicated that one field duplicate sample exceeded the calculated Warning Limit, but was less than the calculated Control Limit. The one sample result that exceeded the Warning Limit was sample L12-04-02-P-R-S-00 for Ra-226 and Th-232. In accordance with procedure HDP-PR-FSS-703, when an exceedance occurs an investigation is performed to determine if corrective actions were necessary. The investigation determined that for Ra-226 the calculated statistic (0.319) only slightly exceeded the calculated Warning Limit (0.269), and for Th-232, the calculated statistic (0.323) only slightly exceeded the calculated Warning Limit (0.283). Also, considering the low activity and the errors associated with the sample results, the Ra-226 and Th-232 activity of both samples were relatively close. Based upon the investigation of the exceedance and the results of previous Quality Assurance audits of the overall performance of the laboratory, no corrective actions were determined to be necessary.

Figure 14-5
Form HDP-PR-FSS-703-1 Field Duplicate Sample Assessment LSA 12-04 (1 of 2)

Hematite Decommissioning Project	Procedure: HDP-PR-FSS-703, Final Status Survey Quality Control		
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FORM HDP-PR-FSS-703-1
FIELD DUPLICATE SAMPLE ASSESSMENT

Survey Unit No.:	LSA 12-04				Survey Unit Description:	Class 1 Laydown Land Area in "Area 13"						
Sample ID	Field Duplicate Sample ID	Radionuclide	Sample (pCi/g)		Field Duplicate Sample (pCi/g)		Average Activity (\bar{x}) (pCi/g)	Nuclide DCGL (pCi/g)	Statistic ²	Warning Limit	Control Limit	Statistic Exceeds Limit? (Y/N)
			Activity (x_i)	MDC	Activity (x_i)	MDC						
L12-04-02-P-R-S-00	L12-04-02-P-R-Q-00	Ra-226	1.18	0.0512	0.861	0.0788	1.021	1.9	0.319	0.269	0.403	Y
L12-04-02-P-R-S-00	L12-04-02-P-R-Q-00	Tc-99	-0.0217	0.241	0.0725	0.242	0.025	25.1	NA	3.552	5.321	NA
L12-04-02-P-R-S-00	L12-04-02-P-R-Q-00	Th-232	1.26	0.0975	0.937	0.122	1.099	2.0	0.323	0.283	0.424	Y
L12-04-02-P-R-S-00	L12-04-02-P-R-Q-00	U-234 ¹	2.045	N/A	1.190	N/A	1.618	195.4	0.855	27.649	41.425	N
L12-04-02-P-R-S-00	L12-04-02-P-R-Q-00	U-235	0.112	0.19	-0.134	0.642	-0.011	51.6	NA	7.301	10.939	NA
L12-04-02-P-R-S-00	L12-04-02-P-R-Q-00	U-238	0.9	0.756	1.19	0.855	1.045	168.8	0.290	23.885	35.786	N

Comments:

- U-234 is inferred, no MDC available.
- Duplicate assessment is not necessary if the result of either sample is < MDC.

Performed by:

Thomas Yacoby

Reviewed by:

W. Clark Erwin / W. Ch...

Date:

11-23-16

Date:

11/23/14

Quality Record

Figure 14-5
Form HDP-PR-FSS-703-1 Field Duplicate Sample Assessment LSA 12-04 (2 of 2)

Hematite Decommissioning Project	Procedure: HDP-PR-FSS-703, Final Status Survey Quality Control		
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FORM HDP-PR-FSS-703-1
FIELD DUPLICATE SAMPLE ASSESSMENT

Survey Unit No.:	LSA 12-04				Survey Unit Description:	Class 1 Laydown Land Area in "Area 13"						
Sample ID	Field Duplicate Sample ID	Radionuclide	Sample (pCi/g)		Field Duplicate Sample (pCi/g)		Average Activity (\bar{x}) (pCi/g)	Nuclide DCGL (pCi/g)	Statistic ²	Warning Limit	Control Limit	Statistic Exceeds Limit? (Y/N)
			Activity (x _i)	MDC	Activity (x _i)	MDC						
L12-04-16-P-S-S-00	L12-04-16-P-S-Q-00	Ra-226	1.14	0.0568	1.14	0.0803	1.140	1.9	0	0.269	0.403	N
L12-04-16-P-S-S-00	L12-04-16-P-S-Q-00	Tc-99	-0.00228	0.228	0.00717	0.239	0.002	25.1	NA	3.552	5.321	NA
L12-04-16-P-S-S-00	L12-04-16-P-S-Q-00	Th-232	1.29	0.103	1.08	0.111	1.185	2.0	0.210	0.283	0.424	N
L12-04-16-P-S-S-00	L12-04-16-P-S-Q-00	U-234 ¹	2.136	N/A	0.702	N/A	1.419	195.4	1.434	27.649	41.425	N
L12-04-16-P-S-S-00	L12-04-16-P-S-Q-00	U-235	0.112	0.369	0.0387	0.547	0.075	51.6	NA	7.301	10.939	NA
L12-04-16-P-S-S-00	L12-04-16-P-S-Q-00	U-238	1.26	0.751	0.164	1.29	0.712	168.8	NA	23.885	35.786	NA

Comments:

- U-234 is inferred, no MDC available.
- Duplicate assessment is not necessary if the result of either sample is < MDC.

Performed by: Thomas Yardy / [Signature]

Reviewed by: W. Clark Erwin / [Signature]

Date: 11-23-16

Date: 11/23/16

Quality Record

14.3 Tc-99 Hot Spot Assessment LSA 12-04

There is no historical sampling data available for this area since it was always considered a non-impacted area prior to the storage of potential reuse soils within the LSA. As a previously un-impacted area there is no history of a Tc-99 sample result ever exceeding the Tc-99 Uniform DCGL_w, as only potential reuse soil was placed within the LSA. The highest Tc-99 sample result collected from both Final RASS and FSS was 2.42 pCi/g. Therefore there is no concern for a potential Tc-99 hot spot exceeding the DCGL_w of 25.1, and there is no reason to perform a Tc-99 hot spot assessment.

15.0 ALARA EVALUATION LSA 12-04

All samples collected within LSA 12-04 were evaluated against the Uniform Stratum DCGL_w. For LSA 12-04 no sample result exceeded a SOF of 1.0. The average SOF result, based on all systematically collected samples, was 0.09 for LSA 12-04. The average SOF equates to residual activity contributions from the survey unit area of 2.25 mrem/yr for LSA 12-04. Groundwater Monitoring Well data provided in FSSFR Volume 6, Chapters 2 and 3 {ML16287A528}, and Chapter 4 {ML16342B552}, indicate that the groundwater dose contribution will be a fraction of the MCLs. Nevertheless, a maximum groundwater contribution assumption of 4.0 mrem/yr based upon the EPA MCLs will be added to the total estimated dose for LSA 12-04. Adding these dose contributions together, the total estimated dose for LSA 12-04 is 6.25 mrem/yr.

Since the estimated Total Effective Dose Equivalent is well below the regulatory release criterion of 25 mrem/yr, the conclusion of the ALARA evaluation is that the FSS of LSA 12-04 was successful and that there would be no discernable benefit to the health and safety of the public in attempting to further reduce the results of FSS by performing remediation of LSA 12-04.

16.0 FSS PLAN DEVIATIONS LSA 12-04

16.1 Remedial Actions during FSS

There were no remedial actions after FSS in LSA 12-04.

16.2 Adjustments to Scan MDC Calculations

Scan MDCs for LSA 12-04 were calculated in accordance with HDP-PR-FSS-701, Revision 10, *Final Status Survey Plan Development* and HDP-TBD- FSS-002, Revision 3, *Evaluation and Documentation of the Scanning Minimum Detectable Concentrations (MDC) for Final Status Surveys (FSS)*. The assumed LSA background count rate of 10,000 cpm was applied to determine the prospective Scan MDCs, and the actual mean count rate from the FSS survey was 10,144 cpm. Therefore the calculated Scan MDCs are appropriate, and no adjustments need to be made.

17.0 DATA QUALITY ASSESSMENT

The DQO process is thoroughly integrated within the DP and Hematite FSS procedures. The steps of the DQO process are presented in Volume 3, Chapter 1, Section 4.0 of the FSSFR and correspond to the DQO steps described in Chapter 14, Section 4.2.1 of the DP. The HDP DQO process reflects the recommendations given in MARSSIM, Chapter 2, Figure 2-2.

17.1 Data Quality Assessment for LSA 12-04

The Data Quality Assessment of the survey methodology, sampling and sample analysis results, and the Quality Control sampling and analysis results to ascertain the validity of the conclusion for LSA 12-04 (see Figure 17-1) provides the following:

- The field and laboratory instruments utilized were capable of detecting activity at an MDC less than the appropriate investigation level, and were verified to be operable prior to and after use in accordance with HDP-PR-HP-416 (*Operation of the Ludlum 2221 for Final Status Survey*).
- The calibration of all instruments that were used to measure or analyze data was current at the time of use and the calibrations of the instruments were performed using a NIST traceable source. The instruments used were successfully source checked prior to and after use.
- The systematic samples that were collected (on a random-start triangular grid) and the gamma scan surveys that were conducted were performed in accordance with procedure HDP-PR-FSS-711, *Final Status Surveys and Sampling of Soil and Sediment*.
- All samples sent for analysis at the approved offsite laboratory (TestAmerica) were tracked on a chain of custody form in accordance with HDP-PR-QA-006, *Chain of Custody*.
- Quality Control sample results were verified to meet the acceptance criteria as specified in HDP-PR-FSS-703, *Final Status Survey Quality Control*.
- LSA 12-04 survey and sample results were independently reviewed and validated in accordance with HDP-PR-FSS-721 *Final Status Survey Data Validation*.
- The WRS Test is not necessary when the difference between the maximum survey unit data set measurement SOF and the minimum background area measurement SOF is less than or equal to one. For LSA 12-04, no individual gross SOF result in the FSS data set exceeded the SOF of the minimum background reference area measurement by more than one using the Uniform Stratum criteria. Therefore, the WRS Test was not required for LSA 12-04. However the WRS Test was still performed for illustrative purposes. Since the test statistic, WR (1040) exceeded the critical value (860), the FSS data set passed the WRS Test and the null hypothesis was rejected. The WRS Test worksheet is presented in Appendix B.
- A biased soil sample was collected from the location of the highest gamma count rate within the SU, with a maximum result of 0.03 Uniform SOF.

- The maximum SOF result for all surface samples within LSA 12-04 was 0.20. The maximum SOF result for all subsurface samples within LSA 12-04 was 0.21. The average SOF result for all systematically collected samples within LSA 12-04 was 0.09, with an upper 95% confidence level ($UCL_{\text{mean}} 0.95$) of 0.12.
- No FSS sample result in LSA 12-04 exceeded a SOF of 1.0 as compared to the Uniform Stratum criteria, therefore an EMC or supplemental investigations was not required. For the same reason, no comparisons to the alternate “Three-Layer” multi-CSM (i.e. Surface, Root and Excavation) DCGLs were necessary.
- A retrospective sampling frequency evaluation was performed to determine if sufficient statistical power exists to reject the null hypothesis based on the total number of systematic samples actually collected within LSA 12-04. The successful result of the retrospective power evaluation presented in Table 17-1 for LSA 12-04 indicates that the minimum number of samples required (8) for the WRS Test was equal to the number of sampling locations actually collected within LSA 12-04. The methodology used for the retrospective sampling frequency evaluation is similar to the prospective sample size determination performed during FSS Plan Development except that actual FSS sample results and statistics are used in the sample size verification. Specifically, the mean and standard deviation of the eight LSA surface samples (i.e., the WRS Test sample data set) are used to derive the relative shift for each LSA. Given the HDP Type I and Type II errors of 0.05 and 0.10, respectively, the calculated relative shift is then correlated to a minimum sample size number as provided in Table 5-1 of MARSSIM.
- HDP staff ensured that a visual inspection of the SU configuration and of the Isolation & Control measures were performed periodically, and confirmed that there were no instances of potential cross contamination from weather events until the FSS of all remaining areas at HDP were completed.

**Table 17-1
Retrospective Sample Size Verification for LSA 12-04**

Uniform DCGL Criteria Evaluation	
N/2 Value Verification	
Isotope(s)	SOF (Ra/Tc/Th/Iso U)
St. Dev.	0.07
DCGL _{SOF}	1
LBGR (Mean)	0.09
Shift	0.91
Relative Shift (Δ/σ)	13.42
MARSSIM Table 5.1 (P_r)	1.000000
N	12
N + 20%	14.4
N/2	8
FSS N/2	8
Verification Check	SUFFICIENT MEASUREMENTS
<p>"N/2" Corresponds to the number of survey unit measurement locations required for the WRS Test</p>	

MARSSIM Table 5.1

Δ/σ	P_r
0.1	0.528182
0.2	0.556223
0.3	0.583985
0.4	0.611335
0.5	0.638143
0.6	0.664290
0.7	0.689665
0.8	0.714167
0.9	0.737710
1.0	0.760217
1.1	0.781627
1.2	0.801892
1.3	0.820978
1.4	0.838864
1.5	0.855541
1.6	0.871014
1.7	0.885299
1.8	0.898420
1.9	0.910413
2.0	0.921319
2.25	0.944167
2.5	0.961428
2.75	0.974067
3.0	0.983039
3.5	0.993329
4.0	0.997658
4.01	1.000000

MARSSIM Table 5.2, $\alpha = 0.05$, $\beta = 0.10$

α (or β)	$Z_{1-\alpha}$ (or $Z_{1-\beta}$)
0.005	2.576
0.01	2.326
0.015	2.241
0.025	1.960
0.05	1.645
0.10	1.282
0.15	1.036
0.2	0.842
0.25	0.674
0.30	0.524

α
 β

**Figure 17-1
Data Evaluation Checklists prepared for LSA 12-04 (page 1 of 2)**

Hematite Decommissioning Project	Procedure: HDP-PR-FSS-721, Final Status Survey Data Evaluation		
		Revision: 10	Appendix G-1, Page 1 of 2

**APPENDIX G-1
FINAL STATUS SURVEY DATA QUALITY OBJECTIVES REVIEW CHECKLIST**

Survey Area: LSA 12 **Description:** Laydown Area, Plant Soils SEA
Survey Unit: 04 **Description:** Class 1 Laydown Land Area in "Area 13"

1. Have all measurements and/or analysis results that will be subjected to data analysis for FSS been individually reviewed and validated in accordance with Section 8.1 of this procedure? Yes No
2. Have all systematic measurements and/or samples been taken or acquired at the locations specified in the FSSP and the FSS Sample Instructions? Yes No
3. Have all scans surveys been performed of the areas specified as required in the FSSP and the FSS Sample Instructions? Yes No
4. Have all biased measurements and/or samples been taken or acquired at the locations specified in the FSSP & the FSS Sample Instructions? Yes No NA
5. Have duplicate and/or split samples or measurements been taken or acquired at each location designated as a QC sample? Yes No NA
6. Were the instruments used to measure or analyze the survey data capable of detecting the ROCs or gross activity at a MDC less than the appropriate investigation level? Yes No
7. Was the calibration of all instruments that were used to measure or analyze data, current at the time of use and were those calibrations performed using a NIST traceable source? Yes No
8. Were the instruments successfully response-checked before use and, where required, after use on the day the data was measured? Yes No
9. Do the samples match those identified on the chain of custody? Yes No NA
10. Do the QC Sample Results meet the acceptance criteria as specified in HDP-PR-FSS-703, Final Status Survey Quality Control? Yes * No
11. Are all Laboratory QC parameters within acceptable limits? Yes No

If "No" was the response to any of the questions above, then document the discrepancy as well as any corrective actions that were taken to resolve the discrepancy.

Comments: *One QC duplicate sample L12-04-02-P-R-Q-00 exceeded Warning Limit for Ra-226 and Th-232, but did not exceed Control Limit, results acceptable.

Figure 17-1
Data Evaluation Checklists prepared for LSA 12-04 (page 2 of 2)

Hematite Decommissioning Project	Procedure: HDP-PR-FSS-721, Final Status Survey Data Evaluation		
		Revision: 10	Appendix G-1, Page 2 of 2

APPENDIX G-1
FINAL STATUS SURVEY DATA QUALITY OBJECTIVES REVIEW CHECKLIST

Survey Area: LSA 12 **Description:** Laydown Area, Plant Soils SEA
Survey Unit: 04 **Description:** Class I Laydown Land Area in "Area 13"

Discrepancy: N/A

Corrective Actions Taken: N/A

11. Have the corrective actions resolved the discrepancy with the data? Yes No NA
- a. If "No", then forward this form to the RSO.
12. The following questions will be answered by the RSO.
- a. If the answer to question 11 was "No", then is the affected data still valid? Yes No NA
- b. If "No", then are the existing valid measurements or samples sufficient to demonstrate compliance for the survey unit? Yes No NA
- c. If "No", then direct the acquisition of additional measurements or samples as necessary to demonstrate compliance for the survey unit.

Prepared by (HP Staff): Thomas Yurck (Print Name) [Signature] (Signature) 11-23-16 (Date)

Approved by (RSO): W. Clark Eros (Print Name) [Signature] (Signature) 11/23/16 (Date)

18.0 CONCLUSION LSA 12-04

An adequate quantity and quality of radiological surveys and samples, as well as the corresponding laboratory analysis has been performed, evaluated and documented to demonstrate that the dose associated with all sources within SU LSA 12-04 does not to exceed the dose criterion for unrestricted release in accordance with 10 CFR 20.1402.

**Table 18-1
LSA 12-04 SOF and Dose Summation**

	AVE. SU SOIL RADIOACTIVITY	ELEVATED AREA CONTRIBUTION	GROUND WATER	BURIED PIPING	REUSE SOIL	TOTAL
SOF	0.09	N/A	0.16	N/A	N/A	0.25
DOSE	2.25 mrem/year	N/A	4.0 mrem/year	N/A	N/A	6.25 mrem/year

19.0 FINAL STATUS SURVEY DESIGN LSA 12-05

This section of the report describes the method for determining the number of samples required for the FSS of LSA 12-05 as well as summarizing the applicable requirements of the FSS Plan. These include the DCGL_w, scan survey coverage, and IAL. The radiological instrumentation used in the FSS of LSA 12-05 and the detection sensitivities are also discussed.

19.1 FSS Plan Design Requirements

FSS Plan requirements for LSA 12-05 were driven by the type (Open Land) and Class (Class 1) of the SU and developed in accordance with HDP procedure, HDP-PR-FSS-701, Revision 10, *Final Status Survey Plan Development*, November 2015.

19.1.1 Surrogate Evaluation Areas

A discussion of Surrogate Evaluation Areas is given in the FSSFR Volume 3, Chapter 1, Section 5.0, *Final Status Survey Design*.

19.1.2 DCGL_w

During the FSS design process a review was performed of the RASS data for LSA 12-05. The RASS data was used as confirmation that no known areas of residual radioactivity remained within the survey areas that exceeded the Uniform Stratum DCGL_w. Therefore the Uniform Stratum DCGL_w was selected for use in demonstrating compliance with the release criteria.

19.1.3 GWS Coverage

As a Class 1 SU, LSA 12-05 was required to undergo a 100% GWS.

19.1.4 Instrumentation

Radiological instrumentation selected for performance of GWS within LSA 12-05 was the Ludlum 44-10 2" x 2" NaI detectors, coupled to a Ludlum 2221 scaler-ratemeter.

19.1.5 Scan Minimum Detectable Concentration

Scan MDCs for LSA 12-05 were calculated in accordance with HDP-PR-FSS-701, Revision 10, *Final Status Survey Plan Development* and HDP-TBD- FSS-002, Revision 3, *Evaluation and Documentation of the Scanning Minimum Detectable Concentrations (MDC) for Final Status Surveys (FSS)*. As background levels were approximately 10,000 cpm within LSA 12-05, the scan MDC calculation for total uranium given in HDP-PR-FSS-701, *Final Status Survey Plan Development*, Step 8.2.6.d, was applied:

$$\text{Scan MDC}_{(\text{total uranium})} = \frac{1}{\left(\left(\frac{f_{U-234}}{3659 \text{ pCi/g}} \right) + \left(\frac{f_{U-235}}{2.32 \text{ pCi/g}} \right) + \left(\frac{f_{U-238}}{30.6 \text{ pCi/g}} \right) \right)}$$

Equation 19-1

To determine isotopic Uranium fractions HDP-PR-FSS-701, Revision 10, *Final Status Survey Plan Development* assumes that the average LSA enrichment is 4% or less. Based on the

systematically collected RASS samples in LSA 12-05, the average enrichment for the SU was 2.96%. All other Scan MDC parameters agreed upon between Westinghouse and the NRC were applied (e.g. use of a 2 in air gap, scan rate of 1 ft/sec, 0.75 surveyor efficiency), therefore no subsequent changes to the calculated Scan MDCs need to be made.

Prospectively calculated Scan MDCs for 2" x 2" NaI detectors that were used in LSA 12-05 are shown below:

Table 19-1
Scan MDCs for 2" x 2" NaI detector, 10,000 cpm background: LSA 12-05

	Scan MDC (Total U)	DCGLw (Total U)	Scan MDC (Ra-226)	DCGLw* (Ra-226)	Scan MDC (Th-232)	DCGLw* (Th-232)
LSA 12-05	40.9	46.6	1.21	2.8	0.87	3.0

*DCGL_w includes background concentrations of 0.9 pCi/g for Ra-226 (no ingrowth) and 1.0 pCi/g for Th-232. DCGLw values are based on the Uniform Stratum release criteria.

The values in Table 19-1 reflect those presented in the FSS Plans prepared for the SU prior to FSS.

19.1.6 Investigation Action Level

FSSFR Volume 3, Chapter 1, Section 6.1.3, *Investigation Action Level (IAL)*, provides a discussion in regards to the IAL. The basis of the IAL is detailed in HDP memorandum, HEM-15-MEMO-021 "*Evaluation of the Scan IAL for Class 1 areas at the Westinghouse Hematite Site*". The IAL used during the GWS of LSA 12-05 was established at 4,000 ncpm.

19.1.7 LSA 12-05 FSS Design Summary

The FSS Plans for LSA 12-05 can be found in Appendix J. Table 19-2 presents an overall FSS design and implementation summary for LSA 12-05.

Table 19-2
FSS Design Summary for LSA 12-05

Gamma Walkover Survey (GWS):		
Scan Coverage	100% exposed soil and rock	
Scan MDC	40.9 pCi/g total Uranium (based on a 10,000 cpm background); 0.87 pCi/g Th-232; 1.21 pCi/g Ra-226*	
Investigation Action Level (IAL)	4,000 net cpm **	
Systematic Sampling Locations:		
Depth	Number of Sample	Comments
0 – 15 cm (Surface)	8	
15 cm – 1.5 m (Root)	8	
> 1.5m (Excavation)	8	
These samples will be taken on a random-start systematic grid.		
Biased Survey/Sampling Locations:		
Biased samples may be collected during GWS at the discretion of the HP Technician, after statistical analysis of the survey data, or at the direction of the RSO or Radiological Engineering.		
Sidewall Sampling Locations:		
A minimum of one (1) discretionary sidewall sample will be collected based on the following definition of "sidewall": sidewall candidates for sampling must be vertical or near vertical (> 45° angle) and at least 12" in height.		
Instrumentation:		
Ludlum 2221 with 44-10 (2x2 NaI) detector; with collimation for investigations	Used for GWS and to obtain static count rates at biased measurement locations.	
*Values based on information provided in HDP-TBD-FSS-002, " <i>Evaluation and Documentation of the Scanning Minimum Detectable Concentrations (MDC) for Final Status Surveys (FSS)</i> ". The Scan MDC for total Uranium reflects a conservative assumption of 4% enrichment. The actual RASS enrichment (2.0%) would result in Scan MDC values slightly less than those calculated for FSS planning purposes.		
**IAL is the net count per minute (ncpm) equivalent of an activity concentration less than the Uniform Stratum DCGLw derived from the technical bases presented in HEM-MEMO-15-021 and HDP-TBD-FSS-003 " <i>Modeling and Calculation of Investigative Action Levels for Final Status Soil Survey Units</i> ", Westinghouse, March 2015.		

20.0 FINAL STATUS SURVEY IMPLEMENTATION LSA 12-05

FSS was performed in accordance with procedure HDP-PR-FSS-711, *Final Status Surveys and Sampling of Soil and Sediment*.

20.1 Gamma Walkover Survey

20.1.1 Instrumentation

The selected instrumentation to perform the GWS in LSA 12-05 was a 2" x 2" NaI detector in combination with a Ludlum 2221 rate meter. Each NaI instrumentation set was interfaced with a Trimble DGPS and handheld data logger.

Prior to the first field use of the GWS instrumentation, initial set-ups were performed. Also, daily pre- and post-use source checks were performed for each day that GWS was performed within the SU. Initial set-ups, daily source checks, and control charting were performed according to the requirements of HDP-PR-HP-416, *Operation of the Ludlum 2221 for Final Status Survey*.

20.1.2 GWS Performance

All GWS measurements on the excavation floor and sidewalls collected with the NaI detector(s) were connected to a Trimble DGPS and with a hand-held data logger. The logging frequency in the survey unit was 1 GWS measurement per second. Each gross gamma measurement is correlated to a set of coordinates based on the Missouri East State Plane, NAD 1983.

The GWS requirements involved moving the NaI detector in a side-to-side fashion no faster than 1 foot per second while holding the probe as close as possible to the excavation surface (nominally 1", but not to exceed 3"). At the same time, the technician was required to slowly advance, causing the detector to trace out a serpentine path over the excavation surface.

FSS Technicians performing GWS in LSA 12-05 used the 4,000 ncpm IAL as a field guide to know when to slow or pause the GWS for more deliberate investigation. If during the GWS, audible count rates noticeably increase above the general area average (i.e., > minimum detectable count rate), FSS Technicians were required to pause momentarily and observe count rates. If sustained count rates approached the IAL, further focused investigation was conducted within the locally elevated area.

To use the IAL effectively, FSS Technicians first determined the local background count rate before starting the GWS. Although the ambient gamma level may vary across the SU due to the geometry and relative distance from contaminated materials in nearby remedial excavations, the average background rate (measured at waist level) within the LSA ranged between 10,000 and 11,000 gcpm. Therefore, at locations where the 2" x 2" NaI detector measurements exceeded 14,000 to 15,000 gcpm, FSS Technicians slowed or paused the GWS for more careful investigation of the small areas of elevated activity before deciding if "flagging" a point for potential biased sampling was warranted.

Hard to reach areas, and non-typical areas were surveyed manually as necessary in order to assess the potential for an area of elevated residual activity over 100% of the exposed ground surface.

After the GWS survey was complete, the GPS/GWS data was reviewed by Radiological Engineering and the Health Physics Technician performing the survey to determine if possible areas of elevated residual activity remained within the SU that required biased sample

investigation. Areas that were flagged by the HP Technician were considered, as well as a statistical evaluation of the GWS data set. The statistical evaluation determined the mean count rate and standard deviation associated with the GWS and then could be used to identify any areas that exceeded 3 standard deviations above the mean. The number of biased samples to be collected and the locations are based on flagged locations exceeding the IAL, the statistical evaluation of the GWS data set, and the professional judgment of Radiological Engineering.

20.2 Soil Sampling

20.2.1 Systematic Soil Sampling Summary

Table 20-1 provides a summary of systematic sampling by stratum for LSA 12-05.

Table 20-1
Systematic Sampling Summary by Stratum for LSA 12-05

LSA	SU Area, planar (m ²)	Systematic			QC
		Surface	Root	Deep (Excavation)	
12-05	2,001	8	8	8*	2

*Excavation samples were collected and archived, analysis only required if a overlying Root sample exceeds a 0.5 SOF

20.2.2 Systematic Sampling LSA 12-05

Within LSA 12-05, there were 8 systematic locations in which the surface stratum (0 – 15 cm) was sampled in the SU. The underlying root stratum was sampled at all 8 locations. Excavation stratum samples were collected and archived, but were not required to be analyzed since no root stratum sample exceeded a 0.5 Uniform SOF.

Given a planar area of 2,001 m² for LSA 12-05 and an eight - point systematic triangular grid, the point-to-point distance within each row was 16.9 m with spacing of 14.7 m between each of the parallel grid rows within the SU.

While there were eight (8) systematic locations on the LSA 12-05 sampling grid, a total of eighteen (18) samples were collected and analyzed at these locations, including:

- Eight (8) samples collected and analyzed within the surface stratum
- Eight (8) samples collected and analyzed within the root stratum
- Zero (0) samples analyzed within the excavation, or “deep” stratum
- Two (2) QC field replicate

Figure 20-1 presents the map of the eight systematic sample locations which were sampled within LSA 12-05. The inset table notes the location coordinates (Missouri East, NAD 1983) and collection intervals for each systematic location.

Figure 20-1
LSA 12-05 Systematic Soil Sample Locations

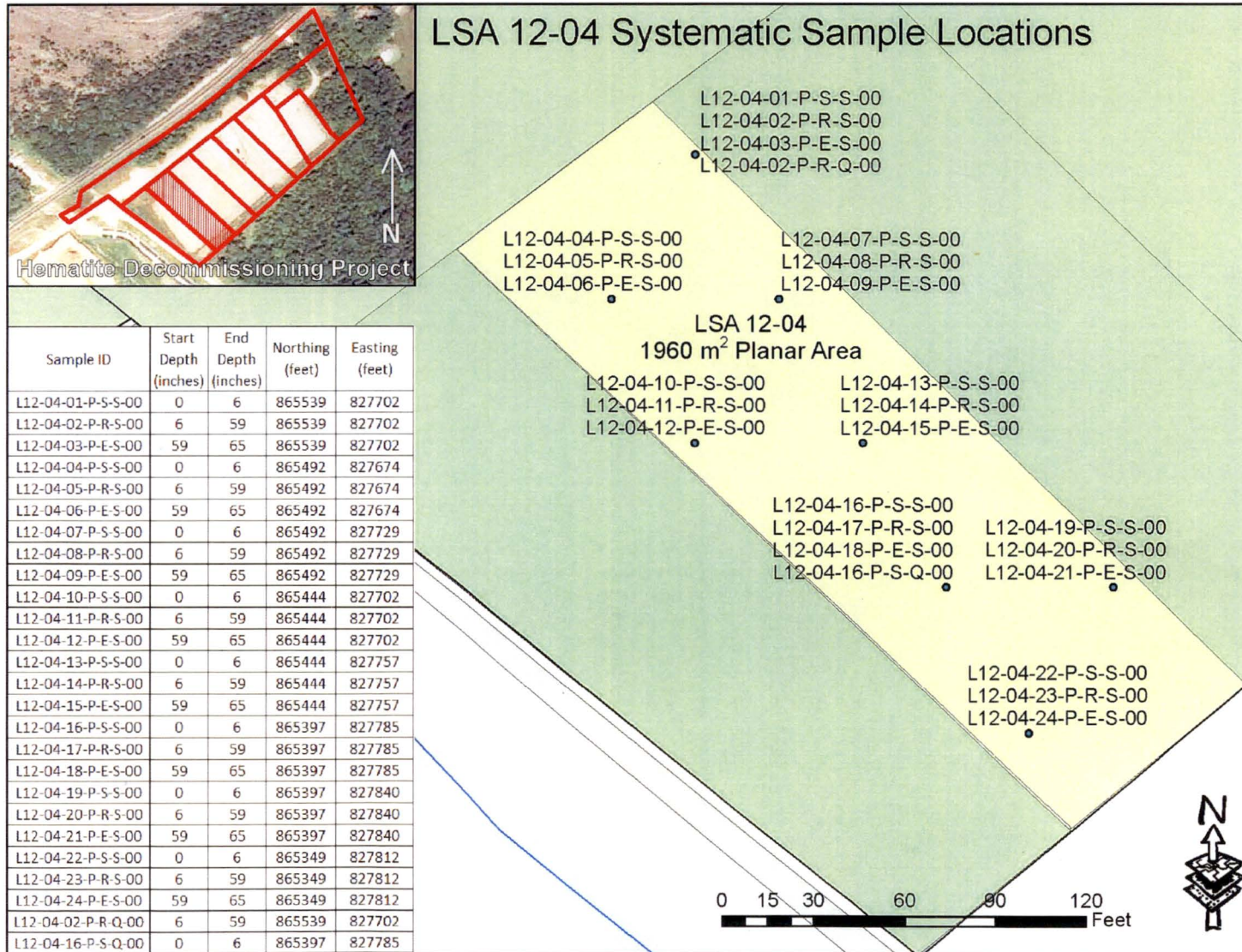


Figure 20-2 below presents a tabular listing of all FSS samples collected within LSA 12-05 with associated IDs, sample types, collection intervals, coordinates, and notes.

**Figure 20-2
FSS Sample Locations and Coordinates for LSA 12-05**

Hematite Decommissioning Project	Procedure: HDP-PR-FSS-701, Final Status Survey Plan Development		
		Revision: 10	Appendix P-4, Page 1 of 1

APPENDIX P-4

FSS SAMPLE & MEASUREMENT LOCATIONS & COORDINATES

Survey Area:	<u>LSA 12</u>	Description:	<u>Laydown Area, Plant Soils SEA</u>
Survey Unit:	<u>05</u>	Description:	<u>Class 1 Laydown Land Area in "Area 13"</u>
Survey Type:	<u>FSS</u>	Classification:	<u>Class 1</u>

Measurement or Sample ID	Surface or CSM	Type	Start Elevation*	End Elevation*	Northing** (Y Axis)	Easting** (X Axis)	Remarks / Notes
L12-05-01-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	433.3	432.8	865565	827733	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-05-02-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	432.8	428.4	865565	827733	Root 59-inch composite
L12-05-04-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	432.2	431.7	865565	827788	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-05-05-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	431.7	427.2	865565	827788	Root 59-inch composite
L12-05-07-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	432.2	431.7	865517	827761	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-05-08-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	431.7	427.3	865517	827761	Root 59-inch composite
L12-05-10-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	431.4	430.9	865517	827816	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-05-11-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	430.9	426.5	865517	827816	Root 59-inch composite
L12-05-13-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	431.3	430.8	865468	827788	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-05-14-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	430.8	426.4	865468	827788	Root 59-inch composite
L12-05-16-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	431.1	430.6	865468	827844	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-05-17-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	430.6	426.2	865468	827844	Root 59-inch composite
L12-05-19-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	431.2	430.7	865420	827872	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-05-20-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	430.7	426.3	865420	827872	Root 59-inch composite
L12-05-22-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	428.9	428.4	865420	827927	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-05-23-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	428.4	423.9	865420	827927	Root 59-inch composite
L12-05-08-P-R-Q-00	Uniform	Q	431.7	427.3	865517	827761	Root 59-inch composite
L12-05-14-P-R-Q-00	Uniform	Q	430.8	426.4	865468	827788	Root 59-inch composite
L12-05-25-P-S-B-00	Uniform	B	431.0	430.5	865345.0	827819.0	Biased 6-inch grab

Green shaded samples are the samples at each sample location, for use in WRS Test.

*Elevations are in feet above mean sea level.
 ** Missouri - East State Plane Coordinates [North American Datum (NAD) 1983]
 Surface: Floor = F; Wall = W; Ceiling = C; Roof = R
 CSM: Three-Layer (Surface-Root-Excavation) or Uniform DCGLs used
 Type: Systematic = S, Biased = B; QC = Q; Investigation = I

20.3 Biased Soil Sampling

As discussed in FSSFR Volume 3, Chapter 1, Section 6.1.3, there are three key methods for identifying areas for biased soil sampling, the IAL, the Z-score of the FSS GWS, and the professional judgment of the HP Staff. For LSA 12-05 one (1) biased sample location was selected within the SU based on the evaluation of the GWS survey data and HP Technician professional judgment. The biased location represented the maximum GWS measurement encountered within the SU. Biased samples are collected at the prescribed location to a depth of 6 inches below the exposed ground surface.

20.4 Judgmental/Sidewall Sampling for Tc-99

As an un-excavated SU, no Tc-99 sidewall sampling was necessary for LSA 12-05.

20.5 Quality Control Soil Sampling

Two QC field duplicate sample point were randomly selected and collected at systematic locations L12-05-08 and L12-05-14 for LSA 12-05.

21.0 FINAL STATUS SURVEY RESULTS LSA 12-05

21.1 Gamma Walkover Survey

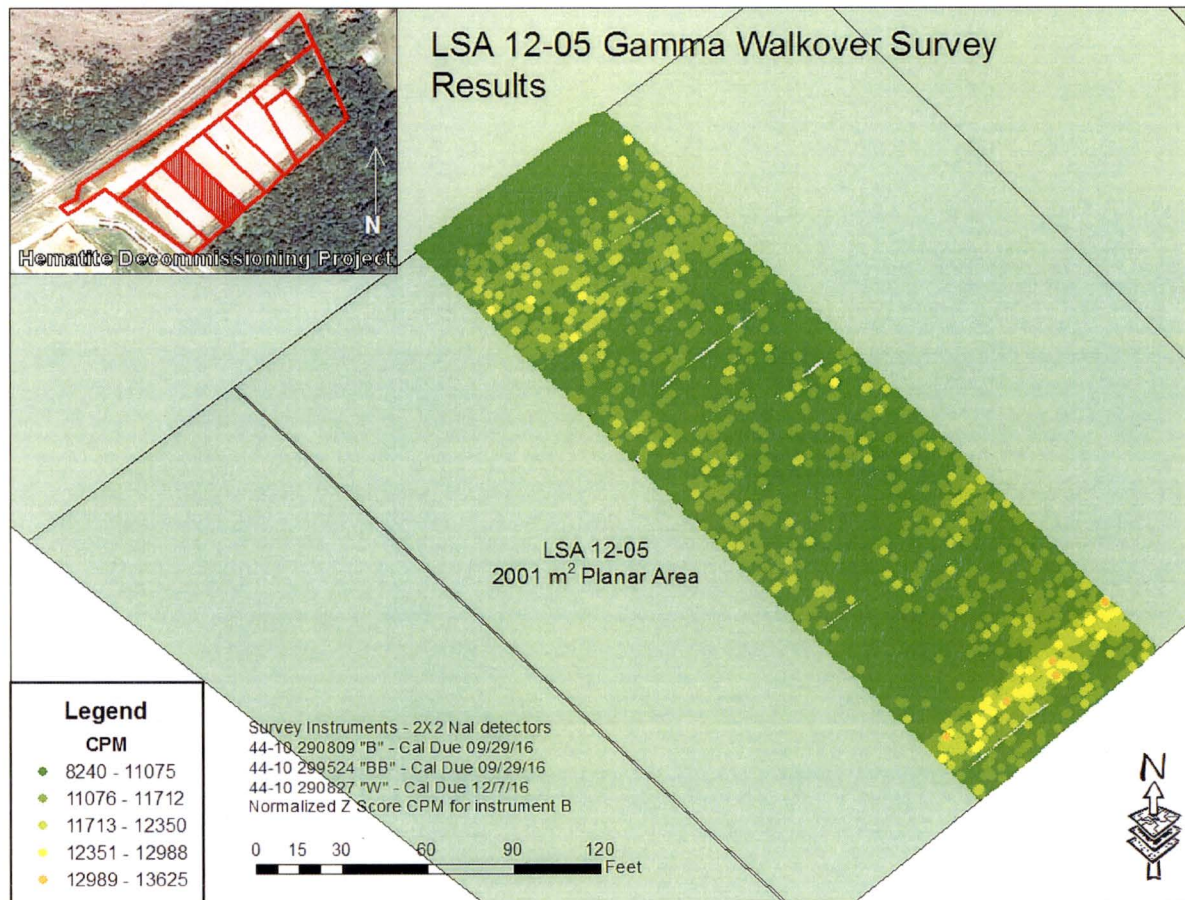
Post-processed GPS coordinate data is accurate to within ± 0.1 m for the handheld GPS models used during the GWS. The GWS maps are plotted and presented in a 2-D format. When multiple data points are collected at the same GPS location during the walkover, the most elevated radiological measurements are plotted "on top" (e.g. if any sidewalls featured more elevated readings than the floor directly below, the sidewall radiological measurements would overlie the lower floor readings).

GWS measurements were collected in LSA 12-05 between May 6, 2016, and May 15, 2016.

21.1.1 GWS Results for LSA 12-05

For LSA 12-05, GWS count rates ranged between 8,240 gcpm and 13,238 gcpm, with a mean count rate of 10,437 gcpm. The median count rate was 10,739 gcpm and the standard deviation was 638 cpm. Figure 21-1 below presents a map of the complete GWS data set.

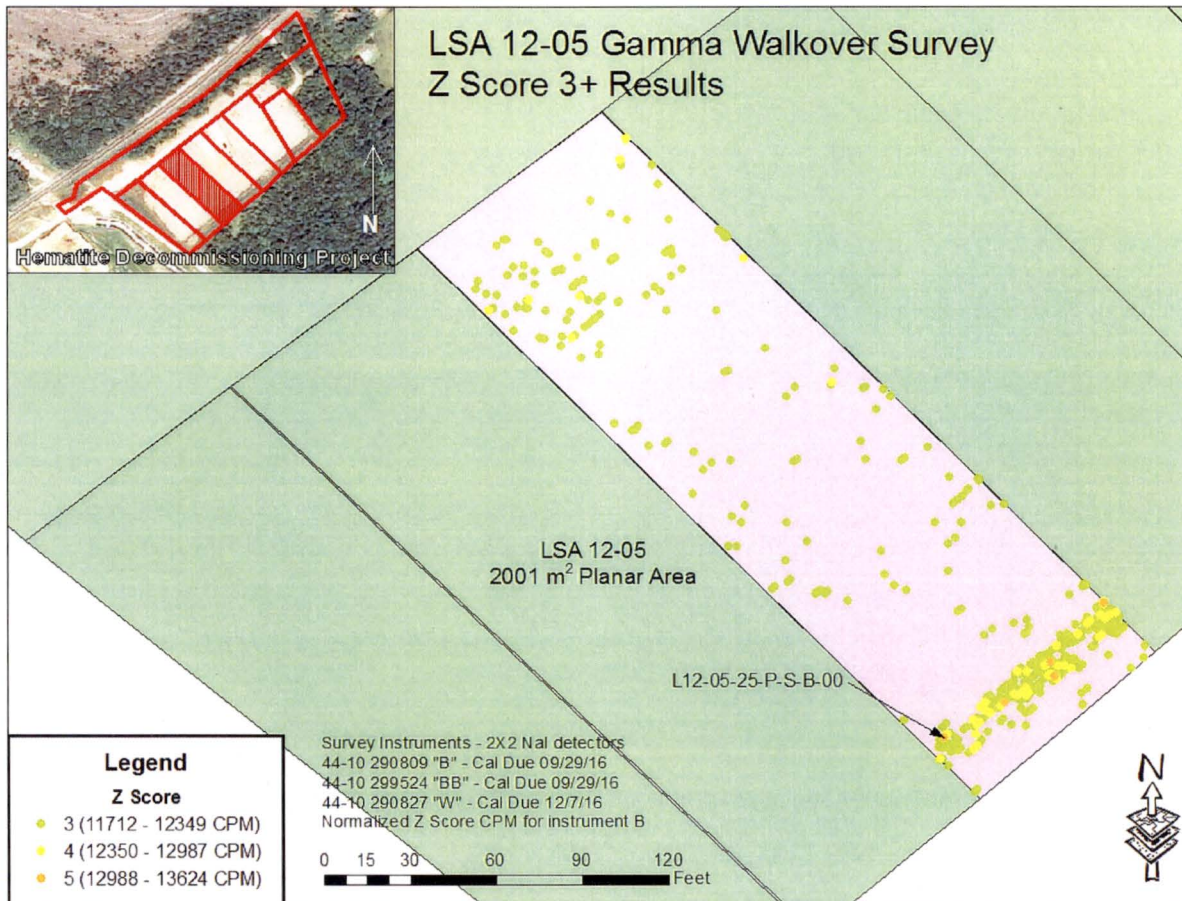
Figure 21-1
Colorimetric GWS Plot for LSA 12-05



An evaluation of the entire GWS data set was performed to evaluate those small areas of elevated activity which exceeded three (3) standard deviations above the GWS mean measurement, (i.e., "+3 Z-score"). One location, L12-05-25 was selected for biased sample collection. The biased location represented the maximum GWS measurements encountered within the SU.

Figure 21-2 below presents a map of the +3 Z-score GWS measurements within LSA 12-05, including the selected biased sampling locations (ID: L12-05-25-P-S-B-00).

Figure 21-2
Colorimetric GWS Plot for LSA 12-05 (Measurements > Z-score of 3)



All GWS data collected in LSA 12-05 was datalogged and post-processed in Graphical Information Software (GIS).

21.1.2 GWS Coverage Results LSA 12-05

FSSFR Volume 3, Chapter 1, Section 6.1.4, *Exposed Surfaces versus Accessible Surfaces*, provides a discussion and the criteria for evaluating the GWS coverage of a SU during FSS. Although 100% of accessible areas underwent GWS, the post survey processing of the GPS data indicated that the GWS covered 98.98% of the SU (see Table 21-1). As the evaluation indicates that the GPS coverage exceeded 95% with no readings approaching or exceeding the IAL of 4,000 net cpm in the vicinity of any apparent GPS coverage gaps, the GWS coverage for the SU has been evaluated to meet the intent of the "100% GWS coverage" requirement.

Table 21-1
GWS Gap Analysis LSA 10-04

	Total SU Pixels	GWS Gap Pixels	Gap Percentage	GWS Coverage	MARSSIM Class
LSA 12-05	155,934	1591	1.02	98.98	1

21.2 Soil Sample Results LSA 12-05

Appendix C presents the analytical results and associated statistics for all FSS surface samples collected within LSA 12-05.

21.2.1 Surface Soil Sample Results LSA 12-05

There were eight systematic samples collected within the surface stratum (0 – 15 cm) of LSA 12-05. Additionally one biased sample was collected in the topmost layer of soil. The maximum Uniform SOF result for the surface samples was 0.33.

21.2.2 Subsurface Soil Sample Results LSA 12-05

There were eight systematic locations within LSA 12-05 where root stratum composite sampling was necessary. The root stratum zone is between 0.15 and 1.50 m below final grade surface. At each of the eight root stratum composite sampling locations, the top six inches (1.50 – 1.65 m below final grade surface) of the underlying excavation stratum was also collected and archived, however these excavation samples were not required to be analyzed as no overlying root stratum sample exceeded a 0.5 SOF. The maximum SOF result of the subsurface samples collected in LSA 12-05 was 0.11.

21.2.3 WRS Evaluation

Per Step 7.8.3 of HDP-PR-FSS-721 *Final Status Survey Data Evaluation*, the Wilcoxon Rank Sum (WRS) statistical test was not required for LSA 12-05 since the difference between the maximum SU data set gross SOF and the minimum background area SOF was less than one using the Uniform Stratum criteria. However, for illustrative purposes, the WRS evaluation was still performed for LSA 12-05. All systematically collected samples regardless of depth are used to perform the WRS Test, however biased and QC sample results are not utilized in the WRS Test. The 16 systematically collected samples in LSA 12-05 were ranked against the adjusted activity concentrations of the 32 samples collected within the Background Reference Area. The SU passed the WRS Test since the ranked sum of the reference area ranks, or test statistic W_R , (1040) was greater than the critical value (860) for the test. As such, the null hypothesis that the SU average concentration is greater than the $DCGL_W$ was rejected. The WRS evaluation is also included in Appendix C.

21.2.4 Graphical Data Review LSA 12-05

Table 21-2 below presents summary results for the all systematically collected samples (includes surface, and root, but not biased or QC samples) collected within LSA 12-05, and the associated

SOF when compared to the Uniform Stratum DCGL_{w,s}. The arithmetic average concentration resulted in a SOF of 0.11.

**Table 21-2
LSA 12-05 FSS Sample Data Summary and Calculated SOF Values (Systematic)**

Statistic	Ra-226 DCGL = 1.9 BKG = 1.07 (pCi/g)	Tc-99 DCGL = 25.1 (pCi/g)	Th-232 DCGL = 2.0 BKG = 1.0 (pCi/g)	U-234 DCGL=195.4 (pCi/g)	U-235 DCGL=51.6 (pCi/g)	U-238 DCGL=168.8 (pCi/g)	Sample SOF (Uniform DCGL)
Average	0.005	1.072	0.061	4.462	0.223	1.329	0.11
Minimum	0.00 (<BKG)	0.00 (NEG)	0.00 (<BKG)	0.695	-0.116	0.695	0.01
Maximum	0.070	7.450	0.170	11.292	0.622	2.870	0.33

Notes:

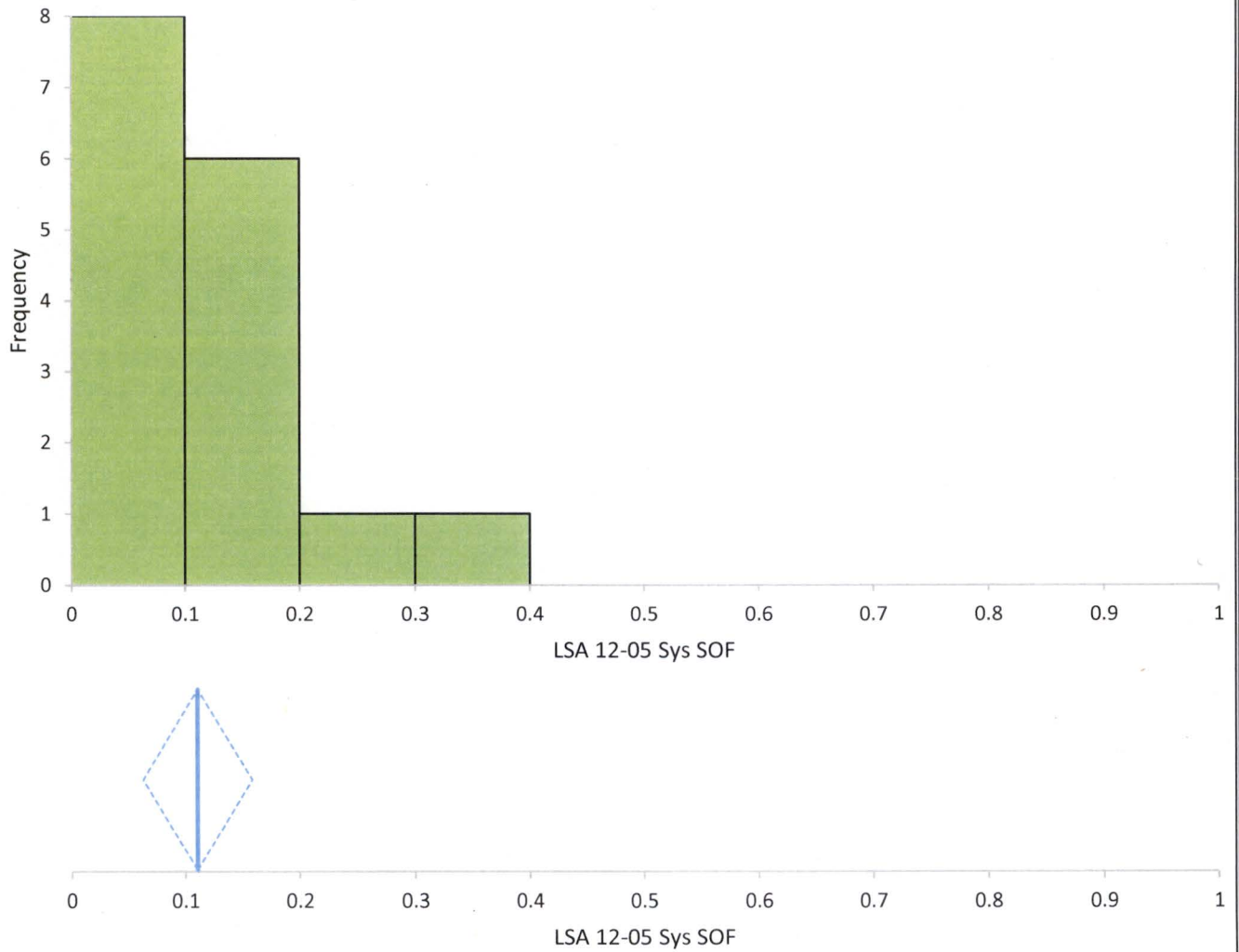
1. Ra-226 and Th-232 background activities subtracted prior to calculating SOF value. Ra-226 background without ingrowth = 0.9 pCi/g; Ra-226 background with ingrowth = 1.07 pCi/g. Negative SOF components are set to zero in SOF calculation.
2. Average SOF for data set calculated using average radionuclide concentrations.
3. U-234 values are inferred from the U-235/U-238 ratio.

Section 8.2.2.2 of MARSSIM recommends a graphical review of FSS analytical data, to include at a minimum, a posting plot and a histogram. A frequency plot, or histogram, is a useful tool for examining the general shape of a data distribution. This plot is a bar chart of the number of data points within a certain range of values. The frequency plot will reveal any obvious departures from symmetry, such as skewness or bimodality (two peaks), in the data distribution for the survey unit. The presence of two peaks in the survey unit frequency plot may indicate the existence of isolated areas of residual radioactivity.

Figure 21-3 presents the overall statistical metrics for the SOF parameter for the 16 systematically collected samples from LSA 12-05. The top graph is a histogram and line plot of the SOF for the systematic data population for LSA 12-05. The middle graph presents the mean SOF (0.11) as indicated by the blue vertical line) of the sample population and the 95% confidence interval of the mean SOF represented by the blue diamond which is 0.06 to 0.16. The 97.87% confidence interval based on the median (0.10) of the sample results is 0.04 to 0.14. The bottom two charts present the various statistical metrics of the LSA 12-05 SOF data set, including the mean, median, standard deviation, minimum, maximum, confidence intervals, etc.

Figure 21-3 exhibits no unusual symmetry or bimodality concerns for the LSA 12-05 data associated with the systematically collected measurement locations.

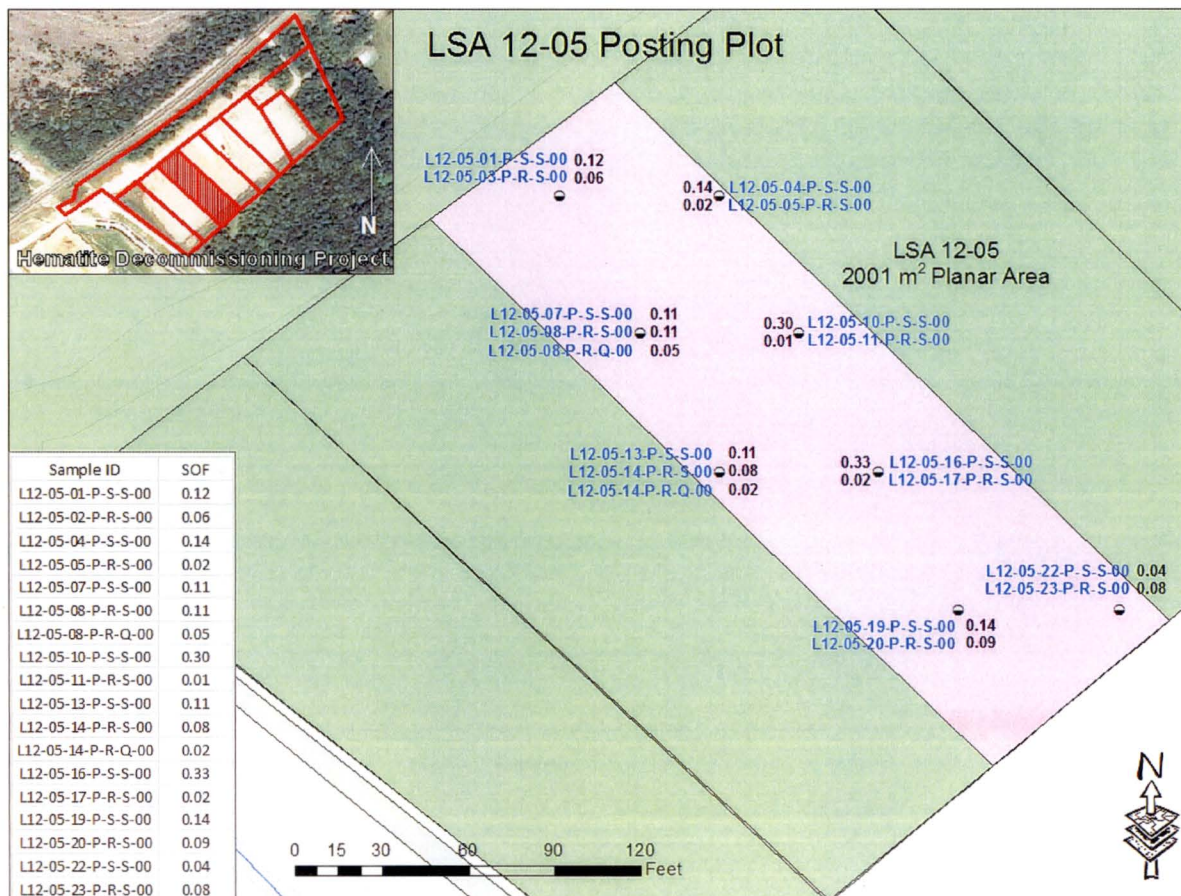
Figure 21-3
Graphic Statistical Summary for LSA 12-05 (SOF parameter)



N	16							
LSA 12-05 Sys SOF	Mean	95% CI		Mean SE	SD	Variance	Skewness	Kurtosis
	0.11	0.06	to 0.16	0.022	0.09	0.01	1.5	2.22
LSA 12-05 Sys SOF	Minimum	1st quartile	Median	97.87% CI		3rd quartile	Maximum	IQR
	0.01	0.05	0.10	0.04	to 0.14	0.13	0.3	0.08

A posting plot is simply a map of the survey unit with the data values (in this case the SOF values for each systematically collected sample) entered at the measurement locations. This potentially reveals heterogeneities in the data – especially possible patches of elevated residual radioactivity. The posting plot for LSA 12-05 is presented below in Figure 21-4. Figure 21-4 shows no unusual patterns in the data.

Figure 21-4
Posting Plot for LSA 12-05 Systematic Measurement Locations



Appendix C to this report presents the complete analytical data set (in Microsoft Excel format) used to derive the summary statistics presented in Table 21-2, Figure 21-3, and Figure 21-4 above. A summary of the analytical data is presented in Table 21-3 below. Appendix Q to this report presents the TestAmerica Analytical Laboratory soil sample reports.

Table 21-3
Final Status Survey Analytical Data: LSA 12-05

Sample ID	Sample Depth (ft)	Type (Systematic, Bias, QC)	TestAmerica Analytical Results																								Enr.	SOF					
			Ra-226						Tc-99					Th-232					Inferred U-234				U-235						U-238				
			Result	Uncertainty	MDC	Qualifier	Net Result*	Corrected Result	Result	Corrected Result	Uncertainty	MDC	Qualifier	Result	Uncertainty	MDC	Qualifier	Net Result**	Corrected Result	Result	Uncertainty	MDC	Qualifier	Result	Uncertainty	MDC			Qualifier	Result	Uncertainty	MDC	Qualifier
L12-05-01-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	0.751	0.128	0.103	N/A	-0.319	0.000	1.09	1.090	0.103	0.238	N/A	1.04	0.159	0.107	N/A	0.040	0.040	7.502	NA	NA	NA	0.414	0.173	0.215	N/A	1.21	0.352	0.883	N/A	5.1	0.12
L12-05-02-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	0.837	0.119	0.0682	N/A	-0.233	0.000	0.053	0.053	0.114	0.221	U	1.08	0.159	0.103	N/A	0.080	0.080	2.175	NA	NA	NA	0.116	0.244	0.491	U	1.1	0.305	0.742	N/A	1.7	0.06
L12-05-04-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	0.911	0.148	0.0749	N/A	-0.159	0.000	0.874	0.874	0.181	0.231	N/A	1.08	0.173	0.106	N/A	0.080	0.080	8.624	NA	NA	NA	0.475	0.169	0.203	N/A	2.19	0.626	0.864	N/A	3.3	0.14
L12-05-05-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	0.798	0.119	0.0685	N/A	-0.272	0.000	0.0069	0.007	0.129	0.231	U	0.928	0.152	0.115	N/A	-0.072	0.000	2.787	NA	NA	NA	0.153	0.106	0.158	U	0.811	0.286	0.719	N/A	2.9	0.02
L12-05-07-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	0.812	0.128	0.075	N/A	-0.258	0.000	1.34	1.340	0.228	0.242	N/A	0.912	0.167	0.0952	N/A	-0.088	0.000	7.200	NA	NA	NA	0.397	0.189	0.215	N/A	1.72	0.612	0.89	N/A	3.5	0.11
L12-05-08-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	1.08	0.154	0.0724	N/A	0.010	0.010	0.102	0.102	0.042	0.221	U	1.16	0.167	0.13	N/A	0.160	0.160	2.317	NA	NA	NA	0.123	0.0987	0.181	U	1.22	0.513	0.777	N/A	1.6	0.11
L12-05-10-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	0.824	0.116	0.0493	N/A	-0.246	0.000	5.23	5.230	0.524	0.219	N/A	0.919	0.139	0.0679	N/A	-0.081	0.000	11.292	NA	NA	NA	0.622	0.167	0.194	N/A	2.87	0.615	0.762	N/A	3.3	0.30
L12-05-11-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	0.804	0.134	0.0774	N/A	-0.266	0.000	0.0658	0.066	0.05	0.227	U	0.921	0.143	0.101	N/A	-0.079	0.000	0.695	NA	NA	NA	-0.024	0.152	0.377	U	0.695	0.284	0.764	U	0.7	0.01
L12-05-13-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	1.14	0.17	0.0773	N/A	0.070	0.070	0.272	0.272	0.082	0.243	N/A	1.02	0.172	0.133	N/A	0.020	0.020	7.160	NA	NA	NA	0.395	0.154	0.19	N/A	1.66	0.547	0.775	N/A	3.6	0.11
L12-05-14-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	1.01	0.145	0.0695	N/A	-0.060	0.000	0.0287	0.029	0.065	0.239	U	1.14	0.183	0.122	N/A	0.140	0.140	1.293	NA	NA	NA	0.0673	0.241	0.485	U	0.838	0.289	0.738	N/A	1.3	0.08
L12-05-16-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	0.828	0.117	0.0518	N/A	-0.242	0.000	7.45	7.450	0.727	0.217	N/A	0.789	0.134	0.0827	N/A	-0.211	0.000	4.563	NA	NA	NA	0.251	0.105	0.164	N/A	1.26	0.291	0.679	N/A	3.1	0.33
L12-05-17-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	0.823	0.12	0.0616	N/A	-0.247	0.000	0	0.000	0	0.234	U	0.958	0.156	0.0772	N/A	-0.042	0.000	1.841	NA	NA	NA	0.0999	0.184	0.336	U	0.698	0.266	0.702	U	2.2	0.02
L12-05-19-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	0.859	0.141	0.066	N/A	-0.211	0.000	0.368	0.368	0.186	0.25	N/A	1.14	0.21	0.134	N/A	0.140	0.140	7.586	NA	NA	NA	0.419	0.184	0.219	N/A	1.36	0.361	0.849	N/A	4.6	0.14
L12-05-20-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	0.919	0.131	0.058	N/A	-0.151	0.000	0.0092	0.009	0.046	0.23	U	1.17	0.195	0.103	N/A	0.170	0.170	0.912	NA	NA	NA	-0.116	0.0871	0.493	U	0.912	0.475	0.74	N/A	0.7	0.09
L12-05-22-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	0.868	0.133	0.0695	N/A	-0.202	0.000	0.233	0.233	0.091	0.248	U	0.912	0.182	0.106	N/A	-0.088	0.000	4.158	NA	NA	NA	0.227	0.161	0.196	N/A	1.43	0.715	0.875	N/A	2.5	0.04
L12-05-23-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	1.03	0.172	0.0921	N/A	-0.040	0.000	0.0365	0.037	0.055	0.243	U	1.14	0.184	0.117	N/A	0.140	0.140	1.290	NA	NA	NA	-0.055	0.144	0.604	U	1.29	0.584	0.884	N/A	0.7	0.08
L12-05-08-P-R-Q-00	0.50	Q	1.04	0.165	0.0771	N/A	-0.030	0.000	0.139	0.139	0.04	0.235	U	1.05	0.19	0.133	N/A	0.050	0.050	2.491	NA	NA	NA	0.136	0.287	0.559	U	0.263	0.169	1.28	U	7.5	0.05
L12-05-14-P-R-Q-00	0.50	Q	1.07	0.155	0.0519	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.0284	0.028	0.013	0.219	U	0.775	0.247	0.221	N/A	-0.225	0.000	1.719	NA	NA	NA	0.0877	0.352	0.586	U	1.24	0.356	0.899	N/A	1.1	0.02
L12-05-25-P-S-B-00	0.00	B	0.930	0.137	0.067	N/A	-0.140	0.000	0.306	0.306	0.123	0.223	N/A	1.020	0.173	0.102	N/A	0.020	0.020	1.070	NA	NA	NA	-0.020	0.045	0.543	U	1.070	0.309	0.796	N/A	0.7	0.03
Systematic Minimum			0.000						0.000					0.000					0.695				-0.116				0.695				2.6	0.01	
Systematic Maximum			0.070						7.450					0.170					11.292				0.622				2.870				Average Enrichment (%)	0.33	
Systematic Mean			0.005						1.072					0.061					4.462				0.223				1.329					0.11	
Systematic Median			0.000						0.168					0.030					3.472				0.190				1.240					0.10	
Systematic Standard Deviation			0.018						2.137					0.068					3.309				0.212				0.575					0.09	
			With ingrowth, use Ra226 bkg = 1.07											Th232 bkg = 1.0																			

NOTES:

Gross results in units of pCi/g.

* Background with ingrowth (1.07 pCi/g) subtracted from gross result.

**Background (1.0 pCi/g) subtracted from gross result.

U Qualifier: Result is less than the sample detection limit.

All uncertainty values are reported at the 2-sigma confidence level.

21.2.5 Biased Soil Sample Result LSA 12-05

One (1) biased sample was collected from LSA 12-05. The sample collected at location L12-04-25 represented the maximum GWS measurement (13,238 gcpm) within the SU, and had a result of 0.03 Uniform SOF.

21.2.6 Quality Control Soil Sample Result LSA 12-05

Two QC field duplicate sample points were randomly selected for LSA 12-05 which were collected at systematic locations L12-05-08 and L12-05-14.

For the 17 samples (i.e., 16 systematic + 1 biased) collected within LSA 12-04, two field duplicate samples were collected. This frequency equates to 11.8%, (i.e. 2/17). Form HDP-PR-FSS-703-1 documents that the duplicate sample result comparison with the partner's sample results that all comparison criteria were less than the calculated warning limits (see Figure 21-5 below).

The statistical assessment of the Laboratory QC sample results indicated that one field duplicate sample exceeded the calculated Warning Limit, but was less than the calculated Control Limit. The one sample result that exceeded the Warning Limit was sample L12-05-14-P-R-S-00 for Th-232. In accordance with procedure HDP-PR-FSS-703, when an exceedance occurs an investigation is performed to determine if corrective actions were necessary. The investigation determined that for Th-232 the calculated statistic (0.323) only slightly exceeded the calculated Warning Limit (0.283). Also, considering the low activity and the errors associated with the sample results, the Th-232 activity of both samples were relatively close. Based upon the investigation of the exceedance and the results of previous Quality Assurance audits of the overall performance of the laboratory, no corrective actions were determined to be necessary.

Figure 21-5
Form HDP-PR-FSS-703-1 Field Duplicate Sample Assessment LSA 12-05 (1 of 2)

Hematite Decommissioning Project	Procedure: HDP-PR-FSS-703, Final Status Survey Quality Control							Revision: 2	Page 1 of 1			
FORM HDP-PR-FSS-703-1 FIELD DUPLICATE SAMPLE ASSESSMENT												
Survey Unit No.:	LSA 12-05				Survey Unit Description:	Class 1 Laydown Land Area in "Area 13"						
Sample ID	Field Duplicate Sample ID	Radionuclide	Sample (pCi/g)		Field Duplicate Sample (pCi/g)		Average Activity (\bar{x}) (pCi/g)	Nuclide DCGL (pCi/g)	Statistic ²	Warning Limit	Control Limit	Statistic Exceeds Limit? (Y/N)
			Activity (x _i)	MDC	Activity (x _i)	MDC						
L12-05-08-P-R-S-00	L12-05-08-P-R-Q-00	Ra-226	1.08	0.0724	1.04	0.0771	1.060	1.9	0.04	0.269	0.403	N
L12-05-08-P-R-S-00	L12-05-08-P-R-Q-00	Tc-99	0.102	0.221	0.139	0.235	0.121	25.1	NA	3.552	5.321	NA
L12-05-08-P-R-S-00	L12-05-08-P-R-Q-00	Th-232	1.16	0.13	1.05	0.133	1.105	2.0	0.110	0.283	0.424	N
L12-05-08-P-R-S-00	L12-05-08-P-R-Q-00	U-234 ¹	2.317	N/A	2.491	N/A	2.404	195.4	0.173	27.649	41.425	N
L12-05-08-P-R-S-00	L12-05-08-P-R-Q-00	U-235	0.123	0.181	0.136	0.559	0.130	51.6	NA	7.301	10.939	NA
L12-05-08-P-R-S-00	L12-05-08-P-R-Q-00	U-238	1.22	0.777	0.263	1.28	0.742	168.8	NA	23.885	35.786	NA
<p>Comments:</p> <p>1. U-234 is inferred, no MDC available.</p> <p>2. Duplicate assessment is not necessary if the result of either sample is < MDC.</p>												
Performed by: <i>Thomas Yarby</i>							Reviewed by: <i>W. Clark Evers</i>					
Date: <i>11-23-16</i>							Date: <i>11/23/16</i>					
Quality Record												

Figure 21-5
Form HDP-PR-FSS-703-1 Field Duplicate Sample Assessment LSA 12-05 (2 of 2)

Hematite Decommissioning Project	Procedure: HDP-PR-FSS-703, Final Status Survey Quality Control		
			Revision: 2
Page 1 of 1			

FORM HDP-PR-FSS-703-1
FIELD DUPLICATE SAMPLE ASSESSMENT

Survey Unit No.:	LSA 12-05				Survey Unit Description:	Class 1 Laydown Land Area in "Area 13"						
Sample ID	Field Duplicate Sample ID	Radionuclide	Sample (pCi/g)		Field Duplicate Sample (pCi/g)		Average Activity (\bar{x}) (pCi/g)	Nuclide DCGL (pCi/g)	Statistic ²	Warning Limit	Control Limit	Statistic Exceeds Limit? (Y/N)
			Activity (x _i)	MDC	Activity (x _i)	MDC						
L12-05-14-P-R-S-00	L12-05-14-P-R-Q-00	Ra-226	1.01	0.0695	1.07	0.0519	1.040	1.9	0.06	0.269	0.403	N
L12-05-14-P-R-S-00	L12-05-14-P-R-Q-00	Tc-99	0.0287	0.239	0.0284	0.219	0.029	25.1	NA	3.552	5.321	NA
L12-05-14-P-R-S-00	L12-05-14-P-R-Q-00	Th-232	1.14	0.122	0.775	0.221	0.958	2.0	0.365	0.283	0.424	Y
L12-05-14-P-R-S-00	L12-05-14-P-R-Q-00	U-234 ¹	1.293	N/A	1.719	N/A	1.506	195.4	0.426	27.649	41.425	N
L12-05-14-P-R-S-00	L12-05-14-P-R-Q-00	U-235	0.0673	0.485	0.0877	0.586	0.078	51.6	NA	7.301	10.939	NA
L12-05-14-P-R-S-00	L12-05-14-P-R-Q-00	U-238	0.838	0.738	1.24	0.899	1.039	168.8	0.402	23.885	35.786	N

Comments:

- U-234 is inferred, no MDC available.
- Duplicate assessment is not necessary if the result of either sample is < MDC.

Performed by: Thomas Yardy / [Signature]

Reviewed by: W. Clark Evey / [Signature]

Date: 11-23-16

Date: 11/23/16

Quality Record

21.3 Tc-99 Hot Spot Assessment LSA 12-05

There is no historical sampling data available for this area since it was always considered a non-impacted area prior to the storage of potential reuse soils within the LSA. As a previously un-impacted area there is no history of a Tc-99 sample result ever exceeding the Tc-99 Uniform DCGL_w, as only potential reuse soil was placed within the LSA. The highest Tc-99 sample result collected from both Final RASS and FSS was 7.45 pCi/g. Therefore there is no concern for a potential Tc-99 hot spot exceeding the DCGL_w of 25.1, and there is no reason to perform a Tc-99 hot spot assessment.

22.0 ALARA EVALUATION LSA 12-05

All samples collected within LSA 12-05 were evaluated against the Uniform Stratum DCGL_w. For LSA 12-05 no sample result exceeded a SOF of 1.0. The average SOF result, based on all systematically collected samples, was 0.11 for LSA 12-05. The average SOF equates to residual activity contributions from the survey unit area of 2.75 mrem/yr for LSA 12-05. Groundwater Monitoring Well data provided in FSSFR Volume 6, Chapters 2 and 3 {ML16287A528} and Chapter 4 {ML16342B552}, indicate that the groundwater dose contribution will be a fraction of the MCLs. Nevertheless, a maximum groundwater contribution assumption of 4.0 mrem/yr based upon the EPA MCLs will be added to the total estimated dose for LSA 12-05. Adding these dose contributions together, the total estimated dose for LSA 12-05 is 6.75 mrem/yr.

Since the estimated Total Effective Dose Equivalent is well below the regulatory release criterion of 25 mrem/yr, the conclusion of the ALARA evaluation is that the FSS of LSA 12-05 was successful and that there would be no discernable benefit to the health and safety of the public in attempting to further reduce the results of FSS by performing remediation of LSA 12-05.

23.0 FSS PLAN DEVIATIONS LSA 12-05

23.1 Remedial Actions during FSS

There was no remedial action in LSA 12-05.

23.2 Adjustments to Scan MDC Calculations

Scan MDCs for LSA 12-05 were calculated in accordance with HDP-PR-FSS-701, Revision 10, *Final Status Survey Plan Development* and HDP-TBD- FSS-002, Revision 3, *Evaluation and Documentation of the Scanning Minimum Detectable Concentrations (MDC) for Final Status Surveys (FSS)*. The assumed LSA background count rate of 10,000 cpm was applied to determine the prospective Scan MDCs, and the actual mean count rate from the FSS survey was 10,437 cpm. Therefore the calculated Scan MDCs are appropriate, and no adjustments need to be made.

24.0 DATA QUALITY ASSESSMENT

The DQO process is thoroughly integrated within the DP and Hematite FSS procedures. The steps of the DQO process are presented in Volume 3, Chapter 1, Section 4.0 of the FSSFR and correspond to the DQO steps described in Chapter 14, Section 4.2.1 of the DP. The HDP DQO process reflects the recommendations given in MARSSIM, Chapter 2, Figure 2-2.

24.1 Data Quality Assessment for LSA 12-05

The Data Quality Assessment of the survey methodology, sampling and sample analysis results, and the Quality Control sampling and analysis results to ascertain the validity of the conclusion for LSA 12-05 (see Figure 24-1) provides the following:

- The field and laboratory instruments utilized were capable of detecting activity at an MDC less than the appropriate investigation level, and were verified to be operable prior to and after use in accordance with HDP-PR-HP-416 (*Operation of the Ludlum 2221 for Final Status Survey*).
- The calibration of all instruments that were used to measure or analyze data was current at the time of use and the calibrations of the instruments were performed using a NIST traceable source. The instruments used were successfully source checked prior to and after use.
- The systematic samples that were collected (on a random-start triangular grid) and the gamma scan surveys that were conducted were performed in accordance with procedure HDP-PR-FSS-711, *Final Status Surveys and Sampling of Soil and Sediment*.
- All samples sent for analysis at the approved offsite laboratory (TestAmerica) were tracked on a chain of custody form in accordance with HDP-PR-QA-006, *Chain of Custody*.
- Quality Control sample results were verified to meet the acceptance criteria as specified in HDP-PR-FSS-703, *Final Status Survey Quality Control*.
- LSA 12-05 survey and sample results were independently reviewed and validated in accordance with HDP-PR-FSS-721 *Final Status Survey Data Validation*.
- The WRS Test is not necessary when the difference between the maximum survey unit data set measurement SOF and the minimum background area measurement SOF is less than or equal to one. For LSA 12-05, no individual gross SOF result in the FSS data set exceeded the SOF of the minimum background reference area measurement by more than one using the Uniform Stratum criteria. Therefore, the WRS Test was not required for LSA 12-05. However the WRS Test was still performed for illustrative purposes. Since the test statistic, WR (1040) exceeded the critical value (860), the FSS data set passed the WRS Test and the null hypothesis was rejected. The WRS Test worksheet is presented in Appendix C.
- A biased soil sample was collected from the location of the highest gamma count rate within the SU, and the result was a 0.03 Uniform SOF.

- The maximum SOF result for all surface samples within LSA 12-05 was 0.33. The maximum SOF result for all subsurface samples within LSA 12-05 was 0.11. The average SOF result for all systematically collected samples within LSA 12-05 was 0.11, with an upper 95% confidence level ($UCL_{\text{mean}} 0.95$) of 0.16.
- No FSS sample result in LSA 12-05 exceeded a SOF of 1.0 as compared to the Uniform Stratum criteria, therefore an EMC or supplemental investigations was not required. For the same reason, no comparisons to the alternate “Three-Layer” multi-CSM (i.e. Surface, Root and Excavation) DCGLs were necessary.
- A retrospective sampling frequency evaluation was performed to determine if sufficient statistical power exists to reject the null hypothesis based on the total number (8) of systematic samples actually collected within LSA 12-05. The successful result of the retrospective power evaluation presented in Table 24-1 for LSA 12-05 indicates that the minimum number of samples required (8) for the WRS Test were equal to the number of sampling locations actually collected within LSA 12-05. The methodology used for the retrospective sampling frequency evaluation is similar to the prospective sample size determination performed during FSS Plan Development except that actual FSS sample results and statistics are used in the sample size verification. Specifically, the mean and standard deviation of the eight LSA surface samples (i.e., the WRS Test sample data set) are used to derive the relative shift for each LSA. Given the HDP Type I and Type II errors of 0.05 and 0.10, respectively, the calculated relative shift is then correlated to a minimum sample size number as provided in Table 5-1 of MARSSIM.
- HDP staff ensured that a visual inspection of the SU configuration and of the Isolation & Control measures were performed periodically, and confirmed that there were no instances of potential cross contamination from weather events until the FSS of all remaining areas at HDP were completed.

**Table 24-1
Retrospective Sample Size Verification for LSA 12-05**

Uniform DCGL Criteria Evaluation	
N/2 Value Verification	
Isotope(s)	SOF (Ra/Tc/Th/Iso U)
St. Dev.	0.09
DCGL _{SOF}	1
LBGR (Mean)	0.11
Shift	0.89
Relative Shift (Δ/σ)	9.91
MARSSIM Table 5.1 (P_r)	1.000000
N	12
N + 20%	14.4
N/2	8
FSS N/2	8
Verification Check	SUFFICIENT MEASUREMENTS
<p>"N/2" Corresponds to the number of survey unit measurement locations required for the WRS Test</p>	

MARSSIM Table 5.1

Δ/σ	P_r
0.1	0.528182
0.2	0.556223
0.3	0.583985
0.4	0.611335
0.5	0.638143
0.6	0.664290
0.7	0.689665
0.8	0.714167
0.9	0.737710
1.0	0.760217
1.1	0.781627
1.2	0.801892
1.3	0.820978
1.4	0.838864
1.5	0.855541
1.6	0.871014
1.7	0.885299
1.8	0.898420
1.9	0.910413
2.0	0.921319
2.25	0.944167
2.5	0.961428
2.75	0.974067
3.0	0.983039
3.5	0.993329
4.0	0.997658
4.01	1.000000

MARSSIM Table 5.2, $\alpha = 0.05$, $\beta = 0.10$

α (or β)	$Z_{1-\alpha}$ (or $Z_{1-\beta}$)
0.005	2.576
0.01	2.326
0.015	2.241
0.025	1.960
0.05	1.645
0.10	1.282
0.15	1.036
0.2	0.842
0.25	0.674
0.30	0.524

α
 β

**Figure 24-1
Data Evaluation Checklists prepared for LSA 12-05 (page 1 of 2)**

Hematite Decommissioning Project	Procedure: HDP-PR-FSS-721, Final Status Survey Data Evaluation		
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**APPENDIX G-1
FINAL STATUS SURVEY DATA QUALITY OBJECTIVES REVIEW CHECKLIST**

Survey Area: LSA 12 **Description:** Laydown Area, Plant Soils SEA
Survey Unit: 05 **Description:** Class 1 Laydown Land Area in "Area 13"

1. Have all measurements and/or analysis results that will be subjected to data analysis for FSS been individually reviewed and validated in accordance with Section 8.1 of this procedure? Yes No
2. Have all systematic measurements and/or samples been taken or acquired at the locations specified in the FSSP and the FSS Sample Instructions? Yes No
3. Have all scans surveys been performed of the areas specified as required in the FSSP and the FSS Sample Instructions? Yes No
4. Have all biased measurements and/or samples been taken or acquired at the locations specified in the FSSP & the FSS Sample Instructions? Yes No NA
5. Have duplicate and/or split samples or measurements been taken or acquired at each location designated as a QC sample? Yes No NA
6. Were the instruments used to measure or analyze the survey data capable of detecting the ROCs or gross activity at a MDC less than the appropriate investigation level? Yes No
7. Was the calibration of all instruments that were used to measure or analyze data, current at the time of use and were those calibrations performed using a NIST traceable source? Yes No
8. Were the instruments successfully response-checked before use and, where required, after use on the day the data was measured? Yes No
9. Do the samples match those identified on the chain of custody? Yes No NA
10. Do the QC Sample Results meet the acceptance criteria as specified in HDP-PR-FSS-703, Final Status Survey Quality Control? Yes * No
11. Are all Laboratory QC parameters within acceptable limits? Yes No

If "No" was the response to any of the questions above, then document the discrepancy as well as any corrective actions that were taken to resolve the discrepancy.

Comments: *One QC duplicate sample L12-05-14-P-R-Q-00 exceeded Warning Limit for Th-232, but did not exceed Control Limit, results acceptable.

Figure 24-1
Data Evaluation Checklists prepared for LSA 12-05 (page 2 of 2)

Hematite Decommissioning Project	Procedure: HDP-PR-FSS-721, Final Status Survey Data Evaluation	
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APPENDIX G-1
FINAL STATUS SURVEY DATA QUALITY OBJECTIVES REVIEW CHECKLIST

Survey Area: LSA 12 **Description:** Laydown Area, Plant Soils SEA
Survey Unit: 05 **Description:** Class I Laydown Land Area in "Area 13"

Discrepancy: N/A

Corrective Actions Taken: N/A

11. Have the corrective actions resolved the discrepancy with the data? Yes No NA

a. If "No", then forward this form to the RSO.

12. The following questions will be answered by the RSO.

a. If the answer to question 11 was "No", then is the affected data still valid? Yes No NA

b. If "No", then are the existing valid measurements or samples sufficient to demonstrate compliance for the survey unit? Yes No NA

c. If "No", then direct the acquisition of additional measurements or samples as necessary to demonstrate compliance for the survey unit.

Prepared by (HP Staff): Thomas Yurly [Signature] 11-23-16
(Print Name) (Signature) (Date)

Approved by (RSO): W. Van Erny W. Chen 11/23/16
(Print Name) (Signature) (Date)

Quality Record

25.0 CONCLUSION LSA 12-05

An adequate quantity and quality of radiological surveys and samples, as well as the corresponding laboratory analysis has been performed, evaluated and documented to demonstrate that the dose associated with all sources within SU LSA 12-05 does not to exceed the dose criterion for unrestricted release in accordance with 10 CFR 20.1402.

**Table 25-1
LSA 12-05 SOF and Dose Summation**

	AVE. SU SOIL RADIOACTIVITY	ELEVATED AREA CONTRIBUTION	GROUND WATER	BURIED PIPING	REUSE SOIL	TOTAL
SOF	0.11	N/A	0.16	N/A	N/A	0.27
DOSE	2.75 mrem/year	N/A	4.0 mrem/year	N/A	N/A	6.75 mrem/year

26.0 FINAL STATUS SURVEY DESIGN LSA 12-06

This section of the report describes the method for determining the number of samples required for the FSS of LSA 12-06 as well as summarizing the applicable requirements of the FSS Plan. These include the DCGL_w, scan survey coverage, and IAL. The radiological instrumentation used in the FSS of LSA 12-06 and the detection sensitivities are also discussed.

26.1 FSS Plan Design Requirements

FSS Plan requirements for LSA 12-06 were driven by the type (Open Land) and Class (Class 1) of the SU and developed in accordance with HDP procedure, HDP-PR-FSS-701, Revision 10, *Final Status Survey Plan Development*, November 2015.

26.1.1 Surrogate Evaluation Areas

A discussion of Surrogate Evaluation Areas is given in the FSSFR Volume 3, Chapter 1, Section 5.0, *Final Status Survey Design*.

26.1.2 DCGL_w

During the FSS design process a review was performed of the RASS data for LSA 12-06. The RASS data was used as confirmation that no known areas of residual radioactivity remained within the survey areas that exceeded the Uniform Stratum DCGL_w. Therefore the Uniform Stratum DCGL_w was selected for use in demonstrating compliance with the release criteria.

26.1.3 GWS Coverage

As a Class 1 SU, LSA 12-06 was required to undergo a 100% GWS.

26.1.4 Instrumentation

Radiological instrumentation selected for performance of GWS within LSA 12-06 was the Ludlum 44-10 2" x 2" NaI detectors, coupled to a Ludlum 2221 scaler-ratemeter.

26.1.5 Scan Minimum Detectable Concentration

Scan MDCs for LSA 12-06 were calculated in accordance with HDP-PR-FSS-701, Revision 10, *Final Status Survey Plan Development* and HDP-TBD- FSS-002, Revision 3, *Evaluation and Documentation of the Scanning Minimum Detectable Concentrations (MDC) for Final Status Surveys (FSS)*. As background levels were approximately 10,000 cpm within LSA 12-06, the scan MDC calculation for total uranium given in HDP-PR-FSS-701, *Final Status Survey Plan Development*, Step 8.2.6.d, was applied:

$$\text{Scan MDC}_{(\text{total uranium})} = \frac{1}{\left(\left(\frac{f_{U-234}}{3659 \text{ pCi/g}} \right) + \left(\frac{f_{U-235}}{2.32 \text{ pCi/g}} \right) + \left(\frac{f_{U-238}}{30.6 \text{ pCi/g}} \right) \right)}$$

Equation 26-1

To determine isotopic Uranium fractions HDP-PR-FSS-701, Revision 10, *Final Status Survey Plan Development* assumes that the average LSA enrichment is 4% or less. Based on the

systematically collected RASS samples in LSA 12-06, the average enrichment for the SU was 2.96%. All other Scan MDC parameters agreed upon between Westinghouse and the NRC were applied (e.g. use of a 2 in air gap, scan rate of 1 ft/sec, 0.75 surveyor efficiency), therefore no subsequent changes to the calculated Scan MDCs need to be made.

Prospectively calculated Scan MDCs for 2" x 2" NaI detectors that were used in LSA 12-06 are shown below:

Table 26-1
Scan MDCs for 2" x 2" NaI detector, 10,000 cpm background: LSA 12-06

	Scan MDC (Total U)	DCGLw (Total U)	Scan MDC (Ra-226)	DCGLw* (Ra-226)	Scan MDC (Th-232)	DCGLw* (Th-232)
LSA 12-06	40.9	46.6	0.87	2.8	1.21	3.0

*DCGL_w includes background concentrations of 0.9 pCi/g for Ra-226 (no ingrowth) and 1.0 pCi/g for Th-232. DCGLw values are based on the Uniform Stratum release criteria.

The values in Table 26-1 reflect those presented in the FSS Plans prepared for the SU prior to FSS.

26.1.6 Investigation Action Level

FSSFR Volume 3, Chapter 1, Section 6.1.3, *Investigation Action Level (IAL)*, provides a discussion in regards to the IAL. The basis of the IAL is detailed in HDP memorandum, HEM-15-MEMO-021 "*Evaluation of the Scan IAL for Class 1 areas at the Westinghouse Hematite Site*". The IAL used during the GWS of LSA 12-06 was established at 4,000 ncpm.

26.1.7 LSA 12-06 FSS Design Summary

The FSS Plans for LSA 12-06 can be found in Appendix K. Table 26-2 presents an overall FSS design and implementation summary for LSA 12-06.

Table 26-2
FSS Design Summary for LSA 12-06

Gamma Walkover Survey (GWS):		
Scan Coverage	100% exposed soil and rock	
Scan MDC	40.9 pCi/g total Uranium (based on a 10,000 cpm background); 0.87 pCi/g Th-232; 1.21 pCi/g Ra-226*	
Investigation Action Level (IAL)	4,000 net cpm **	
Systematic Sampling Locations:		
Depth	Number of Sample	Comments
0 – 15 cm (Surface)	8	
15 cm – 1.5 m (Root)	8	
> 1.5m (Excavation)	8	
These samples will be taken on a random-start systematic grid.		
Biased Survey/Sampling Locations:		
Biased samples may be collected during GWS at the discretion of the HP Technician, after statistical analysis of the survey data, or at the direction of the RSO or Radiological Engineering.		
Sidewall Sampling Locations:		
A minimum of one (1) discretionary sidewall sample will be collected based on the following definition of "sidewall": sidewall candidates for sampling must be vertical or near vertical (> 45° angle) and at least 12" in height.		
Instrumentation:		
Ludlum 2221 with 44-10 (2x2 NaI) detector; with collimation for investigations	Used for GWS and to obtain static count rates at biased measurement locations.	
*Values based on information provided in HDP-TBD-FSS-002, <i>"Evaluation and Documentation of the Scanning Minimum Detectable Concentrations (MDC) for Final Status Surveys (FSS)</i> . The Scan MDC for total Uranium reflects a conservative assumption of 4% enrichment. The actual RASS enrichment (2.0%) would result in Scan MDC values slightly less than those calculated for FSS planning purposes.		
**IAL is the net count per minute (ncpm) equivalent of an activity concentration less than the Uniform Stratum DCGLw derived from the technical bases presented in HEM-MEMO-15-021 and HDP-TBD-FSS-003 <i>"Modeling and Calculation of Investigative Action Levels for Final Status Soil Survey Units"</i> , Westinghouse, March 2015.		

27.0 FINAL STATUS SURVEY IMPLEMENTATION LSA 12-06

FSS was performed in accordance with procedure HDP-PR-FSS-711, *Final Status Surveys and Sampling of Soil and Sediment*.

27.1 Gamma Walkover Survey

27.1.1 Instrumentation

The selected instrumentation to perform the GWS in LSA 12-06 was a 2" x 2" NaI detector in combination with a Ludlum 2221 rate meter. Each NaI instrumentation set was interfaced with a Trimble DGPS (Digital Global Positioning System) and handheld data logger.

Prior to the first field use of the GWS instrumentation, initial set-ups were performed. Also, daily pre- and post-use source checks were performed for each day that GWS was performed within the SU. Initial set-ups, daily source checks, and control charting were performed according to the requirements of HDP-PR-HP-416, *Operation of the Ludlum 2221 for Final Status Survey*.

27.1.2 GWS Performance

All GWS measurements on the excavation floor and sidewalls collected with the NaI detector(s) were connected to a Trimble DGPS and with a hand-held data logger. The logging frequency in the survey unit was 1 GWS measurement per second. Each gross gamma measurement is correlated to a set of coordinates based on the Missouri East State Plane, NAD 1983.

The GWS requirements involved moving the NaI detector in a side-to-side fashion no faster than 1 foot per second while holding the probe as close as possible to the excavation surface (nominally 1", but not to exceed 3"). At the same time, the technician was required to slowly advance, causing the detector to trace out a serpentine path over the excavation surface.

FSS Technicians performing GWS in LSA 12-06 used the 4,000 ncpm IAL as a field guide to know when to slow or pause the GWS for more deliberate investigation. If during the GWS, audible count rates noticeably increase above the general area average (i.e., > minimum detectable count rate), FSS Technicians were required to pause momentarily and observe count rates. If sustained count rates approached the IAL, further focused investigation was conducted within the locally elevated area.

To use the IAL effectively, FSS Technicians first determined the local background count rate before starting the GWS. Although the ambient gamma level may vary across the SU due to the geometry and relative distance from contaminated materials in nearby remedial excavations, the average background rate (measured at waist level) within the LSA ranged between 10,000 and 11,000 gcpm. Therefore, at locations where the 2" x 2" NaI detector measurements exceeded 14,000 to 15,000 gcpm, FSS Technicians slowed or paused the GWS for more careful investigation of the small areas of elevated activity before deciding if "flagging" a point for potential biased sampling was warranted.

Hard to reach areas, and non-typical areas were surveyed manually as necessary in order to assess the potential for an area of elevated residual activity over 100% of the exposed ground surface.

After the GWS survey was complete, the GPS/GWS data was reviewed by Radiological Engineering and the Health Physics Technician performing the survey to determine if possible areas of elevated residual activity remained within the SU that required biased sample investigation. Areas that were flagged by the HP Technician were considered, as well as a statistical evaluation of the GWS data set. The statistical evaluation determined the mean count rate and standard deviation associated with the GWS and then could be used to identify any areas that exceeded 3 standard deviations above the mean. The number of biased samples to be collected and the locations are based on flagged locations exceeding the IAL, the statistical evaluation of the GWS data set, and the professional judgment of Radiological Engineering.

27.2 Soil Sampling

27.2.1 Systematic Soil Sampling Summary

Table 27-1 provides a summary of systematic sampling by stratum for LSA 12-06.

Table 27-1
Systematic Sampling Summary by Stratum for LSA 12-06

LSA	SU Area, planar (m ²)	Systematic			QC
		Surface	Root	Deep (Excavation)	
12-06	1,994	8	8	8*	2

*Excavation samples were collected and archived, analysis only required if a overlying Root sample exceeds a 0.5 SOF

27.2.2 Systematic Sampling LSA 12-06

Within LSA 12-06, there were 8 systematic locations in which the surface stratum (0 – 15 cm) was sampled in the SU. The underlying root stratum was sampled at all 8 locations. Excavation stratum samples were collected and archived, but were not required to be analyzed since no root stratum sample exceeded a 0.5 Uniform SOF.

Given a planar area of 1,994 m² for LSA 12-06 and an eight - point systematic triangular grid, the point-to-point distance within each row was 16.9 m with spacing of 14.6 m between each of the parallel grid rows within the SU.

While there were eight (8) systematic locations on the LSA 12-06 sampling grid, a total of eighteen (18) samples were collected and analyzed at these locations, including:

- Eight (8) samples collected and analyzed within the surface stratum
- Eight (8) samples collected and analyzed within the root stratum
- Zero (0) samples analyzed within the excavation, or “deep” stratum
- Two (2) QC field replicate

Figure 27-1 presents the map of the eight systematic sample locations which were sampled within LSA 12-06. The inset table notes the location coordinates (Missouri East, NAD 1983) and collection intervals for each systematic location.

Figure 27-1
LSA 12-06 Systematic Soil Sample Locations

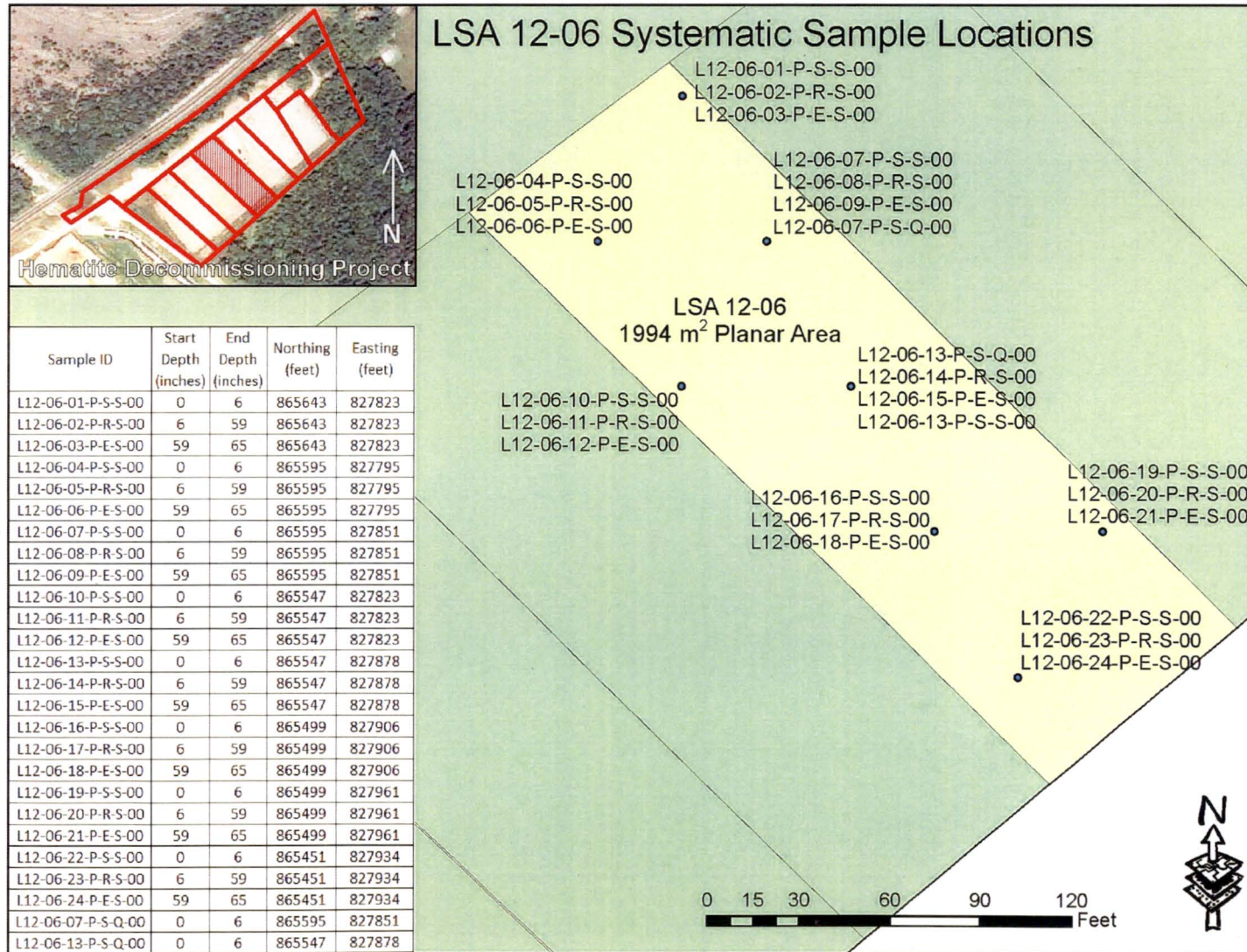


Figure 27-2 below presents a tabular listing of all FSS samples collected within LSA 12-06 with associated IDs, sample types, collection intervals, coordinates, and notes.

Figure 27-2
FSS Sample Locations and Coordinates for LSA 12-06

Hematite Decommissioning Project	Procedure: HDP-PR-FSS-701, Final Status Survey Plan Development		
	Revision: 10	Appendix P-4, Page 1 of 1	

APPENDIX P-4

FSS SAMPLE & MEASUREMENT LOCATIONS & COORDINATES

Survey Area:	LSA 12	Description:	Laydown Area, Plant Soils SEA
Survey Unit:	06	Description:	Class 1 Laydown Land Area in "Area 13"
Survey Type:	FSS	Classification:	Class 1

Measurement or Sample ID	Surface or CSM	Type	Start Elevation*	End Elevation*	Northing** (Y Axis)	Easting** (X Axis)	Remarks / Notes
L12-06-01-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	432.7	432.2	865643	827823	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-06-02-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	432.2	427.8	865643	827823	Root 59-inch composite
L12-06-04-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	432.7	432.3	865595	827795	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-06-05-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	432.3	427.8	865595	827795	Root 59-inch composite
L12-06-07-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	431.7	431.2	865595	827851	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-06-08-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	431.2	426.8	865595	827851	Root 59-inch composite
L12-06-10-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	431.8	431.3	865547	827823	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-06-11-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	431.3	426.9	865547	827823	Root 59-inch composite
L12-06-13-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	432.3	431.8	865547	827878	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-06-14-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	431.8	427.4	865547	827878	Root 59-inch composite
L12-06-16-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	430.3	429.8	865499	827906	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-06-17-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	429.8	425.4	865499	827906	Root 59-inch composite
L12-06-19-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	428.9	428.4	865499	827961	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-06-20-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	428.4	424.0	865499	827961	Root 59-inch composite
L12-06-22-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	430.4	429.9	865451	827934	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-06-23-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	429.9	425.4	865451	827934	Root 59-inch composite
L12-06-07-P-S-Q-00	Uniform	Q	431.7	431.2	865595	827851	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-06-13-P-S-Q-00	Uniform	Q	432.3	431.8	865547	827878	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-06-25-P-S-B-00	Uniform	B	431.5	431.0	865555.9	827907.9	Biased 6-inch grab

Green shaded samples are the samples at each sample location, for use in WRS Test.

*Elevations are in feet above mean sea level.

** Missouri - East State Plane Coordinates [North American Datum (NAD) 1983]

Surface: Floor = F; Wall = W; Ceiling = C; Roof = R

CSM: Three-Layer (Surface-Root-Excavation) or Uniform DCGLs used

Type: Systematic = S, Biased = B; QC = Q; Investigation = I

27.3 Biased Soil Sampling

As discussed in FSSFR Volume 3, Chapter 1, Section 6.1.3, there are three key methods for identifying areas for biased soil sampling, the IAL, the Z-score of the FSS GWS, and the professional judgment of the HP Staff. For LSA 12-06 one (1) biased sample location was selected within the SU based on the evaluation of the GWS survey data and HP Technician professional judgment. This biased location represented the maximum GWS measurement encountered within the SU. Biased samples are collected at the prescribed location to a depth of 6 inches below the exposed ground surface.

27.4 Judgmental/Sidewall Sampling for Tc-99

As an un-excavated SU, no Tc-99 sidewall sampling was necessary for LSA 12-06.

27.5 Quality Control Soil Sampling

Two QC field duplicate sample point were randomly selected and collected at systematic locations L12-06-07 and L12-06-13 for LSA 12-06.

28.0 FINAL STATUS SURVEY RESULTS LSA 12-06

28.1 Gamma Walkover Survey

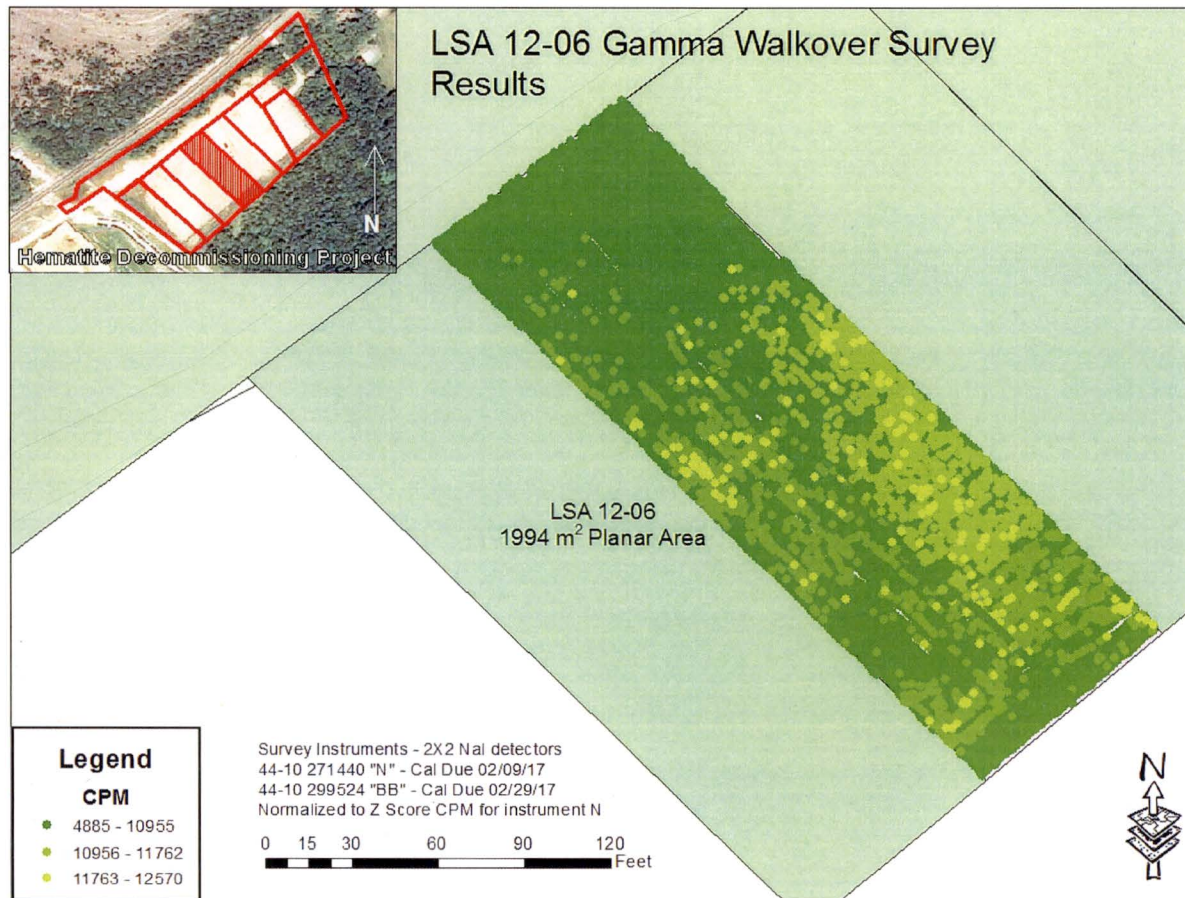
Post-processed GPS coordinate data is accurate to within ± 0.1 m for the handheld GPS models used during the GWS. The GWS maps are plotted and presented in a 2-D format. When multiple data points are collected at the same GPS location during the walkover, the most elevated radiological measurements are plotted "on top" (e.g. if any sidewalls featured more elevated readings than the floor directly below, the sidewall radiological measurements would overlie the lower floor readings).

GWS measurements were collected in LSA 12-06 between May 6, 2016, and May 15, 2016.

28.1.1 GWS Results for LSA 12-06

For LSA 12-06, GWS count rates ranged between 4,885 gcpm and 12,451 gcpm, with a mean count rate of 10,148 gcpm. The median count rate was 8,713 gcpm and the standard deviation was 807 cpm. Figure 28-1 below presents a map of the complete GWS data set.

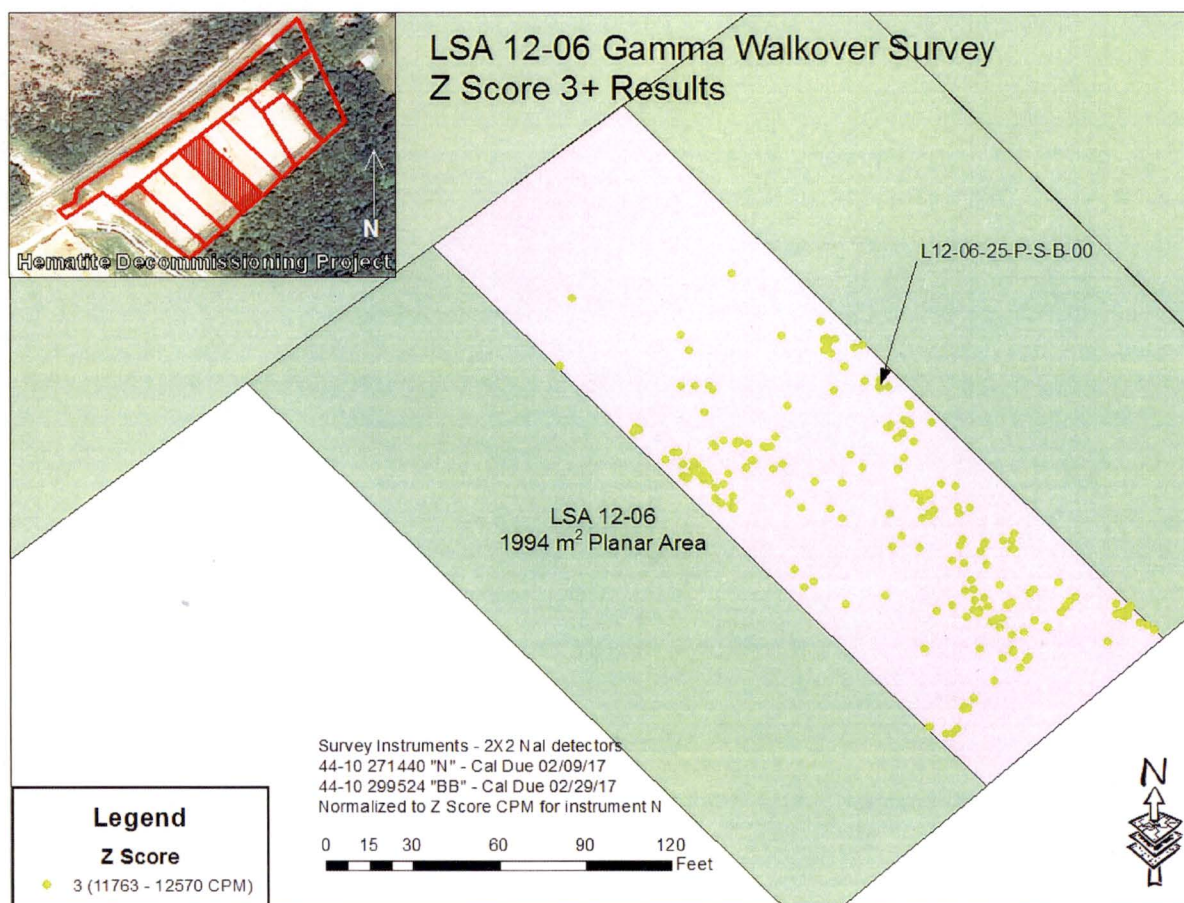
Figure 28-1
Colorimetric GWS Plot for LSA 12-06



An evaluation of the entire GWS data set was performed to evaluate those small areas of elevated activity which exceeded three (3) standard deviations above the GWS mean measurement, (i.e., "+3 Z-score"). One locations, L12-06-25, was selected for biased sample collection. These biased locations represented the maximum GWS measurements encountered within the SU of 15,852 gcpm.

Figure 28-2 below presents a map of the +3 Z-score GWS measurements within LSA 12-06, including the selected biased sampling locations (ID: L12-06-25-P-S-B-00).

Figure 28-2
Colorimetric GWS Plot for LSA 12-06 (Measurements > Z-score of 3)



All GWS data collected in LSA 12-06 was datalogged and post-processed in Graphical Information Software (GIS).

28.1.2 GWS Coverage Results LSA 12-06

FSSFR Volume 3, Chapter 1, Section 6.1.4, *Exposed Surfaces versus Accessible Surfaces*, provides a discussion and the criteria for evaluating the GWS coverage of a SU during FSS. Although 100% of accessible areas underwent GWS, the post survey processing of the GPS data indicated that the GWS covered 99.0% of the SU (see Table 28-1). As the evaluation indicates that the GPS coverage exceeded 95% with no readings approaching or exceeding the IAL of 4,000 net cpm in the vicinity of any apparent GPS coverage gaps, the GWS coverage for the SU has been evaluated to meet the intent of the "100% GWS coverage" requirement.

Table 28-1
GWS Gap Analysis LSA 10-04

	Total SU Pixels	GWS Gap Pixels	Gap Percentage	GWS Coverage	MARSSIM Class
LSA 12-06	154,817	1,550	1.0	99.0	1

28.2 Soil Sample Results LSA 12-06

Appendix D presents the analytical results and associated statistics for all FSS samples collected within LSA 12-06.

28.2.1 Surface Soil Sample Results LSA 12-06

There were eight systematic samples collected within the surface stratum (0 – 15 cm) of LSA 12-06. Additionally there were two QC samples and one biased sample collected from the topmost layer of soil. The maximum Uniform SOF result for the surface samples was 0.21.

28.2.2 Subsurface Soil Sample Results LSA 12-06

There were eight systematic locations within LSA 12-06 where root stratum composite sampling was necessary. The root stratum zone is between 0.15 and 1.50 m below final grade surface. At each of the eight root stratum composite sampling locations, the top six inches (1.50 – 1.65 m below final grade surface) of the underlying excavation stratum was also collected and archived, however these excavation samples were not required to be analyzed as no overlying root stratum sample exceeded a 0.5 SOF. The maximum SOF result of the subsurface samples collected in LSA 12-06 was 0.24.

28.2.3 WRS Evaluation

Per Step 7.8.3 of HDP-PR-FSS-721 *Final Status Survey Data Evaluation*, the Wilcoxon Rank Sum (WRS) statistical test was not required for LSA 12-06 since the difference between the maximum SU data set gross SOF and the minimum background area SOF was less than one using the Uniform Stratum criteria. However, for illustrative purposes, the WRS evaluation was still performed for LSA 12-06. All systematically collected samples regardless of depth are used to perform the WRS Test, however biased and QC sample results are not utilized in the WRS Test. The 16 systematically collected samples in LSA 12-06 were ranked against the adjusted activity concentrations of the 32 samples collected within the Background Reference Area. The SU passed the WRS Test since the ranked sum of the reference area ranks, or test statistic W_R , (1040) was greater than the critical value (860) for the test. As such, the null hypothesis that the SU average concentration is greater than the $DCGL_W$ was rejected. The WRS evaluation is also included in Appendix D.

28.2.4 Graphical Data Review LSA 12-06

Table 28-2 below presents summary results for the all systematically collected samples (includes surface, and root, but not biased or QC samples) collected within LSA 12-06, and the associated

SOF when compared to the Uniform Stratum DCGL_ws. The arithmetic average concentration resulted in a SOF of 0.11.

Table 28-2
LSA 12-06 FSS Sample Data Summary and Calculated SOF Values (Systematic)

Statistic	Ra-226 DCGL = 1.9 BKG = 1.07 (pCi/g)	Tc-99 DCGL = 25.1 (pCi/g)	Th-232 DCGL = 2.0 BKG = 1.0 (pCi/g)	U-234 DCGL=195.4 (pCi/g)	U-235 DCGL=51.6 (pCi/g)	U-238 DCGL=168.8 (pCi/g)	Sample SOF (Uniform DCGL)
Average	0.041	0.556	0.083	2.915	0.118	1.209	0.11
Minimum	0.00 (<BKG)	0.00 (NEG)	0.00 (<BKG)	0.705	-0.128	0.648	0.02
Maximum	0.270	3.130	0.310	8.553	0.472	1.960	0.24

Notes:

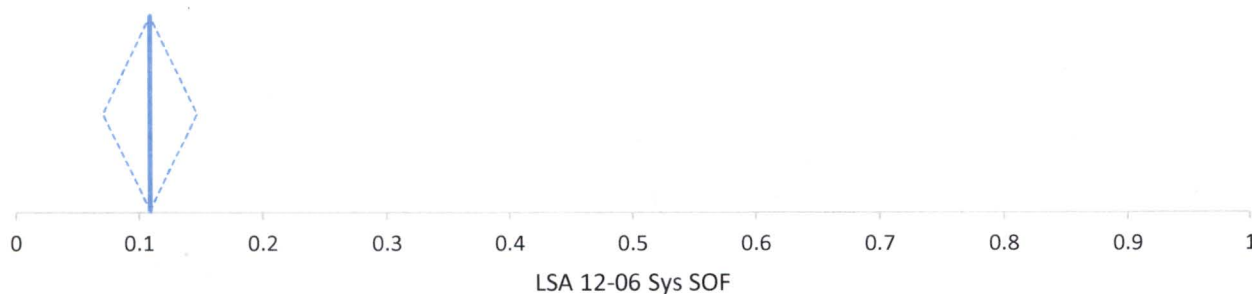
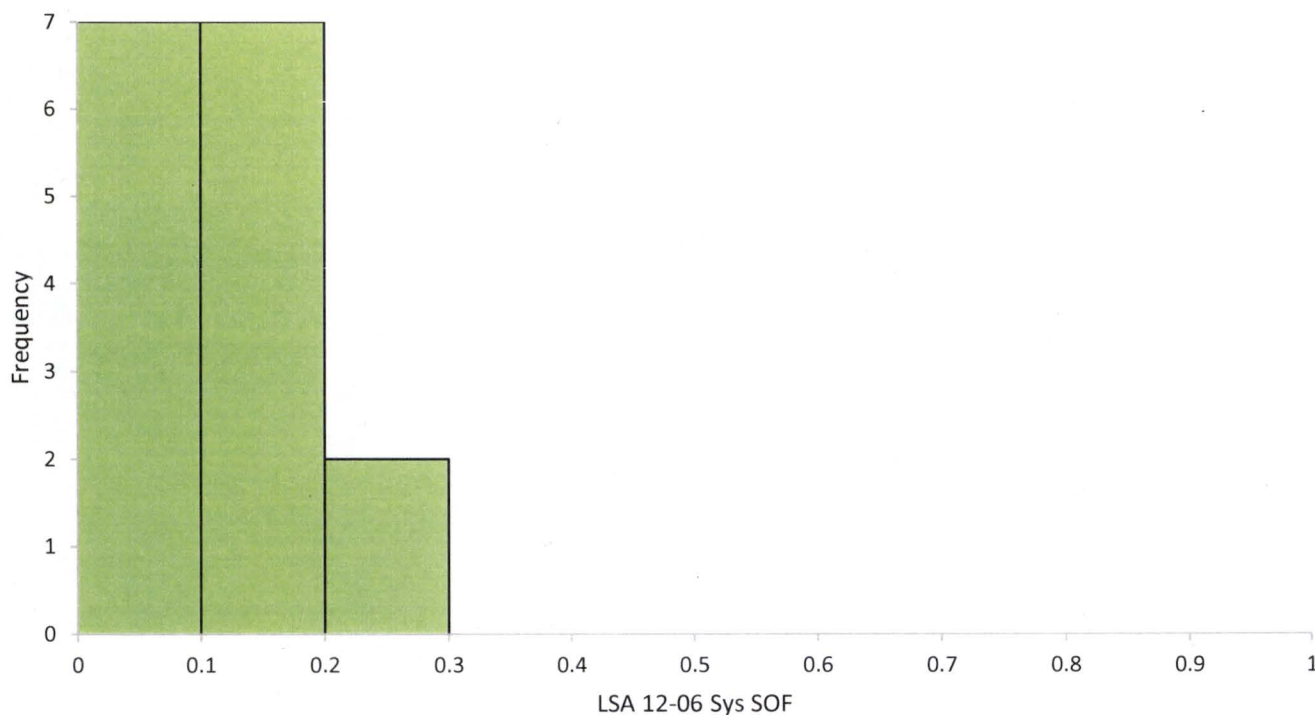
1. Ra-226 and Th-232 background activities subtracted prior to calculating SOF value. Ra-226 background without ingrowth = 0.9 pCi/g; Ra-226 background with ingrowth = 1.07 pCi/g. Negative SOF components are set to zero in SOF calculation.
2. Average SOF for data set calculated using average radionuclide concentrations.
3. U-234 values are inferred from the U-235/U-238 ratio.

Section 8.2.2.2 of MARSSIM recommends a graphical review of FSS analytical data, to include at a minimum, a posting plot and a histogram. A frequency plot, or histogram, is a useful tool for examining the general shape of a data distribution. This plot is a bar chart of the number of data points within a certain range of values. The frequency plot will reveal any obvious departures from symmetry, such as skewness or bimodality (two peaks), in the data distribution for the survey unit. The presence of two peaks in the survey unit frequency plot may indicate the existence of isolated areas of residual radioactivity.

Figure 28-3 presents the overall statistical metrics for the SOF parameter for the 16 systematically collected samples from LSA 12-06. The top graph is a histogram and line plot of the SOF for the systematic data population for LSA 12-06. The middle graph presents the mean SOF (0.11 as indicated by the blue vertical line) of the sample population and the 95% confidence interval of the mean SOF represented by the blue diamond which is 0.07 to 0.15. The 97.87% confidence interval based on the median (also 0.11) of the sample results is 0.05 to 0.19. The bottom two charts present the various statistical metrics of the LSA 12-06 SOF data set, including the mean, median, standard deviation, minimum, maximum, confidence intervals, etc.

Figure 28-3 exhibits no unusual symmetry or bimodality concerns for the LSA 12-06 data associated with the systematically collected measurement locations.

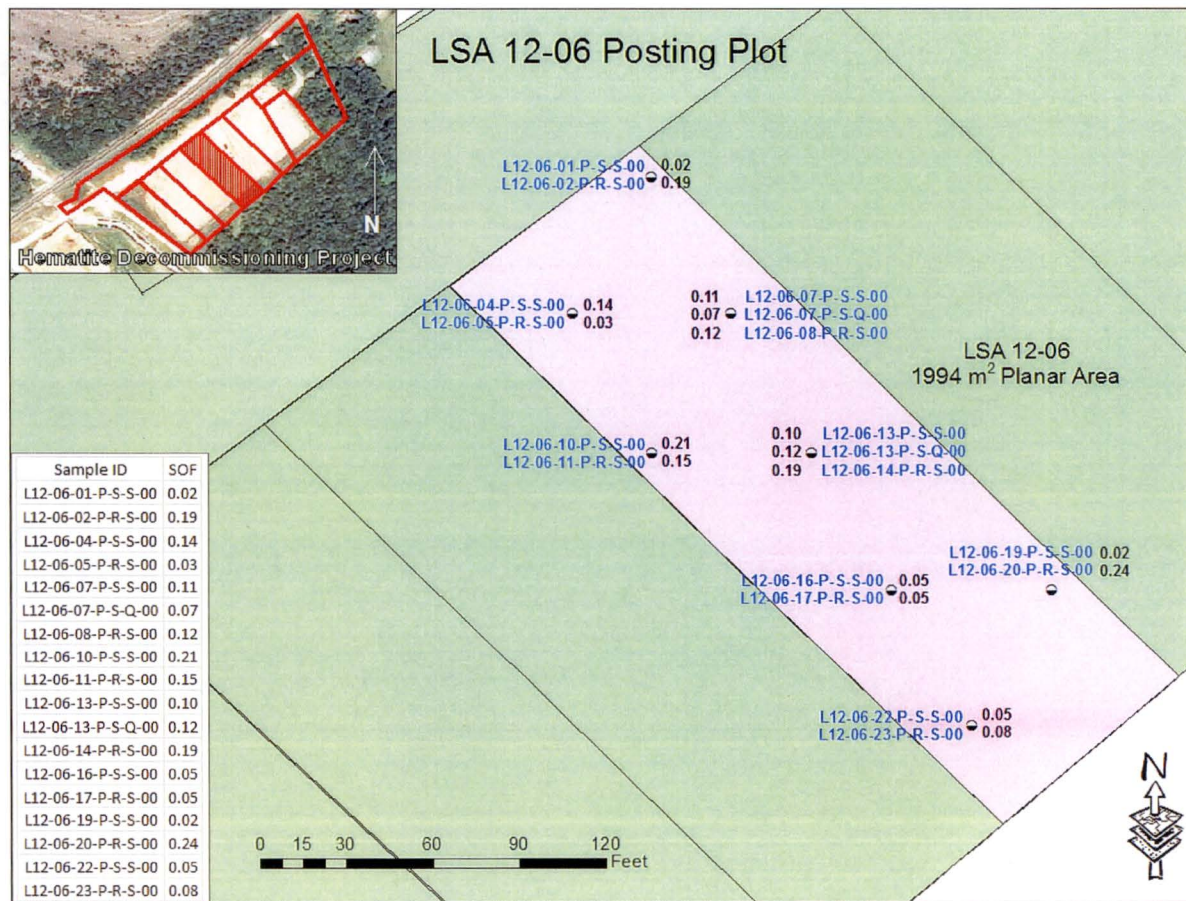
Figure 28-3
Graphic Statistical Summary for LSA 12-06 (SOF parameter)



	N	Mean	95% CI	Mean SE	SD	Variance	Skewness	Kurtosis
LSA 12-06 Sys SOF	16	0.11	0.07 to 0.15	0.018	0.07	0.01	0.4	-1.17
LSA 12-06 Sys SOF		Minimum	1st quartile	Median	97.87% CI	3rd quartile	Maximum	IQR
		0.02	0.05	0.11	0.05 to 0.19	0.17	0.2	0.13

A posting plot is simply a map of the survey unit with the data values (in this case the SOF values for each systematically collected sample) entered at the measurement locations. This potentially reveals heterogeneities in the data – especially possible patches of elevated residual radioactivity. The posting plot for LSA 12-06 is presented below in Figure 28-4. Figure 28-4 shows no unusual patterns in the data.

Figure 28-4
Posting Plot for LSA 12-06 Systematic Measurement Locations



Appendix D to this report presents the complete analytical data set (in Microsoft Excel format) used to derive the summary statistics presented in Table 28-2, Figure 28-3, and Figure 28-4 above. A summary of the analytical data is presented in Table 28-3 below. Appendix R to this report presents the TestAmerica Analytical Laboratory soil sample reports.

**Table 28-3
Final Status Survey Analytical Data: LSA 12-06**

Sample ID	Sample Depth (ft)	Type (Systematic, Bias, QC)	TestAmerica Analytical Results																								Enr.	SOF							
			Ra-226						Tc-99					Th-232					Inferred U-234				U-235						U-238						
			Result	Uncertainty	MDC	Qualifier	Net Result*	Corrected Result	Result	Corrected Result	Uncertainty	MDC	Qualifier	Result	Uncertainty	MDC	Qualifier	Net Result**	Corrected Result	Result	Uncertainty	MDC	Qualifier	Result	Uncertainty	MDC			Qualifier	Result	Uncertainty	MDC	Qualifier	Result	Uncertainty
L12-06-01-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	0.933	0.145	0.0758	N/A	-0.137	0.000	0.159	0.159	0.163	0.231	U	0.905	0.149	0.104	N/A	-0.095	0.000	1.489	NA	NA	NA	0.0775	0.179	0.366	U	0.989	0.294	0.73	N/A	1.3	0.02		
L12-06-02-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	1.15	0.161	0.0747	N/A	0.080	0.080	0.0159	0.016	0.053	0.227	U	1.28	0.192	0.116	N/A	0.280	0.280	1.050	NA	NA	NA	-0.123	0.123	0.534	U	1.05	0.52	0.805	N/A	0.7	0.19		
L12-06-04-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	1.2	0.174	0.0624	N/A	0.130	0.130	1	1.000	0.149	0.217	N/A	0.479	0.197	0.189	N/A	-0.521	0.000	3.770	NA	NA	NA	0.202	0.136	0.188	N/A	1.8	0.801	0.95	N/A	1.8	0.14		
L12-06-05-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	1.03	0.148	0.0691	N/A	-0.040	0.000	0.0071	0.007	0.064	0.237	U	1.02	0.166	0.106	N/A	0.020	0.020	1.524	NA	NA	NA	0.0793	0.2	0.333	U	0.941	0.334	0.836	N/A	1.3	0.03		
L12-06-07-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	1.02	0.157	0.077	N/A	-0.050	0.000	1.01	1.010	0.202	0.231	N/A	1.07	0.197	0.0899	N/A	0.070	0.070	4.254	NA	NA	NA	0.234	0.128	0.196	N/A	1.17	0.538	0.819	N/A	3.1	0.11		
L12-06-08-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	1.08	0.151	0.0646	N/A	0.010	0.010	-0.0232	0.000	0.133	0.232	U	1.18	0.175	0.0708	N/A	0.180	0.180	2.757	NA	NA	NA	0.151	0.109	0.156	U	0.852	0.28	0.761	N/A	2.7	0.12		
L12-06-10-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	0.899	0.138	0.07	N/A	-0.171	0.000	3.13	3.130	0.345	0.22	N/A	1.04	0.162	0.0768	N/A	0.040	0.040	8.553	NA	NA	NA	0.472	0.155	0.204	N/A	1.96	0.377	0.762	N/A	3.7	0.21		
L12-06-11-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	1	0.147	0.0558	N/A	-0.070	0.000	2.57	2.570	0.375	0.232	N/A	1.07	0.187	0.0736	N/A	0.070	0.070	1.603	NA	NA	NA	0.0818	0.139	0.59	U	1.21	0.506	0.756	N/A	1.1	0.15		
L12-06-13-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	1.1	0.144	0.0581	N/A	0.030	0.030	0.273	0.273	0.168	0.231	N/A	1.09	0.159	0.113	N/A	0.090	0.090	4.298	NA	NA	NA	0.237	0.176	0.216	N/A	0.648	0.285	0.796	U	5.4	0.10		
L12-06-14-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	1.34	0.197	0.0741	N/A	0.270	0.270	0.0464	0.046	0.059	0.232	U	1.05	0.182	0.217	N/A	0.050	0.050	1.440	NA	NA	NA	0.0687	0.186	0.654	U	1.51	0.879	1.07	N/A	0.7	0.19		
L12-06-16-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	0.95	0.139	0.0641	N/A	-0.120	0.000	0.185	0.185	0.099	0.223	U	0.965	0.168	0.0853	N/A	-0.035	0.000	5.268	NA	NA	NA	0.291	0.176	0.207	N/A	0.979	0.314	0.856	N/A	4.5	0.05		
L12-06-17-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	1.04	0.152	0.0703	N/A	-0.030	0.000	-0.019	0.000	0.051	0.238	U	1.08	0.163	0.122	N/A	0.080	0.080	0.705	NA	NA	NA	-0.052	0.105	0.355	U	0.705	0.287	0.793	U	0.7	0.05		
L12-06-19-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	0.797	0.135	0.0726	N/A	-0.273	0.000	0.21	0.210	0.2	0.236	U	1.01	0.165	0.115	N/A	0.010	0.010	1.270	NA	NA	NA	-0.128	0.321	0.575	U	1.27	0.536	0.801	N/A	0.7	0.02		
L12-06-20-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	1.2	0.158	0.0612	N/A	0.130	0.130	-0.055	0.000	0.041	0.229	U	1.31	0.214	0.115	N/A	0.310	0.310	1.290	NA	NA	NA	-0.014	0.198	0.517	U	1.29	0.538	0.815	N/A	0.7	0.24		
L12-06-22-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	0.979	0.151	0.0701	N/A	-0.091	0.000	0.215	0.215	0.097	0.233	U	0.917	0.157	0.0879	N/A	-0.083	0.000	5.977	NA	NA	NA	0.329	0.166	0.198	N/A	1.58	0.749	0.909	N/A	3.2	0.05		
L12-06-23-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	1.04	0.17	0.089	N/A	-0.030	0.000	0.0736	0.074	0.061	0.237	U	1.12	0.183	0.112	N/A	0.120	0.120	1.390	NA	NA	NA	-0.019	0.048	0.36	U	1.39	0.619	0.94	N/A	0.7	0.08		
L12-06-07-P-S-Q-00	0.00	Q	1.06	0.142	0.0544	N/A	-0.010	0.000	0.144	0.144	0.048	0.232	U	1.04	0.165	0.123	N/A	0.040	0.040	5.438	NA	NA	NA	0.3	0.144	0.177	N/A	1.27	0.499	0.749	N/A	3.6	0.07		
L12-06-13-P-S-Q-00	0.00	Q	0.772	0.154	0.162	N/A	-0.298	0.000	0.333	0.333	0.082	0.223	N/A	1.19	0.229	0.108	N/A	0.190	0.190	1.030	NA	NA	NA	-0.134	0.339	0.689	U	1.03	0.361	0.936	N/A	0.7	0.12		
L12-06-25-P-S-B-00	0.00	B	1.950	0.254	0.092	N/A	0.880	0.880	0.319	0.319	0.068	0.192	N/A	1.080	0.171	0.108	N/A	0.080	0.080	5.100	NA	NA	NA	0.280	0.144	0.194	N/A	1.490	0.570	0.842	N/A	2.9	0.56		
Systematic Minimum			0.000						0.000						0.000						0.705				-0.128				0.648				Average Enrichment (%)	2.1	0.02
Systematic Maximum			0.270						3.130						0.310						8.553				0.472				1.960					0.24	
Systematic Mean			0.041						0.556						0.083						2.915				0.118				1.209					0.11	
Systematic Median			0.000						0.172						0.060						1.564				0.081				1.190					0.11	
Systematic Standard Deviation			0.076						0.956						0.097						2.237				0.169				0.372					0.07	
			With ingrowth, use Ra226 bkg = 1.07												Th232 bkg = 1.0																				

NOTES:

Gross results in units of pCi/g.

* Background with ingrowth (1.07 pCi/g) subtracted from gross result.

**Background (1.0 pCi/g) subtracted from gross result.

U Qualifier: Result is less than the sample detection limit.

All uncertainty values are reported at the 2-sigma confidence level.

28.2.5 Biased Soil Sample Result LSA 12-06

One (1) biased sample was collected from LSA 12-06. The sample collected at location L12-06-25 represented the maximum GWS measurement (12,541 gcpm) within the SU, and had a result of 0.56 Uniform SOF.

28.2.6 Quality Control Soil Sample Result LSA 12-06

Two QC field duplicate sample points were randomly selected for LSA 12-06 which were collected at systematic locations L12-06-07 and L12-06-13.

For the 17 samples (i.e., 16 systematic + 1 biased) collected within LSA 12-06, two field duplicate samples were collected. This frequency equates to 11.8%, (i.e. 2/17). Form HDP-PR-FSS-703-1 documents that the duplicate sample result comparison with the partner's sample results that all comparison criteria were less than the calculated warning limits (see Figure 28-5 below).

The statistical assessment of the Laboratory QC sample results indicated that one field duplicate sample exceeded the calculated Warning Limit, but was less than the calculated Control Limit. The one sample result that exceeded the Warning Limit was sample L12-06-13-P-S-S-00 for Ra-226. In accordance with procedure HDP-PR-FSS-703, when an exceedance occurs an investigation is performed to determine if corrective actions were necessary. The investigation determined that for Ra-226 the calculated statistic (0.328) only slightly exceeded the calculated Warning Limit (0.269). Also, considering the low activity and the errors associated with the sample results, the Ra-226 activity of both samples were relatively close. Based upon the investigation of the exceedance and the results of previous Quality Assurance audits of the overall performance of the laboratory, no corrective actions were determined to be necessary.

Figure 28-5
Form HDP-PR-FSS-703-1 Field Duplicate Sample Assessment LSA 12-06 (1 of 2)

Hematite Decommissioning Project	Procedure: HDP-PR-FSS-703, Final Status Survey Quality Control											
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FORM HDP-PR-FSS-703-1 FIELD DUPLICATE SAMPLE ASSESSMENT												
Survey Unit No.:	LSA 12-06				Survey Unit Description:	Class I Laydown Land Area in "Area 13"						
Sample ID	Field Duplicate Sample ID	Radionuclide	Sample (pCi/g)		Field Duplicate Sample (pCi/g)		Average Activity (\bar{x}) (pCi/g)	Nuclide DCGL (pCi/g)	Statistic ²	Warning Limit	Control Limit	Statistic Exceeds Limit? (Y/N)
			Activity (x_i)	MDC	Activity (x_i)	MDC						
L12-06-07-P-S-S-00	L12-06-07-P-S-Q-00	Ra-226	1.02	0.077	1.06	0.0544	1.040	1.9	0.04	0.269	0.403	N
L12-06-07-P-S-S-00	L12-06-07-P-S-Q-00	Tc-99	1.01	0.231	0.144	0.232	0.577	25.1	NA	3.552	5.321	NA
L12-06-07-P-S-S-00	L12-06-07-P-S-Q-00	Th-232	1.07	0.0899	1.04	0.123	1.055	2.0	0.030	0.283	0.424	N
L12-06-07-P-S-S-00	L12-06-07-P-S-Q-00	U-234 ¹	4.254	N/A	5.438	N/A	4.846	195.4	1.184	27.649	41.425	N
L12-06-07-P-S-S-00	L12-06-07-P-S-Q-00	U-235	0.234	0.196	0.3	0.177	0.267	51.6	0.066	7.301	10.939	N
L12-06-07-P-S-S-00	L12-06-07-P-S-Q-00	U-238	1.17	0.819	1.27	0.749	1.220	168.8	0.100	23.885	35.786	N
<p>Comments:</p> <p>1. U-234 is inferred, no MDC available.</p> <p>2. Duplicate assessment is not necessary if the result of either sample is < MDC.</p>												
Performed by: <i>Thomas Yurid / [Signature]</i>						Reviewed by: <i>W. Clark Evers / W. Clark Evers</i>						
Date: <i>11-23-16</i>						Date: <i>11/23/16</i>						
Quality Record												

Figure 28-5
Form HDP-PR-FSS-703-1 Field Duplicate Sample Assessment LSA 12-06 (2 of 2)

Hematite Decommissioning Project	Procedure: HDP-PR-FSS-703, Final Status Survey Quality Control		
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FORM HDP-PR-FSS-703-1
FIELD DUPLICATE SAMPLE ASSESSMENT

Survey Unit No.:		LSA 12-06		Survey Unit Description:		Class 1 Laydown Land Area in "Area 13"						
Sample ID	Field Duplicate Sample ID	Radionuclide	Sample (pCi/g)		Field Duplicate Sample (pCi/g)		Average Activity (\bar{x}) (pCi/g)	Nuclide DCGL (pCi/g)	Statistic ²	Warning Limit	Control Limit	Statistic Exceeds Limit? (Y/N)
			Activity (x_i)	MDC	Activity (x_j)	MDC						
L12-06-13-P-S-S-00	L12-06-13-P-S-Q-00	Ra-226	1.1	0.0581	0.772	0.162	0.936	1.9	0.328	0.269	0.403	Y
L12-06-13-P-S-S-00	L12-06-13-P-S-Q-00	Tc-99	0.273	0.231	0.333	0.223	0.303	25.1	0.06	3.552	5.321	N
L12-06-13-P-S-S-00	L12-06-13-P-S-Q-00	Th-232	1.09	0.113	1.19	0.108	1.140	2.0	0.100	0.283	0.424	N
L12-06-13-P-S-S-00	L12-06-13-P-S-Q-00	U-234 ¹	4.298	N/A	1.030	N/A	2.664	195.4	3.268	27.649	41.425	N
L12-06-13-P-S-S-00	L12-06-13-P-S-Q-00	U-235	0.237	0.216	-0.134	0.689	0.052	51.6	NA	7.301	10.939	NA
L12-06-13-P-S-S-00	L12-06-13-P-S-Q-00	U-238	0.648	0.796	1.03	0.936	0.839	168.8	NA	23.885	35.786	NA

Comments:

- U-234 is inferred, no MDC available.
- Duplicate assessment is not necessary if the result of either sample is < MDC.

Performed by:

Thomas Yancy / [Signature]

Reviewed by:

W. Clark Erus / W. Clark Erus

Date:

11-23-16

Date:

11/23/16

Quality Record

28.3 Tc-99 Hot Spot Assessment LSA 12-06

There is no historical sampling data available for this area since it was always considered a non-impacted area prior to the storage of potential reuse soils within the LSA. As a previously un-impacted area there is no history of a Tc-99 sample result ever exceeding the Tc-99 Uniform DCGL_w, as only potential reuse soil was placed within the LSA. The highest Tc-99 sample result collected from both Final RASS and FSS was 3.13 pCi/g. Therefore there is no concern for a potential Tc-99 hot spot exceeding the DCGL_w of 25.1, and there is no reason to perform a Tc-99 hot spot assessment.

29.0 ALARA EVALUATION LSA 12-06

All samples collected within LSA 12-06 were evaluated against the Uniform Stratum DCGL_w. For LSA 12-06 no sample result exceeded a SOF of 1.0. The average SOF result, based on all systematically collected samples, was 0.11 for LSA 12-06. The average SOF equates to residual activity contributions from the survey unit area of 2.75 mrem/yr for LSA 12-06. Groundwater Monitoring Well data provided in FSSFR Volume 6, Chapters 2 and 3 {ML16287A528} and Chapter 4 {ML16342B552}, indicate that the groundwater dose contribution will be a fraction of the MCLs. Nevertheless, a maximum groundwater contribution assumption of 4.0 mrem/yr based upon the EPA MCLs will be added to the total estimated dose for LSA 12-06. Adding these dose contributions together, the total estimated dose for LSA 12-06 is 6.75 mrem/yr.

Since the estimated Total Effective Dose Equivalent is well below the regulatory release criterion of 25 mrem/yr, the conclusion of the ALARA evaluation is that the FSS of LSA 12-06 was successful and that there would be no discernable benefit to the health and safety of the public in attempting to further reduce the results of FSS by performing remediation of LSA 12-06.

30.0 FSS PLAN DEVIATIONS LSA 12-06

30.1 Remedial Actions during FSS

There was no remedial action in LSA 12-06.

30.2 Adjustments to Scan MDC Calculations

Scan MDCs for LSA 12-06 were calculated in accordance with HDP-PR-FSS-701, Revision 10, *Final Status Survey Plan Development* and HDP-TBD- FSS-002, Revision 3, *Evaluation and Documentation of the Scanning Minimum Detectable Concentrations (MDC) for Final Status Surveys (FSS)*. The assumed LSA background count rate of 10,000 cpm was applied to determine the prospective Scan MDCs, and the actual mean count rate from the FSS survey was 10,148 cpm. Therefore the calculated Scan MDCs are appropriate, and no adjustments need to be made.

Hematite Decommissioning Project	FSSFR Volume 3, Chapter 9: <i>Survey Area Release Record for Land Survey Area 12, Survey Units 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, and 09 (LSA 12-03 through 12-09)</i>	
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31.0 DATA QUALITY ASSESSMENT

The DQO process is thoroughly integrated within the DP and Hematite FSS procedures. The steps of the DQO process are presented in Volume 3, Chapter 1, Section 4.0 of the FSSFR and correspond to the DQO steps described in Chapter 14, Section 4.2.1 of the DP. The HDP DQO process reflects the recommendations given in MARSSIM, Chapter 2, Figure 2-2.

31.1 Data Quality Assessment for LSA 12-06

The Data Quality Assessment of the survey methodology, sampling and sample analysis results, and the Quality Control sampling and analysis results to ascertain the validity of the conclusion for LSA 12-06 (see Figure 31-1) provides the following:

- The field and laboratory instruments utilized were capable of detecting activity at an MDC less than the appropriate investigation level, and were verified to be operable prior to and after use in accordance with HDP-PR-HP-416 (*Operation of the Ludlum 2221 for Final Status Survey*).
- The calibration of all instruments that were used to measure or analyze data was current at the time of use and the calibrations of the instruments were performed using a NIST traceable source. The instruments used were successfully source checked prior to and after use.
- The systematic samples that were collected (on a random-start triangular grid) and the gamma scan surveys that were conducted were performed in accordance with procedure HDP-PR-FSS-711, *Final Status Surveys and Sampling of Soil and Sediment*.
- All samples sent for analysis at the approved offsite laboratory (TestAmerica) were tracked on a chain of custody form in accordance with HDP-PR-QA-006, *Chain of Custody*.
- Quality Control sample results were verified to meet the acceptance criteria as specified in HDP-PR-FSS-703, *Final Status Survey Quality Control*.
- LSA 12-06 survey and sample results were independently reviewed and validated in accordance with HDP-PR-FSS-721 *Final Status Survey Data Validation*.
- The WRS Test is not necessary when the difference between the maximum survey unit data set measurement SOF and the minimum background area measurement SOF is less than or equal to one. For LSA 12-06, no individual gross SOF result in the FSS data set exceeded the SOF of the minimum background reference area measurement by more than one using the Uniform Stratum criteria. Therefore, the WRS Test was not required for LSA 12-06. However the WRS Test was still performed for illustrative purposes. Since the test statistic, WR (1040) exceeded the critical value (860), the FSS data set passed the WRS Test and the null hypothesis was rejected. The WRS Test worksheet is presented in Appendix D.
- A biased soil sample was collected from the location of the highest gamma count rate within the SU, and the result was a 0.56 Uniform SOF.
- The maximum SOF result for all surface samples within LSA 12-06 was 0.56

(biased sample result). The maximum SOF result for all subsurface samples within LSA 12-06 was 0.24. The average SOF result for all systematically collected samples within LSA 12-06 was 0.11, with an upper 95% confidence level ($UCL_{\text{mean } 0.95}$) of 0.15.

- No FSS sample result in LSA 12-06 exceeded a SOF of 1.0 as compared to the Uniform Stratum criteria, therefore an EMC or supplemental investigations was not required. For the same reason, no comparisons to the alternate “Three-Layer” multi-CSM (i.e. Surface, Root and Excavation) DCGLs were necessary.
- A retrospective sampling frequency evaluation was performed to determine if sufficient statistical power exists to reject the null hypothesis based on the total number (8) of systematic samples actually collected within LSA 12-06. The successful result of the retrospective power evaluation presented in Table 31-1 for LSA 12-06 indicates that the minimum number of samples required (8) for the WRS Test were equal to the number of sampling locations actually collected within LSA 12-06. The methodology used for the retrospective sampling frequency evaluation is similar to the prospective sample size determination performed during FSS Plan Development except that actual FSS sample results and statistics are used in the sample size verification. Specifically, the mean and standard deviation of the eight LSA surface samples (i.e., the WRS Test sample data set) are used to derive the relative shift for each LSA. Given the HDP Type I and Type II errors of 0.05 and 0.10, respectively, the calculated relative shift is then correlated to a minimum sample size number as provided in Table 5-1 of MARSSIM.
- HDP staff ensured that a visual inspection of the SU configuration and of the Isolation & Control measures were performed periodically, and confirmed that there were no instances of potential cross contamination from weather events until the FSS of all remaining areas at HDP were completed.

Table 31-1
Retrospective Sample Size Verification for LSA 12-06

Uniform DCGL Criteria Evaluation	
N/2 Value Verification	
Isotope(s)	SOF (Ra/Tc/Th/Iso U)
St. Dev.	0.07
DCGL _{SOF}	1
LBGR (Mean)	0.11
Shift	0.89
Relative Shift (Δ/σ)	12.49
MARSSIM Table 5.1 (P_r)	1.000000
N	12
N + 20%	14.4
N/2	8
FSS N/2	8
Verification Check	SUFFICIENT MEASUREMENTS
<p>"N/2" Corresponds to the number of survey unit measurement locations required for the WRS Test</p>	

MARSSIM Table 5.1

Δ/σ	P_r
0.1	0.528182
0.2	0.556223
0.3	0.583985
0.4	0.611335
0.5	0.638143
0.6	0.664290
0.7	0.689665
0.8	0.714167
0.9	0.737710
1.0	0.760217
1.1	0.781627
1.2	0.801892
1.3	0.820978
1.4	0.838864
1.5	0.855541
1.6	0.871014
1.7	0.885299
1.8	0.898420
1.9	0.910413
2.0	0.921319
2.25	0.944167
2.5	0.961428
2.75	0.974067
3.0	0.983039
3.5	0.993329
4.0	0.997658
4.01	1.000000

MARSSIM Table 5.2, $\alpha = 0.05$, $\beta = 0.10$

α (or β)	$Z_{1-\alpha}$ (or $Z_{1-\beta}$)
0.005	2.576
0.01	2.326
0.015	2.241
0.025	1.960
0.05	1.645
0.10	1.282
0.15	1.036
0.2	0.842
0.25	0.674
0.30	0.524

α
 β

**Figure 31-1
Data Evaluation Checklists prepared for LSA 12-06 (page 1 of 2)**

Hematite Decommissioning Project	Procedure: HDP-PR-FSS-721, Final Status Survey Data Evaluation		
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**APPENDIX G-1
FINAL STATUS SURVEY DATA QUALITY OBJECTIVES REVIEW CHECKLIST**

Survey Area: LSA 12 **Description:** Laydown Area, Plant Soils SEA
Survey Unit: 06 **Description:** Class 1 Laydown Land Area in "Area 13"

1. Have all measurements and/or analysis results that will be subjected to data analysis for FSS been individually reviewed and validated in accordance with Section 8.1 of this procedure? Yes No
2. Have all systematic measurements and/or samples been taken or acquired at the locations specified in the FSSP and the FSS Sample Instructions? Yes No
3. Have all scans surveys been performed of the areas specified as required in the FSSP and the FSS Sample Instructions? Yes No
4. Have all biased measurements and/or samples been taken or acquired at the locations specified in the FSSP & the FSS Sample Instructions? Yes No NA
5. Have duplicate and/or split samples or measurements been taken or acquired at each location designated as a QC sample? Yes No NA
6. Were the instruments used to measure or analyze the survey data capable of detecting the ROCs or gross activity at a MDC less than the appropriate investigation level? Yes No
7. Was the calibration of all instruments that were used to measure or analyze data, current at the time of use and were those calibrations performed using a NIST traceable source? Yes No
8. Were the instruments successfully response-checked before use and, where required, after use on the day the data was measured? Yes No
9. Do the samples match those identified on the chain of custody? Yes No NA
10. Do the QC Sample Results meet the acceptance criteria as specified in HDP-PR-FSS-703, Final Status Survey Quality Control? Yes * No
11. Are all Laboratory QC parameters within acceptable limits? Yes No

If "No" was the response to any of the questions above, then document the discrepancy as well as any corrective actions that were taken to resolve the discrepancy.

Comments: *One QC duplicate sample L12-06-13-P-S-Q-00 exceeded Warning Limit for Ra-226, but did not exceed Control Limit, results acceptable.

Figure 31-1
Data Evaluation Checklists prepared for LSA 12-06 (page 2 of 2)

Hematite Decommissioning Project	Procedure: HDP-PR-FSS-721, Final Status Survey Data Evaluation		
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APPENDIX G-1
FINAL STATUS SURVEY DATA QUALITY OBJECTIVES REVIEW CHECKLIST

Survey Area: LSA 12 **Description:** Laydown Area, Plant Soils SEA
Survey Unit: 06 **Description:** Class 1 Laydown Land Area in "Area 13"

Discrepancy: N/A

Corrective Actions Taken: N/A

11. Have the corrective actions resolved the discrepancy with the data? Yes No NA
a. If "No", then forward this form to the RSO.

12. The following questions will be answered by the RSO.

a. If the answer to question 11 was "No", then is the affected data still valid? Yes No NA
b. If "No", then are the existing valid measurements or samples sufficient to demonstrate compliance for the survey unit? Yes No NA
c. If "No", then direct the acquisition of additional measurements or samples as necessary to demonstrate compliance for the survey unit.

Prepared by (HP Staff): Thomas Yordy Tom J... 11-23-16
(Print Name) (Signature) (Date)

Approved by (RSO): W. Wade Evers W. Wade 11/23/16
(Print Name) (Signature) (Date)

Quality Record

32.0 CONCLUSION LSA 12-06

An adequate quantity and quality of radiological surveys and samples, as well as the corresponding laboratory analysis has been performed, evaluated and documented to demonstrate that the dose associated with all sources within SU LSA 12-06 does not to exceed the dose criterion for unrestricted release in accordance with 10 CFR 20.1402.

**Table 32-1
LSA 12-06 SOF and Dose Summation**

	AVE. SU SOIL RADIOACTIVITY	ELEVATED AREA CONTRIBUTION	GROUND WATER	BURIED PIPING	REUSE SOIL	TOTAL
SOF	0.11	N/A	0.16	N/A	N/A	0.27
DOSE	2.75 mrem/year	N/A	4.0 mrem/year	N/A	N/A	6.75 mrem/year

33.0 FINAL STATUS SURVEY DESIGN LSA 12-07

This section of the report describes the method for determining the number of samples required for the FSS of LSA 12-07 as well as summarizing the applicable requirements of the FSS Plan. These include the DCGL_w, scan survey coverage, and IAL. The radiological instrumentation used in the FSS of LSA 12-07 and the detection sensitivities are also discussed.

33.1 FSS Plan Design Requirements

FSS Plan requirements for LSA 12-07 were driven by the type (Open Land) and Class (Class 1) of the SU and developed in accordance with HDP procedure, HDP-PR-FSS-701, Revision 10, *Final Status Survey Plan Development*, November 2015.

33.1.1 Surrogate Evaluation Areas

A discussion of Surrogate Evaluation Areas is given in the FSSFR Volume 3, Chapter 1, Section 5.0, *Final Status Survey Design*.

33.1.2 DCGL_w

During the FSS design process a review was performed of the RASS data for LSA 12-07. The RASS data was used as confirmation that no known areas of residual radioactivity remained within the survey areas that exceeded the Uniform Stratum DCGL_w. Therefore the Uniform Stratum DCGL_w was selected for use in demonstrating compliance with the release criteria.

33.1.3 GWS Coverage

As a Class 1 SU, LSA 12-07 was required to undergo a 100% GWS.

33.1.4 Instrumentation

Radiological instrumentation selected for performance of GWS within LSA 12-07 was the Ludlum 44-10 2" x 2" NaI detectors, coupled to a Ludlum 2221 scaler-ratemeter.

33.1.5 Scan Minimum Detectable Concentration

Scan MDCs for LSA 12-07 were calculated in accordance with HDP-PR-FSS-701, Revision 10, *Final Status Survey Plan Development* and HDP-TBD- FSS-002, Revision 3, *Evaluation and Documentation of the Scanning Minimum Detectable Concentrations (MDC) for Final Status Surveys (FSS)*. As background levels were approximately 10,000 cpm within LSA 12-07, the scan MDC calculation for total uranium given in HDP-PR-FSS-701, *Final Status Survey Plan Development*, Step 8.2.6.d, was applied:

$$\text{Scan MDC}_{(\text{total uranium})} = \frac{1}{\left(\frac{f_{U-234}}{3659 \text{ pCi/g}} \right) + \left(\frac{f_{U-235}}{2.32 \text{ pCi/g}} \right) + \left(\frac{f_{U-238}}{30.6 \text{ pCi/g}} \right)}$$

Equation 33-1

To determine isotopic Uranium fractions HDP-PR-FSS-701, Revision 10, *Final Status Survey Plan Development* assumes that the average LSA enrichment is 4% or less. Based on the

systematically collected RASS samples in LSA 12-07, the average enrichment for the SU was 2.96%. All other Scan MDC parameters agreed upon between Westinghouse and the NRC were applied (e.g. use of a 2 in air gap, scan rate of 1 ft/sec, 0.75 surveyor efficiency), therefore no subsequent changes to the calculated Scan MDCs need to be made.

Prospectively calculated Scan MDCs for 2" x 2" NaI detectors that were used in LSA 12-07 are shown below:

Table 33-1
Scan MDCs for 2" x 2" NaI detector, 10,000 cpm background: LSA 12-07

	Scan MDC (Total U)	DCGLw (Total U)	Scan MDC (Ra-226)	DCGLw* (Ra-226)	Scan MDC (Th-232)	DCGLw* (Th-232)
LSA 12-07	40.9	46.6	0.87	2.8	1.21	3.0

*DCGL_w includes background concentrations of 0.9 pCi/g for Ra-226 (no ingrowth) and 1.0 pCi/g for Th-232. DCGLw values are based on the Uniform Stratum release criteria.

The values in Table 33-1 reflect those presented in the FSS Plans prepared for the SU prior to FSS.

33.1.6 Investigation Action Level

FSSFR Volume 3, Chapter 1, Section 6.1.3, *Investigation Action Level (IAL)*, provides a discussion in regards to the IAL. The basis of the IAL is detailed in HDP memorandum, HEM-15-MEMO-021 "*Evaluation of the Scan IAL for Class 1 areas at the Westinghouse Hematite Site*". The IAL used during the GWS of LSA 12-07 was established at 4,000 ncpm.

33.1.7 LSA 12-07 FSS Design Summary

The FSS Plans for LSA 12-07 can be found in Appendix L. Table 33-2 presents an overall FSS design and implementation summary for LSA 12-07.

Table 33-2
FSS Design Summary for LSA 12-07

Gamma Walkover Survey (GWS):		
Scan Coverage	100% exposed soil and rock	
Scan MDC	40.9 pCi/g total Uranium (based on a 10,000 cpm background); 0.87 pCi/g Th-232; 1.21 pCi/g Ra-226*	
Investigation Action Level (IAL)	4,000 net cpm **	
Systematic Sampling Locations:		
Depth	Number of Sample	Comments
0 – 15 cm (Surface)	8	
15 cm – 1.5 m (Root)	8	
> 1.5m (Excavation)	8	
These samples will be taken on a random-start systematic grid.		
Biased Survey/Sampling Locations:		
Biased samples may be collected during GWS at the discretion of the HP Technician, after statistical analysis of the survey data, or at the direction of the RSO or Radiological Engineering.		
Sidewall Sampling Locations:		
A minimum of one (1) discretionary sidewall sample will be collected based on the following definition of "sidewall": sidewall candidates for sampling must be vertical or near vertical (> 45° angle) and at least 12" in height.		
Instrumentation:		
Ludlum 2221 with 44-10 (2x2 NaI) detector; with collimation for investigations	Used for GWS and to obtain static count rates at biased measurement locations.	
*Values based on information provided in HDP-TBD-FSS-002, <i>"Evaluation and Documentation of the Scanning Minimum Detectable Concentrations (MDC) for Final Status Surveys (FSS)</i> . The Scan MDC for total Uranium reflects a conservative assumption of 4% enrichment. The actual RASS enrichment (2.0%) would result in Scan MDC values slightly less than those calculated for FSS planning purposes.		
**IAL is the net count per minute (ncpm) equivalent of an activity concentration less than the Uniform Stratum DCGLw derived from the technical bases presented in HEM-MEMO-15-021 and HDP-TBD-FSS-003 <i>"Modeling and Calculation of Investigative Action Levels for Final Status Soil Survey Units"</i> , Westinghouse, March 2015.		

34.0 FINAL STATUS SURVEY IMPLEMENTATION LSA 12-07

FSS was performed in accordance with procedure HDP-PR-FSS-711, *Final Status Surveys and Sampling of Soil and Sediment*.

34.1 Gamma Walkover Survey

34.1.1 Instrumentation

The selected instrumentation to perform the GWS in LSA 12-07 was a 2" x 2" NaI detector in combination with a Ludlum 2221 rate meter. Each NaI instrumentation set was interfaced with a Trimble DGPS and handheld data logger.

Prior to the first field use of the GWS instrumentation, initial set-ups were performed. Also, daily pre- and post-use source checks were performed for each day that GWS was performed within the SU. Initial set-ups, daily source checks, and control charting were performed according to the requirements of HDP-PR-HP-416, *Operation of the Ludlum 2221 for Final Status Survey*.

34.1.2 GWS Performance

All GWS measurements on the excavation floor and sidewalls collected with the NaI detector(s) were connected to a Trimble DGPS and with a hand-held data logger. The logging frequency in the survey unit was 1 GWS measurement per second. Each gross gamma measurement is correlated to a set of coordinates based on the Missouri East State Plane, NAD 1983.

The GWS requirements involved moving the NaI detector in a side-to-side fashion no faster than 1 foot per second while holding the probe as close as possible to the excavation surface (nominally 1", but not to exceed 3"). At the same time, the technician was required to slowly advance, causing the detector to trace out a serpentine path over the excavation surface.

FSS Technicians performing GWS in LSA 12-07 used the 4,000 ncpm IAL as a field guide to know when to slow or pause the GWS for more deliberate investigation. If during the GWS, audible count rates noticeably increase above the general area average (i.e., > minimum detectable count rate), FSS Technicians were required to pause momentarily and observe count rates. If sustained count rates approached the IAL, further focused investigation was conducted within the locally elevated area.

To use the IAL effectively, FSS Technicians first determined the local background count rate before starting the GWS. Although the ambient gamma level may vary across the SU due to excavation geometry and relative distance from contaminated materials in nearby remedial excavations, the average background rate (measured at waist level) within the LSA ranged between 10,000 and 11,000 gcpm. Therefore, at locations where the 2" x 2" NaI detector measurements exceeded 14,000 to 15,000 gcpm, FSS technicians slowed or paused the GWS for more careful investigation of the small areas of elevated activity before deciding if "flagging" a point for potential biased sampling was warranted.

Hard to reach areas, and non-typical areas were surveyed manually as necessary in order to assess the potential for an area of elevated residual activity over 100% of the exposed ground surface.

After the GWS survey was complete, the GPS/GWS data was reviewed by Radiological Engineering and the Health Physics Technician performing the survey to determine if possible areas of elevated residual activity remained within the SU that required biased sample

investigation. Areas that were flagged by the HP Technician were considered, as well as a statistical evaluation of the GWS data set. The statistical evaluation determined the mean count rate and standard deviation associated with the GWS and then could be used to identify any areas that exceeded 3 standard deviations above the mean. The number of biased samples to be collected and the locations are based on flagged locations exceeding the IAL, the statistical evaluation of the GWS data set, and the professional judgment of Radiological Engineering.

34.2 Soil Sampling

34.2.1 Systematic Soil Sampling Summary

Table 34-1 provides a summary of systematic sampling by stratum for LSA 12-07.

Table 34-1
Systematic Sampling Summary by Stratum for LSA 12-07

LSA	SU Area, planar (m ²)	Systematic			QC
		Surface	Root	Deep (Excavation)	
12-07	1,996	8	8	8*	2

*Excavation samples were collected and archived, analysis only required if a overlying Root sample exceeds a 0.5 SOF

34.2.2 Systematic Sampling LSA 12-07

Within LSA 12-07, there were 8 systematic locations in which the surface stratum [0 – 15 cm) was sampled in the SU. The underlying root stratum was sampled at all 8 locations. Excavation stratum samples were collected and archived, but were not required to be analyzed since no root stratum sample exceeded a 0.5 Uniform SOF.

Given a planar area of 1,996 m² for LSA 12-07 and an eight - point systematic triangular grid, the point-to-point distance within each row was 16.9 m with spacing of 14.6 m between each of the parallel grid rows within the SU.

While there were eight (8) systematic locations on the LSA 12-07 sampling grid, a total of eighteen (18) samples were collected and analyzed at these locations, including:

- Eight (8) samples collected and analyzed within the surface stratum
- Eight (8) samples collected and analyzed within the root stratum
- Zero (0) samples analyzed within the excavation, or “deep” stratum
- Two (2) QC field replicate

Figure 34-1 presents the map of the eight systematic sample locations which were sampled within LSA 12-07. The inset table notes the location coordinates (Missouri East, NAD 1983) and collection intervals for each systematic location.

Figure 34-1
LSA 12-07 Systematic Soil Sample Locations

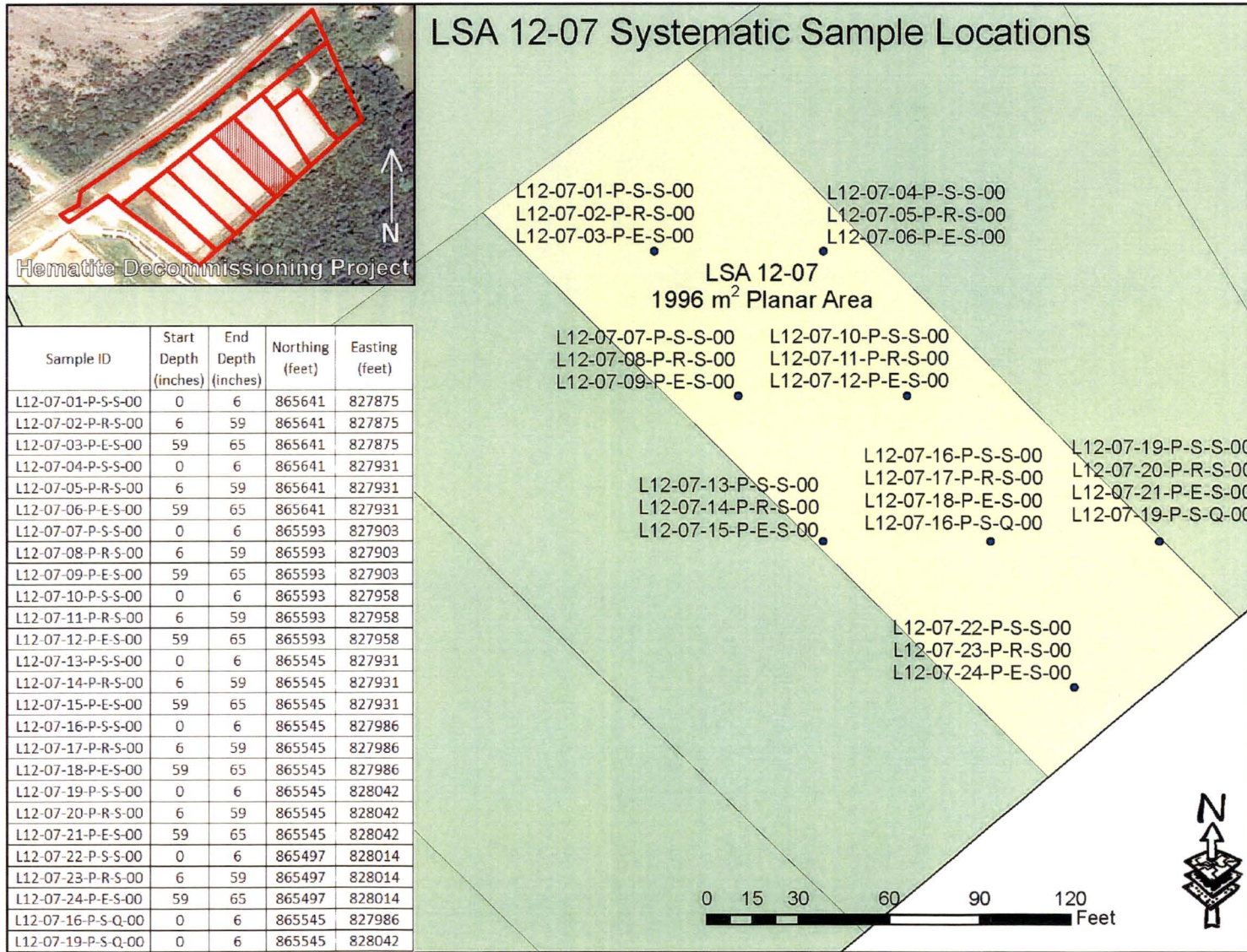


Figure 34-2 below presents a tabular listing of all FSS samples collected within LSA 12-07 with associated IDs, sample types, collection intervals, coordinates, and notes.

Figure 34-2
FSS Sample Locations and Coordinates for LSA 12-07

Hematite Decommissioning Project	Procedure: HDP-PR-FSS-701, Final Status Survey Plan Development		
	Revision: 10	Appendix P-4, Page 1 of 1	

APPENDIX P-4

FSS SAMPLE & MEASUREMENT LOCATIONS & COORDINATES

Survey Area:	LSA 12	Description:	Laydown Area, Plant Soils SEA
Survey Unit:	07	Description:	Class 1 Laydown Land Area in "Area 13"
Survey Type:	FSS	Classification:	Class I

Measurement or Sample ID	Surface or CSM	Type	Start Elevation*	End Elevation*	Northing** (Y Axis)	Easting** (X Axis)	Remarks / Notes
L12-07-01-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	431.5	431.0	865641	827875	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-07-02-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	431.0	426.5	865641	827875	Root 59-inch composite
L12-07-04-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	431.2	430.7	865641	827931	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-07-05-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	430.7	426.3	865641	827931	Root 59-inch composite
L12-07-07-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	430.7	430.2	865593	827903	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-07-08-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	430.2	425.8	865593	827903	Root 59-inch composite
L12-07-10-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	430.2	429.7	865593	827958	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-07-11-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	429.7	425.3	865593	827958	Root 59-inch composite
L12-07-13-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	429.8	429.3	865545	827931	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-07-14-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	429.3	424.8	865545	827931	Root 59-inch composite
L12-07-16-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	430.3	429.8	865545	827986	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-07-17-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	429.8	425.4	865545	827986	Root 59-inch composite
L12-07-19-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	429.9	429.4	865545	828042	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-07-20-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	429.4	424.9	865545	828042	Root 59-inch composite
L12-07-22-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	429.9	429.4	865497	828014	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-07-23-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	429.4	425.0	865497	828014	Root 59-inch composite
L12-07-16-P-S-Q-00	Uniform	Q	430.3	429.8	865545	827986	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-07-19-P-S-Q-00	Uniform	Q	429.9	429.4	865545	828042	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-07-25-P-S-B-00	Uniform	B	429.9	429.4	865526.2	828056.9	Biased 6-inch grab

Green shaded samples are the samples at each sample location, for use in WRS Test.

*Elevations are in feet above mean sea level.

** Missouri - East State Plane Coordinates [North American Datum (NAD) 1983]

Surface: Floor = F; Wall = W; Ceiling = C; Roof = R

CSM: Three-Layer (Surface-Root-Excavation) or Uniform DCGLs used

Type: Systematic = S, Biased = B; QC = Q; Investigation = I

34.3 Biased Soil Sampling

As discussed in FSSFR Volume 3, Chapter 1, Section 6.1.3, there are three key methods for identifying areas for biased soil sampling, the IAL, the Z-score of the FSS GWS, and the professional judgment of the HP Staff. For LSA 12-07 one (1) biased sample location was selected within the SU based on the evaluation of the GWS survey data and HP Technician professional judgment. The biased location represented the maximum GWS measurement encountered within the SU. Biased samples are collected at the prescribed location to a depth of 6 inches below the exposed ground surface.

34.4 Judgmental/Sidewall Sampling for Tc-99

As an un-excavated SU, no Tc-99 sidewall sampling was necessary for LSA 12-07.

34.5 Quality Control Soil Sampling

Two QC field duplicate sample point were randomly selected and collected at systematic locations L12-07-16 and L12-07-19 for LSA 12-07.

35.0 FINAL STATUS SURVEY RESULTS LSA 12-07

35.1 Gamma Walkover Survey

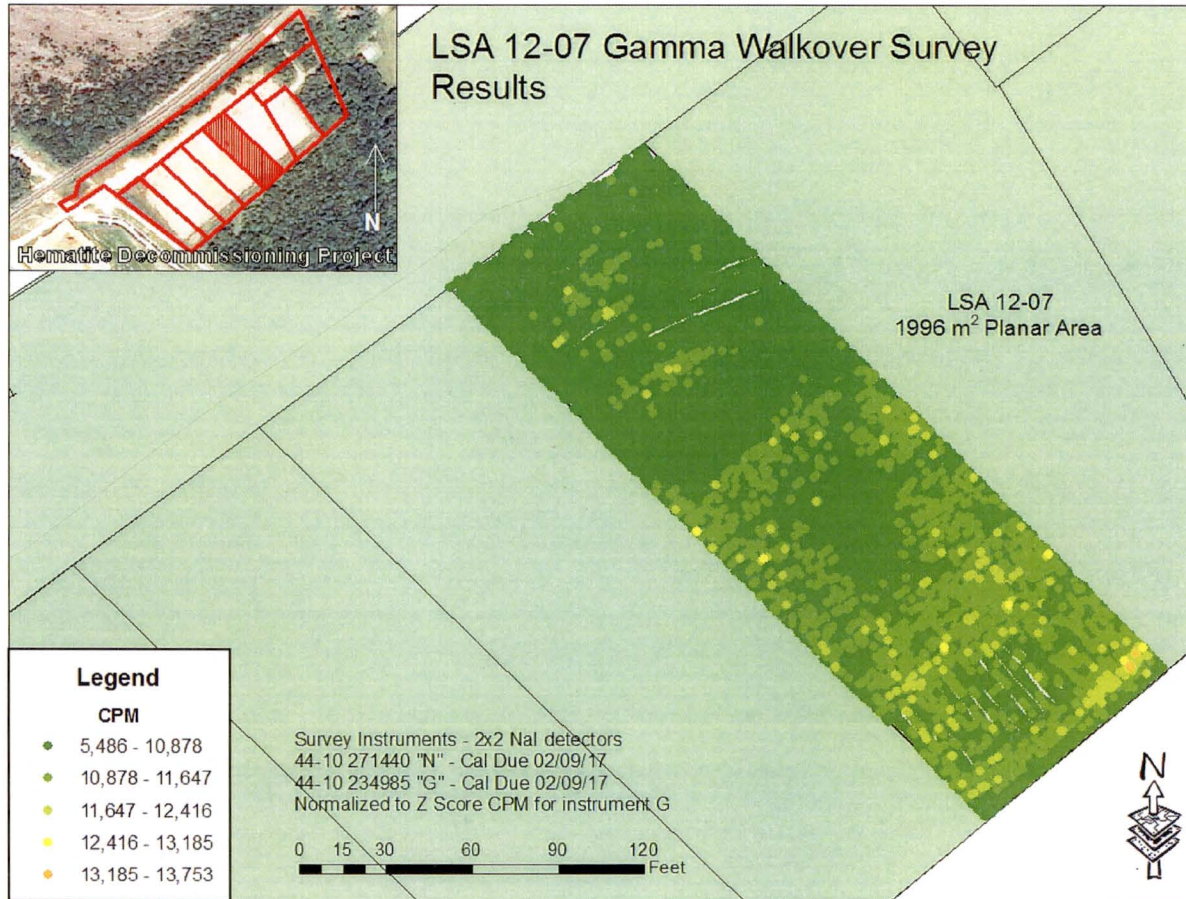
Post-processed GPS coordinate data is accurate to within ± 0.1 m for the handheld GPS models used during the GWS. The GWS maps are plotted and presented in a 2-D format. When multiple data points are collected at the same GPS location during the walkover, the most elevated radiological measurements are plotted "on top" (e.g. if any sidewalls featured more elevated readings than the floor directly below, the sidewall radiological measurements would overlie the lower floor readings).

GWS measurements were collected in LSA 12-07 between May 6, 2016, and May 15, 2016.

35.1.1 GWS Results for LSA 12-07

For LSA 12-07, GWS count rates ranged between 5,486 gcpm and 13,753 gcpm, with a mean count rate of 10,110 gcpm. The median count rate was 11,943 gcpm and the standard deviation was 769 cpm. Figure 35-1 below presents a map of the complete GWS data set.

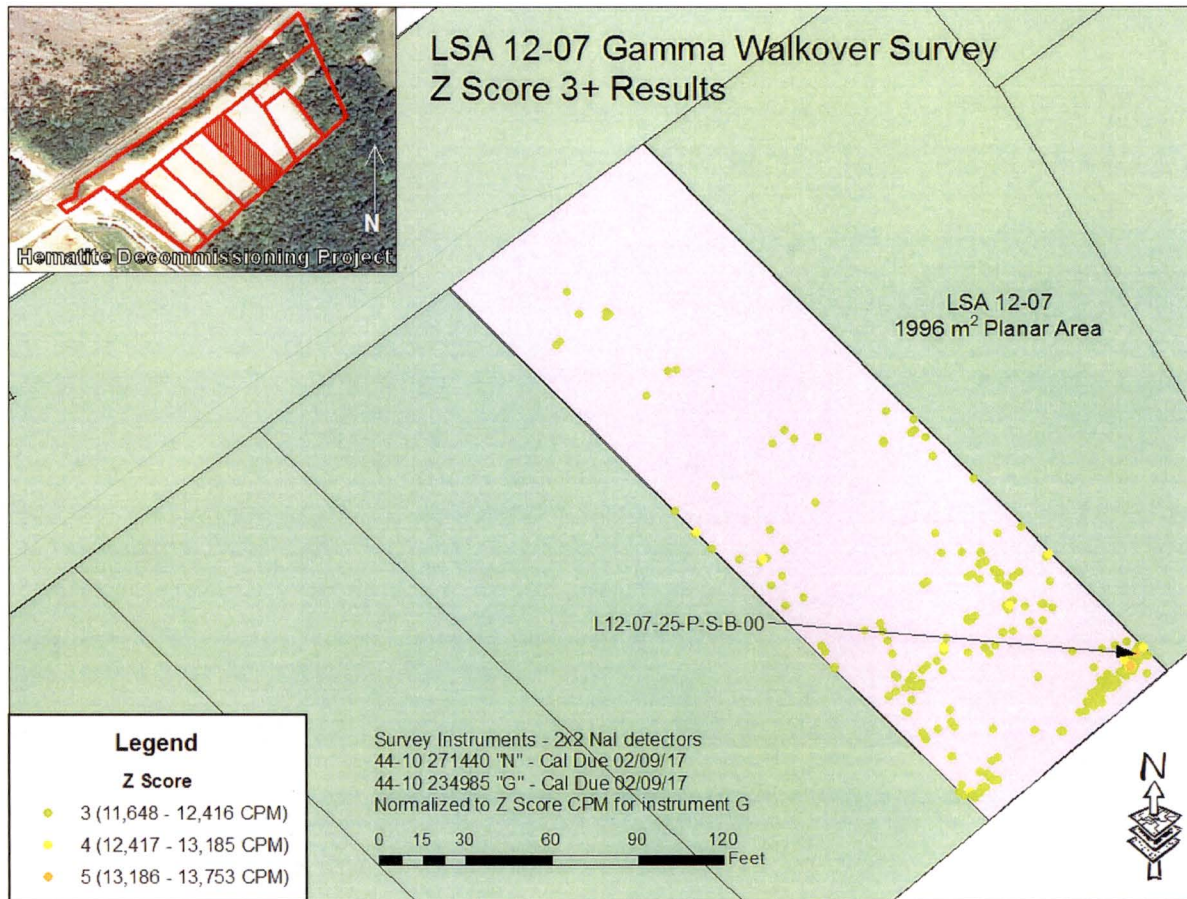
Figure 35-1
Colorimetric GWS Plot for LSA 12-07



An evaluation of the entire GWS data set was performed to evaluate those small areas of elevated activity which exceeded three (3) standard deviations above the GWS mean measurement, (i.e., "+3 Z-score"). Two locations, L12-07-25, were selected for biased sample collection. These biased locations represented the maximum GWS measurements encountered within the SU.

Figure 35-2 below presents a map of the +3 Z-score GWS measurements within LSA 12-07, including the selected biased sampling locations (ID: L12-07-25-P-S-B-00).

Figure 35-2
Colorimetric GWS Plot for LSA 12-07 (Measurements > Z-score of 3)



All GWS data collected in LSA 12-07 was datalogged and post-processed in Graphical Information Software (GIS).

35.1.2 GWS Coverage Results LSA 12-07

FSSFR Volume 3, Chapter 1, Section 6.1.4, *Exposed Surfaces versus Accessible Surfaces*, provides a discussion and the criteria for evaluating the GWS coverage of a SU during FSS. Although 100% of accessible areas underwent GWS, the post survey processing of the GPS data indicated that the GWS covered 98.64% of the SU (see Table 35-1). As the evaluation indicates that the GPS coverage exceeded 95% with no readings approaching or exceeding the IAL of 4,000 net cpm in the vicinity of any apparent GPS coverage gaps, the GWS coverage for the SU has been evaluated to meet the intent of the "100% GWS coverage" requirement.

**Table 35-1
GWS Gap Analysis LSA 12-07**

	Total SU Pixels	GWS Gap Pixels	Gap Percentage	GWS Coverage	MARSSIM Class
LSA 12-07	155,326	2,106	1.36	98.64	1

35.2 Soil Sample Results LSA 12-07

35.2.1 Surface Soil Sample Results LSA 12-07

There were eight systematic samples collected within the surface stratum (0 – 15 cm) of LSA 12-07. Additionally two QC samples and one biased sample were collected in the topmost layer of soil. The maximum Uniform SOF result for the surface samples was 0.08.

Appendix E presents the analytical results and associated statistics for all FSS surface samples collected within LSA 12-07.

35.2.2 Subsurface Soil Sample Results LSA 12-07

There were eight systematic locations within LSA 12-07 where root stratum composite sampling was necessary. The root stratum zone is between 0.15 and 1.50 m below final grade surface. At each of the eight root stratum composite sampling locations, the top six inches (1.50 – 1.65 m below final grade surface) of the underlying excavation stratum was also collected and archived, however these excavation samples were not required to be analyzed as no overlying root stratum sample exceeded a 0.5 SOF. The maximum SOF result of the subsurface samples collected in LSA 12-07 was 0.15.

35.2.3 WRS Evaluation

Per Step 7.8.3 of HDP-PR-FSS-721 *Final Status Survey Data Evaluation*, the Wilcoxon Rank Sum (WRS) statistical test was not required for LSA 12-07 since the difference between the maximum SU data set gross SOF and the minimum background area SOF was less than one using the Uniform Stratum criteria. However, for illustrative purposes, the WRS evaluation was still performed for LSA 12-07. All systematically collected samples regardless of depth are used to perform the WRS Test, however biased and QC sample results are not utilized in the WRS Test. The 16 systematically collected samples in LSA 12-07 were ranked against the adjusted activity concentrations of the 32 samples collected within the Background Reference Area. The SU passed the WRS Test since the ranked sum of the reference area ranks, or test statistic W_R , (1040) was greater than the critical value (860) for the test. As such, the null hypothesis that the SU average concentration is greater than the $DCGL_w$ was rejected. The WRS evaluation is also included in Appendix E.

35.2.4 Graphical Data Review LSA 12-07

Table 35-2 below presents summary results for the all systematically collected samples (includes surface, and root, but not biased or QC samples) collected within LSA 12-07, and the associated

SOF when compared to the Uniform Stratum DCGL_{ws}. The arithmetic average concentration resulted in a SOF of 0.06.

Table 35-2
LSA 12-07 FSS Sample Data Summary and Calculated SOF Values (Systematic)

Statistic	Ra-226 DCGL = 1.9 BKG = 1.07 (pCi/g)	Tc-99 DCGL = 25.1 (pCi/g)	Th-232 DCGL = 2.0 BKG = 1.0 (pCi/g)	U-234 DCGL=195.4 (pCi/g)	U-235 DCGL=51.6 (pCi/g)	U-238 DCGL=168.8 (pCi/g)	Sample SOF (Uniform DCGL)
Average	0.009	0.124	0.059	2.151	0.060	0.982	0.06
Minimum	0.00 (<BKG)	0.00 (NEG)	0.00 (<BKG)	0.475	-0.145	0.475	0.01
Maximum	0.090	0.406	0.200	5.759	0.318	1.500	0.15

Notes:

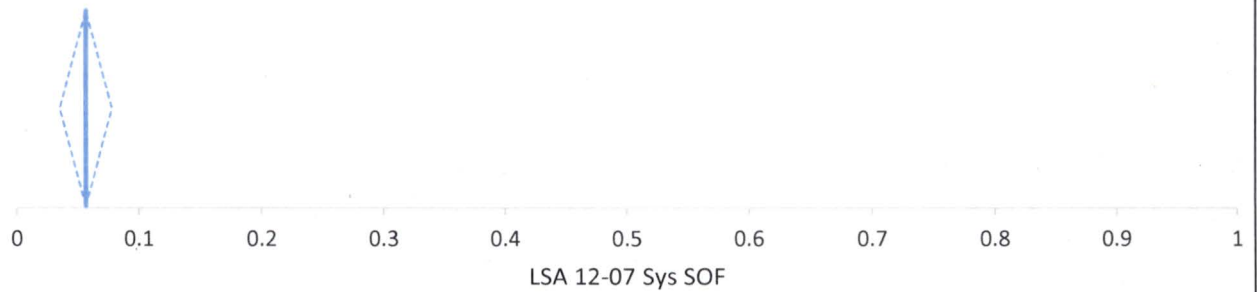
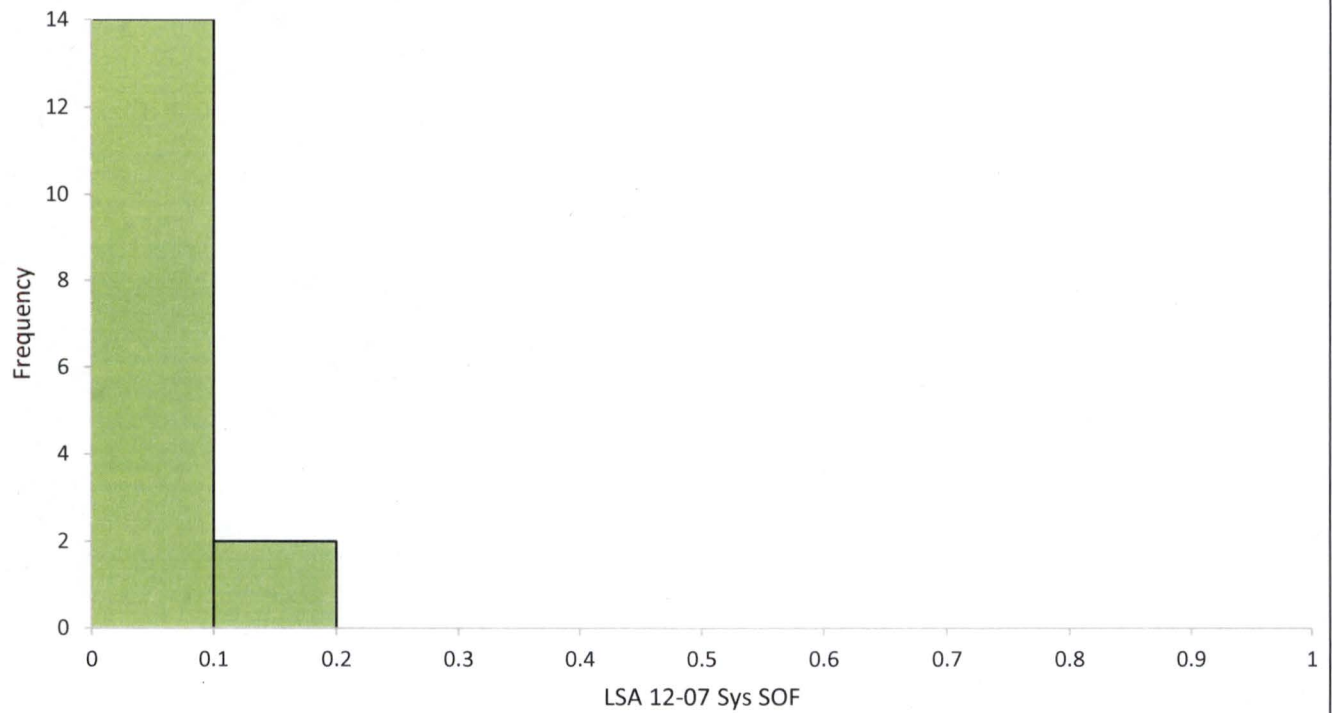
1. Ra-226 and Th-232 background activities subtracted prior to calculating SOF value. Ra-226 background without ingrowth = 0.9 pCi/g; Ra-226 background with ingrowth = 1.07 pCi/g. Negative SOF components are set to zero in SOF calculation.
2. Average SOF for data set calculated using average radionuclide concentrations.
3. U-234 values are inferred from the U-235/U-238 ratio.

Section 8.2.2.2 of MARSSIM recommends a graphical review of FSS analytical data, to include at a minimum, a posting plot and a histogram. A frequency plot, or histogram, is a useful tool for examining the general shape of a data distribution. This plot is a bar chart of the number of data points within a certain range of values. The frequency plot will reveal any obvious departures from symmetry, such as skewness or bimodality (two peaks), in the data distribution for the survey unit. The presence of two peaks in the survey unit frequency plot may indicate the existence of isolated areas of residual radioactivity.

Figure 35-3 presents the overall statistical metrics for the SOF parameter for the 16 systematically collected samples from LSA 12-07. The top graph is a histogram and line plot of the SOF for the systematic data population for LSA 12-07. The middle graph presents the mean SOF (0.06 as indicated by the blue vertical line) of the sample population and the 95% confidence interval of the mean SOF represented by the blue diamond which is 0.04 to 0.08. The 97.87% confidence interval based on the median (also 0.06) of the sample results is 0.02 to 0.18. The bottom two charts present the various statistical metrics of the LSA 12-07 SOF data set, including the mean, median, standard deviation, minimum, maximum, confidence intervals, etc.

Figure 35-3 exhibits no unusual symmetry or bimodality concerns for the LSA 12-07 data associated with the systematically collected measurement locations.

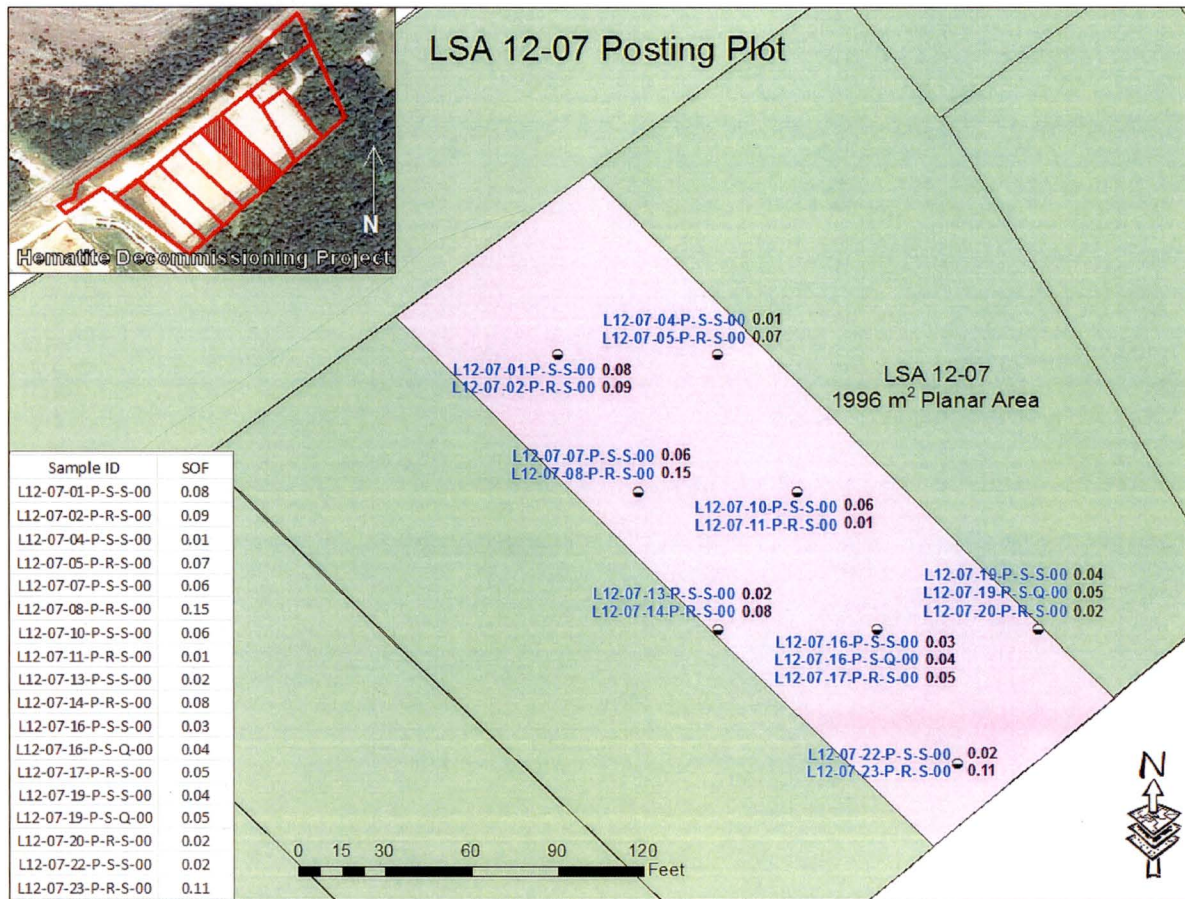
Figure 35-3
Graphic Statistical Summary for LSA 12-07 (SOF parameter)



N	16							
LSA 12-07 Sys SOF	Mean	95% CI		Mean SE	SD	Variance	Skewness	Kurtosis
	0.06	0.04	to 0.08	0.010	0.04	0.00	0.9	0.72
LSA 12-07 Sys SOF	Minimum	1st quartile	Median	97.87% CI		3rd quartile	Maximum	IQR
	0.01	0.02	0.06	0.02	to 0.08	0.08	0.2	0.06

A posting plot is simply a map of the survey unit with the data values (in this case the SOF values for each systematically collected sample) entered at the measurement locations. This potentially reveals heterogeneities in the data – especially possible patches of elevated residual radioactivity. The posting plot for LSA 12-07 is presented below in Figure 35-4. Figure 35-4 shows no unusual patterns in the data.

Figure 35-4
Posting Plot for LSA 12-07 Systematic Measurement Locations



Appendix E to this report presents the complete analytical data set (in Microsoft Excel format) used to derive the summary statistics presented in Table 35-2, Figure 35-3, and Figure 35-4 above. A summary of the analytical data is presented in Table 35-3 below. Appendix S to this report presents the TestAmerica Analytical Laboratory soil sample reports.

Table 35-3
Final Status Survey Analytical Data: LSA 12-07

Sample ID	Sample Depth (ft)	Type (Systematic, Bias, QC)	TestAmerica Analytical Results																								Enr.	SOF						
			Ra-226						Tc-99					Th-232					Inferred U-234				U-235						U-238					
			Result	Uncertainty	MDC	Qualifier	Net Result*	Corrected Result	Result	Corrected Result	Uncertainty	MDC	Qualifier	Result	Uncertainty	MDC	Qualifier	Net Result**	Corrected Result	Result	Uncertainty	MDC	Qualifier	Result	Uncertainty	MDC			Qualifier	Result	Uncertainty	MDC	Qualifier	Result
L12-07-01-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	0.733	0.128	0.0837	N/A	-0.337	0.000	0.182	0.182	0.067	0.242	U	1.12	0.191	0.0992	N/A	0.120	0.120	1.525	NA	NA	NA	0.0805	0.281	0.468	U	0.84	0.349	0.9	U	1.5	0.08	
L12-07-02-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	1.1	0.175	0.0868	N/A	0.030	0.030	0.406	0.406	0.056	0.228	N/A	1.03	0.171	0.152	N/A	0.030	0.030	5.759	NA	NA	NA	0.318	0.194	0.219	N/A	0.984	0.762	0.989	U	4.8	0.09	
L12-07-04-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	0.848	0.143	0.0748	N/A	-0.222	0.000	0.127	0.127	0.124	0.23	U	0.876	0.17	0.127	N/A	-0.124	0.000	0.475	NA	NA	NA	-0.145	0.209	0.672	U	0.475	0.29	1.55	U	0.7	0.01	
L12-07-05-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	0.965	0.13	0.0489	N/A	-0.105	0.000	-0.0889	0.000	0.051	0.24	U	1.13	0.172	0.119	N/A	0.130	0.130	0.887	NA	NA	NA	-0.115	0.112	0.495	U	0.887	0.283	0.766	N/A	0.7	0.07	
L12-07-07-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	0.837	0.133	0.0763	N/A	-0.233	0.000	0.307	0.307	0.182	0.263	N/A	1.06	0.184	0.123	N/A	0.060	0.060	1.330	NA	NA	NA	-0.018	0.262	0.421	U	1.33	0.506	0.745	N/A	0.7	0.06	
L12-07-08-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	1.16	0.18	0.0684	N/A	0.090	0.090	-0.035	0.000	0.028	0.233	U	1.2	0.204	0.126	N/A	0.200	0.200	0.840	NA	NA	NA	-0.136	0.208	0.697	U	0.84	0.342	0.965	U	0.7	0.15	
L12-07-10-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	0.789	0.12	0.0616	N/A	-0.281	0.000	0.394	0.394	0.139	0.22	N/A	0.885	0.128	0.0901	N/A	-0.115	0.000	5.694	NA	NA	NA	0.314	0.129	0.196	N/A	1.37	0.504	0.74	N/A	3.5	0.06	
L12-07-11-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	0.962	0.157	0.082	N/A	-0.108	0.000	-0.0975	0.000	0.071	0.232	U	0.937	0.22	0.162	N/A	-0.063	0.000	0.683	NA	NA	NA	-0.009	0.371	0.626	U	0.683	0.282	1.59	U	0.7	0.01	
L12-07-13-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	0.942	0.143	0.0564	N/A	-0.128	0.000	0.172	0.172	0.065	0.22	U	0.961	0.155	0.132	N/A	-0.039	0.000	1.629	NA	NA	NA	0.0869	0.332	0.552	U	0.791	0.301	0.78	N/A	1.7	0.02	
L12-07-14-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	1.01	0.137	0.0637	N/A	-0.060	0.000	-0.115	0.000	0.036	0.24	U	1.13	0.174	0.0856	N/A	0.130	0.130	1.611	NA	NA	NA	0.0855	0.0944	0.512	U	0.819	0.337	0.816	N/A	1.6	0.08	
L12-07-16-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	0.841	0.132	0.0717	N/A	-0.229	0.000	0.204	0.204	0.074	0.22	U	0.985	0.149	0.101	N/A	-0.015	0.000	2.249	NA	NA	NA	0.116	0.194	0.343	U	1.5	0.516	0.745	N/A	1.2	0.03	
L12-07-17-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	0.946	0.126	0.0583	N/A	-0.124	0.000	-0.073	0.000	0.063	0.228	U	1.08	0.16	0.114	N/A	0.080	0.080	1.809	NA	NA	NA	0.0986	0.108	0.176	U	0.628	0.21	1.33	U	2.4	0.05	
L12-07-19-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	0.952	0.151	0.0759	N/A	-0.118	0.000	0.0359	0.036	0.089	0.211	U	0.984	0.163	0.119	N/A	-0.016	0.000	5.758	NA	NA	NA	0.318	0.131	0.191	N/A	1.19	0.364	0.889	N/A	4.0	0.04	
L12-07-20-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	1.02	0.155	0.0737	N/A	-0.050	0.000	-0.0533	0.000	0.102	0.222	U	1.03	0.188	0.0947	N/A	0.030	0.030	0.868	NA	NA	NA	-0.006	0.0818	0.386	U	0.868	0.29	0.773	N/A	0.7	0.02	
L12-07-22-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	0.673	0.12	0.0731	N/A	-0.397	0.000	0.153	0.153	0.051	0.222	U	0.803	0.184	0.168	N/A	-0.197	0.000	1.260	NA	NA	NA	-0.132	0.189	0.632	U	1.26	0.542	0.809	N/A	0.7	0.02	
L12-07-23-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	1.09	0.153	0.0702	N/A	0.020	0.020	-0.0672	0.000	0.073	0.224	U	1.16	0.163	0.0879	N/A	0.160	0.160	2.041	NA	NA	NA	0.107	0.121	0.187	U	1.25	0.497	0.744	N/A	1.4	0.11	
L12-07-16-P-S-Q-00	0.00	Q	0.85	0.142	0.0762	N/A	-0.220	0.000	-0.0485	0.000	0.03	0.231	U	0.959	0.175	0.115	N/A	-0.041	0.000	4.952	NA	NA	NA	0.268	0.13	0.185	N/A	1.99	0.866	0.96	N/A	2.1	0.04	
L12-07-19-P-S-Q-00	0.00	Q	0.86	0.121	0.0582	N/A	-0.210	0.000	0.141	0.141	0.03	0.232	U	0.971	0.145	0.0867	N/A	-0.029	0.000	6.122	NA	NA	NA	0.337	0.133	0.174	N/A	1.6	0.54	0.78	N/A	3.2	0.05	
L12-07-25-P-S-B-00	0.00	B	0.884	0.147	0.077	N/A	-0.186	0.000	0.107	0.107	0.080	0.218	U	1.010	0.178	0.101	N/A	0.010	0.010	0.605	NA	NA	NA	0.023	0.123	0.598	U	1.240	0.583	0.888	N/A	0.3	0.02	
Systematic Minimum			0.000						0.000					0.000					0.475				-0.145				0.475				1.7	0.01		
Systematic Maximum			0.090						0.406					0.200					5.759				0.318				1.500				Average Enrichment (%)	0.15		
Systematic Mean			0.009						0.124					0.059					2.151				0.060				0.982				0.06			
Systematic Median			0.000						0.081					0.030					1.568				0.083				0.878				0.06			
Systematic Standard Deviation			0.023						0.145					0.068					1.845				0.157				0.298				0.04			
			With ingrowth, use Ra226 bkg = 1.07											Th232 bkg = 1.0																				

NOTES:

Gross results in units of pCi/g.

* Background with ingrowth (1.07 pCi/g) subtracted from gross result.

**Background (1.0 pCi/g) subtracted from gross result.

U Qualifier: Result is less than the sample detection limit.

All uncertainty values are reported at the 2-sigma confidence level.

35.2.5 Biased Soil Sample Result LSA 12-07

One (1) biased sample was collected from LSA 12-07. The sample collected at location L12-07-25 represented the maximum GWS measurement (13,753 gcpm) within the SU, and had a result of 0.02 Uniform SOF.

35.2.6 Quality Control Soil Sample Result LSA 12-07

Two QC field duplicate sample points were randomly selected for LSA 12-07 which were collected at systematic locations L12-07-16 and L12-07-19.

For the 17 samples (i.e., 16 systematic + 1 biased) collected within LSA 12-07, two field duplicate samples were collected. This frequency equates to 11.8%, (i.e. 2/17). Form HDP-PR-FSS-703-1 documents that the duplicate sample result comparison with the partner's sample results that all comparison criteria were less than the calculated warning limits (see Figure 35-5 below).

Figure 35-5
Form HDP-PR-FSS-703-1 Field Duplicate Sample Assessment LSA 12-07 (1 of 2)

Hematite Decommissioning Project	Procedure: HDP-PR-FSS-703, Final Status Survey Quality Control											
									Revision: 2	Page 1 of 1		
FORM HDP-PR-FSS-703-1 FIELD DUPLICATE SAMPLE ASSESSMENT												
Survey Unit No.:	LSA 12-07				Survey Unit Description:	Class I Laydown Land Area in "Area 13"						
Sample ID	Field Duplicate Sample ID	Radionuclide	Sample (pCi/g)		Field Duplicate Sample (pCi/g)		Average Activity (\bar{x}) (pCi/g)	Nuclide DCGL (pCi/g)	Statistic ²	Warning Limit	Control Limit	Statistic Exceeds Limit? (Y/N)
			Activity (x_i)	MDC	Activity (x_i)	MDC						
L12-07-16-P-S-S-00	L12-07-16-P-S-Q-00	Ra-226	0.841	0.0717	0.85	0.0762	0.846	1.9	0.009	0.269	0.403	N
L12-07-16-P-S-S-00	L12-07-16-P-S-Q-00	Tc-99	0.204	0.22	-0.0485	0.231	0.078	25.1	NA	3.552	5.321	NA
L12-07-16-P-S-S-00	L12-07-16-P-S-Q-00	Th-232	0.985	0.101	0.959	0.115	0.972	2.0	0.026	0.283	0.424	N
L12-07-16-P-S-S-00	L12-07-16-P-S-Q-00	U-234 ¹	2.249	N/A	4.952	N/A	3.601	195.4	2.703	27.649	41.425	N
L12-07-16-P-S-S-00	L12-07-16-P-S-Q-00	U-235	0.116	0.343	0.268	0.185	0.192	51.6	NA	7.301	10.939	NA
L12-07-16-P-S-S-00	L12-07-16-P-S-Q-00	U-238	1.5	0.745	1.99	0.96	1.745	168.8	0.490	23.885	35.786	N
<p>Comments:</p> <p>1. U-234 is inferred, no MDC available.</p> <p>2. Duplicate assessment is not necessary if the result of either sample is < MDC.</p>												
Performed by: <i>Thomas Yardy / [Signature]</i>						Reviewed by: <i>W. Clark [Signature] / W. [Signature]</i>						
Date: <i>11-23-16</i>						Date: <i>11/23/14</i>						
Quality Record												

Figure 35-5
Form HDP-PR-FSS-703-1 Field Duplicate Sample Assessment LSA 12-07 (2 of 2)

Hematite Decommissioning Project	Procedure: HDP-PR-FSS-703, Final Status Survey Quality Control		
		Revision: 2	Page 1 of 1

FORM HDP-PR-FSS-703-1
FIELD DUPLICATE SAMPLE ASSESSMENT

Survey Unit No.:	LSA 12-07				Survey Unit Description:	Class 1 Laydown Land Area in "Area 13"						
Sample ID	Field Duplicate Sample ID	Radionuclide	Sample (pCi/g)		Field Duplicate Sample (pCi/g)		Average Activity (\bar{x}) (pCi/g)	Nuclide DCGL (pCi/g)	Statistic ²	Warning Limit	Control Limit	Statistic Exceeds Limit? (Y/N)
			Activity (x_i)	MDC	Activity (x_i)	MDC						
L12-07-19-P-S-S-00	L12-07-19-P-S-Q-00	Ra-226	0.952	0.0759	0.86	0.0582	0.906	1.9	0.092	0.269	0.403	N
L12-07-19-P-S-S-00	L12-07-19-P-S-Q-00	Tc-99	0.0359	0.211	0.141	0.232	0.088	25.1	NA	3.552	5.321	NA
L12-07-19-P-S-S-00	L12-07-19-P-S-Q-00	Th-232	0.984	0.119	0.971	0.0867	0.978	2.0	0.013	0.283	0.424	N
L12-07-19-P-S-S-00	L12-07-19-P-S-Q-00	U-234 ¹	5.758	N/A	6.122	N/A	5.940	195.4	0.364	27.649	41.425	N
L12-07-19-P-S-S-00	L12-07-19-P-S-Q-00	U-235	0.318	0.191	0.337	0.174	0.328	51.6	0.019	7.301	10.939	N
L12-07-19-P-S-S-00	L12-07-19-P-S-Q-00	U-238	1.19	0.889	1.6	0.78	1.395	168.8	0.410	23.885	35.786	N

Comments:
 1. U-234 is inferred, no MDC available.
 2. Duplicate assessment is not necessary if the result of either sample is < MDC.

Performed by: Thomas Yardy / [Signature]

Reviewed by: W. Clark Evers / [Signature]

Date: 11-23-16

Date: 11/23/16

Quality Record

35.3 Tc-99 Hot Spot Assessment LSA 12-07

There is no historical sampling data available for this area since it was always considered a non-impacted area prior to the storage of potential reuse soils within the LSA. As a previously un-impacted area there is no history of a Tc-99 sample result ever exceeding the Tc-99 Uniform DCGL_w, as only potential reuse soil was placed within the LSA. The highest Tc-99 sample result collected from both Final RASS and FSS was 2.42 pCi/g. Therefore there is no concern for a potential Tc-99 hot spot exceeding the DCGL_w of 25.1, and there is no reason to perform a Tc-99 hot spot assessment.

36.0 ALARA EVALUATION LSA 12-07

All samples collected within LSA 12-07 were evaluated against the Uniform Stratum DCGL_w. For LSA 12-07 no sample result exceeded a SOF of 1.0. The average SOF result, based on all systematically collected samples, was 0.06 for LSA 12-07. The average SOF equates to residual activity contributions from the survey unit area of 1.5 mrem/yr for LSA 12-07. Groundwater Monitoring Well data provided in FSSFR Volume 6, Chapters 2 and 3 {ML16287A528} and Chapter 4 {ML16342B552}, indicate that the groundwater dose contribution will be a fraction of the MCLs. Nevertheless, a maximum groundwater contribution assumption of 4.0 mrem/yr based upon the EPA MCLs will be added to the total estimated dose for LSA 12-07. Adding these dose contributions together, the total estimated dose for LSA 12-07 is 5.5 mrem/yr.

Since the estimated Total Effective Dose Equivalent is well below the regulatory release criterion of 25 mrem/yr, the conclusion of the ALARA evaluation is that the FSS of LSA 12-07 was successful and that there would be no discernable benefit to the health and safety of the public in attempting to further reduce the results of FSS by performing remediation of LSA 12-07.

37.0 FSS PLAN DEVIATIONS LSA 12-07

37.1 Remedial Actions during FSS

There was no remedial action in LSA 12-07.

37.2 Adjustments to Scan MDC Calculations

Scan MDCs for LSA 12-07 were calculated in accordance with HDP-PR-FSS-701, Revision 10, *Final Status Survey Plan Development* and HDP-TBD- FSS-002, Revision 3, *Evaluation and Documentation of the Scanning Minimum Detectable Concentrations (MDC) for Final Status Surveys (FSS)*. The assumed LSA background count rate of 10,000 cpm was applied to determine the prospective Scan MDCs, and the actual mean count rate from the FSS survey was 10,110 cpm. Therefore the calculated Scan MDCs are appropriate, and no adjustments need to be made.

38.0 DATA QUALITY ASSESSMENT

The DQO process is thoroughly integrated within the DP and Hematite FSS procedures. The steps of the DQO process are presented in Volume 3, Chapter 1, Section 4.0 of the FSSFR and correspond to the DQO steps described in Chapter 14, Section 4.2.1 of the DP. The HDP DQO process reflects the recommendations given in MARSSIM, Chapter 2, Figure 2-2.

38.1 Data Quality Assessment for LSA 12-07

The Data Quality Assessment of the survey methodology, sampling and sample analysis results, and the Quality Control sampling and analysis results to ascertain the validity of the conclusion for LSA 12-07 (see Figure 38-1) provides the following:

- The field and laboratory instruments utilized were capable of detecting activity at an MDC less than the appropriate investigation level, and were verified to be operable prior to and after use in accordance with HDP-PR-HP-416 (*Operation of the Ludlum 2221 for Final Status Survey*).
- The calibration of all instruments that were used to measure or analyze data was current at the time of use and the calibrations of the instruments were performed using a NIST traceable source. The instruments used were successfully source checked prior to and after use.
- The systematic samples that were collected (on a random-start triangular grid) and the gamma scan surveys that were conducted were performed in accordance with procedure HDP-PR-FSS-711, *Final Status Surveys and Sampling of Soil and Sediment*.
- All samples sent for analysis at the approved offsite laboratory (TestAmerica) were tracked on a chain of custody form in accordance with HDP-PR-QA-006, *Chain of Custody*.
- Quality Control sample results were verified to meet the acceptance criteria as specified in HDP-PR-FSS-703, *Final Status Survey Quality Control*.
- LSA 12-07 survey and sample results were independently reviewed and validated in accordance with HDP-PR-FSS-721 *Final Status Survey Data Validation*.
- The WRS Test is not necessary when the difference between the maximum survey unit data set measurement SOF and the minimum background area measurement SOF is less than or equal to one. For LSA 12-07, no individual gross SOF result in the FSS data set exceeded the SOF of the minimum background reference area measurement by more than one using the Uniform Stratum criteria. Therefore, the WRS Test was not required for LSA 12-07. However the WRS Test was still performed for illustrative purposes. Since the test statistic, WR (1040) exceeded the critical value (860), the FSS data set passed the WRS Test and the null hypothesis was rejected. The WRS Test worksheet is presented in Appendix E.
- A biased soil sample was collected from the location of the highest gamma count rate within the SU, and the result was a 0.02 Uniform SOF.

- The maximum SOF result for all surface samples within LSA 12-07 was 0.08. The maximum SOF result for all subsurface samples within LSA 12-07 was 0.15. The average SOF result for all systematically collected samples within LSA 12-07 was 0.06, with an upper 95% confidence level ($UCL_{\text{mean}} 0.95$) of 0.08.
- No FSS sample result in LSA 12-07 exceeded a SOF of 1.0 as compared to the Uniform Stratum criteria, therefore an EMC or supplemental investigations was not required. For the same reason, no comparisons to the alternate “Three-Layer” multi-CSM (i.e. Surface, Root and Excavation) DCGLs were necessary.
- A retrospective sampling frequency evaluation was performed to determine if sufficient statistical power exists to reject the null hypothesis based on the total number (8) of systematic samples actually collected within LSA 12-07. The successful result of the retrospective power evaluation presented in Table 38-1 for LSA 12-07 indicates that the minimum number of samples required (8) for the WRS Test were equal to the number of sampling locations actually collected within LSA 12-07. The methodology used for the retrospective sampling frequency evaluation is similar to the prospective sample size determination performed during FSS Plan Development except that actual FSS sample results and statistics are used in the sample size verification. Specifically, the mean and standard deviation of the eight LSA surface samples (i.e., the WRS Test sample data set) are used to derive the relative shift for each LSA. Given the HDP Type I and Type II errors of 0.05 and 0.10, respectively, the calculated relative shift is then correlated to a minimum sample size number as provided in Table 5-1 of MARSSIM.
- HDP staff ensured that a visual inspection of the SU configuration and of the Isolation & Control measures were performed periodically, and confirmed that there were no instances of potential cross contamination from weather events until the FSS of all remaining areas at HDP were completed.

Table 38-1
Retrospective Sample Size Verification for LSA 12-07

Uniform DCGL Criteria Evaluation	
N/2 Value Verification	
Isotope(s)	SOF (Ra/Tc/Th/Iso U)
St. Dev.	0.04
DCGL _{SOF}	1
LBGR (Mean)	0.06
Shift	0.94
Relative Shift (Δ/σ)	23.44
MARSSIM Table 5.1 (P_r)	1.000000
N	12
N + 20%	14.4
N/2	8
FSS N/2	8
Verification Check	SUFFICIENT MEASUREMENTS
<p>"N/2" Corresponds to the number of survey unit measurement locations required for the WRS Test</p>	

MARSSIM Table 5.1

Δ/σ	P_r
0.1	0.528182
0.2	0.556223
0.3	0.583985
0.4	0.611335
0.5	0.638143
0.6	0.664290
0.7	0.689665
0.8	0.714167
0.9	0.737710
1.0	0.760217
1.1	0.781627
1.2	0.801892
1.3	0.820978
1.4	0.838864
1.5	0.855541
1.6	0.871014
1.7	0.885299
1.8	0.898420
1.9	0.910413
2.0	0.921319
2.25	0.944167
2.5	0.961428
2.75	0.974067
3.0	0.983039
3.5	0.993329
4.0	0.997658
4.01	1.000000

MARSSIM Table 5.2, $\alpha = 0.05$, $\beta = 0.10$

α (or β)	$Z_{1-\alpha}$ (or $Z_{1-\beta}$)
0.005	2.576
0.01	2.326
0.015	2.241
0.025	1.960
0.05	1.645
0.10	1.282
0.15	1.036
0.2	0.842
0.25	0.674
0.30	0.524

α
 β

**Figure 38-1
Data Evaluation Checklists prepared for LSA 12-07 (page 1 of 2)**

Hematite Decommissioning Project	Procedure: HDP-PR-FSS-721, Final Status Survey Data Evaluation	
	Revision: 10	Appendix G-1, Page 1 of 2

**APPENDIX G-1
FINAL STATUS SURVEY DATA QUALITY OBJECTIVES REVIEW CHECKLIST**

Survey Area: LSA 12 **Description:** Laydown Area, Plant Soils SEA
Survey Unit: 07 **Description:** Class 1 Laydown Land Area in "Area 13"

1. Have all measurements and/or analysis results that will be subjected to data analysis for FSS been individually reviewed and validated in accordance with Section 8.1 of this procedure? Yes No
2. Have all systematic measurements and/or samples been taken or acquired at the locations specified in the FSSP and the FSS Sample Instructions? Yes No
3. Have all scans surveys been performed of the areas specified as required in the FSSP and the FSS Sample Instructions? Yes No
4. Have all biased measurements and/or samples been taken or acquired at the locations specified in the FSSP & the FSS Sample Instructions? Yes No NA
5. Have duplicate and/or split samples or measurements been taken or acquired at each location designated as a QC sample? Yes No NA
6. Were the instruments used to measure or analyze the survey data capable of detecting the ROCs or gross activity at a MDC less than the appropriate investigation level? Yes No
7. Was the calibration of all instruments that were used to measure or analyze data, current at the time of use and were those calibrations performed using a NIST traceable source? Yes No
8. Were the instruments successfully response-checked before use and, where required, after use on the day the data was measured? Yes No
9. Do the samples match those identified on the chain of custody? Yes No NA
10. Do the QC Sample Results meet the acceptance criteria as specified in HDP-PR-FSS-703, Final Status Survey Quality Control? Yes No
11. Are all Laboratory QC parameters within acceptable limits? Yes No

If "No" was the response to any of the questions above, then document the discrepancy as well as any corrective actions that were taken to resolve the discrepancy.

Comments: N/A

Quality Record

**Figure 38-1
Data Evaluation Checklists prepared for LSA 12-07 (page 2 of 2)**

Hematite Decommissioning Project	Procedure: HDP-PR-FSS-721, Final Status Survey Data Evaluation		
		Revision: 10	Appendix G-1, Page 2 of 2
APPENDIX G-1 FINAL STATUS SURVEY DATA QUALITY OBJECTIVES REVIEW CHECKLIST			
Survey Area:	<u>LSA 12</u>	Description:	<u>Laydown Area, Plant Soils SEA</u>
Survey Unit:	<u>07</u>	Description:	<u>Class 1 Laydown Land Area in "Area 13"</u>
Discrepancy:	<u>N/A</u>		
Corrective Actions Taken:	<u>N/A</u>		
11. Have the corrective actions resolved the discrepancy with the data?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>	NA <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
a. If "No", then forward this form to the RSO.			
12. The following questions will be answered by the RSO.			
a. If the answer to question 11 was "No", then is the affected data still valid?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>	NA <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
b. If "No", then are the existing valid measurements or samples sufficient to demonstrate compliance for the survey unit?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>	NA <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
c. If "No", then direct the acquisition of additional measurements or samples as necessary to demonstrate compliance for the survey unit.			
Prepared by (HP Staff):	<u>Thomas Yurdy</u> <small>(Print Name)</small>	<u>[Signature]</u> <small>(Signature)</small>	<u>11-23-16</u> <small>(Date)</small>
Approved by (RSO):	<u>W. Van Eers</u> <small>(Print Name)</small>	<u>[Signature]</u> <small>(Signature)</small>	<u>11/23/16</u> <small>(Date)</small>
Quality Record			

39.0 CONCLUSION LSA 12-07

An adequate quantity and quality of radiological surveys and samples, as well as the corresponding laboratory analysis has been performed, evaluated and documented to demonstrate that the dose associated with all sources within SU LSA 12-07 does not to exceed the dose criterion for unrestricted release in accordance with 10 CFR 20.1402.

**Table 39-1
LSA 12-07 SOF and Dose Summation**

	AVE. SU SOIL RADIOACTIVITY	ELEVATED AREA CONTRIBUTION	GROUND WATER	BURIED PIPING	REUSE SOIL	TOTAL
SOF	0.06	N/A	0.16	N/A	N/A	0.22
DOSE	1.5 mrem/year	N/A	4.0 mrem/year	N/A	N/A	5.5 mrem/year

40.0 FINAL STATUS SURVEY DESIGN LSA 12-08

This section of the report describes the method for determining the number of samples required for the FSS of LSA 12-08 as well as summarizing the applicable requirements of the FSS Plan. These include the DCGL_w, scan survey coverage, and IAL. The radiological instrumentation used in the FSS of LSA 12-08 and the detection sensitivities are also discussed.

40.1 FSS Plan Design Requirements

FSS Plan requirements for LSA 12-08 were driven by the type (Open Land) and Class (Class 1) of the SU and developed in accordance with HDP procedure, HDP-PR-FSS-701, Revision 10, *Final Status Survey Plan Development*, November 2015.

40.1.1 Surrogate Evaluation Areas

A discussion of Surrogate Evaluation Areas is given in the FSSFR Volume 3, Chapter 1, Section 5.0, *Final Status Survey Design*.

40.1.2 DCGL_w

During the FSS design process a review was performed of the RASS data for LSA 12-08. The RASS data was used as confirmation that no known areas of residual radioactivity remained within the survey areas that exceeded the Uniform Stratum DCGL_w. Therefore the Uniform Stratum DCGL_w was selected for use in demonstrating compliance with the release criteria.

40.1.3 GWS Coverage

As a Class 1 SU, LSA 12-08 was required to undergo a 100% GWS.

40.1.4 Instrumentation

Radiological instrumentation selected for performance of GWS within LSA 12-08 was the Ludlum 44-10 2" x 2" NaI detectors, coupled to a Ludlum 2221 scaler-ratemeter.

40.1.5 Scan Minimum Detectable Concentration

Scan MDCs for LSA 12-08 were calculated in accordance with HDP-PR-FSS-701, Revision 10, *Final Status Survey Plan Development* and HDP-TBD- FSS-002, Revision 3, *Evaluation and Documentation of the Scanning Minimum Detectable Concentrations (MDC) for Final Status Surveys (FSS)*. As background levels were approximately 10,000 cpm within LSA 12-08, the scan MDC calculation for total uranium given in HDP-PR-FSS-701, *Final Status Survey Plan Development*, Step 8.2.6.d, was applied:

$$\text{Scan MDC}_{(\text{total uranium})} = \frac{1}{\left(\left(\frac{f_{U-234}}{3659 \text{ pCi/g}} \right) + \left(\frac{f_{U-235}}{2.32 \text{ pCi/g}} \right) + \left(\frac{f_{U-238}}{30.6 \text{ pCi/g}} \right) \right)}$$

Equation 40-1

To determine isotopic Uranium fractions HDP-PR-FSS-701, Revision 10, *Final Status Survey Plan Development* assumes that the average LSA enrichment is 4% or less. Based on the

systematically collected RASS samples in LSA 12-08, the average enrichment for the SU was 2.96%. All other Scan MDC parameters agreed upon between Westinghouse and the NRC were applied (e.g. use of a 2 in air gap, scan rate of 1 ft/sec, 0.75 surveyor efficiency), therefore no subsequent changes to the calculated Scan MDCs need to be made.

Prospectively calculated Scan MDCs for 2" x 2" NaI detectors that were used in LSA 12-08 are shown below:

**Table 40-1
Scan MDCs for 2" x 2" NaI detector, 10,000 cpm background: LSA 12-08**

	Scan MDC (Total U)	DCGLw (Total U)	Scan MDC (Ra-226)	DCGLw* (Ra-226)	Scan MDC (Th-232)	DCGLw* (Th-232)
LSA 12-08	40.9	46.6	0.87	2.8	1.21	3.0

*DCGL_w includes background concentrations of 0.9 pCi/g for Ra-226 (no ingrowth) and 1.0 pCi/g for Th-232. DCGLw values are based on the Uniform Stratum release criteria.

The values in Table 40-1 reflect those presented in the FSS Plans prepared for the SU prior to FSS.

40.1.6 Investigation Action Level

FSSFR Volume 3, Chapter 1, Section 6.1.3, *Investigation Action Level (IAL)*, provides a discussion in regards to the IAL. The basis of the IAL is detailed in HDP memorandum, HEM-15-MEMO-021 "*Evaluation of the Scan IAL for Class 1 areas at the Westinghouse Hematite Site*". The IAL used during the GWS of LSA 12-08 was established at 4,000 ncpm.

40.1.7 LSA 12-08 FSS Design Summary

The FSS Plans for LSA 12-08 can be found in Appendix M. Table 40-2 presents an overall FSS design and implementation summary for LSA 12-08.

Table 40-2
FSS Design Summary for LSA 12-08

Gamma Walkover Survey (GWS):		
Scan Coverage	100% exposed soil and rock	
Scan MDC	40.9 pCi/g total Uranium (based on a 10,000 cpm background); 0.87 pCi/g Th-232; 1.21 pCi/g Ra-226*	
Investigation Action Level (IAL)	4,000 net cpm **	
Systematic Sampling Locations:		
Depth	Number of Sample	Comments
0 – 15 cm (Surface)	8	These samples will be taken on a random-start systematic grid.
15 cm – 1.5 m (Root)	8	
> 1.5m (Excavation)	8	
Biased Survey/Sampling Locations:		
Biased samples may be collected during GWS at the discretion of the HP Technician, after statistical analysis of the survey data, or at the direction of the RSO or Radiological Engineering.		
Sidewall Sampling Locations:		
A minimum of one (1) discretionary sidewall sample will be collected based on the following definition of “sidewall”: sidewall candidates for sampling must be vertical or near vertical (> 45° angle) and at least 12” in height.		
Instrumentation:		
Ludlum 2221 with 44-10 (2x2 NaI) detector; with collimation for investigations	Used for GWS and to obtain static count rates at biased measurement locations.	
*Values based on information provided in HDP-TBD-FSS-002, “ <i>Evaluation and Documentation of the Scanning Minimum Detectable Concentrations (MDC) for Final Status Surveys (FSS)</i> ”. The Scan MDC for total Uranium reflects a conservative assumption of 4% enrichment. The actual RASS enrichment (2.0%) would result in Scan MDC values slightly less than those calculated for FSS planning purposes.		
**IAL is the net count per minute (ncpm) equivalent of an activity concentration less than the Uniform Stratum DCGLw derived from the technical bases presented in HEM-MEMO-15-021 and HDP-TBD-FSS-003 “ <i>Modeling and Calculation of Investigative Action Levels for Final Status Soil Survey Units</i> ”, Westinghouse, March 2015.		

41.0 FINAL STATUS SURVEY IMPLEMENTATION LSA 12-08

FSS was performed in accordance with procedure HDP-PR-FSS-711, *Final Status Surveys and Sampling of Soil and Sediment*.

41.1 Gamma Walkover Survey

41.1.1 Instrumentation

The selected instrumentation to perform the GWS in LSA 12-08 was a 2" x 2" NaI detector in combination with a Ludlum 2221 rate meter. Each NaI instrumentation set was interfaced with a Trimble DGPS (Digital Global Positioning System) and handheld data logger.

Prior to the first field use of the GWS instrumentation, initial set-ups were performed. Also, daily pre- and post-use source checks were performed for each day that GWS was performed within the SU. Initial set-ups, daily source checks, and control charting were performed according to the requirements of HDP-PR-HP-416, *Operation of the Ludlum 2221 for Final Status Survey*.

41.1.2 GWS Performance

All GWS measurements on the excavation floor and sidewalls collected with the NaI detector(s) were connected to a Trimble DGPS and with a hand-held data logger. The logging frequency in the survey unit was 1 GWS measurement per second. Each gross gamma measurement is correlated to a set of coordinates based on the Missouri East State Plane, NAD 1983.

The GWS requirements involved moving the NaI detector in a side-to-side fashion no faster than 1 foot per second while holding the probe as close as possible to the excavation surface (nominally 1", but not to exceed 3"). At the same time, the technician was required to slowly advance, causing the detector to trace out a serpentine path over the excavation surface.

FSS Technicians performing GWS in LSA 12-08 used the 4,000 ncpm IAL as a field guide to know when to slow or pause the GWS for more deliberate investigation. If during the GWS, audible count rates noticeably increase above the general area average (i.e., > minimum detectable count rate), FSS Technicians were required to pause momentarily and observe count rates. If sustained count rates approached the IAL, further focused investigation was conducted within the locally elevated area.

To use the IAL effectively, FSS Technicians first determined the local background count rate before starting the GWS. Although the ambient gamma level may vary across the SU due to excavation geometry and relative distance from contaminated materials in nearby remedial excavations, the average background rate (measured at waist level) within the LSA ranged between 10,000 and 11,000 gcpm. Therefore, at locations where the 2" x 2" NaI detector measurements exceeded 14,000 to 15,000 gcpm, FSS Technicians slowed or paused the GWS for more careful investigation of the small areas of elevated activity before deciding if "flagging" a point for potential biased sampling was warranted.

Hard to reach areas, and non-typical areas were surveyed manually as necessary in order to assess the potential for an area of elevated residual activity over 100% of the exposed ground surface.

After the GWS survey was complete, the GPS/GWS data was reviewed by Radiological Engineering and the Health Physics Technician performing the survey to determine if possible areas of elevated residual activity remained within the SU that required biased sample investigation. Areas that were flagged by the HP Technician were considered, as well as a statistical evaluation of the GWS data set. The statistical evaluation determined the mean count rate and standard deviation associated with the GWS and then could be used to identify any areas that exceeded 3 standard deviations above the mean. The number of biased samples to be collected and the locations are based on flagged locations exceeding the IAL, the statistical evaluation of the GWS data set, and the professional judgment of Radiological Engineering.

41.2 Soil Sampling

41.2.1 Systematic Soil Sampling Summary

Table 41-1 provides a summary of systematic sampling by stratum for LSA 12-08.

Table 41-1
Systematic Sampling Summary by Stratum for LSA 12-08

LSA	SU Area, planar (m ²)	Systematic			QC
		Surface	Root	Deep (Excavation)	
12-08	1,995	8	8	8*	2

*Excavation samples were collected and archived, analysis only required if a overlying Root sample exceeds a 0.5 SOF

41.2.2 Systematic Sampling LSA 12-08

Within LSA 12-08, there were 8 systematic locations in which the surface stratum (0 – 15 cm) was sampled in the SU. The underlying root stratum was sampled at all 8 locations. Excavation stratum samples were collected and archived, but were not required to be analyzed since no root stratum sample exceeded a 0.5 Uniform SOF.

Given a planar area of 1,995 m² for LSA 12-08 and an eight - point systematic triangular grid, the point-to-point distance within each row was 16.9 m with spacing of 14.6 m between each of the parallel grid rows within the SU.

While there were eight (8) systematic locations on the LSA 12-08 sampling grid, a total of eighteen (18) samples were collected and analyzed at these locations, including:

- Eight (8) samples collected and analyzed within the surface stratum
- Eight (8) samples collected and analyzed within the root stratum
- Zero (0) samples analyzed within the excavation, or “deep” stratum
- Two (2) QC field replicate

Figure 41-1 presents the map of the eight systematic sample locations which were sampled within LSA 12-08. The inset table notes the location coordinates (Missouri East, NAD 1983) and collection intervals for each systematic location.

Figure 41-1
LSA 12-08 Systematic Soil Sample Locations

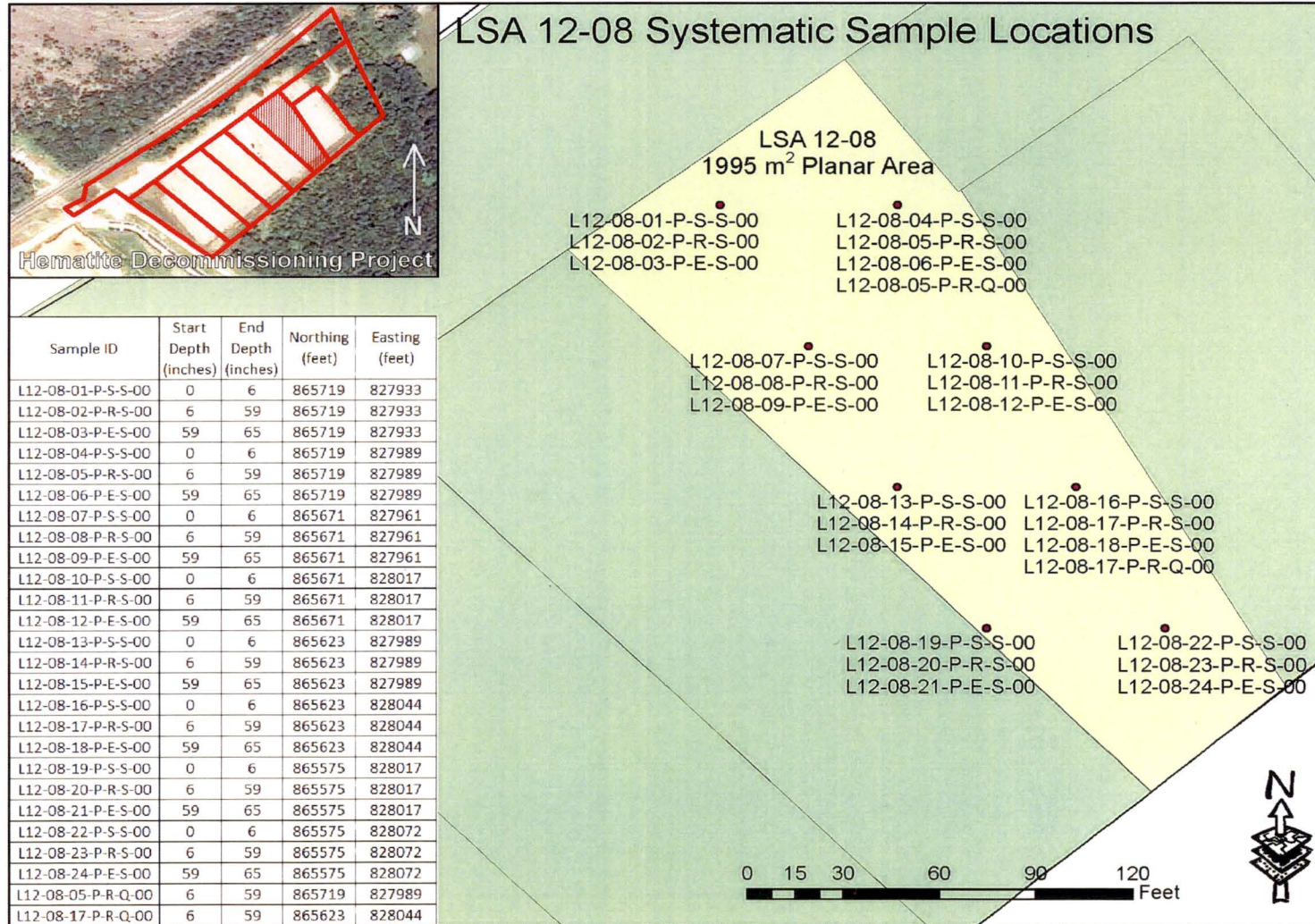


Figure 41-2 below presents a tabular listing of all FSS samples collected within LSA 12-08 with associated IDs, sample types, collection intervals, coordinates, and notes.

**Figure 41-2
FSS Sample Locations and Coordinates for LSA 12-08**

Hematite Decommissioning Project	Procedure: HDP-PR-FSS-701, Final Status Survey Plan Development		
		Revision: 10	Appendix P-4, Page 1 of 1

APPENDIX P-4

FSS SAMPLE & MEASUREMENT LOCATIONS & COORDINATES

Survey Area:	LSA 12	Description:	Laydown Area, Plant Soils SEA
Survey Unit:	08	Description:	Class 1 Laydown Land Area in "Area 13"
Survey Type:	FSS	Classification:	Class 1

Measurement or Sample ID	Surface or CSM	Type	Start Elevation*	End Elevation*	Northing** (Y Axis)	Easting** (X Axis)	Remarks / Notes
L12-08-01-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	431.2	430.7	865719	827933	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-08-02-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	430.7	426.3	865719	827933	Root 59-inch composite
L12-08-04-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	430.6	430.1	865719	827989	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-08-05-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	430.1	425.7	865719	827989	Root 59-inch composite
L12-08-07-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	430.8	430.3	865671	827961	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-08-08-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	430.3	425.9	865671	827961	Root 59-inch composite
L12-08-10-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	430.0	429.5	865671	828017	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-08-11-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	429.5	425.1	865671	828017	Root 59-inch composite
L12-08-13-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	430.3	429.8	865623	827989	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-08-14-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	429.8	425.4	865623	827989	Root 59-inch composite
L12-08-16-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	429.9	429.4	865623	828044	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-08-17-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	429.4	425.0	865623	828044	Root 59-inch composite
L12-08-19-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	429.9	429.4	865575	828017	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-08-20-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	429.4	425.0	865575	828017	Root 59-inch composite
L12-08-22-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	429.6	429.1	865575	828072	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-08-23-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	429.1	424.7	865575	828072	Root 59-inch composite
L12-08-05-P-R-Q-00	Uniform	Q	430.1	425.7	865719	827989	Root 59-inch composite
L12-08-17-P-R-Q-00	Uniform	Q	429.4	425.0	865623	828044	Root 59-inch composite
L12-08-25-P-S-B-00	Uniform	B	429.0	428.5	865529.1	828060.7	Biased 6-inch grab

Green shaded samples are the samples at each sample location, for use in WRS Test.

*Elevations are in feet above mean sea level.

** Missouri - East State Plane Coordinates [North American Datum (NAD) 1983]

Surface: Floor = F; Wall = W; Ceiling = C; Roof = R

CSM: Three-Layer (Surface-Root-Excavation) or Uniform DCGLs used

Type: Systematic = S, Biased = B; QC = Q; Investigation = I

41.3 Biased Soil Sampling

As discussed in FSSFR Volume 3, Chapter 1, Section 6.1.3, there are three key methods for identifying areas for biased soil sampling, the IAL, the Z-score of the FSS GWS, and the professional judgment of the HP Staff. For LSA 12-08 one (1) biased sample location was selected within the SU based on the evaluation of the GWS survey data and HP Technician professional judgment. These biased locations represented the two maximum GWS measurements encountered within the SU. Biased samples are collected at the prescribed location to a depth of 6 inches below the exposed ground surface.

41.4 Judgmental/Sidewall Sampling for Tc-99

As an un-excavated SU, no Tc-99 sidewall sampling was necessary for LSA 12-08.

41.5 Quality Control Soil Sampling

Two QC field duplicate sample point were randomly selected and collected at systematic locations L12-08-05 and L12-08-17 for LSA 12-08.

42.0 FINAL STATUS SURVEY RESULTS LSA 12-08

42.1 Gamma Walkover Survey

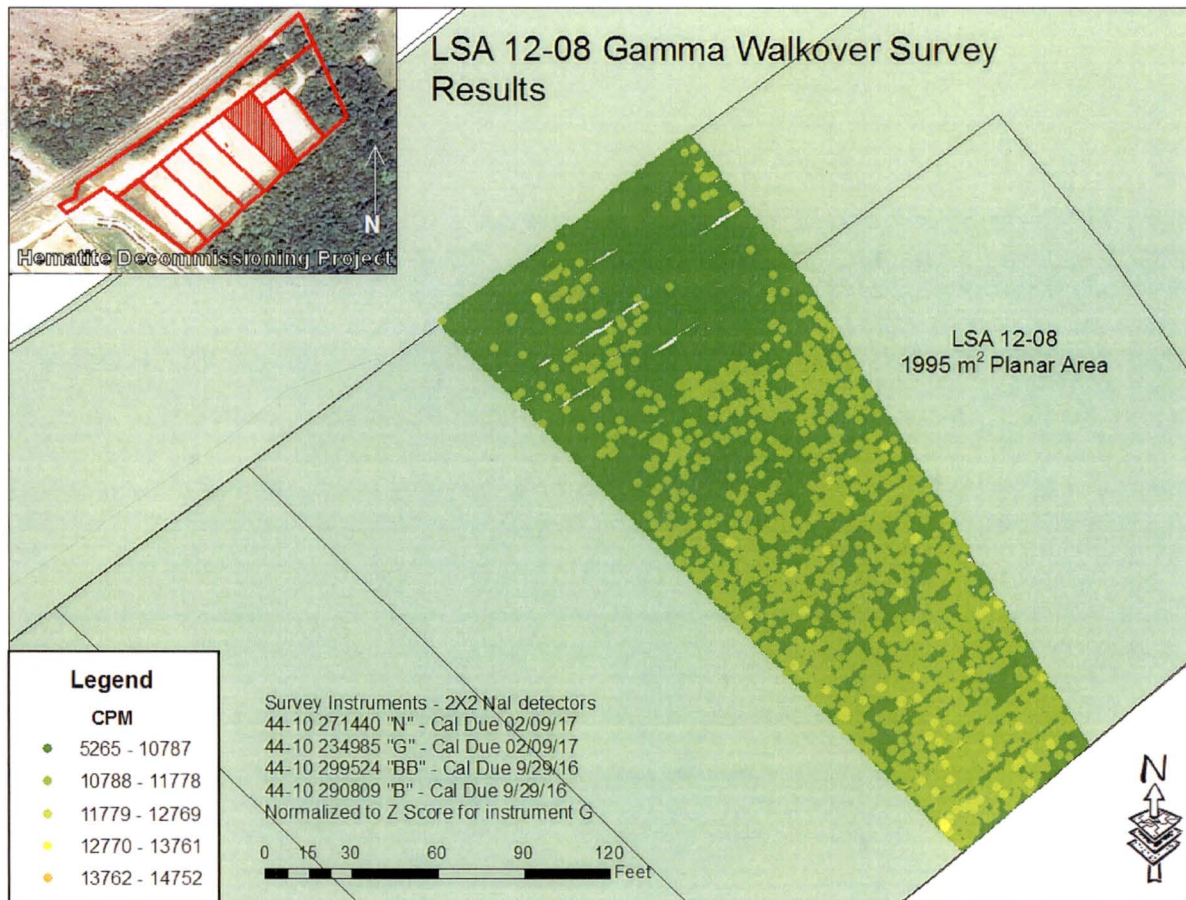
Post-processed GPS coordinate data is accurate to within ± 0.1 m for the handheld GPS models used during the GWS. The GWS maps are plotted and presented in a 2-D format. When multiple data points are collected at the same GPS location during the walkover, the most elevated radiological measurements are plotted "on top" (e.g. if any sidewalls featured more elevated readings than the floor directly below, the sidewall radiological measurements would overlie the lower floor readings).

GWS measurements were collected in LSA 12-08 between May 6, 2016, and May 15, 2016.

42.1.1 GWS Results for LSA 12-08

For LSA 12-08, GWS count rates ranged between 5,265 gcpm and 13,902 gcpm, with a mean count rate of 9,769 gcpm. The median count rate was 9,584 gcpm and the standard deviation was 991 cpm. Figure 42-1 below presents a map of the complete GWS data set.

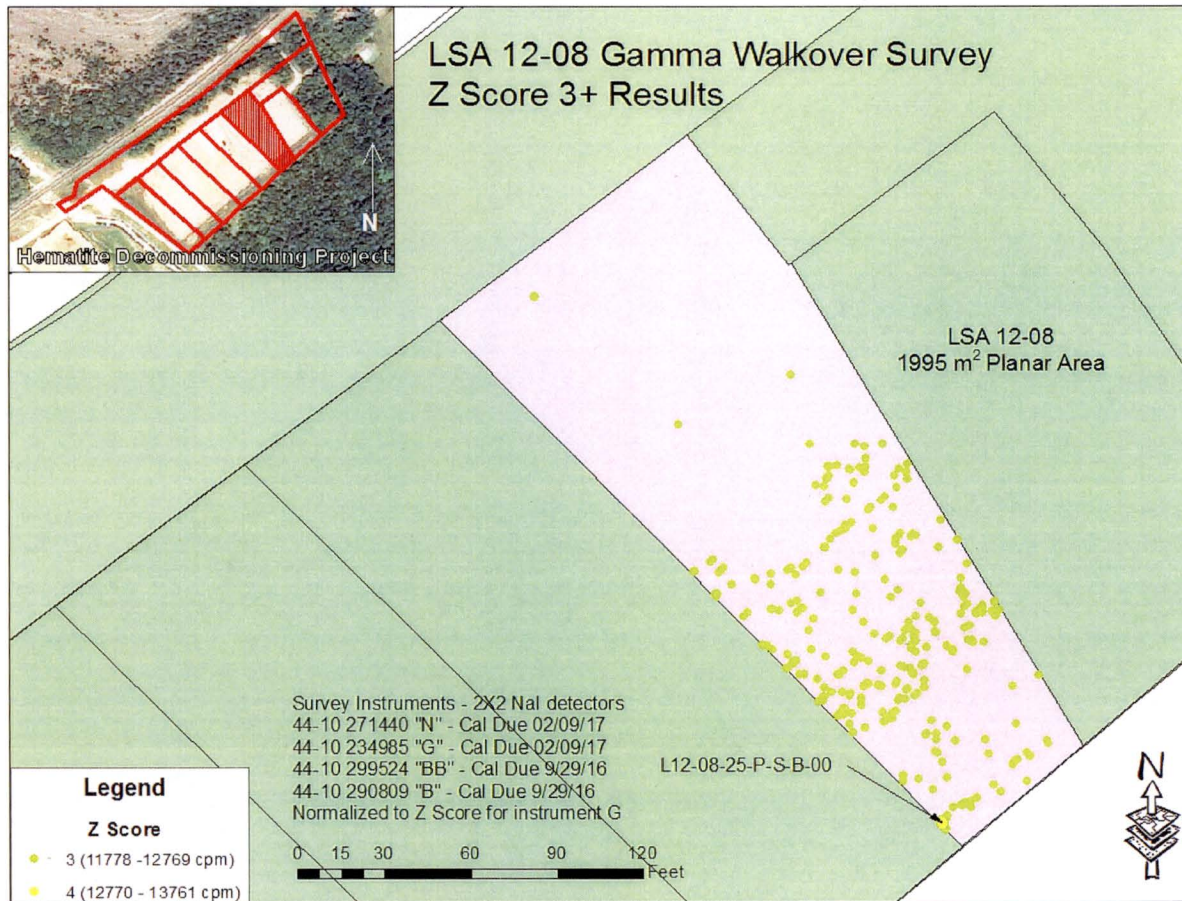
Figure 42-1
Colorimetric GWS Plot for LSA 12-08



An evaluation of the entire GWS data set was performed to evaluate those small areas of elevated activity which exceeded three (3) standard deviations above the GWS mean measurement, (i.e., “+3 Z-score”). One locations, L12-08-25, was selected for biased sample collection. The biased location represented the maximum GWS measurements encountered within the SU.

Figure 42-2 below presents a map of the +3 Z-score GWS measurements within LSA 12-08, including the selected biased sampling locations (ID: L12-08-25-P-S-B-00).

Figure 42-2
Colorimetric GWS Plot for LSA 12-08 (Measurements > Z-score of 3)



All GWS data collected in LSA 12-08 was datalogged and post-processed in Graphical Information Software (GIS).

42.1.2 GWS Coverage Results LSA 12-08

FSSFR Volume 3, Chapter 1, Section 6.1.4, *Exposed Surfaces versus Accessible Surfaces*, provides a discussion and the criteria for evaluating the GWS coverage of a SU during FSS. Although 100% of accessible areas underwent GWS, the post survey processing of the GPS data indicated that the GWS covered 99.3% of the SU (see Table 42-1). As the evaluation indicates that the GPS coverage exceeded 95% with no readings approaching or exceeding the IAL of 4,000 net cpm in the vicinity of any apparent GPS coverage gaps, the GWS coverage for the SU has been evaluated to meet the intent of the “100% GWS coverage” requirement.

Table 42-1
GWS Gap Analysis LSA 12-08

	Total SU Pixels	GWS Gap Pixels	Gap Percentage	GWS Coverage	MARSSIM Class
LSA 12-08	155,416	1082	0.7	99.3	1

42.2 Soil Sample Results LSA 12-08

42.2.1 Surface Soil Sample Results LSA 12-08

There were eight systematic samples collected within the surface stratum (0 – 15 cm) of LSA 12-08. Additionally one biased sample was collected from the topmost layer of soil. The maximum Uniform SOF result for the “topmost” samples was 0.23.

Appendix F presents the analytical results and associated statistics for all FSS surface samples collected within LSA 12-08.

42.2.2 Subsurface Soil Sample Results LSA 12-08

There were eight systematic locations within LSA 12-08 where root stratum composite sampling was necessary. The root stratum zone is between 0.15 and 1.50 m below final grade surface. At each of the eight root stratum composite sampling locations, the top six inches (1.50 – 1.65 m below final grade surface) of the underlying excavation stratum was also collected and archived, however these excavation samples were not required to be analyzed as no overlying root stratum sample exceeded a 0.5 SOF. The maximum SOF result of the subsurface samples collected in LSA 12-08 was 0.15.

42.2.3 WRS Evaluation

Per Step 7.8.3 of HDP-PR-FSS-721 *Final Status Survey Data Evaluation*, the Wilcoxon Rank Sum (WRS) statistical test was not required for LSA 12-08 since the difference between the maximum SU data set gross SOF and the minimum background area SOF was less than one using the Uniform Stratum criteria. However, for illustrative purposes, the WRS evaluation was still performed for LSA 12-08. All systematically collected samples regardless of depth are used to perform the WRS Test, however biased and QC sample results are not utilized in the WRS Test. The 16 systematically collected samples in LSA 12-08 were ranked against the adjusted activity concentrations of the 32 samples collected within the Background Reference Area. The SU passed the WRS Test since the ranked sum of the reference area ranks, or test statistic W_R , (1040) was greater than the critical value (860) for the test. As such, the null hypothesis that the SU average concentration is greater than the $DCGL_W$ was rejected. The WRS evaluation is also included in Appendix F.

42.2.4 Graphical Data Review LSA 12-08

Table 42-2 below presents summary results for the all systematically collected samples (includes surface, and root, but not biased or QC samples) collected within LSA 12-08, and the associated

SOF when compared to the Uniform Stratum DCGL_ws. The arithmetic average concentration resulted in a SOF of 0.08.

Table 42-2
LSA 12-08 FSS Sample Data Summary and Calculated SOF Values (Systematic)

Statistic	Ra-226 DCGL = 1.9 BKG = 1.07 (pCi/g)	Tc-99 DCGL = 25.1 (pCi/g)	Th-232 DCGL = 2.0 BKG = 1.0 (pCi/g)	U-234 DCGL=195.4 (pCi/g)	U-235 DCGL=51.6 (pCi/g)	U-238 DCGL=168.8 (pCi/g)	Sample SOF (Uniform DCGL)
Average	0.013	0.269	0.071	3.594	0.172	1.149	0.08
Minimum	0.00 (<BKG)	0.00 (NEG)	0.00 (<BKG)	0.799	-0.148	0.589	0.01
Maximum	0.100	1.170	0.200	8.552	0.457	1.830	0.23

Notes:

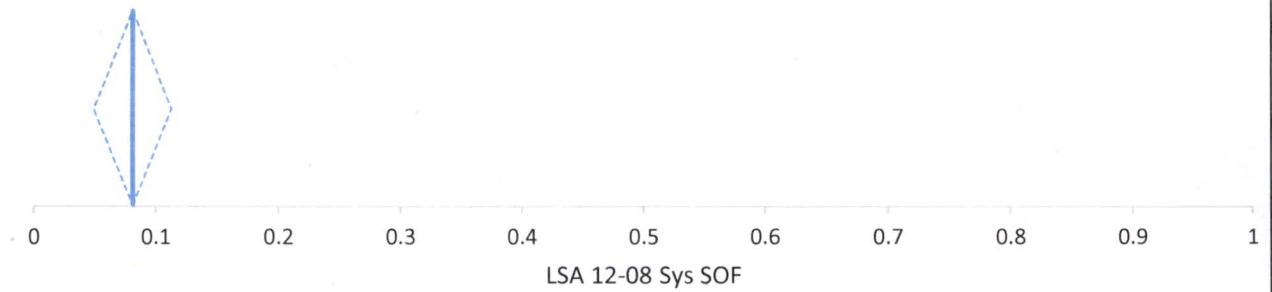
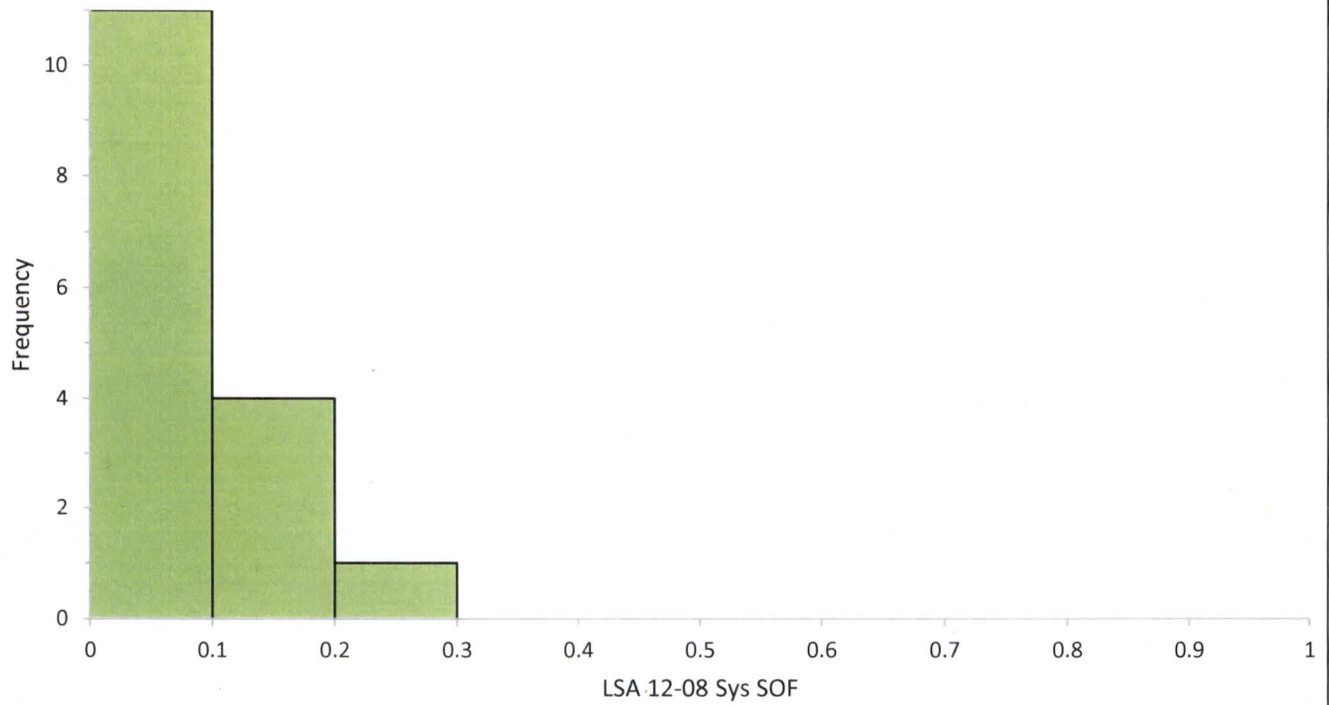
1. Ra-226 and Th-232 background activities subtracted prior to calculating SOF value. Ra-226 background without ingrowth = 0.9 pCi/g; Ra-226 background with ingrowth = 1.07 pCi/g. Negative SOF components are set to zero in SOF calculation.
2. Average SOF for data set calculated using average radionuclide concentrations.
3. U-234 values are inferred from the U-235/U-238 ratio.

Section 8.2.2.2 of MARSSIM recommends a graphical review of FSS analytical data, to include at a minimum, a posting plot and a histogram. A frequency plot, or histogram, is a useful tool for examining the general shape of a data distribution. This plot is a bar chart of the number of data points within a certain range of values. The frequency plot will reveal any obvious departures from symmetry, such as skewness or bimodality (two peaks), in the data distribution for the survey unit. The presence of two peaks in the survey unit frequency plot may indicate the existence of isolated areas of residual radioactivity.

Figure 42-3 presents the overall statistical metrics for the SOF parameter for the 16 systematically collected samples from LSA 12-08. The top graph is a histogram and line plot of the SOF for the systematic data population for LSA 12-08. The middle graph presents the mean SOF (0.08 as indicated by the blue vertical line) of the sample population and the 95% confidence interval of the mean SOF represented by the blue diamond which is 0.05 to 0.11. The 97.87% confidence interval based on the median (0.07) of the sample results is 0.03 to 0.13. The bottom two charts present the various statistical metrics of the LSA 12-08 SOF data set, including the mean, median, standard deviation, minimum, maximum, confidence intervals, etc.

Figure 42-3 exhibits no unusual symmetry or bimodality concerns for the LSA 12-08 data associated with the systematically collected measurement locations.

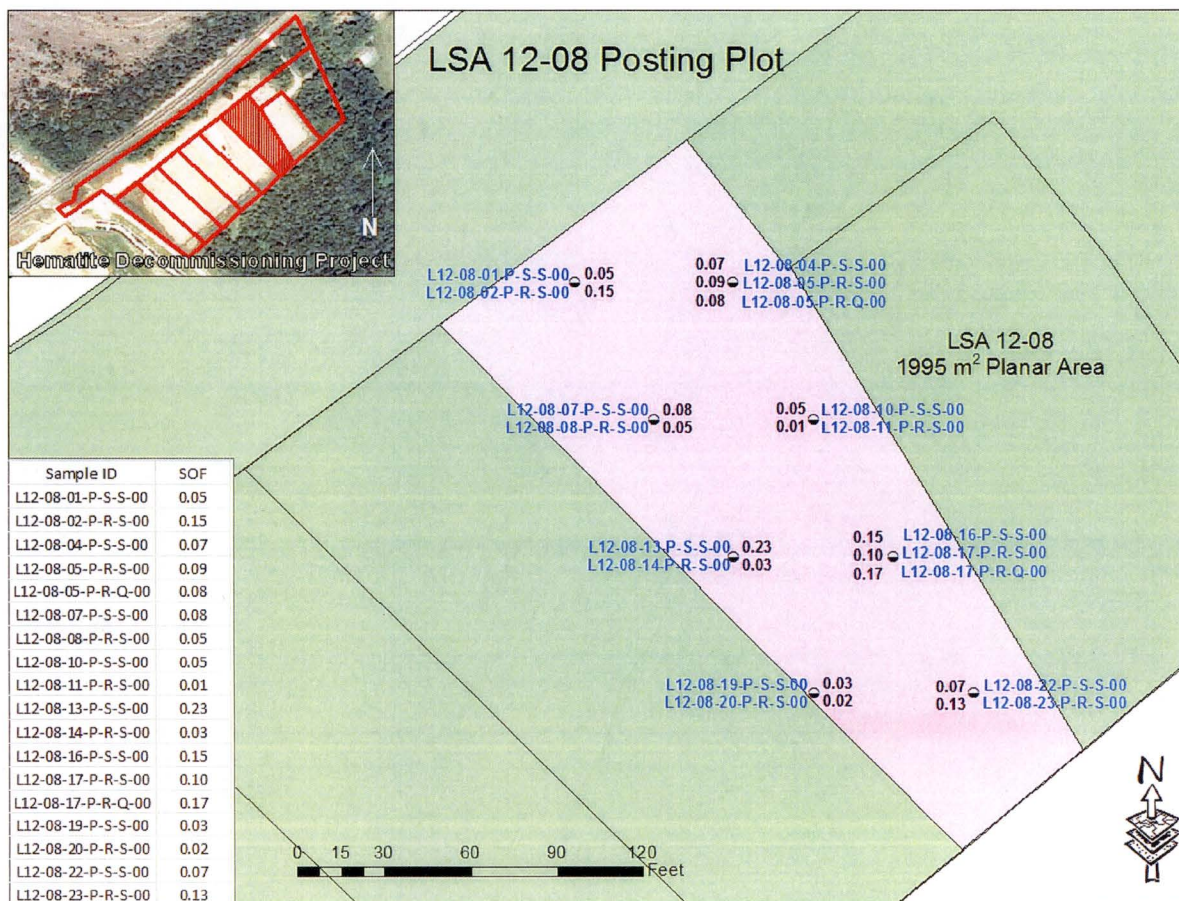
Figure 42-3
Graphic Statistical Summary for LSA 12-08 (SOF parameter)



N	16							
LSA 12-08 Sys SOF	Mean	95% CI		Mean SE	SD	Variance	Skewness	Kurtosis
	0.08	0.05	to 0.11	0.015	0.06	0.00	1.2	1.37
LSA 12-08 Sys SOF	Minimum	1st quartile	Median	97.87% CI		3rd quartile	Maximum	IQR
	0.01	0.04	0.07	0.03	to 0.13	0.12	0.2	0.08

A posting plot is simply a map of the survey unit with the data values (in this case the SOF values for each systematically collected sample) entered at the measurement locations. This potentially reveals heterogeneities in the data – especially possible patches of elevated residual radioactivity. The posting plot for LSA 12-08 is presented below in Figure 42-4. Figure 42-4 shows no unusual patterns in the data.

Figure 42-4
Posting Plot for LSA 12-08 Systematic Measurement Locations



Appendix F to this report presents the complete analytical data set (in Microsoft Excel format) used to derive the summary statistics presented in Table 42-2, Figure 42-3, and Figure 42-4 above. A summary of the analytical data is presented in Table 42-3 below. Appendix T to this report presents the TestAmerica Analytical Laboratory soil sample reports.

Table 42-3
Final Status Survey Analytical Data: LSA 12-08

Sample ID	Sample Depth (ft)	Type (Systematic, Bias, QC)	TestAmerica Analytical Results																								Enr.	SOF						
			Ra-226						Tc-99					Th-232					Inferred U-234				U-235						U-238					
			Result	Uncertainty	MDC	Qualifier	Net Result*	Corrected Result	Result	Corrected Result	Uncertainty	MDC	Qualifier	Result	Uncertainty	MDC	Qualifier	Net Result**	Corrected Result	Result	Uncertainty	MDC	Qualifier	Result	Uncertainty	MDC			Qualifier	Result	Uncertainty	MDC	Qualifier	Result
L12-08-01-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	0.997	0.139	0.0502	N/A	-0.073	0.000	0.248	0.248	0.074	0.207	N/A	1.06	0.182	0.084	N/A	0.060	0.060	0.799	NA	NA	NA	0.0379	0.104	0.349	U	0.898	0.306	0.757	N/A	0.7	0.05	
L12-08-02-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	1.13	0.149	0.0593	N/A	0.060	0.060	0.0459	0.046	0.029	0.219	U	1.2	0.164	0.116	N/A	0.200	0.200	1.393	NA	NA	NA	0.0691	0.136	0.54	U	1.29	0.524	0.786	N/A	0.9	0.15	
L12-08-04-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	0.953	0.154	0.0741	N/A	-0.117	0.000	0.327	0.327	0.068	0.22	N/A	1.09	0.193	0.157	N/A	0.090	0.090	1.005	NA	NA	NA	0.0513	0.0479	0.597	U	0.75	0.346	0.944	U	1.1	0.07	
L12-08-05-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	1.08	0.156	0.0634	N/A	0.010	0.010	0.0769	0.077	0.008	0.214	U	1.11	0.183	0.123	N/A	0.110	0.110	2.900	NA	NA	NA	0.16	0.153	0.199	U	0.671	0.323	0.866	U	3.6	0.09	
L12-08-07-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	0.863	0.121	0.0563	N/A	-0.207	0.000	0.682	0.682	0.099	0.195	N/A	0.977	0.144	0.0866	N/A	-0.023	0.000	6.782	NA	NA	NA	0.373	0.12	0.171	N/A	1.82	0.52	0.735	N/A	3.1	0.08	
L12-08-08-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	0.979	0.143	0.0653	N/A	-0.091	0.000	0.0718	0.072	0.095	0.218	U	1.07	0.166	0.118	N/A	0.070	0.070	1.100	NA	NA	NA	-0.037	0.0897	0.577	U	1.1	0.318	0.818	N/A	0.7	0.05	
L12-08-10-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	0.913	0.136	0.0622	N/A	-0.157	0.000	0.205	0.205	0.069	0.215	U	1.01	0.153	0.108	N/A	0.010	0.010	3.945	NA	NA	NA	0.215	0.169	0.207	N/A	1.41	0.512	0.742	N/A	2.4	0.05	
L12-08-11-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	0.926	0.142	0.0759	N/A	-0.144	0.000	0.0065	0.007	0.041	0.217	U	0.868	0.237	0.196	N/A	-0.132	0.000	1.110	NA	NA	NA	-0.148	0.19	0.68	U	1.11	0.349	0.914	N/A	0.7	0.01	
L12-08-13-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	1.17	0.165	0.0739	N/A	0.100	0.100	1.17	1.170	0.233	0.201	N/A	1.2	0.168	0.0788	N/A	0.200	0.200	4.677	NA	NA	NA	0.258	0.129	0.174	N/A	1.1	0.325	0.825	N/A	3.6	0.23	
L12-08-14-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	0.999	0.139	0.059	N/A	-0.071	0.000	0.102	0.102	0.095	0.213	U	1.03	0.148	0.1	N/A	0.030	0.030	0.969	NA	NA	NA	-0.019	0.0587	0.524	U	0.969	0.281	0.697	N/A	0.7	0.03	
L12-08-16-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	0.982	0.148	0.0671	N/A	-0.088	0.000	0.456	0.456	0.122	0.212	N/A	1.15	0.202	0.0878	N/A	0.150	0.150	6.940	NA	NA	NA	0.382	0.146	0.186	N/A	1.83	0.567	0.791	N/A	3.2	0.15	
L12-08-17-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	1.11	0.17	0.0777	N/A	0.040	0.040	0.128	0.128	0.04	0.225	U	1.04	0.191	0.138	N/A	0.040	0.040	8.552	NA	NA	NA	0.457	0.197	0.219	N/A	0.589	0.292	1.36	U	10.8	0.10	
L12-08-19-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	0.667	0.099	0.0544	N/A	-0.403	0.000	0.219	0.219	0.028	0.203	N/A	0.965	0.165	0.091	N/A	-0.035	0.000	2.136	NA	NA	NA	0.112	0.102	0.155	U	1.3	0.496	0.733	N/A	1.4	0.03	
L12-08-20-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	0.968	0.16	0.0936	N/A	-0.102	0.000	-0.0064	0.000	0.045	0.214	U	0.879	0.161	0.142	N/A	-0.121	0.000	1.903	NA	NA	NA	0.101	0.213	0.357	U	0.996	0.541	0.839	N/A	1.6	0.02	
L12-08-22-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	0.99	0.157	0.0758	N/A	-0.080	0.000	0.485	0.485	0.089	0.199	N/A	0.964	0.185	0.0751	N/A	-0.036	0.000	7.531	NA	NA	NA	0.416	0.157	0.229	N/A	1.51	0.395	0.964	N/A	4.2	0.07	
L12-08-23-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	1.07	0.154	0.0731	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.0773	0.077	0.125	0.234	U	1.18	0.162	0.092	N/A	0.180	0.180	5.758	NA	NA	NA	0.318	0.119	0.169	N/A	1.04	0.537	0.834	N/A	4.6	0.13	
L12-08-05-P-R-Q-00	0.50	Q	0.939	0.157	0.0901	N/A	-0.131	0.000	0.637	0.637	0.191	0.205	N/A	1	0.165	0.0946	N/A	0.000	0.000	6.750	NA	NA	NA	0.372	0.158	0.225	N/A	1.68	0.428	0.881	N/A	3.4	0.08	
L12-08-17-P-R-Q-00	0.50	Q	1.14	0.155	0.0642	N/A	0.070	0.070	0.345	0.345	0.034	0.223	N/A	1.18	0.17	0.0936	N/A	0.180	0.180	3.049	NA	NA	NA	0.167	0.134	0.181	U	0.952	0.3	0.759	N/A	2.7	0.17	
L12-08-25-P-S-B-00	0.00	B	0.890	0.132	0.067	N/A	-0.180	0.000	0.380	0.380	0.077	0.231	N/A	1.010	0.152	0.121	N/A	0.010	0.010	1.240	NA	NA	NA	-0.125	0.559	0.511	U	1.240	0.306	0.743	N/A	0.7	0.03	
Systematic Minimum			0.000						0.000					0.000					0.799				-0.148				0.589				Average Enrichment (%)	2.6	0.01	
Systematic Maximum			0.100						1.170					0.200					8.552				0.457				1.830					0.23		
Systematic Mean			0.013						0.269					0.071					3.594				0.172				1.149					0.08		
Systematic Median			0.000						0.167					0.050					2.518				0.136				1.100					0.07		
Systematic Standard Deviation			0.029						0.308					0.075					2.727				0.181				0.365					0.06		
			With ingrowth, use Ra226 bkg = 1.07											Th232 bkg = 1.0																				

NOTES:

Gross results in units of pCi/g.

* Background with ingrowth (1.07 pCi/g) subtracted from gross result.

**Background (1.0 pCi/g) subtracted from gross result.

U Qualifier: Result is less than the sample detection limit.

All uncertainty values are reported at the 2-sigma confidence level.

42.2.5 Biased Soil Sample Result LSA 12-08

One (1) biased sample was collected from LSA 12-08. The sample collected at location L12-04-25 represented the maximum GWS measurement (13,902gcpm) within the SU, and had a result of 0.03 Uniform SOF.

42.2.6 Quality Control Soil Sample Result LSA 12-08

Two QC field duplicate sample points were randomly selected for LSA 12-08 which were collected at systematic locations L12-08-05 and L12-08-17.

For the 17 samples (i.e., 16 systematic + 1 biased) collected within LSA 12-08, two field duplicate samples were collected. This frequency equates to 11.8%, (i.e. 2/17). Form HDP-PR-FSS-703-1 documents that the duplicate sample result comparison with the partner's sample results that all comparison criteria were less than the calculated warning limits (see Figure 42-5 below).

Figure 42-5
Form HDP-PR-FSS-703-1 Field Duplicate Sample Assessment LSA 12-08 (1 of 2)

Hematite Decommissioning Project	Procedure: HDP-PR-FSS-703, Final Status Survey Quality Control		
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FORM HDP-PR-FSS-703-1
FIELD DUPLICATE SAMPLE ASSESSMENT

Survey Unit No.:		LSA 12-08		Survey Unit Description:		Class 1 Laydown Land Area in "Area 13"						
Sample ID	Field Duplicate Sample ID	Radionuclide	Sample (pCi/g)		Field Duplicate Sample (pCi/g)		Average Activity (\bar{x}) (pCi/g)	Nuclide DCGL (pCi/g)	Statistic ²	Warning Limit	Control Limit	Statistic Exceeds Limit? (Y/N)
			Activity (x_i)	MDC	Activity (x_i)	MDC						
L12-08-05-P-R-S-00	L12-08-05-P-R-Q-00	Ra-226	1.08	0.0634	0.939	0.0901	1.010	1.9	0.141	0.269	0.403	N
L12-08-05-P-R-S-00	L12-08-05-P-R-Q-00	Tc-99	0.0769	0.214	0.637	0.205	0.357	25.1	NA	3.552	5.321	NA
L12-08-05-P-R-S-00	L12-08-05-P-R-Q-00	Th-232	1.11	0.123	1	0.0946	1.055	2.0	0.110	0.283	0.424	N
L12-08-05-P-R-S-00	L12-08-05-P-R-Q-00	U-234 ¹	2.900	N/A	6.750	N/A	4.825	195.4	3.849	27.649	41.425	N
L12-08-05-P-R-S-00	L12-08-05-P-R-Q-00	U-235	0.16	0.199	0.372	0.225	0.266	51.6	NA	7.301	10.939	NA
L12-08-05-P-R-S-00	L12-08-05-P-R-Q-00	U-238	0.671	0.866	1.68	0.881	1.176	168.8	NA	23.885	35.786	NA

Comments:

- U-234 is inferred, no MDC available.
- Duplicate assessment is not necessary if the result of either sample is < MDC.

Performed by: Thomas Yurdy / [Signature]

Reviewed by: W. Clark Evans / W. Clark [Signature]

Date: 11-23-16

Date: 11/23/16

Quality Record

Figure 42-5
Form HDP-PR-FSS-703-1 Field Duplicate Sample Assessment LSA 12-08 (2 of 2)

Hematite Decommissioning Project	Procedure: HDP-PR-FSS-703, Final Status Survey Quality Control		
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FORM HDP-PR-FSS-703-1
FIELD DUPLICATE SAMPLE ASSESSMENT

Survey Unit No.:	LSA 12-08				Survey Unit Description:	Class I Laydown Land Area in "Area 13"						
Sample ID	Field Duplicate Sample ID	Radionuclide	Sample (pCi/g)		Field Duplicate Sample (pCi/g)		Average Activity (\bar{x}) (pCi/g)	Nuclide DCGL (pCi/g)	Statistic ²	Warning Limit	Control Limit	Statistic Exceeds Limit? (Y/N)
			Activity (x _i)	MDC	Activity (x _i)	MDC						
L12-08-17-P-R-S-00	L12-08-17-P-R-Q-00	Ra-226	1.11	0.0777	1.14	0.0642	1.125	1.9	0.03	0.269	0.403	N
L12-08-17-P-R-S-00	L12-08-17-P-R-Q-00	Tc-99	0.128	0.225	0.345	0.223	0.237	25.1	NA	3.552	5.321	NA
L12-08-17-P-R-S-00	L12-08-17-P-R-Q-00	Th-232	1.04	0.138	1.18	0.0936	1.110	2.0	0.140	0.283	0.424	N
L12-08-17-P-R-S-00	L12-08-17-P-R-Q-00	U-234 ¹	8.552	N/A	3.049	N/A	5.801	195.4	5.502	27.649	41.425	N
L12-08-17-P-R-S-00	L12-08-17-P-R-Q-00	U-235	0.457	0.219	0.167	0.181	0.312	51.6	NA	7.301	10.939	NA
L12-08-17-P-R-S-00	L12-08-17-P-R-Q-00	U-238	0.589	1.36	0.952	0.759	0.771	168.8	NA	23.885	35.786	NA

Comments:

- U-234 is inferred, no MDC available.
- Duplicate assessment is not necessary if the result of either sample is < MDC.

Performed by: Thomas Yardy / [Signature]

Reviewed by: W. Clark Evers / W. Ch [Signature]

Date: 11-23-16

Date: 11/23/14

Quality Record

42.3 Tc-99 Hot Spot Assessment LSA 12-08

There is no historical sampling data available for this area since it was always considered a non-impacted area prior to the storage of potential reuse soils within the LSA. As a previously un-impacted area there is no history of a Tc-99 sample result ever exceeding the Tc-99 Uniform DCGL_w, as only potential reuse soil was placed within the LSA. The highest Tc-99 sample result collected from both Final RASS and FSS was 2.42 pCi/g. Therefore there is no concern for a potential Tc-99 hot spot exceeding the DCGL_w of 25.1, and there is no reason to perform a Tc-99 hot spot assessment.

43.0 ALARA EVALUATION LSA 12-08

All samples collected within LSA 12-08 were evaluated against the Uniform Stratum DCGL_w. For LSA 12-08 no sample result exceeded a SOF of 1.0. The average SOF result, based on all systematically collected samples, was 0.08 for LSA 12-08. The average SOF equates to residual activity contributions from the survey unit area of 2.0 mrem/yr for LSA 12-08. Groundwater Monitoring Well data provided in FSSFR Volume 6, Chapters 2 and 3 {ML16287A528} and Chapter 4 {ML16342B552}, indicate that the groundwater dose contribution will be a fraction of the MCLs. Nevertheless, a maximum groundwater contribution assumption of 4.0 mrem/yr based upon the EPA MCLs will be added to the total estimated dose for LSA 12-08. Adding these dose contributions together, the total estimated dose for LSA 12-08 is 6 mrem/yr.

Since the estimated Total Effective Dose Equivalent is well below the regulatory release criterion of 25 mrem/yr, the conclusion of the ALARA evaluation is that the FSS of LSA 12-08 was successful and that there would be no discernable benefit to the health and safety of the public in attempting to further reduce the results of FSS by performing remediation of LSA 12-08.

44.0 FSS PLAN DEVIATIONS LSA 12-08

44.1 Remedial Actions during FSS

There was no remedial action in LSA 12-08.

44.2 Adjustments to Scan MDC Calculations

Scan MDCs for LSA 12-08 were calculated in accordance with HDP-PR-FSS-701, Revision 10, *Final Status Survey Plan Development* and HDP-TBD- FSS-002, Revision 3, *Evaluation and Documentation of the Scanning Minimum Detectable Concentrations (MDC) for Final Status Surveys (FSS)*. The assumed LSA background count rate of 10,000 cpm was applied to determine the prospective Scan MDCs, and the actual mean count rate from the FSS survey was 9,769 cpm. Therefore the calculated Scan MDCs are appropriate, and no adjustments need to be made.

45.0 DATA QUALITY ASSESSMENT

The DQO process is thoroughly integrated within the DP and Hematite FSS procedures. The steps of the DQO process are presented in Volume 3, Chapter 1, Section 4.0 of the FSSFR and correspond to the DQO steps described in Chapter 14, Section 4.2.1 of the DP. The HDP DQO process reflects the recommendations given in MARSSIM, Chapter 2, Figure 2-2.

45.1 Data Quality Assessment for LSA 12-08

The Data Quality Assessment of the survey methodology, sampling and sample analysis results, and the Quality Control sampling and analysis results to ascertain the validity of the conclusion for LSA 12-08 (see Figure 45-1) provides the following:

- The field and laboratory instruments utilized were capable of detecting activity at an MDC less than the appropriate investigation level, and were verified to be operable prior to and after use in accordance with HDP-PR-HP-416 (*Operation of the Ludlum 2221 for Final Status Survey*).
- The calibration of all instruments that were used to measure or analyze data was current at the time of use and the calibrations of the instruments were performed using a NIST traceable source. The instruments used were successfully source checked prior to and after use.
- The systematic samples that were collected (on a random-start triangular grid) and the gamma scan surveys that were conducted were performed in accordance with procedure HDP-PR-FSS-711, *Final Status Surveys and Sampling of Soil and Sediment*.
- All samples sent for analysis at the approved offsite laboratory (TestAmerica) were tracked on a chain of custody form in accordance with HDP-PR-QA-006, *Chain of Custody*.
- Quality Control sample results were verified to meet the acceptance criteria as specified in HDP-PR-FSS-703, *Final Status Survey Quality Control*.
- LSA 12-08 survey and sample results were independently reviewed and validated in accordance with HDP-PR-FSS-721 *Final Status Survey Data Validation*.
- The WRS Test is not necessary when the difference between the maximum survey unit data set measurement SOF and the minimum background area measurement SOF is less than or equal to one. For LSA 12-08, no individual gross SOF result in the FSS data set exceeded the SOF of the minimum background reference area measurement by more than one using the Uniform Stratum criteria. Therefore, the WRS Test was not required for LSA 12-08. However the WRS Test was still performed for illustrative purposes. Since the test statistic, WR (1040) exceeded the critical value (860), the FSS data set passed the WRS Test and the null hypothesis was rejected. The WRS Test worksheet is presented in Appendix F.
- A biased soil sample was collected from the location of the highest gamma count rate within the SU, and the result was a 0.03 Uniform SOF.

- The maximum SOF result for all surface samples within LSA 12-08 was 0.23. The maximum SOF result for all subsurface samples within LSA 12-08 was 0.15. The average SOF result for all systematically collected samples within LSA 12-08 was 0.08, with an upper 95% confidence level ($UCL_{\text{mean}} 0.95$) of 0.11.
- No FSS sample result in LSA 12-08 exceeded a SOF of 1.0 as compared to the Uniform Stratum criteria, therefore an EMC or supplemental investigations was not required. For the same reason, no comparisons to the alternate “Three-Layer” multi-CSM (i.e. Surface, Root and Excavation) DCGLs were necessary.
- A retrospective sampling frequency evaluation was performed to determine if sufficient statistical power exists to reject the null hypothesis based on the total number (8) of systematic samples actually collected within LSA 12-08. The successful result of the retrospective power evaluation presented in Table 10-1 for LSA 12-08 indicates that the minimum number of samples required (8) for the WRS Test were equal to the number of sampling locations actually collected within LSA 12-08. The methodology used for the retrospective sampling frequency evaluation is similar to the prospective sample size determination performed during FSS Plan Development except that actual FSS sample results and statistics are used in the sample size verification. Specifically, the mean and standard deviation of the eight LSA surface samples (i.e., the WRS Test sample data set) are used to derive the relative shift for each LSA. Given the HDP Type I and Type II errors of 0.05 and 0.10, respectively, the calculated relative shift is then correlated to a minimum sample size number as provided in Table 5-1 of MARSSIM.
- HDP staff ensured that a visual inspection of the SU configuration and of the Isolation & Control measures were performed periodically, and confirmed that there were no instances of potential cross contamination from weather events until the FSS of all remaining areas at HDP were completed.

**Table 45-1
Retrospective Sample Size Verification for LSA 12-08**

Uniform DCGL Criteria Evaluation	
N/2 Value Verification	
Isotope(s)	SOF (Ra/Tc/Th/Iso U)
St. Dev.	0.06
DCGL _{SOF}	1
LBGR (Mean)	0.08
Shift	0.92
Relative Shift (Δ/σ)	15.33
MARSSIM Table 5.1 (P_r)	1.000000
N	12
N + 20%	14.4
N/2	8
FSS N/2	8
Verification Check	SUFFICIENT MEASUREMENTS
<p>"N/2" Corresponds to the number of survey unit measurement locations required for the WRS Test</p>	

MARSSIM Table 5.1

Δ/σ	P_r
0.1	0.528182
0.2	0.556223
0.3	0.583985
0.4	0.611335
0.5	0.638143
0.6	0.664290
0.7	0.689665
0.8	0.714167
0.9	0.737710
1.0	0.760217
1.1	0.781627
1.2	0.801892
1.3	0.820978
1.4	0.838864
1.5	0.855541
1.6	0.871014
1.7	0.885299
1.8	0.898420
1.9	0.910413
2.0	0.921319
2.25	0.944167
2.5	0.961428
2.75	0.974067
3.0	0.983039
3.5	0.993329
4.0	0.997658
4.01	1.000000

MARSSIM Table 5.2, $\alpha = 0.05$, $\beta = 0.10$

α (or β)	$Z_{1-\alpha}$ (or $Z_{1-\beta}$)
0.005	2.576
0.01	2.326
0.015	2.241
0.025	1.960
0.05	1.645
0.10	1.282
0.15	1.036
0.2	0.842
0.25	0.674
0.30	0.524

α
 β

**Figure 45-1
Data Evaluation Checklists prepared for LSA 12-08 (page 1 of 2)**

Hematite Decommissioning Project	Procedure: HDP-PR-FSS-721, Final Status Survey Data Evaluation		
		Revision: 10	Appendix G-1, Page 1 of 2

**APPENDIX G-1
FINAL STATUS SURVEY DATA QUALITY OBJECTIVES REVIEW CHECKLIST**

Survey Area: LSA 12 **Description:** Laydown Area, Plant Soils SEA
Survey Unit: 08 **Description:** Class 1 Laydown Land Area in "Area 13"

1. Have all measurements and/or analysis results that will be subjected to data analysis for FSS been individually reviewed and validated in accordance with Section 8.1 of this procedure? Yes No
2. Have all systematic measurements and/or samples been taken or acquired at the locations specified in the FSSP and the FSS Sample Instructions? Yes No
3. Have all scans surveys been performed of the areas specified as required in the FSSP and the FSS Sample Instructions? Yes No
4. Have all biased measurements and/or samples been taken or acquired at the locations specified in the FSSP & the FSS Sample Instructions? Yes No NA
5. Have duplicate and/or split samples or measurements been taken or acquired at each location designated as a QC sample? Yes No NA
6. Were the instruments used to measure or analyze the survey data capable of detecting the ROCs or gross activity at a MDC less than the appropriate investigation level? Yes No
7. Was the calibration of all instruments that were used to measure or analyze data, current at the time of use and were those calibrations performed using a NIST traceable source? Yes No
8. Were the instruments successfully response-checked before use and, where required, after use on the day the data was measured? Yes No
9. Do the samples match those identified on the chain of custody? Yes No NA
10. Do the QC Sample Results meet the acceptance criteria as specified in HDP-PR-FSS-703, Final Status Survey Quality Control? Yes No
11. Are all Laboratory QC parameters within acceptable limits? Yes No

If "No" was the response to any of the questions above, then document the discrepancy as well as any corrective actions that were taken to resolve the discrepancy.

Comments: N/A

Quality Record

**Figure 45-1
Data Evaluation Checklists prepared for LSA 12-08 (page 2 of 2)**

Hematite Decommissioning Project	Procedure: HDP-PR-FSS-721, Final Status Survey Data Evaluation		
		Revision: 10	Appendix G-1, Page 2 of 2

**APPENDIX G-1
FINAL STATUS SURVEY DATA QUALITY OBJECTIVES REVIEW CHECKLIST**

Survey Area: LSA 12 **Description:** Laydown Area, Plant Soils SEA

Survey Unit: 08 **Description:** Class 1 Laydown Land Area in "Area 13"

Discrepancy: N/A

Corrective Actions Taken: N/A

11. Have the corrective actions resolved the discrepancy with the data? Yes No NA

a. If "No", then forward this form to the RSO.

12. The following questions will be answered by the RSO.

a. If the answer to question 11 was "No", then is the affected data still valid? Yes No NA

b. If "No", then are the existing valid measurements or samples sufficient to demonstrate compliance for the survey unit? Yes No NA

c. If "No", then direct the acquisition of additional measurements or samples as necessary to demonstrate compliance for the survey unit.

Prepared by (HP Staff): Thomas Yancy [Signature] 11-23-16
(Print Name) (Signature) (Date)

Approved by (RSO): W. Clark Evers W. Clark 11/23/16
(Print Name) (Signature) (Date)

Quality Record

46.0 CONCLUSION LSA 12-08

An adequate quantity and quality of radiological surveys and samples, as well as the corresponding laboratory analysis has been performed, evaluated and documented to demonstrate that the dose associated with all sources within SU LSA 12-08 does not to exceed the dose criterion for unrestricted release in accordance with 10 CFR 20.1402.

**Table 46-1
LSA 12-08 SOF and Dose Summation**

	AVE. SU SOIL RADIOACTIVITY	ELEVATED AREA CONTRIBUTION	GROUND WATER	BURIED PIPING	REUSE SOIL	TOTAL
SOF	0.08	N/A	0.16	N/A	N/A	0.24
DOSE	2.0 mrem/year	N/A	4.0 mrem/year	N/A	N/A	6.0 mrem/year

47.0 FINAL STATUS SURVEY DESIGN LSA 12-09

This section of the report describes the method for determining the number of samples required for the FSS of LSA 12-09 as well as summarizing the applicable requirements of the FSS Plan. These include the DCGL_w, scan survey coverage, and IAL. The radiological instrumentation used in the FSS of LSA 12-09 and the detection sensitivities are also discussed.

47.1 FSS Plan Design Requirements

FSS Plan requirements for LSA 12-09 were driven by the type (Open Land) and Class (Class 1) of the SU and developed in accordance with HDP procedure, HDP-PR-FSS-701, Revision 10, *Final Status Survey Plan Development*, November 2015.

47.1.1 Surrogate Evaluation Areas

A discussion of Surrogate Evaluation Areas is given in the FSSFR Volume 3, Chapter 1, Section 5.0, *Final Status Survey Design*.

47.1.2 DCGL_w

During the FSS design process a review was performed of the RASS data for LSA 12-09. The RASS data was used as confirmation that no known areas of residual radioactivity remained within the survey areas that exceeded the Uniform Stratum DCGL_w. Therefore the Uniform Stratum DCGL_w was selected for use in demonstrating compliance with the release criteria.

47.1.3 GWS Coverage

As a Class 1 SU, LSA 12-09 was required to undergo a 100% GWS.

47.1.4 Instrumentation

Radiological instrumentation selected for performance of GWS within LSA 12-09 was the Ludlum 44-10 2" x 2" NaI detectors, coupled to a Ludlum 2221 scaler-ratemeter.

47.1.5 Scan Minimum Detectable Concentration

Scan MDCs for LSA 12-09 were calculated in accordance with HDP-PR-FSS-701, Revision 10, *Final Status Survey Plan Development* and HDP-TBD- FSS-002, Revision 3, *Evaluation and Documentation of the Scanning Minimum Detectable Concentrations (MDC) for Final Status Surveys (FSS)*. As background levels were approximately 10,000 cpm within LSA 12-09, the scan MDC calculation for total uranium given in HDP-PR-FSS-701, *Final Status Survey Plan Development*, Step 8.2.6.d, was applied:

$$\text{Scan MDC (total uranium)} = \frac{1}{\left(\frac{f_{U-234}}{3659 \text{ pCi/g}} \right) + \left(\frac{f_{U-235}}{2.32 \text{ pCi/g}} \right) + \left(\frac{f_{U-238}}{30.6 \text{ pCi/g}} \right)}$$

Equation 47-1

To determine isotopic Uranium fractions HDP-PR-FSS-701, Revision 10, *Final Status Survey Plan Development* assumes that the average LSA enrichment is 4% or less. Based on the

systematically collected RASS samples in LSA 12-09, the average enrichment for the SU was 2.96%. All other Scan MDC parameters agreed upon between Westinghouse and the NRC were applied (e.g. use of a 2 in air gap, scan rate of 1 ft/sec, 0.75 surveyor efficiency), therefore no subsequent changes to the calculated Scan MDCs need to be made.

Prospectively calculated Scan MDCs for 2" x 2" NaI detectors that were used in LSA 12-09 are shown below:

**Table 47-1
Scan MDCs for 2" x 2" NaI detector, 10,000 cpm background: LSA 12-09**

	Scan MDC (Total U)	DCGLw (Total U)	Scan MDC (Ra-226)	DCGLw* (Ra-226)	Scan MDC (Th-232)	DCGLw* (Th-232)
LSA 12-09	40.9	46.6	0.87	2.8	1.21	3.0

*DCGL_w includes background concentrations of 0.9 pCi/g for Ra-226 (no ingrowth) and 1.0 pCi/g for Th-232. DCGLw values are based on the Uniform Stratum release criteria.

The values in Table 47-1 reflect those presented in the FSS Plans prepared for the SU prior to FSS.

47.1.6 Investigation Action Level

FSSFR Volume 3, Chapter 1, Section 6.1.3, *Investigation Action Level (IAL)*, provides a discussion in regards to the IAL. The basis of the IAL is detailed in HDP memorandum, HEM-15-MEMO-021 "*Evaluation of the Scan IAL for Class 1 areas at the Westinghouse Hematite Site*". The IAL used during the GWS of LSA 12-09 was established at 4,000 ncpm.

47.1.7 LSA 12-09 FSS Design Summary

The FSS Plans for LSA 12-09 can be found in Appendix N. Table 47-2 presents an overall FSS design and implementation summary for LSA 12-09.

**Table 47-2
FSS Design Summary for LSA 12-09**

Gamma Walkover Survey (GWS):		
Scan Coverage	100% exposed soil and rock	
Scan MDC	40.9 pCi/g total Uranium (based on a 10,000 cpm background); 0.87 pCi/g Th-232; 1.21 pCi/g Ra-226*	
Investigation Action Level (IAL)	4,000 net cpm **	
Systematic Sampling Locations:		
Depth	Number of Sample	Comments These samples will be taken on a random-start systematic grid.
0 – 15 cm (Surface)	8	
15 cm – 1.5 m (Root)	8	
> 1.5m (Excavation)	8	
Biased Survey/Sampling Locations:		
Biased samples may be collected during GWS at the discretion of the HP Technician, after statistical analysis of the survey data, or at the direction of the RSO or Radiological Engineering.		
Sidewall Sampling Locations:		
A minimum of one (1) discretionary sidewall sample will be collected based on the following definition of "sidewall": sidewall candidates for sampling must be vertical or near-vertical (> 45° angle) and at least 12" in height.		
Instrumentation:		
Ludlum 2221 with 44-10 (2x2 NaI) detector; with collimation for investigations	Used for GWS and to obtain static count rates at biased measurement locations.	
*Values based on information provided in HDP-TBD-FSS-002, " <i>Evaluation and Documentation of the Scanning Minimum Detectable Concentrations (MDC) for Final Status Surveys (FSS)</i> ". The Scan MDC for total Uranium reflects a conservative assumption of 4% enrichment. The actual RASS enrichment (2.0%) would result in Scan MDC values slightly less than those calculated for FSS planning purposes.		
**IAL is the net count per minute (ncpm) equivalent of an activity concentration less than the Uniform Stratum DCGLw derived from the technical bases presented in HEM-MEMO-15-021 and HDP-TBD-FSS-003 " <i>Modeling and Calculation of Investigative Action Levels for Final Status Soil Survey Units</i> ", Westinghouse, March 2015.		

48.0 FINAL STATUS SURVEY IMPLEMENTATION LSA 12-09

FSS was performed in accordance with procedure HDP-PR-FSS-711, *Final Status Surveys and Sampling of Soil and Sediment*.

48.1 Gamma Walkover Survey

48.1.1 Instrumentation

The selected instrumentation to perform the GWS in LSA 12-09 was a 2" x 2" NaI detector in combination with a Ludlum 2221 rate meter. Each NaI instrumentation set was interfaced with a Trimble DGPS and handheld data logger.

Prior to the first field use of the GWS instrumentation, initial set-ups were performed. Also, daily pre- and post-use source checks were performed for each day that GWS was performed within the SU. Initial set-ups, daily source checks, and control charting were performed according to the requirements of HDP-PR-HP-416, *Operation of the Ludlum 2221 for Final Status Survey*.

48.1.2 GWS Performance

All GWS measurements on the excavation floor and sidewalls collected with the NaI detector(s) were connected to a Trimble DGPS and with a hand-held data logger. The logging frequency in the survey unit was 1 GWS measurement per second. Each gross gamma measurement is correlated to a set of coordinates based on the Missouri East State Plane, NAD 1983.

The GWS requirements involved moving the NaI detector in a side-to-side fashion no faster than 1 foot per second while holding the probe as close as possible to the excavation surface (nominally 1", but not to exceed 3"). At the same time, the technician was required to slowly advance, causing the detector to trace out a serpentine path over the excavation surface.

FSS Technicians performing GWS in LSA 12-09 used the 4,000 ncpm IAL as a field guide to know when to slow or pause the GWS for more deliberate investigation. If during the GWS, audible count rates noticeably increase above the general area average (i.e., > minimum detectable count rate), FSS Technicians were required to pause momentarily and observe count rates. If sustained count rates approached the IAL, further focused investigation was conducted within the locally elevated area.

To use the IAL effectively, FSS Technicians first determined the local background count rate before starting the GWS. Although the ambient gamma level may vary across the SU due to excavation geometry and relative distance from contaminated materials in nearby remedial excavations, the average background rate (measured at waist level) within the LSA ranged between 10,000 and 11,000 gcpm. Therefore, at locations where the 2" x 2" NaI detector measurements exceeded 14,000 to 15,000 gcpm, FSS Technicians slowed or paused the GWS for more careful investigation of the small areas of elevated activity before deciding if "flagging" a point for potential biased sampling was warranted.

Hard to reach areas, and non-typical areas were surveyed manually as necessary in order to assess the potential for an area of elevated residual activity over 100% of the exposed ground surface.

After the GWS survey was complete, the GPS/GWS data was reviewed by Radiological Engineering and the Health Physics Technician performing the survey to determine if possible areas of elevated residual activity remained within the SU that required biased sample

investigation. Areas that were flagged by the HP Technician were considered, as well as a statistical evaluation of the GWS data set. The statistical evaluation determined the mean count rate and standard deviation associated with the GWS and then could be used to identify any areas that exceeded 3 standard deviations above the mean. The number of biased samples to be collected and the locations are based on flagged locations exceeding the IAL, the statistical evaluation of the GWS data set, and the professional judgment of Radiological Engineering.

48.2 Soil Sampling

48.2.1 Systematic Soil Sampling Summary

Table 48-1 provides a summary of systematic sampling by stratum for LSA 12-09.

Table 48-1
Systematic Sampling Summary by Stratum for LSA 12-09

LSA	SU Area, planar (m ²)	Systematic			QC
		Surface	Root	Deep (Excavation)	
12-09	1,747	8	8	8*	2

*Excavation samples were collected and archived, analysis only required if a overlying Root sample exceeds a 0.5 SOF

48.2.2 Systematic Sampling LSA 12-09

Within LSA 12-09, there were 8 systematic locations in which the surface stratum [0 – 15 centimeters (cm)] was sampled in the SU. The underlying root stratum was sampled at all 8 locations. Excavation stratum samples were collected and archived, but were not required to be analyzed since no root stratum sample exceeded a 0.5 Uniform SOF.

Given a planar area of 1,747 m² for LSA 12-09 and an eight - point systematic triangular grid, the point-to-point distance within each row was 15.8 m with spacing of 13.7 m between each of the parallel grid rows within the SU.

While there were eight (8) systematic locations on the LSA 12-09 sampling grid, a total of eighteen (18) samples were collected and analyzed at these locations, including:

- Eight (8) samples collected and analyzed within the surface stratum
- Eight (8) samples collected and analyzed within the root stratum
- Zero (0) samples analyzed within the excavation, or “deep” stratum
- Two (2) QC field replicate

Figure 48-1 presents the map of the eight systematic sample locations which were sampled within LSA 12-09. The inset table notes the location coordinates (Missouri East, NAD 1983) and collection intervals for each systematic location.

Figure 48-1
LSA 12-09 Systematic Soil Sample Locations

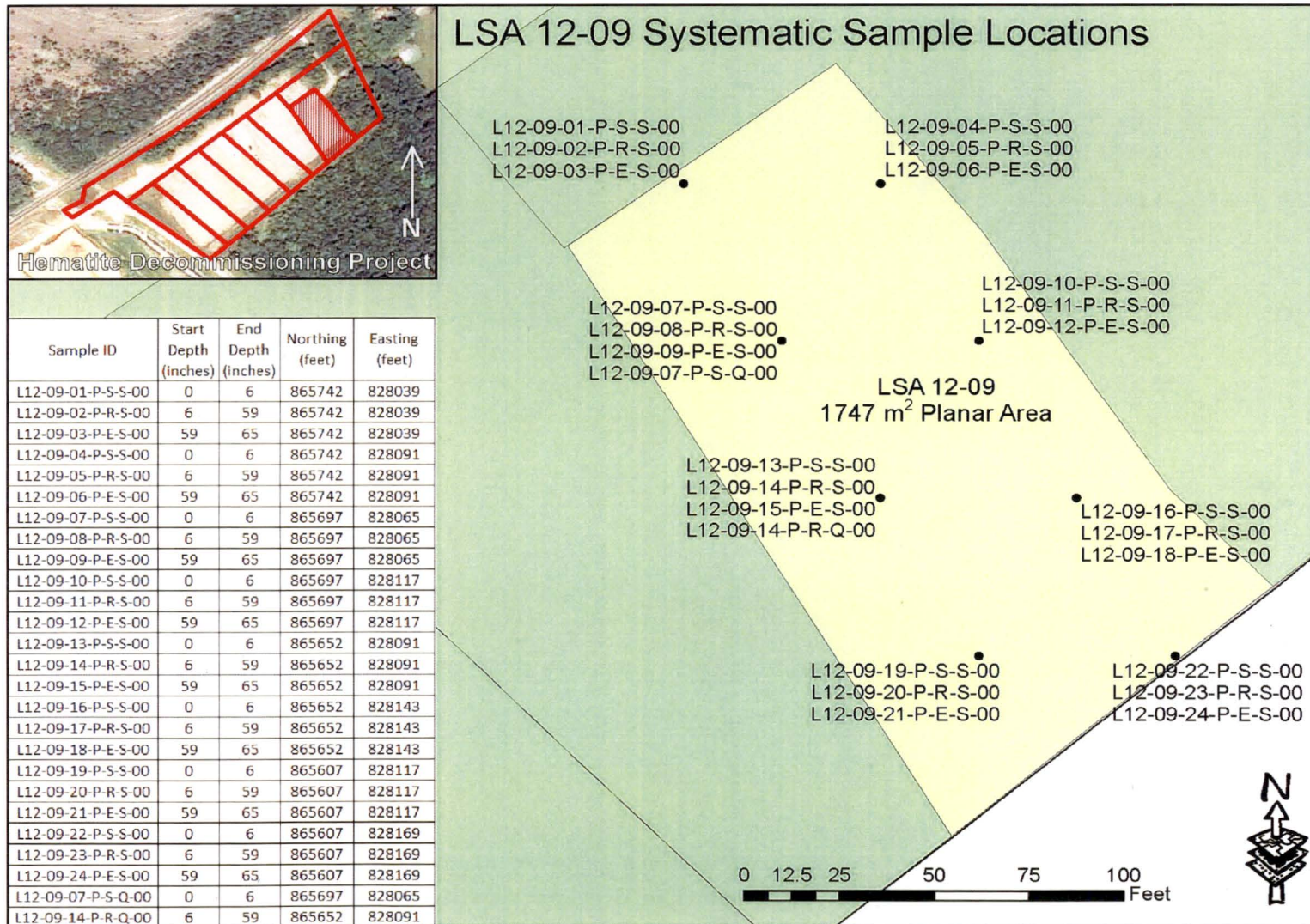


Figure 48-2 below presents a tabular listing of all FSS samples collected within LSA 12-09 with associated IDs, sample types, collection intervals, coordinates, and notes.

Figure 48-2
FSS Sample Locations and Coordinates for LSA 12-09

Hematite Decommissioning Project	Procedure: HDP-PR-FSS-701, Final Status Survey Plan Development		
		Revision: 10	Appendix P-4, Page 1 of 1

APPENDIX P-4

FSS SAMPLE & MEASUREMENT LOCATIONS & COORDINATES

Survey Area:	<u>LSA 12</u>	Description:	<u>Burial Pits Open Land Area</u>
Survey Unit:	<u>09</u>	Description:	<u>South Eastern Survey Unit in "Area 9"</u>
Survey Type:	<u>FSS</u>	Classification:	<u>Class 1</u>

Measurement or Sample ID	Surface or CSM	Type	Start Elevation*	End Elevation*	Northing** (Y Axis)	Easting** (X Axis)	Remarks / Notes
L12-09-01-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	430.2	429.7	865742	828039	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-09-02-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	429.7	425.2	865742	828039	Root 59-inch composite
L12-09-04-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	430.7	430.2	865742	828091	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-09-05-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	430.2	425.7	865742	828091	Root 59-inch composite
L12-09-07-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	429.9	429.4	865697	828065	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-09-08-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	429.4	425.0	865697	828065	Root 59-inch composite
L12-09-10-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	429.8	429.3	865697	828117	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-09-11-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	429.3	424.8	865697	828117	Root 59-inch composite
L12-09-13-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	429.8	429.3	865652	828091	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-09-14-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	429.3	424.8	865652	828091	Root 59-inch composite
L12-09-16-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	429.6	429.1	865652	828143	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-09-17-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	429.1	424.7	865652	828143	Root 59-inch composite
L12-09-19-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	429.6	429.1	865607	828117	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-09-20-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	429.1	424.7	865607	828117	Root 59-inch composite
L12-09-22-P-S-S-00	Uniform	S	429.5	429.0	865607	828169	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-09-23-P-R-S-00	Uniform	S	429.0	424.6	865607	828169	Root 59-inch composite
L12-09-07-P-S-Q-00	Uniform	Q	429.9	429.4	865697	828065	Surface 6-inch grab
L12-09-14-P-R-Q-00	Uniform	Q	429.3	424.8	865652	828091	Root 59-inch composite
L12-09-25-P-S-B-00	Uniform	B	429.5	429.0	865654.4	828153.7	Biased 6-inch grab
L12-09-26-P-S-B-00	Uniform	B	429.6	429.1	865618.1	828120.0	Biased 6-inch grab

Green shaded samples are the samples at each sample location, for use in WRS Test.

*Elevations are in feet above mean sea level.

** Missouri - East State Plane Coordinates [North American Datum (NAD) 1983]

Surface: Floor = F; Wall = W; Ceiling = C; Roof = R

CSM: Three-Layer (Surface-Root-Excavation) or Uniform DCGLs used

Type: Systematic = S, Biased = B; QC = Q; Investigation = I

48.3 Biased Soil Sampling

As discussed in FSSFR Volume 3, Chapter 1, Section 6.1.3, there are three key methods for identifying areas for biased soil sampling, the IAL, the Z-score of the FSS GWS, and the professional judgment of the HP Staff. For LSA 12-09 two (2) biased sample locations were selected within the SU based on the evaluation of the GWS survey data and HP Technician professional judgment. These biased locations represented the two maximum GWS measurements encountered within the SU. Biased samples are collected at the prescribed location to a depth of 6 inches below the exposed ground surface.

48.4 Judgmental/Sidewall Sampling for Tc-99

As an un-excavated SU, no Tc-99 sidewall sampling was necessary for LSA 12-09.

48.5 Quality Control Soil Sampling

Two QC field duplicate sample point were randomly selected and collected at systematic locations L12-09-07 and L12-09-14for LSA 12-09.

49.0 FINAL STATUS SURVEY RESULTS LSA 12-09

49.1 Gamma Walkover Survey

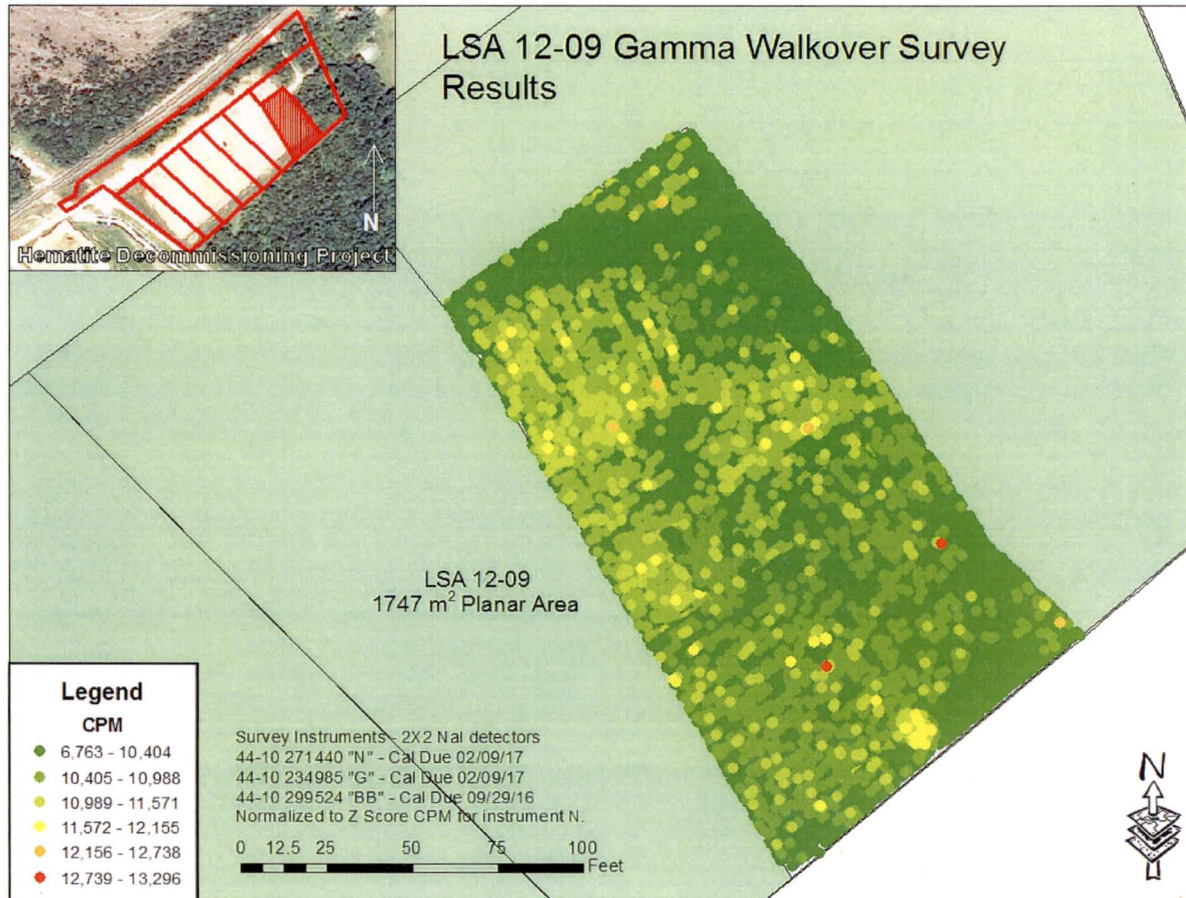
Post-processed GPS coordinate data is accurate to within ± 0.1 m for the handheld GPS models used during the GWS. The GWS maps are plotted and presented in a 2-D format. When multiple data points are collected at the same GPS location during the walkover, the most elevated radiological measurements are plotted "on top" (e.g. if any sidewalls featured more elevated readings than the floor directly below, the sidewall radiological measurements would overlie the lower floor readings).

GWS measurements were collected in LSA 12-09 between May 6, 2016, and May 15, 2016.

49.1.1 GWS Results for LSA 12-09

For LSA 12-09, GWS count rates ranged between 6,763 gcpm and 13,296 gcpm, with a mean count rate of 9,821 gcpm. The median count rate was 10,030 gcpm and the standard deviation was 583 cpm. Figure 49-1 below presents a map of the complete GWS data set.

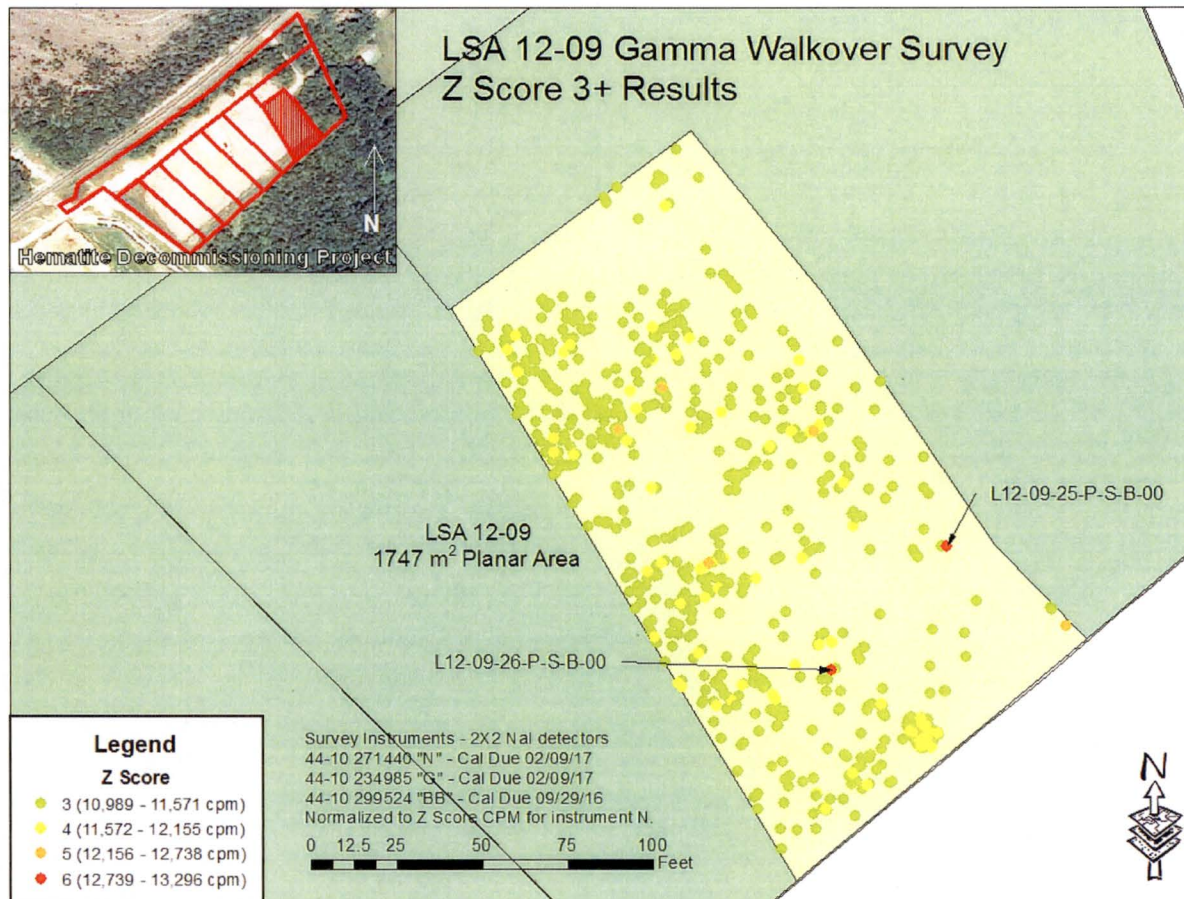
Figure 49-1
Colorimetric GWS Plot for LSA 12-09



An evaluation of the entire GWS data set was performed to evaluate those small areas of elevated activity which exceeded three (3) standard deviations above the GWS mean measurement, (i.e., "+3 Z-score"). Two locations, L12-09-25 and L12-09-26, were selected for biased sample collection. These biased locations represented the maximum GWS measurements encountered within the SU.

Figure 49-2 below presents a map of the +3 Z-score GWS measurements within LSA 12-09, including the selected biased sampling locations (ID: L12-09-25-P-S-B-00 and L12-09-26-P-S-B-00).

Figure 49-2
Colorimetric GWS Plot for LSA 12-09 (Measurements > Z-score of 3)



All GWS data collected in LSA 12-09 was datalogged and post-processed in Graphical Information Software (GIS).

49.1.2 GWS Coverage Results LSA 12-09

FSSFR Volume 3, Chapter 1, Section 6.1.4, *Exposed Surfaces versus Accessible Surfaces*, provides a discussion and the criteria for evaluating the GWS coverage of a SU during FSS. Although 100% of accessible areas underwent GWS, the post survey processing of the GPS data indicated that the GWS covered 99.8% of the SU (see Table 49-1). As the evaluation indicates that the GPS coverage exceeded 95% with no readings approaching or exceeding the IAL of 4,000 net cpm in the vicinity of any apparent GPS coverage gaps, the GWS coverage for the SU has been evaluated to meet the intent of the “100% GWS coverage” requirement.

**Table 49-1
GWS Gap Analysis LSA 12-09**

	Total SU Pixels	GWS Gap Pixels	Gap Percentage	GWS Coverage	MARSSIM Class
LSA 12-09	155,315	308	0.2	99.8	1

49.2 Soil Sample Results LSA 12-09

Appendix G presents the analytical results and associated statistics for all FSS samples collected within LSA 12-09.

49.2.1 Surface Soil Sample Results LSA 12-09

There were eight systematic samples collected within the surface stratum (0 – 15 cm) of LSA 12-09. Additionally there were two biased samples and one QC sample collected from the topmost layer of soil. The maximum Uniform SOF result for the surface samples was 0.22.

49.2.2 Subsurface Soil Sample Results LSA 12-09

There were eight systematic locations within LSA 12-09 where root stratum composite sampling was necessary. The root stratum zone is between 0.15 and 1.50 m below final grade surface. At each of the eight root stratum composite sampling locations, the top six inches (1.50 – 1.65 m below final grade surface) of the underlying excavation stratum was also collected and archived, however these excavation samples were not required to be analyzed as no overlying root stratum sample exceeded a 0.5 SOF. The maximum SOF result of the subsurface samples collected in LSA 12-09 was 0.19.

49.2.3 WRS Evaluation

Per Step 7.8.3 of HDP-PR-FSS-721 *Final Status Survey Data Evaluation*, the Wilcoxon Rank Sum (WRS) statistical test was not required for LSA 12-09 since the difference between the maximum SU data set gross SOF and the minimum background area SOF was less than one using the Uniform Stratum criteria. However, for illustrative purposes, the WRS evaluation was still performed for LSA 12-09. All systematically collected samples regardless of depth are used to perform the WRS Test, however biased and QC sample results are not utilized in the WRS Test. The 16 systematically collected samples in LSA 12-09 were ranked against the adjusted activity concentrations of the 32 samples collected within the Background Reference Area. The SU passed the WRS Test since the ranked sum of the reference area ranks, or test statistic W_R , (1040) was greater than the critical value (860) for the test. As such, the null hypothesis that the SU average concentration is greater than the $DCGL_W$ was rejected. The WRS evaluation is also included in Appendix G.

49.2.4 Graphical Data Review LSA 12-09

Table 49-2 below presents summary results for the all systematically collected samples (includes surface, and root, but not biased or QC samples) collected within LSA 12-09, and the associated

SOF when compared to the Uniform Stratum DCGL_ws. The arithmetic average concentration resulted in a SOF of 0.10.

Table 49-2
LSA 12-09 FSS Sample Data Summary and Calculated SOF Values (Systematic)

Statistic	Ra-226 DCGL = 1.9 BKG = 1.07 (pCi/g)	Tc-99 DCGL = 25.1 (pCi/g)	Th-232 DCGL = 2.0 BKG = 1.0 (pCi/g)	U-234 DCGL=195.4 (pCi/g)	U-235 DCGL=51.6 (pCi/g)	U-238 DCGL=168.8 (pCi/g)	Sample SOF (Uniform DCGL)
Average	0.033	0.433	0.072	3.150	0.122	1.235	0.10
Minimum	0.00 (<BKG)	0.00 (NEG)	0.00 (<BKG)	0.725	-0.142	0.839	0.02
Maximum	0.190	3.000	0.250	9.559	0.528	1.840	0.24

Notes:

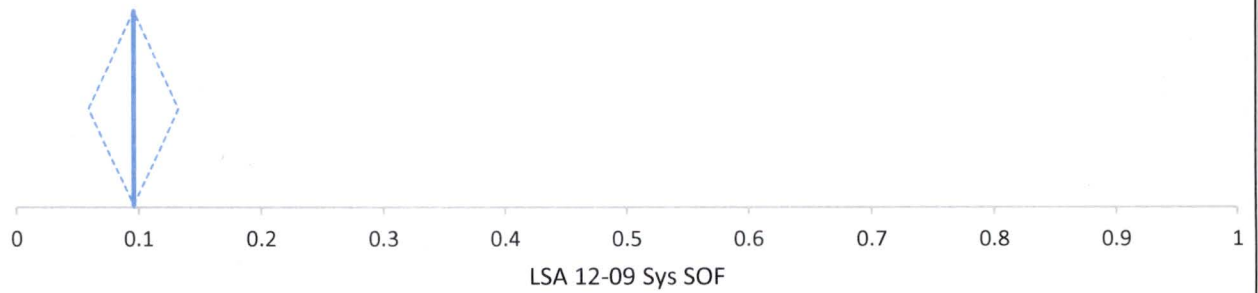
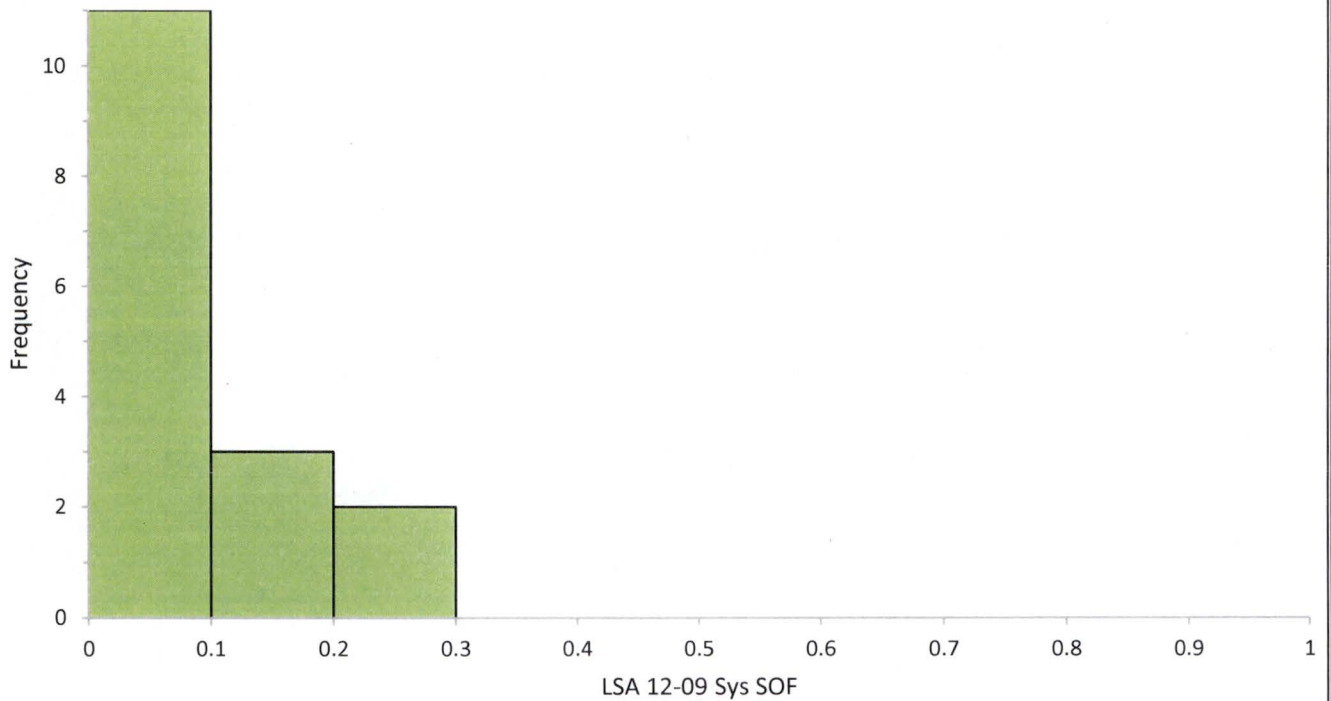
1. Ra-226 and Th-232 background activities subtracted prior to calculating SOF value. Ra-226 background without ingrowth = 0.9 pCi/g; Ra-226 background with ingrowth = 1.07 pCi/g. Negative SOF components are set to zero in SOF calculation.
2. Average SOF for data set calculated using average radionuclide concentrations.
3. U-234 values are inferred from the U-235/U-238 ratio.

Section 8.2.2.2 of MARSSIM recommends a graphical review of FSS analytical data, to include at a minimum, a posting plot and a histogram. A frequency plot, or histogram, is a useful tool for examining the general shape of a data distribution. This plot is a bar chart of the number of data points within a certain range of values. The frequency plot will reveal any obvious departures from symmetry, such as skewness or bimodality (two peaks), in the data distribution for the survey unit. The presence of two peaks in the survey unit frequency plot may indicate the existence of isolated areas of residual radioactivity.

Figure 49-3 presents the overall statistical metrics for the SOF parameter for the 16 systematically collected samples from LSA 12-09. The top graph is a histogram and line plot of the SOF for the systematic data population for LSA 12-09. The middle graph presents the mean SOF (0.10 as indicated by the blue vertical line) of the sample population and the 95% confidence interval of the mean SOF represented by the blue diamond which is 0.06 to 0.13. The 97.87% confidence interval based on the median (0.06) of the sample results is 0.05 to 0.16. The bottom two charts present the various statistical metrics of the LSA 12-09 SOF data set, including the mean, median, standard deviation, minimum, maximum, confidence intervals, etc.

Figure 49-3 exhibits no unusual symmetry or bimodality concerns for the LSA 12-09 data associated with the systematically collected measurement locations.

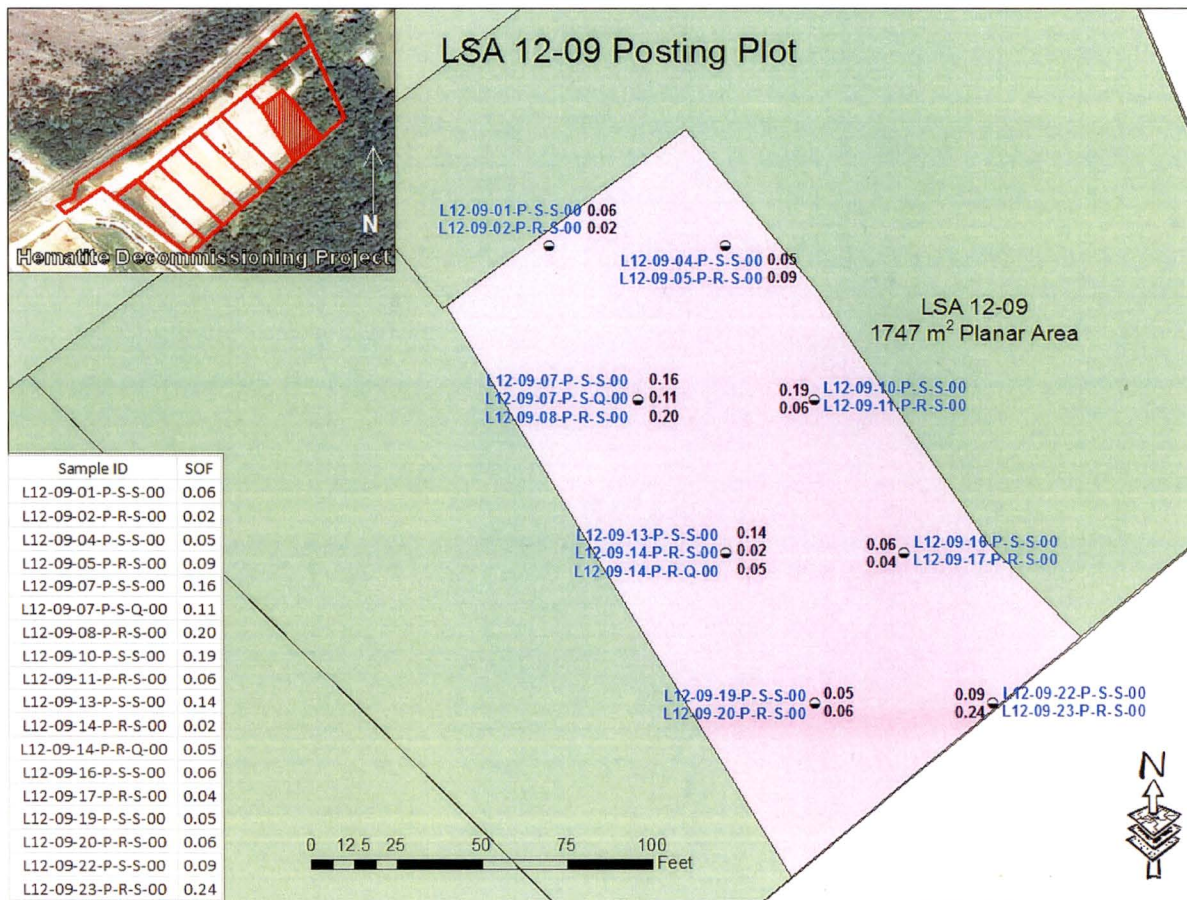
Figure 49-3
Graphic Statistical Summary for LSA 12-09 (SOF parameter)



	N	Mean	95% CI	Mean SE	SD	Variance	Skewness	Kurtosis
LSA 12-09 Sys SOF	16	0.10	0.06 to 0.13	0.017	0.07	0.00	0.9	-0.51
	Minimum	1st quartile	Median	97.87% CI	3rd quartile	Maximum	IQR	
LSA 12-09 Sys SOF	0.02	0.05	0.06	0.05 to 0.16	0.15	0.2	0.10	

A posting plot is simply a map of the survey unit with the data values (in this case the SOF values for each systematically collected sample) entered at the measurement locations. This potentially reveals heterogeneities in the data – especially possible patches of elevated residual radioactivity. The posting plot for LSA 12-09 is presented below in Figure 49-4. Figure 49-4 shows no unusual patterns in the data.

Figure 49-4
Posting Plot for LSA 12-09 Systematic Measurement Locations



Appendix G to this report presents the complete analytical data set (in Microsoft Excel format) used to derive the summary statistics presented in Table 49-2, Figure 49-3, and Figure 49-4 above. A summary of the analytical data is presented in Table 49-3 below. Appendix U to this report presents the TestAmerica Analytical Laboratory soil sample reports.

**Table 49-3
Final Status Survey Analytical Data: LSA 12-09**

Sample ID	Sample Depth (ft)	Type (Systematic, Bias, QC)	TestAmerica Analytical Results Step 8.3.2																											Enr.	SOF				
			Ra-226						Tc-99					Th-232						Inferred U-234				U-235				U-238							
			Result	Uncertainty	MDC	Qualifier	Net Result*	Corrected Result	Result	Corrected Result	Uncertainty	MDC	Qualifier	Result	Uncertainty	MDC	Qualifier	Net Result**	Corrected Result	Result	Uncertainty	MDC	Qualifier	Result	Uncertainty	MDC	Qualifier	Result	Uncertainty			MDC	Qualifier	Result	Uncertainty
L12-09-01-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	1.100	0.167	0.077	N/A	0.030	0.030	-0.007	0.000	0.120	0.221	U	1.080	0.173	0.103	N/A	0.080	0.080	0.839	NA	NA	NA	-0.076	0.234	0.529	U	0.839	0.313	0.871	U	0.7	0.06		
L12-09-02-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	1.060	0.166	0.085	N/A	-0.010	0.000	-0.029	0.000	0.025	0.239	U	0.956	0.202	0.113	N/A	-0.044	0.000	1.933	NA	NA	NA	0.102	0.231	0.384	U	1.050	0.538	0.824	N/A	1.5	0.02		
L12-09-04-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	0.985	0.149	0.076	N/A	-0.085	0.000	0.565	0.565	0.102	0.224	N/A	0.889	0.150	0.111	N/A	-0.111	0.000	3.328	NA	NA	NA	0.181	0.120	0.161	N/A	1.220	0.317	0.798	N/A	2.3	0.05		
L12-09-05-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	1.000	0.158	0.079	N/A	-0.070	0.000	-0.007	0.000	0.066	0.234	U	1.130	0.188	0.130	N/A	0.130	0.130	2.153	NA	NA	NA	0.111	0.244	0.561	U	1.530	0.741	0.926	N/A	1.2	0.09		
L12-09-07-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	0.957	0.141	0.064	N/A	-0.113	0.000	3.000	3.000	0.343	0.241	N/A	0.899	0.140	0.111	N/A	-0.101	0.000	5.046	NA	NA	NA	0.277	0.127	0.179	N/A	1.480	0.520	0.757	N/A	2.9	0.16		
L12-09-08-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	1.220	0.164	0.064	N/A	0.150	0.150	0.131	0.131	0.050	0.226	U	1.210	0.185	0.139	N/A	0.210	0.210	1.410	NA	NA	NA	-0.018	0.114	0.600	U	1.410	0.555	0.831	N/A	0.7	0.20		
L12-09-10-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	1.180	0.176	0.078	N/A	0.110	0.110	0.356	0.356	0.094	0.242	N/A	1.100	0.186	0.157	N/A	0.100	0.100	9.559	NA	NA	NA	0.528	0.204	0.239	N/A	1.840	0.616	0.886	N/A	4.3	0.19		
L12-09-11-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	1.110	0.156	0.065	N/A	0.040	0.040	-0.021	0.000	0.050	0.231	U	1.070	0.163	0.112	N/A	0.070	0.070	0.909	NA	NA	NA	-0.102	0.316	0.525	U	0.909	0.293	0.782	N/A	0.7	0.06		
L12-09-13-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	0.991	0.141	0.056	N/A	-0.079	0.000	1.830	1.830	0.174	0.236	N/A	1.030	0.183	0.094	N/A	0.030	0.030	8.032	NA	NA	NA	0.443	0.160	0.202	N/A	1.240	0.540	0.820	N/A	5.3	0.14		
L12-09-14-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	0.923	0.152	0.078	N/A	-0.147	0.000	-0.085	0.000	0.059	0.223	U	1.010	0.176	0.068	N/A	0.010	0.010	1.270	NA	NA	NA	-0.058	0.133	0.579	U	1.270	0.755	0.937	N/A	0.7	0.02		
L12-09-16-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	0.825	0.132	0.063	N/A	-0.245	0.000	0.429	0.429	0.155	0.232	N/A	1.010	0.180	0.096	N/A	0.010	0.010	4.367	NA	NA	NA	0.240	0.161	0.215	N/A	1.240	0.323	0.807	N/A	3.0	0.06		
L12-09-17-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	0.934	0.128	0.062	N/A	-0.136	0.000	0.228	0.228	0.152	0.245	U	1.050	0.159	0.060	N/A	0.050	0.050	0.725	NA	NA	NA	0.033	0.051	0.528	U	0.861	0.280	0.724	N/A	0.6	0.04		
L12-09-19-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	0.953	0.143	0.062	N/A	-0.117	0.000	0.077	0.077	0.068	0.234	U	0.949	0.171	0.083	N/A	-0.051	0.000	6.393	NA	NA	NA	0.353	0.162	0.188	N/A	1.370	0.517	0.751	N/A	3.9	0.05		
L12-09-20-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	1.020	0.161	0.082	N/A	-0.050	0.000	0.094	0.094	0.071	0.230	U	1.080	0.173	0.109	N/A	0.080	0.080	1.080	NA	NA	NA	-0.023	0.035	0.629	U	1.080	0.564	0.867	N/A	0.7	0.06		
L12-09-22-P-S-S-00	0.00	S	0.992	0.136	0.068	N/A	-0.078	0.000	0.210	0.210	0.077	0.218	U	1.130	0.186	0.092	N/A	0.130	0.130	2.053	NA	NA	NA	0.109	0.159	0.475	U	1.110	0.303	0.738	N/A	1.6	0.09		
L12-09-23-P-R-S-00	0.50	S	1.260	0.194	0.080	N/A	0.190	0.190	-0.034	0.000	0.085	0.241	U	1.250	0.216	0.145	N/A	0.250	0.250	1.310	NA	NA	NA	-0.142	0.291	0.713	U	1.310	0.671	1.030	N/A	0.7	0.24		
L12-09-07-P-S-Q-00	0.00	Q	0.842	0.138	0.075	N/A	-0.228	0.000	1.220	1.220	0.120	0.216	N/A	0.786	0.141	0.127	N/A	-0.214	0.000	8.171	NA	NA	NA	0.451	0.158	0.214	N/A	1.350	0.334	0.823	N/A	5.0	0.11		
L12-09-14-P-R-Q-00	0.50	Q	1.110	0.152	0.064	N/A	0.040	0.040	-0.074	0.000	0.069	0.231	U	1.040	0.157	0.113	N/A	0.040	0.040	1.360	NA	NA	NA	-0.120	0.120	0.509	U	1.360	0.532	0.797	N/A	0.7	0.05		
L12-09-25-P-S-B-00	0.00	B	0.793	0.126	0.068	N/A	-0.277	0.000	0.413	0.413	0.070	0.190	N/A	1.040	0.173	0.077	N/A	0.040	0.040	5.329	NA	NA	NA	0.294	0.169	0.235	N/A	1.240	0.370	0.843	N/A	3.6	0.08		
L12-09-26-P-S-B-00	0.00	B	0.979	0.144	0.067	N/A	-0.091	0.000	0.195	0.195	0.120	0.227	U	0.968	0.155	0.125	N/A	-0.032	0.000	4.218	NA	NA	NA	0.231	0.181	0.193	N/A	1.330	0.537	0.806	N/A	2.7	0.04		
Systematic Minimum			0.000						0.000						0.000						0.725				-0.142				0.839				Average Enrichment (%)	2.1	0.02
Systematic Maximum			0.190						3.000						0.250						9.559				0.528				1.840					0.24	
Systematic Mean			0.033						0.433						0.072						3.150				0.122				1.235					0.10	
Systematic Median			0.000						0.113						0.060						1.993				0.106				1.240					0.06	
Systematic Standard Deviation			0.061						0.821						0.077						2.765				0.201				0.264					0.07	
			With ingrowth, use Ra226 bkg = 1.07												Th232 bkg = 1.0																				

NOTES:

Gross results in units of pCi/g.

* Background with ingrowth (1.07 pCi/g) subtracted from gross result.

**Background (1.0 pCi/g) subtracted from gross result.

U Qualifier: Result is less than the sample detection limit.

All uncertainty values are reported at the 2-sigma confidence level.

49.2.5 Biased Soil Sample Result LSA 12-09

Two (2) biased samples were collected from LSA 12-04. The sample collected at location L12-09-25 represented the maximum GWS measurement (13,296 gcpm) within the SU, and had a result of 0.08 Uniform SOF.

49.2.6 Quality Control Soil Sample Result LSA 12-09

Two QC field duplicate sample points were randomly selected for LSA 12-09 which were collected at systematic locations L12-09-07 and L12-09-14.

For the 18 samples (i.e., 16 systematic + 2 biased) collected within LSA 12-09, two field duplicate samples were collected. This frequency equates to 11.1%, (i.e. 2/18). Form HDP-PR-FSS-703-1 documents that the duplicate sample result comparison with the partner's sample results that all comparison criteria were less than the calculated warning limits (see Figure 49-5 below).

Figure 49-5
Form HDP-PR-FSS-703-1 Field Duplicate Sample Assessment LSA 12-09 (1 of 2)

Hematite Decommissioning Project	Procedure: HDP-PR-FSS-703, Final Status Survey Quality Control										Revision: 2	Page 1 of 1
FORM HDP-PR-FSS-703-1 FIELD DUPLICATE SAMPLE ASSESSMENT												
Survey Unit No.:	LSA 12-09				Survey Unit Description:	Class 1 Laydown Land Area in "Area 13"						
Sample ID	Field Duplicate Sample ID	Radionuclide	Sample (pCi/g)		Field Duplicate Sample (pCi/g)		Average Activity (\bar{x}) (pCi/g)	Nuclide DCGL (pCi/g)	Statistic ²	Warning Limit	Control Limit	Statistic Exceeds Limit? (Y/N)
			Activity (x_i)	MDC	Activity (x_i)	MDC						
L12-09-07-P-S-S-00	L12-09-07-P-S-Q-00	Ra-226	0.957	0.0642	0.842	0.0746	0.900	1.9	0.115	0.269	0.403	N
L12-09-07-P-S-S-00	L12-09-07-P-S-Q-00	Tc-99	3	0.241	1.22	0.216	2.110	25.1	1.78	3.552	5.321	N
L12-09-07-P-S-S-00	L12-09-07-P-S-Q-00	Th-232	0.899	0.111	0.786	0.127	0.843	2.0	0.113	0.283	0.424	N
L12-09-07-P-S-S-00	L12-09-07-P-S-Q-00	U-234 ¹	5.046	N/A	8.171	N/A	6.608	195.4	3.125	27.649	41.425	N
L12-09-07-P-S-S-00	L12-09-07-P-S-Q-00	U-235	0.277	0.179	0.451	0.214	0.364	51.6	0.174	7.301	10.939	N
L12-09-07-P-S-S-00	L12-09-07-P-S-Q-00	U-238	1.48	0.757	1.35	0.823	1.415	168.8	0.130	23.885	35.786	N
<p>Comments:</p> <p>1. U-234 is inferred, no MDC available.</p> <p>2. Duplicate assessment is not necessary if the result of either sample is < MDC.</p>												
Performed by: <u>Thomas Yardy / [Signature]</u>						Reviewed by: <u>W. Clark Ervin / [Signature]</u>						
Date: <u>11-23-16</u>						Date: <u>11/23/16</u>						
Quality Record												

Figure 49-5
Form HDP-PR-FSS-703-1 Field Duplicate Sample Assessment LSA 12-09 (2 of 2)

Hematite Decommissioning Project	Procedure: HDP-PR-FSS-703, Final Status Survey Quality Control											
									Revision: 2	Page 1 of 1		
FORM HDP-PR-FSS-703-1 FIELD DUPLICATE SAMPLE ASSESSMENT												
Survey Unit No.:		LSA 12-09			Survey Unit Description:		Class 1 Laydown Land Area in "Area 13"					
Sample ID	Field Duplicate Sample ID	Radionuclide	Sample (pCi/g)		Field Duplicate Sample (pCi/g)		Average Activity (\bar{x}) (pCi/g)	Nuclide DCGL (pCi/g)	Statistic ²	Warning Limit	Control Limit	Statistic Exceeds Limit? (Y/N)
			Activity (x_i)	MDC	Activity (x_i)	MDC						
L12-09-14-P-R-S-00	L12-09-14-P-R-Q-00	Ra-226	0.923	0.0783	1.11	0.0639	1.017	1.9	0.187	0.269	0.403	N
L12-09-14-P-R-S-00	L12-09-14-P-R-Q-00	Tc-99	-0.0848	0.223	-0.0738	0.231	-0.079	25.1	NA	3.552	5.321	NA
L12-09-14-P-R-S-00	L12-09-14-P-R-Q-00	Th-232	1.01	0.0676	1.04	0.113	1.025	2.0	0.030	0.283	0.424	N
L12-09-14-P-R-S-00	L12-09-14-P-R-Q-00	U-234 ¹	1.270	N/A	1.360	N/A	1.315	195.4	0.090	27.649	41.425	N
L12-09-14-P-R-S-00	L12-09-14-P-R-Q-00	U-235	-0.0584	0.579	-0.12	0.509	-0.089	51.6	NA	7.301	10.939	NA
L12-09-14-P-R-S-00	L12-09-14-P-R-Q-00	U-238	1.27	0.937	1.36	0.797	1.315	168.8	0.090	23.885	35.786	N
<p>Comments:</p> <p>1. U-234 is inferred. no MDC available.</p> <p>2. Duplicate assessment is not necessary if the result of either sample is < MDC.</p>												
Performed by: <u>Thomas Yordy / [Signature]</u>						Reviewed by: <u>W. Hank Ervay / W. Ch[Signature]</u>						
Date: <u>11-23-16</u>						Date: <u>11/23/16</u>						
Quality Record												

49.3 Tc-99 Hot Spot Assessment LSA 12-09

There is no historical sampling data available for this area since it was always considered a non-impacted area prior to the storage of potential reuse soils within the LSA. As a previously un-impacted area there is no history of a Tc-99 sample result ever exceeding the Tc-99 Uniform DCGL_w, as only potential reuse soil was placed within the LSA. The highest Tc-99 sample result collected from both Final RASS and FSS was 3.0 pCi/g. Therefore there is no concern for a potential Tc-99 hot spot exceeding the DCGL_w of 25.1, and there is no reason to perform a Tc-99 hot spot assessment.

50.0 ALARA EVALUATION LSA 12-09

All samples collected within LSA 12-09 were evaluated against the Uniform Stratum DCGL_w. For LSA 12-09 no sample result exceeded a SOF of 1.0. The average SOF result, based on all systematically collected samples, was 0.10 for LSA 12-09. The average SOF equates to residual activity contributions from the survey unit area of 2.5 mrem/yr for LSA 12-09. Groundwater Monitoring Well data provided in FSSFR Volume 6, Chapters 2 and 3 {ML16287A528} and Chapter 4 {ML16342B552}, indicate that the groundwater dose contribution will be a fraction of the MCLs. Nevertheless, a maximum groundwater contribution assumption of 4.0 mrem/yr based upon the EPA MCLs will be added to the total estimated dose for LSA 12-09. Adding these dose contributions together, the total estimated dose for LSA 12-09 is 6.5 mrem/yr.

Since the estimated Total Effective Dose Equivalent is well below the regulatory release criterion of 25 mrem/yr, the conclusion of the ALARA evaluation is that the FSS of LSA 12-09 was successful and that there would be no discernable benefit to the health and safety of the public in attempting to further reduce the results of FSS by performing remediation of LSA 12-09.

51.0 FSS PLAN DEVIATIONS LSA 12-09

51.1 Remedial Actions during FSS

There was no remedial action in LSA 12-09.

51.2 Adjustments to Scan MDC Calculations

Scan MDCs for LSA 12-09 were calculated in accordance with HDP-PR-FSS-701, Revision 10, *Final Status Survey Plan Development* and HDP-TBD- FSS-002, Revision 3, *Evaluation and Documentation of the Scanning Minimum Detectable Concentrations (MDC) for Final Status Surveys (FSS)*. The assumed LSA background count rate of 10,000 cpm was applied to determine the prospective Scan MDCs, and the actual mean count rate from the FSS survey was 9,821 cpm. Therefore the calculated Scan MDCs are appropriate, and no adjustments need to be made.

52.0 DATA QUALITY ASSESSMENT

The DQO process is thoroughly integrated within the DP and Hematite FSS procedures. The steps of the DQO process are presented in Volume 3, Chapter 1, Section 4.0 of the FSSFR and correspond to the DQO steps described in Chapter 14, Section 4.2.1 of the DP. The HDP DQO process reflects the recommendations given in MARSSIM, Chapter 2, Figure 2-2.

52.1 Data Quality Assessment for LSA 12-09

The Data Quality Assessment of the survey methodology, sampling and sample analysis results, and the Quality Control sampling and analysis results to ascertain the validity of the conclusion for LSA 12-09 (see Figure 52-1) provides the following:

- The field and laboratory instruments utilized were capable of detecting activity at an MDC less than the appropriate investigation level, and were verified to be operable prior to and after use in accordance with HDP-PR-HP-416 (*Operation of the Ludlum 2221 for Final Status Survey*).
- The calibration of all instruments that were used to measure or analyze data was current at the time of use and the calibrations of the instruments were performed using a NIST traceable source. The instruments used were successfully source checked prior to and after use.
- The systematic samples that were collected (on a random-start triangular grid) and the gamma scan surveys that were conducted were performed in accordance with procedure HDP-PR-FSS-711, *Final Status Surveys and Sampling of Soil and Sediment*.
- All samples sent for analysis at the approved offsite laboratory (TestAmerica) were tracked on a chain of custody form in accordance with HDP-PR-QA-006, *Chain of Custody*.
- Quality Control sample results were verified to meet the acceptance criteria as specified in HDP-PR-FSS-703, *Final Status Survey Quality Control*.
- LSA 12-09 survey and sample results were independently reviewed and validated in accordance with HDP-PR-FSS-721 *Final Status Survey Data Validation*.
- The WRS Test is not necessary when the difference between the maximum survey unit data set measurement SOF and the minimum background area measurement SOF is less than or equal to one. For LSA 12-09, no individual gross SOF result in the FSS data set exceeded the SOF of the minimum background reference area measurement by more than one using the Uniform Stratum criteria. Therefore, the WRS Test was not required for LSA 12-09. However the WRS Test was still performed for illustrative purposes. Since the test statistic, WR (1040) exceeded the critical value (860), the FSS data set passed the WRS Test and the null hypothesis was rejected. The WRS Test worksheet is presented in Appendix G.
- Two biased soil samples were collected from the locations of the highest gamma count rate within the SU, with a maximum result of 0.08 Uniform SOF.

- The maximum SOF result for all surface samples within LSA 12-09 was 0.19. The maximum SOF result for all subsurface samples within LSA 12-09 was 0.24. The average SOF result for all systematically collected samples within LSA 12-09 was 0.10, with an upper 95% confidence level ($UCL_{\text{mean}} 0.95$) of 0.13.
- No FSS sample result in LSA 12-09 exceeded a SOF of 1.0 as compared to the Uniform Stratum criteria, therefore an EMC or supplemental investigations was not required. For the same reason, no comparisons to the alternate “Three-Layer” multi-CSM (i.e. Surface, Root and Excavation) DCGLs were necessary.
- A retrospective sampling frequency evaluation was performed to determine if sufficient statistical power exists to reject the null hypothesis based on the total number (8) of systematic samples actually collected within LSA 12-09. The successful result of the retrospective power evaluation presented in Table 52-1 for LSA 12-09 indicates that the minimum number of samples required (8) for the WRS Test were equal to the number of sampling locations actually collected within LSA 12-09. The methodology used for the retrospective sampling frequency evaluation is similar to the prospective sample size determination performed during FSS Plan Development except that actual FSS sample results and statistics are used in the sample size verification. Specifically, the mean and standard deviation of the eight LSA surface samples (i.e., the WRS Test sample data set) are used to derive the relative shift for each LSA. Given the HDP Type I and Type II errors of 0.05 and 0.10, respectively, the calculated relative shift is then correlated to a minimum sample size number as provided in Table 5-1 of MARSSIM.
- HDP staff ensured that a visual inspection of the SU configuration and of the Isolation & Control measures were performed periodically, and confirmed that there were no instances of potential cross contamination from weather events until the FSS of all remaining areas at HDP were completed.

**Table 52-1
Retrospective Sample Size Verification for LSA 12-09**

Uniform DCGL Criteria Evaluation	
N/2 Value Verification	
Isotope(s)	SOF (Ra/Tc/Th/Iso U)
St. Dev.	0.07
DCGL _{SOF}	1
LBGR (Mean)	0.10
Shift	0.90
Relative Shift (Δ/σ)	13.08
MARSSIM Table 5.1 (P_r)	1.000000
N	12
N + 20%	14.4
N/2	8
FSS N/2	8
Verification Check	SUFFICIENT MEASUREMENTS
<p>"N/2" Corresponds to the number of survey unit measurement locations required for the WRS Test</p>	

MARSSIM Table 5.1

Δ/σ	P_r
0.1	0.528182
0.2	0.556223
0.3	0.583985
0.4	0.611335
0.5	0.638143
0.6	0.664290
0.7	0.689665
0.8	0.714167
0.9	0.737710
1.0	0.760217
1.1	0.781627
1.2	0.801892
1.3	0.820978
1.4	0.838864
1.5	0.855541
1.6	0.871014
1.7	0.885299
1.8	0.898420
1.9	0.910413
2.0	0.921319
2.25	0.944167
2.5	0.961428
2.75	0.974067
3.0	0.983039
3.5	0.993329
4.0	0.997658
4.01	1.000000

MARSSIM Table 5.2, $\alpha = 0.05$, $\beta = 0.10$

α (or β)	$Z_{1-\alpha}$ (or $Z_{1-\beta}$)
0.005	2.576
0.01	2.326
0.015	2.241
0.025	1.960
0.05	1.645
0.10	1.282
0.15	1.036
0.2	0.842
0.25	0.674
0.30	0.524

α
 β

**Figure 52-1
Data Evaluation Checklists prepared for LSA 12-09 (page 1 of 2)**

Hematite Decommissioning Project	Procedure: HDP-PR-FSS-721, Final Status Survey Data Evaluation		
		Revision: 10	Appendix G-1, Page 1 of 2

**APPENDIX G-1
FINAL STATUS SURVEY DATA QUALITY OBJECTIVES REVIEW CHECKLIST**

Survey Area: LSA 12 **Description:** Laydown Area, Plant Soils SEA

Survey Unit: 09 **Description:** Class I Laydown Land Area in "Area 13"

1. Have all measurements and/or analysis results that will be subjected to data analysis for FSS been individually reviewed and validated in accordance with Section 8.1 of this procedure? Yes No
2. Have all systematic measurements and/or samples been taken or acquired at the locations specified in the FSSP and the FSS Sample Instructions? Yes No
3. Have all scans surveys been performed of the areas specified as required in the FSSP and the FSS Sample Instructions? Yes No
4. Have all biased measurements and/or samples been taken or acquired at the locations specified in the FSSP & the FSS Sample Instructions? Yes No NA
5. Have duplicate and/or split samples or measurements been taken or acquired at each location designated as a QC sample? Yes No NA
6. Were the instruments used to measure or analyze the survey data capable of detecting the ROCs or gross activity at a MDC less than the appropriate investigation level? Yes No
7. Was the calibration of all instruments that were used to measure or analyze data, current at the time of use and were those calibrations performed using a NIST traceable source? Yes No
8. Were the instruments successfully response-checked before use and, where required, after use on the day the data was measured? Yes No
9. Do the samples match those identified on the chain of custody? Yes No NA
10. Do the QC Sample Results meet the acceptance criteria as specified in HDP-PR-FSS-703, Final Status Survey Quality Control? Yes No
11. Are all Laboratory QC parameters within acceptable limits? Yes No

If "No" was the response to any of the questions above, then document the discrepancy as well as any corrective actions that were taken to resolve the discrepancy.

Comments: N/A

Quality Record

**Figure 52-1
Data Evaluation Checklists prepared for LSA 12-09 (page 2 of 2)**

Hematite Decommissioning Project	Procedure: HDP-PR-FSS-721, Final Status Survey Data Evaluation		
		Revision: 10	Appendix G-1, Page 2 of 2

**APPENDIX G-1
FINAL STATUS SURVEY DATA QUALITY OBJECTIVES REVIEW CHECKLIST**

Survey Area: LSA 12 Description: Laydown Area, Plant Soils SEA
 Survey Unit: 09 Description: Class 1 Laydown Land Area in "Area 13"

Discrepancy: N/A

Corrective Actions Taken: N/A

11. Have the corrective actions resolved the discrepancy with the data? Yes No NA
- a. If "No", then forward this form to the RSO.
12. The following questions will be answered by the RSO.
- a. If the answer to question 11 was "No", then is the affected data still valid? Yes No NA
- b. If "No", then are the existing valid measurements or samples sufficient to demonstrate compliance for the survey unit? Yes No NA
- c. If "No", then direct the acquisition of additional measurements or samples as necessary to demonstrate compliance for the survey unit.

Prepared by (HP Staff): Thomas Yucly [Signature] 11-23-16
(Print Name) (Signature) (Date)

Approved by (RSO): W. Clark Ervey [Signature] 11/23/16
(Print Name) (Signature) (Date)

53.0 CONCLUSION LSA 12-09

An adequate quantity and quality of radiological surveys and samples, as well as the corresponding laboratory analysis has been performed, evaluated and documented to demonstrate that the dose associated with all sources within SU LSA 12-09 does not to exceed the dose criterion for unrestricted release in accordance with 10 CFR 20.1402.

**Table 53-1
LSA 12-09 SOF and Dose Summation**

	AVE. SU SOIL RADIOACTIVITY	ELEVATED AREA CONTRIBUTION	GROUND WATER	BURIED PIPING	REUSE SOIL	TOTAL
SOF	0.10	N/A	0.16	N/A	N/A	0.26
DOSE	2.5 mrem/year	N/A	4.0 mrem/year	N/A	N/A	6.5 mrem/year

54.0 REFERENCES

- 54.1 DO-08-004, Hematite Decommissioning Plan {ML092330123}.
- 54.2 DO-08-003, Radiological Characterization Report, July 2009 {ML092870496}
- 54.4 Westinghouse letter HEM-11-96, dated July 5, 2011, *Final Supplemental Response to NRC Request for Additional Information on the Hematite Decommissioning Plan and Related Revision to a Pending License Amendment Request* {ML111880290}
- 54.5 HDP-TBD-FSS-002, *Evaluation and Documentation of the Scanning Minimum Detectable Concentrations (MDC) for Final Status Surveys (FSS)*

55.0 APPENDICES (To Be Provided On Separate Data Disc)

- APPENDIX A: Analytical Data Evaluation Spreadsheets for LSA 12-03
- APPENDIX B: Analytical Data Evaluation Spreadsheets for LSA 12-04
- APPENDIX C: Analytical Data Evaluation Spreadsheets for LSA 12-05
- APPENDIX D: Analytical Data Evaluation Spreadsheets for LSA 12-06
- APPENDIX E: Analytical Data Evaluation Spreadsheets for LSA 12-07
- APPENDIX F: Analytical Data Evaluation Spreadsheets for LSA 12-08
- APPENDIX G: Analytical Data Evaluation Spreadsheets for LSA 12-09
- APPENDIX H: FSS Plan Development for LSA 12-03
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- APPENDIX J: FSS Plan Development for LSA 12-05
- APPENDIX K: FSS Plan Development for LSA 12-06
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- APPENDIX M: FSS Plan Development for LSA 12-08
- APPENDIX N: FSS Plan Development for LSA 12-09
- APPENDIX O: TestAmerica Laboratory Analytical Data Reports for LSA 12-03
- APPENDIX P: TestAmerica Laboratory Analytical Data Reports for LSA 12-04
- APPENDIX Q: TestAmerica Laboratory Analytical Data Reports for LSA 12-05
- APPENDIX R: TestAmerica Laboratory Analytical Data Reports for LSA 12-06
- APPENDIX S: TestAmerica Laboratory Analytical Data Reports for LSA 12-07
- APPENDIX T: TestAmerica Laboratory Analytical Data Reports for LSA 12-08
- APPENDIX U: TestAmerica Laboratory Analytical Data Reports for LSA 12-09